

# HUABAO INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED 華寶國際控股有限公司 (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

(Stock Code 股份代號: 00336)



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## **Corporate Information**

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive Directors**

Ms. CHU Lam Yiu (Chairlady & CEO)

Mr. LAM Ka Yu (Co-Chairman)

Mr. XIA Liqun (Vice Chairman & President)

Mr. POON Chiu Kwok (Vice President & Company Secretary)

Ms. LAM Ka Yan

Ms. CHOY Man Har

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. LEE Luk Shiu

Mr. Jonathan Jun YAN

Mr. HOU Haitao

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. LEE Luk Shiu (Chairman)

Mr. Jonathan Jun YAN

Mr. HOU Haitao

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. LEE Luk Shiu (Chairman)

Mr. HOU Haitao

Mr. XIA Liqun

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. CHU Lam Yiu (Chairlady)

Mr. LEE Luk Shiu

Mr. Jonathan Jun YAN

Mr. HOU Haitao

Ms. LAM Ka Yan

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. POON Chiu Kwok FCG, HKFCG

#### **AUDITOR**

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

#### **LEGAL ADVISOR**

Haiwen & Partners LLP

#### **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited China Minsheng Banking Corp., Ltd. Industrial Bank Co., Ltd. United Overseas Bank Limited

## 公司資料

### 董事會

## 執行董事

朱林瑤女士(主席兼首席執行官)

林嘉宇先生(聯席主席)

夏利群先生(副主席兼總裁)

潘昭國先生(副總裁兼公司秘書)

林嘉炘女士

蔡文霞女十

#### 獨立非執行董事

李禄兆先生

Jonathan Jun YAN先生

侯海濤先生

## 審核委員會

李祿兆先生(主席)

Jonathan Jun YAN先生

侯海濤先生

## 薪酬委員會

李禄兆先生(主席)

侯海濤先生

夏利群先生

## 提名委員會

朱林瑤女士(主席)

李禄兆先生

Jonathan Jun YAN先生

侯海濤先生

林嘉炘女士

### 公司秘書

潘昭國先生FCG, HKFCG

#### 核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

註冊公眾利益實體核數師

## 法律顧問

海問律師事務所

## 主要往來銀行

中信銀行股份有限公司 中國民生銀行股份有限公司 興業銀行股份有限公司 大華銀行有限公司

## **Corporate Information (cont'd)**

## HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Suite 3008 30th Floor, Central Plaza 18 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

#### PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

## **BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR**

Tricor Tengis Limited 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 16 Harcourt Road Hong Kong

#### **STOCK CODE**

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 00336

## **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.huabao.com.hk

## 公司資料 (續)

## 總部及香港主要營業地點

香港 灣仔 港灣道18號 中環廣場30樓 3008室

## 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

## 主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

## 股份過戶登記分處

卓佳登捷時有限公司 香港 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓

#### 股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司:00336

## 公司網址

www.huabao.com.hk

## **Financial Highlights**

## 財務摘要

## Unaudited 未經審核

## For the six months ended 30 June

截至6月30日止六個月

		2023	2022	
		2023年	2022年	Change in
		RMB'000	RMB'000	percentage
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	百份比變動
_	digit. Alte. Alexander			
Revenue	營業額	1,535,704	1,847,152	-16.9%
Gross profit	毛利	706,732	967,029	-26.9%
Gross profit margin	毛利率	46.0%	52.4%	
Operating profit/(loss)	營運盈利/(虧損)	260,740	(141,776)	+283.9%
EBITDA margin≠	EBITDA率 <sup>≠</sup>	28.2%	34.2%	
EBIT margin≠≠	EBIT率 <sup>≠≠</sup>	17.0%	-7.7%	
Adjusted EBIT margin#	經調整後EBIT率#	18.0%	25.6%	
Profit/(loss) for the period	本期間盈利/(虧損)	200,353	(233,031)	+186.0%
Adjusted profit for the period# Profit/(loss) attributable to the	經調整後之本期間盈利# 本公司權益持有人應佔	215,300	381,300	-43.5%
equity holders of the Company Adjusted profit attributable to the	本公可権益持有人應伯 盈利/(虧損) 經調整後之本公司權益	153,970	(313,531)	+149.1%
equity holders of the Company <sup>#</sup> Net cash generated from operating	持有人應佔盈利# 營運活動產生之現金淨額	168,917	300,800	-43.8%
activities		351,235	111,799	+214.2%
		RMB cents	RMB cents	
		人民幣分	人民幣分	
Basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per	每股基本及攤薄盈利/			
share Adjusted basic and diluted earnings	(虧損) 調整後之每股基本及	4.77	(9.71)	+149.1%
per share#	攤薄盈利#	5.23	9.31	-43.8%
		HK cents	HK cents	
		港幣仙	港幣仙	
Paid special dividend per share	已派每股特別股息	_	3.38	
Proposed interim dividend per share	擬派每股中期股息	1.60	_	
Proposed special dividend per share	擬派每股特別股息	1.90	_	

- # "EBITDA margin" equals to "Earnings before taxes, interest, depreciation, amortisation, share-based compensation expenses and impairment of goodwill" divided by "Revenue".
- ≠≠ "EBIT margin" equals to "Earnings before taxes and interest" divided by "Revenue".
- # Excluding impairment of goodwill of RMB14,947,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and RMB614,331,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2022.
- · 「EBITDA率」等於「除稅、利息、折舊、攤銷、 股份為基礎之酬金及商譽減值前的盈利」除以 「營業額」。
- ≠≠ 「EBIT率」等於「除税及利息前的盈利」除以「營 業額」。
- # 撇除截至2023年6月30日止六個月之商譽減值 人民幣14,947,000元及截至2022年6月30日止 六個月之商譽減值人民幣614,331,000元。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

## **GENERAL OVERVIEW**

During the Reporting Period, China's economic activities gradually recovered as a result of the lift of the pandemic control. According to data released by China's National Bureau of Statistics, gross domestic product grew by 5.5% year-on-year in the first half of the year, which exceeded the government's full-year target of 5% economic growth. The macroeconomic recovery has led to a rebound in consumption, with some sectors, such as tourism and catering, seeing relatively more significant growth. Nevertheless, the three-year-long pandemic has made domestic consumers more cautious in spending, while demand from overseas markets has declined due to the economic downturn. The instability and volatility of demand in both the domestic and international markets have caused enterprises to adopt a wait-and-see attitude towards expanding production and new investments. The slowdown in GDP growth in the second quarter from the previous quarter reflects signs of a slowdown in the economic recovery, and there remains considerable pressure on overall economic recovery.

In the face of a difficult operating environment, the Group coordinated its business segments to formulate plans in R&D, production, and sales in accordance with the actual market situation, and to promote business development in a stable and orderly manner. The Group actively promoted the "Lean Production" program in each business segment to reduce operating costs and improve production efficiency. In order to implement the "Plan for Huabao's Sustainable Development Goals", the Group attached great importance to the ESG and organised a number of relevant trainings during the Reporting Period with an objective to raise the awareness of employees on sustainable development so as to facilitate the sustainable development of the business.

#### **INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**

#### Overview of the tobacco industry

According to the National Bureau of Statistics, China's cigarette production reached 26.932 million cases during the Reporting Period, representing a year-on-year increase of 1.7%. The stable production of the tobacco industry reflected the strong anti-cyclicality and stability of the tobacco industry. In the backdrop of increasing economic uncertainty at home and abroad, it is obvious that the stable development of the tobacco industry plays an important role in national tax revenues and improving the living standards of rural residents.

## 管理層討論及分析

#### 總述

面對艱巨的經營環境,本集團根據市場的實際情況,組織各個業務板塊制定研發、生產、銷售計劃,穩定、有序地推進業務發展。本集團在各個板塊積極推進「精益生產」計劃,降低經營成本,提高生產效率。為貫徹落實「華寶、持續發展目標規劃」,本集團高度重視環質可持續發展目標規劃」,本集團高度重視織了了,社會及企業管治工作,於報告期內,組織了了,相關的培訓,提升員工的可持續發展。

## 行業概況

## 煙草行業概況

根據國家統計局數據,報告期內,中國捲煙產量達到2,693.2萬箱,同比增長1.7%。煙草行業產量穩定,反映出煙草行業強勁的抗週期性和穩定性。在中國內外經濟不確定性增大的環境下,煙草行業的穩定發展對國家税收、提升農村居民生活水平起到的作用和重要性更加明顯。

In the first half of 2023, the STMA carried out special inspections to regulate the e-cigarette market. The STMA conducted a comprehensive inspection of e-cigarette manufacturers, wholesalers and retailers, to ensure that they were operating legally and in compliance with the law. The inspections have helped e-cigarette market participants to recognise the importance of learning and implementing e-cigarette-related policies, resulting in a more regulated e-cigarette market. Meanwhile, some e-cigarette companies with financial strength and product competitiveness began to put in more resources in developing overseas markets, so as to increase market share and expand revenue sources.

In regard to HNB cigarettes, international tobacco companies continued to increase their investment in R&D and branding in this area, resulting in favourable product promotion and sales performance. Nevertheless, the popularity of HNB cigarettes has also led to increased scrutiny of the product's safety and promotional accuracy by regulatory agencies in overseas countries and territories. International tobacco companies have to devote more resources and effort to respond to regulatory requirements.

## Overview of the food and beverage industry and daily-use chemical industry

In the first half of 2023, the pandemic prevention and control were substantially relaxed, and people were able to have free access to a variety of different venues, with an increase in consumption for foods and beverages and a corresponding increase in consumer demand. According to the National Bureau of Statistics, the added value of the food manufacturing industry grew by 2.7% year-on-year, and the added value of the wine, beverage and refined tea manufacturing industry grew by 0.2% year-on-year. The three-year pandemic has led to a significant increase in consumer demand for the quality, safety and nutrition of food and beverages, and consumers have developed the habit of purchasing a variety of food and beverage products online. In the daily-use chemical industry, product sales rebounded, as offline sales channels for daily-use chemical brands recovered with online sales channels empowering offline channels. However, as consumers became more cautious in their spending after the pandemic, various brands had to attract customers and boost sales through more discounts, adding more intense competition to the industry with great pressure on the operations of small and medium-sized brands.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

加熱不燃燒捲煙方面,國際煙草公司在該領域的研發和品牌投入繼續增加,取得了良好的產品推廣效果和銷售成績。雖然如此,加熱不燃燒捲煙的流行也使海外國家和地區的監管機構加強了對該產品安全性和宣傳準確性的審查,國際煙草公司需要投入更多資源和精力應對監管要求。

#### 食品飲料和日化行業概況

### Overview of the condiment industry

During the Reporting Period, the catering industry witnessed a strong recovery as people had free access to various food and beverage establishments for dining. According to the National Bureau of Statistics, the revenue of the catering industry in the first half of the year was RMB2,432.9 billion, representing a year-on-year increase of 21.4%. Compared with the pre-pandemic year of 2019 (1H 2019: RMB2,127.9 billion), there was an increase of 14.3% year-on-year, the performance of the catering industry has already surpassed that of the pre-pandemic period. The recovery of the catering industry has driven the demand for the products of the upstream condiment enterprises, which in turn have invested more in product development, distribution network and marketing with an aim to expanding their customer base and increasing sales. Despite the recovery of the catering industry, the demand for cost reduction and efficiency enhancement in the catering industry remained strong, as consumers became more cautious in their spending and catering enterprises had to increase sales through high volumes and thin profit margins. For the condiment enterprises, the key to enhancing their competitiveness is finding ways to help their customers to improve their order fulfilment efficiency, maintain their quality and tastes of dishes and develop standardised products.

#### **RESULTS**

During the Reporting Period, the Group achieved a revenue of approximately RMB1,536 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB1,847 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 16.9%; gross profit margin of 46.0% (1H 2022: 52.4%), representing a year-on-year decrease of 6.4 percentage points; operating profit of approximately RMB261 million (1H 2022: operating loss of approximately RMB142 million); profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company of approximately RMB154 million (1H 2022: loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company of approximately RMB314 million); basic earnings per share of approximately RMB4.77 cents (1H 2022: basic loss per share of approximately RMB9.71 cents).

Excluding the impact of goodwill impairment of RMB614 million in relation to the Jiahao CGU in the first half of 2022 and the goodwill impairment of RMB14.947 million in relation to the aroma raw materials segment for the first half of 2023, an adjusted operating profit amounted to approximately RMB276 million (1H 2022: adjusted operating profit of approximately RMB473 million) was recorded for the Reporting Period, representing a year-on-year decrease of 41.7%; adjusted profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company was approximately RMB169 million (1H 2022: adjusted profit attributable to the equity holders was approximately RMB301 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 43.8%; adjusted basic earnings per share was approximately RMB5.23 cents (1H 2022: adjusted basic earnings per share was approximately RMB9.31 cents), representing a year-on-year decrease of 43.8%.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 調味品行業概況

報告期內,居民可以自由出入各種餐飲場所 就餐,餐飲行業迎來強勁復甦。根據國家統計 局數據,上半年餐飲行業收入人民幣24,329 億元,同比增長21.4%。與疫情前的2019年 (2019年上半年:人民幣21,279億元)相比,同 比增長14.3%,餐飲行業的景氣度已經超過疫 情前。餐飲行業的復甦帶動了對上游調味品企 業產品的需求,調味品企業投入更多資金在產 品開發、經銷網絡及市場營銷上,以期擴大客 戶群、提升銷售收入。雖然餐飲行業復甦,但 由於消費者在消費時更加謹慎,餐飲企業不得 不通過薄利多銷的方式提升銷售收入,餐飲企 業降本增效的需求仍然強勁。對調味品企業而 言,如何利用產品幫助客戶提升出菜效率、維 持菜品口味穩定性、協助客戶開發標準化的產 品成為提升競爭力的關鍵。

## 業績

報告期內,本集團實現銷售收入約人民幣15.36億元(2022年上半年:約人民幣18.47億元),同比減少16.9%;毛利率46.0%(2022年上半年:52.4%),同比減少6.4個百分點;營運盈利約人民幣2.61億元(2022年上半年:營運虧損約人民幣1.42億元);本公司權益持有人應佔盈利約人民幣1.54億元(2022年上半年:本公司權益持有人應佔虧損約人民幣3.14億元);每股基本盈利約人民幣4.77分(2022年上半年:每股基本虧損約人民幣9.71分)。

如果撇除2022年上半年嘉豪CGU商譽減值人民幣6.14億元及2023年上半年香原料板塊商譽減值1,494.7萬元之影響,報告期內經調整營運盈利約人民幣2.76億元(2022年上半年:經調整營運盈利約人民幣4.73億元),同比減少41.7%;經調整本公司權益持有人應佔盈利約人民幣1.69億元(2022年上半年:經調整權益持有人應佔盈利約人民幣3.01億元),同比減少43.8%;經調整每股基本盈利約人民幣5.23分(2022年上半年:經調整每股基本盈利約人民幣9.31分),同比減少43.8%。

## BUSINESS REVIEW

## Review of F&F and Food ingredients business

During the Reporting Period, revenue of the F&F and Food ingredients business of the Group amounted to approximately RMB681 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB888 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 23.3%, and accounting for approximately 44.3% (1H 2022: 48.0%) of the Group's total revenue. The decrease in revenue from the business segment was mainly due to changes in market demand and increased market competition. Operating profit of the segment amounted to approximately RMB238 million (1H 2022: RMB469 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 49.2%; and operating profit margin was approximately 34.9% (1H 2022: 52.8%), representing a year-on-year decrease of 17.9 percentage points. The decline in operating profit margin was primarily attributable to changes in product mix.

#### (1) Flavours

In terms of tobacco flavours, the Group has developed special flavouring products that can be used in cooling materials for HNB cigarettes. These products are available in different forms and flavours to meet the diversified needs of customers. For food flavours, the Group has produced tea, milk and syrup flavours for food and beverage customers in response to their demand for new flavours, to help them win the hearts and minds of consumers. In addition, the bakery market has a large capacity and rapid growth, resulting in a high demand for food flavours. However, the bakery market is characterised by intense competition and rapid product updates, which requires high demands on the ability of flavour manufacturers to provide customised products and adapt to changes. The Group monitors the development characteristics and trends of the bakery market and strives to develop more new customers.

For overseas markets, Warlbor Asia Pacific Pte Ltd in Singapore is actively developing customers in Malaysia, Thailand, Indonesia, and etc., and its products have been tested and certified by local regulatory authorities. The Group has established formulations and databases of flavouring products based on the needs of local customers, so as to better analyse the flavour preferences of local customers and optimise its product development and promotion strategies.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

## 業務回顧

## 香精及食品配料業務回顧

報告期內,本集團香精及食品配料業務銷售收入約人民幣6.81億元(2022年上半年:約人民幣8.88億元),同比減少23.3%,佔本集團的總收入約44.3%(2022年上半年:48.0%)。板塊收入下滑的主要原因是由於市場需求變化及市場競爭所致。板塊營運盈利約人民幣2.38億元(2022年上半年:人民幣4.69億元),同比減少49.2%;營運盈利率約34.9%(2022年上半年:52.8%),同比減少17.9個百分點。營運盈利率下滑主要是由於產品結構變化所致。

#### (1) 食用香精

海外市場方面,位於新加坡的亞太華寶正積極地在馬來西亞、泰國、印度尼西亞等地開拓客户,產品也得到當地監管節門的檢測合格認證。集團根據當地客戶的需求,建立起香精產品的配方和數據庫,從而更好的分析當地客戶的風味偏好,優化產品研發和推廣策略。

### (2) Fragrances

After the end of the pandemic, market demand for fumigation and decontamination products declined. The Group shifted its development focus to personal care, oral care and pet care. For overseas markets, the Group has also been actively developing customers in the European and African markets to increase revenue sources and promote the internationalisation of its business.

## (3) Food ingredients

The operations of the food ingredients segment resumed to normal in the first half of the year as demand from the downstream food, beverage and catering markets rebounded. In order to enhance the competitiveness of the food ingredients business, the Group provided financing, technical, regulatory and management support to the business and assisted the business segment in developing overseas markets, with an aim to improving the performance of the business in the future.

## (4) Investment progress of the proceeds raised by Huabao Flavours

In April 2021 and April 2023, the Group adjusted the use of the proceeds raised from the IPO of Huabao Flavours in 2018 and the implementation plans for the investment projects in order to better respond to the industry changes and the Company's development. The Group will cease the construction of "Huabao Yingtan Flavours and Ingredients Production Base Project" and the "Lhasa Pure Land Healthy Food Project" and transform the "Huabao H&K Food Flavours and Food Technology Development Project" into the "Huabao Technology Innovation Center and Supporting Facilities Project" ("Huabao TechInno Project"), as well as launch the new "Huabao Digital Transformation Project" ("Huabao Digital Project").

As of 30 June 2023, the cumulative amount dedicated for the Huabao TechInno Project was approximately RMB7.5463 million (31 December 2022: approximately RMB5.0323 million), representing an investment progress of 1.68% (31 December 2022: 1.1%). The cumulative amount dedicated for the Huabao Digital Project was approximately RMB19.0878 million (31 December 2022: approximately RMB17.5898 million), representing an investment progress of 31.81% (31 December 2022: 29.3%). As of 30 June 2023, the balance of unused IPO proceeds (including accumulated interest income received) amounted to approximately RMB1,648 million (31 December 2022: approximately RMB1,668 million). As of 30 June 2023, the IPO proceeds utilized amounted to approximately RMB940 million (31 December 2022: approximately RMB901 million), accounting for 40.7% (31 December 2022: 39.0%) of the total proceeds from the IPO in 2018 of approximately RMB2,310 million.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### (2) 日化香精

疫情結束後,市場對熏香消殺類產品的需求下降。集團將發展重點轉向個人護理、口腔護理、寵物護理領域。海外市場方面,集團也積極開拓歐洲和非洲市場的客戶,增加收入來源,推進業務國際化。

## (3) 食品配料

由於下游食品、飲料、餐飲市場需求反彈,食品配料板塊在上半年的經營恢復 正常。為了提升食品配料業務的競爭力, 集團向該業務提供了融資、技術、法規、 管理方面的支持,並且協助該業務部分 開發海外市場,期望能夠在未來提升該 業務的表現。

## (4) 華寶股份募集資金投資進度

截至2023年6月30日,華寶科創項目累 計投入約人民幣754.63萬元(2022年12 月31日:約503.23萬元),投資進度為 1.68%(2022年12月31日:1.1%)。華寶 數字項目累計投入約人民幣1,908.78萬 元(2022年12月31日:約人民幣1,758.98 萬元),投資進度為31.81%(2022年12月 31日:29.3%)。截至2023年6月30日, 尚未使用的首次公開募集資金餘額(包 括累計收到的利息收入)約人民幣16.48 億元(2022年12月31日:約人民幣16.68 億元)。截至2023年6月30日,已使用的 首次公開募集資金金額約人民幣9.4億 元(2022年12月31日:約人民幣9.01億 元),佔2018年首次公開募股資金約人民 幣23.1億元的40.7%(2022年12月31日: 39.0%)。

#### Review of the tobacco raw materials business

During the Reporting Period, revenue of the Group's tobacco raw materials business was approximately RMB187 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB192 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 2.3%, and accounting for approximately 12.2% (1H 2022: approximately 10.4%) of the Group's total revenue. The decline in segment revenue was mainly due to decline in sales of tobacco new materials. Operating profit of the business segment was approximately RMB44.272 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB19.365 million), representing a year-on-year increase of 128.6%; operating profit margin was approximately 23.6% (1H 2022: 10.1%), representing a year-on-year increase of 13.5 percentage points. The increase in operating profit was mainly due to strict control of costs.

#### (1) RTL

During the Reporting Period, the Group's co-operative relationship with its RTL customers was stable. With oversupply in the domestic market, the growth of the RTL business mainly came from the development of overseas business. In Indonesia, the Group's HNB RTL plant achieved mass production and volume sales, and the quality of the products and services provided by the team were recognised by customers. The team is able to develop and produce HNB RTL that suits customers' products according to their needs. As a result of the customer's recognition, the Group has decided to increase investment to increase the production capacity of HNB RTL in Indonesia from the current 1,000 tonnes per annum to 3,000 tonnes per annum. The construction of the new production line is expected to be completed by the third quarter of 2024. The Group will continue to assess the market demand to determine whether it is necessary to further increase production capacity.

## (2) Tobacco new materials

Tobacco new materials mainly include cigarette capsules and filters. The decline in revenue from cigarette capsules was mainly attributable to the decrease in selling prices due to weak market demand and fierce competition in the domestic market. Meanwhile, since the cost controls by customers and the proportion of sales of products with lower profit margins increased, the overall profit margin of tobacco capsule products dropped accordingly. For cigarette filters, as the market for HNB cigarettes has not yet been opened up in Mainland China, the Group focused its efforts on improving the production efficiency for existing products, strengthening production management, and the R&D in news products.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 煙用原料業務回顧

報告期內,本集團煙用原料業務銷售收入約人民幣1.87億元(2022年上半年:約人民幣1.92億元),同比下降2.3%,佔本集團總收入約12.2%(2022年上半年:10.4%)。板塊收入下降主要是由於捲煙新材料銷售收入下滑。板塊營運盈利約人民幣4,427.2萬元(2022年上半年:約人民幣1,936.5萬元),同比增長128.6%;營運盈利率約23.6%(2022年上半年:10.1%),同比增長13.5個百分點。營運盈利率增長是由於嚴控費用所致。

#### (1) 再造煙葉

## (2) 捲煙新材料

捲煙新材料業務的產品主要是煙用膠囊和濾棒。煙用膠囊銷售收入下滑,主要是由於國內的市場需求疲軟及競爭激致價格下滑造成的。同時,由於客戶上,放本,利潤率較低的產品銷售佔比上,減極方面,在當前國內加熱不燃燒捲煙重量沒有開放的情況下,集團的工作重點沒有開放的情況下,集團的工作重點主要集中在提升現有產品生產效率、從生產管理以及新產品研發。

#### Review of the aroma raw materials business

During the Reporting Period, revenue of the aroma raw materials business of the Group was approximately RMB290 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB478 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 39.3%, and accounting for approximately 18.9% (1H 2022: 25.9%) of the Group's total revenue. The decrease in segment revenue was mainly attributable to decline in domestic and foreign market demand. Operating loss of the business segment was approximately RMB9.968 million (1H 2022: operating profit of RMB44.775 million). Excluding the impairment of RMB14.947 million for first half of 2023, the adjusted operating profit was approximately RMB4.979 million, representing a year-on-year decrease of 88.9%; the adjusted operating profit margin was 1.7% (1H 2022: operating profit margin: 9.4%), representing a year-on-year decrease of 7.7 percentage points. The decrease in adjusted operating profit and operating profit margin were mainly due to decrease in revenue and change in product mix.

During the Reporting Period, demand for the aroma raw materials segment declined in both overseas and domestic markets. In the overseas markets, the weak economy of major economies and high inventories led to a decline in demand growth. In the domestic market, end-consumers became more cautious and conservative in consumption, triggering the effect to the upstream of the industry chain, which reduced the demand for upstream aroma raw material products. To boost the product's sales in the face of overall reduced demand, market participants adopted price reduction strategies, which put downward pressure on the sales prices of products. The decline in both product volume and selling prices resulted in lower revenue for the segment. However, the fixed costs of the segment did not decrease, resulting in a significant decrease in the segment's operating profit and operating profitability.

During the Reporting Period, national regulatory bodies placed great emphasis on the ability of chemical enterprises in production safety. The Group conducted an overall inspection of the segment's safety production management system and production competency, and provided a number of specialised trainings on production safety for its employees to raise their awareness of risk prevention and established a safe production and working environment.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 香原料業務回顧

報告期內,本集團香原料業務銷售收入約人民幣2.90億元(2022年上半年:約人民幣4.78億元),同比下降39.3%,佔本集團的總收入約18.9%(2022年上半年:25.9%)。板塊收入下滑主要是由於國內外市場需求下滑。板塊收置重虧損約人民幣996.8萬元(2022年上半年等經運盈利約人民幣4,477.5萬元)。撇除香原料板塊2023年上半年商譽減值人民幣1,494.7萬元之影響,經調整營運盈利約人民幣497.9萬元,同比下滑88.9%;經調整營運盈利率1.7%(2022年上半年:營運盈利率:9.4%),同比下滑7.7個百分點。經調整營運盈利及營運盈利率下滑主要是由於收入下降和產品結構變化。

報告期內,國家監管機構非常重視精細化工企業安全生產的能力。集團對板塊安全生產管理制度、生產資質進行了排查,對員工進行了多次安全生產的專題培訓,提高了員工的風險防範意識,建立了安全的生產和工作環境。

#### Review of the condiment business

During the Reporting Period, revenue of the Group's condiment business was approximately RMB375 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB289 million), representing a year-on-year increase of 29.5%, and accounting for approximately 24.4% (1H 2022: 15.7%) of the Group's total revenue. The operating profit of the segment was approximately RMB71.426 million (1H 2022: operating loss of approximately RMB586 million); operating profit margin was 19.1%. Excluding the impact of the impairment of the goodwill of approximately RMB614 million of Jiahao CGU for the first half of 2022, operating profit increased by 151.9% year-on-year (1H 2022: adjusted operating profit was approximately RMB28.357 million), operating profit margin (1H 2022: adjusted operating profit margin 9.8%), increased by 9.3 percentage points on a year-on-year basis. The increase in the segment's revenue was mainly due to increased demand in the market as a result of the recovery of the catering industry, while the increase in operating profit and operating profit margin was mainly due to increased revenue and operating cost control. During the Reporting Period, the pandemic was finally over and the catering industry rebounded strongly as it resumed normal business. Purchasing demand from customers of the catering industry grew and product sales rose. The Group adopted the refined management model to reduce the selling and administrative expenses, resulting in improved profitability in the condiment business.

In terms of products, sales of core products such as chicken sauce, wasabi and fruit juices all recorded year-on-year growth. In order to further diversify the product mix and assist chefs in improving the efficiency and quality of their dishes, the R&D team launched the new product "Chinese Chef's Bone Broth" soup base, which is extracted and blended with high-quality raw materials with Tetra Pak packaging to preserve the taste and flavour of the soup base for a long period of time at room temperature. The launch of new products is a reflection of the continuous innovation and experimentation of the condiment segment, enhancing the segment's comprehensive competitiveness and sources of income.

In terms of sales channels, the rapid recovery of the catering industry improved distributors' willingness to increase their inventories for more sales. The Group's sales and marketing teams capitalised on the opportunity of the industry recovery and expanded its sales network, increasing the number of Tier 1 distributors to approximately 600. The increase in the number of distributors and the expansion of their coverage provided sufficient momentum for the recovery and growth of the segment's sales.

In terms of marketing strategy, all offline marketing activities resumed after the end of the pandemic. The sales team visited the end-customers to understand their experience in using the products and collected their feedback as basis for product improvements and enhancement of the product competitiveness and service quality. The sales team also actively participated in major exhibitions in the catering industry to promote products to users in various countries and regions, taking the opportunity to enhance our brand exposure and awareness.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 調味品業務回顧

報告期內,本集團調味品業務銷售收入約人 民幣3.75億元(2022年 上半年:約人民幣2.89 億元),同比增加29.5%,佔集團總收入約 24.4%(2022年 上 半 年: 15.7%)。板塊營運 盈利約人民幣7,142.6萬元(2022年上半年: 營運虧損約人民幣5.86億元);營運盈利率 19.1%。撇除2022年上半年嘉豪CGU商譽減值 約人民幣6.14億元之影響,營運盈利(2022年 上半年:經調整營運盈利約人民幣2.835.7萬 元)同比增加151.9%,營運盈利率(2022年上 半年:經調整營運盈利率9.8%)同比增加9.3 個百分點。板塊收入增長主要是由於餐飲業復 甦使市場需求增加,營運盈利和營運盈利率增 加主要是由於收入增加及營運成本控制。報告 期內,疫情終於結束,餐飲業恢復正常營業, 強勁反彈。餐飲客戶採購需求增長,產品銷量 上升。集團採取精細化管理模式,減少了銷售 和管理費用,調味品業務利潤率得到提升。

銷售渠道方面,餐飲行業快速復甦,帶動了經銷商的進貨和銷售意願。集團銷售和市場團隊利用行業復甦機會,擴大銷售網,使一級經銷商數量增加至約600家。經銷商數量增多,覆蓋面擴大,為板塊銷售的恢復和增長提供了充足動力。

營銷策略方面,疫情結束後,線下各項市場營銷活動重啟。銷售團隊拜訪終端客戶,瞭解他們在產品使用過程中的感受,並收集他們的力韻作為改進產品的依據,提升產品的競爭力和服務質量。銷售團隊還積極參加餐飲行業的用大展會,將產品推介給各個國家和地區的用家,並藉機提升品牌曝光度和知名度。

#### **Review of R&D**

During the Reporting Period, the Group's investment in R&D was approximately RMB116 million (1H 2022: approximately RMB111 million). R&D expenses accounted for approximately 7.6% (1H 2022: 6.0%) of revenue, representing an increase of 1.6 percentage point as compared to the corresponding period last year. The R&D costs were fully expensed and no R&D costs were capitalized (1H 2022: Nil).

