

# RICHLY FIELD CHINA DEVELOPMENT LIMITED 裕田中國發展有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立及於百慕達持續經營之有限公司) (Stock Code 股份代號: 313)

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2024 Annual Report 年報

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## Corporate Information 公司資料

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Li Yi Feng (Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer) Chen Wei (Vice President)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

Hsu Wai Man Helen Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong

## AUDIT COMMITTEE

Hsu Wai Man Helen *(Chairlady)* Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Li Yi Feng Hsu Wai Man Helen *(Chairlady)* Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong

## NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Li Yi Feng *(Chairman)* Hsu Wai Man Helen Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong

## 董事會

## 執行董事

李亦鋒(*董事會主席兼行政總裁)* 陳衛(*副總裁*)

#### 獨立非執行董事

徐慧敏 黃子康 許驚鴻

## 審核委員會

徐慧敏*(主席)* 黃子康 許驚鴻

## 薪酬委員會

李亦鋒 徐慧敏*(主席)* 黃子康 許驚鴻

## 提名委員會

李亦鋒*(主席)* 徐慧敏 黃子康 許驚鴻

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Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Fung Ka Lun

## AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Li Yi Feng Fung Ka Lun

### **AUDITOR**

CL Partners CPA Limited Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

## **LEGAL ADVISERS**

As to Bermuda Law Appleby

As to Hong Kong Law Iu, Lai & Li Solicitors & Notaries

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

## 公司秘書

馮嘉倫

## 授權代表

李亦鋒 馮嘉倫

## 核數師

先機會計師行有限公司 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

### 法律顧問

*就百慕達法律* Appleby

*就香港法例* 姚黎李律師行

## 主要股份過戶登記處

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

## Corporate Information 公司資料

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#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

## PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit 1504, 15/F Tower 2, Metroplaza No. 223 Hing Fong Road Kwai Chung, New Territories Hong Kong

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Bank of East Asia, Limited China Construction Bank Corporation China Merchants Bank Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Bank of China Bank of Communications China Minsheng Bank Bank of QinHuangDao Postal Savings Bank of China Ningxia Helan Huishang Village Town Bank Co., Ltd\* Agricultural Bank of China

#### WEBSITE

www.richlyfieldchinagroup.com

## **STOCK CODE**

313

## 註冊辦事處

Victoria Place, 5th Floor 31 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 10 Bermuda

## 香港主要營業地點

香港 新界葵涌 興芳路223號 新都會廣場2座 15樓1504室

## 主要往來銀行

東亞銀行有限公司 中國建設銀行 招商銀行 中國銀行 交通銀行 中國民生銀行 秦皇島銀行 中國戰政儲蓄銀行 寧夏賀蘭回商村鎮銀行有限責任公司 中國農業銀行

## 網址

www.richlyfieldchinagroup.com

## 股份代號

313

\* For identification purposes only

## Property Portfolio 物業組合

## DEVELOPMENT AND INVESTMENT PROPERTIES – 發展及投資物業一在建物業 PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

Number	<sup>,</sup> Item Name	Location	Type of Property	Portion	Attributable Interest	Gross Floor Area Available for Self-used/ Sale/Lease (included underground) (sq.m) 自用 可出售 可出租之	Status	Lease Term
序號	項目名稱	地理位置	物業類型	分區	應佔權益	<b>建築面積</b> (含地下) (平方米)	狀況	租賃期限
1	Yinchuan Project 銀川項目	West of China National Highway 109, DeSheng Industrial Park*(德勝工業 國區), Yinchuan City, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, the PRC 中國寧夏回族自治區銀川市 德勝工業園區109國道西	Commercial 商業	Commercial Portion 商業區	100%	74,350		Medium-term 中期
1.1				Commercial Phase 1 商業一期		63,713	Construction completed available for lease 已完工,可供出租	
1.2				Commercial Phase 2 - Expansion project 商業二期一擴建工程		10,637	Construction completed available for lease 已完工,可供出租	
2	Yinchuan Project 銀川項目	West of China National Highway 109, DeSheng Industrial Park*(德勝工業 園區), Yinchuan City, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, the PRC 中國寧夏回族自治區銀川市 德勝工業園區109國道西	Residential, Commercial 住宅、商業	Residential Portion 住宅區	100%	40,839		N/A 不適用
2.1				Residential Phase 1 住宅一期		142	Construction completed available for sale 已完工,可供出售	
2.2				Residential Phase 2 住宅二期		34,543	Main part materially completed available for sale 大部分主體工程完工; 可供出售	
2.3				Residential Phase 3 住宅三期		-	Construction completed and sold out 已完工及售罄	
3	Qinhuangdao Project 秦皇島項目	Central Golden Coast, Changli County, Beidaihe New District, Qinhuangdao Municipality 秦皇島市北藏河新區昌黎縣 黃金海岸中部	Residential, Commercial 住宅、商業	Whole Portion 整體	100%	672,110*		Medium-term 中期
3.1				Phase 1 一期		163,227*	Main part partially completed 部分主體工程完工	
*	Includes both pl	ot ratio based floor area and non j	olot ratio based	floor area	* 包:	括可計容面和	責及不可計容面積	<u>ま</u>

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Richly Field China Development Limited (the "Company") hereby present the audited consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2024 (the "Year" or "Reporting Period") together with the comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 2023 (the "Corresponding Year").

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group is principally engaged in outlets commercial operation and development and operation of featured commercial properties (such as tourism property, senior care property and wine chateaus), development of high-end residential properties as well as property management.

Key projects of the Group include JeShing European City Project which is a comprehensive project comprising "建材樓" (commercial), "家居樓" (commercial) and "太平商場" (commercial) and Jin Sheng Yue Jing (residential) developed in Yinchuan, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), together with the Qinhuangdao Venice – City of Water Outlets Project which is a comprehensive project developed in Beidaihe New District, Qinhuangdao, Hebei, the PRC. The Group also operates property management business in Yinchuan city, Wuhan city and Hohhot city in the PRC.

#### **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

During the Year, the Group recorded a total revenue of approximately HK\$31,921,000 as compared to approximately HK\$51,708,000 for the Corresponding Year, representing a decrease of 38.3%. The decrease in revenue was mainly attributable to the decrease of sales of properties. Revenue from sales of properties was approximately HK\$3,332,000 for the Year as compared to approximately HK\$35,198,000 for the Corresponding Year, representing a decrease of 90.5%. Management fee income was approximately HK\$20,471,000 for the Year as compared to approximately HK\$5,860,000 for the Corresponding Year, representing an increase of 249.3% due to the completion of acquisition of three property management companies during the Year. Rental income was approximately HK\$6,677,000 for the Year as compared to approximately HK\$10,650,000 for the Corresponding Year, representing a decrease of 37.3%.

The Group recorded a loss on revaluation of investment properties of approximately HK\$62,958,000 for the Year as compared to approximately HK\$3,443,000 for the Corresponding Year, representing an increase of 1,728.6%.

裕田中國發展有限公司(「本公司」)董事 (「董事」)會(「董事會」)謹此提呈本公 司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二 零二四年三月三十一日止年度(「本年度」 或「報告期」)之經審核綜合年度業績,連 同截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度 (「相應年度」)的比較數字。

#### 業務回顧

本集團主要從事奧特萊斯商業營運、特色商 業地產開發營運(如旅遊地產、養老地產及葡 萄酒莊等)、高端住宅地產開發及物業管理。

本集團的主要項目包括本集團於中華人民共 和國(「中國」)寧夏回族自治區銀川市開發之 金盛歐洲城項目(由商業部分「建材樓」、「家居 樓」及「太平商場」和住宅部分「金盛閱景」組成 的綜合項目)及於中國河北省秦皇島市北戴河 新區開發之綜合項目秦皇島威尼斯水城奧特 萊斯項目。本集團亦於中國銀川市、武漢市及 呼和浩特市經營物業管理業務。

#### 財務回顧

於本年度,本集團錄得總收益約31,921,000 港元,較相應年度約51,708,000港元減少 38.3%。收益減少主要由於物業銷售減少。本 年度的物業銷售收益約為3,332,000港元,較 相應年度約35,198,000港元減少90.5%。於本 年度,管理費收入約為20,471,000港元,因本 年度完成收購三家物業管理公司,較相應年 度約5,860,000港元增加249.3%。於本年度, 租金收入約為6,677,000港元,較相應年度約 10,650,000港元減少37.3%。

於本年度,本集團錄得投資物業重估虧損約 62,958,000港元,較相應年度約3,443,000港 元增加1,728.6%。

Finance costs was approximately HK\$40,218,000 for the Year as compared to approximately HK\$51,943,000 for the Corresponding Year, representing a decrease of 22.6% due to the reversal of approximately HK\$7 million in interest on other borrowings previously recognized. Impairment loss under expected credit loss model on other receivables was approximately HK\$36,154,000 for the Year, the amount mainly represented impairment loss on receivables due from Disposal Group. Other loss mainly represented remeasurement on discounted present value of amounts due from Disposal Group of approximately HK\$39,787,000 for the Year. Please refer to note 6 of this report and the announcement of the Company dated 14 April 2022 for details. The loss attributable to equity holders for the Year amounted to approximately HK\$222,262,000 as compared to a profit of approximately HK\$1,421,817,000 for the Corresponding Year, due to the fact that there was an one off gain on disposal of subsidiaries of approximately HK\$1.5 billion for the Corresponding Year while there was no disposal gain of subsidiaries for the Year. The loss per share for the Year was HK\$0.95 cents as compared to HK\$6.09 cents earnings per share for the Corresponding Year.

As for financing aspect, regarding the loan agreements with related parties, JeShing Real Estate Group Company Limited\* (金盛置業投資 集團有限公司) ("JeShing Real Estate"), Nanjing No. 1 Architecture and Engineering Group Company Limited\* (南京第一建築工程集團有限公司) and Jiangsu Decorative Material Co. Ltd\* (江蘇裝飾材料有限公司), the total outstanding principal amount was RMB301,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$332,885,000) (collectively the "Related Party Loan") as at 31 March 2024. Related Party Loan was due in March 2023 with an interest rate range of 5.7%-6.19% per annum and was secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's assets. 本年度融資費用約為40,218,000港元,較相 應年度約51,943,000港元減少22.6%,乃由於 撥回先前確認的其他借款利息約7,000,000港 元。於本年度,其他應收款項在預期信貸虧損 模式下之減值虧損約為36,154,000港元,該款 項主要反映應收出售集團款項之減值虧損。 其他虧損主要為本年度重新計量應收出售集 團款項的貼現現值約39,787,000港元。有關 詳情請參閱本報告附註6及本公司日期為二 零二二年四月十四日之公告。本年度權益持 有人應佔虧損約為222,262,000港元,而相應 年度為溢利約1,421,817,000港元,乃由於相 應年度出售附屬公司之一次性收益約15億港 元,而本年度則概無出售附屬公司之收益。本 年度每股虧損為0.95港仙,而相應年度則為每 股盈利6.09港仙。

融資方面,與關連方金盛置業投資集團有限 公司(「金盛置業投資」)、南京第一建築工程集 團有限公司及江蘇裝飾材料有限公司訂立的 貸款協議於二零二四年三月三十一日的未償 還本金總額為人民幣301,800,000元(相當於 約332,885,000港元)(統稱「關連方貸款」)。關 連方貸款於二零二三年三月到期,年利率介 乎5.7%至6.19%,透過質押本集團的若干資產 取得。

Related Party Loan was a loan borrowed by the related parties from Huaxia Bank (the "Huaxia Bank Loan") and lent directly to the Qinhuangdao Outlets Real Estate Company Limited\* (秦皇島奧特萊斯 置業有限公司), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company on the same terms. No further extension agreement had been entered into between Huaxia Bank and the related parties in March 2023. Therefore, the Huaxia Bank Loan was in default from March 2023. Huaxia Bank has the discretionary right to demand related parties of the Company on full payment of the whole principal amount and any unpaid interest. To the best knowledge of the Directors, management of the related parties have commenced negotiations of the repayment terms of the Huaxia Bank Loan with Huaxia Bank since then. Up to the date of this report, those negotiations are still in progress and have not been concluded. As the land of the Qinhuangdao Project (as defined below) has been pledged against the Huaxia Bank Loan, Huaxia Bank has the discretionary right to confiscate the land of the Qinhuangdao Project and dispose it for Huaxia Bank Loan repayment if related parties of the Company fail to repay the Huaxia Bank Loan when Huaxia Bank demands immediate full repayment.

In December 2021, the Group entered into a loan agreement regarding a revolving loan facility agreement with a related party, JeShing Real Estate in relation to an unsecured loan facility in the total principal amount of RMB2,000,000,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$2,206,000,000) at an interest rate of 5% per annum and is due to repay in December 2023. As at 31 March 2024, outstanding amount of approximately RMB9,060,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$9,993,000) was fall due. In May 2023, the Group entered into a new loan agreement regarding a revolving loan facility agreement with a related party, Jinsheng International Group (BVI) Limited (金盛國際集團 (英屬維爾京群島) 有限 公司) in relation to an unsecured loan facility in the total principal amount of HK\$2,000,000,000 at an interest rate of 5% per annum, the revolving loan facility starts in January 2024 and is due to repay in December 2025.

關連方貸款由關連方自華夏銀行借款(「華夏 銀行貸款」),並按相同條款直接借予本公司 間接全資附屬公司秦皇島奧特萊斯置業有限 公司。於二零二三年三月,華夏銀行與關連方 之間並無訂立進一步延期協議。因此,自二零 \_三年三月起,華夏銀行貸款違約。華夏銀行 有權酌情要求本公司關連方悉數償還全部本 金額及任何未付利息。就董事所深知,關連方 管理層自當時起已開始與華夏銀行就華夏銀 行貸款之還款條款進行磋商。截至本報告日 期,有關磋商仍在進行中且尚未結束。由於秦 皇島項目(定義見下文)土地已被質押作為華 夏銀行貸款之擔保物,倘本公司關連方於華 夏銀行要求立即悉數償還時未能償還華夏銀 行貸款,華夏銀行有權酌情沒收秦皇島項目 土地並將其出售以償還華夏銀行貸款。

於二零二一年十二月,本集團與一名關連方 金盛置業投資就無抵押貸款融資簽署有關 本金總額人民幣2,000,000元(相當於約 2,206,000,000港元)、年利率5%的循環貸款融 資協議的貸款協議,於二零二三年十二月到 期償還。於二零二四年三月三十一日,約人民 幣9,060,000元(相當於約9,993,000港元)的未 償還款項到期。於二零二三年五月,本集團與 一名關連方金盛國際集團(英屬維爾京群島) 有限公司就無抵押貸款融資簽署有關本金總 額2,000,000,000港元、年利率5%的循環貸款 融資協議的新貸款協議,該循環貸款融資於 二零二四年一月生效並將於二零二五年十二 月到期償還。

#### **Property Management Business**

On 28 March 2023, the Group announced to acquire 100% equity interests in two property management companies, which are Ningxia Guanling Property Service Co., Ltd.\* (寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司) ("Ningxia Guanling") and Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd.\* (武漢閱景物業管理有限公司)("Wuhan Yuejing"). Further details refer to the announcement of the Company on 28 March 2023. The acquisition of Ningxia Guanling was completed on 7 April 2023. The acquisition of Wuhan Yuejing was completed on 9 August 2023. On 15 June 2023, the Group acquired 100% equity interests in Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Service Co., Ltd.\* (呼和浩特 市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有限責任公司)("Hohhot Pengshengjie"), Hohhot Pengshengjie is a newly setup company to target the property management market in the Inner Mongolia province, China. These acquisitions will further expand the property management business of the Group as the property development market in China has been facing tough environment. The total property management areas of Ningxia Guanling, Wuhan Yuejing and Hohhot Pengshengjie were approximately 330,000 sq.m., 73,816 sq.m. and 30,633 sq.m., respectively as of 31 March 2024.

#### **Projects Overview**

#### Qinhuangdao Venice - City of Water Outlets Project

Qinhuangdao Outlets Real Estate Company Limited\* (秦皇島奧特萊斯置 業有限公司) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. The project developed by the company in the core area of International Healthy City, Beidaihe New District, Qinhuangdao City, is positioned as a large coastal shopping, tourism and healthcare resort complex with outlets business as the major operation, integrated with high-end hot spring resort hotels, high-end hospitals, health preservation and elderly care, cultural and entertainment activities, and recreational resorts ("Qinhuangdao Venice – City of Water Outlets Project").

Qinhuangdao Venice – City of Water Outlets Project covers an area of approximately 1,077 mu, planned to be developed in three phases. Phase 1 of the project covers a total area of approximately 163,227 sq.m, which is planned to be developed, by function, into outlets business (including Latitude Space), a health preservation hotel, resort units and an exhibition centre, along with supporting parking lots and greenery landscape. The Group has successively obtained the construction work planning and commencement permits for Sections A, B, and C of Phase 1 and the exhibition centre, the construction work planning permit for Section D of Phase 1 as well as the pre-sale permits for the first 59 resort units.

#### 物業管理業務

於二零二三年三月二十八日,本集團宣佈收 購兩家物業管理公司100%股權,即寧夏冠凌 物業服務有限公司(「寧夏冠凌」)及武漢閱景 物業管理有限公司(「武漢閱景」)。進一步資料 請參閱本公司於二零二三年三月二十八日之 公告。寧夏冠凌之收購已於二零二三年四月 七日完成。武漢閱景之收購已於二零二三年 八月九日完成。於二零二三年六月十五日,本 集團收購呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有 限責任公司(「呼和浩特鵬盛潔」)100%股權, 呼和浩特鵬盛潔乃一家新成立的公司,致力 於開拓中國內蒙古省的物業管理市場。在中 國物業開發市場正面臨嚴峻環境的情況下, 該等收購事項將進一步擴大本集團之物業管 理業務。截至二零二四年三月三十一日,寧夏 冠凌、武漢閱景及呼和浩特鵬盛潔之物業管 理總面積分別約為330,000平方米、73,816平 方米及30,633平方米。

#### 項目概覽

#### 秦皇島威尼斯水城奧特萊斯項目

秦皇島奧特萊斯置業有限公司乃本公司的全 資附屬公司。該公司於秦皇島北戴河新區國 際健康城核心區域開發建設的項目,是一個 計劃以奧特萊斯商業為主導,集高端溫泉度 假酒店、高端醫院、養生養老、文化娛樂、休 閒度假為一體的大型沿海購物旅遊康養度假 綜合體(「秦皇島威尼斯水城奧特萊斯項目」)。

秦皇島威尼斯水城奧特萊斯項目佔地約1,077 畝,計劃分三期開發。其中,項目一期總用地 面積近163,227平方米,按規劃功能劃分為奧 萊商業(含樂圖空間)、養生酒店、度假用房及 展示中心,同時配套停車場及綠化景觀打造。 本集團已陸續取得一期ABC區及展示中心的 建設工程規劃和施工證照、一期D區建設工程 規劃許可證,以及第一批59棟度假用房預售 許可證。

During the Reporting Period, led by local government agencies, Qinhuangdao Company actively approached all partners, and plans to build the commercial portion of Phase 1 with concerted efforts, so as to align with local industrial positioning, i.e. to build Qinhuangdao Project into a first-class comprehensive demonstration city for health care and vacation. If progressing well, the parties will cooperate based on the principle of "complementary advantages, mutual support, long-term cooperation and common development", through the combination of government promotion in accordance with law and market operation, in relation to the establishment and improvement of a comprehensive, wideranging and deep-level strategic cooperation mechanism, exploration of diversified cooperation modes, and effective promotion of the implementation of cooperation projects.

#### **Yinchuan Project**

The Company held the property named JeShing European City (金盛歐洲城) through Ningxia Jinguan Property Investment Co. Ltd.\* (寧夏金冠投資置業有限公司) ("Ningxia Jinguan"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company. JeShing European City comprises five parcels of land with a total site area of approximately 133,300 sq.m. and a residential and commercial complex constructed thereon ("Yinchuan Project").

#### Yinchuan residential project – Jin Sheng Yue Jing (金盛閱景)

Featured with the supporting commercial facilities, Jin Sheng Yue Jing is a large-scale residential community developed passionately by the Company, which creates a comfortable and convenient living environment on the back of the surrounding resources such as banks, medical institutes, educational institutions, department stores and supermarkets, entertainment facilities and restaurants as well as its own lifestyle amenities and building materials stores. With a site area of approximately 120 mu, the Jin Sheng Yue Jing project comprises 20 mid- to highrise buildings to be developed in 3 phases. The project has adopted the frame shear wall structure across the board, the beige granite paint for exterior decoration, and the internationally popular Artdeco neoclassic architectural style for the overall appearance, presenting a sense of fashion, solemnity and elegance.

During the Reporting Period, the construction of the main structure of Phase 2 of Jin Sheng Yue Jing has been completed. In terms of construction progress, for block 17 and block 18, the construction has been materially completed and expects to commence delivery on or before 31 December 2024. 報告期間,在當地政府機構指引下,秦皇島公 司積極接洽各方合作機構,擬集眾人之力打 造一期商業部分,使之符合當地產業定位,即 建設一流康養度假綜合示範城市。如若進展 順利,各方將按照「優勢互補、相互支持、長期 合作、共同發展」的原則開展合作,通過政府 依法推動和市場化運作相結合的方式,建立 和完善全方位、寬領域、深層次的戰略合作機 制,探索多樣化的合作模式,切實推進合作項 目落地。

#### 銀川項目

本公司通過其全資附屬公司寧夏金冠投資置 業有限公司(「寧夏金冠」)持有名為「金盛歐洲 城」之物業。金盛歐洲城包括總佔地面積約為 13.33萬平方米之五幅地塊及其上興建之住宅 及商業綜合體(「銀川項目」)。

#### 銀川住宅-「金盛閱景」

「金盛閱景」是本公司傾力打造的以商業配套 環境為依託的大型住宅社區,依傍周邊銀行、 醫療、教育、商超、娛樂餐飲等各類資源及 自身家居建材商業配套,輕鬆享受便利生活。 「金盛閱景」項目佔地面積約為120畝,分三 期建設為20棟中高層樓宇。項目全部採用框 架剪力牆結構,樓體全部以米色花崗岩漆做 外裝,整體外觀承襲了國際流行的Artdeco新 古典主義建築風格,樓宇俊朗挺拔、時尚大 氣、莊嚴典雅。

報告期間,「金盛閱景」二期已完成主體工程。工程進度方面,17號樓及18號樓的工程 已大致完成,並預期將於二零二四年十二月 三十一日或之前交付。

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## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析

#### Yinchuan Commercial Properties

The Yinchuan Commercial Properties consist of three commercial buildings (namely "建材樓", "家居樓" and "太平商場") and two corridors, collectively known as Jeshing International Home Furnishing Mall • Desheng Square (金盛國際家居 • 德勝廣場) ("Yinchuan Commercial Properties Project") with a total gross floor area of over 90,000 sq.m. It is an integrated commercial complex featuring building materials and furniture stores, department stores, restaurants and supermarkets, with malls offering high-end building materials and upscale household products. The elegant and comfortable commercial environment, easy accessibility by convenient public transportation, bespoke commercial layout plan and premium quality management have made it a new premier commercial landmark in Yinchuan.

As of 31 March 2024, Yinchuan Commercial Properties Project achieved an occupancy rate of approximately 90% and became one of the largest curtain wholesale base in the northwest region. Gathering merchants of major brands in the northwest, the mall hit a record high in the amount of orders. As shown from the overall data, the three buildings of the entire Yinchuan Commercial Properties Project have gradually unveiled its unique distinction to be the northern commercial hub of the city.

During the Reporting Period, the Group joined hands with brand partners to host a number of large alliance marketing events, such as Spring Summer Sale (春暖花開銀盛夏), 51 JeShing Home Decoration Promotion Campaign (51家裝金盛惠), and JeShing 618 Mid-year Promotion Campaign (金盛618年中盛惠), which improved the popularity of the mall and attracted large traffic to the mall. The Group precisely targeted prospective customers, and actively provided incentives for alliance stores to cooperate. Corporate marketing work has been developing towards new media as the major operation mode, with an average of 2,500 views per video on TikTok. WeChat official account mainly presents product promotion, home decoration knowledge, corporate culture promotion, task recommendation, featured product sharing and other content, as well as bargain promotions and other information.

#### 銀川商業

銀川商業由三棟商業樓宇(即「建材樓」、「家 居樓」及「太平商場」),外加兩座連廊組成,統 稱「金盛國際家居●德勝廣場」(「銀川商業項 目」)。德勝廣場總建築面積逾9萬平方米,乃 集建材、傢俱、百貨、餐飲、超市為一體的商 業綜合體,擁有高端建材及尚品家居賣場,以 優雅舒適的經營環境、便利迅捷的公共交通、 人性化的商業佈局、一流的品質經營管理,構 建銀川首屈一指的商業新地標。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日,銀川商業項 目已完成約90%出租率,現已成為西北區域最 大的窗簾批發基地之一,聚集了西北地方各 大品牌商戶,訂貨業績再創新高。通過整體數 據來看,整個銀川商業項目三棟樓已逐步突 顯出其獨有的城北核心商圈趨勢。

報告期間,本集團聯合入駐品牌商,合力舉 辦多場大型聯盟營銷活動,如《春暖花開銀盛 夏》、《51家裝金盛惠》、《金盛618年中盛惠》 營銷活動,提升賣場人氣,為商場集聚超高人 氣。定位精准客戶,同時積極調動各聯盟商 戶的合作積極性。企業營銷工作整體趨向於 新媒體發展為主線的運營模式,抖音視頻平 均播放量2,500人次。微信公眾號主要包含品 宣、家裝知識,企業文化宣貫、任務推薦、好 物分享等內容、優惠促銷等信息。

#### Property Management Business

#### Yinchuan Project

The Group conducts the property management business through Ningxia Jinguan and Ningxia Guanling. The two companies manages both commercial property and residential area. The total property management area of the two companies was approximately 551,800 sq.m. as of 31 March 2024. Both companies are actively expanding the property management business in Yinchuan city.

#### Hohhot Project

Hohhot Pengshengie currently manages part of a commercial property. The commercial property, with gross floor area of 83,192 sq.m, is an integrated commercial complex featuring building materials and furniture stores. The total property management area of Hohhot Pengshengie was approximately 30,633 sq.m. as of 31 March 2024. Hohhot Pengshengie is actively expanding the property management business within the commercial property.

#### Wuhan Project

Wuhan Yuejing currently manages a commercial property and residential area. The total property management area of Wuhan Yuejing was approximately 73,816 sq.m. as of 31 March 2024. Wuhan Yuejing is actively expanding the property management business in Wuhan city.

#### Associated Companies

During the Reporting Period, the projects managed by the associated companies of the Company also achieved certain progress.

#### Huailai Project

The master plan, demonstration area design plan, chateau design plan and environmental impact assessment of the characteristic villa residential and winery project in Huailai of Hebei Province have been completed. The project is developed by Huailai Dayi Winery Company Limited\* (懷 來大一葡萄酒莊園有限公司), a 50%-owned associated company of the Company. In the demonstration area, access to roads, electricity and water supply has been in place and certain works regarding landscaping, planting and slope wall reconditioning have been completed.

#### 物業管理業務

#### 銀川項目

本集團通過寧夏金冠及寧夏冠凌開展物業管理業務。兩家公司同時管理商業地產及住宅部分。截至二零二四年三月三十一日,兩家公司管理的總物業面積約551,800平方米。兩家公司均在銀川市大力拓展物業管理業務。

#### 呼市項目

呼和浩特鵬盛潔現時管理部分商業物業。建築面積為83,192平方米的商業物業乃集建 材及傢俱店為一體的商業綜合體。截至二零 二四年三月三十一日,呼和浩特鵬盛潔之物 業管理總面積約為30,633平方米。呼和浩特 鵬盛潔正在積極擴展商業物業的物業管理 業務。

#### 武漢項目

武漢閱景現時管理商業物業及住宅部分。截 至二零二四年三月三十一日,武漢閱景之物 業管理總面積約為73,816平方米。武漢閱景正 在積極擴展武漢市的物業管理業務。

#### 聯營公司

報告期間,本公司聯營公司所轄項目亦取得 一定進展。

#### 懷來項目

本公司擁有50%權益的聯營公司懷來大一葡 萄酒莊園有限公司所開發之河北懷來特色別 墅住宅及葡萄酒莊園項目,已完成該項目整 體規劃和示範區規劃設計、酒莊單體設計、環 境影響評估,示範區已具備通路通水通電條 件,並完成了部分綠化、種植陳列及坡壁修整 工程。

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## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論與分析

#### **Changchun Project**

Globe Outlet Town (Jilin) Limited\* (吉林奥特萊斯世界名牌折扣城有 限公司) ("Jilin Company"), a 42%-owned associated company of the Company, obtained land use rights for a piece of land with an area of 443 mu for commercial and residential purposes in Shuangyang District, Changchun City, Jilin Province in April 2016. In order to seek differentiated development, Jilin Company plans to develop its project in Shuangyang District, Changchun into an integrated project combining a theme park and a cultural tourism town under the theme of cultural tourism and the objective of building a liveable place with elderly care.

## SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

The Group did not have any significant investments during the Year.

#### LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

The Group mainly finances its business operations with its internal resources and loan facilities from banks, financial institutions, related parties and a shareholder. As at 31 March 2024, the Group had cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$17,685,000 (2023: HK\$35,083,000) and restricted bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$12,470,000 (2023: Nil). The Group's current ratio (measured as total current assets to total current liabilities) was 0.72 times (2023: 0.67 times). The other borrowings of the Group amounted to approximately HK\$35,990,000 (31 March 2023: HK\$30,718,000) as at 31 March 2024.

#### PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 March 2024, property interest held by the Group with net carrying amount in aggregate of approximately HK\$918,242,000 (31 March 2023: HK\$1,014,100,000) were pledged to banks and financial institutions.

#### FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURES

As the Group's other borrowings, cash and cash equivalents, restricted bank deposits, trade receivables, prepayments, deposits and other receivables, trade payables, other payables and accruals, contract liabilities and amounts due to related parties were mainly denominated in RMB, the Group had not experienced significant exposure to foreign currency fluctuation.

#### 長春項目

本公司擁有42%權益的聯營公司吉林奧特萊 斯世界名牌折扣城有限公司(「吉林公司」),於 二零一六年四月獲得吉林省長春市雙陽區443 畝商住用地土地使用權證。為突顯差異化發 展,吉林公司計劃將旗下位於長春市雙陽區 的項目發展為以文化旅遊為主導,以養老宜 居為目標的主題樂園和文旅小鎮一體開發綜 合項目。

## 重大投資

於本年度,本集團並無任何重大投資。

#### 流動資金及財務資源

本集團主要以其內部資源及銀行、金融機構、 關連方及一名股東的貸款融資為業務營運提 供資金。於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團 的現金及現金等值品約為17,685,000港元(二 零二三年:35,083,000港元),受限制銀行存款 約12,470,000港元(二零二三年:無)。本集團 的流動比率(按流動資產總額除流動負債總額 計算)為0.72倍(二零二三年:0.67倍)。於二零 二四年三月三十一日,本集團其他借款為約 35,990,000港元(二零二三年三月三十一日: 30,718,000港元)。

## 資產質押

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團持有總 賬面淨值約918,242,000港元(二零二三年三 月三十一日:1,014,100,000港元)之物業權益 已向銀行及金融機構作出質押。

#### 外匯風險

由於本集團的其他借款、現金及現金等值品、 受限制銀行存款、應收賬款、預付款項、按金 及其他應收款項、應付賬款、其他應付款項及 應計費用、合約負債及應付關連方款項主要 以人民幣列值,故本集團並無面對重大外匯 波動風險。

#### COMMITMENTS

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had capital commitments of construction of properties included under property, plant and equipment and investment properties of approximately HK\$63,676,000 (31 March 2023: HK\$526,430,000).

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Group had no significant event taking place subsequent to 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this report.

## MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

During the Reporting Period, the Group completed the acquisition of three property management companies, namely Ningxia Guanling, Wuhan Yuejing and Hohhot Pengshengjie. Please refer to note 30 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for details.

On 14 April 2023, (i) King Future Holdings Limited (the "Seller"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, (ii) Heilongjiang Fenglin Investment Company Limited\* (the "Purchaser"), (iii) Qinhuangdao Arirang, and (iv) Qinhuangdao Company entered into the cooperation agreement, pursuant to which the Purchaser and the Seller have agreed to cooperate to develop the Qinhuangdao Project (the "Cooperation Agreement"). Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, among other things, the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to purchase and the Seller has conditionally agreed to sell the 30% of the equity interests in Qinhuangdao Company ("Sale Interests") (i.e. the Disposal). As part of the arrangement under the Cooperation Agreement, the Seller and Qinhuangdao Arirang have also entered into the equity transfer agreement on the same day to set out the terms of the Disposal (the "Equity Transfer Agreement"). Pursuant to the Equity Transfer Agreement, the Seller agreed to transfer the Sale Interests to Qinhuangdao Arirang for a consideration of USD1.2 million in accordance with relevant legal procedures. In addition, in order to ensure the development progress of the Qinhuangdao Project, the Purchaser and Qinhuangdao Arirang will invest RMB300 million in the first installment (this amount will be used as an increase in the share capital corresponding to Qinhuangdao Arirang's shareholding in Qinhuangdao Company and will not be returned by Qinhuangdao Company) to resolve issues that affect the Qinhuangdao Project. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 14 April 2023 for details.

## 承擔

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團興建物 業、廠房及設備項下所列之物業及投資物業 之資本承擔約為63,676,000港元(二零二三年 三月三十一日:526,430,000港元)。

#### 期後事項

於二零二四年三月三十一日後及直至本報告 日期,概無發生重大事項。

## 附屬公司及聯營公司的重大收購 及出售

報告期間,本集團完成收購寧夏冠凌、武漢閱 景、呼和浩特鵬盛潔三家物業管理公司。詳情 請參閱綜合財務報表附註的附註30。

於二零二三年四月十四日,(i)本公司之全資附 屬公司御景控股有限公司(「賣方」),(ii)黑龍江 楓林投資有限責任公司(「買方」),(iii)秦皇島阿 里郎,及(iv)秦皇島公司訂立合作協議,據此, 買方及賣方同意合作發展秦皇島項目(「合作 協議」)。根據合作協議,(其中包括)買方有條 件同意購買而賣方有條件同意出售秦皇島公 司30%股權(「待售權益」)(即出售事項)。作為 合作協議項下安排的一部分,賣方及秦皇島 阿里郎已於同日訂立股權轉讓協議,以列明 出售事項的條款(「股權轉讓協議」)。根據股權 轉讓協議,根據相關法定程序,賣方同意向秦 皇島阿里郎轉讓待售權益,代價為1,200,000 美元。此外,為確保秦皇島項目的開發進度, 買方及秦皇島阿里郎將在首期投資人民幣 300,000,000元以解決影響秦皇島項目的問 題;該款項將用作增加秦皇島阿里郎於秦皇 島公司持股所對應的股本,秦皇島公司將不 會返還該款項。有關詳情請參閱本公司日期 為二零二三年四月十四日之公告。

On 31 May 2023, the Board announced that the Purchaser and Qinhuangdao Arirang have failed to perform the payment obligation in accordance with the Cooperation Agreement and Equity Transfer Agreement. On 31 May 2023, the Seller served the termination notices to the Purchaser and/or Qinhuangdao Arirang (as the case maybe) to terminate the Cooperation Agreement and Equity Transfer Agreement.

#### EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICY

As at 31 March 2024, the Group employed a total of 143 employees (excluding Directors), as compared with 89 employees (excluding Directors) as at 31 March 2023. The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, working experience and prevailing market parameters. Employee benefits include pension insurance fund, medical insurance coverage, unemployment insurance fund, occupational injury insurance fund, maternity insurance fund, housing provident fund and mandatory provident fund (for Hong Kong employees).

#### **PROSPECT AND OUTLOOK**

The Group has focused on the real estate market, strategically rolling out diverse product mixes such as "residential + commercial", "residential + senior care", and "residential + cultural tourism", which boast unique features to forestall declined competitiveness due to homogeneity of products. However, the success of a company still depends very much on its ability to appreciate industry-related policies in advance and make business adjustments and plans in advance to align itself with the policies.

In the past few years, the Group failed to adapt itself to industry policies and market development trends in a timely manner, and was not able to effectively convert the land on hand into cashable commodities. Moreover, being a "late-mover" for several times also resulted in significantly lower-than-expected fund usage rate and return, leading to high financial costs. The financial policy is consistent with the notion of housing is for accommodation, and it is unlikely that the financial policy will be loose, and the financing environment will continue to tighten. Besides, the financing environment will continue to be tight. To strictly control the flow of capital and turn away from the virtual economy to the real economy, developers must also strictly stick to the bottom-line mindset of "three red lines", deleverage and reduce liabilities. 於二零二三年五月三十一日,董事會宣佈買 方及秦皇島阿里郎未能根據合作協議及股權 轉讓協議履行支付義務。於二零二三年五月 三十一日,賣方向買方及/或秦皇島阿里郎 (視乎情況而定)送達終止通知以終止合作協 議及股權轉讓協議。

#### 僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團聘有合 共143名僱員(董事除外),而於二零二三年三 月三十一日則有89名僱員(董事除外)。僱員薪 酬由本集團根據其表現、工作經驗及現行市 價釐定。僱員福利包括養老保險金、醫療保險 金、失業保險金、工傷保險金、生育保險金、 住房公積金及強積金(適用於香港僱員)。

## 展望與前景

本集團主力耕耘房地產市場,精心打造「住宅 +商業」、「住宅+養老」、「住宅+文旅」等多元化 產品組合,凸顯特色,規避因產品單一而面臨 的競爭力低下。即便如此,企業能否成功,很 大程度上仍取決於能否提前洞悉產業相關政 策,順應政策提前作出業務調整及規劃。

過去數年,本集團未有及時把握行業政策和 市場發展大勢,未能將手頭存量土地有效地 轉化為可變現商品。而頻頻「晚一步」發力,亦 導致資金利用率和回報率嚴重低於預期,造 成財務成本高企。而金融政策是跟房住不炒 相一致的,註定金融政策不會寬鬆,融資環境 也會繼續趨緊。嚴控資金流向,實現脫虛向 實,開發商也必須嚴控「三道紅線」的底線思 維,去槓桿、降負債。

The above factors, such as high financial costs, tight financing environment, unswerving policy orientation of housing for accommodation rather than speculation, and increasingly rational property buyers due to the rising mortgage interest rate and prolonged lending cycle, undoubtedly pose a great challenge for the Group, whose income sources are relatively simple (i.e., mainly property sales income and rental income). The Group's future development fundamentally hinges on identifying ways to fully use funds and proactively broaden revenue sources.

As the economy of China is facing uncertainties, the Group has been actively to explore opportunities outside of China. South East Asia region is a region with high growth potential and young population, which exists opportunities.

Amid the harsh economic environment, "struggling alone" is no longer realistic, and only "partnering up with others" will allow a slim chance of survival. In the future, the Group will enhance cooperation with financing institutions, government agencies and other parties of the same or different industries to activate its various projects with concerted efforts.

## STEPS TAKEN BY THE COMPANY SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF THE 2023 ANNUAL REPORT TO ADDRESS THE 2023 DISCLAIMER OPINION AND THE PROGRESS ACHIEVED ("STEPS TAKEN")

Refer to the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 published on 28 July 2023 ("2023 Annual Results"), the Company's auditor issued the disclaimer opinion on the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 ("2023 Disclaimer Opinion"), as part of the measures to resolve the issues underlying the 2023 Disclaimer Opinion, the Group has also taken the following steps since the publication of the 2023 Annual Results but the underlying issues cannot be resolved due to the following reasons:

上述財務成本高企、融資環境收緊、房住不炒 不動搖、購房者因房貸利率持續走高及放款 週期拉長而日趨理性等等因素,對於收入來 源較為單一(即主要為物業銷售收入和租金收 入)的本集團而言,無疑是巨大挑戰。如何將 資金利用率最大化,積極拓寬收入來源,乃本 集團未來須深刻思考之根本。

由於中國經濟面臨不確定性,本集團一直積 極探索中國境外的機遇。東南亞地區具備高 增長潛力及年輕人口,充滿各種機遇。

嚴冬下,「單打獨鬥」已不現實,「抱團取暖」方 有一線生機。未來,本集團將加大與融資機 構、政府機關及其他業內外各方的合作,合力 活躍旗下各個項目。

## 本公司自刊發二零二三年年報起 為解決二零二三年不發表意見所 採取之步驟與取得之進展(「所採 取之步驟」)

經參考二零二三年七月二十八日刊發之本公 司截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度年度 報告(「二零二三年年度業績」),本集團核數師 對本公司截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度之財務報表出具不發表意見(「二零二三年 不發表意見」),作為解決二零二三年不發表 意見相關問題的措施之一,自刊發二零二三 年年度業績以來,本集團亦採取以下措施,但 由於以下原因,相關問題無法得到解決:

## 1. Acceleration of the pre-sales and sales of the Group's property development projects

The Group intended to accelerate the pre-sales and sales of the Group's property development projects during the year ended 31 March 2024. However, the Group's plan was negatively impacted by the following factors:

The sentiment within the Chinese property market remained poor during the Reporting Period. According to the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the sales of residential housing area totaled 948 million square meters for the year ended 31 December 2023, representing a decrease of approximately 8.2% compared to the corresponding period in 2022. Meanwhile, as at 31 December 2023, the unsold residential housing inventory stood at 331 million square meters, indicating an increase of approximately 22.2% relative to the corresponding period in 2022. It indicates there is a substantial residential housing oversupply in the market.

As a result, for the Qinhuangdao Project, the progress has been suspended due to a weak property market sentiment and lack of capital investment in the project. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not record any sales for the Qinhuangdao Project. However, the recent removal of the purchase restriction order by the government of Qinhuangdao city in April 2024 is expected to increase housing demand and attract more interest from the investors for the project. Also, in May 2024, the government of Qinhuangdao city has phased out the lower limit of the interest rate for first-time personal housing loans, in order to improve housing demand and enhance the vitality of local real estate market. The Directors remain committed to the Qinhuangdao Project and is optimistic about its future prospects given the latest policies and regulations in Qinhuangdao city.

#### 加快本集團物業開發項目之預售 及銷售

本集團擬於截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度加快本集團物業開發項目之預 售及銷售。然而,本集團之計劃受到以 下因素的負面影響:

報告期內,中國房地產市場情緒依然低 迷。根據中國國家統計局資料,截至二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,住 宅銷售面積共計9.48億平方米,較二零 二二年同期下降約8.2%。同時,於二零 二三年十二月三十一日,未售出的住宅 存量為3.31億平方米,較二零二二年同 期增長約22.2%。這表明市場上的住宅 供應嚴重過剩。

因此,秦皇島項目因房地產市場情緒疲 軟及項目資金投入不足而暫停進展。報 告期內,本集團並無秦皇島項目的銷售 記錄。然而,近期秦皇島市政府於二零 二四年四月取消限購令,預計將增加住 房需求,吸引更多投資者對該項目的興 趣。此外,秦皇島市政府已於二零二四 年五月逐步取消首次個人住房貸款利率 下限,以改善住房需求,增強當地房地 產市場的活力。鑒於秦皇島市的最新政 策及規定,董事將繼續致力於秦皇島項 目,並對其未來前景持樂觀態度。

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In addition, the Management is in a discussion with a potential investor (the "Potential Investor") and a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") has been signed on 28 May 2024. Pursuant to the MOU, the Potential Investor expressed its willingness to inject capital into the Qinhuangdao Project. Also, the Company is in negotiation with another three potential investors, and all of them are conducting due diligence on the Qinhuangdao Project. Based on the current progress of the negotiations with the Potential Investor and other three potential investors, the Company expects to restart the Qinhuangdao Project by 31 December 2024. Upon restarting the project, the Management expects to recognize pre-sale proceeds and revenue from sale of properties of the Qinhuangdao Project by the years ending 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively.

The Huaxia Bank Loan (back-to-back arrangement with the Related Party Loan) was in default from March 2023. Concerning the Related Party Loan, Huaxia Bank has the discretionary right to demand full payment of the whole principal amount and any unpaid interest from the related parties of the Company, and the Related Party Loan is secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's assets, primarily the land of the Qinhuangdao Project. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the management of the related parties have commenced negotiations with Huaxia Bank on a restructuring plan. Based on the latest negotiation, Huaxia Bank intends to renew the Related Party Loan for at least two additional years if a total of RMB50 million (as at 31 March 2024, the total outstanding principal amount of the Related Party Loan amounted to approximately RMB302 million) could be repaid to Huaxia Bank first. The Potential Investor expressed an intention to inject capital as part of the repayment to settle the Related Party Loan.

此外,管理層正在與一名潛在投資者 (「潛在投資者」)進行討論,並於二零 二四年五月二十八日簽署一份不具法律 約束力的諒解備忘錄(「諒解備忘錄」)。 根據諒解備忘錄,潛在投資者表示願 向秦皇島項目注資。此外,本公司。 向秦皇島項目進行盡職調查。 根 家子對秦皇島項目進行盡職調查。 根 資 者的磋商進展,本公司預計於二零二四 年十三月三十一日前重啟秦皇島項目。 項目室啟後,管理層預計將分別於截 年十三月三十一日止年度確認秦皇島項目的 物業預售所得款項及銷售收入。

華夏銀行貸款(與關連方貸款背對背安 排)自二零二三年三月起違約。就關連 方貸款而言,華夏銀行有權酌情要求本 公司關連方全額支付全部本金額及任何 未付利息,關連方貸款以本集團的若干 資產(主要是秦皇島項目的土地)作為抵 押。據董事所知,關連方管理層已開始 與華夏銀行就重組計劃進行磋商。根夏 銀行償還合共人民幣50,000,000元(於二 零二四年三月三十一日,關連方貸款未 償還本金總額約為人民幣302,000,000 元),年。潛在投資者表示有意注資,作為 償還關連方貸款的一部分。

The management of the Company (the "Management") has prioritized its efforts to accelerate the pre-sales and sales of the Yinchuan Project during the Reporting Period. For the Yinchuan Project, construction of the two buildings under Phase 2 have been substantially completed. The Group successfully delivered and recognised approximately HK\$3.3 million revenue from the customers as well as received pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$55 million up to 31 March 2024. During the three months ended 30 June 2024, the Group has also received the pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$23 million. The pre-sold residential properties are expected to be delivered on or before 31 December 2024. Upon delivery of these pre-sold properties, the Group expects to recognize revenue of approximately HK\$78 million for the year ending 31 December 2025, which represents a promising estimated financial performance.

## 2. Expansion of the property management business

During the Reporting Period, the Group completed the acquisition of three property management companies. This strategic expansion in the Property Management Business segment has generated revenue of approximately HK\$20.5 million to the Group during the Reporting Period, representing an increase of approximately 249% compared to the year ended 31 March 2023. The Management believes that the Property Management Business will be one of the Group's key business segments going forward. The acquisitions of Ningxia Guanling, Hohhot Pengshenjie and Wuhan Yuejing were completed on 7 April 2023, 15 June 2023 and 9 August 2023, respectively. The Management expects that the revenue to be generated from the Property Management Business segment will increase, given that the three acquired companies will have full year contribution to the Group for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Management expects the revenue to be generated for the year ending 31 March 2025 will be at least approximately HK\$33 million. Given the recurring and stable nature of property management services, the Group is expected to continue expanding this segment in order to provide a more consistent revenue stream for the Group in the future.

報告期內,本公司管理層(「管理層」)優 先加快銀川項目的預售及銷售工作。 就銀川項目而言,二期二棟的建設已大 致完成。截至二零二四年三月三十一 日,本集團已成功向客戶交付及確認約 3,300,000港元收入,並已收取預售所得 款項約55,000,000港元。截至二零二四 年六月三十日止三個月,本集團亦已收 取預售所得款項約23,000,000港元。預 售住宅物業預計將於二零二四年十二月 三十一日或之前交付。在交付該等預售 物業後,本集團預計於截至二零二五年 十二月三十一日止年度內確認收入約 78,000,000港元,這是一個樂觀的預計 財務業績。

#### 2. 擴大物業管理業務

報告期內,本集團完成對三家物業管 理公司的收購。報告期內,物業管理 業務分部的戰略擴張為本集團產生約 20.500.000港元的收入,較截至二零 二三年三月三十一日止年度增長約 249%。管理層相信,物業管理業務將成 為本集團未來的主要業務分部之一。寧 夏冠凌、呼和浩特鵬盛潔及武漢閱景的 收購分別於二零二三年四月七日、二零 二三年六月十五日及二零二三年八月九. 日完成。鑒於收購的三家公司將於截至 二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內為本 集團作出全年貢獻,管理層預計物業管 理業務分部產生的收入將增加。管理層 預計,截至二零二五年三月三十一日止 年度將產生至少約33.000.000港元的收 入。鑒於物業管理服務的經常性及穩定 性,本集團預計將繼續擴大這一分部, 以便在未來為本集團提供更穩定的收入 來源。

## 3. Continuous financial support from related companies

In May 2023, the Company entered into a new revolving loan facility agreement with a company indirect wholly owned by its controlling shareholder. The unsecured loan facility has a total principal amount of HK\$2,000,000,000 and is available for drawdown from January 2024 through December 2025. The Management is evaluating the utilization of this loan facility to address the Company's upcoming liabilities as they become due. In addition to the loan facility, the controlling shareholder has been providing financial support to the Company, the amount due to the controlling shareholder was approximately HK\$26.4 million as at 31 March 2024, representing an increase of approximately 33.5% as compared to 31 March 2023. Concurrently, the Company is continuing to explore and negotiate with various financial institutions to identify additional financing options that could support the Company's working capital requirements and future commitments. The Management believes that the availability of the new loan facility, combined with the Company's ongoing initiatives to secure alternative financing, would provide the necessary financial support to meet the Group's liabilities and future obligations.

#### 4. Cost control

The Group has been taking appropriate measures to control administrative costs. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group recorded administrative expense of approximately HK\$46.6 million as compared to approximately HK\$54.4 million for the corresponding period, representing a decrease of approximately 14.2%. The Group intends to further control the administrative for the year ending 31 March 2025 by reducing headcounts.

#### 3. 獲關連公司持續提供財務支援

於二零二三年五月,本公司與其控股股 東間接全資擁有的一家公司訂立新的 循環貸款融資協議。該無抵押貸款融資 本金總額為2,000,000,000港元,可於 二零二四年一月至二零二五年十二月 期間提取。管理層正在評估如何使用這 筆貸款融資,以應對本公司即將到期的 負債。除貸款融資外,控股股東亦一直 向本公司提供財務支援,於二零二四年 三月三十一日,應付控股股東款項約 為26,400,000港元,較二零二三年三月 三十一日增加約33.5%。與此同時,本公 司正繼續探索並與多家金融機構磋商, 以確定可支持本公司營運資金需求及未 來承擔的其他融資選項。管理層相信, 新貸款融資的可用性,加上本公司正在 進行的爭取其他融資的舉措,將為滿足 本集團的負債及未來義務提供必要的財 務支援。

#### 4. 成本控制

本集團一直採取適當措施控制行政成 本。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團錄得行政開支約46,600,000 港元,較同期約54,400,000港元減少約 14.2%。本集團計劃通過裁員進一步控 制截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 的行政費用。

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## GOING CONCERN AND DISCLAIMER OF OPINION ISSUED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR FOR THE YEAR

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group had a net loss of approximately HK\$222,262,000 and as at 31 March 2024, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$355,132,000 and total borrowings, including other borrowings, amount due to a shareholder and amounts due to related parties, in aggregate of approximately HK\$609,301,000 that will be due in the coming twelve months from the end of the Reporting Period. In addition, the Group has been involved in various litigation cases for outstanding construction payables for which the Group has made provision. The financial conditions presented indicate the existence of material uncertainties, which may cast significant doubt on the Group may not be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The independent auditor of the Company ("Auditors") has issued a disclaimer of opinion to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the Year ("2024 Disclaimer Opinion"), details of which are set out in the report from the independent auditor.

The Directors understand that the Auditors considered the validity of the consolidated financial statements being prepared on a going concern basis was subject to multiple uncertainties, including (i) the successful resumption and/or acceleration of property development projects, and (ii) continuous financial support from related parties. On the other hand, the Directors consider that the consolidated financial statements of the Group can be presented in a going concern basis, after taking into account of the Steps Taken above and Plans to address the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion below.

## 持續經營及獨立核數師就本年度 出具之不發表意見

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團有虧損淨額約222,262,000港元,於二零 二四年三月三十一日,本集團有流動負債淨 額約355,132,000港元及借款總額(包括其他 借款、應付股東款項及應付關連方款項)約 609,301,000港元,將從報告期末起計未來 十二個月到期。此外,本集團涉及牽涉未償應 付工程款的多宗訴訟案件,本集團已就此作 出撥備。所呈列的財務狀況顯示存在重大不 確定性,可能對本集團持續經營能力構成重 大疑問,且本集團可能因而無法於正常業務 過程中變現其資產及償還負債。

本公司獨立核數師(「核數師」)已就本集團本 年度之綜合財務報表出具不發表意見(「二零 二四年不發表意見」),其詳情於獨立核數師 報告。

董事了解到,核數師認為按持續經營基準編 製的綜合財務報表的有效性受限於多種不確 定性,包括(i)成功恢復及/或加快物業發展項 目,及(ii)來自關連方之持續財務支持。另一方 面,經考慮上述所採取之步驟及下文解決二 零二四年不發表意見的計劃後,董事認為,本 集團的綜合財務報表可以按持續經營基準列 報。

## PLANS TO ADDRESS THE 2024 DISCLAIMER OPINION

In view of the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion, the Company had carefully considered the following measures to address the issues underlying the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion:

#### 1) Property development projects

The development progress of certain property projects, particularly the Qinhuangdao Project, has been significantly delayed or suspended due to unfavorable market conditions and liquidity constraints. However, the recent removal of the purchase restriction order and phasing out the lower limit of the interest rate for firsttime personal housing loans by the government of Qinhuangdao city in April and May 2024, respectively, is expected to increase housing demand and attract more interest from the potential investors for the project. The Management expects to actively engage with potential investors to discuss this project further, with the expectation that the latest policies will draw more investors to the project. As mentioned in the Steps Taken above, based on the current progress of the negotiations with potential investors, the Company expects to restart the Qinhuangdao Project by 31 December 2024. Upon restarting the project, the Management expects to recognize pre-sale proceeds and revenue from the Qinhuangdao Project by the years ending 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively. Additionally, in July 2022, the Group entered into an agreement with a contractor, wherein the contractor agreed not to demand any repayment from the Group for the construction works performed on the Group's property development projects until the value of cumulative certified works reaches RMB200,000,000. This arrangement remains valid as a supplementary agreement was entered into during the Reporting Period. The Directors believe that this agreement will help the Group to resolve the liquidity difficulties.

## 解決二零二四年不發表意見的計 劃

有見及二零二四年不發表意見,本公司已審 慎考量以下措施以解決於二零二四年不發表 意見的相關問題:

#### 1) 物業開發項目

由於不利的市場條件及流動性限制,若 干房地產項目,特別是秦皇島項目的開 發進度已大幅推遲或暫停。然而,近期 秦皇島市政府分別於二零二四年四月 及五月取消限購令及逐步取消首次個 人住房貸款利率下限,預計將增加住房 需求,吸引更多潛在投資者對該項目的 興趣。管理層預計將積極與潛在投資者 進一步討論該項目,期望最新政策將吸 引更多投資者參與該項目。如上文所採 取之步驟所述,根據目前與潛在投資者 的磋商進展,本公司預計於二零二四年 十二月三十一日前重啟秦皇島項目。項 目重啟後,管理層預計將分別於截至二 零二五年三月三十一日及二零二六年三 月三十一日止年度確認秦皇島項目的預 售所得款項及收入。此外,於二零二二 年七月,本集團與一間承建商訂立一份 協議,承建商同意不會就於本集團的物 業發展項目開展的建築工程要求本集團 作出任何還款,直至認證工程累計價值 達到人民幣200,000,000元。由於在報告 期內訂立補充協議,該安排仍然有效。 董事相信,該協議將有助於本集團解決 流動資金困難。

On the other hand, for the Yinchuan Project, the Group has received pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$55 million up to 31 March 2024, and approximately HK\$23 million during the three months ended 30 June 2024. The pre-sold residential properties are expected to be delivered on or before 31 December 2024. Upon the delivery of these pre-sold properties, the Group expects to recognize revenue of approximately HK\$78 million for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Directors expect to utilize these proceeds for the further development and construction of Yinchuan Project. In addition to the residential areas, there are also commercial areas within the residential buildings available for sale. Based on valuation, as at 31 March 2024, such commercial properties valued to approximately HK\$100 million. The Company plans to sell such commercial properties by the year ending 31 March 2027.

