

STOCK CODE 股份代號: 856

# VSTECS HOLDINGS LIMITED (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

# 偉仕佳杰控股有限公司

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)



**ANNUAL REPORT** 年報 2022

# HIGHLIGHTS 概要

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 收益 REVENUE

773<sub>億港元</sub>



# 淨利潤 NET PROFIT

8.23<sub>億港元</sub>
HK\$ 823<sub>million</sub>



# 300+

# 上游供應商來自世界 500強科技企業

Upstream Vendors from Global Top 500 Technology Corporations



# 4,000+

### 亞太區團隊

Team Members in Asia Pacific



# 11,000+

### 科技產品種類

Technology Products



# 50,000+

### 下游渠道合作夥伴

Downstream Channel Partners



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# **CORPORATE INFORMATION** 公司資料

### **Board of Directors**

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

Mr. Li Yue

Mr. Chan Hoi Chau

Mr. Gu Sanjun

### Non-executive Directors

Mr. Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah

Mr. Zhang Dongjie (Appointed on 19 January 2023)

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

Mr. Li Yi

# **Company Secretary**

Ms. Yue Cheuk Ying

### **Qualified Accountant**

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

### **Audit Committee**

Mr. Lam Hin Chi (Chairman)

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

Mr. Li Yi

### **Remuneration Committee**

Mr. Li Wei (Chairman)

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

Mr. Li Yi

### 董事會

### 執行董事

李佳林先生(主席兼行政總裁)

王偉炘先生

李玥先生

陳海洲先生

顧三軍先生

### 非執行董事

張永利先生

張冬杰先生(於二零二三年一月十九日獲委任)

### 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生

藍顯賜先生

干曉龍先生

李易先生

### 公司秘書

余卓盈女士

# 合資格會計師

王偉炘先生

# 審核委員會

藍顯賜先生(主席)

李煒先生

王曉龍先生

李易先生

# 薪酬委員會

李煒先生(主席)

藍顯賜先生

王曉龍先生

李易先生

### **Nomination Committee**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman)

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

Mr. Li Yi

### **Auditors**

**KPMG** 

Certified Public Accountants

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance

with the Accounting and Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

8th Floor, Prince's Building

10 Chater Road

Central, Hong Kong

### **Principal Bankers**

Agricultural Bank of China

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group

Bank of China

Bank of Communications

Bank of Hangzhou

BNP Paribas

China Bohai Bank

China Citic Bank

China Construction Bank

China Merchants Bank

China Minsheng Bank

Chongqing Three Gorges Bank

Citibank, N.A.

CTBC Bank

DBS Bank

Deutsche Bank AG

Fubon Bank

Guangdong Huaxing Bank

Hang Seng Bank

Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

Industrial Bank

KBC Bank N.V.

MUFG Bank, Limited

OCBC Bank

### 提名委員會

李佳林先生(主席)

李煒先生

藍顯賜先生

王曉龍先生

李易先生

### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

根據《會計及財務匯報局條例》註冊的

公眾利益實體核數師

香港中環

遮打道10號

太子大廈8樓

# 主要往來銀行

中國農業銀行

澳新銀行集團

中國銀行

交通銀行

杭州銀行

法國巴黎銀行

渤海銀行

中信銀行

中國建設銀行

招商銀行

中國民生銀行

重慶三峽銀行

花旗銀行

中國信託商業銀行

星展銀行

德意志銀行

富邦銀行

廣東華興銀行

恒生銀行

中國工商銀行

興業銀行

比利時聯合銀行

三菱UFJ銀行

華僑銀行

#### Corporate Information (continued)

公司資料(續)

OCBC Wing Hang Bank

Ping An Bank

Shanghai Pudong Development Bank

Shin Kong Bank

Standard Chartered Bank

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

The Bank of East Asia

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

United Overseas Bank

(The above are shown according to alphabetical order)

### Investor and Media Relations Consultant

Wonderful Sky Financial Group Limited

# Head Office and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Unit 3312, 33rd Floor China Merchants Tower Shun Tak Centre

200 Connaught Road Central

Hong Kong

# **Registered Office**

Cricket Square **Hutchins Drive** P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

# Cayman Islands Principal Share Registrar and **Transfer Office**

Suntera (Cayman) Limited Suite 3204, Unit 2A Block 3, Building D P.O. Box 1586 Gardenia Court

Camana Bay

Grand Cayman, KY1-1100

Cayman Islands

華僑永亨銀行

平安銀行

上海浦東發展銀行

新光銀行 渣打銀行 三井住友銀行 東亞銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行

大華銀行

(以上排序乃按英文字母次序列示)

### 投資者及傳媒關係顧問

皓天財經集團控股有限公司

# 總辦事處及香港主要營業 地點

香港

干諾道中200號

信德中心

招商局大廈

33樓3312室

# 註冊辦事處

Cricket Square

**Hutchins Drive** 

P.O. Box 2681

Grand Cayman KY1-1111

Cayman Islands

# 開曼群島主要股份過戶 登記處

Suntera (Cayman) Limited

Suite 3204, Unit 2A

Block 3, Building D

P.O. Box 1586

Gardenia Court

Camana Bay

Grand Cayman, KY1-1100

Cayman Islands

# Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar and Transfer 香港股份過戶登記分處 Office

Tricor Abacus Limited 卓佳雅柏勤有限公司 17/F, Far East Finance Centre 香港 16 Harcourt Road 夏慤道16號 遠東金融中心17樓 Hong Kong

Stock Code

856

Website

http://www.vstecs.com

股份代號

856

網址

http://www.vstecs.com

# **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT** 主席報告書



On behalf of the Board of Directors, I am pleased to present to shareholders the annual report of VSTECS Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

本人謹代表董事會向股東欣然提呈偉 仕佳杰控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其 附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之年報。

Dear investors,

As time flies, renewal is across the land. The year 2022, which has just passed, was an eventful year. China, amid turbulent international environment, rose to the challenges and forged ahead by intensifying its efforts in macroeconomic control to cope with shocks from sharper-thanexpected factors, successfully securing overall economic and social stability, drawing up a grand blueprint for great rejuvenation of the Chinese nation and sounding the trumpet of the times for forging ahead a new journey.

In 2022, VSTECS, facing with opportunities and challenges, actively improved its digital ecology and continuously enhanced operational efficiency with focus on its established targets, so as to improve operating management, while constantly strengthening its cultural development and seeking progress while maintaining steady to forge ahead. The Group recorded sound results, demonstrating clear resilience.

各位投資人,大家好!

露往霜來,萬象更新。剛剛過去的2022年是 極不平凡的一年。面對風高浪急的國際環境, 中國迎難而上、砥礪前行,加大宏觀調控力 度,應對超預期因素衝擊,保持了經濟社會 大局穩定,擘畫了中華民族偉大復興宏偉藍 圖,吹響了奮進新徵程的時代號角。

面對機遇與挑戰,2022年,偉仕佳杰圍繞既 定目標,積極完善數字生態建設,不斷提高 運營效率,提升經營管理水平,持續加強文 化建設,穩紮穩打,銳意進取。集團業績穩 健,發展韌性盡顯。

### Chairman's Statement (continued) 主席報告書(續)

During the reporting period, the Group recorded a turnover of HK\$77.3 billion, the net profit attributable to shareholders, net of tax of HK\$823 million, and the return on equity (ROE) of 11.3%. These achievements were mainly due to the fact that (i) the Group continuously improved its operation and management level, while strictly controlling risks and improving efficiency; (ii) the digital service level of the Group was further upgraded with the launch of a new order management system that integrates information, capital, logistics and commerce; and (3) the digital potential energy of industries in China and Southeast Asia has been continuously released, coupled with the recovery in the demand of end customers.

報告期內,集團營業額773億港元,稅後股東 淨利潤8.23億港元;淨資產收益率(ROE)為 11.3%。如此成就主要歸功於:(1)集團不斷 提升運營管理水平的同時,嚴控風險,提高 效率:(2)集團數字化服務水平再升級,信息 流、資金流、物流和商流「四流合一」的訂單 管理系統全新上線;及(3)國內及東南亞地區 產業數字化勢能不斷釋放,疊加終端客戶需 求復甦。

In terms of business segments, cloud computing segment, the consumer electronics segment and the enterprise system segment all achieved sound development. In 2022, the turnover of the cloud computing segment was HK\$2.9 billion; the turnover of the consumer electronics segment was HK\$33.1 billion; and the revenue of the enterprise system segment was HK\$41.4 billion.

按業務板塊來看,雲計算、消費電子、企業系統三大業務板塊均實現穩健發展。2022年,雲計算板塊營業額達到29億港元,消費電子部門營業額為331億港元,企業系統收入達到414億港元。

In terms of region segments, during the reporting period, the turnover from North Asia amounted to approximately HK\$60.1 billion, accounting for 78% of the Group's total turnover, while the turnover from Southeast Asia amounted to approximately HK\$17.2 billion, accounting for 22% of the Group's total turnover.

按地區分部來看,報告期內,北亞地區營業額約達601億港元,佔集團總營業額的78%,東南亞地區營業額約172億,佔集團總營業額的22%。

With its operation for more than 30 years, VSTECS has grown from an entrepreneurial technology company of distribution and IT integrated services to an important service provider of channel development and technology solution integration for technology products in Asia Pacific. Turnover of VSTECS has grown rapidly from HK\$1.6 billion in 2002 to HK\$77.3 billion in 2022, with an average annual growth rate of 26%. The level of digital and intelligent services is also constantly improving. Meanwhile, VSTECS also made full use of the new technology processing capabilities such as big data, block chain and artificial intelligence to facilitate the intelligent transformation of digital services in China and the entire Asia Pacific, thereby empowering the digital and intelligent development in the new era.

經過30餘年的摸爬滾打,偉仕佳杰已經從一家創業型分銷和IT綜合服務科技企業,成成是亞大區重要的科技產品渠道開發與技術方案集成服務商。營業額從2002年的16億港元,年來成長到了2022年的773億港元,年平水增長率達到26%,數字化和智能化服務大力,當提高。同時,偉仕佳杰亦充分利用大力,關鍵,人工智能等新技術處理能的的報,與鍵、人工智能等新技術處理能的智能化轉型,賦能新時代數字化和智能化發展。

During the reporting period, the Group's business developed as scheduled in the established strategic direction, and the main progress was as follows:

報告期內,本集團業務在既定的戰略方向如 期推進,主要進展如下:





# Strengthened the deployment of cloud computing business and achieved progress in independent research and development

In the era of cloud computing, the Group has reached strategic cooperation with many top enterprises in the industry by virtue of its outstanding technical strength and quality service. In financial year 2022, the Group continued to deepen cooperation with leading cloud vendors, such as Alibaba Cloud, Huawei Cloud, AWS and VMware, to actively explore cloud computing scenarios and business iteration, and drew a new growth curve on the basis of constantly consolidating the traditional AGG model.

In cooperation with Alibaba Cloud and other cloud vendors, the Group analyzed the diverse needs of users to continuously integrates products of laaS. PaaS and SaaS, and innovatively launched Vplus Cloud Platform to promote the integration of management, sales and service of cloud resources. Meanwhile, the Group cooperated with Huawei Cloud to jointly explore the cloud market of power, manufacturing, finance and other industries by rolling out diversified cloud solutions, thereby receiving the Huawei Cloud Ecological Outstanding Contribution Award, Huawei Cloud CTSP certification, etc., marking the unanimous recognition from vendors and users on our cloud technical strength and cloud service ability.

Cloud Star continued to strengthen independent research and development as evidenced by commencement and operation of 20 artificial intelligence demonstration zones, covering Wuhan, Nanjing, Chongqing, Hangzhou, etc. In financial year 2022, based on its rich experience in computing power operation, Cloud Star independently developed the Rightcloud computing power network scheduling platform to realize the scheduling and coordination of multi-place and heterogeneous computing resources (AI, HPC, cloud, etc.), therefore assisting the implementation of the "Eastern Data for Western Computing" project. The platform received the compatibility test certification for development capability of Huawei Cloud by the end of 2022, and obtained the HUWEI COMPATIBLE certificate and the right to use the certification logo. With advanced technology and highquality service, Cloud Star has won many honors such as "Huawei Cloud Excellent Software Partner Award" in 2022, which enabled itself to be the industry benchmark.

# 一、深化雲計算業務佈局 主研發取得階段性成果

雲計算時代,集團憑借過硬的技術實力 與優質服務,同多家業內頂尖企業達成 戰略合作。2022財年,集團繼續深化 與阿里雲、華為雲、AWS、VMware等 頭部雲廠商的合作,積極探索雲計算場 景和業務铁代, 在不斷夯實傳統雲轉售 模式的基礎上,構建全新增長曲線。

在 與 阿 里 雲 等 多 家 雲 廠 商 的 合 作 中, 集團通過分析用戶端多樣化需求,持續 整合IaaS、PaaS、SaaS產品,創新推 出Vplus雲平台,推動實現雲資源管、 銷、服一體化。同時,集團積極聯合華 為雲深耕電力、製造業、金融等行業雲 市場,打造多樣化雲端解決方案,榮獲 華為雲生態突出貢獻獎、華為雲CTSP 認證等,雲技術實力和雲上服務能力獲 得廠商及用戶的一致認可。

佳杰雲星持續加強自主研發投入,已落 地並運營管理人工智能示範區20個, 服務覆蓋武漢、南京、重慶、杭州等地。 2022財年,基於豐富的算力運營經驗, 佳杰雲星自主研發了Rightcloud算力 網絡調度平台,實現多地、異構算力資 源(AI、HPC、雲等)的調度協同,助力 「東數西算」工程落地。該平台於2022 年底通過華為雲開發能力兼容性測試 認證,獲得HUWEI COMPATIBLE證書 及認證徽標使用權。憑借先進的技術和 優質的服務, 佳杰雲星榮獲2022年度 「華為雲優秀軟件夥伴獎|等多項榮譽, 堪稱行業標桿。

# 2. Consumer electronic business grew against the trend, and diversified and enriched technological life of users

In light of the potential economic slowdown or recession around the world, coupled with the weakening product innovation, prices of raw materials have generally rose, while many consumers tended to be cautious when choosing consumer products. Therefore, the consumer electronic market continued to shrink as a whole in 2022. Benefited from the advanced layout of cutting-edge technology fields such as Al, VR, AR, etc., the Group has effectively resolved its cyclical difficulties and achieved growth against the trend in consumer electronic business.

During the reporting period, the Group was actively engaged in metaverse, continued to develop new consuming businesses and established various new product lines. The Group reached new cooperation with brands such as iFLYTEK, Pico, Dyson and TmallGenie, and signed up 18 new consumer electronic product lines. Through the innovative "multi-product, multi-model and multi-scenario" business model, the Group has broken through industry bottleneck and burst with vitality.

As the only company in the industry acting as the general agency for three major games, namely Sony PlayStation, Microsoft Xbox and Nintendo Switch, the Group boasts a clear development plan, extensive product lines and stable channels, which provide protection for all-round and multi-disciplinary enrichment of public life and present a huge space and potential for the growth of VSTECS's consumer electronics business in the future.

# 二、消費電子業務逆勢增 長。多元化豐富用戶科技 生活

全球正在面臨經濟增速放緩或衰退的可能,疊加產品創新疲軟,原材料價格普遍上漲,不少消費者選擇消費產品時趨於謹慎,2022年消費電子市場整體呈現持續萎縮態勢。得益於提前佈局AI、VR、AR等前沿科技領域,集團有效化解週期性困境,消費電子業績實現逆勢增長。

報告期內,集團積極擁抱元宇宙時代,繼續進軍新興消費領域,開闢了多條新產品線。先後與科大訊飛、Pico、戴森、天貓精靈等品牌達成新合作,新簽消費電子產品線達18條。通過「多產品,多模式,多場景」商業模式創新,突破行業瓶頸束縛,展現蓬勃生命力。

集團也是業內唯一一家集索尼PlayStation、微軟Xbox、任天堂Switch三大遊戲產品總代理於一身的企業。清晰的佈局、豐富的產品線、穩定的渠道,為全方位、多領域豐富大眾生活提供保障,未來偉仕佳杰消費長署大的上升空間和增長潛力。

# Advanced the development of enterprise systems business to facilitate the construction of digital China

According to the Plan for the Overall Layout of China's Digital Development issued by the Communist Party of China Central Committee and the State Council, building a digital China is important for the advancement of Chinese modernization in the digital era, and provides solid support for the development of new advantages in the country's competitiveness. To strengthen the key capabilities for digital China, efforts shall be made to build a self-sustaining and selfreliant digital technology innovation system and consolidate a credible and controllable digital security protection. Therefore, it is imperative to promote technology innovation in China and push forward the construction of an autonomous and controllable ecology for science and technology.

Adhering to the corporate philosophy of "Leading Digital Asia", the Group has advanced the development of its enterprise systems business to support Chinese brands in building a strong ecosystem in China while escorting the internationalization of Chinese enterprises. As an important partner of Huawei, HC3, Sugon, Qi An Xin and Venustech in the Chinese market, the Group has worked with Huawei, Lenovo, Alibaba Cloud, OPPO and other domestic brands to develop the Southeast Asian market. With more cooperation opportunities brought by our good reputation in the industry, VSTECS has reported a year-over-year increase in partnership with domestic brands, driving a growing proportion of domestic brands' sales performance.

During the reporting period, the Group has won the bid for government digital projects including the Digital Operation Service Platform of the Computer Network Information Center, Chinese Academy of Sciences, and the Computing Power Operation Platform of the Hangzhou Artificial Intelligence Center, giving full play to the advantages of enterprise system business, and actively contributing to the construction of Digital China.

### 三、深化企業系統業務佈 積極助力數字中國建 局 設

中共中央、國務院印發的《數字中國建 設整體佈局規劃》指出,建設數字中國 是數字時代推進中國式現代化的重要 引擎,是構築國家競爭新優勢的有力支 撐。要強化數字中國關鍵能力,一是構 築自立自強的數字技術創新體系,二是 築牢可信可控的數字安全屏障。因此, 促進中國科技創新,推動科技自主可控 的生態建設勢在必行。

集團多年貫徹「引領數字化亞洲」的企 業理念,不斷深化企業系統業務佈局, 支撐國產品牌在國內構建強大生態的 同時,也為中企出海保駕護航。集團是 華 為、新 華 三、中 科 曙 光、奇 安 信、啟 明星辰等在中國市場重要的合作夥伴, 先後攜手華為、聯想、阿里雲、OPPO 等國產品牌開拓東南亞市場。良好的行 業口碑為集團贏得了更多合作機會,偉 仕 佳 杰 國 產 品 牌 合 作 數 量 連 年 上 升 , 國 產品牌業績佔比持續增長。

報告期內,集團先後中標中國科學院計 算機網絡信息中心數字化運營服務平 台、杭州人工智能中心算力運營平台等 多地政府數字化項目,充分發揮企業系 統業務優勢,積極助力數字中國建設。

# Strengthen the construction of IT ecosystem in Southeast Asia and continuously increase overseas business

Although the digital transformation in Southeast Asia is in its infancy, there is a significant room for industries such as e-commerce, gaming, social networking, and digital payment to grow. VSTECS has established branches in Thailand, Singapore, Indonesia, Philippines, Malaysia, Cambodia, Myanmar and Laos, serving many leading customers from governments, finance and education industries in Southeast Asia. In the financial year 2022, Southeast Asia's performance has achieved a 5% countertrend growth. The Group has provided services for various projects, including Smart Network Project of Electricity Generating Authority of Thailand, AISG Project Solution of National University of Singapore, Maybank Hybrid Cloud Platform Project in Malaysia, Caloocan Government Enterprise Security Project in Philippines, and National Police Agency Hyper-Converged Storage Private Cloud Project in Indonesia.

VSTECS has been deeply engaged in Southeast Asia for many years and has maintained good cooperation with its partners. The Group won the Best Distributor in Southeast Asia in 2022 by Ruark Audio, the Best Distributor in 2022 by Cisco (Thailand), the Best Growing Distributor and the Best SMB Distributor in Consumer Business by Lenovo (Indonesia).

In the long run, the market in Southeast Asia has great potential for growth. Therefore, the Group will continue to strengthen the IT ecological construction in Southeast Asia, fully seize the opportunity of economic recovery, tap the demand for IT infrastructure construction in Southeast Asia, and accumulate strength for the Group's another rapid growth.

# 四、加強東南亞IT生態建 海外業務持續增長

東南亞地區數字化轉型雖處於起步階 段,但電商、遊戲、社交、數字支付等 產業具有較大上升空間。偉仕佳杰在泰 國、新加坡、印尼、菲律賓、馬來西亞、 柬埔寨、緬甸和老撾均設有分支機構, 服務東南亞地區政府、金融、教育等眾 多頭部客戶,2022財年,東南亞業績 實現了5%的逆勢增長。集團服務案例 包括泰國國家電力局智能網絡項目、新 加坡國立大學AISG項目解決方案、馬 來西亞Maybank混合雲平台項目、菲律 賓卡洛奧坎市政府企業安全項目、印尼 國家警政署超融合存儲私有雲項目等。

偉仕佳杰在東南亞深耕多年,與合作夥 伴保持了良好的合作。集團榮獲Ruark Audio 2022年東南亞最佳經銷商獎、 思科(泰國)2022年度分銷商獎、聯想 (印尼)消費類業務最佳增長經銷商獎 及最佳SMB經銷商獎等。

長期來看,東南亞市場增長潛力巨大, 集團將繼續加強東南亞IT生態建設,緊 抓經濟復甦機遇,挖掘東南亞IT基礎設 施建設需求,為集團再次飛躍式增長積 蓄力量。

### Chairman's Statement (continued) 主席報告書(續)

Only when it is difficult can it show courage; only when it is honed can it be achieved. In 2022, we witnessed the diligence and efforts of all VSTECS employees, and the progress and growth of the Group. In 2023, standing at a new starting point of development, all VSTECS employees will work together to set sail, and continue to create value, repay the society, and promote the high-quality development of both the industry and itself with greater resilience and confidence and in a down-to-earth way.

惟其艱難,方顯勇毅;惟其磨礪,始得 玉成。2022年,我們見證了偉仕佳杰 全體員工的勤勉與努力,也見證了集團 的進步與成長。2023年,站在新的發 展起點,偉仕佳杰全體員工將戮力同 心、揚帆起航,以更大的韌性和自信, 腳踏實地,持續創造價值、回報社會, 推動行業和自身高質量發展。

Li Jialin

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 23 March 2023

主席及行政總裁 李佳林

香港,二零二三年三月二十三日

# BUSINESS MODEL AND STRATEGIC DIRECTION 業務模式及策略方向

The Group is a leading Information, Communication and Technology ("ICT") products and services provider, serving a wide regional customer base. The Group has over 80 offices in nine countries namely China, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore, Indonesia, Philippines, Cambodia, Myanmar and Laos. The three main businesses are Enterprise Systems, Consumer Electronics and Cloud Computing. The Enterprise Systems segment designs, installs and implements IT infrastructure for companies, while the Consumer Electronics segment and the Cloud Computing Segment provide various finished IT products and cloud computing solutions and services to customers. Leading IT vendors such as Huawei, Alibaba, Tencent, HP, Apple, Seagate, AMD, Western Digital, Lenovo, Dell, IBM, Acer, Microsoft, Oracle, Cisco, Asus and many more use the Group's network of over 50,000 channel partners in the region to distribute their products.

As the leading distributor of ICT products in the region, we have established, through our reseller channel, a broad customer base ranging from individuals, small and medium enterprises to large corporations and government entities who have been serviced by our regional resellers over the past 31 years.

Our infrastructure is built on a fully integrated Enterprise Resource Planning system to manage our sales, distribution, finance and logistic operations to provide efficient customer services with speed and reliability.

We have an extensive distribution network of over 50,000 resellers, comprising retailers, system integrators and corporate dealers. These resellers not only market a wide range of products but they also provide support and repair services to the end-users.

The Group creates sustainable value for shareholders through the following strategies:

- Focus on our key markets in China and South East Asia
- Focus on our extensive list of vendors to expand our product portfolio
- Focus on strengthening our working capital and financial management
- Focus on improving operating efficiencies and cost management

作為區內領先的資訊通訊科技產品分銷商,我們已透過轉售商渠道建立由個人、中小型企業以至大型公司及政府實體組成之龐大客戶群,而我們的地區轉售商已為該等客戶服務31年。

我們的基礎設施建基於全面綜合企業資源規劃 系統,以管理銷售、分銷、財務及物流業務,從而 提供快捷、可靠的高效客戶服務。

我們擁有龐大的分銷網絡·羅致逾50,000名轉售商,包括零售商、系統綜合商及公司經銷商。該等轉售商不僅營銷多元化產品,亦向終端使用者提供支援及維修服務。

本集團透過以下策略為股東創造可持續價值:

- 以中國及東南亞之主要市場為重心
- 以本集團數目眾多之供應商為重心,擴展 產品組合
- 以增強營運資金及財務管理為重心
- 以改善營運效率及成本管理為重心

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 管理層討論及分析

### **Business Review**

The Group has recorded a considerable revenue this year. The Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022 was HK\$77,323,994,000 (2021: HK\$78,335,446,000). Gross profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to HK\$3,377,924,000 (2021: HK\$3,639,069,000). Operating profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to HK\$1,328,268,000 (2021: HK\$1,661,212,000). Net profit for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to HK\$823,071,000 (2021: HK\$1,314,026,000). Basic earnings per share for the year ended 31 December 2022 was HK58.15 cents (2021: HK92.74 cents) per share.

During the year, revenue from the enterprise systems segment decrease by 5.4% to HK\$41,357,772,000, contributing 53.5% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from the consumer electronics segment increased by 2.5% to HK\$33,075,400,000, contributing 42.8% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from the cloud computing segment increased by 23.4% to HK\$2,890,822,000, contributing 3.7% of the total Group revenue.

Geographically, both North Asia and South East Asia performed steadily in the year ended 31 December 2022. During the year, revenue generated in North Asia slightly decreased by 3% to HK\$60,089,079,000, contributing approximately 78% of the total Group revenue. Revenue from South East Asia increased by 5% to HK\$17,234,915,000, contributing approximately 22% of the total Group revenue. The Group has continuously aimed to widen our product range in order to provide more choices to our customers. Our extensive and diversified product lines now include Huawei, Alibaba, Tencent, HP, Apple, Seagate, AMD, Western Digital, Lenovo, Dell, IBM, Acer, Microsoft, Oracle, Cisco, Asus and many more.

### 業務回顧

本集團於本年度錄得可觀收益。本集團 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度的收益為77,323,994,000港元(二零 二一年:78,335,446,000港元)。截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的毛 利 為3,377,924,000港 元 (二零二一年: 3,639,069,000港元)。截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度的經營溢利 為1,328,268,000港元(二零二一年: 1,661,212,000港元)。截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度的純利為823,071,000港 元(二零二一年:1,314,026,000港元)。截 至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的每股 基本盈利為每股58.15港仙(二零二一年: 92.74港仙)。

年內,來自企業系統分部的收益減少5.4% 至41,357,772,000港元,佔本集團總收益 53.5%。來自消費電子分部的收益增加2.5% 至33,075,400,000港元,佔本集團總收益 42.8%。來自雲計算分部的收益增加23.4% 至2,890,822,000港元,佔本集團總收益 3.7% °

就地域而言,北亞及東南亞於截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度表現平穩。年內,來自 北亞的收益略減少3%至60,089,079,000港元· 佔本集團總收益約78%。來自東南亞的收益增 加5%至17,234,915,000港元,佔本集團總收益 約22%。本集團一直致力拓寬產品系列,務求 為客戶提供更多選擇。我們的廣泛及多元化產 品線現涵蓋華為、阿里、騰訊、惠普、蘋果、希 捷、AMD、西部數據、聯想、戴爾、IBM、宏碁、 微軟、甲骨文、思科、華碩等。

# Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The directors are aware that the Group is exposed to various risks, including some which are specific to the Group or the industries in which the Group operates as well as others that are common to most if not all other businesses. The directors have established a policy to ensure that significant risks which may adversely affect the Group's performance and ability to deliver on its strategies, as well as those which may present positive opportunities, are identified, reported, monitored, and managed on a continuous basis.

The financial risk management policies and practices of the Group are shown in note 3 to the financial statements.

# Compliance with the Relevant Laws and Regulations

As far as the directors and management are aware, the Group has complied in all material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operations of the Group. During the year, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

## 主要風險及不確定因素

董事留意到本集團面對多種風險,包括少部分本集團或其經營所處行業獨有之風險,以及絕大部分其他業務常見之其他風險。董事已制定政策,確保持續識別、報告、監控及管理可能對本集團表現、實踐其策略之能力及可能出現之利好機會造成不利影響之重大風險。

本集團之財務風險管理政策及慣例列於財務 報表附註3。

## 遵循相關法律及法規

就董事及管理層所知,本集團已在所有重大 方面遵守對本集團業務及經營有重大影響之 相關法律及法規。年內,本集團概無嚴重違 反或不遵守適用法律及法規。







# Relationships with Suppliers, Customers and other Stakeholders

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its suppliers and customers to meet its immediate and long-term goals. Regular and continuous communication with our suppliers, customers and other stakeholders are carried out through regular meetings, conferences, and promotional events.

# Environmental, Social and Corporate Responsibility

As a responsible corporation, the Group is committed to maintain the highest environmental and social standards to ensure sustainable development of its business. The Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations in relation to its business including health and safety, workplace conditions, employment and the environment. The Group understands a better future depends on everyone's participation and contribution. It has encouraged employees, customers, suppliers and other stakeholders to participate in environmental and social activities which benefit the community as a whole.

# **Prospects**

Our extensive portfolio of products and network will enable us to continue to drive growth for the Group. We will continue to execute strategies to increase market shares as well as the range of products and services offered. This will enable the Group to continue to focus on growth in all business segments.

# 與供應商、客戶及其他持份者 之關係

本集團明瞭與供應商及客戶維持良好關係以 達致其即時及長遠目標之重要性。本集團透 過定期會面、會議及推廣活動,定期及持續 與我們的供應商、客戶及其他持份者聯絡。

### 環境、社會及企業責任

作為一間負責任的企業,本集團致力維持最高環境及社會標準,以確保其業務可持續發展。本集團已遵守所有與其業務有關之相關法律及法規,當中包括健康及安全、工作環境、僱傭及環境。本集團明瞭,美好的將來有賴大家參與及貢獻。本集團鼓勵僱員、客戶、供應商及其他持份者參與環保及社會活動,為整個社區出一分力。

## 前景

我們龐大的產品及網絡組合可使我們不斷推動本集團的增長。我們將持續執行策略以增加市場佔有率及所提供的產品及服務種類。 這將有助本集團繼續專注於所有業務分部的發展。







### Management Discussion and Analysis (continued) 管理層討論及分析(續)

Our strategy remains to constantly redefine our value proposition as a trusted partner with strong relationships and deep understanding of our customers' needs. Strategically we will continue to expand in China and South East Asia. We will continue to work actively to improve internal operational and financial efficiencies to improve margins. We will also continue to expand our business into consumer electronics and cloud computing.

With our experienced and dedicated management team, we are confident that we will be able to continue to grow our business.

### Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's cash and bank balances were approximately HK\$3,828,930,000 (2021: approximately HK\$3,247,498,000).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group's borrowings amounted to approximately HK\$8,422,683,000 (2021: approximately HK\$6,278,318,000). The net debt to total asset ratio, calculated as borrowings less cash and bank balances divided by total assets, was 0.13 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: 0.09).

As at 31 December 2022, the Group recorded total current assets of approximately HK\$32,641,709,000 (2021: approximately HK\$29,955,056,000) and total current liabilities of approximately HK\$25,505,265,000 (2021: approximately HK\$22,529,574,000). The current ratio of the Group, calculated by dividing the total current assets by the total current liabilities, was approximately 1.28 times as at 31 December 2022 (2021: approximately 1.33 times).

The Group recorded a slight decrease in shareholders' funds from approximately HK\$7,911,430,000 as at 31 December 2021 to approximately HK\$7,657,778,000 as at 31 December 2022.

我們秉持一貫策略,將我們的價值主張重新 定義為值得信賴的合作夥伴,並與客戶建立 深厚關係,且透徹理解客戶的需求。策略上, 我們將繼續在中國及東南亞擴展業務。我們 將不斷積極改善內部營運及財務效率以提升 溢利率。我們亦會繼續將業務拓展至消費電 子及雲計算。

憑藉我們經驗豐富且竭誠盡責的管理團隊, 我們深信業務能夠繼續增長。

### 流動資金及財務資源

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之現 金及銀行結餘約為3,828,930,000港元(二 零二一年:約3,247,498,000港元)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團之借 貸約為8,422,683,000港元(二零二一年: 約6,278,318,000港元)。於二零二二年十二 月三十一日,淨債務總資產比率(以借貸減 現金及銀行結餘除以總資產計算)為0.13(二 零二一年:0.09)。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團錄得 流動資產總值約32,641,709,000港元(二零 二一年:約29,955,056,000港元)及流動負 債總額約25,505,265,000港元(二零二一 年:約22,529,574,000港元)。於二零二二 年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動比率(以 流動資產總值除以流動負債總額計算)約為 1.28倍(二零二一年:約1.33倍)。

本集團之股東資金由二零二一年十二月三十一 日之約7,911,430,000港元略減至二零二二年 十二月三十一日之約7,657,778,000港元。

# **Treasury Policies**

The Group generally finances its operations with internally generated resources and banking facilities provided by banks in the PRC, Hong Kong, Singapore, Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia and the Philippines. The bank borrowings of the Group are predominantly subject to floating interest rates.

Cash and bank balances of the Group are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Renminbi, Singapore dollars, Thailand baht and Indonesian rupiah.

Transactions of the Group are mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, United States dollars, Renminbi, Singapore dollars, Thailand baht and Indonesian rupiah.

## Charge on Assets

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had certain financial assets pledged for financial liabilities, deposits secured for issuance for and a building pledged against secured mortgage loan as set out in notes 3.4, 13 and 21 to the financial statements.

# **Contingent Liabilities**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group did not have any contingent liabilities.

# **Employees**

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had 4,487 (2021: 4,199) full time employees.

The Group remunerates its employees mainly based on industry practice, individual's performance and experience. Apart from the basic remuneration, discretionary bonuses and share options may be granted to eligible employees by reference to the Group's performance as well as individual performance. Other benefits include medical, annual leave and retirement schemes. The net total remuneration paid for the year ended 31 December 2022 amounted to approximately HK\$1,078,395,000 (2021: approximately HK\$1,103,028,000). The Group also provides training courses or seminars to its staff.

### 庫務政策

本集團一般以內部產生之資源以及中國、香港、新加坡、泰國、馬來西亞、印尼及菲律賓銀行所提供之銀行融資為營運提供資金。本集團之銀行借貸主要以浮動利率計息。

本集團之現金及銀行結餘主要以港元、美元、 人民幣、新加坡元、泰銖及印尼盾計值。

本集團之交易主要以港元、美元、人民幣、 新加坡元、泰銖及印尼盾計值。

### 資產押記

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團持有 財務報表附註3.4、13及21所載就金融負債 抵押之若干金融資產、開具質押存款以及就 有抵押按揭貸款質押之一座樓宇。

# 或然負債

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團並無 任何或然負債。

# 僱員

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有4,487名(二零二一年:4,199名)全職僱員。

本集團主要基於業內常規、個人表現及經驗向其僱員支付薪酬。除基本薪酬外,本集團亦會參照其表現以及個人表現向合資格僱員授出酌情花紅及購股權。其他福利包括醫療、年假及退休計劃。於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度支付之總薪酬淨額約達1,078,395,000港元(二零二一年:約1,103,028,000港元)。本集團亦為員工提供培訓課程或研討會。

# BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND COMPANY SECRETARY 董事及公司秘書履歷

### **Executive Directors**



Mr. LI Jialin, aged 61, is one of the founders of the Group and is the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director. Mr. Li is also the director of VSTECS (HK) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for the overall management and strategic positioning of the Group. Mr. Li graduated from Tsinghua University of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") with a Degree of Bachelor of Engineering in 1983 and a Master Degree in Management Engineering in 1986.

Mr. Li is the father of Mr. Li Yue, an Executive Director of the Company.

# 執行董事

李佳林先生,61歲,本集團創辦人之一及本公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事。李先生亦公司主席、行政總裁兼執行董事。李先生亦為本公司附屬公司偉仕佳杰(香港)有限公司之董事。彼負責本集團之整體管理工作及策略制定。李先生畢業於中華人民共和國(「中國」)清華大學,於一九八三年取得工程學學士學位,並於一九八六年取得管理工程碩士學位。李先生為本公司執行董事李玥先生之父親。



Mr. ONG Wei Hiam, William, aged 51, is an Executive Director and the Group Chief Financial Officer of the Company. Mr. Ong is also the director of VSTECS (HK) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company. He is responsible for the overall financial management of the Group. Mr. Ong holds a Bachelor Degree in Economics from University College London and a Master Degree in Analysis, Design & Management of Information Systems from the London School of Economics and Political Science. Mr. Ong is a fellow of the Institute of

Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.



Mr. LI Yue, aged 34, appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in May 2016. Mr. Li joined the Company in 2012. Mr. Li is responsible for investments and fund management of the Group. He holds a Bachelor of Arts in Economics from the University of Chicago in the United States of America. Mr. Li is also a CFA charterholder. He is a member of the CFA Institute and the Hong Kong Society of Financial Analysts. Mr. Li is the son of Mr. Li Jialin, the Chairman, Chief Executive Officer and

Executive Director of the Company.

李玥先生,34歲,於二零一六年五月獲委任 為本公司執行董事。李先生於二零一二年五 入本公司。李先生負責本集團之投資及基金 管理事宜。彼持有美利堅合眾國芝加哥大 之經濟學文學士學位。李先生為CFA特許 會 格認證持有人。彼為特許金融分析師協會及 香港財經分析師學會會員。李先生為本公司 主席、行政總裁兼執行董事李佳林先生之兒 子。

# Biographical Details of Directors and Company Secretary (continued) 董事及公司秘書履歷(續)



Mr. CHAN Hoi Chau, aged 53, is an Executive Director of the Company. He holds a Bachelor Degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of Wisconsin-Madison in the United States of America. Mr. Chan has over 20 years of experience in personal computer and semiconductor industry. Mr. Chan is currently the Senior Vice President – Product Management of VSTECS (HK) Limited, a subsidiary of the Company. Prior to joining the Company in 2005, Mr. Chan served as the

distribution director of Advanced Micro Devices and was in charge of the distribution business in China and Hong Kong.