During the Reporting Period, the F&F and Food Ingredients segment was granted 4 utility model patents and 4 invention patents, including "A Kind of Flavouring and Fragrance for Oral Tobacco and Its Preparation and Application", "An Emulsifying Tank for the Production of Small Amount of Flavours and Fragrance", "A Kind of Sandalwood Flavour and Fragrance with High Temperature Resistance and Its Preparation and Application", and "A Kind of Feeding Device for High Pressure Homogenizer and High Pressure Homogenizer ". These patents cover flavours and fragrances for cigarettes, food, daily chemicals and food ingredients, strengthening the production process and competitiveness of the F&F and Food Ingredients segment.

In respect of tobacco raw materials, the Group has invested more resources in the R&D of innovative tobacco products and product technology, as the growth point of the segment's products and business. During the Reporting Period, Shenzhen Huabao Collaborative Innovation Technology Research Institute applied for a total of 35 patents, including "A Kind of HNB Heating Device", "A Kind of Dry Process for RTL and HNB Cigarettes", "A Kind of Thickened Pulp Process for RTL, Its Preparation Method and Cigarettes", and "Thermally Stable Natural Plant Materials for HNB Cigarettes and Its Production Method". These patents mainly focused on the core materials for HNB cigarettes, which consolidated the Group's competitiveness in the field of innovative tobacco products. In addition, Guangdong Golden Leaf Technology Development Co., Ltd. was awarded the "Third Prize of China Tobacco Corporation Standard Innovation Contribution Prize" issued by China National Tobacco Corporation and the "Special Thin RTL Selected as Famous Hi-Tech Product of Guangdong Province" issued by Guangdong Hi-Tech Enterprise Association.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 研發回顧

報告期內,本集團投入研發費用約人民幣1.16 億元(2022年上半年:約人民幣1.11億元)。研發費用佔銷售收入的比例約為7.6%(2022年上半年:6.0%),與去年同期相比增加1.6 個百分點。研發費用全數作為費用支出,並無任何研發成本資本化(2022年上半年:無)。

報告期內,香精及食品配料板塊獲得了4項實用新型專利和4項發明專利,包括《一種口含煙用香精及其制備方法和應用》、《一種適用於少量香精生產的乳化罐》、《一種耐高溫檀香香精及其制備方法和應用》、《一種用於高壓均質機》。這些專利覆蓋煙用香精、食品用香精、日化用香精、食品配料,強化了香精及食品配料板塊的生產工藝和競爭力。

In the aroma raw materials business, Jiangxi Xianghai was granted 2 utility model patents and 3 invention patents, including "A Kind of Evaporation and Concentration Device for Preparation of Furanone" and "A Kind of Substitute Reactor for Furanone Synthesis and Processing Method". Zhaoqing Perfumery Co., Ltd was awarded the [Certificate of Professional, Advanced, Specialized and New SME of Guangdong Province] as well as the [Certificate of Top 50 Technology Innovation Enterprises in Zhaoqing].

In terms of condiments, the Group was granted an invention patent for "A Kind of Preparation of Thermally Processed Concentrated Citrus Fruit Juice with Inhibition of Non-enzymatic Browning". The patent can effectively inhibit and slow down the browning of fruit juices during storage, extend the storage time and make fruit juice products easier to preserve, which is of significant commercial value to the Group. During the Reporting Period, the Group launched its new soup base products, and its invention patent of "A Kind of Concentrated Soup Base Preparation using Boiling and Complex Enzymolysis Process" has entered the approval stage.

### **Human Resources and Corporate Culture Construction**

As at 30 June 2023, the Group employed a total of 4,003 (as at 31 December 2022: 3,875) employees in Mainland China, Hong Kong, Germany, Indonesia, Singapore and other places.

During the Reporting Period, the Mainland China officially declared the end of the pandemic. However, due to the long duration, the psychological and mental health of people from all walks of life were negatively affected to varying degrees. To minimise the negative impact of the pandemic on the physical and mental health of our employees during the pandemic, the Group had prepared sufficient pandemic prevention materials for free use by our employees, allowed infected employees to work at home, and provided them with various benefits as usual, creating a comfortable working environment for our employees and enable them to work with peace of mind. After the pandemic, the Group's business resumed normal. In order to supply high-quality talents for business development, the Human Resources Department organised targeted knowledge and skills training for each business segment to enhance employees' ability to identify and solve problems. Expanding overseas markets is one of the Group's priorities. The Human Resources Department worked with colleagues from relevant business units to develop an international management trainee programme, with an objective to build a talent reserve for the Group's development of international markets. In addition, the Group has optimised its performance appraisal system and remuneration system to motivate employees' work efficiency and work quality.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

香原料方面,江西香海獲得了2項實用新型專利,3項發明專利,包括《一種夫喃酮制備用蒸發濃縮裝置》、《一種夫喃酮合成用代反應釜及加工方法》等。廣東肇慶香料廠有限公司獲得了《廣東省專精特新中小企業證書》以及《肇慶市科技創新企業50強證書》。

調味品方面,集團獲得了《一種抑制非酶褐變的熱加工濃縮柑橘類果汁的制備》的發明專利授權。該項專利能夠有效抑制和減緩果汁在儲藏期間的褐變,延長了果汁儲藏時間,使果汁類產品更容易保存,對集團果汁類產品具有重要的商業價值。報告期內,集團新推出了湯底類產品,《一種熬煮濃縮與復合酶解結合的濃縮湯底制備方法》的發明專利已經進入審核階段。

#### 人力資源及企業文化建設

於2023年6月30日,本集團在中國內地、香港、德國、印度尼西亞、新加坡等地共聘用員工約4,003人(截至2022年12月31日:3,875人)。

報告期內,中國內地正式宣佈疫情結束。然 而,由於疫情持續時間長,各行各業人士的心 理和精神健康都受到不同程度的負面影響。為 了降低疫情對員工身心的負面影響,集團準備 了充分的防疫物資供員工免費使用,同時允許 感染的員工居家辦公,並如常發放各項福利, 為員工創造一個舒適的工作環境,使員工能夠 安心工作。疫情過後,集團各項業務恢復正常 運作。為了為業務發展提供高素質的人才,人 力資源部為各個板塊組織了針對性的知識和 技能培訓,提升員工發現問題、解決問題的能 力。拓展海外市場是集團的重點工作之一,人 力資源部和相關業務部門同事合作,制定國際 管理培訓生項目,為集團開拓國際市場儲備人 才。此外,集團優化了績效考核制度、薪酬制 度來激勵員工高效、高質量地完成工作。

The Group emphasizes the importance of corporate culture development, believing that an excellent corporate culture can enhance corporate brand image, improve team communication and stimulate the employees' potentials. The Group strictly enforces the established press and publicity governance system and regularly publishes news on product R&D, business development, staff activities and ESG management on its website and WeChat public account, so as to keep its staff abreast of the Company's development. The Group has news correspondents in each business segment, and rewards and recognises correspondents with news of high quality and high volume of articles. With the internationalisation of the Group's business, the Group is placing increasing emphasis on overseas staff's knowledge and understanding of the Group's corporate culture. The Group conducts comprehensive surveys and analyses of the business environment and culture of overseas markets to understand the needs and characteristics of local employees at work, thereby facilitating smoother communication with overseas staff, promoting teamwork and enhancing work efficiency.

### **Digital Transformation**

2023 is the second year of the Group's digital transformation, and after the first year of structural construction, the digital transformation work moved forward steadily. During the Reporting Period, more subsidiaries input data on procurement, production and sales into the SAP ERP system, which further enriched the database and provided more comprehensive data for automated analyses. After training, the financial staff of subsidiaries were able to use the electronic financial system more proficiently for data entry and reconciliation, which enhanced the efficiency of preparing financial statements and strengthened the preparation efficiency of the Group's consolidated statements, financial management and analysis capabilities. The fund management system has enabled more standardised management of receipts and payments, as well as timely and visual enquiries on fund balances. The Product Lifecycle Management (PLM) system has been applied to the management of F&F formulations and the R&D project management of tobacco raw materials, and the team has been able to make use of the PLM system to better check the patents and regulations involved in the R&D process of the products and to enhance the compliance of the products in terms of intellectual property rights.

The Group attaches great importance to digital transformation efforts and believes that digital transformation can bring positive impact to the development of the organisation and its employees. The management has conducted training on artificial intelligence and Chat GPT for its staff to enable them to understand the impact and challenges of technology on the operational efficiency of the business as well as personal productivity. The Group has also set up an artificial intelligence related technology company to facilitate the study on the development and application of smart F&F preparation technology. The Group's efforts in digital transformation have been recognised by professional organisations and was awarded the "SAP Global Innovation Award" presented by SAP.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

### 數字化轉型

2023年是集團數字化轉型的第二年,經過第一 年的架構搭建,數字化轉型工作穩定的向前推 進。報告期內,更多的子公司將採購、生產、 銷售的數據錄入到SAP ERP系統,進一步豐富 了數據庫,為自動化分析提供了更加全面的數 據;在經過培訓後,子公司財務人員能夠更加 熟練地使用電子化財務系統進行數據的錄入和 核對,提升了編製財務報表的效率,也強化了 集團合併報表的編制效率、財務管理和分析能 力;資金管理系統使收付款管理更加規範,還 能夠及時可視化地查詢資金餘額;產品生命週 期管理(PLM)系統已經應用到香精配方管理和 煙用原料研發項目管理,團隊能夠利用PLM系 統更好的檢查產品在研發過程中所涉及到的專 利和法規,提升了產品在知識產權方面的合規 性。

集團重視數字化轉型工作,相信數字化轉型能為企業和員工的發展帶來正面的影響。管理層為員工進行了關於人工智能和Chat GPT的培訓,使員工瞭解科技對企業經營效率及個人工作效率的影響及挑戰。集團還成立了人工智能相關的科技公司,以更好的研究智能調香技術的發展和應用。集團在數字化轉型方面的工作得到了專業機構的認可,獲得了由思愛普(SAP)頒發的「SAP全球創新獎」。

## **OUTLOOK**

China's economic growth still remains at a relatively high level despite the slowdown in the world's major economies. However, the Chinese economy is also facing the risk of insufficient and declining internal and external consumer demand, with corporate profitability likely to come under greater pressure. In the second half of the year, the Chinese government has indicated that it will intensify its macroeconomic policies in uplifting domestic demand, boosting confidence, and promoting the economy to achieve effective qualitative improvement and reasonable quantitative growth. The Group will capitalise on the opportunities brought about by the macro policies to tap into more consumption needs and strive to develop the number of customers. Overall, the management maintains a prudent and conservative view on the Group's business in the second half of 2023.

In terms of flavours and fragrance and food ingredients, the Group will strive to grow the number of customers for food flavours, fragrances and food ingredients. In response to the market demand for healthy and natural products, the Group will provide total solutions to its customers by developing its business from product supply to creativity and co-operation, enhancing added value and competitiveness of its products and services.

As the market demand for products in the tobacco raw material business in China is saturated, the Group will focus on developing overseas customers. The Group's new production line in Indonesia has been put into construction, and the Group will steadily push forward the construction of the production line in accordance with the plan.

In terms of aroma raw materials, the recovery of market demand in the second half of the year will remain difficult due to the global macroeconomic downturn together with uncertain recovery of the domestic consumer demand. The Group will continue to optimise its supply chain, reduce consolidated operating costs and enhance operating efficiency of the segment to minimise the adverse impact of the external environment on its operations.

For condiments, the management believes that the catering industry can maintain a sustained recovery in the second half of the year and demand is expected to grow continuously. The Group will focus on the demand of the catering industry as the core to expand its market share and increase sales revenue by enhancing the competitiveness of its R&D, products, channels and sales.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 展望

在世界主要經濟體經濟增速放緩的情況下,中國經濟增速仍然維持在相對較高的水平。但和國經濟也面臨著內部消費需求不不步入下降。進入下半年,中國政府表示將會加入下降。進入下半年,中國政府表示將會心力度來擴大內需、提大門軍力度來擴大和量的有效提升和量,挖掘更更宏觀政策帶來的機遇,挖掘更更高對應,努力開發更多客戶。總的來說,管理層數,努力開發更多客戶。總持審慎保守的看法。

香精及食品配料方面,集團將努力開發食品用香精、日化用香精及食品配料的客戶。集團響應市場對健康天然產品的需求,為客戶提供整體解決方案,使業務從產品供應向創意及合作方向發展,提升產品和服務的附加值和競爭力。

煙用原料方面,煙用原料板塊的產品在國內的 市場需求已經飽和,集團將集中精力開發海外 客戶。集團在印度尼西亞新的生產線已經投入 建設,集團將按照建設計劃,穩健地推進生產 線的建設。

香原料方面,受到全球宏觀經濟不景氣以及國內消費需求復甦不確定性影響,下半年市場需求恢復仍然具備較大的難度。集團將繼續優化供應鏈,降低綜合營運成本,提升板塊的營運效率,盡可能減少外部環境對營運的不利影響。

調味品方面,管理層認為下半年餐飲行業能夠 維持持續復甦的態勢,需求有望繼續增長。集 團將圍繞餐飲行業的需求為核心,通過提升研 發、產品、渠道、銷售的競爭力,擴大市場份 額,增加銷售收入。

## ANALYSIS OF PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT RELATING TO THE INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

## DESCRIPTION OF INVESTMENT IMPAIRMENT OF JUNJIESHANG IN 2022

#### Background of investment impairment of Junijeshang

The Group provided a capital contribution of RMB350 million to Junjieshang in November 2021, and held a 10% equity interests in Junjieshang after the contribution. Junjieshang is a vertical ecosystem collaboration platform in the hairdressing industry, working with hair salons in more than 50 cities across the country. Through the electronic screen devices installed in the shops and the APP promoted by Junjieshang, it not only provides advertising services for brands, but also offers digital platform services for hair salons and consumers including time-of-use pricing service, SaaS platform service and SaaS e-commerce service (a software for users to use as needed upon request). Hair salon is the main consumption scenario of Junjieshang's business model.

As Shanghai implemented epidemic lockdown measures in March 2022, major cities across the country went into lockdown one after another. After the release of lockdowns at the end of the year, the epidemic broke out again in major cities across the country. Since the headquarters and data center of Junjieshang are in Shanghai, the management team, R&D, customer service and broadcast control teams of Junjieshang could not work normally, and Junjieshang could not release advertisements normally. In the second half of the year, important cities such as Beijing, Zhengzhou, Shijiazhuang, Xi'an, Qingdao and Guangzhou were also closed one after another. The nationwide epidemic prevention and control measures, including the city closure, have led to the closure of many barbershops, and also caused a considerable number of sales staffs of Junjieshang to be guarantined at home. On the other hand, during the epidemic period, due to the reduction of investment by Junjieshang's advertisers, Junjieshang's advertising orders were greatly reduced, which eventually led to a sharp drop in the Junjieshang's revenue. However, in order to stabilize the team, the management of Junjieshang paid salaries to employees as usual, and provided assistance such as materials and psychological counseling to employees, so Junjieshang's expenses have not decreased with income. As a result, the annual operating revenue of Junjieshang declined by 87% in 2022. However, in order to maintain its business stability and continuity, the operating cost of Junijeshang only reduced by 40% as compared to 2021, resulting in an increase of 116% in Junjieshang's net loss in 2022 and the investment in Junjieshang showed signs of impairment. Therefore, the Group engaged an independent valuer to conduct an impairment test on the investment in Junjieshang as at 31 December 2022 and an investment impairment of RMB139 million was recognized. After impairment, the investment balance of Junjieshang amounted to RMB204 million.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

## 與聯營公司投資相關的減值準備分析

### 駿杰尚2022年投資減值的情況説明

#### 駿杰尚投資減值的背景

本集團於2021年11月以人民幣3.5億元向駿杰尚注資,並於注資後持有駿杰尚10%股權。駿杰尚為基於美髮行業的垂直生態聯盟平台。駿杰尚在全國50多個城市與理髮店合作,通過廣大在店裡安裝的電子螢幕終端和駿杰尚推供廣告業務的同時,是抵供商人與大學的人工。 在店裡安裝的電子徵幕終端和駿杰尚推供供商人工。 在店裡安裝的電子徵幕終端和駿杰尚推供供商人工。 在店裡安裝的電子徵幕終端和駿杰尚推供供商人工。 在店裡安裝的電子徵幕終端和駿杰尚推供供了。 在店裡安裝的電子徵幕終端和駿杰尚下,包括了時定價服務、SaaS平台服務、SaaS電商服經經報。 (註:SaaS為使用者按需要即用軟體,一經式的核心消費場景。

2022年3月,上海實行疫情封控政策,隨後全 國各大城市陸續實行封控。年末解封後,全國 主要城市又遭遇了疫情集中爆發。由於駿杰尚 總部及資料中心在上海,導致駿杰尚管理層、 研發、客服及播控團隊無法正常開展工作, 駿 杰尚也無法進行廣告的正常發佈。下半年北 京、鄭州、石家莊、西安、青島和廣州等重要 城市也陸續封城。全國範圍內包括封城在內 的疫情防控措施導致眾多理髮店閉店歇業, 也導致駿杰尚有相當部分銷售人員被隔離在 家。另一方面,在疫情期間,駿杰尚的廣告客 戶出於縮減投入的原因,使得駿杰尚獲得的廣 告訂單大幅縮減,這些最終導致駿杰尚營收大 幅下降。但是,駿杰尚管理層為穩定團隊向員 工照常發放了薪酬,並為員工提供物資、心理 疏導等援助,因此駿杰尚費用未隨著收入而下 降。這些使得駿杰尚2022年年度營業收入下滑 87%,但為保持駿杰尚業務的穩定和延續性, 駿杰尚營運成本較2021年只減少40%,從而 導致2022年公司實現的淨虧損增加116%,駿 杰尚投資出現減值跡象。因此,集團聘請了獨 立評估師對駿杰尚於2022年12月31日的投資 進行減值測試,並確認了人民幣1.39億元的投 資減值。減值後,駿杰尚的投資餘額為人民幣 2.04億元。

#### Reasons for impairment of investment in Junjieshang

As Shanghai implemented epidemic lockdown measures in March 2022, major cities across the country went into lockdown one after another. In July 2022, the Group conducted follow-up discussions with the management of Junjieshang after the investment. The management of Junjieshang explained the impacts of the epidemic on Junjieshang in the first half of the year and the counter-measures, and presented plans to explore new businesses in the second half of the year. The management of Junjieshang stated that the business goals for the first half of 2022 could not be achieved, however, they believed that it was still possible to achieve the business goals in the second half of the year.

In the second half of 2022, the pandemic further spread in many provinces and regions and most hair salons were closed. In November 2022, the management of both the Group and Junjieshang conducted discussions in the Shanghai headquarters of Junjieshang on the business operation in 2022. The management of Junjieshang explained the situation and reasons for the drop in revenue of Junjieshang for the year and briefed on the business plans for 2023.

On 7 December 2022, the National Health Commission announced the full relaxation of the nationwide lockdown. Yet, China's economic growth was still slower than expected. According to the National Bureau of Statistics, the national total retail sales of consumer goods from January to February 2023 increased by 2.9% year-on-year and decreased by 0.02% from January to February. According to the statistics of CTR Media Intelligence under CCTV on advertisements in the national media industry, from January to February 2023, the national omni-media advertising market fell by 6.7% year-on-year, of which the advertising market spending in February fell by 11.9% year-on-year and 23.3% month-on-month.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 駿杰尚投資減值的原因

2022年3月,上海實行了疫情封控政策,隨後全國各大城市也陸續實行封控。2022年7月,集團與駿杰尚管理層進行了投資後的後續溝通。駿杰尚管理層介紹了駿杰尚上半年受疫情的影響以及應對措施,並介紹了下半年開拓新業務的計劃。駿杰尚管理層表示無法實現2022年上半年的經營目標,但當時認為下半年經營目標還是有可能完成。

2022年下半年,疫情進一步在多個省份和地區擴散,絕大部分美髮店處於關店停業狀態。 2022年11月,集團管理層與駿杰尚管理層於 駿杰尚上海總部就2022年度經營情況進行了 溝通。駿杰尚管理層介紹了駿杰尚本年度營收 下降的情況及原因,並初步介紹了2023年的營 業規劃。

2022年12月7日衛健委宣佈全國全面解封。儘管如此,中國經濟增長仍低於預期。根據國家統計局資料,2023年1-2月全國商品零售總額同比增漲2.9%,2月比1月環比下降0.02%。根據中央電視台所屬的全國媒體行業廣告統計:CTR媒介智訊,2023年1-2月,全國全媒體廣告市場同比下降6.7%,其中2月份廣告市場花費同比下跌11.9%,月度花費環比下跌23.3%。

Compared with the performance at the time of investment, the significant drop in Junjieshang's results made it unable to realize the profit forecast for 2022 as anticipated. Therefore, the management of Junjieshang made strategic adjustments and postponed its overall development plan. Also, based on the re-evaluation of the macroeconomic and market prospects, the management of Junjieshang forecasted the future performance prospects in a more cautious manner. In view of this, the Group believed that the business performance and development of Junjieshang was worse than those forecasted on 29 November 2021. According to the prudent and appropriate accounting principles, the Group performed an impairment test on the investment in Junjieshang with the assistance of an independent valuer and recognized an impairment of RMB139 million on the investment in Junjieshang as of 31 December 2022.

#### Investment impairment test

In accordance with HKAS 36, the Company performed an investment impairment test on Junjieshang on 31 December 2022 (the valuation benchmark date), and conducted a value analysis to determine the recoverable amount of Junjieshang. According to the standard, the recoverable amount is determined on the higher of the FVLCOD and VIU. Since Junjieshang is an unlisted company, under the current market environment of global economic recession, low consumer confidence and significant reduction in market transaction activities, there were no comparable assets sold among market participants engaging in similar industries or activities on or around the assessment benchmark date. Therefore, an orderly transaction price was not available to provide a basis for reliable estimation of FVLCOD. As it was not practical to arrive at the FVLCD calculations, VIU was adopted in the evaluation. According to the test result, the recoverable amount of Junjieshang was RMB203,892,000. An investment impairment loss of RMB139 million was recognised in the consolidated income statement of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## Methodology, key assumptions and basis used in calculating the VIU of Junjieshang

The Company has engaged an independent valuer to carry out an impairment test on the investment in Junjieshang as at 31 December 2022. The valuer used the estimated future discounted cash flow approach to assess the VIU of Junjieshang, which was consistent with the valuation methodology used in calculating the enterprise value of Junjieshang as at 29 November 2021. It was based on a free cash-flow projection of Junjieshang in the forecast period and cash flows beyond the forecast period were calculated using the terminal growth rate, and the net present value of such flow cash-flows was calculated using an appropriate discount rate.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

相較於投資時,駿杰尚業績的嚴重下滑使得2022年度的盈利預測無法按時實現。因此,駿杰尚管理層在戰略上做了調整,將發展規劃影體向後推延。且基於對宏觀經濟及市場前景影的重新判斷,駿杰尚管理層對未來的業績前景景的做了更加謹慎的預測。鑒於此,集團認為駿市為數部,集團在獨立並發展逐於2021年11月29日的設資。基於審慎及適當會計原則,集團在獨立並領統對駿杰尚截至2022年12月31日的投資金額確認減值為人民幣1.39億元。

## 投資減值測試

本公司根據香港會計準則第36號對駿杰尚進行 投資減值測試,對駿杰尚於2022年12月31日 為評估基準日進行價值分析以評估駿杰尚的可 回收價值。根據準則,可收回金額為FVLCOD 及使用價值兩者中取較高者。由於駿杰尚屬於 非上市公司,且在當前全球經濟面臨衰退、消 費者信心不足、市場交易活躍度大幅降低市場 環境下,在評估基準日前後時間沒有在市場參 與者之間出售的可比資產具有相似行業和相似 業務,所以未能獲取有序交易價格以作為可靠 估計FVLCOD的基礎,故FVLCOD的獲取是在本 次評估值是不可行的,所以本次選取使用價值 的金額。根據測試結果, 駿杰尚的可收回金額 為人民幣203,892,000元。在截至2022年12月 31日止年度的本集團綜合收益表中確認投資減 值損失為人民幣1.39億元。

## 計算駿杰尚的使用價值所採用的方法、關鍵 假設和基準

本公司聘請之獨立評估師為駿杰尚於2022年 12月31日之投資進行減值測試。評估師採用預 計未來現金流量折現法來評估駿杰尚的使用價 值。與駿杰尚於2021年11月29日計算企業價 值時所採用的評估方法一致。此乃基於駿杰尚 於預測期的自由現金流量預測,超逾預測期的 現金流量使用永續年增長率計算,並以合適之 折現率來計算該自由現金流量之淨現值。

The key assumptions and basis used in calculating Junjieshang's VIU were as follows:

- Revenue forecast: as determined by the management of Junjieshang based on its competitive advantages in the industry, combined with their projections of future market development.
- 2) Post-tax discount rate: the discount rate for impairment test, with reference to the market information of the same industry and its specific risk premium, calculated by the valuer with the applicable cost of equity capital and cost of debt capital to come up with weighted average cost of capital ("WACC") based on Junjieshang's capital structure.
- 3) Terminal CAGR: long-term average growth rate of Junjieshang as estimated by its management with reference to its current market expansion progress and existing market share.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

在計算駿杰尚的使用價值所採用的關鍵假設和 基準如下:

- 1) 收入預測: 駿杰尚管理層根據公司在行業的競爭優勢,並結合其對未來市場發展預計而確定。
- 2) 税後貼現率:評估師根據同業市場資料及 其特定風險溢價,計算適用的權益資本 成本及債務資本成本,再按駿杰尚資本 結構計算加權平均資本成本(「WACC」), 作為減值測試的稅後貼現率。
- 3) 永續階段複合增長率:根據現有開拓市場進展情況以及現有市場佔有率情況, 駿杰尚管理層預計公司未來的長期平均增長率。

### Changes in key assumptions and reasons for change

Key assumptions 關鍵假設 As at 29 November 2021 於2021年11月29日

#### 關鍵假設的變動及變動原因

As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日

#### Revenue forecast

收入預測

Advertising revenue

廣告收入

SaaS e-commerce service

SaaS電商服務

SaaS platform service

SaaS平台服務

CAGR of 55.7% during the profit forecast period

盈利預測期內複合增長率55.7%

CAGR of 113.8% during the profit forecast period

盈利預測期內複合增長率113.8%

CAGR of 27.7% during the profit forecast period

盈利預測期內複合增長率27.7%

CAGR of 22.3% during the profit forecast period

盈利預測期內複合增長率22.3%

CAGR of 121.2% during the profit forecast period

. 盈利預測期內複合增長率121.2%

CAGR of 115.4% during the profit forecast period

盈利預測期內複合增長率115.4%

For advertising revenue forecasting, at the time of investment, the management forecasted the advertising revenue based on expected advertising orders. However, in view of the impact of the pandemic, Junjieshang expected that there will be greater uncertainty in the advertising orders in the future; and due to the closure of hair salons, there will be greater uncertainty in advertising revenue. Therefore, the management of Junjieshang adopted a more cautious forecasting model which was based on various dimensions including the type and price, the number of screens and the release time of brand advertisements. Compared with the forecast at the time of investment, the CAGR of advertising revenue dropped by 60% during the profit forecast period.

針對廣告收入預測,投資時管理層採取以預計的廣告訂單為基礎的廣告收入預算,但是鑒於疫情影響,駿杰尚預計未來廣告訂單將店都完在較大的不確定性,且由於受到理髮店關此與不確定性,因此於受到理髮店關此與實質不確定性,做品與實質不可,從品與實質,發佈類型及單價、發佈屏數以及發佈時過過,由比投資時的預計,盈利預期內廣告類收入複合增長率下降了60%。

In the face of uncertainty in advertising revenue, the management of Junjieshang adjusted its strategic direction to try to focus on promoting the innovative business of the SaaS platform. As for SaaS e-commerce service, during the forecast period, the priority will be placed on providing revenue-generating services for owners of hair salons and promoting the SaaS platform to all such owners, and then gradually strengthening the integration of supply chains and expanding the centralized procurement business for hair salons to eventually cover all hairdressing products and achieving economies of scale, thereby enhancing Junjieshang's gain from the spread of commodity prices in the business. Meanwhile, the management of Junjieshang will optimize the 2C business model, offer local procurement services to registered C-end users and provide consumers with local-based brands and services. Compared with the forecast at the time of investment, the CAGR of SaaS e-commerce revenue increased by 7.4 percentage points during the profit forecast period.