## 2) Continuous financial support from related companies

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had a revolving loan facility of HK\$2,000,000,000 granted by a company indirectly wholly owned by the controlling shareholder that will expire in December 2025 of which the full amount remained unutilized as at 31 March 2024. The Directors consider that the loan facility can be utilized to settle the liabilities of the Group when and as they fall due. In addition to the loan facility, the controlling shareholder has been providing financial support to the Company. As at 31 March 2024, the amount due to the controlling shareholder was approximately HK\$26.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 33.5% as compared to 31 March 2023.

另一方面,就銀川項目而言,截至二零 二四年三月三十一日,本集團已收到預 售所得款項約55,000,000港元,截至二 零二四年六月三十日止三個月收到預售 所得款項約23,000,000港元。預售住宅 物業預計將於二零二四年十二月三十一 日或之前交付。在交付該等預售物業 後,本集團預計於截至二零二五年三月 三十一日止年度確認收入約78,000,000 港元。董事預計將該等所得款項用於銀 川項目的進一步開發及建設。除住宅區 外,住宅樓內亦有商業區可供出售。根 據估值,於二零二四年三月三十一日, 該等商業物業價值約為100,000,000港 元。本公司計劃於截至二零二七年三月 三十一日止年度前出售該等商業物業。

#### 2) 獲關連公司持續提供財務支援

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團擁 有由控股股東間接全資擁有的公司所 授出循環貸款融資2,000,000,000港元, 並將於二零二五年十二月到期,於二零 二四年三月三十一日,全額貸款額度尚 未動用。董事認為,該貸款融資可於到 期時用作償付本集團負債。除貸款融資 外,控股股東亦一直向本公司提供財 務支援。於二零二四年三月三十一日, 應付控股股東款項約為26,400,000港 元,較二零二三年三月三十一日增加約 33.5%。

#### 3) Expansion of Property Management Business

The Group had completed the acquisitions of three property management companies. The expansion of the Property Management Business will help to bring in more stable income to the Group in the future. This strategic expansion in the Property Management Business segment has generated revenue of approximately HK\$20.5 million during the Reporting Period, representing an increase of approximately 249% compared to the year ended 31 March 2023. The acquisitions of Ningxia Guanling, Hohhot Pengshenjie and Wuhan Yuejing were completed on 7 April 2023, 15 June 2023 and 9 August 2023, respectively. The Management expects that the revenue to be generated from the Property Management Business segment will increase, given that the three acquired companies will have full year contribution to the Group for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Management expects the revenue to be generated for the year ending 31 March 2025 will be at least approximately HK\$33 million.

#### 4) Other financing options

The Group will continue to identify and negotiate with various financial institutions and identifying various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future. For example, the Group has entered into the MOU with the Potential Investor relating to the Qinhuangdao Project.

#### 5) Future development plans

In addition to the continuous development of the existing businesses, the Group is also actively exploring other investment opportunities to expand its businesses. The Group is searching for some potential targets in mainland China as well as in Southeast Asia with businesses relating to property development and/or upstream or downstream businesses.

#### 6) Cost control

The Group will continue to take appropriate measures to control administrative costs by reducing the headcounts.

#### 3) 擴大物業管理業務

本集團已完成對三家物業管理公司的 收購。擴大物業管理業務將為本集團 未來帶來更穩定的收入。報告期內, 物業管理業務分部的戰略擴張產生約 20,500,000港元的收入,較截至二零 二三年三月三十一日止年度增長約 249%。寧夏冠凌、呼和浩特鵬盛潔及 武漢閱景的收購分別於二零二三年四 月七日、二零二三年六月十五日及二零 二三年八月九日完成。鑒於收購的三家 公司將於截至二零二五年三月三十一 日止年度內為本集團作出全年貢獻,管 理層預計物業管理業務分部產生的收 入將增加。管理層預計,截至二零二五 年三月三十一日止年度將產生至少約 33,000,000港元的收入。

## 4) 其他融資選項

本集團將繼續物色及與各個金融機構磋 商,並確定於可見未來本集團營運資金 及承擔的各種融資選項。例如,本集團 已與潛在投資者就秦皇島項目訂立諒解 備忘錄。

#### 5) 未來發展計劃

除繼續發展現有業務外,本集團亦積極 探索其他投資機會,以拓展業務。本集 團正在中國內地及東南亞尋找一些與房 地產開發及/或上下游業務相關的潛在 目標。

#### 6) 成本控制

本集團將繼續採取適當措施,通過裁員 控制行政成本。

#### Removal of the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion

The Directors believe that, after taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, as well as the forecasted operating cash flows for the year ending 31 March 2025, the Group will have sufficient working capital to satisfy its present requirements for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Directors have also discussed the abovementioned plans and measures with the Auditors, and the Auditors have agreed that the abovementioned measures would mitigate the Group's liquidity pressure and improve its financial position of the Group. The Board will provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence to the Auditors to assess the appropriateness of the Board's application of going concern basis in preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Notwithstanding the above, given the volatility of the property sector in Mainland China and the uncertainties to obtain continuous support from the banks, the related companies and the Group's contractors/creditors, the Directors of the Company consider that material uncertainties exist as to whether the Group will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above.

Should the Group fail to achieve the above mentioned plans and measures, the Group may be unable to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments might have to be made to the carrying values of the Group's assets to state them at their realisable values, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify its non-current assets and non-current liabilities to current assets and current liabilities, respectively.

Based on preliminary discussion with Auditors, Auditors are of the view that:

The 2024 Disclaimer Opinion would be removed for the year ending 31 March 2025 auditor's report assuming that the aforementioned plans and measures can be successfully implemented as planned (including but not limited to obtain additional funding from the related parties or other parties to repay the Group's outstanding borrowings, construction payables and any related claims and penalties).

#### 移除二零二四年不發表意見

經計及上述計劃及措施以及截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度之預測營運現金流量, 董事認為本集團將擁有足夠營運資金滿足其 於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的現 有需要。董事亦已與核數師討論上述計劃及 措施,而核數師亦同意上述措施可減輕本集 團的流動資金壓力及改善本集團的財務狀 況。董事會將向核數師提供充分適當的審核 憑證,以評估董事會在編製本集團綜合財務 報表時採用持續經營基礎的適當性。

儘管上文所述,鑒於中國內地物業市場波動, 且在取得銀行、關連公司及本集團的承建商 /債權人持續支持方面面對不確定性,本公 司董事認為,本集團能否實現上述計劃及措 施存在重大不確定性。

倘本集團未能實現上述計劃及措施,本集團 可能無法持續經營,在有關情況下,可能需要 對本集團資產的賬面值作出調整,以按其可 變現價值列賬,並對可能產生的任何進一步 負債計提撥備及分別將其非流動資產及非流 動負債重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。

根據與核數師的初步討論,核數師認為:

假設上述計劃及措施能按計劃順利實施(包括 但不限於從關連方或其他方獲得額外資金, 以償還本集團的未償借款、應付工程款及任 何相關索賠及罰款),則二零二四年不發表意 見將於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 的核數師報告中移除。

In next financial year, the Auditors will exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing in order to conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The conclusions would be based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the next year auditor's report.

#### Audit Committee's View Towards The 2024 Disclaimer Opinion

As disclosed on page 32 of the 2024 annual results announcement of the Company dated 28 June 2024, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") had reviewed the Group's consolidated financial results for the year ended 31 March 2024 with the Group's management, including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, risk management and internal control, and financial reporting matters, in conjunction with the Auditor.

During the meeting of the Audit Committee held on 28 June 2024, all members of the Audit Committee had thoroughly reviewed the Auditor's qualification and the Group's financial position, and agreed with the management's position that the Company was able to carry on as a going concern despite the Auditor's qualification, based on the reasons as mentioned under the "Plans to Address the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion" above.

於下個財政年度,核數師將根據香港核數準 則於整個審計過程中運用專業判斷並抱持專 業懷疑態度,以便對董事會使用持續經營基 準的會計方法的適切性作出結論,並根據獲 取的審核憑證,判斷是否存在與可能對本集 團持續經營能力構成重大懷疑的事件或條件 相關的重大不確定因素。該等結論將基於截 至下個年度核數師報告日期獲得的審核憑 證。

#### 審核委員會對二零二四年不發表意見 之意見

誠如本公司日期為二零二四年六月二十八日 之二零二四年年度業績公告第32頁所披露, 本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)已與本 集團管理層審閱本集團截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度之綜合財務業績(包括本集團 採納的會計原則及慣例),並與核數師討論審 核、風險管理及內部監控以及財務申報事宜。

於二零二四年六月二十八日舉行的審核委員 會會議上,所有審核委員會成員均詳盡審閱 核數師保留意見及本集團之財務狀況,並同 意管理層之立場,即儘管核數師保留意見,惟 基於上文「解決二零二四年不發表意見的計 劃」所述原因,本公司仍具備持續經營能力。

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities and other particulars of the subsidiaries are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The business review of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2024 is set out in the sections of Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 6 to 26.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income on page 115.

There will not be a payment of a final dividend for the Year (31 March 2023: Nil).

#### SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the authorised and issued share capital of the Company are set out in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out on pages 118, 119 and 220, respectively.

The Company had no distributable reserve as at 31 March 2024 (2023: Nil).

#### **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

Details of movements in the investment properties of the Group during the Year are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT**

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. 董事提呈其年報及本公司截至二零二四 年三月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財 務報表。

#### 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。附屬公司之 主要業務及其他詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註39。

## 業務回顧

本集團截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度之業務回顧已載於第6至26頁之「管 理層討論與分析」章節。

### 業績及分派

本集團於本年度之業績載於第115頁之綜 合損益及其他全面收益報表。

將不會就本年度派付末期股息(二零二三 年三月三十一日:無)。

#### 股本

本公司法定及已發行股本之詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註38。

#### 儲備

本年度本集團及本公司儲備變動詳情分 別載於第118、119及220頁。

本公司於二零二四年三月三十一日並無 可分派儲備(二零二三年:無)。

#### 投資物業

本年度本集團投資物業變動詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註15。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

本年度本集團物業、廠房及設備變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註14。

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The percentage of revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers was not more than 13% of the Group's total revenue for the Year.

The percentage of purchases cost for the Year attributable to the Group's major suppliers are as follows:

-	the largest supplier	36%
_	five largest suppliers combined	73%

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

#### **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 224. This summary does not form part of the consolidated financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the Year and up to the date of this annual report are as follows:

#### **Executive Directors:**

Li Yi Feng (Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer) Chen Wei (Vice President)

#### Independent Non-executive Directors:

Hsu Wai Man Helen Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong

Pursuant to Bye-Law 99, Mr. Li Yi Feng and Mr. Chen Wei will retire from office by rotation at the AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not determinable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## 主要客戶及供應商

本集團五大客戶應佔收入百分比不多於本集團本年度總收入的13%。

本集團主要供應商應佔本年度的採購成 本百分比如下:

 - 最大供應商
 36%

 - 五大供應商合計
 73%

概無董事、彼等之聯繫人士或任何本公司 股東(「股東」)(就董事所知擁有本公司股 本5%以上者)於上述主要供應商或客戶中 擁有任何權益。

#### 財務概要

本集團最近五個財政年度之業績以及資 產及負債概要載於第224頁。此概要並不 構成綜合財務報表之一部分。

#### 董事

本公司於本年度內及截至本年報日期止 之董事為:

#### 執行董事:

李亦鋒(*董事會主席兼行政總裁)* 陳衛(*副總裁*)

#### 獨立非執行董事:

徐慧敏 黃子康 許驚鴻

根據細則第99條,李亦鋒先生及陳衛先生 將在股東週年大會上輪席告退,且彼等均 符合資格並願意膺選連任。

概無建議於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連 任之董事與本公司訂立不可於一年內由 本公司終止而毋需支付賠償(法定賠償除 外)之服務合約。

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The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors pursuant to the requirement of Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"). The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

#### **BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS**

The biographical details of the Directors of the Group are set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors" section on pages 108 to 110.

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 March 2024, none of the Directors, the Chief Executive of the Company and their associates, had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have taken under such provisions of the SFO) or, as recorded in the register maintained by the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transaction by Directors of Listed Companies.

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 31 March 2024, the interests and short positions of persons (other than Directors or Chief Executive of the Company) in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

本公司已接獲各名獨立非執行董事根據 香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證 券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條的規 定而作出的年度獨立確認。本公司認為全 體獨立非執行董事均為獨立。

#### 董事履歷詳情

本集團董事履歷詳情載於第108至110頁 「董事履歷詳情」一節。

## 董事及最高行政人員於股份及相 關股份之權益

於二零二四年三月三十一日,概無董事、 本公司最高行政人員及其聯繫人於本公 司或其任何相聯法團(定義見香港法例第 571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份及以 勞中,擁有任何根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所 之權益或淡倉(包括根據證券及期貨條例 第352條存置之登記冊之權益或 資。,或根據上市公司董事進行證券交易之 標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之權益 或淡倉。

#### 主要股東

於二零二四年三月三十一日,於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有權益及淡倉於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊所記錄之人士(董事或本公司最高行政人員除外)如下:

## LONG POSITIONS

Under otherwise specified, the shareholding percentages disclosed below are calculated based on the total of 23,336,687,255 shares of the Company in issue as at 31 March 2024.

## Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each of the Company

## 好倉

除另有訂明外,下文披露之持股百分比乃 根據本公司於二零二四年三月三十一日 之合共已發行23,336,687,255股股份計 算。

#### 本公司每股面值0.05港元之普通股

Approximate

Number of issued

Name of shareholder 股東名稱/姓名	Capacity 身份	ordinary shares and underlying shares held/ interested 持有/擁有 權益之已發行 普通股及 相關股份數目	percentage of the issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行股本 概約百分比
	月17	伯阏放历数日	城約日万比
Fine Bliss Limited (Note 1) 嘉悅有限公司 (附註1)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,340,000,000	10.03%
Complete Power International Limited (Note 1) 全力國際有限公司 (附註1)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	2,340,000,000	10.03%
Good Moral Enterprises Limited (Note 1) 美德企業有限公司 (附註1)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	2,340,000,000	10.03%
Stimulate High Investment Limited (Note 2) 振軒投資有限公司 (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	11,439,198,452	49.02%
Wang Hua (Note 1 and 2) 王華 (附註1及2)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	13,779,198,452	59.05%
Galaxy Sharp Investment Holdings Limited (Note 3) 創耀投資控股有限公司 (附註3)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	2,600,000,000	11.14%
Sino Dynamics Investments Limited (Note 3) Sino Dynamics Investments Limited (附註3)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,600,000,000	11.14%
Wu Peipei (Note 3) 吳培培 (附註3)	Interest of controlled corporation 控制法團權益	2,600,000,000	11.14%

#### Notes:

- 1) Fine Bliss Limited is the registered holder of 2,340,000,000 shares of the Company. Mr. Wang Hua owns the entire issued share capital of Complete Power International Limited, and Complete Power International Limited owns the entire issued share capital of Good Moral Enterprises Limited, and Good Moral Enterprises Limited owns the entire issued share capital of Fine Bliss Limited. Accordingly, each of Mr. Wang Hua, Complete Power International Limited and Good Moral Enterprises Limited is deemed to be interested in the 2,340,000,000 shares directly held by Fine Bliss Limited under the SFO.
- Stimulate High Investment Limited is wholly-owned by Mr. Wang Hua. Accordingly, Mr. Wang Hua is deemed to be interested in the 11,439,198,452 shares directly held by Stimulate High Investment Limited under the SFO.
- 3) Sino Dynamics Investments Limited is the registered holder of 2,600,000,000 shares of the Company. The entire issued share capital of Sino Dynamics Investments Limited is directly owned by Galaxy Sharp Investment Holdings Limited. Ms. Wu Peipei owns the entire issued share capital of Galaxy Sharp Investment Holdings Limited. Accordingly, each of Galaxy Sharp Investment Holdings Limited and Ms. Wu Peipei is deemed to be interested in the 2,600,000,000 shares directly held by Sino Dynamics Investments Limited under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2024, no person (other than the Directors) had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

## UPDATE ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B(1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Upon specific enquiry by the Company and receipt of confirmation from the Directors, there has been no change in the information of the Directors required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules subsequent to the date of the interim report of the Company for the six months ended 30 September 2023.

#### 附註:

- 嘉悅有限公司為本公司2,340,000,000股股份 之登記持有人。王華先生擁有全力國際有限 公司之全部已發行股本,全力國際有限公司 擁有美德企業有限公司之全部已發行股本, 而美德企業有限公司則擁有嘉悅有限公司之 全部已發行股本。因此,根據證券及期貨條 例,王華先生、全力國際有限公司及美德企 業有限公司各被視為於嘉悅有限公司所直接 持有的2,340,000,000股股份中擁有權益。
- 2) 振軒投資有限公司乃由王華先生全資擁 有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,王華先生 被視為於振軒投資有限公司所直接持有的 11,439,198,452股股份中擁有權益。
- 3) Sino Dynamics Investments Limited為本公司2,600,000,000股股份之登記持有人。SinoDynamics Investments Limited之全部已發行股本由創耀投資控股有限公司直接擁有。吳培培女士擁有創耀投資控股有限公司之全部已發行股本。因此,根據證券及期貨條例,創耀投資控股有限公司及吳培培女士各被視為於Sino Dynamics Investments Limited所直接持有的2,600,000,000股股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二四年三月 三十一日,概無人士(董事除外)於本公司 股份或相關股份中擁有本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊所登記 之權益或淡倉。

## 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條更新 董事資料

經本公司具體查詢並獲各董事確認後,於 本公司截至二零二三年九月三十日止六 個月的中期報告日期後,概無根據上市規 則第13.51B(1)條須予以披露之董事資料 之變動。

# DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

To the best knowledge of the Board, at no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company granted to any Directors or their respective spouse or minor children, or were any such rights exercised by them, or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

## DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Having made all reasonable enquiries and based on the available books and records, the Board is not aware of any material interest in any contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party during the Year.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this report, none of the Directors, the Shareholders and their respective associates had any interest in a business which competes or is likely to compete with the business of the Group and any other conflicts of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

#### **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

Details of the related party transactions during the Year are set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

## 董事收購股份或債券之權利

就董事會所深知,概無於本年度內任何時 間向任何董事或彼等各自之配偶或未成 年子女授出可藉購買本公司股份或債券 而取得利益之權利,彼等亦概無行使任何 有關權利,而本公司或其任何附屬公司亦 概無參與訂立任何安排,致使董事可獲得 於任何其他法人團體之有關權利。

## 董事於重大合約中擁有之權益及 關連方交易

經作出一切合理查詢後並根據現有賬目 及記錄,董事會並不知悉任何於本年度內 本公司或其任何附屬公司所訂立對本集 團業務而言屬重大之任何合約中之重大 權益。

## 董事於競爭業務中擁有之權益

於本報告日期,董事、股東及彼等各自之 聯繫人士概無於引致或可能引致與本集 團業務存在競爭及任何該等人士與本集 團存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突之 業務中擁有任何權益。

#### 關連方交易

本年度關連方交易詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註35。

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### Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

The Board is not aware of any contract during the Year entered into with the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company.

#### **RETIREMENT BENEFIT SCHEMES**

Details of the retirement benefit schemes are set out in note 2.3 to the consolidated financial statements.

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SHARES

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws or the laws of Bermuda, being the jurisdiction in which the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the Listing Rules during the Year and up to the date of this report.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Group had no significant event taking place subsequent to 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this report.

## 管理合約

董事會並不知悉本年度內訂立有關本公 司全部或任何重大部分業務之管理及行 政之任何合約。

#### 退休福利計劃

退休福利計劃詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註2.3。

## 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 股份

於本年度內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無 購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

## 優先購買權

本公司之公司細則或百慕達(即本公司註 冊成立所在之司法權區)法律概無任何有 關優先購買權之條款規定本公司須按比 例發售新股份予現有股東。

## 公眾持股量

根據本公司可獲得之公開資料及據董事 所知,於本年度及直至本報告日期止,本 公司維持上市規則規定之足夠公眾持股 量。

#### 期後事項

於二零二四年三月三十一日後及直至本 報告日期,概無發生重大事項。

## MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

During the Year, the Group completed the acquisition of three property management companies, namely Ningxia Guanling, Wuhan Yuejing and Hohhot Pengshengjie. Please refer to note 30 of the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements for details.

On 14 April 2023, (i) King Future Holdings Limited (the "Seller"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, (ii) Heilongjiang Fenglin Investment Company Limited\* (the "Purchaser"), (iii) Qinhuangdao Arirang, and (iv) Qinhuangdao Company entered into the cooperation agreement, pursuant to which the Purchaser and the Seller have agreed to cooperate to develop the Qinhuangdao Project (the "Cooperation Agreement"). Pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement, among other things, the Purchaser has conditionally agreed to purchase and the Seller has conditionally agreed to sell the 30% of the equity interests in Qinhuangdao Company ("Sale Interests") (i.e. the Disposal). As part of the arrangement under the Cooperation Agreement, the Seller and Qinhuangdao Arirang have also entered into the equity transfer agreement on the same day to set out the terms of the Disposal (the "Equity Transfer Agreement"). Pursuant to the Equity Transfer Agreement, the Seller agreed to transfer the Sale Interests to Qinhuangdao Arirang for a consideration of USD1.2 million in accordance with relevant legal procedures. In addition, in order to ensure the development progress of the Qinhuangdao Project, the Purchaser and Qinhuangdao Arirang will invest RMB300 million in the first installment (this amount will be used as an increase in the share capital corresponding to Qinhuangdao Arirang's shareholding in Qinhuangdao Company and will not be returned by Qinhuangdao Company) to resolve issues that affect the Qinhuangdao Project. Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 14 April 2023 for details.

On 31 May 2023, the Board announced that the Purchaser and Qinhuangdao Arirang have failed to perform the payment obligation in accordance with the Cooperation Agreement and Equity Transfer Agreement. On 31 May 2023, the Seller served the termination notices to the Purchaser and/or Qinhuangdao Arirang (as the case maybe) to terminate the Cooperation Agreement and Equity Transfer Agreement.

## 附屬公司及聯營公司的重大收購 及出售

年內,本集團完成收購寧夏冠凌、武漢閱景、 呼和浩特鵬盛潔三家物業管理公司。詳情請 參閱綜合財務報表附註之附註30。

於二零二三年四月十四日,(1)本公司之全資附 屬公司御景控股有限公司(「賣方」),(ii)黑龍江 楓林投資有限責任公司(「買方」),(iii)秦皇島阿 里郎,及(iv)秦皇島公司訂立合作協議,據此, 買方及賣方同意合作發展秦皇島項目(「合作 協議」)。根據合作協議,(其中包括)買方有條 件同意購買而賣方有條件同意出售秦皇島公 司30%股權(「待售權益」)(即出售事項)。作為 合作協議項下安排的一部分,賣方及秦皇島 阿里郎已於同日訂立股權轉讓協議,以列明 出售事項的條款(「股權轉讓協議」)。根據股權 轉讓協議,根據相關法定程序,賣方同意向秦 皇島阿里郎轉讓待售權益,代價為1.200.000 美元。此外,為確保秦皇島項目的開發進度, 買方及秦皇島阿里郎將在首期投資人民幣 300,000,000元以解決影響秦皇島項目的問 題;該款項將用作增加秦皇島阿里郎於秦皇 島公司持股所對應的股本,秦皇島公司將不 會返還該款項。有關詳情請參閱本公司日期 為二零二三年四月十四日之公告。

於二零二三年五月三十一日,董事會宣佈買 方及秦皇島阿里郎未能根據合作協議及股權 轉讓協議履行支付義務。於二零二三年五月 三十一日,賣方向買方及/或秦皇島阿里郎 (視乎情況而定)送達終止通知以終止合作協 議及股權轉讓協議。

## AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the Year have been audited by CL Partners CPA Limited, Certified Public Accountants. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint CL Partners CPA Limited as auditor of the Company.

## **CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The forthcoming AGM will be held on Tuesday, 27 August 2024. To ascertain the Shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 22 August 2024 to Tuesday, 27 August 2024, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of Shares will be effected. In order to qualify for the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM, all transfers of Shares accompanied by the relevant shares certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Tricor Secretaries Limited at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong by 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 21 August 2024.

On behalf of the Board

## 核數師

本年度之本公司綜合財務報表由執業會計師先機會計師行有限公司審核。應屆股 東週年大會上將提呈續聘先機會計師行 有限公司擔任本公司核數師之決議案。

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

應屆股東週年大會將於二零二四年八月 二十七日(星期二)舉行。為確定股東出席 股東週年大會並於會上投票之權利,本公 司將於二零二四年八月二十二日(星期四) 至二零二四年八月二十七日(星期二)(包 括首尾兩日)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記。為 符合資格出席股東週年大會並於會上投 票,所有股份過戶文件連同相關股票須於 二零二四年八月二十一日(星期三)下午四 時三十分前送交本公司之香港股份過戶 登記分處卓佳秘書商務有限公司(地址為 香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓)。

代表董事會

Li Yi Feng Chairman

Hong Kong, 28 June 2024

*主席* **李亦鋒** 

香港,二零二四年六月二十八日

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance in the best interest of the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders"). The Company has been making an effort to enhance the corporate governance standard of the Company by reference to the code provisions and recommended best practices set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Part 2 of Appendix 14 (which has been restructured as Appendix C1 since 31 December 2023) to the Rules Governing the Listing Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules"). During the Year, the Company has applied and complied with all the code provisions set out in the CG Code except for the deviation from code provision C.2.1.

Code provision C.2.1 provides that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

During the Year, the Company had deviated from code provision C.2.1 because the roles of Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company had been vested in the same person (Mr. Li Yi Feng). The reason for this deviation was that the Board believes that at the current development of the Group, vesting of the two roles in the same person provides the Company with strong and consistent leadership and facilitates the planning and execution of the Group's business strategies. The Board will review this structure periodically and will consider steps to separate dual roles of chairman and chief executive officer as and when appropriate taking into account the prevailing circumstances.

## 企業管治常規

董事會承諾以本公司股東(「股東」)的最佳利益維持企業管治的高水平。本公司一直致力按香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14第二部分(自二零二三年十二月三十一日起重組為附錄C1)所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)載列之守則條文及建議最佳常規加強本公司的企業管治水平。於本年度內,本公司已應用及遵守所有載於企業管治守則之守則條文,惟偏離守則條文第C.2.1條除外。

守則條文第C.2.1條規定主席及行政總裁之職 務應予區分,不應由同一人擔任。主席與行政 總裁之間的職責分工應清楚界定並以書面形 式列明。

於本年度內,本公司偏離守則條文第C.2.1條, 蓋因本公司董事會主席及行政總裁職務由同 一人(李亦鋒先生)兼任。此次偏離的理據為, 董事會相信,於本集團當前發展階段,此兩項 職務由同一人兼任為本公司帶來強勁且一致 的領導力,有助本集團各項業務策略之規劃 及執行。董事會將定期檢討此架構,並結合當 時情況於適當時候考慮區分主席及行政總裁 職務之措施。

## DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors.

Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### Composition

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises of five Directors including two Executive Directors, and three Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Board is responsible for the leadership and control of the Company and oversees the Company's businesses, investment and strategic decisions and performance. In addition, the Board has delegated various responsibilities to the board committees. Further details of these board committees are set out in this annual report.

#### **Board Diversity Policy**

The Company adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve and maintain diversity on the Board in order to enhance the effectiveness of the Board.

Pursuant to the Policy, the Company seeks to achieve Board diversity through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The Board will review such objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and the progress made towards achieving those objectives. The Company will also take into consideration its own specific needs from time to time in determining the optimum composition of the Board.

The Board recognizes that gender-diverse leadership encourages better governance, provides broader range of perspectives to the decisionmaking process and ultimately increases corporate performance and competitiveness. During the Year, the Board was comprised of 80% male and 20% female, and is committed to improving gender diversity as and when suitable candidates are identified.

## 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上市發行 人董事進行證券交易之標準守則(「標準守 則」),作為董事進行證券交易之相關行為守 則。

在向所有董事作出特定查詢後得悉,所有董 事確認彼等於本年度全年均已遵守標準守則 所載之規定準則。

## 董事會

#### 組成

於本報告日期,董事會由五名董事組成, 包括兩名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董 事。

董事會負責領導及控制本公司,以及監 督本公司業務、投資以及決策和執行。此 外,董事會亦已將各項職責委以董事委員 會。該等董事委員會之進一步詳情載於本 年報內。

#### 董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策 (「該政策」),當中列載董事會為達致及 維持成員多元化以提升董事會之有效性 而採取之方針。

根據該政策,本公司為尋求達致董事會成 員多元化會考慮眾多因素,包括但不限於 性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、族群特性、 專業經驗、技能、知識及服務年資。董事 會將會不時檢討有關目標,以確保該等目 標之合適性及為達致該等目標所採取之 程序。本公司在釐定董事會之最佳組合 時,亦將不時考慮其自身之特殊需求。

董事會明白,性別多元化的領導有助促進 管治和在決策過程中提供更廣泛的觀點, 最終提升企業績效和競爭力。本年內,董 事會由80%男性及20%女性構成,並致力 在物色到合適候選人時改善性別多元化。

To develop a pipeline of potential successors to the Board to maintain gender diversity, similar considerations are used when recruiting and selecting key management and other personnel across the Group's operations.

During the Year, the Group maintained a 66.7:33.3 gender ratio of males to females in the workplace. The Group will consider not only the ability of each potential candidate, but also the agenda diversity in the workforce when recruiting suitable candidates.

#### Independent Views and Input

The Company has established mechanisms for ensuring independent views and input are available to the Board for enhancing an objective and effective decision making.

The following mechanisms are subject to annual review by Board, including without limitation:

- (a) Independent Non-executive Directors can express their views in an open and candid manner, and in a confidential manner, should circumstances require through meeting between Independent Nonexecutive Directors and the Chairman only;
- (b) each and every Director is given the opportunity to express his/her different views at Board meetings and to voice his/her concerns; and
- (c) other informal meetings outside the boardroom.

#### **Executive Directors:**

Li Yi Feng (Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer) Chen Wei (Vice President)

## Independent Non-Executive Directors:

Hsu Wai Man Helen Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong

The Board members have no financial, business, family or other material/ relevant relationships with each other. The biographical information of the Directors is set out on pages 108 to 110. 為培養董事會的潛在繼任者以保持性別 多元化,本公司於為本集團各項業務招聘 及甄選主要管理及其他人員時,會採用類 似考慮因素。

於本年度,本集團保持工作場所66.7:33.3 的男女性別比率。於招聘合適候選人時, 本集團不僅會考慮各潛在候選人的能力, 亦會考慮工作場所的議程多元化。

## 獨立觀點及意見

本公司已建立機制,以確保董事會可獲取 獨立觀點及意見,以提升客觀有效的決策 過程。

以下機制須經董事會按年檢討,包括但不 限於:

- (a) 獨立非執行董事能夠以開誠布公的 方式表達其意見,並在有需要時透過 僅由獨立非執行董事與主席出席的 會議以保密方式發表意見;
- (b) 每名董事均有機會在董事會會議上 發表其不同觀點以及表達其關切;及
- (c) 董事會會議外的其他非正式會議。

#### 執行董事:

李亦鋒(*董事會主席兼行政總裁)* 陳衛(*副總裁*)

#### 獨立非執行董事:

徐慧敏 黃子康 許驚鴻

董事會成員相互之間概無任何財政、業務、家族或其他重大/有關聯繫。董事履 歷資料載於第108至110頁。

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## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

#### Chairman

The Chairman of the Company takes the lead in formulating the overall strategies and policies of the Company in order to ensure effective performance by the Board of its functions, including compliance with good corporate governance practices and encourages and facilitates active contribution of Directors in Board activities. The chairman also ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on issues arising at Board meetings and have received adequate, complete and reliable information in a timely manner with the assistance of the company secretary.

#### **Executive Directors**

The Executive Directors are responsible for running the Company and executing the strategies adopted by the Board. They lead the Company's management team in accordance with the directions set by the Board and are responsible for ensuring that proper internal control system is in place and the Company's business conforms to applicable laws and regulations.

#### Independent Non-executive Directors

The Independent Non-executive Directors serve the important function of ensuring and monitoring an effective corporate governance framework. Their participation provides adequate checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. The Board currently consists of three Independent Non-executive Directors and two of them have relevant professional qualification or accounting or relating financial management expertise. The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from each of the Independent Nonexecutive Directors pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. On this basis, the Board is of the view that all the Independent Non-executive Directors are independent in accordance with the Listing Rules. The Independent Non-executive Directors will provide independent opinion and share their knowledge and experience with other members of the Board.

Each of the Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, Mr. Wong Chi Hong William and Mr. Xu Jinghong, was appointed for a fixed term of three years commencing from 22 November 2022, 31 January 2024 and 1 April 2023 respectively.

## 主席

本公司主席領導制定本公司之整體策略 及政策,以確保董事會有效執行其職能, 包括遵守良好企業管治常規並鼓勵及促 使董事在董事會活動中發揮積極作用。主 席亦負責在公司秘書協助下確保所有董 事適當了解董事會會議上所產生問題之 基本情況並已及時獲得充分、完整及可靠 之資料。

#### 執行董事

執行董事負責經營本公司及執行董事會 採納之策略。彼等遵照董事會制定之指示 領導本公司之管理團隊,並負責確保制定 適當之內部監控系統及本公司業務遵守 適用之法例和規例。

#### 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事承擔確保及監控有效企 業管治架構之重要職能。彼等之參與為維 護本公司及其股東之整體利益提供適當 之制約與平衡。董事會目前包括三名獨立 非執行董事,其中兩名具備相關之專 能或會計或相關財務管理專業知識。根 上市規則第3.13條,本公司已接獲各獨立 非執行董事之年度獨立性確認書。按此 事約行董事均具獨立性。獨立非執行董 事將提供獨立意見,並與董事會其他成員 分享彼等之知識及經驗。

各獨立非執行董事(即徐慧敏女士、黃子 康先生及許驚鴻先生)獲委任之固定任期 為三年,分別由二零二二年十一月二十二 日、二零二四年一月三十一日及二零二三 年四月一日開始。

#### **Board Meetings and General Meetings**

董事會會議及股東大會

During the Year, the Directors' attendance at the Board meetings and general meetings is set out as follows:

#### 於本年度,董事出席董事會會議及股東大 會之出席率列示如下:

	Number of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議數目	
Name 姓名	Board Meetings* 董事會會議*	Annual General Meetings* 股東週年大會*
Executive Directors:		
<b>執行董事:</b> Li Yi Feng <i>(Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer)</i> 李亦鋒 <i>(董事會主席兼行政總裁)</i>	4/4	1/1
Chen Wei <i>(Vice President)</i> 陳衛 <i>(副總裁)</i>	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors:		
獨立非執行董事:		
Hsu Wai Man Helen	4/4	1/1
徐慧敏		
Wong Chi Hong William	4/4	1/1
黄子康		
Xu Jinghong	4/4	1/1
許驚鴻		

\* The denominator represents the number of Board meetings, annual general meeting or, as the case may be, held during the tenure of each Director in the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

All minutes of Board meetings and general meetings are kept by the company secretary and are open for inspection at reasonable time on reasonable notice by any Director. Every Director is entitled to have access to Board papers and related materials and access to the advice and services of the company secretary. In addition, the Company enables the Directors, in discharge of their duties, to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances.

分母指於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止財 政年度之各董事任期內舉行之董事會會議、股 東週年大會或(視情況而定)之數目。

所有董事會會議及股東大會會議記錄由 公司秘書保存,並於合理通知的合理時間 下可供任何董事查閱。各董事均有權索 取董事會文件及相關資料,並可獲取公司 秘書之建議及服務。此外,於適合的情況 下,本公司容許董事在履行職務時尋求獨 立專業建議。

## TRAINING FOR DIRECTORS

Every newly appointed Director is provided with induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and business as well as his/her responsibilities under the relevant status, laws, rules and regulations.

The continuous professional development is provided to all Directors at the Company's expense to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to assist them in discharging their duties. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

During the Year, a record of the training attended/received by each of the Directors, is set out as follows:

## 董事之培訓

本公司向各新任董事提供簡介及資料,以 確保其確切理解本公司之營運及業務,以 及其於相關法規、法律、規則及規例項下 之責任。

本公司自費對所有董事提供持續專業培 訓以發展並更新其知識及技能,協助彼等 履行職責,以確保彼等向董事會作出知情 及相關之貢獻。

於本年度內,各董事之出席/接受培訓的 記錄列示如下:

Name	姓名	Type of training 培訓類別
Executive Directors:	執行董事:	
Li Yi Feng (Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer)	李亦鋒 <i>(董事會主席兼行政總裁)</i>	A & B
Chen Wei (Vice President)	陳衛 <i>(副總裁)</i>	A & B
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:	
Hsu Wai Man Helen	徐慧敏	A & B
Wong Chi Hong William Xu Jinghong	黃子康 許驚鴻	A & B
Notes:	附註:	
A: attending courses/seminars/conferences	A: 出席課程/	「講座/會議
B: reading journals/written training materials/updates	B: 閱讀期刊/	/書面培訓教材/更新資料

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established an Audit Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules and the code provisions under the CG Code. The Audit Committee is mainly responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting system and risk management and internal control systems; making recommendations to the Board in the appointment and removal of the external auditors and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, and any questions of resignation or dismissal of such auditors; and reviewing the interim and annual reports and accounts of the Company.

During the Year, the Audit Committee comprised all Independent Nonexecutive Directors, namely Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, Mr. Wong Chi Hong William and Mr. Xu Jinghong. Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen is the Chairlady of the Audit Committee.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the six months ended on 30 September 2023 and the Year have been reviewed by the Audit Committee, who is of the opinion that such statements comply with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

During the Year, the members' attendance of the meetings of the Audit Committee is set out as follows:

	Number of meetings of the Audit Committee
Name	attended/held
Hsu Wai Man Helen <i>(Chairlady)</i>	2/2
Wong Chi Hong William	2/2
Xu Jinghong	2/2

The denominator represents the number of meetings of the Audit Committee held during the tenure of each member of the Audit Committee in the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

## 審核委員會

本公司已設立審核委員會,並遵守上市規 則及企業管治守則之守則條文以書面形 式制定職權範圍。審核委員會主要負責監 督本公司之財務申報系統及風險管理及 內部監控系統;就委任及罷免外聘核數 師、批准委聘外聘核數師之酬金及任期, 以及與該核數師辭任或解僱有關之任何 問題向董事會提供推薦建議;及審閱本公 司之中期及年度報告和賬目。

於本年度內,審核委員會由全體獨立非執 行董事組成,即徐慧敏女士、黃子康先生 及許驚鴻先生。徐慧敏女士為審核委員會 主席。

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零二三 年九月三十日止六個月及本年度的綜合 財務報表,並認為有關報表符合適用會計 準則、上市規則及法律規定,並已作出充 分披露。

於本年度內,審核委員會成員出席委員會 會議的出席率列示如下:

姓名	出席/舉行 審核委員會 會議數目*
徐慧敏 <i>(主席)</i>	2/2
黃子康	2/2
許驚鴻	2/2

分母代表截至二零二四年三月三十一日止財 政年度審核委員會於各審核委員會成員任期 內所舉行會議的數目。

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee (the "Remuneration Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules and the code provisions under the CG Code. The Remuneration Committee is mainly responsible for making recommendations to the Board on the Company's remuneration policy for Directors and senior management, and overseeing the remuneration packages of the Executive Directors and senior management.

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee comprises one Executive Director, namely Mr. Li Yi Feng, and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, Mr. Wong Chi Hong William and Mr. Xu Jinghong. Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen is the Chairlady of the Remuneration Committee.

The work performed by the Remuneration Committee during the Year includes reviewing the policy for the remuneration of Executive Directors, assessing the performance of Executive Directors and approving the terms of Executive Directors' service contracts.

During the Year, the members' attendance of the meetings of the Remuneration Committee is set out as follows:

## 薪酬委員會

姓名

李亦鋒

黃子康

許驚鴻

徐慧敏 (主席)

本公司已設立薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員 會」),並遵守上市規則及企業管治守則之 守則條文以書面形式制定職權範圍。薪酬 委員會主要負責向董事會就本公司董事 及高級管理層之薪酬政策提供推薦建議, 以及監管執行董事及高級管理層之薪酬 組合。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會包括一名執行董 事李亦鋒先生及三名獨立非執行董事徐 慧敏女士、黃子康先生及許驚鴻先生。徐 慧敏女士為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會於本年度內所進行之工作包 括審閱執行董事之薪酬政策、評估執行董 事之表現及審批執行董事服務合約之條 款。

於本年度內,薪酬委員會成員出席委員會 會議的出席率列示如下:

> 出席/舉行 薪酬委員會

> > 會議數目\*

2/2

2/2

2/2

2/2

Name	Number of meetings of the Remuneration Committee attended/held*
Hsu Wai Man Helen <i>(Chairlady)</i>	2/2
Li Yi Feng	2/2
Wong Chi Hong William	2/2
Xu Jinghong	2/2

\* The denominator represents the number of meetings of the Remuneration Committee held during the tenure of each member of the Remuneration Committee in the financial year ended 31 March 2024. 分母代表截至二零二四年三月三十一日止財 政年度薪酬委員會於各薪酬委員會成員任期 內所舉行會議的數目。

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established a Nomination Committee (the "Nomination Committee") with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules and the code provisions under the CG Code. The Nomination Committee is mainly responsible for reviewing the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board, making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become member of the Board and making recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, assessing the independence of Independent non-Executive Directors, and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors. To ensure changes to the Board composition can be managed without undue disruption, a formal, considered and transparent procedure is in place for selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, as well as plans in place for orderly succession (if considered necessary), including periodical review of such plans. The criteria to be applied in considering whether a candidate is gualified shall be his or her ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and contribute to the diversity of the Board (including gender diversity) as well as the effective carrying out of the responsibilities of the Board.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee comprises one Executive Director, namely Mr. Li Yi Feng, and three Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen, Mr. Wong Chi Hong William and Mr. Xu Jinghong. Mr. Li Yi Feng is the Chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The work performed by the Nomination Committee during the Year includes reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board and assessing the independence of all Independent Non-executive Directors during the Year.

During the Year, the members' attendance of the meetings of the Nomination Committee is set out as follows:

# Number of meetings<br/>of the Nomination<br/>CommitteeNameattended/held\*Li Yi Feng (Chairman)1/1Hsu Wai Man Helen1/1Wong Chi Hong William1/1Xu Jinghong1/1

The denominator represents the number of meetings of the Nomination Committee held during the tenure of each member of the Nomination Committee in the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

## 提名委員會

本公司已設立提名委員會(「提名委員 會」),並遵守上市規則及企業管治守則之 守則條文以書面形式制定職權範圍。提名 委員會主要負責審閱董事會之架構、規模 及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗),並就擬 對董事會之任何變動作出推薦建議以配 合本公司之企業策略、物色合資格擔任董 事會成員之個人及就提名擔任董事職務 之候選人甄選向董事會作出推薦建議、評 估獨立非執行董事之獨立性,並就委任或 重新委任董事及董事之繼任計劃向董事 會作出推薦建議。為確保董事會組成人員 的變動不會帶來不適當的干擾,本公司應 設有正式、經審慎考慮並具透明度的董事 甄選、委任及重新委任程序,並設定有秩 序的董事繼任計劃(如認為有需要),包括 定期檢討此類計劃。用於考慮候選人是否 符合資格的標準,應視乎候選人是否能投 入足夠時間及精神以處理本公司事務,並 促進董事會多元化(包括性別多元化),使 董事會能有效履行其職責。

於本年度內,提名委員會包括一名執行董 事李亦鋒先生及三名獨立非執行董事徐 慧敏女士、黃子康先生及許驚鴻先生。李 亦峰先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會於本年度內所進行之工作包 括審閱董事會之架構、規模及組成以及評 估所有獨立非執行董事於本年度內之獨 立性。

於本年度內,提名委員會成員出席委員會 會議的出席率列示如下:

會 如日*
1/1
1/1
1/1
1/1
1

分母代表截至二零二四年三月三十一日止財 政年度提名委員會於各提名委員會成員任期 內所舉行會議的數目。

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## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

# REMUNERATION DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the Directors' remuneration and the five highest-paid individuals in the Group are set out in notes 9 and 10 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

#### AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

During the Year, the remuneration in respect of audit and non-audit services provided by the Company's auditors are set out as follows:

Services rendered	Fee paid/payable HK\$'000	提供肌
Audit services	960	核數刖
Non audit services	138	非核婁

## DIRECTOR'S SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules (the "Model Code") as the code of conduct regarding securities transactions by the Directors.

Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, all Directors confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the Year.

#### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code including:

- develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board;
- review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;

## 董事及五名最高薪酬人士薪酬詳 情

董事薪酬及本集團之五名最高薪酬人士 的詳情分別載於綜合財務報表附註9和 10。

## 核數師酬金

於本年度內,與本公司核數師提供之核數 及非核數服務有關之酬金列示如下:

提供服務	<b>已付/應付費用</b>
	千港元
核數服務	960
非核數服務	138

## 董事之證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄10所載上 市發行人董事進行證券交易之標準守則 (「標準守則」),作為董事進行證券交易 之相關行為守則。

在向所有董事作出特定查詢後得悉,所有 董事確認彼等於本年度全年均已遵守標 準守則所載之規定準則。

## 企業管治職能

董事會負責執行企業管治守則之守則條 文第A.2.1條所載之企業管治職能,包括:

- 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策
   及常規,並向董事會提出建議;
- 檢討及監控董事及高級管理層的培 訓及持續專業發展;
  - 檢討及監控本公司在遵守法律及監 管規定方面之政策及常規;

- develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

# DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the Group's financial statements for each financial period and to ensure that the financial statements are in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material restatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The statement of the auditors of the Company regarding their responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditors' Report on pages 111 to 114.

## STEPS TAKEN BY THE COMPANY SINCE THE PUBLICATION OF THE 2023 ANNUAL REPORT TO ADDRESS THE 2023 DISCLAIMER OPINION AND THE PROGRESS ACHIEVED ("STEPS TAKEN")

Refer to the annual report of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2023 published on 28 July 2023 ("2023 Annual Results"), the Company's auditor issued the disclaimer opinion on the Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 ("2023 Disclaimer Opinion"), as part of the measures to resolve the issues underlying the 2023 Disclaimer Opinion, the Group has also taken the following steps since the publication of the 2023 Annual Results but the underlying issues cannot be resolved due to the following reasons:

- 制定、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事 的操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及企業管治報告內的披露。

## 董事對財務報表之責任

董事知悉其有責任編製本集團各財政期 間的財務報表並確保財務報表符合法定 規定及適用會計準則,以及進行董事認為 對編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤導致的重 大錯誤陳述的綜合財務報表而言屬必要 的內部監控。

本公司核數師就其對綜合財務報表之責 任之聲明載於第111至114頁之獨立核數 師報告。

## 本公司自刊發二零二三年年報起 為解決二零二三年不發表意見所 採取之步驟與取得之進展(「所採 取之步驟」)

經參考二零二三年七月二十八日刊發之本公 司截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度年度 報告(「二零二三年年度業績」),本集團核數師 對本公司截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度之財務報表出具不發表意見(「二零二三年 不發表意見」),作為解決二零二三年不發表 意見相關問題的措施之一,自刊發二零二三 年年度業績以來,本集團亦採取以下措施,但 由於以下原因,相關問題無法得到解決:

# 1. Acceleration of the pre-sales and sales of the Group's property development projects

The Group intended to accelerate the pre-sales and sales of the Group's property development projects during the year ended 31 March 2024. However, the Group's plan was negatively impacted by the following factors:

The sentiment within the Chinese property market remained poor during the Reporting Period. According to the National Bureau of Statistics of China, the sales of residential housing area totaled 948 million square meters for the year ended 31 December 2023, representing a decrease of approximately 8.2% compared to the corresponding period in 2022. Meanwhile, as at 31 December 2023, the unsold residential housing inventory stood at 331 million square meters, indicating an increase of approximately 22.2% relative to the corresponding period in 2022. It indicates there is a substantial residential housing oversupply in the market.

As a result, for the Qinhuangdao Project, the progress has been suspended due to a weak property market sentiment and lack of capital investment in the project. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not record any sales for the Qinhuangdao Project. However, the recent removal of the purchase restriction order by the government of Qinhuangdao city in April 2024 is expected to increase housing demand and attract more interest from the investors for the project. Also, in May 2024, the government of Qinhuangdao city has phased out the lower limit of the interest rate for first-time personal housing loans, in order to improve housing demand and enhance the vitality of local real estate market. The Directors remain committed to the Qinhuangdao Project and is optimistic about its future prospects given the latest policies and regulations in Qinhuangdao city.

#### 加快本集團物業開發項目之預售 及銷售

本集團擬於截至二零二四年三月三十一 日止年度加快本集團物業開發項目之預 售及銷售。然而,本集團之計劃受到以 下因素的負面影響:

報告期內,中國房地產市場情緒依然低 迷。根據中國國家統計局資料,截至二 零二三年十二月三十一日止年度,住 宅銷售面積共計9.48億平方米,較二零 二二年同期下降約8.2%。同時,於二零 二三年十二月三十一日,未售出的住宅 存量為3.31億平方米,較二零二二年同 期增長約22.2%。這表明市場上的住宅 供應嚴重過剩。

因此,秦皇島項目因房地產市場情緒疲 軟及項目資金投入不足而暫停進展。報 告期內,本集團並無秦皇島項目的銷售 記錄。然而,近期秦皇島市政府於二零 二四年四月取消限購令,預計將增加住 房需求,吸引更多投資者對該項目的興 趣。此外,秦皇島市政府已於二零二四 年五月逐步取消首次個人住房貸款利率 下限,以改善住房需求,增強當地房地 產市場的活力。鑒於秦皇島市的最新政 策及規定,董事將繼續致力於秦皇島項 目,並對其未來前景持樂觀態度。

In addition, the Management is in a discussion with a potential investor (the "Potential Investor") and a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") has been signed on 28 May 2024. Pursuant to the MOU, the Potential Investor expressed its willingness to inject capital into the Qinhuangdao Project. Also, the Company is in negotiation with another three potential investors, and all of them are conducting due diligence on the Qinhuangdao Project. Based on the current progress of the negotiations with the Potential Investor and other three potential investors, the Company expects to restart the Qinhuangdao Project by 31 December 2024. Upon restarting the project, the Management expects to recognize pre-sale proceeds and revenue from sale of properties of the Qinhuangdao Project by the years ending 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively.

The Huaxia Bank Loan (back-to-back arrangement with the Related Party Loan) was in default from March 2023. Concerning the Related Party Loan, Huaxia Bank has the discretionary right to demand full payment of the whole principal amount and any unpaid interest from the related parties of the Company, and the Related Party Loan is secured by the pledge of certain of the Group's assets, primarily the land of the Qinhuangdao Project. To the best knowledge of the Directors, the management of the related parties have commenced negotiations with Huaxia Bank on a restructuring plan. Based on the latest negotiation, Huaxia Bank intends to renew the Related Party Loan for at least two additional years if a total of RMB50 million (as at 31 March 2024, the total outstanding principal amount of the Related Party Loan amounted to approximately RMB302 million) could be repaid to Huaxia Bank first. The Potential Investor expressed an intention to inject capital as part of the repayment to settle the Related Party Loan.

The management of the Company (the "Management") has prioritized its efforts to accelerate the pre-sales and sales of the Yinchuan Project during the Reporting Period. For the Yinchuan Project, construction of the two buildings under Phase 2 have been substantially completed. The Group successfully delivered and recognised approximately HK\$3.3 million revenue from the customers as well as received pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$55 million up to 31 March 2024. During the three months ended 30 June 2024, the Group has also received the pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$23 million. The pre-sold residential properties are expected to be delivered on or before 31 December 2024. Upon delivery of these pre-sold properties, the Group expects to recognize revenue of approximately HK\$78 million for the year ending 31 December 2025, which represents a promising estimated financial performance.

華夏銀行貸款(與關連方貸款背對對 韓夏銀行貸款(與關連方貸款背對 清算款而言,華夏銀行有權酌情要求本 公司關連方全額支付全部本金額及任何 未付利息,關連方貸款以本集團的若干 資產(主要是秦皇島項目的土地)作為抵 押。據董事所知,關連方管理層已開始 與新磋商結果,倘關連方能夠先向常五 銀行償還合共人民幣50,000,000元(於二 零二四年三月三十一日,關連方貸款續期至少 兩年。潛在投資者表示有意注資,作為 償還關連方貸款的一部分。

報告期內,本公司管理層(「管理層」)優先加快銀川項目的預售及銷售工作。 就銀川項目而言,二期二棟的建設已大 致完成。截至二零二四年三月三十一 日,本集團已成功向客戶交付及確認約 3,300,000港元收入,並已收取預售所得 款項約55,000,000港元。截至二零二四 年六月三十日止三個月,本集團亦已收 取預售所得款項約23,000,000港元。預 售住宅物業預計將於二零二四年十二月 三十一日或之前交付。在交付該等預售 物業後,本集團預計於截至二零二五年 十二月三十一日止年度內確認收入約 78,000,000港元,這是一個樂觀的預計 財務業績。

# 2. Expansion of the property management business

During the Reporting Period, the Group completed the acquisition of three property management companies. This strategic expansion in the Property Management Business segment has generated revenue of approximately HK\$20.5 million to the Group during the Reporting Period, representing an increase of approximately 249% compared to the year ended 31 March 2023. The Management believes that the Property Management Business will be one of the Group's key business segments going forward. The acquisitions of Ningxia Guanling, Hohhot Pengshenjie and Wuhan Yuejing were completed on 7 April 2023, 15 June 2023 and 9 August 2023, respectively. The Management expects that the revenue to be generated from the Property Management Business segment will increase, given that the three acquired companies will have full year contribution to the Group for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Management expects the revenue to be generated for the year ending 31 March 2025 will be at least approximately HK\$33 million. Given the recurring and stable nature of property management services, the Group is expected to continue expanding this segment in order to provide a more consistent revenue stream for the Group in the future.

# 3. Continuous financial support from related companies

In May 2023, the Company entered into a new revolving loan facility agreement with a company indirect wholly owned by its controlling shareholder. The unsecured loan facility has a total principal amount of HK\$2,000,000,000 and is available for drawdown from January 2024 through December 2025. The Management is evaluating the utilization of this loan facility to address the Company's upcoming liabilities as they become due. In addition to the loan facility, the controlling shareholder has been providing financial support to the Company, the amount due to the controlling shareholder was approximately HK\$26.4 million as at 31 March 2024, representing an increase of approximately 33.5% as compared to 31 March 2023. Concurrently, the Company is continuing to explore and negotiate with various financial institutions to identify additional financing options that could support the Company's working capital requirements and future commitments. The Management believes that the availability of the new loan facility, combined with the Company's ongoing initiatives to secure alternative financing, would provide the necessary financial support to meet the Group's liabilities and future obligations.

