

International Housewares Retail Company Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

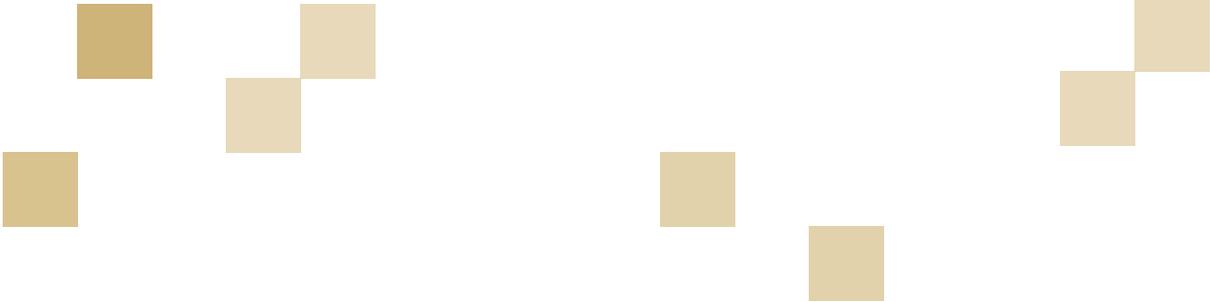
Stock code: 1373



Annual Report 2023

Mission Statement

To offer value for money, good quality, and diversified products with convenient omnichannel retailing for a better living



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Highlights

The board of directors (the “Board” or “Directors”) of International Housewares Retail Company Limited (the “Company” or “we”) is pleased to announce the consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) for the year ended 30 April 2023 (the “Year”) prepared in accordance with the relevant requirements of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the “Listing Rules” and the “Stock Exchange” respectively), together with comparative figures for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 (“2021/22”).

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Group’s revenue ranked the second highest on record of HK\$2,825,994,000 (2021/22: HK\$2,920,775,000)⁽¹⁾, which turned to a 3.2% decline against a high base of last financial year caused by the surging demand for anti-pandemic supplies during the fifth wave of the COVID-19 epidemic in Hong Kong.
- The Group’s has recorded of HK\$181,875,000 profit for the Year. Compared to the pre-pandemic financial year ended 30 April 2019, profit for the Year increased 26.7% to HK\$149,938,000, which excludes an income of approximately HK\$31,937,000 received from the Employment Support Scheme created by the Government of the HKSAR.
- The Group’s gross profit margin increased to 46.4% (2021/22: 45.7%).
- The Group’s operations in its three markets; Hong Kong, Singapore and Macau, all continued to return a profit.
- The Group maintained a strong financial position with cash and cash equivalents of HK\$402,310,000 (30 April 2022: HK\$416,923,000).
- The Board has resolved to recommend payment of a final dividend of HK8.0 cents and a special dividend of HK2.0 cents per share, totaling HK10.0 cents per share in celebration of the 10th listing anniversary of the Company. Together with an interim dividend of HK12.0 cents per share already paid, the total dividend for the Year would be HK22.0 cents per share (2021/22: HK26.7 cents per share).

FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The results, assets, liabilities and key ratios of the Group for each of the last five financial years ended 30 April are as follows:

	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000	2021 HK\$'000	2020 HK\$'000	2019 HK\$'000
Financial performance					
Revenue	2,825,994	2,920,775	2,692,460	2,542,384	2,350,351
Operating profit	225,454	278,115	305,003	199,144	138,520
Profit before income tax	213,977	262,013	287,698	182,319	143,495
Profit for the year	181,875	220,318	257,842	156,064	118,271
Financial position					
Cash and cash equivalents	402,310	416,923	428,459	362,737	369,703
Total assets	1,777,438	1,738,760	1,737,618	1,540,344	1,031,900
Total liabilities	(873,035)	(843,905)	(844,322)	(771,300)	(281,927)
Net assets	904,403	894,855	893,296	769,044	749,973
Key ratios					
Revenue (decline)/growth	(3.2%)	8.5%	5.9%	8.2%	5.4%
Gross profit margin	46.4%	45.7%	45.2%	46.6%	46.0%
Total dividend (expressed in HK cents per share)	22.0	26.7	24.2	16.5	14.3

Note:

1. Comparative figures for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 are shown as 2021/22 in brackets.

Awards and Recognition

Company has endorsed list of awards (excerpt below) in the fields of enterprise achievement, services excellence and caring for society, which demonstrate our good reputations in the industry and our contributions to the society.

	Sing Tao Service Awards		2022	
	ListCo Excellence Awards		2022	
	True Living Supreme Brand Awards 2022, Supreme O2O Convenience GMS		2022	
	Healthy HK Living Award The best household and health care chain store brand		2020	
	Top 10 Quality E-shop		2020 2018	
	World's Most Popular and Excellent Brands Award		2018	
	Outstanding QTS Merchant - Bronze Award		2019 2017	
	Most Favourable Brand by Chinese Customers - Golden Brand		2017 - 2018 2008	
	Hong Kong Top Service Brand Award		2007 - 2023	
	Q-Mark		2006 - 2023	
	No Fakes Pledge		2006 - 2023	
	Caring Company 15 Years or more		2004 - 2023	
	Quality Tourism Services Association Member		2004 - 2023	
	Quality Tourism Services		2004 - 2023	
	WWF (HK) - Silver Member		2006 - 2017	
	Octopus Usage Growth Award - Other Retail Octopus Usage Award for New Retail Merchant		2015 2014	
	Hong Kong Jun-zi Corporation Award (Retail)		2022 2015 2013 2012	

Corporate Social Responsibility



Donation boxes of various non-profit organizations including Hong Kong Seeing Eye Dog Services, Christian Action, Orbis and Heifer International (Hong Kong) are placed at specific retail stores.



The Group donated \$300,000 to the Community Chest of Hong Kong.



Our Group donated goods and materials and joined hands with Yau Tsim Mong District, Home Affairs Department to support the earthquake victims of Turkey.



The Group has been granted the "Caring Company honor" for consecutive 15 Years or more by The Hong Kong Council of Social Service.



Our Group participated in Standard Chartered Hong Kong Marathon.



The Group has joined "Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Programme" which is organized by Environmental Protection Department, collection boxes are placed at specific retail stores.



The Group participated in Orbis World Sight Day – "Darkness to Go" Campaign organized by Orbis.



The Group's History

1991

The first store in North Point, Hong Kong, was opened by founders, Mr. LAU Pak Fai and Ms. NGAI Lai Ha

In 1993, the first "HK\$10 store" was opened in Hong Kong



2001

Major strategic change of business model from a "HK \$10 store" to a "housewares products specialist store"

2002

Exploration of overseas market through export sales and operating arrangements with local entities

Establishment of new stores under the new brand "City Life" (生活提案) (formerly known as "City Lifestyle") in Hong Kong. And, own private label products were launched



2006

Participation in the "Hong Kong Q - Mark Services Scheme" and was certificated with the high services award

Awarded "No Fakes Pledge"

2007

Acquisition of the business of our competitor, the Quality Housewares, which operated around 19 stores at that time

Awarded "Hong Kong Top Service Brand" and "The Best Brand Enterprise Award 2007 (Greater China)"

2009

Exceeded 200 stores including "Japan Home Centre" and "City Life" in Hong Kong

Endorsed The 5 Consecutive Years "Caring Company" award

2011

Sales exceed HK\$1 billion

Acquisition of a leading housewares retail chain business in Singapore and formation of our joint venture arrangement in Singapore

JAPAN HOME
日本の家

2000

Acquisition of the business of the major competitor, the Nippon Warehouse Limited

2013

Acquisition of 100% interest in JHC (Macau) Single - Member Company Limited in Macau

International Housewares Retail Company Limited (Stock code: 1373) was successfully listed on the Mainboard of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange



2018

Easy Buy was set up at shops as the electronic sales platform.



2020

The first "DAY DAY STORE" was open

The Group's revenue and profit recorded new high

JHC Clean Health Production Limited was set up to produce own brand Smile 365 face masks



JHC developed towards convenienc GMS. We strengthened both online and offline platforms and our relationships with customers through digital channels and social media so as to provide better shopping experience to customers.

2022

The Group was in celebration of 30th anniversary



Won "Junzi Corporation Exemplary Award"

Won "List Co Excellence Awards"

2015

JHC eshop was launched

Successfully acquired and integrated the brand "ELLA"



2019

Direct import of branded snacks, personal care and household FMCG. Set clear direction to develop as new GMS (general merchandise store) format.



2021

Exceeded 1,000,000 members of J Fun



The Group became a strategic business shareholder of the Yoho Group

JHC joined foodpanda mall, in partnership to operate a one-stop living grocery platform

2023

One of the Group's logistic centres, which takes up approximately 84,000 sq. ft, is stationed at the ATL.

Opened a new JHC concept store in Tai Wai

The Group celebrated its 10-year listing anniversary on the HKEX

Chairman's Statement

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of International Housewares Retail Company Limited and its subsidiaries (together "the Group"), I am pleased to present the Group's annual results for the year ended 30 April 2023.

REVIEW

The Group is elated to see that Hong Kong has lifted its social distancing measures and travel restrictions, which is enabling a return to normalcy. Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group was dedicated to meeting our customers' urgent needs for hygiene and health products. As a result, we are pleased to report that the Group achieved satisfactory results for FY23 and were able to maintain our level of dividend payout under such a challenging business environment. In Q4 FY22, we experienced an unprecedented surge in demand for rapid antigen tests during the fifth wave of COVID-19. Excluding this effect, in FY23 our stores sales in Hong Kong recorded a growth of 4.5% compared to FY22.

The Group was able to meet its goals despite encountering several challenges in Q4 FY23. First, our sales softened unexpectedly due to a surge in outbound travel after the social distancing measures and travel restrictions were lifted after three years. Our merchant team responded quickly to this trend and immediately strengthened the travel products and accessories mix. Second, we also mitigated the impact of a staff shortage in our day-to-day operations by immediately reviewing remuneration packages and retention programs, providing promotion opportunities to our valued staff, and recruiting new employees. With these measures in place, we observed operational stability in Q1 FY24. Lastly, in upgrading our merchandise storage and distribution capacity to improve our supply chain efficiency, the Group experienced a temporary disruption when our warehousing and distribution facilities were restructured, which included relocating one of our distribution centers. We believe that these initiatives will benefit the long-term development of the Group. With an experienced management team, a quick market response, and our continued effort in future development, we are confident of delivering sustainable growth for our business in the years ahead.

PROSPECT

Product focus: travel, wellness and healthcare, FMCG and OEM

Post-COVID-19, our merchant team has swiftly introduced relevant products to meet our customers' ever-changing needs. As mentioned above, one of the more immediate trends to the end of COVID-19 has been the significant increase in travel. As we expect the strong travel demand to persist, we will continue to increase the variety of travel products and accessories of great value accordingly.

Additionally, consumers have become more health-conscious and are willing to spend more on health and fitness products. We are committed to serving our customers by bringing affordable healthcare products of value into the market. We will continue to aggressively expand the health and wellness categories through global sourcing and collaboration with brand owners, as well as developing and adding the Group's private label products.

With our iconic JHC brand striving to combine value and convenience, we believe we will be able to better reach consumers and offer them great value-for-money product choices. Intensive effort will be placed on strengthening the supply of our consumable goods (e.g. food & drinks, personal care products, household cleaning supplies) to grow and reinforce the image of JHC as a convenience store chain capable of providing superb value for daily essential FMCG. We will surely continue to expand our global sourcing network. We believe branded consumable goods will still retain a strong demand from locals and visitors from the GBA.

As a successful retail chain, OEM products play an important role in providing a competitive advantage in the market. We will continue to focus on developing OEM brands and products, so as to build brand loyalty and increase our sales and margins. During FY23, we successfully repackaged and upgraded a number of our OEM product lines, resulting in a continuing increase in sales and margins for those items.

Chairman's Statement *(Continued)*

Omnichannel experience

Backed by an extensive retail network, we shall press ahead with investing in both physical stores and e-platforms to make store pickup and home delivery easier. By offering customers a unique omnichannel experience, we are fostering our loyalty program. Our self-operated JHCeshop is ready to launch a new "Click & Collect" feature, promising customers an even more convenient shopping experience. It will allow online customers to view product availability at our stores and collect orders shortly at any nearby store of their choice. Furthermore, we will continue to explore opportunities in collaborating with third-party e-commerce platforms to boost our e-commerce presence to reach more customers by leveraging their strengths. We are also improving and tailoring product assortments for different e-sales channels to effectively meet target consumers.

Improving supply chain and operations with technology

We understand that technology is critical to our future success. Hence, a few years ago, we implemented our SAP ERP system and have since kept enhancing it with new features and functions, aiming to improve supply chain efficiency and productivity. Additionally, we have a number of initiatives in the pipeline, including digitalizing our price-tag and expanding self-service checkout to all the stores. To stay competitive and drive future growth, we will more actively adopt new technologies to help streamline tasks and raise operational efficiencies. We will also be looking for new tools to reach a wider pool of potential customers and to connect more closely with existing customers. The management firmly believes with the right technologies and tools, the Group will be able to accelerate business value and better seize opportunities for business development.

Our core values

As abovementioned, we will continue to pursue various initiatives to develop our business and further streamline operational efficiency and productivity, so that we may deliver value, variety, quality, and convenience as promised to our valued customers. The most valuable asset of the Company is our staff as they are crucial to the Company's success. We shall keep recruiting new talent and developing existing teams in our workforce to support continuous business growth and improve our operations.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express our deepest gratitude to each of our employees who worked at the front line of the epidemic for their support, hard work, and dedication, especially for persevering through the unprecedented challenges encountered during the covid-19 pandemic. We also take pride in their continuous commitments that have won the applause from the public.

Finally, this year marks the 10th anniversary of the Company's listing, we are grateful for the continued support and understanding of our shareholders. Let's work together to create a better future!

By order of the Board
NGAI Lai Ha
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 27 July 2023

Management Discussion and Analysis

CORPORATE PROFILE

Established in 1991, the Group offers housewares, trend-based items, personal care, food and household FMCG through an extensive retail network comprising of over 380 stores in Hong Kong, Singapore, Macau, East Malaysia, Cambodia and Australia under renowned brands including JHC (日本城), Japan Home (日本の家), 123 by ELLA, \$MART (多來買), City Life (生活提案) and Day Day Store (日記士多), as well as via the online platforms JHC eshop (日本城網購) and EasyBuy (易購點). Leveraging its extensive sourcing channels and portfolio of private label products, the Group provides a full range of items at competitive prices, creating a “one-stop” shopping experience for customers, and reinforcing its position as an omni-channel retail chain of general merchandise stores (“GMS”).

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Group has demonstrated resilience in the face of challenges posed by COVID-19 and has shown adaptability and growth in a fluctuating market. Focusing on offering affordable household necessities has been a particularly effective strategy that remains less impacted by market changes and provides a solid foundation for the business. The steps taken to optimize the product mix, enhance product offerings from global sources, and improve sales efficiency have yielded positive results. The Group achieved its second-highest revenue on record, reaching HK\$2,825,994,000 (2021/22: HK\$2,920,775,000). Additionally, the gross profit margin increased to 46.4% (2021/22: 45.7%), further strengthening the financial performance. The operations in the Group's key markets – Hong Kong, Singapore, and Macau – remained profitable throughout the Year. The Group's profit for the Year of HK\$181,875,000 (2021/22: HK\$220,318,000) has returned to pre-pandemic levels.

The Group saw the relaxation of related restrictions as an opportunity to amplify its product offerings from global sources. This strategic move has proven beneficial, as the Group is now benefiting from favorable procurement costs particularly from countries like Japan and Korea due to the strength of the Hong Kong dollar. By putting more emphasis on global sourcing and capitalizing on strong local market knowledge, the Group can further enhance its product mix. Additionally, the focus on developing original equipment manufacturer (“OEM”) brands and products is a smart move to build brand loyalty and increase sales and margins.

One of the Group's enriching strategies involves the development of new private label product ranges catering to different categories. This expansion is accompanied by improvements in the design and packaging of the products, as well as the utilization of online advertising promotions, which can boost profit margins and strengthen the brand image. Furthermore, the Group's strategic initiatives include broadening the range of offerings by exploring new product categories such health and fitness products in alignment with current trends will help the Group remain competitive in the market.

Overall, the Group's proactive strategies, including global sourcing, OEM brand development, the expansion of private label product ranges and product categories in alignment with current trends, demonstrate a commitment to adaptability and growth. By focusing on meeting customer demands and enhancing the overall shopping experience, the Group is well-positioned for continued success across the markets.

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 30 April 2023, the Group maintained a strong financial position with cash and cash equivalents of HK\$402,310,000 (30 April 2022: HK\$416,923,000). The majority of the cash and bank deposits are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and are held with major banks in Hong Kong, with maturities of less than three months. This indicates that the Group prioritizes liquidity and cash flow, especially in uncertain economic times.

The Group followed a stable treasury management policy and avoided highly leveraged or speculative derivative products by placing surplus cash mainly as Hong Kong dollar bank deposits with appropriate maturity periods to meet future funding requirements. As at 30 April 2023, the Group's current ratio was consistent at 1.5 (30 April 2022: 1.5). The total borrowings of the Group as of 30 April 2023, amount to HK\$13,381,000 (30 April 2022: HK\$21,767,000). The Group's gearing ratio, as determined by total borrowings and loans from non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary divided by total equity, was reported as 2.26% (30 April 2022: 3.20%). This contributed to the Group's net cash position.

Management Discussion and Analysis *(Continued)*

DISTRIBUTION NETWORK

Established in 1991, the Group offers housewares, trend-based items, personal care, food and household FMCG through an extensive retail network comprising of over 380 stores in Hong Kong, Singapore, Macau, East Malaysia, Cambodia and Australia under renowned brands including JHC (日本城), Japan Home (日本の家), 123 by ELLA, \$SMART (多來買), City Life (生活提案) and Day Day Store (日記士多), as well as via the online platforms JHC eshop (日本城網購) and EasyBuy (易購點). Leveraging its extensive sourcing channels and portfolio of private label products, the Group provides a full range of items at competitive prices, creating a “one-stop” shopping experience for customers, and reinforcing its position as an omni-channel retail chain of general merchandise stores (“GMS”).

The Group recognizes the cumulative brand awareness it has built over the past 30 years, as well as its growing retail network and global supplier network, as key factors contributing to its steady business development. It expects these factors to continue driving its success. Furthermore, a multi-pronged approach adopted by the HKSAR government, such as increasing residential plot ratios and maximum building heights in new development areas in the New Territories, will potentially lead to increase housing supply in a shorter time frame. This presents the Group with opportunities to open new stores and strengthen its position in the Hong Kong market.

To meet future business growth requirements, the Group has controlled rental expenses and enhanced its offerings on the JHC online platforms. By expanding the variety of durable and bulk items such as plastic boxes, furniture, and large electrical appliances, the Group aims to provide customers with a one-stop shopping experience. This inventory-sharing approach between physical stores and online platforms promotes operational efficiency and offers greater flexibility in selecting retail spaces.

Leveraging its extensive physical store network, the Group aims to establish a convenient omni-channel retail model for JHC. It maintains a positive outlook on its medium-to-long-term business prospects and has plans for further expansion in Hong Kong, Singapore, and Macau, in particular focusing on high-growth potential areas. Please refer to the table below for the number of stores worldwide:

	As at 30 April 2023	As at 31 October 2022	Net increase
The Group's directly managed stores			
Hong Kong	321	320	1
Singapore	47	46	1
Macau	9	9	–
The Group's overseas licensed stores	7	6	1
Total	384	381	3

HUMAN RESOURCES

Despite facing a challenging operating environment in recent years, the Group has successfully navigated through adversity due to its solid foundation. In anticipation of a manpower shortage when Hong Kong returns to normalcy post-epidemic, the Group has made timely adjustments in manpower deployment across different stores and placed importance on attracting and retaining capable staff. The Group regularly reviews its remuneration packages and rewards qualified employees with performance bonuses, share options, and share awards. The allocation of annual discretionary bonuses and share options/awards takes into consideration the individual's performance. Additionally, the Group has embraced in-store automation technologies to release manpower and workload to help streamline tasks and raise operational efficiencies. As of 30 April 2023, the Group employed approximately 2,146 employees (30 April 2022: 2,140). The total employee benefit expenses for the Year amounted to HK\$421,958,000 (2021/22: HK\$405,825,000).

Management Discussion and Analysis *(Continued)*

OPERATIONAL REVIEW BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

The Group is principally engaged in retail sales and trading of housewares, trend-based items, personal care, food and household FMCG. The retail business remained the Group's primary sales driver, generating the second-highest revenue on record. To stay competitive and meet customer demands, the Group proactively broadened its product categories and reviewed its product mix to align with current trends. Additionally, the Group increased the proportion of OEM products to capture additional market opportunities and expand its customer base. These efforts contributed to the Group achieving retail revenue of HK\$2,798,792,000 (2021/22: HK\$2,892,753,000), which included consignment sales commission income, accounted for 99.0% (2021/22: 99.0%) of its total revenue. The revenue from the wholesale business, licensing income and others as a whole amounted to HK\$27,202,000 (2021/22: HK\$28,022,000).

OPERATIONAL REVIEW BY GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION

Operations Review – Hong Kong and Macau

The Group is elated to see that Hong Kong has lifted its social distancing measures and travel restrictions, which is enabling a return to normalcy. Throughout the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group was dedicated to meeting our customers' urgent needs for hygiene and health products. As a result, we are pleased to report that the Group achieved satisfactory results for FY23 and were able to maintain our level of dividend payout under such a challenging business environment.

The Group was able to meet its goals despite encountering several challenges in Q4 FY23. First, our sales softened unexpectedly due to a surge in outbound travel after the social distancing measures and travel restrictions were lifted after three years. Our merchant team responded quickly to this trend and immediately strengthened the travel products and accessories mix. Second, we also mitigated the impact of a staff shortage in our day-to-day operations by immediately reviewing remuneration packages and retention programs, providing promotion opportunities to our valued staff, and recruiting new employees. With these measures in place, we observed operational stability in Q1 FY24. Lastly, in upgrading our merchandise storage and distribution capacity to improve our supply chain efficiency, the Group experienced a temporary disruption when our warehousing and distribution facilities were restructured, which included relocating one of our distribution centers. We believe that these initiatives will benefit the long-term development of the Group. With an experienced management team, a quick market response, and our continued effort in future development, we are confident of delivering sustainable growth for our business in the years ahead.

