

**AMENDED AND RESTATED
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**
(as adopted by a Special Resolution passed on 30 May 2024)

OF

TIMES UNIVERSAL GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED
時代環球集團控股有限公司

(Name changed on 16 July 2020)

Incorporated the 5th day of May, 1987

HONG KONG

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE (CHAPTER 622)

Company limited by shares

AMENDED AND RESTATED ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

(as adopted by a Special Resolution passed on 30 May 2024)

of

TIMES UNIVERSAL GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED 時代環球集團控股有限公司

PRELIMINARY

1. (A) The name of the Company is “TIMES UNIVERSAL GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (時代環球集團控股有限公司)”.
(B) The registered office of the Company shall be situated in Hong Kong.
(C) The liability of the members of the Company is limited and limited to the extent of any amount unpaid on the shares held by the members.
(D) The regulations contained in Table A in the First Schedule to the predecessor of the Ordinance and Model Articles in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Notice (Cap. 622H) shall not apply to the Company.

INTERPRETATION

2. (A) Unless the context otherwise requires, the following expressions have the following meanings:
“Articles” shall mean these Articles of Association in their present form and all supplementary, amended or substituted articles for the time being in force;
“close associate” shall have the same meaning as set out in the Listing Rules and “close associates” shall be construed accordingly;
“connected entity” has the meaning given by section 486 of the Ordinance and “connected entities” shall be construed accordingly;

“Auditors” shall mean the persons for the time being performing the duties of that office;

“Board” shall mean the board of Directors;

“call” shall include any instalment of a call;

“capital” shall mean the share capital from time to time of the Company;

“Chairman” shall mean the chairman presiding at any meeting of the shareholders of the Company or of the Board;

“clearing house” shall mean a clearing house recognised by the laws of the jurisdiction in which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted on a stock exchange in such jurisdiction;

“Company” shall mean Times Universal Group Holdings Limited;

“Company’s Website” shall mean the website of the Company to which any Shareholder may have access to, the address or domain name of which has been notified to the Shareholders by the Company or as subsequently amended by notice given to the Shareholders by the Company;

“Director(s)” shall mean the director(s) of the Company from time to time;

“dividend” shall include scrip dividends, distributions in specie or in kind, capital distributions and capitalisation issues, if not consistent with the subject or context;

“dollars” or “HK\$” shall mean dollars in the lawful currency of Hong Kong;

“electronic record” shall mean a record generated in digital form by an information system, which can be transmitted within an information system or from one information system to another, and stored in an information system or other medium;

“electronic means” shall mean the transmission of any notice, document or information from the Company by any means while in the form of an electronic record (including but not limited to electronic mail or publication on the Company’s Website or publication on the website of the Stock Exchange or the website of any stock exchange on which any securities of the company are listed and/or permitted to be dealt in);

“Hong Kong” shall mean the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People’s Republic of China;

“in electronic form” shall mean in the form of an electronic record;

“Listing Rules” means the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited;

“mental capacity” shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in the Mental Health Mental Capacity Ordinance (Chapter 136 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and “mentally handicapped” shall be construed accordingly;

“month” shall mean calendar month;

“newspaper” shall mean a newspaper published daily and circulating generally in Hong Kong and specified in the list of newspapers issued and published in the Gazette for the purposes the Ordinance by the Secretary for administrative service and information;

“Ordinance” shall mean the Companies Ordinance (Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and any amendments thereto or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force and includes every other ordinance incorporated therewith or substituted therefor and in the case of any such substitution the references in these Articles to the provisions of the Ordinance shall be read as references to the provisions substituted therefor in the new Ordinance;

“register” shall mean the register of members and includes any branch register to be kept pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance;

“seal” shall mean the common seal from time to time of the Company and includes, unless the context otherwise requires, any official seal that the Company may have as permitted by these Articles and the Ordinance;

“Secretary” shall mean the company secretary of the Company;

“share(s)” shall mean share(s) of the Company;

“shareholder” or “member” shall mean a duly registered holder from time to time of the shares in the capital of the Company; and

“Stock Exchange” means The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

- (B) “writing” or “printing” shall, unless contrary intention appears, and subject to the Companies Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, include writing, printing, lithography, photography, typewriting, every other mode of representing words or figures in a legible and non-transitory form, any visible substitute for writing (including electronic record) or modes of representing or reproducing words partly in one visible form and partly in another visible form, and including where the representation takes the form of electronic display.

- (C) Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and words denoting the plural shall include the singular.
- (D) Words importing any gender shall include every gender.
- (E) Words importing person shall include partnerships, firms, companies and corporations.
- (F) Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Ordinance (except any statutory modification thereof not in force when these Articles become binding on the Company) shall, if not inconsistent with the subject and/or context, bear the same meaning in these Articles, save that “company” shall where the context permits include any company incorporated in Hong Kong or elsewhere.
- (G) References to any Article by number are references to the particular Article of these Articles.

SHARE CAPITAL AND MODIFICATION OF RIGHTS

- 3. (a) Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of the existing shares, any share may be issued with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights or privileges, or such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Board may determine), and any preference share may, with the sanction of a special resolution, be issued on terms that it is to be redeemed.
 - (b) The Board may upon the prior approval of the members issue warrants to subscribe for any class of shares or securities of the Company on such terms as it may from time to time determine.
4. If at any time the share capital is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, be varied, modified or abrogated with the consent in writing of the holders of shares representing at least seventy-five (75) per cent. of the total voting rights of holder of shares in that class, or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate general meeting of the holders of the shares of the class. To every such separate general meeting the provisions of these regulations relating to general meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply, but so that the necessary quorum shall be one (1) or more persons present in person or by proxy together holding at least one-third of the total voting rights of holders of shares of that class and that every holder of shares of the relevant class present in person or by proxy or by authorised representative may demand a poll.

SHARES AND INCREASE OF CAPITAL

5. The Company may exercise any powers conferred or permitted by the Ordinance or any other applicable ordinance from time to time to buy-back its own shares or to give directly or indirectly, by means of a loan, guarantee, the provision of security or otherwise, any financial assistance for the purpose of or in connection with a purchase made or to be made by any person of any shares in the Company and should the Company buy-back its own shares neither the Company nor the Board shall be required to select the shares to be bought back rateably or in any other particular manner as between the holders of shares of the same class or as between them and the holders of shares of any other class or in accordance with the rights as to dividends or capital conferred by any class of shares provided always that any such buy-back or financial assistance shall only be made or given in accordance with any relevant rules or regulations issued by the Stock Exchange or the Securities and Futures Commission of Hong Kong from time to time.
6. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of the existing shares, any new shares shall be issued upon such terms and conditions and with such preferred, deferred, or other special rights or privileges, of such restrictions, whether in regard to dividend, voting, return of share capital, or otherwise, as the Company in the general meeting resolving upon the creation thereof shall determine or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Board may determine. In particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends and/or in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a special or without any right of voting.
7. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, the Company may, before the issue of any new shares, determine that the same, or any of them, shall be offered in the first instance to all the existing holders of any class of shares in proportions as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class held by them respectively, or make any other provisions as to the issue and allotment of the new shares, but in default of any such determination, or so far as the same shall not extend, the new shares may be dealt with as if they formed part of the shares in the capital of the Company existing prior to the issue of the new shares.
8. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, or by these Articles, any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall be treated as if it formed part of the original capital of the Company, and such shares shall be subject to the provisions contained in these Articles with reference to the payment of calls and instalments, transfer and transmission, forfeiture, lien, cancellation, surrender, voting and otherwise.

9. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these Articles relating to new shares, all unissued shares in the Company shall be at the disposal of the Board, which may offer, allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times, for such consideration and generally on such terms as the Board shall in its absolute discretion think fit.
10. The Company may at any time pay a commission to any person in consideration for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares in the Company, or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for any shares of the Company as conferred by the Ordinance to the full extent thereby permitted. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also on any issue of share capital pay such brokerage as may be lawful.
11. Except as otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or as required by law or as ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

REGISTER OF MEMBERS AND SHARE CERTIFICATES

12. (a) The Board shall cause to be kept a register of members, and there shall be entered therein the particulars required under the Ordinance.
 - (b) Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, if the Board considers it necessary or appropriate, the Company may establish and maintain a branch register of members at such location outside Hong Kong as the Board thinks fit.
 - (c) The register of members shall be open for inspection by members but the Company may be permitted to close the register in accordance with section 632 of the Ordinance.
13. Every person whose name is entered as a member in the register shall be entitled without payment to receive
 - (a) in the case of an allotment, within two (2) months; and
 - (b) in the case of lodgement of a transfer, within ten (10) business days

after such allotment or lodgement of a transfer (as the case may be) one certificate for all his shares or, if he so requests, where the allotment or transfer (as the case may be) is of a number of shares in excess of the number for the time being forming a stock exchange board lot, upon payment, in the case of a transfer, for every certificate after the first of a sum equal to the relevant maximum payment as the Stock Exchange may from time to time determine or such lesser sum as the Board shall from time to time determine, such number of certificates for shares in stock exchange board lots or multiples thereof as he shall request and one for the balance (if any) of the shares in question. In respect of share(s) held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue certificate(s) to each such person, and the issue and delivery of certificate(s) to one of several joint holders shall be deemed sufficient delivery to all such holders.