Regarding SaaS platform service, Junjieshang mainly provides SaaS platform services and quasi-financial services to owners of off-line hair salons at the time of investment. SaaS platform service includes basic services and value-added services such as on-demand, reservation, evaluation and store management services. Quasi-financial services mainly include provision of hairdressing industry supply chain financial services for hair salon owners, including store decoration, revenue system and hairdressing supplies and equipment. As of 31 December 2022, although the pandemic has come to its end, the operation of the hairdressing industry has been significantly affected by the pandemic and some hair salons were even closed or bankrupt. Therefore, to better serve the owners of hair salons, the management of Junijeshang optimized the business model, suspended quasi-financial services and reduced the originally planned platform service content, and opened the originally paid platform modules to hair salon owners for free. Meanwhile, Junjieshang focuses on the development of time-of-use pricing system for the platform service, launching a series of activities through the platform during the non-peak hours of the hair salons to attract traffic to and increase the revenue of the hair salons, and charges certain service fee based on such service. Considering that Junjieshang is a company operating a vertical ecosystem platform in the hairdressing industry with high industry barriers and its promotion targets are mainly C-end users, along with the rigid demand and high consumer stickiness of the hairdressing industry, it is expected to have a multiplier effect once the number of registered C-end users has reached a certain scale in the future. The management of Junjieshang expects that the number of registered C-end users will continue to increase rapidly during the forecast period. Therefore, the management of Junjieshang has adjusted the SaaS platform service business model and revenue forecast. Compared with the forecast at the time of investment, the CAGR of platform service revenue increased by 87.7 percentage points during the profit forecast period.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

就SaaS平台服務,投資時駿杰尚主要面向線下 美髮店業主提供SaaS平台服務和類金融服務。 其中SaaS平台服務包括基礎服務和點播、預 約、評價、店鋪管理等增值服務。類金融服務 主要包括為美髮店業主提供涉及店鋪裝修、營 收系統、美髮用品與美髮設備等在內的美髮行 業供應鏈金融服務。截至2022年12月31日, 儘管疫情已經結束,但美髮行業自身業務受疫 情影響明顯,部分美髮店甚至處於關店破產狀 態。因此,為更好的服務美髮店業主,駿杰尚 管理層優化了商業模式,暫停了類金融服務並 減少了原規劃平台服務內容,並將原需要收費 的平台模組免費向美髮店業主開放。同時重點 發展分時定價這項平台服務,即在美髮店閒置 時間段,通過平台推出一系列活動為美髮店引 流,增加美髮店收入,並獲得一定的服務費。 考慮到駿杰尚是美髮店行業具備垂直生態鏈的 平台公司,並已建立起行業壁壘,推廣物件重 點面向C端使用者,同時美髮行業剛性需求與 消費粘性明顯,未來C端註冊使用者數達到一 定規模後,會出現倍增效應。駿杰尚管理層預 計預測期內C端註冊用戶將會持續高速上漲。 因此,駿杰尚管理層調整了SaaS平台服務業務 模式以及收入預測,相比投資時的預計,在盈 利預測期內平台服務類收入複合增長率增加了 87.7百分點。

Based on the above revenue assumptions, compared with the forecast at the time of investment, the CAGR of Junjieshang's net profit decreased by 19% and the CAGR of the net present value of free cash flow decreased by 56% since the first year of profitability during the profit forecast period.

## **Key assumptions** 關鍵假設

Post-tax discount rate 税後貼現率

As at 29 November 2021 於2021年11月29日

As at 29 November 2021

於2021年11月29日

1%

17.2%

The valuer determined the post-tax discount rate based on WACC. Taking into account factors including 2022 actual operating conditions and future financial risks, the valuer added the enterprise-specific risk adjustment coefficient, resulting in a 25% increase in the final WACC.

## **Key assumptions** 關鍵假設

Terminal CAGR 永續階段複合增長率

According to the report of the China Commercial Industry Research Institute, the overall market size of China's hairdressing industry in 2022 was forecasted to be approximately RMB400 billion, with an average annual growth rate of about 5%. Junjieshang is a major vertical ecosystem collaboration platform in the hairdressing industry. Taking account into the long-term development potential of its business, especially the SaaS platform and the existing business network, and with reference to the business plan of Junjieshang's management, the terminal CAGR has been adjusted to 5% in the assessment report.

## **DESCRIPTION OF INVESTMENT IMPAIRMENT OF JUNJIESHANG IN APRIL 2023**

#### Background of investment impairment of Junjieshang

As one of the Group's common directors at the subsidiary level retired as a director of the subsidiary in April 2023, the Group lost its influence over Junjieshang. In accordance with the relevant accounting standards, the Group is required to transfer the equity investment in Junjieshang at fair value to "Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income", therefore the Group engaged an independent valuer to assess the fair value of the equity investment in Junjieshang as at 30 April 2023. Based on the assessment results, the Group recognised an impairment loss on investment of RMB22,291,000, being the difference between the fair value of the equity investment in Junjieshang of RMB179,391,000 as at 30 April 2023 and its carrying amount.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

基於以上收入的假設,相比投資時的預計,盈 利預測期內自實現盈利首年起,駿杰尚淨利潤 複合增長率降低了19%,自由現金流量淨現值 複合增長率降低了56%。

> As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日

25%

評估師採用了WACC作為税後貼現率,考慮到 2022年的實際經營情況和未來財務風險因素, 評估機構增加了企業特定風險調整係數,使最 終採用的WACC增加至25%。

> As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日

5%

根據中商產業研究院報告,2022年中國美髮行 業整體市場規模預計約人民幣4,000億元,年 均增長率約5%。駿杰尚公司是美髮行業主要 的垂直生態聯盟平台,考慮到其業務的長期發 展空間,特別是SaaS平台以及目前已有的業務 網路,並根據駿杰尚管理層業務規劃,本次評 估報告中永續階段複合增長率調整為5%。

#### 駿杰尚於2023年4月投資減值的情況説明

## 駿杰尚投資減值的背景

由於本集團在附屬公司層面的一名共同董事於 2023年4月退任附屬公司的董事,因而導致本 集團失去對駿杰尚的影響力。根據相關的會計 準則,本集團須將駿杰尚股權投資以公允價值 轉出至「以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全 面收益的金融資產」,因此集團聘請了獨立評 估師對駿杰尚在2023年4月30日的股權投資進 行公允價值評估。根據評估結果,本集團按駿 杰尚股權投資於2023年4月30日的公允價值人 民幣179,391,000元與其帳面金額的差異確認 人民幣22,291,000元的投資減值損失。

## Reasons for investment impairment of Junjieshang during the Period

Since 2023, China's post-pandemic economic recovery has been slow while facing the difficulty of insufficient domestic demand, despite the release of pandemic control. According to the National Bureau of Statistics, total amount of retail sales of consumer goods increased year-on-year in April 2023, but was below market expectations. On a quarter-on-quarter basis, consumer spending grew by 0.49% in April, 0.29 percentage point lower than that in March. The slowing down of consumption for two consecutive months indicates a slowdown in the pace of consumption recovery. From January to April 2023, Junjieshang reported weaker-than-expected revenues and continued to record losses.

In April 2023, the management of the Group had a discussion with the management of Junjieshang and left the situation and reasons for the lower revenue of the company in the first quarter. During the pandemic, many hair salons were in a state of closure or even bankruptcy, coupled with the inconvenience brought about by the closure and control, and the lack of effective maintenance of the screens, resulting in some of the screens being damaged and unable to play normally. In addition, according to the "2023 China Advertisers' Marketing Trend Survey" published by CTR Media Intelligence, an organization affiliated with CCTV, the advertising market is still in the midst of a difficult recovery in 2023, and advertisers are prudent in their marketing budgets. As a result, Junjieshang's advertising clients also reduced their advertising investment. Coupled with intensified competition from peers, while clients preferred to place their advertisements on leading enterprises with stronger coverage, this resulted in the majority of the framework agreements signed by the Company not being implemented. As a result, compared to the forecast made as at 31 December 2022, the decline in Junjieshang's performance from January to April 2023 has made it difficult to realize the profit forecast for the year of 2023.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

### 本期間駿杰尚投資減值的原因

2023年以來,儘管放開了疫情管控,中國疫情 後經濟復蘇緩慢,同時也面臨國內需求不足的 困境。根據國家統計局資料,2023年4月社會 消費品零售總額同比有所增長,但低於市場預 期。且從季度環比來看,4月消費增長0.49%, 低於3月0.29個百分點,連續兩個月放緩,顯 示消費修復速度放緩。2023年1-4月,駿杰尚 營業收入不及預期,並持續錄得虧損。

## Fair Value Assessment of Equity Investment in Junjieshang

In accordance with HKAS 36, the Company assessed the fair value of the equity investment in Junjieshang by performing a value analysis of Junijeshang (with 30 April 2023 as the valuation basis date) to assess the recoverable amount of Junjieshang. According to the standard, the recoverable amount is the higher of FVLCOD and the VIU. As Junjieshang is an unlisted company and under the current market environment where the global economy is facing a recession, with low consumer confidence and significantly reduced market transactional activities, there are no comparable assets with similar industries and similar businesses sold among market participants in the time around the valuation basis date, it is not feasible to obtain an orderly transaction price as the basis for a reliable estimation of the FVLCOD, and therefore, the obtaining of the FVLCOD is not feasible in this valuation, so the value-in-use amount was selected for this valuation. Based on the assessment results, the fair value of Junjieshang was RMB179,391,000.

## Methodology, key assumptions and basis used in calculating the VIU of Junijeshang

The Company has engaged an independent valuer to carry out an impairment test on the investment in Junjieshang as at 30 April 2023. The valuer used the estimated future discounted cash flow approach to assess the VIU of Junjieshang, which was consistent with the valuation methodology used in calculating the enterprise value of Junjieshang as at 31 December 2022. It was based on a free cash-flow projection of Junjieshang in the forecast period and cash flows beyond the forecast period were calculated using the terminal growth rate, and the net present value of such flow cash-flows was calculated using an appropriate discount rate.

The key assumptions and basis used in calculating Junjieshang's VIU were as follows:

- (1) Revenue forecast: as determined by the management of Junjieshang based on its competitive advantages in the industry, combined with their projections of future market development.
- (2) Post-tax discount rate: the discount rate for impairment test, with reference to the market information of the same industry and its specific risk premium, calculated by the valuer with the applicable cost of equity capital and cost of debt capital to come up with WACC based on Junjieshang's capital structure.
- (3) Terminal CAGR: long-term average growth rate of Junjieshang as estimated by its management with reference to its current market expansion progress and existing market share.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 駿杰尚股權投資之公允價值評估

## 計算駿杰尚的使用價值所採用的方法、關鍵假設和基準

本公司聘請之獨立評估師為駿杰尚於2023年4月30日的股權投資之公允價值進行評估。評估師採用預計未來現金流量折現法來評估駿杰尚的使用價值,與駿杰尚於2022年12月31日計算企業價值時所採用的評估方法一致。此乃基於駿杰尚於預測期的自由現金流量預測,超逾預測期的現金流量使用永續年增長率計算,並以合適之折現率來計算該自由現金流量之淨現值。

在計算駿杰尚的使用價值所採用的關鍵假設和 基準如下:

- (1) 收入預測:駿杰尚管理層根據公司在行業的競爭優勢,並結合其對未來市場發展預計而確定。
- (2) 税後貼現率:評估師根據同業市場資料 及其特定風險溢價,計算適用的權益資 本成本及債務資本成本,再按駿杰尚資 本結構計算加權平均資本成本,作為減 值測試的稅後貼現率。
- (3) 永續階段複合增長率:根據現有開拓市場進展情況以及現有市場佔有率情況, 駿杰尚管理層預計公司未來的長期平均增長率。

### Changes in key assumptions and reasons for change

Key assumptions 關鍵假設 As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日

## 關鍵假設的變動及變動原因

管理層討論及分析 (續)

As at 30 April 2023 於2023年4月30日

#### Revenue forecast

收入預測

Advertising revenue CAGR of 22.3% during the profit

forecast period

廣告收入 盈利預測期內複合增長率22.3%

SaaS e-commerce service CAGR of 121.2% during the profit

forecast period

SaaS電商服務 盈利預測期內複合增長率121.2%

SaaS platform service CAGR of 115.4% during the profit

forecast period

SaaS平台服務 盈利預測期內複合增長率115.4%

For advertising revenue forecasting, the management forecasted the advertising revenue based on expected advertising orders at the time of investment. However, Junjieshang expected that there will be greater uncertainty in the advertising orders in the future, and due to the closure of hair salons, there will be greater uncertainty in advertising revenue. Coupled with the fact that the revenue from January to April 2023 was lower than the forecast made at 31 December 2022, therefore, the management of Junjieshang followed the adjusted strategic direction in the year 2022 to strengthen its focus on the development of SaaS e-commerce services and platform services in the future, to reduce the proportion of advertising business, and reduce the investment in increasing the number of monitors. In the short term, it plans to replace the screens that have been phased out by replacing them with newer, larger monitors in the form of old-for-new replacements, which will be installed in cooperation with some of the hairdressing salons. Compared to the estimate made as at 31 December 2022, the CAGR of advertising revenues in the forecasted earnings has declined by 46%.

Regarding SaaS e-commerce services and SaaS platform services, based on the judgement that there is insufficient demand in the market and it takes a long time for consumers to recover their consumption power, as well as the fact that the revenue for the period from January to April 2023 was lower than that the forecast as at 31 December 2022, the management of Junjieshang has also scaled-down the trend of the future development of SaaS e-commerce services and platform services, and made slight adjustments to the number of users to be acquired and the rate of conversion in the forecast period. Slight adjustments were made for the forecast period in terms of the number of users acquired and the conversion rate. Compared to the estimates made at 31 December 2022, the compounded growth rate of SaaS e-commerce revenue has decreased by 2.9 percentage points and the CAGR of SaaS platform revenue has decreased by 1.6 percentage points for the earnings forecast period.

CAGR of 12% during the profit forecast period

盈利預測期內複合增長率12%

CAGR of 118.3% during the profit forecast

period

盈利預測期內複合增長率118.3%

CAGR of 113.8% during the profit forecast

period

盈利預測期內複合增長率113.8%

針對廣告收入預測,投資時管理層採取以預計的廣告訂單為基礎的廣告收入預算。駿杰尚預計未來廣告訂單將存在較大的不確定性,且2023年1-4月營收較2022年12月31日的預期為低,因此駿杰而營理層著數略方向,強化未來繼續著數區2022年經調整戰略方向,強化未來繼續主動發展SaaS電商服務與平台服務,減少當力對力,短期內計式的從幕以舊換新的形式更換為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的大型與為新式的對導。

就SaaS電商服務及SaaS平台服務,基於市場需求不足及消費者消費能力修復需要漫長過程的判斷,以及2023年1-4月營收較2022年12月31日的預期為低,因此駿杰尚管理層同時下調了未來SaaS電商服務與平台服務的發展趨勢,在預測期對於用戶獲取數量及轉化率方面稍做了調整。相比2022年12月31日時的預計,在盈利預測期內,SaaS電商類收入複合增長率減少了2.9個百分點,SaaS平台類收入複合增長率減少了1.6個百分點。

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

Key assumptions 關鍵假設 As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日 As at 30 April 2023 於2023年4月30日

Post-tax discount rate

25%

25%

税後貼現率

The valuer determined the post-tax discount rate based on WACC. Taking into account factors including actual operating conditions and future financial risks, the valuer has maintained the WACC at 25%.

評估師採用了WACC作為税後貼現率,考慮到公司實際經營情況和未來財務風險因素,評估師維持WACC為25%。

Key assumptions 關鍵假設 As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日 As at 30 April 2023 於2023年4月30日

Terminal CAGR

5%

5%

永續階段複合增長率

Junjieshang is a leading vertical ecosystem collaboration platform in the hairdressing industry. Considering the future development trend of the hairdressing industry in the PRC and the long-term development potential of the business of Junjieshang, the terminal CAGR in the valuation report has been maintained at 5%.

駿杰尚公司是美髮行業領先的垂直生態聯盟平台,考慮到中國美髮行業未來發展趨勢,以及 駿杰尚業務的長期發展空間,本次評估報告中 永續階段複合增長率維持為5%。

## **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

## Analysis of interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2023

#### Revenue

The Group's revenue amounted to RMB1,535,704,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2023, representing a decrease of 16.9% as compared with RMB1,847,152,000 for the corresponding period last year. The decrease in the revenue is mainly attributable to a decrease in revenue of the F&F and Food ingredients segment by 23.3% year-on-year to RMB680,934,000 as a result of changes in market demand and keen competition in the market during the Reporting Period, and a decrease in revenue of the aroma raw materials segment by 39.3% year-on-year to RMB290,005,000 as a result of a decline in demand in both the domestic and overseas markets. The decrease was partially offset by a 29.5% year-on-year increase in revenue of the condiment segment to RMB374,542,000 due to increased demand in the upstream market as a result of the recovery of the catering industry.

#### Cost of goods sold

The Group's cost of goods sold amounted to RMB828,972,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2023, representing a decrease of 5.8% as compared with RMB880,123,000 for the corresponding period last year.

#### Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit decreased from RMB967,029,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2022 to RMB706,732,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2023, representing a decrease of approximately 26.9%. The decrease in gross profit was mainly attributable to the decrease in revenue and gross profit margin for the Reporting Period. The gross profit margin of the Group for the Reporting Period was approximately 46.0%, representing a decrease of approximately 6.4 percentage points as compared to 52.4% for the corresponding period last year. It was mainly attributable to the keen competition in the market as well as changes in the product mix of the Group.

## Other income and other gains – net

For the six months ended 30 June 2023, other income and other gains (net) of the Group was RMB89,480,000, representing a decrease of RMB10,747,000 as compared with RMB100,227,000 for the corresponding period last year. The decrease in other income and other gains was mainly due to the decreased income from changes in fair values of financial assets at FVPL in the current period. Meanwhile, a provision for impairment of investments in associates of RMB22,291,000 was recorded in the current period, as compared to a loss of RMB24,083,000 recorded in the same period last year for the changes in the fair value of previously held interests in a jointly controlled entity upon acquisition as a subsidiary.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

## 財務狀況回顧

## 截至2023年6月30日止六個月的中期業績 分析

## 營業額

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的營業額達到人民幣1,535,704,000元,較去年同期的人民幣1,847,152,000元減少了16.9%。營業額的減少,主要因為於報告期內市場需求變化及市場競爭激烈,香精及食品配料板塊的營業額同比減少了23.3%至人民幣680,934,000元;以及由於國內外市場需求下滑,香原料板塊的營業額同比減少了39.3%至人民幣290,005,000元;但是,由於餐飲業復蘇使上游市場需求增加,調味品板塊的營業額同比增加了29.5%至人民幣374,542,000元,而抵銷了部份降幅。

## 銷售成本

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的銷售成本為人民幣828,972,000元,較去年同期的人民幣880,123,000元減少了5.8%。

#### 毛利和毛利率

本集團的毛利由截至2022年6月30日止六個月的人民幣967,029,000元下降至截至2023年6月30日止六個月的人民幣706,732,000元,減少約26.9%。毛利的下跌,主要由於本報告期的營業額和毛利率有所下降。本集團本報告期的毛利率約為46.0%,比去年同期的52.4%下降了約6.4個百分點,主要因為市場競爭激烈以及本集團產品結構有所變化。

## 其他收入及其他收益-淨額

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的其他收入及其他收益(淨額)為人民幣89,480,000元,較去年同期的人民幣100,227,000元減少了人民幣10,747,000元。其他收入及其他收益的減少主要是由於本期間以公允值計量且其變動計入損益的金融資產的收益有所減少。同時,本期間錄得聯營公司投資之減值撥備人民幣22,291,000元,而去年同期則錄得之前持有共同控制實體權益於成為附屬公司時之公允價值變動虧損人民幣24,083,000元。

### Selling and marketing expenses

The selling and marketing expenses of the Group comprised mainly travelling expenses, advertising and promotion expenses, salaries and office expenses, etc. The selling and marketing expenses of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023 was RMB142,021,000, representing a decrease of 18.5% as compared with RMB174,159,000 for the corresponding period last year. Selling and marketing expenses for the Reporting Period accounted for approximately 9.2% of the total revenue, maintaining a similar level as compared with approximately 9.4% for the six months ended 30 June 2022.

#### Administrative expenses

The Group's administrative expenses amounted to RMB389,526,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2023, representing a decrease of 5.5% as compared with RMB412,252,000 for the corresponding period last year. Administrative expenses for the Reporting Period accounted for approximately 25.4% of the total revenue, representing an increase of 3.1 percentage points, as compared with 22.3% for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in percentage was mainly attributable to the fact that revenue declined at a faster rate than administrative expenses.

## Operating profit/(loss)

For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group's operating profit was RMB260,740,000, representing an increase of RMB402,516,000 as compared with the operating loss of RMB141,776,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2022. The increase in operating profit was mainly due to the recognition of impairment of goodwill of RMB14,947,000 in aroma raw materials segment for the Reporting Period, whereas an impairment of goodwill of RMB614,331,000 in Jiahao CGU was recognized for the corresponding period last year, resulting in a decrease in impairment of goodwill by RMB599,384,000. However, the impact was partially offset by the decrease in gross profit.

If the effect of goodwill impairment for the Reporting Period and the corresponding period last year of RMB14,947,000 and RMB614,331,000, respectively, was excluded, operating profit for the current Reporting Period was RMB275,687,000, representing a decrease of 41.7% compared with RMB472,555,000 (excluding goodwill impairment) for the corresponding period last year. Operating profit margin was approximately 18.0%, representing a decrease of 7.6 percentage points from approximately 25.6% (after goodwill impairment) for the corresponding period last year, mainly due to the drop in gross profit margin for the Reporting Period.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 銷售及市場推廣開支

本集團銷售及市場推廣開支主要包括差旅費、廣告及宣傳費、薪金及辦公費用等。本集團截至2023年6月30日止六個月的銷售及市場推廣開支為人民幣142,021,000元,較去年同期的人民幣174,159,000元減少了18.5%。而本報告期的銷售及市場推廣開支所佔營業總額的比例為約9.2%,與截至2022年6月30日止六個月的約9.4%基本持平。

## 行政開支

本集團的行政開支在截至2023年6月30日止 六個月為人民幣389,526,000元,較去年同期 的人民幣412,252,000元減少了5.5%,而本 報告期的行政開支所佔營業總額的比例為約 25.4%,較截至2022年6月30日止六個月的 22.3%上升了3.1個百分點。該比例的上升,主 要因為營業額下降的速度快於行政開支下降的 速度所致。

## 營運盈利/(虧損)

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的營運盈利為人民幣260,740,000元,較截至2022年6月30日止六個月的營運虧損人民幣141,776,000元,上升了人民幣402,516,000元。營運盈利的上升,主要因為本報告期確認香原料板塊商譽減值人民幣14,947,000元,而去年同期確認了嘉豪CGU商譽減值人民幣614,331,000元,商譽減值減少了人民幣599,384,000元。但是被毛利的下跌抵銷了部份影響。

如果同時撇除本報告期和去年同期的商譽減值分別為人民幣14,947,000元和人民幣614,331,000元的影響,本報告期的營運盈利為人民幣275,687,000元,比去年同期的人民幣472,555,000元(撇除商譽減值後)下跌了41.7%,營運盈利率約為18.0%,比去年同期的約25.6%(撇除商譽減值後)下跌了7.6個百分點,主要因為本報告期毛利率下跌所致。

#### Income tax expenses

The income tax expenses of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023 was RMB86,385,000, representing a decrease of 18.2% as compared with RMB105,639,000 for the six months ended 30 June 2022. If the effect of goodwill impairment in both the Reporting Period and the corresponding period last year was excluded, income tax rate of the Reporting Period would be approximately 28.6%, representing an increase of approximately 6.9 percentage points as compared with approximately 21.7% (excluding goodwill impairment) for the six months ended 30 June 2022, which was mainly attributable to the increase in the amount of tax losses for which no deferred income tax assets were recognized in the Reporting Period as well as higher than expected withholding income tax on dividends distribution by subsidiaries in Mainland during the Reporting Period.

## Profit/(loss) for the period

For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group's profit was RMB200,353,000, representing an increase of RMB433,384,000 as compared with the loss of RMB233,031,000 for the corresponding period last year. The year-on-year change was mainly due to the decrease in impairment of goodwill by RMB599,384,000 during the Reporting Period, which was partially offset by the decrease in gross profit.

If the effect of goodwill impairment for the Reporting Period and the corresponding period last year of RMB14,947,000 and RMB614,331,000, respectively, was excluded, the profit for the current period would be approximately RMB215,300,000, representing a decrease of 43.5% as compared with RMB381,300,000 (excluding goodwill impairment) for the corresponding period last year.

## Profit/(loss) attributable to the equity holders of the Company

For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company was RMB153,970,000, representing an increase of RMB467,501,000 as compared with the loss attributable to the equity holders of the Company of RMB313,531,000 in the corresponding period last year. The year-on-year change was mainly attributable to the recognition of impairment of goodwill of RMB14,947,000 in the aroma raw materials segment, whereas there was an impairment of goodwill of RMB614,331,000 in Jiahao CGU was recognized for the corresponding period last year, resulting in a decrease in impairment of goodwill by RMB599,384,000.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 税務開支

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的税務開支為人民幣86,385,000元,較截至2022年6月30日止六個月的人民幣105,639,000元,減少了18.2%。如果同時撇除了本報告期及去年同期的商譽減值的影響,本報告期所得税税率約為28.6%,較截至2022年6月30日止六個月的約21.7%(撇除商譽減值後)上升了約6.9個百分點,主要由於本報告期未確認遞延所得稅資產的稅務虧損增加,以及國內附屬公司因分派股息而產生的預提所得稅比預期增加所致。

## 本期間盈利/(虧損)

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的盈利為人民幣200,353,000元,較去年同期的虧損人民幣233,031,000元,上升了人民幣433,384,000元,同比變化主要因為本報告期商譽減值同比減少了人民幣599,384,000元,但是毛利的下跌抵銷了部份影響。

如果同時撇除本報告期及去年同期商譽減值分別為人民幣14,947,000元和人民幣614,331,000元的影響·本期間盈利約為人民幣215,300,000元·比去年同期的人民幣381,300,000元(撇除商譽減值後)下跌了43.5%。

#### 本公司權益持有人應佔盈利/(虧損)

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本公司權益持有人應佔盈利為人民幣153,970,000元,較去年同期本公司權益持有人應佔虧損人民幣313,531,000元,上升了人民幣467,501,000元,同比變化主要因為本報告期確認了香原料板塊商譽減值人民幣14,947,000元,而去年同期確認了嘉豪CGU商譽減值人民幣614,331,000元,商譽減值減少了人民幣599,384,000元所致。

#### Net current asset value and financial resources

As at 30 June 2023, the net current asset value of the Group was RMB6,980,704,000 (31 December 2022: RMB6,944,129,000). The Group generates its working capital mainly through its operating activities to maintain a sound financial position. As at 30 June 2023, the Group's cash and bank balances (including fixed deposits) amounted to RMB3,384,516,000 (31 December 2022: RMB4,747,978,000), over 70% of which were held in RMB. In addition, the fair value of outstanding bank wealth management products held by the Group as at 30 June 2023 amounted to RMB2,744,103,000 (31 December 2022: RMB1,594,315,000), which was classified as financial assets at FVPL.

#### Bank borrowings and gearing ratio

As at 30 June 2023, the total bank borrowings of the Group amounted to RMB466,850,000 (31 December 2022: RMB677,700,000), all of which were RMB loans, including secured loans due after one year amounted to RMB15,000,000 (31 December 2022: RMB65,000,000 due within one year) and unsecured loans amounted to RMB451,850,000 (31 December 2022: RMB612,700,000) due within one year. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the average annual interest rate for secured loans was 4.1% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 4.4%), while the average annual interest rate for unsecured loans was 2.9% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 3.2%). As at 30 June 2023, the Group's debt ratio (total loans (including current and non-current loans) divided by total equity, excluding non-controlling interests) was 3.7%, representing a decrease of 1.7 percentage points from 5.4% as at 31 December 2022.

### **Investing activities**

The Group's investing activities included the purchase of property, plant and equipment, financial assets investment and merger & acquisition activities related to the strategical development strategies. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the net cash used in investing activities amounted to RMB1,261,019,000, mainly payments for the purchase of banks' wealth management products. For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the net cash generated from investing activities amounted to RMB1,212,247,000.

#### Financing activities

For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the net cash used in the Group's financing activities amounted to RMB462,743,000, mainly comprised of repayment of bank loans of RMB490,900,000, payment of cash dividends of approximately RMB148,866,000 to shareholders of the Company, payment of cash dividends of RMB127,885,000 to non-controlling interests, and addition of bank loans of RMB280,050,000. For the six months ended 30 June 2022, the net cash used in financing activities amounted to RMB852,998,000.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 流動資產淨值和財務資源

於2023年6月30日,本集團的流動資產淨值為人民幣6,980,704,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣6,944,129,000元)。本集團主要透過經營業務提供營運資金,維持穩健財務狀況。於2023年6月30日,本集團的銀行及庫存現金(包括定期存款)為人民幣3,384,516,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣4,747,978,000元),其中超過70%是以人民幣持有。此外,本集團於2023年6月30日持有仍未到期之銀行財富管理產品之公允值為人民幣2,744,103,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣1,594,315,000元),此項以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產列示。

#### 銀行貸款及負債比率

於2023年6月30日,本集團的銀行貸款總額為 人民幣466,850,000元(2022年12月31日:人 民幣677,700,000元),全部為人民幣貸款, 當中有抵押貸款為人民幣15,000,000元且 到期日超過一年(2022年12月31日:人民幣 65,000,000元且於一年內到期償還),而無抵 押貸款為人民幣451,850,000元(2022年12月 31日:人民幣612,700,000元)且於一年內到期 償還。截至2023年6月30日止六個月,有抵押 貸款之平均年息率為4.1厘(截至2022年6月30 日止六個月:4.4厘);而無抵押貸款之平均年 息率為2.9 厘(截至2022年6月30日止六個月: 3.2厘)。於2023年6月30日,本集團之負債比 率(總貸款(包括流動及非流動貸款)除以總權 益,不含非控制性權益)為3.7%,較於2022年 12月31日的5.4%下降了1.7個百分點。

### 投資活動

本集團的投資活動主要包括購買物業、機器及設備:金融資產投資和與戰略性發展策略有關的收購兼併活動。截至2023年6月30日止六個月,投資活動所用的現金淨額為人民幣1,261,019,000元,主要是購入銀行理財產品所用款。而截至2022年6月30日止六個月,投資活動產生的現金淨額為人民幣1,212,247,000元。

#### 融資活動

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團融資活動所用的現金淨額為人民幣462,743,000元,主要包括償還銀行貸款人民幣490,900,000元、向本公司股東支付約人民幣148,866,000元之現金股息、向非控制性權益支付人民幣127,885,000元之現金股息、及新增銀行貸款人民幣280,050,000元。而截至2022年6月30日止六個月,融資活動所用的現金淨額為人民幣852,998,000元。

### Trade receivables turnover period

Trade receivables turnover period is calculated on the basis of the average amount of trade receivables as at the beginning and at the end of a relevant financial period divided by the total revenue for the corresponding period and multiplied by 180 days. The Group generally offers its customers a credit period of approximately 0-180 days, depending on the business volume of, and the length of business relationship with the customers. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group's average trade receivables turnover period was 102 days, representing an increase of 13 days as compared with 89 days for the last financial year ended 31 December 2022. The increase was mainly due to the decrease in the Group's average turnover during the period was more than the decrease in average trade receivables.