As a successful retail chain, in addition to focusing on expanding product categories and aligning them with current trends, the Group has also continued to focus on developing OEM brands and products, so as to build brand loyalty and increase our sales and margins. As a result, revenue for the Year from Hong Kong reached its second-highest level on record, totaling HK\$2,485,838,000. Apart from an unprecedented surge in demand for rapid antigen tests (RAT) during the fifth wave of Covid-19 epidemic during the last quarter of the last financial year, the Group recorded a growth of 4.5% in sales for the Year in our Hong Kong stores, with Hong Kong remaining the key market accounting for 88.0% of the group's total revenue (2021/22: 89.3%).

Looking ahead, we are confident in continuing to navigate these challenges. Our primary focus remains on aligning our offerings to market needs and ensuring a stable workforce to deliver those effectively.

On the other hand, our operations in Macau maintained profitability and delivered satisfactory results with a 9.3% increase in revenue to HK\$50,878,000. (2021/22: HK\$46,545,000) during the Year. This growth was primarily driven by increased sales of food and drinks as well as personal care products.

Management Discussion and Analysis *(Continued)*

Operations Review – Singapore

We are well positioned in the Singapore market and have been focusing on providing a wide variety of products. It is impressive that we have been enriching our assortment through sourcing arms in Hong Kong, Taiwan, Guangzhou, and Yiwu, as well as enhancing cost-efficiency through warehouse facilities in China. In addition to our self-operated e-shops and third-party operated e-platforms, we deployed our EasyBuy platform at selected stores in Singapore to further expand our e-commerce operation and to meet the needs of the market. It is encouraging to see that these efforts have resulted a record-high revenue which increased 8.9% to HK\$289,278,000 (2021/22: HK\$265,698,000) and gross profit rose by 12.6% to HK\$124,576,000 (2021/22: HK\$110,686,000) as expressed in Hong Kong dollars. Maintaining a profit-making position for the Year is certainly a positive outcome.

As part of our strategic initiative to capitalize on market opportunities, we have concentrated our efforts on tapping into new customer bases across Singapore. We have strategically opened new stores in malls situated within densely populated housing towns to drive customer footfall. We recognize the immense potential these locations offer due to their considerable population and substantial foot traffic, thereby making them ideal sites for our retail expansion.

To minimize risk and make informed decisions, we have conducted tests with pop-up stores before fully committing to permanent installations. This initiative allows us to gauge market demand better, measure customer preferences, and evaluate the viability of a potential location without substantial long-term financial commitments. Once proven successful, we can then proceed to install permanent stores.

In the crucial area of talent management, we have been able to roll out a comprehensive Management Trainee Program. This program is designed to attract promising individuals and provide them with comprehensive experience and exposure across different business operations. With this initiative, we are ensuring a continual pipeline of future leaders who are well equipped to address operational challenges effectively.

Embracing technology is an integral part of our vision to improve operational efficiency and enhance the overall customer experience. As part of this belief, we are planning to adopt various in-store automation technologies including self-checkout kiosks and digital price tags. Not only do these innovative solutions help to significantly improve our operational efficiency, but they also enhance the overall shopping experience of our esteemed customers. By streamlining operations, our team members can focus their energy on customer service and other value-added activities.

We are proactive in exploring different ways to broaden our revenue sources in the Singapore market and is therefore optimistic about its earnings prospects.

Report of the Directors

The directors of the Company (together the “Directors” and each a “Director”) present their report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2023.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The subsidiaries are principally engaged in the retail sales of housewares products. There was no significant change in the nature of the Group’s principal activities during the Year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A review of the business of the Group during the Year and a discussion of its prospects are provided in the “Chairman’s Statement” and the “Management Discussion and Analysis” of the annual report. A description of financial risk factors that the Group is facing is provided in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group’s performance during the Year in terms of financial key performance indicators is provided in the “Five-Year Financial Summary” of the annual report. Discussions on the environmental policies and performance, disclosure of regulatory compliance by the Group with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group and the account of the key relationships of the Group with its stakeholders are contained in the “Environmental, Social and Governance Report” of the annual report. The above sections form parts of the report of the directors.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated income statement. An interim dividend of HK12.0 cents (2021/22: an interim dividend of HK10.5 cents and a special dividend of HK4.2 cents) per share, representing a total payout of approximately HK\$86,379,000 was paid by the Company on 31 January 2023. The Board has resolved to recommend payment of a final dividend of HK8.0 cents and a special dividend of HK2.0 cents per share to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Tuesday, 10 October 2023 which will be paid on or around Tuesday, 24 October 2023, subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 26 September 2023. Taking into account of the interim dividend payment, the total dividend for the Year would amount to HK22.0 cents (2021/22: HK26.7 cents) per ordinary share, totaling approximately HK\$158,302,000 for the Year.

CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company for the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 26 September 2023 will be closed from Thursday, 21 September 2023 to Tuesday, 26 September 2023, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected. In order to determine the identity of members who are entitled to attend and vote at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company’s Hong Kong share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 20 September 2023.

Subject to the approval of the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company to be held on Tuesday, 26 September 2023, the proposed final dividend and special dividend will be payable to the shareholders of the Company whose names appear on the register of members of the Company after the close of business on Tuesday, 10 October 2023 and the register of members of the Company will be closed from Friday, 6 October 2023 to Tuesday, 10 October 2023, (both days inclusive), during which no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend and special dividend, all share transfer documents, accompanied by the relevant share certificates lodged with the Company’s Hong Kong share registrar, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen’s Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Thursday, 5 October 2023.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results, assets and liabilities of the Group for the five years ended 30 April 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022 and 2023 is set out in the five-year financial summary. This summary does not form part of the audited financial statements.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES AND OWNER-OCCUPIED PROPERTIES

Details of the Group's investment properties and owner-occupied properties as of the date of this report are set out below:

- Shop No.12 & 12B, G/F, Yip Cheong Building, No. 426-428B, Des Voeux Road West, Hong Kong
- Ground Floor and Basement of Avon Court, No.23 Caine Road, Hong Kong
- Shop No. 35, G/F., Yuccie Square, No. 38 Yuen Long On Ning Road, Yuen Long, New Territories
- Avenida do Ouvidor Arriaga, No. 72-C to 74-B, Edf. Kam Ma, Macau
- Rooms 1606-1610, Building 8-1, Suning Huigu Center, No. 301, Hanzhongmen Street, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, China
- Rooms 1601-1622 and Parking spaces 054 to 059 on the negative 2nd floor, Lufu Lianhe Guangchang (Lufu Union Square), No. 233, Hanxi Avenue West, Panyu District, Guangzhou, China

SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE OPTIONS

Details of movements in the Company's share capital and share options during the Year are set out in note 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Movements in reserves during the Year are set out in note 25 to the consolidated financial statements and in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES OF THE COMPANY

The Company's reserves available for distribution to shareholders as at 30 April 2023 were HK\$600,627,000, which comprised retained earnings of HK\$83,512,000 and share premium of HK\$517,115,000.

Under the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company may be distributed subject to the provisions of the Company's Memorandum or Articles of Association and provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as and when they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year were:

Executive Directors:

Ms. Ngai Lai Ha (*Chairman and Chief executive officer*)
Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter (*Honorary chairman*)
Mr. Cheng Sing Yuk (*Chief financial officer*)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung

Pursuant to article 84(1) & (2) of the Articles of Association of the Company, Ms. Ngai Lai Ha and Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene shall retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and shall be eligible for re-election.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

None of the Directors has service contracts with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The emoluments payable to the Directors will be decided by the board of directors on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Directors' duties, responsibilities and performance and the results of the Group. Particulars of the Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on the Stock Exchange are set out in note 36(a) to the consolidated financial statements.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Executive Directors

Ms. NGAI Lai Ha, aged 51

Ms. Ngai is the co-founder of the Group and has been playing a key role in the continuing growth of the Group on different aspects since opening the first store in Hong Kong back to year 1991. Ms. Ngai is currently the Chairman and Group Chief Executive Officer of the Company. She is also an executive Director, the Chairman of nomination committee, and a member of the remuneration committee of the Company. Ms. Ngai has dedicated most of her time and efforts to developing the business, and has contributed significantly to the success of the Group throughout the years.

Taking the helm of the business, Ms. Ngai has spearheaded the Group's strategic plan development and execution, exploring new business opportunities in the ever-changing environment, enhancing the Group's all-round efficiency and effectiveness, improving the financial performance, consolidating the market and leading "JHC" become a major player in the Hong Kong housewares retail market. Leveraging on the network and relationships that she has personally established since the founding of the Group, Ms. Ngai has helped set a solid foundation for the Group to further expand the business and to penetrate into new markets.

Ms. Ngai is currently a member of the Nanjing Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a vice chairman of the Quality Tourism Services Association, a honorary president of the Hong Kong Federation of Women, a member of Retail Industry Training Advisory Committee, an honorary director of the University of Hong Kong Foundation, a member of Yau Tsim Mong District Youth Development and Civic Education Committee, an honorary president of Nanjing (H.K.) Association Limited, an executive committee of the Guangdong Federation of Industry and Commerce, the district president of the Yau Tsim District, Scout Association of Hong Kong, and a vice chairman of the Women Affairs Committee of HKCPPCCMA. Ms. Ngai graduated from the Hong Kong Metropolitan University with a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in 2002. Ms. Ngai was also awarded the Honorary Fellow of the Professional Validation Centre of Hong Kong Business Sector in 2015. Ms. Ngai was honored the "Excellent Business women of the Year" by the Hong Kong Commercial Daily in 2017, "GBA Outstanding Women Entrepreneur Award" co-hosted by Hong Kong Small and Medium Enterprises Association and Metro Broadcast Corporation Limited in 2019 and "CEO Marketer of the Year" by Hong Kong Institute of Marketing (HKIM) in 2023.

Mr. LAU Pak Fai Peter, aged 65

Mr. Lau has been executive Director and Chairman of the Company since 18 April 2013, the date of incorporation of the Company until resigned as Chairman of the Board on 1 March 2017. On the same day, Mr. Lau was appointed as Honorary Chairman and re-designated as a member (previously Chairman) of the nomination committee. Mr. Lau resigned as a member of the nomination committee of the Company with effect from 11 August 2017 but has remained as an executive Director. Mr. Lau is the co-founder of the Group, and has been the managing director of the Group since 1991. Mr. Lau became the chief executive officer in 2010, after the Group entered into a strategic partnership with EQT Greater China II. Mr. Lau resigned from the position of the chief executive officer of the Company on 7 January 2016.

Mr. Lau was raised in Hong Kong and studied in Canada, where he earned his bachelor's degree in science from the Department of Applied Science of Queen's University at Kingston, Canada in May 1979. In 1981, Mr. Lau established a trading company in Hong Kong and was engaged in the housewares import and export business prior to opening the first Japan Home Centre store in 1991. Mr. Lau is primarily responsible for the Group's overall corporate strategies, management and business development.

Mr. Lau was among the first to introduce the "one price" store concept to Hong Kong, which established Japan Home Centre in a strong position in the Hong Kong housewares retail market. The Group continues to benefit from his years of experience and expertise in the housewares retail market. In 1998, the City Junior Chamber honoured Mr. Lau's leadership and vision by presenting him with the "Innovative Entrepreneur of the Year" award. He has also been a guest speaker at various business functions held by media groups and government organisations, including the Hong Kong Trade Development Council and Trade and Industry Department.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

Mr. CHENG Sing Yuk, aged 64

Mr. Cheng was appointed as an executive Director with effect from 18 April 2013, the date of incorporation of the Company. Mr. Cheng is the chief financial officer of the Group and is responsible for the accounting and finance matters of the Group. Prior to rejoining the Group in December 2009, he worked in various industries which included retail, wholesale and telecommunication. Mr. Cheng has 30 years of accounting and finance experience.

Mr. Cheng has been a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since November 1998 and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since March 1999. He obtained a Master Degree in Accounting from Curtin University of Technology in September 2004.

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. MANG Wing Ming, Rene, aged 71

Mr. Mang was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, Chairman of the audit committee and a member of the nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 1 November 2014. He has subsequently been appointed as Chairman of the remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 25 September 2015. Mr. Mang is currently the Managing Partner of Silversteps Limited, providing executive training and business consulting services to retailers in Asia.

Mr. Mang possesses over 40 years of business experience in wholesale and retail sector in Hong Kong, Mainland China, Canada and Asian countries. Mr. Mang served as the chief executive in various reputable retailers over 15 years, including Country President of Wal-Mart Korea Company Limited in Korea and Chief Operating Officer of Trust-Mart China Company Limited in China, both of which are wholly owned subsidiaries of Wal-Mart Stores Inc, the largest retailer in the world in terms of revenue in 2013. Besides, he was the Chief Executive Officer of Hong Kong Seibu Enterprises Company Limited in Hong Kong and the Group Chief Executive Officer of G2000 Apparels Group covering Hong Kong, Mainland China and Asia. From March 2010 until his resignation on 3 December 2014, Mr. Mang was the Commissioner (equivalent to non-executive director in common law countries) of PT Matahari Department Store Tbk in Indonesia (Stock code LPPF.JK on Indonesia Stock Exchange), which operated over 100 department stores in Indonesia in October 2014.

Mr. Mang is a member of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 1996 and is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors since 1 October 2014. Mr. Mang graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Business Administration degree in 1974.

Mr. NG Sze Yuen, Terry, aged 63

Mr. Ng was appointed as an independent non-executive Director and a member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 23 September 2021. Mr. Ng has over 30 years of experience in operations and management and is now the Chief Executive Officer and an executive director of L'AVENUE International Holdings Limited, a private company in Hong Kong. He is currently an independent non-executive director of Sun Hing Printing Holdings Limited (stock code: 1975), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

Mr. Ng served as an executive director of Hang Lung Group Limited (stock code: 010), Hang Lung Properties Limited (stock code: 101) and Giordano International Limited (stock code: 709) and an independent non-executive director of China New City Commercial Development Limited (stock code: 1321), companies of which shares are listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. He also worked at the Stock Exchange and held various positions.

Mr. Ng is a fellow member of CPA Australia.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

Mr. YEUNG Yiu Keung, aged 60

Mr. Yeung was appointed as an independent non-executive director and a member of the audit committee, nomination committee and remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 21 December 2018. Mr. Yeung previously was appointed as a non-executive director of the Company with effect from 18 April 2013, the date of incorporation of the Company and he was a member of the audit committee of the Company until his resignation on 26 September 2016.

Mr. Yeung has over 30 years of experience in the consumer, retail, food and beverage industries. Prior to joining our Group, he served in PT Sarimelati Kencana, Birdland Taiwan KFC, Birdland (Hong Kong) Limited, Little Sheep Group Limited, Shanghai Shihao Foods Co., Ltd. and CFB Group, a company principally engaged in operating the Dairy Queen and Papa John's brands franchises and other local brands in the Mainland China where he was primarily responsible for providing strategic advice and recommendations on the operations and management of the respective groups. From March 2011 to December 2019, he served as an industrial adviser at EQT Funds Management Limited, a company principally engaged in global investment, where he was primarily responsible for providing advice on portfolio companies relating to food and consumer products.

Mr. Yeung has been serving as an independent non-executive director of Tam Jai International Co. Limited, a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 2217), with effect from 14 September 2021 and currently is the Chairman and principal operator of Jumbo Five (Shanghai) Holdings Limited – a franchisee of Five Guys Burgers and Fries in China.

Mr. Yeung holds a Bachelor of Science degree from the University of Oregon in the U.S. and an executive Master of Business Administration (Master of Management) degree jointly from J.L. Kellogg Graduate School of Management of Northwestern University in the United States and the School of Business and Management at Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in Hong Kong.

Senior Management

Ms. HO Ka Yan, Kathryn, aged 56

Deputy chief executive officer

Kathryn is Deputy chief executive officer of the Group and she possesses more than 30 years of retail management experience in various sectors covering apparel, consumer electronics, personal and skin care, supermarkets and watches & accessories, with particularly intensive experience in buying and retail sales operations. She has been in management positions in various sizable chain stores, including Operations Director of Watsons the Chemist (HK & Macau), Business Development Director of ParknShop (China), VP, Optimisation of Sa Sa International Holdings Limited and Southeast Asia Director of City Chain. In addition, Kathryn had been a management consultant in PricewaterhouseCoopers Melbourne and Hong Kong offices, working on Strategic Planning and Process Improvement projects for retail clients.

Kathryn graduated from the Chinese University of Hong Kong with a Bachelor of Social Science degree and obtained a Master of Business Administration degree from Melbourne Business School in 2000.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

Mr. NEO Sei Lin Christopher, aged 53
Chief development officer

Mr. Neo is the chief development officer of the Group overseeing enterprise capital cooperation development projects, investor relations, franchise projects and the development of private label brands to expand more development opportunities. He was an independent non-executive director of the Company until his resignation on 1 May 2018. He has over two decades of experience managing business units in the consumer goods and beauty industries. Mr. Neo started his career in 1994 in brand management with Procter & Gamble. In 1995, Mr. Neo joined the L'Oréal Group in Singapore. In 2002, Mr. Neo was relocated to Hong Kong as general manager for the L'Oréal's Consumer Products division, where he defined a compelling image for the L'Oréal consumer brands within the competitive city landscape. In 2008, Mr. Neo was relocated to Malaysia, initially as general manager for the L'Oréal Consumer Products division and subsequently served as general manager for the L'Oréal Consumer Products division for both Malaysia and Singapore. In 2009, Mr. Neo was made country manager and managing director for L'Oréal Singapore and was overall responsible for the L'Oréal Group's business in Singapore. As the country manager, besides running the profit and loss and overseeing business strategies, he was also responsible for the development of corporate reputation, innovation, new distribution, business communications, and talent development. In addition, Mr. Neo also helped set up and supported L'Oréal's regional organisations based in Singapore. In 2016, Mr. Neo was appointed as executive director of South China Media Management Limited, responsible for overall management of the South China Media Group women's titles, leading organisational change and revamping the group's overall business. In 2017, Mr. Neo was appointed as CEO of VUS (Vietnam USA Society English Centers - a joint-partnership entity between private equity firm and Vietnamese founder). Based in Vietnam, his role was to implement business strategy which includes expansion, branding and new product development as well as overhaul the information technology organisation.

Mr. Neo received a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from the National University of Singapore in July 1994. He was a former President of the Association of Perfume and Cosmetics Distributors (APCD) in Singapore.

Mr. YUEN Ka Ho, aged 56
Chief operating officer

Mr. Yuen is the chief operating officer of the Group overseeing the sales, marketing, sourcing, buying, store operations, store renovation and logistics in Hong Kong. He joined the Group in September 2014. Prior to that, Mr. Yuen possesses over 30 years of business experience in wholesale and retail sector in Hong Kong and Mainland China. He has been in management positions in various reputable retailers in the past 17 years, including merchandising director of Metro Jinjiang Cash and Carry Co., Ltd. and Wal-Mart (China) Investment Co. Ltd. in Mainland China.

Mr. Yuen graduated from the University of Bradford with a Master of Business Administration degree in 2013.

Mr. WONG Kin Man, aged 50
Chief information officer

Mr. Wong is chief information officer of the Group and oversees the information technology system of the Group. Mr. Wong joined the Group in June 2005. In the recent years, he has been spearheading the development of the Group's E-platform in Hong Kong, China and Singapore. Mr. Wong has over 20 years of experience in information technology management and system development and support, covering information technology infrastructure library (ITIL), project management office (PMO), IT service management, software project management and IT strategy. Prior to joining the Group in June 2005, Mr. Wong worked in various segments including hospitality, food and beverage, fashion, beauty, household and retail. Mr. Wong obtained an executive master degree of advanced management from HEC Liege Management School, the University of Liege in 2019. Mr. Wong has been a Fellow of The professional Validation Centre of Hong Kong Business Sector since 2015.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 April 2023, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which were notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, were as follows:

Name of Directors	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of shares of the Company	Number of underlying shares of the Company – Share Option <i>(Note 3)</i>	Number of underlying shares of the Company – Share Award <i>(Note 5)</i>	Total interest <i>(Note 1)</i>	Approximate percentage of shareholding as at 30 April 2023*
Ms. NGAI Lai Ha	Interest in a controlled corporation	324,000,000 <i>(Note 2)</i>	–	–	362,702,000	50.10%
Mr. LAU Pak Fai Peter	Personal interest Interest in a controlled corporation	37,902,000 324,000,000 <i>(Note 4)</i>	–	800,000 –	350,570,000	48.42%
Mr. CHENG Sing Yuk	Personal interest	26,570,000	–	–	2,313,000	0.32%
Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene	Personal interest	1,466,000 424,000	220,000 –	627,000 –	424,000	0.06%

* The percentage was calculated based on 724,023,000 shares in issue as at 30 April 2023

Notes:

- All the above shares and underlying shares are long position.
- Ms. NGAI Lai Ha is deemed to be interested in 324,000,000 shares beneficially owned by Hiluleka Limited, by virtue of her controlling shareholding (i.e. 50%) in Hiluleka Limited.
- These represent the shares to be issued and allotted by the Company upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme (as defined in the section headed "Share Option Scheme" of this report).
- Mr. LAU Pak Fai Peter is deemed to be interested in 324,000,000 shares beneficially owned by Hiluleka Limited, by virtue of his controlling shareholding (i.e. 50%) in Hiluleka Limited.
- These represent the shares in issue by the Company granted under the Share Award Scheme (as defined in the section headed "Share Award Scheme" of this report).

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had, as at 30 April 2023, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of the SFO, or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 April 2023, the persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which were required to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number of shares of the Company (Note 1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding as at 30 April 2023*
Hiluleka Limited	Beneficial owner	324,000,000 (Note 2)	44.75%
Webb David Michael	Beneficial owner/Interest in a controlled corporation	50,603,000	6.99%

* The percentage was calculated based on 724,023,000 shares in issue as at 30 April 2023.

