

(股份代號 Stock Code: 440)

2023 ^{# ‡}	用業績報告 ERIM REPORT		

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未經審核之簡明綜合收益賬

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

		7(1))		經重列 Restated	變動 Variance
		附註 Note	2023	2022	百分比 %
利息收入 利息支出	Interest income Interest expense	3 3	5,344,223 (3,011,711)	2,702,568 (674,869)	
淨利息收入	Net interest income		2,332,512	2,027,699	15.0
服務費及佣金收入 服務費及佣金支出	Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense	4 4	472,779 (103,812)	564,056 (88,862)	
淨服務費及佣金收入	Net fee and commission income		368,967	475,194	(22.4)
保險收入 保險服務費用	Insurance revenue Insurance service expense		441,106 (263,896)	409,533 (230,854)	
持有再保險合約淨支出	Net expense from reinsurance contracts held		(125,732)	(128,679)	
保險服務業績	Insurance service result	5	51,478	50,000	3.0
淨交易收入 淨保險財務(支出)/收入	Net trading income Net insurance finance (expense)/	6	4,762	90,528	
其他營運收入	income Other operating income	5 7	(7,866) 83,150	4,932 96,821	
營運收入總額 營運支出	Total operating income Operating expenses	8	2,833,003 (1,576,116)	2,745,174 (1,460,165)	3.2 7.9
扣除減值虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before impairment		1 056 007	1 005 000	(0.0)
信貸減值虧損	losses Credit impairment losses	9	1,256,887 (158,386)	1,285,009 (305,600)	(2.2) (48.2)
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets		1,098,501	979,409	12.2
出售其他固定資產之淨虧損	Net loss on disposal of other fixed assets		(1,311)	(426)	
出售以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產 之淨收益	Net gain on disposal of financial assets at amortised cost		_	24	
應佔聯營公司之業績 聯營公司投資之減值虧損	Share of results of an associate Impairment loss on investment in an	10	430,240	453,747	
視同出售聯營公司投資之虧損	associate Loss on deemed disposal of	10	(232,000)	(139,000)	
應佔共同控制實體之業績	investment in an associate Share of results of jointly controlled		(6) 13,784	10.726	
74 TV 24 VV TV	entities			12,736	
除税前溢利 税項	Profit before taxation Taxation	11	1,309,208 (102,363)	1,306,490 (182,336)	0.2
期間溢利	Profit for the period		1,206,845	1,124,154	7.4
分配如下: 本公司股東 沒控制權股東應佔溢利	Attributable to: Shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		921,862 284,983	842,397 	9.4
期間溢利	Profit for the period		1,206,845	1,124,154	7.4
每股盈利 基本 攤薄	Earnings per share Basic Diluted	12 12	HK\$2.89 HK\$2.74	HK\$2.64 HK\$2.64	

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

			經重列
		2023	Restated 2022
期間溢利	Profit for the period	1,206,845	1,124,154
期間其他全面收益/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		
可能會重新分類至綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that may be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
證券投資	Investments in securities		
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的債務工具之公平值變動淨額	Net change in fair value of debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	131,494	(595,530)
應佔按權益會計法處理的聯營公司之 其他全面收益/(虧損)	Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of an associate accounted for using the equity method	123,295	(63,149)
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的債務工具之預期信貸虧損準備	Net change in allowance for expected credit losses of debt instruments at fair value	120,293	(03,149)
變動淨額	through other comprehensive income	(9,132)	(14,473)
有關上述之遞延税項	Deferred income tax related to the above	(18,619)	91,927
		227,038	(581,225)
換算海外機構財務報表的匯兑差異	Exchange differences arising on translation of the financial statements of foreign entities	(314,538)	(384,842)
不會重新分類至綜合收益賬的項目:	Items that will not be reclassified to the consolidated income statement:		
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 收益的權益性工具之公平值變動淨額	Net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	381,873	(011 004)
有關上述之遞延税項	Deferred income tax related to the above	(43,585)	(811,004) <u>97,115</u>
		338,288	(713,889)
扣除税項後之期間其他全面收益/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax	250,788	(1,679,956)
扣除税項後之期間全面收益/(虧損)總額	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax	1,457,633	(555,802)
	•	1,407,000	(555,662)
分配如下: 沒控制權股東	Attributable to: Non-controlling interests	275,930	34,194
本公司股東	Shareholders of the Company	1,181,703	(589,996)
扣除税項後之期間全面收益總額/(虧損)	Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period, net of tax	1,457,633	(555,802)

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

				經重列
				Restated
			2023年	2022年
		附註	6月30日 As at	12月31日 As at
		PI) 直主 Note	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
資產	ASSETS			
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks		16,936,574	18,689,646
在銀行1至12個月內到期的存款	Placements with banks maturing between one and		, ,	,,
正次(1) (五 (三間)) (1 32) / (3 / (3 / (3 / (3 / (3 / (3 / (3 /	twelve months		5,643,069	10,143,916
持作交易用途的證券	Trading securities	13	141,141	562,161
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13	843,353	622,068
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	14	4,290,911	3,901,236
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	15	146,832,363	143,143,190
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	Financial assets at fair value through other			
金融資產	comprehensive income	17	42,061,031	42,046,836
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	18	35,316,836	32,941,710
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	10	2,016,390	2,159,290
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities		136,856	123,072
商譽	Goodwill		785,774	785,774
無形資產	Intangible assets	10	92,390	92,390
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	19	2,761,060	2,897,676
投資物業 遞延税項資產	Investment properties Deferred income tax assets	20	782,816 164,417	782,816 266,415
<u> </u>	Deferred income tax assets			200,415
資產合計	Total assets		258,804,981	259,158,196
負債	LIABILITIES			
銀行存款	Deposits from banks		1,571,096	4,112,493
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	14	1,364,766	997,637
持作交易用途的負債	Trading liabilities		99,609	730,491
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	21	201,364,706	198,574,909
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	22	2,688,932	4,228,983
後償債務 其他賬目及預提	Subordinated notes Other accounts and accruals	23 24	3,833,542 9,255,165	3,801,495
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	24	257,411	9,141,585 297,641
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities		69,895	59,552
	Belefied income tax habilities			
負債合計	Total liabilities		220,505,122	221,944,786
權益	EQUITY			
沒控制權股東	Non-controlling interests		7,801,018	7,634,175
木 八司吸声瘫/上掷关	Equity attributable to the Company's shareholders			
本公司股東應佔權益 股本	Share capital		4,230,067	4,248,559
放平 其他儲備(包括保留盈利)	Other reserves (including retained earnings)		26,268,774	25,330,676
	on or received (metalling retained darnings)			
股東資金	Shareholders' funds	25	30,498,841	29,579,235
權益合計	Total equity		38,299,859	37,213,410
權益及負債合計	Total equity and liabilities		258,804,981	259,158,196
			, ,	,,

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至2023年6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June 2023

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

		本公司股東應佔權益 Attributable to the shareholders of the Company				
		股本及持作 股份獎勵計劃 之股份 Share Capital and shares held			沒控制權 股東	
		for share award	其他儲備 Other	保留盈利 Retained	Non- controlling	權益合計 Total
		scheme	reserves	earnings	interests	equity
2022年12月31日結餘·如之前呈報	Balance at 31 December 2022, as previously reported	4,248,559	790,947	24,480,867	7,634,175	37,154,548
過渡至香港財務報告準則 第17號的影響	Impact on transition to HKFRS 17			58,862		58,862
2023年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2023	4,248,559	790,947	24,539,729	7,634,175	37,213,410
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	921,862	284,983	1,206,845
期間其他全面收益/(虧損)	Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	-	259,841	-	(9,053)	250,788
源自額外權益性工具之派發款項 之儲備	Reserves arising from distribution payment of additional equity instruments	-	-	4,617	(4,617)	-
購作股份獎勵計劃之股份	Share purchased for share award scheme	(18,492)	-	-	-	(18,492)
以股權支付以股份作為基礎報酬 之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	10,311	-	14	10,325
一間附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(104,484)	(104,484)
於終止確認時,重新分類以公平值 計量且其變動計入其他全面收益 的權益性工具之公平值變動 淨額	Reclassification of net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income upon derecognition	-	91,080	(91,080)	-	-
2022年末期股息	2022 final dividend			(258,533)		(258,533)
2023年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2023	4,230,067	1,152,179	25,116,595	7,801,018	38,299,859

未經審核之簡明綜合權益變動表

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

截至2023年6月30日止6個月(續) For the six months ended 30 June 2023 (Continued) (以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

本公司股東應佔權益

Attributable to the

shareholders of the Company

		shareho	olders of the Co	ompany		
		股本	其他儲備	保留盈利	沒控制權 股東 Non-	權益合計
經重列		Share	Other	Retained	controlling	Total
Restated		capital	reserves	earnings	interests	equity
2021年12月31日結餘,如之前呈報	Balance at 31 December 2021, as previously reported	4,248,559	2,699,151	23,244,672	7,633,965	37,826,347
過渡至香港財務報告準則 第 17 號的影響	Impact on transition to HKFRS 17			23,086		23,086
2022年1月1日結餘	Balance at 1 January 2022	4,248,559	2,699,151	23,267,758	7,633,965	37,849,433
期間溢利	Profit for the period	-	-	842,397	281,757	1,124,154
期間其他全面虧損	Other comprehensive loss for the period	-	(1,432,393)	-	(247,563)	(1,679,956)
源自額外權益性工具之派發款項 之儲備	Reserves arising from distribution payment of additional equity instruments	-	-	5,328	(5,328)	-
以股權支付以股份作為基礎報酬 之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based compensation	-	114	-	39	153
一間附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary	-	-	-	(86,471)	(86,471)
於終止確認時,重新分類以公平值 計量且其變動計入其他全面收益 的權益性工具之公平值變動 淨額	Reclassification of net change in fair value of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income upon derecognition	_	(336,240)	336,240	_	_
/ナ サネ	dorooogiiidori	_	(000,240)	000,240		_
2021年末期股息	2021 final dividend			(233,290)		(233,290)
2022年6月30日結餘	Balance at 30 June 2022	4,248,559	930,632	24,218,433	7,576,399	36,974,023

UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至6月30日止6個月 For the six months ended 30 June

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

		附註 Note	2023	經重列 Restated 2022
經營活動之現金流量 經營活動(所用)/流入現金淨額	Cash flows from operating activities Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	29	(1,622,156)	5,731,318
投資活動之現金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			
購置行產、其他固定資產及投資物業	Purchase of premises, other fixed assets and investment properties		(40,089)	(219,803)
出售其他固定資產所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of other fixed assets		1,491	75
投資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in investing activities		(38,598)	(219,728)
融資活動之現金流量 租賃負債之付款 購置股份作股份獎勵計劃 支付已發行後償債務及債務證券	Cash flows from financing activities Payment of lease liabilities Purchase of shares for share award scheme Interest paid on subordinated notes and debt		(75,142) (18,492)	(75,795) –
之利息	securities issued		(145,266)	(79,507)
一間附屬公司向其沒控制權股東派發 股息	Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of a subsidiary		(104,484)	(86,471)
派發普通股股息	Dividend paid on ordinary shares of the Company		(258,533)	(233,290)
融資活動所用現金淨額	Net cash used in financing activities		(601,917)	(475,063)
現金及等同現金項目(減少)/增加 淨額	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2,262,671)	5,036,527
期初現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		22,634,383	16,849,228
匯率變更之影響	Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		(110,563)	(154,097)
期末現金及等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period		20,261,149	21,731,658
現金及等同現金項目結餘之分析:	Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents:			
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks		1,973,899	3,564,318
原到期日在3個月或以下之通知及 短期存款 包括在持作交易用途的證券之國庫票據 包括在以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產內之	Money at call and short notice with an original maturity within three months Treasury bills included in trading securities Treasury bills included in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive		12,195,808	16,387,315 499,058
共他主曲収益的立概負差的と 國庫票據	income		1,987,974	_
原到期日在 3 個月或以下之在銀行 的存款	Placements with banks with an original maturity within three months		4,103,468	1,280,967
			20,261,149	21,731,658

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

1. 一般資料

大新金融集團有限公司(「本公司」)與其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)在香港、澳門及中國提供銀行、 保險、金融及其他相關服務。

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策

本集團未經審核之2023年中期簡明綜合財務報表 乃按照香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港會計準則第 34號「中期財務報告」而編製。

載於本中期業績報告之資料不構成法定之綜合財 務報表。

本中期業績報告之若干財務資料,乃摘錄自根據香港公司條例第622章第662(3)條及附表6第3部分已送呈公司註冊處及香港金融管理局(「香港金管局」)之截至2022年12月31日止年度之法定綜合財務報表(「2022年綜合財務報表」)。

2022年綜合財務報表之核數師報告為無保留意見,當中沒有核數師在並無作出保留意見下提出 須注意的任何事宜,以及並無載列香港公司條例 第622章第406(2)、407(2)或(3)條之聲明。

編製基準及會計政策

除以下所述外,編製2023年中期簡明綜合財務報表所採用之會計政策和計算方法與本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度已審核之年度綜合財務報表所採用及所述者一致。

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") provide banking, insurance, financial and other related services in Hong Kong, Macau, and the People's Republic of China.

2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The unaudited 2023 interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard No. 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

The information set out in this Interim Report does not constitute statutory consolidated financial statements.

Certain financial information in this Interim Report is extracted from the statutory consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 (the "2022 consolidated financial statements") which have been delivered to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662(3) of, and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to, the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), and the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

The auditor's report on the 2022 consolidated financial statements was unqualified; did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report; and did not contain a statement under section 406(2), 407(2) or (3) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622).

Basis of preparation and accounting policies

Except as described below, the accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the 2023 interim condensed consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used and described in the Group's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

已採納之新及經修訂準則

若干新會計準則、對會計準則的修改和詮釋於本報告期間生效。除了香港財務報告準則17號《保險合約》外,這些變更都對集團的綜合財務報表沒有顯著影響。

• 香港財務報告準則第17號之採納

香港財務報告準則第17號於2017年5月發佈,以取代香港財務報告準則第4號《保險合約》。該準則要求採用現時計量模型,並於每個報告期間對所作出的估計重新計量。合約按以下構建要素計量:

- 貼現加權現金流;
- 明示風險調整;及
- 合約服務差額,即於保險合約保障期 內才被確認為收入之未賺取利潤。

該準則允許選擇將貼現率的變動確認於未經 審核之簡明收益賬或直接確認於其他全面收 益表中。本集團選擇將這些變動確認於未經 審核之簡明收益賬。

該準則亦提供一個簡化的保費分攤方法作為 一個選項,以確認一般由非人壽保險公司承 保的短期合約,相關之剩餘保障期之負債。 本集團已對符合該選項的保險合約採用了這 種簡化方法,並採用一般計量模型對其他所 有保險合約進行列賬。

2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

New and amended standards adopted

A number of new standards and amendments to standards and interpretations became effective for the current reporting. None of these has a significant effect on the consolidated financial statements of the Group, except for Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard ("HKFRS") 17, "Insurance Contracts".

Adoption of HKFRS 17

HKFRS 17 was issued in May 2017 as replacement for HKFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts". It requires a current measurement model where estimates are remeasured in each reporting period. Contracts are measured using the building blocks of:

- discounted probability-weighted cash flows;
- an explicit risk adjustment; and
- a contractual service margin ("CSM") representing the unearned profit of the contract which is recognised as revenue over the coverage period.

The standard allows a choice between recognising changes in discount rates either in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement or directly in other comprehensive income. The Group has elected to report these changes in the unaudited condensed consolidated income statement.

An optional, simplified premium allocation approach is permitted for the liability for the remaining coverage for short-duration contracts, which are often written by non-life insurers. The Group has applied this simplified approach for insurance contracts which qualify for this option, and has used the general measurement model to account for all the other insurance contracts.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

2. 未經審核之財務報表及會計政策(續)

編製基準及會計政策(續)

已採納之新及經修訂準則(續)

• 香港財務報告準則第17號之採納(續)

根據香港會計準則第8號和香港財務報告準則第17號中規定的過渡性安排,本集團已經採用了香港財務報告準則第17號,並對2022年報告期的比較數字進行了追溯性調整。調整的影響如下所述:

2. UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of preparation and accounting policies (Continued)

New and amended standards adopted (Continued)

Adoption of HKFRS 17 (Continued)

In accordance with the transitional arrangements specified in Hong Kong Accounting Standard 8 and HKFRS 17, the Group has adopted HKFRS 17 retrospectively and restated comparatives for the 2022 reporting period. The effects of the restatements are summarised below:

如之前呈報

採納香港

財務報告

		As	準則第17號	
		previously	Adoption of	經重列
		reported	HKFRS 17	As restated
於2022年12月31日及	As at 31 December 2022 and			
2023年1月1日	1 January 2023			
一資產總值	- Total assets	259,846,686	(688,490)	259,158,196
一負債總值	- Total liabilities	222,692,138	(747,352)	221,944,786
一股東資金總值	- Total shareholders' funds	29,520,373	58,862	29,579,235
- 其中:保留盈利	- of which: Retained earnings	24,480,867	58,862	24,539,729
截至2022年6月30日止6個月	For the six months ended 30 June 2022			
一本公司股東應佔溢利	 Profit attributable to shareholders of the 			
	Company	832,979	9,418	842,397

沒有其他自2023年1月1日起生效或仍未生效之香港財務報告準則或詮釋會預期對本集團有重大影響。

除另有註明外,此中期簡明綜合財務報表概以港幣千元位(千港元)列示,並經董事會批准於2023年8月23日公佈。

此中期簡明綜合財務報表未經審核。

There are no other HKFRSs or interpretations that are effective from 1 January 2023 or not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group.

The interim condensed consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated, and were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 23 August 2023.

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have not been audited.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

3. 淨利息收入

NET INTEREST INCOME

截至6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June

		2023	2022
利息收入	Interest income		
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	418,346	84,566
證券投資	Investments in securities	1,765,463	593,262
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	3,160,414	2,024,740
		5,344,223	2,702,568
利息支出	Interest expense		
銀行存款/客戶存款	Deposits from banks/Deposits from		
	customers	2,725,839	584,974
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	108,271	22,125
後償債務	Subordinated notes	145,517	55,663
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	3,619	4,357
其他	Others	28,465	7,750
		3,011,711	674,869
		3,011,711	074,009
利息收入包含	Included within interest income		
一持作交易用途的證券及以公平值計量	 Trading securities and financial 		
且其變動計入損益的金融資產	assets at fair value through profit		
	or loss	5,026	3,219
一以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	- Financial assets at fair value through		
金融資產	other comprehensive income	1,170,170	279,443
一以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	- Financial assets at amortised cost	4,169,027	2,419,906
		5,344,223	2,702,568
利息支出包含	Included within interest expense		
	 Financial liabilities not at fair value 		
金融負債	through profit or loss	3,009,239	674,374

於截至2022年及2023年6月30日止的6個月內,並 無確認自減值資產之利息收入。 In the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2022, there was no interest income recognised on impaired assets.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

4. 淨服務費及佣金收入

截至6月30日止6個月

4. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

		2023	2022
服務費及佣金收入	Fee and commission income		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及	Fee and commission income from		
自債之服務費及佣金收入	financial assets and liabilities not at		
只读之旅物其次附並收入	fair value through profit or loss		
一信貸有關之服務費及佣金	Credit related fees and commissions	75,986	79,277
		· ·	,
一貿易融資	- Trade finance	23,070	29,084
一信用卡	- Credit card	135,370	115,471
其他服務費及佣金收入	Other fee and commission income		
一證券經紀佣金	 Securities brokerage 	54,629	81,314
一保險銷售及其他	 Insurance distribution and others 	6,783	91,630
一零售投資及財富管理服務	 Retail investment and wealth 		
	management services	88,827	97,346
- 銀行服務費及手續費	Bank services and handling fees	35,574	33,419
- 其他服務費	- Other fees	52,540	36,515
7.1G083772	0.00.000		
		472,779	564,056
服務費及佣金支出	Fee and commission expense		
未以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產及	Fee and commission expense from		
負債之服務費及佣金支出	financial assets and liabilities not at		
	fair value through profit or loss		
一手續費及佣金	Handling fees and commission	95,729	80,910
一已付其他費用	- Other fees paid	8,083	7,952
	Caror 1000 para		
		400.040	00.000
		103,812	88,862

本集團向第三方提供託管、受託、企業管理及投資管理服務。接受此等服務的資產是以受信人身份持有並不包含在此等綜合財務報表內。

The Group provides custody, trustee, corporate administration, and investment management services to third parties. The assets subject to these services are held in a fiduciary capacity and are not included in these consolidated financial statements.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

5. 扣除淨保險財務支出之保險服務業績

5. INSURANCE SERVICE RESULT AFTER NET INSURANCE FINANCE EXPENSE

截至6月30日止6個月

			經重列
			Restated
		2023	2022
保險收入	Insurance revenue	441,106	409,533
保險服務費用	Insurance service expense	(263,896)	(230,854)
持有再保險合約之淨支出	Net expense from reinsurance		
	contracts held	(125,732)	(128,679)
保險服務業績	Insurance service result	51,478	50,000
淨保險財務(支出)/收入	Net insurance finance (expense)/income	(7,866)	4,932
扣除淨保險財務成本之保險服務業績	Insurance service result after net		
	insurance finance expense	43,612	54,932
按主要業務類型分析:	Analysed by major lines of businesses:		
- 僱員補償保險	- Employees' compensation	10,422	11,768
一財產損毀	- Property damage	10,046	12,123
一汽車損毀及責任	 Motor vehicle, damage and liability 	6,268	17,271
一按揭保險	 Mortgage guarantee 	5,001	1,137
一建築工程	 Contractors' all risks 	1,128	1,423
一其他	- Others	10,747	11,210
			<u> </u>
		43,612	54,932

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

6. 淨交易收入

截至6月30日止6個月

6. NET TRADING INCOME

For the six months ended 30 June

		2023	2022
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	Dividend income from financial assets		
之股息收入	at fair value through profit or loss	26,559	14,199
外匯交易淨收益	Net gain arising from dealing in foreign		
	currencies	15,410	57,366
持作交易用途的證券之淨收益/(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) on trading securities	1,610	(4,361)
持作交易用途的衍生工具之淨收益	Net gain from derivatives entered into		
	for trading purpose	2,291	67,596
用公平值對沖的相關金融工具之淨收益/(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) arising from financial		
	instruments subject to fair value		
	hedge	1,269	(2,832)
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融工具	Net loss on financial instruments at fair		
之淨虧損	value through profit or loss	(42,377)	(41,440)
		4,762	90,528

7. 其他營運收入

截至6月30日止6個月

7. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

			經重列
			Restated
		2023	2022
		2020	2022
以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	Dividend income from investments in		
權益性工具投資之股息收入	equity instruments at fair value		
	through other comprehensive income		
一期內撤銷確認	 Derecognised during the period 		
一上市投資	 Listed investments 	13,428	7,599
一於期末仍持有	- Held at the end of the period		
一上市投資	 Listed investments 	30,997	57,891
一非上市投資	 Unlisted investments 	19,521	2,779
投資物業之租金收入總額	Gross rental income from investment		
	properties	9,741	11,357
其他租金收入	Other rental income	7,546	8,616
其他	Others	1,917	8,579
		83,150	96,821

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

8. 營運支出

截至6月30日止6個月

8. OPERATING EXPENSES

For the six months ended 30 June

			經重列
			Restated
		2023	2022
僱員薪酬及福利支出(包括董事薪酬)	Employee compensation and benefit		
	expenses (including directors'		
	remuneration)	1,068,664	1,068,762
行產及其他固定資產支出,不包括折舊	Premises and other fixed assets		
	expenses, excluding depreciation	104,358	96,692
折舊	Depreciation		
一行產及其他固定資產	 Premises and other fixed assets 		
(附註19(甲))	(Note 19(a))	102,893	106,324
- 有使用權之物業	 Right-of-use properties 	72,097	74,427
廣告及推銷活動支出	Advertising and promotion costs	38,852	42,706
印刷、文具及郵費	Printing, stationery and postage	23,624	16,404
其他	Others	165,628	54,850
		1,576,116	1,460,165

9. 信貸減值虧損

截至6月30日止6個月

9. CREDIT IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

			經重列
			Restated
		2023	2022
新增準備(已扣除回撥之準備)	New allowances net of allowance		
	releases	198,180	335,696
收回過往已撇銷之款項	Recoveries of amounts previously		
	written off	(39,794)	(30,096)
		158,386	305,600
分配如下:	Attributable to:		
- 客戶貸款及墊款	 Loans and advances to customers 	220,825	363,349
- 其他金融資產	 Other financial assets 	(35,540)	(32,935)
一貸款承擔及財務擔保	 Loan commitments and financial 		
	guarantees	(26,899)	(24,814)
		158,386	305,600

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

10. 應佔聯營公司之業績,及聯營公司投資之減值虧損

應佔聯營公司之業績

於此報告日期,本集團的聯營公司重慶銀行(「重慶銀行」)仍未公佈截至2023年6月30日止6個月之業績。因此本集團參考重慶銀行已公佈的業績,尤其是截至2023年3月31日止第1季的業績,並計及2023年4月1日至2023年6月30日期間重慶銀行已向公眾披露的重大交易或事項的財務影響,以決定本集團於2023年上半年的應佔重慶銀行之業績。

聯營公司投資之減值虧損

於2023年6月30日,本集團在重慶銀行之投資之公平值已有約9.5年低於賬面值。為此,本集團持續對在重慶銀行之投資之賬面值進行減值測試以評估可收回金額。

減值測試比對以計算使用價值(「使用價值」)而釐 定之重慶銀行可收回金額和該投資之賬面值。使 用價值乃按照管理層估量之重慶銀行盈利和未來 將派股息,及經考慮重慶銀行中期和長期之增長 及資產淨值後之預期未來的可能脱手價值,應用 貼現現金流量預測計算。應用於使用價值計算之 貼現率乃參考可於公開市場獲取之重慶銀行股本 成本而估算。

進行使用價值計算以得出該投資之可收回金額時,本集團考慮所有相關因素包括市場觀點及質化因素以確保計算使用價值之參數合適。調整亦須作出以反映影響重慶銀行之最新情況及對預測重慶銀行未來表現有關之中期及長期市場展望。在估算重慶銀行之未來現金流當中需要管理層作重要判斷。

本集團就2023年6月30日之狀況進行最新減值測試,採用貼現率為12.0%(2022年12月31日:12.0%),認為經計算使用價值後之可回收金額評估為低於扣除截至2022年12月31日之累計減值計提4,675,000,000港元後之賬面值,及有關減值金額為232,000,000港元。因此,於2023年上半年確認新增減值撥備232,000,000港元以調低該投資之價值至2,016,000,000港元。

10. SHARE OF RESULTS OF AN ASSOCIATE, AND IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

Share of results of an associate

As at the date of this report, the results of the Group's associate, Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ"), for the six months ended 30 June 2023 are not yet publicly available. The Group has determined its share of results of BOCQ for the first half of 2023 by reference to the results published by BOCQ in particular those attributable to the first quarter of 2023 ended 31 March 2023, and taking into account the financial effect of significant transactions or events in the period from 1 April 2023 to 30 June 2023 which BOCQ had made known to the public.

Impairment loss on investment in an associate

At 30 June 2023, the fair value of the Group's investment in BOCQ had been below the carrying amount for approximately 9.5 years. On this basis, the Group continues to perform an impairment test on the carrying amount of the investment in BOCQ to assess the recoverable amount.

The impairment test is performed by comparing the recoverable amount of BOCQ, determined by a value in use ("VIU") calculation, with the carrying amount of the investment. The VIU calculation uses discounted cash flow projections based on management's estimates of BOCQ's earnings and dividends to be paid in future, and the estimated probable exit value in future after considering the growth of BOCQ and its net asset value for the medium and longer term. The discount rate applied to the VIU calculation was estimated with reference to BOCQ's cost of equity, which is publicly available in the market.

In performing the VIU calculation to arrive at the recoverable amount of the investment, the Group considers all relevant factors including market views and qualitative factors to ensure that the inputs to the VIU calculation are appropriate. Adjustments need to be made to reflect the latest situation affecting BOCQ and also market outlook for the medium and longer term that are relevant in projecting BOCQ's future performance. Significant management judgement is required in estimating the future cash flows of BOCQ.