陳海洲先生,53歲,為本公司執行董事。彼持有美利堅合眾國威斯康辛(麥迪遜校區)大學之電機工程學士學位。陳先生於個人電腦及半導體行業積逾20年經驗。陳先生現為本公司附屬公司偉仕佳杰(香港)有限公司之產品管理高級副總裁。於二零零五年加入本公司前,陳先生擔任Advanced Micro Devices之分銷總監,負責中國及香港區之分銷業務。



Mr. GU Sanjun, aged 52, appointed as an Executive Director of the Company in June 2021. Mr. Gu has extensive experience in the field of Information Technology and has accumulated 14 years experience of operation in the Group. Mr. Gu had served as the general manager of the software department of the Group from 2000 to 2008 and subsequently rejoined the Group in 2016. Mr. Gu currently is the chief executive officer in the Greater China Region of the Group and is responsible for the

overall business development and achieving the Company's strategic goal in the PRC. Prior to that, Mr. Gu had served in different large enterprises in China such as Guangzhou Suntek Technology (廣州新太技術), Ingram Micro International (China) (英邁國際 (中國)) and Founder Group (北大方正集團). Mr. Gu graduated from the Beijing University of Technology in the PRC with a Bachelor Degree in Applied Mathematics.

顧三軍先生,52歲,於二零二一年六月獲委 任為本公司執行董事。顧先生於資訊科營運經驗並於本集團累積十四年營運經驗。顧先生曾於二零零年至二零時代 一次年再次加入本集團。顧先生目國上,擔任本集團軟件部總經理,其後前屆區一六年再次加入本集團。顧先生目國區,負責中國區大中華區行政總裁,負責中國區,由於實際人工,其一個國際,與國際,與國軍,與國軍,與國軍,與國軍,與國軍,與國軍,與國軍,以及北大方正集團等多家大型企業,持有應用數學生學位。

### Non-executive Directors



Mr. ZHANG Dongjie, aged 49, appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company in January 2023. Mr. Zhang graduated from Xiamen University in the PRC with a Master degree in Economics in 2005. Mr. Zhang is currently the deputy general manager of Shenzhen Eternal Asia Supply Chain Management Ltd. (深圳市恰亞通供應鍵股份有限公司) ("Shenzhen Eternal Asia"), a joint stock company established in the PRC with limited liability whose shares are listed on the Main Board of the Shenzhen Stock Exchange. Shenzhen Eternal Asia is

a substantial shareholder of the Company. Mr. Zhang is also a non-executive director of Trigiant Group Limited, a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange.



Mr. CHEUNG Wing Lee Isaiah, aged 55, appointed as a Non-executive Director of the Company in March 2021. Mr. Cheung graduated from the Queen's University in Kingston, Canada with a Bachelor of Science degree with honours in Computer Engineering in 1990. He has over 30 years of extensive experience in the field of Information Technology. Mr. Cheung joined Microsoft as the Vice President of Consumer and Device Sales Group in the Greater China Region from

2011 to 2019. Prior to joining Microsoft, Mr. Cheung had served at various positions at Hewlett-Packard ("HP"), including the Vice President of the Personal Systems Group in HP China, General Manager of Solution Partners Organization (SPO) China and Director of Mobile Business from 1995 to 2011.

## 非執行董事

張冬杰先生,49歲,於二零二三年一月獲委 任為本公司非執行董事。張先生於二零零士 年畢業於中國廈門大學,取得經濟學與份 位。張先生現任深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份 成公司(「深圳怡亞通」,為一家於中國 的股份有限公司,其股份於深圳證券本 的主要股東。張先生亦為俊知集團有限公司 (一家於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司,其 股份於聯交所上市)之非執行董事。

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**



Mr. LI Wei, aged 68, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in August 2007. Mr. Li was educated in the PRC, Germany and Australia. He has over 25 years of experience in establishing and operating businesses in Asia, particularly in Hong Kong and the PRC. Mr. Li has previously served as the Managing Director of a number of listed companies in Hong Kong. Mr. Li is also an independent non-executive director of Transtech Optelecom Science Holdings Limited and

Qianhai Health Holdings Limited, the shares of both companies are listed on the Stock Exchange. He also serves as the Chairman of Remuneration Committee and members of Audit Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

## 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生,68歲,於二零零七年八月獲委任 為本公司獨立非執行董事。李先生於中國、 德國及澳洲接受教育。彼於亞洲(尤其是 養及中國)成立及經營業務方面積逾25年經 驗。李先生曾擔任多間香港上市公司之支 經理。李先生亦擔任高科橋光導科技股份 有限公司及前海健康控股有限公司(兩司之股份均於聯交所上市)之獨立非執核 看限公司表前為本公司薪酬委員會主席、審核委 員會成員及提名委員會成員。



Mr. LAM Hin Chi, aged 59, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in June 2014. Mr. Lam graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Professional Diploma in Management Accountancy and a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) in Accountancy. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of

Certified Public Accountants and the Chartered Institute of Management Accountants. Mr. Lam has over 30 years of experience in finance, auditing and accounting. He also serves as the Chairman of Audit Committee and members of Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

### Biographical Details of Directors and Company Secretary (continued) 董事及公司秘書履歷(續)



Mr. WANG Xiaolong, aged 67, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in May 2016. Mr. Wang graduated from Peking University with Ph.D. degree in economics. He is currently the vice chairman of China Trustee Association, council member of China Wealth Management 50 Forum (CWM50) and vice chairman of the academic committee of CWM50.

王曉龍先生,67歲,於二零一六年五月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。王先生畢業於北京大學,取得經濟學博士學位。彼現任中國信託業協會副會長、中國財富管理50人論壇常務理事兼中國財富管理50人論壇學術委員會副主席。

From 1985 to 1990, Mr. Wang joined the National Economic System Reform Committee (NESRC) as director of the Research Office, later he was promoted to be department director. From 1990 to 1994, he acted as deputy director, executive deputy director of Beijing New-Tech Industry Development Zone. From 1994 to 1998, he was appointed to many important positions, such as director, deputy general manager of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Industrial (Group) Company Limited, general manager and chairman of board of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Finance Company Limited, board director and president of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Securities Company Limited, and the board chairman of Hong Kong Jing-Tai Industry Investment Company Limited. Mr. Wang was also the executive director and vice president of Beijing Enterprises Holdings Limited. From 1998 to present, Mr. Wang acts as president and vice chairman of Beijing International Trust and Investment Corporation Limited which is now transformed to Beijing International Trust Co. Ltd.

家經濟體制改革委員會研究所室主任,其後獲晉升為部主任。於一九九零年至一九九八年,彼任北京市新技術產業開發區副主任、常務副主任。於一九九四年至一九九八年,彼獲委任多個重要職位,如香港京泰實業財育限公司董事、副總經理;香港京泰工業財務有限公司董事長。至先生亦為北京大年起任北京國際信託投資有限公司,至先生出任北京國際信託投資有限公司,總經理東上,與關於官話投資有限公司,以與轉型為北京國際信託有限公司,總經理兼副董事長。

於一九八五年至一九九零年,王先生出任國

Mr. Wang has a long time dedication to economic research and financial enterprise management, so he accumulates a rich and sound experience in finance, trusts, securities and investment funds and enjoys a good reputation in those areas. Mr. Wang has extensive experience in many different industries and areas, such as variety of investments, merging and acquisition, debt issuances, restructure, and IPO etc. Mr. Wang also serves as the members of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

王先生長期從事經濟研究和金融企業管理工作,故於金融、信託、證券及投資基金方面累積豐富經驗,並於該等領域享負盛名。 王先生於多項投資、併購、發債、重組、首次公開發售等多個不同行業及領域擁有廣泛經驗。王先生亦擔任本公司審核委員會成員、薪酬委員會成員及提名委員會成員。

# Biographical Details of Directors and Company Secretary (continued) 董事及公司秘書履歷(續)



Mr. LI Yi, aged 48, appointed as an Independent Non-executive Director of the Company in September 2021. Mr. Li holds a Bachelor Degree in Economics. He has been the first batch of traders who have the qualifications of first-level traders in national carbon emission trading market in the PRC. He currently is a director and chief researcher of the Green Digital Development Research Center of the Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences. He also has part-time roles as distinguished researcher of the

National Governance Research Institute of Tsinghua University, a member of the Information and Communication Economics Expert Committee of the Ministry of Industry and Information Technology of the PRC, and the lecture professor of the Graduate School of the Shanghai Academy of Social Sciences. He was also awarded as 2010 Top Ten New Talents in information technology industry in China.

Mr. Li also acted as an independent non-executive director in several listed companies in the PRC, including New Guomai Digital Culture Co., Ltd. at the Shanghai Stock Exchange from 2014 to 2020, Transfar Zhilian Co., Ltd. at the Shenzhen Stock Exchange from 2015 to 2020 and Huizhou Speed Wireless Technology Co., Ltd. at the Shenzhen Stock Exchange from 2016 to 2019. Mr. Li also serves as the members of Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee of the Company.

行董事,包括二零一四年至二零二零年於上交所的新國脈數字文化股份有限公司,二零一五年至二零二零年於深交所的傳化智聯股份有限公司以及二零一六年至二零一九年於深交所的惠州碩貝德無線科技有限公司。李先生亦擔任本公司審核委員會成員、薪酬委員會成員及提名委員會成員。

李先生亦為若干中國上市公司的獨立非執

# **Company Secretary**



Ms. YUE Cheuk Ying, aged 42, appointed as the company secretary of the Company in September 2011 and is responsible for the secretarial matters of the Group. She holds a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) in Public and Social Administration and a Master of Science in Professional Accounting and Corporate Governance from the City University of Hong Kong. She is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators. She joined the Group in 2009.

李易先生,48歲,於二零二一年九月獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。李先生持有權經濟學學士學位。彼為擁有中國全國碳排放權見,現任上海社會科學院緣色數字化發展大學與一次主任兼首席研究員,亦兼任清華部份與一次主任兼首席研究員、中國工信部科學院為理研究時期研究員、中國工信部科學院為理研究員會委員及上海社會科學院議座教授。彼亦曾榮膺二零一零年度中國信息產業十大新鋭人物稱號。

## 公司秘書

余卓盈女士,42歲,於二零一一年九月獲委 任為本公司之公司秘書,負責本集團之秘書 事宜。彼持有香港城市大學公共及社會行政 (榮譽)文學士學位及專業會計與企業管治 理學碩士學位。彼為香港特許秘書公會會員 及英國特許秘書及行政人員公會會員。彼於 二零零九年加入本集團。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

The Group is pleased to present the Environmental, Social and Governance Report ("ESG Report" or the "Report") for the year ended 31 December 2022. The ESG Report is to highlight the Group's approaches and strategies in pursuit of sustainable development during the period from 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 (the "Year" or the "Reporting Period"). The Group would also like to take this opportunity to thanks all stakeholders who have contributed to this sustainability journey with us and present the ESG performance to all our stakeholders.

本集團欣然提呈截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度的環境、社會及管治報告(「ESG報告」或「報告」)。ESG報告重點介紹本集團於二零二二年一月一日至二零二二年十二月三十一日期間(「本年度」或「報告期」)達致可持續發展的方法及策略。本集團亦藉此機會感謝所有與我們攜手共建可持續發展之路的持份者,並向所有持份者呈報ESG表現。

#### REPORTING PRINCIPLES

This ESG Report has been prepared according to the "Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide" ("ESG Reporting Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules from the Stock Exchange. The Report covers the overall performance, policies and practices of the Group's business and operations in terms of its environmental and social responsibilities. The Report is based on the four reporting principles of materiality, quantitative, balance and consistency. To serve the best interest of our readers, we conducted a materiality assessment through the help with our stakeholders to select the key ESG issues concerning with our business operation, which are covered in the later part. This ESG Report mainly focuses on the aspects that have identified as material and relevant to the Group's business and its key stakeholders.

We mentioned the social KPIs which related to the performance of the Group in employment, labour standards, supply chain management, training activities, community investment, etc. We computed the environmental key performance indicators ("KPIs") based on our emission and waste produced in our operation process and also the daily activities in the office, referring from the ESG Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules and the standards of Greenhouse Gas Protocol, which makes our ESG performance measurable, in terms of carbon emission, resource usage, waste generation and so on.

Moreover, the Report aims to provide the readers with a comprehensive and objective view of our ESG management efficacy, the Group therefore, is committed to revealing statistics and numbers to the best of our knowledge.

For convenience, an index is available in the last chapter of the Report for the readers, regarding the locations of KPIs within the Report.

### 報告原則

本ESG報告乃根據聯交所上市規則附錄27所載「環境、社會及管治報告指引」(「ESG報告指引」)編製。報告涵蓋本集團業務及營運於環境及社會責任方面的整體表現、政策及慣例。報告秉承重要性、量化、平衡及一致性四大報告原則。為符合我們讀者的最佳利益,我們藉助持份者協助,進行重要性評估,確定與我們業務營運有關的關鍵ESG議題,該等議題將於後文論述。本ESG報告主要著重已確定為對本集團業務及其主要持份者屬重大且相關的層面。

我們所提述社會關鍵績效指標,指本集團於僱傭、勞工準則、供應鍵管理、培訓活動、社區投資等方面的表現。我們參照上市規則附錄27所載ESG報告指引及溫室氣體議定書的標準,根據我們於營運過程以及辦公室日常活動中產生的排放物及廢物計算環境關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」),此乃計量我們於碳排放、資源使用、廢物產生等方面ESG表現的基礎。

此外,報告旨在讓讀者全面客觀地了解我們的 ESG管理成效,因此,本集團致力於我們所盡悉 的範圍內披露統計數據及數字。

為方便閱覽,本報告最後一章載有本報告內關鍵績效指標位置的索引。

### REPORTING SCOPE

The ESG Report mainly focuses on the aspects that have identified as material and relevant to the Group's business and its key stakeholders for the Reporting Period. These cover our three main operation segments, including the Enterprise Systems segment, the Consumer Electronics segment and the Cloud Computing segment.

#### **ESG GOVERNANCE**

To lead the company to become a socially and environmentally responsible company, a solid ESG governance structure is essential. The Board acknowledges its role in identifying the ESG risks and opportunities in the Group and it also has been involved in the determination of the major ESG strategies and planning of the ESG related goals. The Group has always incorporated considerations of the environmental, social and governance aspects into our operation to fulfill our commitment of creating sustainable value for stakeholders and being a good corporate citizen. We aim to make positive impacts on our environment and community, while upholding our philosophy that sustainable development is rooted in our core business practices, our relationship with stakeholders, as well as our environmental performances. The different sections in our Report will reveal our management approaches in environmental and social aspects accordingly.

The Board has diversified membership, with a broader range of members from various backgrounds. In terms of age demographics, although 46% of our members are within the 51-60 age range, we have seen there are 27% of our members are below 50 years old.

### 報告範圍

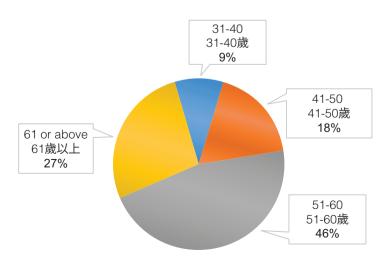
ESG報告主要關注已確定為報告期內對本集團 業務及其主要持份者屬重大且相關的層面。其涵 蓋我們三大營運板塊,即企業系統板塊、消費電 子板塊及雲計算板塊。

### ESG治理

為引導公司成為一個對社會及環境負責的公司,設立堅實ESG治理架構至關重要。董事會承擔識別本集團的ESG風險及機遇的責任,並已參與釐定主要ESG策略及ESG相關目標規劃。本集團始終將環境、社會及管治層面納入我們的營運考慮,以實現我們為持份者創造可持續價值並成為良好企業公民的承諾。我們致力為我們的環境及社區帶來積極影響,同時堅守我們的理念,即可持續發展植根於我們的核心業務常規,我們與持份者的關係以及我們的環境表現。報告各部分將披露我們於環境及社會方面的相應管理方法。

董事會擁有多元化的成員,包括來自不同背景的更廣泛的成員。年齡人口統計方面,儘管我們46%的成員年齡在51歲至60歲之間,但我們有27%的成員年齡在50歲以下。

# Age Distribution of Board 董事會年齡分佈



#### **BOARD'S ESG RESPONSIBILITY**

The Board acknowledges the overall responsibility for the Group's ESG strategies and reporting and for evaluating and determining the Group's ESG related risks. The Board also has the responsibility to develop the environmental goals to encourage the Group to have a better performance in the future. ESG performance is measured, reviewed and reported to the management regularly for continuous improvement.

The Board collectively responsible for the overall development and review of the ESG matters. Whenever ESG issues arise, they will be put to the Board for further discussion. We will also seek professional advice from third party whenever necessary.

### 董事會的ESG責任

董事會承擔制定本集團的ESG策略及報告以及 評估、確定本集團的ESG相關風險的整體責任。 董事會亦負責制定環境目標,以鼓勵本集團未來 表現更佳。ESG表現將會計量、檢討並定期向管 理層報告,以持續作出改進。

董事會集體負責ESG事宜的整體發展及檢討。 每當ESG事項出現時,將上報董事會作進一步討 論。我們亦將於有需要時尋求第三方專業意見。



#### STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Taking the opinions of the stakeholders seriously is the direction of the Group. The Group believes that understanding the views of its stakeholders lays a solid foundation for the long-term growth and success of the Group, so we maintain an open and honest relationship with our stakeholders.

As a leading distributor of Information, Communication and Technology ("ICT") products in Asia, we strive to maximize the long-term benefits of all our stakeholders by continuously communicating with them and effectively balancing their respective expectations and needs in order to achieve sustainable development of the Company. Our key stakeholders include the shareholders, employees, clients, suppliers, government, environment and community, etc.

We use different channels to gather the opinions from various stakeholders, we hold regular meetings with our stakeholders and have different tailor different communication channels for each stakeholder, for example, we will conduct site visit to our suppliers, we have a service hotline for our clients and we hold press conferences for our investors. Through the different channels, we collect their opinions and give our responses.

Through the communication with our employees, the Group realised that our employees focus on the welfare, career path, training provided to them and a healthy working environment. The Group take this into consideration and provided a healthy working environment, a competitive remuneration package and also the discretionary bonus by reference to individual and Group's performance, in response to their opinions. The Group also organize social gathering regularly to increase their sense of belongings. Different from our employees, our management team focuses on the performance of the company, and whether the company's goals and strategies have been achieved. This is more or less similar to the Group concerns and the Group will make sure that the goals and strategies set by the management are duly communicated to all the staff which can enhance the achievement of the goals.

### 持份者參與

認真對待持份者的意見為本集團的發展方向。本 集團認為,了解持份者的意見為本集團的長遠發 展及成功奠定堅實基礎,因此我們與持份者維持 開放及誠實的關係。

作為亞洲領先的資訊通訊科技產品分銷商,我們不斷與持份者溝通,有效平衡各持份者的期望及需求,致力使所有持份者的長遠利益最大化,以實現本公司的可持續發展。我們的主要持份者包括股東、僱員、客戶、供應商、政府、環保及社區等。

我們多渠道收集不同持份者的意見,並定期與我們的持份者會面,為各持份者度身定制不同溝通渠道,例如,我們對供應商進行實地考察,為客戶開通服務熱線,為投資者舉行新聞發佈會。利用不同渠道,我們收集持份者的意見並作出回應。

通過與僱員溝通,本集團了解到僱員關注福利、職業發展、培訓及健康工作環境。本集團將此納入考慮,提供健康工作環境、具競爭力薪酬待遇,並根據僱員的意見,參考個人及本集團的表現,提供酌情花紅。本集團亦定期組織社交活動,加強僱員歸屬感。與僱員不同,我們的管理團隊關注公司業績以及是否已實現公司目標及戰略,此與本集團的關切亦或多或少類似,本集團將確保管理層制定的目標及戰略妥為向全體僱員傳達,促進實現目標。

### Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Our clients are concerned about the product and services quality and safety as well as the customer relationships and privacy protection. In response, we provide a high quality of product and service, in additionally we have a special team to provide after-sales services to them.

The Group also pays attention to our relationship with suppliers. Suppliers of different brands are handled by a designated project management team to ensure a close relationship with each supplier of integrity and fair dealing.

Our investors concerned about the business development and prospect of the Group and also the returns on investment, we clearly understand their concerns. In response to the concerns of our investors, our Group management will have regular meetings with them and we will also engage professional parties to explore potential investors in the benefit to the Group.

To make sure the group has complied with all the laws and regulations, we will review and update the latest government and regulatory body's policies regularly to respond to the Government – one of our stakeholders' concerns, that is to comply with the laws and regulations. We think this is beneficial to the Group and we are happy to do so.

#### MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

During the Reporting Period, the Group has obtained the views of our key stakeholders include the shareholders, employees, clients, suppliers, etc. on the Group's material issues and sustainability strategy. After a series of managerial-level meetings and the Board's discussion, a several number of issues have been identified, the Group has assessed those important ESG topics and produced the following materiality matrix to clarify the ESG issues that concern our business most.

我們的客戶關心產品及服務的質量和安全,以及客戶關係及私隱保護。作為回應,我們提供高質量產品及服務,並設有專門的團隊為他們提供售後服務。

本集團亦重視與供應商的關係。不同品牌的供應 商由指定的項目管理團隊負責,以確保與每名供 應商保持密切關係,誠信及公平交易。

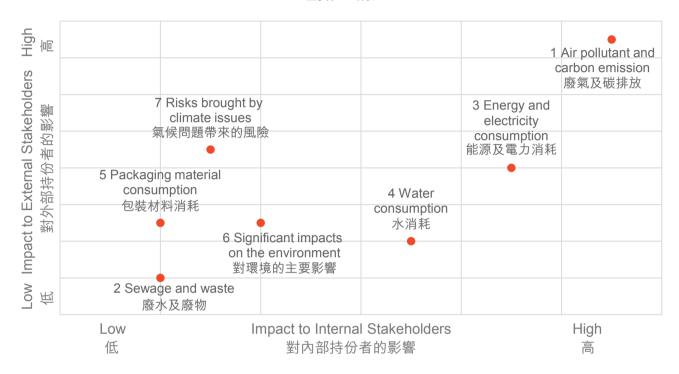
我們的投資者關注本集團的業務發展及前景和 投資回報·而我們深明其關注點。為回應投資者 的關注·本集團管理層將定期與他們舉行會議, 亦會聘請專業人士發掘潜在投資者,以為本集團 帶來利益。

為確保集團遵守所有法律法規,我們將定期審閱 及了解最新的政府及監管機構政策,以回應我們 的持份者之一政府的關注,即遵守法律法規。我 們認為這對本集團有利,並樂意如此行事。

#### 重要性評估

於報告期內,本集團已就有關本集團的重大議題及可持續發展策略徵詢主要持份者的意見,包括股東、僱員、客戶、供應商等。經過一系列的管理層會議及董事會討論,已確定若干議題。本集團已評估該等重要環境、社會及管治主題,並制定以下重要性矩陣,以闡明與我們業務最相關的環境、社會及管治議題。

#### Materiality – Environmental 重要性-環境



Details of the numbers can be found in the table below:

數字詳情參見下表:

#### Environmental

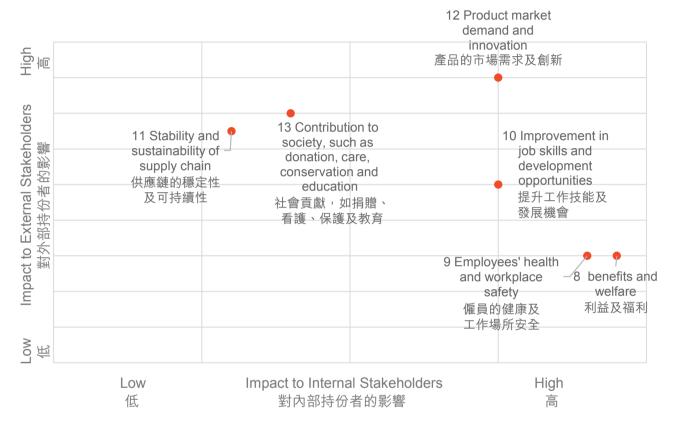
### 環境

垠児	
1	Air pollutant and carbon emission 廢氣及碳排放
2	Sewage and waste 廢水及廢物
3	Energy and electricity consumption 能源及電力消耗
4	Water consumption 水消耗
5	Packaging material consumption 包裝材料消耗
6	Significant impacts on the environment, such as noise, odour, pollution, ecological imbalance, species extinction and resource depletion 對環境的主要影響,如噪音、惡臭、污染、生態失衡、物種滅絕及資源枯竭
7	Risks brought by climate issues, such as physical risk (extreme weather events and rise of temperature) and transition

氣候問題帶來的風險,如物理風險(極端天氣事件及氣溫上升)及過渡性風險(政策、法律及市場風險)

risk (policy, legal and market risk

### Materiality - Social 重要性-社會



Details of the numbers can be found in the table below:

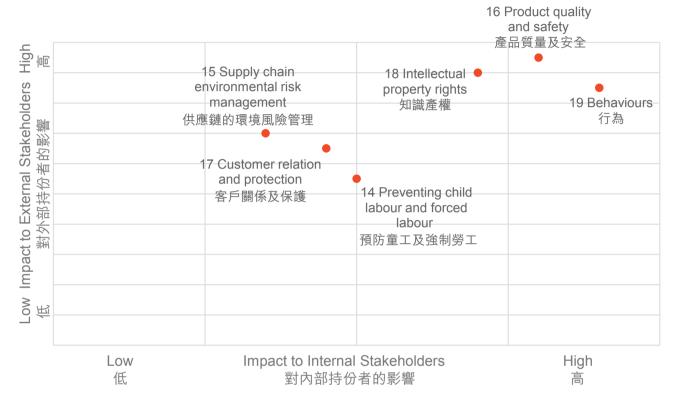
數字詳情參見下表:

#### Social

计命

社會	
8	Compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare 薪酬及解雇、招聘與晉升、工作時間、休息時間、平等機會、多樣性、反歧視以及其他利益及福利
9	Employees' health and workplace safety 僱員的健康及工作場所安全
10	Improvement in job skills and development opportunities 提升工作技能及發展機會
11	Stability and sustainability of supply chain 供應鏈的穩定性及可持續性
12	Product market demand and innovation* 產品的市場需求及創新*
13	Contribution to society, such as donation, care, conservation and education 社會貢獻,如捐贈、看護、保護及教育

# Materiality – Governance 重要性-管治



Details of the numbers can be found in the table below:

數字詳情參見下表:

### Governance

#### 管治

14	Preventing child labour and forced labour 預防童工及強制勞工
15	Supply chain environmental risk management 供應鏈的環境風險管理
16	Product quality and safety* 產品質量及安全*
17	Customer relation and protection 客戶關係及保護
18	Intellectual property rights* 知識產權*
19	Behaviours such as bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, and the mechanisms and training activities to prevent such behaviours*

賄賂、勒索、欺詐、洗錢等行為以及預防此類行為的機制及培訓活動\*

The most important topics to the Group

本集團最重要的議題

### Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued) 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

As illustrated above, the ESG topics of highest priority to the Group are Product Quality and Safety, Product Market Demand and Innovation, Intellectual Property Rights and Corruption Behaviour with the Prevention Policy.

如上表所示·環境、社會及管治議題中,產品質量及安全、產品的市場需求及創新、知識產權及防倉腐政策乃本集團最優先考慮議題。

Because of our business nature, our internal and external stakeholders are focused more on the social and governance issues than the environmental issues that are less related to our business nature. For the social sector, our stakeholders focus on the Product Market Demand and Innovation, as an IT trading company, we also care about the innovation and demand of our product. We have cooperated with lots of well-established and well-known suppliers that provide us with high quality products, and believe that the demand for IT products will be stable. In addition, we keep discussing with our suppliers about the new idea of the IT products such that they can provide trendy products to our customers.

鑒於我們的業務性質,我們的內外部持份者更為關注社會及治理問題,而非與我們的業務性質關聯較小的環境問題。就社會板塊而言,持份者的關注點為產品的市場需求及創新,作為一家資訊科技貿易公司,我們亦關心產品的創新及需求。我們與眾多有市場地位的知名供應商合作,獲取優質產品,且我們認為對資訊科技產品的需求將維持穩定。此外,我們與供應商保持探討有關資訊科技產品的新理念,從而令其能夠為客戶提供時尚前沿的產品。

For the governance sector, our stakeholders focused on the Product's Quality and Safety and the Intellectual Property Rights. These factors are very important to the operation of the Group. The Group has policy and regulation on monitoring the safety of the product. Once we have discovered the safety and quality problems, we will inform the suppliers immediately and find a solution to solve the problems by returning the products or renewing the products. We also take the Intellectual Property Rights issue as a very serious matter, as innovation and ideas are key inputs of IT products. We have strict regulations on supervision of the product that is not yet on the market.

就治理板塊而言,我們的持份者關注產品的質量 及安全以及知識產權。此等因素對本集團之經營 非常重要。本集團已制定監控產品安全的政策及 規例。一旦發現安全及質量問題,我們將立即通 知供應商,通過退貨或更新產品,解決問題。我 們亦嚴肅對待知識產權問題,乃由於創新及創意 為資訊科技產品的關鍵投入。我們已就未上市產 品制定嚴格的監管規定。

Apart from the product-related sector, Corruption Prevention is also a topic that our stakeholders think is an important issue and the Board has the same idea as our stakeholders. In view of this, the Group has a stringent Code of Conduct that requires the employees and our business partners to follow strictly. Moreover, all employees are also required to attend anticorruption training every year to remind them of the importance of integrity.

除產品相關板塊外,持份者認為防腐亦是一個重要議題,董事會與持份者持相同觀點。有鑑於此,本集團已制定嚴格的行為準則,要求員工及業務合作夥伴嚴格遵守該準則。此外,所有員工亦須每年參加反腐培訓,令其謹記誠信的重要性。

#### **ESG STRATEGIES**

As the Group is a leading distributor of ICT products, channel development and integrated service providers of technology solutions in the Asia Pacific region. Compared with the manufacturing-based business, we are mainly engaged in the development of technologies with fewer environmental concerns. But we still hope to participate in environmental protection activities and also fulfil corporate social responsibility. We will put more energy into social development, including employment and development policies, supplier selection, safety and health issues, product responsibility, etc.

We understand the importance of its impact on sustainable environmental development. We will continue to encourage and ensure the efficient use of resources in our operation process to save energy and reduce GHG emission as much as possible. We will keep putting effort in protecting the environment and we are planning to work with our suppliers on handling the electronic wastes in a more proper way. Based on the characteristics of the industry, we have established a three-step environmental goal. At the same time, we closely monitor environmental risks to ensure that relevant risks are under control.

### 環境、社會及管治策略

由於本集團為於亞太地區的資訊通訊科技產品、渠道開發領先的分銷商及技術解決方案的綜合服務供應商。相較基於製造的業務, 我們主要從事技術開發,對環境的影響較小。 但我們仍然希望參與環保活動,履行企業社 會責任。我們投入更多精力促進社會發展, 包括就業及發展政策、供應商選擇、安全與 健康問題、產品責任等。

我們了解其對可持續環境發展的影響極為重要。我們將繼續鼓勵及確保於營運過程中有效利用資源,盡可能地節約能源,減少溫室氣體排放。我們將繼續努力保護環境,並計劃與供應商合作,更妥善的處理電子廢物。根據行業特點,我們已制定三個環境目標。同時,我們密切監控環境風險,確保相關風險可控。

#### Environmental Targets 環境目標

Target 2: Gradually establish a monitoring and management system for Scope 3 GHG emissions.

**目標二**:逐步建立範圍3溫室氣體排放的監測管理體系。

**Target 3:** Based on the company's services, gradually promote environmental upgrading of industries

**目標三:**立足公司服務,逐步推動產業環境升級。

Target 1: Achieve a gradual reduction in GHG Emissions (Per Employee) of Scope 2 year by year.

目標一:逐年逐步減少範圍2的每名

員工溫室氣體排放。

**Target 1:** Achieve a gradual reduction in GHG Emissions (Per Employee) of Scope 2 year by year. This is a quantitative target. We will implement the relevant target in various departments and branch structures of the organization, especially in the use of electricity, to ensure the achievement of the target.

目標一:逐年逐步減少範圍2的每名員工溫室氣體排放。此為一項量化目標。我們將在組織的各部門和分支機構中落實相關目標,特別是在用電方面,以確保實現目標。

Target 2: Gradually establish a monitoring and management system for Scope 3 GHG emissions. We have noticed that GHG Emissions of Scope 3 which is have gradually received attention from regulatory agencies and industry organizations. GHG Emissions of Scope 3 are the indirect emissions outside of scope 2 emissions that occur in the value chain of the company We will closely monitor policy changes and guard against the risks they may pose to the company. At the same time, based on the principle of prevention, we will accelerate the establishment of monitoring systems for Scope 3 GHG emissions.

目標二:逐步建立範圍3溫室氣體排放的監測管理體系。我們注意到,範圍3溫室氣體排放逐漸受到監管機構和行業組織重視。範圍3溫室氣體排放指公司價值鏈中產生的範圍2以外的間接排放。我們將密切關注政策變化,防範政策變化可能給公司帶來的風險。同時,以預防為主,加快建立範圍3溫室氣體排放的監測體系。

Target 3: Based on the Group's services, gradually promote environmental upgrading of industries. As a listed company, we are well aware of the importance of social responsibility. As an ICT services company, we are deep aware of our product and services play an important role in promoting environmental development. Base on Target 1 and Target 2, we will take actions and provide solutions contributes to the environmental upgrading of upstream and downstream companies.

目標三:立足集團服務,逐步推動產業環境升級。作為一家上市公司,我們深知社會責任的重要性。而作為一家資訊通訊科技服務公司,我們亦深知我們的產品和服務在促進環境發展方面發揮著重要作用。基於目標一和目標二,我們將採取行動並提供解決方案,為上下游公司的環境升級做出貢獻。

# SOCIAL SUSTAINABILITY

# 社會可持續發展

The Group believes that building a harmonious and prosperous community atmosphere can achieve a win-win situation and promote long-term corporate benefit. By focusing on areas such as employment and labour practices, operational procedures, and social engagement, we aim to establish a mutually beneficial connection with both our internal and external stakeholders.

本集團相信建造和諧繁榮的社區氛圍,可以 實現雙贏且促進長期企業效益。通過聚焦僱 傭及勞工常規、經營常規及社會參與等領域, 我們旨在與內部及外部持份者建立互利關 係。

# PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

# 產品責任

Product Quality and Safety

產品質量與安全

To provide high quality of products and services to our customers, the Group carefully selects our suppliers with good reputation. Before introducing products to customers, the Group will examine the specifications of each product supplied by the vendors to ensure that they meet the necessary standards and meet the expectations of the customers.

為向客戶提供優質產品及服務,本集團審慎 甄選聲譽良好之供應商。向客戶介紹產品前, 本集團會檢查賣方所提供各類產品之規格, 以確保各類產品均符合必要之標準及客戶預期。

Being a comprehensive distributor, our aim is not only to offer superior quality products to our customers but also to provide an array of value-added services to both our suppliers and customers. We have a product return and exchange policy for our customers, and if any quality-related complaints arise, we report and provide feedback to our suppliers for their review and improvement.

作為一家綜合分銷商,我們不僅致力為客戶 提供優質產品,亦為供應商及客戶提供多元 化增值服務。我們為客戶提供退換貨政策, 倘發生與產品質量相關之投訴,我們會向我 們的供應商報告及反饋,以供彼等檢討及改 進。

During the Reporting Period, no products were subject to recalls for safety and health reasons, nor any complaints received.

於報告期內,概無產品因安全及健康原因而被召回,亦無收到任何投訴。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued)

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### Privacy and Data Protection

In addition, the Group strives to protect personal data and privacy of every customer. All the employees are obligated to retain in highly confidential any information obtained in connection with their employment, such as client information and supplier information.

We strictly confine the usage of the collected information for purposes we specified in our contracts, and we make sure to use such information responsibly. We require each and every employee to follow the guidance related to the privacy and data protection. Employees who have access to or are in control of such information have the full responsibility to protect the information from unauthorised disclosure or use.

#### Intellectual Property Rights

The Group also pays high attention in protecting the interest of intellectual property rights. When the Group engages a supplier to sell its products, we will liaise with the supplier on the terms and conditions on the sale of the products and a distributor agreement will be signed by both parties to ensure that the Group has the right and authority to sell the products on behalf of the suppliers.

In addition, the Group pays close attention to infringements in the market to prevent any infringements (e.g., counterfeiting of trademarks), this is to prevent and protect the Groups and the others from getting into troubles.

#### Customer Opinion and Complaints

The Group values the feedback of our customers as it guides us towards improvement. Additionally, we take customer complaints very seriously and thoroughly investigate them to report to our management team. Our goal is to offer our customers a great experience.

During the Reporting Period, no complaints were received and we complied with all relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact to us, including but not limited to the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance, and noted no incident of information leakage reported during the Reporting Period.

#### 私隱及資料保護

此外,本集團努力保護每名客戶之個人資料及私隱。所有僱員均須將彼等職位獲得之任何資料保持高度機密,如客戶資料及供應商資料。

我們嚴格限制將收集的資料用於合約指定用途,並確保負責任地使用該等資料。我們要求每一位僱員遵從私隱及資料保護相關指引。有權訪問或控制有關資料的僱員負有保護資料免遭未經授權披露或使用的全部責任。

#### 知識產權

本集團亦高度重視保護知識產權方面之權 益。當本集團接觸供應商以代理其產品之銷 售時,我們會就銷售產品之條款及條件與供 應商進行磋商,雙方將簽署分銷協議,以確 保本集團獲得代表供應商銷售產品之權利及 授權。

此外,本集團密切關注市場上的侵權行為, 以防止任何侵權行為(如假冒商標),從而 防止和避免本集團及其他方陷入麻煩。

#### 客戶意見與投訴

本集團珍視客戶的意見,將其作為我們改進的方向。此外,我們認真對待客戶投訴,並進行全面調查,向管理團隊報告。我們的目標是為客戶提供優質體驗。

於報告期內,概無收到任何投訴,我們遵守 所有對我們有重大影響的相關法律及法規, 包括但不限於《個人資料(私隱)條例》,於 報告期內亦無報告任何資料洩露事件。

#### SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

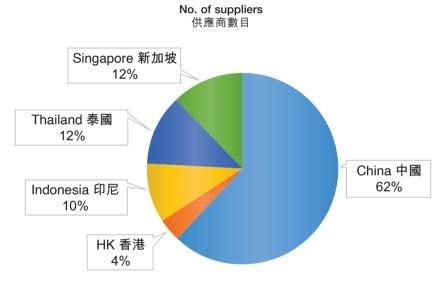
Suppliers are one of the key stakeholders to the Group who cannot be independent of production materials. Hence, we value our relationship with suppliers and are actively developing a sustainable supply chain that meets the Group's ethical, environmental, health and safety standards.