Notes:

1. All the above shares are long position.
2. The shares are taken to have a duty of disclosure as described in Notes (2) and (4) under the section headed "Directors' and chief executive's interests and short positions in shares, underlying shares and debentures".

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 April 2023, the Company has not been notified by any persons (other than Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as disclosed in this report, at no time during the Year was the Company, its parent company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company adopted a share option scheme for a period of 10 years commencing on 4 September 2013 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide the Company with a flexible means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to the Participants (as defined as below) and for such other purposes as the Board may approve from time to time. The Participants include directors, any employees (whether full-time or part-time) of each member of the Group and any chief executives or substantial shareholders of the Company (together the "Participants" and each a "Participant"). In determining the basis of eligibility of each Participant, the Board would take into account such factors as the Board may, at its discretion, consider appropriate.

The total number of shares, which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 10% of the total number of shares in issue on the day on which trading of the shares commenced on the Stock Exchange, which is 72,000,000 shares, unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from its shareholders. The options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme will not be counted for the purpose of calculating such 10% limit. At the date of this report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme is 65,325,125 shares, representing approximately 9.0% of the Company's issued share capital as at the same date.

The total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each Participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of shares in issue, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

Where options are proposed to be granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive Director or any of their respective associates, and the proposed grant of options will result in the total number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the total number of shares in issue on the date of offer and having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5,000,000, such grant of options must be subject to the approval of the shareholders at general meeting.

Option granted must be taken up upon payment of HK\$1 per option. The exercise period of the share options granted is determinable by the directors and ends on a date which is not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the share options. The exercise price is determined by the Directors, and shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of offer of the grant of option, (ii) the average closing price of the shares for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the grant of option; and (iii) the nominal value of the Company's share.

DETAILS OF OPTIONS GRANTED BY THE COMPANY

As at 30 April 2023, options to subscribe for an aggregate of 280,000 shares of the Company granted to Directors and certain employees pursuant to the Share Option Scheme remained outstanding, details of which were as follows:

Name and Category of participants	Date of grant	Exercise prices of share options HK\$ per share	Exercise periods of share options	Number of shares options <i>(Note 2)</i>			
				At 1 May 2022	Exercised during the Year	Forfeited during the Year	At 30 April 2023
Directors							
Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter <i>(Note 1)</i>	12/11/2014	1.93	31/10/2015 to 11/11/2022 <i>(Notes 3(i),(iv),(v)&(vi))</i>	350,000	(350,000)	–	–
Sub-total				350,000	(350,000)	–	–
Mr. Cheng Sing Yuk	12/11/2014	1.93	31/10/2015 to 11/11/2022 <i>(Notes 3(ii),(iv),(v)&(vi))</i>	220,000	–	(220,000)	–
	21/01/2016	1.08	31/10/2016 to 20/01/2024 <i>(Notes 4(i),(iii)&(iv))</i>	220,000	–	–	220,000
Sub-total				440,000	–	(220,000)	220,000
Employees – In aggregate							
	12/11/2014	1.93	31/10/2015 to 11/11/2022 <i>(Notes 3(iii),(v)&(vi))</i>	780,000	(704,000)	(76,000)	–
	21/01/2016	1.08	31/10/2016 to 20/01/2024 <i>(Notes 4(ii)&(iv))</i>	60,000	–	–	60,000
Sub-total				840,000	(704,000)	(76,000)	60,000
Total				1,630,000	(1,054,000)	(296,000)	280,000

Notes

- Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter is one of substantial shareholders of the Company.
- No option granted under the Share Option Scheme during the Year.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

3. The options, granted on 12 November 2014, are exercisable from 31 October 2015 to 11 November 2022 (both days inclusive) in the following manner:
- (i) up to 117,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2015;

up to 234,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2016; and up to 350,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2017.
 - (ii) up to 73,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2015;

up to 146,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2016; and up to 220,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2017.
 - (iii) up to 547,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2015;

up to 1,094,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2016; and up to 1,640,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2017.
 - (iv) Out of the total 2,660,000 share options granted, 1,020,000 share options were granted to the Directors. The grant of the share options to the Directors was approved by all the independent non-executive Directors, and the Independent non-executive Director has abstained from voting on the resolution in respect of the grant of options to himself.
 - (v) Closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.89 per share.
 - (vi) The weighted average closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was HK\$2.65 per share. 1,054,000 ordinary shares for options exercised were issued at the exercise price for cash of HK\$2,034,220, which was used as general working capital of the Group.
4. The options, granted on 21 January 2016, are exercisable from 31 October 2016 to 20 January 2024 (both days inclusive) in the following manner:
- (i) up to 73,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2016;

up to 146,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2017; and up to 220,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2018.
 - (ii) up to 636,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2016;

up to 1,272,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2017; and up to 1,940,000 options granted under the Share Option Scheme commencing 31 October 2018.
 - (iii) Out of the total 2,960,000 share options granted, 1,020,000 share options were granted to the Directors. The grant of the share options to the Directors was approved by all the independent non-executive Directors of the Company, and the Independent non-executive Director has abstained from voting on the resolution in respect of the grant of options to himself.
 - (iv) Closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the options were granted was HK\$1.03 per share.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

SHARE AWARD SCHEME

The Share Award Scheme was adopted by the Board on 24 July 2015 (the “Adoption Date” and the “Share Award Scheme” respectively) to recognise the contributions by the Group’s employees (including without limitation any Director) and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for their continual operation and development of the Group; and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme, the Share Award Scheme shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing on the Adoption Date. The nominal value of the shares of the Company to be awarded under the Share Award Scheme throughout its duration is limited to 5% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares of the Company which may be granted to selected employee under the Share Award Scheme shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. Details of which have been set out in the Company’s announcement dated 24 July 2015.

The following table discloses movements of the awarded shares of the Company held by the Company’s Director or employees during the Year:

Name and Category of participants	Date of grant	Closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the date on which the share awards were granted HK\$ per share	Vesting prices of awarded shares HK\$ per share	Vesting period	Number of awarded shares				Unvested as at 30 April 2023
					Unvested as at 1 May 2022	Granted during the Year	Forfeited during the Year	Vested during the Year	
Directors									
Ms. NGAI Lai Ha	20/08/2022	2.97	1.68	16/10/2024 to 31/10/2024	–	800,000	–	–	800,000
Sub-total					–	800,000	–	–	800,000
Mr. CHENG Sing Yuk	20/10/2020	2.13	–	08/10/2021 to 08/10/2022	51,000	–	–	(51,000)	–
	06/10/2021	2.66	–	06/10/2022 to 06/10/2023	85,000	–	–	(43,000)	42,000
	20/08/2022	2.97	1.68	16/10/2024 to 31/10/2024	–	500,000	–	–	500,000
	14/11/2022	2.63	–	24/10/2023 to 07/11/2024	–	85,000	–	–	85,000
Sub-total					136,000	585,000	–	(94,000)	627,000
Employees – In aggregate	22/09/2020	2.40	–	31/10/2021 to 31/10/2022	65,000	–	(65,000)	–	–
	08/10/2020	2.18	–	08/10/2021 to 08/10/2022	372,000	–	(44,000)	(328,000)	–
	06/10/2021	2.66	–	06/10/2022 to 06/10/2023	703,000	–	(58,000)	(341,000)	304,000
	20/10/2021	2.69	1.68	16/10/2024 to 31/10/2024	7,126,000	–	(500,000)	–	6,626,000
	24/10/2022	2.69	–	24/10/2023 to 07/11/2024	–	645,000	–	–	645,000
	24/10/2022	2.69	1.68	16/10/2024 to 31/10/2024	–	235,000	–	–	235,000
Sub-total					8,266,000	880,000	(667,000)	(669,000)	7,810,000
Total					8,402,000	2,265,000	(667,000)	(763,000)	9,237,000

Notes:

- The number of shares available to be awarded under the Share Award Scheme as at the beginning of the Year, the end of the Year and the date of the Annual Report were 13,467,450 shares, 11,255,150 shares and 11,255,150 shares respectively, representing approximately 1.9%, 1.6% and 1.6% of the issued shares of the Company respectively as at the dates thereof. The number of awarded shares granted divided by the weighted average number of issued shares during the Year was approximate 0.3%.
- The weighted average closing price of the shares of the Company immediately before the dates on which the awarded shares were vested was HK\$2.588 per share.
- Details of their fair value at the time of grant and the accounting policy adopted are set out in note 24 to the consolidated financial statement.
- The vesting of the awarded shares shall be conditional upon the achievement of certain performance targets in respect of the financial results of the Group and the performance ratings of the grantees.
- Bank of Communications Trustee Limited has been appointed as the trustee of the Share Award Scheme (“Trustee”). Pursuant to the scheme rules and the trust deed entered into with the Trustee, the Trustee shall purchase from the market or subscribe for the relevant number of awarded shares out of the Company’s resources. The Trustee of the Share Award Scheme, pursuant to the rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme, purchased on the Stock Exchange a total of 600,000 shares of the Company at a total consideration of about HK\$1,724,000.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance were in relation to the Group's business to which any of the Company's subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or parent companies was a party and in which a Director or the Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions of the Group constituted non-exempt continuing connected transactions ("**Continuing Connected Transactions**") for the Company during the financial year ended 30 April 2023 under the Listing Rules. Save as disclosed below, the related party transactions are set out in note 34 to the consolidated financial statements. The Company has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of these connected transactions. Details of these transactions are as follows:

1. Tenancy Framework Agreement

The Group has entered into tenancy agreements with certain companies wholly-owned by Ms. Ngai Lai Ha ("**Ms. Ngai**") to lease the premises in accordance with the respective terms of the relevant tenancy agreements (the "**Tenancy Agreements**"). In order to ensure that all tenancy transactions between (A) Ms. Ngai and/or her associates (as defined in the Listing Rules, which include companies directly or indirectly wholly-owned by Ms. Ngai) (collectively, the "**Ms. Ngai Group**") and (B) members of the Group, comply with the Listing Rules, the Company entered into a tenancy framework agreement with Ms. Ngai (the "**Tenancy Framework Agreement**") on 27 August 2013. Pursuant to the Tenancy Framework Agreement, the Group has entered into various tenancy arrangements with Ms. Ngai Group to lease certain premises for the retail shops, warehouse and office premises.

Since Ms. Ngai is a Director and controlling shareholder of the Company, and that each member of the Ms. Ngai Group is an entity wholly-owned by Ms. Ngai, each member of the Ms. Ngai Group became a connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules. As such, the transactions contemplated under the Tenancy Framework Agreement (including the Tenancy Agreements) constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

For the year ended 30 April 2023, a total of approximately HK\$38,766,000 was received/receivable by Ms. Ngai Group pursuant to the Tenancy Framework Agreement.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 21 April 2022, the Tenancy Framework Agreement expired on 30 April 2022 and is automatically renewable for successive periods of three years thereafter. The Company has set annual caps for the maximum aggregate rental amount payable under the tenancy transactions entered into between members of the Ms. Ngai Group and members of the Group pursuant to the Tenancy Framework Agreement for the years ended/ending 2023, 2024 and 2025 are HK\$44,000,000, HK\$46,000,000 and HK\$48,000,000 respectively.

The annual caps stated above have been estimated with reference to the historical figures, potential increase in rentals at the time of renewing existing leases, and the estimated rentals of new leases in future.

2. Master Agreement with Radha Exports Pte. Ltd's group.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 25 March 2020, on 14 October 2019, Radha Japan Pte. Ltd. (a company wholly-owned by the Gangaram Family) acquired 25% equity interest in Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Limited (a non-wholly owned subsidiary of the Company) from Japan Home Pte. Limited (a former shareholder of Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Limited). On 3 November 2022, Radha Japan Pte. Ltd. acquired additional 5% equity interest from Japan Home Centre (Management) Limited (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company), as a result of which, the Gangaram Family, by virtue of their interests in Radha Japan Pte. Ltd., became a substantial shareholder of Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Limited and thus a connected person of the Company at the subsidiary level under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. As Radha Exports Pte. Ltd. is wholly-owned by the Gangaram Family, Radha Exports Pte. Ltd. is an associate of the Gangaram Family and thus also a connected person of the Company at the subsidiary level under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

On 14 October 2019, the Company entered into the master agreement with Radha Exports Pte. Ltd. in relation to the purchase of Products by members of the Group from members of Radha Exports Pte. Ltd.'s group (the “**Master Agreement**”). The Master Agreement expired on 30 April 2022 and has been renewed for another three years up to 30 April 2025. By virtue of Radha Exports Pte. Ltd.'s connected relationship with the Company, the transactions contemplated under the Master Agreement will constitute continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 21 April 2022, the annual caps in respect of estimated aggregate amount purchased from members of Radha Exports Pte. Ltd.'s group under the Master Agreement for the financial year ended/ending 2023, 2024 and 2025 of HK\$100,000,000, HK\$120,000,000 and HK\$140,000,000 respectively.

It is expected that the Master Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder will likely to enable the Group to obtain more favourable pricing compared with that generally offered by other suppliers. For the year ended 30 April 2023, a total of approximately HK\$80,526,000 purchased from members of Radha Exports Pte. Ltd.'s group under the Master Agreement.

All the Continuing Connected Transactions above have been reviewed by the independent non-executive directors of the Company who have confirmed that the transactions have been entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group; (ii) either on normal commercial terms or better; and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the shareholders of the Company as a whole. The independent non-executive Directors also consider that the relevant annual caps in respect of the Continuing Connected Transactions set out above are and will be fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

The Company's auditor was engaged to report on the Continuing Connected Transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 “Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information” and with reference to practice notice 740 “Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules” issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the Continuing Connected Transactions disclosed by the Group in this annual report in accordance with the Listing Rules. A copy of the auditor's letter has been provided to the Stock Exchange.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, under the share award scheme of the Company adopted by the Board on 24 July 2015 (the “**Share Award Scheme**”), the trustee of the Share Award Scheme, pursuant to the rules and trust deed of the Share Award Scheme, purchased on the Stock Exchange a total of 600,000 shares of the Company at a total consideration of about HK\$1,724,000. Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's securities during the Year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Articles of Association of the Company provides that the Directors for the time being of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their heirs, executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty, or supposed duty, in their respective offices, provided that this indemnity shall not extend to any matter in respect of any fraud or dishonesty which may attach to any of said persons. The Company has taken out insurance against the liabilities and costs associated with defending any proceedings which may be brought against the Directors of the Company.

CAPITAL COMMITMENT

As at 30 April 2023, the Group's capital commitment amounted to approximately HK\$21,900,000. The capital commitment was related to the acquisition of certain properties in Hong Kong.

Report of the Directors *(Continued)*

EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 1 March 2023, World Wonderful Limited (the “Buyer”), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a provisional sales and purchase agreement with an independent third party (the “Seller”) of which the Seller agrees to sell and the Buyer agrees to purchase certain properties in Hong Kong at the consideration of HK\$24 million. In June 2023, the Buyer entered into a formal sales and purchase agreement with the Seller and the transaction was completed on 30 June 2023.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

Details of the share option schemes and share award scheme are set out in notes 23 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. Save as disclosed above, no equity-linked agreements were entered into during the Year or subsisted at the end of the year.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company’s total issued share capital was held by the public as of the date of this report.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACT

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the articles of association of the Company or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing shareholders.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group is principally involved in retail business. The five largest customers and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for less than 30% of the Group’s turnover and purchases respectively during the Year.

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the Year have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants, who will retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

By order of the Board of
International Housewares Retail Company Limited
NGAI Lai Ha
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 27 July 2023

Corporate Governance Report

COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has adopted the code provisions as set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the “CG Code”) contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. The Directors recognise the importance of good corporate governance in the management of the Group. The Board will review and monitor the corporate governance practices of the Company for the purpose of complying with the CG Code and maintaining a high standard of corporate governance practices of the Company. The Board is of the view that the Company has met the code provisions set out in the CG Code, except that there is no separation of the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer as stipulated in the code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code. Currently, Ms. Ngai Lai Ha is both the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As Ms. Ngai is one of the founders of the Group, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Ms. Ngai taking up both roles for continuous effective management of the Board and business development of the Group.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the “Model Code”) contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as the Company’s code of conduct for dealings in securities of the Company by the Directors. Having made specific enquiry with all of the Directors, Directors confirmed that they have been in compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code during the year ended 30 April 2023.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board Composition

Our Board of Directors currently consists of six Directors, comprising three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. More than one-third of the Board is represented by independent non-executive Directors with at least one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The Directors are of the opinion that the present structure of the Board can ensure the independence and objectivity of the Board and provide a system of checks and balances to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole. The composition of the Board is set out as follows:

Executive Directors:

Ms. Ngai Lai Ha (*Chairman and Chief executive officer*)
Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter (*Honorary Chairman*)
Mr. Cheng Sing Yuk (*Chief financial officer*)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung

The independence of the independent non-executive Directors is assessed according to the relevant rules and requirements under the Listing Rules. The Company has received written confirmation of independence from each of the independent non-executive Directors and the Company is of the view that all independent non-executive Directors meet the independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and are therefore independent.

The Board’s role is to provide entrepreneurial leadership of the Company within a framework of prudent and effective controls which enables risk to be assessed and managed. The Board controls the business but delegates day-to-day responsibility to the senior management. The Board sets the Company’s strategic aims, values and standards and ensures that its obligations to its shareholders and others are understood and met. Certain matters are the subject of recommendations by the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee. The senior management is responsible for the daily operations and administration functions of the Group.

Our Board is composed of members from diverse backgrounds. Gender, age, cultural, educational background and professional experience of our Board Members are set out in the “Profile of Directors and senior management” to this annual report. The Board members do not have any family, financial or business relationship with each other.

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

BOARD MEETINGS AND DIRECTORS' ATTENDANCE

The Board held six meetings during the year ended 30 April 2023. The table below shows each Director's attendance at meetings of the Board held while he or she was a Director during the Year.

Directors	Meetings attended	Meetings eligible to attend
Ms. Ngai Lai Ha (<i>Chairman</i>)	6	6
Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter (<i>Honorary Chairman</i>)	6	6
Mr. Cheng Sing Yuk	6	6
Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene	6	6
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry	5	6
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung	6	6

The Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties set out in paragraph A.2.1 of the Corporate Governance Code, and in this regard the duties of the Board shall include:

- (1) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance;
- (2) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of directors and the senior management;
- (3) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (4) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (5) to review the Company's compliance with the code and disclosures in the Corporate Governance Report.

DELEGATION BY THE BOARD

Executive Directors are in charge of different businesses and functional divisions in accordance with their respective areas of expertise. For matters or transactions of a material nature, the same will be referred to the Board for approval. For matters or transactions of a magnitude requiring disclosure under the Listing Rules or other applicable rules or regulations, appropriate disclosure will be made and where necessary, circular will be prepared and shareholders' approval will be obtained in accordance with the requirements of the applicable rules and regulations.

The Board, led by the Chairman, is responsible for the Group's future development directions; overall strategies and policies; evaluation of the performance of the Group and the senior management; and approval of matters that are of a material or substantial nature. Senior management is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Group.

Formal letters of appointment have been issued to all Directors setting out the key terms and conditions of their respective appointment. Each newly appointed Director will also be issued with a letter of appointment.

CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF DIRECTORS

To ensure compliance by Directors and to enhance their awareness of good corporate governance practices, induction package covering the statutory and regulatory obligations of a director of a listed company will be provided to each newly appointed Director. The Group also provides briefings and other training to develop and refresh the Directors' knowledge and skills, and to update all Directors on any regulatory requirements as necessary. All Directors have received professional training during the Year including the attending briefings, seminars, conferences or forums and reading updates on relevant topics.

CHAIRMAN AND THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Currently, Ms. Ngai Lai Ha is both the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. As Ms. Ngai is one of the founders of the Group, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Ms. Ngai taking up both roles for continuous effective management of the Board and business development of the Group.

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years and all of the independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a term of one year. The appointments are renewable from time to time. All newly appointed Directors shall hold office until the next annual general meetings and shall then be eligible for re-election. At each annual general meeting, at least one-third of the Directors for the time being, shall retire from office by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference to assist the Board in discharging its responsibilities.

The terms of reference of the committees are available for inspection on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

1) Audit Committee

The Company has established an Audit Committee with the following of its primary duties:

- (1) to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of the external auditor, and to approve the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditor, and any questions of its resignation or dismissal;
- (2) to review and monitor the external auditor's independence and objectivity and the effectiveness of the audit process in accordance with applicable standards;
- (3) to review the Company's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems;
- (4) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and practices; and
- (5) to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management of the Company to ensure that management has performed its duty to have an effective systems, including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.

For the year ended 30 April 2023, the Audit Committee held two meetings. The work performed by the Audit Committee included, but was not limited to, review of the Group's interim and annual financial statements and the interim and annual reports, with a recommendation to the Board for approval; and recommending to the Board that, subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, PricewaterhouseCoopers be re-appointed as the Company's external auditor and also review the Group's risk management, internal controls and whistleblowing system. The Audit Committee has reviewed and satisfied with the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

The table below shows each Director's attendance at meetings held while he was a member during the Year.

Members	Meetings attended	Meetings eligible to attend
Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene (<i>Chairman</i>)	2	2
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry	2	2
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung	2	2

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

2) Remuneration Committee

The Company has established a Remuneration Committee with the following of its primary duties:

- (1) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (2) to review and approve the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (3) either: (i) determining, with delegated responsibility, the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, or (ii) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management (This should include benefits in kind, pension rights and compensation payments, including any compensation payable for loss or termination of their office or appointment);
- (4) to make recommendations to the Board regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors;
- (5) to advise the Company's shareholders on how to vote with respect to any service contracts of directors, which is for a duration that may exceed 3 years or which, in order to entitle the Company to terminate the contract, expressly requires the Company to give a period of notice of more than one year or to pay compensation or make other payments equivalent to more than one year's emoluments that require shareholders' approval under the Listing Rules;
- (6) to consider the granting of share options to directors pursuant to any share option scheme adopted by the Company;
- (7) to ensure due compliance with any relevant disclosure requirements in respect of the remuneration of directors as well as other remuneration related matters under the Listing Rules (including without limitation, Appendix 16), the Companies Ordinance and any other statutory requirements; and
- (8) to review and make recommendations to the Board regarding the pension arrangements for directors and senior management.