#### 2. 擴大物業管理業務

報告期內,本集團完成對三家物業管 理公司的收購。報告期內,物業管理 業務分部的戰略擴張為本集團產生約 20,500,000港元的收入,較截至二零 二三年三月三十一日止年度增長約 249%。管理層相信,物業管理業務將成 為本集團未來的主要業務分部之一。寧 夏冠凌、呼和浩特鵬盛潔及武漢閱景的 收購分別於二零二三年四月七日、二零 二三年六月十五日及二零二三年八月九 日完成。鑒於收購的三家公司將於截至 二零二五年三月三十一日止年度內為本 集團作出全年貢獻,管理層預計物業管 理業務分部產生的收入將增加。管理層 預計,截至二零二五年三月三十一日止 年度將產生至少約33,000,000港元的收 入。鑒於物業管理服務的經常性及穩定 性,本集團預計將繼續擴大這一分部, 以便在未來為本集團提供更穩定的收入 來源。

#### 3. 獲關連公司持續提供財務支援

於二零二三年五月,本公司與其控股股 東間接全資擁有的一家公司訂立新的 循環貸款融資協議。該無抵押貸款融資 本金總額為2,000,000,000港元,可於 二零二四年一月至二零二五年十二月 期間提取。管理層正在評估如何使用這 筆貸款融資,以應對本公司即將到期的 負債。除貸款融資外,控股股東亦一直 向本公司提供財務支援,於二零二四年 三月三十一日,應付控股股東款項約 為26,400,000港元,較二零二三年三月 三十一日增加約33.5%。與此同時,本公 司正繼續探索並與多家金融機構磋商, 以確定可支持本公司營運資金需求及未 來承擔的其他融資選項。管理層相信, 新貸款融資的可用性,加上本公司正在 進行的爭取其他融資的舉措,將為滿足 本集團的負債及未來義務提供必要的財 務支援。

#### 4. Cost control

The Group has been taking appropriate measures to control administrative costs. For the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group recorded administrative expense of approximately HK\$46.6 million as compared to approximately HK\$54.4 million for the corresponding period, representing a decrease of approximately 14.2%. The Group intends to further control the administrative for the year ending 31 March 2025 by reducing headcounts.

## GOING CONCERN AND DISCLAIMER OF OPINION ISSUED BY THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR FOR THE YEAR

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group had a net loss of approximately HK\$222,262,000 and as at 31 March 2024, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$355,132,000 and total borrowings, including other borrowings, amount due to a shareholder and amounts due to related parties, in aggregate of approximately HK\$609,301,000 that will be due in the coming twelve months from the end of the Reporting Period. In addition, the Group has been involved in various litigation cases for outstanding construction payables for which the Group has made provision. The financial conditions presented indicate the existence of material uncertainties, which may cast significant doubt on the Group is ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore the Group may not be able to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The independent auditor of the Company ("Auditors") has issued a disclaimer of opinion to the Group's consolidated financial statements for the Year ("2024 Disclaimer Opinion"), details of which are set out in the report from the independent auditor.

The Directors understand that the Auditors considered the validity of the consolidated financial statements being prepared on a going concern basis was subject to multiple uncertainties, including (i) the successful resumption and/or acceleration of property development projects, and (ii) continuous financial support from related parties. On the other hand, the Directors consider that the consolidated financial statements of the Group can be presented in a going concern basis, after taking into account of the Steps Taken above and Plans to address the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion below.

## 4. 成本控制

本集團一直採取適當措施控制行政成 本。截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團錄得行政開支約46,600,000 港元,較同期約54,400,000港元減少約 14.2%。本集團計劃通過裁員進一步控 制截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 的行政費用。

## 持續經營及獨立核數師就本年度 出具之不發表意見

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度,本集 團有虧損淨額約222,262,000港元,於二零 二四年三月三十一日,本集團有流動負債淨 額約355,132,000港元及借款總額(包括其他 借款、應付股東款項及應付關連方款項)約 609,301,000港元,將從報告期末起計未來 十二個月到期。此外,本集團涉及牽涉未償應 付工程款的多宗訴訟案件,本集團已就此作 出撥備。所呈列的財務狀況顯示存在重大不 確定性,可能對本集團持續經營能力構成重 大疑問,且本集團可能因而無法於正常業務 過程中變現其資產及償還負債。

本公司獨立核數師(「核數師」)已就本集團本 年度之綜合財務報表出具不發表意見(「二零 二四年不發表意見」),其詳情於獨立核數師 報告。

董事了解到,核數師認為按持續經營基準編 製的綜合財務報表的有效性受限於多種不確 定性,包括(i)成功恢復及/或加快物業發展項 目,及(ii)來自關連方之持續財務支持。另一方 面,經考慮上述所採取之步驟及下文解決二 零二四年不發表意見的計劃後,董事認為,本 集團的綜合財務報表可以按持續經營基準列 報。

## PLANS TO ADDRESS THE 2024 DISCLAIMER OPINION

In view of the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion, the Company had carefully considered the following measures to address the issues underlying the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion:

## 1) Property development projects

The development progress of certain property projects, particularly the Qinhuangdao Project, has been significantly delayed or suspended due to unfavorable market conditions and liquidity constraints. However, the recent removal of the purchase restriction order and phasing out the lower limit of the interest rate for firsttime personal housing loans by the government of Qinhuangdao city in April and May 2024, respectively, is expected to increase housing demand and attract more interest from the potential investors for the project. The Management expects to actively engage with potential investors to discuss this project further, with the expectation that the latest policies will draw more investors to the project. As mentioned in the Steps Taken above, based on the current progress of the negotiations with potential investors, the Company expects to restart the Qinhuangdao Project by 31 December 2024. Upon restarting the project, the Management expects to recognize pre-sale proceeds and revenue from the Qinhuangdao Project by the years ending 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively. Additionally, in July 2022, the Group entered into an agreement with a contractor, wherein the contractor agreed not to demand any repayment from the Group for the construction works performed on the Group's property development projects until the value of cumulative certified works reaches RMB200,000,000. This arrangement remains valid as a supplementary agreement was entered into during the Reporting Period. The Directors believe that this agreement will help the Group to resolve the liquidity difficulties.

## 解決二零二四年不發表意見的計 劃

有見及二零二四年不發表意見,本公司已審 慎考量以下措施以解決於二零二四年不發表 意見的相關問題:

#### 1) 物業開發項目

由於不利的市場條件及流動性限制,若 干房地產項目,特別是秦皇島項目的開 發進度已大幅推遲或暫停。然而,近期 秦皇島市政府分別於二零二四年四月 及五月取消限購令及逐步取消首次個 人住房貸款利率下限,預計將增加住房 需求,吸引更多潛在投資者對該項目的 興趣。管理層預計將積極與潛在投資者 進一步討論該項目,期望最新政策將吸 引更多投資者參與該項目。如上文所採 取之步驟所述,根據目前與潛在投資者 的磋商進展,本公司預計於二零二四年 十二月三十一日前重啟秦皇島項目。項 目重啟後,管理層預計將分別於截至二 零二五年三月三十一日及二零二六年三 月三十一日止年度確認秦皇島項目的預 售所得款項及收入。此外,於二零二二 年七月,本集團與一間承建商訂立一份 協議,承建商同意不會就於本集團的物 業發展項目開展的建築工程要求本集團 作出任何還款,直至認證工程累計價值 達到人民幣200,000,000元。由於在報告 期內訂立補充協議,該安排仍然有效。 董事相信,該協議將有助於本集團解決 流動資金困難。

On the other hand, for the Yinchuan Project, the Group has received pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$55 million up to 31 March 2024, and approximately HK\$23 million during the three months ended 30 June 2024. The pre-sold residential properties are expected to be delivered on or before 31 December 2024. Upon the delivery of these pre-sold properties, the Group expects to recognize revenue of approximately HK\$78 million for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Directors expect to utilize these proceeds for the further development and construction of Yinchuan Project. In addition to the residential areas, there are also commercial areas within the residential buildings available for sale. Based on valuation, as at 31 March 2024, such commercial properties valued to approximately HK\$100 million. The Company plans to sell such commercial properties by the year ending 31 March 2027.

# 2) Continuous financial support from related companies

As at 31 March 2024, the Group had a revolving loan facility of HK\$2,000,000,000 granted by a company indirectly wholly owned by the controlling shareholder that will expire in December 2025 of which the full amount remained unutilized as at 31 March 2024. The Directors consider that the loan facility can be utilized to settle the liabilities of the Group when and as they fall due. In addition to the loan facility, the controlling shareholder has been providing financial support to the Company. As at 31 March 2024, the amount due to the controlling shareholder was approximately HK\$26.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 33.5% as compared to 31 March 2023.

另一方面,就銀川項目而言,截至二零 二四年三月三十一日,本集團已收到預 售所得款項約55,000,000港元,截至二 零二四年六月三十日止三個月收到預售 所得款項約23,000,000港元。預售住宅 物業預計將於二零二四年十二月三十一 日或之前交付。在交付該等預售物業 後,本集團預計於截至二零二五年三月 三十一日止年度確認收入約78,000,000 港元。董事預計將該等所得款項用於銀 川項目的進一步開發及建設。除住宅區 外,住宅樓內亦有商業區可供出售。根 據估值,於二零二四年三月三十一日, 該等商業物業價值約為100,000,000港 元。本公司計劃於截至二零二七年三月 三十一日止年度前出售該等商業物業。

#### 2) 獲關連公司持續提供財務支援

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團擁 有由控股股東間接全資擁有的公司所 授出循環貸款融資2,000,000,000港元, 並將於二零二五年十二月到期,於二零 二四年三月三十一日,全額貸款額度尚 未動用。董事認為,該貸款融資可於到 期時用作償付本集團負債。除貸款融資 外,控股股東亦一直向本公司提供財 務支援。於二零二四年三月三十一日, 應付控股股東款項約為26,400,000港 元,較二零二三年三月三十一日增加約 33.5%。

#### 3) Expansion of Property Management Business

The Group had completed the acquisitions of three property management companies. The expansion of the Property Management Business will help to bring in more stable income to the Group in the future. This strategic expansion in the Property Management Business segment has generated revenue of approximately HK\$20.5 million during the Reporting Period, representing an increase of approximately 249% compared to the year ended 31 March 2023. The acquisitions of Ningxia Guanling, Hohhot Pengshenjie and Wuhan Yuejing were completed on 7 April 2023, 15 June 2023 and 9 August 2023, respectively. The Management expects that the revenue to be generated from the Property Management Business segment will increase, given that the three acquired companies will have full year contribution to the Group for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Management expects the revenue to be generated for the year ending 31 March 2025 will be at least approximately HK\$33 million.

#### Other financing options

The Group will continue to identify and negotiate with various financial institutions and identifying various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future. For example, the Group has entered into the MOU with the Potential Investor relating to the Qinhuangdao Project.

#### 5) Future development plans

In addition to the continuous development of the existing businesses, the Group is also actively exploring other investment opportunities to expand its businesses. The Group is searching for some potential targets in mainland China as well as in Southeast Asia with businesses relating to property development and/or upstream or downstream businesses.

#### 6) Cost control

The Group will continue to take appropriate measures to control administrative costs by reducing the headcounts.

#### 3) 擴大物業管理業務

本集團已完成對三家物業管理公司的 收購。擴大物業管理業務將為本集團 未來帶來更穩定的收入。報告期內, 物業管理業務分部的戰略擴張產生約 20,500,000港元的收入,較截至二零 二三年三月三十一日止年度增長約 249%。寧夏冠凌、呼和浩特鵬盛潔及 武漢閱景的收購分別於二零二三年四 月七日、二零二三年六月十五日及二零 二三年八月九日完成。鑒於收購的三家 公司將於截至二零二五年三月三十一 日止年度內為本集團作出全年貢獻,管 理層預計物業管理業務分部產生的收 入將增加。管理層預計,截至二零二五 年三月三十一日止年度將產生至少約 33,000,000港元的收入。

## 4) 其他融資選項

本集團將繼續物色及與各個金融機構磋 商,並確定於可見未來本集團營運資金 及承擔的各種融資選項。例如,本集團 已與潛在投資者就秦皇島項目訂立諒解 備忘錄。

#### 5) 未來發展計劃

除繼續發展現有業務外,本集團亦積極 探索其他投資機會,以拓展業務。本集 團正在中國內地及東南亞尋找一些與房 地產開發及/或上下游業務相關的潛在 目標。

#### 6) 成本控制

本集團將繼續採取適當措施,通過裁員 控制行政成本。

#### Removal of the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion

The Directors believe that, after taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, as well as the forecasted operating cash flows for the year ending 31 March 2025, the Group will have sufficient working capital to satisfy its present requirements for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Directors have also discussed the abovementioned plans and measures with the Auditors, and the Auditors have agreed that the abovementioned measures would mitigate the Group's liquidity pressure and improve its financial position of the Group. The Board will provide sufficient appropriate audit evidence to the Auditors to assess the appropriateness of the Board's application of going concern basis in preparing the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Notwithstanding the above, given the volatility of the property sector in Mainland China and the uncertainties to obtain continuous support from the banks, the related companies and the Group's contractors/creditors, the Directors of the Company consider that material uncertainties exist as to whether the Group will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above.

Should the Group fail to achieve the above mentioned plans and measures, the Group may be unable to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments might have to be made to the carrying values of the Group's assets to state them at their realisable values, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify its non-current assets and non-current liabilities to current assets and current liabilities, respectively.

Based on preliminary discussion with Auditors, Auditors are of the view that:

The 2024 Disclaimer Opinion would be removed for the year ending 31 March 2025 auditor's report assuming that the aforementioned plans and measures can be successfully implemented as planned (including but not limited to obtain additional funding from the related parties or other parties to repay the Group's outstanding borrowings, construction payables and any related claims and penalties).

#### 移除二零二四年不發表意見

經計及上述計劃及措施以及截至二零二五年 三月三十一日止年度之預測營運現金流量, 董事認為本集團將擁有足夠營運資金滿足其 於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度的現 有需要。董事亦已與核數師討論上述計劃及 措施,而核數師亦同意上述措施可減輕本集 團的流動資金壓力及改善本集團的財務狀 況。董事會將向核數師提供充分適當的審核 憑證,以評估董事會在編製本集團綜合財務 報表時採用持續經營基礎的適當性。

儘管上文所述,鑒於中國內地物業市場波動, 且在取得銀行、關連公司及本集團的承建商 /債權人持續支持方面面對不確定性,本公 司董事認為,本集團能否實現上述計劃及措 施存在重大不確定性。

倘本集團未能實現上述計劃及措施,本集團 可能無法持續經營,在有關情況下,可能需要 對本集團資產的賬面值作出調整,以按其可 變現價值列賬,並對可能產生的任何進一步 負債計提撥備及分別將其非流動資產及非流 動負債重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。

根據與核數師的初步討論,核數師認為:

假設上述計劃及措施能按計劃順利實施(包括 但不限於從關連方或其他方獲得額外資金, 以償還本集團的未償借款、應付工程款及任 何相關索賠及罰款),則二零二四年不發表意 見將於截至二零二五年三月三十一日止年度 的核數師報告中移除。

In next financial year, the Auditors will exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing in order to conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The conclusions would be based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of the next year auditor's report.

## Audit Committee's View Towards The 2024 Disclaimer Opinion

As disclosed on page 32 of the 2024 annual results announcement of the Company dated 28 June 2024, the audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") had reviewed the Group's consolidated financial results for the year ended 31 March 2024 with the Group's management, including the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed auditing, risk management and internal control, and financial reporting matters, in conjunction with the Auditor.

During the meeting of the Audit Committee held on 28 June 2024, all members of the Audit Committee had thoroughly reviewed the Auditor's qualification and the Group's financial position, and agreed with the management's position that the Company was able to carry on as a going concern despite the Auditor's qualification, based on the reasons as mentioned under the "Plans to Address the 2024 Disclaimer Opinion" above.

## **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL** Philosophy of Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board considers that sound risk management and internal control systems can improve the operational effectiveness and efficiency of the Group and help safeguard the assets of the Group and the investments of the Shareholders.

於下個財政年度,核數師將根據香港核數準 則於整個審計過程中運用專業判斷並抱持專 業懷疑態度,以便對董事會使用持續經營基 準的會計方法的適切性作出結論,並根據獲 取的審核憑證,判斷是否存在與可能對本集 團持續經營能力構成重大懷疑的事件或條件 相關的重大不確定因素。該等結論將基於截 至下個年度核數師報告日期獲得的審核憑 證。

## 審核委員會對二零二四年不發表意見 之意見

誠如本公司日期為二零二四年六月二十八日 之二零二四年年度業績公告第32頁所披露, 本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)已與本 集團管理層審閱本集團截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度之綜合財務業績(包括本集團 採納的會計原則及慣例),並與核數師討論審 核、風險管理及內部監控以及財務申報事宜。

於二零二四年六月二十八日舉行的審核委員 會會議上,所有審核委員會成員均詳盡審閱 核數師保留意見及本集團之財務狀況,並同 意管理層之立場,即儘管核數師保留意見,惟 基於上文「解決二零二四年不發表意見的計 劃」所述原因,本公司仍具備持續經營能力。

## 風險管理及內部監控 風險管理及內部監控理念

董事會認為健全的風險管理及內部監控 系統能提高本集團的營運效益及效率,亦 有助於保障本集團的資產及股東的投資。

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#### **Risk Management and Internal Responsibility**

The Board is well aware of its responsibility to maintain high standards of risk management and internal control systems and to review the effectiveness of such systems during the process of implementation. The systems are intended to provide a reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliability of financial reports and compliance with laws and regulations, with the aim of managing rather than eliminating risks associated with failure to meet business objectives.

The Board is fully responsible for assessing and determining the nature and extent of the risks to which the Company is willing to assume in achieving its strategic objectives and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

# Risk Management and Internal Control Structures of the Group

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management, establishing risk assessment criteria, and supervising the design, implementation and monitoring of risk management and internal control systems. Under the authority of the Board, the Audit Committee may seek external legal, financial or other independent professional advice at the expense of the Company if necessary (subject to prior discussion with the Board on the relevant expenses).

The Company has developed and adopted a number of risk management procedures and guidelines with well-defined terms of reference, which are implemented through its major business procedures and office functions, including administration and management, human resources, material procurement, contract execution, project establishment, tendering and bidding, project management, sales and leasing, financial reporting and information technology.

The Company set up its internal audit function in 2014. Established under the Audit Committee and being independent from other functional departments, the audit department assists the Board in performing its regulatory role in the internal control and risk management functions of the Group, reviewing and assessing the overall effectiveness of the internal control and risk management systems. The audit department has been equipped with professional auditors for conducting internal audits in accordance with the annual work plan, including regular or ad hoc internal audits and special audits, as well as audits and assessment on the operation and management, financial position and enforcement of internal control of the Company and its subsidiaries.

#### 風險管理及內部責任

董事會深明其有責任維持高標準的風險 管理及內部監控制度,並在制度執行過程 中審閱其有效性。有關制度旨在就經營的 有效性和效率、財務報告的可靠性以及法 律法規的合規性提供合理而非絕對保證, 目的在於管理而非消除與未能達成業務 目標相關的風險。

董事會全面負責評估及釐定為達致本公 司戰略目標所願承擔的風險性質及程度, 同時建立並維持適當有效的風險管理及 內部監控制度。

#### 本集團的風險管理與內部監控架構

審核委員會協助董事會領導管理層,建立 風險評估標準,監督風險管理及內部監控 制度的設計、實施及監察。如有需要,審 核委員會可在獲董事會授權的情況下,尋 求外部法律、財務顧問或其他獨立專業意 見,費用由本公司承擔(惟須就有關費用 事先與董事會進行討論)。

本公司已發展並採納多項權責清晰的風 險管理程序及指引,並透過主要業務程序 及辦公職能實施,包括行政管理、人力資 源、物資採購、合同簽立、項目立項、招投 標、項目管理、銷售及租賃、財務申報及 資訊科技等。

本公司於二零一四年設立內部審計職能。 審計部隸屬於審核委員會,協助董事會履 行其在本集團內部監控及風險管理功能 上的監管角色,審閱及評估內部監控及風 險管理系統整體的效益,獨立於其他職能 部門。審計部配備專門的審計人員,每年 按照年度工作計劃開展內審工作,定期或 者不定期進行內控審計、專項審計,對本 公司及所屬附屬公司的經營管理、財務狀 況、內控執行等情況進行審計評估。

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## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

# Major Features of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Company has set up risk management and internal control systems to ensure that internal rules and systems are strictly enforced; recruitment, remuneration and assessment systems are fair, impartial and transparent; the Company operates in compliance with relevant laws, rules and regulations; construction projects are carried out in conformity to the relevant systems of the Company regarding project establishment, tender awards, contract execution, procurement, construction, acceptance inspection and settlement, etc.; shop management systems for commercial projects are stringent with no loopholes; assets are not misappropriated and embezzled; accounting records for providing reliable financial information for business purposes or public use are properly kept; access to and use of internal information without proper authority are strictly prohibited; and reasonable assurance is provided against major misrepresentations, losses or fraudulent activities.

To safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of the Shareholders, the Company handles and publishes inside information in accordance with its inside information disclosure system to ensure that such information is kept highly confidential prior to disclosure and issued in an effective and consistent manner. The Board shall immediately convene a meeting to discuss the relevant matter and, if necessary, seek advice from external independent professional institutions.

Under the supervision of the Board, the internal audit department of the Company had conducted an annual review on the risk management and internal control systems of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2024. The scope of the review has been formulated and approved by the Audit Committee, covering business operations, financial reporting, and compliance with regulations and systems. Results of the review and the areas for improvement have been reported to the Board and the Audit Committee, with emphasis on staff performance appraisal, standardization and execution of systems, enhancement of tendering and bidding processes, financial budget management, project budget management, as well as project and marketing contract management. Besides, the Board had also conducted a review during the Year of the effectiveness of the Company's processes for financial reporting and Listing Rules compliance, as part of its review of the Company's risk management and internal control systems.

#### 風險管理及內部監控系統的主要特點

為保障股東的合法權益,本公司按其內幕 信息披露制度處理及發佈內幕信息,以確 保該等信息在披露前維持高度保密,並獲 有效及一致地發佈。董事會隨即召開會議 討論有關事項,如有需要,其會尋求外聘 獨立專業機構的意見。

# Procedures for Identifying, Assessing and Managing Significant Risks

An introduction to the procedures used by the Company for identifying, assessing and managing significant risks is given below:

#### **Risk Identification and Assessment**

- The internal audit department conducts regular annual audits or ad hoc special audits to perform systematic analysis on the processes, systems and significant events of the Company to identify possible risks in the business process. The legal department performs professional analysis on the proposed terms of contracts to identify terms that may place the Company in a disadvantageous position, with the aim of avoiding any potential risks.
- The identified risks are assessed based on the assessment criteria set up by the management to determine the risk response approach.

#### **Risk Response**

 The risk management strategies and internal control procedures are determined based on the category of the risks identified. For major risks, the internal audit department shall prepare a summary and report directly to the Audit Committee, and put forward solutions for resolving the risks for the consideration of the Board.

#### **Risk Monitoring and Reporting**

 The relevant risks are continuously and regularly monitored to ensure that they are under control through appropriate internal control procedures. If any significant changes arise, the risk management policies and internal control procedures will be amended, and the results of risk monitoring will be reported semiannually to the management and the Audit Committee of the Board.

#### 用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程 序

本公司用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的 程序簡介如下:

#### 風險識別及評估

- 內部審計部門開展定期年審或不定 期專項審計,對本公司各項流程制度 及重大事項進行系統化梳理,識別業 務過程中可能會出現的風險。法務部 門對擬定合同條款進行專業分析,識 別可能會令本公司陷入不利境況的 條款,以規避任何潛在風險。
- 根據管理層建立的評估標準,評估已 識別的風險,由此判定風險應對方 法。

#### 風險應對

根據風險評估等級釐定風險管理策
 略及內部監控程序。針對重大風險,
 由內部審計部門匯總直接報告至審
 核委員會,並提出風險解決方案,供
 董事會考慮。

#### 風險監察及匯報

持續並定期監察有關風險,通過適當的內部監控程序確保風險處於可控範圍。若風險出現任何重大變動,修訂風險管理政策及內部監控程序,並每半年向管理層及董事會審核委員會匯報風險監察的結果。

#### Effectiveness of Control

For the year ended 31 March 2023, the management has reported to the Audit Committee and the Board on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems based on the above internal audit report. The Audit Committee is of the view that there are no significant deficiencies in internal control. The Group will follow up all the recommendations of the internal audit department as appropriate and ensure that they are implemented in due course. As a result, the Board considers that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate.

# ANTI-CORRUPTION AND WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Group has set up a whistleblowing policy for the employees and those who deal with the Group (e.g. customers and suppliers) to raise concerns about possible improprieties in any matter related to the Group in confidence and anonymity. Any suspected cases will be reported to the Audit Committee.

In addition, the Group is committed to abiding by all laws and regulations to prevent corruption and bribery in all business dealing. The Group's anti-corruption policy provides information and guidance to employees of the Group and related third parties who deal with the Group on how to recognize and deal with bribery and corruption and to handle corporate donation and sponsorship activities of the Group.

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. During the Year, the Company Secretary has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

## 監控成效

於截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度, 基於上述內審報告,管理層已向審核委員 會及董事會報告風險管理及內部監控制 度的有效性。審核委員會認為,並無發現 重大內部監控缺失。本集團將適當跟進內 審部門的全部建議,並確保於合理時間內 落實執行。因此,董事會認為,風險管理 及內部監控制度有效且足夠。

## 反貪污及舉報政策

本集團已制定舉報政策,讓僱員及與本集 團有業務往來者(例如客戶及供應商)可暗 中及匿名提出對任何可能與本集團有關 的不當事宜的關注。任何嫌疑個案將呈報 予審核委員會。

此外,本集團致力遵守所有法律及規例, 以防止所有業務交易中出現貪污及賄賂。 本集團的反貪污政策為本集團僱員及與 本集團有業務往來的相關第三方提供有 關如何識別及處理賄賂及貪污以及如何 處理本集團的企業捐贈及贊助活動的資 料及指引。

## 公司秘書

本公司之公司秘書(「公司秘書」)為本公 司之僱員,且熟悉本公司之日常事務。於 本年度,公司秘書已參與不少於15小時的 相關專業培訓。

#### CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There were no changes made to the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 March 2024.

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

During the Year, the Company has proactively enhanced its corporate transparency and communications with its Shareholders and the investment community through its mandatory interim and annual reports announcements.

## COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company believes that effective communication with Shareholders is essential to enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Group's business performance and strategy.

The general meeting of the Company, including annual general meeting and, where applicable, special general meeting, provides a useful forum for the Shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The chairman of the Board as well as chairlady/chairman of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee are pleased to answer the enquires raised by the Shareholders. The auditor will also attend the AGMs to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

The Company's website (www.richlyfieldchinagroup.com) acts as a communication platform with Shareholders and stakeholders. The information and the latest developments of the Company's business development and operations and all the announcements and circulars are available on this website for public inspection.

Having considered the various existing channels of communication and participation, the Board considers that the shareholders' communication policy has been properly implemented and effective during the Year.

## 組織章程文件

本公司之組織章程文件於截至二零二四 年三月三十一日止年度並無任何轉變。

## 投資者關係

於本年度,透過其強制中期及年度報告公告,本公司已積極增強其公司透明度以及 改善與股東和投資群體之溝通。

## 與股東溝通

本公司相信,與股東的有效溝通對於加強 投資者關係及投資者對本集團業務表現 及策略的了解至關重要。

本公司之股東大會(包括股東週年大會及 (如適用)股東特別大會)為股東與董事 會交換意見提供有效平台。董事會主席與 審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會主 席欣然解答股東提出的質詢。核數師亦將 出席股東週年大會,並解答有關審計行 事、核數師報告的編製及內容、會計政策 及核數師獨立性的提問。

本 公 司 網 站 的 網 址 為 www.richlyfieldchinagroup.com,作為與 股東及投資者的溝通平台。本公司業務發 展及營運的資料及最新情況以及全部公 告及通函於該網站可供公眾查閱。

經考慮現有多種溝通途徑及參與途徑,董 事會認為股東通訊政策於本年度已適當 實施且為有效。

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#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted its dividend policy which sets out the principles and guidelines in relation to the declaration, payment or distribution of its profits as dividends to the shareholders of the Company.

In considering the payment of dividends, there shall be a balance between maintaining sufficient capital to grow the business of the Group and rewarding the shareholders of the Company.

The Board shall also take into account of the following factors, among other things, when considering the declaration and payment of dividends:

- the Group's overall results of operation, financial position, capital requirement, cash flows and future prospects;
- the amount of retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Group;
- the level of the Group's debts to equity ratio;
- return on equity;
- the Group's capacity from current and future operation;
- future commitments at the time of preparing and making the 
   distribution;
   distribution;
- any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; and
- other factors that the Board deems relevant.

The declaration and payment of dividends by the Company is subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Bermuda, the Listing Rules, the laws of Hong Kong and the Company's Bye-laws and any other applicable laws and regulations.

## 股息政策

本公司已採納其股息政策,當中列明向本 公司股東宣派、派付或分派溢利作股息所 應用之原則及指引。

於考慮派付股息時,需要取得維持足夠資 金以達致本集團業務增長與回饋本公司 股東之間之平衡。

於考慮宣派及派付股息時,董事會亦將計 及以下因素(其中包括):

- 本集團之整體營運業績、財務狀況、 資金需求、現金流量及未來前景;
- 本集團保留溢利和可分派儲備之金 額;
- 本集團的債務權益比率;
- 股本回報率;
- 本集團當前及未來營運能力;
- 於準備及作出分派時的未來承擔;
- 本 集 團 貸 款 人 就 派 付 股 息 可 能 施 加 的 任 何 限 制 ; 及
- 董事會視為相關之其他因素。

本公司宣派及派付股息受限於百慕達公 司法、上市規則、香港法例及本公司之公 司細則以及任何其他適用法律及法規之 任何限制。

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## SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

## The Way in Which Shareholders of the Company Can Convene a Special General Meeting of the Shareholders ("SGM")

Pursuant to the Company's Bye-Laws and Bermuda laws, the Directors shall, on the requisition of Shareholder(s) who, at the date of the deposit of the requisition, holds not less than one-tenth of the paid-up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company, proceed duly to convene an SGM of the Company.

The requisition must state the purposes of the SGM and must be signed by the requisitionists and deposited to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 1504, 15/F, Tower 2, Metroplaza, No. 223 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong, and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.

The request of intention to propose a resolution will be verified by the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong (the "Branch Share Registrar"). Upon confirmation from the Branch Share Registrar, the Company Secretary will present to the Board for their approval on the inclusion of the proposed resolution in the SGM.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of the deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene an SGM, the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene an SGM themselves, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the aforesaid date of the deposit of requisition.

#### The Procedures for Sending Enquiries to the Board

The enquiries must be in writing with the detailed contact information of the requisitionists and deposited to the Board or the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 1504, 15/F, Tower 2, Metroplaza, No. 223 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong. The Company will endeavour to respond to requisitionists' enquires in a timely manner.

## 股東之權利

## 本公司股東召開股東特別大會(「股東 特別大會」)之方式

根據本公司的公司細則及百慕達法律,董 事須應股東(於提出要求當日持有附帶於 本公司股東大會表決權利的不少於十分 之一本公司繳足股本者)要求正式召開本 公司之股東特別大會。

提出要求須列明召開股東特別大會目的, 並須由要求者簽署,呈交至本公司的香港 主要營業地點(地址為香港新界葵涌興芳路 223號新都會廣場2座15樓1504室)予董事會 或公司秘書,當中或附有形式相似的多份 文件由一名或多名要求者簽署。

擬提呈之決議案要求將由本公司於香港 之股份過戶登記分處(「股份過戶登記分 處」)核證。股份過戶登記分處確認後,公 司秘書將向董事會提呈批准將建議決議 案載入股東特別大會。

倘董事會並無於上述提出要求當日起計 21日內正式召開股東特別大會,則要求 者或當中任何人士代表所有要求者總投 票權一半以上者,可自行召開股東特別大 會,惟任何所召開的大會不得於上述提出 要求當日起計三個月屆滿後舉行。

#### 向董事會提問之程序

提問須以書面提出並隨附提問者的詳細 聯絡資料,呈交至本公司的香港主要營業 地點(地址為香港新界葵涌興芳路223號 新都會廣場2座15樓1504室)予董事會或 公司秘書。本公司將盡力及時回應要求者 的提問。

# The Procedures for Making Proposals at Shareholders' Meetings

If a Shareholder wishes to put forward proposals at the AGM/SGM which is to be held, such Shareholder should submit a written notice of the proposal with his/her detailed contact information to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 1504, 15/F, Tower 2, Metroplaza, No. 223 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong. The request of intention to propose a resolution will be verified by the Branch Share Registrar. Upon confirmation from the Branch Share Registrar, the Company Secretary will present to the Board for their approval on the inclusion of the proposed resolution in the AGM/SGM.

The notice period to be given to all Shareholders for consideration of the proposal raised by the Shareholders concerned at the AGM/SGM varies according to the nature of the proposal, which is as follows:

- At least 14 clear days' notice (excludes the date of the notice and the date of the meeting) in writing if the proposal constitutes an ordinary resolution of the Company.
- At least 21 clear days' notice (excludes the date of the notice and the date of the meeting) in writing if the proposal constitutes a special resolution of the Company in the SGM or an ordinary resolution of the Company in the AGM.

# The Procedures that Shareholders Can Use to Propose a Person for Election as a Director

Other than a retiring director, any person who is not recommended by the Board shall not be eligible to be elected as a director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a director and notice in writing by that person of his/her willingness to be elected (including that person's biographical details as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules) have been lodged to the Company Secretary at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 1504, 15/F, Tower 2, Metroplaza, No. 223 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong at least 7 days before the date of the general meeting. As required by the provisions of the Company's Bye-Laws, the period for lodging notices will commence no earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting. If the notice is received less than 10 clear business days prior to the date of such general meeting, the Company will need to consider adjourning such general meeting in order to allow the Shareholders to have 14 days' notice (the notice period must include 10 clear business days) of the proposal.

#### 於股東大會動議之程序

如股東擬於將召開之股東週年大會/股 東特別大會提呈議案,該等股東須提交 該等議案的書面通知,連同其詳細聯絡 資料,呈交至本公司的香港主要營業地點 (地址為香港新界葵涌興芳路223號新都 會廣場2座15樓1504室)予公司秘書。擬 提呈之決議案要求將由股份過戶登記分 處核證。股份過戶登記分處確認後,公司 秘書將向董事會提出批准將建議決議案 載入股東週年大會/股東特別大會。

就股東於股東週年大會/股東特別大會 所提呈議案而給予全體股東考慮的通知 期限根據議案的性質釐定如下:

- 倘議案構成本公司的普通決議案,則 最少14個完整日書面通知(不包括通 知之日及大會舉行之日)。
- 倘議案於股東特別大會上構成本公司的特別決議案或於股東週年大會上構成本公司的普通決議案,則最少21個完整日書面通知(不包括通知之日及大會舉行之日)。

## 股東提名人選參選董事之程序

除退任之董事外,任何未經董事會推薦之 人士均不符合資格於任何股東大會獲選 為董事,除非於股東大會舉行日期前至少 7日向公司秘書(地址為本公司之香港主 要營業地點香港新界葵涌興芳路223號新 都會廣場2座15樓1504室) 褫交擬提名參 選董事的書面通知,以及獲提名人士表明 參選意願並按照上市規則第13.51(2)條規 定載列其個人履歷的書面通知。根據本公 司公司細則的條文所規定, 遞交上述通知 的期限不得早於寄發為有關選舉所召開 股東大會通告之翌日開始,亦不得遲於該 股東大會舉行日期前7日結束。倘於該股 東大會舉行日期前少於10個完整營業日 收到通知,為了讓股東就有關提案獲14日 通知(該通知期須包括10個完整營業日), 本公司將需考慮押後舉行該股東大會。

#### **ABOUT THE COMPANY**

The Group's main business is outlets commercial operation and development and operation of featured commercial properties (such as tourism property, senior care property and wine chateaus), development of high-end residential properties as well as property management. Our development positioning mingles both residential properties and commercial properties, undergoing active transformation by promoting innovative modern complexes with agility.

To achieve the Group's corporate vision of being an "advocate and creator of green and healthy quality life". we have integrated the concept of sustainable development into our operational strategies, to exhibit innovative thinking, focus on long-term overall interests, build a vibrant community and practice green construction. At the same time, we ensure that our construction and operation strictly comply with national regulatory requirements.

#### Qinhuangdao Project

The Qinhuangdao Venice – City of Water Outlets Project (the "Qinhuangdao Project") is located in Beidaihe New District, Qinhuangdao, Hebei Province, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). With outlet business as the core, it is a large-scale coastal shopping tourism and healthcare resort complex consisting of high-end hot spring resorts and high-end hospitals, integrating health and elderly care, cultural and entertainment activities, and recreational resorts. The project is planned to be developed in three phases. Among them, the first phase of the project includes outlet businesses, healthcare hotels, resorts and exhibition centers, together with parking lots and green landscapes.

## 關於本公司

本集團的主要業務為奧特萊斯商業營運、 特色商業地產開發營運(如旅遊地產、養 老地產及葡萄酒莊等)、高端住宅地產開 發及物業管理。我們的發展理念混合住宅 地產與商業地產,積極轉型並靈活推進多 元化新型產業綜合體。

為達成本集團「致力成為綠色健康優質生 活的倡導者和創造者」的企業願景,我們 將可持續發展理念融入營運策略中,發揮 創新思維和著眼長遠的整體利益、構建活 力社區、實踐綠色建設,同時確保我們的 建設及營運嚴格符合國家的監管規定。

#### 秦皇島項目

秦皇島威尼斯水域奧特萊斯項目(「秦皇 島項目」)位於中國河北省秦皇島市北戴 河新區,為以奧特萊斯為核心,由高端溫 泉度假酒店及高端醫院組成的大型沿海 購物旅遊康養度假綜合體,結合養生養 老、文化娛樂及休閒度假。項目計劃分三 期開發。其中,項目一期包括奧萊商業、 養生酒店、度假用房及展示中心,同時配 套停車場及綠化景觀。

#### **Yinchuan Project**

The Yinchuan Project is located in Yinchuan City. It is a residential and commercial complex, including the residential project Jin Sheng Yue Jing and the construction area for residential and commercial use which is under construction. The surrounding of the residential area has multiple resources such as banks, medical care, education, supermarkets, entertainment and catering, and its own home furnishing materials commercial facilities. Residents can enjoy their daily lives with convenience. On the other hand, the commercial project consists of three commercial complexes connected with two corridors.

#### Ningxia Guanling Property Service Co., Ltd.

Ningxia Guanling Property Services Co., Ltd. is primarily engaged in providing property management services. Its main business is offering property management services for residential projects in Yinchuan City, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, China.

# Ningxia Shengze Huaxia Market Management Co., Ltd.

Ningxia Shengze Huaxia Market Management Co., Ltd. is primarily engaged in corporate management, corporate management consulting, home goods sales, furniture installation and repair services, furniture sales, and non-residential real estate leasing.

## Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd.

Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd. is primarily engaged in providing property management and maintenance services, including property renovation, repair and maintenance, parking lot management, security, cleaning, housekeeping, landscaping, and fire safety maintenance. The main business of the target company is to offer property management services for residential projects in Wuhan, China.

# Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Service Co., Ltd.

Hohhot Pengshengjie is a newly setup company to target the property management market in the Inner Mongolia province, China.

## 銀川項目

銀川項目位於銀川市,為住宅及商業綜合 體,包括住宅項目金盛閱景及正在興建的 住宅商業用途建築用地。住宅部分的周邊 擁有銀行、醫療、教育、商超、娛樂餐飲等 多種資源及自身的家居建材商業配套,居 民可享受便利生活。而商業項目部分則由 三個商業綜合體連接兩座連廊組成。

#### 寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司

寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司是一家主要 從事提供物業管理服務。其主要業務乃為 中國寧夏回族自治區銀川市之住宅項目 提供物業管理服務的公司。

#### 寧夏盛澤華夏市場管理有限公司

寧夏盛澤華夏市場管理有限公司是一間 主要從事企業管理,企業管理顧問。家居 用品銷售,家具安裝及維修服務,家具銷 售及非居住房地產租賃的公司。

#### 武漢閱景物業管理有限公司

武漢閱景物業管理有限公司是一家主要 從事提供物業管理服務及維修服務,包括 物業翻新、維修及保養、停車場、保安、清 潔、內務管理、園林綠化及消防安全維護 的公司。目標公司之主要業務乃為中國武 漢市之住宅項目提供物業管理服務。

## 呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有限 責任公司

呼和浩特鵬盛潔乃一家新成立的公司,致 力於開拓中國內蒙古省的物業管理市場。

#### SUSTAINABLE GOVERNANCE

The Group has established a top-down ESG governance structure, with the Board of Directors as the highest decision-making authority bearing ultimate responsibility for ESG matters. A Sustainability Working Group has also been formed, comprising managers from various major projects, dedicated to integrating sustainable development concepts into daily operations, managing related risks, and protecting stakeholder interests.

## 可持續發展管治

本集團已建立由上而下的ESG管治架構, 以董事會為最高決策機構肩負ESG事務 的最終責任,並成立了可持續發展工作 小組,小組成員包括各主要項目的管理人 員,致力於在日常營運中融入可持續發 展理念,管控相關風險,以保障持份者權 益。



superior management and report the results and risks 根據上級管理層的指令執行相應措施,並適時匯報成果及風險

The Board of Directors also reviews the ESG Report in accordance with the relevant strategies established and is responsible for the truthfulness, accuracy, and completeness of the report content. The Group has also engaged Riskory Consultancy Limited as an independent consultant to provide ESG and sustainability-related advisory services 董事會亦會按照已訂立的相關策略審閱 ESG報告,並對報告內容的真實性、準確 性和完整性負責。本集團更委聘Riskory Consultancy Limited為獨立顧問,提供 ESG及可持續發展方面的諮詢服務。

#### **ABOUT THE REPORT**

#### **Reporting Purpose**

The Company is pleased to release the eighth Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "Report"), which aims to outline the Company's performance and achievements in sustainable development to its stakeholders. The preparation of the Report is based on the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide (the "ESG Reporting Guide") contained in the Appendix C2 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"), and complies with its mandatory disclosure and "comply or explain" requirements. For details of corporate governance, please refer to the "Corporate Governance Report" section of the Annual Report 2024.

#### **Reporting Principles**

In the preparation of the Report, the Company complies with and applies the reporting principles set out in the ESG Reporting Guide:

## 關於本報告 報告目的

本公司欣然發表第八份環境、社會及管治 報告(「本報告」),旨在向持份者闡述本公 司在可持續發展方面的表現及成果。本報 告根據香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)證券上市規則附錄C2所載之《環境、 社會及管治報告指引》(「ESG報告指引」) 編製,並遵守其強制披露規定及「不遵守 就解釋」條文。有關企業管治的詳細資料 請參閱《二零二四年年報》中「企業管治報 告」章節。

## 報告原則

於本報告的編製過程中,本公司遵從並應 用在ESG報告指引中列出的匯報原則:

#### Materiality 重要性

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- To understand the views and suggestions of various stakeholders regarding the Company's sustainable development strategy, we have established regular communication channels. We also conducted an internal materiality assessment during the Reporting Period to identify important ESG issues and highlight the concerns in this Report.
- 為了解各持份者對本公司可持續發展策略的看法及建議,我們已建立恆常的溝通渠道。我們亦於報告期 間進行內部重要性評估以識別重要ESG議題並於本報告中重點披露關注事項。

#### Quantitative 量化

- The Company calculates the key performance indicators in accordance with the Appendix 2 and 3 of "How to Prepare an ESG Report" published by the Stock Exchange and discloses them in a quantitative manner (if applicable). They will construct the basis for setting the Company's future objectives.
  - 本公司根據聯交所發表的《如何編備環境、社會及管治報告》的附錄二及附錄三計算環境及社會的關鍵 績效指標,並以量化方式(如適用)披露,該等指標將構成設定本公司未來目標的基礎。

#### Consistency 一致性

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- The Company uses statistical methods and reporting scope consistent with previous years, so that ESG data can be meaningfully compared in the future. If there is any change in the methodologies and the scope, we would explain them in the notes for stakeholders' reference.
- 本公司使用與往年一致的統計方法及匯報範圍,令ESG數據日後可作有意義比較。倘所用的方式及匯 報範圍有變,我們將在附註中解釋以供持份者參考。

## **Reporting Scope**

Considering the financial importance and operational influence, the Report mainly covers the overall ESG performance of the businesses of the following major businesses<sup>1</sup> between 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024 (the "Reporting Period"):

- The Qinhuangdao Project located in the core area of the International Health City in Beidaihe New Area, Qinhuangdao, Hebei Province, the PRC;
- The Yinchuan Project located in Yinchuan City, Ningxia Hui Autonomous Region, the PRC.
- Ningxia Shengze Huaxia Market Management Co., Ltd.
- Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd.
- Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Service Co., Ltd.

The Report will be published in both Chinese and English versions on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company (http://hk.richlyfieldchinagroup.com/). In the event of any discrepancy between the Chinese and English versions, the Chinese version shall prevail.

#### 報告範圍及期間

考慮到財務上的重要性及營運影響力, 本報告主要涵蓋本集團以下主要業務1於 二零二三年四月一日至二零二四年三月 三十一日期間(「報告期間」)在ESG方面的 整體表現:

- 位於中國河北省秦皇島北戴河新區 國際健康城核心區域內的秦皇島項 目;
- 位於中國寧夏回族自治區銀川市的 銀川項目;
- 寧夏盛澤華夏市場管理有限公司
- 武漢閱景物業管理有限公司;
- 呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有 限責任公司:以及

本報告以中、英文版本於聯交所及本公司 網站(http://hk.richlyfieldchinagroup.com/) 刊發,如中、英文版本有任何歧義,概以中 文版本為準。

With business expansion, the Group acquired and established several property management companies in early 2023. Therefore, the scope of this Report includes four additional property management companies compared to the previous year: Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd. ("Wuhan Yuejing"), Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Services Co., Ltd. ("Hohhot Pengshengjie"), Ningxia Guanling Property Services Co., Ltd. ("Ningxia Guanling"), which is responsible for projects in Yinchuan, and Ningxia Shengze Huaxia Market Management Co., Ltd. ("Ningxia Shengze").

隨業務擴張,本集團於二零二三年年初收 購並成立多家物業管理公司,因此本報告 的涵蓋範圍會較上年度多四間物業管理公司 (包括武漢閱景物業管理有限公司(「武漢閱 景」),呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有限 責任公司(「呼和浩特鵬盛潔」)以及負責銀川 項目的寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司(「寧夏冠 凌」)及寧夏盛澤華夏市場管理有限公司(「寧 夏盛澤」)。

## STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Group fully understands the importance of maintaining continuous communication and good relationships with stakeholders. Therefore, we actively engage and interact with stakeholders through diverse communication channels and platforms, collecting their opinions on our sustainability strategies, daily operational systems and policies, and giving stakeholders an understanding of our visions. The Group's regular communication channels with various stakeholders are shown below:

## 持份者參與

本集團深明與持份者保持持續溝通及良 好關係的重要性,因此我們透過多元化的 溝通渠道及平台,積極與持份者交流互 動,收集其對我們的可持續發展策略、日 常營運制度及方針的意見,同時讓持份者 了解我們的理念。以下載列本集團與各持 份者的恆常溝通途徑:

Categories of Stakeholders 持份者類別	Communication Channels 溝通方式	Stakeholders' Concerns 持份者關注事宜
Government 政府	<ul> <li>On-site inspection and surveying</li> <li>Working conference, research and discussion</li> <li>Annual reports, interim reports and announcements</li> <li>Company's website</li> <li>現場檢驗、檢查</li> <li>工作會議、研究及討論</li> <li>年報、中期報告及公告</li> <li>公司網站</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Law compliance</li> <li>Payment of taxes as required by law</li> <li>Promotion of regional economic development and employment</li> <li>Environmental protection</li> <li>Use of resources</li> <li>遵守法律</li> <li>依法納稅</li> <li>推動區域經濟發展及就業</li> <li>環境保護</li> <li>資源使用</li> </ul>
The Public	<ul><li>Voluntary work</li><li>Philanthropy and social investment</li></ul>	<ul><li>Community engagemen</li><li>Social responsibility</li><li>Promoting employment</li></ul>
社會公眾	<ul><li>義工工作</li><li>慈善和社會投資</li></ul>	<ul> <li>社區參與</li> <li>社會責任</li> <li>促進就業</li> </ul>
Shareholders and Investors	<ul> <li>Annual General Meetings and other</li> <li>General meetings of shareholders</li> <li>Information published on the HKEXnew</li> <li>Website, such as annual reports, interin</li> <li>Reports and announcements</li> <li>Meeting with investors and analysts</li> <li>Company's website</li> </ul>	
股東及投資者	<ul> <li>Company's website</li> <li>股東周年大會及其他股東大會</li> <li>香港交易所披露易網站發佈資料, 如年報、中期報告及公告</li> <li>與投資者及分析師會面</li> <li>公司網站</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>投資回報</li> <li>資料披露及透明度</li> <li>股東利益及公平待遇保障</li> <li>經營風險管控</li> </ul>

Categories of Stakeholders 持份者類別	Communication Channels 溝通方式	Stakeholders' Concerns 持份者關注事宜
Employees	<ul> <li>Meetings</li> <li>Training and seminars</li> <li>Cultural and sports activities</li> <li>Internal network and email</li> <li>Performance evaluation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Protecting the rights and interests of employees</li> <li>Occupational health and safety</li> <li>Working environment</li> <li>Career development opportunities</li> <li>Self-actualization</li> </ul>
僱員	<ul> <li>會議</li> <li>培訓及研討會</li> <li>文化及體育活動</li> <li>內部網絡及電郵</li> <li>績效評估</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>保障僱員的權利及利益</li> <li>職業健康與安全</li> <li>工作環境</li> <li>職業發展機會</li> <li>自我實現</li> </ul>
Clients	<ul> <li>Marketing and promotional materials</li> <li>Company's website</li> <li>Annual Reports, interim reports and announcements</li> <li>Email and Customer Service Hotline</li> <li>Feedback form</li> <li>Regular meetings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Safe and high-quality products and services</li> <li>Stable relationships</li> <li>Information transparency</li> <li>Integrity</li> <li>Business ethics</li> </ul>
客戶	<ul> <li>市場推廣、宣傳資料</li> <li>公司網站</li> <li>年報、中期報告及公告</li> <li>電郵及客戶服務熱線</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>安全優質產品及服務</li> <li>穩定關係</li> <li>資料透明度</li> <li>企業誠信</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>意見回饋表</li> <li>定期會議</li> </ul>	● 商業道德
Suppliers and Business Partners	<ul> <li>visits</li> <li>Regular meetings</li> <li>Review and assessment</li> <li>Emails, circulars and brochures</li> <li>Company website</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Long-term partnerships</li> <li>Honest cooperation</li> <li>Fair Treatment</li> <li>Transparent Information Disclosure</li> <li>Shared resources</li> <li>Risk reduction</li> </ul>
供應商及業務夥伴	<ul> <li>會議、電話、面訪</li> <li>定期會議</li> <li>檢討及評估</li> <li>電郵、通函及手冊</li> <li>公司網站</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>長期合作關係</li> <li>誠實合作</li> <li>公平待遇</li> <li>資訊公開透明</li> <li>資源共享</li> <li>降低風險</li> </ul>

Categories of Stakeholders 持份者類別	Communication Channels 溝通方式	Stakeholders' Concerns 持份者關注事宜
Industry Associations	<ul><li>Industry conferences</li><li>Field visits</li></ul>	<ul><li>Experience sharing</li><li>Cooperation opportunities</li><li>Fair competition</li></ul>
行業協會	<ul> <li>行業會議</li> <li>實地拜訪</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>經驗分享</li> <li>合作機會</li> <li>公平競爭</li> </ul>
Market Regulatory	Disclosure of information	Law and regulations compliance
Authorities	Disclosure on website	<ul><li>Environmental protection</li><li>Use of resources</li></ul>
市場監管機構	<ul><li>資訊披露</li><li>於網站發佈資料</li></ul>	<ul> <li>遵守法律法規</li> <li>環境保護</li> <li>資源使用</li> </ul>

## STAKEHOLDER FEEDBACK

Stakeholder engagement is the cornerstone of the Company's sustainable development. We highly value and seek to gather their valuable opinions and suggestions to continuously refine our operational strategies. If you have any queries or comments about the Report, please get in touch with us via email info@richlyfield.com.

## MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

During the Reporting Period, the Company conducted an internal materiality assessment to identify ESG issues that significantly impact our operations and are of concern to stakeholders, in order to respond to their expectations and opinions. We confirm the priority of material issues based on the assessment results, which acts as an important reference for the formulation of our sustainable development governance strategies and the disclosure in ESG reports to ensure that the Report can reflect our ESG performance accurately and objectively.

## 持份者意見反饋

持份者的參與是本公司可持續發展的基 石,我們十分重視並期望能夠收集到其寶 貴的意見及建議,以持續完善我們的營運 方針。如 閣下對本報告存在任何疑問或 意見,歡迎透過電郵info@richlyfield.com 與我們聯絡。

## 重要性評估

報告期間,本公司透過內部重要性評估, 鑒別對本公司營運有重大影響且為持份 者所關注的ESG議題,以回應其期望及訴 求。我們亦根據評估結果確認重要性議題 的排序,作為可持續發展管治策略制定及 ESG報告披露的重要參考,確保本報告能 準確且客觀地反映我們的ESG表現。

Our materiality assessment was conducted with the assistance from our 我們的重要性評估在第三方專業顧問的 third-party professional consultant, the procedures are as follows:

協助下進行,其流程如下:

#### Identify material issues 識別重要性議題

The Company integrated the following concerns, to review and assess whether the results from the materiality assessment last year are still applicable:

- Expectations of stakeholders; •
- Operation condition of businesses; •
- The material ESG issues of the industry from the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board • (SASB);
- The ESG Industry Materiality Map from Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI); .
- Industry development trends; and .
- Instructions from regulatory authorities. •

本公司結合以下考慮,以回顧並審閱去年的重要性評估的結果是否依然適用:

- 持份者的期望;
- 業務營運情況; •
- 可持續發展會計準則委員會(SASB)提及的行業重大ESG議題;
- 明晟公司(MSCI)的ESG行業重要性地圖; •
- 行業發展趨勢;及
- 監管機構的指引。 •

#### Revise and add material issues 修訂及新增重要性議題

The Board of Directors and the management of the Company revised and added to the list of material issues from last year, after referring to the abovementioned considerations, and revised the priority according to the circumstances. 本公司的董事會及管理層在參考上述提及的考量因素後,就去年的重要性議題列表進行修訂及新增,並按 情況調整其排序。

#### Respond to the results of the materiality assessment 回應重要性評估的結果

The Company confirmed the sustainable development governance strategies and the focus of disclosure in the Report based on the materiality priority in the Reporting Period. 本公司根據報告期間的重要性排序確認可持續發展管治策略以及本報告內容的披露重點。

#### **Assessment Results**

投訴及廣告管理

The Group has identified material issues listed below after considering and balancing the importance of each ESG issue to the Company and stakeholders:

### 評估結果

本集團在考慮並平衡各項ESG議題對本公司、各持份者的重要性後,識別的重要性 議題詳列如下:

Serial		
Number	Issue	Materiality Level
序號	。 《議題》(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1993年)(1	重要性
Environme	ental protection and green operation	
	和綠色營運	
1	Energy management	Most important
	能源管理	非常重要
2	Air pollutant and greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission management 空氣污染物和溫室氣體排放管理	Relatively important 較重要
3	Sewage discharge and waste management 廢水排放及廢物管理	
4	Water resources management	
	水資源管理	
5	Other resources management (including paper)	
	其他資源管理(包括用紙)	
6	Risks and opportunities related to climate change	
7	與氣候變化相關之風險及機遇	Important
7	Other impact of business activities on the environment 其他業務活動對環境造成的影響	Important 重要
	共旧未切加到到板坑但成时於音	主女
Operating	practice	
營運常規		
8	Supplier selection and assessment 供應商挑選及評審	Most important 非常重要
9	Anti-corruption policy and training	
	反貪污制度及培訓	
10	Compliance	
	合規經營	
11	Supply chain environmental and social risks management	Relatively important
	供應鏈環境及社會風險管理	較重要
Product a	nd service responsibility	
產品與服務		
12	Service quality (the quality of real estate brokerage service and property furnishing)	Most important
	服務質素(地產經紀服務及物業裝修質素)	非常重要
13	Customer data privacy and information security	Relatively important
	客戶資料私隱及訊息安全	較重要
14	Intellectual property protection	Important 重一
15	知識產權保護 Complaint and advertisement management	重要
15		

Serial Number 序號	Issue 議題	Materiality Level 重要性
Quality of 工作環境貿	working environment f素	
16	Employment arrangements (including: recruitment, promotion, and dismissal procedures) 僱傭安排(包括:招聘、晉升及解僱程序)	Relatively important 較重要
17	Employee compensation (including: salary, working hours, holidays and benefits) 員工待遇 (包括:薪酬、工作時數、假期及福利)	
18	Occupational health and safety 職業安全與健康	
19	Training and development 培訓與發展	
20	Prevention of child and forced labour 防止童工及強制勞動	
21	Diversity and equal opportunities, and prevention of discrimination and harassment 多元化及平等機會以及防止歧視及騷擾	Important 重要
Communit 社區貢獻	y contribution	
22	Participation in volunteering activities 參與義工活動	Relatively important 較重要
23	Social inclusion activities 社區共融活動	
24	Charitable donation 慈善捐贈	

### **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Group places a high value on business ethics in its operations. We are fully aware that corruption and fraud not only undermine the Company's competitiveness and industry reputation but also harm the interests of stakeholders. Therefore we proactively promote the construction of integrity and adopt a zerotolerance attitude to any unethical behaviour such as bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering.