14. Every certificate for shares or warrants or debentures or representing any other form of securities of the Company shall be issued under the seal of the Company, which shall only be affixed with the authority of the Board, or in such other manner as the Board may authorise, having regard to the terms of the issue, the provisions of these Articles, the Ordinance and the Listing Rules. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Board may by resolution determine, either generally or in any particular case or cases, that any signatures on any such certificates (or certificates in respect of other securities) need not be autographic but may be affixed to such certificates by some mechanical means or may be printed thereon or that such certificates need not be signed by any person.
15. Every share certificate hereafter issued shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which it is issued, and may otherwise be in such form as the Board may from time to time prescribe.
16. (a) The Company shall not be bound to register more than four (4) persons as joint holders of any share.

(b) If any share shall stand in the names of two (2) or more persons, the person first named in the register shall be deemed the sole holder thereof as regards service of notices and, subject to the provisions of these Articles, all or any other matters connected with the Company, except the transfer of the share.
17. If a share certificate is worn-out, defaced, lost or destroyed, it may be replaced on payment of such fee, if any, as the Stock Exchange may determine to be the maximum fee payable or such lesser sum as the Board may determine and on such terms and conditions, if any, as to publication of notices, evidence and indemnity as the Board thinks fit and in the case of wearing out or defacement, after delivery up of the old certificate. In the case of destruction or loss, the person to whom such replacement certificate is given shall also bear and pay to the Company any exceptional costs and the reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incidental to the investigation by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss and of such

indemnity provided always that where share warrants have been issued no new share warrant shall be issued to replace one that has been lost, unless the Company is satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original has been destroyed.

LIEN

18. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid up share) for all moneys, whether presently payable or not, called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share; and the Company shall also have a first and paramount lien and charge on all shares (other than fully paid up shares) standing registered in the name of a member, whether singly or jointly with any other person or persons, for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company and whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member, and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not, and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person, whether a member or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends and bonuses declared in respect thereof. The Board may at any time either generally or in any particular case waive any lien that has arisen, or declare any share to be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article.
19. The Company may sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable or the liability or engagement in respect of which such lien exists is liable to be presently fulfilled or discharged, nor until the expiration of fourteen (14) days after a notice in writing, stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable or specifying the liability or engagement and demanding fulfilment or discharge thereof and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the registered holder for the time being of the shares or the person entitled by reason of his death or bankruptcy to the shares.
20. The net proceeds of such sale after the payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debt or liability or engagement in respect whereof the lien exists, so far as the same is presently payable, and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For giving effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser and may enter the purchaser's name in the register as holder of the shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

21. The Board may from time to time make such calls as it may think fit upon the members in respect of any monies not paid up on the shares held by them respectively and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times. A call may be made payable either in one sum or by instalments. The Board may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the shareholders in the amount of calls to be paid and in the times of payment. The provisions of these Articles with respect to calls may in any share incentive scheme for employees approved by the Company be varied with respect to any shares issued pursuant to such scheme.
22. Fourteen (14) days' notice at least of any call shall be given specifying the time and place of payment and to whom such call shall be paid.
23. A copy of the notice referred to in Article 22 shall be sent to members in the manner in which notices may be sent to members by the Company as herein provided.
24. Every member upon whom a call is made shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person and at the time or times and place or places as the Board shall appoint.
25. Notice of the person appointed to receive payment of every call and of the times and places appointed for payment may, if required by any applicable laws, rules or regulations, or determined by the Board to be appropriate, be given to the members by notice to be inserted in both an English language newspaper in English and a Chinese language newspaper in Chinese, or by any electronic means.
26. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Board authorising such call was passed.
27. The joint holders of a share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for the payment of all calls and instalments due in respect of such share or other moneys due in respect thereof.
28. The Board may from time to time and at its absolute discretion extend the time fixed for any call, and may similarly extend such time as to all or any of the members, whom from residence outside Hong Kong or other cause the Board may deem entitled to any such extension, but no member shall be entitled to any such extension except as a matter of grace and favour.

29. If the sum payable in respect of any call or instalment is not paid on or before the day appointed for payment thereof, the person or persons from whom the sum is due shall pay interest for the same at such rate not exceeding twenty (20) percent per annum as the Board shall fix from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment but the Board may in its absolute discretion waive payment of such interest wholly or in part.
30. No member shall be entitled to receive any dividend or bonus or to be present and vote (save as proxy for another member) at any general meeting either personally or by proxy, to be reckoned in a quorum, or to exercise any other privilege as a member until all calls or instalments due by him to the Company, whether alone or jointly with any other person, together with interest and expenses (if any) shall have been paid.
31. On the trial or hearing of any action or other proceedings for the recovery of any money due for any call, it shall be sufficient to prove that the name of the member sued is entered in the register as the holder or one of the holders of the shares in respect of which such debt accrued, that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book, and that notice of such call was duly given to the member sued, in pursuance of these Articles; and it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence of the debt.
32. Any sum which by the terms of allotment of a share is made payable upon allotment, or at any fixed date shall for all purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date fixed for payment, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture and the like, shall apply as if such sums had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
33. The Board may, if it thinks fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same, and either in money or money's worth, all or any part of the money uncalled and unpaid or instalments payable upon any shares held by him and upon all or any of the moneys so advanced the Company may pay interest at such rate (if any) not exceeding twenty (20) percent per annum as the Board may decide provided that not until a call is made any payment in advance of a call shall not entitle the member to receive any dividend or to exercise any other rights or privileges as a member in respect of the shares or the due portion of the shares upon which payment has been advanced by such member before it is called up. The Board may at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such member not less than one (1) month's notice in writing of their intention in that behalf, unless before the expiration of such notice the amount so advanced shall have been called up on the shares in respect of which it was advanced.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

34. All transfers of shares may be effected by an instrument of transfer in the usual or common form or in such other form as prescribed by the Stock Exchange or in such form as the Board may accept and may be under hand or, if the transferor or transferee is a clearing house or its nominee(s), under hand or by machine imprinted signature or by such other manner of execution as the Board may approve from time to time. All instruments of transfer must be left at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as the Board may appoint.
35. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and the transferee provided that the Board may dispense with the execution of the instrument of transfer by the transferee in any case which it thinks fit in its discretion to do so. The Board may also resolve, either generally or in any particular case, upon request by either the transferor or transferee, to accept mechanically executed transfers. The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof. Nothing in these Articles shall preclude the Board from recognising a renunciation of the allotment or provisional allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person.
36. (a) The Board may, in its absolute discretion refuse to register a transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) to a person of whom it does not approve or any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees upon which a restriction on transfer imposed thereby still subsists, and it may also refuse to register any transfer of any share to more than four (4) joint holders or any transfer of any share (not being a fully paid up share) on which the Company has a lien.
- (b) Fully-paid shares shall be free from any restriction on the right of transfer (except when permitted by the Stock Exchange) and shall also be free from all lien.
37. The Board may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless:
- (a) a fee of such maximum sum as the Stock Exchange may determine to be payable or such lesser sum as the Board may from time to time prescribe is paid to the Company for registering any transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to the shares involved or for otherwise making an entry in the register relating to such shares;
- (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer;
- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares;

- (d) the shares concerned are free of any lien in favour of the Company; and
 - (e) the instrument of transfer is properly stamped (if applicable).
38. No transfer shall be knowingly made to an infant or to a person who is mentally incapacitated or under other legal disability.
39. (1) If the Board shall refuse to register a transfer of any share, it shall, within two (2) months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send notice of such refusal.
- (2) If the Directors decline to register a transfer, the transferee or transferor may request a statement of the reasons for the refusal. If such request is made, the Directors shall, within twenty-eight (28) days after receiving the request, (a) send to the person who made the request a statement of the reasons; or (b) register the transfer.
40. Upon every transfer of shares the certificate held by the transferor shall be given up to be cancelled, and shall forthwith be cancelled accordingly, and a new certificate shall be issued without charge to the transferee in respect of the shares transferred to him, and if any of the shares included in the certificate so given up shall be retained by the transferor, a new certificate in respect thereof shall be issued to him without charge. The Company shall also retain the transfer.
41. Subject to the requirements of the Ordinance, the registration of transfers may be suspended and the register closed at such times and for such periods as the Board may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares, provided always that such registration shall not be suspended or the register closed for more than thirty (30) days in any year or, with the approval of the Company in general meeting, sixty (60) days in any year.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

42. In the case of the death of a member, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint holder, and the legal personal representatives of the deceased where he was a sole holder, shall be the only person(s) recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him.
43. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence as to his title being produced as may from time to time be required by the Board, and subject as hereinafter provided either be registered himself as holder of the share or elect to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof.

44. If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify his election by executing to his nominee a transfer of such share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
45. Upon producing such evidence of his title as the Directors shall require, a person becoming entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages including the right to receive notice of or to attend or vote at meetings of the Company, to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share. However, the Board may, if they think fit, withhold the payment of any dividend payable or other advantages in respect of such share until such person shall become the registered holder of the share or shall have effectually transferred such share, but, subject to the requirements of Article 74 being met, such a person may vote at meetings.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

46. If a member fails to pay any call or instalment of a call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Board may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, without prejudice to the provisions of Article 30 hereof, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and which may still accrue up to the date of actual payment.
47. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen (14) days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.
48. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends and bonuses declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Board may accept the surrender of any shares liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such cases references in these Articles to forfeiture shall include surrender.
49. Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Board thinks fit and at any time before a sale or disposal the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Board thinks fit.