For the year ended 30 April 2023, the Remuneration Committee held three meetings. The work performed by the Remuneration Committee included, but not limited to, consideration of Directors' emoluments for the next year, with a recommendation to the Board for approval. The table below shows each Director's attendance at meetings held while he or she was a member during the Year.

Members	Meetings attended	Meetings eligible to attend
Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene (<i>Chairman</i>)	3	3
Ms. Ngai Lai Ha	3	3
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry	3	3
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung	3	3

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

Particulars of the Director's emoluments disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 of the Listing Rules are set out in note 36(a) to the consolidated financial statement. The remuneration of the members of the senior management by band is set out below:

	Number of individuals 2023
Emolument bands	
HK\$1,500,000 to HK\$2,500,000	3
Total	3

3) **Nomination Committee**

The Company has established a Nomination Committee with the following of its primary duties:

- (1) to formulate nomination policy for consideration by the Board and implement the nomination policy approved by the Board;
- (2) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing:
 - i. to consider the selection criteria of directors and to develop procedures for the sourcing and selection of candidates to stand for election by shareholders of the Company;
 - ii. to identify suitably qualified candidates to become Board members, select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships or to fill casual vacancies of directors for the Board's approval;
 - iii. to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy;
 - iv. to assess the independence of independent non-executive directors;
 - v. to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of directors and succession planning for directors, in particular the chairman of the Board and the chief executive;
 - vi. to review the Board Diversity Policy, as appropriate; and review the measureable objectives for implementing diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption; and report on the Board's composition under diversified perspectives in the corporate governance report of the Company annually;
 - vii. to do any such things to enable the Nomination Committee to discharge its powers and functions conferred on it by the Board; and
 - viii. to conform to any requirement, direction, and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board or contained in the articles of association of the Company (as amended from time to time) or imposed by law or in accordance with the Listing Rules.

The Company recognises and embraces the benefits of having diversity in the composition of the Board. A diverse Board will bring different ideas and perspectives to its decision-making and formulation of policies for the Company. All Board appointments will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against the selection criteria, having regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

Nomination Procedures

- i. The Committee shall call a meeting of the Committee, and invite nominations of candidates from Board members if any, for consideration by the Committee prior to its meeting. The Committee may also put forward candidates who are not nominated by Board members.
- ii. For filling a casual vacancy or appointing an additional director to the Board, the Committee shall make recommendations for the Board's consideration and approval. For proposing candidates to stand for election or re-election at a general meeting, the Committee shall make nominations to the Board for its consideration and recommendation.
- iii. Until the issue of the shareholder circular, the nominated persons shall not be assumed that they have been proposed by the Board to stand for election or re-election at the general meeting.
- iv. In order to provide information of the candidates appointed by the Board or nominated by the Board to stand for election or re-election at a general meeting, an announcement will be published or a circular will be sent to shareholders. The names, brief biographies (including qualifications and relevant experience), independence, proposed remuneration and any other information, as required pursuant to the applicable laws, rules and regulations, of the proposed candidates will be included in the announcement or circular to shareholders.
- v. A shareholder of the Company can propose a resolution to elect a person as a Director. Detailed procedures are set out in the section headed "Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director" of this annual report.
- vi. The Board shall have the final decision on all matters relating to its recommendation of candidates to stand for election or re-election at any general meeting.

Selection of candidates to the Board will be based on a range of diverse perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, ethnicity, professional experience, skills, industry knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merits and the contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board, taking into account the business model and specific needs of the Group. The committee has, from time to time, reviewed and monitored the implementation of the policy to ensure its effectiveness. It will at appropriate time set measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board.

For the year ended 30 April 2023, the Nomination Committee held one meeting. The work performed by the Nomination Committee included but not limited to make recommendations to the Board on the re-appointment of directors and review of the existing structure, size and composition of the Board.

The table below shows each Director's attendance at meetings held while he or she was a member during the Year.

Members	Meetings attended	Meetings eligible to attend
Ms. Ngai Lai Ha (<i>Chairman</i>)	1	1
Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene	1	1
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry	1	1
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung	1	1

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

DIVIDEND POLICY

Under the Companies Law of Cayman Islands and the memorandum and articles of association of the Company, dividends may be paid out of the profits of the Company, or subject to solvency of the Company, out of sums standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company. However, no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by Directors.

Declaration and recommendation of payment of dividends of the Company is subject to the approval of the Directors, depending on results of operations, working capital, financial position, future prospects, and capital requirements, as well as any other factors which the Directors may consider relevant from time to time. Any future declarations, recommendations and payments of dividends of the Company may or may not reflect the historical declarations and payments of dividends and will be at the absolute discretion of the Directors. The Company does not have any predetermined dividend payout ratio.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors acknowledged their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of each financial period, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group as at the end of the financial period and of the result and cash flows of the Group for the Year. In the Company's interim and annual reports which are issued within the time limits stipulated by the Listing Rules, the Board presents a balanced, clear and comprehensive assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects. The published financial statements adopt, and consistently apply, suitable accounting policies complying with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards.

The Directors, having made appropriate enquiries, confirm that they are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The statement of the external auditors of the Company acknowledging their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditors' Report" contained in this annual report.

The report from the auditor of the Company regarding their responsibilities and opinion on the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 April 2023 is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" to this annual report. The Board has taken steps to ensure the continued objectivity and independence of the external auditor. For the year ended 30 April 2023, the remunerations to external auditors of the Company were approximately HK\$2,019,000 and HK\$349,000 in respect of audit and non-audit services provided to the Group respectively. Non-audit services primarily comprise review service provided to the Group.

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Each of Ms. Ngai Lai Ha, Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter and Hiluleka Limited, the controlling shareholder, has entered into a deed of non-competition dated 10 September 2013 in favour of the Company pursuant to which each of them severally, irrevocably and unconditionally has agreed and undertaken to the Company that each of them shall not and shall procure that none of his/her/its associates (other than the members of the Group), except through his/her/its/their interests in the Company, shall directly or indirectly, carry on, participate in, engage, acquire or hold any right or interest in or otherwise be interested, involved or engaged in or concerned with, any business which is in any respect in competition with or similar to or likely to be in competition, directly or indirectly, with the existing business activity of any member of the Group and any business activities undertaken by the Group from time to time within Hong Kong, Mainland China, Macau, Taiwan, Singapore, Malaysia and such other parts of the world where any member of the Group carries on business from time to time. Details of the noncompetition undertakings have been set out in the section headed "Relationship with our Controlling Shareholders" in the Company's prospectus dated 12 September 2013. The Company has received the confirmation from the controlling shareholders of the Company in respect of their compliance with the terms of the non-competition undertakings for the year ended 30 April 2023. The independent non-executive Directors had reviewed the compliance with and enforcement of the terms of the non-competition undertakings by the controlling shareholders for the year ended 30 April 2023.

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for overseeing the Group's risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness at least annually through the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight roles over the Group's financial, operational, compliance, risk management and internal controls activities, while senior management designs, implements and monitors the risk management and internal control systems, and reports to the Board and the Audit Committee on the effectiveness of these systems. Systems and internal controls can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss, as they are designed to manage, rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives.

Risk Management

The Company has established a formal risk assessment system, including risk assessment criteria for the Group. Senior management identifies the risks that potentially impact the key business processes of their operations on an annual basis. Risks are scored according to their likelihood of occurrence and the degree of impact on business. Senior management assesses the effectiveness of existing controls and develops risk-mitigating activities accordingly. Results of the annual risk assessment are reported to the Audit Committee, including the significant risks of the Group and the control activities to mitigate or transfer the identified risks.

Internal Control

The Company has established defined levels of responsibilities and reporting procedures. Controls have been designed and established to ensure that assets are safeguarded against improper use or disposal, that financial and accounting records are maintained in accordance with relevant accounting standards and regulatory reporting requirements, and that key risks that may have impact on the Group's performance are identified and assessed.

The internal audit department is led by the senior internal audit manager, who reports directly to the Audit Committee. The Internal Audit Department is primarily responsible for performing independent reviews of key business operations of the Group and assisting in the continual development of internal control policies and procedures. During the year, the Company has conducted a review of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. Results of the review were communicated to the Audit Committee. Issues identified are followed up for proper implementation and the progress will be reported to the Audit Committee periodically.

Review of Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the internal control system of the Group covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance as well as risk management. The Board expects that a review of the risk management and internal control systems will be performed annually. For the year ended 30 April 2023, the Board considers that the Group's risk management and internal control are adequate and effective. The Audit Committee has also reviewed and is satisfied with the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's internal audit, accounting and financial reporting functions.

Procedures and controls over handling and dissemination of inside information

The Company has developed a monitoring system for inside information to ensure prompt identification, evaluation and submission of material information to the Board to determine whether such information constitutes inside information and requires disclosure. The Company strictly complies with the Inside Information Provisions and disclosure requirements set out in the relevant sections of the Securities and Futures Ordinance and Listing Rules.

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company has engaged an external service provider to provide secretarial services and has appointed Mr. Lee Chung Shing as the Company Secretary. Mr. Lee is not an employee of the Group and Mr. Cheng Sing Yuk, the executive Director, is the person whom Mr. Lee can contact for the purpose of code provision C.6.1 of the CG Code. Mr. Lee undertook over 15 hours of professional training during the Year.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

In accordance with article 58 of the articles of association of the Company, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Procedures for Shareholders to Propose a Person for Election as a Director

Article 85 of the articles of association of the Company provides that no person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for election as a Director at any general meeting unless a notice signed by a member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also a notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected shall have been lodged at the head office or at the Registration Office provided that the minimum length of the period, during which such notices are given, shall be at least 7 days and that (if the notices are submitted after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election) the period for lodgment of such notices shall commence on the day after the despatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than 7 days prior to the date of such general meeting.

Accordingly, if a shareholder of the Company wishes to propose a person other than a Director for election as a Director at the general meeting (the "Proposal"), he/she should lodge at the head office of the Company at 20th Floor, Tower B, Southmark, 11 Yip Hing Street, Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong (i) a written notice setting out the Proposal; and (ii) a written notice signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected.

Shareholders' Enquiries

Enquiries by shareholders to be put to the Board can be sent in writing to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at 20th Floor, Tower B, Southmark, 11 Yip Hing Street, Wong Chuk Hang, Hong Kong. For share registration related matters, such as share transfer and registration, change of name or address, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, the Company's registered shareholders can contact the Company's share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited. If the shareholders are unsure about the taxation implications of purchasing, holding, disposing of, dealing in, or the exercise of any rights in relation to the securities of the Company, they are advised to consult an expert.

Constitutional Document

For the year ended 30 April 2023, there was change in the memorandum and articles of association of the Company. An up-to-date version of the memorandum and articles of association of the Company is available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange published on 29 September 2022. Shareholders may refer to the memorandum and articles of association of the Company for further details of the rights of shareholders.

Corporate Governance Report *(Continued)*

INVESTOR RELATIONS AND COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company recognises the importance of maintaining on-going communications with its shareholders and Investor. The Company has engaged a professional public relations consultancy company to organise various investor relations programs aiming at increasing the transparency of the Company, enhancing communication with shareholders and investors, increasing their understanding of and confidence in the Group's businesses and promoting market recognition of and support to the Company.

In addition, the Company also maintains a corporate website on which comprehensive information about the Group is made available. Regular meetings are also held with institutional investors and research analysts to provide them with timely updates on the Group's latest business developments which are not inside information in nature. These activities keep the public informed of the Group's activities and foster effective communications.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the Audit Committee and Chairman of the Remuneration Committee attended the annual general meeting of the Company on 29 September 2022 and were available to answer questions. All Directors of the Company at that time attended the annual general meeting, with the exception of Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter. The Company's external auditor attended the annual general meeting and was available to answer questions.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

The Group believes upholding ESG principles and practices with high governance standards will boost corporate investment value and provide long-term returns to stakeholders. The Group has established an ESG governance structure with clearly defined responsibilities in place. The formulation of our ESG strategy and the day-to-day management and reporting of ESG matters resides with the ESG Committee, which is headed by our Executive Director and comprises of members from all major departments. The responsibilities of the ESG Committee includes the formation of ESG strategies, reporting on sustainability, communication with stakeholders, materiality assessment, and regular monitoring of the performance of outlined ESG initiatives. The ESG Committee will also inform the Board of developments vis-à-vis in ESG performances, visions and strategies through Board meetings on a regular basis. The Board would keep track of ESG-related work execution with respect to the proposed plans and objectives to devise future plans for the Group's ESG development.

To standardize environmental key performance indicators (the “KPIs”) for this report, the Group conducts emissions assessments for the financial years beginning after 1 May 2017. This report complies with the “comply or explain” provisions set out in the “Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide” under Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules. Unless otherwise specified, this report focuses on the environmental and social impacts of the Group's operating activities in Hong Kong (the “Reporting Market”), which represent the core of our entire business, contributing approximately 88% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 30 April 2023 (the “Year”). The Group will extend the scope of disclosures and will ultimately cover all its affairs when the data collection system becomes more mature.

Stakeholder Engagement & Materiality Assessment

To achieve sustainable business development, the Group maintains effective and open communication with its key stakeholders, namely our employees, customers, shareholders, suppliers and the community. Various communication channels have been demonstrated, including shareholders' meetings, investor & analyst meetings, results presentations, training & workshops, interviews & conferences, project collaborations, public events, social media platforms and industry events where the stakeholders can share their opinions. Meanwhile, benchmarking against business counterparts was incorporated into the materiality assessment process in order to ascertain significant ESG issues of the Group. The major ESG issues identified include: employee development and training, employment, customer privacy protection and supply chain management.

Subject Areas A. Environmental

Aspect A1: Emissions

With the environment in mind, the Group does not emit a large amount of air pollutants and strives to keep the level of greenhouse gas emissions as low as possible. To this end, several correspondence measures have been performed. For details of which these efforts please refer to “Use of Resources” below. The Group's greenhouse gas emissions can be classified into three scopes, and relevant activities and environmental KPIs are presented in the next three paragraphs.

“Scope 1” covers direct emissions from operations of the Reporting Market. The main source of direct emission is from gasoline and diesel consumed by the external vehicle fleets for delivering goods, which are not owned or controlled by the Group. As a result, retrieval of the relevant data is not feasible and currently does not meaningfully capture the information in this report. Nevertheless, the Group undertakes regular reviews of fleet operations to optimise the efficiency of its logistics network, for example, reducing mileage and hours spent in order to retain economic competitiveness and environmental sustainability;

“Scope 2” covers indirect energy emissions resulting from the electricity purchased and consumed within the Reporting Market (excluding electricity consumed by some retail stores in shopping malls, where discharge is controlled by the Building Management Office, so the retrieval of relevant data is not viable). Based on our business nature, the emissions of the Reporting Market are dominated by greenhouse gases, arising mainly from the use of electricity and fuels derived from fossil fuels. During the Year, our greenhouse gas emissions intensity generated from our daily operations in the Reporting Market was 2.80 tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent per 1 million sales in Hong Kong dollars (2021/22: 2.84 tonnes). The Group's emissions target set and steps taken to achieve it is described in Aspect A2: Use of Resources of this report. Greenhouse gas emissions data are presented in carbon dioxide equivalents (in tonnes) and are computed with reference to the data published in 2022 sustainability reports of the Hong Kong Electric Company Ltd and the China Light and Power Company Ltd; and

“Scope 3” covers business air travel by employees of the Reporting Market. For the sake of minimizing exhaust emissions, employees are encouraged to prolong their stay on overseas business trips in the hope of reducing the number of travelling or, if possible, to replace overseas business trips with video and teleconferencing. These measures reduce exhaust gas and greenhouse gas emissions released by aircraft. At the same time, emissions produced during physical business trips are negligible, accordingly, such relevant data is not shown in this report.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report *(Continued)*

Aspect A2: Use of Resources

The Group has launched the service of “Click & Collect” on the online platforms “JHC eshop” and “Easy Buy”, turning the stores into a quick service station for online orders. The advent of the function not only enhances customers’ consumption experience and sense of security, but also saves logistics and distribution costs and energy consumption. In addition, we signed the “Charter on External Lighting” issued by the Environmental Bureau of Hong Kong, committing to switch off lighting installations for decorative, promotional or advertising purposes after 11 p.m. to avoid causing light pollution to the surrounding environment.

In addition to the above-mentioned efforts, the Group has proactively adopted measures to minimise the environmental impacts of its business operation. For example:

- Air-conditioning systems are cleaned and air filters are replaced regularly in order to improve operational efficiency; and room temperature is maintained at energy-efficient level;
- Use of energy-saving lamps and LED lamps for office and store lighting (when feasible);
- Comply with the “Product Eco-responsibility Ordinance” for the levy on plastic shopping bags;
- Billboards and outdoor lighting devices at street level stores are controlled by timers;
- Collection of waste paper for recycling; and
- Each department is required to record the amount of paper used for printing in order to monitor the use of paper.

Total electricity consumption in the Reporting Market for the Year was approximately 15,200 MWh (2021/22: 16,200 MWh), while the plastic shopping bags consumed in the retail stores was approximately 46 tonnes (2021/22: 44 tonnes). The Group has set a target to reduce carbon dioxide equivalent per 1 million sales in Hong Kong dollars from our daily operations in the Reporting Market by 10% by 2027, using the year ended 30 April 2022 as a base year. The operation of the Reporting Market has not resulted in high water consumption, and water usage of the Group mainly arises from drinking and personal hygiene purposes. In the meantime, the Group actively encourages the saving of printing paper, communicating electronically instead of paper and documents. The usages of water and paper are determined to be immaterial, so the relevant data is not displayed in this report.

Aspect A3: The Environment and Natural Resources

The Group has issued an internal environmental pledge for environmental sustainability in fulfilling its role as a responsible corporate citizen. For example, shark fins and other endangered species are banned from its corporate annual dinner menu. In addition, certain of the Group’s stores serve as collection points of the “Fluorescent Lamp Recycling Programme” where customers can drop off used fluorescent lamps for safe and environmentally friendly disposal.

All construction waste generated from demolition and closure of retail stores were disposed in accordance with the Waste Disposal Ordinance (Chapter 354, Laws of Hong Kong) and relevant regulations, which minimises the impact of such waste on the environment. The Group also participates in the “Office Paper Recycling Campaign” programme organised by the Eco Association. Paper recycling boxes are available in the office to facilitate the reuse and recycling of wastepaper, reducing the amount of waste paper we generate and discard in landfills.

In view of our business nature, the Group is not aware of any significant generation of hazardous waste, and so currently does not capture this in our report. The Group has no direct and significant impact on the environment and natural resources beyond the use of resources and emissions issues discussed above. Besides, the Group did not identify any material non-compliance with relevant environmental laws and regulations during the Year.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report *(Continued)*

Aspect A4: Climate Change

The Group recognizes the potential impact of climate change on our business operations. We are committed to managing climate change risks and developing appropriate procedures and measures to prevent and minimize the damage caused by climate change. In attempting to mitigate such risks, the Group maintains adequate insurance plans for assets that are prone to damage by extreme weather conditions, minimizing the potential maintenance and repair costs. In case of an emergency due to extreme climate events, the Group also adopts special work arrangements to notify employees, which safeguards the health and safety of the workforce under unusual weather conditions.

Although the Group's operations and activities did not generate any carbon dioxide emission directly, we did generate carbon dioxide indirectly by consuming electricity. We have implemented a series of policies and measures, as explained in prior sections to use electricity efficiently and reduce carbon dioxide emissions effectively. The Group's business operations and activities did not lead to any events or issues that could significantly worsen the climate.

Subject Areas B. Social Employment and Labour Practices

Aspect B1: Employment

As key enablers in helping the Group achieve its economic, environmental and social objectives, our employees are among our most valuable assets. The Group respects every employee and strives to establish an inclusive workplace. The Group is committed to providing equal opportunities in recruitment and promotion regardless of age, gender, race, skin color, religion, nationality, marital status, disability or sexual orientation. The Group believes that hiring and retaining qualified employees is a crucial part of its success. Hence, it regularly reviews its remuneration policy to ensure it is in line with market standards. The Group also conducts staff evaluations to assess performance of all employees on a yearly basis. Employees are recognised and rewarded according to their individual performance, work experience, respective responsibilities, merits, qualifications, competence and time commitment. The Group clearly understands relevant ordinances and statutory requirements, such as the Employment Ordinance, Employees' Compensation Ordinance and the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance of Hong Kong. The Group did not identify any material non-compliance with relevant employment laws and regulations during the Year.

As at 30 April 2023, the Group has employed a total of 2,146 employees, of which 2,105 employees were based in Hong Kong, Singapore and Macau. The total number/turnover rate of employees by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region are as follows:

Note:

Turnover rate of employees was excluding employees who left during probation period

	Total Workforce	Employee Turnover Rate <i>(Note)</i>
Total workforce by gender		
Male	385	38%
Female	1,720	32%
Total workforce by age group		
Below 40 years old	708	44%
40 years old or above	1,397	28%
Total workforce by employment type		
Full-time	1,421	n/a
Part-time	684	n/a
Total workforce by geographical region		
Hong Kong	1,727	33%
Singapore	342	25%
Macau	36	13%

Environmental, Social and Governance Report *(Continued)*

Aspect B2: Health and Safety

The Group believes that the operational efficiency of an enterprise and the maintenance of a healthy and safe working environment for all employees are closely related. The Group is committed to providing a healthy and safe working environment for its employees and complying with all relevant requirements in The Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance.

In response to the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group implemented working from home arrangements for part of the employees, as well as a number of precautionary and safety measures, including setting up temperature checkpoints at store and office entrances; distributing surgical masks and rapid antigen test kits; staggered lunch hours to avoid crowds gathering in pantry; and use of videoconferencing system to reduce the number of face-to-face meetings.