## Trade payables turnover period

Trade payables turnover period is calculated on the basis of the average amount of trade payables as at the beginning and at the end of a relevant financial period divided by the cost of goods sold for the corresponding period and multiplied by 180 days. Credit periods granted by suppliers to the Group ranged from 0-180 days. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group's average trade payables turnover period was 57 days, representing a slight increase of 4 days as compared with 53 days for the last financial year ended 31 December 2022. While comparing with 63 days of the corresponding period last year, the ratio has remained stable.

## Inventory and inventory turnover period

As at 30 June 2023, the Group's inventory balance amounted to RMB1,061,093,000, representing an increase of RMB41,070,000 as compared with the balance of RMB1,020,023,000 as at 31 December 2022. The increase in inventory balance was the result of an appropriate increase in inventory by the Group as a preparation for future economic growth. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the Group's inventory turnover period (calculated on the basis of the average amount of inventory balances as at the beginning and at the end of a relevant financial period divided by the total cost of goods sold for the corresponding period and multiplied by 180 days) was 226 days, increased by 32 days as compared with 194 days of the corresponding period last year. The increase of such ratio was mainly due to the fact that the decrease in the Group's average costs of sales exceeded the decrease in average inventory balance during the Period.

#### Foreign exchange and exchange rate risk

The principal businesses of the Group are located in Mainland China and the majority of the revenue is denominated in RMB, with the exception of only a certain amount of imported raw materials and equipment which are denominated in foreign currency such as USD or EUR. The Group's bank deposits are mainly denominated in RMB, USD and HKD. Management concurs with the views of the People's Bank of China on the RMB exchange rate, that is, the RMB exchange rate has the capability to continuously remain basically stable within reasonable range of equilibrium.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 應收賬周轉期

應收賬周轉期乃通過將有關財政年度期初及期 末經扣除撥備的應收貿易賬款平均金額除以相 應期間的營業總額再乘以180天計算。本集團 一般給予客戶約0至180日的信貸期,根據客戶 業務量的大小和業務關係時間長短而定。 2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的平均應收 賬周轉期為102日,比較截至2022年12月31日 止上一財政年度的89日上升了13日,該指額的 上升,主要因為本集團本期間之平均營業額的 減幅比平均應收貿易賬款的減幅多。

### 應付賬周轉期

應付賬周轉期乃通過將有關財政年度期初及期末的應付貿易賬款平均金額除以相應期間的銷售成本再乘以180天計算。供應商給予本集團的信貸期介乎0至180日。截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的平均應付賬周轉期為57日,比截至2022年12月31日止上一財政年度的53日稍微上升了4天,而與去年同期的63日一樣,指標維持穩定。

#### 存貨和存貨周轉期

本集團的存貨結餘於2023年6月30日為人民幣1,061,093,000元,比2022年12月31日的人民幣1,020,023,000元,上升了人民幣41,070,000元。存貨結餘的上升,是本集團衛糧人。在學園的存貨作為日後經濟增長的準備。截至2023年6月30日止六個月,本集團的存貨平均結餘除以相應期間的銷售成本總額再乘以180天計算)為226日,與去年同期的194天上升了32天,此指標的上升,主要是本集團本期間之平均銷售成本的下降幅度比存貨平均結餘的減幅多。

#### 外匯及匯率風險

本集團的主要業務均在中國內地,收入絕大部份業務都以人民幣結算,僅部份進口原料及設備以美元或歐元等外幣結算。本集團持有的銀行存款主要為人民幣、美元及港幣,管理層認同中國人民銀行對人民幣匯率的看法,即人民幣匯率有條件繼續在合理均衡區間內保持基本穩定。

### Pledge of assets

As at 30 June 2023, the right-of-use assets of Shanghai Yifang Group with total carrying values of RMB10,931,000 (31 December 2022: buildings and right-of-use assets of RMB17,662,000) were used as collateral for bank loans of RMB15,000,000 (31 December 2022: RMB65,000,000).

#### **Capital Commitments**

As at 30 June 2023, the Group had capital commitments in respect of the purchase of property, plant, equipment, intangible assets, investment in a jointly controlled entity and investment in financial assets at FVPL, contracted for but not provided in the financial statements amounted to approximately RMB141,368,000 (31 December 2022: RMB215,563,000).

### Contingent liabilities

According to the information available to the Board, the Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 30 June 2023.

## Reasons for the adoption of the discounted cash flow models in assessing the impairment of goodwill of the RTL CGU, Jiahao CGU and Shanghai Yifang CGU in the 2022 Annual Report

The Company's management reviews the provision for goodwill impairment on an ongoing basis, generally annually and more frequently if there are any events or changes in circumstances that would give rise to potential impairment. The Company uses the income approach (i.e. discounted cash flow models) as the evaluation method for such provision. The reason for adopting this method is that according to HKAS 36 — Impairment of Assets, goodwill impairment assessment usually uses the income approach to determine the use value of a cash generating unit. Cash generating units that have a sufficiently long financial history would have a basis for predicting future results, and in such case, the recoverable amount of goodwill of the cash generating units would be based on the valuation in use. As RTL CGU, Jiahao CGU and Shanghai Yifang CGU are cash generating units having a long financial history which could provide the basis for predicting its future results, it satisfied the criteria for the application of the discounted cash flow models and hence its profitability forecast could be conducted based on historical data. The adoption and application of the income approach for the assessment of goodwill impairment of RTL CGU, Jiahao CGU and Shanghai Yifang CGU was also agreed by the independent valuer. Therefore, the income approach was adopted for such impairment assessment which took the present value of future cash flows of RTL CGU, Jiahao CGU and Shanghai Yifang CGU as the basis of valuation.

## 管理層討論及分析 (續)

#### 資產抵押

於2023年6月30日,本集團以上海奕方集團賬面總值為人民幣10,931,000元的使用權資產(2022年12月31日:物業及使用權資產人民幣17,662,000元)作為人民幣15,000,000元銀行貸款(2022年12月31日:人民幣65,000,000元)之抵押。

#### 資本承擔

於2023年6月30日,本集團就已訂約購買的物業、廠房、設備、無形資產、於共同控制實體之投資、以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益之金融資產之投資但並未於財務報表撥備的資本承擔約人民幣141,368,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣215,563,000元)。

#### 或然負債

根據可供董事會查閱的資料,本集團於2023年 6月30日並無任何重大的或然負債。

# 於2022年報中採用貼現現金流量模型以評估再造煙葉CGU、嘉豪CGU和上海奕方CGU商譽之減值的原因

本公司管理層持續審查商譽的減值撥備並通常 按年審查,如若出現任何可能導致潛在減值的 事件或情況變化,則審查頻率會相應提高。本 公司採用收益法(亦即貼現現金流量模型)作 為有關計提的評估方法。採用這種方法的原因 乃根據《香港會計準則第36號 — 資產減值》, 商譽減值評估通常採用收益法來確定現金產 生單位之價值。具有足夠長時間之財務歷史的 現金產生單位則相應具備預測未來業績的基 礎,在這種情況下,現金產生單位之商譽的可 收回金額將基於使用估值而定。由於再造煙葉 CGU、嘉豪CGU和上海奕方CGU是具有較長時 間之財務歷史的現金產生單位、具備預測其未 來業績的基礎,故滿足使用貼現現金流量模型 的條件,因此可以根據歷史數據進行其收益的 預測。獨立評估師亦同意採用收益法評估再造 煙葉CGU,嘉豪CGU和上海奕方CGU的商譽減 值。因此,本次減值評估採用了收益法,即以 再造烟葉CGU、嘉豪CGU和上海奕方CGU的未 來現金流量現值作為估值基礎。

## \_\_\_\_\_

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which the Directors and chief executives are taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) or which are required to be and are recorded in the register maintained by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code were as follows:

## Long position in ordinary shares of the Company

#### Number Percentage of issued of the issued Name of Director(s) Capacity **Shares held** share capital 持有已發行 佔已發行 董事姓名 身份 股份數目 股本百分比 CHU Lam Yiu Held through controlled corporations (Note) 2,293,408,900 71.00% 透過受控制公司持有(附註) 朱林瑤 **CHOY Man Har** Beneficial owner 3.000 <0.00% 蔡文霞 實益擁有人

Note: 2,293,408,900 ordinary shares of the Company were held by Mogul Enterprises Limited, Resourceful Link International Limited, Power Nation International Limited, Jumbo Elite Limited, Raise Sino Investments Limited and Real Elite Investments Limited, respectively. Ms. CHU Lam Yiu is the sole beneficial owner of the aforesaid six companies.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2023, the Company is not aware of any of the Directors or their respective associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or associated companies as defined in the SFO.

## 其他資料

## 董事於股份、相關股份及債券之權益

於2023年6月30日,董事及最高行政人員於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉(包括根據證本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉);或本公司根據當樣條例第352條規定所存置之登記制貨條例第352條規定所存置之登記制度於倉,或擁有根據標準守則規定而須知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下

## 本公司之普通股好倉

附註:本公司之2,293,408,900股普通股乃分別 由Mogul Enterprises Limited, Resourceful Link International Limited, Power Nation International Limited, Jumbo Elite Limited, Raise Sino Investments Limited和Real Elite Investments Limited持有。朱林瑤女士為上 述六間公司的唯一實益擁有人。

除上文所披露者外,於2023年6月30日,本公司並不知悉有任何董事或彼等之緊密聯繫人於本公司或其任何附屬公司或相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例)之任何股份、相關股份或債券中擁有任何權益或淡倉。

## Other Information (cont'd)

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

Pursuant to a share option scheme (the "2016 Share Option Scheme") adopted on 9 August 2016 ("Adoption Date"), the 2016 Share Option Scheme shall be valid and effective for a period of ten years commencing on the Adoption Date. At the beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period, and up to the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the 2016 Share Option Scheme shall not exceed 310,665,796 shares, which represents approximately 9.62% of the issued shares of the Company as at the date of this report.

The table below summarises the movement in shares options under the 2016 Share Option Scheme since the adoption thereof and up to the date of this report.

## 其他資料 (續)

## 購股權計劃

根據本公司於2016年8月9日(「採納日期」)採納的一項購股權計劃(「2016年購股權計劃」),2016年購股權計劃自採納日期起十年內有效。於本報告期開始及終結時及至本報告日期,根據2016年購股權計劃可供發行的股份總數將不超過310,665,796股,佔本報告日期本公司已發行股份約9.62%。

下表載列了自採納2016年購股權計劃起至本報告日期該計劃項下購股權的變動情況。

Grantee and description	Number of options granted (i)	Date of grant (day/month/year) 授出日期	Date of vesting (day/month/year) 歸屬日期	exercise period (day/month/year) <sup>(ii)</sup> 行權期間	Exercise price	Lapse date
承授人及身份	授出的購股權數目 <sup>(i)</sup>	(日/月/年)	(日/月/年)	(日/月/年) <sup>(ii)</sup>	行使價	失效日期
* Independent Business Consultant * 獨立業務顧問	11,000,000	6/5/2019	5/11/2019	5/11/2019 -30/6/2020 5/5/2020-30/6/2020	HK\$3.708 per share 每股3.708港元	30/6/2020

- \* Being service provider with options granted in any 12-month period exceeding 0.1% of the relevant class of shares in issue
- \* 屬於任何12個月期內獲授超逾已發行的相關類 別股份0.1%的購股權的服務提供者
- (i) The number of options granted was 11,000,000 shares options, each share option entitled the Grantee to subscribe for one ordinary share of HK\$0.10 in the share capital of the Company.
- (i) 授出的購股權數目為11,000,000份購股權,承授人可憑藉每股購股權認購一股本公司股本中每股0.10港元的普通股股份。
- (ii) The share options granted were exercisable in two tranches (50% of share options granted in each), with the first tranche exercisable from 5 November 2019 to 30 June 2020 (both days inclusive) and the second tranche exercisable from 5 May 2020 to 30 June 2020 (both days inclusive).
- (ii) 所授出的購股權可分兩批行使(每批可行使50%的已授予的購股權),第一批可於2019年11月5日至2020年6月30日(包括首尾兩天)行使,第二批可於2020年5月5日至2020年6月30日(包括首尾兩天)行使。
- (iii) The above granted options lapsed on 30 June 2020 with no options being exercised.
- (iii) 上述已授出購股權於2020年6月30日失效,且無購股權獲行使。
- (iv) The closing price of the shares immediately preceding the date on which the options were granted was HK\$3.73.
- (iv) 緊接授出購股權日期前的股份收市價為 3.73港元。

The above Grantee is not a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company, or an associate of any of them.

以上承授人並非本公司董事、最高行政人員或 主要股東或任何彼等之聯繫人。

\*\* For further details of the above movement, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 6 May 2019.

\*\* 有關上述變動的進一步詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2019年5月6日的公告。

## Other Information (cont'd)

Save as disclosed above, no other share options were granted to the following persons under the 2016 Share Option Scheme since the adoption thereof and up to the date of this report:

- (i) each of the directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders of the Company, or their respective associates;
- (ii) each participant with options granted in excess of the 1% individual limit;
- each related entity participant or service provider with options granted in any 12-month period exceeding 0.1% of the relevant class of shares in issue of the Company;
- (iv) the five highest paid individuals during the financial year; and
- (v) other employee participants, related entity participants and service providers.

The 2016 Share Option Scheme will remain in force for ten years starting from 9 August 2016 (can be terminated before expiration). As at the date of this report, the remaining life of the 2016 Share Option Scheme is less than 4 years.

At the beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period, and up to the date of this report, there were no share options outstanding under the 2016 Share Option Scheme and there were no share options granted, vested, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the Reporting Period.

The 2016 Share Option Scheme itself did not specify number of share options available for grants to the following participants in any financial year:

- (i) each of the directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders of the Company, or their respective associates;
- (ii) each participant with options to be granted in excess of the 1% individual limit;
- each related entity participant or service provider with options to be granted in any 12-month period exceeding 0.1% of the relevant class of shares in issue of the Company;
- (iv) the five highest paid individuals during the financial year; and
- (v) other employee participants, related entity participants and service providers.

## 其他資料 (續)

除上文所披露者外,自2016年購股權計劃採納 之日起至本報告日期,並無根據該計劃向下列 人士授出其他購股權:

- (i) 每名本公司董事、最高行政人員或主要 股東又或其各自的聯繫人;
- (ii) 每名獲授購股權超逾1%個人限額的參與 者;
- (iii) 每名於任何12個月期內獲授超逾本公司 已發行的相關類別股份0.1%的購股權的 關連實體參與者或服務提供者;
- (iv) 財政年度內總薪酬最高的五名個人;及
- (v) 其他僱員參與者、關連實體參與者及服 務提供者。

2016年購股權計劃於2016年8月9日起計十年 內有效(可提前終止)。於本報告日期,2016 年購股權計劃剩餘期限不足四年。

於本報告期開始及終結時及至本報告日期, 概無任何於2016年購股權計劃項下尚未被行 使的購股權,亦並無於本報告期內授出、獲歸 屬、行使、註銷或失效的購股權。

2016購股權計劃並未載明可於任何財政年度 向下列人士授予的期權的數目:

- (i) 每名董事、最高行政人員或主要股 東又 或其各自的聯繫人;
- (ii) 每名將獲授期權超逾1%個人限額的參與 人;
- (iii) 每名於任何12個月期內將獲授超逾本公司已發行的相關類別股份0.1%的期權的關連實體參與者或服務提供者;
- (iv) 財政年度內總薪酬最高的五名個人;及
- (v) 其他僱員參與者、關連實體參與者及服 務提供者。

### **GUANGDONG JIAHAO SHARE INCENTIVE SCHEME**

Pursuant to a written resolution of the directors of Guangdong Jiahao passed on 15 October 2020, Guangdong Jiahao, an indirect non-wholly-owned subsidiary as well as a non-principal subsidiary of the Company, approved, adopted and implemented a share incentive scheme (the "Guangdong Jiahao Share Incentive Scheme"), pursuant to which eligible participants will be entitled to participate. The Guangdong Jiahao Share Incentive Scheme does not constitute a share scheme of a principal subsidiary of a listed issuer under Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

For the purpose of the Guangdong Jiahao Share Incentive Scheme, four limited partnerships were established, namely Yingtan Xiangshan Corporate Advisory Centre (Limited Partnership) (鷹潭香山企業諮詢中心 (有限合夥)), Yingtan Zhonghao Corporate Advisory Centre (Limited Partnership) (鷹潭中豪企業諮詢中心 (有限合夥)), Yingtan Guanghao Corporate Advisory Centre (Limited Partnership) (鷹潭廣豪企業諮詢中心 (有限合夥)) and Yingtan Huajia Corporate Advisory Centre (Limited Partnership) (鷹潭華嘉企業諮詢中心 (有限合夥)), through which the participants indirectly hold approximately 1.98% equity interests in Guangdong Jiahao and as at 30 June 2023, those relevant awards have vested in the employees shareholding platforms.

As at 30 June 2023, the Guangdong Jiahao Share Incentive Scheme has covered in total 74 (31 December 2022: 62) participants, including directors and senior management of Guangdong Jiahao. The chairman of Guangdong Jiahao, Mr. XIA Liqun, is also a director of the Company and one of the participants.

Please refer to Note 13 to the condensed interim financial information for further details.

#### **SHARE AWARD SCHEME**

The Company adopted the share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") on 20 May 2022 (the "Adoption Date") for a term of 10 years from the Adoption Date until 19 May 2032, unless otherwise terminated. The purposes and objectives of the Share Award Scheme are to recognise, reward, remunerate, compensate and motivate the contribution of certain participants and to provide incentives and help the Group in retaining its existing employees and recruiting suitable personnel as additional employees to further the operation and development of the Group, by providing them with a direct economic interest in attaining the Group's long-term business objectives, implementing the Group's long-term business strategy, enhancing the Group's values and promoting the Group's growth and development.

## 其他資料 (續)

### 廣東嘉豪股權激勵計劃

於2020年10月15日,廣東嘉豪(一家本公司間接持有之非全資附屬公司及非主要附屬公司),通過了董事書面決議案,批准、採納並執行一項股權激勵計劃(「廣東嘉豪股權激勵計劃」)。 其中,合資格參與者將有權參與。廣東嘉豪股權激勵計劃不構成於上市規則第17章項下之上市發行人的主要附屬公司的股份計劃。

為廣東嘉豪股權激勵計劃之目的,設有鷹潭香山企業諮詢中心(有限合夥)、鷹潭中豪企業諮詢中心(有限合夥)、鷹潭廣豪企業諮詢中心(有限合夥)、鷹潭華嘉企業諮詢中心(有限合夥) 四個有限合夥企業,於2023年6月30日參與者通過前述有限合夥企業間接持有廣東嘉豪的約1.98%股權,有關獎勵已歸屬到員工持股平台。

於2023年6月30日,廣東嘉豪股權激勵計劃下的參與者已涵蓋共74人(2022年12月31日:62人),包括廣東嘉豪董事及高管;其中包括其董事長夏利群先生(亦為本公司董事)。

進一步詳情請參閱簡明中期財務資料附註13。

#### 股份獎勵計劃

本公司於2022年5月20日(「採納日期」),採納一項股份獎勵計劃(「該股份獎勵計劃」)有效期自採納日期起至2032年5月19日止,為期10年(另行終止除外)。該股份獎勵計劃目的及期間目標是為嘉許、獎勵、報酬、補償及激勵若干絕與者的貢獻,並透過向彼等提供直接經濟和集團的長遠業務策略、提升本集團的價值及推進團,長遠業務策略、提升本集團的價值及推進團,以促進本集團的經營及發展。

The Share Award Scheme shall be subject to the administration of the Board in accordance with the rules related to the Share Award Scheme, the respective trust deed(s) relevant to the establishment of the trust(s) to support and facilitate the operation of the Share Award Scheme, and all applicable laws and regulations.

Participants of the Share Award Scheme cover any employee, officer or director of any member of the Group or of any affiliate of the Company, and any person (including advisor, consultant or other service provider) who provides services to any member of the Group on a continuing or recurring basis in its ordinary and usual course of business which are material to the long term growth of the Group as determined by the Remuneration Committee and other person as permitted under the Listing Rules whom the Board in its sole discretion considers may contribute or have contributed to the Group.

Pursuant to the terms of the Share Award Scheme, the Board may, from time to time, at its sole and absolute discretion designate an award ("Award"and collectively "Awards") to be made to a selected person among the participants ("Selected Person"and collectively "Selected Persons"). Awards may be satisfied by (i) existing Shares to be acquired by the trustee(s) engaged by the Company for the purpose of administrating the Share Award Scheme (the "Trustee(s)"), from the market, or (ii) new Shares to be issued and allotted to the Trustee(s) by the Company, in each case the Shares will be held on trust by the Trustee(s) for the Selected Persons until the end of each vesting period subject to fulfilment of the vesting conditions (if any) in accordance with the provisions of the Share Award Scheme.

Under the terms of the Share Award Scheme, (i) the aggregate number of the Shares that may be awarded by the Board under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the Adoption Date (or such other limit, if any, prescribed by the Listing Rules from time to time); and (ii) unless specifically approved by the independent shareholders, the aggregate number of new Shares that may be granted as Awards annually under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 3% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date on which the Shareholders' approval of a mandate for issue and allotment of new Shares under the Share Award Scheme (the "Scheme Mandate") (or such other limit, if any, prescribed by the Listing Rules from time to time) is given. As no Scheme Mandate for allotment of new Shares has been obtained, at the beginning and at the end of the Reporting Period, and up to the date of this report, no new Shares were issued pursuant to the Share Award Scheme.

## 其他資料(續)

該股份獎勵計劃須由董事會根據該股份獎勵計 劃相關規則、與設立信託相關的信託契約以支 持和促進該股份獎勵計劃的運作以及所有適用 的法律法規進行管理。

該股份獎勵計劃的參與者涵蓋本集團任何成員 或董事,及由薪酬委員會釐定在本集團任何 員公司的日常及一般業務過程中持續或 員公司的日常及一般業務過程中持續或 地提供服務的任何人士(包括顧對本本集團 在本集團性 也以其他服務提供者),而該服務對本集員 發展具有重大意義,以及上市規則不時記 對他人士而其為董事會全權及絕對的 其他人士而其為董事的人士。

根據該股份獎勵計劃的條款,董事會可不時全權的情指定向參與者中的經甄選人士(「經甄選人士」)作出獎勵(「獎勵」)。該等獎勵可由(i)本公司為管理該股份獎勵計劃的目的聘用的受託人(「受託人」)在公開市場上購買的現有股份支付,或(ii)本公司向受託人發行及配發的股份,在各情況下股份將由受托人以信托形式為經甄選人士持有,直至歸屬期完結並受限於據該股份獎勵計劃條文滿足歸屬條件(如有)。

The maximum number of Shares which may be awarded to a Selected Person (i.e. maximum entitlement of) in any twelve months under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed one percent of the total number of issued Shares as at the Adoption Date unless the proposed grant has been specifically approved by the Shareholders in a general meeting of the Company. The Share Award Scheme does not specify any minimum vesting period nor the grant price which is payable by a Selected Person upon acceptance of an Award. Pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, the Board has the authority to determine, among other things, the vesting schedule, number, the terms and conditions of the Award Shares and the grant price (if any) payable by the Selected Person. The grant price in respect of Awarded Shares under the Share Award Scheme is determined by the Board in its absolute discretion at the time of the grant. As at 30 June 2023, no Awarded Shares have been granted under the Share Award Scheme yet.

As at 30 June 2023, (i) no Trustee has been appointed for the purpose of the Share Award Scheme, (ii) no Award has been granted under the Share Award Scheme, and (iii) the Company has not yet obtained the approval from its shareholders with respect to the Scheme Mandate for issue and allotment of new Shares under the Share Award Scheme and hence no Shares are available for issue under the Share Award Scheme as at the date of this report.

The Share Award Scheme does not involve the grant of options carrying right to subscribe for any new Shares, so it does not constitute a share option scheme pursuant to the then Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules in force on the Adoption Date, but constitutes a share scheme of the Company under the new Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules which has come into effect on 1 January 2023 (the "Revised Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules"). In particular, whilst no scheme mandate for allotment of new Shares has been obtained, the Share Award Scheme is currently a share scheme that may be funded by existing Shares under the Revised Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules and shall be subject to the applicable disclosure requirements thereunder since 1 January 2023.

For more details of the Share Award Scheme, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 21 May 2022.

Given that the Revised Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules governs, among others, all share schemes involving grants of share awards and grants of options carrying right to subscribe for new shares of issuers, the Company is in the course of assessing the implications to the implementation, operation and administration of the Share Award Scheme and will take appropriate steps to comply or re-comply with the relevant provisions of the Listing Rules as may be applicable from time to time.

## 其他資料 (續)

根據該股份獎勵計劃,在任何十二個月內可授予經甄選人士的最大股份數量(即最大配額)不得超過截至採納日期已發行股份總數的百分之一,除非擬議的授予已經本指定任何的會財工權。該股份獎勵計劃並未指定任何的發勵計劃,董事會有權釐定(與關於份數勵計劃,董事會有權釐定(以及經、數十包括)獎勵股份的歸屬時間表、數個人士應付的授出兩人,數學與大學人類,與關於授出時至權的情釐定。截至2023年6月30日,並無根據該股份獎勵計劃授出任何獎勵股份。

於2023年6月30日,(i)未有任何信託人為該股份獎勵計劃的目的而獲委任,(ii)概無根據該股份獎勵計劃授出獎勵,及(iii)本公司尚未獲得股東批准為在該股份獎勵計劃下發行及配發新股份取得計劃授權。因此,根據該股份獎勵計劃,並無可供發行股份。

該股份獎勵計劃不涉及授予任何附帶認購新股份權利的購股權,因此不構成於採納日期當時生效之上市規則第17章項下的一項購股權計劃,但根據於2023年1月1日生效的上市規則第17章(「經修訂的上市規則第17章」),其構成本公司一項股份計劃。特別是,雖然過計劃,可根據經修訂的上市規則第17章由現有股份出資,自2023年1月1日起須遵守其適用的披露規定。

有關該股份獎勵計劃的更多詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2022年5月21日的公告。

鑑於經修訂的上市規則第17章涵蓋所有涉及上市發行人授出股份獎勵及授出附帶可認購上市發行人新股份權利的購股權的股份計劃,本公司正評估其對該股份獎勵計劃的實施、運作及管理造成的影響,並將採取適當措施遵守或重新遵守可能不時適用的相關上市規則條文。

### **DIRECTORS' RIGHT TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Other than disclosed in Note 13 to the condensed consolidated interim financial information, at no time during the Reporting Period was the Company, its ultimate holding companies or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements would enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### INTERESTS OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

Save as disclosed, the Company is not aware of any other person (other than the interests disclosed in the section headed "Directors' Interests in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures") who has any interests or short positions in 5% or more of the issued share capital of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO.

#### **USE OF THE PROCEEDS FROM SHARE PLACEMENT**

The Group completed the top-up placing and subscription on 13 December 2021 and 20 December 2021, respectively, and the Company received net proceeds (i.e. after deducting the commission payable to the placing agents, professional fee and other related costs and expenses in relation to the top-up placing and subscription) from the top-up subscription of approximately HK\$2.16 billion and the number of issued shares of the Company was increased to 3,229,926,876. The net price for each top-up placing share was HK\$17.67. As at 30 June 2023, the Group utilised all of the proceeds, details of which are set out in the table below.

In HK\$ million

	As at 31	Actual use	As at
Intended use of proceeds	December 2022	of proceeds	30 June 2023
	於2022年	融資款項	於2023年
融資款項計劃用途	12月31日	實際用途	6月30日

Acquisition of and/or investment in business(es) which leverage on the competitive advantage of the Group should suitable opportunities arise

收購及/或投資得以利用本集團 競爭優勢的業務(如有合適機遇)

## 其他資料 (續)

### 董事認購股份或債券之權利

除於簡明綜合中期財務資料附註13所披露者 外,本公司、其最終控股公司或其任何附屬公 司於報告期內任何時間均無參與任何安排,致 使本公司之董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法 團之股份或債券而獲益。

### 主要股東之權益

除已披露者外,本公司並不知悉有任何其他人 士(除於「董事於股份、相關股份及債券之權益」 一節所披露之權益外)於本公司擁有須遵照證 券及期貨條例第336條記錄於根據該條例存置 之登記冊內的已發行股本5%或以上的權益或 淡倉。

### 股份配售融資用途

百萬港元

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本集團先舊後新配售及認購事項分別於2021 年12月13日及2021年12月20日完成,本公司 收到所得款項淨額(即經於先舊後新認購事項 中扣除應付配售代理之佣金、與先舊後新配售 及認購事項有關之專業費用及其他相關費用及 開支後)約21.6億港元而本公司已發行股份數 目亦增加至3,229,926,876股。每股先舊後新 配售股份的淨價為17.67港元。於2023年6月 30日,本集團已悉數使用融資款項,詳情載於 下表。

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#### SIGNIFICANT EVENTS OR TRANSACTIONS

#### **Investigation Against Directors**

References are made to the announcements of Company dated 24 January 2022, 26 January 2022, 27 January 2022, 21 July 2022, 26 July 2022, 20 January 2023, 3 July 2023 and 14 July 2023 respectively, in relation to the investigation for suspected disciplinary violations and residential surveillance at a designated location (指定居所監視居住) against Ms. Chu, the chairlady, chief executive officer, executive director and controlling shareholder (approximately 71% interests in the Company's shares as at the date of this report) and Mr. Lam, an executive director and co-chairman of the Company of the Company.