As a leading ICT products distributor, supply chain management forms a very essential part in the Group. We have over 300 product suppliers from all around the world, including China, Singapore, Thailand, Indonesia, etc. Below are the details of the supplier's distribution:

# 供應鏈管理

供應商是本集團的主要持份者之一,我們的 生產材料離不開供應商。因此,我們重視與 供應商的關係,並積極發展符合本集團道德、 環境、健康及安全標準之可持續供應鏈。

作為領先的資訊通訊科技產品分銷商,供應 鍵管理乃本集團極為重要之一環。我們擁有 來自世界各地的300多家產品供應商,包括 中國、新加坡、泰國、印度尼西亞等。下文載 列供應商分佈詳情:



The Group has established a well-functioning supply chain management system that enhances the collaboration among suppliers, distributors, and retailers, ensuring that our customers receive top-notch products and services. To optimize the efficiency and efficacy of our supply chain management, each brand of supplier is assigned to a designated project manager who is responsible for overseeing their performance and ensuring seamless delivery of products to all parties involved. Additionally, our team regularly meets with our suppliers to ensure smooth operations.

本集團已建立一套運作良好之供應鏈管理系統,可加強供應商、分銷商及零售商之間的合作,確保能夠向客戶提供優質產品及服務。為優化供應鏈管理的效率及效力,我們向各品牌供應商指派一名項目經理,負責監督供應商表現及確保產品無縫交付予各方。此外,我們的團隊將定期與供應商會面,確保運營流暢。

Most of our top suppliers are well-established and well-known brands such as Huawei, HP, Seagate, Western Digital, Dell, Lenovo, and Apple to name a few. The majority of our suppliers are governed by the laws and regulations in the U.S. and other countries and they are expected to comply with relevant laws and regulations in relation to safety and environmental management standards so that their products are up to standard. The Group emphasises the relationship and communications with the suppliers to promote sustainable development.

We also have a comprehensive process in selecting and engaging suppliers with integrity and fair treatment. We always take into consideration such as supplier qualification, past portfolio, product quality, recall policy, market conditions and demands, etc. The Group communicates with the suppliers and distributors regularly to maintain a good relationship with them and review and monitor the performance of the suppliers and provide feedback to them from time to time.

Besides the above selection criteria mentioned, the ethical performance and their participation in corporate social responsibility are also our concerns. We have to keep monitoring their performance and corporate social responsibility so that to make sure that our suppliers are up to their social standards. We hope to cooperate with the suppliers who have the same vision as us.

The Group is highly committed to promoting environmentally-friendly procurement practices. As suppliers play a vital role in our business by directly affecting the quality, cost, and delivery time of our products and services, we prioritize their selection and performance evaluation processes.

Traditionally, supplier selection processes have focused on quality, cost, and lead time. However, with the growing importance of environmental concerns, our Group has included environmental criteria in our supplier selection process. We expect our suppliers to not only comply with environmental regulations but also engage in efficient, green product design and sustainable development.

Therefore, our Group conducts extensive background checks and performance evaluations in our green supplier selection process, overseen by our designated product management team. They engage with suppliers on their environmental policies and compare them with other suppliers. Most of our suppliers are reputable international brands, and we continuously monitor their green procurement performance and policies. Furthermore, some of our board members sit on the Environmental, Social and Governance committee of our major suppliers to monitor and share views on different areas.

我們絕大多數主要供應商乃久富盛譽的知名 品牌,例如華為、惠普、希捷、西部數據、戴 爾、聯想、蘋果等。大多數供應商受美國及 其他國家之法律及法規管轄,並須遵守與安 全及環境管理標準相關之法律及法規,以使 其產品均符合標準。本集團重視與供應商之 關係及溝通,以促進可持續發展。

我們亦設有誠實公平地甄選及委任供應商的 全面流程。我們始終考慮諸如供應商資質、 過往產品組合、產品質量、召回政策、市場 狀況及需求等因素。本集團將定期與供應商 及分銷商溝通,與彼等維持良好關係,並檢 討及 監察 供應 商之表現, 並不時向其提供反 饋意見。

除上述甄選標準外,我們亦關注供應商的道 德表現及企業社會責任。我們持續監察供應 商的表現及企業社會責任,以確保被等達到 其社會標準。我們希望與秉持相同願景的供 應商合作。

本集團致力促進環保採購實踐。由於供應商 直接影響我們的產品及服務質量、成本及交 付時間,對我們的業務發揮至關重要的作用, 因此我們優先考慮供應商的選擇及表現評估 流程。

一直以來,供應商甄選流程著重於質量、成 本及交付週期。然而,隨著環境問題的重要 性日益增加,本集團已將環境標準納入供應 商甄選流程。我們希望我們的供應商不僅遵 守環境法規,亦致力於高效綠色的產品設計 及可持續發展。

因此,本集團於綠色供應商甄選過程中開展 廣泛的背景調查及表現評估,並由指定產品 管理團隊監督。彼等與供應商就其環境政策 進行接觸,並與其他供應商進行比較。我們 的大部分供應商為國際知名品牌,我們亦持 續監察彼等的綠色採購表現及政策。此外, 部分董事會成員任職於我們主要供應商的環 境、社會及管治委員會,負責監督及分享不 同領域的觀點。

Our Board is responsible for the overall risk management of our group and different area of risks management are delegated to designated senior management team. Our product management team is responsible for the group supply risk management. We manage procurement risks from four aspects.

董事會負責本集團整體風險管理並轉授指定 高級管理層團隊負責風險管理的各個方面。 我們的產品管理團隊負責本集團供應風險管 理。我們從四個層面管理採購風險。

# Measures for Management Risks in Supply Chain 供應鏈風險管理辦法

Identify internal and external risks 識別內外部風險

Develop a supply chain risk management plan for handling risks 制定處理風險的供應鏈風險管理計劃

Measures for Mgt Risks in Supply Chain 供應鏈風險 管理辦法

Monitor risks closely 密切監控風險

- Perform regular reviews 進行定期檢討
- Identify internal and external risks. Understanding the sources and impact of procurement risks, conducting risk assessment and analysis, and determining potential consequences.
- Develop a supply chain risk management plan for handling risks. We have developed a supply chain risk management plan which help organizations proactively identify and mitigate potential risks, ensure continuity of operations, and protect against unforeseen disruptions to the supply chain., including risk identification, risk assessment, risk mitigation, risk monitoring, risk response and so on.
- Monitor risks closely. We continuously monitor the supply chain for potential risks and evaluate the effectiveness of risk mitigation strategies.
- Perform regular reviews. By conducting regular reviews of the supply chain management process, we can identify areas for improvement and ensure that they are delivering value to customers while managing risks effectively.

- 識別內外部風險。了解採購風險的來源 及影響,進行風險評估及分析,並確定 可能的後果。
- 制定處理風險的供應鏈風險管理計劃。 我們已制定供應鏈風險管理計劃,助力 各組織積極識別並減少潛在風險,確保 持續經營及防範供應鏈意外中斷,包括 風險識別、風險評估、風險緩釋、風險 監控、風險應對等。
- 密切監控風險。我們持續監控供應鏈潛 在風險及評估風險緩釋戰略的有效性。
- 進行定期檢討。通過開展供應鏈管理流程定期檢討,我們識別可進一步優化的領域及確保在有效管理風險的同時為客戶提供價值。

#### **ANTI-CORRUPTION**

The Group maintains a high standard of business integrity throughout its operations and corrupt practices and bribery are strictly intolerable. The Group complies strictly with the relevant laws and regulations in relation to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. There are anti-corruption and anti-bribery guidelines provided to all the employees. During the year under review, the Group did not have any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

The Group has a Compliance Department to monitor the compliance issue and to ensure that all employees are aware of the importance of integrity and honesty as the Group's core value. The Group has stringent Code of Conduct that requires the employees and our business partners to follow strictly. There are two aspects in the Group's Code of Conduct. One is related to employees. All newly joined employees are required to sign the Employee's Handbook and an Integrity Declaration and attend anticorruption training. All employees are also required to attend anti-corruption training every year to remind them on the importance of integrity. As for our business partners, such as suppliers, terms and conditions related to anticorruption are included in all the purchasing and sale agreements to ensure both parties are fully aware of their responsibilities.

# 反貪污

本集團在其運營過程中秉持高度商業誠信標準,嚴令禁止貪污及賄賂行為。本集團嚴格遵守有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢之相關法律及法規。我們已向所有僱員提供反貪污及反賄賂指引。於回顧年度內,本集團並無任何不遵守相關法律及法規之情況。

# Anti-corruption Training Content 反貪污培訓內容

#### 1 Law and Regulations 法律及法規

Local Law and Regulations 當地法律及法規 International Laws and Regulations 國際法律及法規

#### 2 Enforcement Standards under Compliance 合規執行標準

Code of Conduct for Individuals: Commitment to Integrity and Ethics; Employee's Handbook 個人行為準則:堅守誠信道德;僱員手冊 Compliance Requirements with Customers: Anti-Bribery Clause 客戶合規要求:反賄賂條款 Compliance Requirements in Procurement: Anti-Bribery Clause 採購合規要求:反賄賂條款

# 3 Whistle-blowing 舉報

Whistle-blowing Channels 舉報渠道 Confidentiality of whistle-blowing 舉報保密性

The Group also has whistle-blowing policy which provides channels for employees to report any malpractice, misconduct or illegal action. All the information collected and received will be kept confidential and the Group's internal audit department will conduct internal investigation and report to senior management.

本集團亦設有舉報政策,為僱員提供渠道舉報任何玩忽職守情況、不當行為或非法行為。 所收集及收取之全部資料將會保密處理,由 本集團內部審計部門進行內部調查並向高級 管理層報告。

During the Reporting Period, the Group, its directors and employees were not involved in any legal cases concerning corrupt practices. We did not aware of any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations in our operating areas, including but not limited to the Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong, that had a notable impact on the Group relating to health and safety in relation to products and services provided.

於報告期間,本集團、其董事及僱員並未涉及任何有關貪污行為的法律案件。我們並不知悉任何違反運營當地相關法律法規(包括但不限於《香港特別行政區防止賄賂條例》)的情況,以致在所提供產品服務的健康安全方面,對本集團產生顯著影響。

#### **EMPLOYMENT**

The Group regards talents as one of its core competencies and has optimized the use of human resources through a dedicated recruitment process and appraisal system.

The Group believes that employees are the most important and valuable assets contributing to the key to success and sustainable growth of the Company as a whole. The Group strictly complies with all the relevant labour laws and regulations under respective jurisdictions. The Group treats all the employees equally that their employment, remuneration, promotion or dismissal will not be affected by their social identities such as race, nationality, gender, religion, age and marital status.

The Group provides a range of attractive remuneration, promotional opportunities, compensation, and benefits packages to attract and retain talented employees. Salaries are evaluated annually and adjusted based on individual performance and market conditions. Additionally, employees receive discretionary bonuses, share options, and Company shares to recognize their contributions to the Group, evaluated by both the Group's overall performance and individual performance. The Group also offers other benefits such as medical insurance, paid and maternity leaves, and retirement schemes to its employees.

At the end of Reporting Period, our Group hired a total of 4,487 employees, of which are almost full-time employees (4,476). Across our business portfolio, females accounted for 47% of the total labour. We are glad to see that the gender gap in the Group is small and we will keep this phenomenon. Regarding age, most of our employees concentrate in 31-40, accounting for around 43% of the total number. This is a positive for the Group as the employees at this age are often experienced and productive. For staff retainment, we would develop a strategy accordingly.

## 僱傭

本集團視人才為其核心競爭力之一,並通過 專門的招聘流程及考核體系優化人力資源使 用。

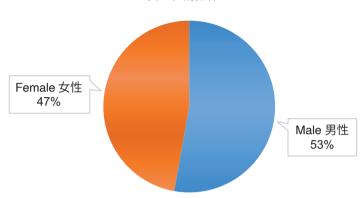
本集團相信,員工乃最重要及最寶貴之資產, 為本公司整體獲得成功及達致可持續發展之 關鍵。本集團嚴格遵守有關司法權區內所有 相關勞工法律及法規。本集團對所有僱員一 視同仁,彼等之僱用、薪酬、晉升或解聘不 會受其種族、國籍、性別、宗教、年齡及婚姻 狀況等社會身份影響。

本集團提供一系列有吸引力之薪酬、晉升機會、補償及福利待遇,以吸引及挽留有才華的僱員。薪金會每年評估一次並根據個人表現及市場情況進行調整。此外,僱員亦可獲得按本集團整體表現及個人表現評估之亦酌情花紅、購股權及本公司股份,以表彰彼等對本集團之貢獻。本集團亦為其僱員提供其他福利,包括醫療保險、有薪假期、分娩假期及退休計劃。

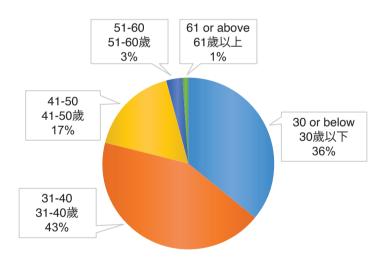
於報告期末,本集團共聘用4,487名僱員,其中幾乎全部為全職僱員(4,476名)。在我們的業務組合中,女性佔總員工的47%。我們很高興看到本集團內的性別差距較小,我們會保持這種現象。在年齡方面,我們大部分僱員集中在31至40歲,佔總數約43%。這對於本集團而言是有利的,因為在這個年齡段的員工通常經驗豐富且工作效率高。我們將會相應制定僱員挽留策略。

# Gender Distribution of Employee

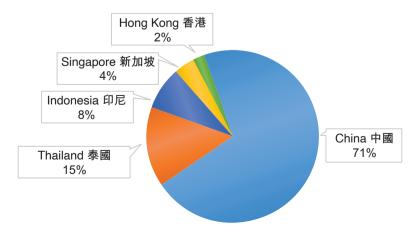
員工性別分佈



Age Distribution of Employee 員工年齡分佈



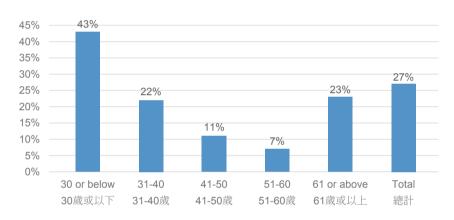
Location Distribution of Employee 員工地區分佈



During the period, we saw an 27% of our employees leaving the Group. Most of them are aged 30 or below and the turnover rate for the age group is 43%. The Group will closely monitor the situation. The Group also has policies and plans to retain the talents, for example, to provide them more training so as to develop their potential and let them feel being valued by the company. We treasure all employees of our company and hope to give them a good working atmosphere and experience.

期內,我們的僱員離職率為27%,大部分為30歲或以下僱員,該年齡組別的流失率為43%。本集團將密切關注該情況。本集團亦訂有人才留任政策及計劃,例如增加僱員培訓,挖掘僱員潛力,讓僱員感到獲重視。我們珍惜本公司所有僱員,希望為其創造良好的工作氛圍與體驗。

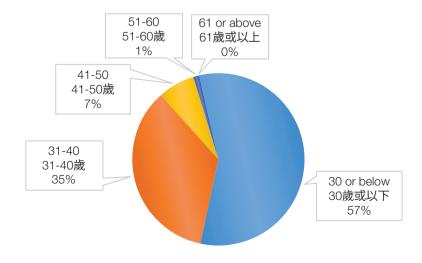
Turnover Rate – Age 流失率 – 年齡



Our Group has a balanced figure in terms of gender, which is a sign of gender equality, and the turnover rate by gender is also fairly balanced, with 59% of departing employees being male and 41% female. The turnover rate was 30% for men and 24% for women. Below are the other Turnover Statistics presenting in Graph (Turnover Rate Calculation: Employees of certain category leaving/Total number of employees in the category):

本集團性別數據均衡,彰顯其對性別平等的重視,按性別劃分的流失率亦十分均衡,離職僱員中59%為男性,41%為女性。男女流失率分別為30%及24%。以下為其他流失率統計圖(流失率計算方式:某一類別離職僱員數/該類別僱員總數):

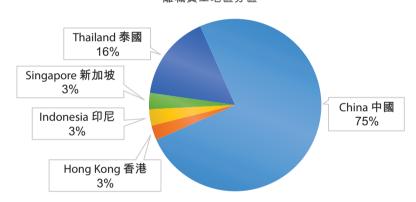
Age Distribution of Departing Employees 離職員工年齡分佈



Turnover Rate – Location 流失率-地區



Location Distribution of Departing Employees 離職員工地區分區



During the year under review, the Group did not have any non-compliance with the relevant employment laws and regulations.

於回顧年度內,本集團並無任何違反相關僱傭法律及法規的情況。

#### LABOUR STANDARDS

The Group strongly condemns any form of child and forced labour, as it violates international labour standards. The Group adheres strictly to the relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdictions where it operates, concerning child and forced labour. The Group prohibits the use of child and forced labour in all its operations. The Group provides equal opportunities and fair treatment to all employees and job applicants.

To ensure compliance, the Human Resource Department conducts background checks on all job applicants. Each potential job applicant is required to complete an employment application form, which the Human Resource Department reviews to verify the accuracy of the information provided. The Human Resource Department is responsible for regulating employment and preventing any non-compliant behaviours. If any cases arise that cannot be handled by the Human Resource Department, they are promptly reported to upper management for further action.

We form a voluntary employment relationship with each of our employees and working hours exceeding the regulatory limits is not allowed. We also promote such concepts within the supply chain so as to protect the well-being of labour of the entire community. We hope to spread out the ideas of restricting child and force labour. If, unfortunately child labour is found, their employment will be terminated immediately and remuneration will be made according to the agreed wages.

During the Reporting Period, the Group did not recognize any material irregularities in the laws and regulations relating to any labour standards.

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY**

The Group gives top priority to occupational health and safety. It recognizes that having effective occupational health and safety policies is crucial not just for its employees and the Group, but also for its customers and other stakeholders. Accordingly, the Group has established a labor safety and sanitation control system in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations in mainland China and Hong Kong.

# 勞工準則

本集團強烈譴責任何形式的童工及強制勞工,因為其違反國際勞工公約。本集團嚴格遵守相關司法權區有關童工及強制勞工之相關規則及規例。本集團禁止在所有經營業務中使用童工及強制勞工。本集團為所有僱員與應徵者提供平等機會及公平待遇。

為確保遵守規定,人力資源部對所有應徵者進行背景調查。每位有意應徵者均須填寫職位申請表,人力資源部會審閱申請表以證實所提供資料之準確性。人力資源部負責監管僱傭並防止出現任何不合規行為。如出現人力資源部無法處理之任何情況,應立即向上級管理層報告以採取進一步行動。

我們與每名僱員建立自願僱傭關係,工作時間不得超過法定限額。我們亦於供應鏈內部推廣這一理念,保障整個組織內的勞工福祉。 我們希望宣揚限制童工及強制勞工的理念。 如不幸發現童工,將立即終止僱傭並根據已 商定工資支付薪酬。

於報告期內,本集團並無發現任何違反法律法規中任何勞工準則的重大違規行為。

#### 健康與安全

本集團將職業健康與安全放在首位。本集團 認為有效的職業健康與安全政策對本集團及 其僱員、客戶及其他持份者均至關重要。因 此,根據中國大陸及香港的相關法律及法規, 本集團已建立勞工安全與衛生監控制度。 Workplace safety is extremely important to the Group. The Group is committed to maintain a safe and healthy working environment and offer occupational safety training to employees. The Group also provides guidelines to staff in warehouses in order to raise awareness on occupational safety and health. For example, warning notice is placed around the warehouse for reminding the employees the careful operation of electric reach trucks. During the year under review, the Group did not have any work-related fatality case or any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations.

工作場所安全對本集團而言極為重要。本集團致力維持安全健康之工作環境,並向僱員提供職業安全培訓。本集團亦為倉庫員工提供指引,以增強僱員之職業安全與健康意識。例如,倉庫周圍設置警告牌,提醒僱員要謹慎操作電動叉車。於回顧年度內,本集團並未發生與任何工傷死亡案例或任何違反相關法律及法規之情況。

In addition, a professional cleaning company has been hired to sanitize the office carpet and regularly clean the air conditioning, with extra care taken during the pandemic. The entire office area is frequently sterilized to ensure cleanliness. Additionally, apart from providing bottled water, a water treatment system has been installed to filter and enhance the quality of drinking water.

此外,本集團聘請一家專業清潔公司對辦公區的地毯進行消毒,定期清洗空調,在疫情期間格外小心。本集團經常對整個辦公區周圍進行消毒以確保清潔。此外,除提供瓶裝飲用水外,我們亦安裝水處理系統,過濾飲用水並提高飲用水質素。

During the year under review, the Group did not have any work-related fatality cases or any non-compliance with the relevant laws and regulations. In the past 3 years, the Group's operations recorded zero fatalities.

於回顧年度內,本集團並無任何工傷死亡案例,亦無任何違反相關法律及法規之情況。 過往三年,本集團的工傷死亡率為零。

Apart from workplace safety, a healthy lifestyle is promoted to the employees. The Group organizes annual dinner, Christmas party and Chinese New Year lunch every year to share the joy and happiness amongst the employees and enhance their sense of belonging. Also, in order to have a better work-life balance between the employees, overtime working is not encouraged unless it is necessary. Employees are encouraged to participate in other activities such as sports or other interest courses to achieve a healthy work-life balance.

除工作場所安全外,本集團亦提倡僱員養成健康生活方式。本集團每年組織年夜飯、聖誕晚會及春茗午宴,讓僱員分享喜悦及歡樂,增強彼等之歸屬感。同時,為了更好地平衡僱員之間的工作與生活,本集團不鼓勵加班(除非必要)。本集團鼓勵員工參與其他活動(如體育或其他興趣課程),以實現健康的工作與生活平衡。

# **DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING**

# 發展及培訓

The Group treasures talents and encourages employees to grow both intellectually and professionally.

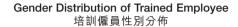
本集團重視人才並鼓勵僱員在知識及技能上 謀求發展。

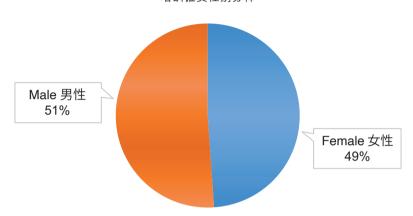
The Group considers development and training is one of the important elements contributing the success of the Group. The training programs are classified into two types on-the-job and internal training to different levels of staff. The Group has formulated training plans for employees, including seminars and workshops., internal and external. Employees are also highly encouraged to attend external training courses and seminars that related to their job nature to enrich their knowledge in discharging their duties. Our training covers products knowledge, sales and marketing, operational skills, workflow management skills, leadership and management skills.

本集團認為發展及培訓是本集團取得成功的 重要因素之一。培訓計劃分為向不同級別員 工提供的在職培訓及內部培訓兩種類型。本 集團已為僱員制定培訓計劃,包括內部及外 部研討會及講習班。本集團亦非常鼓勵僱員 參與與其工作性質相關的外部培訓課程及研 討會,從而豐富其履行職責的知識。我們的 培訓涵蓋產品知識、銷售及營銷,經營技能, 工作流程管理技能,領導及管理技能。

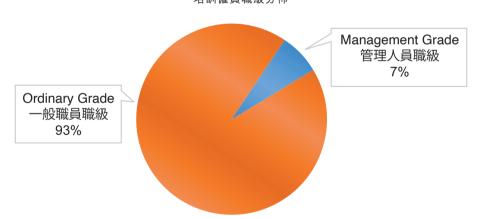
During the Reporting Period, the Group has organised some training for our employees, 40% of our employees have joined the training offered by the Group, with the statistic listed below:

於報告期內,本集團已為僱員安排了若干培訓,40%的僱員已參加了本集團提供的培訓,統計數據列舉如下:





# Grade Distribution of Trained Employee 培訓僱員職級分佈



Among our staff, 41% of female employees and 39% of male employees attended the training held, the average training hours of every employee 21 hours, respectively. For the grade of trained staff, management have joined the training course offered with the average 15 hours of training, and the ordinary staff have training amount to an average of 23 hours of training.

在我們的員工中,41%的女性僱員及39%的 男性僱員參加了所舉行的培訓,每名僱員的 平均的培訓時長為21小時。就受訓員工的職 級而言,管理層參加了所提供的培訓課程, 平均受訓15小時,普通員工的平均受訓時數 達到23個培訓課時。

#### **COMMUNITY INVESTMENT**

As a responsible corporate citizen, the Group has been supporting and engaging in community and charitable activities in order to achieve a harmonious and sustainable development between enterprise and the community.

In this year, COVID-19 continues to have an impact on our social lives. During the pandemic, we have become more aware of the importance of social responsibility and are using technology to serve in the fight against the virus. We are committed to ensuring product and service safety and allowing technology to contribute to contactless solutions. At the same time, we are promoting nanotechnology materials with self-disinfecting and virus-resistant functions, providing environmental safety protection, and effectively blocking the transmission of various viruses and bacteria through the environment.

During the Reporting Period, the Group attended some charity work and donations through our offices in different regions. The following are the details of the community investments made by the Group:

# 社區投資

作為負責任之企業公民,本集團一直支持並 參與社區及慈善活動,以實現企業與社區之 間的和諧及可持續發展。

今年,新冠疫情繼續對我們的社會生活產生影響。疫情期間,我們更加意識到社會責任的重要性,並利用科技助力抗擊病毒。我們致力於確保產品及服務安全,利用科技助力零接觸防疫解決方案。同時,我們現正推廣具自行消毒及抗病毒功能的納米技術材料,提供環境安全保護,並有效阻斷各種病毒及細菌通過環境傳播。

於報告期,本集團透過我們在不同地區的辦事處參加了一些慈善工作及捐贈。本集團所作出社區投資的詳情如下:

Region 地區	Description 描述	HKD 港元
HK 香港	4,400 sets of anti-epidemic kits are provided for the "Dispensing Medicine as a Gift" Campaign 為「配藥贈藥」 (Dispensing Medicine as a Gift)活動提供4,400套防疫試劑盒	100,000
Indonesia 印度尼西亞	Donation for Orphanage – Medan – buying supplies, clothes, food 捐贈孤兒院一棉蘭一購買用品、衣物、食物	5,000
	Donation for Down Syndrome Children –Surabaya – food, clothes 捐贈唐氏綜合症兒童一泗水一食物、衣物	5,000
	Donation for Guardian House for Down Syndrome – Ampera, Jakarta – food, groceries 捐贈監護唐氏綜合症之家一雅加達安佩拉一食物、雜貨	3,000
	Donation for School for Retarded Student – Bandung – food, groceries 捐贈智障學生學校一萬隆一食物、雜貨	3,000
	Donation for children that stay at the Mount Merapi refugee camp – Yogyakarta – food, groceries, clothes 捐贈默拉皮山難民營兒童一日惹一食物、雜貨、衣物	5,000

Region 地區	Description 描述	HKD 港元
Thailand 泰國	Sponsorship for education (CHICKEN RUN: Enterprise of the future – Innovative Entrepreneurship Student Project under the operation of Yuthasar Na Nagara Foundation for Thailand Management Association.) 教育贊助(泰國管理協會Yuthasar Na Nagara基金會運營的CHICKEN RUN:未來企業一創新創業學生項目)	11,000
	Donation to Opengown Camp of Faculty of Medicine Vajira Hospital, Navamindradhiraj University	4,000
	捐贈Faculty of Medicine Vajira Hospital, Navamindradhiraj University開放營 Kathin Ceremony to preserve a Buddhist tradition of Kathin robe offering to monks after Buddhist Lent support building a new Buddha image hall	67,000
	供僧衣節保留守夏節後向僧侶供奉伽藍袈裟的佛教傳統·支持建造新佛像堂 Donation to Bowling Charity 2022 of Nayok Wattanakorn Wat Udom Thanee School 捐款予Nayok Wattanakorn Wat Udom Thanee School之2022年保齡球慈善活動	7,000
	Donation to CU Systems Biology Center, Division of Research Affairs, Faculty of Medicine Chulalongkorn University	218,000
	捐款予朱拉隆功大學醫學院研究事務科CU系統生物中心(CU Systems Biology Center) Donation to Adult Hematologic Malignancy Fund, Ramathibodi Hospital 捐款予Ramathibodi Hospital成人血液惡性腫瘤基金(Adult Hematologic Malignancy Fund)	210,000
	Donate 1 EV motorcycle (Thomas Brand) to Chulalongkorn University 向朱拉隆功大學捐贈1輛電動摩托車(Thomas Brand)	8,000
	Donation to Revenue Department for a Buddhist tradition of Kathin robe offering to monks 捐款予税務局,用於向僧侶供奉伽藍袈裟的佛教傳統	2,000
	Donation to Koh Nang Kaew Pattanaram Temple for building chapel 捐贈Koh Nang Kaew Pattanaram Temple建造小教堂	1,000
	Donation to Wat Tha Pong Buddharam for a Buddhist tradition of Kathin robe offering to monks 捐贈Wat Tha Pong Buddharam,用於向僧侶供奉伽藍袈裟的佛教傳統	2,000
	Donation to Wat Sra Samphoe Thong for a Buddhist tradition of Kathin robe offering to monks 捐贈Wat Sra Samphoe Thong,用於向僧侶供奉伽藍袈裟的佛教傳統	3,000
Singapore 新加坡	SINGAPORE RED CROSS SOCIETY 新加坡紅十字會	114,000
	METTA WELFARE ASSOCIATION   慈光福利協會	14,000
	AMKSS SOCIAL MOVE AMKSS SOCIAL MOVE	57,000

Region 地區	Description 描述	HKD 港元
China	Offices in Beijing, Guangzhou, Shanghai, Shenyang and other places have joined the "Workers'	3,471,000
中國	Federation" of the local governments to maximize the benefits for employees	
	北京、廣州、上海、瀋陽等地的辦公室加入地方政府的「工人聯合會」,為員工帶來最大利益	
	The Union organized a 'Bring the New Year Home' member event, with a total of 257	N/A
	participants.	不適用
	工會組織「把新年帶回家」會員活動,共有257人參加。	
	Organize a Sweet Women's Day Event for Union Members, with a total of 125 participants.	
	為工會成員組織甜蜜婦女節活動,共有125人參加。	
	Organize a May Day Celebration to Pay Tribute to Workers for the Union Members, with a total of 318 participants.	
	組織五一勞動節慶祝活動,向工會工人致敬,共有318人參加。	
	Organize a May Day Event to Comfort Frontline Workers for the Union Members", with a total of 295 participants.	
	為工會成員組織「五一慰問一線工作者活動」,共有295人參加。	
	Organize a Summer Coolness Giveaway Event for Union Members, with a total of 310 participants.	
	為工會成員組織夏季送清涼活動,共有310人參加。	
	Carry out the "Communist Party Members' Love Donation" campaign with the theme of	
	"Dedicated to Common Prosperity and National Rejuvenation, I am a Part of It"	
	開展「致力於共同繁榮和民族復興,我是其中一員」主題的「共產黨員愛心捐贈」活動	
	Organize a Mid-Autumn Festival and National Day Celebration Event for Union Members, with a total of 327 participants.	
	為工會成員組織中秋節和國慶慶祝活動,共有327人參加。	
	Organize a Pandemic Support Event for Frontline Workers for the Union Members, with a total of 160 participants.	
	為工會成員組織一線工作者新冠疫情支援活動,共有160人參加。	
	Organize a Study of the 20th Party Congress and Quiz Event for Union Members, with a total of	
	410 participants. 組織工會成員學習党的二十大精神和知識競賽活動,共有410人參加。	
	Organize a Winter Warmth Giveaway Event for Union Members, with a total of 343 participants. 組織工會成員冬季送溫暖活動,共有343人參加。	
	Organize a Screening of the 20th Party Congress Educational Program for Union Members, with a total of 100 participants.	
	組織工會成員放映党的二十大教育節目,共有100人參加。	

The Group will continue supporting the culture of active participation in community services, encouraging our staff to do good to their surrounding communities by drawing their attention to diverse social and environmental issues and providing assistance and supports for the people in need.

本集團將繼續支持積極參與社區服務的文 化,鼓勵員工關注各種社會及環境問題,並 為有需要的人們提供幫助及支持,為周邊社 區作出貢獻。

# **ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY**

# We concern about the environment, while maintaining the business operation of the Group, we try to minimize our impact to the environment at the same time spreading out the concept of sustainability development and protecting the environment. The Group undertakes environmental protection as part of its corporate responsibilities, and it is fully aware of the importance of sustainable environmental development in promoting sustainability in its operations. The Group is committed to implementing different environmental protection measures to reduce the impacts on the environment. We seek to response to the sustainability issues across our operations, from sourcing materials to our office usage.

#### **EMISSIONS**

The Group has always emphasized environmental friendliness and reducing emissions of all kinds. As our business is mainly trading in nature, the operations of our Group do not have significant impacts on air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. Air and gas emission and non-hazardous waste generated by the Group is minimal. Due to the nature of business, the most common air emission and greenhouse gas (GHG) emission from our daily business activities are mainly generated from the offices and warehouses consumption of electricity and the usage of vehicles and paper. The Group does not produce any hazardous waste in its operations.

During the Reporting Period, we were not aware of any non-compliance with relevant legislative and regulatory requirements, for example, the legislations relevant to the Prevention of Harmful Effects on the Environment Caused by Air Pollution, Noise, Vibration and Similar Phenomena.

#### Air and Greenhouse Gases

As the business nature of the Group is trading ICT products, the trading operation does not involve the emission of GHG in significant quantities. Therefore, we are not disclosing this figure. If in the future, our emissions become larger, we will disclose and inform our stakeholders in a timely manner.

# 環境可持續發展

我們關注環境。我們在維持本集團業務營運的同時,盡量減少對環境的影響,同時推廣可持續發展及保護環境的理念。本集團將保護環境作為其企業責任的一部分,並充分讓到可持續環境發展對促進其業務可持續限的重要性。本集團致力推行不同的環保措施,以減少對環境的影響。從採購材料到辦公場所使用,我們尋求在營運中應對可持續發展問題的方法。

# 排放

本集團一直注重環保及減少各類廢氣排放。 由於我們的業務主要為貿易性質,本集團的 營運對廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土力 放以及產生有害及無害廢棄物並無其大 響。本集團產生的廢氣及氣體排放以日日常 廢棄物極少。因業務性質使然,我們日常 務活動中最常見的廢氣排放及溫室氣體排放 主要來自於在辦公室及倉庫的電力消耗不 使用車輛及紙張。本集團於其營運中並不 生任何有害廢棄物。

於報告期間,我們並無發現任何違反有關法例及規管規定的情況,例如有關防止空氣污染、噪音、振動及類似現象對環境造成有害影響的法例。

#### 廢氣及溫室氣體

由於本集團的業務為買賣資訊通訊科技產品,買賣業務並不涉及大量排放溫室氣體。 因此,我們並無披露相關數字。倘若日後我們的排放量增加,我們將及時披露並知會持份者。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

The Group has no industry or car usage in the operation of our business so we will not have stationary and mobile combustion emission, but we discovered that the electricity usage will also generate GHG emission, as such, we have consolidated the electricity usage data in our headquarter - Hong Kong office, relevant statistics of GHG emission for the Reporting Period is shown as the following table:

本集團的業務營運中並不涉及工業或使用汽 車,故我們並無固定及移動燃燒排放。但我 們發現,使用電力亦會產生溫室氣體排放, 因此我們整合我們的總部一香港辦事處的用 電數據。報告期間的溫室氣體排放相關統計 數字見下表:

Indicators	Unit	Total (2021)	Total (2022)
		總計	總計
指標	單位	(二零二一年)	(二零二二年)
Total GHG Emissions	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e	137.7	92.0
溫室氣體排放總量	噸二氧化碳當量		
Intensity (Per Employee)	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e/Employee	1.4	1.0
密度(每名僱員)	噸二氧化碳當量/僱員		
Scope 1 - Stationary combustion	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e	Nil 零	Nil 零
範圍1 一固定源燃燒	噸二氧化碳當量		
Intensity (Per Employee)	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e/Employee	Nil 零	Nil 零
密度(每名僱員)	噸二氧化碳當量/僱員		
Scope 1 - Mobile combustion	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e	Nil 零	Nil 零
範圍1 一移動源燃燒	噸二氧化碳當量		
Intensity (Per Employee)	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e/Employee	Nil 零	Nil 零
密度(每名僱員)	噸二氧化碳當量/僱員		
Scope 2 - Indirect Emissions	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e	137.7	92.0
範圍2-間接排放	噸二氧化碳當量		
Intensity (Per Employee)	Tonnes of CO <sub>2</sub> e/Employee	1.4	1.0
密度(每名僱員)	噸二氧化碳當量/僱員		

Note: GHG emissions are computed based on the ESG Reporting Guide and Emission Factor from Cross-Sector Tools prepared by Greenhouse Gas Protocol.

We can see from the above table, the year-on-year data decreased by 29 percent, which has essentially achieved our goal of maintaining a decrease in key indicator data.

The Group understand the impact brought by GHG and air emission, so we strive to reduce the air and GHG emissions through improving process flow.

溫室氣體排放量乃根據環境、社會及管治 附註: 報告指引及溫室氣體核算體系編製的跨 行業工具排放系數計算。

我們從上表可見,數據同比下降29%,基本 實現關鍵指標數據保持下降的目標。

本集團深知溫室氣體及廢棄排放帶來的影 響,因此我們致力透過改善工藝流程減少廢 棄及溫室氣體排放。

#### Solid Waste Emission

We uphold the principle of "4Rs", namely Reduce, Reuse, Replace and Recycle. As our business mainly focus on IT software trading, we do not generate waste in our production process. In our offices, we produce only municipal waste, which is unharmful, disposed through legal means and collected by governmental services daily. Hence, we consider this issue insignificant to the Group and do not report the figures here.

#### Wastewater

Our manufacturing process does not involve water consumption, the Group does not have a lot of discharge to water. The wastewater of the Group comes mainly from domestic usage from our offices. Since living wastewater should not pose huge harm to the environment, we assume this topic insignificant. The Group strictly discharges wastewater into municipal sewage pipelines for uniform treatment in accordance with the "Wastewater Quality Standards for Discharge to Municipal Sewers". The Group also calls on employees to conserve water resources.

During the Reporting Period, there was no incidence of non-compliance in emissions with the relevant environmental laws and regulations that have a significant impact on our Group.

#### **USE OF RESOURCES**

The Group only uses resources in the office and warehouse operation, and we earnestly reduce resource consumption and improve economic efficiency.

The Group highly encourages the efficient use of resources while endeavours to reduce, reuse and recycle of resources to prevent the unnecessary waste of resources and minimize the impacts on the environment and natural resources. Due to the nature of our business, the resources used by the Group are principally attributed to electricity and paper consumed at our offices and warehouses. Due to our business nature, our operation does not involve direct consumption of water and packaging materials. Water consumption by the Group was mainly bottled drinking water used at the Group's offices and warehouse only.