### 反貪污

本集團在經營過程中高度重視商業道德, 我們深知貪污舞弊不僅會削弱公司的競 爭力及行業聲譽,更會損害持份者的權 益,因此我們積極推廣廉潔建設,對任何 賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢等不道德行為 採取零容忍態度。

The Group strictly comply with laws and regulations relating to corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering, including but not limited to the "Anti-Money Laundering Law of the People's Republic of China". During the Reporting Period, the Group is not aware of any concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or our employees, or any non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations.

#### **Business Ethics**

To maintain the highest standards of integrity in the course of our business, we have implemented the following measures:

- Require all employees to sign a letter of responsibility for integrity goals; and
- Specify in our contract that suppliers must comply with the relevant terms of integrity, including strictly prohibiting bribery, offering rebates and valuables to our employees, to manage and regulate the ethical conduct of our suppliers.

#### Whistleblowing Policy

To encourage employees to report suspected misconduct, the Group has established a comprehensive whistleblowing mechanism. Employees can report issues verbally or in writing. For the purpose of protecting the privacy and safety of the whistleblower, we keep all reported incidents confidential. Except required by legal obligations, we will not disclose the identity and other information of the whistleblower without consent. If an internal investigation uncovers suspected violation of the law, we will promptly report to the relevant law enforcement departments for strict handling.

### Anti-corruption Trainings

To ensure employees clearly understand and adhere to the Group's ethical standards, we are committed to fostering a culture of integrity and transparency within the Company. During the Reporting Period, we arranged information sessions and training on listing regulations and corporate governance for the Board of Directors, senior management, and company secretaries. This aims to continuously enhance the Group's corporate governance mechanisms and prevent corruption.

本集團嚴格遵守有關貪污、賄賂、勒索、 欺詐及洗黑錢的法律和規例,包括但不限 於《中華人民共和國反洗錢法》。本集團未 有發現涉及任何對其或其僱員提出並已 審結的貪污訴訟案件,亦不涉及違反相關 法律或法規。

#### 商業道德

為了在業務過程中保持最高的誠信標準, 我們已實行以下措施:

- 要求所有員工簽訂廉政目標責任書; 以及
- 在簽署合同時列明供應商必須遵守 廉潔誠信相關的條款,當中包括嚴禁 向我們員工進行賄賂、提供回扣以及 貴重物品等,以管理及規範供應商的 道德行為方面。

#### 舉報機制

為鼓勵員工舉報潛在的不當行為,本集團 已建立完善的舉報機制,員工可以通過 口頭或書面方式進行舉報,我們對所有舉 報事件嚴格保密。在法律義務要求的情況 外,我們不會未經同意披露舉報人的身份 和其他資訊。如經內部調查發現疑似違法 行為,我們將立即向相關執法部門報告, 以便進行嚴格處理。

#### 反貪污培訓

為確保員工清楚理解並恪守本集團的道 德操守標準,我們致力在公司內部營造誠 信廉潔的文化氛圍。報告期間,我們為董 事會、高級管理層及公司秘書安排了上市 條例及企業管治相關的資訊提供及培訓, 以持續優化本集團的企業管治機制,防範 貪污腐敗行為。

#### PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

In managing and providing products and services, the Group consistently upholds the spirit of "heart for heart" dedicated to maintaining the excellence of property products and services. We strictly comply with laws and regulations in relation to product health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters, including but not limited to:

- "Regulatory Measures on the Sale of Commercial Houses";
- "Regulation on Administration of Development and Operation of Urban Real Estate";
- "The Measures for the Management of Advance Sale of Urban Commercial Houses";
- "Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Urban Real Estate Administration Law of the People's Republic of China"; and
- "Anti-unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China".

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any noncompliance issue relevant to product responsibility. Due to the business nature of the Group, we are not involved in any material issue of intellectual property.

#### Product Quality

To enhance the standardized management of the Engineering Department and ensure controlled project construction processes, we have specifically formulated the "Engineering Management Policy". Additionally, we hire external supervision companies to oversee and inspect each project, ensuring compliance with legal and regulatory requirements and timely completion in a safe environment. We also carefully review supervision reports to verify the relevant content. As the Group is not involved in manufacturing business, the recall of product due to safety or health reason is not involved.

### 產品責任

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本集團在管理及提供產品和服務的過程 中,始終秉持「以心為心」的精神,致力於 維持物業產品及服務的卓越品質。我們嚴 謹遵守有關產品和服務的健康及安全、廣 告、標籤及私隱事宜的法律法規,包括但 不限於:

- 《商品房銷售管理辦法》;
- 《城市房地產開發經營管理條例》;
- 《城市商品房預售管理辦法》;
- 《中華人民共和國廣告法》;
- 《 中 華 人 民 共 和 國 城 市 房 地 產 管 理 法 》;及
- 《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》。

報告期間,本集團並不知悉有涉及任何有 關產品責任的違規事件。基於本集團的 業務性質,我們不涉及重大的知識產權事 宜。

#### 產品質量

為加強工程部的規範化管理,確保項目施 工過程受控,我們特別制定了《工程管理 制度》。此外,我們聘請外部監理公司對各 項目進行監督與檢查,確保項目施工符合 法律法規要求,在安全環境下按期完工。 我們也會仔細審閱監理報告以核實相關 內容。由於本集團並無從事製造業務,因 此不涉及產品因安全或健康理由而需回 收。

In terms of the quality verification process of products and services, the Group has been committed to excellence from the following five aspects:

本集團在產品及服務的質量檢定過程方 面,一直致力用心從以下五大環節精益求 精:



#### **Customer Feedback**

The Group firmly believes that customers' valuable feedback is the driving force behind our continuous improvement. Therefore, we have established diverse communication channels to gather customer feedback, including complaints, to continuously enhance the quality of our products and services. We have opened customer complaint service hotline, complaint collection box and service desk. When a complaint is received, we will handle it properly in accordance with the standard procedure. During the Reporting Period, we did not receive any complaints relevant to products and services.

At the same time, for the purpose of building long-term and good cooperative relationships with customers, we conduct regular visits to communicate directly with customers, understand their practical need, and incorporate their valuable feedback into our building quality control and management processes.

#### 客戶意見

本集團深信客戶的寶貴意見是我們不斷 進步的原動力,為此我們建立了多元化的 溝通管道,廣納客戶的回饋意見,包括投 訴,以持續提升產品與服務品質。我們設 有客戶投訴服務熱線、投訴箱和服務台, 當接收到投訴時,我們會按照既定程序恰 當地處理投訴。在報告期間,本集團沒有 接獲任何項關於產品及服務的投訴。

同時,為與客戶建立長期、良好的合作關 係,我們亦定期進行走訪工作,與客戶直 接溝通,深入了解他們的切實需要,將客 戶的寶貴意見融入我們的樓宇品質管控 與管理流程中。

#### Advertising and Promotion

All publication of advertising materials need to be approved internally to ensure their authenticity and prevent the dissemination of misleading and false information to the public.

#### **Privacy Protection**

The Group deeply understands the importance of protecting customers' personal information and is committed to fully safeguarding their privacy rights in all business aspects. All of our employees are required to sign the confidentiality agreement to ensure that they understand their responsibility to safeguard customer information and confidentiality obligations. Furthermore, we have established access rights for sensitive information, customer information can only be accessed by authorized personnel and used for business activities in relation to that customer. In the event of the authorized employee disclosing customer information improperly, it will be considered as stealing confidential company information. We will handle it strictly in accordance with the law and refer it to law enforcement agencies for serious investigation and action.

#### SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Robust and efficient supply chain management is one of the keys to the Group's ability to continuously provide high-quality and excellent products and services, with procurement management being a critical component of the corporate management process. We adopt a serious attitude and adhere to the principle of fairness and openness when conducting the selection of suppliers and construction materials.

To standardize the procurement process, we have specifically formulated the "Tendering and Procurement Management Policy", which covers all aspects including project tendering and procurement application procedure, tendering and procurement work specifications, tender document submission management. We strictly adhere to the relevant provisions of this system in actual tender work. To ensure that suppliers reach the standard of the Group in the aspects of health and safety, human resources, environmental protection and business ethics, we confirm that suppliers have complied with relevant laws, regulations and contractual responsibilities before reaching cooperative agreements with them.

#### 廣告及宣傳

所有廣告宣傳材料的發佈需要經過公司 內部審核通過,以確保其真確性,防止向 公眾傳播具誤導、虛假性的資訊。

#### 私隱保護

本集團深切理解保護客戶個人資料的重 要性,並致力於在所有業務環節中全面保 障客戶的隱私權益。我們的所有員工均需 簽訂保密協定,以確保他們明白保護客戶 資料的責任及保密義務。另外,我們制定 了敏感資料的存取權限,客戶資料僅可由 獲授權人員接觸並用於該客戶相關的是工如不 適當地披露客戶資料,會視為竊取公司機 密資料,並將嚴格依法處置,移交執法機 關進行嚴肅查處。

### 供應鏈管理

穩健高效的供應鏈管理是本集團持續提 供優質卓越產品與服務的關鍵之一,而採 購管理則是企業管理過程中至關重要的 一環。我們在進行供應商及建築建材的甄 選時採取嚴謹的態度,並堅持以公平及公 開的原則為基礎。

為規範採購流程,我們特別制定了《招標 採購管理制度》,涵蓋工程招標採購申請 程序、招標採購工作規範、中標籤呈管理 等各個環節,並在實際招標工作中嚴格遵 循該制度的相關規定。為確保供應商在健 康和安全、人力資源、環境保護及商業道 德方面達到本集團的標準,我們在與供應 商達成合作協定前會確保其已遵守有關 法律、條例及合約責任。 To ensure that potential suppliers meet relevant requirements and standards, we conduct rigorous reviews or on-site inspections of suppliers. We include qualified suppliers in the "Qualified Supplier List" and establish the procurement contract, Also, through regular supplier assessment and third-party supervision, we continuously optimize supplier management to ensure that the quality of their products and services meets the Group's high standards.

We explicitly require all suppliers to be selected from the "Qualified Supplier List," and we conduct regular monitoring and reviews to ensure their performance consistently meets our stringent standards. For suppliers whose performance does not meet the standards, we provide improvement suggestions to help enhance the quality of their products and services. If they cannot meet the relevant requirements after inspection review, we will remove them from the "Qualified Supplier List".

In addition to engaging a supervisory organization to identify the environmental and social risks in the selection process, we also provide appropriate instructions and regular training to working staff, and strictly stipulate that only qualified, trained, skilled and experienced working staff can work in the construction site, to ensure that the contractors and other suppliers understand their duty and responsibility, build communities in an environmentally friendly, harmless and safe manner and control the impact on the environment in the construction process.

Besides product and service quality, green procurement is also critical. The Group prioritizes the procurement of green and energy efficient products where feasible and economically effective, to reduce the carbon emission and resource consumption in the supply chain, and lower the negative impact of pollution on the health of community. During our selection of suppliers, we source from suppliers located in the project city if possible to reduce carbon emission from transportation, and at the same time increase the local employment rate. Promote economic growth and give back to the community.

During the Reporting Period, we have 38 suppliers from the PRC, and all suppliers have been implemented relevant practices of business ethics management.

為確保潛在供應商符合相關要求及準則, 我們會對供應商進行嚴格的評審或實地 考察,我們會將符合資格的供應商列入 《合格供應商名錄》及訂立採購合同,透 過定期評估及第三方監督持續優化供應 商管理,確保供應商的產品與服務品質符 合本集團的高標準要求。

我們明確要求所有供應商必須從《合格供 應商名錄》中選取,同時對其進行定期監 督和覆審,以確保其表現持續符合我們的 嚴格標準。對於表現未達標準的供應商, 我們亦會提供改善建議,助其提升產品與 服務質量。若在進行覆核後仍未能達到相 關要求,我們會將其從《合格供應商名錄》 予以剔除。

除了聘用監理機構監督識別整個甄選流 程中的環境及社會風險外,我們亦為工作 人員提供適當指示及定期培訓,並嚴格規 定只有符合資格、已接受培訓、技術嫺熟 及富有經驗的工作人員方可在建築工地 進行作業,以確保承建商及其他供應商了 解自身職責及責任,環保、無害及安全地 建設社區,控制建設過程中對環境的影響。

除產品及服務質量外,環保採購同樣重要。本集團於可行及符合經濟效益的情況下,優先採購環保及具節能效益的產品,減低供應鏈中的碳排放和資源消耗,及減低污染對社區健康帶來的負面影響。我們在挑選供應商時,亦盡可能向項目所在城市的供應商進行採購,減低運輸過程的碳排放之外,同時提高當地的就業率,促進經濟發展,回饋社區。

報告期間,我們共有38間國內供應商,而 所有供應商皆已執行相關商業道德管理 的慣例。

#### **EMPLOYMENT COMPLIANCE**

Talent is the cornerstone of our ability to continuously provide high-quality products and excellent services, and it is also a key factor in maintaining the Group's market competitiveness. Our sustainable development is also attributed to the effort of employees. Therefore, the Group emphasizes compliance in the area of employment and is committed to providing a diverse, equitable, and safe workplace environment for employees. The Group strictly complies with the applicable national laws and regulations, including but not limited to:

- "Labour Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases";
- "Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China"; and
- "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Women's Rights and Interests".

To standardize talent management, we have meticulously developed a series of systems, including the "Human Resources Management System," "Employee Handbook," "Attendance Management Policy," and "Leave Management Policy", to ensure that we meet the requirements of laws and regulations and protect rights of employees in the aspects of employee recruitment, salary, working hours, welfare and benefits, promotion, employee training and performance appraisal. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of involved in any noncompliance issue in relation to employment.

### 僱傭合規

人才是我們持續提供優質產品與卓越服務的基石,亦是本集團保持市場競爭力的 關鍵要素。我們的可持續發展更是有賴 一眾員工的不懈努力,因此本集團強調僱 傭方面的合法合規,為員工營造多元、平 等、安全的職場環境。本集團嚴格遵守國 家適用的法律法規,包括但不限於:

- 《中華人民共和國勞動法》;
- 《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》;
- 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》;
- 《中華人民共和國社會保險法》;
- 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》; 及
- 《中華人民共和國婦女權益保障法》。

為規範人才管理,我們精心編製了一系列 制度,包括《人力資源管理制度》、《員工手 冊》、《考勤管理制度》以及《休假管理制 度》等,在員工招聘、薪酬、工作時間、福 利待遇、職位晉升、員工培訓、績效考核 等方面,確保符合法律法規要求及保障員 工的權益。報告期間,本集團未有發現涉 及任何有關僱傭方面的違規事件。

#### Prohibition of Child and Forced Labour

The Group strictly adheres to "Provisions on the Prohibition of Using Child Labour" and has established relevant policies explicitly prohibiting the employment of child labor and forced labor. Our "Employee Handbook" stipulates the steps of recruitment procedure, it is required to check the identification documents before hiring new employees, to ensure that their age meets the minimum requirements of the law. We recommend that employees should not work more than 40 hours per week. In the event where they need to work overtime due to the progress of work, we will also arrange compensatory leave as soon as possible after their overtime work. At the same time, we also require our suppliers to strictly adhere to the relevant regulations, prohibiting the employment of child labor or forced labor.

We will seriously follow up on the issues if any non-compliance is found internally or within our suppliers. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of involved in any non-compliance issue in relation to child labour or forced labour.

#### Equal Opportunity and Diversity

To create a diverse and inclusive workplace environment, we have established the "Anti-Discrimination Practices," which explicitly stipulates that during the recruitment process, factors such as a candidate's age, gender, physical condition, marital status, family role, race, color, nationality, religion, political affiliation, and sexual orientation must not affect their right to equal employment opportunities. Furthermore, we made reference to the requirements of "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Women's Rights and Interests", to ensure that female employees enjoy the right to basic salary and have equal opportunities to promotion as male employees, and they will not be dismissed or terminated employment contract unreasonably due to reasons such as pregnancy, maternity leave or breastfeeding.

#### Grievance Mechanism

The Group is committed to providing a fair and equal grievance mechanism to employees, to enable them to express their needs, concerns and suggestions, facilitate the improvement of the Group together with employees, and strengthen our close relationship and cohesion with employees. Employees can report their needs to the department in writing, through labour union organizations, or to the senior management directly.

#### 禁止童工及強制勞工

本集團嚴格遵守中華人民共和國《禁止使 用童工規定》,並建立了相關制度,明令禁 止僱用童工及強制勞工。我們的《員工手 冊》中列明於招聘程序中的流程,在聘用 新員工前,需檢查其身份證明文件,確 其年齡已符合法例最低要求。我們建議員 工每週工作時間不應超過40小時,在因工 作進度而需短暫加班的情況下,我們亦要 求供應商嚴格遵守相關規定,不得聘用童 工或強制勞工。

一旦發現公司內部或供應商存在有關違 規行為,我們會嚴肅追究。報告期間,本 集團不知悉有任何有關童工或強制勞工 的違規事件。

#### 平等機會及多元化

為營造多元包容的職場環境,我們制定 了《反歧視常規》,明確規定在招聘過程 中,不得因求職者的年齡、性別、身體狀 況、婚姻狀況、家庭崗位、種族、膚色、國 籍、宗教、政治聯繫和性取向等因素而影 響其獲得平等僱傭機會的權利。另外,我 們按照《中華人民共和國婦女權益保障法》 的要求,確保女性員工享有基本工資的權 利,以及擁有與男性員工平等晉升的機 會,不會因懷孕、產假、哺乳期間等原因 被無故解除或終止勞動合同。

#### 申訴機制

本集團致力為員工提供公平及平等的申 訴渠道,讓員工能表達其需求、疑慮及建 議,促使集團與員工共同進步,並強化我 們與員工之間的緊密關係與凝聚力。員工 可以透過書面形式向主管部門申述其需 求、通過工會組織反映,或直接向高級管 理層反映。

#### **REMUNERATION AND BENEFITS**

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Talent management and retention are one of the keys to corporate success. The Group offers competitive remuneration and is committed to offering attractive benefits to employees. The remuneration of the Group is based on the "Post Remuneration Standard Table" of each project, industry norm and socio-economic situation. In terms of welfare and benefits, in addition to providing basic benefits as required by law (including "five social insurances and one fund", labour insurance, and statutory holidays), we also offer various types of leave, allowances, and additional benefits, including leaves such as marriage leave, bereavement leave, maternity leave, work injury leave, annual leave and paternity leave; Subsidies such as working lunches and transportation and communication subsidies; Additional benefits such as staff canteen and health check-ups and a welfare policy for birthday benefits, holiday gifts, and condolence payments.

#### **CARING FOR EMPLOYEES**

The physical and mental well-being of our employees is a major concern for the Group. We encourage employees to adopt a healthy lifestyle with balanced diets and regular exercise through comprehensive facilities and a variety of employee activities. Our staff canteens provide nutritionally balanced meals, and their menus consist of nutritious meals designed by specialists with both meat and vegetables, to ensure employees eat healthily. At the same time, we also care for the physical and mental conditions of employees proactively, encourage them to participate in more outdoor activities, do more exercise and relieve stress properly. During the Reporting Period, we organized various employee activities, including a Lantern Festival Spring Tea Gathering (共度元宵新春茶會) and a team-building day trip. These activities aimed to help employees achieve a work-life balance, alleviate work stress, and enhance emotional connections among employees, thereby increasing their sense of wellbeing and belonging.

#### 薪酬及福利

人才管理及保留為企業成功的關鏈之一, 本集團為員工提供具市場競爭力的薪酬, 並致力給予員工具吸引力的福利。本集團 的薪酬根據各項目《崗位薪酬標準表》、行 業水平及社會經濟狀況而設定。在福利待 遇方面,我們除了依法為員工提供基本福 利外(「五險一金」、強積金、勞工保險及 法定節假日),我們更提供各種假期、補貼 及額外福利,包括婚假、喪假、產假、工 假、年假、侍產假等假期;工作午餐及交 通訊等補貼;員工飯堂、體檢等額外剧 工福利;以及生日福利、節日禮物及慰問 金的福利政策。

### 關愛員工

員工的身心健康是本集團高度關注的議題,我們通過完善的硬件設施和豐富的員工活動,鼓勵員工養成均衡飲食、勤於健康生活方式。我們的員工飯堂提供營養均衡的餐饍,其餐單是由專人搭配、營養適宜的營養餐,確保員工健康飲食。同時,我亦積極關懷員工的身心狀況。 勵員工多參與戶外活動、多做運動及適時 員工多參與戶外活動、多做運動及多。 各一日遊等,旨在幫助員工在工作與增 取得平衡、減緩工作壓力,同時增進員工 間的情感交流提升幸福感、歸屬感。

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

The Group consistently prioritizes occupational health and safety, sparing no effort to provide comprehensive protection for employees. Through proper management of all aspects of business operations and by offering relevant occupational safety training, we are dedicated to working with employees to create a healthy and safe work environment, advancing together towards sustainable development. We strictly comply with laws and regulations in relation to occupational health and safety, including but not limited to:

- "Labour Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases"; and
- "Work Safety Law of the People's Republic of China".

To effectively manage the safety of engineering projects, we have established the "Safe and Civilized Construction Management Policy". The policy stipulates that engineering staff must wear safety equipment and employees need to obtain relevant certificates to work at height, etc. We also implement other relevant security controls, some of which include:

### 健康與安全

本集團始終將職業健康與安全視為重中 之重,不遺餘力地為員工提供全面的保 障。我們通過對業務營運各個環節的妥善 管理,以及提供相關職業安全培訓,致力 與員工攜手締造一個健康、安全的工作環 境,共同邁向可持續發展。我們嚴格遵守 與安全生產相關的法律法規,包括但不限 於:

- 《中華人民共和國勞動法》;
- 《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》;
   及
- 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》。

為有效管理工程項目的安全,我們制定了 《安全文明施工管理制度》。制度規定工 程人員必需配帶安全裝備以及員工需考 獲相關證書才可進行高處工作等。我們亦 執行其他相關安全控制措施,部分包括:



If there is an incident of work injury, the Human Resources Department of the Group will conduct follow-up immediately within the day of the incident, perform corresponding first-aid measures according to the condition of the injured employee, then investigate the cause of the incident and provide measures such as work injury leave to the injured employee in accordance with internal guidance, and implement appropriate measures to reduce the number of incidents.

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of involved in any noncompliance with laws and regulations in relation to occupational safety. There was one work-related injury during the reporting period, resulting in a loss of 60 working days. The related incident was comprehensively and promptly addressed according to procedures. The Group did not have any work-related fatality in the past 3 years (including the Reporting Period).

#### Professional Safety Measures

The Group has stringent regulations for employees engaged in particularly hazardous jobs, such as electrician, that they must hold a nationally recognized qualification certificate and pass the assessment to be authorized to perform work. They must wear protective equipment as required to carry out dangerous work. We also regularly arrange construction site inspections to supervise and ensure that employees wear protective equipment as instructed to ensure the occupational safety of employees.

#### Canteen Hygiene Management

To ensure the safety and health of our employees' diets, the Group places great importance on food safety and hygiene management in our canteen. We require employees involved in food production to submit a health certificate and body check-up reports within three months before entering the workforce and conduct body check-up annually. During food preparation, employees must wear protective workwear such as chef hats, masks, aprons, and rubber shoes, and strictly adhere to food hygiene practices to ensure the safety and hygiene of canteen food.

### **DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING**

To promote employees' career development and skill enhancement, the Group has established the "Training Management Policy". Following the principles of "cost-effectiveness, practicality, efficiency, and diversity", we offer various training opportunities and design specific and up-to-date training courses. This ensures continuous employee improvement and alignment with industry developments, thereby enhancing the Group's competitiveness. Our training is coordinated, guided, and supervised by the Group's Integrated Management Center.

如發生工傷意外,本集團的人力資源部會 在事發當日即時進行跟進,先根據受傷員 工的狀況採取相應急救措施,再調查事發 起因及根據內部指引為涉事受傷員工提 供工傷病假等措施,及後採取適當的措施 以減少發生相關事故的次數。

於報告期間,本集團並不知悉有涉及任何 違反有關職業安全的法律及法規的事宜, 報告期間發生1宗工傷事宜,而損失工作 日數為60日,相關意外已經按程序得到全 面,及時的處理。本集團在過去3年(包括 報告期間)並沒有發生任何因工亡故的事 件。

#### 專業安全防護措施

本集團對從事特殊危險工種的員工(如電 工)設有嚴格規定,必需持有國家認可的 資格證,且考核合格才能獲准進行工作, 當進行有關危險工作時必需佩戴防護用 品。我們亦會定期派人巡查施工場所,監 督確保員工有按要求佩戴防護用品,以保 障員工的職業安全。

#### 食堂衛生管理

為保障員工的飲食安全與健康,本集團高 度重視員工食堂的食品安全與衛生管理 工作。我們要求參與食品製作的員工在入 職前提交健康證及三個月內的體檢報告, 並每年進行體檢。進行食品製作時,員工 需佩戴廚師帽、口罩、圍裙、膠鞋等防護 裝備,嚴格遵守食品衛生操作規程,全力 確保食堂食品的安全與衛生。

### 發展及培訓

為促進員工的職業發展和能力提升,本集團制定了《培訓管理制度》,按照「經濟、實用、高效、多樣化」的原則提供多元化的培訓機會予員工,並設計具針對性及與時並進的培訓課程,令員工持續進步、緊貼行業發展,同時加強本集團的競爭力。我們的培訓由集團的綜合管理中心統籌、指導及監督。

#### Systematic and Diversified Training Programs

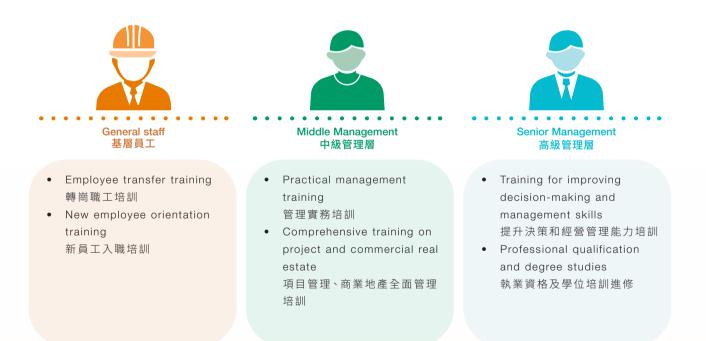
To offer systematic and comprehensive training and development for staff at all levels, we have formulated an annual training plan, including a series of orientation training, to assist employees in their fast adaptation to the Company and becoming familiar with job skills. We also organize various on-the-job training for employees according to their actual position needs and development pathways, to raise their ideological awareness, job skills, and management capabilities and promote performance advancement and employee development.

During the Reporting Period, we organized a high diversity of training course, including but not limited to property issuance training, financial policies relevant training, how to design the management system for service recovery, how to choose the responding principles to typical customer complaints, sales skill improvement training, operational management relevant training and stamp duty training.

#### 系統化及多元化培訓計劃

為了向各職級的員工提供有系統及全面 的培訓發展,我們制定了年度培訓計劃, 當中包括一系列的新員工培訓課程,幫助 員工更快融入公司及熟悉崗位技能。我們 亦會根據員工的實際工作需要及其發展 方向,為他們組織各類在職培訓,以提高 他們的思想意識、崗位技能及管理能力, 促進業績提升與員工發展。

於報告期間,我們舉辦了多樣化的培訓 課程,包括但不限於物業簽證培訓、財務 制度相關培訓、如何設計服務補救管理系 統、如何選擇典型投訴客戶的應對原則、 銷售技能提升培訓、營運管理相關培訓及 印花稅培訓等。



#### Performance Management and Evaluation

The Group has established a comprehensive and efficient performance management system to motivate employees to continuously improve their work performance, support their personal career development, and enhance the Group's operational performance, achieving a win-win situation. We have formulated the "Employee Performance Appraisal Scheme," which stipulates the conduction of monthly basic assessments, quarterly pre-assessment, mid-term assessment, and annual integrated assessment. The evaluation adopts key performance indicators, such as important work and project progress etc. For employees at all levels whose performance is overfulfilled in the annual integrated assessment and those who have completed work on time and made significant progress, we offer them with performance bonus for encouragement. In addition, we conduct performance interviews quarterly through communication with employees, so that employees understand the goals and standards of the work, eliminate the misunderstanding against evaluation, and let the appraiser understand the needs and difficulties of subordinates to guide employees correctly and effectively. To ensure the fairness and transparency of performance management, employees who have any protest regarding the assessment result can submit an appeal in writing to the Human Resources Department of the project company.

#### **COMMUNITY INVESTMENT**

As a member of the community, the Group consistently remembers its responsibility to give back and actively participates in various community activities to foster close ties with the community. During the reporting period, the Group organized several community-building activities, including a volunteer tree-planting event. Through these activities, not only did we beautify the local environment, but the Group also aimed to promote sustainable development within the community, enhance community cohesion, and lay a solid foundation for future ecological protection.

Due to its outstanding performance in community investment, the Group received multiple honors this year, including the "Cooperative Construction Unit" ("合作共建單位") award from the Jinkou Community Residents' Committee and the "Caring Enterprise" ("愛心企業") award. These accolades fully recognize the Group's active contributions to community building and public welfare.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to focus on community needs and explore diverse community investment projects, fulfilling our corporate social responsibility through concrete actions.

#### 績效管理及評核

本集團建立了完善、高效的績效管理制 度,以激勵員工不斷提升工作表現,支持 其個人職業發展,同時促進集團的經營績 效, 達致雙贏。我們制定了《員工績效考核 方案》,當中規定進行月度基礎考核、季度 預考核、年中階段考核和年度綜合考核。 考核採用關鍵績效指標,如重點工作和項 目進度等。對於在年度綜合考核中業績超 額完成,以及重點工作節點準時完成並取 得重大進步的各級員工,我們均給予績效 工資以作鼓勵。另外,我們於每季度進行 績效面試,通過與員工溝通,讓員工了解 工作的目標和標準,消除對考評的誤解, 也讓考核人了解下屬的需求和困難,以便 正確有效地引導員工。為確保績效管理的 公平性和透明度,若員工對考核結果存有 異議,可透過書面形式向項目公司人事部 提出申訴。

### 社區投資

本集團身為社區的一份子,時刻銘記回饋 社區的責任,並以積極參與各項社區活動 來促進與社區的緊密聯繫。於報告期間, 本集團舉辦了多項社區共建活動,包括義 務植樹活動。透過這些活動,不僅美化了 當地環境,本集團更希望能夠促進社區的 可持續發展,增強社區凝聚力,並為未來 的生態保護打下堅實基礎。

憑藉在社區投資方面的卓越表現,本集團 在今年榮獲了多項殊榮,包括金口社區居 民委員會授予的「合作共建單位」獎項,以 及「愛心企業」獎項,這些獎項充分肯定了 本集團在社區建設和公益事業中的積極 貢獻。

展望未來,本集團將持續關注社區需求, 並不斷探索開展多元化的社區投資項目, 以實際行動履行企業社會責任。

SOCIAL KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS <sup>2</sup>		社會關鍵績效指標 <sup>2</sup>	
Social Key Performance Indicators 社會關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	2024 二零二四年度	2023 二零二三年度
B1 Employment B1僱傭 B1.1 Number of Employees <sup>1</sup> B1.1僱員數目 <sup>1</sup> Total 總數	Person 人	138	83
<b>By Gender</b> 按性別分類 Male 男性 Female 女性	Person 人 Person 人	92 46	41 42
<b>By Employment Categor</b> 按僱傭類型分類 Part-time/Contract 兼職/合約 Full time 全職	Person 人 Person 人	3 135	1 82
<b>By Employee Category</b> 按僱員類別分類 Senior management 高級管理人員 Middle management 中級管理人員 General staff	Person 人 Person 人 Person	1 18 119	5 14 64
一般員工 <b>By Age Group</b> 按年齡組別分類 20 or below 20歲或以下 21-30	人 Person 人 Person	0	04 0 10
21-30歲 31-40 31-40歲 41-50 41-50歲	人 Person 人 Person 人	40 40	37 22
41-50歲 51 or above 51歲或以上	入 Person 人	50	14

<sup>2</sup> Compare with last year, the scope of the Key Performance Indicators of his Report includes four additional property management companies compared to the previous year: Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd. ("Wuhan Yuejing"), Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Services Co., Ltd. ("Hohhot Pengshengjie"), Ningxia Guanling Property Services Co., Ltd. ("Ningxia Guanling"), which is responsible for projects in Yinchuan, and Ningxia Shengze Huaxia Market Management Co., Ltd. ("Ningxia Shengze"). 與去年相比,本報告的關鍵績效指標的涵蓋 範圍會較上年度多四間物業管理公司(包括 武漢閱景物業管理有限公司(「武漢閱景」), 呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有限責任公 司(「呼和浩特鵬盛潔」),負責銀川項目的寧 夏冠凌物業服務有限公司(「寧夏冠凌」)及 寧夏盛澤華夏市場管理有限公司(「寧夏盛 澤」)。

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Social Key Performance Indicators	Unit	2024	2023
社會關鍵績效指標	單位	2024 二零二四年度	二零二三年度
By Geographical Region			
, 按工作地點分類			
Mainland China	Person	138	83
中國內地	人		
B1.2 Employee Turnover Rate			
B1.2員工流失率			
By Gender			
按性別分類			
	Percentage	3	10
男性	百分比	15	00
Female 女性	Percentage 百分比	15	26
By Age Group			
按年齡組別分類			_
20 or below	Percentage	0	0
20歲或以下 21-30	百分比 Percentage	0	50
21-30	百分比	0	50
31-40	Percentage	20	24
31-40歲	百分比		
41-50	Percentage	5	5
41-50歲	百分比		
51 or above	Percentage	0	0
51歲或以上	百分比		
By Geographical Region of Working			
按地區分類			
Mainland China	Percentage	7	18
中國內地	百分比		
B3 Development and Training			
B3發展及培訓			
B3.1 Percentage of Employees Trained			
B3.1員工受訓百分比			
By Gender			
按性別分類	<b>D</b>		<b>6</b> -
Male 男性	Percentage 百分比	100	95
另1生 Female	日方CC Percentage	96	98
女性	百分比	90	90

社會關鍵線效指標単位二零二四年度二零二三年度By Employes Category 发展員知分分類技會關鍵線效指標Percentage10030高級管理人員百分比100中級百工百分比百分比Ceneral staffPercentage9997一般頁工百分比百分比97B3.2 Average Training Hours Completed per Employee B3.2 年入目、中国の時数10080B3.2 保全電子工学的受測時数Hour95B3.2 保全電子工学的受測時数Hour95By Employee Category 发展員別分類	Social Key Performance Indicators	Unit	2024	2023
排産員期分分類         Percentage         100         80           高松管理人員         百分比         百分比         100         80           례然管理人員         百分比         百分比         100         80           健康工         百分比         百分比         100         80           健康工         百分比         百分比         9         97           一般員工         百分比         100         80         100           B3.5 2.4verage Training Hours Completed per Employee B3.5 & 54 見工中均受調時数         130         10         10           B3.6 2.4 pt 平均受調時数         100         10         13         3           PU Gender         小時         9         5           Formale         Hour         13         3         3           文性         小時         30         2         3         3           K型信算別分類         Senior management         Hour         10         3         3           Senior management         Hour         10         3         4         4           Model management         Hour         10         3         4         4           Senior management         Hour         10         4         4         4         4         4<				
Serior management Parcentage 100 80 급했 특권 시 특 100 80 급했 특권 시 특 100 80 급 分 比 100 Percentage 15 0 100 B3.2 Average Training Hours Completed per Employee B3.2 Average Training Hours Photomase B4.2 Average Training Hours Photomase B4.2 Average Training Hours Photomase B5.2 Average Training Hours Hours B5.2 Average Training Hours Hours B5.2 Average Training Hours B5.2 Average Traini	By Employee Category			
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Middle management         Percentage         94         100           甲했은理人員         百分比         99         97           一般員工         百分比         99         97			100	80
中級管理人員     百分比       General staff     Percentage     99     97				
General staff 一般其工         Percentage 百分比         99         97           B3.2 Average Training Hours Completed per Employee B3.26 名員工平均受訓時数 By Gender 超性別分類         日のur         9         5           By Gender 資性別の項目         小時         9         5           男性         小時         13         3           女性         小時         13         3           By Employee Category 技術員類別分類		0	94	100
一般頁工百分比B3.2 Average Training Hours Completed per Employee B3.2 每名員工平均受訓時数 By Cender 規性別分類 MaleHour95男性小時133子emaleHour133女性小時302夢 Employee Category 技備員預別分類 Senior managementHour302高級管理人員小時103中級管理人員小時103中級管理人員小時104一般員工小時104一般員工小時3838Stopply Chain Management BS1, 5.2 Humber of Suppliers BS1, 5.2 Humber of Suppliers BS2 St1, 5.2 Humber of Suppliers BS2 St1, 5.2 Humber of Suppliers BS2 St1, 5.2 Humber of Suppliers BS2 St1, 5.2 Humber of Suppliers3838Bf Product Responsibility BegeaBft BS2.2 Number of service-related complaints RSupplier3838B7 Anti-Corruption B7Zq57 B7.1 Number of corruption lawsuits filed or concludedSupplier Supplier00B7 Anti-Corruption B7Zq57Corruption lawsuits filed or concludedSupplier Supplier00				
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B3.2每A員工平均受訓時数       Py Cender         按性別分類       Hour       9       5         男性       小時       13       3         Female       Hour       13       3         女性       小時       13       3         By Employee Category 女性       小時       30       2         By Employee Category 大体       小時       30       2         By Employee Category 大体 目した       小時       30       2         By Employee Category 大体 目した       小時       30       3         General staff       Hour       10       3         日日工       小時       10       4         一般目工       小時       38       38         By Ent, 5.2 Rumber of Suppliers BS1, 5.2 Rumber of Suppliers BS1, 5.2 Rumber of Suppliers BS1, 5.2 Rumber of Suppliers BS1, 5.2 Rumber of Suppliers       38       38         By Ent Number of suppliers assessed during the Reporting Period       Supplier       38       38         By English Eff       Supplier       38       38       38		日分比		
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女性         小時           By Employee Category 技備員類別分類			13	З
By Employee Category ½m(a) 類別分類         Supplement         Hour         30         2           Sevior management         Hour         30         2           Side 20 (a)         JvB         10         3           Middle management         Hour         10         3           Public 20 (a)         JvB         10         4           Offeneral staff         Hour         10         4           Deg I         VvB         10         4           B5 Supply Chain Management         B5(#應鍵管理         B5.1, 5.2 Number of Suppliers         85           B5.1, 5.2 Number of Suppliers         B5         38         38           Piolophu         x         x         x           Number of suppliers assessed during the Reporting Period         Supplier         38         38           Number of suppliers assessed during the Reporting Period         Supplier         38         38           Ke Big Elight         B6.2 Number of service-related complaints         Supplier         38         38           B6.2 Number of service-related complaints         Supplier         x         0         0           B6.2 Number of service-related complaints         Supplier         x         10         0           B6			10	0
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#### **EMISSIONS**

The Group deeply understands the impact of emissions generated during operations, such as exhaust gases, greenhouse gases, and solid waste, on the environment and the community as a whole. Therefore, we have implemented a series of measures to reduce the amount of emissions from our operational process. We strictly comply with applicable laws and regulations in relation to environment, including but not limited to:

- "Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Pollution from Environmental Noise";
- "Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China";
- "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environment Pollution Caused by Solid Wastes";
- "Law of the People's Republic of China on Environmental Impact Assessment"; and
- "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China".

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware involved in any noncompliance with laws and regulations in relation to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges to water and land, and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

### 排放物

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本集團深明營運過程中產生的排放物,如 廢氣、溫室氣體、廢棄物等,對環境及社 區整體帶來的影響,因此我們採取了一系 列措施,減低我們營運過程的排放量。我 們嚴格遵守有關環境且適用的法律法規, 包括但不限於:

- 《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》;
- 《中華人民共和國環境噪聲污染防治 法》;
- 《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》;
- 《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境 防治法》;
- 《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》;
   及
- 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》。

報告期間,本集團並未發現有涉及任何因 違反有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土 地之排放以及產生有害及無害廢棄物之 法律法規的事宜。

#### Exhaust Gas and Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The Group's exhaust gas and greenhouse gas emissions during our operations primarily from the use of vehicles, the gas used for cooking in canteens set up in some projects, and the electricity consumed in the daily operation of offices. Our employees need to travel on business irregularly to meet the project's daily operations and business needs. Although the emission involved is relatively little, we understand that business travel still causes greenhouse gas emissions. Therefore we have developed responsive measures and aim to maintain or gradually reduce our emission level, including:

- Encouraging sales representatives and employees to use public transportation as much as possible when visiting customers and joining external meetings or events respectively;
- Encouraging employees to walk instead of taking transportation if possible for close destinations; and
- Setting up telephones and video conferencing systems at office locations to encourage staff to prioritize the use of teleconferencing or video conference instead of face-to-face meetings where feasible.

#### Waste Management

Due to the nature of the Group's business, we do not produce hazardous waste in our operational process. The non-hazardous waste generated by our business was mainly from the food waste generated in staff canteens, construction waste generated by property owners or settled brands, and household waste generated in office, residential and commercial areas. For items that must be disposed of, we require employees to carry out waste sorting and recycling. For waste that cannot be reused, including construction debris from renovation, domestic waste and food waste etc., they are collected and processed by the municipal departments collectively.

#### 廢氣及溫室氣體排放

本集團營運過程中產生的廢氣及溫室氣 體排放,主要來自於車輛的使用、部分項 目設置的食堂煮食燃氣,以及辦公室在日 常營運所消耗的電力。本集團的僱員需要 不定期地進行商務旅行,以應付項目內的 日常營運及業務往來。儘管當中所涉及的 排放量佔比較少,但我們日商務旅行會 仍會造成溫室氣體排放,因此我們已制定 相應措施,以維持或逐步減少我們的排放 量為目標,包括:

- 鼓勵業務員在拜訪客戶時,以及員工 在參加外部會議或活動時,盡量乘搭 公共交通工具;
- 針對較近的目的地,鼓勵員工盡量以 步行代替乘搭交通工具;及
- 於辦公地點設置電話及視像會議系統,鼓勵員工在可行的情況下優先使用電話會議或視像會議代替面對面的會議。

#### 廢棄物管理

基於本集團的業務性質,我們的營運過程 並不會產生有害廢棄物。我們的業務所產 生的無害廢物主要來自員工食堂產生的 廚餘、業主或入駐品牌商進行裝修時產生 的建築廢料、於辦公室、住宅區及商業區 所產生的生活垃圾。針對無法避免產生的 廢棄物,我們要求員工對其進行分類回收 處理;而對於無法循環再用的廢棄物,如 裝修過程中產生的建築廢料、日常生活垃 圾和食堂廚餘等,則交由市政部門統一收 集處置。

To achieve the target of reducing the generation of waste gradually, we encourage employees to implement the "Recycle, Reuse and Reduce" principles in the daily operation, and carry out the following measures:

為達到逐步減少廢棄物產生的目標,我們 鼓勵員工從日常營運中執行「循環回收、 物盡其用以及減少使用」原則,並執行以 下措施:



#### Paper Consumption 用紙

Promote paperless office and adopt an e-commerce mode of operation 提倡無紙化辦公室,採用電子化的營運模式

Set up printing rights, and collect statistics of consumption and recycling for managing paper consumption

設置列印許可權,同時對相關使用量及回收量進行統計以便管理用紙情況

# Other Stationaries and Office Supplies 其他辦公室及文儀用品

Require employees to handle computer equipment and its peripheral electronics properly, and handover them to commercial recyclers to dismantle the remaining computer parts and recycle parts of value if possible

要求員工妥善處理電腦設備及其周邊電子配件,並將它們交托商業回收機構以拆卸剩餘電 腦部件及盡可能回收有價值的零件



#### Food Waste 廚餘

Encourage employees to take appropriate amount of food and require employees to notice canteen staff of any items they do not consume in advance. The property management center will arrange inspections occasionally, if any employees are found not to comply with the requirement, they shall pay compensations based on the price of the meal

鼓勵員工取適合份量的食物,要求員工提前告知飯堂人員任何不吃的飯菜。物業管理中心將 不定期安排檢查,如發現有員工不遵守相關規定,須按餐價進行賠償

Set up meal ordering system to pre-order food ingredients based on the number of employees each day, to minimize food waste as much as possible

設立報餐制度以便能按當天員工的數量預定食物原材料,最大限度減少浪費

Put up slogan of "Cherish Food" over canteens and promote the "Clear Your Plate" campaign

於食堂各處張貼「珍惜食物」的標語,提倡光盤行動

Set up collection bins for food waste, which are collected and handled by consigners with professional qualifications

設立廚餘收集桶,並由具備專業資格的委托商進行收集及處理

#### Sewage Discharge

The sewage discharge from our projects were mainly from the public water consumption of canteens, residence and shops, water for fire service and water for cleaning vehicles and equipment. Domestic sewage is pre-treated by septic tanks, the sewage form canteens and catering is treated by grease traps before entering the sewage treatment plant for centralized treatment.

#### 污水排放

我們項目的污水排放主要來自食堂、住宅 和商舗的公共用水、消防用水、清潔車輛 及設備的用水。生活污水經化糞池、食堂 及餐飲廢水經隔油池預先處理後進入污 水處理廠集中處理。

### **USE OF RESOURCES**

We are committed to effective resource management, to enhance the efficiency of resource consumption. As the Group is not involved in manufacturing business, no packaging material was consumed.

#### Energy

We actively develop and implement energy-saving measures and aim to improve the Group's overall energy efficiency and reduce indirect emissions from electricity consumption, some of the measures include:

- Require employees to turn off lighting and energy-consuming devices when leaving the office;
- Turn off machinery not in use and idle equipment;
- Enable sleep mode when the computer will not be used for a short period;
- Set air conditioners in office to a moderate temperature and turn them off when not necessary; and
- Use LED light bulbs in projects for lighting in the residential, public and office areas to save energy consumed by regular light bulbs

#### 資源使用

我們致力於有效的資源管理,務求提高資源的使用效率。由於本集團並無從事製造 業務,故並無使用任何包裝材料。

#### 能源

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我們積極制定並執行節能措施,並以提高 集團整體能源效益及減少因電力消耗而 產生的間接排放為目標,其中所執行的措 施包括:

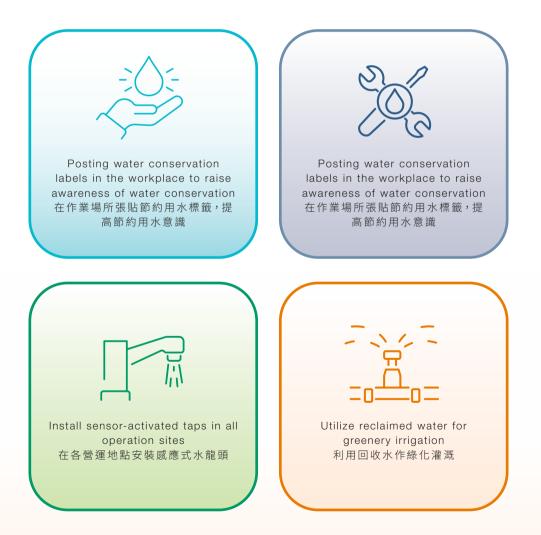
- 要求員工離開辦公室時必須關閉燈
   光及耗能裝置;
- 關掉非使用中的機械和閒置設備;
  - 短時間內不使用電腦時,啟用睡眠模 式;
  - 將 辦 公 室 空 調 設 定 在 適 中 溫 度 及 於 不 必 要 時 將 其 關 閉 ; 及
- 為節省燈泡所消耗的電力,我們於
   各項目中使用LED燈泡,為項目的住
   宅、公共和辦公區域提供照明。

#### Water Resources

Our water usage primarily covers daily needs in canteens, residential buildings and commercial public areas, fire service, vehicle and equipment cleaning, renovation work, road and building cleaning, and greenery irrigation. During the Reporting Period, our water consumption was supplied by the water supply system of the municipal government, so there has not been any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose. We continuously monitor and record water consumption and have implemented the following water-saving measures to enhance water efficiency:

#### 水資源

我們的用水主要涵蓋了食堂、住宅和商 舖公共區域的日常用水需求、消防系統、 車輛和設備清洗、裝修施工、道路及建築 物清潔,以及園林綠化灌溉等方面。報告 期間,我們的用水由市政府的供水系統供 應,故未有在求取適用水源上出現任何問 題。我們持續監測及記錄耗水量,並實施 了以下節水措施,以提升用水效率為目 標:



### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

#### **GREEN CONSTRUCTION**

The Group's business development depends on the resources supplied by the nature. Therefore we hope to reduce negative impacts on the environment in our operational process to our best ability. Our construction work are carried out by contractors so we do not have significant impact on the environment. However, we still assume the responsibility of supervising contractors, conducting environmental assessments in each project to analyze and assess the impact of the project on the environment, and developing environmental management measures specific to projects, including:

- Require contractors to first carry out sedimentation to the construction wastewater generated during the construction process before discharging it into the municipal sewage network;
- Reusing sewage for construction site dust reduction, road cleaning and vehicle tire washing;
- Requiring contractors to handle construction waste appropriately; and
- Prohibit noise-generating construction work at night.

### SUSTAINABLE BUILDING DESIGN

We have incorporated elements of sustainable development into the life cycle of buildings, and actively respond to the national "14th Five-Year Plan for Building Energy Efficiency and Green Building Development" to vigorously promote the development of energy-efficient and green buildings. We are committed to reducing carbon emissions from construction projects and making a positive contribution to achieving national carbon peaking and carbon neutrality. While reducing carbon emissions, we also expect to continuously improve building functions to fulfil our commitment to provide users with high-quality, comfortable living, entertainment, and leisure spaces.

Our Qinhuangdao Project has passed the assessment of Green Buildings Evaluation Standard and met the following standards:

- First phase of the project (Zones A, B, C): 2-star/1-star rating
- Exhibition Centre: 1-star rating

### 綠色施工

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本集團的業務發展依賴大自然所提供的 資源,因此我們於營運過程中亦希望能盡 量減少對環境的負面影響。我們的建設工 程皆由承建商負責實際執行,因此我們對 環境並沒有重大的影響。但我們仍承擔監 督承建商的責任,在每一項目均進行環境 評估工作,以分析評估項目對環境的影響 性,制定針對項目的環境管理措施,包括:

- 要求承建商將施工過程中產生的施工作業污水先進行沉降處理,再排放 至市政府污水管網;
  - 將廢水重用於施工場地減塵、道路清 洗、車輛輪胎沖洗等;
- 要求承建商將建築廢棄物進行妥善 處理;以及
- 禁止夜間進行產生噪音的建築施工 作業。

### 可持續建築設計

我們在建築物的生命週期上融入了可持 續發展元素,並積極響應國家的《十四五 建築節能與綠色建築發展規劃》,大力推 動建築節能與綠色建築的發展。我們致力 減低建築項目的碳排放,為實現國家碳達 峰及碳中和做出積極貢獻。在減少碳排放 同時,我們亦期望不斷完善建築使用功 能,致力為用戶提供優質、舒適的生活、 娛樂及休閒空間。

我們的秦皇島項目已通過綠色建築項目 專項評審,並符合以下標準:

- 項目一期(A、B、C區):二星級/一 星級
- ▶ 展示中心:一星級

As for providing a livable environment, we have implemented green roof construction in projects and improve building energy efficiency by reducing the use of air conditioning and heating. In terms of resources saving, we have adopted energy-efficient LED lighting and introduced natural light into the interior of buildings to reduce energy consumption for lighting.

#### **CLIMATE CHANGE**

Climate Change as an issue of global awareness, corporates worldwide are under the influence of the risks and opportunities it brings, including more frequent extreme weather events, such as typhoons and extreme rainfalls. As a property developer, we also may face the risk of the loss of human and other resources.

To respond to the risks brought by climate change, and safeguard homeland at the same time, we have formulated relevant policies and measures, to prevent or reduce the potential damage climate change may bring to the existing property owned by the Group and protect the safety of employees and users: 在提供宜居環境方面,我們已在項目中實施屋頂緣化工程,通過減少空調及暖氣的使用量來提高建築的節能效益。而在節約資源方面,我們亦已採用環保節能的LED 燈具,並將自然光引入建築物內部,以減少照明能耗。

### 氣候變化

氣候變化作為全球關注的議題之一,各地 企業的營運都受其帶來的風險和機遇影 響,包括極端的氣候事件如颱風及極端降 雨事件愈變頻密等。作為物業開發者,我 們亦可能面對人力及資源損失的風險。

為應對氣候變化帶來的風險,同時守護家 園,我們已制定相關制度及措施,以預防 或減少氣候變化對本集團現有物業可能 造成的破壞及保障員工用戶的生命安全:

Evaluate and make judgement according to the early warnings issued by the local meteorological department. 根據當地氣象部門所發出的 預警進行評估研判。 The local project leader will meet with all relevant departments to formulate and assess safety management measures to achieve flood prevention and drainage. 當地項目負責人會與所有 相關部門展開會議,以制定 及評估相關安全管理措施 達致防汛排洪。 Some of the measures include strengthening staff attendant, inspection, and reporting any flood prevention and drainage information. 部分措施包括加強人員的 值班值守、巡查處置工作, 和做好防汛排洪信息的報送 工作。

Besides, we also actively contribute to relieving global warming, including enhancing the management of high-energy consumption equipment to lower the energy consumption and greenhouse gas emission in each project gradually. The Group will continue to pay attention to the market changes in relation to climate change, to grasp opportunities. During the Reporting Period, we also utilized carbon offsets to achieve the above goals. The carbon offset project we have utilised is the Hebei ChengAn Biomass Cogeneration Project (Project ID: 3797) from the United Nations Clean Development Mechanism ("CDM"), which focuses on generating electricity by utilising local straw from cotton. The electricity generated from this project is sold to the Hebei Provincial Power Grid, replacing the capacity of coal-fired power plants. The project contributes to greenhouse gas emission reduction, comprehensive utilization of resources, environmental protection, and providing job opportunities and increasing income of local residents. Certified Emission Reductions (CERs) from this project were also used for carbon neutrality at the 19th Asian Games Hangzhou 2022 and the 4th Asian Para Games Hangzhou 2022.