50. A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall, notwithstanding, remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which, at the date of forfeiture, were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares, together with (if the Board shall in their discretion so require) interest thereon from the date of forfeiture until payment at such rate not exceeding twenty (20) percent per annum as the Board may prescribe, and the Board may enforce the payment thereof if it thinks fit, and without any deduction or allowance for the value of the shares, at the date of forfeiture, but his liability shall cease if and when the Company shall have received payment in full of all such moneys in respect of the shares. For the purpose of this Article any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, is payable thereon at a fixed time which is subsequent to the date of forfeiture, shall notwithstanding that time has not yet arrived be deemed to be payable at the date of forfeiture, and the same shall become due and payable immediately upon the forfeiture, but interest thereon shall only be payable in respect of any period between the said fixed time and the date of actual payment.
51. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The Company may receive the consideration, if any, given for the forfeited share on any sale or disposal thereof and may execute a transfer of the share in favour of the person to whom the share is sold or disposed of and he shall thereupon be registered as the holder of the share, and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, sale or disposal of the share.
52. When any share shall have been forfeited, notice of the resolution shall be given to the member in whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture, and an entry of the forfeiture, with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the register, but no forfeiture shall be invalidated by any failure to give such notice or make such entry as aforesaid.
53. Notwithstanding any such forfeiture as aforesaid the Board may at any time before any shares so forfeited shall have been sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, permit the shares forfeited to be bought back upon the terms of payment of all calls and interest due upon and expenses incurred in respect of the share, and upon such further terms (if any) as they think fit.
54. The forfeiture of a share shall not prejudice the right of the Company to any call already made or instalment payable thereon.
55. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

56. (a) The Company may from time to time alter its capital in any one or more of the ways set out in section 170 of the Ordinance.
- (b) The Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital in any manner prescribed by law.
57. The Company shall duly comply with any provisions of the Ordinance regarding the allotment, issue and paying up of shares.

GENERAL MEETINGS

58. The Company shall in each financial year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meeting in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance.
59. All meetings, whether annual general meetings or other general meetings, shall be held at such time and place as the Board shall appoint.
60. The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene a general meeting. General meetings shall also be convened by the Directors on requisition as provided by the Ordinance, or, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists.
61. Subject to section 578 of the Ordinance and any rules prescribed by the Stock Exchange from time to time, an annual general meeting shall be called by twenty-one (21) days' notice in writing at the least, and a general meeting shall be called by fourteen (14) days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given, and shall specify details in accordance with section 576 of the Ordinance. If any resolution is to be proposed as a special resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.
62. Subject to the foregoing Article, the notice of every general meeting shall be given in accordance with Article 162, subject to the requirements of the Ordinance, to such persons as are, under these Articles, entitled to receive such notices from the Company. A meeting of the Company notwithstanding that it is called by shorter notice than that specified in this Article shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:
- (a) in the case of a meeting called as the annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend, speak and vote thereat; and

- (b) in the case of any other general meeting, by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend, speak and vote at the meeting, being a majority together representing at least ninety-five (95) percent of the total voting rights of holders of the shares giving that right.
63. (a) The accidental omission to give any such notice to, or the non-receipt of any such notice by, any person entitled to receive such notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.
- (b) In cases where instruments of proxy are sent out with notices, the accidental omission to send such instrument of proxy to, or the non-receipt of such instrument of proxy by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate any resolution passed or any proceeding at any such meeting.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

64. For all purposes the quorum for a general meeting shall be two (2) members present in person or in the case of a member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy and entitled to vote. No business other than the appointment of the chairperson of the meeting shall be transacted at any general meeting unless the requisite quorum shall be present at the commencement of the business.
65. If within fifteen (15) minutes from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved, but in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week and at such time and place as shall be decided by the Board, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within fifteen (15) minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the member or members present in person or in the case of a member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy shall be a quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
66. The Chairman of the Board shall take the chair at every general meeting, or, if there be no such Chairman or, if at any general meeting such Chairman shall not be present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for holding such meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose another Director as Chairman, and if no Director be present, or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, or if the Chairman chosen shall retire from the chair, then the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of the their own number to be Chairman.
67. The Chairman may, with the consent of any general meeting at which a quorum is present, and shall, if so directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place as the meeting shall determine. Whenever a meeting is adjourned for fourteen (14) days or more, at least seven (7) clear days' notice, specifying the place, the day and the hour of the adjourned meeting shall be given in

the same manner as in the case of an original meeting but it shall not be necessary to specify in such notice the nature of the business to be transacted at the adjourned meeting. Save as aforesaid, no member shall be entitled to any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at any adjourned meeting. No business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business which might have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

68. Subject to the relevant requirements for demanding a poll at general meeting(s) as from time to time prescribed under the Listing Rules, at any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded:
- (a) by the Chairman; or
 - (b) by at least three (3) members present in person or in the case of a member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy for the time being entitled to vote at the meeting; or
 - (c) by any member or members present in person or in the case of a member being a corporation by its duly authorised representative or by proxy and representing at least five (5) per cent. of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll be so demanded and the demand is not withdrawn, a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of the proceedings of the Company, shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against such resolution. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.

69. If a poll is demanded as aforesaid, it shall (subject as provided in Article 70) be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) and at such time and place, not being more than thirty (30) days from the date of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the poll was demanded, as the Chairman directs. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn, with the consent of the Chairman, at any time before the close of the meeting or the taking of the poll, whichever is the earlier.
70. Any poll duly demanded on any question of adjournment shall be taken at the meeting and without adjournment.
71. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote. In case of any dispute as to the admission or rejection of any vote, the Chairman shall determine the same, and

such determination shall be final and conclusive. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which a poll has been demanded.

72. (A) Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, a resolution shall be as valid and effective as if it had been passed at a general meeting of the Company (or of such holders) duly convened and held when all eligible members have signified their agreement to it in accordance with section 556 of the Ordinance, and may consist of several instruments in the like form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more members. For the purpose of this Article, “eligible members” are the members who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the circulation date of the resolution, and if the persons entitled to vote on the resolution change during the course of the day that is the circulation date of the resolution, the eligible members are the persons entitled to vote on the resolution at the time that the first copy of the resolution is sent to a member for agreement, and “circulation date” shall have the meaning given to it in section 547 of the Ordinance.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, the Company may hold a general meeting at two (2) or more places using any technology that enables the members of the Company who are not together at the same place to listen, speak and vote at the meeting. All the provisions in these Articles as to general meetings shall, mutatis mutandis, be applicable.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

73. Subject to any special rights, privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any class or classes of shares, at any general meeting on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) (save and except for a clearing house (or its nominee(s)) pursuant to Article 85(b)) by proxy or duly authorised representative shall have one vote, and every proxy present who has been duly appointed by a member entitled to vote on the resolution shall have one vote and on a poll, subject to Article 79, every member present in person or by proxy or by duly authorised representative shall have one vote for every fully paid share of which he is the holder and have for every partly paid share of which he is the holder the fraction of one vote equal to the proportion which the nominal amount due and paid up thereon bears to the subscription price of the share, but no amount paid or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls shall be treated for the purpose of this Article as paid up on the share. On a poll a member entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
74. Any person entitled under Article 45 to be registered as a shareholder may vote at any general meeting in respect thereof in the same manner as if he were the registered holder of such shares; provided that at least forty-eight (48) hours before the time of the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting as the case may be at which he

proposes to vote, he shall satisfy the Board of his entitlement to such shares, or the Board shall have previously admitted his right to vote at such meeting in respect thereof.

75. Where there are joint registered holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote at any meeting, either personally or by proxy, or duly authorised representative in respect of such share as if he were solely entitled thereto: but if more than one (1) of such joint holders be present at any meeting personally or by proxy, that one of the said persons so present whose name stands first on the register in respect of such share, shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purpose of this Article be deemed joint holders thereof.
76. A member who is mentally incapacitated, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in cases of mental disorders, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis, or other person in the nature of a committee, receiver or curator bonis appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy, provided that such evidence as the Directors may require of the authority of the person claiming to vote shall have been deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting, or adjourned meeting or poll, as the case may be.
77. (a) Save as herein expressly provided, no person other than a member duly registered and who shall have paid everything for the time being due from him and payable to the Company in respect of his shares and is entitled to attend, speak and vote shall be entitled to be present or to speak or to vote (save as proxy for another member) either personally or by proxy, or to be reckoned in a quorum (save as proxy for another member), at any general meeting.