The latest impairment test performed by the Group for the position as at 30 June 2023 using a discount rate of 12.0% (31 December 2022: 12.0%) concludes that the recoverable amount, based on the VIU calculation, is assessed as lower than the carrying amount, after deducting the cumulative impairment allowance made up to 31 December 2022 of HK\$4,675 million, by HK\$232 million. As a result, an additional impairment charge of HK\$232 million was recognised in the first half of 2023 to reduce the value of the investment to HK\$2,016 million.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

10. 應佔聯營公司之業績,及聯營公司投資之減值虧損(續)

聯營公司投資之減值虧損(續)

計算大新銀行有限公司(「大新銀行」)之資本充足 比率並無包括該投資之保留盈利,惟大新銀行收 取重慶銀行之現金股息除外。倘若該投資維持等 於或高於初始投資成本之1,213,000,000港元,該 投資之減值將不影響大新銀行之資本充足比率。

11. 税項

香港利得税乃按照期內估計應課税溢利以税率 16.5%(2022年:16.5%)提撥準備。中國內地及 澳門稅款乃按期內估計應課稅溢利依本集團經營 業務地區之現行稅率計算。

遞延税項是採用負債法就暫時差異,按預期該等 税項負債需清付時或資產可予扣減時所適用之稅 率作全數確認。

截至6月30日止6個月

10. SHARE OF RESULTS OF AN ASSOCIATE, AND IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (Continued)

Impairment loss on investment in an associate (Continued)

The calculation of Dah Sing Bank, Limited ("DSB")'s capital adequacy does not include the retained earnings from this investment (the "Investment"), except for BOCQ cash dividend received by DSB. Provided that the Investment continues to be held at or above the original cost of the investment of HK\$1,213 million, impairment made on the Investment does not affect DSB's capital adequacy.

11. TAXATION

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period. Taxation on profits in Mainland China and Macau has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

Deferred taxation is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

		2023	2022
即期税項	Current income tax		
一香港利得税	 Hong Kong profits tax 	89,864	118,239
- 中國內地及澳門的税項	- Mainland China's and Macau's		
	taxation	21,326	16,111
一於過往年度超額之撥備	 Over-provision for prior years 	(60,044)	-
遞延税項	Deferred income tax		
-關於暫時差異的產生及撥回	 Origination and reversal of 		
	temporary differences	51,217	47,986
税項	Taxation	102,363	182,336

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

12. 每股基本及攤薄盈利

每股基本盈利乃按照截至2023年6月30日止6個月之盈利921,862,000港元(2022年:842,397,000港元)及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數319,428,585股(2022年:319,575,100股)計算。

每股攤薄盈利乃按照截至2023年6月30日止6個月之盈利921,862,000港元(2022年:842,397,000港元)並已考慮應佔聯營公司利潤44,647,000港元(2022年:無)的攤薄效應,及期內已發行普通股股份之加權平均數320,223,142股(2022年:319,575,100股)經調整所有股份獎勵計劃下授予股份648,042股(2022年:無)之影響攤薄潛在普通股股份計算。期內及於期末之未行使認股權證對普通股股份之加權平均數並無攤薄影響。

12. BASIC AND DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is based on earnings of HK\$921,862,000 (2022: HK\$842,397,000) and the weighted average number of 319,428,585 (2022: 319,575,100) ordinary shares in issue during the period.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is based on earnings of HK\$921,862,000 (2022: HK\$842,397,000) and deducting from it the dilutive effect of our share of profits in an associate amounting to HK\$44,647,000 (2022: Nil) and the weighted average number of 320,223,142 (2022: 319,575,100) ordinary shares in issue during the period after adjusting for the effect of shares held for share award scheme in 648,042 shares (2022: Nil). The share options outstanding during the period and at the period end have no dilutive effect on the weighted average number of ordinary shares.

		2023	2022
股東應佔溢利(港幣千元位)	Profit attributable to shareholders (HK\$'000)	921,862	842,397
佔聯營公司利潤的攤薄效應(港幣千元位)	Dilutive effect of share of profits in an	02.,002	0 .2,00 .
	associate (HK\$'000)	(44,647)	
	5		
用以釐定每股攤薄盈利之溢利(港幣千元位)	Profit used to determine diluted	077 015	949 207
	earnings per share (HK\$'000)	877,215	842,397
已發行普通股之股數加權平均	Weighted average number of ordinary		
	shares in issue	319,575,100	319,575,100
為股份獎勵計劃持有之股份	Shares held for share award scheme	648,042	
用以釐定每股攤薄盈利之已發行普通股之	Weighted average number of ordinary		
股數加權平均	shares in issue used to determine		
	diluted earnings per share	320,223,142	319,575,100

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

13. 持作交易用途的證券及以公平值計量 且其變動計入損益的金融資產

13. TRADING SECURITIES AND FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

		2023年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2023	2022年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2022
持作交易用途的證券: 債務證券: 一香港上市	Trading securities: Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong	18,893	16,866
一非上市	– Unlisted	122,248	545,295
以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產:	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
債務證券及投資基金: -香港上市	Equity securities and investment funds: - Listed in Hong Kong	89,819	23,428
- 香港以外上市	- Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong	701,460	551,523
一非上市	– Unlisted	52,074	47,117
		843,353	622,068
合計	Total	984,494	1,184,229
包括在債務證券內有: -國庫票據(等同現金項目)	Included within debt securities are: – Treasury bills which are cash		
	equivalents	-	89,278
一其他國庫票據	- Other treasury bills	122,248	455,887
一政府債券	Government bonds	18,893	16,996
		141,141	562,161

於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日,上述結餘 內並無包括持有存款證。

持作交易用途的證券及以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產按發行機構類別分析如下:

- 一中央政府和中央銀行
- 一銀行及其他金融機構

一企業

As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, there were no certificates of deposit held included in the above balances.

Trading securities and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by categories of issuers as follows:

 Central governments and central 		
banks	141,141	562,161
- Banks and other financial institutions	102,808	3,997
- Corporate entities	740,545	618,071
	984,494	1,184,229

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 衍生金融工具

於2023年6月30日未到期衍生工具合約之名義本 金及其公平值如下:

14. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 30 June 2023 were as follows:

				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	_
				notional amount	資產 Assets	負債 Liabilities
_					7,000,0	
1)	持作交易用途之衍生工具		Derivatives held for trading			
	甲)外匯衍生工具		a) Foreign exchange derivatives	450,000,000	775 540	(007.000)
	遠期及期貨合約 購入及沽出外匯期權		Forward and futures contracts Currency options purchased and	156,299,206	775,512	(807,220)
	期八 <u>火</u> /山川性		written	24,187,449	150,692	(161,537)
	交換貨幣利率掉期		Cross currency interest rate swaps	947,489	22,890	(22,409)
			,		,	, , ,
	乙)利率衍生工具		b) Interest rate derivatives			
	利率掉期		Interest rate swaps	4,263,375	58,426	(53,630)
	<i>丙)權益性衍生工具</i>		c) Equity derivatives			/
	購入及沽出權益性期權		Equity options purchased and written	385,184	4,502	(4,507)
	丁)商品衍生工具		d) Commodity derivatives			
	商品掉期		Commodity swaps	11,921	101	(70)
			,	<u> </u>		
	持作交易用途之衍生工具		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for			
	資產/(負債)合計		trading	186,094,624	1,012,123	(1,049,373)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具	2)	Derivatives held for hedging			
	甲)指定以公平值對沖之衍生		a) Derivatives designated as fair value			
	工具		hedges			
	利率掉期		Interest rate swaps	46,206,160	3,278,788	(315,393)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for	40.000.400	0.070.700	(04 5 000)
	資產/(負債)合計		hedging	46,206,160	3,278,788	(315,393)
	確認之衍生金融工具資產/	Tota	al recognized derivative financial coasts/			
	唯祕之衍生並融工共員座/ (負債)合計		al recognised derivative financial assets/ abilities)	232,300,784	4,290,911	(1,364,766)
	(只)[月]	(11	abilities)	202,000,704	4,200,311	(1,304,700)

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

14. 衍生金融工具(續)

於2022年12月31日未到期衍生工具合約之名義本 金及其公平值如下:

14. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

The notional principal amounts of outstanding derivatives contracts and their fair values as at 31 December 2022 were as follows:

				合約/ 名義金額 Contract/	公平 Fair va	
				notional	資產	負債
_				amount	Assets	Liabilities
1)	持作交易用途之衍生工具	1)	Derivatives held for trading			
',	甲)外匯衍生工具	٠,	a) Foreign exchange derivatives			
	遠期及期貨合約		Forward and futures contracts	89,702,960	619,726	(517,746)
	購入及沽出外匯期權		Currency options purchased and	, ,	•	(, ,
			written	15,996,882	54,410	(55,034)
	交換貨幣利率掉期		Cross currency interest rate swaps	258,108	8,646	(8,565)
	乙)利率衍生工具		b) Interest rate derivatives			
	利率掉期		Interest rate swaps	2,546,183	61,362	(56,702)
	丙)權益性衍生工具		c) Equity derivatives			
	購入及沽出權益性期權		Equity options purchased and written	229,616	2,400	(2,400)
	持作交易用途之衍生工具		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for			
	資產/(負債)合計		trading	108,733,749	746,544	(640,447)
2)	持作對沖用途之衍生工具	2)	Derivatives held for hedging			
	甲) 指定以公平值對沖之衍生		a) Derivatives designated as fair value			
	工具		hedges			
	利率掉期		Interest rate swaps	47,823,185	3,154,692	(357,190)
	持作對沖用途之衍生工具		Total derivative assets/(liabilities) held for			
	資產/(負債)合計		hedging	47,823,185	3,154,692	(357,190)
P	確認之衍生金融工具資產/	Τo	tal recognised derivative financial assets/			
	(負債)合計		(liabilities)	156,556,934	3,901,236	(997,637)

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. 各項貸款及其他賬目

15. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS

13. 省項貝林及共祀版日	15. ADVANCES AND OTHER AC	COUNTS	
			經重列
			Restated
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
客戶貸款及墊款總額	Gross loans and advances to customers	139,419,039	136,530,235
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowances		
一階段1	- Stage 1	(346,414)	(406,618)
一階段2	- Stage 2	(249,274)	(342,731)
一階段3	- Stage 3	(477,320)	(887,053)
		(4.070.000)	(4.000.400)
		(1,073,008)	(1,636,402)
		138,346,031	134,893,833
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,026,109	3,666,988
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowances		
一階段 1	- Stage 1	(5,447)	(5,569)
一階段 2	- Stage 2	(0,447)	(1)
111/2	olago L		
		(5,447)	(5,570)
		3,020,662	3,661,418
其他資產	Other assets	5,486,838	4,613,162
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowances		
一階段 1	- Stage 1	(8,584)	(10,198)
一階段2	- Stage 2	(2,377)	(2,238)
一階段3	– Stage 3	(10,207)	(12,787)
	•		·
		(21,168)	(25,223)
		5,465,670	4,587,939
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	146,832,363	143,143,190
			r -

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

(甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產

(i) 減值貸款

15. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

(a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets

(i) Impaired loans

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
貸款及墊款總額	Gross loans and advances	139,419,039	136,530,235
扣除:減值準備總額	Less: total impairment allowances	(1,073,008)	(1,636,402)
淨額	Net	138,346,031	134,893,833
信貸減值之貸款及墊款	Credit-impaired loans and advances	2,581,753	2,539,012
扣除:階段3減值準備	Less: Stage 3 impairment allowances	(477,320)	(887,053)
淨額	Net	2,104,433	1,651,959
持有抵押品公平值*	Fair value of collateral held*	1,609,444	1,056,118
信貸減值貸款及墊款佔客戶貸款及	Credit-impaired loans and advances as		
墊款總額百分比	a % of total loans and advances to		
	customers	1.85%	1.86%

^{*} 抵押品公平值乃根據抵押品市值及貸款未 償還結餘,兩者中較低值釐定。

^{*} Fair value of collateral is determined at the lower of the market value of collateral and outstanding loan balance.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

(甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)

(ii) 逾期未償還貸款總額

15. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

- (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
 - (ii) Gross amount of overdue loans

		2023年6	月30日	2022年12	2月31日
		As at 30 J	lun 2023	As at 31 D	ec 2022
		逾期未償還		逾期未償還	
		貸款總額		貸款總額	
		Gross		Gross	
		amount of	佔總額	amount of	佔總額
		overdue	百分比	overdue	百分比
		loans	% of total	loans	% of total
未償還客戶貸款及墊款	Gross loans and advances to				
總額,逾期:	customers which have been				
	overdue for:				
-3個月以上至6個月	- six months or less but over				
	three months	595,460	0.43	535,376	0.39
-6個月以上至 1 年	- one year or less but over six				
	months	559,138	0.40	987,443	0.72
-1 年以上	over one year	923,037	0.66	332,525	0.25
		2,077,635	1.49	1,855,344	1.36
分配如下:	Represented by:				
- 有抵押逾期貸款	- Secured overdue loans and				
及墊款	advances	1,462,331		888,975	
-無抵押逾期貸款	- Unsecured overdue loans				
及墊款	and advances	615,304		966,369	
有抵押逾期貸款及墊款	Market value of securities held				
所持的抵押品市值	against the secured overdue				
	loans and advances	2,672,591		1,715,178	
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances	262,140		632,380	

持有之抵押品主要為抵押存款、按揭物業及 抵押其他固定資產如設備。 Collateral held mainly represented pledged deposits, mortgages over properties and charges over other fixed assets such as equipment.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

15. 各項貸款及其他賬目(續)

(甲)減值、逾期未償還及經重組資產(續)

(iii) 經重組貸款及墊款(已扣除包括在 上述之逾期貸款及墊款)

15. ADVANCES AND OTHER ACCOUNTS (Continued)

- (a) Impaired, overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)
 - (iii) Rescheduled loans and advances net of amounts included in overdue loans and advances shown above

		2023年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2023	佔總額 百分比	2022年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2022	佔總額 百分比 % of total
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	435,359	0.31	339,249	0.25
階段3減值準備	Stage 3 impairment allowances	141,652		123,023	

(iv) 貿易票據

於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日,並 無逾期超過3個月的貿易票據結餘。

(乙) 收回抵押品

持有之收回抵押品如下:

(iv) Trade bills

As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, there were no balance of trade bills that were overdue for more than 3 months.

(b) Repossessed collateral

Repossessed collateral held is as follows:

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
	30	Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
資產性質 Nature (of assets		
收回物業 Repo	ssessed properties	142,386	125,262
其他 Other	rs	5,810	5,560
		148,196	130,822

收回抵押品按可行情況盡快出售,實收款項用以 減低有關之借款人未償還債務。

估計可變現總值為57,050,000港元(2022年12月31日:59,356,000港元)之在中國內地的若干其他物業,乃本集團根據中國內地法院頒佈之法令而行使以物抵債權及回收。該抵押品為呈報於「其他資產」項下的持作再出售之資產。相關之貸款已被終止確認。

Repossessed collaterals are sold as soon as practicable with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness of the borrowers concerned.

Certain other properties in Mainland China with a total estimated realisable value of HK\$57,050,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$59,356,000), which had been foreclosed and repossessed by the Group pursuant to orders issued by courts in Mainland China, represent assets held by the Group for resale and have been reported under "Other assets". The relevant loans had been derecognised.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

16. 虧損準備

下表提供按香港財務報告準則第9號本集團的按階 段之客戶貸款及墊款、貸款承擔及財務擔保之預 期信貸虧損準備的對賬。

16. LOSS ALLOWANCE

The tables below provide a reconciliation of the Group's ECL allowances for loans and advances to customers, loan commitments and financial guarantees by stage under HKFRS 9.

		階段1	階段2	階段3	合計
		預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸
		虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		ECL "	ECL "	ECL	ECL "
		allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance
2023年1月1日	At 1 January 2023	495,939	352,020	887,053	1,735,012
轉移:	Transfers:				
轉移至階段1	Transfer to Stage 1	17,608	(17,460)	(148)	-
轉移至階段2	Transfer to Stage 2	(14,680)	15,222	(542)	_
轉移至階段3	Transfer to Stage 3	(14,909)	(136,323)	151,232	_
由階段轉移及準備變動	Effect of stage transfers and				
所產生之影響	changes in allowance	(7,014)	9,919	155,709	158,614
期內新源生、購入或	New financial assets originated,				
撤銷確認之金融資產	purchased or derecognised				
	during the period	28,054	32,074	(4,229)	55,899
PDs/LGDs/EADs/前瞻性的	Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/				
假設之變動	forward looking assumptions	(104,535)	(5,079)	105,210	(4,404)
解除貼現	Unwind of discount	12,701	5,003	4,327	22,031
撇銷	Write-offs	-	-	(820,643)	(820,643)
外匯及其他變動	Foreign exchange and other				
	movements	(841)	(226)	(649)	(1,716)
2023年6月30日	At 30 June 2023	412,323	255,150	477,320	1,144,793
有關:	In respect of:				
有關· 客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	346,414	249,274	477,320	1,073,008
貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and financial	540,414	243,214	477,020	1,070,000
只亦介泥火剂亦指序	guarantees	65,909	5,876		71,785
	guarantees				
		412,323	255,150	477,320	1,144,793

採用縮寫:

Abbreviations used:

PD	違約或然率	PD	Probability of default
LGD	違約損失率	LGD	Loss given default
EAD	違約風險承擔	EAD	Exposures at default
ECL	預期信貸虧損	ECL	Expected credit loss

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

16. 虧損準備(續)

16. LOSS ALLOWANCE (Continued)

		階段1	階段2	階段3	合計
		預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸	預期信貸
		虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備	虧損準備
		Stage 1	Stage 2	Stage 3	Total
		ECL	ECL	ECL	ECL
		allowance	allowance	allowance	allowance
2022年1月1日	At 1 January 2022	583,967	359,975	547,609	1,491,551
轉移:	Transfers:				
轉移至階段1	Transfer to Stage 1	12,951	(11,787)	(1,164)	_
轉移至階段2	Transfer to Stage 2	(23,502)	23,979	(477)	_
轉移至階段3	Transfer to Stage 3	(22,306)	(94,930)	117,236	_
由階段轉移及準備變動	Effect of stage transfers and changes				
所產生之影響	in allowance	(4,326)	27,789	771,895	795,358
期內新源生、購入或 撤銷確認之金融資產	New financial assets originated, purchased or derecognised during				
	the period	60,143	(8,826)	(46,639)	4,678
PDs/LGDs/EADs/前瞻性的	Changes in PDs/LGDs/EADs/forward				
假設之變動	looking assumptions	(110,053)	55,649	75,671	21,267
解除貼現	Unwind of discount	493	1,924	195	2,612
撇銷	Write-offs	_	_	(577,231)	(577,231)
外匯及其他變動	Foreign exchange and other				
	movements	(1,428)	(1,753)	(42)	(3,223)
2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	495,939	352,020	887,053	1,735,012
有關:	In respect of:				
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	406,618	342,731	887,053	1,636,402
貸款承擔及財務擔保	Loan commitments and financial	,	, -	,,,,,,,,	, ,
	guarantees	89,321	9,289		98,610
		495,939	352,020	887,053	1,735,012
		+90,909	002,020		1,700,012

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

收益的金融資產

17. 以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面 17. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		2023年 6月30日 As at 30 Jun 2023	2022年 12月31日 As at 31 Dec 2022
債務證券: -香港上市 -香港以外上市 -非上市	Debt securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	11,766,479 17,103,373 8,477,009	13,609,856 15,742,345 8,590,336
		37,346,861	37,942,537
權益性證券: 一香港上市 一香港以外上市 一非上市	Equity securities: - Listed in Hong Kong - Listed outside Hong Kong - Unlisted	361,132 3,622,580 730,458	864,117 2,565,200 674,982
		4,714,170	4,104,299
合計	Total	42,061,031	42,046,836
包括在債務證券內有: 一持有的存款證 一國庫票據(等同現金項目)	Included within debt securities are: - Certificates of deposit held - Treasury bills which are cash	352,970	234,493
一其他國庫票據	equivalents - Other treasury bills	1,987,974 906,335	897,617 3,867,536
一政府債券 一其他債務證券	Government bondsOther debt securities	1,004,433 33,095,149	635,348
		37,346,861	37,942,537
以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產 按發行機構類別分析如下: 債務證券: 一中央政府及中央銀行	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are analysed by categories of issuers as follows: Debt securities:		
一个关政的及中关或1]	Central governments and central banksPublic sector entities	8,003,467 1,041,344	9,160,937 802,807
一銀行及其他金融機構	Banks and other financial institutions	8,015,401	5,902,047
一企業	- Corporate entities	20,286,649	22,076,746
		37,346,861	37,942,537
權益性證券: 一銀行及其他金融機構 一企業	Equity securities: - Banks and other financial institutions - Corporate entities	240,786 4,473,384	589,850 3,514,449
		4,714,170	4,104,299
		42,061,031	42,046,836

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

18. 以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產

18. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
債務證券:	Debt securities:		
一香港上市	 Listed in Hong Kong 	12,054,835	11,895,925
一香港以外上市 	 Listed outside Hong Kong 	15,612,343	12,981,228
一非上市	Unlisted	7,695,022	8,123,992
		35,362,200	33,001,145
4. 4. +1. 4. +1.			
扣除:減值準備	Less: impairment allowance	(45.004)	(50.405)
一階段1	- Stage 1	(45,364)	(59,435)
A 21			
合計	Total	35,316,836	32,941,710
力长大 <i>伟欢</i> 资光 克左 ·	to all colored containing at a late.		
包括在債務證券內有:	Included within debt securities are:	0.000.010	0.400.470
一持有的存款證	- Certificates of deposit held	2,692,313	3,120,178
- 國庫票據 - 政府債券	Treasury billsGovernment bonds	925,200 217,096	1,121,950
一	- Other debt securities	31,527,591	214,612 28,544,405
一共他俱然起芬	- Other debt securities	31,527,591	20,544,405
		35,362,200	22 001 145
		35,302,200	33,001,145
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost are		
按發行機構類別分析如下:	analysed by categories of issuers as		
1女 5g T J 1gg 1ff 共力 J J J M J N T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	follows:		
一中央政府及中央銀行	Central governments and central		
	banks	1,142,296	1,336,562
- 公營機構	- Public sector entities	1,638,092	1,410,432
-銀行及其他金融機構	Banks and other financial	-,,	,,,,,,,
	institutions	11,328,257	10,420,964
一企業	 Corporate entities 	21,253,555	19,833,187
		35,362,200	33,001,145
19. 行產及其他固定資產	19. PREMISES AND OTHER FIXI	ED ASSETS	
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
行產、傢俬及設備	Premises, furniture and equipment	2,317,811	2,389,133
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	443,249	508,543
		2,761,060	2,897,676

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

19. 行產及其他固定資產(續)

19. PREMISES AND OTHER FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(甲) 行產、傢俬及設備

(a) Premises, furniture and equipment

		行產 Premises	傢俬、設備 及汽車 Furniture, equipment and motor vehicles	合計 Total
截至2023年6月30日止6個月	Six months ended 30 June 2023			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	1,953,414	435,719	2,389,133
新增	Additions	-	40,089	40,089
出售	Disposals	-	(2,802)	(2,802)
折舊支出(附註8)	Depreciation charge (Note 8)	(36,149)	(66,744)	(102,893)
匯兑差異	Exchange difference	(3,941)	(1,775)	(5,716)
期末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,913,324	404,487	2,317,811
2023年6月30日	At 30 June 2023			
成本	Cost	2,675,144	1,516,637	4,191,781
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(761,820)	(1,112,150)	(1,873,970)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,913,324	404,487	2,317,811
截至2022年12月31日止年度	Year ended 31 December 2022			
期初賬面淨值	Opening net book amount	1,937,857	525,576	2,463,433
新增	Additions	97,452	87,374	184,826
出售	Disposals	_	(2,665)	(2,665)
折舊支出	Depreciation charge	(72,043)	(169,833)	(241,876)
匯兑差異	Exchange difference	(9,852)	(4,733)	(14,585)
年末賬面淨值	Closing net book amount	1,953,414	435,719	2,389,133
2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022			
成本	Cost	2,679,939	1,493,649	4,173,588
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(726,525)	(1,057,930)	(1,784,455)
賬面淨值	Net book amount	1,953,414	435,719	2,389,133

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

19. 行產及其他固定資產(續)

(乙)租賃

此附註就本集團作為承租人之租賃提供資料。

未經審核之綜合財務狀況表內有關租賃之金額列 示如下:

19. PREMISES AND OTHER FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

(b) Leases

This note provides information for leases where the Group is a lessee.

The unaudited consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

			2023年	2022年
			6月30日	12月31日
		附註	As at	As at
		Note	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
使用權資產 一物業	Right-of-use assets - Properties	19	443,249	508,543
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	24	471,340	539,020

20. 投資物業

20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	截至	截至
	2023年	2022年
	6月30日止	12月31日止
	6個月	年度
	Six months	Year
	ended	ended
	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
期/年初 At beginning of the period/year	782,816	760,256
新增 Additions	-	84,652
重估公平值虧損 Fair value losses on revaluation	-	(62,092)
期/年末 At end of the period/year	782,816	782,816

本集團於2022年12月31日為投資物業的價值進行了重估。此評估由獨立專業特許測量師第一太平戴維斯(估值及專業顧問)有限公司為位於香港及中國國內之投資物業及第一太平戴維斯(澳門)有限公司為位於澳門之投資物業按直接比較方法或收入現值資產化方法以可參考之相似物業其近期成交紀錄來進行。在評定投資物業的價值時,其中一項主要依據為經考慮時間、地點及個別因素如樓宇的大小及樓層所確定的銷售單位價格。銷售單位價格的下降會導致投資物業之公平值計量有相應百分比的減少,反之亦然。

The Group's investment properties were last revalued at 31 December 2022 by adopting the direct comparison approach or the income capitalisation approach. Under direct comparison approach, valuation is referenced to recent transactions for similar premises as far as practicable by independent, professionally qualified valuer Savills (Valuation and Professional Services) Limited for investment properties in Hong Kong and Mainland China, and by Savills (Macau) Limited for investment properties in Macau. The key inputs was the unit sale rate taking into account of time, location, and individual factors such as size and levels of buildings. A decrease in unit sale rate would result in decrease in fair value measurement of the investment properties by the same percentage and vice versa.

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

21. 客戶存款

21. DEPOSITS FROM CUSTOMERS

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
活期存款及往來存款	Demand deposits and current accounts	30,340,659	32,951,754
儲蓄存款	Savings deposits	32,974,492	37,658,853
定期、通知及短期存款	Time, call and notice deposits	138,049,555	127,964,302
		201,364,706	198,574,909
22. 已發行的存款證	22. CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT	ISSUED	
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
按對沖利率風險下以攤餘成本及經公平值	At amortised cost with fair value hedge		
對沖調整後列賬	adjustments (for hedging interest rate		
	risk)	2,688,932	4,228,983

本集團在此等已發行的存款證到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值高30,000,000港元(2022年12月31日:高60,000,000港元)。

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these certificates of deposit is HK\$30 million higher (31 December 2022: HK\$60 million higher) than the above carrying amount.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

23. 後償債務

23. SUBORDINATED NOTES

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
按對沖利率風險下以攤餘成本及經公平值	At amortised cost with fair value hedge		
對沖調整後列賬:	adjustments (for hedging interest rate		
	risk):		
225,000,000美元於2029年到期的	US\$225,000,000 Subordinated Fixed		
定息後償債務(註(甲))	Rate Notes due 2029 (Note (a))	1,732,541	1,708,812
300,000,000美元於2031年到期的	US\$300,000,000 Subordinated Fixed		
定息後償債務(註(乙))	Rate Notes due 2031 (Note (b))	2,101,001	2,092,683
		3,833,542	3,801,495

註:

- (甲) 此乃大新銀行於2019年1月15日發行之225,000,000美元在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港交易所」)上市及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」)(須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務將於2029年1月15日到期。選擇性贖還日為2024年1月15日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年息為5%,每半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債券息率加255點子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以有擔保隔夜融資利率為基礎的浮動利息付款。
- (乙) 此乃大新銀行於2021年11月2日發行之300,000,000美元在香港交易所上市及符合巴塞爾協定III而被界定為二級資本的10年期定息後償債務(「債務」)(須遵守香港《銀行業(資本)規則》之條款)。此等債務將於2031年11月2日到期。選擇性贖還日為2026年11月2日。由發行日至其選擇性贖還日,年息為3%,每半年付息一次。其後,倘債務未在選擇性贖還日贖回,往後的利息會重訂為當時5年期美國國庫債券息率加195點子。若獲得香港金管局預先批准,大新銀行可以票面價值贖回所有(非部分)債務。大新銀行亦已與一國際銀行訂立利率掉期合約將債務的固定利息掉換為以有擔保隔夜融資利率為基礎的浮動利息付款。

本集團在此等後償債務到期時按合約應付的金額較以上所列之賬面值高280,000,000港元(2022年12月31日:高292,000,000港元)。

Note:

- (a) This represents US\$225,000,000 Basel III compliant 10-year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 15 January 2019 (the "Notes"), which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK"). The Notes will mature on 15 January 2029 with an optional redemption date falling on 15 January 2024. Interest at 5% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 255 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on SOFR has been entered into with an international bank.
- (b) This represents US\$300,000,000 Basel III compliant 10-year Subordinated Fixed Rate Notes qualifying as Tier 2 capital of DSB (subject to the provisions of the Banking (Capital) Rules of Hong Kong) issued on 2 November 2021 (the "Notes"), which are listed on the SEHK. The Notes will mature on 2 November 2031 with an optional redemption date falling on 2 November 2026. Interest at 3% p.a. is payable semi-annually from the issue date to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the Notes are not redeemed, the interest rate will be reset and the Notes will bear interest at the then prevailing 5-year U.S. Treasury Rate plus 195 basis points. DSB may, subject to receiving the prior approval of the HKMA, redeem the Notes in whole but not in part, at par. An interest rate swap contract to swap the fixed rate payment liability of the Notes to floating interest rate based on SOFR has been entered into with an international bank.

The amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders of these subordinated notes is HK\$280 million higher (31 December 2022: HK\$292 million higher) than the above carrying amount.

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

24. 其他賬目及預提

24. OTHER ACCOUNTS AND ACCRUALS

			經重列
			Restated
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
租賃負債(附註19(乙))	Lease liabilities (Note 19(b))	471,340	539,020
其他負債及預提(註)	Other liabilities and accruals (Note)	8,783,825	8,602,565
		9,255,165	9,141,585

註: 就本集團之一般保險業務而言,保險及再保合約之負債總額1,239,250,000港元(2022年12月31日:1,097,994,000港元)包括在其他賬目及預提之中。可用於投資的「保險業務流動資金」,即本集團之一般保險業務淨保險負債與應付貿易款項和税項的總額,扣除備用營運現金和銀行存款及按揭保險業務抵押品,於2023年6月30日為724,565,000港元(2022年12月31日:593,542,000港元)。

Note: Included in "Other liabilities and accruals" are insurance and reinsurance contract liabilities in respect of the Group's general insurance business amounting to HK\$1,239,250,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$1,097,994,000). The aggregate of net insurance liabilities and trade and tax payables of the Group's general insurance business after deducting cash and bank balances held for operations and collateral placed out for mortgage insurance business, or "float" available for investment, as at 30 June 2023 was HK\$724,565,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$593,542,000).

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

25. 股東資金

25. SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

			經重列
			Restated
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
股本及持作股份獎勵計劃之股份	Share capital and shares held for share		
	award scheme	4,230,067	4,248,559
行產重估儲備	Premises revaluation reserve	608,287	608,287
投資重估儲備	Investment revaluation reserve	640,582	55,738
匯兑儲備	Exchange reserve	(601,513)	(367,591)
資本儲備	Capital reserve	6,318	6,318
一般儲備	General reserve	484,289	484,289
以股份為基礎作報酬之儲備	Reserve for share-based compensation	14,216	3,906
保留盈利	Retained earnings	25,116,595	24,539,729
		30,498,841	29,579,235
包括於保留盈利內之擬派股息/已派股息	Proposed dividend/dividend paid		
DIRECTOR DE LE LA	included in retained earnings	115,047	258,532

大新銀行為香港註冊銀行須以監管儲備形式維持除香港財務報告準則所需以外之最低減值撥備。維持該監管儲備(儲備計及澳門商業銀行股份有限公司(「澳門商業銀行」)及大新銀行(中國)有限公司(「大新銀行(中國)」))乃為符合香港銀行業條例及以審慎監管為目的之本地監管規定。該監管儲備規限可派發予股東之儲備金額。監管儲備之變動須與香港金管局進行諮詢,並直接於權益儲備內調撥。

於2023年6月30日,大新銀行已指定617,258,000港元(2022年12月31日:438,466,000港元)之金額作為監管儲備先抵銷其綜合一般儲備,餘額再從其綜合保留盈利中指定。

DSB as a locally incorporated bank in Hong Kong is required to maintain minimum impairment provisions in excess of those required under HKFRS in the form of regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve, which also covers Banco Comercial de Macau, S.A. ("BCM") and Dah Sing Bank (China) Limited ("DSB China"), is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance and local regulatory requirements for prudential supervision purposes. The regulatory reserve restricts the amount of reserves which can be distributed to shareholders. Movements in the regulatory reserve are made directly through equity reserve and in consultation with the HKMA.

As at 30 June 2023, DSB has earmarked a regulatory reserve of HK\$617,258,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$438,466,000) first against its consolidated general reserve; and for any excess amount, the balance is earmarked against its consolidated retained earnings.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

26. 或然負債及承擔

(甲) 資本承擔

於報告期末在賬目內仍未提撥準備之有關項目及 購入固定資產之資本承擔如下:

26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditure in respect of projects and acquisition of fixed assets at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred is as follows:

	2023年	2022年
	6月30日	12月31日
	As at	As at
	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
已簽約但未提撥準備之開支 Expenditure contracted be	ut not	
provided for	60,861	71,857

(乙) 信貸承擔

本集團資產負債表外承擔授信予客戶之金融工具 合約金額及其信貸風險加權數額如下:

(b) Credit commitments

The contract and credit risk weighted amounts of the Group's offbalance sheet financial instruments that commit it to extend credit to customers are as follows:

		合約	金額
		Contrac	t amount
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
直接信貸代替品	Direct credit substitutes	1,281,636	2,135,043
與交易相關之或然項目	Transaction-related contingencies	341,123	495,616
與貿易相關之或然項目	Trade-related contingencies	428,376	247,910
可無條件取消而不須預先通知之承擔	Commitments that are unconditionally		
	cancellable without prior notice	61,537,567	66,596,620
其他承擔	Other commitments	4,318,441	4,814,077
遠期有期存款	Forward forward deposits placed	392,575	317,824
		68,299,718	74,607,090

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

26. 或然負債及承擔(續)

26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

(Continued)

(乙)信貸承擔(續)

(b) Credit commitments (Continued)

信貸風險加權數額 Credit risk weighted amount

 2023年
 2022年

 6月30日
 12月31日

 As at
 As at

 30 Jun 2023
 31 Dec 2022

或然負債及承擔

Contingent liabilities and commitments

2,073,024 2

2,657,818

(丙)已作抵押之資產

(c) Assets pledged

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
已抵押之持作交易用途資產及	Trading assets and financial investments		
金融投資作負債擔保	pledged to secure liabilities	1,444,102	3,185,206
- 其中:按回購協議	of which: under repurchase		
	agreements	1,344,413	2,453,089
擔保之負債金額	Amount of liabilities secured	1,441,386	2,678,069
- 其中:按回購協議	of which: under repurchase		
	agreements	1,341,777	1,946,069

上表列示按法律及合約基準而授出抵押作負債擔保之資產。該等交易乃按正常及慣常的抵押交易(包括回購協議及抵押資產以保障淡倉及便利與結算所之支付程序)條款進行。

The table above shows assets where a charge has been granted to secure liabilities on a legal and contractual basis. These transactions are conducted under terms that are usual and customary to collateralised transactions including repurchase agreements, and include assets pledged to cover short positions and to facilitate settlement processes with clearing houses.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

26. 或然負債及承擔(續)

(丁) 經營租賃承擔

如本集團之公司為出租人,按不可取消物業經營 租賃而於未來應收之最低租賃付款總額如下:

26. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

(d) Operating lease commitments

Where a Group company is the lessor, the future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable building operating leases are as follows:

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
1 年以內	Within 1 year	12,125	13,375
1至2年	Between 1 and 2 years	8,589	7,286
2至3年	Between 2 and 3 years	2,583	4,700
		23,297	25,361

此外,本集團作為承租人,已簽訂若干仍未開始 之租賃。於2023年6月30日,按該等租賃而應支 付之租賃付款總額合計為37,309,000港元(2022 年12月31日:16,596,000港元)。 In addition, the Group has, as a lessee, entered into a number of leases that have not yet commenced. The aggregate lease payments payable under these leases as at 30 June 2023 amount to HK\$37,309,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$16,596,000).

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

27. 到期日分析

下表分析本集團按報告期末至有關合約到期日或 最早可贖回日(如適用)之剩餘期限分類之資產及 負債。

27. MATURITY ANALYSIS

The table below analyses the Group's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date or, where applicable, the earliest callable date.

				1個月以上	3個月以上				
			1個月	但3個月或以下	至1年	1年以上			
		即期償還	或以下	3 months or	Over	至5年	5年以上		
		Repayable	Up to	less but over	3 months	Over 1 year	Over	無註明日期	合計
2023年6月30日	At 30 June 2023	on demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	Indefinite	Total
資產	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	2,092,732	14,843,842	_		_	_	_	16,936,574
在銀行1至12個月內	Placements with banks maturing	2,002,102	14,040,042						10,000,014
到期的存款	between one and twelve months	_	_	5,081,445	561,624			_	5,643,069
持作交易用途的證券	Trading securities	_	_	122,248	13,790	5,103	_	_	141,141
以公平值計量且其變動計入		-	-	122,240	13,770	0,100	-	-	141,141
	Financial assets at fair value through							040.050	049.059
損益的金融資產	profit or loss	-	015.010	440.000	E00.000	1 505 000	4 700 000	843,353	843,353
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	7.010.010	315,618	112,206	590,996	1,535,288	1,736,803	0.000.046	4,290,911
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	7,819,613	18,020,591	11,531,608	17,429,447	46,170,210	43,764,548	2,096,346	146,832,363
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through		4 0 4 5 0 0 0	0.000.040	0.005.005	04 077 004	0.050.007	4744470	40.004.004
其他全面收益的金融資產	other comprehensive income	-	1,345,238	3,838,210	6,835,085	21,377,691	3,950,637	4,714,170	42,061,031
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	-	936,809	922,849	5,375,316	20,156,757	7,923,113	1,992	35,316,836
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,016,390	2,016,390
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled								
± 02	entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	136,856	136,856
商譽	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	785,774	785,774
無形資產	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,390	92,390
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,761,060	2,761,060
投資物業	Investment properties	-	-	-	-	-	-	782,816	782,816
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets					164,417			164,417
資產合計	Total assets	9,912,345	35,462,098	21,608,566	30,806,258	89,409,466	57,375,101	14,231,147	258,804,981
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	171,100	969,611	430,385	_	_	_	_	1,571,096
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	380,881	127,037	522,996	333,852	_	_	1,364,766
持作交易用途的負債	Trading liabilities	_	-	99,609	-	-	_	_	99,609
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	63,835,377	26,815,317	68,011,820	37,258,937	5,443,255	_	_	201,364,706
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	-	20,010,017	1,521,731	944,437	222,764	_	_	2,688,932
後償債務	Subordinated notes			1,021,701	1,732,541	2,101,001			3,833,542
租賃負債	Lease liabilities		12,207	23,201	95,345	268,324	72,263		471,340
其他賬目及預提,	Other accounts and accruals,	_	12,201	20,201	30,040	200,024	12,200	_	11,040
不包括租賃負債		386,244	4,585,014	227 272	1 607 007	608,184	11,457	662,671	0 703 035
即期税項負債	excluding lease liabilities Current income tax liabilities	000,244	7,000,014	832,328	1,697,927 257,411	000,104	11,401	002,071	8,783,825 257,411
	Deferred income tax liabilities		_	_	201,411	60 806			
严严 机识只俱	Deletted income (ax liabilities					69,895			69,895
負債合計	Total liabilities	64,392,721	32,763,030	71,046,111	42,509,594	9,047,275	83,720	662,671	220,505,122
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(54,480,376)	2,699,068	(49,437,545)	(11,703,336)	80,362,191	57,291,381	13,568,476	38,299,859

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

27. 到期日分析(續)

27. MATURITY ANALYSIS (Continued)

				1個月以上	3個月以上				
			1個月	但3個月或以下	至1年	1年以上			
		即期償還	或以下	3 months or	Over	至5年	5年以上		
2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	Repayable	Up to	less but over	3 months	Over 1 year	Over	無註明日期	合計
經重列	Restated	on demand	1 month	1 month	to 1 year	to 5 years	5 years	Indefinite	Total
資 <u>產</u>	Assets								
現金及在銀行的結餘	Cash and balances with banks	3,343,941	15,345,705	-	-	-	-	-	18,689,646
在銀行1至12個月內	Placements with banks maturing								
到期的存款	between one and twelve months	-	-	7,232,878	2,911,038	-	-	-	10,143,916
持作交易用途的證券	Trading securities	-	-	545,165	6,438	10,558	-	-	562,161
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through								
損益的金融資產	profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	622,068	622,068
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	297,916	169,477	233,959	1,390,438	1,809,446	-	3,901,236
各項貸款及其他賬目	Advances and other accounts	7,300,787	19,346,800	9,407,701	15,958,612	45,295,575	43,779,598	2,054,117	143,143,190
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through								
其他全面收益的金融資產	other comprehensive income	_	1,495,726	4,748,078	5,916,659	20,821,449	4,975,835	4,089,089	42,046,836
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	_	1,399,416	515,786	3,210,134	20,223,385	7,591,000	1,989	32,941,710
聯營公司投資	Investment in an associate	_	-	-	-	-	-	2,159,290	2,159,290
共同控制實體投資	Investments in jointly controlled entities	_	-	_	_	_	_	123,072	123,072
商譽	Goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	785,774	785,774
無形資產	Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,390	92,390
行產及其他固定資產	Premises and other fixed assets	_	-	-	_	_	_	2,897,676	2,897,676
投資物業	Investment properties	_	-	-	_	_	_	782,816	782,816
遞延税項資產	Deferred income tax assets	_	-	-	-	266,415	-	-	266,415
資產合計	Total assets	10,644,728	37,885,563	22,619,085	28,236,840	88,007,820	58,155,879	13,608,281	259,158,196
負債	Liabilities								
銀行存款	Deposits from banks	517,595	2,574,810	1,020,088	-	-	-	-	4,112,493
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	-	249,956	184,586	161,327	401,768	-	-	997,637
持作交易用途的負債	Trading liabilities	-	499,725	230,766	-	-	-	-	730,491
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	70,670,816	21,539,766	55,020,079	48,937,887	2,406,361	-	-	198,574,909
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	-	-	814,916	3,049,143	364,924	-	-	4,228,983
後償債務	Subordinated notes	-	-	-	-	3,801,495	-	-	3,801,495
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	-	12,275	24,404	104,127	297,066	101,148	-	539,020
其他賬目及預提,	Other accounts and accruals,								
不包括租賃負債	excluding lease liabilities	314,153	4,263,182	975,305	334,560	1,198,602	743,917	772,846	8,602,565
即期税項負債	Current income tax liabilities	-	-	-	297,641	-	-	-	297,641
遞延税項負債	Deferred income tax liabilities					59,552			59,552
負債合計	Total liabilities	71,502,564	29,139,714	58,270,144	52,884,685	8,529,768	845,065	772,846	221,944,786
淨流動性差距	Net liquidity gap	(60,857,836)	8,745,849	(35,651,059)	(24,647,845)	79,478,052	57,310,814	12,835,435	37,213,410
* *	1 701			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 公平值體系

本集團使用下列反映在釐定公平值中可觀察及不可觀察參數重要性之體系計量公平值:

級別 內容

- 相同資產或負債於活躍市場中之報價 (未經調整)。本級別包括於交易所上 市之權益性證券及衍生工具。
- 2 除第1級別所包括之報價外,其他資產 或負債能直接(即價格)或間接(即從價 格導出)地可觀察之數據,該級別包括 大多數場外交易(「場外交易」)衍生工 具合約。該級別之金融工具可通過具 活躍市場近似金融工具報價、非活躍 市場的同等或類近的金融工具報價, 及通過具可觀察重要參數的模型釐定 金融產品的公平值。
- 3 資產或負債數據並非根據可觀察之市場數據(不可觀察之數據)。本級別包括具有大部份不可觀察部件之權益性及債務證券。

28. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY

The Group measures fair values using the following hierarchy that reflects the significance of the observable and unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement:

Level Descriptions

- 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. This level includes equity securities and derivatives that are listed on exchanges.
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). This level includes the majority of the over-the-counter ("OTC") derivative contracts. These are financial instruments with quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in inactive markets and financial instruments valued using models where all significant inputs are observable.
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). This level includes equity and debt securities with significant unobservable components.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 公平值體系(續)

28. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

經常性公平值計量

Recurring fair value measurements

2023年6月30日	At 30 June 2023	第1級 Level 1	第2級 Level 2	第3級 Level 3	合計 Total
內容	Descriptions				
持作交易用途的證券及 以公平值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融資產	Trading securities and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
債務證券 權益性證券及投資基金	Debt securities	-	141,141	-	141,141
惟紐口起分及仅貝基並	Equity securities and investment funds	791,279	-	52,074	843,353
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments				
持作交易用途	Held for trading	-	1,012,123	-	1,012,123
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging	-	3,278,788	-	3,278,788
以公平值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
債務證券	Debt securities	-	37,346,861	-	37,346,861
權益性證券	Equity securities	3,983,712		730,458	4,714,170
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	4,774,991	41,778,913	782,532	47,336,436
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial liabilities at fair value				
損益的金融負債	through profit or loss				
一持作交易用途	- held for trading				
債務證券	Debt securities	-	99,609	-	99,609
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments				
持作交易用途	Held for trading	-	1,049,373	-	1,049,373
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging		315,393		315,393
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at				
	fair value	_	1,464,375		1,464,375

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 公平值體系(續)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:(續)

界定為第3級別資產之金融資產為非上市實體發行之權益性證券及投資基金。這些權益性證券投資 為本集團以往申請加入由有關機構運作之國際金 融通訊、跨境支付、信用卡發行等合作協議時以 提供有關銀行服務為由購入。

非上市權益性證券以通過市場可比較的公司、股息折現模型及折現現金流模型的估值方式計量。 重要的不可觀察重要參數為可比較的上市公司的 平均市帳率、股息增長率,及股息折現模型內的 股本成本。倘所有重要的不可觀察重要參數有利 地變更5%或不利地變更5%,本集團的全面收益 將分別增加50,000,000港元,及減少45,000,000 港元。非上市投資基金以淨資產價值計量。

截至2023年6月30日止六個月及截至2022年12月 31日止年度,概無金融資產及負債轉入或轉出公 平值等級中的第1、第2及第3級別。賬面值變動為 重估收益/虧損。於期內並無新增或出售。

28. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

Financial assets classified as Level 3 assets represent investments in equities securities and investment funds issued by unlisted entities. These investments in equities securities were acquired some years ago when the Group applied to join the platforms or cooperative arrangements operated by the relevant entities in areas such as international financial messaging, cross-border payments, credit cards issuance, etc. which are essential to the provision of banking services by the Group.

The unlisted equity investments are measured using valuation techniques of market comparable companies, dividend discount model and discounted cash flow model. The significant unobservable inputs are the average price-to-book ratio ("PB ratio") of the comparable listed companies, the dividend growth rate and cost of equity used in the dividend discount model, and the discount rate and dividend yield used in the discounted cash flow model. If all of the significant unobservable inputs favourably changed and unfavourably changed by 5%, the Group's other comprehensive income would have increased by HK\$50 million and decreased by HK\$45 million respectively. The unlisted investment funds are measured net assets value.

For the six months period ended 30 June 2023 and for the year ended 31 December 2022, there were no transfers of financial assets and liabilities into or out of the Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchy. The changes in carrying value represent the revaluation gains/losses during the period. There was no addition and disposal during the period.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 公平值體系(續)

28. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:(續)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

經常性公平值計量(續)

Recurring fair value measurements (Continued)

		第 1 級	第2級	第3級	合計
2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
內容	Descriptions				
持作交易用途的證券及	Trading securities and financial				
以公平值計量且其變動	assets at fair value through profit				
計入損益的金融資產	or loss				
債務證券	Debt securities	_	562,161	-	562,161
權益性證券及投資基金	Equity securities and investment				
	funds	574,951	-	47,117	622,068
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments				
持作交易用途	Held for trading	_	746,544	_	746,544
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging	-	3,154,692	_	3,154,692
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through				
其他全面收益的金融資產	other comprehensive income				
債務證券	Debt securities	_	37,942,537	_	37,942,537
植益性證券	Equity securities	3,414,107	15,210	674,982	4,104,299
惟血口应勿	Equity securities		13,210		4,104,299
按公平值計量之資產合計	Total assets measured at fair value	3,989,058	42,421,144	722,099	47,132,301
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Financial liabilities at fair value				
損益的金融負債	through profit or loss				
一持作交易用途	held for trading				
債務證券	Debt securities	_	730,491	_	730,491
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments				
持作交易用途	Held for trading	_	640,447	-	640,447
持有用作對沖	Held for hedging		357,190		357,190
按公平值計量之負債合計	Total liabilities measured at				
	fair value		1,728,128		1,728,128

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 公平值體系(續)

28. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

按公平值計量之資產及負債:(續)

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value: (Continued)

下表為第三級工具之變動:

The following table represents the changes in Level 3 instruments:

		截至	截至
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		止6個月	止年度
	Equity securities and investment funds	Six months	Year
按公平值計量且其變動計入損益之	measured at fair value through profit	ended	ended
權益性證券及投資基金	or loss	30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
期/年初	Beginning of the period/year	47,117	87,027
出售	Disposal	-	(49,456)
確認於淨交易收入的未變現之公平值收益	Unrealised fair value gains recognised		
	in the net trading income	4,957	9,546
期/年末	End of the period/year	52,074	47,117

以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的金融資產之賬面值變動包括外匯收益/虧損之影響。

The changes in carrying value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income include the effects of foreign exchange gains/losses.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

28. 公平值體系(續)

未按公平值計量之金融工具:

本集團按成本或攤餘成本列賬的金融工具之賬面值,與其於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日之公平值並無重大差異,除以下外:

28. FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY (Continued)

Financial instruments not measured at fair value:

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 except as follows:

		賬面值	公平值
		Carrying	Fair
2023年6月30日	At 30 June 2023	value	value
金融資產	Financial assets		
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	35,316,836	35,214,182
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	2,688,932	2,690,754
後償債務	Subordinated notes	3,833,542	3,759,993
		賬面值	公平值
		Carrying	Fair
2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	value	value
A =1 \m ->-			
金融資產	Financial assets		
以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	Financial assets at amortised cost	32,941,710	32,580,289
金融負債	Financial liabilities		
已發行的存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	4,228,983	4,233,857
		, ,	
後償債務	Subordinated notes	3,801,495	3,797,662

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

29. 扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及虧損前之營運溢利與經營活動現金(所用)/流入淨額對賬表

截至6月30日止6個月

29. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT BEFORE GAINS AND LOSSES ON CERTAIN INVESTMENTS AND FIXED ASSETS TO NET CASH (USED IN)/FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

For the six months ended 30 June

			/
			經重列 Restated
		2023	2022
扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及	Operating profit before gains and losses on		
虧損前之營運溢利	certain investments and fixed assets	1,098,501	979,409
淨利息收入	Net interest income	(2,332,512)	(2,027,699)
股息收益	Dividend income	(90,505)	(82,468)
信貸減值虧損	Credit impairment losses	158,386	305,638
減除回收後之貸款撇銷淨額	Advances written off net of recoveries	(780,849)	(259,353)
呈報於營運支出之折舊	Depreciation as reported in operating	174,990	180,751
呈報於保險服務費用之折舊	expense Depreciation as reported in insurance	174,990	160,751
土地水体燃烧加度用之水苗	service expense	1,064	1,064
以股權支付以股份作為基礎報酬之撥備	Provision for equity-settled share-based	1,004	1,004
WINDEX INVINION INVINCINIE	compensation	10,325	153
已收利息	Interest received	5,201,278	3,756,186
已付利息	Interest paid	(2,345,454)	(531,626)
已收股息	Dividend received	90,505	82,468
營運資產及負債變動前之營運溢利	Operating profit before changes in operating		
	assets and liabilities	1,185,729	2,404,523
營運資產及負債之變動:	Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
-原到期日超過3個月之通知及短期存款	- money at call and short notice with		
	an original maturity beyond three	(070 027)	(EZO 202)
原到期日超過3個月之在銀行的存款	months – placements with banks with an original	(878,937)	(570,393)
ルン1岁1日 佐田園 3 国力 大二工教() FJ 正次	maturity beyond three months	4,857,061	(2,097,863)
一持作交易用途的證券	- trading securities	331,742	(219,337)
一衍生金融工具	derivative financial instruments	(22,546)	(2,427,513)
- 以公平值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產	- financial assets at fair value through	, , ,	() , , , , , , , ,
	profit or loss	(221,285)	156,919
一貿易票據	trade bills	640,879	1,891,535
-客戶貸款	 loans and advances to customers 	(2,888,804)	5,575,283
一其他應收賬目	 other accounts receivable 	(553,916)	1,046,376
一以公平值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的	- financial assets at fair value through	400.070	(4 000 000)
金融資產 一以攤餘成本列賬的金融資產	other comprehensive income	493,979	(1,968,900)
一以無跡以平列版的並融員生 一銀行存款	financial assets at amortised costdeposits from banks	(2,224,378) (2,541,397)	(3,322,230) 3,699,125
一持作交易用途的負債	- trading liabilities	(630,882)	1,354,571
- 客戶存款	deposits from customers	2,789,797	985,089
一發行存款證	- certificates of deposit issued	(1,539,146)	(529,488)
一其他應付賬目及預提	 other accounts payable and accruals 	(242,656)	772,698
匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	(29,746)	(980,853)
由經營活動(所用)/流入的現金	Cash (used in)/generated from operating		
	activities	(1,474,506)	5,769,542
十八口整行的左勒豫立利自			
支付已發行的存款證之利息	Interest paid on certificates of deposit	(57 071)	(1 E 1 1 1 1)
已繳香港利得税	issued Hong Kong profits tax paid	(57,871) (89,823)	(15,444) (22,780)
退回已繳中國內地及澳門税項	Mainland China and Macau tax refunded	(09,023)	(22,700)
	aaa aa mada tax rotandod		
經營活動(所用)/流入現金淨額	Net cash (used in)/from operating activities	(1,622,156)	5,731,318
N= H (H ≥0 (1) 10 / / / / / / / / / / / / / HZ	. 15t oddir (dood in, nom operating detivities		

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 營業分項報告

本集團根據香港財務報告準則第8號《營運業務分項》編製分項報告。向包括行政總裁及其他執行委員會成員之主要營運決策人呈報而作為資源分配及業績評估用途之資料,乃按銀行業務及保險業務之基礎來確定。本地銀行業務之營運表現按業務活動分析,而中國內地及澳門之銀行業務之營運表現按業務機構分析。對於保險業,資源配置和表現評價是基於保險的企業實體的基礎。

經考慮到本地業務之客戶群、產品及服務,經濟環境和法規後,本集團將營運業務劃分為下列呈報分項:

- 個人銀行業務包括接受個人客戶存款、住宅 樓宇按揭、私人貸款、透支、汽車貸款和信 用卡服務、保險業務的銷售和投資服務。
- 企業銀行業務包括接受存款、貸款、營運資金融資及貿易融資,其存款來源及融資客戶主要是工商業及機構性客戶。
- 財資及環球市場業務主要包括外匯服務、中央貸存現金管理、利率風險管理、證券投資管理及本集團整體之資金運用管理。
- 中國內地及澳門之銀行業務包括由位於中國 內地及澳門之附屬公司提供之個人銀行和企 業銀行業務及本集團於一間在中國內地設立 之商業銀行之權益。

30. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING

Segment reporting by the Group is prepared in accordance with HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments". Information reported to the chief operating decision maker, including the Chief Executive and other Executive Committee members, for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, is determined on the basis of banking business and insurance business. For banking business, operating performances are analysed by business activities for local banking business, and on business entity basis for banking businesses in Mainland China and Macau. For insurance business, resources allocation and performance evaluation are based on insurance business entity basis.