On 20 January 2023, the Group was advised by Ms. Chu's family member that Anyuan County Police Bureau (安遠縣公安局) had lifted Ms. Chu's residential surveillance and that she was on bail pending further investigation. Concurrently, Ms. Chu was placed under residential surveillance at a designated location by Chongqing Yongchuan District Police Bureau (重慶市永川區公安局).

#### **Performance Undertaking**

Reference is made to the Company's announcement dated 8 March 2022. On 8 March 2022, Huabao Flavours, a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, Shanghai Keli Enterprise Management and Consulting Company Limited\* (上海克瀝企業管理諮詢有限公司) ("Keli Enterprise"), Qian Rong (錢戎) and Wong Kam Wing (黃錦榮) (the beneficial controllers of Keli Enterprise) and other related parties entered into a shares transfer agreement (the "Share Transfer Agreement") to further acquire 27% equity interest in Shanghai Yifang Rural Technology Holdings Co. Ltd. ("Shanghai Yifang") for a total consideration of RMB121.5 million in cash. Upon completion of the transaction, Huabao Flavours' shareholding in Shanghai Yifang reached 67% and Shanghai Yifang became an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of Huabao Flavours and the results of Shanghai Yifang have been consolidated into the financial statements of Huabao Flavours since March 2022.

## 其他資料 (續)

## 重大事件或交易 對董事的立案調查

茲提述本公司日期分別為2022年1月24日、2022年1月26日、2022年1月27日、2022年7月21日、2022年7月26日、2023年1月20日、2023年7月3日及2023年7月14日,有關對朱女士(本公司主席、首席執行官、執行董事及控股股東(於本報告日期持有本公司股份約71%))及林先生(本公司執行董事兼聯席主席)的因涉嫌違法問題被立案調查並執行指定居所監視居住的該等公告。

於2023年1月20日,本集團從朱女士家屬處獲悉,安遠縣公安局已解除對朱女士監視居住,採取取保候審。同時,重慶市永川區公安局對朱女士曾執行指定居所監視居住。

#### 業績承諾

茲提述本公司日期為2022年3月8日的公告。於2022年3月8日,本公司的非全資附屬公司(「克寶股份、上海克瀝企業管理諮詢有限公司(「克瀝企業」)、克瀝企業的實際控制人Qian Rong(錢戎)和黃錦榮及其他相關方簽署《股份轉讓協議》(「股份轉讓協議」),以總對價人民幣121,500,000元現金收購上海奕方農業科技股份有限公司(以下簡稱「上海奕方」)27%的股權。交易完成後,華寶股份對上海奕方的持股比例達到67%,上海奕方成為華寶股份的間接非全資附屬公司,自2022年3月起其經營業績已於華寶股份的財務報表綜合入賬。

Pursuant to the Share Transfer Agreement, among others, Huabao Flavours, Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing shall fulfill their capital increase obligations as scheduled in proportion to their respective shareholdings in Shanghai Yifang, and Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing agreed to undertake the performance undertaking and compensation obligations to Huabao Flavours. The performance undertaking period is three years commencing from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2024 (the "Performance Undertaking Period"). The results of Shanghai Yifang during the Performance Undertaking Period will be a consolidated net profit of not less than RMB41.00 million in 2022, a consolidated net profit of not less than RMB55.00 million in 2023 and a consolidated net profit of not less than RMB74.00 million in 2024. If Shanghai Yifang does not achieve the performance undertaking after the expiry of the Performance Undertaking Period, Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing shall compensate Huabao Flavours in cash within 15 days after Shanghai Yifang's 2024 annual audit report is issued. As at the date of this report, Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing have not yet fulfilled their obligations by paying the second instalment of the capital increase amount (RMB7,095,700 in total) under the Share Transfer Agreement, and have not rectified the same within 15 days after they have received the written notice from Huabao Flavours.

In 2022, due to multiple factors including the non-performance of the undertaking, the slowing down of economic growth, the complicated and changing external environment and insufficient external demand, Shanghai Yifang incurred a loss for the year 2022.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the net loss of Shanghai Yifang amounted to approximately RMB41.94 million. The actual performance of Shanghai Yifang did not meet the guaranteed profits provided by Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing. The performance shortfall of Shanghai Yifang for the year 2022 amounted to approximately RMB82.94 million.

In the first half of 2023, due to Shanghai Yifang's sales are not as good as expected, Shanghai Yifang continued to suffer a loss.

## 其他資料 (續)

根據《股份轉讓協議》(其中包括),華寶股份、 Qian Rong(錢戎)及黃錦榮應按其各自於上 海奕方的持股比例如期履行其增資義務,而 Qian Rong(錢戎)及黃錦榮同意對華寶股份 承擔履約承諾及補償義務。業績承諾期為三 年,自2022年1月1日起至2024年12月31日止 (以下簡稱「業績承諾期」)。在業績承諾期上 海奕方的業績為2022年合併淨利潤不低於人 民幣41,000,000元; 2023年合併淨利潤不低 於55,000,000元; 2024年合併淨利潤不低於 74,000,000萬元。若業績承諾期屆滿後,上海 奕方沒有實現業績承諾,則Qian Rong(錢戎) 及黃錦榮應在上海奕方2024年度審計報告出 具後的15日內以現金的方式對華寶股份進行補 償。於本報告日期, Qian Rong(錢戎)及黃錦 榮尚未履行其在《股份轉讓協議》項下的第二 期增資金額(合計人民幣7,095,700元)的繳納 義務,且在收到華寶股份書面通知後15日內仍 未改正。

於2022年,由於未履行的承諾、經濟增速放 緩、外部環境複雜多變、外部需求不足等多重 因素衝擊,使上海奕方在2022年度出現虧損。

於截至2022年12月31日止年度,上海奕方錄 得淨虧損約為人民幣41,940,000元。上海奕方 的實際業績未達到Qian Rong(錢戎)及黃錦榮 提供的保證利潤。上海奕方2022年度的業績差 額約為人民幣82,940,000元

2023年上半年,由於上海奕方銷售未如理想, 因此上海奕方持續虧損。

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD**

#### **Investigation Against Directors**

Subsequent to the reporting period, on 3 July 2023, the Group was advised that Chongqing Yongchuan District Police Bureau (重慶市 永川區公安局) had lifted Ms. Chu's residential surveillance. Ms. Chu has resumed work accordingly. On 14 July 2023, the Company was informed that Ms. Chu and Mr. Lam are no longer subject to any bail conditions as imposed by Changsha County Police Bureau (長沙縣公安局). Further announcement(s) will be made to keep the shareholders of the Company and the public informed of the development in this matter in due course.

### **Update on a Director's Biographical Details**

References are made to the Company's announcements dated 5 July 2023 and 6 July 2023 respectively in relation to inside information and change in biographical details of Ms. CHOY Man Har ("Ms. Choy"), an executive director and deputy chief financial officer of the Company.

On 5 July 2023, the Independent Commission Against Corruption of Hong Kong ("ICAC") conducted a search at the business offices of the Company in Hong Kong. The Company provided certain files and records for the purpose of an ICAC investigation.

In addition, the Company has been informed that Ms. Choy was arrested on 5 July 2023 by ICAC in relation to offences under the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201), Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 200) and the Organized and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 455) for investigation. On 6 July, Ms. Choy has been released on bail without any charge laid against her. The Company will monitor this matter and take necessary legal advice as appropriate.

#### The Initiation of Arbitration by a Subsidiary

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 9 August 2023 in relation to the initiation of arbitration by Huabao Flavours against Qian Rong ( 錢戏 ) and Wong Kam Wing ( 黃錦榮 ) (the beneficial controllers of Keli Enterprise).

## 其他資料 (續)

## 報告期後事項

#### 對董事的立案調查

報告期後,於2023年7月3日,本集團接獲通知,重慶市永川區公安局已對朱女士取消指定居所監視居住。朱女士恢復正常工作。於2023年7月14日,本公司接到通知,長沙縣公安局解除對朱女士及林先生的取保候審。本公司將作出進一步公告,以知會本公司股東及公眾人士有關事宜的進展。

#### 更新董事履歷詳情

茲提 述 本 公 司 日 期 分 別 為2023年7月5日 及2023年7月6日的公告,內容有關內幕消息及本公司執行董事兼副首席財務官蔡文霞女士(「蔡女士」)的履歷詳情變更。

於2023年7月5日,香港廉政公署(「廉政公署」) 於本公司在香港的營業地點進行搜查。本公司 提供若干文件及記錄作廉政公署調查之用。

此外,本公司已被告知,蔡女士於2023年7月5日被廉政公署就有關香港法例第201章《防止賄賂條例》、香港法例第200章《刑事罪行條例》、第455章《有組織及嚴重罪行條例》下的罪行拘捕以進行調查。於7月6日,蔡女士已在未被起訴的情況下獲准保釋外出。本公司將監察此事宜,並於適當時候徵詢必要的法律意見。

#### 附屬公司提起仲裁

茲提述本公司日期為2023年8月9日的公告,內容有關對克瀝企業的實際控制人Qian Rong(錢戎)和黃錦榮提起仲裁的公告。

Taking into account Shanghai Yifang sustained a loss during the Performance Undertaking Period, Huabao Flavours accordingly terminated the rights and obligations pursuant to the provisions of the Share Transfer Agreement and applied to the Shanghai International Arbitration Center with Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing as respondents for arbitration ("Arbitration"), requesting Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing to compensate Huabao Flavours for liquidated damages, loss of expected benefits, and legal fees totaling RMB332.03 million, as well as to bear the corresponding legal costs of the Arbitration. At the same time, Huabao Flavours also applied to the Shanghai International Arbitration Center for property security. Huabao Flavours received the "Notice of Acceptance" issued by the Shanghai International Arbitration Center on 9 August 2023.

As of the date of this report, as the Arbitration is still in its initial stage, the Group is unable to accurately predict the final outcome of the Arbitration or evaluate the impact of the Arbitration on the Group's financial position. Should there be any further information regarding the Arbitration, the Company will make further announcements to inform the shareholders and the public as and when appropriate in accordance with relevant requirements.

Save as disclosed above and elsewhere in this report, there were no significant events after the Reporting Period.

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

#### **Compliance with the Corporate Governance Code**

The Board recognises the importance and benefits of good corporate governance practices and has adopted certain corporate governance and disclosure practices for enhancing the level of transparency and accountability.

The Board members have regular discussions about the business strategies and performance of the Group and have regular trainings on Listing Rules and regulatory requirements provided by the legal advisor of the Company from time to time together with the relevant senior executives. Finance Department provides and reports to the Board members on key management accounting information of the Group on a regular basis. The Company has an established internal reporting practice throughout the Group to monitor the operation and business development of the Company so as to capture potentially price-sensitive information on a timely basis, and to monitor the continuing disclosure obligation.

## 其他資料 (續)

考慮到上海奕方在業績承諾期內持續虧損,因此,華寶股份依據股份轉讓協定的約定終為此該份協議的權利義務關係,以錢戎、黃錦榮為神時人,向上海國際仲裁中心申請仲裁(「仲裁」),請求裁決錢戎、黃錦榮向華寶股份於閱之3.3203億元,並承擔相應仲裁費用。同時全。 實股份於2023年8月9日收到上海國際仲裁中心出具的《受理通知》。

截至本報告日期,由於仲裁尚在起始階段,本 集團無法準確預測仲裁的最終結果或評估仲裁 對本集團財務狀況的影響。倘若仲裁有任何進 一步的消息,本公司將根據相關要求於適當時 候作出進一步公告,以知會股東及公眾人士。

除上文所披露者及本報告另行披露外,報告期 後並無重大事項。

## 企業管治

#### 遵守《企業管治守則》

董事會重視良好企業管治常規的重要性及其所 帶來的益處,並已採納若干企業管治及披露常 規,力求提高透明度和問責水平。

董事會成員定期討論本集團的表現和經營策略,並與相關高層管理人員接受本公司法律顧問定期提供的上市規則和法規要求的培訓。財務部亦定期向董事會成員匯報和提供本集團內管理會計資料。本公司已建立集團內部經報制度以監控本公司營運和業務發展的情況,以便按時記錄潛在股價敏感資料和監察持續披露責任。

Save and except as disclosed below, the Company had complied with the code provisions in the CG Code and, where appropriate, adopted the recommended best practices as set out in the CG Code throughout the Reporting Period.

The Company has not fully complied with the code provisions C.2.1 and F.2.2 as the performance of the chairman's duties by Ms. Chu has been affected to a certain extent since late January 2022 as Ms. Chu was placed under residential surveillance at a designated location (指定居所監視居住). For details, please refer to the section headed "Investigation Against Directors" on page 40 of this report. The responsibilities under code provisions C.2.1 during the Reporting Period were shared and undertaken by the Co-Chairman (Mr. LAM Ka Yu), Vice Chairman & President, the Vice President & Company Secretary and other directors. In addition, due to the reasons discussed above, Ms. Chu did not attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 15 May 2023 in accordance with code provision F.2.2. Notwithstanding the above, the Company has adopted the following alternative actions and steps during the Reporting Period to redress the deficiencies in the relevant code provision:

## 其他資料 (續)

除下文所披露者外,於報告期內,本公司已遵 守企業管治守則之守則條文,並在適當的情況 下採納企業管治守則所載之建議最佳常規。

本公司未能完全遵守守則條文第C.2.1條及F.2.2條的規定,由於朱女士自2022年1月下旬起被執行指定居所監視居住,因此彼主席職責的受到了一定影響。詳情請參閱本報告期內一定影響。詳情請參閱本報告期內一定影響。詳情請參閱本報告期內一定影響。於報告期內一方則條文第C.2.1的職責由聯席主席(林書中內一方,與主席兼總裁、副總裁兼公司秘書,先生)、副主席兼總裁、副總裁兼公司秘書,公司主席兼總裁、副總裁兼公司秘書,任董事共同承擔。此外,由於以上席本公司於報告期內所採取的替代行動,本公司於報告期內所採取的替代行:

#### **Code Provision**

#### 守則條文

C.2.1: The roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the chairman and chief executive should be clearly established and set out in writing.

C.2.1:主席與行政總裁的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。主席與行政總裁之間職責的分工應清楚界定並以書面列載。

## Alternative actions and steps taken during the Reporting Period

#### 於報告期內所採取的替代行動和步驟

Ms. Chu's duties as Chairlady and CEO were shared and undertaken by the Co-Chairman, Vice Chairman (also as President of the Group), the Vice President & Company Secretary and other directors, including presiding over the daily business meetings and meetings of the board of directors, participating in the general meeting of shareholders, and implementing the formulated business strategies, etc.

朱女士作為主席兼首席執行官,其職務由本集團聯席主席、副主席(兼任本集團總裁)、副總裁兼公司秘書及其他董事共同協助分擔包括主持日常經營會議及董事會、參加股東大會、執行已制定的經營策略等。

#### **ESG Reporting**

The ESG Report which contains our ESG information for 2022 and the requirements under the ESG Reporting Guidelines of the Listing Rules had been published by the Company on websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and of the Company (www.huabao.com.hk).

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

本公司之環境、社會及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告已於聯交所網站(www.hkexnews.hk)及公司網站(www.huabao.com.hk)刊登,當中載列我們於2022年度在環境、社會及管治方面的資料,並已遵照上市規則有關環境、社會及管治指引的要求。

#### **Changes in Information in respect of Directors**

In accordance with Rule 13.51B(1) of the Listing Rules, the changes to information required to be disclosed by Directors pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of Rule 13.51(2) between 30 March 2023 (being the date of approval of the Company's 2022 Annual Report) and 25 August 2023 (being the date of approval of this report) are set out below:

- Changes of Ms. CHU Lam Yiu's biographical details, please refer to page 42 of this report under section "EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD"
- 2. Changes of Mr. LAM Ka Yu's biographical details, please refer to page 42 of this report under section "EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD"
- 3. Mr. POON Chiu Kwok ("Mr. Poon") retired as independent non-executive director of Yankuang Energy Group Company Limited (Hong Kong stock code: 01171) and Changan Minsheng APLL Logistics Co., Ltd. (Hong Kong stock code: 01292) with effect from 30 June 2023 and 30 June 2023 respectively. Mr. Poon appointed as independent non-executive director of China Isotope & Radiation Corporation (Hong Kong stock code: 01763) with effect from 30 June 2023.
- 4. Changes of Ms. CHOY Man Har's biographical details, please refer to page 42 of this report under section "EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD"

## Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers

The Company has adopted the Model Code as the code of conduct regarding dealing in the securities of the Company by the Directors. Based on the information that was available and having received Directors' written confirmations, the Company considered that Directors have complied with the required standard as set out in the Model Code throughout the six months ended 30 June 2023.

#### INTERIM DIVIDEND AND SPECIAL DIVIDEND

The Board has resolved to declare an interim dividend of HK1.6 cents per share (2022: nil) and a special dividend of HK1.9 cents per share (2022: HK3.38 cents) both in cash for the six months ended 30 June 2023, which are expected to be paid on or about 12 October 2023 to Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 20 September 2023.

## 其他資料 (續)

### 董事資料更新

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條,按照第13.51(2)條(a)至(e)和(g)段要求,於2023年3月30日(為通過本公司2022年之年度報告當日)至2023年8月25日(為通過本報告當日)期間,本公司的董事資料變動載列如下:

- 1. 有關朱林瑤女士的履歷詳情變更,請參 閱本報告第42頁「報告期後事項」一節
- 2. 有關林嘉宇先生的履歷詳情變更,請參 閱本報告第42頁「報告期後事項」一節
- 3. 潘昭國先生(「潘先生」)退任克礦能源集 團股份有限公司(香港股份代號:01171) 及重慶長安民生物流股份有限公司(香港 股份代號:01292)獨立非執行董事,分 別自2023年6月30日及2023年6月30日起 生效。潘先生獲委任為中國同輻股份有 限公司(香港股份代號:01763)獨立非 執行董事,自2023年6月30日起生效。
- 4. 有關蔡文霞女士的履歷詳情變更,請參 閱本報告第42頁「報告期後事項」一節

#### 上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則,作為本公司董事進行 本公司證券交易的操守準則。根據可得到的資 料並已收到的董事書面確認,本公司認為彼等 於截至2023年6月30日止六個月內已遵守標準 守則所規定之標準。

### 中期股息及特別股息

董事會決議就截至2023年6月30日止六個月宣派現金中期股息每股港幣1.6仙(2022年:無)及特別股息每股港幣1.9仙(2022年:港幣3.38仙),預期中期及特別股息約於2023年10月12日或前後派發予於2023年9月20日名列本公司股東登記冊的股東。

#### **CLOSE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

In order to determine Shareholders who qualify for the interim and special dividends, the register of members of the Company will be closed from 15 September 2023 to 20 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which no transfer of shares will be effected. All properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Tengis Limited, at 17/F, Far East Finance Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on 14 September 2023.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the six months ended 30 June 2023, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

Based on the information that was publicly available and to the best belief and knowledge of the Directors, the Company had maintained the prescribed public float throughout the six months ended 30 June 2023 and up to the date of this report as required under the Listing Rules.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Board has formed an Audit Committee in accordance with the Listing Rules to fulfill the functions of reviewing and monitoring the financial reporting procedure and internal control of the Company. The Audit Committee members currently comprise all of the INEDs of the Company, namely Mr. LEE Luk Shiu (the Chairman of Audit Committee), Mr. Jonathan Jun YAN and Mr. HOU Haitao. The Audit Committee and the Board have reviewed and approved the Group's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2023.

# By Order of the Board **LAM Ka Yu** *Co-Chairman*

Hong Kong, 30 August 2023

## 其他資料(續)

### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確保股東有資格獲派中期及特別股息,本公司將由2023年9月15日至2023年9月20日止(首尾兩日包括在內)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續。所有填妥的過戶表格連同有關股票最遲須於2023年9月14日下午4時30分前送達本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳登捷時有限公司,地址為香港夏慤道16號遠東金融中心17樓。

### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

於截至2023年6月30日止六個月內,本公司或 其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司 任何上市證券。

#### 公眾持股量

根據可供公眾查閱之資料以及據董事所知和所信,於截至2023年6月30日止六個月內及截至本報告日,本公司已維持上市規則所規定之公眾持股量。

## 審核委員會

董事會已根據上市規則成立了審核委員會,以履行檢討及監察本公司財務匯報程序及內部監控之職責。審核委員會委員由本公司所有獨立非執行董事,即李祿兆先生(為審核委員會主席)、Jonathan Jun YAN先生及侯海濤先生組成。審核委員會連同董事會已審閱並批准本集團截至2023年6月30日止六個月之未經審核簡明綜合中期財務資料。

承董事會命 **林嘉宇** *聯席主席* 

香港,2023年8月30日

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

## 簡明綜合財務狀況表

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

		Note 附註	As at 30 June 2023 於2023年 6月30日 Unaudited 未經審核	As at 31 December 2022 於2022年 12月31日 Audited 經審核
ACCETC	次玄			
ASSETS Non-current assets	資產 非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	7	2,158,831	2,042,644
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	/	383,322	385,498
Investment properties	投資性物業		29,079	27,332
Intangible assets	無形資產	7	4,270,044	4,322,720
Investments in associates	於聯營公司之投資	8	428,230	691,748
Investments in jointly controlled entities	於共同控制實體之投資	9	20,548	19,802
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動計入	J	20,540	13,002
other comprehensive income	其他全面收益之金融資產	5	191,745	16,006
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動	3	131,743	10,000
profit or loss	計入損益之金融資產	5	254,038	253,058
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	10	144,865	152,524
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產		442	8,634
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
			7,881,144	7,919,966
Current assets	流動資產			
Biological assets	生物資產		4,319	1,470
Inventories	存貨		1,061,093	1,020,023
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	11	976,092	1,242,178
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動計入		070,002	.,,
other comprehensive income	其他全面收益之金融資產	5	4,515	49,794
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動		.,	,
profit or loss	計入損益之金融資產	5	2,772,623	1,637,613
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行存款		3,384,516	4,747,978
			8,203,158	8,699,056
Total assets	總資產		16,084,302	16,619,022

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (cont'd)

## 簡明綜合財務狀況表(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

		Note 附註	As at 30 June 2023 於2023年 6月30日 Unaudited 未經審核	As at 31 December 2022 於2022年 12月31日 Audited 經審核
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders	権益 本公司權益持有人應佔 股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	12	328,619	328,619
Reserves	儲備	14	4,432,585	4,380,460
Retained earnings	保留盈利		7,945,690	7,941,787
			12,706,894	12,650,866
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		1,832,625	1,906,572
Total equity	總權益		14,539,519	14,557,438
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	4.6		
Borrowings	貸款	16	15,000	-
Put option liability Lease liabilities	認沽期權負債	15	139,457	131,836
Deferred income tax liabilities	租賃負債	10	36,110	37,290
Trade and other payables	遞延所得税負債 貿易及其他應付款項	10 17	120,157	125,368
Trade and other payables	貝勿以共忚應刊	17	11,605	12,163
			322,329	306,657
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Borrowings	貸款	16	451,850	677,700
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4.7	21,772	23,480
Trade and other payables Current income tax liabilities	貿易及其他應付款項	17	563,226	722,135
Contract liabilities	當期所得稅負債		116,402	215,650
Contract Habilities	合同負債		69,204	115,962
			1,222,454	1,754,927
Total liabilities	總負債		1,544,783	2,061,584
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		16,084,302	16,619,022

The above condensed consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述簡明綜合財務狀況表應與相應附註一併閱 讀。

# **Condensed Consolidated Income Statement**

## 簡明綜合收益表

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June

截至6月30日止六個月

			<b>截至6月30</b>	エム個月
		Note 附註	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Revenue	營業額	6	1,535,704	1,847,152
Cost of goods sold	銷售成本		(828,972)	(880,123)
Gross profit	毛利		706,732	967,029
Other income and other gains – net	其他收入及其他收益-淨額	18	89,480	100,227
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及市場推廣開支		(142,021)	(174,159)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(389,526)	(412,252)
Impairment of goodwill	商譽減值	7	(14,947)	(614,331)
Net impairment reversal/(losses) on		,	(14,547)	(011,331)
financial assets	金融資產減值沖回/(損失)淨額		11,022	(8,290)
Operating profit/(loss)	營運盈利/(虧損)		260,740	(141,776)
Finance income	財務收入		48,194	31,640
	融資成本		(15,440)	(12,204)
Finance costs				
Finance income – net	財務收入一淨額		32,754	19,436
Share of results of associates and	應佔聯營公司及共同控制			
jointly controlled entities	實體之業績	8,9	(6,756)	(5,052)
Profit/(loss) before income tax	除税前盈利/(虧損)		286,738	(127,392)
Income tax expense	所得税	20	(86,385)	(105,639)
Profit/(loss) for the period	本期間盈利/(虧損)		200,353	(233,031)
	n <del>ic</del> /L .			
Attributable to:	應佔:			(242.524)
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人		153,970	(313,531)
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		46,383	80,500
			200,353	(233,031)
Earnings/(loss) per share attributable	本期間本公司權益持有人			
to the Company's equity holders for the period	應佔的每股盈利/(虧損)		RMB cents 人民幣分	RMB cents 人民幣分
Basic and diluted	基本及攤薄	21	4.77	(9.71)

The above condensed consolidated income statement should be read 上述簡明綜合收益表應與相應附註一併閱讀。 in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# Condensed Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

## 簡明綜合全面收益表

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June

截至6月30日止六個月

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Profit/(loss) for the period	本期間盈利/(虧損)	200,353	(233,031)
Other comprehensive income:	其他全面收益:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	不可重新分類至損益的項目		
Fair value changes of equity investments at fair value through other	以公允價值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益之權益投資之		
comprehensive income, net of tax	除税後公允值變動	(3,104)	_
Currency translation differences of the	本公司及其非海外業務之		
Company and its non-foreign operations	貨幣換算差額	58,735	56,389
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	可重新分類至損益的項目		
Currency translation differences of	海外業務之貨幣換算差額		
foreign operations		3,314	501
Other comprehensive income for	本期間除税後其他全面收益		56.000
the period, net of tax		58,945	56,890
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for	本期間除税後全面收益/(虧損)		
the period, net of tax	總額	259,298	(176,141)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:	應佔全面收益/(虧損)總額:		
Equity holders of the Company	本公司權益持有人	203,010	(270,915)
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	56,288	94,774
		259,298	(176,141)

The above condensed consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述簡明綜合收益表應與相應附註一併閱讀。

# **Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

## 簡明綜合權益變動表

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### Unaudited 未經審核

				小紅	田 1久		
		Attributal	ble to equity h 本公司權益		Company	-	
		Share Capital	Reserves	Retained earnings	Total	Non- Controlling interests 非控制性	Total equity
		股本	儲備	保留盈利	總計	權益	總權益
Balance at 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日	328,619	4,387,519	9,168,518	13,884,656	1,834,163	15,718,819
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the six months ended 30 June 2022	截至2022年6月30日止 六個月的全面 (虧損)/收益總額	-	42,616	(313,531)	(270,915)	94,774	(176,141)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners:	與本公司擁有人的交易:						
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests Acquisition of equity interest in Shanghai Yifang Rural Technology Holdings Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries	向非控制性權益支付的股息 收購上海奕方農業科技股份 有限公司及其附屬公司 (「上海奕方」)	-	-	-	-	(176,024)	(176,024)
("Shanghai Yifang")		-	-	-	_	165,777	165,777
Final dividends for the year ended 31 December 2021 paid to shareholders Appropriations from net profit	向股東支付截至2021年 12月31日止年度期末股息 自純利撥付	- -	- (4,682)	(54,821) 4,682	(54,821) -	- -	(54,821) -
Share-based payment – value of employee services	股份為基礎的支付 – 僱員 服務價值	-	2,740	_	2,740	_	2,740
Additional investment in a non-wholly-owned subsidiary Disposal of Xinjiang Huabao Natural	額外注資於非全資附屬公司 處置新疆華寶天然生物	-	(6,530)	-	(6,530)	6,530	-
Biological Technology Co., LTD ("Xinjiang Huabao") Put option liability arising from	科技股份有限公司 (「新疆華寶」) 業務合併產生之	-	-	-	-	1,122	1,122
business combination Dilution of investment in an associate	認沽期權負債於聯營公司之投資的股權稀釋	- -	(124,515) 25,755	- -	(124,515) 25,755	- -	(124,515) 25,755
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	-	(107,232)	(50,139)	(157,371)	(2,595)	(159,966)
Balance at 30 June 2022	於2022年6月30日	328,619	4,322,903	8,804,848	13,456,370	1,926,342	15,382,712
Balance at 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	328,619	4,380,460	7,941,787	12,650,866	1,906,572	14,557,438
Total comprehensive income for the six months ended 30 June 2023	截至2023年6月30日止六個月 的全面收益總額	-	49,040	153,970	203,010	56,288	259,298
Transactions with owners in their	與本公司擁有人的交易:						
capacity as owners: Dividends payable to non-controlling interests Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	向非控制性權益宣派的股息 向非控制性權益支付的股息	- -	- -	- -	- -	(2,365) (127,885)	(2,365) (127,885)
Special dividends for the year ended 31 December 2022 paid to shareholders	向股東支付截至2022年 12月31日止年度特別股息	_	_	(148,866)	(148,866)	_	(148,866)
Appropriations from net profit Share-based payment – value of	自純利撥付 股份為基礎的支付 – 僱員	-	1,201	(1,201)	_	-	_
employee services	服務價值	-	1,884	_	1,884	15	1,899
Total transactions with owners	與擁有人交易總額	-	3,085	(150,067)	(146,982)	(130,235)	(277,217)
Balance at 30 June 2023	於2023年6月30日	328,619	4,432,585	7,945,690	12,706,894	1,832,625	14,539,519
		-					

The above condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述簡明綜合權益變動表應與相應附註一併閱讀。

# **Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

## 簡明綜合現金流量表

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		截至6月30	日止六個月
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
Cook flavor from anaroting activities	經營活動之現金流量		
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	營運產生之現金	533,871	323,344
Income tax paid	已付所得税	(182,636)	(211,545)
The tax paid	C D DI 14 W	(182,030)	(211,545)
Net cash generated from operating activities	營運活動產生之現金淨額	351,235	111,799
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動的現金流量		
Acquisition of a subsidiary	收購附屬公司	_	(79,233)
Acquisition of equity interest in associates	購入聯營公司之股權	_	(8,200)
Proceeds from disposal of associates	出售聯營公司所得款	10,590	_
Purchases of financial assets at fair value through	購入以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益之		
profit or loss	金融資產	(8,306,254)	(6,546,986)
Proceeds from disposals of financial assets at	出售以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益之		
fair value through profit or loss	金融資產所得款項	7,188,679	8,331,873
Purchase of property, plant and equipment and	購入物業、機器及設備及無形資產		
intangible assets		(208,396)	(179,740)
Purchases of right-of-use assets for land use rights	購入土地使用權相關之使用權資產	(7,196)	(21,165)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、機器及設備,無形資產所得		
equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use	款項及使用權資產		
assets	4- 7- <del>2- 40</del> 4- +1	8,432	3,102
Time deposits placed	存入定期存款	-	(320,304)
Dividend received	已收股息	5,006	5,454
Interest received	已收利息	48,120	27,446
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing	投資活動(所用)/產生之現金淨額		
activities		(1,261,019)	1,212,247
Cash Flows from financing activities	融資活動的現金流量		
Final dividend for the year ended	向股東支付截至2021年12月31日止年度之		
31 December 2021 paid to shareholders	期末股息	_	(54,821)
Special dividend for the year ended	向股東支付截至2022年12月31日止年度之		, , ,
31 December 2022 paid to shareholders	特別股息	(148,866)	_
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	向非控制性權益支付股息	(127,885)	(176,024)
Refund of deposit paid for note receivables	退回附屬公司間貼現應收票據保証金	( ,,,,,,	, , ,
discounted between the subsidiaries		75,800	
Payment of deposit paid for note receivables	支付附屬公司間貼現應收票據保証金		
discounted between the subsidiaries		(30,090)	
New bank borrowings raised	新增銀行貸款	280,050	107,790
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行貸款	(490,900)	(702,144)
Principal elements of lease payments	支付租賃付款之本金部分	(13,054)	(14,598)
Interest elements of lease payments	支付租賃付款之利息部分	(56)	(636)
Interest paid related to bank borrowings and others	與銀行貸款及其他相關之已付利息	(7,742)	(12,565)
		,	,
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金淨額	(462,743)	(852,998)

# **Condensed Consolidated Cash Flow Statement** (cont'd)

## 簡明綜合現金流量表(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June

		截至6月30	日止六個月
		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物(減少)/增加 淨額	(1,372,527)	471,048
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	期初之現金及現金等價物	4,668,475	3,541,425
Effects of currency translation on cash and cash equivalents	貨幣換算對現金及現金等價物的 影響	46,139	49,858
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	期末之現金及現金等價物	3,342,087	4,062,331

(a) Reconciliation to the condensed consolidated statement of financial position:

(a) 與簡明綜合財務狀況表對賬:

現金及銀行存款	3,384,516
加:受限的銀行存款	42,429
現金及現金等價物	3,342,087
	八加田以
	未經審核
	Unaudited
	6月30日
	於2023年
	2023
	30 June
	As at
	加:受限的銀行存款

The above condensed consolidated cash flow statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述簡明綜合現金流量表應與相應附註一併閱讀。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Huabao International Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda.