(b) No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, any vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman, whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
78. Members of the Company have the right to (a) speak at a general meeting and (b) vote at a general meeting except where a shareholder is, under the Listing Rules, required to abstain from voting on any particular resolution or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular resolution, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

79. Any shareholder entitled to attend, speak and vote at a meeting of the Company or a meeting of the holder of any class of shares in the Company shall be entitled to appoint another person as his proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A proxy need not be a shareholder. A member may appoint more than one (1) proxy to attend on the same occasion. If a member appoints more than one (1) proxy, none of the proxies so appointed shall be entitled to vote on the resolution on a show of hands. Notwithstanding anything contained in these Articles, where a shareholder is a clearing house (or its nominee(s)), a proxy or proxies appointed by such member shall be entitled to separate votes on a show of hands.
80. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or if the appointor is a corporation, either under seal, or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. In the case of an instrument of proxy purporting to be signed on behalf of a corporation by an officer thereof, it shall be assumed, unless the contrary appears, that such officer was duly authorised to sign such instrument of proxy on behalf of the corporation without further evidence of the facts. If the Company allows the instrument appointing a proxy to be delivered to it in electronic form, it may require the delivery to be properly protected by a specified security arrangement.
81. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be (a) deposited, at the registered office of the Company or at the place or one of such other places (if any) as may be specified for the purpose in or by way of note to the notice convening the meeting or in any notice of any adjourned meeting or, in either case, in any document sent therewith or in the instrument of proxy issued by the Company, or (b) delivered electronically to the Company in the manner specified by the Company, in each case not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting or poll (as the case may be) at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after expiration of twelve (12) months from the date of its execution, except at an adjourned meeting or on a poll demanded at a meeting or an adjourned meeting in cases where the meeting was originally held within twelve (12) months from such date. Delivery of an instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or poll concerned and, in such event, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to be revoked. In calculating the periods for depositing the instrument appointing a proxy, no account is to be taken of any part of a day that is a public holiday.

82. Every instrument of proxy, whether for a specified meeting or otherwise, shall be in such form as the Board may from time to time approve provided that in any event, such form shall involve a provision whereby the shareholder may, if he so elects, indicate whether his proxy is directed to vote for or against the resolution in question.
83. The instrument appointing a proxy to vote at a general meeting shall: (a) be deemed to confer authority upon the proxy to demand or join in demanding a poll and to vote on any resolution (or amendment thereto) put to the meeting for which it is given as the proxy thinks fit provided that any form issued to a member for use by him for appointing a proxy to attend, speak and vote at an extraordinary general meeting or at an annual general meeting at which any business is to be transacted shall be such as to enable the member, according to his intention, to instruct the proxy to vote in favour of or against (or, in default of instructions, to exercise his discretion in respect of) each resolution dealing with any such business; and (b) unless the contrary is stated therein, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates.
84. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or mental incapacity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or power of attorney or other authority under which the proxy was executed, or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, unsoundness of mind, revocation or transfer as aforesaid shall have been received by the Company at the registered office, or at such other place as is referred to in Article 81 of these Articles, prior to two (2) hours before the commencement of the meeting, adjourned meeting or poll, as the case may be, at which the proxy is used.
85. (a) Any corporation which is a shareholder may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative to attend and vote at any meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could exercise if it were an individual shareholder.
- (b) If a clearing house (or its nominee(s)) is a shareholder, it (or, as the case may be, its nominee) may authorise such person or persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative(s) or proxy(ies) at any meeting of the Company or at any meeting of any class of members of the Company provided that, if more than one (1) person is so authorised, the authorisation or proxy form shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. A person so authorised under the provisions of these Articles shall be entitled to exercise the same rights and powers on behalf of the clearing house (or its

nominee(s)) which he represents as that clearing house (or its nominee(s)) could exercise as if such person were an individual shareholder including the right to speak and vote individually on a show of hands.

- (c) Any reference in these Articles to a duly authorised representative of a shareholder being a corporation shall mean a representative authorised under the provisions of these Articles.

REGISTERED OFFICE

- 86. The registered office of the Company shall be at such place in Hong Kong as the Board shall from time to time appoint.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 87. The number of Directors shall not be less than two (2). The Directors shall cause to be kept a register of the Directors and Secretaries, and there shall be entered therein the particulars required by the Ordinance.
- 88. The Board shall have power from time to time, and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be subject to re-election at that meeting, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.
- 89. (a) Any Director may at any time by notice in writing delivered to the registered office of the Company or at a meeting of the Board, appoint any person, (including another Director) to be his alternate Director for such period of absence from Hong Kong or such period of unavailability due to illness or disability or for such meeting as may be specified therein and may in like manner at any time determine such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Board, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved.
- (b) The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which were he a Director, would cause him to vacate such office, or if his appointor ceases to be a Director.
- (c) An alternate Director shall (except when absent from Hong Kong, for which purpose he shall be deemed absent from Hong Kong on any day if he has given to the Secretary notice of his intention to be absent from Hong Kong for any period including such day and has not revoked such notice) be entitled to receive notices of meeting of the Board and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all the functions of

his appointor as a Director, and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director. If he shall be himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one (1) Director his voting rights shall be cumulative. If his appointor is for the time being absent from Hong Kong or temporarily unable to act through ill-health or disability, his signature to any resolution in writing of the Board shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Board may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the Board, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member. An alternate Director shall not, save as aforesaid, have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Articles.

- (d) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director, but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
90. A Director need not hold any qualification shares but shall nevertheless be entitled to receive notice of and to attend and speak at all general meetings of the Company and at all separate meetings of the respective holders of all classes of shares of the Company.
91. The Directors shall be entitled to receive by way of remuneration for their services such sum as shall from time to time be determined by the Company in general meeting or by the Board on the authority of the Company, such sum (unless otherwise directed by the resolution by which it is voted) to be divided amongst the Directors in such proportions and in such manner as the Board may agree or, failing agreement, equally, except that in such event any Director holding office for less than the whole of the relevant period in respect of which the remuneration is paid shall only rank in such division in proportion to the time during such period for which he has held office. The foregoing provisions shall not apply to a Director who holds any salaried employment or office in the Company except in the case of sums paid in respect of Directors' fees.
92. The Directors shall also be entitled to be repaid all travelling, hotel and other expenses reasonably incurred by them respectively in or about the performance of their duties as Directors, including their expenses of travelling to and from board meetings, committee meetings or general meetings or otherwise incurred whilst engaged in the business of the Company.

93. The Board may grant special remuneration to any Director who, being called upon, shall perform any special or extra services to the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by way of salary, or commission, participation in profits or otherwise as may be arranged.
94. Notwithstanding the foregoing Articles 91, 92 and 93, the remuneration of a managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director or other executive Director or a Director appointed to any other office in the management of the Company shall from time to time be fixed by the Board and may be by way of salary, commission, or participation in profits or otherwise or by all or any of those modes and with such other benefits (including pension and/or gratuity and/or other benefits on retirement) and allowances as the Board may from time to time decide. Such remuneration shall be in addition to his remuneration as a Director.
95. (a) A Director shall vacate his office:
- (i) If he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or suspends payment, or compounds with his creditors.
 - (ii) If he becomes mentally incapacitated.
 - (iii) If he absents himself from the meetings of the Board during a continuous period of six (6) months without special leave of absence from the Board, and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead, and the Board passes a resolution that he has by reason of such absence vacated his office.
 - (iv) If he becomes prohibited from being a Director by reason of any provision of the Ordinance or is otherwise prohibited from being a Director by law in Hong Kong or any order made thereunder.
 - (v) If by notice in writing delivered to the Company at its registered office he resigns his office.
 - (vi) If he shall be removed from office by notice in writing served upon him signed by all his co-Directors.
 - (vii) If, having been appointed to an office under Article 110 hereof, he is dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board under Article 111.
 - (viii) If he shall be removed from office by an ordinary resolution of the Company under Article 103.

- (b) Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance no Director shall be required to vacate office or be ineligible for re-election or re-appointment as a Director and no person shall be ineligible for appointment as a Director, by reason only of his having attained any particular age.
96. (a) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Article.
- (b) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he was not a Director.
- (c) A Director may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or any other company in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profits or other benefits received by him as director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Board may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company or exercisable by it as director of such other company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as it thinks fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any, of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.
- (d) A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Board concerning his own appointment as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).
- (e) Subject to Article 96(h), where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two (2) or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment (or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).

- (f) Subject to the Ordinance and to the next paragraph of this Article, no Director or proposed or intending Director shall be disqualified by this office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatsoever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.

- (g) If a Director has knowledge that he or any of his connected entity is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract, transaction or arrangement or proposed contract, transaction or arrangement with the Company, the Director shall declare the nature and extent of such interest at a meeting of the Board at which the question of entering into that transaction, contract or arrangement is first considered if knowledge of such interest exists at that time, or in any other case at the first meeting of the Board after the Director becomes aware of the existence of such interest. For this purpose, a general notice to the Board by a Director to the effect that:
 - (i) he is a member, director, executive, officer, employee or otherwise of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction, contract or arrangement which may, at the effective date of the notice, be made with that company or firm; or
 - (ii) he is connected with a person specified in the notice and is to be regarded as interested in any transaction, contract or arrangement which may, after the effective date of the notice, be made with the specified person,

shall be deemed to be a sufficient declaration of interest in relation to any such transaction, contract or arrangement, provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Board or the Director takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Board meeting after it is given or on the twenty-first day after the day on which it is sent to the Company.