Considering the customer groups, products and services of local businesses, the economic environment and regulations, the Group splits the operating segments of the Group into the following reportable segments:

- Personal banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from individual customers and the extension of residential mortgage lending, personal loans, overdraft, vehicle financing and credit card services, and the provision of insurance sales and investment services.
- Corporate banking business includes the acceptance of deposits from and the advance of loans and working capital finance to commercial, industrial and institutional customers, and the provision of trade financing.
- Treasury and global markets activities are mainly the provision of foreign exchange services and centralised cash management for deposit taking and lending, interest rate risk management, management of investment in securities and the overall funding of the Group.
- Mainland China and Macau banking businesses include personal banking, corporate banking business activities provided by subsidiaries in Mainland China and Macau, and the Group's interest in a commercial bank in Mainland China.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 營業分項報告(續)

- 保險業務包括本集團之保險及退休基金管理 的業務。本集團透過位於香港及澳門之全資 附屬公司提供一系列保險產品及服務。
- 其他包括未可直接歸類於其他呈報分項之營 運業績、集團投資及債務資金(包括後償債 務)。

就編製分項報告而言,對可直接認明為各個別分項之源自客戶、產品及服務收入,將直接呈報於有關分項;而分項之間的資金運用及資金資源所產生的收入和資金成本,按參照市場利率之轉移價格機制分配至各分項。分項間之交易乃依據授予第三者或與第三者交易之同類條款定價。分項間之收入或支出於綜合賬內抵銷。

所有不同分項之直接開支將歸類於有關的分項分類。間接開支及支援部門開支乃依據開支性質,按耗用之時間及工作量和分項營運收入,分配至不同的分項及產品。不能合理地分配至各分項、產品及支援部門之企業活動開支,則作企業開支呈列於「其他」項下。

30. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

- Insurance business includes the Group's insurance and pension fund management business. Through the Group's wholly-owned subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Macau, the Group offers a variety of insurance products and services.
- Others include results of operations not directly identified under other reportable segments, corporate investments and debt funding (including subordinated notes).

For the purpose of segment reporting, revenue derived from customers, products and services directly identifiable with individual segments are reported directly under respective segments, while revenue and funding cost arising from inter-segment funding operation and funding resources are allocated to segments by way of transfer pricing mechanism with reference to market interest rates. Transactions within segments are priced based on similar terms offered to or transacted with external parties. Inter-segment income or expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

All direct costs incurred by different segments are grouped under respective segments. Indirect costs and support functions' costs are allocated to various segments and products based on effort and time spent as well as segments' operating income depending on the nature of costs incurred. Costs related to corporate activities that cannot be reasonably allocated to segments, products and support functions are grouped under Others as unallocated corporate expenses.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 營業分項報告(續)

30. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

截至2023年6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June 2023

		個人銀行 Personal Banking	企業銀行 Corporate Banking	財資及環球 市場業務 Treasury and Global Markets	中國內地及 澳門之銀行 Mainland China and Macau Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出) 非利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses) Non-interest income/ (expenses)	969,887	536,646	525,910 (94,506)	229,212 76,298	31,365 59,281	39,566	(74) (8,374)	2,332,512
營運收入/(支出)	Total operating income/ (expenses) Operating expenses	1,298,626 (905,476)	637,682 (251,753)	431,404 (99,112)	305,510 (270,505)	90,646 (40,095)	77,583 (17,623)	(8,448)	2,833,003 (1,576,116)
扣除信貸減值(虧損)/回撥前之營運溢利 信貸減值(虧損)/回撥	Operating profit before credit impairment (losses)/write-back Credit impairment (losses)/ write-back	393,150 (133,933)	385,929	332,292	35,005 (4,893)	50,551	59,960 262	- 	1,256,887
扣除若干投資及固定資產之收益及虧損前之營運溢利	Operating profit before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed assets	259,217	339,772	360,012	30,112	49,166	60,222	-	1,098,501
出售其他固定資產之 淨(虧損)/收益 應佔聯營公司之業績	Net (loss)/gain on disposal of other fixed assets Share of results of an associate	(1,306)	-	-	2 430,240	(2)	(5) -	-	(1,311) 430,240
聯營公司投資之減值虧損 視同出售聯營公司投資之 虧損	Impairment loss on investment in an associate Loss on deemed disposal of investment in an associate	-	-	-	(232,000)	-	-	-	(232,000)
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities						13,784		13,784
除税前溢利 税項(支出)/回撥	Profit before taxation Taxation (expenses)/credit	257,911 (42,524)	339,772 (56,071)	360,012 (59,370)	228,348 (15,714)	49,164 (274)	74,001 71,590		1,309,208 (102,363)
期間溢利	Profit for the period	215,387	283,701	300,642	212,634	48,890	145,591		1,206,845
截至2023年6月30日止 6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2023 Depreciation and amortisation	35,148	7,680	4,403	28,544	3,888	95,327	-	174,990
於 2023 年 6 月 30 日 分項資產 分項負債	As at 30 June 2023 Segment assets Segment liabilities	57,264,249 117,123,431	65,336,328 52,259,834	90,126,019 10,605,291	35,823,059 29,617,342	4,572,111 1,417,278	11,225,570 15,024,301		258,804,981 220,505,122

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

30. 營業分項報告(續)

30. OPERATING SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

截至2022年6月30日止6個月

For the six months ended 30 June 2022

中國內地及

經重列	Restated	個人銀行 Personal Banking	企業銀行 Corporate Banking	財資及環球 市場業務 Treasury and Global Markets	澳門之銀行 Mainland China and Macau Banking	保險業務 Insurance Business	其他 Others	跨項目 Inter- segment	總計 Total
淨利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expenses)	857,073	573,873	393,865	249,147	3,498	(49,791)	34	2,027,699
非利息收入/(支出)	Non-interest income/ (expenses)	401,075	95,080	42,719	55,049	75,730	55,566	(7,744)	717,475
營運收入/(支出)	Total operating income/ (expenses)	1,258,148	668,953	436,584	304,196	79,228	5,775	(7,710)	2,745,174
營運支出	Operating expenses	(800,438)	(227,771)	(85,895)	(272,597)	(49,068)	(32,106)	7,710	(1,460,165)
扣除信貸減值(虧損)/回撥 前之營運溢利/(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss) before credit impairment (losses)/								
信貸減值(虧損)/回撥	write-back Credit impairment (losses)/	457,710	441,182	350,689	31,599	30,160	(26,331)	-	1,285,009
	write-back	(63,196)	(218,946)	20,267	(46,201)	53	2,423		(305,600)
扣除若干投資及固定資產之 收益及虧損前之營運溢 利/(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss) before gains and losses on certain investments and fixed								
出售其他固定資產之	assets Net (loss)/gain on disposal of	394,514	222,236	370,956	(14,602)	30,213	(23,908)	-	979,409
淨(虧損)/收益 出售以攤餘成本列賬 的金融資產之淨收益	other fixed assets Net gain on disposal of financial assets at amortised	(344)	(60)	-	3	-	(25)	-	(426)
應佔聯營公司之業績	cost Share of results of an associate	-	-	24	- 453,747	-	-	-	24 453,747
聯營公司投資之減值虧損	Impairment loss on investment in an associate	_	_	_	(139,000)	_	_	_	(139,000)
應佔共同控制實體之業績	Share of results of jointly controlled entities						12,736		12,736
除税前溢利/(虧損) 税項(支出)/回撥	Profit/(loss) before taxation Taxation (expenses)/credit	394,170 (65,076)	222,176 (36,668)	370,980 (61,344)	300,148 (9,012)	30,213 (18,235)	(11,197) 7,999		1,306,490 (182,336)
期間溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(loss) for the period	329,094	185,508	309,636	291,136	11,978	(3,198)		1,124,154
截至2022年6月30日止 6個月 折舊及攤銷費用	For the six months ended 30 June 2022 Depreciation and amortisation	37,889	7,814	4,138	30,756	4,204	95,950	-	180,751
於 2022 年 12 月 31 日 分項資產 分項負債	As at 31 December 2022 Segment assets Segment liabilities	56,274,744 117,229,213	63,748,997 48,743,485	93,451,822 14,526,149	35,908,242 29,279,831	4,326,300 1,254,490	10,516,947 15,980,474	(5,068,856) (5,068,856)	259,158,196 221,944,786

區域資料

區域分項資料乃根據本集團向外部客戶提供服務、與其商業交易及建立關係的法定機構之所在地。截至2023年6月30日止及2022年6月30日止六個月,除香港外,並無單一國家或區域分項構成10%或以上之本集團之資產、負債、營運收入、或除稅前溢利。

Geographical information

Geographical segment information is based on the domicile of the legal entities within the Group with business dealing and relationship with, and services to external customers. For the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2022, no single country or geographical segment other than Hong Kong contributed 10% or more of the Group's assets, liabilities, operating income, or profit before taxation.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析

(甲)按行業分類之客戶貸款及墊款總額(以 貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分 比分析)

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES

(a) Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral

		2023年 As at 30	6月30日 Jun 2023		2月31日 Dec 2022
			貸款及墊款 總額受抵押品 保障之百分比 % of gross		貸款及墊款 總額受抵押品 保障之百分比 % of gross
			loans and		loans and
		未償還結餘	advances	未償還結餘	advances
		Outstanding	covered by	Outstanding	covered by
		balance	collateral	balance	collateral
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong				
工商金融	Industrial, commercial and financial				
一物業發展	 Property development 	5,249,694	55.1	5,194,440	63.5
一物業投資	 Property investment 	21,926,922	90.7	21,406,840	88.0
一金融企業	- Financial concerns	3,160,494	14.3	2,564,573	16.0
一股票經紀	Stockbrokers	1,593,238	74.7	842,926	56.9
一批發與零售業	 Wholesale and retail trade 	4,867,022	91.0	4,825,599	92.7
- 製造業	– Manufacturing	1,542,529	70.6	1,954,317	44.5
一運輸及運輸設備	- Transport and transport equipment	2,508,893	79.7	2,247,726	78.2
一康樂活動	- Recreational activities	82,673	99.8	79,708	99.8
- 資訊科技	 Information technology 	22,853	66.3	22,048	59.8
一其他	- Others	6,291,486	75.4	6,054,928	80.1
		47,245,804	77.9	45,193,105	77.6
個人	Individuals				
-購買「居者有其屋計劃」、 「私人參建居屋計劃」及 「租者置其屋計劃」 樓宇貸款	Loans for the purchase of flats in Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase				
- 購買其他住宅物業貸款	Scheme - Loans for the purchase of other	480,008	99.9	484,470	99.7
神犬六 15 年 10 7 木 久 小	residential properties	34,482,868	100.0	33,911,826	100.0
- 信用卡貸款	- Credit card advances	3,480,985	-	3,674,222	-
一其他	- Others	12,846,740	47.6	12,181,304	45.0
		51,290,601	80.1	50,251,822	79.3
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong	98,536,405	79.0	95,444,927	78.5
貿易融資(註(1))	Trade finance (Note (1))	6,084,419	75.5	5,752,611	70.5 72.5
在香港以外使用的貸款(註(2))	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	.,,		-,,. 1	0
(-1)	(Note (2))	34,798,215	58.0	35,332,697	61.4
		139,419,039	73.6	136,530,235	73.8

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(甲)按行業分類之客戶貸款及墊款總額(以 貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分 比分析)(續)

註:

(1) 上述列示之貿易融資為參考香港金管局發出之相關指引而分類為香港進口、出口和轉口的融資,以及商品貿易融資等之貸款。

不涉及香港之貿易融資貸款(包括於中國內地及澳門之大新銀行之銀行附屬公司授予之貿易融資)總值201,685,000港元(2022年12月31日:281,123,000港元)分類於「在香港以外使用的貸款」項下。

(2) 「在香港以外使用的貸款」包括授予香港客戶但在 香港以外使用之貸款。

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

 (a) Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

Note:

(1) Trade finance shown above represents loans covering finance of imports to Hong Kong, exports and re-exports from Hong Kong and merchandising trade classified with reference to the relevant guidelines issued by the HKMA.

Trade finance loans not involving Hong Kong (including trade finance extended by the subsidiary banks of DSB in Mainland China and Macau) totalling HK\$201,685,000 (31 December 2022: HK\$281,123,000) are classified under "Loans for use outside Hong Kong".

(2) "Loans for use outside Hong Kong" include loans extended to customers located in Hong Kong with the finance used outside Hong Kong.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(甲)按行業分類之客戶貸款及墊款總額(以 貸款用途分類及以受抵押品保障的百分 比分析)(續)

上述分析中各構成客戶貸款及墊款總額10%或以上的行業,其應佔減值貸款額、逾期貸款額、階段3、及階段1及階段2減值準備如下:

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(a) Gross loans and advances to customers by industry sector classified according to the usage of loans and analysed by percentage covered by collateral (Continued)

For each industry sector reported above with loan balance constituting 10% or more of the total balance of loans and advances to customers, the attributable amount of impaired loans, overdue loans, Stage 3, and Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances are as follows:

2023年6月30日	As at 30 June 2023	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 (階段3) Impaired Ioans (Stage 3)	貸款及墊款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross loans and advances overdue for over 3 months	階段3 減值準備 Stage 3 impairment allowances	階段1及 階段2 減值準備 Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 一物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	21,926,922	494,394	552,077	31,012	68,546
個人 一購買其他住宅 物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	34,482,868	136,550	177,641	17,794	17,300
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	34,798,215	1,246,738	1,094,355	183,509	201,557
2022年12月31日	As at 31 December 2022	未償還結餘 Outstanding balance	減值貸款 (階段3) Impaired Ioans (Stage 3)	貸款及墊款總額 逾期未償還 超過3個月 Gross loans and advances overdue for over 3 months	階段3 減值準備 Stage 3 impairment allowances	階段1及 階段2 減值準備 Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances
2022年12月31日	AS at 31 December 2022	Dalance	(Stage 3)	Over 3 months	allowarices	allowarices
在香港使用的貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融 一物業投資	Industrial, commercial and financial - Property investment	21,406,840	34,299	92,035	2,095	138,453
個人 一購買其他住宅 物業貸款	Individuals - Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	33,911,826	81,842	92,156	11,350	24,518
在香港以外使用的貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	35,332,697	1,685,840	1,413,348	618,858	261,878

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(乙) 對內地活動的餘額

根據香港金管局《銀行業(披露)規則》,以下對內 地活動的餘額之分析乃參照香港金管局對內地活 動申報表中所列之非銀行類交易對手類別及直接 貸款總額種類以分類,其中只包括大新銀行及其 內地銀行附屬公司授予之內地活動的餘額。

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(b) Mainland activities exposures

The analysis of Mainland activities exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA Return of Mainland Activities, which includes the Mainland activities exposures extended by DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank only.

		資產負債表內 的餘額 On-balance	資產負債表外的餘額 Off-balance	總餘額 Total
2023年6月30日	As at 30 June 2023	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	exposures
1. 中央政府、中央政府擁有的機構及	Central government, central government-owned entities			
其附屬公司和合營公司(「合營公司」)	and their subsidiaries and joint ventures ("JVs")	6,605,074	120,000	6,725,074
2. 地方政府、地方政府擁有的機構及	2. Local governments, local government-owned entities			
其附屬公司和合營公司	and their subsidiaries and JVs	946,916	54,633	1,001,549
3. 居住在中國內地之國民或在中國內地 成立的其他機構及其附屬公司和	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their			
合營公司	subsidiaries and JVs	9,942,167	1,504,558	11,446,725
4. 未有在上述第一項呈報之中央政府的	4. Other entities of central government not reported in			
其他機構	item 1 above	3,708,807	69,992	3,778,799
5. 未有在上述第二項呈報之地方政府的 其他機構	5. Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	1,026,708	170,022	1,196,730
6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民或在中國	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or	1,020,700	170,022	1,130,730
內地以外成立的機構,而涉及的	entities incorporated outside Mainland China where			
貸款於中國內地使用	the credits are granted for use in Mainland China	10,693,194	274,943	10,968,137
7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被視作對中國	7. Other counterparties where the exposures are			
內地非銀行類客戶的餘額	considered to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	485,362	832	486,194
		33,408,228	2,194,980	35,603,208
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank			
之扣除撥備後之資產合計	after provision	235,901,155		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	14.16%		

註:

Note:

上述呈報餘額包括客戶貸款及墊款總額及其他對客戶索 償之金額。 The balances of exposures reported above include gross loans and advances and other balances of claims on the customers.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND **EXPOSURES** (Continued)

(乙)對內地活動的餘額(續)

(b) Mainland activities exposures (Continued)

		資產負債表內	資產負債表外	
		的餘額	的餘額	總餘額
		On-balance	Off-balance	Total
2022年12月31日	As at 31 December 2022	sheet exposure	sheet exposure	exposures
1. 中央政府、中央政府擁有的機構及	1. Central government, central government-owned entities			
其附屬公司和合營公司	and their subsidiaries and JVs	7,328,050	106,667	7,434,717
2. 地方政府、地方政府擁有的機構及	2. Local governments, local government-owned entities			
其附屬公司和合營公司	and their subsidiaries and JVs	631,492	592,303	1,223,795
3. 居住在中國內地之國民或在中國內地	3. PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other			
成立的其他機構及其附屬公司和	entities incorporated in Mainland China and their			
合營公司	subsidiaries and JVs	10,500,933	1,932,334	12,433,267
4. 未有在上述第一項呈報之中央政府的	4. Other entities of central government not reported in			
其他機構	item 1 above	3,753,802	71,984	3,825,786
5. 未有在上述第二項呈報之地方政府的	5. Other entities of local governments not reported in			
其他機構	item 2 above	943,649	170,022	1,113,671
6. 居住在中國內地以外之國民或在中國	6. PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or			
內地以外成立的機構,而涉及的	entities incorporated outside Mainland China where			
貸款於中國內地使用	the credits are granted for use in Mainland China	11,535,421	593,574	12,128,995
7. 其他交易對手,其餘額被視作對中國	7. Other counterparties where the exposures are			
內地非銀行類客戶的餘額	considered to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	440,041		440,041
		35,133,388	3,466,884	38,600,272
大新銀行及其內地銀行附屬公司	Total assets of DSB and its Mainland subsidiary bank			
之扣除撥備後之資產合計	after provision	237,109,784		
資產負債表內的餘額佔資產合計百分比	On-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	14.82%		

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(丙)按區域分析之客戶貸款及墊款總額及逾 期貸款

客戶貸款及墊款之區域分析乃根據已考慮風險轉移後之交易對手所在地分類。一般而言,當貸款的擔保方位處與交易對手不同之區域時,風險將被轉移。

下表為客戶貸款及墊款總額、減值客戶貸款及墊款(階段3)、逾期客戶貸款及墊款、階段3、及階段1及階段2減值準備按區域分析。

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(c) Analysis of gross loans and advances to customers and overdue loans by geographical area

Loans and advances to customers by geographical area are classified according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account the transfer of risk. In general, risk transfer applies when an advance is guaranteed by a party located in an area which is different from that of the counterparty.

The following table analyses gross loans and advances to customers, impaired loans and advances to customers (Stage 3), overdue loans and advances to customers, Stage 3, and Stage 1 and Stage 2 impairment allowances by geographical area.

			減值客戶			階段1及
		客戶貸款及	貸款及墊款	逾期客戶		階段2
		墊款總額	(階段3)	貸款及墊款	階段3	減值準備
		Gross	Impaired loans	Overdue	減值準備	Stage 1 and
		loans and	and advances	loans and	Stage 3	Stage 2
		advances to	to customers	advances to	impairment	impairment
2023年6月30日	As at 30 June 2023	customers	(Stage 3)	customers	allowances	allowances
香港	Hong Kong	115,273,086	1,914,269	1,602,814	378,071	528,505
中國內地	Mainland China	7,431,340	473,270	276,485	61,774	34,416
澳門	Macau	13,826,877	194,214	194,214	37,475	18,587
其他	Others	2,887,736	-	4,122	-	14,180
		139,419,039	2,581,753	2,077,635	477,320	595,688
			減值客戶			階段1及
		客戶貸款及	貸款及墊款	逾期客戶		階段2
		墊款總額	(階段3)	貸款及墊款	階段3	減值準備
		Gross	Impaired loans	Overdue	減值準備	Stage 1 and
		loans and	and advances	loans and	Stage 3	Stage 2
		advances to	to customers	advances to	impairment	impairment
2022年12月31日	As at 31 December 2022	customers	(Stage 3)	customers	allowances	allowances
香港	Hong Kong	115,359,550	1,605,378	1,084,661	538,724	682,729
中國內地	Mainland China	6,387,927	688,723	525,772	259,363	36,674
澳門	Macau	13,466,251	244,911	244,911	88,966	20,320
其他	Others	1,316,507				9,626
		136,530,235	2,539,012	1,855,344	887,053	749,349

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

31. 債權及餘額之額外分析(續)

(丁) 國際債權

國際債權資料是在考慮風險的轉移後,根據交易對手的所在地而披露對外地交易對手最終面對的風險。一般而言,若交易對手的債權是由在不同國家的另一方擔保,或履行債權是一間銀行的海外分行,而其總部是處於不同的國家,才會確認風險由一國家轉移至另一國家。經計及任何認可之風險轉移後,只有構成國際債權總額10%或以上之區域方作出披露。

31. ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS ON CLAIMS AND EXPOSURES (Continued)

(d) International claims

The information of international claims discloses exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. In general, transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Only regions constituting 10% or more of the aggregate international claims after taking into account any recognised risk transfer are disclosed.

				非銀行和	4人機構	
				Non-bank pr	rivate sector	
				非銀行		
				金融機構	非金融	
				Non-bank	私人機構	
2023年6月30日	At 30 June 2023	銀行	官方機構	financial	Non-financial	債權總額
百萬港元	In millions of HK\$	Banks	Official sector	institutions	private sector	Total claims
離岸中心	Offshore centres	4,935	6,402	6,252	154,641	172,230
- 其中: 香港	- of which: Hong Kong	4,512	5,349	5,932	136,989	152,782
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific	27,984	1,052	2,068	17,538	48,642
-其中:中國內地	- of which: Mainland China	19,380	906	1,915	12,561	34,762
				非銀行和	ム人機構	
				Non-bank pi	rivate sector	
				金融機構	非金融	
				Non-bank	私人機構	
2022年12月31日	At 31 December 2022	銀行	官方機構	financial	Non-financial	債權總額
百萬港元	In millions of HK\$	Banks	Official sector	institutions	private sector	Total claims
離岸中心	Offshore centres	6,660	8,643	5,483	152,869	173,655
- 其中: 香港	- of which: Hong Kong	5,822	7,398	5,399	137,402	156,021
發展中亞太區	Developing Asia and Pacific	27,231	1,094	1,375	17,580	47,280
- 其中: 中國內地	- of which: Mainland China	19,734	949	1,106	12,901	34,690

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

32. 有關連人士之交易

(甲)本集團與有關連人士包括本集團之同系附屬公司、本公司之股東或董事直接或間接控制或具有重大影響力之公司進行多項持續關連交易。

全部持續有關連之交易乃根據本集團之正常 業務、有關協議、一般商業條款及慣例,按 公平且合理及符合本公司股東整體利益進 行。

- (乙)本公司及本集團全資附屬公司於期內與非全 資銀行附屬公司簽訂之持續關連交易(定義 見香港交易所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第 14A.31段)收到及產生之收入及支出。該等 交易之總值未超逾或符合根據上市規則第 14A.53段及14A.54段,適用於本集團之年 度上限。
- (丙)本集團向本集團的主要管理人員、其近親及 其或彼等近親所控制之企業提供信貸服務及 收取存款。於2023年上半年期間,此等信 貸及存款之結餘與2022年12月31日比較並 無重大改變。
- (丁)本公司主要管理人員為執行董事,截至 2023年6月30日止6個月,彼等報酬之條款 無重大改變。

32. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) The Group enters into various continuing connected transactions with related parties including fellow subsidiaries of the Group, companies directly or indirectly controlled or significantly influenced by shareholders or directors of the Company.

All continuing connected transactions were conducted in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, on normal commercial terms, and in accordance with the relevant agreements on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole.

- (b) The Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries within the Group received and incurred income and expense from the continuing connected transactions (within the definition of Rule 14A.31 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The SEHK (the "Listing Rules")) entered into with the non-whollyowned banking subsidiaries during the period. The aggregate values of these transactions are within or consistent with the respective annual caps applicable to the Group pursuant to Rules 14A.53 and 14A.54 of the Listing Rules.
- (c) The Group provides credit facilities to, and takes deposits from, the Group's key management personnel, their close family members and entities controlled by them. During the first half of 2023, there were no significant changes in the balances of these credit facilities and deposits compared to the positions at 31 December 2022.
- (d) Key management personnel of the Company are executive directors and there were no significant changes to their remuneration terms in the six months ended 30 June 2023.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理

甲. 集團銀行系

本集團明瞭各類風險會不停蜕變的特性並透過完 善的管理架構作有效管理。

風險管理專注於信貸風險、市場風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、操作風險、聲譽風險及策略性風險。信貸風險之產生主要源於本集團之信貸組合,其中包括企業和零售借貸、機械和租購融資及財資和金融機構的批發借貸。

大部份的市場風險乃源於財資及環球市場部(「財資部」),主要與本集團資產負債表內及資產負債表外之買賣交易及其證券投資有關。

利率風險指因利率的不利變動而引致本集團的財 政狀況面臨的風險。

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍生不可接受 損失的情況下為新增的資產融資或就到期之金融 負債履行付款責任。

操作風險乃因內部程序、員工及系統之不足與疏忽或外來的事件而產生之直接或間接虧損之風險。

聲譽風險是指由於本集團之商業慣例、營運誤差 或營運表現而可能帶來之負面宣傳風險。這些負 面因素不論是否屬實,均可能令客戶產生憂慮或 負面看法,削弱客戶基礎及市場佔有率或導致耗 費龐大之訴訟或減少收入。

策略性風險泛指由於差劣之策略性決定、不可接 受之財務表現、策略施行上失當以及對於市場轉 變欠缺有效應變而可能對集團財務及市場狀況有 即時或日後重大負面影響之企業風險。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Banking Group

The Group recognises the changing nature of risk and manages it through a well-developed management structure.

Risk management is focused on credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, operational risk, reputation risk and strategic risk. Credit risk occurs mainly in the Group's credit portfolios comprising corporate and retail lending, equipment and hire purchase financing, and treasury and financial institutions wholesale lending.

Market risk arises mainly from Treasury & Global Markets Division ("TRD") and is associated principally with the Group's on- and off-balance sheet positions in the trading book and its investment securities.

Interest rate risk means the risk to the Group's financial condition resulting from adverse movements in interest rates.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses.

Operational risk is the risk of loss (direct or indirect) resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems or from external events.

Reputation risk is the risk arising from the potential that negative publicity regarding the Group's business practices, operational errors or operating performance, whether true or not, could cause customer concerns or negative view, decline in the customer base or market share, or lead to costly litigation or revenue reductions.

Strategic risk generally refers to the corporate risk that may bring significant immediate or future negative impact on the financial and market positions of the Group because of poor strategic decisions, unacceptable financial performance, and inappropriate implementation of strategies and lack of effective response to the market changes.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

其他方面之風險管理詳述如下。

(甲)集團風險管理架構

董事會對所有類別的風險管理負上整體的責任。關於風險控制方面,董事會的責任包括:

- 批准整體的策略及政策以確保能在交易及組合層面適當地管理信貸及其他 風險:
- 財務和非財務方面的風險管理,透過 營運和行政控制,包括集團審核委員 會(「審核委員會」)的操作;業績檢討 (比對預測)、營運統計和政策問題作 出監控;及
- 比對已審閱的預算及分析主要非財務 指標的變化以檢討業績。

風險管理及合規委員會(「風險管理及合規委員會」)被委任監察及領導由集團風險部(「集團風險部」)和各功能委員會主導管理及處理的不同類型風險。

(乙)集團風險部

本集團的獨立風險部負責確保本集團整體的 政策訂定和權責。集團風險部監察並透過風 險管理及合規委員會向董事會匯報集團之風 險狀況,制定金融風險和資料完整性的管理 標準,及確保在產品策劃和定價的過程中, 充份考慮財務方面的風險。集團風險部審閱 和管理所有本集團的信貸及風險政策,包括 對新市場、經濟行業、組織、信貸產品和令 本集團產生各類風險的財務工具。在決定風 險政策時,集團風險部會考慮香港金管局制 定的指引、業務方向及每個經風險調整的業 務表現。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

The other risk management aspects are disclosed below.

(a) The risk management structure of the Group

The Board of Directors has the broad overall responsibility for the management of all types of risk. The responsibilities of the Board in relation to risk control are:

- the approval of the overall strategy and policies to ensure that credit and other risks are properly managed at both the transaction and portfolio levels;
- the management of risk, both financial and non-financial, conducted through operational and administrative control systems including the operation of the Group Audit Committee ("AC"); review of key results (against forecasts), operational statistics and policy compliance; and
- the review of financial performance by analysis against approved budgets and analysis of variations in key nonfinancial measures.

The Risk Management and Compliance Committee ("RMCC") has been delegated the authority to oversee and guide the management of different risks which are more particularly managed and dealt with by the Group Risk Division ("GRD") and different functional committees.