The Company has its primary listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") are mainly engaged in the research and development ("R&D"), production, distribution and sale of Flavours and Fragrances, and Food ingredients, tobacco raw materials, aroma raw materials and condiment products in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"). Ms. Chu Lam Yiu ("Ms. Chu"), who is the Chairlady of the Board of Directors, holds approximately 71% beneficial equity interest in the Company as at 30 June 2023.

This condensed consolidated interim financial information is presented in thousands of units of RMB ("RMB'000") unless otherwise stated and it has been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 30 August 2023.

This unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial information has been reviewed and approved by the Company's audit committee together with the Board.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

This condensed consolidated interim financial information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 has been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34, "Interim financial reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. This condensed consolidated interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 which have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS").

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 1. 一般資料

華寶國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。 其註冊辦事處地址為Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM 11, Bermuda。

本公司的股份主要於香港聯合交易所有 限公司上市。

本公司為投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)之業務主要在中華人民共和國(「中國」)研究及發展(「研發」)、生產、分銷及銷售香精、食品配料、煙用原料、香原料及調味品產品。朱林瑤女士(「朱女士」)乃本公司之董事局主席,於2023年6月30日,朱女士持有本公司約71%之權益。

本簡明綜合中期財務資料除另有指明者外,均以人民幣千元(「人民幣千元」)列示。本簡明綜合中期財務資料已於2023年8月30日獲董事會批准刊發。

本未經審核之簡明綜合中期財務資料已 經由本公司審核委員會連同董事會審閱 並批准。

### 2. 編製基準

本公司截至2023年6月30日止六個月的簡明綜合中期財務資料已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港會計準則(「香港會計準則」)第34號「中期財務報告」而編制。本簡明綜合中期財務資料應與本集團根據香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)而編製的截至2022年12月31日止年度的綜合財務報表一併閱讀。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Except as described below, the accounting policies applied are consistent with those of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022, as described in those financial statements.

## (a) New or amended standards adopted by the Group

A number of new or amended standards became applicable for the current reporting period. None of these amendments have had a material impact on how the Group's results and financial position for the current period have been prepared or presented in the interim financial report. The Group did not change its accounting policies or make retrospective adjustments as a result of adopting these amended standards.

## (b) Impact of standards issued but not yet applied by the Group

The following new standards and amendments to standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 3. 會計政策

除下列所述外,編製本中期財務資料所採用之會計政策與截至2022年12月31日 止年度的年度財務報表所採用的會計政 策一致,並已詳列於該財務報表內。

### (a) 本集團已採納的新準則或對現有 準則的修訂

新準則或對現有準則的修訂已開始 適用於本報告期內。該等變化出對 集團於中期財務報告如務制 到當前期間的業績及財務狀況並無 對成重大影響。本集團無須就採納 新的會計政策修訂而更改其會計政 策或作出追溯調整。

### (b) 已發佈但尚未應用於本集團之準 則的影響

本集團並無提早採納以下已公佈但 仍未生效的新準則及對現有準則的 修訂

> Effective for the financial year beginning on or after 於下列日期或 之後開始的年度 期間起生效

Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause	1 January 2024
香港詮釋第5號(2020年)	財務報表之呈列-借款人對有償還要求條款 之有期貸款之分類	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號修訂	流動負債及非流動負債之分類	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 1	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號修訂	有承諾條款之非流動負債	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2024
香港會計準則第1號修訂	會計政策披露	2024年1月1日
Amendment to HKFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
香港財務報告準則第16號修訂	售後回租之租賃負債	2024年1月1日
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an	To be determined
HKAS 28	Investor and its Associates or Joint ventures	
香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計 準則第28號修訂	投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的 資產出售或出資	待定

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (b) Impact of standards issued but not yet applied by the Group (continued)

The management is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of the above new and revised standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

#### 4. ESTIMATES

The preparation of interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing this condensed consolidated interim financial information, except for those described in Note 5.3 and Note 7(a), the significant judgements made by management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 3. 會計政策(續)

### (b) 已發佈但尚未應用於本集團之準 則的影響

管理層正在評估以上新訂、經修改 之準則、修訂及對現有準則的詮釋 對本集團綜合財務報表的影響。

### 4. 估計

編製中期財務資料要求管理層對影響會計政策的應用和所報告資產和負債以及 收支的數額作出判斷、估計和假設。實際 結果或會與此等估計不同。

在編製此等簡明綜合中期財務資訊時,除了附註5.3及附註7(a)所述外,管理層應用本集團會計政策時作出的重大判斷和估計不確定性的關鍵來源,與2022年12月31日止年度之綜合財務報表所應用的相同。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### 5.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed consolidated interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022. There have been no changes in the risk management policies since 31 December 2022.

#### 5.2 Liquidity risk

The Group's net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including current and non-current borrowings) less cash and cash equivalents. No debt-to-equity ratio is presented as the Group had net cash surplus as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022.

#### 5.3 Fair value estimation

The following categorises financial instruments carried at fair value based on the level of inputs to valuation techniques within a fair value hierarchy. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 5. 財務風險管理

### 5.1 財務風險因素

本集團的活動面對多項財務風險: 市場風險(包括外匯風險、現金流量 之利率風險和公允價值之利率風險 及價格風險)、信貸風險及流動性風 險。

簡明綜合中期財務資料並未包括年度財務資料規定的所有財務風險管理信息和披露,此中期財務報表應與本集團截至2022年12月31日止年度的年度財務報表一併閱讀。自2022年12月31日以來,風險管理政策並無任何變動。

#### 5.2 流動性風險

本集團之債務淨額為總借貸(包括流動及非流動貸款)減去現金及現金等價物。由於本集團於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日擁有淨現金盈餘,故未呈現債務淨額。

#### 5.3 公允價值估計

以下對以公允價值計量的金融工具 進行分類,乃根據在公允價值層級 中輸入估值技巧的級別釐定。不同 層級的定義如下:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場的 報價(未經調整)(第一層)。
- 除了第一層所包括的報價外, 該資產和負債的可觀察的其他 輸入,可直接(即例如價格)或 間接(即源自價格)(第二層)。
- 資產和負債並非依據可觀察市場數據的輸入(即非可觀察輸入)(第三層)。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

### 5.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

The following tables present the Group's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022:

## 5. 財務風險管理(續)

### 5.3 公允價值估計(續)

下表列示本集團於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日按公允值計量及確認的金融資產:

		Level 1 第一層	Level 2 第二層	Level 3 第三層	Total 共計
At 30 June 2023	於2023年6月30日				
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動計入				
profit or loss ("FVPL")	損益之金融資產				
<ul> <li>Listed equity investments</li> </ul>	- 上市權益投資	28,520	-	-	28,520
<ul> <li>Wealth management products</li> </ul>	一財富管理產品	-	-	2,744,103	2,744,103
<ul> <li>Unlisted equity investments</li> </ul>	一非上市權益投資	-	-	190,548	190,548
<ul> <li>Contingent consideration</li> </ul>	一或有業績補償	-	-	63,490	63,490
Financial assets at fair value through	以公允價值計量且其變動計入				
other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"	) 其他全面收益之金融資產				
– Unlisted equity investments in the PRC	一於中國的非上市權益投資	-	-	191,745	191,745
– Debt investments	一債務投資	_	_	4,515	4,515
		28,520	_	3,194,401	3,222,921
					<b>-</b>
		Level 1 第一層	Level 2 第二層	Level 3 第三層	Total 共計
					<u> </u>
At 31 December 2022	於2022年12月31日				
Financial assets at FVPL	以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益				
	之金融資產				
<ul> <li>Listed equity investments</li> </ul>	- 上市權益投資	43,298	_	-	43,298
– Wealth management products	一財富管理產品	-	-	1,594,315	1,594,315
<ul> <li>Unlisted equity investments</li> </ul>	一非上市權益投資	_	-	189,568	189,568
<ul> <li>Contingent consideration</li> </ul>	一或有業績補償	_	-	63,490	63,490
Financial assets at FVOCI	以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他				
	全面收益之金融資產				
– Unlisted equity investments in	-於中國的非上市權益投資				
the PRC		_	_	16,006	16,006
				40.704	49,794
– Debt investments	一債權投資			49,794	49,794

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 5.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

There were no transfers of financial assets between level 1, level 2 and level 3 fair value hierarchy classifications for the six months ended 30 June 2023. There are no other financial instruments that were measured at fair value as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022.

The financial assets of level 1 within the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 were the listed equity investments included in financial assets at FVPL. The fair value of these financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets of level 1 held by the Group is the current bid price.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 5. 財務風險管理(續)

### 5.3 公允價值估計(續)

截至2023年6月30日止六個月,概無金融資產於第一層,第二層和第三層架構類別之間轉入或轉出。於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日,並無其他金融工具乃按公允價值計量。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 5.4 Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

The financial assets of level 3 within the fair value hierarchy as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 were financial assets at FVOCI and financial assets at FVPL. The following table presents the changes of the Group's financial assets of level 3 within the fair value hierarchy for the six months ended 30 June 2023:

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 5. 財務風險管理(續)

## **5.4** 使用重大不可觀察輸入的公允價值計量(第三層)

於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日,公允價值層級中的第三層金融資產為以公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益的金融資產和以益稅價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金融資產。下表列出了本集團截至2023年6月30日止六個月的公允價值層級中第三層金融資產的變化:

At 30 June 2023	於2023年6月30日	382,293	2,744,103	4,515	63,490	3,194,401
Currency translation differences	貨幣換算差額	3,524			-	3,524
other comprehensive income	公允價值變動	(3,652)	-	-	-	(3,652)
Changes in fair value recognised in	於其他全面收益中確認之					
other income and other gains – net	額中確認之公允價值變動	(4,166)	33,835	-	-	29,669
Changes in fair value recognised in	於其他收入和其他收益-淨					
Disposals	出售	(4,632)	(7,184,047)	(106,186)	-	(7,294,865)
associates		179,391	_	-	-	179,391
Transfer from investments in	由於聯營公司之投資轉入					
Additions	添置	6,254	8,300,000	60,907	_	8,367,161
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日	205,574	1,594,315	49,794	63,490	1,913,173
		權益投資	產品	債務投資	補償	共計
		非上市	財富管理		或有業績	
		investment	products	investments	•	Total
		Unlisted equity	Wealth management	Debt	Contingent	

簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

## 5.4 Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) (continued)

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements.

## 5. 財務風險管理(續)

# **5.4** 使用重大不可觀察輸入的公允價值計量(第三層)(續)

下表列出使用於公允價值層級第三層金融資產中的不可觀察輸入數據。

Description	Fair value 公允價值		Unobservable inputs 不可觀察		f inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值的關係		
描述	公元 30 June	頂阻 31 December	輸入數據	數據 30 June	範圍 31 December	ムル関目的開係		
	2023	2022		2023	2022			
	2023年	2022年		2023 2023年	2022年			
	6月30日	12月31日		6月30日	12月31日			
	07150 A	12/1311		07.30 A	12/,311			
Unlisted equity investments	382,293	205,574	Discount for lack of marketability	4%-18%	9%-19%	The higher the Discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value		
非上市權益投資			缺乏市場流動性折扣			缺乏市場流動性折扣越高, 公允價值越低		
			Enterprise Value/Sales multiple of peers	1.60-3.65	1.60-3.65	The higher the Enterprise Value/ Sales multiple, the higher the fair value		
			市場乘數EV/Sales			市場乘數EV/Sales越高, 公允價值越高		
			Price/Sales multiple of peers	4.43	4.43-6.80	ムル関ロ機同 The higher the Price/Sales multiples, the higher the fair value		
			市場乘數 P/S Price/Earnings multiple of peers	20.00	20.00	市場乘數P/S越高,公允值越高 The higher the Price/Earnings multiples, the higher the fair value		
			市場乘數 P/E			市場乘數P/E越高,公允值越高		
Wealth management products	2,744,103	1,594,315	Expected rate of return	2.30%-3.45%	1.00%-4.71%	The higher the Expected rate of return, the higher the fair value		
財富管理產品			預期回報率			預期回報率越高,公允價值越高		
Debt investments	4,515	49,794	Risk-adjusted discount rate	2.65%	2.55%	The higher the Risk-adjusted discount rate, the lower the fair value		
債權投資			風險調整貼現率			風險調整貼現率越高,公允價值 越低		
Contingent consideration	63,490	63,490	Risk-adjusted discount rates	12.86%-14.95%	12.86%- 14.95%	The higher the Risk-adjusted discount rates, the lower the		
或有業績補償			風險調整貼現率			fair value 風險調整貼現率越高,公允價值 越低		
			Revenue growth rates	5.00%-65%	5.00%-65%	The higher the Revenue growth rate, the higher the fair value		
			收入增長率			收入增長率越高,公允價值越高		
			Gross margin	20.24%- 28.08%	20.24%- 28.08%	The higher the Gross margin, the higher the fair value		
			毛利率			毛利率越高,公允價值越高		

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 5. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 5.5 Group's valuation processes

The Group's finance department includes a team that performs the valuation of financial assets required for financial reporting purposes with the assistance of an independent valuer when necessary, including Level 3 fair values. This team reports directly to the chief financial officer. Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the CFO and the valuation team at least once every half a year, in line with the Group's reporting dates.

## 5.6 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 5. 財務風險管理(續)

#### 5.5 本集團的估值過程

### 5.6 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產及負 債之公允價值

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產和負債的公允價值乃與其賬面值相若。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group has organised its operations into four main operating segments:

- (1) Flavours and fragrances, and Food ingredients ("F&F and Food ingredients");
- (2) Tobacco raw materials;
- (3) Aroma raw materials; and
- (4) Condiment.

The chief operating decision-makers have been identified as the executive directors (the "Executive Directors"). The Executive Directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The Executive Directors consider the business from the operation's perspective and assess the performance of F&F and Food ingredients, tobacco raw materials, aroma raw materials and condiment segments.

- (1) F&F and Food ingredients segment includes R&D, production and sale of flavours and fragrances products, and food ingredient products.
- (2) Tobacco raw materials segment includes R&D, production and sale of paper-making reconstituted tobacco leaves and new materials products that are innovative, functional and applicable to tobacco industry.
- (3) Aroma raw materials segment includes R&D, manufacture and sale of aroma raw materials products that are extracted from natural materials or generated from chemical process.
- (4) Condiment segment includes production, sales, marketing and distribution of condiments.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 6. 營業額及分部資料

本集團的經營分為四項主要營運分部:

- (1) 香精及食品配料;
- (2) 煙用原料;
- (3) 香原料;及
- (4) 調味品。

主要經營決策者明確為執行董事(「執行董事」),執行董事審閱本集團的內部報告以評估表現及分配資源。管理層按照此報告以決定營運分部。

執行董事從經營活動角度考慮業務及評 估香精及食品配料、煙用原料、香原料及 調味品之分部業務表現。

- (1) 香精及食品配料業務包括研發、生 產及銷售香精產品及食品配料產品。
- (2) 煙用原料業務包括研發、生產及銷售造紙法再造煙葉產品及創新、具功能性等適用於煙草行業的新材料產品。
- (3) 香原料業務包括研發、生產及銷售 香原料產品,香原料乃通過化學反 應合成或天然提取的「帶香物質」。
- (4) 調味品業務包括生產、銷售、營銷 及分銷調味品產品。

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

# 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The segment information for the six months ended 30 June 2023 is presented below:

## 6. 營業額及分部資料(續)

截至2023年6月30日止六個月的分部資料 呈列如下:

		Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 2023 截至2023年6月30日止六個月							
		F&F and Food ingredients 香精及	Tobacco raw materials	Aroma raw materials	Condiment	Others	Total		
		食品配料	煙用原料	香原料	調味品	其他	總計		
Total revenue Inter-segment revenue	總營業額 分部間營業額	693,024 (12,090)	199,753 (12,274)	293,155 (3,150)	374,542 -	2,744 -	1,563,218 (27,514)		
Segment revenue – net	分部營業額-淨額	680,934	187,479	290,005	374,542	2,744	1,535,704		
Segment result	分部業績	237,967	44,272	(9,968)	71,426	(82,957)	260,740		
Finance income	財務收入						48,194		
Finance costs Finance income – net	融資成本 財務收入-淨額					L	(15,440) 32,754		
Share of results of associates and jointly controlled entities	應佔聯營公司及共同控制 實體之業績						(6,756)		
Profit before income tax	除税前盈利						286,738		
Income tax expense	所得税						(86,385)		
Profit for the period	本期間盈利						200,353		
Depreciation	折舊	34,440	25,025	32,012	7,397	2,465	101,339		
Amortisation	攤銷	5,780	4,249	5,878	37,294	660	53,861		
		於2023年6月30日 F&F and Tobacco Aroma							
		Food	raw	raw	<b>.</b>	0.1			
		ingredients 香精及	materials	materials	Condiment	Others	Total		
		食品配料	煙用原料	香原料	調味品	其他	總計		
Segment assets	分部資產	8,115,777	2,089,126	1,485,755	3,147,266	1,246,378	16,084,302		

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

# 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The segment information for the six months ended 30 June 2022 is presented below:

## 6. 營業額及分部資料(續)

截至2022年6月30日止六個月的分部資料 呈列如下:

> Unaudited 未經審核

For the six months ended 30 June 2022 截至2022年6月30日止六個月

			-	\$V	3011 H, (III)				
		F&F and	Tobacco	Aroma					
		Food	raw	raw					
		ingredients	materials	materials	Condiment	Others	Total		
		香精及							
		食品配料	煙用原料	香原料	調味品	其他	總計		
Total revenue	總營業額	897,113	198,268	479,918	289,264	_	1,864,563		
Inter-segment revenue	分部間營業額	(9,158)	(6,396)	(1,857)	, -	_	(17,411)		
Segment revenue – net	分部營業額-淨額	887,955	191,872	478,061	289,264	_	1,847,152		
	0 to 1/4 /t				(505.05.4)	(22 7 5 5)	(====)		
Segment result	分部業績	468,824	19,365	44,775	(585,974)	(88,766)	(141,776)		
Finance income	財務收入						31,640		
Finance costs	融資成本						(12,204)		
Finance income – net	財務收入-淨額						19,436		
Share of results of associates and	應佔聯營公司及共同控制								
jointly controlled entities	實體之業績						(5,052)		
Loss before income tax	除税前虧損						(127,392)		
Income tax expense	所得税						(105,639)		
Loss for the period	本期間虧損						(233,031)		
Depreciation	折舊	31,017	41,810	25,564	5,270	2,474	106,135		
Amortisation	攤銷	2,875	4,506	5,646	37,306	393	50,726		
		Audited							
		經審核							
		於2022年12月31日							
	-	F&F and	Tobacco	Aroma					
		Food	raw	raw					
		ingredients	materials	materials	Condiment	Others	Total		
		香精及							
		食品配料	煙用原料	香原料	調味品	其他	總計		

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

# 6. REVENUE AND SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

Segment result represents the profit before income tax earned by each segment without inclusion of unallocated corporate expenses, finance costs, finance income and share of results in associates and jointly controlled entities. This is the measure reported to chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets, investments in associates, investments in jointly controlled entities, financial assets at FVPL and financial assets at FVOCI that are managed by the Finance Department, deferred income tax assets, other non-current assets, inventories, trade and other receivables, time deposits, and cash and cash equivalents. They exclude financial assets at FVOCI and financial assets at FVPL that are managed by the Investment Department and intersegment eliminations.

Non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets of the Group as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 are mainly located in the PRC.

Revenues from external customers are derived from the sales of F&F and Food ingredients, tobacco raw materials, aroma raw materials and condiments to customers mainly of whom located in the PRC.

Revenue derived from sales made to the single largest external customer for the six months ended 30 June 2023 amounted to 4.7% (for the six months ended 30 June 2022: 6.3%) of the Group's total revenue. These revenues are attributable to F&F and Food ingredients segment.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 6. 營業額及分部資料(續)

分部業績是代表各分部之除税前盈利, 當中並沒有包括未分類的公司開支、融 資成本、財務收入及應佔聯營公司及共 同控制實體之業績。此分部業績主要是 為分配資源和評估各分部之表現而向主 要營運決策者呈列的方式。

除金融工具和遞延所得税資產以外,於 2023年6月30日及2022年12月31日本集 團的非流動資產主要位於中國。

來自外部客戶的收入主要來源自銷售香 精及食品配料、煙用原料、香原料以及調 味品予國內客戶。

截至2023年6月30日止六個月期間,來源於最大外部單一客戶的收入佔集團總收入的4.7%(2022年6月30日:6.3%)。這些收入是由香精及食品配料分部產生的。

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

## 7. 物業、機器及設備及無形資產

Unaudited 未經審核

					-1-4				
		Other property, plant and equipment 其他物業、 機器及設備	Mature bearer plants 成熟的生產 性植物	Immature bearer plants 未成熟的 生產性植物	Construction in progress 在建工程	Total property, plant and equipment 物業、機器及 設備總計	Goodwill 商譽	Other intangible assets 其他無形 資產	Total intangible assets 無形資產 總計
For the six months ended 30 June 2022 At 1 January 2022 Acquisition of equity interest in Shanghai Yifang Additions Transfers Disposals Depreciation and amortisation Impairment of goodwill (Note (a)) Currency translation differences	截至2022年6月30日止六個月 於2022年1月1日 收購上海奕方之股權 添置 轉移 出售 折舊及攤銷 商譽減值(附註(a)) 貨幣換算差額	1,393,428 94,767 19,932 34,189 (5,139) (93,764) - 4	- 38,130 - - - (701) - -	- 84,944 267 - - - -	249,138 802 157,583 (34,189) - - - 528	1,642,566 218,643 177,782 - (5,139) (94,465) - 532	5,078,741 49,418 - - - (614,331)	768,566 22,844 2,225 - (46,124)	5,847,307 72,262 2,225 - (46,124) (614,331)
At 30 June 2022	於2022年6月30日	1,443,417	37,429	85,211	373,862	1,939,919	4,513,828	747,511	5,261,339
At 31 December 2022 Cost Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment	<b>於2022年12月31日</b> 成本 累計折舊,攤銷及減值	3,132,112 (1,593,822)	38,541 (1,791)	92,271 -	407,107 (31,774)	3,670,031 (1,627,387)	5,953,293 (2,332,844)	1,442,475 (740,204)	7,395,768 (3,073,048)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,538,290	36,750	92,271	375,333	2,042,644	3,620,449	702,271	4,322,720
For the six months ended 30 June 2023 At 1 January 2023 Additions Transfers Disposals Depreciation and amortisation Impairment of goodwill (Note (a)) Currency translation differences	截至2023年6月30日止六個月 於2023年1月1日 添置 轉移 出售 折舊及攤銷 商譽減值(附註(a)) 貨幣換算差額	1,538,290 77,740 112,484 (3,444) (87,068) - 7,317	36,750 675 - - (1,209) -	92,271 862 - - - -	375,333 121,028 (114,146) - - - 1,948	2,042,644 200,305 (1,662) (3,444) (88,277) - 9,265	3,620,449 - - - (14,947)	702,271 8,091 1,662 - (47,508) - 26	4,322,720 8,091 1,662 - (47,508) (14,947) 26
At 30 June 2023	於2023年6月30日	1,645,319	36,216	93,133	384,163	2,158,831	3,605,502	664,542	4,270,044
At 30 June 2023 Cost Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment	<b>於2023年6月30日</b> 成本 累計折舊、攤銷及減值	3,318,807 (1,673,488)	39,216 (3,000)	93,133 -	415,937 (31,774)	3,867,093 (1,708,262)	5,953,293 (2,347,791)	1,452,254 (787,712)	7,405,547 (3,135,503)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	1,645,319	36,216	93,133	384,163	2,158,831	3,605,502	664,542	4,270,044

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

### (a) Impairment of goodwill

Goodwill is mainly attributable to the anticipated profitability of operations, the anticipated future operating synergies and enlarged market share. Goodwill arising from prior year is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units ("CGUs") identified within the operating segment. The goodwill is allocated in CGUs as follows:

#### As at 30 June 2023 As at 31 December 2022 於2023年6月30日 於2022年12月31日 Others Others (including (including Flavours Shanghai Flavours Shanghai Yifang) RTL Jiahao Yifang) Subgroup RTL Jiahao Total Subgroup Total 其他(包括 其他(包括 香精 再造煙葉 上海奕方) 總計 再造煙葉 嘉豪 上海奕方) 總計 嘉豪 香精 Goodwill 商譽 1,969,377 1,186,344 356,168 1,969,377 93.613 3.605.502 1,186,344 356,168 108,560 3,620,449

The Company's management reviews the provision for goodwill impairment on an ongoing basis, generally annually and more frequently if there are any events or changes in circumstances that would give rise to potential impairment. The Company uses the income approach (i.e. discounted cash flow models) as the evaluation method for such provision. The reason for adopting this method is that according to HKAS 36 — Impairment of Assets, goodwill impairment assessment usually uses the income approach to determine the use value of a CGU. CGU that have a sufficiently long financial history would have a basis for predicting future results, and in such case, the recoverable amount of goodwill of the CGU would be based on the value in use ("VIU"). As each of the Group's CGUs is CGU having a long financial history which could provide the basis for predicting its future results, it satisfied the criteria for the application of the discounted cash flow models and hence its profitability forecast could be conducted based on historical data.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 7. 物業、機器及設備及無形資產(續)

#### (a) 商譽減值

商譽主要由經營活動的預期盈利 狀況、預期的未來經營協同效應和 擴大的市場份額決定。本集團於以 前年度產生之商譽主要根據其業 務分部分配至多個現金產生單位 (「CGUs」)。商譽分配至 CGUs 呈列 如下:

本公司管理層持續審查商譽的減值 撥備並通常按年審查,如若出現任 何可能導致潛在減值的事件或情況 變化,則審查頻率會相應提高。本 公司採用收益法(亦即貼現現金流 量模型)作為有關計提的評估方法。 採用這種方法的原因乃根據《香港 會計準則第36號一資產減值》,商 譽減值評估通常採用收益法來確定 CGU之價值。具有足夠長時間之財 務歷史的CGU則相應具備預測未來 業績的基礎,在這種情況下,CGU 之商譽的可收回金額將基於使用 價值(「VIU」)而定。由於集團各個 CGUs均為具有較長時間之財務歷史 的CGU、具備預測其未來業績的基 礎,故滿足使用貼現現金流量模型 的條件,因此可以根據歷史數據進 行其收益的預測。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

### (a) Impairment of goodwill (continued)

The recoverable amount of a CGU is determined based on the higher of VIU and the fair value less the costs of disposal ("FVLCOD"). As at 31 December 2022, management recalculated the recoverable amounts of all CGUs. The VIU results of CGUs other than the CGU of Reconstituted Tobacco Leaves ("RTL"), the CGU of Jiahao Foodstuff Limited and its subsidiaries ("Jiahao") and the CGU of Shanghai Yifang were assessed to be exceed their carrying amounts as at 31 December 2022. Based on the results of the Group's discussion with customers at the end of 2022, the management of the Group re-evaluated the supply and demand situation of the traditional RTL industry and considered that the oversupply in the traditional RTL would remain for a longer period of time, while based on the principle of prudence and conservatism, a conservative forecast on the future sales of the traditional RTL was made. As at 31 December 2022, management engaged an independent valuer to conduct an impairment test on goodwill of CGU of RTL. According to the test results, an impairment of goodwill of approximately RMB293,195,000 was recognised for the CGU of RTL, resulted in a reduction in the carrying amount of the goodwill of RTL from RMB649,363,000 to RMB356,168,000 as at 31 December 2022.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 7. 物業、機器及設備及無形資產(續)

### (a) 商譽減值(續)

CGU的可收回金額乃根據VIU與公允 價值減去處置費用(「FVLCOD」)兩 者中的較高者釐定。於2022年12月 31日,管理層再次評估所有CGUs的 可收回金額,除了再造煙葉CGU, 嘉豪食品有限公司及其附屬公司(「嘉 豪」) CGU及上海奕方CGU外,其餘 CGUs的VIU結果被評估為超過其賬 面值。基於本集團於2022年年底與 客戶的溝通結果,本集團管理層對 傳統再造煙葉行業供需情況重新做 了評估,認為傳統再造煙葉行業供 大於求仍將維持一段較長時間,基 於審慎和保守的原則,對傳統再造 煙葉未來的銷售做了保守的預測。 於2022年12月31日,管理層聘用 獨立評估師為再造煙葉的CGU進行 減值測試。根據測試結果,再造煙 葉的CGU確認了商譽減值為人民幣 293,195,000元,導致再造煙葉的商 譽 賬 面 值 由 人 民 幣 649.363.000元 減少至於2022年12月31日的人民幣 356,168,000元。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

#### (a) Impairment of goodwill (continued)

Given that the revenue and the operating profit of Jiahao had dropped significantly in 2022, and there is great uncertainty in the future of the Chinese condiment market due to the pandemic, an impairment loss on goodwill of Jiahao's CGU is expected. As at 31 December 2022, management engaged an independent valuer to conduct an impairment test on goodwill of CGU of Jiahao. According to the test results, an impairment of goodwill of approximately RMB1,170,675,000 were recognised for the CGU of Jiahao, resulted in a reduction in the carrying amount of the goodwill of Jiahao from RMB3,140,052,000 to RMB1,969,377,000 as at 31 December 2022.