- (h) A Director shall not, vote on any board resolution in respect of any transaction, contract, arrangement or proposal in which to his knowledge he or any of his close associates has a material interest and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted, nor in relation thereto shall he be counted in the quorum present at the meeting, but none of these prohibitions shall apply to:
- (i) the giving to any Director or any of his close associates of any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or any of them to or obligations incurred or undertaken by him or any of them at the request of, or for the benefit of, the Company or any of its subsidiaries; or
 - (ii) the giving by the Company or any of its subsidiaries of any security or indemnity to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries for which the Director or any of his close associates has assumed responsibility in whole or in part and whether alone or jointly with others under a guarantee or indemnity or by the giving of security; or
 - (iii) any proposal concerning an offer of shares or debentures or other securities of or by the Company or any other company which the Company may promote or be interested in for subscription or purchase where the Director or any of his close associates is or is to be interested as a participant in the underwriting or sub-underwriting of the offer; or
 - (iv) any proposal or arrangement concerning the benefit of employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries including:
 - (aa) the adoption, modification or operation of any employees' share scheme or any share incentive or share option scheme under which the Director or any of his close associates may benefit; or
 - (bb) the adoption, modification or operation of a pension fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates both to Directors, their close associates and employees of the Company or any of its subsidiaries and does not provide in respect of any Director, or any of his close associates, as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the class of persons to which such scheme or fund relates; or
 - (v) any contract or arrangement in which the Director or any of his close associates is interested in the same manner as other holders of shares or debentures or other securities of the Company by virtue only of his or their interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company.

- (i) A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director together with any of his close associates or connected entities has shareholding interest if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he and/or his close associates or connected entities is/are (either directly or indirectly) the holders of or beneficially interested in any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company. For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director or his close associates or connected entities as bare or custodian trustee and in which he has no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the interest of the Director or his close associates or connected entities is/are in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in an authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director or his close associates or connected entities is/are interested only as a unit holder.
- (j) References in these Articles to a transaction, contract or arrangement include references to a proposed transaction, contract or arrangement.
- (k) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the Chairman of meeting) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such Chairman) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not be counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Board. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the Chairman of the meeting such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Board (for which purpose such Chairman shall not be counted in the quorum and shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such Chairman as known to such Chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the Board.
- (l) In so far as it is required by the Listing Rules, a Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the shareholders in respect of any transaction, contract or arrangement in which he is to his knowledge materially interested provided that this prohibition (a) shall not apply to any of the matters specified as (i) to (iv) inclusive in Article 96(h) above; and (b) is also subject to any waiver which may be granted by the Stock Exchange.
- (m) The Company may by ordinary resolution ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of these Articles provided that no Director who is materially interested in such transaction, together with any of his close associates, shall vote upon such ordinary resolution in respect of any shares in the Company in which they are interested.

ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

97. Subject to the provisions relating to retirement by rotation of Directors as from time to time prescribed under the Listing Rules, at each annual general meeting one third of the Directors for the time being, other than those Director(s) who is/are subject to Article 88 or 103, (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three (3) years. A Director retiring at a meeting shall remain in office until the close of the meeting. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election or appointment but as between persons who became Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree between themselves) be determined by lot.
98. The Company at any general meeting at which any Directors retire in manner aforesaid, may fill up the vacated offices by electing a like number of persons to be Directors.
99. If at any general meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the place of a retiring Director is not filled up, the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected and shall, if willing, continue in office until the next annual general meeting and so on from year to year until his place is filled up, unless it shall be expressly resolved at such meeting to reduce the number of Directors, or not to fill such vacated office, or unless a resolution for the re-election of such Director shall have been put to such meeting and lost.
100. The Company may from time to time in general meeting by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of Directors but so that the number of Directors shall never be less than two (2).
101. (a) No person, other than a retiring Director, shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election to the office of Director at any general meeting, unless notice in writing of the intention to propose that person for election as a Director and notice in writing by that person of his willingness to be elected shall have been given to the Company at least seven (7) days before the date of the general meeting.

(b) The minimum length of the period, during which notice to the Company of the intention to propose a person for election as a Director, and during which notice to the Company by such person of his willingness to be elected may be given, will be at least seven (7) days. The period for lodgement of such notice will commence no earlier than the day after the dispatch of the notice of the meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such meeting.

102. The Company shall keep at its office a register containing all such particulars of its Directors as are required by the Ordinance to be kept therein and shall send to the Registrar of Companies a copy of such register and shall from time to time notify to the Registrar any change that takes place in such Directors or their particulars as required by the Ordinance.
103. The members of the Company may, at any general meeting convened and held in accordance with the Articles, by ordinary resolution remove any Director (including a Managing or other Executive Director) before the expiration of his period of office notwithstanding anything in these Articles or in any agreement between the Company and such Director (but without prejudice to any claim which such Director may have for damages for any breach of any contract) and may elect another person in his stead. Any person so elected and appointed to fill the vacancy of a removed Director shall hold office only until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

BORROWING POWERS

104. The Board may from time to time at their discretion exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow, or to secure the payment of, any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital or any part thereof.
105. The Board may raise or secure the payment or repayment of such sum or sums in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think fit and in particular, by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities of the Company, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
106. Debentures, debenture stock, bonds and other securities may be made assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.
107. Any debentures, debenture stock, bonds or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and with any special privileges as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending and voting at general meetings of the Company, appointment of Directors and otherwise.
- 108.(a) The Board shall cause a proper register to be kept, in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting the property of the Company and shall duly comply with the requirements of the Ordinance, in regard to the registration of mortgages and charges therein specified and otherwise.

- (b) If the Company issues a series of debentures or debenture stock not transferable by delivery, the Directors shall cause a proper register to be kept of the holders of such debentures in accordance with Section 74A of the Ordinance.

109. Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge, thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charge, and shall not be entitled, by notice to the members or otherwise, to obtain priority over such prior charge.

MANAGING DIRECTORS ETC.

110. The Board may from time to time appoint any one or more of its body to the office of managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director or other executive Director and/or such other office in the management of the Company as it may decide for such period and upon such terms as it thinks fit and upon such terms as to remuneration as it may decide in accordance with Article 94.

111. Every Director appointed to an office under Article 110 hereof shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between himself and the Company with regard to his employment in such office, be liable to be dismissed or removed therefrom by the Board.

112. A Director appointed to an office under Article 110 hereof shall be subject to the same provisions as to removal as the other Directors of the Company, and he shall (subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company) ipso facto and immediately cease to hold such office if he ceases to hold the office of Director for any cause.

113. The Board may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a managing director, joint managing director, deputy managing director or executive Director all or any of the powers of the Board that they may think fit. But the exercise of all powers by such Director shall be subject to such regulations and restrictions as the Board may from time to time make and impose, and the said powers may at any time be withdrawn, revoked or varied.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

114.(a) Management of the business of the Company shall be vested in the Board who may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as may be exercised or done by the Company, but subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Ordinance and of these Articles and to any regulations from time to time made by the Company in general meeting not being inconsistent with such provisions or these Articles provided that no regulation so made shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

- (b) Subject to the Ordinance and without prejudice to the general powers conferred these Articles it is hereby expressly declared that the Board shall have the following powers:
- (i) to give to any person the right or option of requiring at a future date that an allotment shall be made to him of any share at such consideration as may be agreed.
 - (ii) to give any Directors, officers or servants of the Company, an interest in any particular business or transaction or participation in the profits thereof or in the general profits of the Company either in addition to or in substitution for a salary or other remuneration.

MANAGERS

115. The Board may from time to time appoint a general manager, a manager or managers of the Company and may fix his or their remuneration either by way of salary or commission or by conferring the right to participation in the profits of the Company or by a combination of two (2) or more of these modes and pay the working expenses of any of the staff of the general manager, manager or managers who may be employed by him or them upon the business of the Company.
116. The appointment of such general manager, manager or managers may be for such period as the Board may decide, and the Board may confer upon him or them all or any of the powers of the Directors as it may think fit.
117. The Board may enter into such agreement or agreements with any such general manager, manager or managers upon such terms and conditions in all respects as the Board may in its absolute discretion think fit, including a power for such general manager, manager or managers to appoint an assistant manager or managers or other employees whatsoever under them for the purpose of carrying on the business of the Company.

CHAIRMAN

118. The Board may elect a Chairman for their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present or is unwilling so to act within five (5) minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman for that meeting.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DIRECTORS

119. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings and proceedings as they think fit. Unless otherwise determined by the Board, the quorum of a Board meeting shall be two (2). For the purpose of this Article an alternate Director shall be counted in a quorum in the

case of the absence of a Director for whom he is the alternate provided that he shall not be counted more than once for the purpose of determining whether or not a quorum is present. Any Director who ceases to be a Director at a Board meeting may continue to be present and to act as a Director and be counted in the quorum until the termination of the Board meeting if no other Director objects and if otherwise a quorum of Directors would not be present.

120. Any Director may participate in a meeting of the Board or of any such committee of the Board by means of telephone, electronic or other communication facilities as permitted and all persons participating in the meeting are capable of hearing each other to communicate with each other simultaneously and instantaneously, and participation in such a meeting shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.
121. A Director may, and on request of a Director the Secretary shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Board. Notice thereof shall be given to each Director either in writing or by telephone or by telex or by other electronic means at the address, facsimile, telex number or electronic address from time to time notified to the Company by such Director for this purpose, or in such other manner as the Board may from time to time determine, provided however that notice need not be given to any Director for the time being absent from Hong Kong. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.
122. Questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of votes, and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.
123. A meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the Articles of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Board generally.
124. The Board may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of its body as the Board thinks fit, and it may, from time to time, revoke such delegation or revoke the appointment of and discharge any such committees either wholly or in part, and either as to person or purposes, but every committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may from time to time be imposed upon it by the Board.
125. All acts done by any such committee in conformity with such regulations, and in fulfilment of the purposes for which it is appointed, but not otherwise, shall have the like force and effect, as if done by the Board, and the Board shall have power, with the consent of the Company in general meeting, to remunerate the members of any special committee, and charge such remuneration to the current expenses of the Company.

126. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two (2) or more members shall be governed by the provisions herein contained for regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors.
127. All acts bona fide done by any meeting of the by any person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it shall be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and had not ceased to be a Director and had been entitled to vote.
128. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body, but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or pursuant to these Articles as the necessary quorum of Directors, the continuing Director or Directors may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to that number, or of summoning a general meeting of the Company, but for no other purpose provided that the Directors so appointed by the Board shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election.
129. A resolution in writing signed by all the Directors (or their respective alternate Directors as the case may be) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or a committee of the Board (as the case may be) duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one (1) or more of the Directors (or alternate Directors as the case may be). A written notification of confirmation of such resolution in writing given by a Director to the Board by any means shall be deemed to be his signature to such resolution in writing for the purpose of this Article. A resolution signed by an alternate Director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an alternate Director, it need not be signed by the alternate Director in that capacity. A telex, facsimile message or cable (or any other message sent by electronic means) sent by or at the direction of a Director (or his alternate) shall be deemed to be a document signed by him for the purpose of this Article.

SECRETARY

130. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit, and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Board. Anything by the Ordinance or these Articles required or authorised to be done by or to the Secretary, if the office is vacant or there is for any other reason no Secretary capable of acting, may be done by or to any assistant or deputy Secretary, or if there is no assistant or deputy Secretary capable of acting, by or to any officer of the Company authorised generally or specially on that behalf by the Board. In the event that the Secretary appointed is a corporation or other body, it may act and sign by the hand of any one or more of its directors or officers duly authorised.

131. The Secretary shall be an individual ordinarily resident in Hong Kong.

132. A provision of the Ordinance or of these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as or in place of the Secretary.

GENERAL MANAGEMENT AND USE OF THE SEAL

133. (a) The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the seal which shall only be used by the authority of the Board or of a committee of the Board, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a Director and shall be countersigned by the Secretary or by a second Director or by some other person appointed by the Board for the purpose provided that the Board may either generally or in any particular case or cases resolve (subject to such restrictions as to the manner in which the seal may be affixed as the Board may determine) that such signatures or any of them may be affixed to certificates for shares or debentures or representing any other form of security by some mechanical means other than autographic to be specified in such resolution or that such certificates need not be signed by any person. Every instrument executed in manner provided by this Article shall be deemed to be sealed and executed, with the authority of the Board previously given. Any document executed in accordance with section 127(3) of the Ordinance and expressed (in whatever words) to be executed by the Company shall have the same effect as if it had been executed under seal.

(b) The Company may have an official seal for use for sealing certificates for shares or other securities issued by the Company as permitted by Section 126 of the Ordinance (and no signature of any Director, officer or other person and no mechanical reproduction thereof shall be required on any such certificates or other document and any such certificates or other document to which such official seal is affixed shall be valid and deemed to have been sealed and executed with the authority of the Board notwithstanding the absence of any such signature or mechanical reproduction as aforesaid) and an official seal for use abroad under the provisions of the Ordinance where and as the Board shall determine, and the Company may by writing under the seal appoint any agents or agent, committees or committee abroad to be the duly authorised agents of the Company for the purpose of affixing and using such official seal and they may impose such restrictions on the use thereof as may be thought fit. Wherever in these Articles reference is made to the seal, the reference shall, when and so far as may be applicable, be deemed to include any such official seal as aforesaid.

134. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed as the case may be, in such manner as the

Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. The Company's banking account shall be kept with such banker or bankers as the Board shall from time to time determine.

135. (a) The Board may from time to time, and at any time, by power of attorney under the common seal, appoint any company, firm or person, or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Board to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Board under these Articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as it may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Board may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers authorities and discretions vested in him.
- (b) The Company may, by writing under its common seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matter, as its attorney, to execute deeds and instruments on its behalf and to enter into contracts and sign the same on its behalf in any place not situate within Hong Kong, and every deed signed by such attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal shall bind the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the common seal of the Company.
136. The Board may establish any committees, local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in Hong Kong or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such committees, local boards or agencies and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any committee, local board, or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Board (other than its powers to make calls and forfeit shares), with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local board, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Board may think fit, and the Board may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.
137. The Board may establish and maintain or procure the establishment and maintenance of any contributory or non-contributory pension or superannuation funds for the benefit of, or give or procure the giving of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances or emoluments to any persons who are or were at any time in the employment or service of the Company, or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company, or is allied or associated with the Company or with any such subsidiary company, or who are or were at any time directors or officers of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid, and who hold or who have held any salaried employment or office in the Company or such other company, and

the wives, widows, families and dependants of any such persons. The Board may also establish and subsidise or subscribe to any institutions, associations, clubs or funds calculated to be for the benefit of or to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of any such persons as aforesaid, and may make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid, and subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object. The Board may do any of the matters aforesaid, either alone or in conjunction with any such other company as aforesaid. Any Director holding any such employment or office shall be entitled to participate in and retain for his own benefit any such donation, gratuity, pension, allowance or emolument.

CAPITALISATION OF RESERVES

- 138.(a) The Company in general meeting may upon the recommendation of the Directors resolve that it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution (and not required for the payment or provision of the dividend on any shares with a preferential right to dividend) and accordingly that such sums be set free for distribution amongst the members holding ordinary shares in proportion to the number of ordinary shares (whether or not fully paid) held by them respectively on condition that the same be not paid in cash but be applied either in or towards paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on any shares held by such members respectively or paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company to be allotted and distributed credited as fully paid up to and amongst such members in the proportions aforesaid, or partly in the one way and partly in the other, and the Board shall give effect to such resolution.
- (b) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed the Board shall make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalised thereby, and all allotments and issues of fully paid up shares or debentures, if any, and generally shall do all acts and things required to give effect thereto, with full power to the Board to make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise (including provision for the benefit of fractional entitlements to accrue to the Company rather than to the members concerned) as they think fit for the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions, and also to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all members entitled thereto into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalisation, or, as the case may require, for the payment up by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to be capitalised. of the amounts or any

part of the amounts remaining unpaid on their existing shares, and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

- (c) The Board may by notice specify that members entitled to an allotment or distribution of shares or debentures pursuant to any capitalisation sanctioned under this Article may elect that all or a specified number (of such shares) or value (of such debentures, being an integral multiple of the face amount of one of the relevant debentures) thereof shall be allotted or distributed to such person or persons as that member shall specify by notice in writing to the Company. Any such notice may (in the discretion of the Board) be treated as void unless received at the place specified in the notice given by the Board before the resolution effecting such capitalisation is passed.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

139. The Company in general meeting may declare dividends in any currency, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

140. (a) The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to the Board to be justified by the profits of the Company, and in particular (but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing) if at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes, the Board may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferential rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential rights with regard to dividend and provided that the Board acts bona fide the Board shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of shares conferring any preference for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferential rights.

(b) The Board may also pay half-yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by it any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if the Board is of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.

141. (a) No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company. No dividend shall carry interest.

(b) For so long as any share issued under any share incentive scheme for employees remains subject to restrictions on dividends, voting and transfer imposed thereby, but without prejudice to the entitlement of the holder of such share to participate in any distribution on capitalization of reserves under Article 138, no dividend whether payable in cash or in specie or by way of allotment of fully paid shares under Article 143 hereof shall be declared or paid on such share.

142. Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting have resolved that a dividend be paid or declared, the Board may further resolve that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part by the distribution of specific assets of any kind and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or warrants to subscribe securities of the Company or any other company, or in any one or more of such ways, and where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution the Board may settle the same as it thinks expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates, disregard fractional entitlements or round the same up or down, and may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets, or any part thereof, and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest and such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Board and may appoint any person to sign any requisite instruments of transfer and other documents on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective. Where requisite, a contract shall be filed in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance, and the Board may appoint any person to sign such contract on behalf of the persons entitled to the dividend, and such appointment shall be effective.