#### 固體廢棄物排放

我們秉持「4R」原則,即減少使用、物盡其用、替代使用及循環再用。由於我們的業務重點在於資訊科技軟件貿易,我們於生產程中並無產生廢物。我們的辦公室僅產生無害的城市垃圾,均以合法方式處置及每日由政府服務機構收集。因此,我們認為此議題對本集團而言並不重大,故並無在此報告數據。

#### 廢水

我們的生產過程無需耗水。本集團不會對水體作出大量排放。本集團的廢水主要來自辦公室的日常使用。由於生活污水不會對環境造成重大危害,我們認為此議題並不重大。本集團嚴格按照《污水排入城鎮下水道水質標準》將廢水排入城鎮污水管道進行統一處理。本集團亦呼籲員工節約水資源。

於報告期間,並無發生對本集團有重大影響的違反相關環境法律法規排放的事件。

#### 資源使用

本集團僅於辦公室及倉庫營運中使用資源,且我們切實減少資源消耗並提高經濟效益。

本集團大力鼓勵有效利用資源,同時努力減少資源用量,實現資源重複利用及回收,以防止資源之不必要浪費,盡量減輕對環境及自然資源之影響。基於業務性質使然,本集團所用資源主要為辦公室及倉庫所耗電力及紙張。基於業務性質使然,本集團業務不會直接耗用水及包裝材料。本集團用水主要僅為辦公室及倉庫所耗瓶裝飲用水。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report (continued)

# 環境、社會及管治報告(續)

#### Electricity

As our Group's business is mainly trading in nature, our electricity consumption is normally used at our offices and warehouses, and we do not involve large electric facilities for operation. In this report, we believe the emission in our headquarter – Hong Kong will be the main concern, the table below shows the electricity usage and the intensity in our headquarter in Hong Kong during the Reporting Period:

#### 電力

由於本集團業務主要屬貿易性質,故一般在辦公室及倉庫用電,業務中並不需要大型電耗設施。於本報告中,我們認為我們香港總部的排放將為主要關注點,下表列示於報告期間我們香港總部的用電量及密度:

The Group	Unit	Total (2021) 總計	Total (2022) 總計
本集團	單位	(二零二一年)	(二零二二年)
Electricity consumption	kWh	193,937	185,091
用電量	千瓦時		
Intensity (per Employee)	kWh/Employee	2,000	1,969
密度(每名僱員)	千瓦時/僱員		

The Group continues its commitment to reducing energy consumption by reminding employees to switch off their computers before leaving the office, switch off the lighting in the conference rooms and other functional rooms when they are not in use and turn the electronic equipment into energy saving mode whenever possible. We also encourage our employees to keep the office temperature at 25° C so as to ensure the efficient use of the air conditioning.

本集團繼續致力於減少能耗,提醒僱員於離開辦公室前關閉電腦,關掉無人使用之會議室及其他功能室照明,並盡可能將電子設備調校至節能模式。我們亦鼓勵僱員將辦公室溫度維持於25攝氏度,確保空調使用效益。

#### Paper and Printing Materials

Paper usage by the Group's offices and warehouses is limited for daily office use as well as some printing materials such as annual/interim reports and circulars which are required to be distributed to the shareholders. To save the environment, the Group continues to make efforts to reduce and recycle the use of paper. We remind our employees to develop environmentally friendly printing and copying habits, encourage double-sided printing and scanning of documents on the company's server system instead of photocopying, and implement a password system for colour printing and separate collection of waste paper and envelopes for reuse and recycling. For these printed materials, we will not overprint, but print on demand, and encourage our readers to use the company's website.

#### **Environment and Natural Resources**

Due to the nature of our Group's operations, environmental impact and use of natural resources is considered minimal. Nevertheless, our Group is endeavour to protect the environment and natural resources as a responsible corporate citizenship.

#### 紙張及印刷品

#### 環境及天然資源

由於本集團營運性質使然,本集團認為其對環境造成之影響及天然資源用量極小。然而,本集團致力保護環境及天然資源,格盡企業公民之責。

# IMPACT ON COMMUNITIES, ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCE

The Group is well aware of the importance of sustainable development and has always regarded environmental protection as one of its key tasks. The Group's management acknowledges its responsibility in monitoring environmental impacts and the use of natural resources. As a socially responsible citizen, we are concerned about the quality of the environment. While conducting business, we strive to minimise our impact on the environment. Our determination to promote environmental well-being is reflected in the introduction of our Environmental Policy.

Due to our Group's business nature is mainly distribution of IT products, environmental impact and use of natural resources are considered minimal. Nevertheless, our Group is an endeavour to protect the environment and natural resources as responsible corporate citizenship. The Group minimised the impact on the environment through our daily life activities, for example, switching off the computers, lights and electronic devices when we finish using them, bringing our own cup to drink water instead of drinking plastic bottled water, etc. We all participate in protecting the environment through the small actions we take in our daily lives.

# **CLIMATE CHANGE**

Climate change is an issue that troubles a multitude of corporations and countries around the world. The Group is not likely to be unaffected and will not leave ourselves unguarded. We have, apart from reducing GHG emissions, developed adaptive measures.

According to the Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") framework, climate-related risks can be categorised as physical risks and transition risks. Physical risks can be acute or chronic in climate patterns. Transition risks can be evolved from transition to a lower-carbon economy

Due to our Group's business nature is mainly distribution of IT products, the supply chain may be disrupted by extreme weather events, such as typhoon. Any decrease in capacity of timely delivery may result in a loss of revenue.

The Group has over 300 suppliers in China, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Thailand and Singapore, etc. The diverse supplier base increases resilience of the supply chain and the ability to operate under various conditions. Also, the Group assigns designated project managers to have regular meetings with suppliers, enabling quick response in identifying and designing new distribution procedures related to climate change. The Group will evaluate emergency transition plans regularly to enhance adaptive capacity related to climate-related risks.

# 對社區、環境及天然資源的影響

本集團深知可持續發展的重要性,始終將環境保護作為重點工作之一。本集團管理層承擔監察環境影響及天然資源使用的責任。作為一名有社會責任感的公民,我們關心環境質量。在開展業務時,我們努力將對環境的影響降至最低。我們引入的環境政策反映了促進環境福祉的決心。

由於本集團的業務性質主要是分銷資訊科技產品,本集團認為其對環境造成之影響及天然資源用量極小。然而,本集團致力保護運境及天然資源,克盡企業公民之責。本集團通過我們的日常生活活動將對環境的影響等至最低,例如,使用完電腦、燈及電子設備構入時關閉,自帶杯子喝水而不喝塑料瓶裝水等。我們都通過日常生活的小舉動參與到環境保護當中。

## 氣候變化

氣候變化是困擾全球眾多企業及國家的問題。本集團不可能不受影響,亦不會無所防備。除減少溫室氣體排放外,我們還制定了適應措施。

根據氣候相關財務信息披露工作組的框架,氣候相關風險可分為物理風險及過渡風險。在氣候模式中,物理風險可能是急性的,也可能是慢性的。過渡風險可以從向低碳經濟的過渡演變而來。

由於本集團的業務性質主要是分銷資訊科技產品,供應鏈可能因颱風等極端天氣情況而中斷。及時交付的能力出現任何下降都可能 導致損失收入。

本集團在中國、香港、印尼、泰國、新加坡等地擁有300多名供應商。多樣化的供應商基礎提高了供應鏈的彈性以及在各種條件下的運營能力。此外,本集團亦委派指定的項目經理與供應商定期會面,以便迅速識別及則與氣候變化相關的新分銷程序。本集團解定期評估緊急過渡計劃,以提高與氣候相關風險有關的適應能力。

# ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE 環境、社會及管治報告索引 REPORT INDEX

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
A. Environmental A. 環境		
A1 Emission A1排放物		
General Disclosure	Relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer.	For more details, please refer to "EMISSIONS"
一般披露	有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	有關更多詳情・請參閱「排放物」
A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data.	Not material.  Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure.
	排放物種類及相關排放數據。	不重大。 買賣資訊通訊科技產品的業務並無產生 大量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數 據。
A1.2	Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse gas emissions in total (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility.	For more details, please refer to "EMISSIONS"
	直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2) 溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如每個設施每單位產生量)。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「排放物」

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).  所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如每個設施每單位產生量)。	Not material. Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure. 不重大。 賈賣資訊通訊科技產品業務並無產生大量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數據。
A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).  所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如每個設施每單位產生量)。	Not material. Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure. 不重大。 賈賣資訊通訊科技產品業務並無產生大量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數據。
A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	For more details, please refer to "EMISSIONS" and "ESG STRATEGIES" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「排放物」及「環境、社會及管治策略」
A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.  描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法,及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	Not material. Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure. 不重大。 買賣資訊通訊科技產品業務並無產生大量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數據。

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
A2 Use of Resources A2資源使用		
General Disclosure	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	For more details, please refer to "USE OF RESOURCES"
一般披露	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「資源使用」
A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh in '000s) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	For more details, please refer to "USE OF RESOURCES"
	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如每個設施每單位產生量)。	有關更多詳情・請參閱「資源使用」
A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	Not material.  Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure.
	總耗水量及密度(如每個設施每單位產生量)。	不重大。 買賣資訊通訊科技產品業務並無產生大 量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數 據。
A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them. 描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	For more details, please refer to "USE OF RESOURCES" and "ESG STRATEGIES" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「資源使用」及「環境、社會及管治策略」
A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	Not material.  Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure.
	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	不重大。 買賣資訊通訊科技產品業務並無產生大量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數據。

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.  製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	Not material. Trading ICT's products operation does not have a significant emission. Therefore, we are not disclosing on this figure. 不重大。 賈賣資訊通訊科技產品業務並無產生大量排放物。因此,我們並無披露此項數據。
A3 The Environment ar A3環境及天然資源	nd Natural Resources	
General Disclosure	Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impacts on the environment and natural resources.	For more details, please refer to "IMPACT ON COMMUNITIES, ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCE"
一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「對社區、環境及天然資源的影響」
A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them. 描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	For more details, please refer to "IMPACT ON COMMUNITIES, ENVIRONMENTAL AND NATURAL RESOURCE" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「對社區、環境及天然資源的影響」
A4 Climate Change A4氣候變化		
General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	For more details, please refer to "CLIMATE CHANGE"
一般披露	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「氣候變化」
A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	For more details, please refer to "CLIMATE CHANGE"
	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,及應對行動。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「氣候變化」

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
Social 社會		
B1 Employment and La B1僱傭及勞工常規	abour Practices	
General Disclosure	Following information on:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.	For more details, please refer to "EMPLOYMENT"
一般披露	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「僱傭」
B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, full- or part-time), age group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數。	For more details, please refer to "EMPLOYMENT" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「僱傭」
B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	For more details, please refer to "EMPLOYMENT" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「僱傭」
B2 Health and Safety B2健康與安全		
General Disclosure	Information on:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	For more details, please refer to "HEALTH AND SAFETY"
一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的: (a) 政策;及	有關更多詳情,請參閱「健康與安全」

(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year. 於過去三年(包括報告年度)每年因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。	For more details, please refer to "HEALTH AND SAFETY" 有關更多詳情·請參閱「健康與安全」
B2.2	Lost days due to work injury.	For more details, please refer to "HEALTH AND SAFETY"
	因工傷損失工作日數。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「健康與安全」
B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	For more details, please refer to "HEALTH AND SAFETY" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「健康與安全」
B3 Development and T B3發展及培訓	raining	
General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities.	For more details, please refer to "DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING
一般披露	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述 培訓活動。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「發展及培訓」
B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	For more details, please refer to "DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING"
	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「發展及培訓」
B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數。	For more details, please refer to "DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「發展及培訓」

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
B4 Labour Standards B4勞工準則		
General Disclosure	Relating to preventing child and forced labour:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer.	For more details, please refer to "LABOUR STANDARDS"
一般披露	有關防止童工及強制勞工的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「勞工準則」
B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	For more details, please refer to "LABOUR STANDARDS" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「勞工準則」
B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	For more details, please refer to "LABOUR STANDARDS" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「勞工準則」
B5 Supply Chain Mana B5供應鏈管理	gement	
General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain. 有關管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	For more details, please refer to "SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「供應鏈管理」
B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region. 按地區劃分的供應商數目。	For more details, please refer to "SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「供應鏈管理」
B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應	For more details, please refer to "SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT"  有關更多詳情,請參閱「供應鍵管理」
	商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks along the supply chain, and how they are implemented and monitored.	For more details, please refer to "SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT"
	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「供應鏈管理」
B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	For more details, please refer to "SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT"
	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察方法。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「供應鏈管理」
B6 Product Responsi B6產品責任	ibility	
General Disclosure	Relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer.	For more details, please refer to "PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY"
一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「產品責任」
B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	For more details, please refer to "PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY - Product Quality and Safety"
	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而需回收 的百分比。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「產品責任—產品 質量與安全」
B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	For more details, please refer to "PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY - Customer Opinions and Complaints"
	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「產品責任—客戶意見與投訴」
B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	For more details, please refer to "PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY - Intellectual Property Rights"
	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「產品責任-知識產權」

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures. 描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	For more details, please refer to "PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY - Product Quality and Safety" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「產品責任一產品質量與安全」
B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored. 描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	For more details, please refer to "PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY - Privacy and Data Protection" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「產品責任一私隱及資料保護」
B7 Anti-corruption B7反貪污		
General Disclosure	Relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that	For more details, please refer to "ANTI-CORRUPTION"
一般披露	have a significant impact on the issuer. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「反貪污」
B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the	For more details, please refer to "ANTI-CORRUPTION"
	cases. 於報告期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴 訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「反貪污」
B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	For more details, please refer to "ANTI-CORRUPTION"
	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「反貪污」
B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff. 描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	For more details, please refer to "ANTI-CORRUPTION" 有關更多詳情·請參閱「反貪污」

Aspects 層面	Summary 概述	Page Index/Notes 頁面索引/附註
B8 Community Invest B8社區投資	ment	
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	For more details, please refer to "COMMUNITY INVESTMENT"
一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解發行人營運所在社區需要和確 保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「社區投資」
B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	For more details, please refer to "COMMUNITY INVESTMENT"
	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、體育)。	有關更多詳情,請參閱「社區投資」
	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area. 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	For more details, please refer to "COMMUNITY INVESTMENT" 有關更多詳情,請參閱「社區投資」

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company is pleased to present this Corporate Governance Report for the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report.

零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及直至本報 告日期之本企業管治報告。

本公司董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈截至二

The Company endeavours to attain high standards of corporate governance practices to enhance and maintain shareholder value and investor confidence.

本公司致力達致高標準之企業管治常規,以 提高及維持股東價值及投資者信心。

# **Corporate Governance Practices**

# Throughout the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company has complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing Rules") except for some code provisions which are explained in the relevant paragraphs below.

The Company will continue to review and improve its corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure that its corporate governance practices comply with the regulatory requirements and appropriate for the needs of its business.

The key corporate governance principles and practices of the Company are summarised as follows:

# **Board of Directors**

# Composition

The composition of the Board ensures a balance of skills and experience necessary for its independent judgement and fulfilling its business needs.

The Board currently comprises 11 members, consisting of five Executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors and four Independent Non-executive Directors.

# 企業管治常規

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司一直遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附 錄十四所載之企業管治守則(「企業管治守 則」),惟下文相關段落所闡述之若干守則條 文除外。

本公司將繼續不時審閱並改善企業管治常 規,確保企業管治常規符合監管規定,並就 業務需要而言屬恰當。

本公司之主要企業管治原則及常規概述如 下:

# 董事會

#### 組成

董事會之成員組合確保董事會具備足以協助 其作出獨立判斷及滿足其業務需求所需之技 能與經驗平衡。

董事會現時由十一名成員組成,包括五名執 行董事、兩名非執行董事及四名獨立非執行 董事。

# Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

The Board of the Company comprises the following Directors:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

Mr. Li Yue

Mr. Chan Hoi Chau

Mr. Gu Sanjun

#### Non-executive Directors

Mr. Xia Bin (Resigned on 4 January 2023)

Mr. Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah

Mr. Zhang Dongjie

(Appointed on 19 January 2023)

# **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

Mr. Li Yi

The list of Directors (by category) is also disclosed in all corporate communications issued by the Company pursuant to the Listing Rules from time to time.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors and at the same time representing at least one-third of the Board with at least one Independent Non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each Independent Non-executive Director of his independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Listing Rules.

本公司董事會包括下列董事:

# 執行董事

李佳林先生(主席兼行政總裁)

王偉炘先生

李玥先生

陳海洲先生

顧三軍先生

# 非執行董事

夏鑌先生(於二零二三年一月四日辭任)

張永利先生

張冬杰先生

(於二零二三年一月十九日獲委任)

# 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生

藍顯賜先生

王曉龍先生

李易先生

董事名單(按類別劃分)亦根據上市規則不時於本公司所刊發之所有企業通訊內披露。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度 內,董事會一直符合上市規則有關委任最少 三名獨立非執行董事並同時佔董事會成員人 數最少三分之一,而其中至少一名獨立非執 行董事須具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財 務管理專長之規定。

本公司已獲得各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則之規定就其獨立身份發出之年度書面確認。本公司認為,按照上市規則所載有關獨立身份之指引,所有獨立非執行董事為獨立人士。

The Independent Non-executive Directors bring a wide range of technical, business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgement to the Board. Through their active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all Independent Non-executive Directors make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

獨立非執行董事為董事會貢獻廣泛之技術、 商業及財務專長、經驗及獨立判斷。全體獨 立非執行董事透過積極參與董事會會議,於 管理涉及潛在利益衝突之事宜上發揮領導作 用,並為董事委員會服務,為有效領導本公 司作出各種貢獻。

# **Board Diversity**

The Board has established a policy setting out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board (the "Board Diversity Policy") with the aims of enhancing Board effectiveness and corporate governance as well as achieving better performance of the Company. In designing the board composition, board diversity can be achieved through consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and education background, professional skills, industry experience and knowledge and length of service. In considering these perspectives on diversity, the Company will also take into account factors based on its business model and specific needs from time to time.

The Nomination Committee will be responsible for identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board and, in carrying out this responsibility, will give adequate consideration to the Board Diversity Policy. During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Nomination Committee and the Remuneration Committee had taken the Board Diversity Policy into account in relation to the appointment of directors of the Company.

The current Board consists of a diverse mix of Board members with different appropriate skills, knowledges and experience to promote and achieve better performance of the Company. The Company has achieved gender diversity in the past and will continue to identify suitable potential candidates to the Board to achieve gender diversity.

## Responsibilities

The overall management of the Company's business is vested in the Board, which assumes the responsibility for leadership and control of the Company and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. All Directors should take decisions objectively in the interests of the Company.

# 董事會成員多元化

董事會已制定一項政策,載列董事會實現多 元化之方法(「董事會成員多元化政策」), 旨在提高董事會效率、加強企業管治及提升 本公司表現。設定董事會之成員組合時會從 多項因素考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但不 限於性別、年齡、文化和教育背景、專業技 能、行業經驗和知識及服務年期。考慮該等 多元化層面時,本公司亦不時基於其業務模 型及具體需求考慮各項因素。

提名委員會將負責物色具備合適資格的候 選人擔任董事會成員,並在履行此職責時充 分考慮董事會成員多元化政策。於截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度內,提名委員 會及薪酬委員會已就委任本公司董事事宜充 分考慮董事會成員多元化政策。

現時董事會由多元化成員組成,彼等擁有不 同之適當技能、知識及經驗,可促進及提升 本公司的表現。本公司過去已實現性別多元 化,並將繼續為董事會物色合適的潛在候選 人,以實現性別多元化。

#### 責任

本公司業務之整體管理責任歸於董事會,其 承擔本公司之領導及監控責任,並集體負責 透過指導及監督本公司事務推動本公司成 功。全體董事應客觀地作出符合本公司利益 之決定。

# Corporate Governance Report (continued) 企業管治報告(續)

The Board reserves for its decisions on all major matters of the Company, including: the approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

董事會保留對本公司一切重大事宜之決定權,包括:批准及監察一切政策事宜、整體策略及預算、內部監控及風險管理制度、重大交易(特別是可能涉及利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事以及其他重大財務與營運事宜。

All Directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

全體董事可全面並及時地獲得所有相關資料 以及本公司之公司秘書之意見及服務,以確 保遵循董事會程序及所有適用規則和法規。

Each Director is able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

各董事可於適當情況下經向董事會提出要求 後尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and the senior management. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the abovementioned officers.

本公司之日常管理、行政及運作已轉授本公司行政總裁及高級管理層負責。所轉授之職能及工作任務會定期檢討。上述高級人員訂立任何重大交易前須事先取得董事會批准。

The Board has full support of the Chief Executive Officer and the senior management to discharge their responsibilities.

董事會獲行政總裁及高級管理層全力支持以 履行其職責。

#### Corporate Governance Functions

## 企業管治職能

In order to meet higher standard of the corporate governance requirement, the Board as a whole is responsible for performing the corporate governance duties such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management and the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirement; and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in this report.

為符合更高標準之企業管治規定,董事會全體負責履行企業管治職責,如制訂及檢討本立司之企業管治政策及常規:檢討及監察事及高級管理層之培訓及持續專業發展以及本公司之政策及常規是否符合法律及監管規定:以及審閱本公司遵守守則之情況及本報告內之披露事項。

# **Board Meetings**

#### Directors' Attendance and Number of Meetings

The attendance of Directors at Board meetings held during the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out below:

# 董事會會議

董事出席情況及會議次數

董事出席於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度舉行之董事會會議之情況載列如下:

		Attendance/Number of Meetings 出席/舉行會議次數
Directors	董事	
Executive Directors	——— 執行董事	
Mr. Li Jialin	李佳林先生	4/4
Mr. Ong Wei Hiam	王偉炘先生	4/4
Mr. Li Yue	李玥先生	4/4
Mr. Chan Hoi Chau	陳海洲先生	4/4
Mr. Gu Sanjun	顧三軍先生	4/4
Non-executive Director	非執行董事	
Mr. Xia Bin	夏鑌先生	4/4
Mr. Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah	張永利先生	4/4
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Li Wei	李煒先生	4/4
Mr. Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜先生	4/4
Mr. Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍先生	4/4
Mr. Li Yi	李易先生	4/4

#### Practices and Conduct of Meetings

Annual meeting schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are normally made available to Directors in advance. Notices of Board meetings are served to all Directors in accordance with the Code before the meetings.

Agenda and Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the Directors appraised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the senior management whenever necessary.

#### 會議常規及守則

週年大會時間表及每次會議之草擬議程一般 會預先分發予董事。董事會會議通告按照守 則於會前送達全體董事。

議程及董事會文件連同所有適用、完備及可 靠的資料會於各董事會會議或委員會會議前 最少三天發送予全體董事,讓董事可得知本 公司之最新發展及財務狀況,供彼等作出知 情決定。董事會及各董事亦於有需要時單獨 及獨立接觸高級管理層。

The Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Company normally attend all regular Board meetings and when necessary, other committee meetings to advise on business developments, financial and accounting matters, statutory compliance, corporate governance and other major aspects of the Company.

Minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings are kept by the Company Secretary. Draft minutes are normally circulated to Directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for Directors' inspection.

According to the current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a Director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

### **General Meetings**

Under the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and non-executives directors should attend general meetings and develop a balanced understanding of the views of shareholders. Mr. Li Jialin, Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, Mr. Gu Sanjun, Mr. Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah, Mr. Xia Bin, Mr. Li Yi and Mr. Wang Xiaolong, were unable to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 26 May 2022 due to other important engagements. All other directors had attend the 2022 annual general meeting to answer questions and collect views of shareholders.

### Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The CG Code stipulates that the roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The current Chairman and CEO of the Company is Mr. Li Jialin. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Chairman and CEO in the same person will not impair the balance of power and authority between the Directors and the management of the Company and considers that this structure will enable the Group to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Directors will meet regularly to consider major matters affecting the operations of the Company.

本公司之行政總裁、首席財務總監及公司秘書一般會出席所有定期董事會會議及(如有需要)其他委員會會議,以就本公司之業務發展、財政及會計事宜、法例合規、企業管治及其他重大方面提供意見。

所有董事會會議及委員會會議之會議紀錄由 公司秘書備存。會議紀錄草擬本一般於每次 會議後之合理時間內供董事傳閱及提出意 見,而定稿亦可供董事查閱。

按照現行董事會常規,涉及主要股東或董事利益衝突之任何重大交易將由董事會於正式召開之董事會會議上審議及處理。本公司之組織章程細則亦載有條文,要求董事於就批准其或其任何聯繫人於當中擁有重大權益之交易之會議上放棄表決權,且不得被計入會議法定人數內。

### 股東大會

根據企業管治守則,獨立非執行董事及非執行董事應出席股東大會,對股東的意見有公正的了解。李佳林先生、王偉炘先生、顧先生、張永利先生、夏鑌先生、李易先生及王曉龍先生因其他重要公務而未能出居上零二二年五月二十六日舉行之股東週年大會。所有其他董事已出席二零二二年度股東週年大會,回應提問及聽取股東之意見。

### 主席及行政總裁

企業管治守則訂明,主席與行政總裁(「行政總裁」)的角色應有區分,並不應由一人同時兼任。主席與行政總裁之間職責之分工應清楚界定並以書面列載。

本公司現時之主席兼行政總裁為李佳林先生。董事會相信,將主席及行政總裁之角色 歸屬同一人不會損害本公司董事與管理層之 間的權力及權限平衡,並認為此架構將可讓 本集團能及時及有效地制訂及推行決策。董 事將定期舉行會議以考慮影響本公司營運之 重大事宜。

### Appointment and Re-election of Directors

Each Director of the Company has either entered a service contract with the Company or has an appointment letter. The Directors are not appointed for any specific length or proposed length of services and their term of service shall continue unless and until terminated by either party by a specific months of notice in writing. Under the service agreements, the initial annual emoluments of each Executive Director is fixed and the remuneration payable to each of them will be reviewed by the Board each year.

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of directors are laid down in the Company's Articles of Association. Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, all Directors will be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Directors appointed to fill a causal vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment.

The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition, Board diversity, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment of Directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board regularly to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate for the requirements of the business of the Company. Where vacancies on the Board exist, the Nomination Committee will carry out the selection process by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of the proposed candidates, the Company's needs, the Board Diversity Policy and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations.

Pursuant to Article 86 of the Company's Articles of Association, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Pursuant to Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one third), shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

### 委任及重選董事

本公司各董事已與本公司訂立服務合約或獲 發委任函。董事並非按任何特定任期或建議 任期委任,除非及直至任何一方發出指定月 數之書面通知終止,否則彼等之任期將一直 持續。根據服務協議,各執行董事之初步年 度酬金固定,而董事會將會每年審閱應付各 執行董事之薪酬。

董事委任、重選及免職之程序和流程在本公 司之組織章程細則中均有規定。根據本公司 之組織章程細則,全體董事將須最少每三年 輪值退任一次,而任何獲委任填補董事會臨 時空缺或作為新增董事會成員之新董事須於 獲委任後之首次股東大會上接受股東重選。

提名委員會負責檢討董事會之組成組合、董 事會成員多元化,發展及制訂提名和委任董 事之相關程序,監察董事之任命,並評估獨 立非執行董事之獨立性。

提名委員會定期檢討董事會之架構、規模及 成員組合,確保董事會具備本公司業務所需 之專長、技能與經驗平衡。若董事會出現空 缺,則提名委員會將參考建議候選人之技能、 經驗、專業知識、個人誠信和投入時間、本 公司之需要、董事會成員多元化政策以及其 他相關法定規定及法規,執行遴選程序。

按照本公司組織章程細則第86條,董事有權 不時及隨時委任任何人士為董事,以填補董 事會之臨時空缺或增加現有董事人數。董事 會按此委任之任何董事僅任職至本公司下屆 股東大會為止,屆時符合資格接受重選。按 照本公司組織章程細則第87條,於每屆股東 週年大會上,三分之一在任董事(或如人數 並非三或三之倍數,則為最接近但不少於三 分之一)應輪值退任,惟每名董事應最少每 三年輪值退任一次。

The Board has recommended the re-appointment of the Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company. The Company's circular contains detailed information of the Directors standing for re-election.

董事會已推薦於本公司應屆股東週年大會上 重新委任候選連任之董事。本公司之通函載 有候選連任之董事之詳細資料。

### **Continuing Professional Development**

Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

In addition, all Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company continuously updates Directors on the legal and regulatory developments, and the business and market changes to facilitate the discharge of their responsibilities. All Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending seminars or reading relevant materials and provided a record of training they received during the year to the Company.

### Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code"). Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

The Company also has established a written guideline on terms no less exacting terms than the Model Code for governing the securities transactions by employees who are likely to be possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Company or its securities. No incident of non-compliance by the employees was noted by the Company.

### 持續專業進修

每名新委任之董事於首次獲委任時會獲得就 任須知,確保其妥為了解本公司之業務及營 運,且充分明瞭其於上市規則及相關監管規 定下之責任及義務。

此外,本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業進修,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能。本公司持續向董事提供法律及監管發展以及商業和市場變動方面之最新資料,以便彼等履行職責。全體董事已透過出席研討會或閱讀相關資料參與持續專業進修,並向本公司提供彼等於年內接受培訓之記錄。

### 證券交易之標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)。本公司已向全體董事作出具體查詢,而董事已確認彼等於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則。

本公司亦為規管可能管有本公司或其證券之 未公佈價格敏感資料之僱員進行證券交易 制定書面指引,其條款並不遜於標準守則。 本公司並不知悉有僱員違反該指引之任何事 件。

### **Board Committees**

The Board has established three committees, namely the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference.

The majority members of each Board committee are Independent Nonexecutive Directors and the list of the Chairman and members of each Board committee is set out under the section of "Corporate Information" of this annual report.

The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors (including one Independent Non-executive Director who possesses the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise). None of the members of the Audit Committee are a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- (a) To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the qualified accountant or external auditors before submission to the Board.
- To review the relationship with the external auditors by reference to the work performed by the auditors, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditors.
- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk management system and associated procedures.
- To review arrangements which employees of the Company can use to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters.

## 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會、 薪酬委員會及提名委員會,以監督本公司事 務之特定範疇。本公司所有董事委員會均以 明確之書面職權範圍成立。

各董事委員會之大部分成員為獨立非執行董 事,而各董事委員會之主席及成員名單載於 本年報「公司資料」一節。

董事委員會獲提供充足資源以履行職務,並 可在適當情況下經合理要求後,尋求獨立專 業意見,費用由本公司承擔。

## 審核委員會

審核委員會由四名獨立非執行董事(包括一 名具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管理 專長之獨立非執行董事)組成。概無審核委 員會之成員乃本公司現時外聘核數師之前任 合夥人。

審核委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:

- (a) 於財務報表及報告提交董事會前審閱 該等報表及報告,並考慮合資格會計師 或外聘核數師提出之任何重大或不尋 常項目。
- (b) 經參考核數師所進行之工作、其費用及 聘任條款後,檢討與外聘核數師之關 係,並就委任、續聘及罷免外聘核數師 向董事會提供推薦建議。
- 檢討本公司之財務申報制度、內部監控 制度及風險管理制度以及相關程序是 否足夠及有效。
- (d) 檢討本公司僱員可就財務申報、內部監 控或其他事宜可能發生之不當行為提 出關注而使用之安排。

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

The Audit Committee held two meetings during the year ended 31 December 2022 to review the financial results and reports, financial reporting and compliance procedures, the risk management and internal control systems and the re-appointment of the external auditors.

The attendance of individual members at Audit Committee meetings is set out below:

審核委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯交所網站查閱。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 審核委員會曾舉行兩次會議,以審閱財務業 績及報告、財務申報及合規程序、風險管理 及內部監控制度以及續聘外聘核數師。

個別成員出席審核委員會會議之情況載列如 下:

> Attendance/ Number of Meetings 出席/舉行會議次數

Mr. Lam Hin Chi (Chairman)	藍顯賜先生(主席)	2/2
Mr. Li Wei	李煒先生	2/2
Mr. Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍先生	2/2
Mr. Li Yi	李易先生	2/2

There is no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditors.

董事會與審核委員會在外聘核數師之甄選、 委任、辭任或解僱方面並無意見分歧。

The Company's annual results for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之年度業績。

### **Remuneration Committee**

The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all directors' and senior management remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for development remuneration policy; reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Executive Directors and senior management; making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration of Non-executive Directors; reviewing and approving termination compensation, dismissal or removal compensation arrangements, and ensuring that no director or any of his associates is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

## 薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會之主要目標包括就本公司全體董事及高級管理層之薪酬政策及架構、就就重要是 
就而具透明度之程序制定薪酬政策 
就向重提供推薦建議;因應董事會所訂企案;就重量是 
就有董事及批准管理層之薪酬待遇新一个。 
就非執行董事之薪酬待遇酬會提供推薦建議;檢討及批准管理層之薪酬等遇酬會提供推薦建議;檢討及批准條本事會提供推薦建議;檢討及批准條無重。 
解僱或罷免賠償安排,以及確保概無董。 
就其任何聯繫人參與決定其本身之薪酬。

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

One Remuneration Committee meeting has been held during the year ended 31 December 2022 to review (a) whether the remuneration package of the directors and senior management are reasonable; (b) the basis of the remuneration package, i.e. qualification, working experience and market level of comparable position etc. to see whether any improvements needed to be made.

The Remuneration Committee comprises four Independent Non-executive Directors. The attendance of individual members at Remuneration Committee meeting is set out below:

薪酬委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯 交所網站查閱。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會曾舉行一次會議,以檢討(a)董事 及高級管理層之薪酬待遇是否合理;(b)薪酬 待遇之基準,即資格、工作經驗及市場上可 資比較職位之薪酬水平等,以評估是否需要 作出任何改善。

薪酬委員會由四名獨立非執行董事組成。個 別成員出席薪酬委員會會議之情況載列如 下:

> Attendance/ **Number of Meetings** 出席/舉行會議次數

Mr. Li Wei <i>(Chairman)</i>	李煒先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜先生	1/1
Mr. Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍先生	1/1
Mr. Li Yi	李易先生	1/1

### **Nomination Committee**

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size, composition and diversity of the Board annually and making recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the Company's corporate strategy, identifying individuals suitably qualified to become board members, assessing the independence of Independent Non-executives Directors, and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

One Nomination Committee meeting has been held during the year ended 31 December 2022 for reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating the relevant procedures for nomination and appointment of Directors, monitoring the appointment of Directors and assessing the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors.

## 提名委員會

提名委員會之主要職責包括每年檢討董事會 之架構、規模、成員組合及多元化,並就任 何擬作出之變動向董事會提供推薦建議,使 之與本公司之企業策略相輔相成;物色具備 合適資格可擔任董事會成員之人士; 評核獨 立非執行董事之獨立性;以及就委任或重新 委任董事及董事繼任計劃向董事會提供推薦 建議。

提名委員會之職權範圍可於本公司網站及聯 交所網站查閱。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 提名委員會曾舉行一次會議,以檢討董事會 之成員組合、發展並制訂提名和委任董事之 相關程序,監察董事之任命,並評核獨立非 執行董事之獨立性。

The Nomination Committee comprises one Executive Director as chairman, and four Independent Non-executive Directors as members. The attendance of individual members at Nomination Committee meeting is set out below:

提名委員會由一名執行董事出任主席及四名 獨立非執行董事出任成員。個別成員出席提 名委員會會議之情況載列如下:

> Attendance/ **Number of Meetings** 出席/舉行會議次數

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman)	李佳林先生(主席)	1/1
Mr. Li Wei	李煒先生	1/1
Mr. Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜先生	1/1
Mr. Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍先生	1/1
Mr. Li Yi	李易先生	1/1

## Responsibilities in Respect of the Financial 有關財務報表之責任及核數 Statements and Auditors' Remuneration

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, price-sensitive announcements and other disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Should be another way round Independent Auditor's Report".

The Company's external auditors are KPMG. The Group was charged approximately HK\$7,153,000 and HK\$1,695,000 by KPMG for auditing and non-auditing services respectively for the year ended 31 December 2022.

# 師酬金

董事會負責就年報及中期報告、價格敏感公 佈以及根據上市規則及其他監管規定須作出 之其他披露事項呈列持平、清晰及可理解之 評估。

董事確認彼等有責任編製本公司截至二零 二二年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表。

本公司外聘核數師有關其對財務報表申報責 任之聲明載於「獨立核數師報告」。

本公司之外聘核數師為畢馬威會計師事務 所。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度,畢馬威會計師事務所就審核及非審核 服務向本集團分別收取約7,153,000港元及 1.695.000港元。

### Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board is responsible for maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems to safeguard shareholders' investments and have a better control on the business and operation of the Company. The Board is also responsible for reviewing the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control systems on an annual basis.

The Company has maintained a tailored governance structure with defined lines of responsibility and appropriate delegation of responsibility and authority to the senior management. As a leading and comprehensive ICT products distributor, our Group has many well-known suppliers and vendors as well as extensive downstream channel partners. In order to cooperate with different parties, our senior management team will be delegated to take different responsibility such as product management, supply chain management, operational management and financial management, etc., to ensure that the Group has a smooth business operation to reduce risk and uncertainties that may be caused.

The management of the Company is responsible for designing, implementing and monitoring the Group's risk management and internal control framework, covering all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls. The risk management and internal control framework also provides for identification and management of risk.

The management also conducts periodic meetings and independent reviews on the operations of individual divisions to identify any irregularities and risks, develops action plans and recommendations to address the identified risks, and reports to the Audit Committee on any key findings. The Audit Committee, in turn, reports to the Board on any material issues and makes recommendations to the Board.

The Board acknowledged that it is their responsibilities to maintain an effective risk management and internal control systems. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Company has established a policy in relation to the handling and dissemination of inside information. The Board as a whole is responsible for identifying and considering the disclosure requirements and guidelines regarding inside information.

### 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責維護適當有效之風險管理及內部 監控制度,以保障股東的投資,更有效控制 本公司之業務及營運。董事會亦負責每年檢 討風險管理及內部監控制度之成效。

本公司設有切合本身所需之管治架構,明確 劃分職責,並向高級管理層轉授適當責任 授權。作為領先而全面的資訊通訊科技產商 分銷商,本集團有許多知名供應商及承辦, 以及大量下游渠道夥伴。為與各方充分合作, 我們的高級管理層團隊將獲轉授不同責任, 各自負責產品管理、供應鏈管理、營運管明 及財務管理等範疇,確保本集團業務運作暢 順,減低可能出現之風險及不確定因素。

本公司之管理層負責設計、執行及監察本集 團之風險管理及內部監控架構,範圍涵蓋所 有重大監控,包括財務、營運及合規監控。 風險管理及內部監控架構亦可識別及管理風 險。

管理層亦針對個別部門之運作舉行定期會議並進行獨立檢討,以識別有否任何違規事項及風險、制定行動計劃及提供推薦建議處理所識別之風險,並向審核委員會匯報重大發現。審核委員會則向董事會匯報任何重大事項並提供推薦建議。

董事會確認其有責任維護有效之風險管理及內部監控制度。該等制度旨在管理而非消除未能實現業務目標之風險,且僅可就防止重大錯誤陳述或損失提供合理而非絕對之保證。

本公司已制定有關處理及發佈內幕消息之政策。董事會全體負責就識別及審視有關內幕 消息之披露規定及指引。

Besides, the Company regularly reminds the directors and employees on the compliance with all the requirements regarding inside information. Also, the directors and employees are kept informed on the latest regulatory updates to ensure they are complied with the regulatory requirements.