Following the decrease in revenue and operating profit of the CGU of Shanghai Yifang after the acquisition by the Group due to the impact of multiple factors such as slowing economic growth, pandemic in the PRC, complex and changeable external environment, and weakened market demand in 2022. Based on prudent and conservative principles, the Group has lowered its earnings forecast for Shanghai Yifang in the future, and an impairment loss on goodwill of Shanghai Yifang's CGU is expected. As at 31 December 2022, management engaged an independent valuer to conduct an impairment test on CGU of Shanghai Yifang. According to the test results, an impairment of goodwill of approximately RMB43,840,000 was recognised for the CGU of Shanghai Yifang, resulted in a reduction in the carrying amount of the goodwill of Shanghai Yifang from RMB49,418,000 to RMB5,578,000 as at 31 December 2022.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 7. 物業、機器及設備及無形資產(續)

#### (a) 商譽減值(續)

鑑於2022年嘉豪的收入和營運盈 利大幅下降,且受疫情影響,中確調味品市場未來存在較大不確較大工現計嘉豪CGU的商譽將工出質 值損失。於2022年12月31日,管理 層聘請獨立評估師對嘉豪CGU的 層進行減值測試。根據測試結果 嘉豪CGU確認商譽減值約以 期間值由人民幣3,140,052,000元 減少至於2022年12月31日的人民幣 1,969,377,000元。

集團在完成收購上海奕方後,2022 年面對經濟增速放緩、國內疫情、 外部環境複雜多變以及市場需求減 弱等多重因素衝擊,上海奕方CGU 於2022年的銷售收入及營運盈利下 滑。基於審慎和保守的原則,集團 下調了上海奕方在未來的盈利預測 並預計上海奕方CGU之商譽將出現 減值。於2022年12月31日,管理層 聘用獨立評估師為上海奕方的CGU 進行減值測試,根據測試結果,上 海奕方CGU確認商譽減值人民幣 43,840,000元, 導致上海奕方的商 譽 賬 面 值 由 人 民 幣49,418,000元 減 少至於2022年12月31日的人民幣 5,578,000元。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

#### (a) Impairment of goodwill (continued)

As at 30 June 2023, management reassessed the recoverable amount of all CGUs and engaged an independent valuer to conduct impairment tests for the CGU of RTL and the CGU of Jiahao. Based on the assessment results, except for the CGU of Yancheng City Chunzhu Aroma Co., Ltd ("Yancheng Chunzhu") and the CGU of Jiangxi Xianghai Biological Technology Co., Ltd ("Jiangxi Xianghai"), the VIU results of the remaining CGUs were assessed to be in excess of their carrying amounts, and the Group considered that there was no additional impairment of goodwill. Because of the slow recovery of the global economy after the pandemic and the decline in the demand for aroma raw material products in both domestic and overseas markets, and at the same time, the price drop of aroma raw material products due to fierce competition and increased tariff for exports, our competitive edge in the international market has been weakened and profit margins were squeezed. As a result, the performance of the CGU of Yancheng Chunzhu and the CGU of Jiangxi Xianghai, under the Group's aroma raw materials segment, were directly affected. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the sales revenue of the CGU of Yancheng Chunzhu and the CGU of Jiangxi Xianghai decreased by 47.8% and 16.4% year-on-year respectively, and there were signs of impairment of goodwill. On 30 June 2023, the management conducted an impairment test on the CGU of Yancheng Chunzhu and the CGU of Jiangxi Xianghai and based on the results of the test, the CGU of Yancheng Chunzhu and the CGU of Jiangxi Xianghai recognised impairment of goodwill of approximately RMB8,995,000 and RMB5,952,000, respectively.

The VIU calculations were based on pre-tax cash flow projections from financial budgets prepared by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated terminal growth rates below. The terminal growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the businesses in which the CGU operates. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant segments or entities as below. Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and their expectations for the market development.

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 7. 物業、機器及設備及無形資產(續)

### (a) 商譽減值(續)

於2023年6月30日,管理層再次評 估所有CGUs的可收回金額,並聘 請獨立評估師為再造煙葉CGU與嘉 豪CGU進行減值測試。根據評估結 果,除了鹽城市春竹香料有限公司 (「鹽城春竹」) CGU和江西香海生物 科技有限公司(「江西香海」)CGU外, 其餘CGUs的VIU結果被評估為超過 其 賬 面 值,本 集 團 認 為 並 無 額 外 商 譽減值。由於疫情,全球經濟恢復 緩慢,國內外市場對香原料產品的 需求下滑,同時,由於競爭激烈, 香原料產品價格下降,出口方面關 税增加,降低了國際競爭優勢,擠 壓了利潤空間,導致本集團香原料 板塊旗下的鹽城春竹CGU和江西香 海CGU的業績直接受到影响。截至 2023年6月30日止六個月,鹽城春 竹CGU和江西香海CGU的銷售收入 同比分別下降了47.8%和16.4%, 商譽出現了減值跡象。於2023年6 月30日,管理層對鹽城春竹CGU和 江西香海CGU進行減值測試,根據 測試結果,鹽城春竹CGU和江西香 海CGU分別確認商譽減值約人民幣 8,995,000元及人民幣5,952,000元。

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

#### (a) Impairment of goodwill (continued)

The key assumptions used for VIU calculations are as follows:

#### 7. 物業、機器及設備及無形資產(續)

#### (a) 商譽減值(續)

計算VIU的關鍵假設列示如下:

		As at 30 June 2023 於2023年6月30日			As at 31 December 2022 於2022年12月31日				
		Flavours Subgroup	RTL	Jiahao	Others (including Shanghai Yifang) 其他	Flavours Subgroup	RTL	Jiahao	Others (including Shanghai Yifang 其他
		香精	再造煙葉	嘉豪	(包括上海奕方)	香精	再造煙葉	吉豪	(包括上海奕方)
Forecast growth rate Terminal growth rate Budgeted gross	預計增長率 永續年增長率 預計毛利率	-41.0%-0.0% 0.0%	-3.7%-35.6% 3.0%	7.8%~22.7% 3.0%	-36.3%-84.7% 0.0%-3.0%	-14.0%~0.0% 0.0%	-6.0%~20.1% 3.0%	7.8%~22.7% 3.0%	-27.2%~82.4% 0.0%~3.0%
profit margin Pre-tax discount rate	税前貼現率	82.6% 14.4%	47.3%-50.7% 18.1%	53.7%~55.1% 15.4%	8.4%-44.9% 15.3%-20.0%	82.6% 14.6%	51.9%~54.9% 19.0%	53.7%~55.6% 15.9%	13.4%~44.9% 15.0%~19.8%

The recoverable amounts and the headrooms available (the excess of the recoverable amounts over the carrying amounts) of the CGU of Flavours Subgroup, CGU of RTL and CGU of Jiahao are as follows:

香精業務的CGU、再造煙葉的CGU 和嘉豪的CGU之可收回金額及不減 值空間(可收回金額超過賬面值部份) 列示如下:

		As at 30 June 2023 於2023年6月30日				31 December 2 2022年12月31日	
		Flavours Subgroup 香精	RTL 再造煙葉	Jiahao 嘉豪	Flavours Subgroup 香精	Jiahao 嘉豪	
Recoverable amount Headroom	可收回金額 不減值空間	6,651,013 1,572,338	1,038,301 98,036	3,189,737 244,794	8,643,717 3,564,620	910,991 -	3,065,913 -

The recoverable amount of the CGU of Flavours Subgroup, CGU of RTL and CGU of Jiahao would equal its carrying amount if the key assumptions were to change as follows:

若關鍵假設變更如下,香精業務的 CGU的可收回金額、再造煙葉的 CGU的可收回金額和嘉豪的CGU的 可收回金額將等同於其賬面值:

		Flavours Si 香料		30 June 於2023年( RTI 再造煙	5月30日 L	Jiaha 嘉嘉		Flavours Subg 香精	roup	31 December 2023 於2022年12月31日 RTL 再造煙葉		Jiahao 嘉豪	
		From 由	To 至	From 由	To 至	From 由	To 至	From 由	To 至	From 由	To 至	From 由	To 至
Forecast growth rate Terminal growth rate* Budgeted gross	預計增長率 永續年增長率* 預計毛利率	-41.0% - 0.0% NA	-20.1%~-61.5% NA	-3.7% - 35.6% 3.0%	-6.0% - 33.3% 1.0%	7.8%~22.7% 3%	5.6% - 20.5% 1.8%	-14.0%~0.0% -10 NA	07.0%~-121.8% NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA
profit margin Pre-tax discount rate	税前貼現率	82.6% 14.4%	55.1% 31.6%	47.3% - 50.7% 18.1%	44.5% - 47.9% 19.3%	53.7%~55.1% 15.4%	51.2% - 52.6% 16.6%	82.6% 14.6%	38.5% 65.6%	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA

- \* The management have considered and assessed reasonably possible changes for terminal growth rate and have not identified any other instances that could cause the carrying amount of the CGU of Flavours Subgroup to exceed its recoverable amount.
- \* 管理層經考慮及評估永續年增長 率的合理可能變動,並無發現其 他情況可能導致香精業務的CGU 的賬面值超過其可收回金額。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

The Group has interests in seven (31 December 2022: ten) individually immaterial associates as at 30 June 2023. The following table analyses the movements of the carrying amount of the Group's investments in these associates and its share of results of these associates.

An analysis of the movements of equity investments in associates is as follows:

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 8. 於聯營公司之投資

於2023年6月30日,本集團於七個(2022年12月31日:十個)並非個別重大的聯營公司擁有權益。下表分析本集團於該等聯營公司投資之賬面值變動及其應佔該等聯營公司的業績。

於聯營公司的權益投資變動分析如下:

		附註	Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 2023 截至2023年 6月30日 止六個月
At 1 January	於1月1日		691,748
Provision for impairment relating to the	投資駿杰尚網絡科技有限公司(「駿		
investment in Junjieshang Network	杰尚」)之減值撥備		
Technology Co., Ltd ("Junjieshang")		18	(22,291)
Due to the loss of significant influence over	因失去對駿杰尚的重大影響力而將		
Junjieshang, the fair value of investment	對其投資之公允價值轉出至以		
in Junjieshang was transferred out to	公允價值計量且其變動計入其他		
financial assets at FVOCI	全面收益的金融資產	(ii)	(179,391)
Disposal of Yunnan Ruisheng Tobacco	處置雲南瑞升煙草技術(集團)		
Technology Group Co., Ltd. ("Yunnan	有限公司(「雲南瑞升」)		(40 == 4)
Ruisheng")	克黑深圳主公丽科林士四八司		(48,771)
Disposal of Shenzhen Ruili Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shenzhen Ruili")	處置深圳市鋭麗科技有限公司 (「深圳鋭麗」)		(2.100)
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司業績		(3,100) (7,502)
Dividends received	已收股息		(3,088)
Exchange difference	匯 兑 差 異		625
	— / 0 - 1 / 1		025
At 30 June	於6月30日		428,230

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 8. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

## (a) As at 30 June 2023, the Group had interests in the following associates:

### 8. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

(a) 於2023年6月30日,本集團於以下聯營公司擁有權益:

	Place of	% of ownership	
Name	incorporation	Interests 所持權益	Principal activities
名稱	註冊成立地點	百分比	主要業務
Guizhou Huangguoshu Golden Leaf Technology Co., Ltd. ("Huangguoshu Golden Leaf")	PRC	40.00%	Produce and sell RTL
貴州黃果樹金葉科技有限公司 (「黃果樹金葉」)	中國		生產和銷售再造煙葉
Yunnan Hongta Blue Eagle Paper Co., Ltd. ("Hongta Blue Eagle") (i)	PRC	25.10%	Manufacture and sales of cigarette paper and auxiliary products
雲南紅塔藍鷹紙業有限公司 (「紅塔藍鷹」)(i)	中國		生產和銷售捲煙用紙及輔助品
Yunnan Nongkan Gaoyuan Food Co. Ltd.	PRC	30.00%	Purchase and sale of agricultural products, coffee and tea raw materials
雲南農墾高原食品有限公司	中國		採購及銷售農業產品、咖啡及 茶原料
Xiamen Fengtao Ceramics Co., Ltd. ("Xiamen Fengtao") (i)	PRC	13.04%	Manufacture special ceramic products, special machinery for water resources and special equipment for environmental protection
廈門蜂濤陶瓷有限公司 (「廈門蜂濤」)(i)	中國		生產特種陶瓷製品、水資源專用機械 及環保專用設備
Broad Far (Hong Kong) Limited and its subsidiaries ("Broad Far Group")	Hong Kong	21.06%	Research, develop, produce and sale of heat-not-burn tobacco products
博遠(香港)有限公司及 其附屬公司(「博遠集團」)	香港		研發、生產和銷售加熱不燃燒煙草 產品
Yingtan Dongwu Technology Co. Ltd. ("Yingtan Dongwu")	PRC	35.00%	Produce and sell household chemical products
鷹潭東霧科技有限責任公司 (「鷹潭東霧」)	中國		生產及銷售日用化學產品
Hunan Jiapinjiawei Technology Development Group Co., Ltd. ("Hunan Jiapinjiawei")	PRC	40.57%	Research, develop, produce and sell health food and biological products
湖南省嘉品嘉味科技發展集 團有限公司(「湖南嘉品 嘉味」)	中國		研發,生產及銷售保健食品及生物 製品

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 8. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES (continued)

- (a) As at 30 June 2023, the Group had interests in the following associates: (continued)
  - The Group has significant influence over these companies by representations on its board of directors.
  - As one of the common directors at the subsidiary level retired as a director of the subsidiary on 30 April 2023, the Group lost its influence over Junjieshang. The Group engaged an independent valuer to carry out a fair value assessment of the equity investment in Junjieshang as at 30 April 2023 in accordance with the relevant accounting standards. Based on the results of the valuer's assessment, an impairment of investment of RMB22,291,000 was recognised in respect of the difference between the fair value and the carrying amount of the equity investment in Junjieshang as at 30 April 2023, and the fair value of the equity investment in Junjieshang of RMB179,391,000 was transferred to "Financial assets at FVOCI". Please refer to the "Management's Discussion and Analysis" in the Interim Report for the background of the impairment of investment in Junjieshang, the methodology, key assumptions and basis used for the impairment test.

These associates are private entities with no quoted prices in the open market.

## 9. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES

The Group has interests in two (31 December 2022: two) immaterial joint ventures as at 30 June 2023. The following table analyses the movement of the carrying amount of the Group's investments in these jointly controlled entities and its share of results of these jointly controlled entities and its share of results of these jointly controlled entities.

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 8. 於聯營公司之投資(續)

- (a) 於2023年6月30日,本集團於以下聯營公司擁有權益:(續)
  - (i) 本集團通過在公司的董事會中 委任董事,對此等公司有重大 影響力。
  - 由於在附屬公司層面的一名共 同董事於2023年4月30日退任 附屬公司的董事,因而導致本 集團失去對駿杰尚的影響力。 本集團根據相關的會計準則, 聘請了獨立評估師對駿杰尚在 2023年4月30日的股權投資進 行公允價值評估,根據評估師 的評估結果,對駿杰尚股權投 資於2023年4月30日的公允價 值與帳面金額的差異確認了 人民幣22,291,000元的投資減 值,並按駿杰尚股權投資的公 允價值人民幣179,391,000元 轉出至「以公允價值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益的金融 資產」。關於駿杰尚投資減值 的背景,減值測試所採用的方 法,關鍵假設和基準,請参閱 本中期報告中之「管理層討論 及分析丨。

此等聯營公司為私人實體,並無公 開市場報價。

#### 9. 於共同控制實體之投資

於2023年6月30日,本集團於兩個(2022年12月31日:兩個)並非個別重大的共同控制實體擁有權益。下表分析本集團於該等共同控制實體的投資之賬面值變動及其應佔該等共同控制實體之業績。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

# 9. INVESTMENTS IN JOINTLY CONTROLLED ENTITIES (continued)

An analysis of the movements of equity investments in jointly controlled entities is as follows:

### 9. 於共同控制實體之投資(續)

於共同控制實體的權益投資變動分析如下:

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 2023 截至2023年 6月30日 止六個月

<b>At 1 January</b> Share of results of jointly controlled entities	<b>於1月1日</b> 應佔共同控制實體業績	19,802 746
At 30 June	於6月30日	20,548

- (a) As at 30 June 2023, the Group had interests in the following jointly controlled entities:
- (a) 於2023年6月30日,本集團於以下 共同控制實體擁有權益:

Name	Place of incorporation	% of ownership Interests 所持權益	Principal activities
名稱	註冊成立地點	百分比	主要業務
Wuxi Jintou Huikai Emerging Industry Venture Capital Fund Partnership (Limited	PRC	40.00%	Equity investment, investment management, asset management and other activities
Partnership) 無錫金投惠開新興產業創業 投資基金合夥企業(有限 合夥)	中國	40.00%	股權投資·投資管理及資產管理等活動
日 形 ) Shanghai Miou Food Technology Co., Ltd ("Shanghai Miou")	PRC	20.00%	Purchase and sale of agricultural products
上海米偶食品科技有限公司 (「上海米偶」)	中國	20.00%	採購及銷售食用農產品

The above entities are accounted for as jointly controlled entities of the Group, whereby the Group and the counterparty have joint control and rights to the net assets of the arrangement, pursuant to Article of Association.

These jointly controlled entities are private entities with no quoted prices in the open market.

根據《公司章程》,上述主體作為本 集團的共同控制實體入賬,本集團 與交易對手對該安排的淨資產具有 共同控制權利。

此等共同控制實體為私人實體,並 無公開市場報價。

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 10. DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES

### 10. 遞延所得税資產/負債

The movements in the deferred income tax are as follows:

遞延所得税變動如下:

#### Unaudited 未經審核

			Deferred income tax assets 遞延所得稅資產				Deferr	ed income tax lia 遞延所得税負債	bilities
		Note	Unrealised profits arising from intra-group sales 集調外售的內無變現	Recoverable tax loss 可彌補虧損	Others 其他	Total	Valuation surplus of assets and recognition of intangible assets 資產產無 資產 養養的確認	Withholding income tax on dividends expected to be remitted from group entities incorporated in the PRC 位內期應所內國國預息提所 投資	Total 總計
At 1 January 2022	於2022年1月1日		83,484	50,260	33,798	167,542	136,558	12,892	149,450
Acquisition of equity interest in Shanghai Yifang Disposal of Xinjiang Huabao Recognised in the income	收購上海奕方之 股權 處置新疆華寶 於損益表確認		-	-	3,448 (509)	3,448 (509)	13,054 -	-	13,054
statement	// / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	20	(2,405)	3,072	(8,229)	(7,562)	(13,224)	(10,009)	(23,233)
<b>Gross amount at 30 June 2022</b> Set-off of deferred income tax	於2022年6月30日 總額 相抵消之遞延所得		81,079	53,332	28,508	162,919	136,388	2,883	139,271
assets/liabilities	税資產/負債					(8,133)	-		(8,133)
At 30 June 2022	於2022年6月30日					154,786			131,138
Gross amount at 1 January 2023 Set-off of deferred income tax assets/liabilities	於2023年1月1日 總額 相抵消之遞延所得 税資產/負債		84,258	50,189	32,391	166,838 (14,314)	139,682	-	139,682 (14,314)
At 1 January 2023	於2023年1月1日					152,524			125,368
Gross amount at	於2023年1月1日					132,324			123,300
1 January 2023 Recognised in the income	總額 於損益表確認		84,258	50,189	32,391	166,838	139,682	-	139,682
statement Recognised in other	於其他全面收益中	20	(7,785)	1,094	(2,338)	(9,029)	(6,033)	-	(6,033)
comprehensive income	確認 確認		-	-	548	548	-	-	-
Gross amount at 30 June 2023	於 <b>2023</b> 年 <b>6</b> 月 <b>30</b> 日 總額		76,473	51,283	30,601	158,357	133,649	-	133,649
Set-off of deferred income tax assets/liabilities	相抵消之遞延所得 税資產/負債					(13,492)	-	-	(13,492)
At 30 June 2023	於2023年6月30日					144,865			120,157

As at 30 June 2023, deferred income tax liabilities of RMB220,042,000 (31 December 2022: RMB226,563,000) have not been recognised for the withholding tax that would otherwise be payable on the undistributed profits of certain PRC subsidiaries.

於2023年6月30日,本集團並未就若干中國大陸附屬公司之未分派盈利可能產生的預提所得稅確認遞延所得稅負債人民幣220,042,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣226,563,000元)。

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 11. 貿易及其他應收款項

			As at	As at
			30 June	31 December
			2023	2022
			於2023年	於2022年
			6月30日	12月31日
		Note	Unaudited	Audited
		附註	未經審核	經審核
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	(a)	695,486	1,038,189
Less: provision for impairment of	減:貿易應收款項減值撥備			
trade receivables			(31,394)	(27,704)
Trade receivables – net	貿易應收款項-淨額		664,092	1,010,485
Notes receivable	應收票據		46,948	27,574
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項		263,933	228,234
Advances to staff	員工墊款		5,549	2,532
Others	其他		1,392	1,318
Less: provision for impairment of	減:其他應收款項減值撥備			
other receivables			(5,822)	(27,965)
			976,092	1,242,178

Except for prepayments of RMB44,715,000 (31 December 2022: RMB62,427,000), trade and other receivables are financial assets categorised as "financial assets measured at amortised cost". All trade and other receivables are either repayable within one year or on demand.

除預付賬款人民幣44,715,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣62,427,000元)外,貿易及其他應收款乃金融資產被分類為「以攤銷成本計量的金融資產」。所有貿易及其他應收款項乃於一年內或於通知時清還。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 11. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

(a) The credit period generally granted to customers ranges from 0 to 180 days. At 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, the ageing analysis of the trade receivables (including amounts due from related parties which are trade in nature) based on the invoice dates was as follows:

#### 11. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

(a) 授予客戶的信貸期一般為0至180 日。於2023年6月30日及2022年12 月31日,貿易應收款項(包括關聯方 的貿易應收款項)根據發票日期的 賬齡分析如下:

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2023	2022
		於2023年	於2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
0 – 90 days	0至90日	433,615	764,775
91 – 180 days	91至180日	86,581	112,752
181 – 360 days	181至360日	67,441	59,268
Over 360 days	360日以上	107,849	101,394
		695,486	1,038,189

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected credit losses prescribed by HKFRS 9. As at 30 June 2023, a provision for impairment of RMB31,394,000 was made against the gross amounts of trade receivables (31 December 2022: RMB27,704,000).

本集團採用簡化方法並根據香港財務報告準則第9號所規定計提預期信貸虧損。於2023年6月30日,已對貿易應收款項總額作出人民幣31,394,000元之減值撥備(於2022年12月31日:人民幣27,704,000元)。

#### 12. SHARE CAPITAL

#### 12. 股本

		Unaudited		
		未經	審核	
		Number		
		of shares	Share capital	
		股份數目	股本	
			RMB'000	
			人民幣千元	
Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:	普通股,已發行及繳足:			
At 31 December 2022, 1 January 2023 and 30 June 2023	於2022年12月31日,2023年 1月1日及2023年6月30日	3,229,926,876	328,619	

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 13. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT

#### (a) Employee share scheme

On 1 December 2020, shares of Guangdong Jiahao Foodstuff Co., Ltd. ("Guangdong Jiahao"), a subsidiary of the Group, were granted to 80 eligible employees (the "Grantees") of Guangdong Jiahao and its subsidiary (the "Employee Share Plan"). Four limited partnerships controlled by the Group were incorporated in the PRC under the Law of the People's Republic of China on Partnerships as a vehicle to hold the ordinary shares for the Grantees under the Employee Share Plan. Under this plan, approximately 1.98% equity interest in Guangdong Jiahao was granted to the Grantees through their interests in the four limited partnerships with consideration of approximately RMB46,496,000 and will be vested if certain services conditions are met.

As at 30 June 2023, approximately 1.98% equity interest in Guangdong Jiahao was granted to 74 Grantees under the Employee Share Plan.

The amounts of share-based compensation recognised as expenses with a corresponding credit to reserves of the Group for the six months ended 30 June 2023 was RMB1,899,000 (six months ended 30 June 2022: RMB2,740,000).

## (b) Expenses arising from share-based payment transactions

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 13. 股份為基礎的支付

#### (a) 僱員購股權計劃

於2023年6月30日在僱員股權計劃下,74名被授予人獲授予約1.98% 廣東嘉豪的股權。

截至2023年6月30日止六個月期間,本集團將以股份為基礎的酬金確認為支出,並相應計入儲備之金額為人民幣1,899,000元。(截至2022年6月30日止六個月:人民幣2,740,000元)。

#### (b) 以股份為基礎的支付產生之費用

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Employee share scheme	僱員購股權計劃	1,899	2,740

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 14. RESERVES

### 14. 儲備

Unaudited 未經審核

						-1.5					
		Contributed surplus	Merger reserve	Share premium	Capital reserve	Capital redemption reserve	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份為基礎	Currency translation reserve	Statutory Reserve	Other reserves	Total
		實繳盈餘	合併儲備	股份溢價	資本儲備	資本贖回儲備	的酬金儲備	貨幣換算儲備	法定儲備	其他儲備	總計
At 1 January 2022 Appropriations from net profit Share-based payment- value of	<b>於2022年1月1日</b> 自純利撥付 股份為基礎的支付一	296,853	(628,438) -	2,183,766	2,411 -	4,760 -	6,283	92,638	821,508 (4,682)	1,607,738	4,387,519 (4,682)
employee services	僱員服務價值	-	-	-	-	-	2,740	-	-	-	2,740
Additional investment in a non-wholly-owned subsidiary Put option liability arising from	額外注資於非全資 附屬公司 業務合併產生之	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,530)	(6,530)
business combination Dilution of investment in an	認沽期權負債	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(124,515)	(124,515)
associate Currency translation differences	於聯營公司之投資的 股權稀釋 貨幣換算差額	- -	- -	-	-	-	-	- 42,616	-	25,755	25,755 42,616
At 30 June 2022	於2022年6月30日	296,853	(628,438)	2,183,766	2,411	4,760	9,023	135,254	816,826	1,502,448	4,322,903
At 1 January 2023 Fair value changes of financial assets at FVOCI, net of tax	於2023年1月1日 以公允價值計量且其 變動計入其他全面 收益之金融資產之	296,853	(628,438)	2,183,766	2,411	4,760	9,996	190,154	843,031	1,477,927	4,380,460
Appropriations from net profit Share-based payment – value of	除税後的公允值變動 自純利撥付	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 1,201	(3,104) -	(3,104) 1,201
employee services Currency translation differences	股份為基礎的支付 一僱員服務價值 貨幣換算差額	-	-	-	- -	-	1,884 -	- 52,144	-	-	1,884 52,144
At 30 June 2023	於2023年6月30日	296,853	(628,438)	2,183,766	2,411	4,760	11,880	242,298	844,232	1,474,823	4,432,585

簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 15. PUT OPTION LIABILITY

#### 15. 認沽期權負債

		As at 30 June 2023 於2023年 6月30日 Unaudited 未經審計	As at 31 December 2022 於2022年 12月31日 Audited 經審計
Present value of liability in relation to a put option granted to non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	授予一附屬公司非控股股東的 認沽期權相關的負債現值	139,457	131,836

According to the "Equity Transfer Agreement in respect of Shanghai Yifang", the non-controlling shareholders of Shanghai Yifang after Huabao Flavours & Fragrances Co., Ltd. ("Huabao Flavours")'s above acquisition, shall have the right to request Huabao Flavours to further acquire non-controlling shareholders' equity interests in Shanghai Yifang when certain conditions are met. The further acquisition price was determined by making reference to the net profit to be generated by Shanghai Yifang in future periods. Accordingly, the put option liability was initially recognised at present value of redemption amount of approximately RMB119,887,000 by the Huabao Flavours with reference to the present value of the estimated future cash outflows under the put option arrangement and was accreted to redemption amount of approximately RMB139,457,000 as at 30 June 2023. For the six months ended June 30, 2023, the increase in put option liabilities amounted to approximately RMB7,621,000 and has been recognised in financial expenses.