除此之外,我們亦積極為減緩氣候變化作 出貢獻,包括提高能耗設備的管理,以逐 步降低在各項目營運過程中的能源消耗 及溫室氣體排放。本集團會繼續關注氣候 變化相關的市場變化,以把握機遇。報告 期間,我們還利用了碳抵消來降低溫室氣 體的排放強度。我們選用的碳抵消項目 是聯合國清潔發展機制 (「CDM」) 中的河 北成安生物質熱電聯產項目(項目編號: 3797)。該項目專注於利用當地棉花秸稈 發電,所產生的電力出售給河北省電網, 替代了燃煤電廠的發電能力。這個項目不 僅有助於減少溫室氣體排放、綜合利用資 源、保護環境,還為當地居民提供了就業 機會和增加收入的機會。此外,該項目的 核證減排量(CER)也被用於二零二二年第 十九屆杭州亞運會和二零二二年第屆杭 州亞殘運會的碳中和工作。

### ENVIRONMENTAL KEY PERFORMANCE

環境關鍵績效指標2

#### **INDICATORS**<sup>2</sup>

2

Environmental Key Performance Indicators 環境關鍵績效指標	Unit 單位	2024 二零二四年度	2023 二零二三年度
A1 Emissions A1排放物			
A1.1 Air Emissions A1.1廢氣排放			
Nitrogen oxides	kg	277.45	290.12
氮氧化物	千克		0.40
Sulphur oxides 硫氧化物	kg 千克	3.11	0.18
Particulate Matter	kg	0.71	3.53
懸浮粒子	千克		
A1.2 Greenhouse Gas Emissions			
A1.2溫室氣體排放量 Scope 1 – Direct emissions	Tonnes of CO₂e	729.82	809.33
範圍1一直接排放	噸二氧化碳當量	129.02	009.33
Scope 2 – Energy indirect emissions	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e	2,432.38	1,695.46
範圍2一能源間接排放 GHG removal by tree planting	噸二氧化碳當量 Tonnes of CO₂e	2.30	11.50
因樹木種植所減低的溫室氣體總量	噸二氧化碳當量		
Total 總量	Tonnes of CO₂e 噸二氧化碳當量	3,159.90	2,493.29
严重 Intensity	ゥー毛口吸由里 Tonnes of CO2e/HK\$'000 revenue	0.10	0.05
密度	噸二氧化碳當量/每千港元收益		
A1.4 Non-hazardous Waste			
A1.4無害廢棄物	_		
Food waste 廚餘	Tonnes 噸	9.55	9.40
Construction waste	Tonnes	0	570.00
建築廢料 Paper	噸 Tonnes	1.23	0.05
A Landau Land	响	1.23	0.05
Other domestic waste	Tonnes	471.94	566.80
其他生活廢物 Total	噸 Tonnes	482.72	1,146.25
總量	噸		1,110.20
Intensity 密度	kg/HK\$'000 revenue 壬吉/伝壬港二收益	15.12	22.17
省反	千克/每千港元收益		

Compare with last year, the scope of the Key Performance Indicatorst of his Report includes four additional property management companies compared to the previous year: Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd. ("Wuhan Yuejing"), Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Services Co., Ltd. ("Hohhot Pengshengjie"), Ningxia Guanling Property Services Co., Ltd. ("Ningxia Guanling"), which is responsible for projects in Yinchuan, and Ningxia Shengze Huaxia Market Management Co., Ltd. ("Ningxia Shengze"). 與去年相比,本報告的關鍵績效指標的涵蓋 範圍會較上年度多四間物業管理公司(包括 武漢閱景物業管理有限公司(「武漢閱景」), 呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業管理服務有限責任公 司(「呼和浩特鵬盛潔」),負責銀川項目的寧 夏冠凌物業服務有限公司(「寧夏冠凌」)及 寧夏盛澤華夏市場管理有限公司(「寧夏盛 澤」)。

2

Environmental Key Performance Indicators	Unit	2024	2023
環境關鍵績效指標	單位	二零二四年度	二零二三年度
A2 Use of Resources			
A2資源使用			
A2.1 Energy Consumption			
A2.1能源使用			
Indirect energy – Purchased electricity	kWh	4,265,090.42	2,972,924.58
間接能源一外購電力	千瓦時		
Direct energy – Non-renewable fuel	kWh	3,581,847.55	3,993,952.08
直接能源一非再生燃料	千瓦時		
Total	kWh	7,846,937.97	6,966,876.66
總量	千瓦時		
Intensity	kWh/HK\$'000 revenue	245.82	134.73
密度	千瓦時/每千港元收益		
A2.2 Water Resources			
A2.2水資源			
Total water consumption	m <sup>3</sup>	312,579.83	22,043.00
用水總量	立方米	,	,
Intensity	m³/HK\$'000 revenue	9.79	0.43
密度	立方米/每千港元收益	5.15	0.40
ц <sub>Ю</sub>			

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

## HKEX'S LISTING RULE APPENDIX C2 ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE CONTENT INDEX

## 聯交所上市規定附錄C2《環境、 社會及管治報告指引》索引

Subject area 主要範疇	Content 內容	Chapter/Disclosure 對應報告章節
Mandatory Disclo 強制披露規定	osure Requirement	
Governance Structure	<ul> <li>A Statement from the board containing the following elements:</li> <li>(I) disclosure of the board's oversight of ESG issues;</li> <li>(ii) the board's ESG management approach and strategy, including the process used to evaluate, prioritize and manage material ESG-related issues (including risks to the issuer's business); and</li> <li>(iii) how the board reviews progress made against ESG-related</li> </ul>	Sustainable Governance, Materiality Assessment
管治架構	<ul> <li>(iii) 抗酸 the board reviews progress made against Loca related goals and targets with an explanation of how they relate to the issuer's business</li> <li>由董事會發出的聲明,當中載有下列內容:</li> <li>(i) 披露董事會對環境、社會及管治事宜的監管;</li> </ul>	可持續發展管治、重要 性評估
	<ul> <li>(ii) 董事會的環境、社會及管治管理方針及策略,包括評估、優次排列及 管理重要的環境、社會及管治相關事宜(包括對發行人業務的風險) 的過程;及</li> <li>(iii) 董事會如何按環境、社會及管治相關目標檢討進度、並解釋它們如 何與發行人業務有關連。</li> </ul>	
Reporting Principles	A description of, or an explanation on, the application of the Reporting Principles (materiality, quantitative, and consistency) in the preparation of the ESG Report	Reporting Principles
匯報原則	描述或解釋在編備環境、社會及管治報告時如何應用匯報原則(重要性、量化和一致性)。	報告原則
Reporting Boundary	A narrative explaining the reporting boundaries of the ESG report and describing the process used to identify which entities or operations are included in the ESG report.	Reporting Scope
匯報範圍	解釋環境、社會及管治報告的匯報範圍,及描述挑選哪些實體或業務納 入環境、社會及管治報告的過程。	報告範圍及期間

Subject area 主要範疇	Content 內容	Chapter/Disclosure 對應報告章節
A. Environmental A.環境		
Aspect A1: Emiss A1排放物	ions	
General	Information on:	Emissions
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer	
	relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous	
一般披露	waste. 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產 生等的: (a)政策;及	排放物
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	
KPI A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Environmental Key Performance Indicators
關鍵績效指標A1.1	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	環境關鍵績效指標
KPI A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity.	Environmental Key Performance Indicators
關鍵績效指標A1.2	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體總排放量量(以噸計算)及 (如適用)密度。	環境關鍵績效指標
KPI A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (tonnes) and where appropriate, intensity.	Not applicable
關鍵績效指標A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度。	不適用
KPI A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity.	Environmental Key Performance Indicators
關鍵績效指標A1.4 KPI A1.5	所產生無害廢棄物總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 密度。 Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	環境關鍵績效指標 Exhaust Gas and Greenhouse Gas Emissions
關鍵績效指標A1.5 KPI A1.6	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps	廢氣及溫室氣體排放 Waste Management
關鍵績效指標A1.6	taken to achieve them. 描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達 到這些目標所採取的步驟。	廢棄物管理

Subject area 主要範疇 力容Content 分容Chapter/Disclosure 引き報告會節Aspect A2: Use of Resources A2gia使用Aspect A2: Use of Resources and other raw materials 能設露 - の設定面 - の設立面- 市設定面 - の設立面 - 加速 - 加速- 市設定面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面 - 市設立面- 市設立面 - 市設立 - 市設 - 市設立の - 市設立 - 市設立 - 市設立 - 市設 - 市設 - 市設 - 市設立 - 市設 - 市設 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
A2宴源使用General Disclosur and other raw materials. and other raw materials. and other raw materials. 	Subject area 主要範疇	Content 內容	Chapter/Disclosure 對應報告章節
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KPI A2.1Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type in total (Kwh in '000s) and intensity.Environmental Key Performance Indicators Utig關鍵編效指標A2.1Kp類型劃分的直接及或間接能源總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度。 Utig關鍵編效指標A2.2Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.2Kp新型型分的直接及或間接能源總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度。 Utig關鍵編效指標A2.2Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.2Kp新型型分的直接及或間接能源總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度。 Utig關鍵編效指標A2.2Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.2Kpi A2.3Mutig Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.3Kpi A2.4Mutig Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.4Mutig Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.4Mutig Environmental Key Performance Utig關鍵編效指標A2.4Mutig Mutig Environmental Key Performance Utig Utig Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.Tog Res Sig Sig Water ResourcesKPI A2.4描述所了Dippose, water efficiency target(s), and steps taken to achieve them.Not applicable Water ResourcesNot applicable Sig Mutig Mutig Mutig Mutig Mutig Mutig MutigNot applicable Mutig Mutig Mutig Mutig Mutig MutigNot applicable Mutig Mutig Mutig MutigNot applicable Mutig Mutig Mutig MutigMaga gama gama gama maga hout mutigPolicies on minimizing the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.Green Construction, Sustainable Building Desciption of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to maage them.FN A3.1Description of the significant impacts of activities o			Use of Resources
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KPI A2.3Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.Energy, Green Construction 能源、綠色施工 Water Resources閣鍵績效指標A2.3描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s), and steps taken to achieve them.Kein Action Rip Action閣鍵績效指標A2.4描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為 達到這些目標所採取的步驟。水資源KPI A2.5Total packing material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, i applicable, with reference to per unit produced.Not applicable閣鍵績效指標A2.5製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。 environment and Natural Resources As環境及天然資源 Description of the significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.Kener Construction, Sustainable Building Design & ebm 工 of the significant impacts on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to mange them.Green Construction, Sustainable Building Design & ebm 工 of the significant impacts on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to mange them.Green Construction, Sustainable Building Design & ebm 工 of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to mange them.Freen Construction, Sustainable Building Design & ebm 工 of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to mange them.閣鍵鏡效指標A3.1Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to mange them.Hit With With With With With With With Wi			Environmental Key Performance
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關鍵績效指標A2.3 KPI A2.4描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。 Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s), and steps taken to achieve them.能源、綠色施工 Water Resources關鍵績效指標A2.4描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為 達到這些目標所採取的步驟。水資源KPI A2.5Total packing material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced. applicable, with reference to per unit produced.Not applicable關鍵績效指標A2.5製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。 applicable, with reference to per unit produced.不適用Cancel A3: The Extrement and Natural Resources A3環境及天然資源 environment and natural resources.Green Construction, Sustainable Building DesignCheb 故露NG 發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。Green Construction, Sustainable Building DesignKPI A3.1Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.Memer Air關鍵績效指標A3.1描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的Kemer Air	KPI A2.3		
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applicable, with reference to per unit produced. 關鍵績效指標A2.5 製成品所用包裝材料的總量 (以噸計算) 及 (如適用) 每生產單位佔量。 不適用 Aspect A3: The E	關鍵績效指標A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為	水資源
<ul> <li>開鍵績效指標A2.5 製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。 不適用</li> <li>Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources A3環境及天然資源</li> <li>General Disclosure Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.</li> <li>一般披露 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。</li> <li>KPI A3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.</li> <li>關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的</li> </ul>	KPI A2.5		Not applicable
A3環境及天然資源General DisclosurePolicies on minimizing the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.Green Construction, Sustainable Building Design一般披露減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。給色施工、可持續建築 設計KPI A3.1Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.Humment and matural resources and the actions taken to manage them.關鍵績效指標A3.1描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的	關鍵績效指標A2.5		不適用
environment and natural resources.Sustainable Building Design 綠色施工、可持續建築 設計一般披露減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。線色施工、可持續建築 	•	vironment and Natural Resources	
<ul> <li>一般披露 減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。 線色施工、可持續建築設計</li> <li>KPLA3.1 Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.</li> <li>關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的</li> </ul>	General Disclosure		Sustainable Building
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關鍵績效指標A3.1 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的	KPI A3.1	environment and natural resources and the actions taken to	
	關鍵績效指標A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的	

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bject area Content Chapte 要範疇 內容 對應報	er/Disclosure 告章節					
Aspect A4: Climate Change						
氣候變化 neral      Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-    Climate	Change					
neral Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate- Climate closure related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	e Change					
设披露 對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。 氣候變·	ſĿ					
I A4.1 Description of the significant climate-related issues which have Climate impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	e Change					
建績效指標A4.1 描述以及及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行 氣候變 動。	化					
Social						
pect B1: Employment 僱傭						
neral Information on: Employ	/ment					
closure (a) the policies; and Compli	ance,					
<ul> <li>(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and Benefit dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.</li> </ul>	eration and s					
股披露 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反 僱傭合: 歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a)政策;及	規、薪酬及福利					
(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。						
I B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and Social geographical region. Perform Indicat	nance					
	鍵績效指標					
建績效指標B1.2 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。						

Subject area	Content	Chapter/Disclosure
主要範疇	內容	對應報告章節
Aspect B2: Health	and Safety	
B2健康與安全		
General	Information on:	Health and Safety
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have	
	a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a	
	safe working environment and protecting employees from	
	occupational hazards.	
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:	健康與安全
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	0
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the	Social Key
	past three years including the reporting year.	Performance Indicators
關鍵績效指標B2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	社會關鍵績效指標
阐	迥云二平(包泊匯報平長)每平囚工亡政时八數及几举。 Lost days due to work injury.	社曾關 <u>獎</u> 顏双佰悰 Health and Safety
кг b2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	因工傷損失工作日數。	健康與安全
崗	回上陽現人工F口数。 Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted,	嗟康英女王 Health and Safety
	and how they are implemented and monitored.	ficaliti and ballety
關鍵績效指標B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	健康與安全
Aspect B3: Develo	opment and Training	
B3發展及培訓		
General Disclosure	Policy on improving employees' knowledge and skills for	Development and
	discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	Training
一般披露	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。	發展及培訓
KPI B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee	Social Key
	category	Performance
		Indicators
關鍵績效指標B3.1	按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	社會關鍵績效指標
KPI B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and	
	employee category.	
關鍵績效指標B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	

	Content 內容	Chapter/Disclosure 對應報告章節		
Aspect B4: Labour Standards B4勞工準則				
General	Information on:	Prohibition of Child		
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	and Forced Labour		
(	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.			
(	有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	禁止童工及強制勞工		
KPI B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.			
關鍵績效指標B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。			
	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.			
關鍵績效指標B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。			
Aspect B5: Supply B5供應鏈管理	Chain Management			
Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management		
	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。 Number of suppliers by geographical region.	供應鏈管理 Social Key		
		Performance		
關鍵績效指標B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	Indicators 社會關鍵績效指標		
	夜地區劃刀的內底向数百。 Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number	て い こ 一 前 疑 禊 双 百 伝 Supply Chain		
	of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how	Management, Social		
	they are implemented and monitored.	Key Performance Indicators		
	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目,以及有 關慣例的執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理、社會關鍵 績效指標		
	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social	Supply Chain		
	risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Management		
關鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執 行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理		
	Description of practices used to promote environmentally			
	preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and			
	how they are implemented and monitored.			
	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行 及監察方法。			

Subject area 主要範疇	Content 內容	Chapter/Disclosure 對應報告章節		
Aspect B6: Product Responsibility B6產品責任				
General	Information on:	Product		
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and	Responsibility		
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.			
一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救 方法的: (a)政策;及 (b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	產品責任		
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	Social Key Performance		
		Indicators		
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	社會關鍵績效指標		
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.			
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。			
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Not applicable		
關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	不適用		
KPI B6.4 關鍵績效指標B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	Product Quality 產品質量		
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	Privacy Protection		
關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	私隱保護		

### Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

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Subject area 主要範疇	Content 內容	Chapter/Disclosure 對應報告章節		
Aspect B7: Anti-corruption				
B7反貪污		A		
General	Information on:	Anti-corruption		
Disclosure	(a) the policies; and			
	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a			
	significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion,			
하고 누는 국동	fraud, and money laundering.			
一般披露	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的:	反貪污		
	(a) 政策;及			
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	0		
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices	Social Key		
	brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting	Performance		
	period and the outcomes of the cases.	Indicators		
關鍵績效指標B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及 訴訟結果。	社會關鍵績效指標		
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing	Whistleblowing Policy		
	procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.			
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	舉報機制		
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and	Anti-corruption		
	staff.	Trainings		
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	反貪污培訓		
Aspect B8: Community Investment				
B8社區投資				
General	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the	Community		
Disclosure	communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities	Investment		
	take into consideration the communities' interests.			
一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社	社區投資		
	區利益的政策。			
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution.			
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇。			
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed to the focus area.			

關鍵績效指標B8.2 在專注範疇所動用資源。

### Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷詳情

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

#### Mr. Li Yi Feng

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Mr. Li Yi Feng ("Mr. Li"), aged 61, was re-designated as an executive director, chairman of the Board, chief executive officer, chairman of the nomination committee of the Board, member of the remuneration committee of the Board and the authorised representative of the Company under the Listing Rules on 31 January 2019.

Mr. Li has been engaged in construction planning, design, real estate and commercial properties over 30 years and has gained extensive experience in planning, development, operation and management. He has a great wealth of experience in asset acquisition and mergers, business negotiations and capital operations.

Mr. Li obtained his Master's degree in Architecture from Xi'an Institute of Metallurgy and Construction Engineering (now renamed as Xi'an University of Architecture and Technology). In addition, Mr. Li obtained his certificate of completion from Ontario Real Estate College in Canada.

Since 1985, Mr. Li has been engaging in architecture teaching, architecture study and design work. Since 2002, Mr. Li joined Homelife (Canada) and RE/MAX (Canada), offering consultancy services on residential and commercial property investments. Mr. Li joined the Company in early 2009 as the chief design officer. Since 2011, Mr. Li has served as the director of Richly Field (Beijing) Investment Consulting Co., Ltd\* (裕田幸福城 (北京) 投資顧問有限公司).

Following the Re-designation, Mr. Li was also appointed as a director of the subsidiaries of the Company, namely Chuang Yu Holdings Limited, Globe Outlets City Holdings Limited, Globe Outlets City Limited, Mile Gain Limited, Million Harmony Holdings Limited, Million Harmony Limited, Pilot Will Holdings Limited, Pilot Will Limited, Profuse Gain Holdings Limited, Profuse Gain Limited, Quality Depot Limited, Richly Field Hainan Holdings Limited, King Future Holdings Limited and King Future Limited with effect from 31 January 2019.

#### 執行董事 李亦鋒先生

李亦鋒先生(「李先生」),61歲,於二零 一九年一月三十一日獲調任為本公司執 行董事、董事會主席、行政總裁、董事會 提名委員會主席、董事會薪酬委員會成員 及就上市規則而言之授權代表。

李先生從事建築規劃、設計、住宅房地產 業以及商業地產業三十多年並擁有豐富 的策劃開發和營運管理經驗。在資產收購 兼併及商務談判、資本運作方面經驗豐 富。

李先生於西安冶金建築學院(現改名為: 西安建築科技大學)取得建築學碩士學 位。此外,李先生於加拿大的Ontario Real Estate College獲得結業證書。

自一九八五年起,李先生一直從事建築教 學、建築研究和設計工作。自二零零二年 起,李先生先後加入Homelife (Canada) 和RE/MAX (Canada)從事住宅和商業地 產投資顧問工作。李先生於二零零九年初 加入本公司,擔任設計總監一職。自二零 一一年起,李先生擔任裕田幸福城(北京) 投資顧問有限公司的董事。

於調任後,李先生亦獲委任為本公司附屬 公司之董事,即創裕控股有限公司、奧特 萊斯世界名牌折扣城控股有限公司、奧特 萊斯世界名牌折扣有限公司、邁盈有限公 司、萬協控股有限公司、萬協有限公司、 毅領控股有限公司、毅領有限公司、 薈盈 有限公司、 管盈有限公司、 命 是 股 有限公司 及 御 景 有限公司、 御 景 方限 公司 、 伯 二零 一九年 一月 三十一日起生效。

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#### Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷詳情

#### Mr. Chen Wei

Mr. Chen Wei ("Mr. Chen"), aged 52, was re-designated as an executive director and the vice president of the Company on 21 March 2018.

Mr. Chen has extensive experience in aspects related to project planning and construction management. Mr. Chen graduated from Jinling Vocational University\* (金陵職業大學) studying in decoration and construction management. Mr. Chen accomplished the curriculum of the Executive Master of Business Administration (EMBA) program at the School of Business of Nanjing University in June 2010. And he was accredited as an engineer by Nanjing Construction Engineering Intermediate Professional Qualification Assessment Committee\* (南京市建築施工工程中級專業技術資格評審委員會) in December 2012.Mr. Chen also accomplished the curriculum of Social Work (associate degree) at Nanjing Zhongshan Vocational College in July 2017.

Mr. Chen has been engaging in construction management since 1996 and was the chairman of the Board of Directors of Nanjing First Construction Engineering Group Company Limited\* (南京第一建築工程 集團有限公司) from 2008 to 2013. Mr. Chen was the Vice President of JeShing Real Estate Group Company Limited\* (金盛置業投資集團有限 公司) from 2013 to 2017.

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen

Ms. Hsu Wai Man Helen ("Ms. Hsu"), aged 54, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 21 November 2013 and has been the chairman of the audit and remuneration committees of the Company since 28 January 2014. She has over 20 years' experience in accounting. Ms. Hsu graduated from The Chinese University of Hong Kong with a bachelor degree in business administration. Ms. Hsu had been working with Ernst & Young for 18 years and was a partner of Ernst & Young before she retired from the firm in February 2011.

Ms. Hsu is a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Ms. Hsu is currently an independent non-executive director of Perfect Medical Health Management Limited (stock code: 1830), China Display Optoelectronics Technology Holdings Limited (stock code: 334), Beijing Gas Blue Sky Holdings (stock code: 6828) and Perfect Optronics Limited (stock code:8311).

#### 陳衛先生

陳衛先生(「陳先生」),52歲,於二零一八 年三月二十一日獲調任為本公司執行董 事及副總裁。

陳先生在項目規劃及施工管理等方面擁 有豐富經驗。陳先生於金陵職業大學畢 業,修讀裝飾裝璜與施工管理。二零一零 年六月於南京大學商學院修畢高级工商 管理(EMBA)全部課程。並於二零一二年 十二月獲南京市建築施工工程中級專業 技術資格評審委員會評定為工程師。陳先 生亦於二零一七年七月在南京鐘山職業 技術學院修畢社會工作專科全部課程。

自一九九六年起,陳先生一直從事施工管理,於二零零八年至二零一三年期間,擔 任南京第一建築工程集團有限公司董事 長。於二零一三年至二零一七年期間,擔 任金盛置業投資集團有限公司副總裁。

#### 獨立非執行董事 徐慧敏女士

徐慧敏女士(「徐女士」),54歲,於二零 一三年十一月二十一日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事及自二零一四年一月二十八日 起一直擔任本公司審核及薪酬委員會主 席。彼擁有逾20年會計經驗。徐女士於香 港中文大學取得工商管理學士學位。徐女 士在安永會計師事務所任職18年,於二零 一一年二月退任時任安永會計師事務所 的合夥人。

徐女士為香港會計師公會資深會員及美國執業會計師公會會員。徐女士現為完 美醫療健康管理有限公司(股份代號: 1830)、華顯光電技術控股有限公司(股 份代號:334)、北京燃氣藍天控股有限 公司(股份代號:6828)及圓美光電有限 公司(股份代號:8311)的獨立非執行董 事。

#### Biographical Details of Directors 董事履歷詳情

#### Mr. Wong Chi Hong William

Mr. Wong Chi Hong William ("Mr. Wong"), aged 41, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 31 January 2021. Mr. Wong is a Regular Member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). He obtained a bachelor degree in Business Administration from the University of Wisconsin, Madison in 2005. Mr. Wong has twelve years of experience in human resources, recruitment, audit, corporate governance and financial planning. He worked at Deloitte from 2006-2008, where his last position was Consultant in Enterprise Risk Services. From 2009 to 2011, he was a Management Trainee at AMTD Financial Planning Limited. He served as a Recruitment Consultant at Hillman Ross Limited from 2014 to 2017. From 2017 to 2018, he was a Recruitment Consultant at Kelly Services Hong Kong Limited. From 2018 to 2019, he was a Senior Recruitment Consultant at Spring Professional (Hong Kong) Limited. Since July 2019, he has been serving as a Director of Harbour Consulting International Limited.

#### Mr. Xu Jinghong

Mr. Xu Jinghong ("Mr. Xu"), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 1 April 2014. Mr. Xu graduated from Tianjin Polytechnic University (formerly known as Tianjin Institute Of Textile Science and Technology) with a bachelor's degree in mechanical manufacturing technology and equipment. In addition, Mr. Xu completed a course of management science and engineering for postgraduate research students in Nanjing University. He also obtained the EMBA degree from Fudan University. Mr. Xu had served as the general manager of Nanjing Yuexing International Home Square Limited\* (南京月星國際 家居廣場有限公司) and the general manager of the Furniture Centre at Nanjing Golden Eagle International Shopping Centre Group Limited\* (南 京金鷹國際購物集團有限公司傢俱中心), and the chairman of Nanjing Meitu Furniture Company Limited\* (南京美圖傢俱有限公司). Mr. Xu is currently the vice president of the Association of Home Decoration of the China Federation of Industry and Commerce\* (全國工商聯家居裝飾 業商會), the vice chairman of the Market Committee of China Furniture Association\* (中國傢俱協會市場委員會), the honorary president of Guangdong Furniture Chamber Of Commerce\* (廣東省傢俱商會榮譽會 長), the chairman of Xiamen Meitu Mei Network Technology Company Limited\* (廈門美圖美網絡科技有限公司) and the vice president of the Xiyingmen Group\*(喜盈門集團)

#### 黃子康先生

黃子康先生(「黃先生」),41歲,於二零 二一年一月三十一日獲委任為獨立非執 行董事。黃先生為美國會計師公會正式會 員。彼於二零零五年於威斯康辛大學麥迪 遜分校取得工商管理學士學位。黃先生於 人力資源、招聘、審計、企業管治及財務 規劃方面擁有十二年之經驗。彼於二零零 六年至二零零八年於德勤任職,其最後職 位為企業風險管理諮詢師。自二零零九年 至二零一一年,彼擔任尚乘財富策劃有限 公司管理見習生。自二零一四年至二零 一七年,彼擔任Hillman Ross Limited招 聘顧問。自二零一七年至二零一八年,彼 擔任Kelly Services Hona Kona Limited 招聘顧問。自二零一八年至二零一九年, 彼擔任Spring Professional (Hong Kong) Limited高級招聘顧問。自二零一九年七 月起,彼一直擔任港匯諮詢國際有限公司 董事。

#### 許驚鴻先生

許驚鴻先生(「許先生」),57歲,於二零 一四年四月一日獲委任為獨立非執行董 事。許先生於天津工業大學(原天津紡 型學院)取得機械製造工藝及設備本科 學學士學位。此外,許先生於南京大學的 理科學與工程研究生班結業。另外他也 得復旦大學EMBA工商管理碩士學位。 得復旦大學EMBA工商管理碩士學位。 行生曾擔任南京月星國際家居廣集團 公司傢俱中心總經理及南京美圖域有限 公司家重事長。許先生現擔任全國協會 家居裝飾業商會副會長、中國傢商 關本 國家國主席、廣東省傢俱略 下 慶門美圖美網絡科技有限公司董事長 及喜盈門集團副總裁。

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### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF RICHLY FIELD CHINA DEVELOPMENT LIMITED

#### 裕田中國發展有限公司

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands and continued in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **DISCLAIMER OF OPINION**

We were engaged to audit the consolidated financial statements of Richly Field China Development Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") set out on pages 115 to 223, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.

We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group. Because of the significance of the matters described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements. In all other respects, in our opinion, the consolidated financial statements have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. 致裕田中國發展有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立及於百慕達持續經 營之有限公司)

#### 不發表意見

吾等獲委聘以審核第115至223頁所載裕 田中國發展有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附 屬公司(統稱為「貴集團」)之綜合財務報 表,此等財務報表包括於二零二四年三月 三十一日之綜合財務狀況表及截至該日 止年度之綜合損益及其他全面收益報表、 綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及 綜合財務報表附註(包括重大會計政策資 料及其他說明資料)。

吾等並不對 貴集團之綜合財務報表發表 意見。由於吾等之報告內「不發表意見基 準」一節所述事項之重要性,吾等未能取 得足夠適當之審計證據以提供有關該等 綜合財務報表之審計意見之基準。於所有 其他方面,吾等認為,綜合財務報表已按 香港公司條例之披露規定妥善編製。

#### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION**

### Scope limitation relating to going concern basis in preparation of the consolidated financial statements

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group had a net loss of approximately HK\$222,262,000 and as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$355,132,000 and total borrowings, including other borrowings, amount due to a shareholder and amounts due to related parties, in aggregate of approximately HK\$609,301,000 that will be due in the coming twelve months from the end of the reporting period. As at the same date, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$17,685,000 and restricted bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$12,470,000. In addition, the Group has been involved in various litigation cases for outstanding construction payables for which the Group has made provision. The above conditions indicate the existence of significant uncertainties which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The directors of the Company have been undertaking various plans and measures to improve the Group's liquidity pressure and the financial position of the Group which are set out in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements had been prepared by the directors of the Company on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends on the outcome of those plans and measures, which are subject to significant uncertainties, including (i) the successful resumption and/ or acceleration of property development projects; and (ii) continuous financial support from related parties.

However, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to satisfy ourselves that the events or conditions underpinning the cash flow forecast of the Group for going concern assessment are reasonable and supportable because of (i) the lack of sufficient supporting basis to obtain additional financing to continue the property development projects as scheduled; (ii) the lack of sufficient supporting basis to support that the related companies be able to provide additional funding to the Group in the timing and manner that can match the settlement of the Group's liabilities and/or future commitments; (iii) the lack of detailed analysis in relation to the uncertainty of outcome of those plans and measures and how variability in outcomes would affect the future cash flows of the Group; and (iv) the lack of sufficient supporting basis in relation to the outcome of pending litigations regarding outstanding construction payables. Hence, we were unable to satisfy ourselves about the appropriateness of the adoption of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the directors of the Company.

#### 不發表意見基準

#### 於編製綜合財務報表時按持續經營基 準的範圍限制

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度, 貴集團有虧損淨額約222,262,000 港元,截至當日, 貴集團有流動負債淨 額約355,132,000港元及借款總額(包括 其他借款、應付股東款項及應付關連方款 項)約609,301,000港元,將從報告期末起 計未來十二個月到期。於同日, 貴集團 的現金及現金等值品約為17,685,000港 元,而受限制銀行存款約為12,470,000港 元。此外, 貴集團牽涉多起未清償應付 工程款的訴訟案件,並已就此計提撥備。 上述情況顯示存在重大不確定性,可能 對 貴集團持續經營能力構成重大疑問。

貴公司董事採取多項計劃及措施以改 善貴集團之流動資金壓力及 貴集團之 財務狀況,有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附 註2.1。

綜合財務報表乃由 貴公司董事按持續經 營基準編製,其有效性取決於該等計劃及 措施之結果,而該等計劃及措施受重大不 確定因素影響,包括(i)成功恢復及/或加 快物業發展項目進度;及(ii)關連方之持續 財務支持。

然而,吾等未能取得充足適當之審計憑 證,令吾等信納支持 貴集團現金流量預 測以進行持續經營評估的事項或條件屬 合理及有理據,原因為:(i)就取得額外資 金以繼續按預定時間進行物業發展項目 缺乏充足支持性依據;(ii)就關連公司能 夠向 貴集團提供額外資金支持,並配 貴集團償還負債及/或未來承擔缺乏 合 充足支持性依據;(iii)就該等計劃及措施 的結果的不確定性以及結果的變化將如 何影響 貴集團未來現金流量缺乏詳盡 分析;及(iv)有關未清償應付工程款的未 決訴訟,其結果缺乏充足支持性依據。因 此,吾等未能信納 貴公司董事於編製綜 合財務報表時採用持續經營會計基礎屬 適當。

#### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION (continued)

# Scope limitation relating to going concern basis in preparation of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

Should the Group fail to achieve its plans and measures, it might not be able to continue as a going concern, and adjustments would have to be made to write down the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities respectively. The effects of these adjustments have not been reflected in these consolidated financial statements.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 不發表意見基準(續)

#### 於編製綜合財務報表時按持續經營基 準的範圍限制 (續)

倘 貴集團未能實現其計劃及措施,其 可能未能持續經營,並須作出調整以撇 減 貴集團資產之賬面值至其可收回金 額、就可能產生之任何進一步負債計提撥 備以及分別將非流動資產及非流動負債 重新分類為流動資產及流動負債。該等調 整之影響尚未反映在該等綜合財務報表 中。

#### 貴公司董事及治理層就綜合財務 報表之責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之香港財務報 告準則及按照香港公司條例之披露規定 編製真實而公平的綜合財務報表,及負責 董事認為必要的有關內部監控,以使綜合 財務報表之編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致之重大錯誤陳述。

於編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負 責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並在適 用情況下披露與持續經營有關之事項,以 及採用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有 意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或除此之 外並無其他實際可行之辦法。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團之財務申報程 序。

#### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's consolidated financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the HKICPA and to issue an auditor's report, solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

However, because of the matter described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we were not able to form an audit opinion on these consolidated financial statements.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承 擔之責任

吾等之責任乃按香港會計師公會頒佈之 香港核數準則對 貴集團之綜合財務報表 執行審核工作,並根據吾等協定之委聘條 款僅向 閣下(作為整體)發出核數師報 告,不作其他用途。吾等概不就本報告之 內容對任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責 任。

然而,由於吾等之報告內「不發表意見基 準」一節所述之事項,吾等未能就該等綜 合財務報表達成審計意見。

根據香港會計師公會之專業會計師道德 守則(「守則」),吾等獨立於 貴集團,並 已遵循守則履行其他道德責任。

#### **CL** Partners CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Fong Ho Keung Practising Certificate Number: P08079 Hong Kong 28 June 2024 **先機會計師行有限公司** *執業會計師* 方浩強 執業證書編號:P08079 香港 二零二四年六月二十八日

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益報表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Cost of sales	<b>收益</b> 銷售成本	5	31,921 (22,521)	51,708 (36,580)
Gross profit Other income, gains and losses Loss on revaluation of investment properties Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Impairment loss under expected credit loss model on trade receivables, net Impairment loss under expected credit loss model on other receivables, net Selling expenses Administrative expenses Finance costs	毛利 其他收入、收益及虧損	6 30 7	9,400 (39,575) (62,958) - (1,819) (36,154) (6,421) (46,647) (40,218)	(53,555) 15,128 7,167 (3,443) 1,512,618 - (4,185) (54,386) (51,943)
Share of results from associates	應佔聯營公司之業績		(558)	
(Loss) profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)溢利	8	(224,950)	1,420,956
Income tax credit	所得稅抵免	11	2,688	861
(Loss) profit for the year	年內 (虧損) 溢利		(222,262)	1,421,817
Other comprehensive expense Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss:	其他全面開支 <i>可能重新分類至損益的項目:</i>			
<ul> <li>Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations</li> <li>Release of exchange translation reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries</li> <li>Fair value loss on financial assets designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")</li> </ul>	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額 於出售附屬公司後解除匯兌 儲備 指定按公平值計入其他 全面收益(「按公平值 計入其他全面收益」)之		(6,095) –	(24,520) (69,348)
comprehensive income ( FVTOOL)	金融資產之公平值虧損		(1,924)	_
Other comprehensive expense for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面開支,扣除稅項		(8,019)	(93,868)
Total comprehensive (expense) income for the year	年內全面 (開支) 收益總額		(230,281)	1,327,949
(Loss) earnings per share Basic	<b>每股 (虧損) 盈利</b> 基本	12	(0.95) HK cents 港仙	6.09 HK cents 港仙
Diluted	攤薄		(0.95) HK cents 港仙	6.09 HK cents 港仙

### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日

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		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	737	1,036
Investment properties	投資物業	15	513,305	595,654
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	16	364,130	378,993
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	17	_	558
Financial asset designated at FVTOCI	指定按公平值計入其他			
	全面收益之金融資產	18	800	2,724
Prepayment, deposits and other	預付款項、按金及	10		_,
receivables	其他應收款項	23	76,124	_
Deferred tax assets	遞延稅項資產	29	10	
	遞延稅項貝度 商譽	29 19		-
Goodwill	的當	19	105,458	114,298
			1,060,564	1,093,263
Current assets	流動資產			
Properties under development	在建物業	20	714,506	679,319
Completed properties held for sales	持作出售之竣工物業	21	1,613	34,893
Trade receivables	應收賬款	22	1,255	2,604
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及			
other receivables	其他應收款項	23	176,545	304,850
Restricted bank deposits	受限制銀行存款	24	12,470	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值品	24	17,685	35,083
			924,074	1,056,749
Current liabilities	流動負債			600 05-
Trade payables	應付賬款	25	383,733	389,267
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	26	96,919	431,327
Contract liabilities	合約負債	26	91,240	48,254
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連方款項	27	546,843	548,483
Amount due to a shareholder	應付股東款項	27	26,468	19,826
Other borrowings	其他借款	28	35,990	30,718
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	16	1,320	109
Tax payable	應付稅項		96,693	100,556
			1,279,206	1,568,540

#### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日

		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(355,132)	(511,791)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		705,432	581,472
Non-current liabilities Deferred income Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	<b>非流動負債</b> 遞延收入 租賃負債 遞延稅項負債	26 16 29	411,085 10,069 38,886	63,694 - 42,105
			460,040	105,799
Net assets	資產淨額		245,392	475,673
<b>Equity</b> Issued capital Reserves	<b>權益</b> 已發行股本 儲備	31	1,166,834 (921,442)	1,166,834 (691,161)
			245,392	475,673

The consolidated financial statements on pages 115 to 223 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 28 June 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

第115至223頁之綜合財務報表已於二零 二四年六月二十八日獲董事會批准及授 權刊發,並由下列董事代表簽署:

Mr. Li Yi Feng 李亦鋒先生 Director 董事 Mr. Chen Wei 陳衛先生 Director 董事

### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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						Attı	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔	s of the Company ·人應佔					
	I	lssued capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange translation reserve	Properties revaluation reserve	Reorganisation reserve	Statutory reserve funds	FVTOCI reserve 按公平值計入	Other reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		已發行股本	股份溢價	畿入盈餘 (note (a)) (mt = (a))	股本贖回儲備	匯兌儲備	物業重估儲備	重組儲備 (note (b)) (**********************************	法定儲備金 (note (c))	其他全面收益 之儲備	其他儲備 (note (d))	累計虧損	繐權益
		12(\$\$) 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	HK\$,000 十港 元	(m) 14K\$,000 14K\$	HK\$,000 十港元	HK\$*000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	HK\$'000 千逝元	((a) 1000(3) 11(a	《图型(C)) HK\$,000 十谦十	ビ泉(1000,1000) 日本(1000)	(18) HK\$,000 十述	14%;000 14逝 14逝	HK\$*000 千港千
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	1,166,834	850,462	69,476	109	(171,621)	30,612	452,892	6,215	I	493,433	(3,750,688)	(852,276)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive expense	年內溢利 年內其他全面開支:	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1,421,817	1,421,817
tor the year. Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	換算海外業務產生之 匯兌差額 *> 山會 Phe Geo 司後	I	I	I	1	(24,520)	I	I	1	I	I	I	(24,520)
translation reserve upon translation reserve upon disposal of subsidiaries	2、11日1月10日 1日 15 解除匿兌儲備	I	I	I	I	(69,348)	I	(276,695)	I	I	(7,178)	283,873	(69,348)
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	年內全面收入 (開支) 總額	I	I	I	I	(93,868)	I	(276,695)	I	I	(7,178)	1,705,690	1,327,949
At 31 March 2023	於二零二三年 三月三十一日	1,166,834	850,462	69,476	109	(265,489)	30,612	176,197	6,215	I	486,255	(2,044,998)	475,673
						Att	Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔	s of the Company .人應佔					
	1	lssued capital	Share premium	Contributed surplus	Capital redemption reserve	Exchange translation reserve	Properties revaluation reserve	Reorganisation reserve	Statutory reserve funds	FVTOCI reserve 按公平值計入	Other reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
		已發行股本	股份溢價	畿入盈餘 (note (a))	股本贖回儲備	匯兌儲備	物業重估儲備	重組儲備 (note (b)) ////	法定儲備金 (note (c))	其他全面收益之儲備	其他儲備 (note (d))	累計虧損	總權益
		12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	HK\$,000 十港 元	(18) HK\$,000 HK\$	HK\$,000 十港元	HK\$*000 1 年 初 5	HK\$,000 千港元	((a) 2000,\$\$ 1 (a) 1 (a) 1 (a) 1 (a) 1 (a) 1 (a)	(Sata(c)) HK\$,000 十単	ビ 14\$`000 14 14	ビッサ(IV) 14(1) 14(1) 14(1) 14(1)	11000,\$XH 11000,\$XH	HK\$,000 1年 1月
At 1 April 2023	於二零二三年四月一日	1,166,834	850,462	69,476	109	(265,489)	30,612	176,197	6,215	I	486,255	(2,044,998)	475,673
Loss for the year Other comprehensive expense	年內虧損 年內其他全面開支:	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(222,262)	(222,262)
for the year. Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	5	I	I	I	I	(6,095)	I	I	I	I	I	I	(6,095)
Fair value loss on financial assets designated at FVTOCI Transfer	指定按公平值計入其他 全面收入之金融資產 的公平值虧損 轉撥	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	28 -	(1,924) _	1 1	- (28)	(1,924) _
Total comprehensive expense for the year	年內全面開支總額	I	I.	I.	I	(6,095)	I	I	28	(1,924)	I.	(222,290)	(230,281)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年 三月三十一日	1,166,834	850,462	69,476	109	(271,584)	30,612	176,197	6,243	(1,924)	486,255	(2,267,288)	245,392

#### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### Notes:

- 附註:
- (a) The contributed surplus represents the amount arising on reduction of paid-up capital during the year ended 31 March 2004.
- (b) The reorganisation reserve represents the carrying amount of net liabilities of subsidiaries, net of expenses, being disposed of under the schemes of arrangement under section 166 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and section 99 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended time to time). Both schemes of arrangement were sanctioned by the High Court of Hong Kong and the Supreme Court of Bermuda on 27 May 2008 and 13 June 2008, respectively.
- (C) The statutory reserve funds represents 10% of the profit after tax of the Company's subsidiaries registered in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") appropriate to the reserve as stipulated by the relevant laws and regulations for certain subsidiaries in the PRC, until such reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital and thereafter any further appropriation is optional.
- (d) Other reserve represents (i) the difference between the considerations paid to obtain additional non-controlling interests and its carrying amount of the net assets on the date of the acquisition, which the excess of the fair value of the consideration over the carrying amount of the net assets acquired has been debited directly to equity; (ii) the deemed contributions from shareholders that arisen from the difference between the initial fair value and cash receipts on the loans from related parties; (iii) the deemed contribution from shareholder that arisen from the excess of the net identifiable assets acquired over the fair value of ordinary shares of the Company issued upon a business combination; and (iv) the deemed contribution from shareholder that arisen from the excess of the carrying amounts of indebtedness capitalised over the fair value of ordinary shares of the Company issued.

- 繳入盈餘指截至二零零四年三月三十一日止 (a) 年度削減已繳足股本而產生之金額。 (b)
  - 重組儲備指根據香港公司條例(香港法例 第32章) 第166條及百慕達一九八一年公司 法(經不時修訂)第99條項下之債務償還安 排計劃出售之附屬公司之負債淨額之賬面值 (於扣除開支後)。香港高等法院及百慕逹 最高法院分別於二零零八年五月二十七日及 二零零八年六月十三日通過債務償還安排計 劃。
  - 法定儲備金指按照中華人民共和國(「中國」) (C) 若干附屬公司相關法律及法規之規定將本公 司於中國註冊之附屬公司之除稅後溢利之 10% 撥至儲備,直至該儲備達至註冊資本之 50%,此後可選擇性作出任何進一步撥款。
  - 其他儲備指(i)為取得額外非控股權益所支付 (d) 之代價與資產淨值於收購日期之賬面值差 額,而代價公平值超過所收購的資產淨值賬 面值之差額,已直接於權益中扣除;(ii)來自關 連方之貸款之起始公平值與現金收入之差額 所產生的視為股東注資;(iii)來自所收購之可 識別資產淨值超逾於業務合併時本公司所發 行普通股之公平值之差額所產生的視為股東 注資;及(iv)來自債務資本化賬面值超逾本公 司所發行普通股公平值之差額所產生的視為 股東注資。

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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		NOTES 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動			
(Loss) profit before tax	除稅前(虧損)溢利		(224,950)	1,420,956
Adjustments for:	就下列各項之調整:			
Interest income	利息收入		(87)	(116)
Interest expense	利息開支		40,218	51,943
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	出售附屬公司之收益		-	(1,512,618)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊		454	592
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊		14,426	14,322
Impairment loss under expected credit	應收款項在預期信貸虧損			
loss model on trade receivables, net	模式下之減值虧損淨額		1,819	_
Impairment loss under expected credit	其他應收款項在預期信貸			
loss model on other receivables, net	虧損模式下之			
	減值虧損淨額		36,154	_
Remeasurement loss on discounted	應收出售集團款項貼現現值			
present value of amounts due from	之重新計量虧損			
Disposal Group		6	39,787	_
Loss on revaluation of investment	投資物業之重估虧損			
properties			62,958	3,443
Operating cashflows before movements	營運資金變動前之			
in working capital	經營現金流量		(29,221)	(21,478)
(Increase) decrease in trade receivables	應收賬款 (增加) 減少		(537)	6,957
(Increase) decrease in properties under	在建物業及持作出售之		(001)	0,001
development and completed properties	竣工物業(增加)減少			
held for sales			(26,665)	58,988
Increase in prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他		()	,
other receivables	應收款項增加		(27,104)	(140,834)
Increase (decrease) increase in trade	應付賬款增加(減少)		( ) - /	( - , )
payables			7,999	(74,596)
Increase in other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用		,	( )- >-)
	增加		21,713	76,694
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債增加(減少)		45,433	(1,000)
	勿然过我们由之中人觉起			
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING	經營活動所用之現金淨額		(0,000)	
ACTIVITIES			(8,382)	(95,269)

#### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

			2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		NOTES 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Purchases of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備項目		(00)	(000)
plant and equipment	口收到点		(93)	(382)
Interest received Increase in restricted bank deposits	已收利息 受限制銀行存款增加		87 (12,470)	116
Net cash inflow arising	收購附屬公司產生的		(12,470)	_
on acquisition of subsidiaries	現金流入淨額	30	396	_
Net cash outflow arising	出售附屬公司產生之	00		
on disposal of subsidiaries	現金流出淨額	30	-	(8,721)
NET CASH USED IN INVESTING	投資活動所用之			
ACTIVITIES	現金淨額		(12,080)	(8,987)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
Advance from other borrowings	來自其他借款之墊款		6,873	13,343
Advance from a shareholder	來自股東之墊款		6,642	19,826
Advance from related parties	來自關連方之墊款		2,896	120,000
Repayment for principal elements of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債之本金部分		(1,281)	(251)
Interest paid	已付利息		(1,201)	(13)
Repayment to related parties	向關連方還款		-	(77,461)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING	融資活動所得之現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES			14,972	75,444
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND	現金及現金等值品減少			
CASH EQUIVALENTS	淨額		(5,490)	(28,812)
Cash and cash equivalents	年初之現金及現金等值品		(-,)	(,)
at beginning of year			35,083	74,501
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes,	外匯變動影響淨額			
net			(11,908)	(10,606)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	年末之現金及現金等值品,			
AT END OF YEAR, represented	即銀行結餘及現金			
by bank balances and cash			17,685	35,083

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Richly Field China Development Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability and continued as an exempted company under the laws of Bermuda after the change of domicile from the Cayman Islands to Bermuda effective on 11 February 2004 and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are Victoria Place, 5th Floor, 31 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM10, Bermuda and Unit 1504, 15/F, Tower 2, Metroplaza, No. 223 Hing Fong Road, Kwai Chung, New Territories, Hong Kong respectively. The ultimate controlling shareholder of the Company is Mr. Wang Hua.

The Company's principal activity is investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 39 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective terms include all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except as otherwise set out in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

#### 1. 一般資料

裕田中國發展有限公司(「本公司」) 為於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司, 並於二零零四年二月十一日起由開 曼群島遷冊至百慕達後,根據百慕 達法例持續經營為豁免公司,其股 份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)上市。本公司的註冊辦事處 地址及主要營業地點分別為Victoria Place,5th Floor,31 Victoria Street,HamiltonHM10,Bermuda 及香港新界葵涌興芳路223號新都會 廣場2座15樓1504室。本公司的最終 控股股東為王華先生。

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。附屬 公司的主要業務載於綜合財務報表 附註39。

#### 2.1 綜合財務報表的編製基準

該等綜合財務報表包括本公司及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)。

綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有 適用香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則)(「香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則」) (「香港會計準則」)及香港)、香港會計原則及香港創業。 記會計原則及香港(例之訪 規定而編製。該等綜合財務報表動則之適用披露條文。就編 對之適用披露條文。就編 設 時 規設報表而言,倘資料合理 資料會被 視為重大資料。

綜合財務報表已按歷史成本基準編 製,惟下文會計政策所載者除外。歷 史成本一般以交換貨品及服務時所 付代價之公平值計算。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Details of fair value measurement are explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), rounded to the nearest thousand except for per share data. HK\$ is the Company's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency.

#### Going concern assumption

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group had a net loss of approximately HK\$222,262,000 and as of that date, the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$355,132,000 and total borrowings, including other borrowings, amount due to a shareholder and amounts due to related parties, in aggregate of approximately HK\$609,301,000 that will be due in the coming twelve months from the end of the Reporting Period. As at the same date, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$17,685,000 and restricted bank deposits amounted to approximately HK\$12,470,000. In addition, the Group has been involved in various litigation cases for outstanding construction payables for which the Group has made provision. The above conditions indicate the existence of significant uncertainties which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

In view of the above, the Directors had carefully considered the liquidity of the Group, taking into consideration of the following plans and measures:

#### 2.1 綜合財務報表的編製基準 (續)

公平值乃指於現行市況下市場參與 者之間於計量日期在主要(或最有 利)市場進行之有序交易中出售資產 所收取之價格或轉移負債所支付之 價格(即平倉價),而不論該價格是否 直接觀察所得或採用其他估值方法 估計所得。有關公平值計量之詳情於 下文所載會計政策中闡述。

本集團旗下各實體財務報表內所載 之項目使用實體經營所在主要經濟 環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。除每 股數據外,該等綜合財務報表乃以港 元(「港元」)呈列,並已四捨五入至最 接近千位。港元為本公司之功能貨幣 及本集團之呈列貨幣。

#### 持續經營假設

截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止年度,本集團有虧損淨額約 222,262,000港元,截至當日,本集 團有流動負債淨額約355,132,000 港元及借款總額(包括其他借款、 商份股東款項及應付關連方款項) 609,301,000港元,將從報告期, 609,301,000港元,將從報告期, 約301,000港元,前受限制銀。於 品設, 17,685,000港元,而受限制銀行存 款約為12,470,000港元。此外, 集團牽涉多起未清償應付工程款的 訴訟表示出現重大不確定性,對本 團持續經營的能力構成重大疑問。

有見及此,董事審慎考慮本集團的流 動資金,並計及下列計劃及措施:

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Going concern assumption (continued)

### 1) Resumption and/or acceleration of property development projects

The development progress of certain property projects, particularly the Qinhuangdao Project (defined in note 4), has been significantly delayed or suspended due to unfavorable market conditions and liquidity constraints. However, the recent removal of the purchase restriction order and phasing out the lower limit of the interest rate for first-time personal housing loans by the government of Qinhuangdao city in April and May 2024, respectively, is expected to increase housing demand and attract more interest from the potential investors for the project. In addition, the Management is in a discussion with a potential investor (the "Potential Investor") and a non-legally binding memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") has been signed on 28 May 2024. Pursuant to the MOU, the Potential Investor expressed its willingness to inject capital into the Qinhuangdao Project. Also, the Company is in negotiation with another three potential investors, and all of them are conducting due diligence on the Qinhuangdao Project. Based on the current progress of the negotiations with the Potential Investor and other three potential investors, the Company expects to restart the Qinhuangdao Project by 31 December 2024. Upon restarting the project, the Management expects to recognise pre-sale proceeds and revenue from the Qinhuangdao Project by the years ending 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2026, respectively. Additionally, in July 2022, the Group entered into an agreement with a contractor, wherein the contractor agreed not to demand any repayment from the Group for the construction works performed on the Group's property development projects until the value of cumulative certified works reaches RMB200,000,000. This arrangement remains valid as a supplementary agreement was entered into during the year ended 31 March 2024. The directors of the Company believe that this agreement will help the Group to resolve the liquidity difficulties.

#### 2.1 綜合財務報表的編製基準 (續)

#### 持續經營假設 (續)

1) 恢復及/或加速物業開發項目

由於不利的市場條件及流動性限 制,若干房地產項目,特別是秦皇 島項目(定義見附註4)的開發進度 已大幅推遲或暫停。然而,近期秦 皇島市政府分別於二零二四年四 月及五月取消限購令及逐步取消 首次個人住房貸款利率下限,預計 將增加住房需求,吸引更多潛在投 資者對該項目的興趣。此外,管理 層正在與一名潛在投資者(「潛在 投資者」)進行討論,並於二零二四 年五月二十八日簽署一份不具法 律約束力的諒解備忘錄(「諒解備 忘錄」)。根據諒解備忘錄,潛在投 資者表示願意向秦皇島項目注資。 此外,本公司正在與另外三名潛在 投資者進行磋商,彼等均在對秦皇 島項目進行盡職調查。根據目前 與潛在投資者及其他三名潛在投 **資**者的磋商進展,本公司預計於 二零二四年十二月三十一日前重 啟秦皇島項目。項目重啟後,管理 層預計將分別於截至二零二五年 三月三十一日及二零二六年三月 三十一日止年度確認秦皇島項目 的預售所得款項及收入。此外,於 二零二二年七月,本集團與一間承 建商訂立一份協議,承建商同意不 會就於本集團的物業發展項目開 展的建築工程要求本集團作出任 何還款,直至認證工程累計價值達 到人民幣200,000,000元。由於在 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度內訂立補充協議,該安排仍然 有效。本公司董事相信,該協議將 有助於本集團解決流動資金困難。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Going concern assumption (continued)

1) Resumption and/or acceleration of property development projects (continued)

On the other hand, for the Yinchuan Project (defined in note 4), the Group has received pre-sold proceeds of approximately HK\$55 million up to 31 March 2024, and approximately HK\$23 million subsequent to 31 March 2024 and up to the date of this report. The pre-sold residential properties are expected to be delivered on or before 31 December 2024. Upon the delivery of these pre-sold properties, the Group expects to recognise revenue of approximately HK\$78 million for the year ending 31 March 2025. The directors of the Company expect to utilise these proceeds for the further development and construction of Yinchuan Project. In addition, there are also commercial properties under construction. Based on valuation performed by the management of the Group, as at 31 March 2024, such commercial properties valued to approximately HK\$100 million. The Company plans to sell such commercial properties by the year ending 31 March 2027.