此外,本公司定期提醒董事及員工遵守所有 有關內幕消息之規定。同時知會董事及員工 最新監管動態,以確保彼等遵守監管規定。

The Board has conducted an annual review of the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staffing of the financial reporting function as well as the oversight role of the Audit Committee and consider that the existing risk management and internal control systems of the Group is effective and adequate.

董事會已就資源充足程度、財務申報職能人員的資格及經驗,以及審核委員會之監督角色進行年度檢討,並認為本集團現時之風險管理及內部監控制度乃為有效及充足。

There is an internal audit function in some of the Group's subsidiaries to carry out independent assessment of risks and testing of controls of the business and operation of the Company in order to provide a reasonable assurance that adequate controls and governance are in operation. The Board considers that as the structure of some of our business is rather simple and direct within the Group, the Board will continue to review on annual basis the need of the internal audit function to be extended to the whole Group.

本集團若干附屬公司設有內部審核職能,對 本公司業務及營運之風險進行獨立評估及監 控測試,以就現時具有充份監控及管治提供 合理保證。董事會認為,我們部分業務架構 相對簡單且直接,董事會將繼續於每年進行 檢討,以確定是否將該內部審核職能擴大至 整個集團。

## Shareholders' Rights

## 股東權利

# Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting

### 股東召開股東特別大會之程序

Pursuant to Article 58 of the Company's Articles of Associations, any one or more members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meeting of the Company, shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

### Procedures for Shareholders to Put Enquiries to the Board

Enquiries from shareholders are dealt with in an informative and timely manner. Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries and concerns to the Board in writing to the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 3312, 33/F, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary.

The company secretary shall forward the shareholders' enquiries and concerns to the Board and/or relevant board committees of the Company, where appropriate, to answer the shareholders' questions.

# Procedures for Shareholders to Put Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There are no provisions allowing shareholders to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law or the Articles of Association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to propose a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting".

Regarding the procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director, please refer to the procedures available on the Company's website.

# Shareholders' Communications and Investor Relations

The Company has established a range of communication channels between itself and its shareholders, investors and other stakeholders.

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of other Board committees, and the external auditors, are available to answer questions at the shareholders' meetings. To safeguard the shareholders' interests and rights, separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors. All resolutions proposed at the shareholders' meetings (other than on procedural and administrative matters) will be voted by poll. The poll results shall be posted on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company respectively on the same day as the poll.

### 股東向董事會提出查詢之程序

股東之查詢將會適時詳盡處理。股東可隨時 以書面形式向董事會提出查詢及關注,有關 函件可發送至本公司於香港之主要營業地 點,地址為香港干諾道中200號信德中心招 商局大廈33樓3312室,註明收件人為公司秘 書。

公司秘書會將股東之查詢及關注事項轉交本公司之董事會及/或相關董事會委員會(視適當情況而定),以回應股東之提問。

# 股東於股東大會上提呈議案之程序

開曼群島公司法或本公司之組織章程細則下 並無准許股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案之 條文。股東如欲提呈決議案,可依循「股東 召開股東特別大會之程序」所載之程序要求 本公司召開股東大會。

有關股東提名候選董事人選之程序請參閱本 公司網站上登載之程序。

## 與股東之溝通及投資者關係

本公司已建立多種與股東、投資者及其他持 份者溝通之渠道。

本公司股東大會提供股東與董事會溝通之機會。董事會主席及其他董事委員會主席以及外聘核數師均會出席股東大會,以回應提問。 為保障股東之權益及權利,股東大會上將就各項重要事項(包括選舉個別董事)提呈是決議案。所有於股東大會上提呈之決議案除外)將以投票方式表決。投票表決結果將於投票表決當日分別於聯交所網站及本公司網站登載。

To promote effective communication, the Company also maintains a website at www.vstecs.com, where extensive information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, there had been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents.

為促進有效溝通,本公司亦設有網站 www.vstecs.com登載本公司業務發展及營 運之廣泛資料及最新情況、財務資料、企業 管治常規及其他資料。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司之章程文件概無重大變動。

## DIRECTORS' REPORT 董事會報告

The directors (the "Directors") of VSTECS Holdings Limited (the "Company") are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2022.

**Principal Activities** 

The Company is an investment holding company. Its subsidiaries are principally engaged in the development of information technology ("IT") product channel and provision of technical solution integration services. The three major business segments are enterprise systems which provides enterprise system tools for IT infrastructure and IT infrastructure design and implementation, training, maintenance and support services; Consumer electronics which provides finished IT products; and cloud computing which provides cloud computing solutions and services.

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are set out in note 7 to the financial statements.

### **Business Review**

A review of the business of the Group during the year and a discussion on the Group's future development are provided in the Chairman's Statement and the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 6 to 12 and pages 14 to 18 respectively of this annual report. A description of possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing, discussion on the Group's environmental policies, relationships with its key stakeholders and compliance with relevant laws and regulations which have a significant impact on the Group are contained in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 14 to 18 of this annual report. The Environmental, Social and Governance Report are set out on pages 25 to 65 of this annual report. The Corporate Governance Report are set out on pages 66 to 81 of the annual report. In addition, an analysis of the Group's performance during the year using financial key performance indicators is presented in the Financial Summary on page 216 of this annual report.

偉仕佳杰控股有限公司(「本公司」)之董事 (「董事」)欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止年度之年報連同經審核財務報表。

## 主要業務

本公司為一間投資控股公司。其附屬公司主要從事開發資訊科技(「資訊科技」)產品渠道及提供技術解決方案整和服務。三項主要業務為企業系統(提供用於資訊科技基礎設施之企業系統工具及資訊科技基礎設施設計及執行、培訓、維修及支援服務):消費電子(提供資訊科技產品整機):及雲計算(提供雲計算解決方案和服務)。

本公司附屬公司之詳情載於財務報表附註7。

## 業務回顧

本集團年內業務回顧及針對本集團未來發展 之討論分別載於本年報第6至12頁之之主席 告書及第14至18頁之管理層討論及分析。 本集團可能面對之潛在風險及不確定因去 分者之關係以及遵守相關法律及法 集團有重大影響者)之情況,載於本年 4至18頁之管理層討論及分析。環境、企 投管治報告載於本年報第25至65頁。此外, 份報 時期載於本年報第216頁之財務概要。

## Major Customers and Suppliers

The largest customer for the year ended 31 December 2022 represented approximately 6% (2021: approximately 7%) of the Group's total turnover, and the combined total of the five largest customers accounted for approximately 15% (2021: approximately 16%) of the Group's total turnover for the year ended 31 December 2022.

In addition, the largest supplier for the year ended 31 December 2022 represented approximately 18% (2021: approximately 23%) of the Group's total purchases, and the combined total of the five largest suppliers accounted for approximately 52% (2021: approximately 60%) of the Group's total purchases for the year ended 31 December 2022.

None of the Directors, their associates or any shareholder (which to the knowledge of the Directors owns more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had an interest in the major suppliers or customers noted above.

## **Results and Appropriations**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 107.

The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2022 of HK17 cents per ordinary share (2021: HK27 cents).

## **Dividend Policy**

The dividend policy adopted by the Company is based on a number of factors and conditions. Pursuant to the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company, any declaration of final dividend is subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company and the distribution of dividend should be made of out of profit. When recommending an interim or a final dividend, the Board will take into account, inter alia, the financial results, liquidity position, general business conditions and strategies, capital requirement for future development as well as the distributable reserves of the Company (comprise of the Company's reserves excluding capital redemption reserve as set out in note 16 to the financial statements) and the retained earnings of other members of the Group and any other factors the Board may deem relevant from time to time.

## 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之最大客戶佔本集團總營業額約6%(二零二一年:約7%),而五大客戶之合併總額則佔本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度總營業額約15%(二零二一年:約16%)。

此外,截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之最大供應商佔本集團總採購額約18%(二零二一年:約23%),而五大供應商之合併總額則佔本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度總採購額約52%(二零二一年:約60%)。

董事、彼等之聯繫人或據董事所知擁有本公司股本5%以上之任何股東概無於上述主要 供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

## 業績及分配

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之業績載於第107頁之綜合損益表。

董事建議就截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度派付末期股息每股普通股為17港仙 (二零二一年:27港仙)。

## 股息政策

本公司採用之股息政策乃基於多項因素及條件。根據適用的開曼群島法律及本公司之紀 織章程細則,宣派任何末期股息須獲本公司 股東批准,並自溢利分派。建議中期 股息時,董事會將考慮(其中包括)財 議、流動資金狀況、一般業務狀況及策略, 未來發展的資金需求以及本公司的結構,惟財務報表所 結構(包括本公司的結構,惟財務報表 時間 16所載的資本贖回儲備除外),以及本集相關 的任何其他因素。

### Reserves

Movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity on pages 109 to 110 and note 16 to the financial statements respectively.

## Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 5 to the financial statements.

## Borrowings and lease liabilities

Particulars of the Group's borrowings are set out in notes 20 and 21 to the financial statements.

## **Share Capital**

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company are set out in note 14 to the financial statements.

## **Pre-Emptive Rights**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association and there is no restriction against such rights under the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands.

## Five-Year Financial Summary

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 216.

### 儲備

本集團及本公司儲備於截至二零二二年十二 月三十一日止年度之變動分別載於第109至 110頁之綜合權益變動報表及財務報表附註 16。

## 物業、廠房及設備

本集團物業、廠房及設備變動之詳情載於財 務報表附註5。

## 借貸及租賃負債

本集團借貸之詳情載於財務報表附註20及 21。

## 股本

本公司股本變動之詳情載於財務報表附註 14。

## 優先購股權

本公司之組織章程細則並無有關優先購股權之條文,而開曼群島公司法(經修訂)亦無有關該等權利之限制。

## 五年財務概要

本集團於過往五個財政年度之業績及資產與 負債概要載於第216頁。

## Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Securities

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company repurchased 4,254,000 ordinary shares of the Company on the Stock Exchange. The repurchased shares were cancelled. Details of the repurchase of shares by the Company are as follows:

## 購買、出售或贖回證券

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 本公司於聯交所購回其自身4,254,000股普 通股。購回股份已予以註銷。本公司購回股份之詳情如下:

		No. of	Highest price	Lowest price	Aggregated
		shares	per share	per share	price
Month of repurchase		repurchased	(HK\$)	(HK\$)	(HK\$)
		購回之	每股最高價格	每股最低價格	總價格
購回之月份		股份數目	(港元)	(港元)	(港元)
April 2022	二零二二年四月	18,000	7.10	6.98	126,600
May 2022	二零二二年五月	284,000	6.34	6.16	1,760,140
June 2022	二零二二年六月	682,000	6.31	5.83	4,162,520
July 2022	二零二二年七月	450,000	6.13	5.98	2,723,360
August 2022	二零二二年八月	218,000	4.99	4.93	1,079,980
September 2022	二零二二年九月	2,602,000	5.04	4.20	12,388,580
		4,254,000	_		22,241,180

The Board believes that such repurchase of shares will lead to an enhancement of the net asset value of the Company and/or its earnings per share.

董事會認為該等購回股份將提升本公司資產 淨額及/或每股盈利。

Apart from the above, during the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company also acquired, through some trust setup specifically for purpose of employment compensation, a total of 5,714,000 ordinary shares of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 from the open market at a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$34,965,000. These shares would be used primarily for providing employment/executive compensation of the Group. The costs of acquisition of shares are recognised in the "Deferred reserve" in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

Save as disclosed above, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares.

除上文所述外,於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司亦透過部分特別為僱傭補償設立之信託於公開市場上收購合共5,714,000股本公司普通股,現金代價總額約為34,965,000港元。該等股份將主要用於提供本集團之僱傭/行政補償。收購股份之成本於綜合權益變動報表內之「遞延儲備」確認。

除上文所披露者外,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司之任何股份。

### 董事會報告(續)

### **Directors**

The Directors of the Company who held office during the year ended 31 December 2022 and up to the date of this report are:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Jialin (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William

Mr. Li Yue

Mr. Chan Hoi Chau

Mr. Gu Sanjun

### Non-executive Directors

Mr. Xia Bin (Resigned on 4 January 2023)

Mr. Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah

Mr. Zhang Dongjie

(Appointed on 19 January 2023)

### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wei

Mr. Lam Hin Chi

Mr. Wang Xiaolong

Mr. Li Yi

Pursuant to Article 86 of the Company's Articles of Association, the Directors shall have the power from time to time and at any time to appoint any person as a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board or as an addition to the existing Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election. Pursuant to Article 87 of the Company's Articles of Association, at each annual general meeting, one third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one third), shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Details of the Directors proposed to be re-elected are contained in the Company's circular.

## 董事

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度及 直至本報告日期在任之本公司董事為:

### 執行董事

李佳林先生(主席兼行政總裁) 王偉炘先生 李玥先生 陳海洲先生 顧三軍先生

### 非執行董事

夏鑌先生(於二零二三年一月四日辭任) 張永利先生 張冬杰先生 (於二零二三年一月十九日獲委任)

### 獨立非執行董事

李煒先生 藍顯賜先生 王曉龍先生 李易先生

按照本公司組織章程細則第86條,董事有權不時及隨時委任任何人士為董事,人數。 事會之臨時空缺或增加現有董事人數。 會按此委任之任何董事僅任職至本公司 屆股東大會為止,屆時符合資格接受重 按照本公司組織章程細則第87條,於每屆 東週年大會上,三分之一在任董事(但不 數並非三或三之倍數,則為最接近但不 數並非三或之一)應輪值退任,惟每名董事應最少 三年輪值退任一次。

擬接受重選之董事之詳情載於本公司之通函內。

The Company confirms that it has received from each of its Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to the Listing Rules and the Company considers the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

本公司確認已根據上市規則獲得各獨立非執 行董事就彼等之獨立性作出之年度確認,而 本公司認為獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

### **Directors' Service Contracts**

### **Executive Directors**

Each Director of the Company has either entered a service contract with the Company or has an appointment letter. The Directors are not appointed for any specific length or proposed length of services and their term of service shall continue unless and until terminated by either party by a specific months of notice in writing.

Under the service agreements, the annual emoluments of each executive Director is fixed and the remuneration payable to each of them will be reviewed by the Board each year.

### Non-executive Directors

The Independent Non-executive Directors are appointed by the Board but subject to re-election or retirement by rotation at each annual general meeting as appropriate.

Save as disclosed above, no Director has an unexpired service contract which is not terminable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

### **Directors' Interests in Contracts**

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of the companies comprising the Group was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the year ended 31 December 2022 or at any time during the year under review.

## Biographical Details of Directors and Company Secretary

Brief biographical details of Directors and company secretary are set out on pages 19 to 24.

## 董事之服務合約

### 執行董事

本公司各董事已與本公司訂立服務合約或獲 發委任函。董事並非按任何特定任期或建議 任期委任,除非及直至任何一方發出指定月 數之書面通知終止,否則彼等之任期將一直 持續。

根據服務協議,各執行董事之年度酬金為定額,而董事會將會每年檢討應付予各執行董事之薪酬。

### 非執行董事

獨立非執行董事由董事會委任,惟須於適當 時在每屆股東週年大會上接受重選或輪值退 任。

除上文所披露者外,董事並無任何本公司或 其任何附屬公司不可於一年內免付賠償(一 般法定責任除外)而終止之未屆滿服務合約。

### 董事於合約之權益

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度或回顧年度內任何時間,概無由本公司或本集團旗下任何公司訂立、與本集團業務有關連且某董事直接或間接擁有重大權益之重大合約存續。

## 董事及公司秘書履歷

董事及公司秘書履歷概要載於第19至24頁。

## Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures

As at 31 December 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the laws of Hong Kong)) (the "SFO") which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions of which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO) and/or required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules were as follows:

## 董事及最高行政人員於股份<sup>、</sup> 相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事 及最高行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團 (定義見證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章) (「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關 股份或債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例 XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所所 權益及淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例 該等條文被當作或視為擁有之權益及/或 倉),及/或須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例 第352條存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉, 或根據上市規則須知會本公司及聯交所之權 益及淡倉如下:

### Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company

### 於本公司股份及相關股份之權益

Name of Director 董事姓名	Long/Short Position 好/淡倉	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares or underlying shares held 持有普通股或 相關股份數量	Approximate percentage of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行股本之概約百分比
Mr. Li Jialin 李佳林先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	82,333,200	5.67%
	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled 受控法團權益	311,228,000 (Note 1) (附註1)	21.45%
	Long 好倉	Family interest 家族權益	204,309,600 (Note 2) (附註2)	14.08%
Mr. Ong Wei Hiam, William 王偉炘先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2,193,600	0.15%
Mr. Gu Sanjun 顧三軍先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	150,000	0.01%
Mr. Chan Hoi Chau 陳海洲先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	150,000	0.01%

# Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

# Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company (continued)

#### Notes:

- 311,228,000 shares of the Company are held by L & L Limited, the entire issued share capital of which is equally held by Mr. Li Jialin and his spouse, Ms Liu Li
- 204,309,600 shares of the Company are held by Ms. Liu Li, the spouse of Mr. Li Jialin.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, none of the Directors nor the chief executives of the Company had any interests or short positions in any shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which would have to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions of which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein, or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies in the Listing Rules, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## 董事及最高行政人員於股份、 相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉(續)

# 於本公司股份及相關股份之權益

### 附註:

- 1. 本公司之311,228,000股股份由L&LLimited 持有,而L&LLimited全部已發行股本由李佳 林先生及其配偶劉莉女士均等持有。
- 2. 本公司之204,309,600股股份由李佳林先生之 配偶劉莉女士持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本公司董事或最高行政人員概無於本公司或任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之任何股份、相關股份或實行及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉(包括彼等根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入或談倉),或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入域之間,或根據證券及期貨條例第352條須記入據上市規則中上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉。。

## Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying **Shares and Debentures**

As at 31 December 2022, so far is known to the Directors, the following persons had an interest and/or a short position in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and/or required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and/ or were directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group:

## 主要股東及其他人士於股份、 相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,就董事所知, 以下人士於本公司之股份及/或相關股份中 擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分 部之條文須向本公司及聯交所披露之權益 及/或淡倉,及/或須記入本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊之權益及/ 或淡倉,及/或於附有可在任何情況下於本 集團任何其他成員公司之股東大會上表決之 權利之任何類別股本中直接或間接擁有面值 5%或以上之權益:

Name of shareholder 董事姓名	Long/Short Position 好/淡倉	<b>Capacity</b> 身份	Number of ordinary shares or underlying shares held 持有普通股或相關股份數量	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約股權 百分比
Mr. Li Jialin 李佳林先生	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	82,333,200	5.67%
	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	311,228,000 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>	21.45%
	Long 好倉	Family interest 家族權益	204,309,600 (Note 2) (附註2)	14.08%
Ms. Liu Li 劉莉女士	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	204,309,600	14.08%
	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	311,228,000 <i>(Note 1)</i> <i>(附註1)</i>	21.45%
	Long 好倉	Family interest 家族權益	82,333,200 (Note 3) (附註3)	5.67%

## Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

# 主要股東及其他人士於股份<sup>、</sup> 相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉(續)

Name of shareholder 董事姓名	Long/Short Position 好/淡倉	Capacity 身份	Number of ordinary shares or underlying shares held 持有普通股或相關股份數量	Approximate percentage of shareholding 概約股權 百分比
L & L Limited	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	311,228,000 <i>(Note 4)</i> <i>(附註4)</i>	21.45%
Eternal Asia (HK) Limited 聯怡 (香港)有限公司	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	252,211,998 (Note 5) (附註5)	17.38%
深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份 有限公司	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	252,211,998 (Note 6) (附註6)	17.38%
深圳市投資控股有限公司	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	252,211,998 <i>(Note 7)</i> <i>(附註7)</i>	17.38%
深圳市人民政府國有 資產監督管理委員會	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	152,211,998 <i>(Note 7)</i> <i>(附註7)</i>	10.49%
中國進出口銀行	Long 好倉	Security interest in shares 股份抵押權益	152,211,998 <i>(Note 8)</i> <i>(附註8)</i>	10.49%
國家外匯管理局	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	152,211,998 <i>(Note 8)</i> <i>(附註8)</i>	10.49%
Fidelity Puritan Trust	Long 好倉	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	130,406,626	8.99%
FMR LLC	Long 好倉	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	145,273,600	10.01%

## Substantial Shareholders' and Other Persons' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures (continued)

### Notes:

- 311,228,000 shares of the Company are held by L & L Limited, the entire 1. issued share capital of which is equally held by Mr. Li Jialin and his spouse, Ms. Liu Li.
- 204,309,600 shares of the Company are held by Ms. Liu Li, the spouse of Mr. Li Jialin.
- 3. 81,833,200 shares of the Company are held by Mr. Li Jialin, the spouse of Ms. Liu Li.
- The entire issued share capital of L & L Limited is equally held by Mr. Li Jialin and his spouse, Ms. Liu Li.
- 5 The entire issued share capital of Eternal Asia (HK) Limited are held by 深 圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司.
- 6. 18.30% of the shares of 深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司 are held by 深圳市投資控股有限公司.
- 100% of the shares of 深圳市投資控股有限公司 are held by 深圳市人民 7. 政府國有資產監督管理委員會.
- 89.26% of the shares of 中國進出口銀行 are held by 國家外匯管理局. 8.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2022, so far is known to the Directors, no person had an interest and/or a short position in the shares and/or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and/or required to be entered in the register maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO and/or was directly or indirectly interested in 5% of more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of any other members of the Group, or any options in respect of such capital.

## 主要股東及其他人士於股份、 相關股份及債權證之權益及 淡倉(續)

### 附註:

- 本公司之311,228,000股股份由L & L Limited 持有,而L&L Limited全部已發行股本由李佳 林先生及其配偶劉莉女士均等持有。
- 本公司之204,309,600股股份由李佳林先生之 配偶劉莉女士持有。
- 本公司之81,833,200股股份由劉莉女士之配 偶李佳林先生持有。
- L & L Limited之全部已發行股本由李佳林先 生及其配偶劉莉女士均等持有。
- 聯怡(香港)有限公司之全部已發行股本由 深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司持有。
- 深圳市怡亞通供應鏈股份有限公司之18.30% 股份由深圳市投資控股有限公司持有。
- 深圳市投資控股有限公司之100%股份由深 圳市人民政府國有資產監督管理委員會持有。
- 中國進出口銀行之89.26%股份由國家外匯管 理局持有。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年十二月 三十一日,就董事所知,概無人士於本公司 之股份及/或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第2及3分部之條文須向本公 司及聯交所披露之權益及/或淡倉,及/或 須記入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條 存置之登記冊之權益及/或淡倉,及/或於 附有可在任何情況下於本集團任何其他成員 公司之股東大會上表決之權利之任何類別股 本中直接或間接擁有面值5%或以上之權益 或有關該股本之任何期權。

## **Share Options**

### Share option scheme of the Company

The share option scheme of the Company adopted on 17 April 2002 (the "Old Scheme") has been expired. The Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 23 June 2015 for the purpose of providing incentives and rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group. During the year under review, no share options have been granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the New Scheme. Further details of the New Scheme are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

## Directors' Rights to Acquire Shares

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of the companies comprising the Group, a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debenture of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the Directors, their spouses or their children under the age of 18, had any right to subscribe for the securities of the Company, or had exercised any such right during the year under review.

## Directors' Interests in Competing Business

The Directors consider that they have no interests in any competing business.

## **Permitted Indemnity Provisions**

The Articles of Association of the Company provides that the Directors or other officers of the Company shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company against all losses and liabilities which they may incur or sustain by or by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty. The Company has arranged for appropriate insurance cover for Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of legal actions against the Directors and officers arising out of corporate activities.

## **Management Contracts**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2022.

## 購股權

### 本公司之購股權計劃

於二零零二年四月十七日採納之本公司購股權計劃(「舊計劃」)已屆滿。本公司於二零一五年六月二十三日採納一項新購股權計劃(「新計劃」),旨在就合資格參與者為本集團作出之貢獻提供激勵和嘉獎。於回顧年度概無根據新計劃授出、行使、失效或註銷任何購股權。新計劃之進一步詳情載於財務報表附註15。

## 董事收購股份之權利

除上文所披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司或本集團旗下任何公司概無訂立任何安排,致使本公司董事可藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債權證而取得利益,而董事、彼等之配偶或十八歲以下之子女於回顧年度概無認購本公司證券之任何權利,亦無行使任何該等權利。

## 董事於競爭業務之權益

董事認為彼等並無於任何競爭業務中擁有權 益。

## 獲准許彌償條文

本公司之組織章程細則規定,本公司董事或 其他高級人員應就彼等在履行職務時可能就 或因任何已作出、同意或遺漏之行為而招致 或蒙受之所有損失及責任,從本公司資產中 獲得彌償及受到保障。本公司已安排合適保 險,當中涵蓋董事及高級人員因企業活動而 產生針對彼等之法律行動之責任。

## 管理合約

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度, 概無訂立或存有關於本公司全部或任何重大 部分業務之管理及行政方面之合約。

### **Connected Transactions**

Connected transactions (also related party transactions) have been disclosed in note 32 of the financial statements.

The above transactions constituted connected transactions under the Listing Rules. The Directors are of the opinion that the above transactions were entered into on normal commercial terms and on an arm's length basis and the terms of the above transactions are fair and reasonable so far as the shareholders of the Company are concerned and in the interests of the Company and the shareholders of the Company taken as a whole.

The above connected transactions constituted exempted connected transactions under the Listing Rules as each of the percentage ratios is less than 0.1% as defined under the Listing Rules when the agreements were entered into.

## Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments

A summary of the Directors and senior management's emoluments is set out in note 29 to the financial statements.

## Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float throughout the year ended 31 December 2022.

### **Audit Committee**

The Company's audited results for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been reviewed by the Audit Committee who was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards and requirements and that adequate disclosures have been made.

## 關連交易

關連交易(以及關連人士交易)已於財務報 表附計32披露。

根據上市規則,上述交易構成關連交易。董事認為,上述交易乃按正常商業條款及按公平基準訂立,而上述交易之條款對本公司股東而言屬公平合理,並符合本公司及本公司股東整體利益。

由於在訂立協議時,各百分比率乃低於上市規則所界定之0.1%,故根據上市規則,上述關連交易構成獲豁免關連交易。

## 董事及高級管理層酬金

董事及高級管理層之酬金概要載於財務報表附註29。

## 公眾持股量之充足程度

基於本公司可公開獲得之資料並就董事所 知,本公司於截至二零二二年十二月三十一 日止整個年度一直維持足夠公眾持股量。

## 審核委員會

審核委員會已審閱本公司截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度之經審核業績,而審 核委員會認為該等業績乃遵照適用之會計準 則及規定編製,並已作出充分披露。

## **Auditors**

The financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022 have been audited by KPMG who will retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

On behalf of the Board Li Jialin Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 23 March 2023

## 核數師

本集團截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年 度之財務報表已由畢馬威會計師事務所審 核,而彼將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上退 任,並符合資格及願意獲續聘。

代表董事會 李佳林 主席及行政總裁

香港,二零二三年三月二十三日

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告



Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of VSTECS Holdings Limited

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

## **Opinion**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of VSTECS Holdings Limited, ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 105 to 215, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2022 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

致 偉 仕 佳 杰 控 股 有 限 公 司 列 位 股 東 的 獨 立 核 數 師 報 告

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

## 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於 第105至215頁的偉仕佳杰控股有限公司(以 下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱 「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此財務報表包 括於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表與截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜 合其他全面收入表、綜合權益變動報表和綜 合現金流量報表,以及綜合財務報表附註, 包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」) 真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

## 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承衛的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師對開,與人工的實際,可以及我們獨立於一貴集團,並已履行這些道德可以及守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

## Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

## 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

### Valuation of inventories

Refer to note 12 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies set out in note 2.11.

### The Key Audit Matter

The Group's inventories, which consist of various information technology products and enterprise equipment, amounted to HK\$10,072,285,000 (approximately 31% of the Group's current assets) as at 31 December 2022.

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Management estimates the net realisable values of inventories based on expected demand, future selling prices and the future expenses necessary to make the sales. Future demand and selling prices of technology products are highly susceptible to factors such as industry standards, technological changes and customer preferences, which are constantly changing and could change very rapidly.

Determining provision for inventories requires the exercise of significant management judgement as actual selling prices of individual inventory items may fall below their costs or carrying values.

We identified the net realisable value of inventories as a key audit matter because any write-down or provision may have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements and because the estimation of the net realisable values involves the exercise of significant management judgement which can be inherently uncertain.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the net realisable value of inventories included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of the Group's key internal controls over the inventory write-down and provision assessment process, including the Group's monitoring controls over slow-moving inventories;
- assessing, on a sample basis, whether items in the inventory ageing reports were classified within the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items with relevant purchase records, including purchase invoices and goods receipt notes;
- evaluating, on a sample basis, whether inventories were sold at prices above their carrying values subsequent to the reporting date;
- evaluating, on a sample basis, whether inventories may be obsolete or slow-moving by comparing the quantity of inventories at the reporting date with the quantity sold subsequent to the reporting date and with reference to inventory turnover days during the current and previous financial years; and
- assessing the historical accuracy of management's estimation of write-down and provision for inventories at the end of the previous financial year by examining movements in the balance of provision for inventories during the current year.

## 存貨估值

請參閱綜合財務報表附註12及附註2.11載列的會計政策。

### 關鍵審計事項

於二零二二年十二月三十一日, 貴集團的存貨包含多項資 訊科技產品及企業設備,達到10,072,285,000港元(約佔 貴集團流動資產的31%)。

存貨按成本及可變現淨值兩者的較低者列賬。

管理層會根據預計需求、未來售價以及實現銷售所需的未來 • 開支估計存貨的可變現淨值。科技產品的未來需求及售價很 大程度上會受到各種瞬息萬變的因素影響,例如業界標準、 科技轉變及客戶喜好等。

在釐定存貨撥備時,管理層需作出重大判斷,因為個別存貨 項目的實際售價可能跌穿成本或賬面值。

我們將存貨可變現淨值列為關鍵審計事項,因為任何撇減或 撥備均可能對綜合財務報表造成重大影響,且估計可變現淨 值涉及管理層的重大判斷,而其本質可能涉及不確定因素。

### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

我們就評估存貨可變現淨值採用的審計程序包括以下各項:

- 了解及評估 貴集團對存貨撇減及撥備評估程序(包括 貴集團對滯銷存貨的監控程序)的主要內部控制的設計 及實施;
- 抽樣比較存貨賬齡報告中的個別項目與相關的採購記錄 (包括採購發票及收貨單),從而評估相關項目是否歸納 至適當的賬齡範圍中;
- 抽樣評估存貨售價是否高於報告日後的賬面值;
- 抽樣比較於報告日當日的存貨數量與於報告日後的售出 數量,並參考本財政年度及以往財政年度的存貨週轉日 數,從而評估存貨是否過時或滯銷;及
- 查閱本年度存貨撥備結餘的變動,從而評估在上一個財 政年度年末時管理層估計之存貨撇減及撥備過往的準確 性。

## Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables

Refer to note 10 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies set out in note 2.8.

### The Key Audit Matter

The Group's trade receivables amounted to HK\$13,070,678,000 (approximately 40% of the Group's current assets), net of an expected credit loss allowance of HK\$770,181,000 as at 31 December 2022.

Management measured loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For customers about whom the Group has specific information, the loss allowance is assessed on an individual basis. For the other customers, the trade receivables are segmented by geographical locations, since the loss patterns for customers in different geographical locations are significantly different based on the past experience of the Group. The loss allowance is determined based on ageing of the trade receivables and loss rates, adjusted for current economic conditions and forward-looking information.

We identified the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables as a key audit matter because it involves significant management judgement which is inherently subjective and thereby increase the risk of error or management bias.

### How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures to assess the expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables included the following:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of the Group's key internal controls relating to credit control, debt collection, and estimation of expected credit loss allowance;
- evaluating the Group's accounting policy for measuring expected credit loss allowance with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- for trade receivables for which the loss allowance is determined on an individual basis, evaluating management's assessment by assessing the creditworthiness of the customers with reference to publicly available information and reviewing underlying documents where applicable;
- for trade receivables for which the loss allowance is measured using a provision matrix, assessing the appropriateness of management's basis of customer segmentation with reference to the historical loss rates for customers in the different geographical locations; testing the accuracy of the historical default data and evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions and forward-looking information;
- assessing, on a sample basis, whether items in the trade receivables ageing reports were classified within the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items with the underlying documentation, including sales invoices; and
- re-performing the calculation of the loss allowance as at 31
   December 2022 based on the Group's accounting policies.

## 貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備

請參閱綜合財務報表附註10及附註2.8載列的會計政策。

### 關鍵審計事項

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,作出虧損撥備770,181,000 港元後, 貴集團的貿易應收款項達到13,070,678,000港元 (約佔 貴集團流動資產的40%)。

管理層按相等於整個存續期預期信貸虧損的金額計算虧損 撥備。就 貴集團掌握其特定資料的客戶而言,虧損撥備按 個別情況評估。就其他客戶而言,根據 貴集團過往經驗, 由於不同地區客戶的虧損模式大不相同,因此貿易應收款項 按地區劃分。虧損撥備乃根據貿易應收款項的賬齡及虧損率 確定,並根據現行經濟狀況及前瞻性資料進行調整。

我們將貿易應收款項的預期信貸虧損撥備識別為關鍵審計事項,原因為其涉及重大的管理層判斷,而該等判斷本質上屬主觀性,因此令出現錯誤或管理層偏見的風險增加。

### 我們的審計如何處理該事項

我們就評估貿易應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備採用的審計程序包括以下各項:

- 了解及評估 貴集團對信貸控制、債務回收以及預期信貸虧損估計的設計及實施;
- 參考現行會計準則的規定評價 貴集團有關估計預期信貸虧損撥備的會計政策;
- 就單獨確定虧損撥備的貿易應收款項而言,通過經參考 公開可得資料評估客戶的信譽並審閱相關文件(倘適用) 以評核管理層的評估;
- 就使用撥備矩陣計量虧損撥備的貿易應收款項而言,經 參考不同地區客戶的歷史虧損率,評估管理層劃分客戶 基礎的適當性:測試歷史違約數據的準確性,以及評估歷 史虧損率是否以現行經濟狀況及前瞻性資料進行適當調 整:
- 抽樣比較貿易應收款項賬齡報告中的個別項目與相關文件(包括銷售發票),從而評估相關項目是否歸納至適當的賬齡範圍中:及
- 根據 貴集團會計政策重新計算於二零二二年十二月 三十一日的虧損撥備。

## Information other than the consolidated financial statements and auditor's report thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the directors for the consolidated financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## 綜合財務報表及其核數師報 告以外的資料

董事需對其他資料負責。其他資料包括刊載 於年報內的全部資料,但不包括綜合財務報 表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資 料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式 的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的責 任是閱讀上述其他資料,在此過程中,考慮 其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計 過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎 存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已就我們於本核數師報告日期前獲 取的其他資料所執行的工作,倘我們認為其 他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該 事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

## 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔 的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香 港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披 露要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並 對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的 內部控制負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督 貴集團的財 務報告過程的責任。

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向整體股東報告。除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照 《香港審計準則》進行的審計,在某一重大 錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由 欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或 滙總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴 財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤 陳述可被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。 我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉,及海謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或因為誤於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因為於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當 性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證, 確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重 大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集團 的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我 們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在 核數師報告中提請使用者注意綜合財 務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露 不足,則我們應當修改意見。我們的結 論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導 致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結 構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報 表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以 便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。 我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重 大缺陷。

我們還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨 立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的 情況下,為消除威脅而採取的行動或相關的 防範措施。

### Independent Auditor's Report (continued) 獨立核數師報告(續)

# Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cheng Pui Ngar.

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表 承擔的責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過所產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人是 鄭沛雅。

### **KPMG**

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

23 March 2023

### 畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二三年三月二十三日

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION** 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS	 資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	5	917,523	680,397
Intangible assets	無形資產	6	356,037	358,069
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	8	676,423	988,860
Interest in a joint venture	於合營企業的權益	9	7,873	11,333
Deferred expenses	遞延開支	10	991	52
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	19	166,050	182,665
			2,124,897	2,221,376
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	10	14,338,283	16,230,727
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	11	4,402,211	1,139,994
Inventories	存貨	12	10,072,285	9,336,837
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	13	3,828,930	3,247,498
			32,641,709	29,955,056
Total assets	總資產		34,766,606	32,176,432
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	14	145,092	145,517
Reserves	儲備		7,512,686	7,765,913
Total equity	總權益		7,657,778	7,911,430

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 December 2022 於二零二二年十二月三十一日

		Notes 附註	2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
LIABULTIE			——————————————————————————————————————	1 /E/L
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Contract liabilities	合約負債	17	2,379	855
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	20	117,407	147,002
Borrowings	借貸	21	1,447,455	1,543,000
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	19	36,322	44,571
			1,603,563	1,735,428
Current liabilities	 流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	17	14,116,329	16,538,627
Other financial liabilities	其他金融負債	18	3,708,334	321,173
Contract liabilities	合約負債	17	449,341	707,975
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	20	107,841	102,530
Borrowings	借貸	21	6,975,228	4,735,318
Taxation payable	應付税項		148,192	123,951
			25,505,265	22,529,574
Total liabilities	總負債		27,108,828	24,265,002
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		34,766,606	32,176,432
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		7,136,444	7,425,482
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		9,261,341	9,646,858

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2023.

董事會於二零二三年三月二十三日批准及授權刊發。

Li Jialin 李佳林 Director 董事 Ong Wei Hiam, William 王偉炘 *Director* 董事

The notes on pages 112 to 215 form part of these financial statements.

第112至215頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

			2022	2021
		Notes 附註	二零二二年 <b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue	收益	22	77,323,994	78,335,446
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(73,946,070)	(74,696,377)
Gross profit	毛利		3,377,924	3,639,069
Other gains, net	其他收入淨額	23	15,313	65,674
Selling and distribution expenses	銷售及分銷開支		(1,369,453)	(1,420,559)
Administrative expenses	行政開支		(695,516)	(622,972)
Operating profit	經營溢利	24	1,328,268	1,661,212
Finance costs	財務費用	25	(258,490)	(146,521)
			1,069,778	1,514,691
Share of associates' profits	分佔聯營公司溢利	8	14,633	58,903
Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔合營企業虧損	9	(2,628)	(18,458)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		1,081,783	1,555,136
Taxation	税項	26	(258,712)	(241,110)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		823,071	1,314,026
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	以下人士應佔: 本公司權益持有人		823,071	1,314,026
Earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股盈利(每股港仙)			
- Basic	一基本	28	58.15 cents 港仙	92.74 cents 港仙
- Diluted	一攤薄	28	58.15 cents 港仙	92.74 cents 港仙
Dividends attributable to equity shareholders	權益持有人應佔股息			
Final dividend proposed	擬派末期股息	27(i)	247,000	394,000

The notes on pages 112 to 215 form part of these financial statements.