(b) Group risk function

The independent Group Risk function is responsible for ensuring that policies and mandates are established for the Group as a whole. GRD monitors and reports the Group's risk positions to the Board via the RMCC, sets standards for the management of financial risks and data integrity and ensures that the financial risks are fully considered in the product planning and pricing process. GRD reviews and manages all credit and risk exposure policies for the Group including the approval of exposures to new markets, economic sectors, organisations, credit products and financial instruments which expose the Group to different types of risks. In determining risk policies, GRD takes into account the guidelines established by the HKMA, business direction, and risk adjusted performance of each business.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(乙)集團風險部(續)

本集團風險管理的專業知識持續提升借貸組 合的整體質素,並促使本集團能應付改變中 的監管要求和有信心地掌握與授信相關的風 險和回報。

在集團風險監控總監及集團風險管理主管領導下,本集團持續發展其風險管理能力,並增加專注風險策略對風險和報酬及資本回報的影響。本集團在面對日常業務管理不同形式的風險時會採用一系列的風險管理和分析工具。此等工具亦持續地在被改良和提升以配合不斷改變的業務需要和監管機構的要求。

(丙) 信貸委員會

本集團設有集團信貸委員會(「集團信貸委員會」)負責批核重大的信貸額度。信貸管理委員會(「信貸管理委員會」)與財資及投資風險委員會(「財資及投資風險委員會」)為分別對貸款及財資業務負責核定和建議其政策、額度和風險控制權責之功能委員會。為支援業務而成立的信貸風險功能只向集團風險部匯報。

(丁)應用金融工具策略

本集團接受定息或浮息及不同年期之客戶存款,並以此取得之資金投資於各種類別的資產以賺取息差收入。本集團尋求透過整合短期資金及按較高利率借出較長期之款項以增加此等息差收入,同時並保持足夠之流動資金以應付可能須付之所有到期債務。

本集團亦按信貸風險及市場情況,透過向企業及零售借款人貸款賺取息差,以及向客戶收取合理費用及佣金。此等活動風險不單涉及資產負債表內之貸款及墊款,亦涉及本集團提供擔保及其他承擔,例如信用證、履約保證及其他保證。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(b) Group risk function (Continued)

The Group's risk management expertise continues to advance the overall quality of the Group's lending portfolios, and enables the Group to meet the changing regulatory requirements and enter into credit exposures with the confidence that it understands the associated risks and rewards.

The Group continues to evolve its risk management capabilities under the aegis of the Group Chief Risk Officer and Group Head of Risk Management, with increasing focus of its risk strategy on risk and reward and returns on capital. The Group uses a range of risk measurement and analytical tools in its management of various risks which it faces in its day-to-day businesses and these are continually being enhanced and upgraded to reflect the ever-changing business needs and the requirements of the regulators.

(c) Credit committees

The Group has a Group Credit Committee ("GCC") for approving major credit limits. The Credit Management Committee ("CMC") and the Treasury and Investment Risk Committee ("TIRC") are the functional committees responsible for approving and recommending policies, limits and mandates for risk control in loans and treasury business respectively. The credit risk function, while set up to support the business areas, reports solely to the GRD.

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments

The Group accepts deposits from customers at both fixed and floating rates, and for various periods, and seeks to earn positive interest margins by investing and lending these funds in a wide range of assets. The Group seeks to increase these margins by consolidating short-term funds and lending for longer periods at higher rates, while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet all claims that might fall due.

The Group also seeks to apply its interest margins through its lending to corporate and retail borrowers and to charge customers appropriate fees and commission, taking into consideration credit risk and market conditions. Such exposures involve not just on-balance sheet loans and advances, as the Group also enters into guarantees and other commitments such as letters of credit, performance bonds and other bonds.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丁)應用金融工具策略(續)

本集團亦通過交易所及場外交易買賣包括衍生工具之金融工具,藉著證券、債券、貨幣及利率之短期波動賺取利潤。董事會制定交易限額以控制不同程度之市場持倉風險。除指定對沖安排外,有關外匯及利率之風險一般以訂立對銷持倉(包括與客戶及市場對手之交易)或利用衍生工具作對沖,藉此控制有關市場持倉套現之現金淨值。

本集團亦應用利率掉期及其他利率衍生工具 以減輕因利率變動令定息資產公平值下降或 定息有期負債公平值上升之利率風險。若干 金融工具被用作公平值對沖,對沖項目之細 節,包括被對沖項目、金額、利率、對沖期 及目的,皆於各公平值對沖項目開始時被確 定和記錄,亦於開始對沖時按預期基礎評估 及不時根據實際經驗及估價重新評估對沖有 效性。倘公平值對沖關係不符合對沖會計的 有效性測試標準,則對沖會計方法將於此公 平值對沖失效日起停止。

(戊) 信貸風險

本集團之主要信貸風險為借款人或交易對手 未能履行對本集團之償款責任。此等責任乃 源自本集團之貸款及投資活動、以及金融工 具之交易(包括衍生工具)。

本集團設有集團信貸委員會負責批核重大的 信貸風險敞口。信貸管理委員會與財資及投 資風險委員會乃是分別負責制訂貸款及財資 業務之信貸政策及監察其組合之委員會,該 等委員會由行政總裁或風險總監擔任主席並 由若干執行董事及高級業務及信貸人員組 成。信貸風險計量,承保、批核和監測之規 定都詳列於信貸政策內。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(d) Strategy in using financial instruments (Continued)

The Group also trades in financial instruments where it takes positions in exchange-traded and OTC instruments, including derivatives, to take advantage of short-term market movements in equities and bonds and in currency and interest rate. The Board places trading limits on the level of exposures that can be taken in relation to market positions. Apart from specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures are normally offset by entering into counterbalancing positions (including transactions with customers or market counterparties), or by the use of derivatives, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to liquidate market positions.

The Group also uses interest rate swap and other interest rate derivatives to mitigate interest rate risk arising from changes in interest rates that will result in decrease in the fair value of fixed rate assets or increase in the fair value of fixed rate liabilities. Part of these financial instruments are designated as fair value hedges, and the terms of hedge including hedged item, amount, interest rates, hedge period and purpose are determined and documented at the inception of each fair value hedge. Hedge effectiveness is assessed at inception on a prospective basis and is reassessed, on an ongoing basis, based on actual experience and valuation. Fair value hedge relationships that do not meet the effectiveness test requirement of hedge accounting are discontinued with effect from the date of ineffectiveness of the fair value hedge.

(e) Credit risk

The Group's main credit risk is that borrowers or counterparties may default on their payment obligations due to the Group. These obligations arise from the Group's lending and investment activities, and trading of financial instruments (including derivatives).

The Group has a GCC for approving major credit exposures. The CMC and TIRC are the committees responsible for credit policy formulation and portfolio monitoring of the loan and treasury businesses respectively. These committees have been chaired by the Chief Executive or Chief Risk Officer with certain Executive Directors and senior business and credit officers as members. Credit risk measurement, underwriting, approval and monitoring requirements are detailed in credit policies.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

本集團以審慎基礎管理各類型的信貸風險。 信貸批核須規限在信貸政策所設定之參數之 內,並且須由各級管理層人員按既定之指引 及授權批核。管理層、信貸委員會及集團風 險部會定期監察及控制信貸風險敞口、信貸 限額及資產質素。本集團內部審核師亦會作 定期檢閱及審核以確保信貸政策,程序及規 管指引得以遵從。

本集團已就新產品及業務建立了有關審核及 審閱的政策與程序,亦已制定了信貸政策, 內容包括貸款評級或信貸評分、流程及減值 政策各方面的細節。

(i) 信貸風險承擔

標準普爾、穆迪及惠譽為本集團採用的外部信用評估機構(「信用評估機構」)用以評估對銀行、主權機構、公營單位及集體投資計劃之信貸風險承擔,及證券化類別風險承擔和有評級法團之風險承擔。本集團亦有一內部評級法則評估未有評級法團之信貸風險承擔。

本集團遵循《銀行業(資本)規則》第4 部份規定之程序,配對銀行賬內之 風險承擔與信用評估機構之發行人評 級。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

The Group manages all types of credit risk on a prudent basis. Credits are extended within the parameters set out in the credit policies and are approved by different levels of management based upon established guidelines and delegated authorities. Credit exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by management, credit committees and GRD. The Group's internal auditors also conduct regular reviews and audits to ensure compliance with credit policies and procedures and regulatory guidelines.

The Group has established policies and processes for the approval and review of new products and activities, and credit policies with details of the loan grading, or credit scoring, processes and impairment policies.

(i) Credit risk exposures

Standard & Poor's, Moody's and Fitch are the external credit assessment institutions ("ECAI") that the Group uses for the assessment of its credit risk exposures to banks, sovereigns, public sector entities, and collective investment schemes as well as securitisation exposures and exposures to rated corporates. The Group also has an internal grading methodology for assessing credit exposures to unrated corporates.

The process it uses to map ECAI issuer ratings to exposures booked in its banking book follows the process prescribed in Part 4 of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(ii) 交易對手信貸風險承擔

本集團嚴謹控制其銀行賬或交易賬內 之場外衍生交易、回購形式交易及 信貸衍生交易合約等持倉淨額之年期 和未結算餘額的額度。與此等合約有 關之信貸風險承擔主要是其現時風險 (如利於本集團之市場估值正數值), 該信貸風險承擔連同因市場變動之潛 在風險承擔被視為授予交易對手的整 體借貸額度之一部份而管理。依從載 於香港金管局之監管政策手冊(「《監 管政策手冊》」)CR-G-14《非中央結算 場外衍生工具交易一保證金及其他風 險緩解標準》中保證金之標準,除根 據與交易對手之信貸支援安排而轉移 變動保證金以填補場外衍生交易之信 貸風險承擔外,此等信貸風險承擔一 般無抵押品或其他擔保。

結算風險在支付現金或交收證券或股票並預期可收回有關現金或證券或股票時產生。本集團為各交易對手就一日期結算總額設定每天結算額度以減低結算風險。本集團亦簽訂淨額結算安排,及於適當時按收款交付基準結算。

按本集團現行有關衍生工具合約之抵 押品責任條款,抵押品之變動與本集 團之信貸評級無關連。

本集團已制定政策及程序以控制及監 控錯向風險,包括規定進行指定之錯 向風險交易前需要預先批核。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures

The Group exercises strict control limits in tenor and outstanding amounts on net open positions arising from OTC derivative transactions, repo-style transactions and credit derivative contracts booked in its banking book or trading book. The credit risk exposures associated with these contracts are predominantly their current exposures (i.e. the positive mark-to-market values favourable to the Group). These credit risk exposures together with potential exposures from market movements are managed as part of the overall lending limits allowed to counterparties. Collateral or other security is generally not obtained for such credit risk exposures except variation margin to cover credit risk exposure arising from OTC derivative transactions under credit support arrangement with counterparties pursuant to the margin standards set out in the HKMA's Supervisory Policy Manual ("SPM") CR-G-14 on "non-centrally cleared OTC derivatives transactions".

Settlement risk arises in situations where a payment in cash or a delivery of securities or equities is made in expectation of a corresponding receipt in cash, securities or equities. To mitigate settlement risk, daily settlement limits are established for individual counterparty on the aggregate of all settlements on a day. The Group will also enter into netting arrangements and make settlement on the basis of delivery against payment as appropriate.

Under the terms of the current collateral obligations of the Group with respect to derivative contracts, collateral movements are not linked with the credit ratings of the Group.

The Group has in place the policies and procedures to control and monitor wrong-way risk, including requiring prior approval before entering into prescribed wrong-way risk deals.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iii) 減低信貸風險

本集團採用之減低信貸風險方式一般 為《銀行業(資本)規則》認可以減少資 本加權值之方式,收取之抵押品類別 普遍為現金存款、不動產物業、設備 及汽車。就某些類別之客戶貸款,本 集團亦信賴政府、公營單位及配有可 接受信貸評級法團等發出之擔保。

用作抵押品之不動產物業之價值在授出貸款前將被評估。問題客戶之抵押物業,公開市場價值將最少每3個月估值一次。就已收回之物業抵押品,本集團之政策為按可行情況下盡快出售。

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量

本集團就信貸風險敞口用以計量及評估所需預期信貸虧損減值和減值準備之基本方法與載於本集團截至2022年12月31日止之經審計年度財務報表附註3.2.2內相同。概括而言,預期信貸虧損按12個月期間或全期基準之計算乃根據信貸風險大幅增加是否會自初始確認後發生或資產是否被認定是信貸減值。預期信貸虧損乃違約或然率以、違約風險承擔及違約損失率之經貼現後之結果。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk mitigation

The credit risk mitigation techniques used by the Group are generally those recognised by the Banking (Capital) Rules for reduced capital weighting. Common types of collateral obtained are cash deposits, real estate properties, equipment and vehicles. For certain types of advances to customers, the Group also places reliance on guarantees issued by governments, public sector entities and corporates with acceptable credit rating.

The values of real estate properties taken as collateral are appraised before the loan can be drawn. For property collateral supporting problem accounts, their open market values are appraised at least every three months. For property collateral that has been repossessed, the Group's policy is to arrange for realisation as soon as practicable.

(iv) Expected credit loss measurement

The basic methodologies of the Group for measuring and assessing impairment and impairment allowances required for ECL of its credit exposures remain as those set out in Note 3.2.2 of the Group's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. To recap, ECL is measured on either a 12-month or lifetime basis depending on whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred since initial recognition or whether an asset is considered to be credit-impaired. ECL is the discounted product of the probability of default ("PD"), exposures at default, and loss given default.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

截至2023年6月30日止6個月,儘管 經濟已經走出新冠肺炎疫情的影響, 並且與美國銀行業危機相關的問題似 平已經得到解決,但由於中國內地經 濟表現疲弱、持續高利率、居高不下 的通脹以及全球的地緣政治緊張局 勢,企業前景仍受到影響。此外,中 國內地房地產開發商信貸惡化所帶來 的影響,在2023年上半年仍然對信貸 組合的資產質素管理構成挑戰。在這 種背景下,本集團繼續採取適當的評 估和風險管理程序來計量預期信貸損 失,包括審閱信貸組合、考慮不同的 宏觀經濟預測情境、預期信貸虧損模 型計量結果的合理性,及預期信貸虧 損撥備的充足性。

管理層之判斷及疊加調整

從2020年開始,本集團開始對 預期信貸虧損模型的計算維持 管理層疊加。截至2022年底, 本集團對預期信貸虧損模型輸 出的剩餘管理層疊加調整僅與 汽車融資組合有關,以計及部 分依賴政府的「預先批核還息不 還本」計劃的貸款人,倘若該計 劃完結時可能產生的影響。由 於香港金管局於2023年7月已 作進一步公告,「預先批核還息 不還本」計劃將有序退出,最終 的本金寬限期將在2023年10月 結束, 屆時借款人必須恢復正 常或部分本金還款。在2023年 6月底,考慮到組合信貸質素變 化的不確定性,管理層疊加在 2023年上半年保持不變,並於 在2023年6月底佔汽車融資組 合的總餘額0.17%。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(e) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

In the six months to 30 June 2023, although the economy stepped out from the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, and issues pertaining to US banking crisis appeared to have reached a state of resolution, the business outlook continued to be influenced by the subdued economic performance in Mainland China, persistent high interest rate, elevated inflation, and geopolitical tensions worldwide. In addition, the impact brought by the credit deterioration of PRC property developers sector remained as a challenge in managing asset quality of the credit portfolios in the first half of 2023. Against this background, the Group continued to adopt appropriate assessment and risk management procedures in the measurement of ECL, including reviews of credit portfolios, considering different macroeconomic forecast scenarios, as well as assessing reasonableness of ECL models outputs, and adequacy of ECL allowances.

Management judgements and overlay

The Group started to maintain management overlay on the ECL model output since 2020. By the end of 2022, the remaining management overlay on the ECL model output effected by the Group was related only to the vehicle finance portfolio, taking into account the potential impact on certain borrowers that relied on the Government's Pre-approved Principal Payment Holiday Scheme ("PPPHS") if the Scheme came to an end. As the HKMA had further announced in July 2023 for the orderly exit from the PPPHS that the final principal moratorium will be October 2023 after which borrowers must resume normal or partial principal repayment, such overlay amount, accounting for 0.17% of total outstanding for the vehicle finance portfolio at end-June 2023, was maintained across the first half of 2023 in view of the uncertain change in credit quality of the portfolio.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

持續之風險管理程序

本集團持續審視並跟進在預早警示清單中之貸款戶口,並主動確認持續受2019新型冠狀病毒疫情嚴重影響之戶口。本集團持續審視有較高潛在違約風險之貸款組合。

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料

載於下文之前瞻性假設已更新以反映2023年6月30日之市場狀況及本集團之預測。於2023年6月30日分配予各經濟情境「基礎」、「良好」及「不良」之或然加權值分別為69%,12%及19%。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Ongoing risk management procedures

The Group continued to review and follow up loan accounts in the early warning list and carried out proactive identification of accounts that could be severely affected by prolonged impacts brought about by COVID-19. The Group continued its review on loan portfolios with higher potential risk of default.

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models

The forward-looking assumptions shown below have been updated to reflect the market conditions as at 30 June 2023 and the Group's forecast. The probability weightings assigned to each economic scenario, "base", "good" and "bad" as at 30 June 2023, were 69%, 12% and 19% respectively.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料(續)

經濟變數之假定

用於估計預期信貸虧損之重大 期末經濟變數之假定列示如下:

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Economic variable assumptions

Significant period-end economic variable assumptions used for the ECL estimates are set out below:

於2023年6月30日	As at 30 June 2023			5年期 前瞻平均數 Average of 5-Year Forward-Looking	1年期前瞻 One-Year Forward-Looking
香港本地生產總值增長率 (百分比)	Hong Kong GDP Growth Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.3% 7.0% -2.3%	3.0% 7.7% -1.7%
香港住宅物業價格指數 變動(百分比)	Hong Kong Residential Property Price Index Change (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	4.5% 23.8% -14.9%	3.3% 22.6% -16.1%
香港失業率(百分比)	Hong Kong Unemployment Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.8% 2.3% 4.7%	2.9%* 2.3%* 4.8%*
				5年期 前瞻平均數 Average of 5-Year	1年期前瞻 One-Year
於2022年12月31日	As at 31 December 2022			Forward-Looking	Forward-Looking
香港本地生產總值增長率 (百分比)	Hong Kong GDP Growth Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	1.8% 7.4% -3.8%	0.9% 6.5% -4.7%
香港住宅物業價格指數 變動(百分比)	Hong Kong Residential Property Price Index Change (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.0% 25.2% -21.2%	-3.9% 19.3% -27.1%
香港失業率(百分比)	Hong Kong Unemployment Rate (%)	基礎 良好 不良	Base Good Bad	2.9% 2.3% 5.2%	3.3%* 2.3%* 5.6%*

^{*} 該等1年期前瞻性利率代表 1年期之預測平均利率。

^{*} These one-year forward-looking rates represent forecast average rates for one year.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料(續)

經濟變數之假定(續)

上述假設是在進行預期信貸虧 損計算時的最新預測。倘若於 期末後出現與預測不一致的經 濟狀況變化,則可能需要相應 地調整概率權重的分配,以反 映最新情況。

分配予各「基礎」、「良好」及「不 良」經濟情境的平均權重如下:

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Economic variable assumptions (Continued)

The above assumptions were the latest forecasts available at the time the ECL calculation was performed. If after the period-end date further changes in the economic condition that are not consistent with the forecasts are observed, adjustments may be made in the assignment of probability weightings accordingly to reflect the latest situation.

The average weightings assigned to each economic scenario, "base", "good" and "bad" are as follows:

		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
基礎	Base	69%	71%
良好	Good	12%	14%
不良	Bad	19%	15%

已顧及未以其他方式納入上述情境之其他前瞻性考慮因素(例如任何監管,立法或政治變動之影響),但未視為有重大影響,故並無就該等因素對預期信貸虧損作出調整。此等考慮每季度作審視及監控其合適度。

Other forward-looking considerations not otherwise incorporated within the above scenarios, such as the impact of any regulatory, legislative or political changes, have also been considered, but are not deemed to have a material impact and therefore no adjustment has been made to the ECL for such factors. This is reviewed and monitored for appropriateness on a quarterly basis.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)

納入預期信貸虧損模型之前瞻 性資料(續)

敏感度分析

以下為因應用在本集團的經濟 變數假設中參數之合理可能變 化導致預期信貸虧損準備之影 響:

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Forward-looking information incorporated in the ECL models (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

Set out below are the changes to the ECL that would result from reasonably possible change in these parameters from the actual assumptions used in the Group's economic variable assumptions:

			預期信貸虧損的影響		
			ECL Im	pact	
			零售	企業	
於2023年6月30日	As at 30 June 2023		Retail	Corporate	
失業率	Unemployment rates	+1%	55,058	25,607	
		-1%	-7,320	-23,016	
生產總值增長率	GDP growth rates	+0.5%	-3,276	-6,085	
		-0.5%	3,343	6,278	
物業價格指數	Property price indices	+5%	-10,007	-8,769	
		-5%	11,758	12,214	

預期信貸虧損的影響 ECL Impact

			零售	企業
於2022年12月31日	As at 31 December 2022		Retail	Corporate
失業率	Unemployment rates	+1%	86,867	35,288
		-1%	-13,103	-32,079
生產總值增長率	GDP growth rates	+0.5%	-4,610	-7,129
		-0.5%	4,701	7,417
物業價格指數	Property price indices	+5%	-4,228	-7,254
		-5%	8,360	10,049

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 金融工具的信貸風險之分析

下列金融資產的賬面值/名義 金額總額亦列示本集團該等金 融資產之最高信貸風險值。

須作減值評估的金融資產

2023年6月30日

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Analysis of credit risk exposure of financial instruments

The gross carrying/notional amount of financial assets shown below also represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk on these assets.

Financial assets subject to impairment

At 30 June 2023

				/名義金額 /notional amount		預期信貸	
			特別關注	次級或以下		限知信貝 虧損準備	
		正常	Special	Sub-standard	合計	ECL	淨額
		Pass	mention	or below	Total	allowance	Net
銀行的結餘及存款	Balance and placements with banks	22,587,344	-	-	22,587,344	7,701	22,579,643
-階段1	- Stage 1	22,587,344	-	-	22,587,344	7,701	22,579,643
一階段2	- Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Debt instruments at fair value through						
其他全面收益的債務工具	other comprehensive income	39,187,215	-	-	39,187,215	39,140	39,148,075
-階段1	- Stage 1	39,108,866	-	-	39,108,866	38,924	39,069,942
一階段2	- Stage 2	78,349	-	-	78,349	216	78,133
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
以攤餘成本列賬的債務工具	Debt instruments at amortised cost	35,362,200	-	-	35,362,200	45,364	35,316,836
-階段1	- Stage 1	35,362,200	-	-	35,362,200	45,364	35,316,836
-階段2	- Stage 2	-	-	-	_	-	-
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	135,191,004	1,646,282	2,581,753	139,419,039	1,073,008	138,346,031
-階段1	- Stage 1	126,814,162	-	-	126,814,162	346,414	126,467,748
一階段2	– Stage 2	8,376,842	1,646,282	-	10,023,124	249,274	9,773,850
-階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	2,581,753	2,581,753	477,320	2,104,433
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,026,109	-	_	3,026,109	5,447	3,020,662
-階段1	- Stage 1	3,024,835	-	-	3,024,835	5,447	3,019,388
-階段2	- Stage 2	1,274	-	_	1,274	-	1,274
-階段3	– Stage 3	_	-	_	_	_	_
應計利息及其他賬目	Accrued interest and other accounts	5,410,157	13,437	63,244	5,486,838	21,168	5,465,670
-階段1	- Stage 1	5,385,054	_	_	5,385,054	8,584	5,376,470
一階段2	- Stage 2	25,103	13,437	_	38,540	2,377	36,163
一階段3	– Stage 3	-	_	63,244	63,244	10,207	53,037
貸款及其他承擔,及財務擔保	Loan and other commitments, and financial						
	guarantees	68,229,268	70,345	105	68,299,718	72,074	68,227,644
-階段1	- Stage 1	65,918,254	-	-	65,918,254	66,198	65,852,056
一階段2	- Stage 2	2,311,014	70,345	_	2,381,359	5,876	2,375,483
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	105	105	-	105
合計	Total	308,993,297	1,730,064	2,645,102	313,368,463	1,263,902	312,104,561

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(戊)信貸風險(續)

(iv) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 金融工具的信貸風險之分析(績)

須作減值評估的金融資產(續) 2022年12月31日(經重列)

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

- (e) Credit risk (Continued)
 - (iv) Expected credit loss measurement (Continued)

Analysis of credit risk exposure of financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets subject to impairment (Continued)

At 31 December 2022 (Restated)

賬面值/名義金額

			Gross carrying	預期信貸			
		正常	特別關注 Special	次級或以下 Sub-standard	合計	虧損準備 ECL	淨額
		Pass	mention	or below	Total	allowance	Net
銀行的結餘及存款	Balance and placements with banks	28,849,423		_	28,849,423	15,861	28,833,562
一階段1	- Stage 1	28,849,423	_	_	28,849,423	15,861	28,833,562
- 階段 2	- Stage 2	20,049,425	_	_	20,049,425	13,001	20,000,002
- 階段 3	- Stage 3	-	_	_	_	-	_
以公平值計量且其變動計入	Debt instruments at fair value through	-	_	_	_	-	_
其他全面收益的債務工具	other comprehensive income	20 775 572			20 775 572	40.075	20 707 200
兵他主即收益的俱伤工兵 一階段 1	•	39,775,573	-	_	39,775,573	48,275 47,645	39,727,298
──階段 2	Stage 1Stage 2	39,697,600 77,973	-	-	39,697,600 77,973	630	39,649,955 77,343
階段 3	•	11,913	-	-	11,913		11,343
- 階段 3 以攤餘成本列賬的債務工具	- Stage 3	- 00 001 145	-	-	00 001 145	- - FO 40F	-
小舞跃队平列取时俱伤工共 一階段 1	Debt instruments at amortised cost	33,001,145	-	-	33,001,145	59,435	32,941,710
	- Stage 1	33,001,145	-	-	33,001,145	59,435	32,941,710
一階段 2	- Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	4 040 000		-	4 000 400	-
客戶貸款及墊款	Loans and advances to customers	132,178,325	1,812,898	2,539,012	136,530,235	1,636,402	134,893,833
一階段 1	- Stage 1	123,617,311	-	-	123,617,311	406,618	123,210,693
一階段 2	- Stage 2	8,561,014	1,812,898	_	10,373,912	342,731	10,031,181
一階段3	- Stage 3	_	-	2,539,012	2,539,012	887,053	1,651,959
貿易票據	Trade bills	3,666,988	-	-	3,666,988	5,570	3,661,418
-階段1	- Stage 1	3,665,808	-	-	3,665,808	5,569	3,660,239
-階段2	- Stage 2	1,180	-	-	1,180	1	1,179
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-
應計利息及其他賬目	Accrued interest and other accounts	4,531,037	11,806	70,319	4,613,162	25,223	4,587,939
-階段1	- Stage 1	4,506,519	-	-	4,506,519	10,198	4,496,321
一階段2	- Stage 2	24,518	11,806	-	36,324	2,238	34,086
一階段3	- Stage 3	-	-	70,319	70,319	12,787	57,532
貸款及其他承擔,及財務擔保	Loan and other commitments, and financial						
	guarantees	74,563,798	33,167	10,125	74,607,090	98,973	74,508,117
一階段1	- Stage 1	71,765,299	-	-	71,765,299	89,684	71,675,615
一階段2	- Stage 2	2,798,499	33,167	-	2,831,666	9,289	2,822,377
一階段3	- Stage 3			10,125	10,125		10,125
合計	Total	316,566,289	1,857,871	2,619,456	321,043,616	1,889,739	319,153,877

在披露此財務資料時,已列示 以公平值計量且其變動計入其 他全面收益的債務工具之名義 金額及於投資重估儲備中所包 含相關的預期信貸虧損準備。 For the purpose of this disclosure, notional amount of debt instruments at FVOCI and the associated ECL allowance maintained in investment revaluation reserve are presented.

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己) 市場風險

市場風險乃指由市場上利率及價格變化而引致對資產、負債及資產負債表外持倉之虧損風險。

各類交易之市場風險均由董事會、風險管理 及合規委員會及財資及投資風險委員會按董 事會授予之權力所核准之各項風險限額及指 引內處理。風險限額按組合層面以及各產品 及不同風險類別設定。該等限額綜合包含了 名義金額、止蝕限額、敏感性及運用市場風 險數值(「市場風險數值」)之監控。所有涉及 市場風險的交易持倉需要每日按市值入賬。 集團風險部之風險管理及監控部(「風險管理 及監控部」)乃一個獨立之風險管理及控制部 門,負責比較風險和已審批限額,以識別、 計量、監控及管理該等風險及提議具體行動 去確保持倉被限制在可接受水平內。任何不 符合限額情況均須依據有關政策及程序經合 適管理層-財資及投資風險委員會,風險管 理及合規委員會或董事會審查及批准。

大新銀行之附屬公司澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)根據其一套自定限額和政策及在大新銀行設定之市場風險管理框架內執行其本行之財資活動。大新銀行之風險管理及監控部監察及管理源自澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)財資營運之市場風險,確保已實施的風險控制與相關的業務同步並與集團的標準一致。

本集團源自其交易賬及銀行賬之市場風險應 用不同之風險管理政策及程序。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of losses in assets, liabilities and offbalance sheet positions arising from movements in market rates and prices.