No high-risk or safety-sensitive type of work has been identified in the Group's workplaces. There were zero work-related fatalities in the last three years and 292 lost workdays due to work-related injuries in the Reporting Market during the Year (2021/22: 532). All workplace accidents are handled in accordance with the Employees' Compensation Ordinance and are immediately reported internally to the human resources department of the Group. Follow-up work has been carried out immediately after the incidents to reduce the likelihood of similar events in the future. Moreover, the Group values employees' health highly and has included such as complementary health check-ups and other medical subsidies as parts of the employee benefits scheme. The Group did not identify any material non-compliance with laws and regulations on occupational health and safety during the Year.

Aspect B3: Development and Training

Staff development is an important aspect of the Group's human resources strategy. We endeavour to motivate our employees with a clear career path, giving ample opportunities to improve their skills. We provide training to employees upon hiring and tailored subsequent training programmes for them on an on-going basis as appropriate for their assigned duties. This training includes sales and customer service skills for retail operations employees. Due to the limitations of COVID-19 and the social distancing measures, a number of face-to-face trainings have been converted to trainings via video conferencing platforms such as Zoom. During the Year, the percentage of employees trained by gender and employment type and the average number of training hours completed per employee are as follows:

	Percentage of employees trained	Average training hours completed per employee
Total workforce	75%	3 hours
Total workforce by gender		
Male	75%	3 hours
Female	75%	3 hours
Total workforce by employment type		
Full-time	76%	3 hours
Part-time	74%	3 hours

Aspect B4: Labour Standards

The Group is fully aware that child labour and forced labour violate fundamental human rights and international labour conventions and recommendations, and pose a threat to sustainable social and economic development. Therefore, the Group strictly complies with relevant laws and regulations. The Group prohibits the use of any child labour by reviewing the actual age of interviewees during recruitment process, including examination of their identification documents and detailed records. The Group only enforces the requirements of standard labour contracts and does not use any means to unfairly restrict the employment relationship between employees and the enterprise by, for example, withholding a deposit or identification documents. The Group did not identify any material non-compliance with child labour and forced labour laws and regulations during the Year.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report *(Continued)*

Operating Practices

Aspect B5: Supply Chain Management

The Group has procurement and supply chain management policies to foster long-term commercial interests with our suppliers. All suppliers are selected through a selection process in which we not only consider their product quality, price, previous business relations and their legal, ethical and social commitments, but also takes into consideration that suppliers are working towards responsible and sustainable cooperation. Appointing new suppliers and purchasing new products are subject to the review and validation by our purchasing department and the approval by our management. The Group has built up a large global network in the Reporting Market of over 600 suppliers and manufacturers in 12 regions, including Hong Kong (205 suppliers), Japan (13 suppliers), Korea (16 suppliers), Thailand (12 suppliers), Vietnam (8 suppliers), Indonesia (5 suppliers), Malaysia (9 suppliers), Singapore (6 suppliers), Taiwan (13 suppliers), the PRC (272 suppliers), Europe (38 suppliers) and the Americas (5 suppliers). Although the Group explores procurement from extensive sourcing channels worldwide, it is committed to sourcing locally, in-country to minimise the carbon footprint generated from the transportation of products.

Aspect B6: Product Responsibility

In today's highly competitive market environment, the Group takes appropriate actions to protect the intellectual property rights that give the business a competitive edge. There is a dedicated department responsible for registration of the Company's self-created trademarks and patents, enabling the Group to sustain a strong brand and image and continue to offer high-quality products in the future.

The policies and procedures adopted by the Group require that the selected products must meet all regulatory requirements and must strictly comply with relevant regulations to ensure product quality, including the Toys and Children's Products Safety Ordinance & Regulation; Consumer Goods Safety Ordinance & Regulations; the Trade Mark Ordinance; the Copyright Ordinance; the Trade Descriptions Ordinance; and the Prevention of Copyright Piracy Ordinance.

The Group is committed to providing the highest standard products and services to its customers. The Group has made customer satisfaction its highest priority and developed a loyalty card programme that offers a wide range of membership privileges and special offers. We have a telephone hotline where customers may call to lodge complaints or concerns. We believe that our return policy, which generally allows customers to return defective products within seven days of purchase with the receipt for a product exchange or cash refund, also helps attract customers to patronize. During the Year, the Group's customer service department received 1,259 product- and service-related complaints in the Reporting Market and all complaints have been resolved properly through product exchange or communication. The Group did not recall any products sold subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.

Keeping the confidentiality of customer information is essential for maintaining good corporate governance and building long-term trust with the Group's customers. Thus, the Group adheres to the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance of Hong Kong Ordinance, ensuring that customer information we receive is only used for specific purposes. We require strict adherence to the Group's Data Privacy and Confidentiality Policy in our terms of employment. The Group did not identify any material non-compliance with laws and regulations on product responsibility and data privacy during the Year.

Aspect B7: Anti-corruption

The Group values integrity and believes that it is crucial for the success and sustainability of its business. The Group provides training packages consists of corruption issues, fraud and conflict of interest etc for directors and employees regularly to ensure that they are trained on expected conduct and are responsible for reporting any potential incidences of corruption or bribery in the workplace. Directors are required to complete and submit a "Declaration of Interests" at least once a year. Additionally, employees are required to report receipt and subsequent handling of gifts from any person that does business with the Group.

The Group has implemented a zero-tolerance policy towards corruption and has established a whistle-blowing policy and reporting procedures for reporting misconduct or malpractice directly to independent non-executive Directors. The Group did not identify any material non-compliance with laws and regulations on the prevention of bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering during the Year.

Environmental, Social and Governance Report *(Continued)*

Community

Aspect B8: Community Investment

The Group works hard for the sustainable development of the community by assessing and managing the social impacts of its operations on the marketplace and supporting initiatives that create effective and lasting benefits to communities where it operates. The Group responds positively to the cause with charitable programmes and volunteering services. For example, the Group has sponsored activities organised by the Care for the Elderly Association, as well as other community groups that focus on assisting the elderly or impoverished. The Group has also partnered with Oxfam, an international association combating poverty and injustice, ORBIS, a non-profit organisation dedicated to fighting preventable blindness, and Heifer International, an organisation to stop world hunger, to set up donation boxes at certain of the Group's stores. Over the years, the Group has contributed to caring for the community, employees and the environment. In honour of its contribution, the Hong Kong Council of Social Service awarded the Group with the "15 Years Plus Caring Company" logo. In the future, we will engage in more meaningful and charitable campaigns in areas covering social welfare services and assistance to the needy in Hong Kong. The Group has also participated in Charter on External Lighting scheme to minify light nuisance and energy wastage.

Independent Auditor's Report



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF INTERNATIONAL HOUSEWARES RETAIL COMPANY LIMITED
(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of International Housewares Retail Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 50 to 109, comprise:

- the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 April 2023;
- the consolidated income statement for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 30 April 2023, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

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Independent Auditor's Report *(Continued)*



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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- Carrying value of inventories
- Impairment of trademark of the Singapore operation

Key Audit Matter

Carrying value of inventories

Refer to Note 4(d) and Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group held inventories of HK\$360 million as at 30 April 2023. When assessing the carrying value of inventories at each period end, the Group consistently applies a provisioning methodology for slow moving inventory based on inventory turnover by categories and makes specific write down for obsolete inventories. We focused on this area because the estimation of provision percentages applied to different inventory categories and the estimation of specific provision for obsolete inventories involved high-level of judgement based on historical experience of selling products of similar nature through various sales channels as well as expectation of future sales under current market condition. These estimations are also subject to uncertainty as a result of change of market trends, customer taste and competitor actions.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We examined the basis of the methodology with respect to inventory provision and evaluated, amongst others, the outcome of management's estimations in prior year, analysis and assessment made by management with respect to slow moving and obsolete inventory.

We evaluated the assumptions and estimates applied by management to determine the provision and write off by testing the accuracy of historical information involved, comparing with current year and historical sales trends of similar products and performing sensitivity analysis on changes of major assumptions of future sales, such as sales through rate and sales margin.

We performed an assessment of the inventory provision and the net realisable value using the subsequent sales of the inventories after year end and the provision and write off determined by management.

Based on the procedures described, we considered management's judgement and estimates, which formed the basis of the carrying value of inventories, were reasonable and acceptable.

Independent Auditor's Report *(Continued)*



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Key Audit Matters *(Continued)*

Key Audit Matter

Impairment of trademark of the Singapore operation

Refer to Note 4(a) and Note 17 to the consolidated financial statements.

In 2011, the Group acquired a Singapore housewares retail business, which includes a trademark “日本の家”. The carrying value of the trademark as at 30 April 2023 was HK\$16,679,000.

Impairment indicator on the trademark of the Singapore housewares retail operation existed due to the challenging business environment in Singapore. An impairment assessment was performed by management and the recoverable amount was derived from the discounted cash flow forecast of the Singapore housewares retail operation using value in use calculation. Certain key assumptions such as sales growth rates, gross profit margin, net profit margin and discount rates were used in the calculation. Management considered impairment on trademark is not necessary based on the impairment assessment.

We focused on this area because the impairment assessment involves significant judgements on the key assumptions used.

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We understood, evaluated and validated management's controls over the budgetary process and the controls over the preparation, monitoring and approval of the impairment assessment.

We obtained management's future cash flow forecasts, tested the mathematical accuracy of the underlying value-in-use calculations and agreed the input data used in the discounted cash flow forecast to the approved financial budget and evaluated the consistency with management's business plan.

We also assessed the reasonableness of key assumptions used in the calculations, comprising sales growth rates, gross profit margin, net profit margin and discount rates. When assessing these key assumptions, we discussed with management to understand management's basis for adopting the assumptions, and compared them to the recent financial performance trend of the market and the actual results of the Group's Singapore operation subsequent to the year end. We also compared the discount rate used to the weighted average cost of capital of the Group and other market participants. We obtained and tested management's sensitivity analysis around the key assumptions, to ascertain the degree to which the key assumptions would need to change before resulting in a material impairment.

Based on the procedures performed, we considered that the key assumptions adopted by management in the impairment assessment were supported by evidence available.

Independent Auditor's Report *(Continued)*



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Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. We have obtained some of the other information including Highlights, Five-Year Financial Summary, Chairman's Statement, Management Discussion and Analysis, Report of the Directors, Corporate Governance Report, Environmental, Social and Governance Report and Corporate Information prior to the date of this auditor's report. The remaining other information, including Awards and Recognition, Corporate Social Responsibility and The Group's History and the other sections to be included in the annual report, is expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the remaining other information to be included in the annual report, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to Audit Committee and take appropriate action considering our legal rights and obligations.

Responsibilities of Directors and the Audit Committee for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSA's will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

Independent Auditor's Report *(Continued)*



羅兵咸永道

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSA's, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report *(Continued)*



羅兵咸永道

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is KONG Ling Yin, Raymond.

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 27 July 2023

Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended 30 April 2023

	Note	Year ended 30 April	
		2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Revenue	5	2,825,994	2,920,775
Cost of sales	8	(1,514,566)	(1,586,098)
Gross profit		1,311,428	1,334,677
Other income	6	49,331	51,052
Other losses, net	7	(12,704)	(4,948)
Distribution and advertising expenses	8	(84,490)	(74,765)
Administrative and other operating expenses	8	(1,038,111)	(1,027,901)
Operating profit		225,454	278,115
Finance income	10	6,071	621
Finance expenses	10	(17,548)	(16,723)
Finance expenses, net	10	(11,477)	(16,102)
Profit before income tax		213,977	262,013
Income tax expense	11	(32,102)	(41,695)
Profit for the year		181,875	220,318
Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		181,571	220,822
Non-controlling interests		304	(504)
		181,875	220,318
Earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company for the year (expressed in HK cents per share)			
Basic earnings per share	12	HK25.3 cents	HK30.8 cents
Diluted earnings per share	12	HK25.1 cents	HK30.6 cents

The above consolidated income statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 April 2023

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit for the year	181,875	220,318
Other comprehensive loss		
Item that may be reclassified to profit or loss		
Currency translation differences	(799)	(1,092)
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Actuarial loss on long service payment scheme	(4,242)	–
Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of tax	(5,041)	(1,092)
Total comprehensive income for the year	176,834	219,226
Attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	176,474	219,894
Non-controlling interests	360	(668)
Total comprehensive income for the year	176,834	219,226

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at 30 April 2023

		As at 30 April	
	Note	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	182,340	186,752
Right-of-use assets	15	561,830	494,706
Investment properties	16	37,245	36,622
Intangible assets	17	29,305	32,702
Deferred income tax assets	26	6,377	6,021
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	18	9,373	23,310
Prepayments and deposits	20	67,204	60,185
		893,674	840,298
Current assets			
Inventories	21	360,188	375,294
Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits	20	121,242	105,441
Current income tax recoverable		24	804
Cash and cash equivalents	22	402,310	416,923
		883,764	898,462
Total assets		1,777,438	1,738,760
Equity			
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company			
Share capital and share premium	23	589,517	587,483
Reserves	25	307,446	301,220
		896,963	888,703
Non-controlling interests		7,440	6,152
Total equity		904,403	894,855
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred income tax liabilities	26	1,203	609
Provision for reinstatement cost	27	4,495	4,194
Lease liabilities	15	295,268	226,683
		300,966	231,486
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	27	213,931	231,623
Contract liabilities	5, 27	11,504	20,786
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	34(e)	7,065	6,873
Borrowings	28	13,381	21,767
Lease liabilities	15	280,016	281,446
Current income tax liabilities		46,172	49,924
		572,069	612,419
Total liabilities		873,035	843,905
Total equity and liabilities		1,777,438	1,738,760

The financial statements on pages 50 to 109 were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 July 2023 and were signed on its behalf:

NGAI Lai Ha
Director

LAU Pak Fai, Peter
Director

The above consolidated balance sheet should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 April 2023

	Note	Attributable to owners of the Company			Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		Share capital and share premium	Reserves	Total		
		(Note 23) HK\$'000	(Note 25) HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Balance at 1 May 2022		587,483	301,220	888,703	6,152	894,855
Profit for the year		–	181,571	181,571	304	181,875
Other comprehensive loss:						
Currency translation differences		–	(873)	(873)	74	(799)
Actuarial loss on long service payment scheme	27(ii)	–	(4,224)	(4,224)	(18)	(4,242)
Total comprehensive income		–	176,474	176,474	360	176,834
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company recognised directly in equity:						
Transaction with a non-controlling interest	32	–	186	186	928	1,114
Employee share option and share award scheme:						
– value of employee services	9	–	3,824	3,824	–	3,824
– exercise of share options	23(a)	2,034	–	2,034	–	2,034
Purchase of treasury shares	24	–	(1,718)	(1,718)	–	(1,718)
Dividend paid relating to 2022	33	–	(86,161)	(86,161)	–	(86,161)
Dividend paid relating to 2023	33	–	(86,379)	(86,379)	–	(86,379)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity		2,034	(170,248)	(168,214)	928	(167,286)
Balance at 30 April 2023		589,517	307,446	896,963	7,440	904,403

	Note	Attributable to owners of the Company			Non-controlling interests	Total equity
		Share capital and share premium	Reserves	Total		
		(Note 23) HK\$'000	(Note 25) HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
Balance at 1 May 2021		586,866	299,610	886,476	6,820	893,296
Profit for the year		–	220,822	220,822	(504)	220,318
Other comprehensive loss:						
Currency translation differences		–	(928)	(928)	(164)	(1,092)
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		–	219,894	219,894	(668)	219,226
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company recognised directly in equity:						
Employee share option and share award scheme:						
– value of employee services	9	–	3,103	3,103	–	3,103
– exercise of share options	23(a)	617	–	617	–	617
– vesting of share awards		–	3,489	3,489	–	3,489
Purchase of treasury shares	24	–	(10,215)	(10,215)	–	(10,215)
Dividend paid relating to 2021		–	(109,038)	(109,038)	–	(109,038)
Dividend paid relating to 2022	33	–	(105,623)	(105,623)	–	(105,623)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity		617	(218,284)	(217,667)	–	(217,667)
Balance at 30 April 2022		587,483	301,220	888,703	6,152	894,855

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 30 April 2023

	Note	Year ended 30 April	
		2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	29(a)	563,720	621,265
Income tax paid		(34,833)	(28,421)
Net cash generated from operating activities		528,887	592,844
Cash flows from investing activities			
Prepayment for purchase of property, plant and equipment		(3,421)	–
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(26,930)	(27,259)
Purchase of intangible assets		–	(1,764)
Purchase of financial asset at fair value through profit or loss		–	(23,310)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	29(b)	554	3
Interest received		5,106	621
Decrease in bank deposits with initial terms of over three months		–	388
Net cash used in investing activities		(24,691)	(51,321)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayments of lease liabilities	29(c)	(339,718)	(333,498)
Proceeds from exercise of share options		2,034	617
Proceeds from vesting of share awards		–	3,489
Purchase of treasury shares		(1,718)	(10,215)
(Repayment of)/proceeds from trust receipt loans	29(c)	(8,396)	2,702
Interest paid		(711)	(365)
Contribution from disposal of shares of a subsidiary without loss control	32	1,114	–
Dividend paid		(172,540)	(214,661)
Net cash used in financing activities		(519,935)	(551,931)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(15,739)	(10,408)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		416,923	428,459
Exchange differences on cash and cash equivalents		1,126	(1,128)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	22	402,310	416,923

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

1 General information

International Housewares Retail Company Limited (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries (together the “Group”) are principally engaged in retail sales and trading of housewares, trend-based items, personal care, food and household FMCG.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY 1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Group is controlled by Hiluleka Limited (incorporated in the British Virgin Islands). The ultimate controlling parties of the Group are Ms. Ngai Lai Ha and Mr. Lau Pak Fai, Peter.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (“HK\$”) and rounded to the nearest thousand HK\$ (“HK\$’000”), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 July 2023.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”) and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Law of Hong Kong). The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties and financial asset at fair value through profit or loss, which were measured at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

(i) Amended standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amendments and revised accounting guideline for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 May 2022:

HKFRS 3 (Amendments)	Reference to the Conceptual Framework
HKAS 16 (Amendments)	Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use
HKAS 37 (Amendments)	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract
Accounting Guideline 5 (Revised)	Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations
Annual Improvement Project	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs Cycle 2018 to 2020

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.1 Basis of preparation *(Continued)*

(ii) *New and amended standards and revised interpretation issued but not yet adopted by the Group*

The following new and amended standards and revised interpretation have been issued but are not effective for the Group's financial year beginning 1 May 2022 and have not been early adopted by the Group:

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after
HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2 (Amendments)	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
HKAS 8 (Amendments)	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
HKAS 12 (Amendments)	Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
HKFRS 17 (Amendments)	Amendments to HKFRS 17	1 January 2023
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2024
HKAS 1 (Amendments)	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants	1 January 2024
HKFRS 16 (Amendments)	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (Revised)	Presentation of Financial Statements – Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayments on Demand Clause	1 January 2024
HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (Amendments)	Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined

The Group is in process of making an assessment of the impact of these new and amended standards and revised interpretation upon initial application, and has concluded on a preliminary basis that these are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's results of operations or financial position.

2.2 Subsidiaries

(a) *Consolidation*

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Except for the Reorganisation, subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

(i) *Business combinations*

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.2 Subsidiaries *(Continued)*

(a) Consolidation *(Continued)*

(i) Business combinations *(Continued)*

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Where settlement of any part of cash consideration is deferred, the amounts payable in the future are discounted to their present value as at the date of exchange. The discount rate used is the entity's incremental borrowing rate, being the rate at which a similar borrowing could be obtained from an independent financier under comparable terms and conditions. Contingent consideration is classified either as equity or a financial liability. Amounts classified as a financial liability are subsequently remeasured to fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, noncontrolling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement.

Intra-Group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

(ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purpose of subsequent accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.2 Subsidiaries *(Continued)*

(b) *Separate financial statements*

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors that make strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars (HK\$), which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentational currency.

(b) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within "Other losses, net".

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss. For example, translation differences on non-monetary assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.

(c) *Group companies*

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet;
- (ii) income and expenses for each income statement are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised as other comprehensive income.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.4 Foreign currency translation *(Continued)*

(c) Group companies *(Continued)*

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations, and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Land and buildings comprise of properties for the Group's own use. Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated income statement during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation of leasehold improvements is calculated to write off their cost less accumulated impairment losses over the unexpired periods of the leases or their expected useful lives of 5 years to the Group, whichever is shorter.

Depreciation of land and buildings is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate its costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

– Land portion	Remaining lease term of the land
– Building portion	25 years – 50 years

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs or revalued amounts to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	3 $\frac{1}{3}$ years
Moulds	5 years
Machinery and equipment	5 years

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised in the consolidated income statement.

2.6 Investment properties

Investment properties, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, are held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that are not occupied by the Group. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined at each reporting date by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the consolidated income statement as part of "other losses, net".

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.7 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries/businesses represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or Groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or Group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(b) Trademark

Separately acquired trademark is shown at historical cost. Trademark acquired in a business combination is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Trademark has a finite useful life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of trademark over their estimated useful life of 40 years.

(c) Computer software

Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred. Directly attributable costs that are capitalised as part of the software include employee costs and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost of computer software over their estimated useful life of 3 years.

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are at least tested annually for impairment or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances that indicate that might be impaired. Other assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or groups of assets (i.e. cash-generating units or CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.9 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost, comprising purchases and other incidental costs, are determined using the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.10 Investments and other financial assets

(a) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and liabilities and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in consolidated income statement or other comprehensive income. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

(b) Recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial asset carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the consolidated income statement.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- **Amortised cost:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in the consolidated income statement and presented in "other losses, net" together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated income statement.
- **Fair value through other comprehensive income:** Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in the consolidated income statement. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to the consolidated income statement and recognised in "other losses, net". Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in "other losses, net" and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated income statement.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.10 Investments and other financial assets *(Continued)*

(b) Recognition and measurement *(Continued)*

Debt instruments (Continued)

- Fair value through profit or loss: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are measured at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in consolidated income statement and presented net within “other losses, net” in the period in which it arises.

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to consolidated income statement following the derecognition of the investment. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the “financial asset at fair value through profit or loss” category are presented in the consolidated income statement within “other losses, net” in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised within “other income” when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

(c) Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and reward of ownership.