第112至215頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** 綜合其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年內溢利	823,071	1,314,026
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax:  Exchange differences	年內其他全面收入,除税後: 匯兑差額	(640,294)	85,751
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	182,777	1,399,777
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company	以下人士應佔: 本公司權益持有人	182,777	1,399,777

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 綜合權益變動報表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

		Share capital 股本 HK\$*000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$*000 千港元 Note 例 附註例	Capital redemption reserve 資本赚回 儲備 HK\$*000 千港元 <i>Note 间</i> 附註间	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 <i>Note 间</i> 附註间	General reserve 一般儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 Note (N) 附註(N)	Translation reserve  E Š 儲備  HK\$*000  千港元  Note (V)  附註(V)	Other reserve 其他儲備 HK\$'000 下港元 Note (M) 附註(M)	Deferred reserve 遞延儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 <i>Note (vii)</i> <i>附註(vii)</i>	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$*000 千港元	Equity attributable to the Company's equity shareholders 本公司 權益持權益 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日之結餘	145,445	880,910	8,707	1,543	271,071	125,938	(84,239)	(103,856)	5,580,767	6,826,286
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,314,026	1,314,026
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	-	-	-	-	-	85,751	-	-	-	85,751
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收入總額	_	_	_	_	_	85,751	_	_	1,314,026	1,399,777
Dividend paid	已付股息	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	(320,138)	(320,138)
Transfer of reserve	儲備間轉撥	_	_	_	_	57,297	_	_	_	(57,297)	-
Share options exercised	已獲行使購股權	72	2,275	_	(744)	_	_	_	_	-	1,603
Deferred shares purchased	已購買遞延股份	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	(22,758)	_	(22,758)
Vesting of deferred shares	遞延股份歸屬	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,660	-	26,660
Balance as at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之結餘	145,517	883,185	8,707	799	328,368	211,689	(84,239)	(99,954)	6,517,358	7,911,430
Representing: Share capital Reserves Proposed dividend	代表: 股本 儲備 擬派股息									-	145,517 7,371,913 394,000 7,911,430
Balance as at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日之結餘	145,517	883,185	8,707	799	328,368	211,689	(84,239)	(99,954)	6,517,358	7,911,430
Profit for the year	年內溢利	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	823,071	823,071
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	-					(640,294)		-		(640,294)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	-	-	(640,294)	-	-	823,071	182,777
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(392,896)	(392,896)
Transfer of reserve	儲備間轉撥	-	-	-	-	49,287	-	-	-	(49,287)	-
Share repurchased	購回股份										
– par value	- 面值	(425)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(425)
- premium paid	- 已付溢價	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(21,816)	(21,816)
- transfer between reserves	- 儲備間轉撥	-	-	425	-	-	-	-	- (00.000)	(425)	- (00.000)
Deferred shares purchased	已購買遞延股份	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(26,886)	-	(26,886)
Vesting of deferred shares	遞延股份歸屬	-		-	-	-	-	-	5,594	-	5,594
Balance as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日 之結餘	145,092	883,185	9,132	799	377,655	(428,605)	(84,239)	(121,246)	6,876,005	7,657,778
Representing:	代表:										
Share capital	股本										145,092
Reserves	儲備										7,265,686
Proposed dividend	擬派股息										247,000
										-	7,657,778
											1,001,110

The notes on pages 112 to 215 form part of these financial statements.

第112至215頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

### Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity (continued) 綜合權益變動報表(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### Notes:

(i) The share premium account of the Group includes: (a) the difference between the nominal values of the share capital of the subsidiaries acquired and that of the Company issued in exchange pursuant to the Group reorganisation in April 2002; (b) the capitalisation issue in April 2002; and (c) the premium arising from the new issue of shares, net of share issuance costs.

In accordance with the Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to the shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to pay off its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. The share premium may also be distributed in the form of fully paid bonus shares.

- (ii) The capital redemption reserve comprises the par value of the cancelled shares of the Company transferred from retained earnings pursuant to Companies Law (revised) of the Cayman Islands.
- (iii) The capital reserve comprises the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees and directors of the Company and the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments in Note 2.17(d).
- (iv) According to the current Company Law of the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the PRC subsidiaries of the Group are required to transfer 10% of their profits after taxation to the statutory surplus reserve until the statutory surplus reserve balance reaches 50% of the registered capital. For the purpose of calculating the amount to be transferred to the reserve, the profit after taxation is the amount determined under PRC accounting standards. The amount of transfer to this reserve has to be made before profit distribution to shareholders. In accordance with the relevant regulations, this reserve may be used to make up any losses incurred or to increase the registered capital of the PRC subsidiaries.
- (v) The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of subsidiaries outside Hong Kong. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2.3(c).
- (vi) Other reserve comprises the difference between the consideration paid and the relevant share of the carrying value of net assets of subsidiaries for the transactions with holders of non-controlling interests of subsidiaries (Note 2.2(a)).
- (vii) Deferred reserve comprises the cost of acquisition of the Company's shares through a trust setup specifically for the purpose of employment compensation. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2.13(c).

#### 附註:

(i) 本集團之股份溢價賬包括:(a)根據二零零二年四月之本集團重組所收購之附屬公司之股本面值與本公司為作交換而發行之股本面值之差額:(b)二零零二年四月之資本化發行;及(c)發行新股產生之溢價,扣除股份發行成本。

根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂),股份溢價賬可分派予本公司之股東,惟緊隨建議分派股息當日後,本公司須有能力償還於日常業務過程中到期之債務。股份溢價亦可以繳足紅股方式分派。

- (ii) 資本贖回儲備包括根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)從保留盈利轉撥之本公司已註銷股份的面值。
- (iii) 資本儲備包括根據附註2.17(d)中就股份支付 所採納之會計政策,就已授予本公司及本集 團僱員及董事之尚未行使購股權實際或估計 數目確認之公平值。
- (iv) 根據現行中華人民共和國(「中國」)公司法, 本集團之中國附屬公司須向法定盈餘公積轉 撥除稅後溢利的10%,直至法定盈餘公積結 餘達至註冊資本的50%。就計算將轉撥至該 公積之金額而言,除稅後溢利指按中國會計 準則釐定之金額。該款項須於向股東分派溢 利前轉撥至該公積。根據有關規例,該公積 可以用於彌補任何已產生之虧損或增加中國 附屬公司之註冊資本。
- (v) 匯兑儲備包括所有因換算香港境外附屬公司 之財務報表而產生之外幣匯兑差額。該儲備 根據附註2.3(c)所載之會計政策處理。
- (vi) 其他儲備包括與附屬公司非控股權益持有人 之交易之已付代價與分佔相關附屬公司淨資 產賬面值之差額(附註2.2(a))。
- (vii) 遞延儲備包括透過特別為僱傭補償設立的信 託收購本公司股份之成本。該儲備根據附註 2.13(c)所載之會計政策處理。

# CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 綜合現金流量報表

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

			2022	2021
		Notes 附註	二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cools flours from an existing paticities		113 #1	17870	17878
Cash flows from operating activities  Net cash generated from operations	經營所得之現金淨額	30(a)	297,719	950,008
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得税	30(a)	(163)	(5,576)
Tax paid outside Hong Kong	已付香港境外税項		(230,600)	(254,800)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得現金淨額		66,956	689,632
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量			·
Interest received	已收利息		20,172	20,565
Payment for purchase of property,	購買物業、廠房及設備的			
plant and equipment	付款		(21,588)	(47,801)
Payment for purchase of intangible assets	購買無形資產的付款		(2,448)	(4,701)
Proceeds from disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及			, , ,
plant and equipment	設備所得款項		301	7,146
Deposits pledged	已抵押存款		(583,300)	_
Deemed acquisition of Associated company to	聯營公司轉變為附屬公司,			
subsidiary, net of cash acquired	扣除所收購之現金		10,368	_
Purchase of financial assets	購買金融資產		(546,384)	(208,291)
Disposals of financial assets	出售金融資產		42,094	206,609
Dividends received from associates	已收聯營公司股息		23,497	16,391
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之現金淨額		(1,057,288)	(10,082)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Capital element of lease rentals paid	已付租賃租金資本部分	30(b)	(131,152)	(90,584)
Payment for the repurchase of shares	購回股份付款		(22,241)	_
Proceeds from exercise of share options	行使購股權所得款項		-	1,603
Proceeds from new bank loans	新增銀行貸款所得款項	30(b)	23,176,179	13,890,134
Repayment of borrowings	償還借貸 ************************************	30(b)	(21,028,510)	(14,373,890)
(Net Pledging of assets for)/proceeds from	其他金融負債(已抵押	" >		<b>.</b>
other financial liabilities	資產淨額)/所得款項	30(b)	252,347	(53,125)
Payment for deferred shares	遞延股份付款 57.50.60 鼠屬		(26,886)	(22,758)
Vesting of deferred shares	遞延股份歸屬 已付利息	00(b)	5,594	26,660
Interest paid Dividend paid	已付股息	30(b)	(258,490) (392,896)	(146,521) (320,138)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			(392,690)	(320, 130)
Net cash generated from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用) 之現金淨額		1 572 045	(1,000,610)
financing activities			1,573,945	(1,088,619)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and	現金及現金等價物			
cash equivalents	增加/(減少)淨額		583,613	(409,069)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日之現金及		0.047.400	0.550.400
Effect of foreign evolungs rate changes	現金等價物 外幣匯率變動之影響		3,247,498	3,559,192
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes			(585,481)	97,375
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日之	4.6	0.0:	0.017.105
	現金及現金等價物	13	3,245,630	3,247,498

As at 31 December 2022, the cash and bank balances consist of HK\$583,300,000 deposits for the issuance of the standby letters of credit.

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,現金及銀行結餘包括用於開具備用信用證的583,300,000港元存款。

The notes on pages 112 to 215 form part of these financial statements.

第112至215頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 1. General Information

VSTECS Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the development of information technology ("IT") product channel and provision of technical solution integration services. The three major business segments are enterprise systems which provides enterprise system tools for IT infrastructure and IT infrastructure design and implementation, training, maintenance and support services; Consumer electronics which provides finished IT products; and cloud computing which provides cloud computing solutions and services.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands. Its principal place of business is at Unit 3312, 33rd Floor, China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre, 200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong.

The Company's shares are listed on The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2023.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

# 1. 一般資料

偉仕佳杰控股有限公司(「本公司」)及 其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之主要業 務為開發資訊科技產品渠道及提供務 術解決方案整和服務。三項主要業技 術解決方案整和服務。三項主要業 企業系統(提供用於資訊科技基礎務 之企業系統工具及資訊科技基礎務) 設計及執行、培訓、維修及支援服務 計費電子(提供資訊科技產品整機) 及雲計算(提供雲計算解決方案和服 務)。

本公司為在開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司。其主要營業地點位於香港干諾 道中200號信德中心招商局大廈33樓 3312室。

本公司股份於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上市。

除非另有説明·否則本綜合財務報表以 千港元為單位呈列。本綜合財務報表已 於二零二三年三月二十三日獲董事會 批准刊發。

# 2. 主要會計政策概要

編製本財務報表所用之主要會計政策載列如下。香港會計師公會已頒佈若干團當前會計期間首次生效或可供提過試納。概無變動對本集團於本期間或呈別所式有重大影響。本集團並無應用尚未於本會計期間生效之任何新訂準則或設理。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 comprise the Group and the Group's interests in associates and a joint venture.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis except certain financial assets and liabilities are carried at their fair values as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.1 編製基準

本財務報表乃根據所有適用香港 財務報告準則(此統稱包括香港 會計師公會頒佈之所有個別適用 之香港財務報告準則、香港會計 準則及詮釋)、香港公認會計原則 及香港公司條例之披露規定編製。 本財務報表亦符合聯交所證券上 市規則之適用披露規定。

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表包括本集 **国及本集團於聯營公司及一間合** 營企業之權益。

誠如下文載列之會計政策所闡述, 財務報表乃根據歷史成本法編製, 惟若干金融資產及負債乃按公平 值列賬。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財 務報表要求管理層作出會影響政 策應用及資產、負債、收入與開支 報告數額之判斷、估計及假設。估 計及有關假設乃根據過往經驗及 多項相信在有關情況下屬合理之 其他因素作出,其結果成為對無 法在其他來源即時可得之資產與 負債賬面值作出判斷之基礎。實 際結果可能有別於該等估計。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have effect on the financial statements and sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 4.

#### 2.2 Consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.1 編製基準(續)

估計及相關假設會持續檢討。在 對會計估計進行修訂時,若修訂 只影響修訂估計之期間,則修訂 會在該期間內確認;若修訂影響 到當期及未來期間,則修訂會在 修訂及未來期間確認。

管理層於應用香港財務報告準則 之過程中作出而對財務報表具影 響力之判斷及估計不確定性之來 源於附註4論述。

# 2.2 綜合賬目

同之方式對銷,惟僅於無減

值證據下方會作出。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at their proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of noncontrolling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with notes 2.14, 2.15 and 2.18 depending on the nature of the liability.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

附屬公司及非控股權益 (續)

> 非控股權益指於一間附屬公 司中並非本公司直接或間接 應 佔 之 權 益,而 本 集 團 未 有 就此與該等權益之持有人達 成任何附加條款,以便本集 團整體上對該等權益產生 符合金融負債定義之合約 義務。就每一項業務合併而 言,本集團可選擇按公平值 或按非控股權益所佔附屬公 司可識別資產淨值之比例計 量任何非控股權益。

> 非控股權益於綜合財務狀況 表中的權益內呈列,獨立於 本公司權益持有人應佔權 益。本集團業績中的非控股 權益於綜合損益表及綜合其 他全面收入表中列為年內損 益總額及全面收入總額在非 控股權益與本公司權益持有 人之間的分配。來自非控股 權益持有人之貸款及對該等 持有人承擔之其他合約義務 乃視乎負債性質根據附註 2.14、2.15及2.18於綜合財 務狀況表呈列為金融負債。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2.9) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or a joint venture (see note 2.2(b)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2.7), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 附屬公司及非控股權益 (續)

> 在本集團於附屬公司的權 益中不會導致失去控交易的 據此,對綜合權益項額 及非控股權益金 額整,以反映相對權益之任 動,惟不會對商譽作出何 國整,亦不會確認任何盈 虧。

> 於本公司之財務狀況表內, 於附屬公司的投資按成本 減去減值虧損列賬(見附註 2.7),除非投資被分類為持 作出售(或計入歸類為持作 出售之出售組別內)則作別 論。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(b) Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or the Company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or the Company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement, and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see note 2.7). At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any objective that the investment is impaired. Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

(b) 聯營公司及合營企業 聯營公司為本集團或本公司 可對其管理(包括參與財務 及經營政策決定)擁有重大 影響力而非控制權或共同控 制權之實體。

合營企業為一項安排,據此,本集團或本公司與其他各方以合約形式同意分享此項安排之控制權,並有權擁有此項安排之淨資產。

於聯營公司或合營企業的投 資乃根據權益法於綜合財務 報表入賬,除非投資被歸類 為持作出售(或計入歸類為 持作出售之出售組別內)則 作別論。根據權益法,有關 投資初步按成本記賬,並就 本集團所分佔被投資方可識 別淨資產於收購日期之公平 值超出該投資成本的任何數 額(如有)作出調整。其後, 該項投資就收購後本集團所 分佔被投資方淨資產之變 動及任何有關該項投資之 減值虧損作出調整(見附註 2.7)。於各報告日期,本集 團評估是否有跡象顯示該項 投資出現減值。年內任何於 收購日期超出成本的數額、 本集團所分佔被投資方之收 購後及除税後業績以及任何 減值虧損乃於綜合損益表內 確認,而本集團所分佔被投 資方其他全面收入之收購後 及除税後項目則於綜合其他 全面收入表確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

(b) Associates and joint ventures (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associate and joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

> 倘於聯營公司的投資成為 於合營企業的投資,則不會 重新計量保留權益,反之亦 然。相反,有關投資將繼續 按權益法入賬。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

of a financial asset (see note 2.9).

(continued)

#### 2.2 Consolidation (continued)

Associates and joint ventures (continued) In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition

# 2.3 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.2 綜合賬目(續)

聯營公司及合營企業(續) 在所有其他情況下,當本集 團不再對一間聯營公司擁有 重大影響力或不再擁有一間 合營企業之共同控制權時, 其將入賬列為出售於該被投 資方的全部權益,所得盈虧 於損益賬內確認。於失去重 大影響力或共同控制權當日 在該前被投資方中保留的 任何權益乃按公平值確認, 而該金額被視為初步確認金 融資產時之公平值(見附註 2.9) 。

#### 2.3 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈報貨幣 本集團旗下各實體的財務報 表所列之項目,均以該實體 經營所在主要經濟環境之 貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。 本財務報表乃以港元(「港 元」)呈列,港元為本公司之 功能及呈報貨幣。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the entity initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.3 外幣換算(續)

#### (b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易當日之通行 匯率換算為功能貨幣。此等 交易結算以及按年結日之匯 率換算以外幣計值之貨幣資 產及負債所產生之匯兑盈 虧,均於損益賬內確認。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(C) Group companies

> The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to other comprehensive income. When a foreign operation is sold, exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.3 外幣換算(續)

集團公司

集團旗下所有實體(概無持 有嚴重誦脹經濟體之貨幣) 如功能貨幣與呈報貨幣有 別,則其業績及財務狀況按 以下方法換算為呈報貨幣:

- 資產及負債按報告日 之收市匯率換算;
- (ii) 收入及開支按平均匯 率換算,除非此平均匯 率未能合理地反映交 易日之通行匯率的概 約累計影響,在此情況 下於各交易日換算此 等收入及開支;及
- (iii) 所有所得匯兑差額確 認為權益中之獨立部 分。

在綜合賬目時,換算於海外 業務的淨投資及換算被指定 為此等投資之對沖的其他貨 幣工具所產生之匯兑差額, 均列入其他全面收入。於出 售海外業務時,列入其他全 面收入之匯兑差額將重新分 類至損益賬內作為出售所得 盈虧之一部分。

收購海外實體所產生之商譽 及公平值調整作為該海外實 體 之 資 產 及 負 債 處 理,並 按 收購完成時之匯率換算。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.4 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets arising from leases of underlying property, plant and equipment, is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the costs of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual values, if any, on a straight line basis over the shorter of the unexpired period of lease and the anticipated remaining useful lives of the assets. The annual rates of depreciation which have been adopted are summarised as follows:

Buildings held for own use carried at cost 按成本列值的持作自用樓宇 Right-of-use assets arising from leases of properties, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備租賃所產生的使用權資產 Furniture and fixtures 傢具及裝置 Office equipment 辦公室設備 Computers 電腦 Motor vehicles 汽車

Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each end of the reporting period.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.4 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包含相關物業、廠房及設備租賃所產生的使用權資產)按成本扣除累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。成本包括收購項目直接應佔之開支。

僅當與項目有關之未來經濟收益可能會流入本集團,且能可靠如 計量該項目之成本時,方會將其 後之成本計入資產之賬面金額 確認為一項獨立資產(如適用)。 所有其他維修及保養費用,均於 產生之財政期間在損益賬內支銷。

物業、廠房及設備項目之折舊乃於扣除該等項目之估計剩餘價值(如有)後,按資產之未屆滿租期及預計剩餘可使用年期(以較短者為準)以直線法計算,以撇銷其成本。所採納之折舊年率概述如下:

2% - 5% Unexpired term of lease 未到期租賃年限

> 20% 20%

20%

20%

20% or lease period whichever is shorter 20%或租期(以較短者為準)

資產之剩餘價值及可使用年期 於各報告期末檢討及調整(如適 用)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.4 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if its carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (see note 2.7).

Gains or losses on retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amounts. These are included in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

Assets under construction represent property, plant and equipment under construction and pending installation and are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any (see note 2.7). Cost includes the costs of construction of buildings, the costs of plant and machinery and interest charges arising from borrowings used to finance these assets during the period of construction or installation and testing. No provision for depreciation is made on assets under construction until such time as the relevant assets are available for their intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to items of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.4 物業、廠房及設備(續)

倘資產之賬面金額高於估計可收回金額,則資產之賬面金額即時 撇減至可收回金額(見附註2.7)。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目之盈虧透過比較所得款項與賬面金額釐定,並於報廢或出售日期列入損益賬內。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.5 Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 2.7). Expenditure on internally generated goodwill and brands is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Amortisation of intangible assets with finite useful lives is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. The following intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised from the date they are available for use and their estimated useful lives are as follows:

Software 10%

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and in accordance with the policy for amortisation of intangible assets with finite lives as set out above.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.5 無形資產

本集團購買之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷(預計有限可用年期)及減值虧損列賬(見附註2.7)。內部產生商譽及品牌支出於產生期間確認為開支。

具有限可用年期之無形資產攤銷 以直線法在資產預計可用年期自 損益中扣除。以下具有限可用年 期之無形資產自其可供使用當日 起攤銷,其估計可用年期如下:

軟件 10%

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# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.6 Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2.7).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the gain or loss on disposal.

# 2.7 Credit losses and impairment of assets

Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") (see notes 2.8 (i) and (ii)) on the following items:

financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, term deposits, trade receivables and other receivables);

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.6 商譽

商譽指以下兩者之間的差額:

- 所轉讓代價的公平值、被收 購方任何非控股權益的金額 及本集團此前於被收購方所 持股本權益的公平值之總 和;超過
- 被收購方於收購日期所計量 可識別資產及負債的淨公平 值。

當(ii)大於(i)時,此差額立即於損 益賬中確認為議價收購收益。

商譽按成本扣除累計減值虧損列 賬。業務合併所產生之商譽分配 至預期可從合併的協同效應中受 惠之各個或各組現金產生單位, 並每年作減值測試(見附註2.7)。

於年內出售現金產生單位時,已 購入商譽應佔之任何金額乃於計 算出售盈虧時納入其中。

#### 2.7 信貸虧損及資產減值

金融工具、合約資產及租 賃應收款項產生的信貸虧

> 本集團就以下各項之預期信 貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」) (見附註2.8(i)及(ii))確認虧 損撥備:

> 按攤銷成本計量之金 融資產(包括現金及現 金等價物、定期存款、 貿易應收款項及其他 應收款項);

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.7 Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables *(continued)* 
  - contract assets as defined in HKFRS 15 (see note 2.8); and
  - lease receivables.

Other financial assets measured at fair value, including listed and unlisted securities, structural deposits, and derivative financial assets, are not subject to the ECL assessment.

(ii) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates, a joint venture and other non-financial assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the investments in subsidiaries, associates and a joint venture and other non-financial assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 信貸虧損及資產減值

- (i) 金融工具、合約資產及租 賃應收款項產生的信貸虧 損*(續)* 
  - 一 香港財務報告準則第 15號界定之合約資產 (見附註2.8);及
  - 租賃應收款項。

其他按公平值計量之金融資產(包括上市及非上市證券、結構性存款及衍生金融資產)毋須進行預期信貸虧損評估。

(ii) 對附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營企業的投資及其他非 金融資產減值

> 本集團會在各報告期末審閱 內部及外界資料來源,以識 別對附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營企業的投資以及其他非 金融資產是否出現減值跡象 或,除商譽外,過往確認的 減值虧損是否已不再存在 或可能減少。倘出現上述跡 象,便會估計該資產的可收 回金額。此外,不論是否出 現減值跡象,本集團均會每 年估計商譽的可回收金額。 可收回金額指資產之公平值 扣除出售成本與使用價值兩 者中之較高者。在評估使用 價值時,估計未來現金流量 按可以反映當時市場對貨幣 時間值及資產特定風險的評 估之税前貼現率,貼現至現 值。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.7 Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates, a joint venture and other non-financial assets *(continued)* 

For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash generating unit"). The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to those cash generating units or groups of cash generating units that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 信貸虧損及資產減值

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# 2.7 Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

(ii) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries, associates, a joint venture and other non-financial assets *(continued)* 

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial period. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year.

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in the subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.7 信貸虧損及資產減值

ii) 對附屬公司、聯營公司及 合營企業的投資及其他非 金融資產減值(續) 根據聯交通照香港會計 本集團須遵照香港報告, 本集團類財務報告, 製財政期間前 財務報告。於中期則 財務報告。於中期則 財務報告。於明期於同 時,本集團應用者相與之減 值測試、確認及撥回準則。

於中期期間就商譽確認之減值虧損不會於其後期間關內。即使減值僅於與中期期間有關之財政年度結束時方作評估,並且概無確認虧損作評估,並且概無確認虧損將會較輕微,上述情況仍會發生。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.8 Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset.

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses.

#### (i) Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.8 貿易及其他應收款項

當本集團擁有無條件權利收取代價,則確認應收款項。倘在該代價的付款到期前僅須待時間過去,則收取代價之權利成為無條件。倘收益於本集團擁有無條件權利收取代價前已獲確認,金額將以合約資產呈列。

應收款項以實際利息法按攤銷成 本扣除信貸虧損撥備列賬。

(i) 預期信貸虧損之計量 預期信貸虧損是信貸虧損之 概率加權估計。信貸虧損以 所有預期現金不足額(即本 集團根據合約應收之現金流 量與本集團預期收取之現金 流量之間的差額)之現值計

> 於估計預期信貸虧損時考慮 之最長期間為本集團承受信 貸風險之最長合約期間。

> 在計量預期信貸虧損時,本 集團考慮合理及有理據而無 需付出不必要成本或資源獲 得之資料。此包括有關過去 事件、當前狀況和未來經濟 狀況預測的資料。

> 預期信貸虧損基於下列其中 一個基準計量:

- 12個月之預期信貸虧 損:預計因在報告日期 後12個月內可能發生 之違約事件而導致之 虧損:及

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.8 Trade and other receivables (continued)

- (i) Measurement of expected credit losses ("ECLs") (continued)
  - lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.8 貿易及其他應收款項

- (i) 預期信貸虧損(「預期信 貸虧損」)之計量(續)
  - 整個存續期之預期信 貸虧損:預計因該等採 用預期信貸虧損計 之項目在整個預計 續期內所有可能發生 之違約事件而導致之 虧損。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.8 Trade and other receivables (continued)

(ii) Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the debtor is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.8 貿易及其他應收款項

(ii) 信貸風險顯著增加

在評估金融工具之信貸風險 是否自初步確認後顯著增加 時,本集團將於報告日期評 估之金融工具違約風險與於 初步確認時評估之違約風險 作比較。在進行該項重新評 估時,當(i)債務人不大可能 向本集團支付全數信貸責 任,而不考慮本集團之追索 行動(如將抵押品(如有持 有)變現);或(ii)該金融資 產已逾期,本集團認為違約 事件發生。本集團會考慮合 理及有理據之定量和定性資 料,包括過往經驗及無需付 出不必要成本或資源獲得之 前瞻性資料。

尤其在評估信貸風險是否自 初步確認後顯著增加時,會 考慮以下資料:

- 未能在合約到期日支 付本金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部 信貸評級(如有)實際 或預期顯著惡化:
- 債務人經營業績實際 或預期顯著惡化;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法 律環境現有或預期變 動對債務人向本集團 履行其責任之能力構 成重大不利影響。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.8 Trade and other receivables (continued)

(ii) Significant increases in credit risk (continued)
Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

#### (iii) Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with note 2.21(iii) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is creditimpaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.8 貿易及其他應收款項

(ii) 信貸風險顯著增加(續) 根據金融工具之性質,信貸 風險顯著增加之評估按個別 項目或集體基準進行。當部 估以集體基準進行時,金融 工具會按照共同信貸風險特 徵(例如過期狀態及信貸風 險評級)歸類。

(iii) 利息收入之計算基準 根據附註2.21(iii)確認的利 息收入按金融資產之賬面總 額計算,除非金融資產出現 信貸減值,在此情況下,利 息收入按金融資產之攤銷成 本(即賬面總額減虧損撥備) 計算。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融資產是否出現信貸減值。當一項或多項對金融資產估計未來現金流量有負面影響之事件發生時,金融資產會被視為出現信貸減值。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.8 Trade and other receivables (continued)

- Basis of calculation of interest income (continued) Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:
  - significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
  - a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event:
  - it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
  - significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
  - the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

#### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要*(續)*

# 2.8 貿易及其他應收款項 (續)

- (iii) 利息收入之計算基準(續) 金融資產出現信貸減值之證 據包括以下可觀察事件:
  - 債務人面對重大財務 凩難;
  - 違反合約,例如違約或 逾期事件;
  - 借款人將可能破產或 進行其他財務重組;
  - 技術、市場、經濟或法 律環境重大變動對債 務人構成不利影響;或
  - 證券之活躍市場因發 行人之財務困難而消 失。

#### (iv) 撇銷政策

如無實際可回收前景,金融 資產的賬面總額(部分或全 部)會被撇銷。在一般情況 下,撇銷金額是本集團認為 債務人沒有資產或收入來源 可產生足夠現金流量償還之 余額。

隨後收回先前已撇銷之資產 於收回期間在損益賬確認為 減值撥回。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.8 Trade and other receivables (continued)

#### (v) Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted under relevant accounting standards, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Group's trading activity.

# 2.9 Investments in debt and equity securities and other financial assets

Investments in debt and equity securities and other financial assets are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the assets or they expire. These assets are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments, see note 3.3. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification:

(i) Investments and other financial assets other than equity investments

Non-equity investments and other financial assets held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

 amortised cost, if the assets are held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the assets is calculated using the effective interest method (see note 2.21(iii)).

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.8 貿易及其他應收款項

(v) 抵銷

# 2.9 債務及權益證券投資以及其他金融資產

(i) 權益投資外之投資及其他 金融資產

> 本集團所持有的非權益投資 及其他金融資產會分類為下 列計量類別之一:

> - 攤銷成本(倘該等資產 乃就收回僅代表本金 及利息的合約現金流 量而持有)。資產所得 利息收入乃採用實際 利息法計算所得(見附 註2.21(iii))。

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# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.9 Investments in debt and equity securities and other financial assets (continued)

- Investments and other financial assets other than equity investments (continued)
  - fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") - recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the assets comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the assets are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the assets are derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.

FVPL if the assets do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the assets (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.9 債務及權益證券投資以 及其他金融資產(續)

- 權益投資外之投資及其他 金融資產(續)
  - 按公平值列入其他全 面收入(「按公平值列 入其他全面收入」) -循環(倘資產的合約現 金流量僅包括本金及 利息的付款,而該資產 乃按通過收回合約現 金流量及出售達成目 的之業務模式持有)。 公平值變動會於其他 全面收入內確認,惟預 期信貸虧損、利息收入 (採用實際利息法計 算)以及外匯收益及虧 損的損益確認除外。終 止確認資產時,累計於 其他全面收入中的金 額會從權益循環至損 益賬。
  - 按公平值列入損益賬 (倘資產並不符合按攤 銷成本計量或按公平 值列入其他全面收入 (循環)的標準)。資產 的公平值變動(包括 利息)會於損益賬內確

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.9 Investments in debt and equity securities and other financial assets (continued)

#### (ii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policy set out in note 2.21(iv).

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.9 債務及權益證券投資以及其他金融資產(續)

#### (ii) 權益投資

權益證券投資均會被分類為 按公平值列入損益賬,除非 該權益投資並非持作買賣, 且本集團在初步確認投資時 選擇將投資指定為按公平 值列入其他全面收入(不循 環),以致後續公平值變動 於其他全面收入確認。該項 選擇乃以逐項工具之基礎 上作出,惟只有當投資符合 發行人角度下之股本定義時 方可作出。倘作出此選擇, 則在該項投資被出售前,於 其他全面收入中累計之金 額仍保留在公平值儲備(不 循環)。在出售時,於公平 值儲備(不循環)中累計之 金額會轉入保留盈利,不會 透過損益賬循環。根據附註 2.21(iv)所載政策,來自權益 證券投資之股息,不論是否 分類為按公平值列入損益賬 或按公平值列入其他全面收 入,均於損益賬中確認為其 他收入。

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# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.10 Derivative financial instruments

Derivative financial instruments are recognised at fair value. At the end of each reporting period the fair value is remeasured. The gain or loss on remeasurement to fair value is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Inventories

Inventories comprise IT products for distribution and are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined using the weighted average cost formula. The cost of finished goods comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. It excludes borrowing costs.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any writedown of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.10 衍生金融工具

衍生金融工具按公平值確認。公 平值於各報告期末重新計量。公 平值重新計量之盈虧立即於損益 中確認。

#### 2.11 存貨

存貨包括供分銷之資訊科技產品, 乃按成本及可變現淨值兩者中之 較低者列賬。

成本採用加權平均成本公式釐定。 成品之成本包括所有採購成本以 及將存貨運送至其當前地點及達 致目前狀況所產生之其他成本。 成本不包括借貸成本。

可變現淨值乃於日常業務過程中 之估計售價,扣除適用之可變銷 售開支。

存貨一經售出,其賬面金額在確 認相關收益之期間內確認為開支。 存貨撇減至可變現淨值之金額及 所有存貨虧損在撇減或虧損發生 期間確認為開支。任何存貨撇減 之任何撥回金額於撥回發生期間 確認為已獲確認為開支的存貨金 額減少。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 2.8.

# 2.13 Share capital

#### (a) Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### (b) Repurchase of shares

When share capital recognised as equity is repurchased, the amount of the consideration paid, which includes directly attributable costs is recognised as a deduction from equity. Repurchased shares are presented as a deduction from total equity.

#### (c) Deferred reserve

Deferred reserve represented the cost of acquisition of the Company's shares through a trust setup specifically for purpose of employment compensation. The reserve is credited with the amount of fair value of shares on granting to awardees, and the relevant employment costs net of any proceeds from the awarded shares are debited to the profit or loss. The difference between the fair value of the awarded shares and their costs of acquisition is transferred to retained earnings.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.12 現金及現金等價物

#### 2.13股本

#### (a) 普通股

普通股乃歸類為權益。發行 新股份或購股權直接應佔之 增量成本在除稅後於權益中 列為所得款項之扣減額。

#### (b) 購回股份

於購回確認為權益之股本時,所支付之代價金額(包括直接應佔成本)確認為權益之扣減額。購回之股份列為總權益之扣減額。

#### (c) 遞延儲備

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# Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# 2.14 Trade and other payables and contract liabilities

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities, trade and other payables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

A Financial guarantee is contract that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payment to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. Financial guarantees issued are initially recognized within "trade and other payables" at fair value, which is determined by reference to fees charged in arm's length transaction for similar services. Subsequent to initial recognition, the amount initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued. The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and recognises a provision when ECLs (see notes 2.8 (i) and (ii)) on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the amount carried in "trade and other payables" in respect of the guarantees.

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays nonrefundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2.21). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2.8).

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.14貿易及其他應付款項以 及合約負債

貿易及其他應付款項首次按公平 值確認。除融資擔保負債外,貿易 及其他應付款項其後乃以實際利 息法按攤銷成本計量,除非貼現 影響不大,則按成本列賬。

融資擔保為要求發行人(即擔保 人)根據債務工具之條款支付特 定款項就擔保受益人(「持有人」) 因特定債務人於到期時未能付款 而蒙受之損失向持有人作出補償 之合約。已發出之融資擔保首次 按公平值於「貿易及其他應付款 項」確認,其公平值乃參照公平交 易下提供類似服務收取之費用而 釐定。初步確認後,最初確認為遞 延收入之金額按擔保年期於損益 賬內攤銷為發出之融資擔保收入。 本集團監察特定債務人之違約風 險,並於融資擔保之預期信貸虧 損(見附註2.8(i)及(ii))確定為高 於擔保之「貿易及其他應付款項」 中的金額時確認撥備。

在本集團確認相關收益前,合約 負債於客戶支付不可退還之代價 時予以確認(見附註2.21)。在本 集團確認相關收益前,倘本集團 擁有無條件權利收取不可退還之 代價時,合約負債亦將予以確認。 在該等情況下,相應的應收款項 亦將予以確認(見附註2.8)。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.15 Interest-bearing borrowings and other financial liabilities

Interest-bearing borrowings and other financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings and other financial liabilities are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and the redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

#### 2.16 Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

# 2.15計息借貸及其他金融負債

計息借貸及其他金融負債首次按公平值減應佔交易成本確認。首次確認後,計息借貸及其他金融負債按攤銷成本列賬,而負債按攤銷成本列賬,而任何應認之金額與贖回值之及別別。 差額連同任何應付利息及於損益時間以實際利息法於損益賬內確認。

#### 2.16 所 得 税

本期税項為按年內應課税收入, 根據於報告期末已制訂或實質上 已制訂之税率計算的預期應付税 項,以及對過往年度應付税項作 出的任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別由可扣 税及應課税暫時差額產生,即就 財務報告而言的資產及負債之賬 面值與其税基之差額。遞延税項 資產也可以由未被使用税項虧損 及未被使用的税款抵免所產生。 For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.16 Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits. that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.16 所得税 (續)

除了若干有限度的特殊情況外, 所有遞延税項負債均予確認,而 所有遞延税項資產則應在預期可 取得足夠應課税溢利扣減之情況 下,予以確認。由可抵扣暫時性差 異所產生遞延税項資產,因有未 來應課稅溢利的支持而使之確認, 包括因轉回目前存在的應課税暫 時性差異而產生的金額;惟該等 轉回的差異必須與同一稅務機關 及同一應課税實體有關,並預期 在可抵扣暫時性差異預計撥回的 同一期間或於遞延税項資產所產 生時税務虧損可向後期或向前期 結轉的期間內撥回。在釐定現有 應課税暫時性差異是否支持確認 未動用税項虧損及抵免所產生的 遞 延 税 項 資 產 時,亦 會 採 用 相 同 準則,即若有關差異與同一税務 機關及同一應課稅實體有關,且 預計在可動用税項虧損或抵免的 期間內撥回,則有關差異會計算 在內。

就應課稅差異而言,本集團控制 撥回的時間且差異於可見未來 可能不會撥回,或就可扣除 一言,確認遞延稅項資產公 有限例外情況為與附屬 資有關的臨時差異,除非 養 異於可見未來可能撥回。

已確認遞延稅項金額乃根據資產及負債賬面值之預期變現或結算方式按報告期末頒佈或實質頒佈之稅率計量。遞延稅項資產及負債不作貼現。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.16 Income tax (continued)

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.16 所得税 (續)

遞延税項資產賬面值於每個報告期末進行檢討,並預計很可能無法獲得足夠的應課税溢利以動用有關稅務利益時作出調減。倘可能存在足夠的應課稅溢利供使用,則任何有關扣減將被撥回。

派付股息產生的額外所得税於確 認派付相關股息責任時確認。

本期税項和遞延税項之結餘及其 變動,均各自分開顯示及不, 的衙行合以下的額外條件,而 可或本集團擁有以本期稅項負債之法律 種人 利,本期稅項資產與本期稅項負 債抵銷,及 稅項負債抵銷:

- 就本期税項資產及負債而言,本公司或本集團計劃按 淨額基準結算,或同時變現 資產及償還負債;或
- 就遞延税項資產及負債而言,倘該資產及負債所產生 之所得稅乃為同一個稅務機關所徵收,而:
  - 一同一個繳稅單位;或

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

### 2.17 Employee benefits

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### (a) Pension obligations

The Group operates defined contribution retirement plans, the assets of which are held in separate trustee-administered funds. The retirement plans are generally funded by payments from employees and by the relevant Group companies. For employees in the PRC, the Group participates in defined contribution retirement plans organised by the relevant local governments in the PRC.

The Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.17 僱員福利

薪金、年度花紅、有薪年假、向界 定供款退休計劃作出之供款及非 貨幣福利成本於僱員提供相關服 務之年度累計。倘延遲付款或結 算且構成重大影響,則此等金額 會以現值列賬。

#### (a) 退休金責任

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

### 2.17 Employee benefits (continued)

#### (b) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the statement of financial position date. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

#### (c) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses taking into account the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

#### (d) Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the trinomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted.

Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.17 僱員福利 (續)

#### (b) 僱員應享假期

僱員享有之年假於應計予僱 員時確認。本集團就僱員結 算日為止提供服務所產生之 估計年假負債計提撥備。僱 員應享病假及產假於休假時 方予確認。

#### (c) 花紅計劃

本集團在計及本公司股東應 佔溢利後確認花紅負債及開 支。本集團按合約規定責任 或於過往慣例產生推定責任 之情況下確認撥備。

#### (d) 股份付款

授予僱員之購股權之公平值 確認為僱員成本,並會相應 增加權益內之資本儲備。公 平值於授出日期在計及授出 購股權之條款及條件後,採 用三項式點陣模型計量。

倘僱員須在無條件享有購股 權前符合歸屬條件,則購股 權之估計總公平值在計及購 股權歸屬之可能性後,於歸 屬期內攤分。

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# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

### 2.17 Employee benefits (continued)

(d) Share-based payments (continued)

During the vesting period, the number of options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On the vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained earnings).

#### (e) Deferred shares

Deferred shares are awarded to employees who meet the vesting condition (see note 2.13(c)).

# 2.18 Provisions, contingent liabilities and onerous contract

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.17 僱員福利 (續)

(d) 股份付款(續)

預期將會歸屬之購股權數目 將於歸屬期內檢討。凡就此 對過往年度已確認之累計公 平值作出任何調整,須於檢 討年度之損益賬內扣除/計 入(合資格確認為資產之原 有僱員開支除外),並會對 資本儲備作出相應調整。於 歸屬日期,已確認為開支之 款額會作出調整,以反映實 際歸屬之購股權數目,並會 對資本儲備作出相應調整, 惟只因未能達成有關本公司 股份市價之歸屬條件而沒收 之情况除外。權益數額在資 本儲備內確認,直至於購股 權獲行使時轉撥至股份溢價 賬或於購股權到期時直接轉 撥至保留盈利為止。

(e) 搋延股份

僱員於達成歸屬條件時獲授 遞延股份(見附註2.13(c))。

### 2.18 撥備、或然負債及虧損性 合約

(i) 撥備及或然負債

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

# 2.18 Provisions, contingent liabilities and onerous contract (continued)

(i) Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (ii) Onerous contracts

An onerous contract exists when the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract. Provisions for onerous contracts are measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the net cost of continuing with the contract.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.18 撥備、或然負債及虧損性 合約(續)

#### (ii) 虧損性合約

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.19 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### (i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 和 賃

#### (i) 作為承租人

倘合約載有租賃部分及非租賃部分,本集團已選擇不單獨劃分非租賃部分,並將各租賃部分及任何相關非租賃部分入賬,列為所有租賃的單一租賃部分。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

### 2.19 Leases (continued)

(i) As a lessee (continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2.7).

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 租賃 (續)

(i) 作為承租人(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.19 Leases (continued)

#### (i) As a lessee (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the Group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of HKFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 租賃 (續)

#### (i) 作為承和人(續)

當指數或利率出現變動,保現是質數或利率的將支付評定之語,合長債重用與實施。與實施,合長債重,以時值權相與關聯,以時值權權整,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權相數,以時值權利,以時值權利,

當租賃範疇發生變化或租 賃合約原先並無規定之租 賃代價發生變化(「租賃修 訂」),且未作為單獨的租 賃入賬時,則亦要對租賃負 債進行重新計量。在此情況 下,租賃負債根據經修訂之 租賃付款及租賃期限,使用 經修訂之貼現率於修訂生效 日重新計量。唯一例外為因 COVID-19疫情而直接產生 之任何租金減免,且其符合 香港財務報告準則第16號 租賃第46B段所載之條件。 在該等情況下,本集團利用 香港財務報告準則第16號 第46A段所載之可行權宜方 法確認代價變動,猶如其並 非租賃修訂。

於綜合財務狀況表內,長期租賃負債的即期部分釐定為須於報告期後十二個月內清償之合約付款現值。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.19 Leases (continued)

#### (ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease. When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the subleases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease.

### 2.20 Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.19 租賃 (續)

#### (ii) 作為出租人

### 2.20 分部報告

經營分部及於財務報表內呈報之各分部項目金額乃自定期提供予本集團最高層行政管理人員,以對本集團各業務及各地區進行資源分配及表現評估之財務資料中識別。

除非分部具備相似之經濟特徵及在產品及服務性質、生產品及服務性質、生產子類型或類別、用於分點管語或提供服務之方法以及監管時代。 這性質,否則各個重大經營計學,否則各個則非重大之經營分算。 他個別非重大之經營分部。 他個別非重大之經營分部。 此大部分標準,則可彙集計算。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.21 Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods or the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of HKFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 such that information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sales of goods that had an original expected duration of one year or less is not included.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.21 收益及其他收入

於本集團日常業務過程中貨品銷售或提供服務時,本集團將收入 分類為收益。

當產品或服務的控制權轉移至客 戶時,按本集團預期有權收取的 承諾代價金額確認收益,不包括 代表第三方收取的款項。收益不 包括增值稅或其他銷售稅,並已 扣除任何貿易折扣。

本集團已應用香港財務報告準則 第15號第121段的可行權宜方法, 故此並無載列本集團在履行原預 期期限為一年或以下的銷售貨品 合約項下的餘下履約責任時將有 權獲取的收益的資料。

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.21 Revenue and other income (continued)

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

#### (i) Sale of goods

Revenue is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

#### (ii) Service fees

Revenue from service maintenance contracts are recognised over the period of the contract.

#### (iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

#### (iv) Dividend income

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

#### (v) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred.

### 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.21 收益及其他收入(續)

有關本集團收益及其他收入確認 政策之進一步詳情如下:

#### (i) 貨品銷售

收益於客戶管有並接納產品 時確認。收益不包括增值稅 或其他銷售稅,並已扣除任 何貿易折扣。

#### (ii) 服務費

服務保養合約收益於合約期內確認。

#### (iii) 利息收入

利息收入採用實際利息法於 應計時確認。

#### (iv) 股息收入

來自非上市投資之股息收入 於收取股息之權利確立時確 認。

來自上市投資之股息收入於 該項投資之股價除息時確 認。

#### (v) 政府補助

政府補助於合理保證將收到補助及本集團將符合補助附帶條件時,初步於財務狀況表確認。補償本集團所產生開支的補助,於產生開支的相同期間按系統基準在損益內確認為收入。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

### 2.22 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the directors (for interim dividends) or approved by the shareholders (for final dividends).

### 2.23 Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

### 2.22 股息分派

向本公司股東分派之股息在董事 (就中期股息而言)或股東(就末 期股息而言)批准股息之期間於 財務報表內確認為負債。

#### 2.23 關連人士

- (a) 在以下情況下,某人士或 其近親家庭成員與本集團 有關連:
  - (i) 該人士可控制或共同 控制本集團;
  - (ii) 該人士對本集團有重 大影響力;或
  - (iii) 該人士為本集團或本 集團母公司之主要管 理人員。
- (b) 在以下任何情況下,某一 實體與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體及本集團均屬 同一集團之成員公司 (即母公司、附屬公司 及同系附屬公司各自 互有關連)。
  - (ii) 該實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業 (或為某集團成員公司 之聯營公司或合營企 業,而該另一實體為此 集團之成員公司)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均屬同一第 三方之合營企業。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(continued)

#### 2.23 Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: *(continued)* 
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

# 2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

#### 2.23 關連人士(續)

- (b) 在以下任何情況下,某一 實體與本集團有關連: (續)
  - (iv) 該實體為某一第三方 實體之合營企業,而另 一實體則為該第三方 實體之聯營公司。
  - (v) 該實體為以本集團或 與本集團有關連之實 體的僱員之利益而設 之離職後福利計劃。
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項中所指 之人士控制或共同控 制。
  - (vii) (a)(i)項中所指之人士 對該實體有重大影響 力,或為該實體(或該 實體之母公司)的主要 管理人員。
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團 之任何成員公司為本 集團或本集團之母公 司提供主要管理人員 服務。

某人士之近親家庭成員為預期可 能在與該實體交易時影響該人士 或受該人士影響之家庭成員。

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### 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

#### 3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

#### (a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates in various countries and the assets and liabilities are mainly denominated in the functional currency of group entity to which relate, including Chinese Renminbi ("RMB"), the Hong Kong Dollar ("HK\$"), the Singapore Dollar ("S\$"), Thai Baht ("THB") and Indonesian Rupiah ("RP").

The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk at the end of reporting period is mainly arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in the United States Dollar ("US\$"), a currency other than the Group's entities' functional currencies, as disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements.

A 5% strengthening/weakening of the US\$ against the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities (except for HK\$ which is pegged to US\$) at 31 December 2022 would have decreased/increased the post-tax profit and retained earnings of the Group by HK\$73,898,000 (2021: HK\$85,932,000). This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. The analysis has been performed on the same basis as for the year ended 31 December 2021.

### 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

#### 3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之業務承受外匯風險、利 率風險、信貸風險及流動性風險 等多項財務風險。本集團的整體 風險管理計劃着重金融市場之不 可預測性,並尋求盡量減輕對本 集團財務表現之潛在不利影響。

#### (a) 外匯風險

本集團在多個國家經營業務,其資產及負債主要以集團實體相關之功能貨幣計值,包括人民幣、港元、新加坡元、泰銖及印尼盾。

本集團於報告期末承受之外 匯風險主要來自以本集團實 體功能貨幣以外之貨幣美元 計值的已確認資產或負債 (詳情於財務報表其他章節 披露)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its bank borrowings, details of which have been disclosed in note 21. Borrowings carried at floating rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

At 31 December 2022, if the interest rates on bank borrowings had been 100 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's post-tax profit and retained earnings for the year would have been HK\$70,748,000 (2021: HK\$52,685,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate bank borrowings.

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (b) 利率風險

利率風險乃金融工具公平值 或未來現金流量因市場利率 改變而出現波動的風險。

本集團承受的利率變動風險 主要歸因於其銀行借貸,有 關詳情已於附註21披露。浮 息借貸使本集團面對現金流 量利率風險。

於二零二二年十二月三十十 日,倘銀行借貸利率, 調/下調100個基點一 則本集團年內除稅少/ 則本集團年內除稅少/ 70,748,000港元(二零十 年:52,685,000港元),利 要由於浮息銀行借貸之利 開支增加/減少。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counter party will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group.

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables, term deposits and cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated statement of financial position represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets. The exposures to these credit risks are closely monitored on an ongoing basis by established credit policies and procedures.

Term deposits and cash and cash equivalents are mainly deposited in various financial institutions, which management believes are of high quality. Management does not expect any loss from non-performance by these counterparties.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade receivables. The Group has put in place policies to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history and the Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers. The Group's historical loss experience in collection of trade receivables falls within the recorded allowances.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience indicates significantly different loss patterns in different geographical locations, the loss allowance based on past due status is further distinguished by geographical locations.

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

#### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

#### (c) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手不履行 合約責任而令本集團招致財 務虧損的風險。

定期存款與現金及現金等價物主要存於多間管理層相信屬質素良好之金融機構。管理層預期不會因有關交易對手不履約而產生任何虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Credit risk (continued)

The following tables provide information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables:

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

下表提供有關本集團就貿易 應收款項所面臨信貸風險及 預期信貸虧損的資料:

2	02	2		
-	_	_	_	

		<b>一令一一</b> 十			
			Gross		
		Expected	carrying	Loss	
		loss rate %	amount	allowance	
		預期虧損比率%	賬面總額	虧損撥備	
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
			千港元	千港元	
North Asia	 北亞				
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	*	8,169,171	_	
1-90 days past due	逾期1至90日	0.09%	1,188,763	1,099	
More than 90 days past due	逾期多於90日	53.01%	1,264,865	670,496	
			10,622,799	671,595	
Southeast Asia	東南亞				
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	0.02%	2,149,993	348	
1-90 days past due	逾期1至90日	0.61%	913,381	5,568	
More than 90 days past due	逾期多於90日	59.91%	154,686	92,670	
			3,218,060	98,586	
Total	總額		13,840,859	770,181	

<sup>\*</sup> expected loss rate is immaterial

預期虧損比率甚小

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Credit risk (continued)

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

信貸風險(續)

2021 二零二一年

			Gross	
		Expected	carrying	Loss
		loss rate %	amount	allowance
		預期虧損比率%	賬面總額	虧損撥備
			HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			千港元	千港元
North Asia	 北亞			
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	*	9,902,638	_
1-90 days past due	逾期1至90日	0.76%	1,270,128	9,687
More than 90 days past due	逾期多於90日	63.28%	1,107,948	701,082
			12,280,714	710,769
Southeast Asia	東南亞			
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	0.03%	2,373,906	595
1-90 days past due	逾期1至90日	0.05%	705,725	375
More than 90 days past due	逾期多於90日	64.80%	145,189	94,093
			3,224,820	95,063
Total	總額		15,505,534	805,832

expected loss rate is immaterial

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損比率甚小

預期虧損比率乃按過往年度 的實際虧損經驗為準。該等 比率乃經調整,以反映收集 歷史數據期間的經濟狀況、 目前狀況以及本集團對應收 款項的預期可用年期期間經 濟狀況之看法的差異。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

#### (c) Credit risk (continued)

Movements of the loss allowance for trade receivables are as follows:

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項虧損撥備之變 動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	805,832	672,273
Amounts written off	已撇銷金額	(60,041)	(13,414)
Provision recognised during the year	於年內確認的撥備	89,579	132,251
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(65,189)	14,722
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	770,181	805,832

#### (d) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding from an adequate amount of credit facilities. The Group's treasury department maintains flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve comprising undrawn facilities and cash and cash equivalents, on the basis of expected cash flows. The table below analyses the contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the reporting date to the contractual maturity date.

#### (d) 流動性風險

審慎之流動性風險管理包括維持充足之現金及可自金額充裕之信貸融資取得資金。本集團財資部透過維持可供動用之信貸額度,維持資金之靈活性。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

Liquidity risk (continued)

# 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.1 財務風險因素(續)

流動性風險(續)

#### Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合約未貼現現金流出

Less than 1 or on Between 1 and Between 2 and Total demand year 2 years 5 years After 5 years 超過五年 總額 一年內或按要求 一至二年 二至五年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 千港元 於二零二二年 At 31 December 2022 十二月三十一日 Borrowings 借貸 8,716,395 7,211,824 1,504,571 Lease liabilities 租賃負債 239,348 114,185 73,508 44,605 7,050 Trade and other payables 貿易及其他應付款項 14,116,329 14,116,329 Other financial liabilities 其他金融負債 3,708,334 3,708,334 於二零二一年 At 31 December 2021 十二月三十一日 Borrowings 借貸 6,468,771 4,878,357 1,590,414 租賃負債 72,018 70,199 28,956 Lease liabilities 280,233 109,060 Trade and other payables 貿易及其他應付款項 16,538,627 16,538,627 Other financial liabilities 其他金融負債 321,173 321,173

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the net debt/total assets ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total assets. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings excluding lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents.

The table below analyses the Group's capital structure as at 31 December 2022:

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本之目的為確保本 集團有能力持續營運,以為股東 提供回報及為其他持份者提供利 益,以及維持最佳資本架構以減 低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團 或會調整派付予股東之股息金額、 向股東發還資本、發行新股份或 售資減債。

本集團按債務淨額/總資產比率 監察資本。該比率按債務淨額除 以總資產計算。債務淨額按總借 貸(不包括租賃負債)減現金及現 金等價物計算。

下表分析本集團於二零二二年 十二月三十一日之資本架構:

		31 December	31 December
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total borrowings (Note 21)	總借貸 <i>(附註21)</i>	8,422,683	6,278,318
Less: Cash and bank balances (Note 13)	減:現金及銀行結餘(附註13)	(3,828,930)	(3,247,498)
Net debt	債務淨額	4,593,753	3,030,820
Total assets	總資產	34,766,606	32,176,432
Net debt/total assets ratio	債務淨額/總資產比率	0.13	0.09

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation

- The following table presents the carrying value of the Group's financial instruments measured at fair value at the statement of financial position date on a recurring basis across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy defined in HKFRS 13 "Fair value measurement". The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:
  - Level 1 valuations: fair values measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities at the measurement date
  - Level 2 valuations: Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data is not available
  - Level 3 valuations: fair values measured using significant unobservable inputs

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

#### 3.3 公平值估計

- - 第一層級估值:僅使用 第一層級輸入數據(即 相同資產及負債於計 量日期在活躍市場之 未經調整報價)計量之 公平值
  - 第二層級估值:第二層級輸入數據(即不符輸級之可觀察輸入數據)且並未使用重大不可觀察輸入數據大不可觀察輸入數據為無法獲得市場數據之輸入數據
  - 第三層級估值:使用重 大不可觀察輸入數據 計量之公平值

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(i) Financial instruments measured at fair value (continued)

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.3 公平值估計(續)

(i) 以公平值計量之金融工具 (續)

		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
		第一層級	第二層級	第三層級	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年				
	十二月三十一日				
Assets	資產				
Listed and unlisted securities	上市及非上市證券	178,500	-	627,222	805,722
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	-	227,986	-	227,986
Liabilities	負債				
Derivative financial liabilities	衍生金融負債	-	(37,878)	-	(37,878)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年				
	十二月三十一日				
Assets	資產				
Listed and unlisted securities	上市及非上市證券	223,411	_	606,724	830,135
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	_	31,996	_	31,996
Derivative financial assets	衍生金融資產	-	7,384	-	7,384

During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between the levels of fair value hierarchy.

(ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of forward contracts in Level 2 is determined by discounting the contractual forward price and deducting the current spot rate. The discount rate used is derived from the relevant government yield curve as at the end of the reporting period plus an adequate constant credit spread.

於截至二零二二年及二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年 度期間,公平值層級之間並 無進行任何轉移。

(ii) 第二層級公平值計量採用 之估值技術及輸入數據 第二層級遠期合約之公平值 透過貼現合約遠期價格並減 去當前現貨價格釐定。所使 用之貼現率按報告期末之有 關政府收益率曲線,另加足 夠固定信貸息差得出。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

#### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements (continued)

The fair value of other financial assets is the estimated amount that the Group would realise, taking into account the interest rates and credit worthiness of the counterparties.

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (iii)

> Approximate 66% (2021: 65%) of the Group's unlisted securities are related to healthcare sector. The rest are related to various sectors including telecommunication and e-commerce, etc. No dividend were received on those investments during the year (2021: nil).

> The fair value of these unlisted securities are determined using adjusted net asset value. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the underlying assets' values. As at 31 December 2022, it is estimated that with other variables held constant an increase/ (decrease) in 5% of underlying assets' values would have increased/(decreased) the Group's post-tax profit and retained earnings by HK\$31,361,000 (2021: HK\$30,336,000).

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

#### 3.3 公平值估計(續)

第二層級公平值計量採用 之估值技術及輸入數據 (續)

> 其他金融資產之公平值為 本集團可變現之估計金額, 並經計及對手方之利率及信 用。

有關第三層級公平值計量 之資料

> 本集團非上市證券約66% (二零二一年:65%)與醫 療保健業相關。其餘與包括 電訊和電子商務等不同行業 相關。於年內並無就此等投 資獲得股息(二零二一年: 零)。

> 該等非上市證券的公平值 採用經調整資產淨值釐定。 公平值計量與相關資產價 值有正面關聯。於二零二二 年十二月三十一日,倘其他 變量維持不變,估計相關資 產價值增加/(減少)5% 將使致本集團除稅後溢利 及保留盈利增加/(減少) 31,361,000港元(二零二一 年:30,336,000港元)。

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 3. Financial Risk Management and Fair Values

(continued)

### 3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(iii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements *(continued)* 

The movements during the year in the balance of these Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

# 3. 財務風險管理及公平值

(續)

### 3.3 公平值估計(續)

(iii) 有關第三層級公平值計量 之資料(續)

> 年內,第三層級公平值計量 結餘變動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted securities:	非上市證券:		
At 1 January	於一月一日	606,724	398,010
Additions	添置	5,731	149,752
Realisations	變現	(33,345)	(11,635)
Net gain recognised in profit or loss	年內於損益確認之淨收益		
during the year		51,304	66,073
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(3,192)	4,524
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	627,222	606,724

Net gains arising from the remeasurement of the Group's unlisted securities are presented in the "Other gains, net" line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(iv) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities carried at cost or amortised cost were not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2022 and 2021.

重新計量本集團非上市證券 產生之淨收益於綜合損益表 「其他收入淨額」項目呈列。

(iv) 以非公平值列賬之金融資 產及負債之公平值

> 按成本或攤銷成本列賬的本 集團金融資產及負債的賬 面值,與二零二二年及二零 二一年十二月三十一日的公 平值並無重大差異。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Financial Risk Management and Fair Values (continued)

### 3.4 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

To manage its working capital, the Group pledged certain of its term deposits and structured deposits (collectively "Pledged Assets") to banks for issuance of letter of credits and bank acceptance bills (collectively "Secured Obligations"). The respective Pledged Assets and Secured Obligations have the same maturity date with maturity period not more than 1 year, and some of which meet the criteria for offsetting under the prevailing accounting standards such that they are offset in the consolidated statement of financial position. The table below analyses the Pledged Assets and Secured Obligations as at 31 December 2022:

#### At 31 December 2022

Secured Obligations

#### Gross amount Amount offset Net amount 總額 抵銷金額 淨額 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 Pledged Assets 已抵押資產 16,800,998 13,448,495 3,352,503 Secured Obligations 有抵押債務 17.118.951 13,448,495 (3,670,456)At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 Net amount Gross amount Amount offset 淨額 總額 抵銷金額 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 千港元 已抵押資產 Pledged Assets 13,456,792 13,202,313 254,479

(13.523,486)

The Group included the net amount of Pledged Assets in "other financial assets" and net amount of Secured Obligations in "other financial liabilities" in the consolidated statement of financial position.

有抵押債務

# 財務風險管理及公平值 (續)

### 3.4 抵銷金融資產與金融負 債

為管理其營運資金,本集團將其 若干定期存款及結構性存款(統 稱「已抵押資產」)抵押予銀行, 以獲發信用證及銀行承兑票據(統 稱「有抵押債務」)。相關已抵押 資產及有抵押債務具有相同的到 期日,到期期限不超過1年,其中 部份符合現行會計準則之抵銷標 準,遂於綜合財務狀況表內予以 抵銷。下表對二零二二年十二月 三十一日的已抵押資產及有抵押 債務作出分析:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日

本集團將已抵押資產之淨額計入 綜合財務狀況表「其他金融資產」 內,同理,將有抵押債務之淨額計 入「其他金融負債」內。

(321,173)

(13.202.313)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 4. Accounting Estimates and Judgements

# (a) Estimated write-down of inventories to net realisable value

The Group writes down inventories to net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Write-down of inventories is recorded to the extent where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised.

The identification of write-down requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and write-down of inventories in the period in which such estimate are changed.

#### (b) Estimated loss allowance of trade receivables

The Group measures loss allowance of trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss of trade receivables.

The measurement of loss allowance of trade receivables requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of trade receivables and the expected credit loss in the period in which such estimates are changed.

# 4. 會計估計及判斷

### (a) 估計存貨 撇減至可變現 淨值

本集團根據存貨可變現性之評估 撇減存貨至可變現淨值。倘出現 顯示有關結餘可能未能變現之事 件或情況變動,則會以此為限將 存貨撇減記賬。

識別撇減須運用判斷及估計。倘 預期有別於原有估計,則有關差 額將影響該估計出現變動期間之 存貨賬面值及存貨撇減。

### (b) 估計貿易應收款項虧損 撥備

本集團按照金額相等於貿易應收 款項整個存續期預期信貸虧損計 算貿易應收款項的虧損撥備。

計量貿易應收款項的虧損撥備須運用判斷及估計。倘預期有別於原有估計,則有關差額將影響該估計出現變動期間之貿易應收款項賬面值及預期信貸虧損。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. Property, Plant and Equipment

# 5. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold properties and improvements 租賃物業	Buildings held for own use carried at cost 按成本列值的	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipment	Computers	Motor vehicles	Assets under construction	Right of use Asset	Total
		及裝修	持作自用樓宇	傢具及裝置	辦公室設備	電腦	汽車	在建資產	使用權資產	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元 	千港元	千港元 	千港元 —————	千港元 	千港元	千港元 	千港元 	千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日									
Cost	成本	50,706	437,657	44,209	16,368	44,363	13,386	4,173	347,577	958,439
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(44,844)	(71,164)	(13,207)	(12,226)	(23,870)	(9,016)	-	(101,970)	(276,297)
Net book amount	賬面淨額	5,862	366,493	31,002	4,142	20,493	4,370	4,173	245,607	682,142
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度									
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨額	5,862	366,493	31,002	4,142	20,493	4,370	4,173	245,607	682,142
Additions	添置	3,410	19,489	9,872	3,333	10,127	1,170	400	84,086	131,887
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	476	-	232	-	(708)	-	-
Disposals and derecognition	出售及終止確認	(3,341)	-	(104)	(23)	(348)	(261)	(3,069)	(4,678)	(11,824)
Depreciation	折舊	(737)	(14,519)	(9,915)	(2,067)	(8,563)	(2,015)	-	(90,608)	(128,424)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	309	4,961	(615)	25	(468)	165	(79)	2,318	6,616
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨額	5,503	376,424	30,716	5,410	21,473	3,429	717	236,725	680,397
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日									
Cost	成本	11,442	463,154	53,099	18,776	50,576	14,339	717	396,977	1,009,080
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(5,939)	(86,730)	(22,383)	(13,366)	(29,103)	(10,910)	-	(160,252)	(328,683)
Net book amount	賬面淨額	5,503	376,424	30,716	5,410	21,473	3,429	717	236,725	680,397
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度									
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨額	5,503	376,424	30,716	5,410	21,473	3,429	717	236,725	680,397
Additions	添置	2,465	309,841	2,630	3,764	17,869	409	3,289	119,730	459,997
Transfer	轉撥	-	-	3,777	-	114	-	(3,891)	-	-
Disposals and derecognition	出售及終止確認	-	-	(22)	-	(341)	(54)	-	(68,677)	(69,094)
Depreciation	折舊	(2,874)	(17,587)	(9,909)		(10,565)	(1,492)		(93,124)	(138,110)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額 ————————————————————————————————————	(249)	4,604	(1,685)	(329)	(1,125)	(296)	(51)	(16,536)	(15,667)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨額	4,845	673,282	25,507	6,286	27,425	1,996	64	178,118	917,523
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日									
Cost	成本	13,789	773,077	55,499	21,029	62,005	12,189	64	322,195	1,259,847
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(8,944)	(99,795)	(29,992)	(14,743)	(34,580)	(10,193)	-	(144,077)	(342,324)
Net book amount	賬面淨額	4,845	673,282	25,507	6,286	27,425	1,996	64	178,118	917,523

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

# The analysis of the net book value of leased assets by class of underlying asset is as follows. All of the leased assets are carried at depreciated cost.

# 5. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

按相關資產類別分類的租賃資產的賬 面淨值分析如下。所有租賃資產均按折 舊成本列賬。

			31 December	31 December
			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Buildings held for own use	持作自用的樓宇	(i)	673,282	376,424
Leasehold properties for own use	持作自用的租賃物業	(ii)	177,822	236,295
Plant, machinery and equipment	物業、機器及設備	(iii)	296	430
			851,400	613,149

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

與於損益中確認的租賃有關的費用項目分析如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Depreciation charge of buildings held for own use	持作自用的樓宇的折舊費用	17,587	14,519
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets:	使用權資產的折舊費用:		
Leasehold properties for own use	持作自用的租賃物業	93,014	90,492
Plant, machinery and equipment	物業、機器及設備	110	116
		110,711	105,127
Interest on lease liabilities (note 25)	租賃負債利息(附註25)	2,772	3,030

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 5. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2022, additions to right-of-use assets were HK\$119,730,000 (2021: HK\$84,086,000). This amount primarily related to the capitalised lease payments payable under renewal or new tenancy agreements.

Details of the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in note 20. Cash outflow for leases during the year ended 31 December 2022 are related to lease rentals paid which are within financing cash flows as set out in note 30(b).

### (i) Buildings held for own use

The Group leases several buildings for a period of 30 to 50 years. None of the leases include variable lease payments.

### (ii) Leasehold properties for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its premises and warehouses through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of one to three years. Some leases include an option to renew when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

#### (iii) Other leases

The Group leases office equipment under leases expiring from one to twelve years. Some leases include an option to renew the lease when all terms are renegotiated. None of the leases includes variable lease payments.

#### (iv) Sub-leases as a lessor

The Group sub-leased certain leasehold properties for 2-4 years during the year ended 31 December 2022 and classified these sub-leases as finance leases as these sub-leases are for the whole of the remaining term of the head-leases. The undiscounted annual lease payments ranges from HK\$91,000 to HK\$47,466,000 (2021: HK\$530,000 to HK\$34,953,000) each year during the sub-lease period. The total discounted lease receivables amounted to HK\$92,160,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$68,832,000).

# 5. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,使用權資產增加119,730,000港元(二零二一年:84,086,000港元)。該金額主要與根據續租或新租賃協議應付的資本化租賃付款有關。

租賃負債的到期日分析詳情載列於附註20。截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度,租賃的現金流出額與計入融資現金流量的已付租賃租金有關,乃載列於附註30(b)。

### (i) 持作自用的樓宇

本集團租賃若干樓宇,租賃期為 30至50年。概無租賃包括可變租 賃付款。

### (ii) 持作自用的租賃物業

本集團已透過租賃協議獲得使用 其他物業如其物業及貨倉的權利。 租賃期一般初步為期一年至三年。 部分租賃包括在重新協商所有條 款後續簽租賃的選擇權。概無租 賃包括可變租賃付款。

#### (iii) 其他租賃

本集團根據租賃租賃辦公室設備, 年期為一至十二年。部分租約包 括在重新協商所有條款後續簽租 賃的選擇權。概無租賃包括可變 租賃付款。

### (iv) 分租(作為出租人)

本集團於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度內分租若日租 賃物業二至四年,並將該等於類為融資租賃,此乃由於整內租乃為主租賃剩餘年期間。未貼現年度租賃付款元(四零二一年530,000港元(四零二一年十二月三十二日,已貼現應收租賃款項總等160,000港元(四零二一年68,832,000港元)。

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 6. Intangible assets

# 6. 無形資產

		Goodwill	Software	Total
		商譽	軟件	總計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年			
	一月一日			
Net book amount	賬面淨額	332,343	27,043	359,386
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至二零二一年			
	十二月三十一日			
	止年度			
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨額	332,343	27,043	359,386
Addition	添置	_	4,701	4,701
Amortisation	攤銷	_	(3,740)	(3,740)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(3,139)	861	(2,278)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨額	329,204	28,865	358,069
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年			
	十二月三十一日			
Net book amount	賬面淨額	329,204	28,865	358,069
Year ended 31 December 2022	截至二零二二年			
	十二月三十一日			
	止年度			
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨額	329,204	28,865	358,069
Addition	添置	_	2,448	2,448
Amortisation	攤銷	_	(4,112)	(4,112)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	1,748	(2,116)	(368)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨額	330,952	25,086	356,038
As at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年			
	十二月三十一日			
Net book amount	賬面淨額	330,952	25,085	356,037

The amortisation charge of software for the year is included in administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

年內軟件攤銷費用計入於綜合損益表 之行政開支內。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Intangible assets (continued)

The recoverable amount of each group of cash generating units ("CGUs") to which goodwill is allocated is determined based on valuein-use calculations. Cash flow projections for the purpose of the impairment review are based on budgets prepared on the basis of assumptions reflective of the prevailing market conditions. Similar key assumptions are used for value-in-use calculation for each group of CGUs which include:

- Cash flows are projected based on actual operating results and (a) the five-year business plan.
- (b) The anticipated annual revenue growth rates included in the cash flow projections is 0% (2021: 0%).
- Pre-tax discount rate as at 31 December 2022 of 8.8% (2021: (c) 10.1%) was applied in determining the recoverable amounts of the CGUs. The discount rate used reflect the risk-free rate and the premium for specific risks relating to the business units to which the CGUs relate.

The values assigned to the key assumptions represent management's assessment of future trends in the IT industry and are based on both external sources and internal sources and both past performance (historical data) and its expectations for market development.

Group management believes that any reasonably possible changes in the above key assumptions applied are not likely to cause the recoverable amount to be materially lower than the carrying amount of goodwill.

### 6. 無形資產(續)

獲分配商譽之各組現金產生單位(「現 金產生單位 | ) 之可收回金額按使用價 值計算法釐定。為減值檢討進行之現金 流量預測乃根據按反映當時市況之假 設編製之預算進行。各組現金產生單位 計算使用價值所用之類似主要假設包 括:

- 現金流量根據實際經營業績及五 (a) 年業務計劃預測。
- (b) 包括於現金流量預測之預測收 益年增長率0%(二零二一年: 0%)。
- (c) 於二零二二年十二月三十一日之 除税前貼現率為8.8%(二零二一 年:10.1%),已用於釐定現金產 生單位之可收回金額。所用貼現 率反映有關無風險利率及現金產 牛單位相關業務單位之特定風險 溢價。

指定於主要假設使用之價值為管理層 對資訊科技業未來趨勢之評估,乃根據 內外部來源、過往表現(歷史數據)及 其對市場發展之預期得出。

本集團管理層相信,所應用之上述主要 假設中任何合理可能發生之變動,不大 可能導致可收回金額大幅低於商譽賬 面金額。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# Investments in Subsidiaries

#### Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment (Note)	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percent interes Directly	•
名稱	註冊成立/ 成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/註冊資本詳情	所持權盆 直接	括百分比 間接
VST Group Limited	British Virgin Islands	Investment holding in the British Virgin Islands	4 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	100%	-
VST Group Limited	英屬處女群島	於英屬處女群島從事投資控股	4股每股面值1美元之普通股	100%	
Shenzhen VST Grand Electronic Co., Ltd.	PRC	Distribution of IT products in the PRC	RMB100,000,000	100%	-
深圳偉仕宏業電子有限公司	中國	於中國分銷資訊科技產品	人民幣100,000,000元	100%	-
VSTECS (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Distribution of IT products in Hong Kong	2 ordinary shares	-	100%
偉仕佳杰(香港)有限公司	香港	於香港分銷資訊科技產品	2股普通股	-	100%
			62,000,000 non-voting deferred shares 62,000,000股無投票權遞延股份		
Chong Qing VST Grand Technology  Development Co., Ltd	PRC	Distribution of IT products in the PRC	US\$20,000,000	-	100%
重慶偉仕宏翔科技發展有限公司	中國	於中國分銷資訊科技產品	20,000,000美元	-	100%
西藏偉仕佳杰科技有限公司	PRC	Project investment in the PRC	RMB30,000,000	_	100%
西藏偉仕佳杰科技有限公司	中國	於中國從事項目投資	人民幣30,000,000元	-	100%
ECS Technology (China) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding, provider of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in Hong Kong	11,500,000 ordinary shares	-	100%
佳杰科技(中國)有限公司	香港	於香港從事投資控股以及資訊科 技產品及資訊科技基礎設施服 務供應商	11,500,000股普通股	-	100%
ECS Technology (HK) Co., Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in Hong Kong	10 ordinary shares	_	100%
香港佳杰科技有限公司	香港	於香港提供資訊科技產品及資訊科技基礎設施服務	10股普通股	-	100%

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are as follows: *(continued)* 

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percentage of interest held Directly Indirectly	
名稱	(Note) 註冊成立/ 成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/註冊資本詳情	所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
ECS Computers (HK) Limited	Hong Kong	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in Hong Kong	1 ordinary share	_	100%
佳杰電腦(香港)有限公司	香港	於香港提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	1股普通股	-	100%
VSTECS (Chongqing) Technology Co, Ltd	PRC	Electronic settlement business centre and provider of IT products and services of IT infrastructure in PRC	US\$130,000,000	-	100%
偉仕佳杰(重慶)科技有限公司	中國	中國電子結算商務中心及資訊科 技產品及資訊科技基礎設施服 務供應商	130,000,000美元	-	100%
ECS Technology Company Limited	PRC	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	HK\$10,000,000	-	100%
廣州市佳杰旭電科技有限公司	中國	於中國提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	10,000,000港元	-	100%
VSTECS (Shanghai) Technology Co., Ltd	PRC	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	RMB174,380,000	-	100%
上海偉仕佳杰科技有限公司	中國	於中國提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	人民幣174,380,000元	-	100%
ECS China Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd	PRC	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	RMB124,151,500	-	100%
佳杰科技(上海)有限公司	中國	於中國提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	人民幣124,151,500元	-	100%
ECS Technology (Guangzhou) Company Limited	PRC	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	RMB82,786,600	-	100%
廣州佳杰科技有限公司	中國	於中國提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	人民幣82,786,600元	-	100%

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# 7. Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

# Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are as follows: *(continued)*

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment	Principal activities and place of operations	Particulars of issued share capital/registered capital	Percenta interest Directly	•
名稱	(Note) 註冊成立/ 成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/註冊資本詳情	所持權益 直接	百分比 間接
ECS Chongqing Chuangying Technology Co., Ltd	PRC	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in the PRC	RMB300,000,000	-	100%
重慶佳杰創盈科技有限公司	中國	於中國提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	人民幣300,000,000元	-	100%
VES Supply Chains (Chong Qing) Management Co., Ltd	PRC	Provision of supply chains management and warehouse transport services in PRC	RMB30,000,000	_	100%
重慶偉仕通供應鏈管理有限公司	中國	於中國提供供應鏈管理、倉儲運輸等服務	人民幣30,000,000元	-	100%
深圳市基泰智能設備有限公司	PRC	Project holding in the PRC	RMB3,000,000	-	100%
深圳市基泰智能設備有限公司	中國	於中國從事項目持有	人民幣3,000,000元	_	100%
VSTECS Holdings (Singapore) Limited  VSTECS Holdings (Singapore) Limited	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding and distribution of IT products, provision of IT services and enterprise systems in Singapore 於新加坡從事投資控股、分銷資訊科技產品、提供資訊科技服務及企業系統	446,036,800 ordinary shares 446,036,800股普通股	100%	-
VSTECS (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	Singapore	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in Singapore	13,600,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	-	100%
VSTECS (Singapore) Pte. Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡提供資訊科技產品及資訊科技基礎設施服務	13,600,000股每股面值1新加坡元之 普通股	-	100%
Pacific City (Asia Pacific) Pte Ltd	Singapore	Retail of IT products, IT equipment and accessories in Singapore	150,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	-	100%
Pacific City (Asia Pacific) Pte Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡從事資訊科技產品、資 訊科技設備及配件零售	150,000股每股面值1新加坡元之普 通股	-	100%
Exeed Pte Ltd	Singapore	Distribution of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in Singapore	5,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each	-	100%
Exeed Pte Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡分銷資訊科技產品及從 事資訊科技基礎設施服務	5,000,000股每股面值1新加坡元之 普通股	-	100%

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# Investments in Subsidiaries (continued)

#### Particulars of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2022 are as follows: (continued)

# 7. 於附屬公司之投資(續)

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之主要 附屬公司之詳情如下:(續)

	Place of incorporation/ Principal activities and		Particulars of issued	Percentage of interest held	
Name	establishment (Note)	place of operations	share capital/registered capital	Directly	Indirectly
	註冊成立/			所持權益	益百分比
名稱	成立地點 (附註)	主要業務及經營地點	已發行股本/註冊資本詳情	直接	間接
VSTECS (Indo) Pte. Ltd	Singapore	Distribution of IT products in Singapore	2,000,000 ordinary shares of S\$1 each and 24,785 ordinary shares of US\$1.8156 each	-	100%
VSTECS (Indo) Pte. Ltd	新加坡	於新加坡分銷資訊科技產品	2,000,000股每股面值1新加坡元之 普通股及24,785股每股面值1.8156 美元之普通股	-	100%
ECS Infocom (Phils) Pte. Ltd ECS Infocom (Phils) Pte. Ltd	Singapore 新加坡	Investment holding in Singapore 於新加坡從事投資控股	2 ordinary shares of S\$1 each 2股每股面值1新加坡元之普通股	-	100% 100%
PT ECS Indo Jaya	Indonesia	Distribution of IT products in Indonesia	100,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each and 5,000,000 ordinary	-	100%
PT ECS Indo Jaya	印尼	於印尼分銷資訊科技產品	shares of Rp13,000 each 100,000股每股面值1美元之普通股 及5,000,000股每股面值13,000印 尼盾之普通股	-	100%
VST ECS (Thailand) Co., Ltd	Thailand	Provision of IT products and services for IT infrastructure in Thailand	21,500,000 shares of 10 Baht each	-	100%
VST ECS (Thailand) Co., Ltd	泰國	於泰國提供資訊科技產品及資訊 科技基礎設施服務	21,500,000股每股面值10泰銖之 股份	-	100%
VSTECS (Myanmar) Co., Ltd	Myanmar	Provision of marketing research and IT services in Myanmar	300,000 shares of US\$1 each	-	100%
VSTECS (Myanmar) Co., Ltd	緬甸	於緬甸提供市場推廣研究及資訊 科技服務	300,000股每股面值1美元之股份	-	100%
VSTECS (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	Cambodia	Import and export of IT products in Cambodia	KHR20,000,000	-	100%
VSTECS (Cambodia) Co., Ltd.	柬埔寨	於柬埔寨從事資訊科技產品進出口	20,000,000柬埔寨瑞爾	-	100%
北京佳杰雲星數據科技有限公司	China	Provision of cloud services in the PRC	RMB3,000,000	-	100%
北京佳杰雲星數據科技有限公司	中國	於中國提供雲服務	人民幣3,000,000元	-	100%

Note:

附註:

All subsidiaries are limited liability companies except for those established in the PRC, which are wholly-owned foreign enterprises.