2) Continuous financial support from related companies As at 31 March 2024, the Group had a revolving loan facility of HK\$2,000,000,000 granted by a company indirectly wholly owned by the controlling shareholder that will expire in December 2025 of which the full amount remained unutilised as at 31 March 2024. The directors of the Company consider that the loan facility can be utilised to settle the liabilities of the Group when and as they fall due. In addition, the controlling shareholder has been providing financial support to the Company. As at 31 March 2024, the amount due to a shareholder wholly-owned by the controlling shareholder was approximately HK\$26.4 million, representing an increase of approximately 33.5% as compared to 31 March 2023.

#### 2.1 綜合財務報表的編製基準 (續)

#### 持續經營假設 (續)

 恢復及/或加速物業開發項目 (續)

> 另一方面,就銀川項目(定義見附 註4) 而言, 截至二零二四年三月 三十一日,本集團已收到預售所 得款項約55,000,000港元,並於二 零二四年三月三十一日後及直至 本報告日期收到預售所得款項約 23,000,000港元。預售住宅物業預 計將於二零二四年十二月三十一 日或之前交付。在交付該等預售物 業後,本集團預計於截至二零二五 年三月三十一日止年度確認收入 約78,000,000港元。本公司董事預 計將該等所得款項用於銀川項目 的進一步開發及建設。此外,住宅 樓內亦有在建物業。根據本集團管 理層進行的估值,於二零二四年三 月三十一日,該等商業物業價值約 為100,000,000港元。本公司計劃 於截至二零二七年三月三十一日 止年度前出售該等商業物業。

獲關連公司持續提供財務支援 2) 於二零二四年三月三十一日,本 集團擁有由控股股東間接全資擁 有的公司所授出循環貸款融資 2.000.000.000港元, 並將於二零 二五年十二月到期,於二零二四年 三月三十一日,全額貸款額度尚 未動用。本公司董事認為,該貸款 融資可於到期時用作償付本集團 負債。此外,控股股東亦一直向本 公司提供財務支援。於二零二四 年三月三十一日,應付一名由控 股股東全資擁有的股東款項約為 26,400,000港元,較二零二三年三 月三十一日增加約33.5%。

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#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Going concern assumption (continued)

Expansion of Property Management Business 3) The Group had completed the acquisitions of three property management companies. The expansion of the Property Management Business will help to bring in more stable income to the Group in the future. This strategic expansion in the business of property management has generated revenue of approximately HK\$20.5 million during the year ended 31 March 2024, representing an increase of approximately 249% compared to the year ended 31 March 2023. The acquisitions of Ningxia Guanling, Hohhot Pengshenjie and Wuhan Yuejing (defined in note 30) were completed on 7 April 2023, 15 June 2023 and 9 August 2023, respectively. The Management expects that the revenue to be generated from the business of property management will increase, given that the three acquired subsidiaries will have full year contribution to the Group for the year ending 31 March 2025. The Management expects the revenue to be generated for the year ending 31 March 2025 will be at least approximately HK\$33 million.

#### 4) Other financing options

The Group will continue to identify and negotiate with various financial institutions and identifying various options for financing the Group's working capital and commitments in the foreseeable future.

#### 5) Future development plans

In addition to the continuous development of the existing businesses, the Group is also actively exploring other investment opportunities to expand its businesses. The Group is searching for some potential targets in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") as well as in Southeast Asia countries with businesses relating to property development and/or upstream or downstream businesses.

#### 6) Cost control

The Group will continue to take appropriate measures to control administrative costs.

#### 2.1 綜合財務報表的編製基準 (續)

#### 持續經營假設 (續)

- 擴大物業管理業務 3) 本集團已完成對三家物業管理公 司的收購。擴大物業管理業務將為 本集團未來帶來更穩定的收入。截 至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,物業管理業務的戰略擴張產生 約20,500,000港元的收入,較截至 二零二三年三月三十一日止年度 增長約249%。寧夏冠凌、呼和浩 特鵬盛潔及武漢閱景(定義見附註 30)的收購分別於二零二三年四 月七日、二零二三年六月十五日及 二零二三年八月九日完成。鑒於收 購的三家附屬公司將於截至二零 二五年三月三十一日止年度內為 本集團作出全年貢獻,管理層預計 物業管理業務產生的收入將增加。 管理層預計,截至二零二五年三 月三十一日止年度將產生至少約 33,000,000港元的收入。
- 4) 其他融資選項 本集團將繼續物色及與各個金融 機構磋商,並確定於可見未來本集 團營運資金及承擔的各種融資選 項。
- 5) 未來發展計劃 除繼續發展現有業務外,本集團亦 積極探索其他投資機會,以拓展 業務。本集團正在中華人民共和國 (「中國」)及東南亞國家尋找一些 與房地產開發及/或上下游業務 相關的潛在目標。
- 6) 成本控制 本集團將繼續採取適當措施控制 行政成本。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

#### Going concern assumption (continued)

The directors of the Company believe that, after taking into account the above plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to satisfy its present requirements for the year ending 31 March 2025.

Notwithstanding the above, given the volatility of the property sector in the PRC and the uncertainties to obtain continuous support from the related parties and the Group's contractors/creditors, the directors of the Company consider that significant uncertainties exist as to whether the Group will be able to achieve its plans and measures as described above.

Should the Group fail to achieve the above mentioned plans and measures, the Group may be unable to operate as a going concern, in which case adjustments might have to be made to the carrying values of the Group's assets to state them at their realisable values, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify its non-current assets and non-current liabilities to current assets and current liabilities, respectively.

#### 2.1 綜合財務報表的編製基準 (續)

#### 持續經營假設 (續)

經計及上述計劃及措施,本公司董事 認為本集團將擁有足夠營運資金滿 足其於截至二零二五年三月三十一 日止年度的現有需要。

儘管上文所述,鑒於中國物業市場波 動,且在取得關聯方及本集團的承建 商/債權人持續支持方面面對不確 定性,本公司董事認為,本集團能否 實現上述計劃及措施存在重大不確 定性。

倘本集團未能實現上述計劃及措施, 本集團可能無法持續經營,在有關 情況下,可能需要對本集團資產的賬 面值作出調整,以按其可變現價值列 賬,並對可能產生的任何進一步負債 計提撥備及分別將其非流動資產及 非流動負債重新分類為流動資產及 流動負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

### New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following new and amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group's annual period beginning on 1 April 2023 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

HKFRS 17 (including the October 2020 and February 2022 Amendments to HKFRS 17)	Insurance Contracts
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
Amendments to HKAS 12	International Tax Reform-Pillar Two model Rules
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies

Except as described below, the application of other new and amendments to HKFRSs in the current year has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.2 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)

#### 本年度強制生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則

本年度,本集團首次在綜合財務報表 的編製中應用以下由香港會計師公會 (「香港會計師公會」)頒佈並於本集 團自二零二三年四月一日起年度期 間強制生效的新訂及經修訂香港財 務報告準則:

港財務報告準則第17號	保險合約
(包括二零二零年	
十月及二零二二年	
二月的香港財務	
報告準則第17號	
(修訂本))	
香港會計準則第8號	會計估計的定義
(修訂本)	
香港會計準則第12號	與單一交易產生
(修訂本)	資產及負債
	有關的遞延
	稅項
香港會計準則第12號	國際稅務改革-
(修訂本)	支柱二範本
	規則
香港會計準則第1號	會計政策披露
及香港財務報告準則	
實務公告第2號	
(修訂本)	

除下文所述者外,於本年度應用其他 新訂及經修訂香港財務報告準則對 本集團於本年度及過往年度的財務 狀況及表現及/或該等綜合財務報 表所載披露並無重大影響。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING

#### STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

New and amendments to HKFRSs that are mandatorily effective for the current year (continued)

# Impacts on application of Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The Group has applied the amendments for the first time in the current year. HKAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements* is amended to replace all instances of the term "significant accounting policies" with "material accounting policy information". Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements.

The amendments also clarify that accounting policy information may be material because of the nature of the related transactions, other events or conditions, even if the amounts are immaterial. However, not all accounting policy information relating to material transactions, other events or conditions is itself material. If an entity chooses to disclose immaterial accounting policy information, such information must not obscure material accounting policy information.

HKFRS Practice Statement 2 *Making Materiality Judgements* (the "Practice Statement") is also amended to illustrate how an entity applies the "four-step materiality process" to accounting policy disclosures and to judge whether information about an accounting policy is material to its financial statements. Guidance and examples are added to the Practice Statement.

The application of the amendments has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance but has affected the disclosure of the Group's accounting policies set out in Note 2.3 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### 2.2 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 則」)(續)

本年度強制生效之新訂及經修訂 香港財務報告準則 (續)

#### 應用香港會計準則第1號及香港財 務報告準則實務公告第2號(修訂本) 會計政策披露的影響

本集團於本年度首次應用該修訂本。 香港會計準則第1號*財務報表的呈列* 已作修訂,以「重大會計政策資料」取 代「主要會計政策」一詞的所有情況。 倘會計政策資料與實體財務報表所 載其他資料一併考慮,會計政策資料 可以合理預期會影響通用財務報表 的主要使用者根據該等財務報表所 作出的決定,則該會計政策資料屬重 大。

該修訂本亦澄清會計政策資料可能 因關聯交易、其他事件或狀況的性質 而屬重大,即使其金額並不重大。然 而,並非所有與重大交易、其他事件 或狀況相關的會計政策資料本身屬 重大。倘實體選擇披露非重大會計政 策資料,則有關資料不得掩蓋重大會 計政策資料。

香港財務報告準則實務公告第2號作 出重大性判斷(「實務公告」)亦已作 修訂,以說明實體如何將「四步重大 性流程」應用於會計政策披露,並判 斷有關會計政策的資料對其財務報 表而言是否屬重大。實務公告已增加 指引及實例。

該等修訂本的應用對本集團財務狀 況及業績並無重大影響,但對本集團 綜合財務報表附註2.3所載會計政策 的披露產生影響。

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#### 2.2 APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs") (continued)

In accordance with the guidance set out in the amendments, accounting policy information that is standardised information, or information that only duplicates or summarises the requirements of the HKFRSs, is considered immaterial accounting policy information and is no longer disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements so as not to obscure the material accounting policy information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Amendments to HKFRSs in issue but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 Amendments to HKFRS 16	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>1</sup> Lease Liability in a Sale and	香港財務報告準 則第10號及香 港會計準則第 28號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準	投資者與其聯營 公司或合營公 司之間的資產 出售或注資 <sup>1</sup> 售後租回的租賃
Amendments to FIXI NG TO	Lease Lability in a Sale and Leaseback <sup>2</sup>	自泡約務報日準 則第16號 (修訂本)	自使祖回的祖員 負債 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>2</sup>	香港會計準則 第1號(修訂本)	將負債分類為流 動或非流動及 香港詮釋第5號 相關修訂本(二 零二零年) <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants <sup>2</sup>	香港會計準則 第1號(修訂本)	附帶契諾的非流 動負債 <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 7 and HKFRS 7	Supplier Finance Arrangements <sup>2</sup>	香港會計準則 第7號及香港財 務報告準則 第7號(修訂本)	供應商融資安排²
Amendments to HKAS 21	Lack of Exchangeability <sup>3</sup>	香港會計準則 第21號 (修訂本)	缺乏可交換性 <sup>3</sup>
<sup>1</sup> Effective for annual periods b	beginning on or after a date to be determined.	1 於待定日期或之 效。	之後開始的年度期間生
<sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods b	beginning on or after 1 January 2024.	<sup>2</sup> 於二零二四年- 年度期間生效。	一月一日或之後開始的
<sup>3</sup> Effective for annual periods b	beginning on or after 1 January 2025.	<sup>3</sup> 於二零二五年- 年度期間生效。	-月-日或之後開始的
	y anticipate that the application of all As will have no material impact on the ents in the foreseeable future.	訂香港財務報告	應用所有該等經修 準則於可見未來將 <sub>8</sub> 表產生重大影響。

#### 2.2 應用新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則(「香港財務報告準 **則」)**(續)

根據該等修訂本所載指引,被視為標 準化資料的會計政策資料,或僅重 複 或 概 括 香 港 財 務 報 告 準 則 規 定 的 資料,將被視為不重大的會計政策 資料,不再於綜合財務報表附註中披 露,以免隱瞞綜合財務報表附註中披 露的重大會計政策資料。

#### 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(修訂本)

本集團並未提前應用以下已頒佈但尚未 生效的香港財務報告準則(修訂本):

香港財務報告準 則第10號及香 港會計準則第 28號(修訂本) 香港財務報告準 則第16號 (修訂本)	投資者與其聯營 公司或合營公 司之間的資產 出售或注資 <sup>1</sup> 售後租回的租賃 負債 <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則 第1號(修訂本)	將負債分類為流 動或非流動及 香港詮釋第5號 相關修訂本(二 零二零年) <sup>2</sup>
香港會計準則	附帶契諾的非流
第1號(修訂本)	
香港會計準則	供應商融資安排 <sup>2</sup>
第7號及香港財 務報告準則 第7號(修訂本) 香港會計準則 第21號 (修訂本)	
1 於待定日期或 效。	之後開始的年度期間生
<sup>2</sup> 於二零二四年 年度期間生效	—月一日或之後開始的 。
<sup>3</sup> 於二零二五年 年度期間生效	—月一日或之後開始的 。
	應用所有該等經修 準則於可見未來將

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司以及本公 司所控制實體及其附屬公司之財務 報表。倘本公司符合以下條件,則取 得控制權:

- 可對投資對象行使權力;
- 因參與投資對象之業務而可獲 得或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 有能力使用其權力影響其回 報。

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制 元素有一項或以上出現變動,本集團 會重新評估其是否對投資對象擁有 控制權。

倘本集團取得附屬公司的控制權,則 開始將附屬公司綜合入賬,並於本集 團失去附屬公司的控制權時,終止綜 合入賬。具體而言,年內所收購或出 售附屬公司之收入及開支自本集團 取得控制權當日起計入綜合損益及 其他全面收益報表,直至本集團不再 控制該附屬公司當日為止。

本集團會於必要時調整附屬公司之 財務報表以使其會計政策與本集團 的會計政策一致。

所有集團內公司間資產及負債、權 益、收入、開支及有關本集團成員公 司間交易之現金流量均於綜合入賬 時悉數對銷。

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

**INFORMATION** (continued)

#### **Business combinations**

Businesses combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. The consideration transferred in a business combination is measured at fair value, which is calculated as the sum of the acquisition-date fair values of the assets transferred by the Group, liabilities incurred by the Group to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs incurred to effect a business combination are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

At the acquisition date, the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed are recognised at their fair value, except that:

- deferred tax assets or liabilities arising from the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the business combination are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 12 *Income Taxes*;
- assets or liabilities related to the acquiree's employee benefit arrangements are recognised and measured in accordance with HKAS 19 *Employee Benefits*;
- liabilities or equity instruments related to share-based payment transactions of the acquiree or the replacement of the acquiree's share-based payment transactions with the share-based payment transactions of the Group are measured in accordance with HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment at the acquisition date; and

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 業務合併

業務合併應用收購法入賬。於業務合 併中轉讓之代價按公平值計量,其乃 按本集團轉讓之資產於收購日期之 公平值、本集團對被收購方之前擁有 人產生之負債及本集團為換取被收 購方之控制權而發行之股本權益總 額計算。為進行業務合併而產生之收 購相關成本於產生時於損益確認。

所收購之可識別資產及所承擔之負 債於收購日期按公平值確認,惟下列 者除外:

- 因業務合併所收購之資產及已 承擔之負債產生之遞延稅項資 產或負債根據香港會計準則第 12號所得稅確認及計量;
- 與被收購方僱員福利安排有關 之資產或負債根據香港會計準 則第19號*僱員福利*確認及計 量;
- 與被收購方之以股份為基礎付款交易或以本集團之以股份為基礎付款交易取代被收購方之以股份為基礎付款交易有關之負債或股本工具根據香港財務報告準則第2號以股份為基礎付款於收購日期計量;及

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### Business combinations (continued)

- assets (or disposal groups) that are classified as held-forsale in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Heldfor-sale and Discontinued Operations are measured in accordance with that standard.
- Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the remaining lease payments as if the acquired lease was a new lease at the acquisition date, except for leases for which (a) the lease term ends within 12 months of the acquisition date; or (b) the underlying asset is of low value. Right-of-use assets are measured at an amount equal to the lease liabilities, adjusted to reflect favourable or unfavourable terms of the lease when compared with market terms.

Goodwill is measured as the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree, and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any) over the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If, after re-assessment, the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed exceeds the aggregate of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held interest in the acquiree (if any), the excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on bargain purchase.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 業務合併 (續)

- 根據香港財務報告準則第5號 持作出售之非流動資產及終止 經營業務分類為持作出售之資 產(或出售組別)根據該準則計 量。
- 租賃負債按剩餘租賃款項之現 值計量,猶如已收購租賃於收 購日期為一項新租賃,惟符合 下列條件之租賃除外:(a)租期 於收購日期起12個月內屆滿; 或(b)相關資產屬低價值。使用 權資產按相等於租賃負債之金 額計量,並經調整以反映相較 市場條款之有利或不利租賃條 款。

收購業務產生之商譽按於收購業務 當日確定之成本減累計減值虧損(如 有)列賬。

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

**INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Goodwill

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash generating unit (the "CGU") (or groups of CGU) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually or more frequently when there is indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a reporting period, the CGU to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that reporting period. If the recoverable amount of the CGU is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro rate basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On disposal of the relevant CGU, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 商譽

就減值測試而言,商譽會分配至預期 將自合併協同效益獲益之本集團各 現金產生單位(「現金產生單位」)(或 現金產生單位組別)。

就出售相關現金產生單位而言, 商譽 應佔款項於釐定出售盈虧時計入。

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### Investment in an associate

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. The financial statements of an associate used for equity accounting purposes are prepared using uniform accounting policies as those of the Group for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate. When the Group's share of losses of an associate exceeds the Group's interest in that associate (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

An investment in an associate is accounted for using the equity method from the date on which the investee becomes an associate. On acquisition of the investment in an associate, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the investee is recognised as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 於聯營公司之投資

聯營公司是指本集團可對其產生重 大影響力之實體。重大影響力指可參 與投資對象之財務及營運決策但並 非控制或共同控制該等政策之權力。

聯營公司的業績以及資產及負債乃 使用權益會計法列入該等綜合財務 報表。用於權益會計法之聯營公司財 務報表乃採用與本集團就類似交易 及於類似情況下之事項所採納之統 一會計政策編製。根據權益法,於聯 營公司之投資初步按成本於綜合財 務狀況表內確認,並於其後就確認本 集團應佔該聯營公司之損益及其他 全面收益予以調整。當本集團應佔聯 營公司之虧損超過本集團於該聯營 公司之權益(包括實質上成為本集團 於該聯營公司之投資淨額一部分的 任何長期權益)時,本集團終止確認 其應佔之進一步虧損。僅於本集團已 產生法定或推定責任,或已代表該聯 營公司支付款項的情況下,方會確認 額外虧損。

於聯營公司之投資乃自投資對象成 為聯營公司當日起使用權益法入賬。 收購於聯營公司之投資時,投資成本 超出本集團應佔該投資對象之可識 別資產及負債之公平值淨額之任何 數額確認為商譽,並計入該投資之賬 面值。

經重新評估後,本集團應佔可識別資 產及負債之公平值淨額超出收購成 本的部分於投資收購期間於損益內 確認。

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

#### **INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Investment in an associate (continued)

The requirements of HKAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* are applied to determine whether it is necessary to recognise any impairment loss with respect to the Group's investment in an associate. When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs of disposal) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When a group entity transacts with an associate of the Group (such as a sale or contribution of assets), profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not related to the Group.

#### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 於聯營公司之投資 (續)

本集團應用香港會計準則第36號資 產減值規定以釐定是否有必要確認 本集團於聯營公司之投資的任何減 值虧損。倘有需要,投資之全部賬面 值(包括商譽)會視作單一資產並換 香港會計準則第36號資產減值與公平 值減出售成本之較高者)與賬面值之 一 就出售成為投資賬面值之一部 分。倘投資之可收回金額其後回升, 減值虧損之任何撥回會按照香港會 計準則第36號確認。

倘集團實體與本集團之聯營公司進 行交易(如資產出售或出資),僅在聯 營公司之權益與本集團無關之情況 下,方會於本集團綜合財務報表中確 認與聯營公司進行交易所產生之溢 利及虧損。

#### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備乃按成本減累計折 舊及任何減值虧損入賬。物業、廠房 及設備項目之成本包括購入價以及 將該項資產置於其運作狀態及地點 作其擬定用途之任何直接相關成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後所 產生如維修及保養等開支,通常於 產生期間自損益扣除。倘符合確認標 準,則有關重大檢查之開支會按該資 產之賬面值資本化為重置資產。倘物 業、廠房及設備之主要部分須分段重 置,則本集團將該等部分確認為獨立 資產,並設定特定之可使用年期及進 行相應折舊。

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

#### **INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings	5%
Leasehold improvements	Over the shorter of the lease terms and 20% to 25%
Office equipment	15% to 33 1/3%
Furniture and fixtures	15% to 20%
Motor vehicles	20% to 25%

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in profit or loss in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊乃按直線基準將每項物業、廠房 及設備之成本於其估計可使用年期 內撇銷至其剩餘價值。就此所採用之 主要年率如下:

樓宇	5%
租賃物業裝修	按租賃年期及
	20%至25%
	兩者中較低者
辦公設備	15%至331/₃%
傢俬及固定裝置	15%至20%
汽車	20%至25%

倘物業、廠房及設備項目各部分之可 使用年期不同,則該項目之成本會按 合理基準分配至各部分,而各部分會 分別計算折舊。剩餘價值、可使用年 期及折舊方法會至少於各財政年末 檢討,並作出適當調整。

倘物業、廠房及設備項目(包括初始 確認之任何主要部分)於出售後或預 期日後使用或出售該項目不會帶來 經濟利益時終止確認。於該資產終止 確認年度之損益內確認之任何出售 或報廢盈虧乃有關資產出售所得款 項淨額與賬面值之差額。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

**INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation (including properties under construction for such purposes).

Owned investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at their fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment properties are included in profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

Construction costs incurred for investment properties under construction are capitalised as part of the carrying amount of the investment properties under construction.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the profit or loss in the period in which the property is derecognised.

If an item of prepaid land lease payments becomes an investment property when there is a change in use, as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in properties revaluation reserve. The properties revaluation reserve in respect of that item will be transferred directly to retained earnings when it is derecognised.

#### Leasing

#### Definition of a lease

Under HKFRS 16, a contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys a right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 投資物業

投資物業指持作賺取租金及/或待 資本增值之物業(包括為此目的之在 建物業)。

自用投資物業初步按成本(包括任 何直接應佔開支)計量。於初始確認 後,投資物業按公平值計量。投資物 業之公平值變動所產生之盈虧於產 生期間計入損益。

在建投資物業所產生之建築成本會 資本化,作為在建投資物業部份賬面 值。

投資物業乃於出售後或當投資物業 永久不再使用及預期出售物業不會 產生未來經濟利益時終止確認。終止 確認該物業時產生之任何損益(按出 售所得款項淨額與該資產之賬面值 之差額計算)計入該物業終止確認期 間之損益內。

倘預付土地租賃款因用途有變(即不 再由擁有者自用)而成為一項投資物 業,則該項目於轉變當日之賬面值與 公平值之任何差額,將於其他全面收 益確認及於物業重估儲備中累計。該 項目之物業重估儲備將於其終止確 認時直接轉入保留溢利。

#### 租賃

#### 租賃之定義

根據香港財務報告準則第16號,倘 合約賦予控制權於一段時間內使用 已識別資產以換取代價,則該合約屬 於或包含租賃。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### Leasing (continued)

#### The Group as lessee

For contracts entered into or modified on or after the date of initial application or arising from business combinations, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability with respect to all lease arrangements in which it is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as leases with a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option) and leases of low value assets. For these leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

#### Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets comprise the initial measurement of the corresponding lease liability, lease payments made at or before the commencement date and any initial direct costs, less lease incentives received. Whenever the Group incurs an obligation for costs to dismantle and remove a leased asset, restore the site on which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, provision is recognised and measured under HKAS 37 *Provision, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets.* The costs are included in the related right-of-use assets, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

They are depreciated over the shorter period of lease term and useful life of the underlying asset. The depreciation starts at the commencement date of the lease.

The Group presents right-of-use assets as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group applies HKAS 36 to determine whether a right-of-use asset is impaired and accounts for any identified impairment loss.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 租賃 (續)

#### 本集團作為承租人

就於首次應用日期或之後訂立或修 訂或因業務合併產生之合約而言,除 短期租賃(定義為租賃期自開始日期 起12個月或以下且不含購買選擇權 之租賃)及低價值資產租賃外,本 團就其作為承租人之所有租賃負債。就 該等租賃而言,本集團於租賃負債。就 該等租賃而言,本集團於租賃期內按 直線基準確認租賃款項為經營開支, 除非另有系統化基準更能代表耗用 租賃資產所產生經濟利益之時間模 式,則另作別論。

#### 使用權資產

使用權資產包括相應租賃負債、於開 始日期或之前支付之租賃款項及任 何初始直接成本之初始計量減已收 租賃資產。當本集團產生拆除及移除 租賃資產、恢復相關資產所在場地或 將相關資產恢復至租賃條款及條件 所規定狀態之成本責任時,本集團會 根據香港會計準則第37號撥備、或 然負債及或然資產確認及計量撥備。 成本計入相關使用權資產,除非該等 成本因生產存貨而產生,則另作別 論。

該等使用權資產於租賃期與相關資 產可使用年期之較短期間內折舊。折 舊於租賃開始日期開始。

本集團於綜合財務狀況表內將使用 權資產呈列為獨立項目。

本集團應用香港會計準則第36號釐 定使用權資產是否出現減值,並將任 何已識別減值虧損入賬。

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

#### **INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Leasing (continued)

The Group as lessee (continued)

#### Lease liability

At the commencement date, the Group recognises and measures lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted by using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise:

- fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- the amount expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of purchase options if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise the options; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease liability is presented as a separate line in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The lease liability is subsequently measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability (using the effective interest method) and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

#### The Group as lessor

The Group enters into lease agreements as a lessor with respect to some of its investment properties. Leases for which the Group is a lessor are classified as finance or operating leases. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人 (續)

租賃負債

於開始日期,本集團按當日尚未支付 租賃款項之現值確認及計量租賃負 債。租賃款項按租賃隱含之利率貼 現。倘未能輕易釐定該利率,則本集 團使用其增量借款利率。

計量租賃負債時所包含之租賃款項 包括:

- 固定租賃款項(包括實質固定款 項)減任何應收租賃優惠;
- 承租人於剩餘價值擔保下預期 應付之金額;
- 倘承租人合理確定行使購買選 擇權,則為該選擇權之行使價;
   及
- 倘租期反映本集團行使終止租 賃之選擇權,則支付終止租賃 之罰款。

租賃負債於綜合財務狀況表呈列為 獨立項目。

租賃負債透過增加賬面值以反映租 賃負債之利息(使用實際利率法)及 減少賬面值以反映已付租賃款項而 進行其後計量。

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團作為出租人就其部分投資物 業訂立租賃協議。本集團作為出租人 之租賃分類為融資或經營租賃。當租 賃條款將所有權之絕大部分風險及 回報轉移至承租人時,該合約分類為 融資租賃。所有其他租賃均分類為經 營租賃。

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### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

#### **INFORMATION** (continued)

#### Leasing (continued)

#### The Group as lessor (continued)

When a contract includes both lease and non-lease components, the Group applies HKFRS 15 *Revenue from Contracts with Customers* to allocate the consideration under the contract to each component.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straightline basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured at fair value model.

Variable lease payments for operating leases that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income when they arise.

#### Properties under development

Properties under development are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value and comprise construction costs, borrowing costs, professional fees, payments for land use rights and other costs directly attributable to such properties incurred during the development period.

Sales deposits and instalments received in respect of the presale of properties under development prior to completion of the development are included in current liabilities as contract liabilities.

Properties under development are classified as current assets as the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete within the normal operating cycle. On completion, the properties are transferred to completed properties held for sales.

#### Completed properties held for sales

Completed properties held for sales are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by an apportionment of the total land and buildings costs attributable to unsold properties. Net realisable value is estimated by the directors based on the prevailing market prices, on an individual property basis.

Sales deposits and instalments received in respect of the presale of completed properties held for sales are included in current liabilities as contract liabilities.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 租賃 (續)

#### 本集團作為出租人 (續)

當合約包含租賃及非租賃部分時,本 集團應用香港財務報告準則第15號 客戶合約收益將合約代價分配至各 部分。

經營租賃之租金收入於相關租賃期 限內按直線基準確認。磋商及安排經 營租賃時產生之初始直接成本計入 租賃資產之賬面值,並於租賃期內按 直線基準確認(除按公平值模式計量 之投資物業外)。

並非基於指數或比率之經營租賃可 變租賃款項於其產生時確認為收入。

#### 在建物業

在建物業按成本與可變現淨值兩者 之較低者列賬,包括建築成本、借貸 成本、專業費用、土地使用權款項及 其他可直接計入該等物業於發展期 間產生之成本。

於發展項目完成前,就預售在建物業 收取之銷售按金及分期供款乃作為 合約負債列入流動負債。

由於有關物業發展項目之施工期預 期於正常營業週期完結,在建物業被 歸類為流動資產。於完成後,有關物 業獲轉撥為持作出售之竣工物業。

#### 持作出售之竣工物業

持作出售之竣工物業按成本與可變 現淨值之較低者列賬。成本按未出售 物業所攤分之應佔總土地及樓宇成 本而釐定。可變現淨值則由董事根據 當前市價按個別物業基準而估計。

就預售持作出售之竣工物業收取之 銷售按金及分期供款乃作為合約負 債列入流動負債。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

#### **INFORMATION** (continued)

Impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets other than goodwill (see the accounting policy in respect of goodwill above)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 商譽(見上文有關商譽之會計政 策)除外物業、廠房及設備及使 用權資產的減值

於各報告期末,本集團檢討其物業、 廠房及設備及使用權資產之賬面值, 以釐定該等資產是否出現蒙受減值 虧損之跡象。倘存在任何有關跡象, 則估計資產之可收回金額,以釐定 頭資產可收回金額時,本集團估計 資產所屬現金產生單位之可收 金額時,公司資產亦可分配至單個 見 之前 之句 定 一致之分配基準之最小現金產生 單位組別。

可收回金額為公平值減出售成本與 使用價值中的較高者。於評估使用價 值時,估計未來現金流量使用反映當 時市場對貨幣時間價值及資產之特 定風險評估的除稅前貼現率貼現至 現值,而估計未來現金流量並未予以 調整。

倘估計資產(或現金產生單位)之可 收回金額將少於其賬面值,則資產 (或現金產生單位)之賬面值將調減 至其可收回金額。減值虧損會即時於 損益內確認。

倘其後撥回減值虧損,則資產(或現 金產生單位)之賬面值將增至其修訂 後之估計可收回金額,惟因此增加之 賬面值不會超出倘資產(或現金產生 單位)於過往年度並無確認減值虧損 時原本應釐定之賬面值。減值虧損之 撥回會即時於損益內確認。

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#### 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount presented in the consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognised financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortised cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets. Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI") and FVTPL.

#### 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

#### 金融工具

金融資產及金融負債於集團實體成 為該工具合約條文的訂約方時,於綜 合財務狀況表內確認。

金融資產及金融負債初步按公平值 計量,惟客戶合約產生之應收賬款初 步根據香港財務報告準則第15號計 量。收購或發行金融資產及金融負債 (按公平值計入損益之金融資產及 金融負債除外)直接應佔之交易成本 於初始確認時加入金融資產或金融 負債之公平值或從中扣除(如適用)。 收購按公平值計入損益之金融資產 或金融負債直接應佔之交易成本即 時於損益內確認。

當且僅當本集團目前具有法定可強 制執行之權利抵銷已確認金額,且擬 按淨額結算或同時變現資產及清償 負債時,金融資產及金融負債方會互 相抵銷,而有關淨額於綜合財務狀況 表內呈列。

#### 金融資產

所有常規方式買賣之金融資產於交 易日確認及終止確認。常規方式買賣 指須於根據市場規則或慣例訂立之 時限內交付資產之金融資產買賣。

所有已確認之金融資產隨後按攤銷 成本或公平值整體計量,具體取決於 金融資產的分類。金融資產於初始確 認時分類為其後按攤銷成本、按公平 值計入其他全面收益(「按公平值計 入其他全面收益」)及按公平值計入 損益計量。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cashflow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. The Group's financial assets are classified as financial assets at amortised cost and FVTOCI.

*Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)* The Group measures financial assets subsequently at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment.

### Amortised cost and effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial assets other than purchased or originated creditimpaired financial assets (i.e. assets that are credit-impaired on initial recognition), the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 金融工具 (續)

### 金融資產 (續)

初始確認時之金融資產分類取決於 金融資產之合約現金流量特徵以及 本集團管理彼等之業務模式。本集團 之金融資產歸類為按攤銷成本及按 公平值計入其他全面收益計量之金 融資產。

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產(債務工具) 倘滿足以下兩個條件,本集團隨後按 攤銷成本計量金融資產:

- 金融資產以目的旨在持有金融 資產以收取合約現金流量之業 務模式持有;及
- 金融資產之合約條款於指定日 期產生之現金流量純粹為支付 本金及未償還本金之利息。

按攤銷成本計算之金融資產其後使 用實際利率法計量,並可能會出現減 值。

### 攤銷成本及實際利率法

實際利率法乃計算債務工具之攤銷 成本及於有關期間分配利息收入之 方法。

就購入或發起的信貸減值金融資產 以外之金融資產(即於初始確認時信 貸減值的資產)而言,實際利率乃將 估計未來現金收入(包括構成實際利 率不可或缺部分之所有已付或已收 費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓, 不包括預期信貸虧損)按債務工具之 預期可使用年期或(倘適用)較短期 間準確貼現至初始確認時債務工具 的賬面總值之利率。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued) Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments) (continued)

Amortised cost and effective interest method (continued) The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for debt instruments measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset. If, in subsequent reporting periods, the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income, gains and losses" line item.

#### Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election (on an instrument-by-instrument basis) to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### 金融工具 (續)

#### 金融資產 (續)

按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 (債務工具) (續)

#### 攤銷成本及實際利率法 (續)

金融資產之攤銷成本為金融資產於 初始確認時計量的金額減去本金還 款,加上使用實際利率法計算的初始 金額與到期金額之間任何差額的累 計攤銷,並就任何虧損撥備進行調 整。金融資產之賬面總值為金融資產 就任何虧損撥備作出調整前的攤銷 成本。

就其後按攤銷成本計量之債務工具 而言,利息收入採用實際利率法確 認。利息收入之計算方法是將實際利 率應用於金融資產的賬面總值,但隨 後成為信貸減值的金融資產除外(見 下文)。對於其後成為信貸減值的金 融資產,利息收入通過將實際利率應 用於金融資產的攤銷成本確認。如在 其後報告期內,信貸減值金融資產不再 信貸減值,則利息收入通過將實際利 率應用於金融資產的賬面總值確認。

利息收入於損益中確認,並計入「其 他收入、收益及虧損」項目。

### 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的股 本工具

於初始確認時,本集團可按個別工具 基準作出不可撤回的選擇,以指定股 本工具投資為按公平值計入其他全 面收益。倘股本投資乃持作買賣或為 收購方於業務合併中確認的或有代 價,則不允許指定為按公平值計入其 他全面收益。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

**INFORMATION** (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued) Equity instruments designated as at FVTOCI (continued)

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment revaluation reserve. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, instead, they will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognised in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses on investments in debt instruments that are measured at amortised cost. The amount of expected credit losses is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition of the respective financial instrument.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables. The expected credit losses are estimated using collective assessment after considering internal credit ratings of debtors, aging, repayment history and/or past due status of respective trade receivables. Estimated loss rates are based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for supportable forward-looking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort.

For all other financial instruments, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12-month ECL, unless when there has a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increase in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 金融工具 (續)

### **金融資產**(續)

指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益的股 本工具(續)

按公平值計入其他全面收益之股本 工具投資初始按公平值加交易成本 計量。其後,則按公平值計量,其公 平值變動產生的收益或虧損於其他 全面收益內確認,並於投資重估儲備 內累計。處置股本投資時,累計收益 或虧損不會重新分類至損益,而將轉 撥至保留溢利。

該等股本工具投資之股息在本集團 收取股息的權利確立時於損益中確 認,除非股息明確代表收回部分投資 成本則作別論。

#### 金融資產減值

本集團確認按攤銷成本計量之債務 工具投資的預期信貸虧損的虧損撥 備。預期信貸虧損金額在每個報告日 期更新,以反映各金融工具自初始確 認以來信貸風險的變化。

本集團始終就應收賬款確認全期預 期信貸虧損。預期信貸虧損乃經考慮 債務人的內部信貸評級、各應收賬款 的賬齡、還款記錄及/或逾期狀況後 透過採用集體評估進行估計。估計虧 損率以債務人預期年期之過往觀察 得到的違約率基準,並就毋須繁重成 本或精力即可取得的合理、有理據的 前瞻性資料作出調整。

對於所有其他金融工具,本集團計量 相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損 撥備,除非自初始確認後信貸風險顯 著增加,則本集團確認全期預期信貸 虧損。評估應否確認全期預期信貸虧 損乃以自初始確認以來發生違約的 可能性或風險是否顯著增加為基準。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

## **INFORMATION** (continued)

## Financial instruments (continued)

### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor;
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### 金融工具 (續)

### 金融資產 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

信貸風險顯著增加

於評估金融工具之信貸風險自初始 確認以來有否顯著增加時,本集團會 將金融工具於報告日期之違約風險 與於初始確認日期之違約風險作出 比較。在此評估過程中,本集團同時 考慮合理而有憑證之定量及定性資 料,包括過往經驗及毋須付出不必要 成本或精力即可取得之前瞻性資料。

尤其是,在評估自初始確認以來信貸 風險是否顯著增加時,會考慮以下資 料:

- 金融工具外部(如有)或內部信 貸評級的實際或預期重大惡化;
- 預計會導致債務人履行其債務 責任之能力大幅下降的業務、 財務或經濟狀況的現有或預測 不利變化;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期 顯著惡化;
- 同一債務人的其他金融工具的 信貸風險顯著增加;
- 債務人的監管、經濟或技術環 境存在實際或預期的重大不利
   變化導致債務人履行其債務責
   任之能力大幅下降。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a debt instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the debt financial is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default, ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term, and iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfill its contractual cash flow obligations. The Group considers a debt instrument to have low credit risk when the asset has external credit rating of 'investment grade' in accordance with the globally understood definition.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 金融工具 (續)

### 金融資產 (續)

金融資產減值 (續)

信貸風險顯著增加(續)

無論上述評估結果如何,當合約付款 逾期超過30天時,本集團假定金融 資產之信貸風險自初始確認以來已 大幅增加,除非本集團有合理而有憑 證之資料能證明情況並非如此。

儘管如上所述,若債務工具在報告日 期確定具有低信貸風險,則本集團假 設債務工具之信貸風險自初始確認 後並未顯著增加。倘若i)金融工具的 違約風險較低,ii)借款人短期內具的 履行合約現金流量責任之期內 月合約現金流量責任之能力, 支iii)經濟及業務狀況之較長期 行合約現金流量責任之能力,則 個 行合約現金流量責任之能力 , 見會被判定具有低信貸風險。 當 照級為「投資級」,則本集團視該債 務工具具有低信貸風險。

本集團定期監察用以識別信貸風險 是否顯著增加的標準的有效性,並適 當對其進行修訂,以確保有關標準能 夠在款項逾期前識別信貸風險的顯 著增加。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

## **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

*Impairment of financial assets (continued)* Significant increase in credit risk (continued) Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable:

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the debtor; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

The Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### 金融工具 (續)

**金融資產**(續) *金融資產減值(續)* 信貸風險顯著增加(續) 違約之定義 本集團認為以下事項構成內部信貸 風險管理的違約事件,因為過往經驗 表明符合以下任何一項標準的應收 款項通常無法收回:

- 債務人違反財務契約時;或
- 內部編製或從外部來源獲得的 資料表明債務人不大可能全 額支付其債權人(包括本集團) (未計及本集團持有之任何抵 押品)。

本集團認為,倘金融資產逾期超過 90天,即已發生違約,除非本集團有 合理而有憑證之資料證明更為寬鬆 的違約標準更為合適則作別論。

### 信貸減值金融資產

當發生一項或多項事件對金融資產 的估計未來現金流量產生不利影響 時,該金融資產即為出現信貸減值。 金融資產信貸減值的證據包括有關 以下事件的可觀察數據:

- 發行人或借款人面臨重大財政
   困難;
- 違約,如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 出於與借款人的財政困難有關 的經濟或合約原因,借款人之 貸款方已向借款人授予貸款方 在一般情況下不會考慮的特許 權;
- 借款人可能將會破產或進行其 他財務重組;或
  - 該金融資產的活躍市場因財政
     困難而消失。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

#### Financial assets (continued)

Impairment of financial assets (continued) Significant increase in credit risk (continued) Write-off policy

### The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or in the case of trade receivables, when the amounts are over two to three years past due, whichever occurs sooner. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information as described above. As for the exposure at default, for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date.

For financial assets, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date, except for assets for which simplified approach was used.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 金融工具 (續)

### 金融資產 (續)

*金融資產減值 (續)* 信貸風險顯著增加 (續)

临夏風厥殿日 撇銷政策

當有資料表明債務人處於嚴重的財 務困境且並無實際收回的可能(例如 當對手方被清算或已進入破產程序) 時,或就應收賬款而言,當款項逾期 超過兩至三年時(以較早者為準),本 集團會將有關金融資產撇銷。在適當 的情況下,經考慮法律意見後,已撇 銷之金融資產仍可根據本集團的收 回程序實施強制執行活動。所作出的 任何收回均於損益中確認。

#### 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量是違約概率、違約損失率(即違約時的損失程度)及違約風險敞口的函數。違約概率及違約損失率之評估乃基於根據上述前瞻性資料作出調整的過往數據計算。至於違約風險敞口,就金融資產而言,指於報告日期資產的總賬面金額。

金融資產之預期信貸虧損按根據合 約應付本集團的所有合約現金流量 與本集團預期可收取的所有現金流 量之間的差額估算,並按原定實際利 率貼現。

倘本集團已在上一年報告期內按相 等於全期預期信貸虧損的金額計量 金融工具之虧損撥備,但在本報告日 期確定不再符合全期預期信貸虧損 的條件,則本集團在本報告日期按相 等於12個月預期信貸虧損的金額計 量虧損撥備,惟使用簡化方法的資產 除外。

本集團於損益確認所有金融工具的 減值收益或虧損,並通過虧損撥備賬 對其賬面金額進行相應調整。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

## **INFORMATION** (continued)

## Financial instruments (continued)

### Financial assets (continued)

### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss.

### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

### Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### Financial liabilities

The Group's financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the amortised cost of a financial liability.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### 金融工具 (續)

### 金融資產 (續)

### 終止確認金融資產

本集團僅在自資產收取現金流量的 合約權利到期或將金融資產及資產 所有權的絕大部分風險及回報轉移 至另一方時,方會終止確認金融資 產。

於終止確認按攤銷成本計量之金融 資產時,資產賬面值與已收及應收代 價總額之間的差額於損益中確認。

### 金融負債及股本工具

### 分類為債務或股本 由集團實體發行之債務及股本工具 根據合約安排的實質內容以及金融 負債及股本工具的定義分類為金融 負債或股本。

#### 金融負債

本集團金融負債其後以實際利率法 按攤銷成本計量。

實際利率法乃計算金融負債之攤銷 成本及於有關期間分配利息開支之 方法。實際利率乃將估計未來現金付 款(包括構成實際利率不可或缺部分 的全部已付或已收費用、交易成本及 其他溢價或折讓)按金融負債之預期 年期或(倘適用)較短期間準確貼現 至金融負債的攤銷成本之利率。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Financial instruments (continued)

Financial liabilities and equity instruments (continued) *Classification as debt or equity (continued)* 

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle that obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (where the effect of the time value of money is material). When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 金融工具 (續)

**金融負債及股本工具**(續) 分類為債務或股本(續) 終止確認金融負債 當且僅當本集團之責任獲解除、取消 或到期時,本集團方會終止確認金融 負債。已終止確認之金融負債的賬面 值與已付及應付代價(包括所轉讓或 承擔的任何非現金資產或負債)之間 的差額於損益中確認。

### 撥備

當本集團因過往事件以致有現時(法 定或推定)責任時,本集團可能須清 償該責任,且該責任金額能可靠估 計,則確認撥備。

撥備乃按計及有關責任的風險及不 明朗因素後於報告期末對清償現時 責任所需代價的最佳估計計量。當使 用清償現時責任的估計現金流量計 量之現值(倘貨幣時間價值的影響量 主大)。當結算撥備所需的部分或全 部經濟利益預期可自第三方收回時, 倘大致確定將獲償付及應收款項金 額能可靠計量,則將應收款項確認為 資產。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

## Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred income tax expense.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from '(loss) profit before tax' as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit and at the time of the transaction does not give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### 稅項

所得稅開支指即期及遞延所得稅開 支之總和。

即期應付稅項乃按年內應課稅溢利 計算。應課稅溢利因於其他年度應課 稅或可扣減之收入或開支及毋須課 稅或不可扣減之項目,而有別於綜合 損益及其他全面收益報表中所呈報之 「除稅前(虧損)溢利」。本集團乃使 用於報告期末已頒佈或實際上已頒 佈之稅率計算即期稅項之負債。

遞延稅項乃就綜合財務報表中資產 及負債之賬面值與用於計算應課稅 溢利所採用之相應稅基之暫時差額 確認。遞延稅項負債一般會就所有應 課稅暫時性差額確認。遞延稅項資產 一般會就所有可扣減暫時差額確認, 惟該等可扣減暫時差額可用於抵銷 應課稅溢利。倘於一項交易中,因商 譽或初始確認(業務合併除外)其他 資產及負債而產生的暫時差額不影 響應課稅溢利亦不影響會計溢利,且 於交易時不會產生相等的應課稅及 可扣減暫時差額,則不會確認該等遞 延稅項資產及負債。此外,倘初步確 認商譽產生暫時差額,則不予確認遞 延稅項負債。

遞延稅項負債乃就與於附屬公司及 聯營公司之投資有關的應課稅暫時 差額而確認,惟倘本集團可控制暫時 差額之撥回及暫時差額於可見將 不可能無法撥回則除外。與該等投資 權益有關的可扣減暫時差額所產投 酸課稅溢利可使用暫時差額的利益 且預期於可見將來可撥回時,方予確 認。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### Taxation (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities or deferred tax assets for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time, rather than through sale. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax liabilities and deferred tax assets for such investment properties are measured in accordance with the general principles above.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 稅項(續)

遞延稅項資產之賬面值乃於報告期 末進行檢討,並於不再可能有足夠應 課稅溢利以收回全部或部分資產時 作調減。

遞延稅項資產及負債乃按預期於償 還負債或變現資產期間適用之稅率, 並根據於報告期末已頒佈或實際上 已頒佈之稅率(及稅法)計量。

遞延稅項負債及資產之計量反映按 照本集團於報告期末預期收回或結 算其資產及負債賬面值之方式所產 生之稅務結果。

就計量利用公平值模式計量的投資 物業之遞延稅項負債或遞延稅項資 產而言,該等物業賬面值乃假設通過 銷售全數收回,除非該假設被推翻則 除外。當投資物業可予折舊乃以其 的旨在隨時間而非透過銷售消耗 資物業所包含的絕大部分經濟利 對 約二時間的絕大部分經濟利益 的業務模式持有時,有關假設會被推 翻。倘此假設被推翻,則有關投資產 乃根據上述一般原則計量。

當有可合法執行權利可將即期稅項 資產與即期稅項負債抵銷,且彼等與 同一稅務機關徵收之所得稅及本集 團擬按淨額基準結算即期稅項負債 及資產相關,則遞延稅項資產與負債 可予抵銷。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### Taxation (continued)

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax for leasing transactions in which the Group recognises the right-of-use assets and the related lease liabilities, the Group first determines whether the tax deductions are attributable to the right-of-use assets or the lease liabilities.

For leasing transactions in which the tax deductions are attributable to the lease liabilities, the Group applies HKAS 12 *Income Taxes* requirements the lease liabilities and the related assets separately. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to lease liabilities to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for all taxable temporary differences.

### Government grants

Government grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognised as deferred income in the consolidated statement of financial position and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### 稅項(續)

即期及遞延稅項於損益內確認,惟在 其與於其他全面收益或直接於權益 內確認的項目有關的情況下,即期及 遞延稅項亦會分別於其他全面收益 或直接於權益內確認。倘即期稅項或 遞延稅項源自業務合併之初步會計 處理,則稅務影響計入業務合併之會 計處理。

就計量本集團確認使用權資產及相 關租賃負債的租賃交易的遞延稅項 而言,本集團首先釐定稅項扣減是否 歸因於使用權資產或租賃負債。

就稅項扣減歸因於租賃負債之租賃 交易而言,本集團對租賃負債及相關 資產分別應用香港會計準則第12號 所得稅之規定。本集團就所有應課稅 暫時差額,以可能獲得可抵扣暫時差 額的應課稅溢利為限,確認與租賃負 債相關的遞延稅項資產。

### 政府補助金

於合理地保證本集團將會遵守政府 補助金的附帶條件及將會收到補助 金後,方會確認政府補助金。

政府補助金於本集團確認開支期間 有系統地於損益內確認,該補助金擬 用於補償相關成本。特別是,當政府 補助金的首要條件為本集團應購買、 建設或以其他方式購置非流動資產 時,於相關資產可使用年期內在綜合 財務狀況表內確認為遞延收入,並按 系統及合理基準轉撥至損益。

作為已產生開支或損失的補償或向 本集團提供即時財務資助(並無日後 相關成本)而可收取的政府補助金, 乃於其成為可收取的期間於損益內 確認。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

**INFORMATION** (continued)

### **Revenue recognition**

Revenue is recognised to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the Group uses a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

The Group recognised revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to customers.

A performance obligation represents a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- The customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- The Group's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- The Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 收益確認

確認收益旨在說明向客戶轉讓承諾 貨品或服務,而該金額能反映實體預 期就交換該等貨品或服務有權獲得 之代價。具體而言,本集團使用包含 五個步驟之方法確認收益:

- 第一步:識別與客戶訂立之合約
- 第二步: 識別合約中之履約責任
  - 第三步: 釐定交易價
- 第四步:將交易價分配至合約中 之履約責任
- 第五步:於(或隨著)實體完成履約責任時確認收益。

本集團於(或隨著)完成履約責任時 (即當特定履約責任相關貨品或服 務之「控制權」轉移至客戶時)確認收 益。

履約責任代表某項特定貨品或服務 (或一批貨品或服務)或大致相同之 一系列特定貨品或服務。

倘符合以下其中一項準則,控制權於 一段時間內轉移,而收益則參考完成 相關履約責任之進度於一段時間內 確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時接收 及使用本集團履約帶來之利益;
- 本集團履約創造及加強客戶於 本集團履約時控制之資產;或
- 本集團履約並未創造對本集 團而言具有另類用途之資產, 而本集團享有可強制執行之權 利就迄今所完成之履約獲得付 款。

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# 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

## **INFORMATION** (continued)

## Revenue recognition (continued)

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct goods or service.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer, excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, discounts and sales related taxes.

### Contract liabilities

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration from the customer. A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised.

### Sales of properties

For property development and sales contracts for which the control of the property is transferred at a point in time, revenue is recognised when the customer obtains the physical possession or the legal title of the completed property and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

The Group typically receives 20% to 100% of the contract value as deposits from the customers when they sign the sales and purchase agreements, giving rise to a contract liability until the customer obtains control of the property units.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 收益確認 (續)

除此之外,收益於客戶取得特定貨品 或服務之控制權時確認。

收益根據客戶合約指定的代價計量, 不包括代表第三方收取的金額、折扣 及銷售相關稅費。

### 合約負債

合約負債指本集團已收客戶代價而 應向客戶轉移貨品或服務的義務。倘 本集團於其確認相關收益前擁有無 條件權利可收取代價,合約負債亦將 予以確認。在此情況下,亦會確認相 應的應收款項。

### 物業銷售

對於物業控制權在某一時點轉移的 物業開發及銷售合約,收益於客戶取 得已竣工物業之實質管有權或法定 所有權,而本集團擁有收取款項之現 有權利並極有可能收取代價時確認。

本集團於訂立買賣協議時,一般會向 客戶收取合約價值之20%至100%作 為按金,導致在客戶獲得物業單位控 制權之前產生合約負債。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Revenue recognition (continued)

### Existence of significant financing component

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed to by the parties to the contract.

For contracts where the period between payments and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

For advance payments received from customers before the transfer of the associated goods or services in which the Group adjusts for the promised amount of consideration for a significant financing component, the Group applies a discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. This interest accrual increases the amount of the contract liability during the period between the advance payments received and the transfer of the associated goods and services, and therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the goods and services is transferred to customers. The interest is expensed as accrued unless it is eligible to be capitalised under HKAS 23 *Borrowing Costs*.

### Contract costs

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained. The Group recognises such costs (i.e. sales commissions) as an asset if it expects to recover these costs.

The asset so recognised is subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis that is consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the assets relate.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 收益確認 (續)

### 存在重大融資成分

於釐定交易價格時,倘協定之付款時 間(不論明示或暗示)為客戶或本集 團就向客戶轉讓貨品或服務提供重 大融資利益,則本集團將調整已承諾 的代價金額以計及貨幣時間價值影 響。在該等情況下,合約包含重大融 資成分。不論融資承諾是在合約中明 確訂明還是透過合約各訂約方協定 的付款條款作出暗示,均可能存在重 大融資成分。

就相關貨品或服務的付款與轉讓間 隔少於一年之合約而言,本集團就任 何重大融資成分採用不調整交易價 格之可行權宜方法。

#### 合約成本

獲得合約的增量成本指本集團為向 客戶獲得合約所產生的成本,而該等 成本在未獲得合約時不會產生。倘該 等成本預期可予收回,則本集團確認 該等成本(如銷售佣金)為資產。

如此確認之資產隨後按與向客戶轉 移資產相關貨品或服務一致之系統 基準攤銷至損益。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

## **INFORMATION** (continued)

## Revenue recognition (continued)

### Contract costs (continued)

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

The Group applies the practical expedient of expensing all incremental costs to obtain a contract if these costs would otherwise have been fully amortised to profit or loss within one year.

#### Property management services

For property management services contracts, the Group recognises revenue equal to the right to invoice amount when it corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Group's performance to date, on a monthly basis. The Group has elected the practical expedient for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for these types of contracts. The majority of the property management service contracts do not have a fixed term.