143.(a) Whenever the Board or the Company in general meeting have resolved that a dividend be paid or declared on the share capital of the Company, the Board may further resolve either:

(i) that such dividend be satisfied wholly or in part in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid provided that the shareholders entitled thereto will be entitled to elect to receive such dividend (or part thereof) in cash in lieu of such allotment. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:

(aa) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;

(bb) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two (2) weeks' notice in writing to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;

(cc) the right of election may be exercised in whole or in part;

(dd) the dividend (or that part of the dividend to be satisfied by the allotment of shares as aforesaid) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the cash election has not been duly exercised (the "non-elected shares") and in satisfaction thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid to the holders of the non-elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits

of the Company (including profits carried and standing to the credit of any reserve or reserves of other special account other than the Subscription Rights Reserve or Conversion Rights Reserve or Capital Redemption Reserve Fund (if there be any such Reserves)) as the Board may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the non-elected shares on such basis; or

(ii) that the shareholders entitled to such dividend be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of shares credited as fully paid in lieu of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Board may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:

(aa) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Board;

(bb) the Board, after determining the basis of allotment, shall give not less than two (2) weeks' notice in writing to the holders of the relevant shares of the right of election accorded to them and shall send with such notice forms of election and specify the procedure to be followed and the place at which and the latest date and time by which duly completed forms of election must be lodged in order to be effective;

(cc) the right of election may be exercised in whole or in part;

(dd) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised (the "elected shares") and in lieu thereof shares shall be allotted credited as fully paid to the holders of the elected shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose the Board shall capitalise and apply out of any part of the undivided profits of the Company (including profits carried and standing to the credit of any reserve or reserves or other special account other than the Subscription Rights Reserve or Conversion Rights Reserve or Capital Redemption Reserve Fund (if there be any such Reserves)) as the Board may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of shares for allotment and distribution to and amongst the holders of the elected shares on such basis.

(b) (i) The shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of Article 143(a) shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the shares of the same class (if any) then in issue save only as regards participation:

(aa) in the relevant dividend (or the right to receive or-to elect to receive an allotment of shares in lieu thereof as aforesaid); or

(bb) in any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneously with the payment or declaration of the relevant dividend, unless contemporaneously with the announcement by the Directors of their proposal to apply the provisions of sub-paragraph (i) or (ii) of Article 143(a) in relation to the relevant dividend or contemporaneously with their announcement of the distribution, bonus or rights in question, the Directors shall specify that the shares to be allotted pursuant to the provisions of Article 143(a) shall rank for participation in such distribution, bonus or rights.

(ii) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any capitalisation pursuant to the provisions of Article 143(a), with full power to the Board to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Board may authorise any person to enter into, on behalf of all members interested, an agreement with the Company providing for such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made pursuant to such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

(c) The Company may upon the recommendation of the Board by special resolution resolve in respect of any particular dividend of the Company that notwithstanding the provisions of Article 143(a) a dividend may be satisfied wholly in the form of an allotment of shares credited as fully paid without offering any right to shareholders to elect to receive such dividend in cash in lieu of such allotment.

(d) The Board may on any occasion determine that an allotment of shares under Article 143(a)(i) or a right of election to receive an allotment of shares under Article 143(a)(ii) shall not be made or made available to any shareholders with registered addresses to any territory where in the absence of a registration statement or other special formalities the allotment of shares or the circulation of an offer of such right of election would or might be unlawful, and in such event the provisions aforesaid shall be read and construed subject to such determination.

144. The Board may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sums as it thinks fit as a reserve or reserves which shall, at the discretion of the Board, be applicable for meeting claims on or liabilities of the Company or contingencies or for paying off any loan capital or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may be

properly applied, and pending such application may, at the like discretion, either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company) as the Board may from time to time think fit, and so that it shall not be necessary to keep any investments constituting the reserve or reserves separate or distinct from any other investments of the Company. The Board may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which it may think prudent not to distribute by way of dividends.

145. Subject to the rights of persons, if any, entitled to shares with special rights as to dividend, all dividends shall be declared and paid by reference to each member's holding of shares which are fully paid up or credited as fully paid up in respect whereof the dividends paid, but no amount paid up or credited as paid up on a share in advance of calls or instalments shall be treated for the purpose of this Article as paid up on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such shares shall rank for dividend accordingly.
146. (a) The Board may retain any dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share upon which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
- (b) The Board may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls, instalments or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.
147. Any general meeting sanctioning a dividend may make a call on the members of such amount as the meeting fixes, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him, and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend, and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the member, be set off against the call.
148. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend or bonus declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
149. If two (2) or more persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividends interim dividends or bonuses and other moneys payable in respect of such shares.
150. Unless otherwise directed by the Board, any dividend or bonus may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the member entitled, or, in case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every cheque or

warrant so sent shall be sent at the risk of the holder or joint holder, as the case may be, and made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent, and the payment of any such cheque or warrant shall operate as a good discharge to the Company in respect of the dividend and/or bonus represented thereby, notwithstanding that it may subsequently appear that the same has been stolen, or that any endorsement thereon has been forged.

151. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for one (1) year after having been declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Board for the benefit of the Company until claimed and the Company shall not be constituted a trustee in respect thereof for any profit or benefit derived therefrom. All dividends or bonuses unclaimed for six (6) years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Board and shall revert to the Company.
152. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class whether a resolution of the Company in general meeting or a resolution of the Board, may specify that the same shall be payable or distributable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares on a particular date or at a point of time on a particular date, notwithstanding that it may be a date prior to that on which the resolution is passed, and thereupon the dividend shall be payable or distributable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights inter se in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares. The provisions of this Article shall mutatis mutandis apply to bonuses, capitalisation issue, distributions of realised capital profits or offers or grants made by the Company to the members.
153. Without prejudice to the rights of the Company under Article 151, the Company may cease sending such cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants by post if such cheques or warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, the Company may exercise the power to cease sending cheques for dividend entitlements or dividend warrants after the first occasion on which such a cheque or warrant is returned undelivered.
154. The Company shall have the power to sell, in such manner as the Board thinks fit, any shares of a member who is untraceable, but no such sale shall be made unless:
 - (a) all cheques or warrants, being not less than three (3) in total number, for any sum payable in cash to the holder of such shares in respect of them sent during the relevant period in the manner authorised by the Articles of the Company have remained uncashed;
 - (b) so far as it is aware at the end of the relevant period, the Company has not at any time during the relevant period received any indication of the existence of the member who is the holder of such shares or of a person entitled to such shares by death, bankruptcy or operation of law; and

- (c) where such shares are listed on the Stock Exchange, the Company has caused an advertisement to be inserted in English in an English language newspaper and in Chinese in a Chinese language newspaper giving notice of its intention to sell such share and has notified the Stock Exchange of such intention and a period of three (3) months has elapsed since the date of such advertisement.

For the purpose of the foregoing, “relevant period” means the period commencing twelve (12) years before the date of publication of the advertisement referred to in Article 154(c) and ending at the expiry of the period referred to in that paragraph.

To give effect to any such sale the Board may authorise any person to transfer the said shares and instrument of transfer signed or otherwise executed by or on behalf of such person shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder or the person entitled by transmission to such shares, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the sale. The net proceeds of the sale will belong to the Company and upon receipt by the Company of such net proceeds it shall become indebted to the former member for an amount equal to such net proceeds. No trust shall be created in respect of such debt and no interest shall be payable in respect of it and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned from the net proceeds which may be employed in the business of the Company or as it thinks fit. Any sale under this Article shall be valid and effective notwithstanding that the member holding the shares sold is dead, bankrupt or otherwise under any legal disability or incapacity.

ACCOUNTS

- 155.(a) The Directors shall make the requisite annual returns in accordance with the Ordinance.
 - (b) The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place, and of the property, assets, credits and liabilities of the Company and of all other matters required by the Ordinance or necessary to give a true and fair view of the Company’s affairs and to explain its transactions.
156. The books of account shall be kept at the registered office or at such other place or places as the Board thinks fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.
157. The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent, at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the Company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of the members not being Directors, and no member (not being a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company, except as conferred by the Ordinance or authorised by the Directors or by the Company in general meeting.

- 158.(a) The Board shall from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance lay before the Company at its annual general meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are so required by the Ordinance.
- (b) Every balance sheet of the Company shall be signed pursuant to the provisions of the Ordinance, and a copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) and profit and loss account which is to be laid before the Company at its annual general meeting, together with a copy of the Directors' report and a copy of the Auditors' report, shall not less than twenty-one (21) days before the date of the meeting, be sent in accordance with Article 162 to every member of, and every holder of debenture of, the Company and every person registered under Article 43 and every other person entitled to receive notices of general meetings of the Company provided that this Article shall not require a copy of those documents to be sent to any person whose address the Company is not aware of or to more than one (1) of the joint holders of any shares or debentures.

AUDITORS

159. The appointment, removal and remuneration of Auditors shall be approved by a majority of the members or other body that is independent of the Board and their duties shall be regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Ordinance.
160. Subject as otherwise provided by the Ordinance, the remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed by the Company by ordinary resolution in general meeting provided always that in respect of any particular year the Company in general meeting may delegate the fixing of such remuneration to the Directors.
161. Every statement of accounts, audited by the Company's Auditors and presented by the Board at an annual general meeting, shall after approval at such meeting, be conclusive except as regards any error discovered therein within three (3) months of the approval thereof. Whenever any such error is discovered within that period, it shall forthwith be corrected, and the statement of accounts amended in respect of the error shall be conclusive.

NOTICES

162. Any notice, document or information (including any "corporate communication" within the meaning ascribed thereto under the Listing Rules), whether or not, to be given or issued under these Articles from the Company shall be in writing. Any such notice, document or information to be given or issued by or on behalf of the Company under these Articles, unless otherwise specified, may be served, delivered

or supplied by the Company on or to another person by any of the following means, subject to due compliance with the Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations:

- (a) (i) by serving it personally; (ii) by sending it through the post in a prepaid envelope or wrapper addressed to such member at any address supplied by him to the Company for the purpose, or if the Company is unable to obtain such address, his registered address as appearing in the register or address last known to the Company; or (iii) by delivering or leaving it at such address as aforesaid;
- (b) by sending or supplying it in electronic form by electronic means to that other person at such address as he may provide or be regarded as having provided for the purpose;
- (c) by placing an advertisement in one (1) Chinese language newspaper and one (1) English language newspaper in Hong Kong;
- (d) by making it available on the Company's Website or the website of the Stock Exchange; or
- (e) by any other manner permitted by and in accordance with the Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations from time to time.