2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

2.12 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from franchisees and customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. See Note 20 for further information about the Group's accounting for trade receivables and Note 3.1 for a description of the Group's impairment policies.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.14 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.15 Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.16 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of reporting period.

Borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attribute to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(a) *Current income tax*

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

(b) *Deferred income tax*

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.17 Current and deferred income tax *(Continued)*

(b) *Deferred income tax (Continued)*

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2.18 Employee benefits

(a) *Employee leave entitlements*

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity or paternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(b) *Bonus plans*

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(c) *Pension obligations*

The Group has established a mandatory provident fund scheme ("MPF Scheme") in Hong Kong. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held in separate trustee-administered funds. Both the Group and the employees are required to contribute based on a fixed percentage of the employee's relevant income up to a maximum of HK\$1,500 per employee per month.

The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(d) *Termination benefits*

Termination benefits are payable when employment is terminated by the Group before the normal retirement date, or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of the following dates: (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for a restructuring plan that is within the scope of HKAS 37 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than 12 months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to their present value.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.19 Share-based payments

(a) Equity-settled share-based payment transactions

The Group operates a number of equity-settled, share-based compensation plans, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price), if any;
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

Non-market performance and service conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-market performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated income statement, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium.

(b) Share-based payment transactions among Group entities

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation.

The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.21 Revenue recognition

(a) *Sale of goods – wholesale*

Wholesale sales of goods are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the Group has delivered products to the wholesaler, collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured, the wholesaler has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the wholesaler's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped.

(b) *Sale of goods – retail*

Retail sales of goods are recognised when the Group sells a product to the customer. Retail sales are usually in cash or by credit card.

(c) *Sale of goods – customer loyalty programme*

The Group operates a loyalty programme where retail customers accumulate points for purchases made which entitle them to discount on future purchases. Revenue from the award points is recognised when the points are redeemed or when they expire.

Contract liabilities are recognised until the points are redeemed or expire.

(d) *Licencing fees*

Licencing fees are recognised when the performance obligations under the relevant agreements have been accomplished.

(e) *Consignment sales commission*

Consignment sales commission is recognised in the accounting period in which the relevant services are rendered.

2.22 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate;
- amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising that option.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.22 Leases *(Continued)*

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received;
- uses a build-up approach that starts with a risk-free interest rate adjusted for credit risk for leases held by the Group, which does not have recent third party financing; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. While the Group revalues its land and buildings that are presented within property, plant and equipment, it has chosen not to do so for the right-of-use buildings held by the Group.

Payments associated with short-term leases and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less without a purchase option. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

The Group has early adopted amendment to HKFRS 16 - COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 2021 which extended the practical expedient to lease payments that were due on or before 30 June 2022.

The Group has applied the practical expedient to all qualifying COVID-19-related rent concessions. Rent concessions totalling HK\$3,270,000 have been accounted for as negative variable lease payments and recognised in "other income" in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 30 April 2023 (Note 6), with a corresponding adjustment to the lease liabilities.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised within "other income" on a straight-line basis over the lease term (Note 6). Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the consolidated balance sheet based on their nature.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

2 Summary of significant accounting policies *(Continued)*

2.23 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

2.24 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, if any. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2.25 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued. Such financial guarantees are given by certain subsidiaries to banks on behalf of fellow subsidiaries to secure loans, overdrafts and other banking facilities. The liability is initially measured at fair value and subsequently at the higher of

- the amount determined in accordance with the expected credit loss model under HKFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' and
- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of HKFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'.

The fair value of financial guarantees is determined based on the present value of the difference in cash flows between the contractual payments required under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Where guarantees in relation to banking facilities among subsidiaries are provided for no compensation, the fair values are accounted for as contributions and recognised as part of the cost of the investment of the Group, unless the amount is immaterial.

2.26 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated income statement as part of other income.

Interest income is presented as finance income where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes, see Note 10 below. Any other interest income is included in other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

2.27 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign currency risk, cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and price risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) *Market risk*

(i) *Foreign currency risk*

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and Singapore and is exposed to foreign currency exchange fluctuations from exposures arising in the normal course of its business, primarily with respect to United States dollars, Renminbi and Japanese Yen. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations.

Management has a policy to require Group companies to manage their foreign exchange risks against their respective functional currencies. It mainly includes managing the exposures arisen from sales and purchases made by relevant Group companies in currencies other than their own functional currencies. The Group also manages its foreign exchange risk by performing regular reviews of the Group's net foreign exchange exposure. The Group has not used any hedging arrangement to hedge its foreign risk exposure.

Since Hong Kong dollar is pegged to United States dollars, management considers that there is no significant foreign currency risk between these two currencies to the Group.

At 30 April 2023, if Hong Kong dollar had weakened/strengthened by 5% against Renminbi and Japanese Yen with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been HK\$173,000 lower/higher (2022: HK\$170,000 lower/higher) and HK\$61,000 lower/higher (2022: HK\$199,000 lower/higher) respectively, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of Renminbi-denominated and Japanese Yen-denominated cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivable, trade and other payables and trust receipt loans.

The remaining assets and liabilities of each company within the Group are mainly denominated in the respective functional currencies. The directors are of the opinion that the volatility of the Group's profits against changes in exchange rates of foreign currencies would not be significant. Accordingly, no sensitivity analysis is performed.

(ii) *Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk*

Other than the bank balances and borrowings which carry interest at prevailing market interest rates, the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets or liabilities. Therefore, the interest rate risk mainly arises from interest-bearing bank deposits and borrowings.

However, the interest income and expenses derived therefrom are relatively insignificant to the Group's operations. Therefore, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Accordingly, the directors are of the opinion that the Group does not have significant cash flow and fair value interest rate risk and no sensitivity analysis is performed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management *(Continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(Continued)*

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk includes risks resulting from counter party default and risks of concentration. The Group has no significant credit risk as the retail sales are made in cash or by credit cards. In respect of trade receivables, the credit risk is considered to be low as most sales are made to franchisees and customers with long business relationships and with no history of default. In the opinion of the directors, the default risk is considered to be low.

The Group has concentration of credit risk as receivables from several wholesales customers represented all of the Group's trade receivables at the end of the reporting period. However, the Group has policies in place for the control and monitoring of relevant credit risks. These credit evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. The directors are of the opinion that the Group does not have significant credit risks because the Group mainly trades with customers who have established trading history with the Group. The exposure to credit risk is closely monitored on an ongoing basis.

The credit risks on rental deposits are considered to be low as they can be recovered by offsetting against the rental payments.

The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Group has two types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model:

- trade receivables, and
- other financial assets at amortised costs.

While cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of HKFRS 9, the impact of impairment loss was immaterial.

Trade receivables

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables.

The Group maintains frequent communications with the counterparties and monitors closely the credit qualities and the collectability of these receivables. The Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivables to ensure that adequate impairment loss is made for irrecoverable amounts.

Based on assessment by the management, majority of the trade receivables were settled shortly when they are due, hence, the Group considers the expected credit loss is immaterial.

For trade receivables relating to accounts in which there are objective evidence that the debtor faces significant financial difficulties or enter liquidation, they are assessed individually for impairment allowance. As at 30 April 2023, no specific loss allowance was made by the Group (2022: Nil).

Other financial assets at amortised costs

For other financial assets at amortised costs, the Group considers the probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default since initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management *(Continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(Continued)*

(b) Credit risk *(Continued)*

Other financial assets at amortised costs (Continued)

Management makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of the balances based on historical settlement records, past experience and forward-looking information.

To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risk of default as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtors' ability to meet its obligations;
- actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of debtors;
- significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- significant changes in the expected performance and behaviour of debtors, including changes in the payment status of the debtor in the Group and changes in the operating results of the debtor.

During the year ended 30 April 2023, no impairment loss on other financial assets at amortised costs was recognised in profit or loss (2022: Nil).

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and bank balances. The Group's liquidity risk is further mitigated through the availability of financing through its own cash resources and the availability of banking facilities to meet its financial commitments. In the opinion of the directors, the Group does not have any significant liquidity risk.

The table below analyses the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity Groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	On demand HK\$'000	Less than 1 year HK\$'000	Over 1 year HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 30 April 2023				
Trust receipt loans subject to a repayment on demand clause	13,381	–	–	13,381
Trade and other payables	–	201,015	–	201,015
Lease liabilities	–	296,809	312,449	609,258
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	–	7,192	–	7,192
	13,381	505,016	312,449	830,846
At 30 April 2022				
Trust receipt loans subject to a repayment on demand clause	21,767	–	–	21,767
Trade and other payables	–	223,717	–	223,717
Lease liabilities	–	288,433	237,242	525,675
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	–	7,000	–	7,000
	21,767	519,150	237,242	778,159

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management *(Continued)*

3.1 Financial risk factors *(Continued)*

(d) Price risk

The Group's exposure to price risk arises from investment held by the Group and classified in the consolidated balance sheet at financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

At 30 April 2023, if the fair value of the investment classified as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss had been 10% higher/lower, with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before income tax would have been HK\$937,000 higher/lower (2022: HK\$2,331,000 higher/lower).

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings and loans from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary divided by total equity.

The gearing ratios at 30 April 2023 and 2022 were as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Total borrowings and loans from a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	20,446	28,640
Total equity	904,403	894,855
Gearing ratio	2.26%	3.20%

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management *(Continued)*

3.3 Fair value estimation

(a) Financial assets

(i) Fair value hierarchy

This section explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level follows underneath the table.

Recurring fair value measurements

	Note	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 30 April 2023					
Assets					
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss					
– Hong Kong listed equity securities (Note)	18	9,373	–	–	9,373
At 30 April 2022					
Assets					
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss					
– Unlisted preferred shares (Note)	18	–	–	23,310	23,310

Note:

On 20 May 2021, Japan Home Centre (Management) Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement with Yoho Group Holdings Limited (“Yoho Group”), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, Yoho Group issued and allotted 5,465,854 Series A Preferred Shares to Japan Home Centre (Management) Limited on 21 May 2021, representing approximately 2.77% of the issued share capital of Yoho Group at a total consideration of US\$3.0 million (approximately HK\$23,310,000). The Group classifies unlisted preferred shares as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss. On 10 June 2022, Yoho Group has successfully listed on Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong (“the Stock Exchange”). Pursuant to the subscription agreement, all Series A Preferred Shares will be automatically converted into ordinary shares upon listing on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Upon listing of Yoho Group, unlisted preferred shares automatically converted into 12,332,564 ordinary shares of Yoho Group and the fair value measurement was transferred from level 3 to level 1.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management *(Continued)*

3.3 Fair value estimation *(Continued)*

(a) Financial assets *(Continued)*

(i) Fair value hierarchy *(Continued)*

As at 30 April 2023, the financial asset was denominated in HK\$ (2022: US\$).

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for recurring fair value measurements during the year. For transfers into and out of level 3 measurements see (iii) below.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and equity securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity securities.

(ii) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Equity value allocation with combining probability-weighted expected return method and option pricing method.

(iii) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 items for the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022:

	Unlisted preferred shares HK\$'000
At 1 May 2022	23,310
Transfer to level 1	(25,898)
Fair value changes recognised in consolidated income statement	2,588
At 30 April 2023	–
At 1 May 2021	–
Acquisitions	23,310
Fair value changes recognised in consolidated income statement	–
At 30 April 2022	23,310

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

3 Financial risk management *(Continued)*

3.3 Fair value estimation *(Continued)*

(a) Financial assets *(Continued)*

(iv) Valuation inputs and relationships to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in level 3 fair value measurements (see (ii) above for the valuation techniques adopted):

Description	Fair value at		Unobservable inputs*	Range of inputs		Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	30 April 2023 HK\$'000	30 April 2022 HK\$'000		30 April 2023	30 April 2022	
Unlisted preferred shares	–	23,310	Risk-free rate	N/A	0.67%	The higher the risk-free rate, the lower the fair value
			Expected volatility	N/A	104.86%	The higher the expected volatility, the lower the fair value

(b) Non-financial assets

Fair value hierarchy

This note explains the judgements and estimates made in determining the fair values of the non-financial assets that are recognised and measured at fair value in the financial statements. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group has classified its non-financial assets into the three levels prescribed under the accounting standards. An explanation of each level is provided in Note 3.3(a)(i).

	Note	Level 1 HK\$'000	Level 2 HK\$'000	Level 3 HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 30 April 2023					
Investment properties					
– Land and building – The PRC	16	–	–	37,245	37,245
At 30 April 2022					
Investment properties					
– Land and building – The PRC	16	–	–	36,622	36,622

For details of the valuation techniques used to determine the fair values, fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs and value inputs and relationships to fair value, please refer to Note 16.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting estimate will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Estimated impairment of goodwill, property, plant and equipment and trademarks

The Group test annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.7. The recoverable amounts of cash-generating units are determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates.

The Group tests where the property, plant and equipment and trademarks have suffered any impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.8. The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment and trademarks has been determined as the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell.

The recoverable amount of the trademark is determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management. Key assumptions used in the financial budgets include gross profit margin, net profit margin, sales growth rate and discount rate. As a result of the impairment assessment, no impairment charge was necessary in respect of the trademark as the recoverable amount calculated based on value-in-use exceeds its carrying value.

If the sales growth rate is reduced by 0.5%, the recoverable amount of the trademark based on the value-in-use calculation will remain higher than the carrying amount of the trademark.

(b) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and trademarks

The Group makes estimates and assumptions over the useful lives of property, plant and equipment and trademarks. At the end of each reporting period, both internal and external sources of information are considered to assess whether the estimate useful lives of property, plant and equipment and trademarks is appropriate and relevant. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits for these property, plant and equipment and trademarks, the depreciation/amortisation method should be changed to reflect the changed pattern and such change should be accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and the depreciation/amortisation charge for the current and future periods should be adjusted.

(c) Fair value of investment properties

Fair value of investment properties are determined by an independent professional valuer by using the direct comparison approach, assuming sale of the property interest in its existing state with the benefit of immediate vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market. Judgment is required to determine the principal valuation assumptions to determine the fair value of the investment properties. The higher the average recent market price of similar properties, the higher the fair value of the investment properties held by the Group. Details of the judgment and assumptions have been disclosed in Note 16.

(d) Write-downs of inventories

Inventories are written down to net realisable value based on an assessment of their realisability. Write-downs on inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-downs of inventories in the period in which such estimate is changed.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgements *(Continued)*

(e) Income tax

The Group is subject to income taxes in a number of jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the worldwide provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax based on estimates of the potential tax liability due. Where the final tax outcome is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(f) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax asset in relation to the Group's decelerated tax depreciation has been recognised in the consolidated balance sheet. The realisability of the deferred income tax asset mainly depends on whether sufficient profits or taxable temporary differences will be available in the future. In cases where the actual future profits generated are less than expected, a material reversal of deferred income tax assets may arise, which would be recognised in the consolidated income statement for the period in which such a reversal takes place.

(g) Share-based payment

The Group is required to expense its employees' share-based compensation awards in accordance with HKFRS 2 "Share-based payment". The Group measures share-based compensation cost based on the fair value on the grant date of each award. This cost is recognised over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award or the requisite service period, usually the vesting period, and is adjusted for actual forfeitures that occur before vesting. In order to assess the fair value of share-based compensation, the Group is required to use certain assumptions, including the probability of reaching the market performance, if any, and financial results targets, the forfeitures and the service period of each employee. The use of different assumptions and estimates could produce materially different estimated fair values for the share-based compensation awards and related expenses.

(h) Lease term and discount rate

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

The following factors are normally the most relevant:

- If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- Otherwise, the Group considers other factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

The assessment is reviewed if a significant event or a significant change in circumstances occurs which affects this assessment and that is within the control of the lessee.

(i) Estimation of the fair value of financial asset

The fair value of financial instrument that is not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses its judgement to select a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each reporting period.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

5 Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker has been identified as the executive directors of the Company. The executive directors review the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources and have determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The executive directors considered the nature of the Group's business and determined that the Group has the following reportable operating segments:

(i) Retail – Hong Kong and Macau*

Retail – Singapore*

(ii) Wholesales, licencing and others

The executive directors assess the performance of the operating segments based on revenue and gross profit percentage of each segment.

* Including consignment sales commission income.

The segment information provided to the executive directors for the reportable segments for the year ended 30 April 2023 is as follows:

	Retail		Wholesales, licencing and others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	Hong Kong and Macau HK\$'000	Singapore HK\$'000		
Segment revenue (all from external customers)	2,509,514	289,278	27,202	2,825,994
Cost of sales	(1,331,872)	(164,702)	(17,992)	(1,514,566)
Segment results	1,177,642	124,576	9,210	1,311,428
Gross profit%**	46.93%	43.06%	33.86%	46.41%
Other income				49,331
Other losses, net				(12,704)
Distribution and advertising expenses				(84,490)
Administrative and other operating expenses				(1,038,111)
Operating profit				225,454
Finance income				6,071
Finance expenses				(17,548)
Profit before income tax				213,977
Income tax expense				(32,102)
Profit for the year				181,875

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

5 Segment information *(Continued)*

The segment information provided to the executive directors for the reportable segments for the year ended 30 April 2022 is as follows:

	Retail		Wholesales, licencing and others HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
	Hong Kong and Macau HK\$'000	Singapore HK\$'000		
Segment revenue (all from external customers)	2,627,055	265,698	28,022	2,920,775
Cost of sales	(1,414,617)	(155,012)	(16,469)	(1,586,098)
Segment results	1,212,438	110,686	11,553	1,334,677
Gross profit%**	46.15%	41.66%	41.23%	45.70%
Other income				51,052
Other losses, net				(4,948)
Distribution and advertising expenses				(74,765)
Administrative and other operating expenses				(1,027,901)
Operating profit				278,115
Finance income				621
Finance expenses				(16,723)
Profit before income tax				262,013
Income tax expense				(41,695)
Profit for the year				220,318

** Gross profit% is calculated by gross profit (segment results) divided by revenue (segment revenue).

Segment revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales in the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022. The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies.

Revenues include sales of goods of HK\$2,819,493,000 (2022: HK\$2,911,215,000), revenue arising from customer loyalty programme of HK\$5,842,000 (2022: HK\$8,234,000) and consignment sales commission of HK\$659,000 (2022: HK\$1,326,000).

The revenue from the Group's largest customer accounted for less than 10% of the Group's total revenue for each of the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022.

All of the Group's revenues are recognised at a point in time for the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022.

Contract liabilities represents advanced payments received from customers for goods that have not been transferred to the customers and cash coupons and provision for customer loyalty programs. During the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022, all brought-forward contract liabilities at the beginning of the financial year were fully recognised as revenue.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

5 Segment information *(Continued)*

The following tables present segment assets and liabilities as at 30 April 2023 and 30 April 2022 respectively.

	As at 30 April 2023			
	Retail			Total HK\$'000
	Hong Kong and Macau HK\$'000	Singapore HK\$'000	Wholesales, licencing and others HK\$'000	
Segment assets	1,120,767	196,434	4,908	1,322,109
Segment liabilities	686,010	124,168	8,417	818,595

	As at 30 April 2022			
	Retail			Total HK\$'000
	Hong Kong and Macau HK\$'000	Singapore HK\$'000	Wholesales, licencing and others HK\$'000	
Segment assets	1,088,313	161,237	5,530	1,255,080
Segment liabilities	680,364	99,738	6,397	786,499

Segment assets include intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits and inventories. Segment liabilities include provision for reinstatement cost, lease liabilities, borrowings, trade and other payables and contract liabilities.

The following tables present segment assets and liabilities as at 30 April 2023 and 30 April 2022 respectively.

A reconciliation of segment assets to total assets is provided as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Segment assets	1,322,109	1,255,080
Investment properties	37,245	36,622
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	9,373	23,310
Deferred income tax assets	6,377	6,021
Current income tax recoverable	24	804
Cash and cash equivalents	402,310	416,923
Total assets	1,777,438	1,738,760

A reconciliation of segment liabilities to total liabilities is provided as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Segment liabilities	818,595	786,499
Deferred income tax liabilities	1,203	609
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	7,065	6,873
Current income tax liabilities	46,172	49,924
Total liabilities	873,035	843,905

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

5 Segment information *(Continued)*

Revenue from external customers in Hong Kong, Singapore and Macau are as follows:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	2,485,838	2,608,532
Singapore	289,278	265,698
Macau	50,878	46,545
	2,825,994	2,920,775

Non-current assets, other than intangible assets and deferred income tax assets, of the Group as at 30 April 2023 and 2022 are located as follows:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong	640,078	603,890
Mainland China	46,042	46,610
Singapore	118,056	87,588
Macau	53,816	63,487
	857,992	801,575

These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the assets.

6 Other income

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Advertising and promotion income	9,423	12,459
Sub-leasing rental income	278	531
Rental income	520	–
Government grants (Note)	35,420	5,993
Rent concessions (include Hong Kong and Singapore) (Note 2.22)	3,270	31,702
Sundry income	420	367
	49,331	51,052

Note:

These primarily represented government subsidies in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic which included subsidies of approximately HK\$31,937,000 received under the Employment Support Scheme of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and other subsidies of approximately HK\$3,089,000 received under the Progressive Wage Credit Scheme of the Government of Singapore during the year ended 30 April 2023 (2022: subsidies of approximately HK\$5,185,000 received under the Job Support Scheme of the Government of Singapore).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

7 Other losses, net

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Fair value gain/(loss) on investment properties (Note 16)	2,221	(3,615)
Fair value loss on financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	(13,937)	–
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 29(b))	(1,247)	(1,398)
Gain on lease modification (Note 15)	259	65
	(12,704)	(4,948)

8 Expenses by nature

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Auditors' remuneration		
– Audit services	2,019	1,995
– Non-audit services	349	320
Air conditioning expenses	10,538	10,470
Advertising and promotion expenses	11,491	8,434
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 17)	3,987	3,992
Building management fees	49,725	47,633
Cost of inventories sold (Note 21)	1,513,545	1,568,572
Write-downs of inventories (Note 21)	1,021	17,526
Delivery charges	62,765	56,242
Landing charges	9,733	9,077
Depreciation of owned property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	30,935	30,924
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 15)	326,415	343,944
Employee benefit expenses (including directors' emoluments) (Note 9)	421,958	405,825
Government rates	12,498	11,200
Legal and professional fee	3,989	3,450
Short-term lease expense (Note 15)	76,181	64,875
Repair and maintenance	12,825	17,064
Utility expenses	27,735	24,968
Net exchange losses	3,375	6,096
Others	56,083	56,157
Total cost of sales, distribution and advertising expenses, and administrative and other operating expenses	2,637,167	2,688,764

9 Employee benefit expenses

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries and bonuses	393,156	382,751
Pension costs – defined contribution plans	22,014	21,210
Other employee benefits	2,964	(1,239)
Share-based compensation	3,824	3,103
	421,958	405,825

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

9 Employee benefit expenses *(Continued)*

(a) Pension costs – defined contribution plans

Contributions to the provident fund by the Group for its employees are fully and immediately vested in the employees once the contributions are made. There are no contributions forfeited by the Group on behalf of its employees who leave the plan prior to vesting fully in such contribution. Hence, there is no forfeited contributions which may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contributions.