### Car parking fee income

For car parking fee income, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the Group has rendered the car parking services to the customers.

### Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

A liability is recognised for benefits accruing to employees (such as wages and salaries, annual leave and sick leave) after deducting any amount already paid.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 收益確認 (續)

### 合約成本 (續)

資本化合約成本按成本減累計攤銷 及減值虧損列賬。當合約成本資產的 賬面值超過(i)本集團預期因交換資 產相關貨品或服務而將收取的代價 餘額減(ii)尚未確認為開支之直接與 提供該等貨品或服務相關的任何成 本的淨額時,確認減值虧損。

倘所有取得合約的增量成本可於一 年內完全攤銷至損益,則本集團會採 用實際權宜方法將該等成本作費用 支銷。

### 物業管理服務

對於物業管理服務合約,在有權開具 發票之金額與本集團至今對於客戶 之履約價值直接相應時,本集團按月 將收益確認為相等於有權開具發票 之金額。作為實際權宜方法,本集團 已選擇不披露該等類型合約之剩餘 履約責任。大多數物業管理服務合約 並無固定期限。

#### 停車費收入

對於停車費收入,本集團在已向客戶 提供停車服務時於某個時間點確認 收益。

#### 短期僱員福利

短期僱員福利乃按僱員提供服務時 預期支付之福利之未貼現金額確認。 所有短期僱員福利均被確認為開支, 惟另有香港財務報告準則要求允許 於資產成本中納入福利則除外。

於扣除已支付之任何金額後,僱員應 計福利(如工資及薪金、年假及病假) 確認為負債。

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## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY

### **INFORMATION** (continued)

### Retirement benefit schemes

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for those employees who are eligible to participate in the MPF Scheme. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme.

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in the PRC are required to participate in central pension schemes operated by the local municipal governments. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll costs to the central pension schemes. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension schemes.

### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

### Foreign currencies

These financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

## 退休福利計劃

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例, 為所有符合資格參與強制性公積金 退休福利計劃(「強積金計劃」)之僱 員設立一項定額供款強積金計劃」)之僱 與強積金計劃之規則,供款乃按僱 員基本薪金之百分比作出,並於應付時 在損益內扣除。強積金計劃之資產由 獨立管理之基金持有,並與本集團之 資產分開。本集團作出之僱主供款於 繳入強積金計劃後即全數撥歸僱員 所有。

本集團於中國營運之附屬公司之僱 員須參與由地方市政府設立之中央 退休保障計劃。該等附屬公司須按該 等僱員工資之若干百分比,向該等中 央退休保障計劃作出供款。根據中央 退休保障計劃之規則,供款於應付時 在損益內扣除。

### 借款成本

購置、建設或生產合資格資產(即需 要經過一段長時間方可作擬定用途 或出售之資產)直接應佔之借貸成本 加入該等資產的成本,直至資產大致 上可作擬定用途或出售之時為止。

所有其他借貸成本於產生期間在損 益內確認。

### 外幣

該等財務報表以港元(本公司之功能 貨幣)呈列。本集團各實體決定其各 自本身之功能貨幣,而各實體呈列於 財務報表中之項目將以該功能貨幣 列值。本集團實體錄得之外幣交易初 步按交易日期之各現行功能貨幣匯 率入賬。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及負 債按報告期末現行之功能貨幣匯 換算。因結算或換算貨幣項目之差額 於損益確認。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 2.3 MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

### Foreign currencies (continued)

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a non-monetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries and associates are currencies other than the HK\$. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these foreign operations are translated into HK\$ at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period and, their statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated into HK\$ at the average exchange rates for the year. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange translation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income relating to the profit or loss and other comprehensive income income relating to the profit or loss and other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, frequently recurring cash flows of overseas subsidiaries are translated into HK\$ at the average exchange rates for the year.

## 2.3 重大會計政策資料 (續)

### **外幣**(續)

以外幣為單位而按歷史成本計量之 非貨幣項目按初次交易日之匯率換 算。以外幣為單位而按公平值計量之 非貨幣項目,按釐定公平值當日之匯 率換算。換算按公平值計量之非貨幣 項目而產生之收益或虧損乃與該項 目之公平值變動而確認之收益或虧 損之處理方法一致。

若干海外附屬公司及聯營公司並非 以港元為功能貨幣。於報告期末,該 等海外業務之資產及負債按於報告 期末之現行匯率換算為港元,而該 報外業務之損益及其他全面收益報 表則按該年度之平均匯率換算為 支」他全面收益部分於綜合損益及 其他全面收益報表確認。

任何因收購海外業務產生之商譽及 任何就收購產生之資產及負債之賬 面值進行之公平值調整被視為海外 業務之資產及負債及按結算匯率進 行換算。

就編製綜合現金流量表而言,海外附 屬公司經常出現之現金流量按年內 之平均匯率換算為港元。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in note 2.3 to the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses reported and disclosures made in the consolidated financial statements. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

# Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgments, apart from those involving estimations, that the directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in consolidated financial statements.

#### Going concern consideration

The assessment of the going concern assumptions involves making judgements by the management, at a particular point of time, about the future outcome of events or conditions which are inherently uncertain. The conditions set out in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of a significant uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concerns and therefore, the directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections in the next twelve months taking into account the major events or conditions which may give rise to business risks and concluded that the Group has the ability to continue as a going concern.

# 重要會計判斷及估計不確定 性之主要來源

於應用綜合財務報表附註2.3所述之 本集團會計政策時,本公司董事須就 綜合財務報表所呈報之資產、負債、 收益及開支之賬面值以及所作出之 披露資料,作出判斷、估計及假設。 估計及相關假設乃根據過往經驗及 被認為相關之其他因素而作出。實際 結果可能與該等估計有出入。

該等估計及相關假設乃按持續基準 檢討。倘會計估計之修訂僅影響作出 修訂之期間,則修訂於該期間內確 認,或倘修訂影響本期間及未來期 間,則修訂於作出修訂期間及未來期 間內確認。

### 應用會計政策之重要判斷

以下為本公司董事於應用本集團會 計政策過程中作出對綜合財務報表 所確認金額有最重大影響之重要判 斷,涉及估計者除外。

### 持續經營之考慮

對持續經營假設之評估,涉及管理層 於特定時間就本質上不確定之事件 或狀況之未來結果作出判斷。綜合財 務報表附註2.1所載條件顯示存在重 大不確定因素,或會對本集團繼續按 持續經營基準營運的能力構成重大 疑問,因此,本公司董事已審閱本於 顯未來十二個月之現金流預測,並於 經考慮可能導致業務風險之重大事 件或狀況後得出結論,本集團有能力 持續經營。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

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## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION

### **UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

# Critical judgements in applying accounting policies (continued)

### Deferred tax on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax liabilities arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the directors of the Company have reviewed the investment property portfolio of the Group and concluded that all of the investment properties are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, the directors of the Company have determined that the "sale" presumption set out in the amendments to HKAS 12 is rebutted. As a result, the Group has recognised the deferred tax on changes in fair value of investment properties on the basis that the Group is subject to enterprise income tax in the PRC.

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### Determination of net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties held for sales

Properties under development and completed properties held for sales are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The estimated net realisable value is the estimated selling price less selling expenses and the estimated cost of completion, which were derived at after considering recent local economic developments, recent sales transactions, recent construction costs of the Group and other similar properties in the surrounding areas and internally available information.

## 3. 重要會計判斷及估計不確定 性之主要來源 (續)

### 應用會計政策之重要判斷(續)

### 投資物業之遞延稅項

就計量按公平值模式計量投資物業 所產生之遞延稅項負債而言,本公司 董事已審閱本集團之投資物業組合, 認為所有投資物業按業務模式持有, 其目標為隨著時間消耗投資物業內 絕大部分經濟效益。因此,本公司董 事已就定香港會計準則第12號之修 訂所載之「銷售」假設已駁回。因此, 本集團已就投資物業公平值變動確 認遞延稅項,其中假設本集團於中國 須繳納企業所得稅。

### 估計不確定性之主要來源

於報告期末,關於將來之關鍵假設及 其他估計不確定性之主要來源如下, 此等假設及不確定性來源具有重大 風險,可導致資產及負債賬面值於下 一財政年度內出現重大調整。

## 釐定在建物業及持作出售之竣工物 業之可變現淨值

在建物業及持作出售之竣工物業按 成本及可變現淨值之較低者入賬。估 計可變現淨值指估計售價減銷售開 支及估計完工成本,其乃經考慮近期 當地經濟發展、本集團及鄰近地區之 其他類似物業之近期銷售交易、近期 建築成本以及內部可得資料後產生。

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## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

Determination of net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties held for sales (continued)

The Group's management reviews the properties under development and completed properties held for sales periodically and carries out an impairment review on a project-by-project basis at each financial year end. The budget cost and development progress of the project is reviewed by the Group on a regular basis and adjusted as appropriate. Where there is any decrease in the estimated selling price or increase in estimated construction cost arising from any change in local economic or property market conditions, there may be written down on the properties under development and completed properties held for sales. As at 31 March 2024, the carrying amounts of properties under development and completed properties held for sales are approximately HK\$714,506,000 (2023: HK\$679,319,000) and HK\$1,613,000 (2023: HK\$34,893,000), respectively. No impairment loss of completed properties held for sales and properties under development was recognised during both years.

### Valuation of investment properties

Investment properties, including those completed investment properties and investment properties under construction, are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair value, details of which are disclosed in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements. The fair value of the investment properties was determined by reference to valuations conducted on these properties by an independent qualified valuer using property valuation techniques which involve certain assumptions and inputs as set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements. Favourable or unfavourable changes to these assumptions may result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties included in the consolidated statement of financial position and corresponding adjustments to the changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. As at 31 March 2024, the carrying amount of investment properties was approximately HK\$513,305,000 (2023: HK\$595,654,000).

## 3. 重要會計判斷及估計不確定 性之主要來源 (續)

### 估計不確定性之主要來源 (續)

### 釐定在建物業及持作出售之竣工物 業之可變現淨值 (續)

本集團管理層定期審閱在建物業及 持作出售之竣工物業並於各財政年 度末按個別項目基準進行減值審閱。 本集團定期覆核項目之預算成本及 開發進度並作出適當調整。倘當地經 濟或物業市場狀況出現任何變化導 致估計售價有任何下降或估計建築 成本有任何增加,或會就在建物業及 持作出售之竣工物業作出撇減。於二 零二四年三月三十一日,在建物業 及持作出售之竣工物業之賬面值分 別約為714,506,000港元(二零二三 年:679,319,000港元)及1,613,000 港元(二零二三年:34,893,000港 元)。於兩個年度期間,概無確認持 作出售之竣工物業及在建物業之減 值虧損。

### 投資物業估值

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION

## **UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

### Impairment of goodwill

The Group determines whether goodwill is impaired at least on an annual basis. This requires the determination of the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the goodwill is allocated. The recoverable amount is the higher of value-in-use and fair value less costs of disposals. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGU and apply a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected, or changes in facts and circumstances which results in downward revision of future cash flows, a material impairment loss may arise. The carrying amount of goodwill at 31 March 2024 was approximately HK\$105,458,000 (2023: HK\$114,298,000). Details of which are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

### Current tax and deferred tax assets

The Group is subject to income taxes in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The Group carefully evaluates tax implications of transactions, files tax reports and makes tax provision in accordance with the prevailing tax regulations and prescribed time frame. However, the implementation of tax varies amongst different tax jurisdictions in various cities of the PRC and the Group had not yet finalised certain calculations with local tax authorities. Judgement is required in determining the Group's provision for income taxes. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact on the income tax and deferred tax provision in the periods in which such determination is made. The carrying amount of income tax payable, carried as a liability in the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2024 was approximately HK\$96,693,000 (2023: HK\$100,556,000).

## 重要會計判斷及估計不確定 性之主要來源(續)

### 估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

### 商譽之減值

本集團至少每年釐定一次商譽是否 減值。此要求釐定獲分配商譽之現金 產生單位之可收回金額。可收回金額 為使用價值及公平值減出售成本中 較高者。估計使用價值要求本集團在 計來自現金產生單位之預期未來 量並應用適當之貼現率,以計 現值。倘實際未來現金流量低於現 現。倘實際未來現金流量低於現 現。商譽於二零二四年三月三十一 日之賬面值約為105,458,000港元 (二零二三年:114,298,000港元)。 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註19。

#### 即期稅項及遞延稅項資產

本集團須繳納香港及中國內地所得 稅。本集團根據當前稅務法規及規定 時限審慎評估交易之稅務影響、遞 交稅務報告及作出稅項撥備。然而, 中國各個城市不同之稅務司法權區 對稅項之執行各異,且本集團尚未與 地方稅務機關落實若干計算方法。 釐定本集團就所得稅之撥備時需要 作出判斷。倘該等事項之最終稅項 結果與初步錄得之金額有所出入, 有關差異將影響作出有關釐定期間 之所得稅及遞延稅項撥備。於二零 二四年三月三十一日在綜合財務狀 況表列為負債之應付所得稅賬面值 約為96,693,000港元(二零二三年: 100,556,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION

## **UNCERTAINTY** (continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)

### Current tax and deferred tax assets (continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The amount of unrecognised tax losses at 31 March 2024 was approximately HK\$379,512,000 (2023: approximately HK\$341,994,000). Details of which are set out in note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has two major property development and investment projects, namely the project in Qinhuangdao City of Hebei Province (the "Qinhuangdao Project") and Yinchuan City of Ningxia Province (the "Yinchuan Project") in the PRC. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group also operates the property management business in Yinchuan City, Wuhan City and Hohhot City in the PRC (2023: Yinchuan City in the PRC). The chief executive officer (the chief operating decision maker) makes decisions about resources allocation and assesses performance of the Group based on the operating results and financial position of the Group as a whole, as the Group's resources are integrated and no other discrete operating segment information is provided to the chief operation decision maker. As such, no segment information is presented.

Accordingly, the chief executive officer is of the opinion that the property development projects, property investment and provision of property management services in the PRC is a single reportable operating segment of the Group.

The Group's revenue from external customers is derived solely from its operations in the PRC, and all non-current assets (other than financial assets and deferred tax assets) of the Group are substantially located in the PRC.

During the year, the Group had no transactions with external customer which individually contributed over 10% to the Group's total revenue (2023: nil).

## 3. 重要會計判斷及估計不確定 性之主要來源 (續)

### 估計不確定性之主要來源(續)

即期稅項及遞延稅項資產 (續)

在可能有足夠之應課稅溢利來抵扣 虧損之情況下,應就未動用之稅項虧 損確認遞延稅項資產。管理層須作 出重大判斷,並根據未來應課稅溢 利發生之時間及水平,連同未來稅 務規劃策略,以釐定可確認之遞 稅項資產金額。於二零二四年三月 三十一日,未確認稅項虧損之金額約 為379,512,000港元(二零二三年 約341,994,000港元)。有關詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註11。

## 4. 經營分部資料

因此,行政總裁認為,位於中國之物 業發展項目、物業投資及提供物業管 理服務為本集團一個單一呈報經營 分部。

本集團外部客戶之收益僅來自中國 之經營,而本集團所有非流動資產 (金融資產及遞延稅項目資產除外) 大部分位於中國。

於本年度,本集團與外部客戶概無進 行個別佔本集團總收益逾10%的交易 (二零二三年:無)。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 5. **REVENUE**

## 5. 收益 (i) 3

(i) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

An analysis of the Group's revenue is as follows:

本集團收益之分析如下:

來自客戶合約之收益分拆

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Sales of properties Management fee income Car parking fee income	物業銷售 管理費收入 停車費收入	3,332 20,471 1,441	35,198 5,860 –
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	25,244	41,058
Rental income for investment propertie under operating lease	s 經營租賃項下投資物業之 租金收入	6,677	10,650
		31,921	51,708
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time Over time	收益確認時間 於某一時間點 隨時間	4,773 20,471	35,198 5,860
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	25,244	41,058

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 5. **REVENUE** (continued)

# (ii) Performance obligations for contracts with customers

### Sales of properties

Taking into consideration of the relevant contract terms, the legal environment and relevant legal precedent, the Group concluded that the Group does not have an enforceable right to payment prior to transfer of the relevant properties to customers. Revenue from sales of properties is therefore recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains the physical possession or the legal title of the completed property and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable.

The Group receives 20% to 100% of the contract value as deposits from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. Such advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the property construction period.

#### Property management services

For property management services income from properties managed, where the Group acts as principal and is primary responsible for providing the property management services to property owners. As property owners simultaneously receive and consume the benefit provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs, the Group recognises the fee received or receivable from property owned as its revenue over time and all related property management costs as its cost of services. The property management service fees are billed to the tenants monthly.

#### Car parking fee income

For car parking fee over, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the Group has rendered the car parking services to the customers. 5. 收益 (續)

## (ii) 客戶合約之履約責任

### 物業銷售

當客戶簽署買賣協議時,本集 團自客戶收取合約價值的20% 至100%作為按金。有關墊款計 劃導致合約負債於整個物業施 工期間確認。

#### 物業管理服務

### 停車費收入

對於停車費收入,本集團在已 向客戶提供停車服務時於某個 時間點確認收入。

# Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 5. **REVENUE** (continued)

# (iii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations the Group (unsatisfied or partially unsatisfied) as at 31 March 2024 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

5. 收益 (續)

### (iii) 分配至餘下履約責任之交易 價

分配至二零二四年三月三十一 日本集團的餘下履約責任(未達 成或部分未達成)的交易價及確 認收益的預期時間如下:

		2024	2023
		二零二四年	二零二三年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內 初過一年但不認過西年	60,083	47,530
More than one year but not more than two years	超過一年但不超過兩年	64,412	43,000
<b>T</b> . 1. ( )	南东大佐市兰德东		
Total revenue from contracts with customers	客戶合約收益總額	124,495	90,530

Contracts for property management services are typically have a one to five years non-cancellable term in which the Group bills a fixed amount for each month of service provided. The Group elected to apply the practical expedient by recognising revenue in the amount to which the Group has right to invoice. As permitted under HKFRS 15, the transaction price allocated to these unsatisfied contracts is not disclosed. 物業管理服務合約的期限一般 為一至五年,不可撤銷,本集 團按每月提供的服務開具固定 金額的賬單。本集團選擇採用 實際權宜方法,按本集團有權 開具發票的金額確認收入。如 香港財務報告準則第15號所准 許,分配至該等未履約合約的 交易價並無披露。

## 6. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

## 6. 其他收入、收益及虧損

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest income on bank deposits Net exchange gain Remeasurement loss on discounted present value of amounts due from	銀行存款利息收入 匯兌收益淨額 應收出售集團款項貼現現值 之重新計量虧損		87 1	116 3
Disposal Group (defined as Note (a))	(定義見附註(a))	(a)	(39,787)	_
Compensation income	補償收入	(b)	_	6,904
Others	其他		124	144
			(39,575)	7,167

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 6. OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES (continued)

Notes:

- (a) The amount represented loss recognised from remeasurement on discounted present value of amounts due from the Group's former indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries, including 湖南裕田奧特萊斯置業 有限公司 (Hunan Richly Field Outlets Real Estate Limited\*), 長沙裕 田奧特萊斯企業管理有限公司 (Changsha Yutian Outlets Business Administration Co Ltd\*) and 長沙裕田奧萊物業管理有限公司 (Changsha Yutian Outlets Property Management Co Ltd\*) (collectively known as "Disposal Group") as the directors of the Company considered that the settlement of the amounts due from Disposal Group are expected to be delayed up to 31 December 2027.
- (b) During the year ended 31 March 2023, it represented a penalty payment for work delay in the amount of approximately HK\$6,904,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB5,813,000) (2024: nil) from a contractor of the Group.
- \* For identification purpose only

## 7. FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of the Group's finance costs is as follows:

## 6. 其他收入、收益及虧損 (續)

附註:

- (a) 該金額指因重新計量應收本集團前間 接全資附屬公司(包括湖南裕田奧特萊斯置業有限公司、長沙裕田奧特萊 斯企業管理有限公司及長沙裕田奧特萊斯%業管理有限公司)(統稱「出售集 團」)款項的貼現現值而確認的虧損, 原因為本公司董事認為應收出售集團 款項的結算預期會延遲至二零二七年 十二月三十一日。
- (b) 截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年度,此乃來自本集團一名承建商的工程延誤罰款約6,904,000港元(相當於約人民幣5,813,000元)(二零二四年:無)。
  - 僅供識別

## 7. 融資費用

本集團之融資費用分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Interest on other borrowings Interest on amounts due to related parties Interest on lease liabilities	其他借款利息 應付關聯方款項利息 租賃負債利息	20,145 19,915 158	29,724 22,206 13
		40,218	51,943

No borrowing costs were capitalised for the years ended 31 March 2024 and 2023.

於截至二零二四年及二零二三年三 月三十一日止年度,並無借款成本資 本化。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 8. (LOSS) PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's (loss) profit before tax is arrived at after charging:

## 8. 除稅前(虧損)溢利

本集團除稅前(虧損)溢利已扣除下 列各項:

				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(a)	Staff costs (including directors' emoluments):	(a)	員工成本 (包括董事酬金):		
	Salaries, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution		薪金、工資及其他福利 界定供款退休計劃供款	19,335	16,015
	retirement plans			2,818	1,581
				22,153	17,596
(b)	Other items:	(b)	其他項目:		
	Cost of properties recognised as expenses <sup>#</sup>		確認為開支之物業成本#	3,016	29,403
	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		物業、廠房及設備折舊	454	592
	Depreciation of right-of-use assets		使用權資產折舊	14,426	14,322
	Auditors' remuneration Direct operating expenses incurred for investment properties that generated		核數師酬金 於年內產生租金收入的 投資物業所產生之	960	880
	rental income during the year#		直接經營開支#	5,218	4,930

<sup>#</sup> This amount is included in "cost of sales" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

該金額計入綜合損益及其他全面收益 報表之「銷售成本」內。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S EMOLUMENTS

Directors' and chief executive's emoluments for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange and Section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, are as follows:

### Year ended 31 March 2024

## 9. 董事及行政總裁之酬金

根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)及香港公司條例第383(1)條及 公司(披露董事利益資料)條例第2部 披露之董事及行政總裁年內酬金如 下:

### 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings 就出任董事 (不論屬本公司及其附屬公司) 提供個人服務而獲支付或應收之酬金

		Salaries,	Employer's	
		allowances	contributions	
		and	to defined	
		benefits in	contribution	Total
	Fees	kind	retirement plans	remuneration
		薪金、津貼及		
				酬金總額
	1	• • • •	• • • •	HK\$'000
	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
行政總裁爭執行董事:				
	847	_	18	865
陳衛先生	880	-	-	880
	1,727	-	18	1,745
	199	-	-	199
	199	-	-	199
許驚鴻先生	199	-	-	199
	597	-	-	597
	2,324	-	18	2,342
	行政總裁兼執行董事: 李亦鋒先生 執行董事: 陳衛先生 獨立非執行董事: 徐慧敏女士 黃子康先生 許驚鴻先生	袍金         HK\$'000         千港元         行政總裁兼執行董事:         李亦鋒先生         執行董事:         陳衛先生         880         1,727         獨立非執行董事:         徐慧敏女士         資子康先生         199         黃子康先生         199         許驚鴻先生	allowances     and       benefits in     kind       Fees     幕金、津貼及       酸金金     幕金、津貼及       費物利益     HKS'000       千港元     第金、津       竹び總裁兼執行董事:     847       李亦鋒先生     847       執行董事:     847       陳衛先生     880       「1,727     -       獨立非執行董事:     199       資子康先生     199       資子康先生     199       普驚鴻先生     199       第     199       二     597	allowances         contributions           and         to defined           benefits in         contribution           Fees         kind         retirement plans           第金、津貼及         退休計劃之            市金         實物利益         賃金           資物利益         「任主供款           HKS'000         千港元         千港元           行政總裁兼執行董事:         847         -           李亦鋒先生         880         -           執行董事:         880         -           慶衛先生         1,727         -         18           獨立非執行董事:         199         -         -           資子康先生         199         -         -           許驚鴻先生         199         -         -           方驚,完美

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

# 9. DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S

## EMOLUMENTS (continued)

Year ended 31 March 2023

## 9. 董事及行政總裁之酬金 (續)

截至二零二三年三月三十一日止年 度

Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a director, whether of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings 就出任董事 (不論屬本公司及其附屬公司) 提供個人服務而獲支付或應收之酬金

		机山口里带 (下珊燭半五可及共附燭五可) 捉供個八胍防间復又鬥或隱氧之前			1330//2017
			Salaries, allowances	Employer's contributions	
			and	to defined	
			benefits in	contribution	Total
		Fees	kind	retirement plans 界定供款	remuneration
			薪金、津貼及	退休計劃之	
		袍金	實物利益	僱主供款	酬金總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
ef executive and executive director:	行政總裁兼執行董事:				
1r. Li Yi Feng	李亦鋒先生	850	-	18	868
ecutive director:	執行董事:				
Ir. Chen Wei	陳衛先生	912	-	-	912
		1,762	-	18	1,780
ependent non-executive directors:	獨立非執行董事:				
1s. Hsu Wai Man Helen	徐慧敏女士	199	_	_	199
1r. Wong Chi Hong William	黃子康先生	199	-	-	199
Ir. Xu Jinghong	許驚鴻先生	199	-	-	199
		597	-	-	597
		2,359	-	18	2,377

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## **10. EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS**

Of the individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, two were directors and the chief executive (2023: two) of the Company whose remuneration are included in the disclosures in note 9 above. The emoluments of the remaining three (2023: three) individuals were as follows:

## 10. 僱員薪酬

於本集團最高薪酬人士當中,包括本 公司兩名董事及行政總裁(二零二三 年:兩名),其酬金於上文附註9內披 露。其餘三名(二零二三年:三名)人 士之薪酬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Employer's contributions to defined	薪金、津貼及實物利益 界定供款退休計劃之僱主供款	2,246	1,833
contribution retirement plans		36	140
		2,282	1,973

The number of non-director and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following band is as follows: 薪酬屬下列範圍之非董事及非行政 總裁之最高薪酬僱員之人數如下:

			mployee 人數
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Nil to HK\$500,000 HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000 HK\$1,000,001 – HK\$1,500,000	零至500,000港元 500,001港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	- 2 1	- 3 -

No emoluments were paid by the Group to any directors of the Company or five highest paid employees of the Group as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office for both years.

於兩個年度期間,本集團並無向本公 司任何董事或本集團五名最高薪酬 僱員支付酬金,作為加入或於加入本 集團時之獎勵,或作為離職之賠償。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## **11. INCOME TAX CREDIT**

Pursuant to the rules and regulations of Bermuda, the Group is not subject to any income tax in Bermuda.

Under the Law of the PRC on EIT (the "EIT Law") and Implementation Regulation of the EIT Law, the tax rate of the subsidiaries registered in the PRC is 25% (2023: 25%).

No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made for the year ended 31 March 2024 and 2023 as the Group did not generate any assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during both years.

Land appreciation tax in the PRC is levied on properties developed by the Group for sale, at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, which under the applicable regulations is calculated based on the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including cost of land use rights, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

## 11. 所得稅抵免

根據百慕達規則及法規,本集團毋須 繳納任何百慕達所得稅。

根據中國企業所得稅法(「企業所得稅法」)及企業所得稅法實施條例, 於中國註冊之附屬公司之稅率為25% (二零二三年:25%)。

由於本集團於兩個年度期間在香港 並無產生任何應課稅溢利,因此未就 截至二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日止年度之香港利得稅計提 撥備。

中國之土地增值稅乃就本集團發展 作銷售之物業,按其土地之升值以累 進稅率30%至60%徵收,其乃根據適 用規定以出售物業所得款項扣除可 扣減開支(包括土地使用權成本、借 貸成本及所有物業發展開支)計算得 出。

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
The taxation credit (charge) comprises: Current tax: PRC Enterprise Income Tax Deferred tax credit	稅項抵免 (開支) 包括: 即期稅項: 中國企業所得稅 遞延稅項抵免	29	(96) 2,784	- 861
Taxation credit for the year	本年度稅項抵免		2,688	861

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### 11. INCOME TAX CREDIT (continued)

## 11. 所得稅抵免 (續)

The income tax credit for the year can be reconciled to the (loss) profit before tax per the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

本年度之所得稅抵免與綜合損益及 其他全面收益報表之除稅前(虧損) 溢利對賬如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss) profit before tax	除稅前 (虧損) 溢利	(224,950)	1,420,956
Tax at the applicable tax rates	按適用稅率計算之稅項	(55,245)	356,516
Tax effect of non-taxable income	毋須課稅收入之稅務影響	(5,547)	(375,048)
Tax effect of non-deductible expenses	不可扣減開支之稅務影響	14,407	2,615
Tax effect of deductible temporary differences	未確認之可扣減暫時差額之		
not recognised	財務影響	22,004	-
Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	未確認之稅項虧損之稅務影響	21,703	15,056
Others	其他	(10)	-
Income tax credit for the year	本年度之所得稅抵免	(2,688)	(861)

At 31 March 2024, the Group has tax losses arising in the PRC of approximately HK\$379,512,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB344,073,000) (2023: HK\$341,994,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB299,208,000)) that will expire in one to five years for offsetting against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of these losses as they have arisen in subsidiaries that have been loss-making for some time and it is not considered probable that taxable profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised.

於 二零 二四 年 三 月 三 十 一 日, 本 集 團 自 中 國 產 生 稅 項 虧 損約 379,512,000港元(相當於約人民 幣344,073,000元)(二零二三年: 341,994,000港元(相當於約人民幣 299,208,000)),將於一至五年內屆 滿以用作抵銷未來應課稅溢利。由於 該等虧損由已錄得虧損一段時間之 附屬公司產生,並認為不大可能有應 課稅溢利可供抵銷稅項虧損,故並無 就該等虧損確認遞延稅項資產。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 12. (LOSS) EARNINGS PER SHARE

## (a) Basic (loss) earnings per share

The calculation of basic (loss) earnings per share is based on the following dat

## 12. 每股(虧損)盈利

### (a) 每股基本(虧損)盈利

每股基本(虧損)盈利乃按以下

ne following data		數據計算	
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
(Loss) profit attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔 (虧損) 溢利	(222,262)	1,421,817
		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
Number of ordinary shares (basic)	普通股數目 (基本)	23,336,687,255	23,336,687,255

### (b) Diluted (loss) earnings per share

No diluted (loss) earnings per share for both 2024 and 2023 were presented as there were no potential ordinary shares in issue for both years.

## **13. DIVIDENDS**

No dividend was paid or proposed for the ordinary shareholders of the company during the year ended 31 March 2024, nor has any dividend been declared since the end of the reporting period (2023: nil).

(b) 每股攤薄(虧損)盈利 由於二零二四年及二零二三年

均無潛在已發行普通股,因此 並無呈列這兩個年度的每股攤 薄(虧損)盈利。

## 13. 股息

於截至二零二四年三月三十一日止 年度, 並無向本公司普通股股東派發 或擬派股息,而自報告期末起亦無宣 派任何股息(二零二三年:無)。

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## 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

## 14. 物業、廠房及設備

		Note 附註	Leasehold improvements 租賃 物業裝修 HK\$'000 千港元	Office equipment 辦公設備 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture and fixtures 傢俬及 固定裝置 HK\$'000 千港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>31 March 2024</b> At 1 April 2023: Cost	<b>二零二四年三月三十一日</b> 於二零二三年四月一日: 成本		4.233	2,904	2,247	3,668	13,052
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊		(4,233)	(2,749)	(1,688)	(3,346)	(12,016)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		-	155	559	322	1,036
At 1 April 2023, net of accumulated depreciation Additions Acquisitions of subsidiaries Depreciation provided	於二零二三年四月一日, 扣除累計折舊 添置 收購附屬公司 年內折舊撥備	30	- - -	155 76 42	559 1 52	322 16 -	1,036 93 94
during the year Exchange realignment	匯兌調整		-	(184) (4)	(143) (19)	(127) (9)	(454) (32)
At 31 March 2024, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二四年三月三十一日, 扣除累計折舊		-	85	450	202	737
At 31 March 2024: Cost Accumulated depreciation	於二零二四年三月三十一日: 成本 累計折舊		4,233 (4,233)	2,924 (2,839)	2,222 (1,772)	3,570 (3,368)	12,949 (12,212)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值		-	85	450	202	737

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

PROPERTY, PLANT AN	14. 物業、廠房及設備 (續)					
		Leasehold	Office	Furniture	Motor	
		improvements	equipment	and fixtures	vehicles	To
		租賃 物業裝修	辦公設備	傢俬及 固定裝置	汽車	緫
		初耒褒修 HK\$'000	辦公設1角 HK\$'000	回止後直 HK\$'000	八里 HK\$'000	#8 HK\$'0
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港
31 March 2023	二零二三年三月三十一日					
At 1 April 2022:	於二零二二年四月一日:					
Cost	成本	4,233	2,904	2,187	3,346	12,6
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,169)	(2,608)	(1,368)	(3,235)	(11,3
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	64	296	819	111	1,2
At 1 April 2022, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二二年四月一日,					
	扣除累計折舊	64	296	819	111	1,2
Additions	添置	-	-	60	322	3
Depreciation provided during the year	年內折舊撥備	(60)	(121)	(305)	(106)	(5
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(4)	(20)	(15)	(5)	
At 31 March 2023, net of accumulated depreciation	於二零二三年三月三十一日,					
	扣除累計折舊	-	155	559	322	1,0
At 31 March 2023:	於二零二三年三月三十一日:					
Cost	成本	4,233	2,904	2,247	3,668	13,0
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(4,233)	(2,749)	(1,688)	(3,346)	(12,0
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	-	155	559	322	1,1

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### **15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

#### 15. 投資物業

		Completed 已落成 HK\$'000	Under construction 在建 HK\$'000	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
FAIR VALUE	公平值			
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	343,970	302,554	646,524
Decrease in fair value recognised	損益中確認之公平值減少			
in profit or loss		(1,449)	(1,994)	(3,443)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(25,245)	(22,182)	(47,427)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
	及二零二三年四月一日	317,276	278,378	595,654
Decrease in fair value recognised	損益中確認之公平值減少			
in profit or loss		(11,092)	(51,866)	(62,958)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(10,724)	(8,667)	(19,391)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	295,460	217,845	513,305

All of the Group's investment properties are situated in the PRC.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31 March 2024 and 2023 have been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on that date by Avista Valuation Advisory Limited ("Avista"), independent qualified professional valuers not connected with the Group. Avista are members of the Institute of Valuers.

For completed investment properties, the fair value was determined by reference to capitalised income to be derived from the properties tenancies and the reversionary income potential of the properties.

For investment properties under construction, the fair value was determined by reference to the current or recent prices of the properties and estimated costs to completion based on construction budget, committed contracts, allowances for contingencies as well as developer's profit margin, which reflect the risks associated with the completion of the development of the properties and in achieving the anticipated income a capital appreciation on the date of valuation. 本集團之所有投資物業均位於中國。

本集團投資物業於二零二四年及二 零二三年三月三十一日之公平值乃 以艾華迪評估諮詢有限公司(「艾華 迪」)(與本集團並無關聯之獨立合資 格專業估值師)於該日進行之估值為 基準而達致。艾華迪為估值師學會 成員。

就已竣工投資物業而言,公平值乃參 考物業租賃產生的資本化收入及物 業的潛在復歸收入釐定。

就在建投資物業而言,公平值乃參考 物業的當前或近期價格以及根據建 造預算、承擔合約、意外事件撥備及 開發商利潤率得出的估計竣工成本 釐定,該等反映於估值日期與物業開 發竣工及達致預期收入或資本增值 相關的風險。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Details of valuation techniques and assumptions are discussed below. In estimating the fair value of the property, the highest and best use of the property is its current use.

An analysis of the Group's investment properties that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value grouped into fair value hierarchy level 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to fair value measurement is observable and the information about how the valuation has been reached and the use of significant unobservable inputs are as follows:

### 15. 投資物業 (續)

估值方法及假設詳情於下文討論。於 評估物業之公平值時,該物業之最高 及最佳使用方式乃現時之使用方式。

本集團於初始確認後按公平值計量 並根據公平值計量的輸入數據可觀 察程度分為公平值層級第三級之投 資物業之分析以及有關如何達致估 值及運用重大不可觀察輸入數據之 資料如下:

Relationship

	Fair value hierarchy 公平值層級	Fair value as at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年 三月三十一日之公平值	Valuation technique and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察 輸入數據範圍	of significant unobservable inputs to fair value 重大不可觀察輸入數據 與公平值之關係
Commercial investment properties (completed)	Level 3	HK\$295,460,000 (2023: HK\$317,276,000)	Income approach	Term rent	RMB27 (2023: RMB30) per square meter ("psm")	The higher the term rent, the higher the fair value
				Market rent	RMB46 (2023: RMB48) psm	The higher the market rent, the higher the fair value
				Term yield	5% (2023: 5%) per annum	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
				Reversionary yield	5.5% (2023: 5.5%) per annum	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
商業投資物業(已竣工)	第三級	295,460,000港元 (二零二三年: 317,276,000港元)	收入法	定期租金	人民幣27元 (二零二三年: 人民幣30元) 每平方米 (「每平方米」)	定期租金越高, 公平值越高
				市場租金	人民幣46元 (二零二三年: 人民幣48元) 每平方米	市場租金越高, 公平值越高
				租期收益率	每年5% (二零二三年:5%)	租期收益率越高, 公平值越低
				復歸收益率	每年5.5% (二零二三年:5.5%)	復歸收益率越高, 公平值越低

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#### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

15. 投資物業 (續)

Relationship

	Fair value hierarchy 公平值層級	Fair value as at 31 March 2024 於二零二四年 三月三十一日之公平值	Valuation technique and key inputs 估值方法及主要輸入數據	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察 輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察 輸入數據範圍	of significant unobservable inputs to fair value 重大不可觀察輸入數據 與公平值之關係
Commercial investment properties (under construction)	ム十回宿殿 Level 3	нк\$217,845,000 (2023: НК\$278,378,000)	<b>旧国</b> 力 広义主 安朝 へ数 塚 Residual value approach	Adjusted market price of gross developmer value	2024: RMB11,400 to 11,407	The higher the adjusted market price, the higher the fair value
				Developer's profit	2024: 15% (2023: 15%)	The higher the developer's profit, the lower the fair value
				Marketing costs	2024: 3% (2023: 3%)	The higher the marketing costs, the lower the fair value
商業投資物業(在建)	第三級	217,845,000港元 (二零二三年: 278,378,000港元)	剩餘價值法	開發價值總額的 經調整市價	二零二四年:人民幣11,400元至 人民幣11,407元 (二零二三年:人民幣13,050元 至人民幣13,052元)每平方米	經調整市價越高, 公平值越高
				開發商利潤	二零二四年:15% (二零二三年:15%)	開發商利潤越高, 公平值越低
				營銷成本	二零二四年:3% (二零二三年:3%)	營銷成本越高, 公平值越低

At 31 March 2024, the Group's investment properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$217,845,000 (2023: HK\$278,378,000) were pledged to secure certain amounts due to related parties of the Group and the Group's investment properties with carrying amount of approximately HK\$162,349,000 (2023: HK\$176,008,000) were pledged to secure certain borrowings of the Disposal Group. Details are set out in notes 27 and 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團賬面值約為217,845,000港元(二 零二三年:278,378,000港元)之投 資物業已作為本集團若干應付關聯 方款項之質押,及本集團賬面值約 為162,349,000港元(二零二三年: 176,008,000港元)之投資物業已作 為出售集團若干借款之質押。詳情載 於綜合財務報表附註27及40。

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 16. LEASES

### 16. 租賃

Right-of-use assets		(i) 使	(i) 使用權資產			
			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元		
Land Buildings and car parking facilities	土地 樓宇及停車設施		352,787 11,343	378,889 104		
			364,130	378,993		
As at 31 March 2024, right-of-use HK\$352,787,000 (2023: HK\$378,88 use rights located in the PBC. The la	39,000) represents land		仒二零二四年三 吏用權資產約352 (□零□□年:;	2,787,000港元		

use rights located in the PRC. The land use rights had been pledged to secure certain amounts due to related parties of the Group. Details are set out in notes 27 and 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group has lease arrangement for office premise and car parking facilities. The lease term is ranged from two to ten years (2023: two years) at fixed rentals without any extension or termination options.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, the Group entered into 2 new lease arrangements in respect of renting office premise and car parking facilities and recognised lease liabilities and right-of-use assets of HK\$12,315,000 (2023: nil).

Details of impairment assessment are set out in note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

(二零二三年:378,889,000 港元)指位於中國之土地使用 權。土地使用權已作為本集團 若干應付關聯方款項之質押。 詳情載於綜合財務報表附註27 及40。

本集團就辦公室物業及停車設 施訂有租賃安排。租期介乎兩 年至十年(二零二三年:兩年), 租金固定,且並無任何延期或 終止選擇權。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止 年 度,本 集 團 就 租 賃 辦 公 室 物業及停車設施訂立兩項新租 賃安排並確認租賃負債及使用 權資產約12,315,000港元(二 零二三年:無)。

減值評估詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註19。

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#### 16. LEASES (continued)

(ii) Lease liabilities

16. 租賃 (續)

		(1)	шддд	
			2024	2023
			二零二四年	二零二三年
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
Non-current	非即期		10,069	_
Current	即期		1,320	109
			11,389	109

Amounts payable under lease liabilities:

租賃負債項下應付款項:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year After one year but within two years After two years but within five years After five years	一年內 一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 五年後	1,320 1,105 3,189 5,775	109  
Less: Amounts due for settlement within 12 months	減:12個月內到期償還款項	11,389 (1,320)	109 (109)
Amounts due for settlement after 12 months	12個月後到期償還款項	10,069	_

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities ranged from 3.5% to 5.3% (2023: 5.3%).

適用於租賃負債的加權平均增 量借款利率介乎3.5%至5.3% (二零二三年:5.3%)。

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 16. LEASES (continued)

## 16. 租賃 (續)

(iii) Amounts recognised in profit or loss (iii) 於損益中確認之款項

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets – Land – Buildings and car parking facilities	使用權資產折舊 一土地 一樓宇及停車設施	13,299 1,127	14,070 252
		14,426	14,322
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	158	13

### **17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES**

## 17. 於聯營公司之權益

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Costs of investments in associates Amounts due from associates Share of post-acquisition losses and other comprehensive expense	於聯營公司之投資成本 應收聯營公司款項 應佔收購後虧損及 其他全面開支	(a)	- 82,371 (49,270)	_ 83,037 (48,712)
			33,101	34,325
Less: Impairment loss recognised	減:已確認減值虧損	(b)	(33,101)	(33,767)
			-	558

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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#### 17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had interests in the following associates that are not material to the Group:

## 17. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

於報告期末,本集團於以下對本集團 並不重大的聯營公司擁有權益:

Name 名稱	Form of entity 實體形式	Place of incorporation/ establishment and operation 註冊成立/成立及 經營地點	Class of equity held 所持 權益類別	Proportion of nomini capital by the Grou voting power h 本集團所佔繳足 及間接持有之 2024 二零二四年	ip and portion of eld indirectly 股本面值比例	Principal activities 主要業務
Huailai Dayi Winery Company Limited*	Limited liability company	The PRC	Registered capital	50%	50%	Property development
懷來大一葡萄酒莊園有限公司	有限責任公司	中國	註冊股本	50%	50%	物業開發
Globe Outlet Town (Jilin) Limited*	Limited liability company	The PRC	Registered capital	42%	42%	Property development
吉林奥特萊斯世界名牌折扣城有限公司	有限責任公司	中國	註冊股本	42%	42%	物業開發
Jiangxi Globe Outlets City Co., Ltd.*	Limited liability company	The PRC	Registered capital	50%	50%	Property development
江西奧特萊斯名牌折扣城有限公司	有限責任公司	中國	t 註冊股本	50%	50%	物業開發

\* For identification purposes only

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

#### 個別不重大聯營公司之綜合資料:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Aggregate carrying amount of individually immaterial associates in the consolidated financial statements	綜合財務報表內個別不重大聯營 公司之綜合賬面值	-	558
Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of those associates: Loss for the year	本集團應佔該等聯營公司之 合計金額: 年內虧損	(558)	_
Total comprehensive expense	全面開支總額	(558)	_

<sup>\*</sup> 僅供識別

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

#### Notes:

- (a) Amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest-free and have no fixed terms of repayment. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, these balances are considered as quasi-equity investments in the associates.
- (b) Globe Outlet Town (Jilin) Limited ("Globe Outlet") is principally engaged in a property development project in Changchun, Jilin Province, the PRC. At 31 March 2024, the Group had a gross amount due from Globe Outlet of HK\$53,279,000 (2023: HK\$53,549,000). At 31 March 2024, an aggregate impairment loss on investment in Globe Outlet of HK\$9,348,000 (2023: HK\$9,618,000) was recognised.

Jiangxi Globe Outlets City Co., Ltd. ("Jiangxi Outlets") is principally engaged in a property development project in Nanchang, Jiangxi Province, the PRC (the "Jiangxi Outlets Brand Discount City Project"). At 31 March 2024, the Group had a gross amount due from Jiangxi Outlets of approximately HK\$11,409,000 (2023: HK\$11,805,000) and an aggregate impairment loss on investment in Jiangxi Outlets of approximately HK\$6,070,000 (2023: HK\$6,466,000) was recognised as at 31 March 2024.

Huailai Dayi Winery Company Limited ("Huailai Dayi") is principally engaged in a property development project in Huailai, Hebei Province, the PRC (the "Huailai Dayi Project"). At 31 March 2024, the Group had a gross amount due from Huailai Dayi of approximately HK\$17,683,000 (2023: HK\$17,683,000) and an aggregate impairment loss on investment in Huailai Dayi of approximately HK\$17,683,000 (2023: HK\$17,683,000) was recognised as at 31 March 2024.

### 17. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

附註:

- (a) 應收聯營公司款項為無抵押、免息及 無固定還款期。本公司董事認為,該等 結餘被視為於聯營公司之類似股權投 資。
- (b) 吉林奧特萊斯世界名牌折扣城有限公司(「吉林奧特萊斯」)主要於中國吉林省長春市從事物業發展項目。於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團有應收吉林奧特萊斯款項總額53,279,000港元(二零二三年:53,549,000港元)。於二零二四年三月三十一日,確認投資於吉林奧特萊斯之減值虧損總額9,348,000港元(二零二三年:9,618,000港元)。

江西奧特萊斯名牌折扣城有限公司 (「江西奧特萊斯」)主要於中國江西 省南昌市從事物業發展項目(「江西 奧特萊斯名牌折扣城項目」)。於二零 二四年三月三十一日,本集團有應收 江西奧特萊斯款項總額約11,409,000港 元(二零二三年:11,805,000港元),並 已於二零二四年三月三十一日確認投 資於江西奧特萊斯之減值虧損總額約 6,070,000港元(二零二三年:6,466,000 港元)。

懷來大一葡萄酒莊園有限公司(「懷來 大一」)主要於中國河北省懷來從事 物業發展項目(「懷來大一項目」)。於 二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團有 應收懷來大一款項總額約17,683,000 港元(二零二三年:17,683,000港 元),並已於二零二四年三月三十一 日確認投資於懷來大一之減值虧損 總額約17,683,000港元(二零二三年: 17,683,000港元)。

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#### 17. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

The Group's shareholdings in the associates all comprise equity interests held by the Company.

The Group has discontinued the recognition of its share of losses for certain associates, because the share of losses of certain associates exceeded the Group's interest in the associate. The amounts of the Group's unrecognised share of losses of these associates for the current year and cumulatively were approximately HK\$3,546,000 (2023: HK\$110,000) and HK\$9,935,000 (2023: HK\$6,389,000), respectively.

#### **18. FINANCIAL ASSET DESIGNATED AT FVTOCI**

### 17. 於聯營公司之權益 (續)

本集團於聯營公司之股權均由本公 司持有之股本權益組成。

本集團已終止確認應佔若干聯營公 司虧損,原因為應佔若干聯營公司之 虧損已超過本集團於該等聯營公司 之權益。本年度本集團尚未確認應佔 該等聯營公司之虧損及累計款項分 別為約3,546,000港元(二零二三年: 110,000港元)及9,935,000港元(二 零二三年:6,389,000港元)。

## 18. 指定按公平值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產

		2024 二零二四年	2023 二零二三年
		マ□+ HK\$'000 千港元	 HK\$'000 千港元
Unlisted equity investment	非上市股權投資	800	2,724

The above unlisted equity investment represents investment in unlisted equity securities issued by a private entity incorporated in Hong Kong which is engaged in operation of trampoline park business in the PRC. At 31 March 2024, there was no open market for such investment and the directors of the Company consider that the marketability of the Group's shareholdings in such investment is low.

The investment is not held for trading. Instead, it is held for medium to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the directors of the Company have elected to designate the investment in unlisted equity investment as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognising short-term fluctuations in the investment's fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding the investment for long-term purposes and realising its performance potential in the long run.

The fair value measurement of the investment is disclosed in note 37(e) to the consolidated financial statements.

上述非上市股權投資為投資於香港 註冊成立之私人實體所發行之非上 市股本證券,該實體在中國從事彈床 公園業務營運。於二零二四年三月 三十一日,該等投資並無公開市場, 本公司董事認為本集團於該投資之 股權之變現能力較低。

該投資並非持作買賣,相反,其乃持 作中長期策略用途。因此,本公司董 事已選擇將投資於非上市股權投資 指定為按公平值計入其他全面收益, 此乃由於彼等認為於損益確認該投 資公平值之短期波動不符合本集團 長期持有該投資以及長遠變現其表 現潛力之策略。

該投資的公平值計量披露於綜合財 務報表附註37(e)。

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

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## 19. GOODWILL

19. 商譽

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost and net carrying amount: At beginning of the year Exchange realignment	成本及賬面淨值: 於年初 匯兌調整	114,298 (8,840)	123,300 (9,002)
At end of the year	於年末	105,458	114,298

## Impairment testing on goodwill and right-of-use assets

Goodwill acquired through business combinations is allocated to the CGU of Qinhuangdao Project for impairment testing. Right-ofuse assets of Qinhuangdao Project, representing the land use rights with carrying amount of approximately HK\$352,787,000 (2023: HK\$378,889,000) as at 31 March 2024, are also included in the CGU for the purpose of impairment assessment.

In determining the recoverable amount of the CGU, the directors of the Company had considered both the value-in-use and fair value less cost of disposal of the CGU. The value-in-use calculation using cash flow projections based on financial budgets covering project life of a five-year period approved by Board of Directors at a pre-tax discount rate of 18% (2023: 10%). Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rate of 3% (2023: 3%). The recoverable amount of the CGU has been determined based on its fair value less cost of disposal. No impairment loss on goodwill and right-of-use assets is considered necessary as at 31 March 2024 and 2023 as the recoverable amount is higher than the carrying amount of the CGU for both years.

The following describes the key assumptions on which management has based its cash flow projections to undertake impairment testing of goodwill and right-of-use assets:

*Discount rate* – The discount rate used is before tax and reflects specific risk relating to the CGU.

#### 對商譽及使用權資產進行之減值 測試

透過業務合併購入之商譽已分配至 秦皇島項目之現金產生單位,以進行 減值測試。秦皇島項目的使用權資產 (指於二零二四年三月三十一日賬 面值約為352,787,000港元的土地使 用權(二零二三年:378,889,000港 元))亦被納入現金產生單位以進行 減值評估。

於釐定現金產生單位之可收回金額 時,本公司董事已考慮現金產生單位 之使用價值及公平值減出售成本。 使用價值乃根據經董事會審批之 目年期五年期財務預算的現金流量 有測,按稅前折現率18%(二零 二年期後的現金流量 年:10%)計算。五年期後的現金流量 年:3%)推算。訪現金產生單位 之。於二零二四年及二零二三 成本 三月三十一日並無被視為必要之之 兩個年度,可收回金額高於該現金產 生單 位之賬面值。

下文論述管理層為商譽及使用權資 產進行減值測試而作出現金流量預 測所依據的主要假設:

*折現率-*所採用之折現率為除稅前並 反映現金產生單位之相關特定風險。

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#### 19. GOODWILL (continued)

## Impairment testing on goodwill and right-of-use assets (continued)

Budgeted selling price and construction costs – The basis used to determine the budgeted selling prices and construction costs is based on the latest market information and expected market trends.

*Fair value of property development project* – the basis used to determine the fair value is based on independent valuation derived from market comparables.

The values assigned to the key assumptions on discount rate, budgeted gross margins and market prices are consistent with external information sources.

#### 20. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

#### 19. 商譽 (續)

#### 對商譽及使用權資產進行之減值 測試 (續)

預算售價及建築成本一用於釐定預 算售價及建築成本之基準乃以最新 市場資料及預期市場趨勢為根據。

物業發展項目之公平值一用於釐定 公平值之基準乃以市場可資比較項 目得出之獨立估值為根據。

折現率、預算毛利率及市場價格之主 要假設數值與外部資料來源一致。

#### 20. 在建物業

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties under development	在建物業	714,506	679,319
Properties under development expected completed within normal operating operating	ycle:  週期內完成:		
Within one year	一年內	143,600	80,117
After one year	一年後	570,906	599,202
		714,506	679,319

At 31 March 2024, the Group's properties under development with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$87,210,000 (2023: approximately HK\$90,319,000) were pledged to secure certain amounts due to related parties and the Group's properties under development with carrying amounts of approximately HK\$98,051,000 (2023: HK\$90,506,000) were pledged to secure certain borrowings of the Disposal Group. As agreed with the providers of finance of the Disposal Group, part of the proceeds from the sales of these properties will be utilised for repayment of borrowings of the Disposal Group. Details are set out in notes 27 and 40 to the consolidated financial statements.

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集 團賬面值約為87,210,000港元(二 零二三年:約90,319,000港元)之 在建物業已作為若干應付關聯方 款項之質押,及本集團賬面值約為 98,051,000港元(二零二三年: 90,506,000港元)之在建物業已作為 出售集團融資提供者的協定,出售該 物業的部分所得款項將用於償還出 售集團的借款。詳情載於綜合財務報 表附註27及40。

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### 21. COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALES 21. 持作出售之竣工物業

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Completed properties held for sales	持作出售之竣工物業		1,613	34,89
TRADE RECEIVABLES	2	22. 應收	賬款	
			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	202 二零二三 <sup>4</sup> HK\$'00 千港テ
Lease receivables Less: Impairment allowance for ECL	應收租金 減:預期信貸虧損之減(	值撥備	3,074 (1,819)	2,60
			1,255	2,60
The Group does not hold any collateral ov	er its trade receivables.	本 集 團 抵 押 品	副並無就其應收 L。	賬款持有任住
An aged analysis of the trade receiva allowance for ECL, as at the end of the re the invoice date, is as follows:		預期信	图日期為基準,應 19貸虧損之減值推 18齡分析如下:	
			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	202: 二零二三年 HK\$'00 千港テ
Within one year	一年內		1,255	2,60

an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The ECL on trade receivables are estimated using collective assessment after considering internal credit ratings of debtors, aging, repayment history and/or past due status of respective trade receivables.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, loss allowance of HK\$1,819,000 (2023: nil) was recognised on trade receivables.