In the case of joint holders of a share all notices or documents shall be given or issued to that one of the joint holders whose name stands first in the register and the notice or document so given or issued shall be deemed a sufficient service on or delivery to all the joint holders.

For the purpose of this Article: (i) sending by the Company of a document includes supplying, delivering, forwarding or producing a document and giving a notice but excludes serving a document that is issued for the purpose of any legal proceedings; and (ii) supplying by the Company of information includes sending, delivering, forwarding or producing the information.

163. (a) Any member whose registered address is outside Hong Kong may notify the Company in writing of (i) an address in Hong Kong which shall be deemed to be his registered address for service of notice, (ii) an electronic address for the purpose of service of notice, or (iii) an address outside Hong Kong at which the Company may serve notices on him at such overseas address.
- (b) Any member who fails (and, where a share is held by joint holders, where the first joint holder named on the register fails) to supply his registered address or a correct registered address, or, in case of electronic record, fails to supply his electronic address or a correct electronic address, to the Company for service of notices and documents on him shall not (and where a share is held by joint holders, none of the other joint holders whether or not they have supplied a

registered address shall) be entitled to service of any notice or documents by the Company and any notice or document which is otherwise required to be served on him may, if the Board in its absolute discretion so elects (and subject to them re-electing otherwise from time to time), be served, in the case of notices, by displaying a copy of such notice conspicuously at the registered office of the Company, or, if the Board sees fit, by advertisement in the newspapers, and, in the case of documents, by posting up a notice conspicuously at the registered office of the Company addressed to such member which notice shall state the address within Hong Kong at which he may obtain a copy of the relevant document, or by displaying or otherwise making available the relevant notice or document on the Company's Website and the website of the Stock Exchange and stating the address within Hong Kong at which he may obtain a copy of the notice or the document. Any notice or document served in the manner so described shall be sufficient service as regards members with no registered or incorrect addresses, or, in case of electronic record, no electronic address or an incorrect electronic address, provided that nothing in this paragraph (b) shall be construed as requiring the Company to serve any notice or document on any member with no or an incorrect registered address for the service of notice or document on him or on any member other than the first named on the register of members of the Company.

- (c) If any notice, document or information has been sent through the post to any member (or, in the case of joint holders of a share, the first holder named on the register) at his registered address or by electronic means to his electronic address but has been returned undelivered, such member (and, in the case of joint holders of a share, all other joint holders of the share) shall not thereafter be entitled to receive or be served (save as the Board may elect otherwise pursuant to Article 163(b)) and shall be deemed to have waived the service of notices and other documents from the Company until he shall have communicated with the Company and supplied in writing a new registered address or a new electronic address for the service of notices on him.
- (d) Notwithstanding any election by a member from time to time to receive any notice or document otherwise in hard copy form, such member may, within twenty-eight (28) days after the date of receiving from the Company the notice or document, require the Company to send or supply to him the notice or document in hard copy form.

164. Any notice, document or information, subject to the Ordinance and other applicable laws, rules and regulations:

- (a) if sent or supplied by post, shall be regarded as being received by that other person on the second business day after the day the notice, document or information is sent or supplied, or otherwise in accordance with the Ordinance, and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that the

envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was properly prepaid (and in the case of an address outside Hong Kong where airmail service can be extended thereto airmail postage prepaid), addressed and put into the post and a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board that the envelope or wrapper containing the notice or document was so prepaid, addressed and put into the post shall be conclusive evidence thereof;

- (b) if sent or supplied by electronic means (other than by making it available on the Company's Website), shall be regarded as being received by that other person at the time when the notice, document or information is sent or supplied or otherwise in accordance with the Ordinance;
- (c) if made available on the Company's Website or the website of the Stock Exchange, shall be regarded as being sent or supplied by the Company and being received by that other person at the time when the notice, document or information is first made available on the website; and
- (d) if served or delivered in any other manner contemplated by these Articles, shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time of personal service or delivery or, as the case may be, at the time of the relevant despatch, transmission or publication; and in proving such service or delivery a certificate in writing signed by the Secretary or other officer of the Company or other person appointed by the Board as to the act and time of such service, delivery, despatch, transmission or publication shall be conclusive evidence thereof.

165. A notice or document may be given by the Company to the person(s) entitled to a share in consequence of the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy of a member in accordance with Article 162 by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, the trustee of the bankrupt or the liquidator of the member, or by any like description, at the address, if any, supplied for the purpose by the person claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by giving the notice or document in any manner as provided in Article 162 in which the same might have been given if the death, mental disorder or bankruptcy had not occurred.

166. Any person who by operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which previously to his name and address being entered on the register shall be duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share.

167. Any notice or document delivered or sent in accordance with Article 162, shall notwithstanding that such member be then deceased or bankrupt or that any other event has occurred and whether or not the Company has notice of his death, bankruptcy or such other event, be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any registered shares, whether held solely or jointly with other persons by such member until some other person be registered in his stead as the holder or joint holder

thereof, and such service shall for all purposes of these presents be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) with him in any such shares.

168. Any notice or document may be given to a member either in the English language or the Chinese language, subject to due compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

169. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed.

INFORMATION

170. No member (not being a Director shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Board it will be inexpedient to the interests of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

DOCUMENTS

171.(a) Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Board for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Board or any committee of the Board and any books, records, documents and accounts, relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and, where any books, records, documents and accounts are elsewhere than at the registered office, the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Board as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Board or any committee of the Board which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such minutes or extract is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting.

(b) (i) The Company shall be entitled to destroy the following documents at the following times:

(aa) registered instruments of transfer: at any time after the expiration of seven (7) years from the date of registration thereof;

(bb) allotment letters: at any time after the expiration of seven (7) years from the date of issue thereof;

- (cc) copies of powers of attorney, grants of probate and letters of administration: at any time after the expiration of two (2) years after the account to which the relevant power of attorney, grant of probate or letters of administration related has been closed;
 - (dd) dividend mandates and notifications of change of address: at any time after the expiration of two (2) years from the date of recording thereof; and
 - (ee) cancelled share certificates: at any time after the expiration of one (1) year from the date of the cancellation thereof.
- (ii) It shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company:
- (aa) that every entry in the register purporting to be made on the basis of any such documents so destroyed was duly and properly made; and
 - (bb) that every such document so destroyed was valid and effective and had been duly and properly registered, cancelled, or recorded in the books or records of the Company, as the case may be.
- (iii) (aa) The provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
- (bb) Nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Articles; and
 - (cc) References herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

AMENDMENT OF ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

172. Subject to the provisions of the Ordinance, a special resolution of the members in a general meeting shall be required to alter these Articles or to approve any amendment of these Articles.

WINDING UP

173. The Board shall have power in the name and on behalf of the Company to present a petition to the court for the Company to be wound up.

174. Subject to the provisions of the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Chapter 32 of the laws of Hong Kong), the Ordinance and any other applicable laws and regulations, the Company may be wound up voluntarily by special resolution of the members in a general meeting.
175. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision or by the court) the liquidator may with the authority of a special resolution, divide among the members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other assets in respect of which there is a liability.
176. In the event of a winding-up of the Company in Hong Kong, every member who is not for the time being in Hong Kong shall be bound, within fourteen (14) days after the passing of an effective resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, or the making of an order for the winding-up of the Company, to serve notice in writing on the Company appointing some person resident in Hong Kong and stating that person's full name, address and occupation upon whom all summonses, notices, process, orders and judgements in relation to or under the winding-up of the Company may be served, and in default of such nomination the liquidator of the Company shall be at liberty on behalf of such member to appoint some such person, and service upon any such appointee, whether appointed by the member or the liquidator, shall be deemed to be good personal service on such member for all purposes, and, where the liquidator makes any such appointment, he shall with all convenient speed give notice thereof to such member by advertisement in an English language newspaper in English and a Chinese language newspaper in Chinese as he shall deem appropriate or by a registered letter sent through the post and addressed to such member at his address as mentioned in the register, and such notice shall be deemed to be served on the day following that on which the advertisement appears or the letter is posted.

INDEMNITY

177. A Director or former Director of the Company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against any liability incurred by the Director to a person (other than the Company or any of its subsidiaries) in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or any of its subsidiaries (as the case may be) as provided under the Ordinance.

Details of the founder members of the Company and the share subscribed by them on 8th January, 1987 are as follows:

Names, address and descriptions	Number of shares subscribed
SNATCH PRIZE LIMITED By, Tse Kin Yip, Director 2-3/F., Wah Li Building 105-107 Hollywood Road Central, Hong Kong Corporation	One
BOXING COMPANY LIMITED By, Tse Kin Yip, Director 2-3/F., Wah Li Building 105-107 Hollywood Road Central, Hong Kong Corporation	One
Total number of shares subscribed for	Two