Market risk exposure for different types of transactions is managed within various risk limits and guidelines approved by the Board, the RMCC and the TIRC under the authority delegated from the Board. Risk limits are set at the portfolio level as well as by products and by different types of risks. The risk limits comprise a combination of notional, stoploss, sensitivity and value-at-risk ("VaR") controls. All trading positions are subject to daily mark-to-market valuation. The Risk Management and Control Department ("RMCD") within the GRD, as an independent risk management and control unit, identifies, measures, monitors and controls the risk exposures against approved limits and initiates specific actions to ensure positions are managed within an acceptable level. Any exceptions have to be reviewed and sanctioned by the appropriate level of management of TIRC, RMCC or the Board as stipulated in the relevant policies and procedures.

BCM and DSB China, which are subsidiaries of DSB, run their treasury functions locally under their own set of limits and policies and within the market risk management framework set by DSB. The RMCD of DSB oversees the market risk arising from the treasury operations of BCM and DSB China to ensure that the risk controls put in place are commensurate with their businesses and consistent with the Group standards.

The Group applies different risk management policies and procedures in respect of the market risk arising from its trading and banking books.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

(i) 源自交易賬之市場風險

本集團之交易賬內,在外匯、債務證 券、權益性證券及衍生工具之交易持 倉中存在市場風險。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

作為市場風險管理,本集團使 用各種業界普遍採用之方法計 量市場風險及控制市場風險於 設定之風險額度範圍內。主要 用於計量及監控市場風險之計 量方法概述如下。

市場風險數值

市場風險數值模型假設某個持倉期(就本集團而高為一天)直至結束持倉。市場風險數值亦依據持倉之現時市值、市場風險因素過往在一個曆年週期之相互關係及波幅,使用一種歷史模擬方法計算。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

Market risk arising from the trading book

In the Group's trading book, market risk is associated with trading positions in foreign exchange, debt securities, equity securities and derivatives.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

In the management of market risk, the Group measures market risks using various techniques commonly used by the industry and control market risk exposures within established risk limits. The major measurement techniques used to measure and control market risk are outlined below.

Value at risk

The Group applies a VaR methodology, which is a statistically based estimate, to measure the potential loss of its trading portfolio from adverse market movements. It expresses as the maximum amount the Group might lose given a certain level of confidence, which for the Group is 99% for a one day holding period. There is therefore a specified statistical probability that actual loss could be greater than the VaR estimate. Hence, the use of VaR does not prevent losses outside the VaR limits in the event of extreme market movements.

The VaR model assumes a certain "holding period" (one day in the case of the Group) until positions can be closed. It is calculated based on the current mark-to-market value of the positions, the historical correlation and volatilities of the market risk factors over an observation period of one calendar year using a method known as historical simulation approach.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自交易賬之市場風險(續)
 - (1) 市場風險計量方法(續)
 - 市場風險數值(續)

本集團藉著回顧測試交易 賬之市場風險數值結果, 持續確認市場風險數值模 型之有效性。所有回顧測 試的偏差予以調查及向高 層管理人員匯報。

因市場風險數值為本集團 之市場風險管理範疇內一 重要環節,董事會及其授 權之委員會就所有交易持 倉設定不同市場風險數值 額度及分配至各業務部 門,並至少每年審閱。風 險管理及監控部每天審視 包括市場風險數值之實際 風險與額度對比進行監 控。本集團就截至2023年 6月30日止之6個月內全部 交易活動之市場風險數值 日均值為3,228,000港元 (截至2022年12月31日止 年度:3,388,000港元)。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
 - (f) Market risk (Continued)
 - Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk measurement technique (Continued)
 - Value at risk (Continued)

The VaR model is continuously validated by back-testing the VaR results for trading positions. All back-testing exceptions are investigated and back-testing results are reported to senior management.

As VaR constitutes an integral part of the Group's market risk control regime, VaR limits are established and reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees at least annually for all trading positions and allocated to business units. Actual exposures, including VaR, are monitored against limits on a daily basis by RMCD. Average daily VaR for the Group for all trading activities during the six months ended 30 June 2023 was HK\$3,228,000 (year ended 31 December 2022: HK\$3,388,000).

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自交易賬之市場風險(續)
 - (1) 市場風險計量方法(續)
 - 壓力測試

壓力測試提供極端情況下 可能出現之潛在損失之約 額。風險管理及監控部進 行的壓力測試包括:風險 因素壓力測試,方法為 在各風險類別中施行不 同壓力程度;及個案壓力 測試,方法為利用各種可 能壓力事項對特定持倉或 組合進行測算。此外,亦 計量持作交易用途組合之 預計虧缺以評估當超出指 定置信水平及處於較長持 倉期時出現極度交易虧損 的預計規模。此外,也進 行逆壓力測試作為一項有 效工具以評估本集團於觸 及規定之可容忍水平前所 能承受的市場壓力最大約 額。

壓力測試之結果由董事會 及其授權之委員會定期審 閱。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
 - f) Market risk (Continued)
 - Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (1) Market risk measurement technique (Continued)
 - Stress tests

Stress tests provide an indication of the potential size of losses that could arise in extreme conditions. The stress tests carried out by RMCD include: risk factor stress testing, where stress movements are applied to each risk category; and scenario stress testing, which includes applying possible stress events to specific positions or portfolios. Besides, the expected shortfall of the trading portfolio is measured to evaluate the expected size of extreme trading loss beyond a specified confidence level and over a longer holding period. In addition, reverse-stress tests are performed as a useful tool to evaluate the maximum size of market stress that the Group can endure before hitting the prescribed tolerable levels.

The results of the stress tests are regularly reviewed by the Board and its delegated committees.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外)(Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

- (i) 源自交易賬之市場風險(續)
 - (2) 持作交易用途組合之市場 風險數值概要

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

- A. Banking Group (Continued)
 - (f) Market risk (Continued)
 - Market risk arising from the trading book (Continued)
 - (2) VaR summary of trading portfolio

		截至2023年6月30日止之6個月 6 months to 30 Jun 2023			截至2022年12月31日止之12個月 12 months to 31 Dec 2022			
		平均 最高 最低			 平均	最高	最低	
		Average	High	Low	Average	High	Low	
外匯風險	Foreign exchange risk	2,850	3,952	1,749	1,660	3,113	262	
利率風險	Interest rate risk	1,191	2,399	469	2,393	5,844	511	
全部風險	All risks	3,228	4,263	1,786	3,388	6,132	653	

(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險

本集團之銀行賬中,市場風險主要來 自於債務及權益性證券之持倉。

(1) 市場風險計量方法

在董事會及其授權之委員會設 立之風險管理框架及政策中, 設定了不同的額度、指引及管 理層行動觸發額,藉此控制本 集團銀行賬中有關外匯風險、 利率風險及定價風險等風險。 尤其設有持倉及敏感度額度及 定價觸發額以控制證券投資的 定價風險。此外,本集團定期 進行對資產負債表內及外持倉 中之利率變化及證券投資之信 貸息差作敏感度分析及壓力測 試(包括逆壓力測試),比對設 定之監控措施以估量及管理存 在於本集團銀行賬中之市場風 險。

計量及監控銀行賬中之市場風險時並無採用市場風險數值法。

(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book

In the Group's banking book, market risk is predominantly associated with positions in debt and equity securities.

(1) Market risk measurement technique

Within the risk management framework and policies established by the Board and its delegated committees, various limits, guidelines and management action triggers are established to control the exposures of the Group's banking book activities to foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, and price risk. In particular, position and sensitivity limits and price triggers are in place to control the price risk of the investment securities. In addition, sensitivity analysis and stress testing (including reverse-stress testing) covering shocks and shifts in interest rates on the Group's on- and off-balance sheet positions and credit spreads on the Group's investment securities are regularly performed to gauge the market risk inherent in the Group's banking book portfolios and manage it against the established control measures.

VaR methodology is not used to measure and control the market risk of the banking book.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(己)市場風險(續)

(ii) 源自銀行賬之市場風險(續)

(2) 外匯風險

若用長期外幣資金融資港元資產,反之亦然,通常會透過與 遠期外匯合約配對抵銷以減低 外匯風險。

(3) 利率風險

本集團採納用以計量源自銀行 賬持倉的利率風險額之框架與 載於香港金管局《監管政策手 冊》內有關銀行賬內的利率風 險之指引一致。就盈利觀點而 言,利率風險乃由於市場利率 變化而導致金融工具源自未來 現金流之淨收入波動之風險。 就經濟價值觀點而言,利率風 險則為由於市場利率變化而導 致金融工具之經濟價值受到不 利的影響。本集團就銀行賬承 擔以上兩方面之利率風險。就 此而論,息差或淨利息收入及 資本之經濟價值可能由於此等 變化或突如其來之變化而上升 或下跌。董事會及資產及負債 管理委員會(「資產及負債管理 委員會」)就可能承擔之重訂利 率錯配水平設定額度及透過情 境分析和壓力測試定期監控利 率變化之影響。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(f) Market risk (Continued)

(ii) Market risk arising from the banking book (Continued)

(2) Foreign exchange risk

The Group has limited net foreign exchange exposure (except for USD, Macau Pataca ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB")) as foreign exchange positions and foreign currency balances arising from customer transactions are normally matched against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign exchange exposure of the nontrading portfolio in respect of MOP and RMB arise mainly from the operation of subsidiaries in Mainland China and Macau. The net exposure positions including the trading and non-trading portfolios, both by individual currency and in aggregate, are managed by the TRD of the Group on a daily basis within established foreign exchange limits.

Long-term foreign currency funding, to the extent that this is used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets, or vice versa, is normally matched using foreign exchange forward contracts to reduce exposure to foreign exchange risk.

(3) Interest rate risk

The framework adopted by the Group to measure interest rate risk exposures arising from its banking book positions is consistent with the guidelines set out by the HKMA in its SPM on Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book. From an earnings perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the net income arising from future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. From an economic value perspective, interest rate risk is the risk that the economic value of a financial instrument will undergo adverse impact because of changes in market interest rates. The Group takes on interest rate risk from both perspectives in the banking book. As such, the interest margins or net interest income and the economic value of the capital may increase or decrease as a result of such changes or in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Board and the Asset and Liability Management Committee ("ALCO") set limits on the level of mismatch of interest rate repricing that may be undertaken and monitor the interest rate impacts through scenario analysis and stress testing regularly.

未經審核之中期簡明財務報表附註

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚)流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能在不衍生不可接受之損失的情況下為新增的資產融資或就 到期之金融負債履行付款責任。

本集團按審慎原則管理資金流動性,旨在符合法定準則及確保有充足之流動性及融資能力,以應付日常的業務營運及能承受嚴重資金壓力。本集團已採納香港金管局指定之流動性維持比率(「流動性維持比率」)及核心資金比率(「核心資金比率」)為呈報本集團流動資金狀況之監管準則。本集團於期內保持流動性維持比率及核心資金比率遠高於法定最低的要求分別為25%及75%。

此外,本集團已根據香港金管局《監管政策手冊》LM-1「流動性風險監管制度」及《監管政策手冊》LM-2「穩健的流動性風險管理制度及管控措施」之規定維護健全的流動性風險管理框架。《監管政策手冊》LM-1旨在提供香港金管局採納用以監管及評估銀行流動性風險之方法,而《監管政策手冊》LM-2乃為實施巴塞爾銀行監管委員會(「巴塞爾委員會」)所確立之健全流動性原則而制定,旨在強化銀行的流動性風險管理標準。

流動性風險管理乃遵照經董事會批准之政策 及框架管理,據此授權本集團的資產及負債 管理委員會監控流動性風險管理。本集團的 資產及負債管理委員會定期檢討本集團之貸 款和存款的組合及變化、融資需求及預測、 以及對一系列包括流動性維持比率、核心資 金比率及到期錯配狀況之流動性風險度量作 持續監控。此外,資產及負債管理委員會審 閱流動性風險指標的重大變化以及任何相應 的建議緩解措施。本集團對此等風險度量訂 定適當的限額及觸發額,並持有充足的流動 資產以確保能保持足夠水平的穩定資金以支 持其資產增長。財資部負責資金及流動性狀 況之日常管理,而集團風險部負責每日及每 月計量及監控流動性的風險敞口,亦進行流 動性分析及壓力測試。財務監理處則處理有 關流動性風險之監管報告,並組織編製貸款 與存款以及流動性維持比率、核心資金比率 的定期預測、預算和與流動性及資金管理有 關之分析。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to fund increases in assets or meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due without incurring unacceptable loss.

The Group manages its liquidity on a prudent basis with the objective to comply with the statutory standards and to ensure that there is an adequate liquidity and funding capacity to meet normal business operations and to withstand severe liquidity stresses. The Group has adopted the Liquidity Maintenance Ratio ("LMR") and the Core Funding Ratio ("CFR") as the regulatory standards specified by the HKMA for reporting on the Group's liquidity position. During the period, the Group had maintained sufficiently high LMR and CFR well above the statutory minimum of 25% and 75% respectively.

Moreover, the Group has maintained a sound liquidity risk management framework in accordance with the HKMA's requirements set forth in the SPM LM-1 on "Regulatory Framework for Supervision of Liquidity Risk" and the SPM LM-2 on "Sound Systems and Controls for Liquidity Risk Management". The SPM LM-1 is to provide the approach adopted by the HKMA for supervising and assessing the liquidity risk of banks while the SPM LM-2 is developed to implement the liquidity sound principles formulated by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision ("Basel Committee") to strengthen the liquidity risk management standards of banks.

Liquidity risk management is governed by the policy and framework approved by the Board, which delegates to the Group's ALCO to oversee liquidity risk management. The ALCO regularly reviews the Group's loan and deposit mix and changes, funding requirements and projections, and monitors a set of liquidity risk metrics, including the LMR, CFR and maturity mismatch on an ongoing basis. In addition, material changes in the liquidity risk metrics together with any corresponding proposed mitigation actions will be reviewed by ALCO. Appropriate limits or triggers on these risk metrics are set and sufficient liquid assets are held to ensure that the Group can maintain a sufficient level of stable funding to support its asset growth. The TRD is responsible for the day-to-day management of funding and liquidity position while the GRD is responsible for the measurement and monitoring of liquidity risk exposures on a daily and monthly basis, and also conducting liquidity analysis and stress testing. The Financial Control Division handles regulatory reporting in relation to liquidity risk, and coordinates the regular forecast of loans and deposits, and LMR, CFR, budget and analysis relating to liquidity and funding management.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚)流動資金風險(續)

本集團高度重視建立多樣化及穩定的資金來源。除了客戶存款為本集團的資金之基本部份,本集團亦適時發行存款證及中期票據藉以延長資金的融資年期及優化資產及負債之年期。在有限制的基礎下,亦會吸納短期銀行同業存款以維持在市場上的佔有率為目標。本集團乃銀行同業市場的淨放款人。

監控及呈報按不同時限之現金流計量及推測 方式實行,時限按流動性管理之主要區間包 括次日、一星期及一個月來區分。此等推測 首先分析該等金融資產及負債之合約到期 日,並且依據過往觀察預計該等金融資產及 負債的預期到期日。預測現金流亦考慮資產 負債表外項目,包括未提取借貸承擔及或然 負債(例如備用信用證及擔保)之過往行為。 本集團持續維持充足流動性緩衝,由具備充 足市場深度的優質有價證券組成,即使在不 利的市場環境下也能時刻應付其流動資金需 求。於流動性緩衝內之合資格證券主要是低 風險及結構簡單並可隨時出售或用作抵押 的,以便於短時間內獲取資金。持有之債務 證券按每日基準以市值入賬以確保其市場流 動性。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The Group places considerable importance to establish a diversified and stable funding. While customer deposits form the primary portion of the Group's funding, certificates of deposit and medium term notes are issued at opportune times in order to lengthen the funding maturity and optimise asset and liability maturities. Short-term interbank deposits are taken on a limited basis with the aim of maintaining the presence in the market and the Group is a net lender to the interbank market.

The monitoring and reporting take the forms of cash flow measurements and projections for different time horizons, including the next day, week and month, which are key periods for liquidity management. The starting point for those projections is an analysis of the contractual maturity of the financial assets and liabilities as well as the expected maturity of these assets and liabilities based on historical observations. The cash flow projections also take into account the historical behaviour of offbalance sheet items, including undrawn lending commitments and contingent liabilities such as standby letters of credit and guarantees. The Group always maintains an adequate liquidity cushion, which is composed of high quality marketable securities with sufficient market depth, to meet its liquidity needs at all times, even under adverse market conditions. Eligible securities in the cushion mainly have low risk and simple structure and can be readily sold or used as collateral to obtain funds within a short period of time. Debt securities held are marked to the market on daily basis to ensure their market liquidity.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(庚)流動資金風險(續)

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(g) Liquidity risk (Continued)

內部分類 Internal categorisation	基本準則 Basic Criteria	2023年6月30日 As at 30 June 2023 (百萬港元) (In HK\$ million)	2022年12月31日 As at 31 December 2022 (百萬港元) (In HK\$ million)
第1級	根據巴塞爾協定II標準法的政府、多邊發展銀行、相關國際組織及公營單位發行或擔保之風險權重為 0% 的有價證券	9,583	11,331
Tier 1	Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by government, multilateral development banks, relevant international organisations and public sector entities with a 0% risk weight under the Basel II Standardised Approach		
第 2A 級	根據巴塞爾協定II標準法的政府、多邊發展銀行、公營單位及非金融企業發行 或擔保之風險權重為20%的有價證券	9,266	7,859
Tier 2A	Marketable securities issued or guaranteed by government, multilateral development banks, public sector entities and non-financial corporate entities with a 20% risk weight under the Basel II Standardised Approach		
第2B級	至少具有投資等級及可包括於流動資產維持比率中的「可流動資產」的企業或金融機構發行或擔保之其他有價證券	49,149	46,384
Tier 2B	Other marketable securities issued or guaranteed by corporate or financial institutions with at least an investment grade and those securities that may be included in "liquefiable assets" under the liquidity maintenance ratio		

本集團定期進行壓力測試,包括與機構特定 相關的、一般市場危機的及併合兩者的不同 方案以評估流動性狀況在受壓之市場情況下 的潛在影響。本集團設立一系列預早警示指 標,包括質化的及量化的因素及涉及可幫助 認明任何於早期出現的風險之內部及市場指 標。本集團維持緊急應變計劃,詳列應對資 金壓力之策略和於緊急情況下填補現金流不 足之程序(例如進行回購協議交易或變賣持 作流動性風險管理用途之資產)。每年進行 演習測試及至少每年審閲緊急應變計劃以確 保其仍然健全及有效。集團公司間之交易按 公平原則進行及就正常情況下之現金流預測 而言,如同與其他第三方之交易處理。本集 團之附屬公司於正常及受壓情況下須管理其 流動資金狀況以應付其需要。本集團之衍生 工具交易大多為外匯合約及利率合約。按照 本集團與衍生工具交易對手之抵押品安排條 款,抵押品之變動與集團之信貸評級無關 連。

The Group performs stress testing regularly, which includes an institution-specific crisis scenario, a general market crisis scenario and a combination of these crisis scenarios in order to assess the potential impact on its liquidity position under stressed market conditions. The Group maintains a set of early warning indicators, including qualitative and quantitative factors and involving both internal and market indicators that help identify any emerging risk at an early stage. The Group maintains a contingency plan that sets out its strategies for dealing with liquidity stresses and the procedures for making up cash flow deficits (e.g. conducting repo transactions or liquidation of assets held for liquidity risk management purpose) in emergency situations. An annual drill test is conducted and the contingency plan is reviewed at least annually to ensure it remains sound and effective. Intragroup transactions are conducted on arm's length basis and are treated the same way as other third party transactions for the purpose of cash flow projection under normal scenario. Subsidiaries of the Group are required to manage their liquidity positions to meet their needs under both normal and stressed conditions. Most of the Group's derivative transactions are exchange rate contracts and interest rate contracts. Under the terms of our collateral arrangements with derivative counterparties, collateral movements are not linked with the credit ratings of the Group.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辛) 操作風險

本集團透過一個管理架構管理操作風險,包括高級管理人員,一獨立風險管理小組,及來自各業務和支援部門之操作風險人員,並透過一系列操作風險政策、風險工具箱、操作風險事件申報及紀錄系統,及自我評估監控和主要風險指標工具運作。操作風險及內部監控委員會(「操作風險及內部監控委員會」)已設立,以監察本集團之操作風險管理及內部監控事宜。連同設立一個良好內部監控系統,操作風險下均可充分地認明、評估、監控及減低。為能向集團內各階層清晰地傳達該操作風險架構,認知和訓練課程不時舉行。

為減低系統失靈或災難對本集團業務之影響,本集團已設定備用場地、操作復元政策 及計劃,並對所有主要業務及支援部門進行 測試。

外部及內部審核師亦定期對內部監控系統作 獨立審閱以支托操作風險架構。本集團之風 險管理及合規委員會全面監察操作風險管理 之表現及有效性。

(壬) 聲譽風險

本集團透過維持以下一系列措施管理聲譽風險:以強調內部監控、風險管理和合規、打擊洗黑錢及恐怖份子資金籌集的重要性來提升企業管治及管理層監察達至高水平,以及維持有效政策及程序:提供適當之員工培訓及監督:員工對合規事項的認知;妥善處理客戶之投訴或不滿;以及沿用穩當之商業慣例。本集團就所有範疇設定標準並制訂政策及程序,以減低聲譽風險或受損之機會。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(h) Operational risk

The Group manages its operational risk through a management structure comprising members of senior management, an independent risk management team and operational risk officers from each business and support function, and operating through a set of operational risk policies, risk tool-kits, operational risk incident reporting and tracking system, and control self-assessment and key risk indicator tools. The Operational Risk and Internal Control Committee ("ORICC") has been set up to oversee the operational risk management and internal control matters of the Group. Together with a well-established internal control system, operational risk can be adequately identified, assessed, monitored and mitigated. To allow the operational risk framework to be clearly communicated to all levels within the Group, awareness and training programs are conducted from time to time.

To minimise the impact on the Group's business in the event of system failure or disasters, back-up sites and operation recovery policies and plans have been established and tested for all critical business and operations functions.

Operational risk framework is also supported by periodic independent reviews of internal control systems by external and internal auditors. The Group's RMCC have an overall oversight of the performance and effectiveness of operational risk management.

(i) Reputation risk

The Group manages reputation risk through upholding a high standard of corporate governance and management oversight, maintenance of effective policies and procedures with emphasis on internal control, risk management and compliance, antimoney laundering and counter terrorist financing; proper staff training and supervision; staff awareness of compliance issues; proper handling of customer complaints or dissatisfaction; and adherence to sound business practices. Standards are set and policies and procedures are established by the Group in all areas, which operate to reduce vulnerability to reputation risk.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(癸) 策略性風險

董事會在高層管理人員之協助下直接負責管理策略性風險。董事制訂與本集團企業使命一致之策略性目標以及主要方針,確保制訂業務策略以實踐該等目標,監督策略發展及執行以確保其與本集團之策略性目標一致,確保設有適當之變更管理,並檢討業務表現及應對來自預計中之操作或市場變動,適當調配資源以達成本集團之目標,以及授權管理層人員採取適當措施以減低風險。

(子)符合巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本準則

巴塞爾協定III資本規則列明普通股權一級資本、一級資本及整體資本之最低比率分別為4.5%,6%及8%,於2019年在本地生效。於2023年6月30日,適用於大新銀行之緩衝資本包括防護緩衝資本(「防護緩衝資本」)及逆周期緩衝資本(「逆周期緩衝資本」)。防護緩衝資本旨在確保眾銀行於壓力期外設立2.5%資本。逆周期緩衝資本按個別地區基準設定及於信貸過度增長期間設立以防禦未來虧損。於2023年5月4日,香港金管局宣佈香港之逆周期緩衝資本維持在1.0%。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(j) Strategic risk

The Board of Directors, assisted by senior management, is directly responsible for the management of strategic risk. Directors formulate the strategic goals and key direction of the Group in line with the Group's corporate mission, ensure business strategies are developed to achieve these goals, oversee the strategic development and implementation to secure compatibility with the Group's strategic goals, ensure proper change management is in place, review business performance, and address issues arising from anticipated operational or market changes, deploy proper resources to achieve the Group's objectives, and authorise management to take appropriate actions to mitigate risks.

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards

The Basel III capital rules set out the minimum Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital ratios at 4.5%, 6% and 8% respectively, which came into effect locally in 2019. At 30 June 2023, the capital buffers applicable to DSB include the Capital Conservation Buffer ("CCB") and the Countercyclical Capital Buffer ("CCyB"). The CCB is designed to ensure banks build up capital outside periods of stress at 2.5%. The CCyB is set on an individual country basis and is built up during periods of excess credit growth to protect against future losses. On 4 May 2023, the HKMA announced that the CCyB for Hong Kong remains unchanged at 1.0%.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(子)符合巴塞爾協定Ⅲ資本準則(續)

自從經修訂之資本充足框架(即巴塞爾協定II)於2007年1月生效以後,大新銀行採納標準法計算信貸風險及市場風險,及採納基本指標法計算操作風險。此等均為《銀行業(資本)規則》內列明之認可方法。據此,本集團已全面檢查其系統及管理以符合該等方法要求之標準。

為應對系統重要性金融機構帶來之外在負面 因素,巴塞爾委員會設定框架以識別具全球 系統重要性銀行(「具全球系統重要性銀行」) 及釐定其相關較高吸收虧損能力(「較高吸收 虧損能力」)之資本規定。繼後巴塞爾委員會 頒佈處理具本地系統重要性銀行(「具本地系 統重要性銀行」)之原則性框架。此外,香港 金管局已就《金融機構(處置機制)(吸收虧損 能力規定一銀行界)規則》設定吸收虧損能力 規則之框架。根據金融穩定理事會(「金融穩 定理事會」)及香港金管局分別頒布之最新具 全球系統重要性銀行及具本地系統重要性銀 行名冊,大新銀行並沒有被指定為具全球系 統重要性銀行,具本地系統重要性銀行或處 置實體,故此亦無需接受進一步之額外資本 要求。

期內,本集團已遵守香港金管局在外部施行 之所有資本規定。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(k) Compliance with the Basel III Capital Standards (Continued)

Since the revised capital adequacy framework known as Basel II has become effective from January 2007, DSB has adopted the standardised approach for credit risk and market risk, and the basic indicator approach for operational risk. These are the default approaches as specified in the Banking (Capital) Rules. Accordingly, the Group has overhauled its systems and controls in order to meet the standards required for these approaches.

To address the negative externalities posed by systemically important financial institutions, the Basel Committee established a framework for the identification of global systemically important banks ("G-SIBs") and the determination of their corresponding Higher Loss Absorbency ("HLA") capital requirements. Subsequently, a principles-based framework for dealing with domestic systemically important banks ("D-SIBs") was issued by the Basel Committee. In addition, the HKMA has established the framework on loss-absorbing capacity requirements under the Financial Institutions (Resolution) (Loss-absorbing Capacity Requirements – Banking Sector) Rules. Based on the latest list of G-SIBs and D-SIBs issued by the Financial Stability Board ("FSB") and the HKMA respectively, DSB is neither designated as a G-SIB, D-SIB nor a resolution entity and therefore not subject to further capital surcharge.

During the period, the Group has complied with all of the externally imposed capital requirements set by the HKMA.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值

公平值受限於須由董事會負責確保本集團有適當的估值管治及控制程序之控制框架。董事會授權財資及投資風險委員會監管金融工具之估值程序。估值由風險管理及監控部和獨立專業合資格估值師及精算師(如適用)獨立地進行,而估值結果乃定期驗證,確保公平值計量過程之完整性。

金融工具之公平值乃在目前市場情況下市場 參與者於計量日進行之有序交易中出售資產 所收取或轉移負債所支付之價格,不論該價 格為直接可觀察或使用估值方法估計。

凡金融工具之報價隨時且定期由交易所、交易商、經紀人、行業組織、定價服務及監管機構發佈,則被視作為活躍市場報價之金融工具。於活躍市場之報價為公平值提供最可靠之證據,並須於可獲得時使用。倘金融資產或金融負債有買入價及賣出價,本集團將採用買賣差價中在該等情況下最能代表公平值之價格。

倘金融工具之可觀察市場報價未能直接獲得,本集團利用合適及獲廣泛認可之估值方法估計該等金融工具之公平值,包括現值方法及標準期權定價模型。於應用該等金融工具之估值方法時,本集團盡最大限度使用相關可觀察依據(例如:利率、匯率、波動性、信貸息差),而盡最少限度使用不可觀察依據。例如利率掉期合約之公平值按估計的未來現金流之現值計算,遠期外匯合約之公平值一般根據現行遠期匯率計算,而期權合約之公平值則按合適之定價模型計算,如Black-Scholes模型。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Fair values are subject to a control framework that the Board is held responsible for ensuring proper valuation governance and control processes of the Group. It delegates the responsibility for overseeing the valuation process for financial instruments to the TIRC. Valuation is performed independently by RMCD and where appropriate, by independent and professionally qualified valuers and actuaries and the valuation results are periodically verified to ensure the integrity of the fair value measurement process.