本集團按相等於全期預期信貸虧損 的金額計量應收賬款之虧損撥備。應 收賬款的預期信貸虧損經考慮債務 人的內部信貸評級、各應收賬款的賬 齡、還款記錄及/或逾期狀況後採用 集體評估作出估計。

截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度,本集團就應收賬款確認虧損撥備 1,819,000港元(二零二三年:無)。

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### 22. TRADE RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes:

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(a) Loss allowance of trade receivables as follow:

## 22. 應收賬款 (續)

附註:

(a) 應收賬款之虧損撥備如下:

		Average expected loss rate 平均預期	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance
Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	中均預知 虧損率 % %	<b>賬面總值</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>虧損撥備</b> HK\$'000 千港元
For the year ended 31 March 2024:	截至二零二四年三月三十一日	70	17676	17270
TOT THE YEAR ENDED ST MARCH 2024.	止年度:			
Low risk	低風險	0.9	1,266	11
Doubtful	存疑	100	1,808	1,808
			3,074	1,819
For the year ended 31 March 2023:	截至二零二三年三月三十一日			
Low risk	止年度: 低風險	*	2,604	-
			2,604	_
recognised on trade receivables the directors of the Company of credit risk associated with the t	2023, no impairment has been under the category of "low risk" as onsider that there is no significant rade receivables given that there r there has not been a significant recognition.	*	截至二零二三年 止年度,並無就「4 收賬款確認減值, 違約記錄,或信貸 認以來亦無顯著與 前重大信貸風險。	低風險」類別應 乃因近期概無 風險自初步確 曾加,故本公司
The movement of ECL provision of trad	e receivables is as follows:	應收 下:	I	損撥備變動如
			Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired 全期預期信貸 虧損一未發生 信貸減值 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023 and	於二零二二年四月一日、		/E'/L	
1 April 2023	二零二三年三月三十一日	日及		
Net ECL recognised	二零二三年四月一日 已確認預期信貸虧損淨額		- 1,819	- 1,819
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	3	1,819	1,819

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables	其他應收款項		14,269	2,893
Other tax recoverable	其他應收稅項		5,651	95
Other prepayments	其他預付款項		4,515	2,516
Prepaid construction costs	預付建築成本	(b)	87,435	104,991
Deposits	按金		268	689
Amounts due from Disposal Group	應收出售集團款項	(C)	120,442	142,147
Amounts due from related parties	應收關連方款項	(d)	57,003	52,306
Less: impairment allowance for ECL	減:預期信貸虧損減值撥備	(a)	289,583 (36,914)	305,637 (787)
			252,669	304,850
Classified as:	分類為:			
Non-current assets	非流動資產		76,124	-
Current assets	流動資產		176,545	304,850
			252,669	304,850

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## 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER **RECEIVABLES** (continued)

Notes:

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Loss allowance of other receivables as follow: (a)

## 23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項(續)

附註:

其他應收款項之虧損撥備如下: (a)

		Average expected loss rate 平均預期	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance
		虧損率	賬面總值	虧損撥備
		%	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Internal credit rating	內部信貸評級	%	千港元	千港元
For the year ended 31 March 2024:	截至二零二四年三月三十一日 止年度:			
Low risk	低風險	2.1	67,909	1,394
Watch list	觀察名單	26.5	120,442	31,889
Default	違約	100	3,631	3,631
			191,982	36,914
For the year ended 31 March 2023:	截至二零二三年三月三十一日 止年度:			
Low risk	低風險	*	197,248	_
Default	違約	100	787	787
			198,035	787
* For the year ended 31 March	n 2023, no impairment has been	*	截至二零二三年	
the directors of the Company of	under the category of "low risk" as consider that there is no significant other receivables given that there		止年度,並無就「( 他應收款項餘額) 近期概無違約記錄	崔認減值,乃因
	or there has not been a significant		初步確認以來亦無	展顯著增加,故

本公司董事認為概無與其他應 收款項相關的重大信貸風險。

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER

#### **RECEIVABLES** (continued)

#### Notes: (continued)

(a) (continued)

The movement of ECL provision of other receivables is as follows:

### 23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項 (續)

附註:(續)

(a) (續)

其他應收款項之預期信貸虧損撥備變 動如下:

		12-month ECL 12個月預期 信貸虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Lifetime ECL - credit impaired 全期預期 信貸虧損 一已發生 信貸減值 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Total</b> 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022 Exchange realignment	於二零二二年四月一日 匯兌調整	-	797 (10)	797 (10)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及		(10)	(10)
ALST MARCH 2023 and TAPH 2023	が二令二二十二月二十一日及 二零二三年四月一日	_	787	787
Net ECL recognised	已確認預期信貸虧損淨額	33,283	2,871	36,154
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整		(27)	(27)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	33,283	3,631	36,914

- (b) At 31 March 2024 and 2023, the balance represented prepaid construction costs to subcontractors for the development of property projects in the PRC.
- (c) The amounts mainly represented the intercompany balances with 湖南 裕田奧特萊斯置業有限公司 (Hunan Richly Field Outlets Real Estate Limited), 長沙裕田奧特萊斯企業管理有限公司 (Changsha Yutian Outlets Business Administration Co Ltd) and 長沙裕田奧萊物業管理有 限公司 (Changsha Yutian Outlets Property Management Co Ltd), which are former indirect wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company (defined in note 6 as "Disposal Group"). Details of disposal of subsidiaries are set out in note 30(iv) to the consolidated financial statements. The amounts are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. During the year ended 31 March 2024, the directors of the Company considered that the settlement of the amounts are expected to be delayed up to 31 December 2027.
- (b) 於二零二四年及二零二三年三月 三十一日,結餘指就開發中國物業項 目而向分包商預付之建築成本。
- (c) 該等款項主要為與湖南裕田奧特萊斯 置業有限公司、長沙裕田奧特萊斯企 業管理有限公司及長沙裕田奧萊物業 管理有限公司(該等公司為本公司的前間接全資附屬公司(於附註6定義為 「出售集團」))的公司間結餘。出售 附屬公司的詳情載於綜合財務報表 附註30(iv)。該等款項為無抵押、免息 及按要求償還。截至二零二四年三月 三十一日止年度,本公司董事認為該 等款項的結算預計將延遲至2027年 12月31日。

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

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### 23. PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(d) The balances are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand. Mr. Wang Hua ("Mr. Wang"), a substantial shareholder of the Company, is also the controlling shareholder of the related parties. The directors of the Company consider that there is no significant credit risk associated with the amounts due from the related parties as there is no recent history of default or there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since intitial recognition and no impairment loss has been recognised.

It represents mainly intercompany balances carried forward since the acquisition of Ningxia Jinguan Property Investment Co. Ltd. ("Ningxia Jinguan") from a related party, JeShing Real Estate Group Company Limited since 2018. Ningxia Jinguan entered into the sale-and-lease back agreements with certain purchasers that purchased of the completed properties held by Ningxia Jinguan. Pursuant to such arrangements, Ningxia Jinguan shall lease back such properties from such purchasers at a premium to the market rent (the "Leaseback Rent"). Ningxia Jinguan then lease out such properties to third parties at the market rent (the "Lease-out Rent"). As a result, Ningxia Jinguan incurred rental expenses due to the difference between the Leaseback Rent and the Lease-out Rent.

The related party (vendor of Ningxia Jinguan when the Group acquired it in 2018) has agreed to fully reimburse and indemnify Ningxia Jinguan in respect of any expense and loss due to such differences during the respective term of such sale-and-leaseback agreements. Details of which are set out in the circular of the Company dated 31 January 2018 in relation to the acquisition of Ningxia Jinguan.

### 24. RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS/ CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The interest rates on the cash at bank ranged from 0.01% to 0.385% (2023: 0.01% to 0.385%) per annum.

At 31 March 2024, the cash and bank balances and restricted bank deposits of the Group denominated in Renminbi ("RMB") amounted to approximately RMB9,476,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$10,452,000) (2023: RMB20,899,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$23,873,000)) and RMB11,305,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$12,470,000 (2023: nil). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under the PRC Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorised to conduct foreign exchange business.

#### 23. 預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項 (續)

附註:(續)

(d) 結餘為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。 本公司之主要股東王華先生(「王先 生」)亦為該關連方之控股股東。本公 司董事認為,由於近期並無違約記錄 或信貸風險自初始確認以來並無顯著 增加,與應收關連方款項相關之信貸 風險並不重大,故而並無確認減值虧 損。

> 其主要指自二零一八年自關連方金盛 置業投資集團有限公司收購寧夏金冠 投資置業有限公司(「寧夏金冠」)以來 結轉的公司間結餘。寧夏金冠與若干 訂立售後回租協議。根據該等安排, 訂立售後回租協議。根據該等安排, 夏金冠將以相對市場租金溢價的價格 (「回租租金」)向該等買方租回該等物 (「回租租金」)的該等物業租給第三方。因此, 寧夏金冠由於回租租金與租出租金之 間的差額而產生租金開支。

> 關連方(二零一八年本集團收購寧夏金 冠時的賣方)已同意就相應的售後回 租協議期間該等差額產生的任何開支 及虧損全額償付及彌償寧夏金冠。有 關詳情載於本公司日期為二零一八年 一月三十一日有關收購寧夏金冠之通 函。

### 24. 受限制銀行存款/ 現金及現金等值品

銀行現金之年利率介乎0.01%至 0.385%(二零二三年:0.01%至 0.385%)。

於二零二四年三月三十一日,本集團 以人民幣(「人民幣」)列值之現金及銀 行結餘以及受限制銀行存款約為人民 幣9,476,000元(相當於約10,452,000港 元)(二零二三年:人民幣20,899,000元 (相當於約23,873,000港元))及人民幣 11,305,000元(相當於約12,470,000港元 (二零二三年:無)。人民幣不能自由兌 換為其他貨幣,但根據中國之外匯管理 條例及結匯、售匯及付匯管理規定,本 集團獲准透過授權經營外匯業務之銀行 將人民幣兌換為其他貨幣。

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#### **25. TRADE PAYABLES**

An aged analysis of the trade payables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the invoice date, is as follows:

#### 25. 應付賬款

以發票日期為基準,應付賬款於報告 期末之賬齡分析如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year Over one year	一年內 逾一年	1,346 382,387	18,339 370,928
		383,733	389,267

The Group has financial risk management policies to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit time frame.

According to court decisions of legal proceedings against the Group from constructors, at 31 March 2024, the Group is required to settle construction payment of approximately HK\$234,527,000 (2023: HK\$192,914,000) to the constructors. Among the payables to the constructors, construction payable with amount of approximately HK\$210,863,000 (2023: HK\$168,407,000) included penalty interest of approximately HK\$38,321,000 (2023: HK\$13,972,000). The penalty interest has been accrued as interest payables included in other payables and accruals as at 31 March 2024. The penalty interest rate ranging from 3.5% to 4.25%.

本集團已制訂財務風險管理政策以確保 所有應付款項均於信貸期限內結算。

根據承建商對本集團提起的法律程 序的法院判決,於二零二四年三月 三十一日,本集團須向承建商結算工 程款約234,527,000港元(二零二三年: 192,914,000港元)。於應付承建商款項 中,金額約為210,863,000港元(二零 二三年:168,407,000港元)的應付工程 款包括約38,321,000港元)的應付工程 款包括約38,321,000港元)。於二零二四 年三月三十一日,該罰息已作為應付利 息計入其他應付款項及應計費用。罰息 利率介乎3.5%至4.25%。

### 26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS/ CONTRACT LIABILITIES

## 26. 其他應付款項及應計費用/ 合約負債

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other deposits received	其他已收按金		4,401	14,968
Other payables	其他應付款項		20,967	14,624
Interest payables	應付利息		65,738	32,830
Deferred income	遞延收入	(b)	411,085	425,732
Accruals	應計費用		5,813	6,867
			508,004	495,021

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### 26. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS/ CONTRACT LIABILITIES (continued)

## 26. 其他應付款項及應計費用/ 合約負債 (續)

				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
	Ilysed for reporting purpose: rent portion	<b>就呈報目的分析為:</b> 即期部分		96,919	431,327
	n-current portion erred income	非即期部分 遞延收入	(b)	411,085	63,694
				508,004	495,021
				2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Con	ntract liabilities	合約負債	(a)	91,240	48,254
Note	25:		附註:		
(a)	Contract liabilities include advanced re customers to transfer completed prope		. ,	合約負債包括收取自 及按金,以向彼等轉和	
	Revenue recognised during the year included in the contract liabilities a approximately HK\$3,688,000 (2023: There was no revenue recognised ir performance obligations that were sati	s at 1 April 2023 amounted to approximately HK\$39,073,000). In the current year that related to	;	於截至二零二四年三 度已確認並計入二零 之合約負債的收益約 (二零二三年:約39 本年度概無確認與上 約責任相關的收益。	<sup>\$</sup> 二三年四月一日 為3,688,000港元 ,073,000港元)。
(b)	Balance represented governmer HK\$411,085,000 (2023: approximate the Finance Bureau of Changli County support the development of the Qinhu	у НК\$425,732,000) received from , Qinhuangdao, Hebei Province to	ļ	結餘指收取自河北; 討政部之政府補助約 (二零二三年:約425 以支持秦皇島項目發	411,085,000港元 5,732,000港元),
	Pursuant to a business plan approved Project commenced pre-construct HK\$411,085,000 (2023: approximatel income is expected to offset future properties and is therefore classified as	ction work and approximately y HK\$63,694,000) of the deferred construction costs of investment	- 	根據管理層批准之 島項目已展開施工; 411,085,000港元 ( 53,694,000港元) 之遞 資物業之未來建築成 非流動負債。	前準備且預期約 二零二三年:約 歷延收入將抵銷投

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## 27. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES/ A SHAREHOLDER

## 27. 應付關連方/股東款項

(i) Amounts due to related parties

### (i) 應付關連方款項

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
JeShing Real Estate Group Company	金盛置業投資集團有限公司 (「金盛置業」)		170 100	101.000
Limited ("JeShing") 江蘇裝飾材料有限公司	('並留重素」) 江蘇裝飾材料有限公司	(a), (b)	179,108	181,999
("江蘇裝飾")	(「江蘇裝飾」)	(b)	25,862	25,908
南京第一建築工程集團有限公司 ("南京第一")	南京第一建築工程集團 有限公司(「南京第一」)	(b)	300,584	325,542
寧夏冠凌房地產開發有限公司	寧夏冠凌房地產開發有限公司	(0)	000,001	020,012
("寧夏冠凌房") 廖夏冠涛物类昭教左阳公司	(「寧夏冠凌房」))	(C)	29,096	7,627
寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司 ("寧夏冠凌物")	寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司(「寧 夏冠凌物」)	(C)	_	7,407
True Gains Limited	得誠有限公司	(C)	1,930	-
內蒙古金盛國際家居有限公司	內蒙古金盛國際家居 有限公司	(C)	10,263	_
		(0)	10,200	
Total	總計		546,843	548,483
			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Carrying amount repayable (based scheduled repayment dates set in the loan agreements)				
On demand or within one year	按要求或一年內		546,843	548,483
Less: amounts shown under current liabilities	減:流動負債項下列示金	額	(546,843)	(548,483)
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	非流動負債項下列示金額		_	_

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#### 27. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES/ A SHAREHOLDER (continued)

### (ii) Amount due to a shareholder

### 27. 應付關連方/股東款項(續)

#### (ii)應付股東款項

		Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Stimulate High Investment Limited	振軒投資有限公司	(d)	26,468	19,826

#### Notes:

As at 31 March 2024, approximately RMB9,060,000 (equivalent to (a)approximately HK\$9,993,000) (2023: RMB9,060,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$10,349,000)) had been utilised for the facility of RMB2,000,000,000 (2023: RMB2,000,000,000), being interest at 5% per annum. The amount was in default from December 2023.

During the year ended 31 March 2024, JeShing International Group (BVI) Limited, an entity also controlled by Mr. Wang, granted the new facility to the Group for the available period from January 2024 to December 2025, with facility amount of HK\$2,000,000,000 and bearing interest at 5% per annum.

Included in the amount due to JeShing was HK\$1,320,000 (2023: HK\$1,320,000) which is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

During the year ended 31 March 2019, an entrusted loan agreement was (b)entered into among 江蘇裝飾 (as the entrusting party), JeShing (as the entrusting party), 南京第一 (as the entrusting party), a lending bank (as the lender) and the Group (as the borrower). Pursuant to the entrusted loan agreement, a loan of RMB301,800,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$332,885,000) was provided to the Group ("Related Party Loan"). Mr. Wang is also the controlling shareholder of these related parties. There is no further extension agreement between lender and the entrusting parties in March 2023. Therefore, the Related Party Loan was in default from March 2023. Lender has the discretionary right to demand entrusting parties on full payment of the whole principle amount and any unpaid interest.

#### 附註:

於二零二四年三月三十一日, 就融資 (a)人民幣2,000,000,000元(二零二三年: 人民幣2,000,000,000元)而言,約人民 幣9,060,000元(相當於約9,993,000港 元)(二零二三年:人民幣9,060,000元 (相當於約10,349,000港元))已動用, 按每年5%計息。該款項自二零二三年 十二月起違約。

> 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年 度, JeShing International Group (BVI) Limited (一間亦由王先生控制的實體) 向本集團授出新融資,可動用期間為 二零二四年一月至二零二五年十二 月,融資金額為2,000,000,000港元,按 每年5%計息。

> 計入應付金盛置業款項為1.320.000港 元(二零二三年:1,320,000港元),有關 款項為無抵押、免息及按要求償還。

截至二零一九年三月三十一日止年 (b) 度,江蘇裝飾(作為委託方)、金盛置業 (作為委託方)、南京第一(作為委託 方)、貸款銀行(作為貸款人)與本集團 (作為借款人)訂立委託貸款協議。根 據委託貸款協議,人民幣301,800,000 元(相當於約332,885,000港元)之貸款 已提供予本集團(「關連方貸款」)。王 先生亦為該等關連方之控股股東。於 \_零二三年三月,借款人與委託方之 間並無進一步延期協議。因此,自二零 二三年三月起, 關連方貸款違約。借款 人有權酌情要求委託方悉數償還全部 本金額及未付利息。

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## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 27. AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES/

#### A SHAREHOLDER (continued)

Notes: (continued)

As at 31 March 2024, the Related Party Loan is secured by the Group's right-of-use assets, properties under development and investment properties located in Qinhuangdao with a carrying amount of approximately HK\$352,787,000, HK\$87,210,000 and HK\$217,845,000, respectively (2023: approximately HK\$378,889,000, HK\$90,319,000 and HK\$278,378,000, respectively), carrying interest ranging from 5.7% to 6.19% (2023: 5.7% to 6.19%) per annum.

Management of the entrusting parties have commenced negotiations of the repayment terms of the Related Party Loan with lender since then. Up to the date of this report, those negotiations are still in progress and have not been concluded. As the above assets of the Group has been pledged against the lender, lender has the discretionary right to confiscate the assets and dispose it for loan repayment.

- (c) Mr. Wang is the controlling shareholder of the related party. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (d) The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

#### **28. OTHER BORROWINGS**

#### 27. 應付關連方/股東款項(續)

附註:(續)

於二零二四年三月三十一日,關連方 貸款由本集團之使用權資產及位於 秦皇島之在建物業及投資物業抵押, 賬面值分別約為352,787,000港元、 87,210,000港元及217,845,000港元、 (二零二三年:約378,889,000港元、 90,319,000港元及278,378,000港元), 按介乎5.7%至6.19% (二零二三年: 5.7%至6.19%) 之年利率計息。

委託方管理層自當時起已開始與借款 人就關連方貸款之還款條款進行磋 商。截至本報告日期,有關磋商仍在進 行中且尚未結束。由於本集團之上述 資產已質押予借款人,借款人有權酌 情沒收資產並將其出售以償還貸款。

- (c) 王先生為關聯方的控股股東。該款項 為無抵押、免息及應要求償還。
- (d) 該款項為無抵押、免息及應要求償還。

### 28. 其他借款

					年
		Contractual interest 合約利率	HK\$'000 千港元	Contractual interest 合約利率	HK\$'000 千港元
Current	即期				
Other loans - unsecured	其他貸款-無抵押	15.4%	35,990	15.4%	30,718
Analysed into: Other loans repayable based on scheduled repayment dates in loan agreements:	按以下類別分析: 須按貸款協議之預定還款 日期償還之其他貸款:				
On demand or within one year	按要求或一年內		35,990		30,718

As at 31 March 2024, according to the court decision of a legal proceeding against the Group, the Group is required to repay a principal of approximately HK\$16,250,000 (2023: HK\$17,263,000) and penalty interest of approximately HK\$16,742,000 (2023: HK\$23,829,000). The penalty interest has been accrued as interest payables included in other payables and accruals as at 31 March 2024. The loan was in default from August 2018.

於二零二四年三月三十一日,根據對本集 團提起的法律程序的法院判決,本集團須 償還本金約16,250,000港元(二零二三年: 17,263,000港元)及罰息約16,742,000港元 (二零二三年:23,829,000港元)。於二零 二四年三月三十一日,該罰息已作為應付利 息計入其他應付款項及應計費用。該貸款自 2018年8月起違約。

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#### **29. DEFERRED TAXATION**

#### 29. 遞延稅項

The movements in deferred tax (assets) liabilities during the year are as follows:

#### Deferred tax assets

1 April 2023

年內,遞延稅項(資產)負債之變動如 下:

#### 遞延稅項資產 Lease liability Total 租賃負債 總計 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 於二零二二年四月一日、 At 1 April 2022, 31 March 2023 and 二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日 計入損益 (10) (10)

Credited to profit or loss At 31 March 2024 於二零二四年三月三十一日 (10)(10)

#### Deferred tax liabilities

#### 遞延稅項負債

		Fair value adjustment		
		arising on acquisition 收購產生之	Revaluation of properties	Total <sub>他主</sub>
		<b>公平值調整</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>物業重估</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>總計</b> HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022	於二零二二年四月一日	24,124	7,633	31,757
Reclassified from held-for-sale	自持作出售重新分類	10,204	_	10,204
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	_	(861)	(861)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	1,537	(532)	1,005
At 31 March 2023 and	於二零二三年三月三十一日			
1 April 2023	及二零二三年四月一日	35,865	6,240	42,105
Credited to profit or loss	計入損益	_	(2,774)	(2,774)
Exchange realignment	匯兌調整	(280)	(165)	(445)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	35,585	3,301	38,886

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

### 30. ACQUISITIONS/DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES

## (i) Acquisition of Ningxia Guanling Property Service Co., Ltd.

On 7 April 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Ningxia Guanling Property Service Co., Ltd.\* (寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司)("Ningxia Guanling") at a consideration of RMB1,590,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,813,000) from Ningxia Guanling Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.\* (寧夏冠凌房地產開發有限公司), which is a related company to the Group.

The assets acquired and liabilities recognised on the date of acquisition were as follows:

#### 30. 收購/出售附屬公司

(i) 收購寧夏冠凌物業服務有限公司

於二零二三年四月七日,本集 團完成向寧夏冠凌房地產開發 有限公司(為本集團的關連公 司)收購寧夏冠凌物業服務有 限公司(「寧夏冠凌」)之全部股 權,代價為人民幣1,590,000元 (相當於約1,813,000港元)。

於收購日期所收購資產及已確 認負債如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	78
Completed properties held for sales	持作出售之竣工物業	1,805
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項	11,102
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值品	179
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	(9,559)
Tax payable	應付稅項	(9)
Contract liabilities	合約負債	(1,783)
		1,813
Consideration for the acquisition of entire interest is satisfied by:	收購全部權益之代價由以下方式支付:	
Consideration payable	應付代價	1,813
Net cash inflows on acquisition:	收購產生之現金流入淨額:	

Cash and cash equivalents acquired 所見

Q 購產生之現 並 流入 淨 額 · 所 收 購 現 金 及 現 金 等 值 品

#### (ii) Acquisition of Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Service Co., Ltd.

On 15 June 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Service Co., Ltd.\* (呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物 業管理服務有限責任公司)("Hohhot Pengshengjie") at a consideration of nil from an independent third party. Hohhot Pengshengjie is a newly setup company for provision of property management service in the Inner Mongolia Province, the PRC. (ii) 收購呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業 管理服務有限責任公司

> 於二零二三年六月十五日,本 集團完成向一名獨立第三方無 償收購呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業 管理服務有限責任公司(「呼和 浩特鵬盛潔」)之全部股權。呼 和浩特鵬盛潔乃一家在中國內 蒙古省提供物業管理服務的新 成立公司。

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#### 30. ACQUISITIONS/DISPOSALS OF

#### SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

#### (ii) Acquisition of Hohhot Pengshengjie Property Management Service Co., Ltd. (continued)

The assets acquired and liabilities recognised on the date of acquisition were as follows:

#### 30. 收購/出售附屬公司 (續)

(ii) 收購呼和浩特市鵬盛潔物業 管理服務有限責任公司(續)

> 於收購日期所收購資產及已確 認負債如下:

		HK\$'000 千港元
Other receivables	其他應收款項	164
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	(164)

#### (iii) Acquisition of Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd.

On 9 August 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of the entire equity interest in Wuhan Yuejing Property Management Co., Ltd.\* (武漢閱景物業管理有限公司) ("Wuhan Yuejing") at a consideration of RMB1,750,000 (equivalent to approximately HK\$1,910,000) from True Gains Limited (得誠有限公司), which is a related company to the Group.

The assets acquired and liabilities recognised on the date of acquisition were as follows:

## (iii) 收購武漢閱景物業管理有限公司

於二零二三年八月九日,本集 團完成向得誠有限公司(為本 集團的關連公司)收購武漢閱 景物業管理有限公司(「武漢 閱景」)之全部股權,代價為人 民幣1,750,000元(相當於約 1,910,000港元)。

於收購日期所收購資產及已確 認負債如下:

HK\$'000

		千港元
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	16
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款項	3,557
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值品	217
Tax recoverable	可收回稅項	27
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款項	(1,884)
Contract liabilities	合約負債	(23)
		1,910
Consideration for the acquisition of entire interest is satisfied by:	收購全部權益之代價由以下方式支付:	
Consideration payable	應付代價	1,910
Net cash inflows on acquisition:	收購產生之現金流入淨額:	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	所收購現金及現金等值品	217

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### 30. ACQUISITIONS/DISPOSALS OF

#### SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(iv) Disposals of Hunan Richly Field Outlets Real Estate Limited, Changsha Yutian Outlets Business Administration Co Ltd and Changsha Yutian Outlets Property Management Co Ltd

On 9 February 2022, the Group entered into a conditional equity transfer agreements with an independent third party to dispose of the entire equity interest of 湖南裕田奧特萊斯置業有限公司 (Hunan Richly Field Outlets Real Estate Limited\*), 長沙裕田奧特萊斯企業管理有限公司 (Changsha Yutian Outlets Business Administration Co Ltd\*) and 長沙裕田奧萊物業管理有限公司 (Changsha Yutian Outlets Property Management Co Ltd\*) (defined in note 6 as "Disposal Group") for an aggregate consideration of RMB3. The disposal of Disposal Group was completed on 14 April 2022. The assets and liabilities of the Disposal Group at the date of disposed are as follows:

#### 30. 收購/出售附屬公司 (續)

(iv) 出售湖南裕田奧特萊斯置業 有限公司、長沙裕田奧特萊 斯企業管理有限公司及長沙 裕田奧萊物業管理有限公司

> > 14/4/2022 二零二二年 四月十四日 HK\$'000 千港元

Assets	資產	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	24,246
Investment properties	投資物業	731,540
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	158,659
Properties under development	在建物業	1,877,849
Completed properties held for sales	持作出售之竣工物業	95,872
Trade receivables	應收賬款	4,785
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	
other receivables		39,517
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值品	8,721
Total assets disposed of	出售資產總值	2,941,189
Liabilities	負債	
Trade payables	應付賬款	(886,025)
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及應計費用	(762,825)
Contract liabilities	合約負債	(513,181)
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連方款項	(561,905)
Amounts due to remaining group	應付餘下集團款項	(145,063)
Interest-bearing bank and other	計息銀行及其他借款-按要求償還	
borrowings – repayable on demand		(1,505,022)
Provisions	撥備	(7,117)
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延稅項負債	(3,321)
Total liabilities disposed of	出售負債總額	(4,384,459)
Net liabilities disposed of	出售負債淨額	(1,443,270)

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#### 30. ACQUISITIONS/DISPOSALS OF

### SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

(iv) Disposals of Hunan Richly Field Outlets Real Estate Limited, Changsha Yutian Outlets Business Administration Co Ltd and Changsha Yutian Outlets Property Management Co Ltd (continued)

### 30. 收購/出售附屬公司 (續)

(iv) 出售湖南裕田奧特萊斯置業 有限公司、長沙裕田奧特萊 斯企業管理有限公司及長沙 裕田奧萊物業管理有限公司 (續)

> 14/4/2022 二零二二年 四月十四日

		HK\$'000 千港元
Gain on disposal of the Disposal Group:	出售出售集團之收益:	
Consideration received	已收代價	-
Net liabilities disposed of	出售負債淨額	1,443,270
Cumulative exchange difference in respect of net assets of subsidiaries reclassified from equity to profit or	由權益重新分類至損益之 附屬公司資產淨值之累計匯兌差額	
loss		69,348
		1,512,618
Consideration received	已收代價	
Net cash outflow arising on the disposal:	出售產生之現金流出淨額:	
Cash consideration received	已收現金代價	_
Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	出售現金及現金等值品	(8,721)
Net outflow of cash and cash equivalents	計入投資活動的現金流量之現金及	
included in cash flows from investing	現金等值品流出淨額	
activities		(8,721)

\* For identification purpose only

僅供識別

## Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### **31. SHARE CAPITAL**

		2024 二零二四年		} 三年
	No. of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元	No. of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
Authorised: 法定: Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each   每股面值0.05港元之 普通股 At 1 April and 31 March     於四月一日及				
At 1 April and 31 March 於四月一日及 三月三十一日	40,000,000,000	2,000,000	40,000,000,000	2,000,000
	2024 二零二四	1年	2023 二零二3	
	No. of shares 股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元	No. of shares 股份數目	- ' Amount 金額 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足:</b> Ordinary shares of HK\$0.05 each 每股面值0.05港元之 普通股				
At 1 April and 31 March 於四月一日及 三月三十一日	23,336,687,255	1,166,834	23,336,687,255	1,166,834

#### **32. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT**

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt, which includes amounts due to related parties, amount due to a shareholder and interest-bearing other borrowings, net of cash and cash equivalents and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and accumulated losses.

#### 32. 資本管理

31. 股本

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團的 實體將能夠持續經營,同時藉著優化 債務及股本平衡,為股東提供最大回 報。本集團的整體策略與上個年度維 持不變。

本集團的資本架構包括債務淨額, 包括應付關連方款項、應付股東款項 及計息其他借款,並已扣除現金及現 金等值品以及本公司擁有人應佔權 益(包括已發行股本、儲備及累計虧 損)。

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#### 33. OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### As lessor

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The Group leases its investment properties under operating lease arrangements, with leases negotiated for terms ranging from one to eleven years (2023: six months to twenty years). These properties are expected to generate rental yields of 5% (2023: 5%) on an ongoing basis.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

## **33. 經營租賃安排** 作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租其投 資物業,租賃經商議達成之租期介乎 一至十一年(二零二三年:六個月至 二十年)。該等物業預期持續產生5% (二零二三年:5%)之租金收益。

於報告日期已存在並將由本集團於 未來期間應收的不可撤銷經營租賃 項下之未貼現租賃款項如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Within one year	一年內	12,688	10,689
After one year but within two years	一年後但兩年內	8,266	6,119
After two year but within three years	兩年後但三年內	3,218	2,711
After three year but within four years	三年後但四年內	1,214	1,255
After four year but within five years	四年後但五年內	1,049	1,124
After five years	五年後	3,760	5,151
		30,195	27,049

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### **34. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

34. 資本承擔

The Group had the following capital commitments at the end of the reporting period:

於報告期末,本集團資本承擔如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Construction of properties included under property, plant and equipment and investment properties	興建物業、廠房及設備項下所列之 物業及投資物業	63,676	526,430

#### **35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) In addition to the transactions disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the Group had the following material transactions with related parties during the years.

## 35. 關連方交易

(a) 除綜合財務報表其他部分披露之 交易外,本集團於年內有以下重大 關連方交易。

			Note 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Inter	rest expense to related parties	向關聯方作出的 利息開支	(i)	19,915	22,206
These transactions were conducted on terms and conditions mutually agreed between the parties.			《等交易按雙方 《及條件進行。	相互同意之條	
Note	:		附	註:	
(i)	Being interest expense to JeShing which are entities controlled by Mr. Wa		(i)		、江蘇裝飾及南京 息開支,該等實體 則。

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#### 35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (b) Compensation of key management personnel of the Group
- 35. 關連方交易 (續)
- (b) 本集團主要管理人員之酬金

			2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short term employee benefits Post employment benefits	短期僱員福利 離職後福利		2,324 18	2,359 18
			2,342	2,377
The remuneration of key mar	nagement personnel is	(c) =	主要管理人員之酮	洲金乃由本集

- (c) determined by the Group with reference to the performance of individual and market trends.
- 團經參考個人表現及市場趨勢 而釐定。

#### **36. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY**

Categories of financial instruments

## 金融工具類別

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
<b>Financial assets</b> Financial assets at amortised costs Financial asset designated at FVTOCI	<b>金融資產</b> 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產 指定按公平值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產	186,478 800	234,935 2,724
<b>Financial liabilities</b> Amortised costs Lease liabilities	<b>金融負債</b> 攤銷成本 租賃負債	1,084,140 11,389	1,057,583 109

## 36. 按類別劃分之金融工具

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## 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Group's major financial instruments include trade receivables, deposits and other receivables, restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, financial asset designated at FVTOCI, trade payables, other payables, amount due to a shareholder, amounts due to related parties and other borrowings. Details of the financial instruments are disclosed in respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments include market risk (currency risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented on a timely and effective manner.

#### (a) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to fixed-rate other borrowings (note 28) and amounts due to related parties (note 27). The Group aims at keeping borrowings at fixed rates in order to reduce cash flow risk. The Group's exposure to changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's amounts due to related parties with floating interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk is minimal as the cash and cash equivalents represented cash at banks with short maturity. Management considers that the interest rate risk is insignificant. No sensitivity analysis to be presented. The Group does not have any interest rate hedging policy, and will consider hedging significant interest rate risk should the need arise.

#### (b) Foreign currency risk

The Group's businesses mainly are carried out in the PRC, all transactions including major revenue and cost items are denominated in RMB and the Group has no material transactional currency exposure. The RMB is not a freely convertible currency. The PRC Government imposes controls on the convertibility of RMB into foreign currencies and in certain cases the remittance of currency out of the PRC.

### 37. 金融風險管理及金融工具之 公平值

本集團主要金融工具包括應收賬款、 按金及其他應收款項、受限制銀行存 款、現金及現金等值品、指定按公平 值計入其他全面收益之金融資產、 應付賬款、其他應付款項、應付股款、其他應付款項及其他借款。 意頓工具之詳情於各附註披露。與 一、應付關之風險包括市場風險 (貨動資金風險。減輕該等風險之政 策載列如下。管理層管理及監控適當 施。

#### (a) 利率風險

#### (b) **外**幣風險

本集團之業務主要於中國開展,而包括主要收益及成本項目在內的全部交易均以人民幣計值,且本集團並無重大交易貨幣。人民幣乃不能自由兌換之貨幣。中國政府控制人民幣兌換為外幣之可兌換性,於若干情況下,亦控制將貨幣匯出中國。

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## 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (b) Foreign currency risk (continued)

The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management monitors the foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

As at 31 March 2024, the Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis. Credit evaluations of its debtors' financial position and condition are performed on each and every major debtor periodically. These evaluations focus on the debtor's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the debtor as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the debtor operates. No credit terms are granted to the debtors of the Group's property development. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from its debtors.

### **37. 金融風險管理及金融工具之** 公平值 (續)

- (b) **外幣風險** (續) 本集團現時並無外幣對沖政
  - 策。然而,管理層監察外幣匯兌 風險,並將在有需要時考慮對 沖重大外幣匯兌風險。

#### (c) 信貸風險

信貸風險指因交易對手不履行 其合約責任而導致本集團承受 財務虧損之風險。本集團已採 納一項政策,規定僅與信譽良 好之交易對手進行交易,作為 減少因違約而招致財務虧損風 險之方式。

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### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (continued)

For trade receivable, the Group has applied the simplified approach in HKFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the ECL by using collective assessment after considering internal credit ratings of debtors, aging, repayment history and/or past due status of respective trade receivables. Estimated loss rates are based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the debtors and are adjusted for supportable forwardlooking information that is reasonable and supportable available without undue costs or effort. In this regard, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

For other non-traded related receivables, the Group has assessed whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

The credit risk on liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### The Group's exposure to credit risk

In order to minimise credit risk, the Group has tasked its management to develop and maintain the Group's credit risk grading to categorise exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The credit rating information is supplied by the management which uses the Group's own days past due to rate its major customers and other debtors. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are continuously monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

### **37.** 金融風險管理及金融工具之 公平值 (續)

#### (c) 信貸風險 (續)

就其他非貿易相關應收款項而 言,本集團已評估自初始確認 以來信貸風險有否顯著增加。 倘信貸風險顯著增加,本集團 將根據全期而非12個月預期信 貸虧損計量虧損撥備。

由於交易對手為獲國際信貸評 級機構授予高信貸評級之銀 行,故流動資金之信貸風險有 限。

#### 本集團面臨之信貸風險

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## 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (continued) The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

## **37. 金融風險管理及金融工具之** 公平值 (續)

(c) 信貸風險(續) 本集團面臨之信貸風險(續) 本集團當前之信貸風險評級框 架包括以下各類:

Basis for recognising ECL 確認預期信貸虧指之其進

		確認預期信	貸虧損之基準 Other
Category 類別	Description 說明	Trade receivables 應收賬款	financial assets 其他金融資產
Low risk	The counterparty has low risk of default and does not have any past due amounts (refer to as Stage 1)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	12-month ECL
低風險	交易對手違約風險低,且並無任何逾期款項(稱為第 一階段)	全期預期信貸虧 損(簡化法)	12個月預期信 貸虧損
Watch list	The debtor frequently repay after due dates but usually settle in full. The counterparty has low default risk considering the business relationship and repayment history or other supporting information	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	12-month ECL
觀察名單	債務人經常於逾期後還款,但通常悉數結清。經考慮 業務關係及還款記錄或其他具理據的資料後,交易 對手違約風險較低	全期預期信貸 虧損(簡化法)	12個月預期 信貸虧損
Doubtful	For financial assets where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but that are not credit impaired (refer to as Stage 2)	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired	Lifetime ECL – not credit impaired
存疑	金融資產信貸風險自初始確認以來大幅增加但未出 現信貸減值(稱為第二階段)	全期預期信貸虧 損-未發生信 貸減值	全期預期信貸 虧損-未發生 信貸減值
Default	Financial assets are assessed as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset have occurred (refer to as Stage 3)	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired
違約	當一項或多項對該資產之估計未來現金流量產生負 面影響之事件發生時,金融資產被評估為出現信貸 減值(稱為第三階段)	全期預期信貸虧 損-已發生信 貸減值	全期預期信貸 虧損-已發生 信貸減值
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery	Amount is written off	Amount is written off
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人陷入嚴重財務困難且本集團認為 不可能收回有關款項	撇銷有關金額	撇銷有關金額

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### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk (continued) The table below details the credit quality of the Group's financial assets as well as the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk.

## **37. 金融風險管理及金融工具之** 公平值 (續)

(c) 信貸風險 (續)

**本集團面臨之信貸風險**(續) 下表詳述本集團金融資產之信 貸質素及本集團面對之最高信 貸風險。

				31 March 2024 二四年三月三十	一日	二零=	·— 日	
			Gross		Net	Gross		Net
	Internal	12-month or	carrying	Loss	carrying	carrying	Loss	carrying
	credit rating 內部信貸	lifetime ECL 12個月或	amount	allowance	amount	amount	allowance	amount
	評級	<b>全期預期信貸虧損</b> HK\$'000 千港元	賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	賬面淨值 HK\$'000 千港元	賬面總值 HK\$'000 千港元	虧損撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	賬面淨值 HK\$'000 千港元
Trade receivables	Low risk	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	1,266	(11)	1,255	2,604	-	2,604
應收賬款	低風險	全期預期信貸虧損 (簡化法)						
	Doubtful	Lifetime ECL (not-credit impaired)	1,808	(1,808)	-	-	-	-
	存疑	全期預期信貸虧損 (未發生信貸減值)						
Deposits and other receivables	Low risk	12-month ECL	67,909	(1,394)	66,515	197,248	-	197,248
按金及其他應收款項	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損						
	Watch list	12-month ECL	120,442	(31,889)	88,553	-	-	-
	觀察名單	12個月預期信貸虧損						
	Default	Lifetime ECL – credit impaired	3,631	(3,631)	-	787	(787)	-
	違約	全期預期信貸虧損- 已發生信貸減值						
Restricted bank deposits	Low risk	12-month ECL	12,470	-	12,470	-	-	-
受限制銀行存款	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損						
Cash and Cash	Low risk	12-month ECL	17,685	-	17,685	35,083	-	35,083
equivalents 現金及現金等值品	低風險	12個月預期信貸虧損						

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## 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk

The Group is exposed to liquidity risk as the Group had net current liabilities of approximately HK\$355,132,000 as at 31 March 2024. In order to improve the Group's liquidity position, the directors of the Company have been implementing various operating and financing measures, details of which are set out in note 2.1 to the consolidated financial statements. Based on those measures, the directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Company and the Group will have sufficient working capital to meet its financial obligations as when they fall due in the coming twelve months from 31 March 2024 and it is appropriate to prepare these consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to the parent company's board approval. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient amount of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions and related parties to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

Management of the Group aims to maintain sufficient cash and bank balances and available funding through (i) refinancing of interest-bearing other borrowings and loans from related parties and a shareholder when they fall due; and (ii) obtaining new financing to strengthen the liquidity position of the Group and to meet the Group's commitments for properties development projects and other business operations.

### 37. 金融風險管理及金融工具之 公平值 (續)

- (d) 流動資金風險
  - 由於本集團於二零二四年三月 三十一日錄得流動負債淨額約 355,132,000港元,故本集團面 臨流動資金風險。為改善本集團的流動資金狀況,本公司 事實行多項營運及融資舉措, 有關詳情載於綜合財務報表司 董事認為,本公司及本集團將 有充裕營運資金履行其於二 零二四年三月三十一日起未來 十二個月內到期的財務責任, 且按持續經營基準編製該等綜 合財務報表實屬合適。

本集團管理層旨在透過(i)於計 息其他借款及來自關連方及一 名股東貸款到期時再融資;及 (ii)取得新融資,維持足夠之現 金及銀行結餘以及可供動用資 金,以加強本集團之流動資金 狀況及迎合本集團物業發展項 目及其他業務營運承擔。

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### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (d) Liquidity risk (continued)

The following tables set out the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.

### **37.** 金融風險管理及金融工具之 公平值 (續)

#### (d) 流動資金風險 (續)

下表列載本集團之金融負債於 報告期末之餘下合約期限,基 準為合約未貼現現金流量(包括 按合約利率,或如屬浮息,則按 報告期末當時利率計算之利息 付款)及本集團須予支付之最早 日期。

		Weighted average interest rate 加權 平均利率	On demand or less than 1 year 按要求或 一年之內 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>1 to 2 years</b> <b>一至兩年</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>2 to 5 years</b> <b>二至五年</b> HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Over 5 years</b> 五年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Carrying amount 賬面值 HK\$'000 千港元
2024	二零二四年							
Trade payables	應付賬款	-	383,733	-	-	-	383,733	383,733
Other payables	其他應付款項	-	91,106	-	-	-	91,106	91,106
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連方款項	5.6%	566,407	-	-	-	566,407	546,843
Amount due to a shareholder	應付股東款項	-	26,468	-	-	-	26,468	26,468
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3.5%	375	1,439	4,964	6,287	13,065	11,389
Other borrowings	其他借款	15.4%	41,532	-	-	-	41,532	35,990
			1,109,621	1,439	4,964	6,287	1,122,311	1,095,529
2023	二零二三年							
Trade payables	應付賬款	-	389,267	-	-	-	389,267	389,267
Other payables	其他應付款項	-	69,289	-	-	-	69,289	69,289
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連方款項	5.6%	568,745	-	-	-	568,745	548,483
Amount due to a shareholder	應付股東款項	-	19,826	-	-	-	19,826	19,826
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5.3%	114	-	-	-	114	109
Other borrowings	其他借款	15.4 <b>%</b>	39,196	-	-	-	39,196	30,718
			1,086,437	-	-	-	1,086,437	1,057,692

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### 37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (e) Fair value

Fair value of financial asset that is measured at fair value on a recurring basis

The valuation techniques and inputs used in the fair value measurements of each financial instrument on a recurring basis are set out below:

## **37. 金融風險管理及金融工具之** 公平值 (續)

- (e) 公平值
  - 按經常性基準以公平值計量之金融資產之公平值

下表載列以經常性基準計量各 項金融工具之公平值所使用之 估值方法及輸入數據:

Relationship of key inputs

Financial instruments	Fair value hierarchy	Fair values as at 31 March				Valuation technique and key inputs 估值方法及 ★ 亜給 ユ 動雄	Significant unobservable inputs 重大不可觀察	and significant unobservable inputs to fair value 主要輸入數據及 重大不可觀察 輸入數據與 公平值之間的
金融工具	公平沮僧級	が三月三十- 2024	-日乙公平1组 2023	主要輸入數據	輸入數據	關係		
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元					
Financial asset designated at FVTOCI								
- Unlisted equity investment	Level 3	800	2,724	Market approach – by reference	Marketability Discount	The higher the marketability		
				to pricing multiples of similar business enterprises	2024: 50% (2023: 50%)	discount, the lower the fair value		
指定按公平值計入其他全面收益之 金融資產				Sincipiere				
— 非上市股權投資	第三級			市場法-透過參 考類似業務企 業的定價倍數	市場流動性折讓 2024年:50% (2023年:50%)	市場流動性折讓 越高,公平值 越低		

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## 38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND MOVEMENT OF RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

## 38. 本公司財務狀況及儲備變動表

本公司於報告期末之財務狀況表資 料如下:

		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investment in subsidiaries and associates Financial asset designated at FVTOCI	非流動資產 物業、廠房及設備 使用權資產 於附屬公司及聯營公司之投資 指定按公平值計入其他全面 收益之金融資產	18 370 8,781 800	12 104 65,694 2,724
		9,969	68,534
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Amounts due from Disposal Group Cash and cash equivalents	<b>流動資產</b> 預付款項丶按金及其他應收款項 應收出售集團款項 現金及現金等值品	1,555 10,682 6,771	2,053 13,337 10,815
		19,008	26,205
Current liabilities Other payables and accruals Amounts due to subsidiaries Amount due to a related party Amount due to a shareholder Lease liability	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項及應計費用 應付附屬公司款項 應付關連方款項 應付限東款項 租賃負債	8,460 112,097 1,320 26,468 263	8,085 111,809 1,320 19,826 109
		148,608	141,149
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額	(129,600)	(114,944)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	(119,631)	(46,410)
Non-current liability Lease liability	<b>非流動負債</b> 租賃負債	114	_
Net liabilities	負債淨額	(119,745)	(46,410)
<b>Equity</b> Issued capital Reserves	<b>權益</b> 已發行股本 儲備	1,166,834 (1,286,579)	1,166,834 (1,213,244)
Total equity	權益總額	(119,745)	(46,410)

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## 38. STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND MOVEMENT OF RESERVES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

#### A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

## 38. 本公司財務狀況及儲備變動 表 (續)

本公司儲備之概要如下:

		Share premium	Contributed surplus	Capital redemption reserve	Reorganisation reserve	FVTOCI reserve 按公平值計入其他	Other reserve	Accumulated losses	Total
		股份溢價	繳入盈餘	資本贖回儲備	<b>重組儲備</b> (note) (附註)	全面收益之儲備	其他儲備	累計虧損	總計
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 April 2022 Loss and total comprehensive expense	於二零二二年四月一日 本年度虧損及全面開支總額	850,462	69,476	109	287,004	-	6,856	(2,412,284)	(1,198,377)
for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,867)	(14,867)
At 31 March 2023 and 1 April 2023	於二零二三年三月三十一日及 二零二三年四月一日	850.462	69.476	109	287,004	_	6.856	(2,427,151)	(1,213,244)
Loss and total comprehensive expense for the year	本年度虧損及全面開支總額	000,402		- 105	207,004	_		(71,411)	(71,411)
Fair value loss on financial assets designated at FVTOCI	指定按公平值計入其他全面收入 之金融資產的公平值虧損	-	-	-	-	(1,924)	-	-	(1,924)
At 31 March 2024	於二零二四年三月三十一日	850,462	69,476	109	287,004	(1,924)	6,856	(2,498,562)	(1,286,579)

#### Note:

附註:

Reorganisation reserve represented the difference between the nominal value of the shares issued and the net asset value of the subsidiaries of the Company upon a group reorganisation. 重組儲備指於集團重組時所發行股份之面值 與本公司附屬公司之資產淨值間之差額。

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

#### **39. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the Company's principal subsidiaries are as follows:

## 39. 主要附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ registration and business 註冊成立/	Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/	aid share capital/ equity attributable to registered capital the Company 發行及繳足股本/			Principal activities	
名稱	註冊及營運地點	註冊股本	直 2024	ectly 接 2023		<b>ectly</b> 接 2023 二零二三年	主要業務
- Chuang Yu Holdings Limited 創裕控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Globe Outlets City Holdings Limited 奥特萊斯世界名牌折扣城控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
Mile Gain Limited 邁盈有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Million Harmony Limited 萬協有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Globe Outlets City Limited 奥特萊斯世界名牌折扣城有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Pilot Will Limited 毅領有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Profuse Gain Limited 薈盈有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$1 1美元	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Richly Field (Beijing) Investment Consulting Co., Ltd.*** 裕田幸福城 (北京) 投資顧問有限公司**	The PRC 中國	HK\$15,000,000 15,000,000港元	100%	100%	-	-	Property management and investment holding 物業管理及投資控股
Beijing Yutiancheng Investment Management Co., Ltd.* 北京裕田城投資管理有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	-	100%	100%	Property management 物業管理
Huailai Shengtian Wine Manor Co., Ltd.* 懷來盛田葡萄酒莊園有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB20,000,000 人民幣20,000,000元	-	-	100%	100%	Property management 物業管理
King Future Holdings Limited 御景控股有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	-	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股
King Future Limited 御景有限公司	BVI/Hong Kong 英屬處女群島/香港	US\$10 10美元	100%	100%	-	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Qinhuangdao Outlets Real Estate Co., Ltd.#** 秦皇島奧特萊斯置業有限公司#	The PRC 中國	US\$20,000,000 20,000,000美元	-	-	100%	100%	Property development 物業開發
Ningxia Jinguan Property Investment Co., Ltd.** 寧夏金冠投資置業有限公司#	The PRC 中國	RMB350,000,000 人民幣350,000,000元	-	-	100%	100%	Property development and management and home furnishing 物業開發及管理和家居裝飾

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#### 39. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

## 39. 主要附屬公司 (續)

Name		Place of incorporation registration and business 註冊成立/	/ Issued and fully paid share capital/ registered capital 已發行及繳足股本/		Percent equity attri the Con	butable to		Principal activities	
名稱		註冊及營運地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔股 Directly 直接 2024 2023 二零二四年 二零二三年 二		Indir 間 2024	<b>rectly</b> 接 2023 二零二三年	主要業務	
Ningxia Guanling Prop 寧夏冠凌物業服務	perty Service Co., Ltd.≝ (note) 行限公司≇ (附註)	The PRC 中國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	-	100%	-	Property management 物業管理	
Wuhan Yuejing Prope 武漢閱景物業管理	rty Management Co., Ltd. <sup>#*</sup> (note) 有限公司 <sup>#</sup> (附註)	The PRC 中國	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	-	-	100%	-	Property management 物業管理	
Hohhot Pengshengjie Management Servi 呼和浩特市鵬盛潔 (附註)		The PRC 中國	RMB500,000 人民幣500,000元	-	_	100%	-	Property management 物業管理	
<ul> <li>Registered as limited liability companies under PRC law</li> <li>Registered as wholly-owned foreign enterprises under PRC law</li> <li>For identification purposes only</li> </ul>					# ## *	根據中	根據中國法律註冊為有限公司 根據中國法律註冊為外商獨資企業 僅供識別		
Note: Acquire	d during the year endec	1 31 March 2024.			附註	:截至二 期間購		年三月三十一日止年度	

### 40. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

The Group's certain assets had been pledged for certain amounts due to related parties and certain borrowings of the Disposal Group. The carrying amounts of the respective assets are as follows:

### 40. 資產抵押

本集團若干資產已作為若干應付關 聯方款項及出售集團若干借款之質 押。各資產的賬面值如下:

		Notes 附註	2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元
Investment properties Right-of-use assets Properties under development	投資物業 使用權資產 在建物業	15 16 20	380,194 352,787 185,261	454,386 378,889 180,825
			918,242	1,014,100

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For the year ended 31 March 2024 截至二零二四年三月三十一日止年度

## 41. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

### 41. 融資活動產生之負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動產生之負 債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融 資活動產生之負債乃指其現金流量 或未來現金流量將於綜合現金流量 表中分類為融資活動現金流量之負 債。

		<b>1 April</b> 2023 二零二三年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	New lease arrangement 新租賃安排 HK\$'000 千港元	Financing cash flows 融資現金流量 HK\$'000 千港元	Finance costs incurred 產生之 融資費用 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Accruals</b> 應計費用 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange realignment 匯兌調整 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2024 二零二四年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Other borrowings Amounts due to related parties Amount due to a shareholder Lease liabilities	其他借款 應付關連方款項 應付股東款項 租賃負債	30,718 548,483 19,826 109	- - 12,315	6,873 2,896 6,642 (1,439)	20,145 19,915 – 158	(20,145) _ _ _	(1,601) (24,451) _ 246	35,990 546,843 26,468 11,389
		599,136	12,315	14,972	40,218	(20,145)	(25,806)	620,690

		1 April 2022 二零二二年 四月一日 HK\$'000 千港元	New lease arrangement 新租賃安排 HK\$'000 千港元	Financing cash flows 融資現金流量 HK\$'000 千港元	Finance costs incurred 產生之 融資費用 HK\$'000 千港元	<b>Accruals</b> 應計費用 HK\$'000 千港元	Exchange realignment 匯兌調整 HK\$'000 千港元	31 March 2023 二零二三年 三月三十一日 HK\$'000 千港元
Other borrowings Amounts due to related parties Amount due to a shareholder Lease liabilities	其他借款 應付關連方款項 應付股東款項 租賃負債	19,444 519,818 - 360	- - -	13,343 42,539 19,826 (264)	29,724 22,206 - 13	(8,204) _ _ _	(23,589) (36,080) – –	30,718 548,483 19,826 109
		539,622	-	75,444	51,943	(8,204)	(59,669)	599,136

## Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements is set out below. 以下為摘自已刊發之經審核財務報表之 本集團過往五個財政年度之業績以及資 產及負債概要。

## 業績

		Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度							
		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020			
		二零二四年	二零二三年	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年			
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000			
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元			
Revenue	營業額	31,921	51,708	637,641	41,168	181,687			
(Loss) profit attributable to:	以下人士應佔 (虧損) 溢利:	(000.060)	1 401 017	(200, 20,4)	(415 600)	(00.4.056)			
<ul> <li>Owners of the Company</li> </ul>	一本公司擁有人	(222,262)	1,421,817	(398,884)	(415,682)	(294,856)			

### ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### 資產及負債

			At 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2024 二零二四年 HK\$'000 千港元	2023 二零二三年 HK\$'000 千港元	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產 總負債	1,984,638 (1,739,246)	2,150,012 (1,674,339)	5,222,860 (6,075,136)	5,285,501 (5,670,463)	4,674,071 (4,596,369)	
Equity attributable to: – Owners of the Company	以下人士應佔權益: 一本公司擁有人	245,392	475,673	(852,276)	(384,962)	77,702	

## RESULTS

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RICHLY FIELD

# RICHLY FIELD CHINA DEVELOPMENT LIMITED 裕田中國發展有限公司

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