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 16. BORROWINGS

#### 16. 貸款

		Note 附註	As at 30 June 2023 於2023年 6月30日 Unaudited 未經審核	As at 31 December 2022 於2022年 12月31日 Audited 經審核
Non-current	<b>非流動</b>			
Long-term bank borrowings  – Secured bank borrowings Less: current portion	長期銀行貸款 一 有抵押銀行貸款 減:流動部份	(a)	15,000 –	15,000 (15,000)
			15,000	
Current	流動			
Short-term bank borrowings  – Secured bank borrowings  – Unsecured bank borrowings	短期銀行貸款 一 有抵押銀行貸款 一 無抵押銀行貸款	(a) (b)	- 451,850	50,000 612,700
Current portion of non-current liabilities  – Secured bank borrowings	非流動負債下之流動部份 - 有抵押銀行貸款	(a)	_	15,000
			451,850	677,700
Total borrowings	總貸款		466,850	677,700

- (a) The Group's secured bank borrowings as at 30 June 2023 of RMB15,000,000 (31 December 2022: RMB65,000,000) were repayable within two years (31 December 2022: repayable within one year) and secured by certain right-of-use assets of Shanghai Yifang with carrying amount of approximately RMB10,931,000 (31 December 2022: secured by certain buildings and right-of-use assets of Shanghai Yifang with total carrying amount of approximately RMB17,662,000). For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the average interest rate was 4.1% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 4.4%) per annum.
- (b) The Group's unsecured bank borrowings are repayable within one year. For the six months ended 30 June 2023, the average interest rate was 2.9% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 3.2%) per annum.
- (a) 於2023年6月30日,本集團之有抵押銀行貸款為人民幣15,000,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣65,000,000元),該貸款需於兩年內償還(2022年12月31日:一年內償還),並以上海奕方賬面值約為人民幣10,931,000元的若干使用權資產作抵押(2022年12月31日:以上海奕方賬面值約為人民幣17,662,000元的若干物業及使用權資產作抵押)。截至2023年6月30日止六個月,該貸款平均利息為每年4.1厘(截至2022年6月30日止六個月:4.4厘)。
- (b) 本集團之無抵押銀行貸款需於一年 內到期償還。截至2023年6月30日 止六個月,該貸款平均利息為每年 2.9厘(截至2022年6月30日止六個 月:3.2厘)。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

#### 16. BORROWINGS (continued)

Borrowings are financial liabilities categorised under "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost".

Interest expense on bank borrowings for the six months ended 30 June 2023 amounted to approximately RMB7,377,000 (six months ended 30 June 2022: RMB10,760,000). No interest expense was capitalised during the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2022.

#### 17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 16. 貸款(續)

貸款乃金融負債被分類為「按攤銷成本計量的金融負債」。

截至2023年6月30日止六個月的銀行貸款利息開支約為人民幣7,377,000元(截至2022年6月30日止六個月:人民幣10,760,000元)。截至2023年和2022年6月30日止六個月並無利息開支資本化。

#### 17. 貿易及其他應付款項

			As at	As at
			30 June	31 December
			2023	2022
			於2023年	於2022年
			6月30日	12月31日
		Note	Unaudited	Audited
		附註	未經審核	經審核
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	(a)	249,846	277,249
Notes payable	應付票據		5,000	_
Wages payable	應付工資		67,940	97,021
Other taxes payable	其他應付税項		45,923	98,107
Accruals for expenses	應計開支		9,069	9,677
Other payables	其他應付款項		185,448	240,481
Deferred income from government	政府補貼產生之遞延收入			
grants			11,605	11,763
			574,831	734,298

Except for other taxes payable of RMB45,923,000 (31 December 2022: RMB98,107,000), wages payable of RMB67,940,000 (31 December 2022: RMB97,021,000) and deferred income from government grants of RMB11,605,000 (31 December 2022: RMB11,763,000), trade and other payables are financial liabilities categorised under "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost".

除其他應付税款人民幣45,923,000元 (2022年12月31日:人民幣98,107,000元),應付工資人民幣67,940,000元 (2022年12月31日:人民幣97,021,000元)及政府補貼產生之遞延收入人民幣11,605,000元(2022年12月31日:人民幣11,763,000元)外,貿易及其他應付款乃金融負債被分類為「按攤銷成本計量的金融負債」。

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 17. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

The non-current and current portion of trade and other payables was as follows:

### 17. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

貿易及其他應付款的非流動及流動部份 如下:

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2023	2022
		於2023年	於2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
Non-current	非流動	11,605	12,163
Current	流動	563,226	722,135
		574,831	734,298

- (a) As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, the ageing analysis of the trade payables (including amounts due to related parties which are trade in nature) based on the invoice dates was as follows:
- (a) 於2023年6月30日及2022年12月31 日,貿易應付款項(包括關聯方的貿 易應付款項)根據發票日期的賬齡 分析如下:

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2023	2022
		於2023年	於2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
0 – 90 days	0至90日	220,603	245,146
91 – 180 days	91至180日	12,375	9,721
181 – 360 days	181至360日	2,604	5,113
Over 360 days	360日以上	14,264	17,269
		249,846	277,249

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 18. OTHER INCOME AND OTHER GAINS - NET

#### 18. 其他收入及其他收益-淨額

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
Changes in fair value of financial assets a			
FVPL	計入損益的金融資產的		
	公允價值變動	14,072	21,025
Dividend income from financial	以公允價值計量且其變動		
assets at FVPL	計入損益的金融資產的		
	股息收入	1,918	344
Gains on disposal of financial	出售以公允價值計量且其		
assets at FVPL	變動計入損益之金融資產的		
	收益	-	11,646
Loss on disposal of associates	出售聯營公司之虧損	(3,442)	_
Provision for impairment relating to the	投資駿杰尚之減值撥備		
investment in Junjiesheng		(22,291)	_
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售附屬公司之收益	-	6,433
Government grants	政府津貼	91,953	89,252
Currency exchange gain/(loss) – net	貨幣匯兑收益/(虧損)		
	一淨額	1,102	(3,373)
Net gain/(losses) on disposal of	出售物業、機器及設備及		
property, plant and equipment	無形資產之淨收益/(虧損)		
and intangible assets		3,589	(293)
Change in fair value of previously	以前於共同控制實體之權益		
held interest in a jointly controlled	於成為附屬公司時的		
entity upon acquisition as a subsidiary	公允值變動	-	(24,083)
Others	其他	2,579	(724)
		89,480	100,227

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 19. EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses included in cost of goods sold, selling and marketing expenses and administrative expenses are analysed according to their nature (with the exception of "R&D expenses" which are shown as a single item and analysed according to their nature in Note (a) below) as follows:

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 19. 按性質分類的開支

費用包括銷售成本、銷售及市場推廣開支及行政費用,並根據其性質(除附註(a)按照性質所單獨列示的「研發開支」外,每項開支均已不包括有關研究及發展的金額)分析如下:

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		Note	2023	2022
		附註	2023年	2022年
		,		
Depreciation	折舊	6	92,992	98,456
Amortisation	攤銷	6	50,302	47,852
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支		309,362	308,506
R&D expenses	研發開支	(a)	116,321	110,663
Short-term lease rentals	短期租賃租金		11,211	6,278
Travelling expenses	差旅開支		13,105	6,816
Utility expenses	公共設施開支		50,416	36,880
Delivery expenses	運輸開支		16,025	20,369

- (a) Depreciation, amortisation and employee benefit expenses included in R&D expenses are set out below:
- (a) 研發開支中包括的折舊、攤銷及僱 員福利開支列示如下:

### Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		Note 附註	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Degrapistica	+C #=		0.247	7.670
Depreciation	折舊	6	8,347	7,679
Amortisation	攤銷	6	3,559	2,874
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支		72,108	60,231

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 20. INCOME TAX EXPENSE

#### 20. 所得税

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June

截至6月30日止六個月

		Note 附註	2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Current income tax	即期税項			
<ul> <li>PRC corporate income tax</li> </ul>	- 中國企業所得税	(a)	83,269	120,340
<ul> <li>Hong Kong profits tax</li> </ul>	- 香港所得税	(b)	_	824
<ul> <li>Botswana company income tax</li> </ul>	- 博茨瓦納企業所得税	(c)	1	143
<ul> <li>Germany company income tax</li> </ul>	- 德國企業所得税	(d)	_	_
– Indonesia company income tax	- 印度尼西亞企業所得税	(e)	119	3
Deferred income tax	遞延所得税	10	2,996	(15,671)
			86,385	105,639

- (a) PRC corporate income tax has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the period at the tax rates applicable to respective companies of the Group.
- (b) Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Under the current Hong Kong Inland Revenue Ordinance, with effect from the Year of Assessment 2018/2019 onwards, profits tax is payable at the rate of 8.25% on the first HK\$2,000,000 of the assessable profits of subsidiaries located in Hong Kong and at the rate of 16.5% on the portion of assessable profits in excess of HK\$2,000,000.
- (c) Botswana company income tax has been provided at the rate of 15.0% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 15.0%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period.
- (d) Germany company income tax has been provided at the rate of 15.0% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 15.0%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period.
- (e) Indonesia company income tax has been provided at the rate of 22.0% (six months ended 30 June 2022: 22.0%) on the estimated assessable profit for the period.
- (f) No provision for income tax in other jurisdictions has been made as the Group had no assessable profit in other jurisdictions for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2022.

- (a) 中國企業所得税按本集團在中國大 陸企業於本期間估計應課税盈利以 其適用的税率計算。
- (b) 香港所得税按本年度估計應課税盈利以税率16.5%(截至2022年6月30日止六個月:16.5%)撥備。根據現行香港税務條例,自2018/2019課税年度起,位於香港之附屬公司首港幣2,000,000元應評税利潤之部分按8.25%的税率繳納利得税,而應評稅利潤超過港幣2,000,000元之部分則按16.5%的税率繳納利得税。
- (c) 博茨瓦納企業所得税按本期間估計應課税盈利以税率15.0%(截至2022年6月30日止六個月:15.0%) 撥備。
- (d) 德國企業所得税按本期間估計應課 税盈利以税率15.0%(截至2022年6 月30日止六個月:15.0%)撥備。
- (e) 印度尼西亞企業所得税按本期間估計應課税盈利以税率22.0%(截至2022年6月30日止六個月:22.0%)撥備。
- (f) 本集團於截至2023年及2022年6月 30日止六個月期間在其他司法權區 並無取得應課所得税收入,故無為 其他司法權區的所得税作出撥備。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 21. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2022.

#### 21. 每股盈利/(虧損)

#### (a) 每股基本盈利/(虧損)

每股基本盈利/(虧損)乃根據本期間本公司權益持有人應佔盈利/(虧損),除以截至2023年及2022年6月30日止六個月期間已發行普通股的加權平均數目計算。

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		2023	2022
		2023年	2022年
Profit/(loss) attributable to equity	本公司權益持有人應佔		
holders of the Company	盈利/(虧損)	153,970	(313,531)
Weighted average number of ordinary	已發行之普通股之		
shares in issue ('000)	加權平均數(千計)	3,229,927	3,229,927
Basic earnings/(loss) per share	本公司權益持有人應佔每股		
attributable to equity holders of the	基本盈利/(虧損)		
Company (RMB cents per share)	(每股人民幣分)	4.77	(9.71)

#### (b) Diluted earnings/(loss) per share

Diluted earnings/(loss) per share for the six months ended 30 June 2023 and 2022 was the same as basic earnings/ (loss) per share, since the Company did not have any potential ordinary share outstanding that has dilution effect.

#### (b) 每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)

截至2023及2022年6月30日止六個月的每股攤薄盈利/(虧損)與每股基本盈利/(虧損)相同,因為本公司沒有任何潛在的具有稀釋作用的已發行普通股。

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 22. DIVIDENDS

#### 22. 股息

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
Paid special dividend of HK3.38 cents per share for the six months ended 30 June 2022	已付截至2022年6月30日止 六個月之特別股息 每股港幣3.38仙	-	95,840
Proposed interim dividend of HK1.60 cents per share for the six months ended 30 June 2023	擬派截至2023年6月30日止 六個月之中期股息每股 港幣1.60仙	47,647	-
Proposed special dividend of HK1.90 cents per share for the six months ended 30 June 2023	擬派截至2023年6月30日止 六個月之特別股息每股 港幣1.90仙	56,580	-
		104,227	95,840

Special dividend of approximately HK\$109,172,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB95,840,000) for the six months ended 30 June 2022 was paid in October 2022. Special dividend of approximately HK\$164,726,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB148,866,000) for the year ended 31 December 2022 was paid in June 2023.

As the interim and special dividend was declared after the balance sheet date, they have not been recognised as dividend payable as at 30 June 2023.

截至2022年6月30日止六個月之特別股息約港幣109,172,000元(折合約人民幣95,840,000元)已於2022年10月支付。截至2022年12月31日止年度之特別股息約港幣164,726,000元(折合約人民幣148,866,000元)已於2023年6月支付。

由於中期及特別股息乃於結算日後宣派, 此應付股息並未確認於2023年6月30日之 應付股息內。

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 23. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

## Capital expenditures contracted for but not recognised as liabilities at the end of the period/year are as follows:

#### 23. 資本承擔

於期末/年末已簽約但仍未確認為負債的資本開支如下:

		As at	As at
		30 June	31 December
		2023	2022
		於2023年	於2022年
		6月30日	12月31日
		Unaudited	Audited
		未經審核	經審核
Property, plant and equipment	物業、機器及設備	86,977	139,761
Intangible assets	無形資產	13,027	23,878
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	_	4,760
Investment in a jointly controlled entity	於共同控制實體之投資	28,000	28,000
Financial assets at FVPL	以公允價值計量且變動計入損益		
	之金融資產	13,364	19,164
		141,368	215,563

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Name and relationship with related parties

### Name 名稱

Huangguoshu Golden Leaf

黃果樹金葉

Hongta Blue Eagle

紅塔藍鷹

**Broad Far Group** 

博遠集團

Yingtan Dongwu

鷹潭東霧

Hunan Jiapinjiawei

湖南嘉品嘉味

Shanghai Miou

**上海米偶** 

Yingtan Weizhijia Food. Ltd. ("Weizhijia") 鷹潭味之家食品有限公司及其附屬公司(「味之家」)

- (i) The Group disposed of Yunnan Ruisheng, an associate indirectly held by the Company, in February 2023 and since then it was no longer a related party.
- (ii) The Group disposed of Shenzhen Ruili, an associate indirectly held by the Company, in June 2023 and since then it was no longer a related party.

#### 24. 關聯方交易

(a) 關聯方名稱與關係

#### Relationship

關係

An associate indirectly held by the Company 本公司間接持有的聯營公司

An associate indirectly held by the Company

本公司間接持有的聯營公司

An associate indirectly held by the Company and an entity controlled by the Company's ultimate holder

本公司間接持有的聯營公司及本公司最終持有人控制 之公司

An associate indirectly held by the Company

本公司間接持有的聯營公司

An associate indirectly held by the Company

本公司間接持有的聯營公司

A jointly controlled entity indirectly held by the

Company

本公司間接持有的共同控制實體

An entity controlled by the Company's ultimate holder 本公司最終持有人控制之公司

- (i) 集團於2023年2月處置雲南瑞 升,一家由本公司間接持有之 聯營公司,自此不再是關聯方。
- (ii) 集團於2023年6月處置深圳鋭麗,一家由本公司間接持有之聯營公司,自此不再是關聯方。

簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (b) Transactions with related parties

### 24. 關聯方交易(續)

#### (b) 與關聯方的交易

Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

		2023 2023年	2022 2022年
	·	2023+	2022+
Sales of goods and services:	銷售貨品及服務:		
– Huangguoshu Golden Leaf	- 黃果樹金葉	1,184	2,096
– Yingtan Dongwu	一鷹潭東霧	-	799
– Hunan Jiapinjiawei	一 湖南嘉品嘉味	216	140
– Broad Far Group	- 博遠集團	5,650	3,131
– Shanghai Miou	- 上海米偶	1	_
		7,051	6,166
Purchase of goods and services:	購買商品及服務:		
– Huangguoshu Golden Leaf	- 黃果樹金葉	_	102
– Yunnan Ruisheng	- 雲南瑞升	21	41
– Hunan Jiapinjiawei	- 湖南嘉品嘉味	125	14
– Broad Far Group	- 博遠集團	_	15
– Shanghai Miou	- 上海米偶	422	_
– Weizhijia	一味之家	310	_
	77,223	3.0	
		878	172
Dividend income:	股息收入:		
– Hongta Blue Eagle	- 紅塔藍鷹	3,088	5,110
Sales of property, plant and equipment:	出售物業,機器及設備:		
– Hunan Jiapinjiawei	- 湖南嘉品嘉味	_	44

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (c) Balances with related parties

### 24. 關聯方交易(續)

#### (c) 關聯方結餘

		As at 30 June 2023 於2023年 6月30日 Unaudited 未經審核	As at 31 December 2022 於2022年 12月31日 Audited 經審核
Balances due from related parties:	應收關聯方結餘:		
<ul><li>Huangguoshu Golden Leaf</li><li>trade and other receivables</li><li>Broad Far Group</li></ul>	<ul><li>一 黃果樹金葉</li><li>一 貿易及其他應收款</li><li>一 博遠集團</li></ul>	5,077	6,553
- trade and other receivables	- 貿易及其他應收款	3,008	8,815
<ul><li>Yunnan Ruisheng</li><li>other receivables (Note a(i))</li><li>Yingtan Dongwu</li></ul>	- 雲南瑞升 - 其他應收款(附註a(i)) - 鷹潭東霧	-	35
– trade receivables	一貿易應收款	504	504
<ul><li>Hunan Jiapinjiawei</li><li>trade and other receivables</li></ul>	- 湖南嘉品嘉味 - 貿易及其他應收款	148	21
		8,737	15,928
Balances due to related parties:  – Huangguoshu Golden Leaf	應付關聯方結餘: - 黃果樹金葉		
– trade payables	一 貿易應付款	_	36
<ul><li>Broad Far Group</li><li>other payables</li><li>Yunnan Ruisheng</li></ul>	<ul><li>一博遠集團</li><li>一其他應付款</li><li>一雲南瑞升</li></ul>	383	353
– other payables (Note a(i))	- 其他應付款(附註a(i))	_	31
<ul><li>Hunan Jiapinjiawei</li><li>trade payables</li><li>Shenzhen Ruili</li></ul>	<ul><li>一 湖南嘉品嘉味</li><li>一 貿易應付款</li><li>一 深圳鋭麗</li></ul>	167	127
- trade payables (Note a(ii))	一 深州	_	136
		550	683

The balance with related parties was unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

所有關聯方結餘均為無抵押、免息 及須於通知時清還。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 24. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (d) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive, non-executive and independent non-executive) and senior management. The amounts of compensation paid and payable to key management for employee services during the six months ended 30 June 2022 and 2023 are shown below:

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

#### 24. 關聯方交易(續)

#### (d) 主要管理人員酬金

主要管理人員包括董事(執行董事、 非執行董事與獨立非執行董事)和 高級管理人員。截至2022年及2023 年6月30日止六個月內,向主要管理 人員支付作為僱員服務的已付及應 付酬金如下:

> Unaudited 未經審核 For the six months ended 30 June 截至6月30日止六個月

2023	2022
2023年	2022年
31,044	31,567
1,112	955
481	935
260	184
32,897	33,641
	2023年 31,044 1,112 481 260

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

## 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

### 25. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

#### **Investigation Against Directors**

Subsequent to the reporting period, on 3 July 2023, the Group was advised that Chongqing Yongchuan District Police Bureau (重慶市永川區公安局) had lifted Ms. Chu's residential surveillance. Ms. Chu has resumed work accordingly.

On 14 July 2023, the Company was informed that Ms. Chu and Mr. LAM Ka Yu are no longer subject to any bail conditions as imposed by Changsha County Police Bureau (長沙縣公安局).

Further announcement(s) will be made to keep the shareholders of the Company and the public informed of the development in this matter in due course.

In response to the matter, the Group conducted an inspection of the outstanding bank loan contracts as at the date of this report and found that the loan contracts of approximately RMB201,200,000 (the "Loans") contained clauses referring to the occurrence of an event similar to the one described above "which may, or has, endangered or prejudiced the borrower's rights and interests under the loan contracts" or "may affect the performance of the borrower's obligations under the loan contracts", and which entitles the bank to demand early repayment of the Loans. At present, the Group has not received any form of early repayment notice from the relevant banks. The Group has sufficient cash readily available for the repayment of the loans.

#### **Update on a Director's Biographical Details**

References are made to the Company's announcements dated 5 July 2023 and 6 July 2023 respectively in relation to inside information and change in biographical details of Ms. CHOY Man Har ("Ms. Choy"), an executive director and deputy chief financial officer of the Company.

On 5 July 2023, the Independent Commission Against Corruption of Hong Kong ("ICAC") conducted a search at the business offices of the Company in Hong Kong. The Company provided certain files and records for the purpose of an ICAC investigation.

In addition, the Company has been informed that Ms. Choy was arrested on 5 July 2023 by ICAC in relation to offences under the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201), Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 200) and the Organized and Serious Crimes Ordinance (Cap. 455) for investigation. On 6 July, Ms. Choy has been released on bail without any charge laid against her. The Company will monitor this matter and take necessary legal advice as appropriate.

#### 25. 報告期後事項

#### 對董事的立案調查

報告期後,於2023年7月3日,本集團接 獲通知,重慶市永川區公安局已對朱女 士取消指定居所監視居住。朱女士恢復 正常工作。

於2023年7月14日,本公司接到通知,長沙縣公安局解除對朱女士及林嘉宇先生的取保候審。

本公司將作出進一步公告,以知會本公司股東及公眾人士有關事宜的進展。

#### 更新董事履歷詳情

茲提述本公司日期分別為2023年7月5日及2023年7月6日的公告,內容有關內幕消息及本公司執行董事兼副首席財務官蔡文霞女士(「蔡女士」)的履歷詳情變更。

於2023年7月5日,香港廉政公署(「廉政公署」)於本公司在香港的營業地點進行搜查。本公司提供若干文件及記錄作廉政公署調查之用。

此外,本公司已被告知,蔡女士於2023 年7月5日被廉政公署就有關香港法例第 201章《防止賄賂條例》、香港法例第200 章《刑事罪行條例》、第455章《有組織及 嚴重罪行條例》下的罪行拘捕以進行調 查。於7月6日,蔡女士已在未被起訴的情 況下獲准保釋外出。本公司將監察此事 宜,並於適當時候徵詢必要的法律意見。

(All amounts in RMB thousands unless otherwise stated)

### 簡明綜合中期財務資料附註(續)

(除另有指明者外,所有金額均以人民幣千元列示)

## 25. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD (continued)

#### The Initiation of Arbitration by a Subsidiary

Taking into account Shanghai Yifang sustained a loss during the Performance Undertaking Period, Huabao Flavours accordingly terminated the rights and obligations pursuant to the provisions of the Share Transfer Agreement and applied to the Shanghai International Arbitration Center with Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing as respondents for arbitration ("Arbitration"), requesting Qian Rong and Wong Kam Wing to compensate Huabao Flavours for liquidated damages, loss of expected benefits, and legal fees totaling RMB332.03 million, as well as to bear the corresponding legal costs of the Arbitration. At the same time, Huabao Flavours also applied to the Shanghai International Arbitration Center for property security. Huabao Flavours received the "Notice of Acceptance" issued by the Shanghai International Arbitration Center on 9 August 2023.

As of the date of this report, as the Arbitration is still in its initial stage, the Group is unable to accurately predict the final outcome of the Arbitration or evaluate the impact of the Arbitration on the Group's financial position. Should there be any further information regarding the Arbitration, the Company will make further announcements to inform the shareholders and the public as and when appropriate in accordance with relevant requirements.

### 25. 報告期後事項(續)

#### 附屬公司提起仲裁

茲提述本公司日期為2023年8月9日的公告,內容有關對克瀝企業的實際控制人Qian Rong(錢戎)和黃錦榮提起仲裁的公告。

截至本報告日期,由於仲裁尚在起始階段,本集團無法準確預測仲裁的最終結果或評估仲裁對本集團財務狀況的影響。倘若仲裁有任何進一步的消息,本公司將根據相關要求於適當時候作出進一步公告,以知會股東及公眾人士。

Glossary		詞彙	
Board	The board of directors of the Company	董事會	本公司的董事會
Broad Far	Broad Far Limited	博遠	博遠有限公司
Broad Far Group	Broad Far and its subsidiaries and related companies	博遠集團	博遠及其附屬公司與關聯 公司
CAGR	compound annual growth rate	複合增長率	複合增長率
CEO	Chief Executive Officer	首席執行官	首席執行官
CG Code	Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules	企業管治守則	上市規則附錄十四所列的 企業管治守則
CGU	Cash-generating unit	CGU	現金產生單位
China, Mainland China or PRC	The People's Republic of China	中國或國內	中華人民共和國
Company or Huabao	Huabao International Holdings Limited	本公司或華寶	華寶國際控股有限公司
Corresponding Period Last Year	the six months ended 30 June 2022	去年同期	截至2022年6月30日止六個月
Director(s)	The director(s) of the Company	董事	本公司董事
ESG	environmental, social and corporate governance	環境、社會及 企業管治	環境、社會及企業管治
Executive Director(s)	Executive director(s) of the Company	執行董事	本公司之執行董事
FCG	Fellow member of The Chartered Governance Institute	FCG	英國特許公司治理公會資 深會員
FCPA	Fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants	FCPA	香港會計師公會資深會員
FVPL	Fair value through profit or loss	以公允值計量且 其變動計入損益	以公允值計量且其變動 計入損益
FVLCOD	fair value less the costs of disposal	公允價值減去 處置費用	公允價值減去處置費用
Group or Huabao Group	the Company and its subsidiaries	本集團或華寶集團	本公司及其附屬公司
HKD or HK\$	Hong Kong dollars, the lawful currency of Hong Kong	港幣或港元	港幣,香港法定貨幣

## Glossary (cont'd)

## 詞彙 (續)

HKFCG	Fellow member of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute	HKFCG	香港公司治理公會資深 會員
НКІСРА	Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants	香港會計師公會	香港會計師公會
HKAS	Hong Kong Accounting Standard	香港會計準則	香港會計準則
Hong Kong or HKSAR	Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the People's Republic of China	香港	中華人民共和國香港特別 行政區
HNB	Heat-not-burn	加熱不燃燒	加熱不燃燒
Hong Kong Stock Exchange	The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited	香港聯交所	香港聯合交易所有限公司
Huabao Flavours	Huabao Flavours & Fragrances Co., Ltd., a joint stock limited company established in the PRC with limited liability and an indirect non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company	華寶股份	華寶香精股份有限公司, 於中國成立的股份有限 公司,為本公司間接擁 有的非全資附屬公司
INED(s)	Independent Non-executive Director(s) of the Company	獨立非執行董事	本公司之獨立非執行董事
Interim Period	For the six months ended 30 June 2023	中期	截至2023年6月30日止六 個月
IPO	Initial Public Offering	首次公開募股	首次公開募股
Jiahao	Jiahao Foodstuff Limited and its subsidiaries	嘉豪	嘉豪食品有限公司及其附 屬公司
Jiahao Foodstuff	Jiahao Foodstuff Limited	嘉豪食品	嘉豪食品有限公司
Jiangxi Xianghai	Jiangxi Xianghai Biological Technology Co., Ltd.	江西香海	江西香海生物科技有限公 司
Junjieshang	Junjieshang Network Technology Co., Ltd.	駿杰尚	駿杰尚網路科技有限公司
Listing Rules	the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange	上市規則	聯交所主板證券上市規則
Model Code	Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing	標準守則	上市規則附錄十所列的上 市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則

Rules

## Glossary (cont'd) 詞彙 (續)

Mr. Lam	Mr. LAM Ka Yu, the son of Ms. Chu, the brother of Ms. LAM Ka Yan, the Co-chairman and executive Director of the Company, and a director of Huabao Flavours	林先生	林嘉宇先生,朱女士之 兒子、本公司之聯席主 席、執行董事兼華寶股 份董事
Ms. Chu	Ms. CHU Lam Yiu, the mother of Mr. Lam and Ms. LAM Ka Yan, the controlling shareholder of the Company, the Chairlady of the Board, the CEO and an executive Director of the Company	朱女士	朱林瑤女士,林先生及林 嘉炘女士之母親、本公 司控股股東、董事會主 席、首席執行官及執行 董事
Reporting Period	the six months ended 30 June 2023	報告期	截至2023年6月30日止六個月
RMB	Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC	人民幣	人民幣,中國法定貨幣
R&D	Research and development	研發	研究及發展
RTL	Reconstituted Tobacco Leaves	再造煙葉	再造煙葉
SFO	the Securities and Futures Ordinance, Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong	證券及期貨條例	香港法例第571章證券及 期貨條例
Shareholder(s)	Shareholder(s) of the Company	股東	本公司之股東
Share(s) or ordinary share(s)	Ordinary share(s) of HK\$0.10 each in the capital of the Company	股份或普通股	本公司股本中每股面值港 幣0.10元的普通股
Shenzhen Stock Exchange	Shenzhen Stock Exchange in the PRC	深圳證券交易所	中國深圳證券交易所
SaaS	Software as a Service	軟件即服務	軟件即服務
STMA	State Tobacco Monopoly Administration	國煙局	國家煙草專賣局
U.S.	United States of America	美國	美利堅合眾國
USD or US\$	US dollars, the lawful currency of the United States of America	美元	美元・美國法定貨幣
VIU	value in use	使用價值	使用價值

加權平均資本成本 加權平均資本成本

weighted average cost of capital

WACC

Huabao International Holdings Limited 華寶國際控股有限公司