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include two (2022: two) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in Note 36. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2022: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Salaries, bonuses and other benefits	6,028	5,610
Pension costs – defined contribution plans	54	54
	6,082	5,664

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

Emolument bands	Number of individuals	
	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
HK\$1,500,001 – HK\$2,000,000	2	1
HK\$2,000,001 – HK\$2,500,000	1	2
	3	3

- (c) During the year ended 30 April 2023, no emoluments were paid by the Company to any of directors or the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office (2022: Nil).

10 Finance income and expenses

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Finance income:		
Interest income on short-term bank deposits	6,071	621
Finance expenses:		
Trust receipt loans and bank overdrafts	(711)	(365)
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	(192)	(192)
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 15)	(16,645)	(16,166)
	(17,548)	(16,723)
Finance expenses, net	(11,477)	(16,102)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

11 Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2022: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Current income tax		
Current tax on profits for the year		
– Hong Kong profits tax	31,686	41,973
– Overseas taxation	512	548
	32,198	42,521
Under/(over) provision in prior years		
– Hong Kong profits tax	133	(206)
– Overseas taxation	(470)	–
	(337)	(206)
	31,861	42,315
Deferred income tax (Note 26)		
Deferred income tax on profits for the year	11	(571)
Under/(over) provision in prior years	230	(49)
	241	(620)
	32,102	41,695

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the weighted average tax rate applicable to profits of the consolidated entities as follows:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	213,977	262,013
Tax calculated at domestic tax rates applicable to profits in the respective countries	35,117	42,478
Tax effects of:		
– Income not subject to tax	(6,774)	(3,070)
– Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,810	3,066
– Tax losses for which no deferred income tax asset was recognised	1,200	1,672
– Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	(1,099)	(1,286)
– Utilisation of temporary difference previously not recognised	(442)	(1,976)
– Others	(438)	1,231
Over provisions in prior years	(107)	(255)
Tax concession (Note)	(165)	(165)
Income tax expense	32,102	41,695

The weighted average applicable tax rate was 16.4% (2022: 16.5%).

Note:

Pursuant to the enactment of two-tiered profit tax rates by the Inland Revenue Department of Hong Kong ("IRD") from the year of assessment 2018/19 onwards, a qualifying group entity's first HK\$2 million of assessable profits under Hong Kong profits tax is subject to tax rate of 8.25%. The qualifying group entity's remaining assessable profits above HK\$2 million will continue to be subject to a tax rate of 16.5%. The profits of group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5%.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

12 Earnings per share

(a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	181,571	220,822
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (in thousands) (Note)	718,826	717,709
Basic earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (HK cents per share)	25.3	30.8

Note:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue are adjusted by the treasury shares held for share award scheme as such shares are not available in the market.

(b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options less the number of shares that could have been issued at fair value (determined as the average market price per share for the year) for the same total proceeds is the number of shares issued for no consideration. The resulting number of shares issued for no consideration is included in the weighted average number of ordinary shares as the denominator for calculating diluted earnings per share.

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	181,571	220,822
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (in thousands)	718,826	717,709
Adjustment for:		
– Share options and share awards (in thousands)	4,893	4,020
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for diluted earnings per share (in thousands)	723,719	721,729
Diluted earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company (HK cents per share)	25.1	30.6

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

13 Subsidiaries

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at year end:

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued/ registered share capital	As at 30 April	
				2023 Interest held	2022 Interest held
Matusadona Investments Limited*	British Virgin Islands, limited company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	United States dollars 100	100%	100%
Japan Home Centre (H.K.) Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Retail sales of housewares products in Hong Kong	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
JHC (International) Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Export of housewares products and provision of management services in Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
Japan Home Centre (Management) Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Licencing of franchise rights and provision of management services in Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
JHC (Plastics) Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Manufacturing of housewares products in Hong Kong	HK\$1,375,000	60%	60%
JHC Clean Health Production Ltd [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Manufacturing of face mask in Hong Kong	HK\$866,666	100%	100%
JHC (Taiwan) Limited [#]	Taiwan, limited liability company	Trading of housewares products in Taiwan	New Taiwan dollars 1,000,000	100%	100%
Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore, limited liability company	Retail sales of housewares products in Singapore	Singapore dollars 7,708,333	70%	75%
Famij (China) Limited [#]	Hong Kong limited liability company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	HK\$3,185,427	100%	100%
JHC Advertising (H.K.) Limited [#]	Hong Kong limited liability company	Inactive	HK\$100	100%	100%
泛美家貿易(深圳)有限公司 [#]	Mainland China, limited liability company	Inactive	HK\$1,000,000	100%	100%
易生活(南京)百貨有限公司 [#]	Mainland China, limited liability company	Investment of properties in Nanjing, Mainland China	Renminbi ("RMB") 27,443,321	100%	100%
Japan Home Centre (Macau) Single-Member Company Limited [#]	Macau, limited company	Retail sales of housewares products in Macau	Macau Patacas 100,000	100%	100%
JHC Ella Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Retail sales of gifts and accessories products in Hong Kong	HK\$14,753,333	77.5%	77.5%
Conpark International Investment Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Investment of properties in Hong Kong	HK\$100	100%	100%
Delight Fame Investment Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Investment of properties in Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	100%
Pako Investment Development Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Investment holding in Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
廣州市栢資投資諮詢有限公司 [#]	Mainland China, limited liability company	Investment of properties in Guangzhou, Mainland China	RMB21,350,000	100%	100%
泛美家貿易(廣州)有限公司 [#]	Mainland China, limited liability company	Trading of housewares products in Mainland China	RMB6,965,880	100%	100%
Matsusho Appliances Tokyo Company Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Inactive	HK\$10,000	100%	100%
World Wonderful Limited [#]	Hong Kong, limited company	Investment of properties in Hong Kong	HK\$1	100%	NA

* Equity interest directly held by the Company.

[#] Equity interest indirectly held by the Company.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

13 Subsidiaries *(Continued)*

(a) Material non-controlling interests

The total non-controlling interests as at 30 April 2023 is HK\$7,440,000 (2022: HK\$6,152,000) attributable to Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Ltd., JHC (Plastics) Limited and JHC Ella Limited. The non-controlling interests in respect of these companies are not material.

14 Property, plant and equipment

	Land and buildings HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements HK\$'000	Furniture, fixtures and equipment HK\$'000	Computer equipment HK\$'000	Motor vehicles HK\$'000	Moulds HK\$'000	Machinery and equipment HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 May 2021								
Cost	130,983	203,076	154,334	30,617	5,024	4,125	6,783	534,942
Accumulated depreciation	(6,211)	(165,158)	(136,972)	(25,329)	(1,748)	(4,125)	(4,191)	(343,734)
Net book amount	124,772	37,918	17,362	5,288	3,276	–	2,592	191,208
Year ended 30 April 2022								
Opening net book amount	124,772	37,918	17,362	5,288	3,276	–	2,592	191,208
Additions	–	16,380	10,692	1,064	–	–	105	28,241
Disposals (Note 29(b))	–	(1,394)	–	(7)	–	–	–	(1,401)
Depreciation (Note 8)	(3,375)	(15,774)	(8,301)	(2,061)	(979)	–	(434)	(30,924)
Currency translation differences	(59)	(216)	(60)	(22)	(15)	–	–	(372)
Closing net book amount	121,338	36,914	19,693	4,262	2,282	–	2,263	186,752
At 30 April 2022								
Cost	130,983	215,381	165,005	31,531	5,024	4,125	6,888	558,937
Accumulated depreciation	(9,645)	(178,467)	(145,312)	(27,269)	(2,742)	(4,125)	(4,625)	(372,185)
Net book amount	121,338	36,914	19,693	4,262	2,282	–	2,263	186,752
Year ended 30 April 2023								
Opening net book amount	121,338	36,914	19,693	4,262	2,282	–	2,263	186,752
Additions	–	16,326	7,826	1,100	2,638	–	204	28,094
Disposals (Note 29(b))	–	(786)	–	–	(1,015)	–	–	(1,801)
Depreciation (Note 8)	(2,551)	(15,766)	(8,640)	(2,030)	(1,238)	–	(710)	(30,935)
Currency translation differences	(266)	341	104	24	27	–	–	230
Closing net book amount	118,521	37,029	18,983	3,356	2,694	–	1,757	182,340
At 30 April 2023								
Cost	130,855	229,953	172,139	32,600	7,010	4,125	7,091	583,773
Accumulated depreciation	(12,334)	(192,924)	(153,156)	(29,244)	(4,316)	(4,125)	(5,334)	(401,433)
Net book amount	118,521	37,029	18,983	3,356	2,694	–	1,757	182,340

Depreciation expense of HK\$30,935,000 (2022: HK\$30,924,000) has been charged in administrative and other operating expenses (Note 8).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

15 Leases

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated balance sheet

The consolidated balance sheet shows the following amounts relating to right-of-use assets:

(i) Right-of-use assets

	At 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Properties	558,850	491,485
Land use rights	2,980	3,221
	561,830	494,706

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the year were HK\$393,500,000 (2022: HK\$332,706,000).

(ii) Lease liabilities

	At 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Non-current	295,268	226,683
Current	280,016	281,446
	575,284	508,129

During the year ended 30 April 2023, the Group received COVID-19-related rent concessions from landlords for certain lease properties which have been accounted for as negative variable lease payments and recognised in other income (Note 6) under the amendments to HKFRS 16 (Note 2.22).

During the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022, the Group received other rent concession from landlords for certain leased properties which has been accounted for as lease modifications.

(b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated income statement

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 8)		
– Properties	326,314	343,724
– Vehicles	–	112
– Land use rights	101	108
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 10)	16,645	16,166
Expense relating to short-term leases (Note 8)	76,181	64,875
Gain on lease modification (Note 7)	259	65

The total cash outflow for leases for the year ended 30 April 2023 was HK\$415,899,000 (2022: HK\$398,373,000).

(c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

As a lessee

The Group leases various land, offices, warehouses, retail stores and vehicles. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 5 years (2022: 1 to 3 years), but may have extension and termination options as described in (d) below.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

15 Leases *(Continued)*

(d) Extension and termination options

Extension and termination options are included in a number of land leases and property leases across the Group. These terms are used to maximise operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the respective lessor.

16 Investment properties

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At fair value		
Opening balance at 1 May	36,622	40,567
Net gain/(loss) from fair value adjustment (Note 7)	2,221	(3,615)
Currency translation differences	(1,598)	(330)
Closing balance at 30 April	37,245	36,622

As at 30 April 2023, the Group had no unprovided contractual obligations for future repairs and maintenance (2022: Nil).

The investment properties are situated in Mainland China and held on lease of between 10 to 50 years.

The investment properties were revalued as at 30 April 2023 and 2022 by Dudley Surveyors (Hong Kong) Ltd., a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The valuation was derived using the direct comparison approach, assuming sale of the property interest in their existing state with the benefit of immediate vacant possession and by making reference to comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market.

The fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties is categorised into level 3 in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to valuation techniques used.

The gain for the year included in the consolidated income statement for investment properties categorised into level 3 held at the end of the year under "other losses, net" is approximately HK\$2,221,000 (2022: loss for the year of approximately HK\$3,615,000).

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into/out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer. There were no transfers among levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

Below is a summary of the valuation techniques used and the key inputs to the valuation of investment properties:

	Significant unobservable inputs	Price	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
At 30 April 2023			
Land and buildings in Nanjing, Mainland China	Market unit sale price (per square meter)	RMB21,233	The higher the market unit sales price, the higher the fair value
Land and buildings in Guangzhou, Mainland China	Market unit sale price (per square meter)	RMB26,920	The higher the market unit sales price, the higher the fair value
At 30 April 2022			
Land and buildings in Nanjing, Mainland China	Market unit sale price (per square meter)	RMB21,233	The higher the market unit sales price, the higher the fair value
Land and buildings in Guangzhou, Mainland China	Market unit sale price (per square meter)	RMB24,718	The higher the market unit sales price, the higher the fair value

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

17 Intangible assets

	Goodwill HK\$'000	Trademark HK\$'000	Computer software HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 May 2021				
Cost	6,658	26,608	15,046	48,312
Accumulated amortisation	–	(5,902)	(5,149)	(11,051)
Accumulated impairment	(727)	–	–	(727)
Currency translation differences	–	(1,104)	–	(1,104)
Net book amount	5,931	19,602	9,897	35,430
Year ended 30 April 2022				
Opening net book amount	5,931	19,602	9,897	35,430
Addition	–	–	1,764	1,764
Amortisation charge (Note 8)	–	(630)	(3,362)	(3,992)
Currency translation differences	–	(500)	–	(500)
Closing net book amount	5,931	18,472	8,299	32,702
At 30 April 2022				
Cost	6,658	26,608	16,810	50,076
Accumulated amortisation	–	(6,532)	(8,511)	(15,043)
Accumulated impairment	(727)	–	–	(727)
Currency translation differences	–	(1,604)	–	(1,604)
Net book amount	5,931	18,472	8,299	32,702
Year ended 30 April 2023				
Opening net book amount	5,931	18,472	8,299	32,702
Addition	–	–	–	–
Amortisation charge (Note 8)	–	(625)	(3,362)	(3,987)
Currency translation differences	–	590	–	590
Closing net book amount	5,931	18,437	4,937	29,305
At 30 April 2023				
Cost	6,658	26,608	16,810	50,076
Accumulated amortisation	–	(7,157)	(11,873)	(19,030)
Accumulated impairment	(727)	–	–	(727)
Currency translation differences	–	(1,014)	–	(1,014)
Net book amount	5,931	18,437	4,937	29,305

Amortisation expense of HK\$3,987,000 (2022: HK\$3,992,000) is included in administrative and other operating expenses (Note 8).

Goodwill was allocated to the Group's retail businesses in Macau, which was considered as a separate cash generating unit.

For the purpose of impairment test on goodwill, the recoverable amounts of the retail business units in Macau are determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period and a pre-tax discount rate of 13.96%, which reflects the specific risks relating to the housewares retail businesses in Macau. The cash flows beyond the five year period are extrapolated using a 1% growth rate. This growth rate does not exceed the average growth rate for retail industry in which the Group operates.

The Group has also performed a sensitivity analysis for the recoverable amount of the retail business units in Macau as at 30 April 2023, by assessing a decrease in annual revenue growth rate by 1% throughout all years and terminal growth rate by 1%. The estimated changes in recoverable amount are considered to be immaterial and would not result in impairment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

17 Intangible assets *(Continued)*

For the purpose of impairment test on trademark in Singapore which amounted to HK\$16,679,000, the recoverable amounts of the retail business units in Singapore are determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period and a pre-tax discount rate of 10.25%, which reflects the specific risks relating to the housewares retail businesses in Singapore.

The Group has performed a sensitivity analysis for the recoverable amount of the Singapore operation as at 30 April 2023 by assessing a decrease in annual revenue growth rate by 0.5%, a decrease in gross profit margin by 0.5% throughout all years or an increase in discount rate by 1%, with all the variables taken in isolation. The estimated changes in recoverable amount are considered to be immaterial and would not result in impairment.

Management does not foresee any significant change in the key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations that will cause the recoverable amount of goodwill and trademark to be less than their carrying amounts.

18 Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss

The group classifies equity investments that are held for trading at financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss include the following:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Hong Kong listed equity securities (Note)	9,373	–
Unlisted preferred shares (Note)	–	23,310
	9,373	23,310

Amounts recognised in profit or loss

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Net fair value loss on equity investments at fair value through profit or loss recognised in other losses, net (Note 7)	13,937	–

Risk exposure and fair value measurement

Information about the Group's exposure to price risk is provided in Note 3.1. For information about the methods and assumptions used in determining fair value, see Note 3.3.

Note:

On 20 May 2021, Japan Home Centre (Management) Limited, an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a subscription agreement with Yoho Group, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, Yoho Group issued and allotted 5,465,854 Series A Preferred Shares to Japan Home Centre (Management) Limited on 21 May 2021, representing approximately 2.77% of the issued share capital of Yoho Group at a total consideration of US\$3.0 million (approximately HK\$23,310,000). The Group classifies unlisted preferred shares as financial asset at fair value through profit or loss.

On 10 June 2022, Yoho Group has successfully listed on Main Board of the Stock Exchange. Pursuant to the subscription agreement, all Series A Preferred Shares were automatically converted into ordinary shares upon listing on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

The financial asset was denominated in HK\$ (2022: US\$).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

19 Financial instruments by category

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Financial assets at fair value		
Financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	9,373	23,310
Financial assets at amortised cost		
Trade and other receivables and deposits	172,455	146,813
Cash and cash equivalents	402,310	416,923
	574,765	563,736
	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		
Trade and other payables	201,015	223,717
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	7,065	6,873
Trust receipt loans subject to a repayable on demand clause	13,381	21,767
Lease liabilities	575,284	508,129
	796,745	760,486

20 Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Trade receivables, net	23,839	13,888
Prepayments	15,991	18,813
Deposits and other receivables	148,616	132,925
	188,446	165,626
Less non-current portion:		
Deposits	(63,783)	(60,185)
Prepayments	(3,421)	–
	(67,204)	(60,185)
Current portion	121,242	105,441

All non-current receivables are due within five years from the end of the year.

The Group normally make sales to customers on a cash-on-delivery basis. The ageing analysis of trade receivables based on invoice dates is as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Up to 3 months	23,781	13,884
3 to 6 months	37	4
6 to 12 months	21	–
	23,839	13,888
Less: provision for impairment of receivables	–	–
	23,839	13,888

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

20 Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits *(Continued)*

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. Note 3.1(b) provides for details of the allowance. The creation and release of provision for impaired receivables has been included in "Administrative and other operating expenses" in the consolidated income statement (Note 8). Amounts charged to the allowance account are generally written off when there is no expectation of recovering additional cash.

The Group does not hold any collateral as security for its receivables.

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximated their fair values.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Euro	258	1,140
United States dollars	3,087	1,043
Hong Kong dollars	159,973	141,720
Singapore dollars	18,144	15,666
Renminbi	3,671	3,971
New Taiwan dollars	286	353
Macau Patacas	1,873	1,733
Japanese Yen	1,154	–
	188,446	165,626

21 Inventories

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Merchandise	360,188	375,294

The cost of inventories sold and write-downs of inventories recognised as an expense and included in cost of sales amounted to HK\$1,513,545,000 and HK\$1,021,000 respectively (2022: HK\$1,568,572,000 and HK\$17,526,000) (Note 8).

22 Cash and cash equivalents

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Cash at banks and on hand	233,563	250,080
Short-term bank deposits	168,747	166,843
	402,310	416,923
Maximum exposure to credit risk	398,061	413,420

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

22 Cash and bank balances *(Continued)*

The carrying values of bank deposits with initial terms of over three months and cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
United States dollars	20,971	15,706
Hong Kong dollars	343,631	354,693
Macau Patacas	7,276	8,094
Renminbi	5,984	4,334
Singapore dollars	21,422	31,277
Japanese Yen	1,353	1,427
Korean Won	4	4
New Taiwan dollars	1,669	1,388
	402,310	416,923

23 Share capital and share premium

	Number of shares (thousands)	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
At 1 May 2021	722,649	72,265	514,601	586,866
Issue of shares (Note (a))	320	32	585	617
At 30 April 2022	722,969	72,297	515,186	587,483
Issue of shares (Note (a))	1,054	105	1,929	2,034
At 30 April 2023	724,023	72,402	517,115	589,517

Notes:

- (a) During the year ended 30 April 2023, 1,054,000 shares were issued and allotted upon the exercise of options by the options holders (2022: 320,000).

Share options

The Company operates two share option schemes as described below:

(i) *Pre-IPO Share Option Scheme*

A share option scheme was adopted in 2010 by Matusadona Investments Limited (the “2010 Scheme”) with the aim to incentivise the Group’s employees. Immediately prior to the completion of listing, Matusadona Investments Limited terminated the 2010 Scheme and all participants were transferred to the Pre-IPO share options scheme which has substantially the same terms as the 2010 Scheme. Upon listing, the Company granted 8,424,000 options under the Pre-IPO share option scheme to replace all the share options granted under the 2010 Scheme.

These options will expire from 11 October 2018 to 15 October 2020 and has subscription prices range from HK\$1.04 to HK\$1.86 per share, which are terms that continue from the options of the 2010 Scheme. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle these options in cash. No additional options can be granted under the Pre-IPO share option scheme. The 2010 Scheme is deemed to have been replaced by the Pre-IPO share option scheme since 1 May 2012.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

23 Share capital and share premium *(Continued)*

Share options *(Continued)*

(ii) Share Option Scheme

The Company has adopted a share option scheme, which will remain in force for 10 years up to 2023. Share options may be granted to any directors, any senior managers or any employees (whether full-time or part-time) of each member of our Group. The subscription price is determined by the Board and shall be at least the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer, which must be a business day (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer. The Group has no legal or constructive obligation to repurchase or settle these options in cash.