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency. A quoted price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and shall be used whenever available. If a financial asset or a financial liability has a bid price and an ask price, the price within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value in the circumstances is used by the Group.

Where observable market quotation of financial instruments is not directly available, the Group estimates the fair value of such financial instruments by using appropriate valuation techniques that are widely recognised including present value techniques and standard option pricing models. In applying valuation techniques for these financial instruments, the Group maximises the use of relevant observable inputs (for examples, interest rates, foreign exchange rates, volatilities, credit spreads) and minimises the use of unobservable inputs. For example, the fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows, the fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts is generally based on current forward rates and the fair value of option contracts is derived using appropriate pricing models, such as Black-Scholes model.

(以港幣千元位列示・除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(丑) 金融資產及負債之公平值(續)

本集團使用外間報價及其本身信貸息差,以 釐定其金融負債及已選擇以公平值計量之其 他負債之現值。倘本集團之信貸息差擴闊, 負債之價值下降,本集團會確認該等負債之 收益。倘本集團之信貸息差收窄,負債之價 值上升,本集團會確認相對該等負債之虧 損。

如有需要,用於計量程序之價格數據及參數 會被仔細覆核及調整才應用,其中尤其需要 考慮當前的市場發展情況。

(寅) 資本管理

本集團管理資本之目標為:

- 符合本集團機構有營運的市場之銀行 業及保險業監管機構所設定之資本規 定:
- 保障本集團持續發展業務之能力;
- 為股東爭取最高回報和帶給其他利益 相關者最佳利益;及
- 維持強大資本基礎以支持業務發展。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(I) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The Group uses external price quotes and its own credit spreads in determining the current value of its financial liabilities and other liabilities for which it has elected the fair value option. When the Group's credit spreads widen, the Group recognises a gain on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has decreased. When the Group's credit spreads narrow, the Group recognises a loss on these liabilities because the value of the liabilities has increased.

Price data and parameters used in the measurement process are reviewed carefully and adjusted, if necessary, to take consideration of the current market developments.

(m) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are:

- To comply with the capital requirements set by the banking and insurance regulators in the markets where the entities within the Group operate;
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue its business as a going concern;
- To maximise returns to shareholders and optimise the benefits to other stakeholders; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

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33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅)資本管理(續)

本集團管理層定期應用按巴塞爾委員會發出 並由香港金管局執行作監管用途指引之方 法,監控本集團之香港銀行附屬公司之資本 充足度及法定資本之使用,每個季度向香港 金管局申報有關規定的資料。

於香港監管框架下,大新銀行須符合三個資 產比率,分別為普通股權一級資本、一級資 本及總資本對風險加權資產的比率。此三 個比率之國際認可最低要求分別為4.5%, 6.0%及8.0%,並已被香港金管局採納。 為符合香港金管局載於《監管政策手冊》CA-G-5有關《監管審查程序》之規定,大新銀行 須就監管者規定,內部風險評估及按第二支 柱資本規定之壓力測試結果而設立額外緩衝 以反映未包含在最低法定資本計算之重大風 險。此外,大新銀行須履行金管局所訂立防 護緩衝資本及逆周期緩衝資本之規定。同樣 地,作為構成巴塞爾協定Ⅲ所實施其中一部 份的槓桿比率,相關資料須每季向香港金管 局呈報。為符合國際標準,香港金管局將最 低槓桿比率設定為3%。

風險加權數額包括資產負債表內及外之信貸 風險、市場風險和操作風險之風險加權數額 合計。資產負債表內風險根據債務人或各類 風險性質分類及依據香港金管局認可之外部 信貸評級機構指定的信貸評級或其他載於 《銀行業(資本)規則》之原則且已考慮減輕信 貸風險對資本之影響來確定其風險加權值。 資產負債表外風險在未被分類及風險加權值 算前,已應用各項風險之相關信貸換算系數 換算其為信貸等值額,猶如當作其乃資產負 債表內風險。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management (Continued)

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Hong Kong banking subsidiary is monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines developed by the Basel Committee, as implemented by the HKMA, for supervisory purposes. The required information is filed with the HKMA on a quarterly basis.

Under the regulatory framework in Hong Kong, DSB is required to meet three capital ratios, namely, the Common Equity Tier 1 capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital respectively against riskweighted assets. The internationally agreed minimum of these three ratios are set at 4.5%, 6.0% and 8.0% respectively and are adopted by the HKMA. In order to comply with HKMA's requirements as stated in the SPM CA-G-5 on "Supervisory Review Process", DSB is required to set further buffers, to reflect material risks not included in the minimum regulatory capital calculation, arising from regulator's requirements, internal assessment of risks and the results of stress tests under the Pillar II capital requirement. In addition, DSB is required to fulfil the capital conservation buffer and countercyclical capital buffer requirements set by the HKMA. Likewise, the Leverage Ratio forms part of Basel III implementation and the required information is submitted to the HKMA on quarterly basis. In line with the international standards, the minimum Leverage Ratio is set at 3% by the HKMA.

Risk-weighted amount is the aggregate of the risk-weighted amounts for credit risk, market risk and operational risk, and covers both on-balance sheet and off-balance sheet exposures. On-balance sheet exposures are classified according to the obligor or the nature of each exposure and risk-weighted based on the credit assessment rating assigned by an external credit assessment institution recognised by the HKMA or other rules as set out in the Banking (Capital) Rules, taking into account the capital effects of credit risk mitigation. Off-balance sheet exposures are converted into credit-equivalent amounts by applying relevant credit conversion factors to each exposure, before being classified and risk-weighted as if they were on-balance sheet exposures.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(寅)資本管理(續)

包括在綜合資產負債表之資本餘額,其主要 構成為股本、保留溢利、其他權益性工具及 其他儲備。《銀行業(資本)規則》並容許資本 包括綜合撥備及監管儲備。

本集團管理層定期按澳門金融管理局(「澳門金管局」)及中國銀行保險監督管理委員會(「中國銀保監會」)就監管用途發出的指引之方法,監控集團之澳門附屬銀行,澳門商業銀行及中國附屬銀行,大新銀行(中國)之資本充足度及法定資本之使用。

澳門商業銀行及大新銀行(中國)分別向澳門金管局及中國銀保監會按季度呈報所需資料。澳門金管局規定澳門商業銀行以及中國銀保監會規定大新銀行(中國)各須維持其自有資本或資本基礎對風險加權總額之比率(即資本充足比率)不低於法定要求之最低水平8%。

本集團若干非銀行附屬公司亦須遵循其他監管機構(例如:證券及期貨事務監察委員會) 之法定資本規定。

(卯)受託業務

本集團提供託管人、受託人、財富管理及諮詢服務予第三者,當中涉及本集團就不同之 金融工具作出分配及買賣決定。此等以受信身份持有之資產,並不列入本集團之財務報表。此等服務可引致本集團被追索錯誤管理之風險。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(m) Capital management (Continued)

The principal forms of capital included in the balances on the consolidated balance sheet are share capital, retained profits, other equity instruments and other reserves. Capital also includes collective provisions and regulatory reserve for general banking risks as allowed under the Banking (Capital) Rules.

Capital adequacy of and the use of regulatory capital by the Group's Macau banking subsidiary, BCM, and banking subsidiary in Mainland China, DSB China, are monitored regularly by the Group's management, employing techniques based on the guidelines provided by the Autoridade Monetária de Macau ("AMCM") and the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission ("CBIRC") respectively for supervisory purposes.

The required information is filed by BCM with the AMCM and by DSB China with the CBIRC on a quarterly basis. The AMCM requires BCM and the CBIRC requires DSB China to maintain a ratio of own funds or capital base to total risk-weighted exposures (i.e. the capital adequacy ratio) not lower than the required statutory minimum of 8%.

Certain non-banking subsidiaries of the Group are also subject to statutory capital requirements from other regulatory authorities, such as the Securities and Futures Commission.

(n) Fiduciary activities

The Group provides custody, trustee, wealth management and advisory services to third parties, which involve the Group making allocation and purchase and sale decisions in relation to a variety of financial instruments. Those assets that are held in a fiduciary capacity are not included in the Group's financial statements. These services could give rise to the risk that the Group could be accused of mal-administration.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

甲. 集團銀行系(續)

(辰) 推出新產品或服務

集團風險政策內之新產品審批程序對每個新產品或服務之推出作出規定,要求有關業務部門及包括集團風險部在內之支援部門在推出前必須審閱關鍵的規定、風險評估及資源分配方案。倘新產品或服務可能對本集團之風險面貌有重大影響,則必須在推出前向董事會或其授權之委員會呈報。本集團之內部審核處會進行定期的獨立審閱及查核,以確保有關單位遵從新產品審批程序。

乙. 集團保險系

本集團的保險業務涉及多種風險,包括保險風險、產品風險、投資風險及業務風險。本集團相信有效的風險管理是控制及經營保險業務的關鍵,有助維持本集團業務的盈利能力和穩健。

保險業務的主要風險及相關的控制程序如下:

(甲) 保險風險

本集團的保險業務是承保有關保險的風險,而所承保之各類別或事件的風險,視乎風險的種類均設有最高保額,超額的風險將按不時檢討之各種轉保及相關協議分保。另外,保險集團亦採取分保作災難補償安排以減低因特定事件索償(可能涉及多項索償)對本集團的風險。

承保及索償方法及程序均需記錄及檢討。

(乙)產品風險

新產品及現有產品的重大修改須通過產品認可程序,包括檢討產品的盈利能力及如有需要交由內部及外部的獨立精算師評核。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

A. Banking Group (Continued)

(o) Launch of new product or service

The launch of every new product or service is governed by the New Product Approval process stipulated under the Group Risk Policy which requires the relevant business and supporting units, including GRD, to review the critical requirements, risk assessment and resources plan before the launch. New products or services which could have a significant impact on the Group's risk profile should be brought to the attention of the Board or its designated committee(s) before the launch. The Group's Internal Audit function performs regular independent review and testing to ensure compliance by the relevant units in the new product approval process.

B. Insurance Group

The Group's insurance business is exposed to multiple risks, including insurance risk, product risk, investment risk and business risks. We believe that effective risk management is an integral part of our insurance business' control process and operations, and that effective control of risks assists to maintain the profitability and stability of our business.

The key risks of our insurance business and related risk control process are as follows:

(a) Insurance risk

The Group's insurance operation is in the business of underwriting insurance risk and retains various maximum amounts per risk or event dependent on the type of risk with the excess being reinsured through various reinsurance and related agreements which are regularly reviewed. Catastrophe cover arrangements are also in place whereby a number of claims relating to a specific incident in aggregate would represent a material risk to the Group are reinsured.

Underwriting and claims practices and procedures are documented and reviewed.

(b) Product risk

New products and major revisions to existing products undergo a product approval process with the profitability being reviewed and where appropriate assessed by internal and external independent actuaries.

(以港幣千元位列示,除另有註明外) (Expressed in thousands of Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise stated)

33. 風險管理(續)

乙. 集團保險系(續)

(丙) 投資風險

保險集團的投資方式是維持盡量平衡保險業 務資產與對保單持有人的負債之回報、年期 及貨幣的配合,並以保守投資組合盡力保持 投資價值,當中考慮的因素包括相關的風 險、稅務及監管規定。

(丁)業務風險

本集團之香港保險附屬公司大新保險(1976) 有限公司按照本集團的政策及程序評估其業 務風險,包括緊急應變及對影響業務持續營 運的計劃,及為僱員及代理提供培訓,以符 合保險業有關法規與監管要求。本集團在澳 門營運之保險附屬公司澳門保險股份有限公 司,用其以遵守澳門有關規定之政策及程 序,評估其業務風險。

(戊)資本管理

於本集團之保險附屬公司經營的各個市場內,當地保險監管機構規定除計算保險負債外,各附屬公司必須保持資本之最低金額及類型,並須於全年任何時間維持該最低資本要求。本集團之附屬公司須受其發出保險及投資合約身處之市場之保險償付能力法規監管,且已遵守當地之償付能力法規。各市場內以確保持續及完全遵守有關法規。各市場內之各保險公司之償付能力要求須遵照當地規定,而各司法管轄區之規定可能相異。

丙. 內部審核處的角色

本集團之內部審核處是一個獨立、客觀及顧問性質的部門,集中於改進和維持本集團業務及後勤部門良好的內部控制。該處向一獨立非執行董事所主持的集團審核委員會作出功能上的匯報。內部審核處處理各類不同形式的內部控制活動,例如合規性審計,操作和系統覆查以確保本集團控制系統的完整性、效率和有效性。

33. RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

B. Insurance Group (Continued)

(c) Investment risk

Our investment practice is to maintain a conservatively invested portfolio which attempts to maintain value whilst matching assets and policyholder liabilities as appropriate, by yield, duration and currency taking account of the associated risks, taxation and regulatory requirements.

(d) Business risks

The Group's Hong Kong insurance subsidiary, Dah Sing Insurance Company (1976) Limited, follows the policies and procedures of the Group in assessing business risk in terms of contingency and interruption planning as well as providing training for staff and agents to comply with the relevant rules and regulations covering its businesses. Macau Insurance Company Limited, which is the insurance subsidiary of the Group operating in Macau, has its own policies and procedures to comply with the relevant requirements in Macau.

(e) Capital management

In each market in which the Group's insurance subsidiaries operate, the local insurance regulator specifies the minimum amount and type of capital that must be held by each of the subsidiaries in addition to their insurance liabilities. The minimum required capital must be maintained at all times throughout the year. The Group's subsidiaries are subject to insurance solvency regulations in the markets in which they issue insurance and investment contracts, and where they have to comply with the local solvency regulations. The Group has embedded in its risk management framework the necessary tests to ensure continuous and full compliance with such regulations. The solvency requirement of each insurance company in each market is subject to local requirements, which may differ from jurisdiction to jurisdiction.

C. The role of Internal Audit

The Group's Internal Audit Division is an independent, objective assurance and consulting unit, which is designed to focus on enhancing and sustaining sound internal control in all business and operational units of the Group. The Division reports functionally to the Group AC, which is chaired by an Independent Non-Executive Director. The Division conducts a wide variety of internal control activities such as compliance audits and operations and systems reviews to ensure the integrity, efficiency and effectiveness of the systems of control of the Group.

本集團之銀行業務

IN RESPECT OF THE GROUP'S BANKING BUSINESS

		截至2023年	截至2022年
		6月30日止	6月30日止
		6個月	6個月
		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 Jun 2023	30 Jun 2022
淨利息收入/營運收入	Net interest income/operating	04.00/	70.00/
	income	84.3%	76.9%
成本對收入比率	Cost to income ratio	57.0%	52.9%
平均總資產回報(年率化)	Return on average total assets	0.00/	0.00/
T. ((annualised)	0.9%	0.9%
平均股東資金回報(年率化)	Return on average shareholders'		- 404
	funds (annualised)	7.4%	7.4%
本集團之保險業務	IN RESPECT OF THE GROUP'S	S INSURANCE	BUSINESS
		2023年	2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		As at	As at
		30 Jun 2023	31 Dec 2022
(学人女· 士 L. 文			
償付能力比率 ************************************	Solvency ratio		
一就香港營運而言	 In respect of Hong Kong 	4 4700/	4.4570/
	operations	1,479%	1,457%
一就澳門營運而言	- In respect of Macau operations	1,184%	1,167%
		截至2023年	截至2022年
		6月30日止	6月30日止
		6個月	6個月
		Six months	Six months
		ended	ended
		30 Jun 2023	30 Jun 2022
整體合計比率	Combined ratio	97.8%	92.6%

註: 整體合計比率為已承付之索償及支出淨額及已賺 取之保費淨額的比率。 Note: Combined ratio is the ratio of the sum of net incurred claims and expenses to net earned premium.

概要

香港經濟於2023年上半年有所改善,實質本地生產總值繼2022年下半年按年收縮4.3%後,按年回升2.2%。期內在入境旅遊及本地需求復甦而按年增長4.8%之帶動下,經濟環境好轉。入境旅遊之復甦有賴於旅遊復常,當中包括中國內地及全球各地之旅客。然而,主要市場需求疲弱,嚴重拖累出口表現,對外貿易持續大幅下滑。受高利率影響,期內投資支出疲弱。

此外,2023年4月至6月的失業率下跌至2.9%,是4年來首次下跌至3%以下水平,而通脹率則於本年第二季按年攀升1.7%。繼去年整固後,第一季度住宅物業市場的交易宗數回升,但第二季度交投冷卻。於2023年年初解除新冠限制後,香港營商及消費情緒復甦。然而,香港主要股票指數今年首6個月下跌。

自2023年年初起,大灣區主要內地城市 復甦步伐不一,反映即使全國工業生產表 現平穩,不同行業仍然面對挑戰。中國內 地對房地產行業實施調控措施,是導致經 濟放緩的主要因素。由於經濟增長乏力, 加上美元等其他貨幣匯率上升,人民幣自 去年起持續貶值。儘管房地產發展商的融 資壓力有所紓緩,惟房地產投資仍大致呆 滯。

HIGHLIGHTS

The Hong Kong economy improved in the first half of 2023, with real GDP rebounding by 2.2% year-on-year after the 4.3% year-on-year contraction in the second half of 2022. The improving economic conditions were led by the recovery of inbound tourism and domestic demand which increased by 4.8% year-on-year during the period. The revival of inbound tourism was supported by the resumption of normal travel including tourists from Mainland China and the rest of the world. Nonetheless, external trade continued to fall notably, with the weak demand in key markets posing a significant drag on export performance. Investment spending in the period, affected by higher interest rate, was weak.

In addition, the unemployment rate declined to 2.9% in April to June 2023, falling below 3% for the first time in 4 years while inflation edged up by 1.7% year-on-year in the second quarter this year. The number of transactions in the residential property market revived in the first quarter after undergoing a marked correction last year, but cooled down in the second quarter. Recovery in Hong Kong business and consumer sentiment has been observed after the COVID restrictions were lifted since early 2023. Nevertheless, Hong Kong major equity indices have dropped in the first six months of this year.

Major Mainland cities in the Greater Bay Area have shown an uneven pace of recovery since the beginning of 2023, demonstrating that different industries are facing challenges even though industrial production has stabilised at the national level. Curbs on the property sector were a major reason for the economic slowdown in Mainland China. Renminbi has depreciated since last year due to the lukewarm economic growth and higher rates in other currencies, notably US Dollars. While funding pressure for developers has eased somewhat, property investment remained mostly stagnant.

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

概要(續)

於2023年上半年,雖然全球經濟衰退風險降低,但各個地區及行業均面對不同程度的經濟狀況。今年上半年,除中國內地外,主要市場紛紛加息,拖累部分行業的經濟增長。金融市場面對其他不明朗因素及動盪,包括美國、中國及俄羅斯等主要經濟體的地緣政治緊張局勢,以及美國地區銀行業的小危機。

今年上半年,股東應佔溢利錄得9%增長至9億2千2百萬港元。

銀行集團呈報相對穩定之股東應佔溢利。 基本業務表現穩定,而信貸減值虧損之減 少大部分被重慶銀行(「重慶銀行」)投資之 較高減值撥備支出所抵銷。

業務及財務回顧

上半年銀行業務表現穩健增長。期內較高之淨息差帶動淨利息收入增長12%。貸款增長持續疲弱,較2022年年底上升2%。利率迅速上調抑遏按揭貸款及企業借貸理求。於較高之資產收益率及審慎管理資金成本支持下,本集團之淨息差上升服務費及佣金收入下跌22%,主要由於投訂交易收入減少,以及由於與泰禾至之香港及澳門分銷協議於2022年下半年終上因而並無銀行保險費收入之攤分入下跌64%,主要由於資金掉期支出增加。

HIGHLIGHTS (Continued)

In the first half of 2023, global recession risks have reduced but the economic conditions were uneven across different regions and sectors. Interest rates have increased in key markets in the first half of the year with the exception of Mainland China, putting a drag in the economic growth of some sectors. There are other uncertainties and volatility in financial markets, including geopolitical tensions among major economies such as the US, China, and Russia, as well as the mini-crisis in the US regional banking sector.

In the first half of the year, our profit attributable to shareholders recorded an increase of 9% to HK\$922 million.

The Banking Group reported relatively stable profit attributable to shareholders. Underlying business performance was stable, and the lower credit impairment loss was largely offset by a higher impairment charge on the investment in Bank of Chongqing ("BOCQ").

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

The performance of our banking business reported a solid growth in the first half of the year. Net interest income grew by 12% due to a higher net interest margin during the period. Loan growth remained subdued at 2% compared to the end of 2022. The rapid rise in interest rates curtailed demand for mortgage loans and corporate lending. Our net interest margin rose to 1.93%, compared to 1.74% in first half of 2022, supported by higher asset yields and carefully managed funding cost. Net fee and commission income declined by 22% mainly due to lower investment and securities trading income and a result of no amortization of bancassurance fee because the Hong Kong and Macau Distribution Agreements entered into with Tahoe were terminated in the second half of 2022. Other non-interest income, including trading income, dropped by 64% due largely to the higher cost of funding swaps.

業務及財務回顧(續)

儘管本集團於2023年上半年對控制支出保持警惕,惟在通脹升溫及員工人數增加以填補去年的員工空缺以及支持與永明金融所訂立的新銀行保險安排(該業務於2023年下半年展開)下,營運支出上升10%。此外,期內並無2022年上半年若干撥回未使用之支出預提。信貸減值虧損減少49%,原因是期內實施審慎信貸風險管理及經濟環境改善。

由於信貸減值支出減少,澳門附屬銀行表現大幅改善。然而,投資情緒及貸款需求仍然疲弱,該行營運收入仍低於疫情前水平。內地附屬公司表現疲弱,部分原因為內地經濟復甦步伐較預期慢,加上利率下跌及競爭劇烈,導致利潤收窄。大新銀行深圳分行於今年8月初正式開業,本集團對此感到欣喜。

本集團的香港一般保險業務保險收入持續 穩健增長,較2022年首6個月增加15%。 整體而言,本集團香港及澳門的保險及投 資營運盈利均上升。表現提升乃由於上半 年市場狀況好轉,利好本集團於股票的投 資。

於截至2023年6月30日止6個月,本集團的整體業務表現穩定而溢利增長溫和。扣除減值虧損後之營運溢利增長12%至10億9千9百萬港元,而去年同期則下跌20%。本集團就重慶銀行投資的使用價值進行定期評估,對該投資價值作出2億3千2百萬港元之減值撥備,高於2022年上半年1億3千9百萬港元之減值撥備。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Whilst we continued to remain vigilant in expense control during the first half of 2023, our operating expenses recorded a rise of 10% led by higher inflation and increase in staff number to replenish the unfilled headcounts from last year and to support the new bancassurance arrangement entered into with Sun Life which has commenced in the second half of 2023. In addition, there were some reversals of unutilised expense accruals in the first half of 2022 which did not recur in the current period. Credit impairment losses reduced by 49%, driven by prudent credit risk management and improved economic conditions during the period.

The performance of our banking subsidiary in Macau recovered largely due to a lower credit impairment charge. However, its operating income was still behind the level achieved during the pre-COVID period, with investment sentiment and loan demand remaining weak. The performance of our Mainland subsidiary was subdued, in part due to the slower than expected economic recovery in the Mainland and margin compression with both falling interest rates and intense competition. We were pleased to open our new Shenzhen Branch of Dah Sing Bank in early August this year.

Our general insurance business in Hong Kong continued to report solid growth in insurance revenue, with an increase of 15% compared with the first six months of 2022. Overall, our insurance and investment activities, both in Hong Kong and Macau reported higher profitability. The better performance was due to the improved market conditions for our investments in equities in the first half of the year.

Our overall business performance for the six months ended 30 June 2023 was stable and profit growth was moderate. Operating profit after credit impairment losses grew by 12% to HK\$1,099 million, compared to a drop of 20% in the same period last year. We conducted a regular review of the Value in Use of our investment in BOCQ, resulting in an impairment charge against the value of this investment in the amount of HK\$232 million, higher than the HK\$139 million recorded in the first half of 2022.

CORPORATE AND BUSINESS OVERVIEW

業務及財務回顧(續)

按2023年上半年之溢利,資產回報率為0.9%及股東資金回報率為6.1%。本集團的資本及流動資金狀況保持穩健。於2023年6月30日,本集團銀行業務之綜合普通股權一級資本及整體綜合資本充足率分別為15.6%及19.7%,而流動性維持比率為62.5%。貸款對存款比率為68.3%,去年底則為67.3%。

前瞻

上半年,本集團的主要市場經濟環境略為改善。香港政府對2023年實質本地生產總值的預測為4%-5%,高於去年水平。通脹於6月平穩地維持於1.9%,預期將保持於溫和水平,且失業率亦將繼續受控。儘管於解除新冠限制帶動消費需求續漸復甦以及入境香港、澳門及中國內地旅客增加之情況下,下半年可望持續增長,但商品出口及外圍需求仍預期可能持續面對挑戰。

貸款需求將繼續受到高息環境影響,預期 投資情緒及貸款需求將維持低迷。上半年 信貸質素有所改善,預期2023年下半年的 減值支出整體受控。惟若經濟增長放緩, 若干下行風險仍然存在。隨著聯儲局上調 美國息率,香港於上半年加息,本集團預 期下半年之加幅將減少。

在當前經濟環境下,本集團預期核心市場 將逐步增長,本集團對下半年保持謹慎展 望,並繼續以審慎的態度管理本集團之全 資業務。

BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL REVIEW (Continued)

Our profit for the first half of 2023 represented a return on assets of 0.9% and return on shareholders' funds of 6.1%. Our capital and liquidity positions remain robust. As at 30 June 2023, our consolidated Common Equity Tier 1 ratio and total consolidated capital adequacy ratio were at 15.6% and 19.7% respectively, while liquidity maintenance ratio was at 62.5%. Loan to deposit ratio was at 68.3%, compared to 67.3% as at the end of last year.

PROSPECTS

Economic conditions in our major markets experienced a mild improvement in the first half of the year. The Hong Kong Government's forecast for real GDP growth for 2023 is at 4%-5%, higher than last year. Inflation held steady at 1.9% in June, and is expected to remain at a moderate level while the unemployment rate will continue to be under control. While there is likely to be continued growth in the second half of the year, led by the gradual rebound in consumption demand following the lifting of COVID restrictions and increase in inbound tourists in Hong Kong, Macau, and Mainland China, exports of goods and external demand will likely continue to face challenges.

Loan demand will continue to be affected by the high interest rate environment, with investment sentiment and loan demand expected to remain sluggish. Credit quality improved in the first half of the year, and we expect impairment charges to be generally under control in the second half of 2023, although if economic growth slows there is some potential downside risk. Following the increase of interest rates in Hong Kong in the first half of the year, further to increases in US rates by the Federal Reserve, we are expecting the tightening to taper off in the second half of the year.

Whilst we anticipate continued gradual growth in our core markets under the current economic environment, we remain cautious about the outlook for the second half of the year and will continue to manage our wholly-owned businesses accordingly in a conservative manner.

中期股息

董事會宣佈派發2023年中期股息每股0.36港元,該中期股息將於2023年9月21日(星期四)派發予於2023年9月13日(星期三)辦公時間結束時名列股東名冊上之股東。

暫停辦理股東登記

為釐定股東有權獲派發中期股息:

截止辦理股份過戶時間 Latest time to lodge transfers

暫停辦理股東登記手續(包括首尾兩天) Closure of Register of Shareholders (both days inclusive)

記錄日期

Record date

為確保合資格獲派中期股息,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票必須在上述之截止辦理股份過戶時間前送達本公司之股份登記處香港中央證券登記有限公司辦理過戶手續,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716室。

INTERIM DIVIDEND

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of HK\$0.36 per share for 2023 payable on Thursday, 21 September 2023 to shareholders whose names are on the Register of Shareholders at the close of business on Wednesday, 13 September 2023.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

For determining shareholders' entitlement to receive the interim dividend:

2023年9月8日(星期五)下午4時30分 4:30 p.m. on 8 September 2023 (Friday)

2023年9月11日(星期一)至2023年9月13日(星期三) 11 September 2023 (Monday) to 13 September 2023 (Wednesday)

> 2023年9月13日(星期三) 13 September 2023 (Wednesday)

In order to qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong before the above latest time to lodge transfers.

董事及行政總裁權益

於2023年6月30日,根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部,本公司之董事及行政總裁所持有本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)而須向本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「香港交易所」)申報之股份、相關股份及債券的權益(包括按照《證券及期貨條例》之規定而擁有或視作擁有之權益及淡倉),或按《證券及期貨條例》規定而設置之登記冊所載,或因遵照《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》及本公司所採納之董事證券交易守則(合稱「證券標準守則」)而須知會本公司及香港交易所之權益及淡倉如下:

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

As at 30 June 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the Chief Executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")) which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("SEHK") pursuant to Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they have taken on or are deemed to have acquired under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers and the code of conduct for directors' securities dealing adopted by the Company (collectively the "Securities Model Code") were as follows:

佔已發行股份

		本公司普通股股份/相關股份數目 Number of ordinary shares/underlying shares of the Company						
董事	Directors	個人權益 Personal interests	法團權益 Corporate interests	其他權益 Other interests	合計權益 Total interests	Percentage of interests in the total number of issued shares		
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	173,460 (1)	137,285,682 (2)	-	137,459,142	43.01%		
黃漢興	Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)	39,771 ⁽¹⁾	-	-	39,771	0.01%		
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	107,063 (1)	-	-	107,063	0.03%		
		大新 Num	佔已發行股份 總數之權益 百分比 Percentage of					
		個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the		
董事	Directors	Personal interests	Corporate interests	Other interests	Total interests	total number of issued shares		
王守業	David Shou-Yeh Wong	-	1,045,626,955 (3)	-	1,045,626,955	74.38%		
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	2,884,691 (4)(5)	-	-	2,884,691	0.21%		

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

(Continued)

		重慶銀行 Numl E	佔已發行股份 總數之權益 百分比 Percentage of			
	_	個人權益	法團權益	其他權益	合計權益	interests in the
		Personal	Corporate	Other	Total	total number of
董事	Director	interests	interests	interests	interests	issued shares
黃漢興	Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)	4,600	-	_	4,600	0.00%

註:

Notes:

- (1) 個人權益乃指本公司根據大新金融股份獎勵計劃授出之獎授股份,詳 情載於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」一節。
- (2) 董事於法團權益乃指由其於股東大會上可控制三分之一或以上投票權之法團所持有之股份及透過家族全權信託旗下公司持有之股份。滙豐國際信託有限公司為家族全權信託受託人,王守業為其授予人。
- (3) 該等股份包括本公司持有大新銀行集團有限公司(「大新銀行集團」) 74.37%控制權益,而根據《證券及 期貨條例》第XV部的定義因王守業 擁有本公司43.01%實益權益而被 視作間接擁有大新銀行集團股份之 法團權益,以及由王守業擁有控制 權之公司所持有之大新銀行集團股 份權益。

- (1) The personal interests were in respect of share awards granted by the Company under DSFH Share Award Scheme. Details are set out in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation".
- (2) The corporate interests were in respect of shares held by a corporation in which the director controlled one third or more of the voting powers at general meetings and shares held by companies under a family discretionary trust. HSBC International Trustee Limited is the trustee of a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (3) Such shares included the indirect corporate interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong in Dah Sing Banking Group Limited ("DSBG") under Part XV of the SFO by virtue of his beneficial interests of 43.01% in the Company which currently holds a controlling interest of 74.37% in DSBG and interests in DSBG held through a company controlled by David Shou-Yeh Wong.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

董事及行政總裁權益(續)

註:(續)

- (4) 王伯凌之個人權益包括(a)大新銀行集團934,691股普通股股份權益: (b)有關大新銀行集團450,000股相關股份之認股權權益(如「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」一節所披露);及(c)大新銀行集團授出有關以現金結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權利(如下文註(5)所述)而被視作持有大新銀行集團1,500,000股之名義相關股份權益。
- (5) 大新銀行集團於2018年3月20日設立一項以現金結算以股份為基礎之獎勵權利計劃。根據該計劃授予的權利,於授予日起計第1個週年分5批平均歸屬並可予以行使。在滿可予以時屬前提下,承授人可有使其歸屬的權利。該計劃是一項將承授人的表現與大新銀行集團股價掛鈎的遞延現金獎勵計劃,並不會向承授人發行任何大新銀行集團股份。

所有上述權益皆屬好倉。於2023年6月 30日,本公司依據《證券及期貨條例》而設 置之董事及行政總裁權益及淡倉登記冊內 並無董事或行政總裁持有淡倉的記錄。

除上文所披露者以及於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」一節所披露外,於2023年6月30日,本公司董事或行政總裁及其各自之聯繫人士概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見《證券及期貨條例》第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有已在本公司按《證券及期貨條例》第352條規定備存之登記冊中記錄,或根據證券標準守則已知會本公司及香港交易所之任何權益或淡倉。

INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE

(Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- (4) The personal interests of Gary Pak-Ling Wang comprised of (a) interests in 934,691 ordinary shares of DSBG; (b) interests in share options in respect of 450,000 underlying shares of DSBG as disclosed in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation"; and (c) deemed interests in 1,500,000 notional underlying shares of DSBG relating to cash-settled share-based incentive options granted by DSBG as explained in note (5) below.
- (5) DSBG had established a cash-settled share-based incentive option scheme as a long-term incentive plan to incentivize employees on 20 March 2018. The rights granted under the scheme shall be exercisable upon vesting in 5 equal tranches commencing from the first anniversary of the date of grant. Subject to the satisfaction of performance appraisal factors, the grantees may exercise their vested options. No shares of DSBG will be issued to the grantees of the options under the scheme which is essentially a deferred cash incentive scheme linked to the performance of the grantees and the share price of DSBG.

All the interests stated above represented long positions. As at 30 June 2023, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company held any short positions as defined under the SFO which are required to be recorded in the register of directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions.

Save as disclosed above and the details as disclosed under the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation", as at 30 June 2023, none of the Directors or Chief Executive of the Company and their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the SEHK pursuant to the Securities Model Code.

本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃

(甲)本公司

I. 認股權計劃

於2015年5月27日,本公司股東通過批准採納認股權計劃(「大新金融認股權計劃」)。

大新金融認股權計劃自採納日起至2023年6月30日止,並無任何認股權根據大新金融認股權計劃授出。於2023年1月1日及2023年6月30日根據大新金融認股權計劃可授出的認股權數目均為15,978,755股。

II. 股份獎勵計劃

本公司董事會於2021年9月9日 批准及採納股份獎勵計劃(「大 新金融股份獎勵計劃」),並於 2022年3月30日進一步更新和修 訂。

SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

(a) The Company

I. Share option scheme

On 27 May 2015, the shareholders of the Company approved the adoption of a share option scheme (the "DSFH Share Option Scheme").

No share options had been granted under the DSFH Share Option Scheme from the date of its adoption to 30 June 2023. The number of the share options available for grant under the DSFH Share Option Scheme as at both 1 January 2023 and 30 June 2023 was 15,978,755.

II. Share award scheme

The Board of the Company approved and adopted a share award scheme (the "DSFH Share Award Scheme") on 9 September 2021, which was further updated and amended on 30 March 2022.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃(續)

(甲)本公司(續)

II. 股份獎勵計劃(續)

根據大新金融股份獎勵計劃授 出之獎授股份及按香港聯合交 易所有限公司證券上市規則 (「《上市規則》」)而須披露之資 料如下:

SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

(a) The Company (Continued)

II. Share award scheme (Continued)

Particulars of share awards granted under the DSFH Share Award Scheme and information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") are set out below:

獎授股份數目 Number of award shares

		授出日 Date of grant (日/月/年)	於2023年 1月1日 尚未歸屬 Outstanding as at	期內授出 (%)5) Granted during the	期內歸屬 Vested during the	期內註銷/ 失效 Cancelled/ lapsed during the	於2023年 6月30日 尚未歸屬 Outstanding as at	歸屬期 Vesting period (日/月/年)
承授人	Grantees	(D/M/Y)	1/1/2023	period (4)(5)	period	period	30/6/2023	(D/M/Y)
董事 王守業	Directors David Shou-Yeh Wong	03/04/2023	-	173,460	-	-	173,460	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 ⁽²⁾
黃漢興	Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)	03/04/2023	-	39,771	-	-	39,771	03/04/2023-
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	03/04/2023	-	107,063	-	-	107,063	03/04/2026 ⁽²⁾ 03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 ⁽²⁾
主要股東	Substantial Shareholder							
王祖興	Harold Tsu-Hing Wong	06/12/2022	86,100	-	-	-	86,100	06/12/2022 – 06/12/2027 ⁽¹⁾
		03/04/2023	-	161,353	-	-	161,353	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 ⁽²⁾
其他僱員總額冏	Aggregate of other employees ⁽⁵⁾	06/12/2022	291,100	-	-	-	291,100	06/12/2022 – 06/12/2027 ⁽¹⁾
		03/04/2023	-	367,135	-	-	367,135	03/04/2023 – 03/04/2026 ⁽²⁾

本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃(續)

(甲)本公司(續)

II. 股份獎勵計劃(續)

註:

- (1) 於2022年12月6日授出之獎 授股份於授予日起計第1個至 第5個週年分5批平均歸屬。
- (2) 於2023年4月3日授出之獎授股份於授予日起計第1個至第3個週年分3批歸屬。
- (3) 獎授股份乃授予本公司若干 合資格僱員,彼等為本公司 董事或僱員,或本集團其他 成員。
- (4) 於2023年4月3日,本公司合 共授出848,782股獎授股份。 本公司股份在2023年3月31日 (即2023年4月3日授出獎授股份當日之前一個營業日)的收 市價為每股20.15港元。授出 之獎授股份為大新金融股份 獎勵計劃受託人於市場購買 之現有已發行股份。
- (5) 於2023年4月3日授出之獎授股份在授出日的公平價值為每股20.15港元。本公司釐定獎授股份的公平價值所採納之會計準則及政策之詳情載於本公司截至2022年12月31日止年度經審核之年度綜合財務報表附註2。

於2023年1月1日及2023年6月 30日根據大新金融股份獎勵計 劃可授出之獎授股份數目分別 為9,222,800股及8,374,018股。

SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

- (a) The Company (Continued)
 - II. Share award scheme (Continued)

Notes:

- (1) Share awards granted on 6 December 2022 are vested in 5 equal tranches between the first and fifth anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (2) Share awards granted on 3 April 2023 are vested in 3 tranches between the first and third anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (3) Share awards were granted to certain eligible employees of the Company, who are directors or employees of the Company or other members of the Group.
- (4) On 3 April 2023, the Company granted a total of 848,782 award shares. The closing price of the shares of the Company on 31 March 2023 (being the business day immediately before 3 April 2023 on which the award shares were granted) was HK\$20.15 per share. The award shares granted are existing issued shares to be acquired by the trustee of the DSFH Share Award Scheme from the market.
- (5) The fair value of the award shares granted on 3 April 2023 was HK\$20.15 per share. The accounting standards and policies adopted by the Company for measuring the fair value of the award shares are set out in Note 2 of the Company's annual audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The number of share awards available for grant under the DSFH Share Award Scheme as at 1 January 2023 and 30 June 2023 was 9,222,800 and 8,374,018 respectively.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃(續)

(乙)大新銀行集團

I. 認股權計劃

大新銀行集團(本公司之相聯法團)於2014年5月27日採納之認股權計劃(「大新銀行集團認股權計劃」)授出之認股權以認購大新銀行集團普通股股份之權益及按《上市規則》而須披露之資料如下:

SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

(b) DSBG

I. Share option scheme

The particulars of interests in options to subscribe for ordinary shares of DSBG, an associated corporation of the Company, granted under the share option scheme of DSBG adopted on 27 May 2014 (the "DSBG Share Option Scheme") and information that is required to be disclosed in accordance with the Listing Rules are set out below:

認股權包含之大新銀行集團股份數目 Number of DSBG's shares underlying the options

			於2023年			期內註銷/	於2023年		
		授出日	1月1日			失效	6月30日	行使價	行使期 ⑴
		Date of	尚未行使	期內授出	期內行使	Cancelled/	尚未行使	Exercise	Exercise
		grant	Outstanding	Granted	Exercised	lapsed	Outstanding	price	period (1)
		(日/月/年)	as at	during	during	during	as at	(港元)	(日/月/年)
承授人	Grantee	(D/M/Y)	1/1/2023	the period	the period	the period	30/6/2023	(HK\$)	(D/M/Y)
董事	Director								
王伯凌	Gary Pak-Ling Wang	26/04/2018	450,000	-	-	-	450,000	18.24	26/04/2019 -
									26/04/2024
其他僱員總額 ⑵	Aggregate of other employees (2)	26/04/2018	750,000	-	-	-	750,000	18.24	26/04/2019 -
									26/04/2024

註:

- (1) 所有根據大新銀行集團認股權計劃下授出之認股權於授予日起計第1個至第5個週年分5批平均歸屬後可予以行使。
- (2) 認股權乃授予若干合資格僱員,彼等為大新銀行集團主要營運附屬公司的董事、高層管理人員或職員,並為香港僱傭條例下「連續合約」工作的僱員。

於2023年1月1日及2023年6月 30日根據大新銀行集團認股權 計劃可授出的認股權數目均為 68,876,781股。

Notes:

- (1) All the existing share options granted under the DSBG Share Option Scheme shall be exercisable upon vesting in 5 equal tranches between the first and fifth anniversaries from the date of grant.
- (2) Share options were granted to certain eligible employees, who are directors, senior executives or officers of major operating subsidiaries of DSBG and are working under employment contracts that are regarded as "continuous contracts" for the purpose of the Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong.

The number of share options available for grant under the DSBG Share Option Scheme as at both 1 January 2023 and 30 June 2023 was 68,876,781.

本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃(續)

(乙)大新銀行集團(續)

II. 股份獎勵計劃

大新銀行集團董事會於2021年 9月9日(「採納日」)批准及採納 股份獎勵計劃(「大新銀行集團 股份獎勵計劃」)。

自採納日起至2023年6月30日止,並無獎授股份根據大新銀行集團股份獎勵計劃授出。於2023年1月1日及2023年6月30日根據大新銀行集團股份獎勵計劃可授出之獎授股份數目均為42,000,000股。

SHARE SCHEMES OF THE COMPANY AND ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATION (Continued)

(b) DSBG (Continued)

II. Share award scheme

The Board of DSBG approved and adopted a share award scheme (the "DSBG Share Award Scheme") on 9 September 2021 (the "Adoption Date").

During the period from the Adoption Date to 30 June 2023, no award shares were granted under the DSBG Share Award Scheme. The number of share awards available for grant under the DSBG Share Award Scheme as at both 1 January 2023 and 30 June 2023 was 42,000,000.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

主要股東權益

於2023年6月30日,以下人士(本公司董事及行政總裁之權益已於上文披露除外)於本公司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置的股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知悉的權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS

As of 30 June 2023, the following are the persons, other than the Directors and Chief Executive of the Company whose interests are disclosed above, who had interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

		所持股份數目/ 股份之權益	佔已發行股份總數 之權益百分比 ^⑤ Percentage of interests in the
名稱	身份	Number of shares held/	total number of
Name	Capacity	Interests in shares	issued shares (5)
. Tallo	Capacity	THE TOTAL OF THE TOTAL OF	100000 0110100
王嚴君琴	因其配偶擁有須予披露權益而被視作擁有權益		
Christine Yen Wong	Deemed interests by virtue of her spouse having a notifiable interest	137,459,142 (1)	43.01%
滙豐國際信託有限公司(「滙豐信託」)	信託人及法團權益		
HSBC International Trustee Limited ("HSBCIT")	Trustee and corporate interests	126,764,787 (2)	39.66%*
王祖興	個人權益及被視作擁有滙豐信託(信託人)持有之股份權益		
Harold Tsu-Hing Wong	Personal interests and deemed interests in shares held by HSBCIT as trustee	129,987,107 ⁽³⁾	40.67%*
	信託人及法團權益		
DSI Limited	Trustee and corporate interests	61,205,583 (4)	19.15%*
	信託人及法團權益		
DSI Group Limited	Trustee and corporate interests	45,068,894 (4)	14.10%*
	信託人及法團權益		
DSI Holding Limited	Trustee and corporate interests	19,914,710 (4)	6.23%*
農林中央金庫	實益權益		
The Norinchukin Bank	Beneficial interests	31,637,935	9.90%
	投資經理		
Aberdeen Asset Management Asia Limited	Investment manager	18,048,800	5.65%

主要股東權益(續)

* 以上滙豐信託、DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited各自所列 之權益及王祖興被視作擁有之權益(如下 文註(3)(a)所述)均屬王守業透過家族全權 信託受託人滙豐信託所持有之股份。因 此,有關股份不可累積計算,概只屬於 王守業持有本公司股份權益之部份或全 部。

註:

- (1) 該等股份屬王嚴君琴被視作擁有之權益,皆因其配偶王守業乃持有本公司有關股本中按《證券及期貨條例》第316(1)條釋義須予申報權益之主要股東。此等權益於上文「董事及行政總裁權益」一節所披露中所載王守業持有之股份相同。
- (2) 該等股份中之126,189,187股股份主要 由家族全權信託受託人滙豐信託間接持 有,王守業為其授予人。
- (3) 王祖興之權益包括(a)被視為擁有由信託 人持有之126,189,187股股份權益。根據 《證券及期貨條例》第322條,王祖興被視 為擁有由家族全權信託受託人滙豐信託 持有之126,189,187股股份之權益,王守 業為該信託之授予人:(b)3,550,467股 股份之個人權益;及(c)本公司授出之 247,453股獎授股份之個人權益,詳情載 於「本公司及其相聯法團之股份計劃」一 節。
- (4) 該等股份主要由家族全權信託受託人 DSI Limited、DSI Group Limited及DSI Holding Limited間接持有,王守業為其 授予人。
- (5) 權益百分比乃根據本公司於2023年6月 30日之已發行股份總數計算。
- (6) 所有上述權益皆屬好倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS (Continued)

* The interests disclosed above by each of HSBCIT, DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited and deemed interests disclosed by Harold Tsu-Hing Wong (as explained in note (3)(a) below) relate to the shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong through a family discretionary trust held by HSBCIT. Therefore, these shareholdings should not be aggregated, and rather form part or whole of the same share interests of David Shou-Yeh Wong held in the Company.

Notes:

- (1) Such shares represent the deemed interests of Christine Yen Wong by virtue of her spouse, David Shou-Yeh Wong being a substantial shareholder of the Company having a notifiable interest in the relevant share capital of the Company (under the interpretation of section 316(1) of the SFO). These interests comprise the same shares held by David Shou-Yeh Wong under the heading "Interests of Directors and Chief Executive" above.
- (2) Out of these shares, 126,189,187 shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by HSBCIT in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (3) The interests of Harold Tsu-Hing Wong comprised of his (a) deemed interests in 126,189,187 shares held by trustee. Pursuant to section 322 of the SFO, Harold Tsu-Hing Wong has deemed interests in the 126,189,187 shares held by HSBCIT in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor; (b) personal interests in 3,550,467 shares; and (c) personal interests in 247,453 award shares granted by the Company. Details are set out in the section headed "Share Schemes of the Company and its Associated Corporation".
- (4) Such shares are mainly comprised of the interests indirectly held by DSI Limited, DSI Group Limited and DSI Holding Limited in trust for a family discretionary trust of which David Shou-Yeh Wong is the settlor.
- (5) The percentage of interests was calculated with reference to the total number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2023.
- (6) All the interests stated above represented long positions.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

主要股東權益(續)

除上述披露者外,於2023年6月30日,概無其他人士於本公司股份及相關股份中,持有本公司根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第336條規定存置的股東權益登記冊予以記錄或據本公司知悉的任何權益或淡倉。

遵守企業管治守則

截至2023年6月30日止6個月期間內,除守則條文第F.2.2條外,本公司已應用原則及一直遵守《上市規則》附錄14第二部分之《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)的守則條文。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第F.2.2條規定,董事會主席應出席股東週年大會。董事會主席王守業先生因當時身處海外故未能出席於2023年6月2日在香港舉行之本公司2023年股東週年大會」)。本公司董事總經理兼行政總裁黃漢興先生擔任2023年股東週年大會之主席。

董事之證券交易守則

本公司已採納一套自行制定且條款不低於《上市規則》附錄10《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)所載規定的董事進行證券交易的董事證券交易守則(「董事交易守則」)。經向本公司董事作出特定查詢後,彼等已確認於截至2023年6月30日止6個月期間,均已遵守《標準守則》及本公司之董事交易守則。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS (Continued)

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2023, no other persons had any interests or short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register of shareholders' interests required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of Part XV of the SFO or otherwise known to the Company.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

During the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Company has applied the principles and complied with the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") under Part 2 of Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules, with the exception of code provision F.2.2.

Pursuant to code provision F.2.2 of the CG Code, the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong, the Chairman of the Board, was unable to attend the 2023 Annual General Meeting (the "2023 AGM") of the Company held in Hong Kong on 2 June 2023 as he was away from Hong Kong at that time. Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong), Managing Director and Chief Executive of the Company, took the chair of the 2023 AGM.

CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own code of conduct for directors' securities dealing ("Directors' Dealing Code") on terms no less exacting than the prevailing required standard set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers ("Model Code") under Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Following specific enquiry, the Directors of the Company confirmed that they had complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Directors' Dealing Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2023.

董事資料之變動

根據《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條,自刊發本公司2022年年報起至本中期業績報告日期止,董事須披露資料的變動如下:

(甲)黃漢興先生

董事總經理兼行政總裁

由2023年8月13日起停任大新銀行(中國)有限公司之董事及董事長

(乙)梁君彥先生

獨立非執行董事

董事袍金由2023年6月1日起調整至每年520,000港元

(丙)簡俊傑先生

獨立非執行董事

董事袍金由2023年6月1日起調整至每年550,000港元(包括一間附屬公司之薪酬)

(丁)衛皓民先生

獨立非執行董事

董事袍金由2023年6月1日起調整至每年640,000港元(包括一間附屬公司之薪酬)

(戊) 額淑芬女士

獨立非執行董事

- 董事袍金由2023年6月1日起調整至每年440,000港元
- 一 由2023年6月22日起獲委任為日 本百賢亞洲研究院之顧問

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, changes in the information required to be disclosed by the Directors since the publication of the 2022 Annual Report of the Company and up to the date of this Interim Report are set out below:

(a) Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong)

Managing Director and Chief Executive

 Ceased to act as a Director and the Chairman of Dah Sing Bank (China) Limited with effect from 13 August 2023

(b) Mr. Andrew Kwan-Yuen Leung

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$520,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2023

(c) Mr. Paul Michael Kennedy

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$550,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 1 June 2023

(d) Mr. Paul Franz Winkelmann

Independent Non-Executive Director

 Director's fee revised to HK\$640,000 per annum (including remuneration from a subsidiary) with effect from 1 June 2023

(e) Ms. Mariana Suk-Fun Ngan

Independent Non-Executive Director

- Director's fee revised to HK\$440,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2023
- Appointed as an advisor of Bai Xian Asia Institute (Japan) Inc. with effect from 22 June 2023

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

董事資料之變動(續)

(己)森順次先生

非執行董事

董事袍金由2023年6月1日起調整至每年350,000港元

除上文所披露外,並無其他資料須根據 《上市規則》第13.51B(1)條作出披露。

未經審核之財務報表

本中期業績報告之財務資料為未經審核及 不構成法定之財務報表。

審核委員會

審核委員會與管理層已審閱本集團沿用之會計準則與實務,並就有關內部監控及財務報告事宜(包括審閱截至2023年6月30日止6個月之未經審核之中期財務報表)進行審閱及商討。

股息政策

本公司之股息政策旨在維持穩定持續派付股息。本公司在釐定股息分派時,考慮因素包括業務一般狀況、財務業績表現、業務增長前景、資本要求、適用於本公司業務的監管規定、股東權益及董事會認為相關的任何其他因素。

薪酬及員工發展

本公司員工薪酬、薪酬政策及培訓計劃與 2022年年報所披露大致相同,並無重大改 變。

CHANGES IN INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO DIRECTORS (Continued)

f) Mr. Junji Mori Non-Executive Director

> Director's fee revised to HK\$350,000 per annum with effect from 1 June 2023

Save as those disclosed above, there is no other information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules.

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial information in this Interim Report is unaudited and does not constitute statutory financial statements.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee has reviewed with Management the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and discussed internal controls and financial reporting matters including a review of the unaudited interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2023.

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company's dividend policy aims to pay sustainable dividends over time. In determining dividend distribution, the Company takes into account factors such as general business conditions, financial results, business growth prospects, capital requirements, regulatory requirements applicable to the Company's businesses, shareholders' interests and any other factors the Directors consider to be relevant.

REMUNERATION AND STAFF DEVELOPMENT

There have been no material changes to the information disclosed in the Company's 2022 Annual Report in respect of the remuneration of employees, remuneration policies and training schemes.

購買、出售或贖回證券

截至2023年6月30日止6個月期間,除大新金融股份獎勵計劃的受託人根據大新金融股份獎勵計劃的規則及信託契約條款以總額18,492,283.66港元在香港交易所購入合共930,000股本公司股份外,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司之上市證券。

中期業績報告

2023年中期業績報告備有中文及英 文印刷本,以及載於大新銀行網站 (www.dahsing.com)及香港交易及結算所 有限公司網站 (www.hkexnews.hk) 的網 上電子版本。本公司鼓勵各股東在網站 閲覽本中期業績報告,支持環保。無論 股東之前曾否就收取企業通訊之方式(即 收取印刷本或透過大新銀行網站閱覽電 子版本)作出任何選擇並將有關選擇通知 本公司,股東可隨時向本公司股份登記 處香港中央證券登記有限公司給予合理 時間的書面通知,地址為香港灣仔皇后 大道東183號合和中心17M樓,或電郵至 dahsingfinancial.ecom@computershare.com.hk , 以更改收取本公司之公司通訊方式之選 擇,費用全免。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the listed securities of the Company during the six months ended 30 June 2023, except that the trustee of the DSFH Share Award Scheme, pursuant to the terms of the rules and the trust deed of the DSFH Share Award Scheme, purchased on the Stock Exchange a total of 930,000 shares of the Company at a total consideration of HK\$18,492,283.66.

INTERIM REPORT

The 2023 Interim Report in both English and Chinese is now available in printed form and on the websites of Dah Sing Bank (www.dahsing.com) and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (www.hkexnews.hk). Shareholders are encouraged to read this Interim Report on the website to help protect the environment. Notwithstanding any choice of means for the receipt of corporate communications (i.e. either receiving a printed copy or by electronic means through Dah Sing Bank's website) previously made by shareholders and communicated to the Company, shareholders may at any time change their choice of means of receiving the Company's corporate communications free of charge by giving reasonable notice in writing to the Company's share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong or by email to dahsingfinancial.ecom@computershare.com.hk.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND OTHER INFORMATION

董事會

於本中期業績報告日,本公司董事會成員 包括執行董事王守業先生(主席)、黃漢興 先生(董事總經理兼行政總裁)及王伯凌先 生(副行政總裁); 非執行董事森順次先生 (田下裕一先生為替任董事);獨立非執行 董事史習陶先生、梁君彥先生、簡俊傑先 生、衛皓民先生及顏淑芬女士。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As at the date of this Interim Report, the Board of Directors of the Company comprises Mr. David Shou-Yeh Wong (Chairman), Mr. Hon-Hing Wong (Derek Wong) (Managing Director and Chief Executive) and Mr. Gary Pak-Ling Wang (Deputy Chief Executive) as Executive Directors; Mr. Junji Mori (Mr. Yuichi Tashita as alternate) as Non-Executive Director; Mr. Robert Tsai-To Sze, Mr. Andrew Kwan-Yuen Leung, Mr. Paul Michael Kennedy, Mr. Paul Franz Winkelmann and Ms. Mariana Suk-Fun Ngan as Independent Non-Executive Directors.

承董事會命 李宗榮 公司秘書

香港,2023年8月23日(星期三)

By Order of the Board Richard Tsung-Yung Li Company Secretary

Hong Kong, Wednesday, 23 August 2023

Dah Sing Financial Holdings Limited 大新金融集團有限公司

26th Floor, Dah Sing Financial Centre, 248 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong

香港灣仔皇后大道東248號大新金融中心26樓

Telephone 電話:(852) 2507 8866
Facsimile 傳真:(852) 2598 5052
Website 網址:www.dahsing.com