Movements in the number of share options outstanding and their related weighted average exercise prices are as follows:

	Average exercise price in HK\$ per share	Options (thousands)
At 1 May 2021	2.79	3,725
Exercised	1.93	(320)
Lapsed	3.86	(1,775)
At 30 April 2022	1.78	1,630
At 1 May 2022	1.78	1,630
Exercised	1.93	(1,054)
Lapsed	1.93	(296)
At 30 April 2023	1.08	280

All outstanding share options were exercisable (2022: same). Options exercised in 2023 resulted in 1,054 thousand shares (2022: 320 thousand shares) being issued at a weighted average price of HK\$1.93 (2022: HK\$1.93).

Share options outstanding at the end of the year have the following expiry date and exercise prices:

Expiry date	Exercise price in HK\$ per share option	Options (thousands)	
		2023	2022
11 November 2022	1.93	–	1,350
20 January 2024	1.08	280	280
At 30 April		280	1,630

No expense was recognised in the consolidated income statement for the year ended 30 April 2023 for share options granted to directors and employees (2022: same).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

24 Share award scheme

On 24 July 2015, a new share award scheme (the “Share Award Scheme”) was approved and adopted by the Board of directors of the Company. Unless otherwise cancelled or amended, the Share Award Scheme will remain valid and effective for 10 years from the date of adoption.

The number of shares to be awarded under the Share Award Scheme throughout its duration is limited to 5% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. The maximum number of shares which may be granted to a selected employee under the scheme shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital from time to time.

During the year ended 30 April 2023, 2,265,000 shares were granted to selected participants pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, which include 1,535,000 shares granted require the holders to pay HK\$1.68 for each share upon the share awards vested.

As at 30 April 2023, 9,237,000 shares were outstanding, which include 8,161,000 shares require the holders to pay HK\$1.68. 763,000 treasury shares were distributed to the participants whose share awards have been vested. The trustee of the Share Award Scheme has purchased 600,000 shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange. The total amount paid to acquire the shares was HK\$1,718,000 and has been deducted from shareholders' equity. Treasury shares held uncancelled are accounted for as a deduction of shareholders' equity. As at 30 April 2023, 4,794,000 treasury shares were held by the Group.

For the year ended 30 April 2023, total expense recognised in the consolidated income statement for share award granted is approximately HK\$3,824,000 (2022: HK\$3,103,000).

The weighted average fair value of shares granted on 20 October 2021, 20 August 2022 and 24 October 2022 determined using the Binomial Option Pricing Model was HK\$0.66, HK\$0.91 and HK\$0.69 per share respectively. The significant inputs into the model were as following.

	20 October 2021	20 August 2022	24 October 2022
Risk-free rate	0.48%	2.88%	4.48%
Volatility (Note a)	25.74%	23.52%	22.4%
Dividend yield	7.35%	8.73%	9.77%
Forfeit ratio	0%	0%	0%
Close prices of the underlying shares at respective grant dates	HK\$2.72	HK\$2.97	HK\$2.66

Note:

- (a) The volatility measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices of the Company's comparable companies over the last 2-3 years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

25 Reserves

	Merger reserve HK\$'000	Share-based compensation reserve HK\$'000	Capital reserve HK\$'000	Other reserve HK\$'000	Translation reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Shares held for share award scheme HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 May 2021	(106,347)	4,931	(13,699)	-	(2,768)	425,232	(7,739)	299,610
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	220,822	-	220,822
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	(928)	-	-	(928)
Employees share option and share award scheme:								
– value of employee services (Note 9)	-	3,103	-	-	-	-	-	3,103
– vesting of share awards	-	(7,602)	-	-	-	-	11,091	3,489
Purchase of treasury shares	-	-	-	-	-	-	(10,215)	(10,215)
Dividend related to 2021	-	-	-	-	-	(109,038)	-	(109,038)
Dividend related to 2022 (Note 33)	-	-	-	-	-	(105,623)	-	(105,623)
Balance at 30 April 2022	(106,347)	432	(13,699)	-	(3,696)	431,393	(6,863)	301,220
Balance at 1 May 2022	(106,347)	432	(13,699)	-	(3,696)	431,393	(6,863)	301,220
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	181,571	-	181,571
Currency translation differences	-	-	-	-	(873)	-	-	(873)
Actuarial loss on long service payment scheme (Note 27(ii))	-	-	-	(4,224)	-	-	-	(4,224)
Transaction with a non-controlling interest (Note 32)	-	-	186	-	-	-	-	186
Employees share option and share award scheme:								
– value of employee services (Note 9)	-	3,824	-	-	-	-	-	3,824
– vesting of share awards	-	(1,056)	-	-	-	-	1,056	-
Purchase of treasury shares (Note 24)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,718)	(1,718)
Dividend related to 2022 (Note 33)	-	-	-	-	-	(86,161)	-	(86,161)
Dividend related to 2023 (Note 33)	-	-	-	-	-	(86,379)	-	(86,379)
Balance at 30 April 2023	(106,347)	3,200	(13,513)	(4,224)	(4,569)	440,424	(7,525)	307,446

26 Deferred income tax

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities is as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Deferred income tax assets:		
– To be recovered after more than 12 months	5,609	5,313
– To be recovered within 12 months	768	708
	6,377	6,021
Deferred income tax liabilities:		
– To be settled after more than 12 months	(1,203)	(609)
	(1,203)	(609)
Deferred income tax assets, net	5,174	5,412

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

26 Deferred income tax *(Continued)*

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

	HK\$'000
At 1 May 2021	4,801
Credited to consolidated income statement (Note 11)	620
Currency translation differences	(9)
At 30 April 2022 and 1 May 2022	5,412
Charged to consolidated income statement (Note 11)	(241)
Currency translation differences	3
At 30 April 2023	5,174

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

	Decelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Unrealised profit HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Deferred income tax assets			
At 1 May 2021	4,850	816	5,666
Credited/(charged) to the consolidated income statement	463	(108)	355
At 30 April 2022	5,313	708	6,021
Credited to the consolidated income statement	296	60	356
At 30 April 2023	5,609	768	6,377

	Accelerated tax depreciation HK\$'000	Fair value gain HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Deferred income tax liabilities			
At 1 May 2021	226	639	865
Charged/(credited) to the consolidated income statement	383	(648)	(265)
Currency translation differences	–	9	9
At 30 April 2022	609	–	609
(Credited)/charged to the consolidated income statement	(69)	666	597
Currency translation differences	–	(3)	(3)
At 30 April 2023	540	663	1,203

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profit is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of approximately HK\$9,631,000 (2022: HK\$9,147,000) in respect of losses amounting to approximately HK\$52,106,000 (2022: HK\$51,683,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. These tax losses will expire as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
With no expiry date	42,714	44,351
Expiry in 2023	274	274
Expiry in 2024	1,392	1,392
Expiry in 2025	1,223	1,223
Expiry in 2026	4,443	4,443
Expiry in 2027	2,060	–
	52,106	51,683

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

27 Trade and other payables, provision for reinstatement cost and contract liabilities

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current		
Trade payables	153,158	176,111
Other payables and accruals	47,857	47,606
Deposit received	35	11
Provision for employee benefits (Note ii)	12,881	7,895
	213,931	231,623
Non-current		
Provision for reinstatement cost	4,495	4,194
	218,426	235,817
Contract liabilities		
Receipts in advance and cash coupons	8,045	17,350
Deferred revenue arising from customer loyalty programs	3,459	3,436
	11,504	20,786

Note:

- (i) As at 30 April 2023, trade and other payables, provision for reinstatement cost and contract liabilities include trade payables to a related company and deposit received from a related company of approximately HK\$9,139,000 and approximately HK\$22,000 respectively (2022: trade payables to a related company of approximately HK\$12,406,000) (Note 34(e)).
- (ii) As at 30 April 2023, provision for employee benefits include provisions for long service payments of approximately HK\$9,414,000 (2022: HK\$4,617,000) and actuarial loss on long service payment scheme of approximately HK4,242,000 (2022: Nil).

The ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice dates is as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0 – 30 days	99,130	115,272
31 – 60 days	37,919	35,593
61 – 90 days	9,450	14,540
91 – 120 days	6,659	10,706
	153,158	176,111

The carrying amounts of trade and other payables, provision for reinstatement cost and contract liabilities are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
United States dollars	952	890
Hong Kong dollars	183,146	220,275
Singapore dollars	29,123	20,820
Renminbi	13,795	12,368
New Taiwan dollars	1,131	519
Macau Patacas	600	596
Japanese Yen	995	1,135
Malaysian Ringgit	188	–
	229,930	256,603

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

28 Borrowings

	As at 30 April 2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Current		
Trust receipt loans, secured and contain a repayment on demand clause	13,381	21,767

As at 30 April 2023 and 2022, the Group's trust receipt loans were repayable as follows:

	As at 30 April 2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Within 1 year	13,381	21,767

As at 30 April 2023 and 2022, trust receipt loans are secured by corporate guarantees by the Company and its subsidiaries.

The carrying amounts of the Group's trust receipt loans are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at 30 April 2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Hong Kong dollars	8,562	14,148
Japanese Yen	2,833	5,066
United States dollars	1,849	2,553
Renminbi	137	–
	13,381	21,767

The Group has the following undrawn borrowing facilities:

	As at 30 April 2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Floating rate:		
– Expiring within one year	276,367	223,997

The facilities expiring within one year are annual facilities subject to review at various dates during 2023.

The Group has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facilities during the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022.

The effective interest rate as at 30 April 2023 is 4.22% (2022: 1.86%).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

29 Notes to consolidated statement of cash flows

(a) Cash generated from operations:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	213,977	262,013
Adjustments for:		
– Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net	1,247	1,398
– Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	30,935	30,924
– Depreciation of right-of-use assets	326,415	343,944
– Amortisation of intangible assets	3,987	3,992
– Finance income	(6,071)	(621)
– Finance expenses	17,548	16,723
– Employee share-based compensation	3,824	3,103
– Fair value (gain)/loss on investment properties	(2,221)	3,615
– Fair value loss on financial asset at fair value through profit or loss	13,937	–
– Gain on lease modification	(259)	(65)
– Write-downs of inventories	1,021	17,526
– Rent concession	(3,270)	(31,702)
	601,070	650,850
Changes in working capital:		
– Inventories	15,422	(19,462)
– Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits	(18,692)	(13,853)
– Trade and other payables and contract liabilities	(34,080)	3,730
Cash generated from operations	563,720	621,265

(b) In the consolidated statements of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment are analysed as follows:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
Net book amount (Note 14)	1,801	1,401
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net (Note 7)	(1,247)	(1,398)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	554	3

(c) In the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash flows from liabilities arising from financing activities are analysed as follows:

	Lease liabilities HK\$'000	Borrowings HK\$'000	Loans due	Total HK\$'000
			to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary HK\$'000	
As at 1 May 2021	527,212	19,078	6,681	552,971
Cash flows	(333,498)	2,702	–	(330,796)
Other non-cash movement	314,415	(13)	192	314,594
As at 30 April 2022 and 1 May 2022	508,129	21,767	6,873	536,769
Cash flows	(339,718)	(8,396)	–	(348,114)
Other non-cash movement	406,873	10	192	407,075
As at 30 April 2023	575,284	13,381	7,065	595,730

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

30 Contingent liabilities

The Group's bankers have given guarantees in lieu of deposits amounting to HK\$21,477,000 (2022: HK\$21,143,000) to the Group's landlords and utility providers. These guarantees are counter indemnified by corporate guarantees provided by certain subsidiaries.

31 Commitments

(a) Operating lease commitments - as lessor

At 30 April 2023 and 2022, the Group has future aggregate minimum lease receipts under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of lease of investment properties and sub-lease of certain spaces in retail shops as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
No later than one year	990	275
Later than one year and no later than five years	572	138
	<u>1,562</u>	<u>413</u>

(b) Capital commitment

Capital expenditure contracted for at the end of the year but not yet recognised as liabilities is as follows:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	<u>21,879</u>	<u>–</u>

32 Transaction with a non-controlling interest

During the year ended 30 April 2023, the Group disposed interests in Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Ltd. to Radha Japan Pte. Ltd., a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary, at the consideration of Singapore dollars 200,000, which decreased the Group's shareholding in the subsidiary from 75% to 70%.

Effects of transaction with a non-controlling interest on the equity attributable to owners of the Company:

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Carrying amount of non-controlling interests disposed	928	–
Less: consideration paid by a non-controlling interest	(1,114)	–
Excess of consideration paid by a non-controlling interest recognised within equity	<u>(186)</u>	<u>–</u>

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

33 Dividend

The dividends paid in 2023 and 2022 were HK\$172,540,000 (HK24.0 cents per share) and HK\$214,661,000 (HK29.9 cents per share) respectively. In respect of the year ended 30 April 2023, the final dividend of HK8.0 cents and special dividend of HK2.0 cents per share amounting to a total dividend of HK\$71,923,000 is to be proposed at the annual general meeting on 26 September 2023. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

	Year ended 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interim dividend paid of HK12.0 cents (2022: Interim dividend paid of HK10.5 cents and special dividend of HK4.2 cents) per ordinary share	86,379	105,623
Proposed final dividend of HK8.0 cents and special dividend of HK2.0 cents (2022: Final dividend of HK12.0 cents) per ordinary share	71,923	86,161
	158,302	191,784

34 Significant related party transactions

Other than those transactions or balances disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the following transactions were carried out with related parties in the normal course of Group's business:

Ms. Ngai Lai Ha is a director of the related companies of the Group in (a)(i), (b)(i) and (b)(iv) below during the year.

(a) Sales of goods and services

	Note	Year ended 30 April	
		2023	2022
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
(i) Management fee income:			
– JHC Investment Limited	(i)	13	10
– Mulan's Garden (HK) Limited	(i)	25	20
– Hong Sing Investment Limited	(i)	13	10
(ii) Sub-lease rental income:			
– Radha Exports Pte. Ltd.	(ii)	127	–

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

34 Significant related party transactions *(Continued)*

(b) Purchase of goods and services

	Notes	Year ended 30 April	
		2023 HK\$'000	2022 HK\$'000
(i) Short-term lease expenses in respect of certain premises to related companies:			
– Mulan's Garden (HK) Limited	(iii)	5,484	4,537
– JHC Investment Limited	(iii)	2,776	2,506
– Hong Sing Investment Limited	(iii)	20,543	17,935
– Charm Rainbow Limited	(iii)	1,986	1,944
– Hugo Grand Limited	(iii)	6,444	6,295
– Beauty Delight Limited	(iii)	1,533	1,500
(ii) Purchase of goods from a related company:			
– Radha Exports Pte. Ltd.	(i)	80,526	71,695
(iii) Interest expense to a non-controlling interest of a subsidiary:			
– Union Way Trading Limited	(i), 34(e)(ii)	192	192
(iv) Lease payments made in respect of certain premises to related companies:			
– Mulan's Garden (HK) Limited	(iv)	–	850
– JHC Investment Limited	(iv)	–	363
– Hong Sing Investment Limited	(iv)	–	980

Notes:

- (i) Management fee income, purchase of goods and interest expense were charged based on terms mutually agreed between the relevant parties.
- (ii) Sub-lease rental income was charged based on terms mutually agreed between the relevant parties.
- (iii) Short-term lease expenses were charged based on terms mutually agreed between the relevant parties.
- (iv) Before 1 May 2019, the Group has entered into certain operating lease agreements with certain related parties on terms mutually agreed between the relevant parties. The lease payments were made to these related parties under these agreements.

(c) Disposal in equity interest in a subsidiary

For the period from 1 May 2022 to 2 November 2022, the Group's shareholding in Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Ltd., one of the subsidiaries of the Group, was 75%. On 3 November 2022, the Group disposed 5% equity interest in this subsidiary at the consideration of Singapore dollars 200,000 (approximately HK\$1,114,000). After the disposal, the shareholding of Japan Home (Retail) Pte. Ltd. decreased from 75% to 70% (Note 32).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

34 Significant related party transactions *(Continued)*

(d) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors and senior management. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Short-term employee benefits	13,882	13,677
Post-employment benefits – defined contribution plans	114	126
Other long-term benefits	1,565	1,943
	15,561	15,746

(e) Year-end balances

	Note	Year ended 30 April	
		2023	2022
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amount due to a related company	(i)	9,161	12,406
Loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	(ii)	7,065	6,873

Note:

- (i) The amount due to a related company include trade payable and deposit received. The balances are unsecured, interest free, and denominated in Singapore dollars. The trade payable is repayable within 1 year and the deposit received is repayable upon the tenancy agreement is expired. The carrying value as at 30 April 2023 and 2022 approximate its fair value.
- (ii) The loans due to a non-controlling shareholder of an indirectly held subsidiary are unsecured, bearing interest at 3% per annum with their principals and interests repayable on 3 October 2023, 31 October 2023, 14 January 2024 and 30 April 2024 (2022: principals and interests repayable on 3 October 2022, 31 October 2022, 14 January 2023 and 30 April 2023). The loans are denominated in Hong Kong dollar and their carrying values as at 30 April 2023 and 2022 approximate their fair values.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

35 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company

Balance sheet of the Company

	As at 30 April	
	2023	2022
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Assets		
Non-current asset		
Investments in subsidiaries	98,400	97,255
Current assets		
Other receivables and prepayments	122	759
Amounts due from subsidiaries	1,224,138	1,044,138
Cash and cash equivalents	5,121	4,356
	1,229,381	1,049,253
Total assets	1,327,781	1,146,508
Equity		
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company		
Share capital and share premium	589,517	587,483
Reserves (Note (a))	79,187	70,928
Total equity	668,704	658,411
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Other payables	47	47
Amounts due to subsidiaries	659,030	488,050
Total liabilities	659,077	488,097
Total equity and liabilities	1,327,781	1,146,508

The balance sheet of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 27 July 2023 and were signed on its behalf.

NGAI Lai Ha
Director

LAU Pak Fai, Peter
Director

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

35 Balance sheet and reserve movement of the Company *(Continued)*

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company

	Share-based compensation reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings HK\$'000	Shares held for share award scheme HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Balance at 1 May 2021	4,931	92,826	(7,739)	90,018
Profit for the year	–	199,194	–	199,194
Employees share option and share award scheme:				
– value of employee services (Note 9)	3,103	–	–	3,103
– vesting of share award	(7,602)	–	11,091	3,489
Purchase of treasury shares (Note 24)	–	–	(10,215)	(10,215)
Dividend related to 2021	–	(109,038)	–	(109,038)
Dividend related to 2022 (Note 33)	–	(105,623)	–	(105,623)
Balance at 30 April 2022	432	77,359	(6,863)	70,928
Profit for the year	–	178,693	–	178,693
Employees share option and share award scheme:				
– value of employee services (Note 9)	3,824	–	–	3,824
– vesting of share award	(1,056)	–	1,056	–
Purchase of treasury shares (Note 24)	–	–	(1,718)	(1,718)
Dividend related to 2022 (Note 33)	–	(86,161)	–	(86,161)
Dividend related to 2023 (Note 33)	–	(86,379)	–	(86,379)
Balance at 30 April 2023	3,200	83,512	(7,525)	79,187

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

36 Benefits and interest of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulations (Cap. 622G) and the HK Listing Rules)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of each director and the chief executive officer is set out below:

For the year ended 30 April 2023:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Allowances and benefit in kind (Note i) HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme HK\$'000	Others emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Executive directors:							
Ngai Lai Ha (Chief executive officer)	–	3,642	–	277	18	–	3,937
Lau Pak Fai, Peter	–	500	–	2	6	–	508
Cheng Sing Yuk	–	1,969	–	381	18	–	2,368
Independent non-executive directors:							
Mang Wing Ming, Rene	282	–	–	–	–	–	282
Ng Sze Yuen, Terry (Note ii)	282	–	–	–	–	–	282
Yeung Yiu Keung	184	–	–	–	–	–	184
Total	748	6,111	–	660	42	–	7,561

For the year ended 30 April 2022:

	Fees HK\$'000	Salary HK\$'000	Discretionary bonuses HK\$'000	Allowances and benefit in kind (Note i) HK\$'000	Employer's contribution to a retirement benefit scheme HK\$'000	Others emoluments paid or receivable in respect of director's other services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Executive directors:							
Ngai Lai Ha (Chief executive officer)	–	3,407	–	921	18	–	4,346
Lau Pak Fai, Peter	–	500	–	2	18	–	520
Cheng Sing Yuk	–	1,848	–	306	18	–	2,172
Independent non-executive directors:							
Mang Wing Ming, Rene	240	–	–	26	–	–	266
Ng Sze Yuen, Terry (Note ii)	169	–	–	–	–	–	169
Yee Boon Yip (Note iii)	48	–	–	–	–	–	48
Yeung Yiu Keung	157	–	–	–	–	–	157
Total	614	5,755	–	1,255	54	–	7,678

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements *(Continued)*

36 Benefits and interest of directors (disclosures required by section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622), Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulations (Cap. 622G) and the HK Listing Rules) *(Continued)*

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments *(Continued)*

Notes:

- (i) Other benefits includes share based compensation and medical insurance.
- (ii) Appointed on 23 September 2021
- (iii) Retired on 23 September 2021

None of the directors have waived any of the emoluments during the years ended 30 April 2023 and 2022.

(b) Directors' retirement benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits during the year (2022: Nil).

(c) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year (2022: Nil).

(d) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 30 April 2023, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2022: Nil).

(e) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

During the year ended 30 April 2023, there were no loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors during the year (2022: Nil).

(f) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2022: Nil) other than those disclosed in Note 34.

37 Event occurring after the reporting period

On 1 March 2023, World Wonderful Limited (the "Buyer"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a provisional sales and purchase agreement with an independent third party (the "Seller") of which the Seller agrees to sell and the Buyer agrees to purchase certain properties in Hong Kong at the consideration of HK\$24,000,000.

In June 2023, the Buyer entered into a formal sales and purchase agreement with the Seller and the transaction was completed on 30 June 2023.

Corporate Information

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Ms. Ngai Lai Ha (*Chairman and Chief executive officer*)
Mr. Lau Pak Fai Peter (*Honorary Chairman*)
Mr. Cheng Sing Yuk (*Chief financial officer*)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Mang Wing Ming, Rene
Mr. Ng Sze Yuen, Terry
Mr. Yeung Yiu Keung

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Lee Chung Shing
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Deacons

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