除於中國成立之附屬公司為外商獨資企業外, 所有附屬公司均為有限責任公司。

財務報表附註(續)

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# Interests in Associates

# 8. 於聯營公司的權益

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unlisted	非上市		
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	321,954	648,077
Loan to an associate	授予聯營公司的貸款	3,515	3,508
		325,469	651,585
Listed outside Hong Kong	於香港以外地區上市		_
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	350,954	337,275
		676,423	988,860
Market value of listed shares	上市股份市值	318,394	356,954

The loan to an associate is denominated in US\$ and is unsecured, interest-free and not expected to be recovered within one year.

授予聯營公司的貸款以美元計值,並為 無抵押、免息及預期不會於一年內收 0

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## 8. Interests in Associates (continued)

# 8. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Details of the associates as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之聯營 公司詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Country of incorporation/ establishment 註冊成立/成立國家	Principal activities 主要業務	Particulars of issued shares 已發行股份詳情	Equity interest hele 本集團所持	
				2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
VSTECS Phils. Inc.	Philippines	Distribution of IT products	3,097,055 ordinary shares of Peso 100 each	49.99%	49.99%
VSTECS Phils. Inc.	菲律賓	分銷資訊科技產品	3,097,055股每股面值 100披索之普通股	49.99%	49.99%
VSTECS Berhad	Malaysia	Provision of information technology and services for IT infrastructure in Malaysia	357,001,400 ordinary shares of RM0.5 each	43.18%	43.12%
VSTECS Berhad	馬來西亞	為馬來西亞資訊科技基建 提供資訊科技及服務	357,001,400股每股面值 0.5令吉之普通股	43.18%	43.12%
vServePlus Co., Ltd.	Thailand	IT services	196,000 shares of 100 Baht each	49%	49%
vServePlus Co., Ltd.	泰國	資訊科技服務	196,000股每股面值 100泰銖之股份	49%	49%
APAL Holdings Limited	Cayman Islands	Aviation leasing	1,056,000,000 ordinary shares of US\$0.1 each	28.41%	28.41%
APAL控股有限公司	開曼群島	飛機租賃	1,056,000,000股每股面值 0.1美元之普通股	28.41%	28.41%
VSTAM Technology Development Limited	PRC	Investment management services in the PRC	RMB500,000,000	-	45%
清控偉仕科技發展有限公司	中國	於中國從事投資管理服務	人民幣500,000,000元	-	45%

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## 8. Interests in Associates (continued)

None of the associates were considered individually material to the Group. The aggregate carrying amount of associates in the consolidated financial statements is disclosed above. Aggregate financial information (the Group's share) of these associates is as follows:

## 8. 於聯營公司的權益(續)

概無聯營公司個別而言被視為對本集 團屬重大。該等綜合財務報表中所載聯 營公司之總賬面金額於上文披露。本集 團分佔該等聯營公司之總計財務資料 如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit from continuing operations	持續經營溢利	14,633	58,903
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(42,425)	(7,060)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	(27,792)	51,843

### 9. Interest in a Joint Venture

## 9. 於合營企業的權益

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Share of net assets	分佔淨資產	7,873	11,333

Details of the joint venture as at 31 December 2022 are as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日之合營 企業詳情如下:

Name 名稱	Country of establishment 成立國家	Principal activities 主要業務	Particulars of registered and paid-in capital 註冊及實繳資本詳情	Equity interest hel 本集團所持	
				2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Bozhou Botong Information Technology Co., Ltd	PRC	Research and development, production and sale of smartphones and compute peripheral product	RMB155,000,000	38.03%	38.03%
亳州市博通信息科技 有限公司	中國	研發、生產及銷售智能 手機與電腦周邊產品	人民幣155,000,000元	38.03%	38.03%

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## 9. Interest in a Joint Venture (continued)

# Bozhou Botong Information Technology Co., Ltd is the only joint venture in which the Group participates and it is not considered material to the Group. Financial information (the Group's share) of this joint venture is as follows:

## 9. 於合營企業的權益(續)

亳州市博通信息科技有限公司為本集 團參與業務之唯一一間合營企業,並不 被視為對本集團屬重大。本集團分佔該 合營企業之財務資料如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Loss from continuing operations	持續經營虧損	(2,628)	(18,458)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	(832)	540
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額	(3,460)	(17,918)

### 10. Trade and Other Receivables

## 10. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Trade receivables, net	貿易應收款項淨額	13,070,678	14,699,702
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款項	1,260,367	1,528,965
Deferred expenses	遞延開支	8,229	2,112
		14,339,274	16,230,779
Less: Non-current deferred expenses	減: 非流動遞延開支	(991)	(52)
		14,338,283	16,230,727

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## 10. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

#### The Group grants credit periods to third party customers ranging from 7 to 150 days, which may be extended for selected customers depending on their trade volume and settlement history with the Group. The ageing analysis of net trade receivables by invoice date is as follows:

## 10. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

本集團授予第三方客戶之信貸期介乎7 至150日,而選定客戶之信貸期可視乎 彼等與本集團之交易量及付款紀錄延 長。貿易應收款項淨額按發票日期劃分 之賬齡分析如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
0 – 30 days	0至30日	6,453,966	7,517,028
31 - 60 days	31至60日	2,864,349	3,287,422
61 - 90 days	61至90日	1,313,735	1,356,124
Over 90 days	超過90日	2,438,628	2,539,128
		13,070,678	14,699,702

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables were denominated in the following currencies:

貿易及其他應收款項賬面值以下列貨 幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$		14,297	8,493
RMB	人民幣	10,451,034	11,772,853
US\$	美元	501,666	972,102
S\$	新加坡元	666,064	754,495
THB	泰銖	1,618,695	1,656,392
RP	印尼盾	1,086,527	1,066,392
		14,338,283	16,230,727

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## 10. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

Except for the lease receivables of HK\$47,466,000 (2021: HK\$34,998,000) included in other receivables and prepayments which is expected to be recovered more than one year, the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

#### 11. Other financial assets

## 10. 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

除計入其他應收款項及預付款項內的預期超過一年收回之應收租賃款項47,466,000港元(二零二一年:34,998,000港元)外,貿易及其他應收款項預期不會於一年內收回或確認為開支。

2022

2021

### 11. 其他金融資產

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Current	流動			
Financial assets measured at FVPL	按公平值列入損益賬			
	計量之金融資產			
- Unlisted investments	一非上市投資		729,276	677,958
- Listed equity securities	-上市股本證券		76,446	152,177
- Other financial assets	-其他金融資產		227,986	31,996
- Derivative financial assets	-衍生金融資產		_	7,384
			1,033,708	869,515
Financial assets measured at	按攤銷成本計量之			
amortised cost	金融資產			
- Pledged assets	-抵押資產	(ii)	3,352,503	254,479
- Unlisted debt securities	一非上市債務證券	(i)	16,000	16,000
			3,368,503	270,479
			4,402,211	1,139,994
	-			

財務報表附註(續)

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## 11. Other financial assets (continued)

#### Notes:

- (i) The debt securities bear interest at 8% per annum and will mature in 2023.
- (ii) The balance mainly represented the letter of credit of HK\$2,904,100,000 (2021: Nil) pledged for issuance of export loans and terms deposits of HK\$448,403,000 (2021: HK\$254,479,000) pledged for issuance of bank acceptance bills (note 3.4).

The carrying amounts of other financial assets were denominated in the following currencies:

## 11. 其他金融資產(續)

#### 附註:

- (i) 債務證券按年利率8%計息,並將於二零二三年到期。
- (ii) 餘額主要為信用證2,904,100,000港元 (二零二一年:零)乃作為發行出口貸 款之抵押·而定期存款448,403,000港 元(二零二一年:254,479,000港元)乃 作為發行銀行承兑票據(附註3.4)。

其他金融資產之賬面值乃以以下貨幣計值:

		<b>2022</b> 一	2021
		二零二二年 HK\$'000	二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	131,312	127,071
RMB	人民幣	3,656,647	463,588
US\$	美元	614,252	549,335
		4,402,211	1,139,994

### 12. Inventories

## 12. 存貨

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Inventories on hand held for re-sale	持有供轉售手頭存貨	9,227,130	8,074,110
Inventories-in-transit	轉運中存貨	845,155	1,262,727
		10,072,285	9,336,837

The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense is shown in note 24.

確認為開支之存貨金額之分析載於附註24。

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### 13. Cash and Bank Balances

### 13. 現金及銀行結餘

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		—专一一年 HK\$'000 千港元	_ ~ · · · HK\$'000 千港元
Cash at bank and in hand Deposits with banks	銀行及手頭現金 銀行存款	3,178,295 650,635	3,088,051 159,447
Cash and bank balances in the consolidat statement of financial position  Less: Restricted bank balances (Note)	ed 綜合財務狀況表內之 現金及銀行結餘 減:受限制銀行結餘(附註)	3,828,930 (583,300)	3,247,498
Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement	綜合現金流量報表內之 現金及現金等價物	3,245,630	3,247,498

Note: Restricted bank balances are deposits placed in banks to secure issuance of letter of credits.

The carrying amounts of cash and bank balances were denominated in the following currencies:

附註: 受限制銀行結餘為存放於銀行以擔 保發出信用證之存款。

現金及銀行結餘賬面值以下列貨幣計 值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	85,543	107,066
RMB (Note)	人民幣 <i>(附註)</i>	3,236,434	2,253,657
US\$	美元	203,858	481,185
S\$	新加坡元	176,943	155,205
THB	泰銖	15,538	40,659
RP	印尼盾	110,614	209,726
		3,828,930	3,247,498

#### Note:

The Group's bank balances and deposits denominated in RMB are deposited with banks in the PRC. The conversion of these RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to prevailing rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the government of the PRC.

#### 附註:

本集團以人民幣計值之銀行結餘及存款乃存 放於中國之銀行。兑換該等以人民幣計值之 結餘為外幣及將資金匯出中國須遵守中國政 府所頒佈之現行外匯管制規則及規例。

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# 14. Share Capital

# 14. 股本

20222021二零二二年二零二一年HK\$'000HK\$'000千港元千港元

Authorised: 法定:

2,000,000,000 (2021: 2,000,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$0.1 each

2,000,000,000股(二零二一年: 2,000,000,000股)每股面值

0.1港元之普通股 200,000 200,000

Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid:

已發行及繳足普通股:

		2022		2021	
		二零二二年		二零二一年	
		Number of		Number of	
		issued ordinary		issued ordinary	
		shares of		shares of	
		HK\$0.1 each	Par value	HK\$0.1 each	Par value
		每股面值0.1港元之		每股面值0.1港元之	
		已發行普通股數目	面值	已發行普通股數目	面值
			HK\$'000		HK\$'000
			千港元		千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,455,171,998	145,517	1,454,451,998	145,445
Share options exercised (Note (a))	獲行使之購股權 ( <i>附註(a</i> ))	-	-	720,000	72
Repurchase of own shares (Note (b))	購回本身股份( <i>附註(b))</i>	(4,254,000)	(425)	-	
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,450,917,998	145,092	1,455,171,998	145,517

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## 14. Share Capital (continued)

Notes:

#### (a) Shares issued under share option scheme

During the year ended 31 December 2021, options were exercised to subscribe for 720,000 ordinary shares in the Company at a consideration of HK\$1,603,000 of which HK\$72,000 was credited to share capital and HK\$2,275,000 (including HK\$744,000 transferred from the capital reserve to the share premium account in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2.17(d)) were credited to the share premium account.

### 14. 股本(續)

附註:

#### (a) 根據購股權計劃發行股份

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度, 購股權獲行使以按代價1,603,000 港元認購本公司720,000股普通股,其 中72,000港元計入股本,而2,275,000 港元則計入股份溢價賬,當中包括 744,000港元已按照附註2.17(d)所載之 會計政策從資本儲備轉撥至股份溢價

		Number of			Debited to	
Month of Shares issued		ordinary shares		Credited to	Share	Capital
under share option scheme		issued	Consideration	share capital	premium	reserve
根據購股權計劃發行股份之月份		發行之普通股數目	代價	計入股本	計入股份溢價	扣除資本儲備
			HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
			港元	港元	港元	港元
January 2021	二零二一年一月	720,000	1,603,000	72,000	2,275,000	744,000

#### (b) Repurchase of own shares

During the year ended 31 December 2022, the Company repurchased its own shares on the Stock Exchange as follows:

#### (b) 購回本身股份

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度,本公司於聯交所購回其本身股 份如下:

Month of repurchase 購回之月份		Number of ordinary shares repurchased 購回之普通股數目	Highest price paid per share 已付每股最高價格 HK\$ 港元	Lowest price paid per share 已付每股最低價格 HK\$ 港元	Aggregate purchase price paid 已付總購買價格 HK\$ 港元
April 2022	二零二二年四月	18,000	7.10	6.98	127,000
May 2022	二零二二年五月	284,000	6.34	6.16	1,760,000
June 2022	二零二二年六月	682,000	6.31	5.83	4,163,000
July 2022	二零二二年七月	450,000	6.13	5.98	2,723,000
August 2022	二零二二年八月	218,000	4.99	4.93	1,080,000
September 2022	二零二二年九月	2,602,000	5.04	4.20	12,388,000
		4,254,000			22,241,000

The repurchased shares during the year ended 31 December 2022 were cancelled and accordingly the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value of these shares.

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止 年度之已購回股份已撤銷,因此本公 司之已發行股本已扣除該等股份之面 值。

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### 14. Share Capital (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(c) Deferred shares

The Company acquired, through trusts setup specifically for purpose of employment compensation, a total of 5,714,000 ordinary shares of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2022 (2021: 4,308,000) from the open market for a total cash consideration of approximately HK\$34,965,000 (2021: HK\$29,991,000). These shares would be used primarily for providing employment/executive compensation of the Group. The costs of acquisition of shares were recognised in the "Deferred reserve" in the consolidated statement of changes in equity.

During the year ended 31 December 2022, 1,805,000 (2021: 8,565,000) deferred shares with a total value of approximately HK\$5,594,000 (2021: HK\$26,660,000) were vested and transferred to all eligible employees.

(d) Each option entitles the holder to subscribe for one ordinary share of the Company. Further details of these options are set out in note 15 to the financial statements.

#### 14. 股本(續)

附註:(續)

(c) 遞延股份

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,本公司透過特別為僱傭補償 而設之信託於公開市場上購入合共 5,714,000股(二零二一年:4,308,000 股)本公司普通股,現金代價總額約 為34,965,000港元(二零二一年: 29,991,000港元)。該等股份將主要用 於提供本集團之僱傭/行政補償。收 購股份之成本於綜合權益變動報表「遞 延儲備」內確認。

於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度,總值約5,594,000港元(二零 二一年:26,660,000港元)之1,805,000 股(二零二一年:8,565,000股)遞延股 份,已歸屬並轉讓予所有合資格僱員。

(d) 每份購股權賦予持有人權利認購本公司一股普通股。該等購股權之進一步 詳情載於財務報表附註15。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 15. Equity-Settled Share-Based Payments

#### Share option scheme of the Company (a)

The share option scheme of the Company adopted on 17 April 2002 has expired. The Company adopted a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") on 23 June 2015 whereby the Directors of the Company are authorised, at their discretion, to invite employees (including both full time and part time employees, and Executive Directors), Non-executive Directors, suppliers, customers and other corporations or individuals that provide support to the Group (as defined in the new share option scheme) to take up options to subscribe for shares in the Company. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the new share option scheme may not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company. The subscription price is determined by the Company's Board of Directors and will not be less than the higher of (i) the nominal value of the Company's ordinary shares: (ii) the closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of offer; and (iii) the average closing price of the Company's ordinary shares as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer. The vesting period of the options from the date of grant is determined by the Directors and the options are then exercisable within a period of ten years including the vesting period, if any. Each share option gives the holders the right to subscribe for one ordinary share in the Company.

## 15. 以股份支付之權益結算款 項

#### (a) 本公司購股權計劃

本公司於二零零二年四月十七日 採納之購股權計劃已經屆滿。本 公司於二零一五年六月二十三日 採納一項新購股權計劃(「新計 劃」),據此,本公司董事獲授權 酌情邀請僱員(包括全職及兼職 僱員以及執行董事)、非執行董 事、供應商、客戶及向本集團提供 支援之其他公司或個別人士(定 義見新購股權計劃)接納購股權, 以認購本公司之股份。根據新購 股權計劃可授出之購股權所涉及 之最高股份數目不得超逾本公司 已發行股本之10%。認購價由本 公司董事會釐定,並將不少於下 列之較高者:(i)本公司普通股之 面值;(ii)於要約日期聯交所發出 之每日報價表所列本公司普通股 之收市價;及(iii)於緊接要約日期 前五個營業日聯交所發出之每日 報價表所列本公司普通股之平均 收市價。由授出日期起計之購股 權歸屬期由董事釐定,購股權可 於其後十年期間內行使(包括歸 屬期(如有))。每份購股權賦予 持有人權利認購本公司一股普通 股。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 15. Equity-Settled Share-Based Payments (continued)

#### (a) Share option scheme of the Company (continued)

No share options were granted under the New Scheme during the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

(i) The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows, whereby all options are settled by physical delivery of shares for the year ended 31 December 2021:

# 15. 以股份支付之權益結算款項(續)

#### (a) 本公司購股權計劃(續)

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無根 據新計劃授出購股權。

(i) 以下為授出之條款及條件, 據此,於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,所 有購股權均以實物交付股份 結算:

		Outstanding		Outstanding	Exercisable				
		as at		as at	as at			Contractual	Remaining
		1 January	Exercised during	31 December	31 December	Exercise	Vesting	term of	contractual
		2021	the year	2021	2021	price (HK\$)	conditions	options	life
		於二零二一年		於二零二一年	於二零二一年				
		一月一日		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日			購股權	剩餘
		尚未行使	於年內行使	尚未行使	可予行使	行使價	歸屬條件	合約年期	合約年期
Date of grant	授出日期					(港元)			
17 February 2011	二零一一年	720,000	(720,000)	-	-	2.227	2 years from	10 years	0.14 years
	二月十七日						date of grant		
							自授出日期起 計2年	10年	0.14年
		720,000	(720,000)	-	-				

The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for share options exercised during 2021 was HK\$7.29.

二零二一年內獲行使之購股權於行使日期之加權平均股價為7.29港元。

## 16. Reserves of the Company

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the current and prior years are set out below:

## 16. 本公司儲備

本集團綜合權益各組成部分之年初及 年末結餘之對賬載於綜合權益變動報 表。本公司個別權益組成部分當前及過 往年度之年初及年末變動之詳情載列 如下:

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# 16. Reserves of the Company (continued)

# 16. 本公司儲備(續)

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	Capital redemption reserve 資本贖回儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	Deferred reserve 遞延儲備 HK\$'000 千港元 (Note) (附註)	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$*000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日之結餘	882,593	8,707	1,543	(103,856)	(554,241)	234,746
Profit and total comprehensive	年內溢利及全面收入總額					005 700	005 700
income for the year	已付股息	_	_	_	_	365,729	365,729
Dividend paid Deferred share purchased	己門权忠 已購買遞延股份	_	_	_	(22,758)	(320,138)	(320,138) (22,758)
Vesting of deferred shares	近	_	_	_	26,660	_	26,660
Share options exercised	已獲行使購股權	2,275	_	(744)	20,000	_	1,531
Balance as at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日						
	之結餘	884,868	8,707	799	(99,954)	(508,650)	285,770
Balance at 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日之結餘	884,868	8,707	799	(99,954)	(508,650)	285,770
Profit and total comprehensive	年內溢利及全面收入總額						
income for the year		-	-	-	-	445,960	445,960
Dividend paid	已付股息	-	-	-	-	(392,896)	(392,896)
Deferred share purchased	已購買遞延股份	-	-	-	(26,886)	-	(26,886)
Vesting of deferred shares	遞延股份歸屬	-	-	-	5,594	-	5,594
Repurchases of own shares	購回本身股份						
- Premium paid	- 已付溢價	-	-	-	-	(21,816)	(21,816)
- Transfer between Reserves	- 儲備間轉撥	-	425	-	-	(425)	
Balance as at 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日				·		·
	之結餘	884,868	9,132	799	(121,246)	(477,827)	295,726

Note:

See notes to the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the nature and purpose of reserves.

附註:

有關儲備之性質及目的,請見綜合權益變動 報表附註。

財務報表附註(續)

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# 17. Trade and Other Payables and Contract Liabilities

# 17. 貿易及其他應付款項及合 約負債

611,163

803,351

14,116,329

573,498

917,813

16,538,627

Liabillues			バン				
				2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元		
	le payables er payables and accruals	貿易應付款項 其他應付款項及應計款項		13,126,934 989,395	15,223,772 1,314,855		
				14,116,329	16,538,627		
				2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元		
	tract liabilities s: non-current portion	合約負債 減:非即期部分		451,720 (2,379)	708,830 (855)		
				449,341	707,975		
(a)		credit periods ranging from 30 to geing analysis of trade payables by	(a)	本集團之供應商向信貸期介乎30至9款項按發票日期畫如下:	0日。貿易應付		
				2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元		
	0 - 60 days Over 60 days	0至60日 超過60日		12,290,481 836,453	15,019,205 204,567		
				13,126,934	15,223,772		
(b)	The carrying amounts of the denominated in the following of	trade and other payables were currencies:	(b)	貿易及其他應付款 列貨幣計值:	《項賬面值以下		
				2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元		
	HK\$ RMB US\$ S\$	港元 人民幣 美元 新加坡元		26,692 9,355,786 2,771,535 547,802	24,268 9,602,903 4,775,637 644,508		

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# 17. Trade and Other Payables and Contract Liabilities (continued)

- (c) Included in other payables and accruals is an entrusted loan from an associate of HK\$nil (2021: HK\$260,760,000). The loan from an associate was denominated in RMB and is unsecured, interest-free and repaid during the year ended 31 December 2022.
- (d) Contract liabilities mainly represent prepayments received from customers. Balance of HK\$707,975,000 as at 1 January 2022 (2021: HK\$711,462,000) was fully recognised as revenue during the year when the customers have taken possession of and accepted the products.

Contract liabilities of HK\$451,720,000 (2021: HK\$708,830,000) were recognised as at 31 December 2022 mainly as a result of the prepayment received from customers during the year ended 31 December 2022 in advance of satisfaction of performance obligation, and HK\$449,341,000 (2021: HK\$707,905,000) are expected to be fully recognised as revenue within one year.

## 17. 貿易及其他應付款項及合 約負債(續)

- (c) 其他應付款項及應計款項包括一間聯營公司提供之委託貸款零港元(二零二一年:260,760,000港元)。該筆由一間聯營公司提供之貸款以人民幣計值,為無抵押、免息及於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度內清償。
- (d) 合約負債主要為自客戶收取的預付款項。於二零二二年一月一日,結餘707,975,000港元(二零二一年:711,462,000港元)已於客戶擁有並接納產品之年內悉數確認為收益。

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,已確認合約負債451,720,000港元(二零二一年:708,830,000港元),主要由於截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度在履行履約責任前已自客戶收取預付款項,並預計449,341,000港元(二零二一年:707,905,000港元)將於一年內悉數確認為收益。

#### 18. Other financial liabilities

## 18. 其他金融負債

		3,708,334	321,173
Secured obligations (note 3.4) Derivative financial liabilities	有抵押債務 <i>(附註3.4)</i> 衍生金融負債	3,670,456 37,878	321,173 -
		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元

The carrying amounts of other financial liabilities were denominated in the following currencies: 其他金融負債之賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
RMB		3,670,456	253,302
US\$	美元	37,878	67,871
		3,708,334	321,173

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## 19. Deferred Taxation

# 19. 遞延税項

The movement in net deferred tax assets/(liabilities) is as follows:

遞延税項資產/(負債)淨額之變動如 下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1 January		138,094	134,282
Credited to the consolidated statement	計入綜合損益表(附註26)		
of profit or loss (Note 26)		2,482	1,540
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(10,848)	2,272
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	129,728	138,094

Movements of the gross deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year are as follows:

遞延税項資產及負債總額於年內之變 動如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
Deferred tax assets - Inventories and	遞延税項資產-存貨及貿易應收	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
trade receivables provisions	款項撥備	千港元	千港元
At 1 January	於一月一日	182,665	174,527
(Debited)/credited to the consolidated	(扣除)/計入綜合損益表		
statement of profit or loss		(1,488)	4,933
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	(15,127)	3,205
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	166,050	182,665
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
Deferred tax liabilities - Accelerated tax	遞延税項負債-加速税項折舊	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
depreciation and others	及其他	千港元	千港元
At 1 January		(44,571)	(40,245)
Credited/(debited) to the consolidated	計入/(扣除)綜合損益表		
statement of profit or loss		3,970	(3,393)
Exchange difference	匯兑差額	4,279	(933)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	(36,322)	(44,571)

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## 20. Lease liabilities

# 20. 租賃負債

At 31 December 2022, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,租賃負 債應於下列到期日償還:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year	一年內	107,841	102,530
After 1 year but within 2 years	超過一年但少於兩年	70,488	66,370
After 2 years but within 5 years	超過兩年但少於五年	40,673	58,709
More than 5 years	多於五年	6,246	21,923
		117,407	147,002
		225,248	249,532

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities were denominated in the 租賃負債之賬面金額以下列貨幣計值: following currencies:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
RMB	人民幣	105,539	146,102
S\$	新加坡元	7,058	10,468
THB	泰銖	104,816	89,283
RP	印尼盾	7,835	3,679
		225,248	249,532

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 21. Borrowings

### 21. 借貸

Total borrowings	總借貸	(c)	8,422,683	6,278,318
			6,975,228	4,735,318
Secured mortgage loan	有抵押按揭貸款	(b)	2,900	8,780
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸	(a)	6,972,328	4,726,538
Current	流動			
			1,447,455	1,543,000
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸	(a)	1,447,455	1,543,000
Non-current	非流動			
		附註	千港元	千港元
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
			二零二二年	二零二一年
			2022	2021

#### Notes:

#### (a) Unsecured bank borrowings

As at 31 December 2022, unsecured loans of HK\$937,656,000 (2021: HK\$935,885,000) and HK\$509,799,000 (2021: HK\$607,115,000) were repayable on 19 July 2024 and 20 September 2024 respectively. The loans were unsecured and bore interest at rates as disclosed in section (d) below.

#### (b) Secured mortgage loan

The loan is secured by buildings with net book value of HK\$121,957,000 as at 31 December 2022 (2021: HK\$125,109,000). The loan contains a repayment on demand clause and the portion of the loan to be repaid after one year of HK\$2,900,000 (2021: HK\$5,880,000) is classified as current.

#### 附註:

#### (a) 無抵押銀行借貸

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,937,656,000港元(二零二一年:935,885,000港元)及509,799,000港元(二零二一年:607,115,000港元)之無抵押貸款須分別於二零二四年七月十九日及二零二四年九月二十日償還。該等貸款為無抵押及按下文(d)節披露之利率計息。

#### (b) 有抵押按揭貸款

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,貸款以賬面淨值為121,957,000港元(二零二一年:125,109,000港元)之樓宇作抵押。該筆貸款載有應要求償還條款,而將於一年後償還之貸款部分2,900,000港元(二零二一年:5,880,000港元)分類為即期。

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## 21. Borrowings (continued)

## 21. 借貸(續)

Notes: (continued)

附註:(續)

- (c) The Group's unsecured bank borrowings and secured mortgage loan were repayable as follows:
- (c) 本集團之無抵押銀行借貸及有抵 押按揭貸款須於下列期間償還:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within 1 year or on demand	一年內或按要求	6,975,228	4,735,318
Between 2 and 5 years	二至五年	1,447,455	1,543,000
		8,422,683	6,278,318

(d) The effective interest rates were as follows:

(d) 實際利率如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Unsecured bank borrowings	無抵押銀行借貸	0.37%-5.95%	0.59%-4.96%
Secured mortgage loan	有抵押按揭貸款	1.05%-5.82%	0.81%-1.09%

- (e) The carrying amounts of unsecured bank borrowings and secured mortgage loan were denominated in the following currencies:
- (e) 無抵押銀行借貸及有抵押按揭貸 款之賬面金額以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
HK\$	港元	394,300	300,180
RMB	人民幣	4,619,967	3,364,968
US\$	美元	2,785,556	2,206,409
S\$	新加坡元	34,378	86,701
THB	泰銖	334,707	179,203
RP	印尼盾	253,775	140,857
		8,422,683	6,278,318

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# 22. Revenue and Segment Information

Segment information has been prepared in a manner consistent with the information used by the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments. The Group's most senior executive management has been identified as the Board. In this regard, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is segment results, including items specifically attributed to individual segments, such as directors' and auditors' remuneration and other administration costs within the segment.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year is set out below.

#### (a) Business segments

The business segments of the Group are as follows:

## 22. 收益及分部資料

分部資料乃按照與本集團之最高層行政管理人員就評估分部表現及於分部間分配資源所用資料一致之方式編製。本集團之最高層行政管理人員為董會。就此而言,本集團之高層行政管理人員按以下基準監察各可報告分部應佔之業績:

收益及開支參照可報告分部產生之銷 售額及該等分部產生之開支分配至該 等分部。

報告分部溢利所用之計量方法為分部 業績,包括個別分部特別應佔之項目, 例如董事薪酬、核數師酬金及其他分部 內行政費用。

年內本集團就資源分配及分部表現評 估所用之可報告分部資料載於下文。

#### (a) 業務分部

本集團之業務分部如下:

Segments 分部	Principal activities 主要業務
Consumer electronics	Provision of finished IT products (including but not limited to computer, mobile phone, drone, smart sports watch, 3D printer, game console, etc.).
消費電子	提供資訊科技產品整機(包括但不限於電腦、手機、無人飛機、智能運動手錶、3D打印機、遊戲機等)。
Enterprise systems	Provision of enterprise system tools (middleware, operating systems, Unix/NT servers, databases and storage) for IT infrastructure and IT infrastructure design and implementation, training, maintenance and support services.
企業系統	提供用於資訊科技基礎設施之企業系統工具(中間件、操作系統、Unix/NT服務器、 數據庫及儲存)及資訊科技基礎設施設計及執行、培訓、維修及支援服務。
Cloud computing 雲計算	Provision of cloud computing solutions and services. 提供雲計算解決方案和服務。

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# 22. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

# 22. 收益及分部資料(續)

### (a) Business segments (continued)

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2022 are as follows:

### (a) 業務分部(續)

截至二零二二年十二月三十一日 止年度之分部業績如下:

		Consumer electronics 消費電子 HK\$'000 千港元	Enterprise systems 企業系統 HK\$'000 千港元	Cloud computing 雲計算 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Total segment revenue	分部收益總額	33,075,400	41,357,772	2,890,822	77,323,994
Segment results Fair value changes of other	分部業績 其他金融資產之	477,043	758,083	103,262	1,338,388
financial assets Finance costs	公平值變動 財務費用			-	(10,120)
Share of associates' profits Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔聯營公司溢利 分佔合營企業虧損				1,069,778 14,633 (2,628)
Profit before taxation Taxation	除税前溢利 税項			_	1,081,783 (258,712)
Profit for the year	年內溢利			_	823,071
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	10,808,474	12,832,163	881,828	24,522,465

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 22. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

## 22. 收益及分部資料(續)

#### (a) Business segments (continued)

The segment results for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

#### (a) 業務分部(續)

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之分部業績如下:

		Consumer	Enterprise	Cloud	
		electronics	systems	computing	Total
		消費電子	企業系統	雲計算	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Total segment revenue	分部收益總額	32,282,472	43,709,422	2,343,552	78,335,446
Segment results	分部業績	570,922	967,775	91,147	1,629,844
Fair value changes of other	其他金融資產之				
financial assets	公平值變動				31,368
Finance costs	財務費用				(146,521)
				_	1,514,691
Share of associates' profits	分佔聯營公司溢利				58,903
Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔合營企業虧損				(18,458)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利			_	1,555,136
Taxation	税項				(241,110)
Profit for the year	年內溢利			_	1,314,026
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	10,467,968	13,763,772	718,149	24,949,889

#### Note:

All of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2022 and 2021 are recognised in accordance with HKFRS 15 and are substantially from sale of goods which are recognised at a point in time.

#### 附註:

本集團截至二零二二年及二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的所有收益根據香港財務報告準則第15號確認,而大部分收益來自銷售貨品,其按時間點確認。

(b) 可報告分部資產的對賬

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 22. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

# 22. 收益及分部資料(續)

## (b) Reconciliations of reportable segment assets

# 資產

Assets

7100010		$\sim$	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	24,522,465	24,949,889
Intangible assets	無形資產	356,037	358,069
Interests in associates	於聯營公司的權益	676,423	988,860
Interest in a joint venture	於合營企業的權益	7,873	11,333
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	166,050	182,665
Other receivables and prepayments	其他應收款項及預付款項	806,617	1,298,124
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	4,402,211	1,139,994
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	3,828,930	3,247,498
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	34,766,606	32,176,432

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 22. Revenue and Segment Information (continued)

# 22. 收益及分部資料(續)

### Geographical information

The Group's three business segments operate principally in North Asia and South East Asia.

#### (c) 地區資料

本集團三個業務分部主要於北亞 及東南亞經營。

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益		
North Asia	北亞	60,089,079	61,935,994
South East Asia	東南亞	17,234,915	16,399,452
Total segment revenue	分部收益總額	77,323,994	78,335,446
Revenue is allocated based on the	e region in which the customer	此 益 根 據 室 戶 所 在	: 抽品分配。

Revenue is allocated based on the region in which the customer is located.

收益根據客戶所在地區分配。

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Assets	資產		
North Asia	北亞	19,752,918	20,537,575
South East Asia	東南亞	4,769,547	4,412,314
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	24,522,465	24,949,889

Reportable segment assets are allocated based on where the assets are located.

可報告分部資產根據資產所在地 分配。

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# 23. Other Gains, Net

# 23. 其他收入淨額

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest income	利息收入	20,172	20,565
Government grant	政府補助	904	11,016
Fair value changes of other financial assets	其他金融資產之公平值變動	(10,120)	31,368
Others	其他	4,357	2,725
		15,313	65,674

# 24. Operating Profit

## 24. 經營溢利

Operating profit is derived after charging/(crediting) the following:

經營溢利乃經扣除/(計入)以下各項 後得出:

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of inventories	存貨成本	73,693,147	75,063,401
Staff costs, including directors' emoluments	員工成本(包括董事酬金)		
- Salaries, allowances and welfare	一薪金、津貼及福利	919,972	947,770
- Provident fund contributions	一公積金供款	158,423	155,258
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金		
- audit fees	一審核費用	7,153	7,476
- non-audit fees	一非審核費用	1,695	1,443
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊 <i>(附註5)</i>		
plant and equipment (note 5)		138,110	128,424
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 6)	無形資產攤銷(附註6)	4,112	3,740
Net increase/(decrease) in provision for inventories	存貨撥備增加/(減少)淨額	1,403	(28,123)
Net increase in provision for trade and	貿易及其他應收款項撥備增加		
other receivables	淨額	89,937	133,119

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### 25. Finance Costs

## 25. 財務費用

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest expense on:	下列各項之利息開支:		_
<ul> <li>Unsecured bank borrowings</li> </ul>	一無抵押銀行借貸	255,619	143,357
<ul> <li>Secured mortgage loan</li> </ul>	- 有抵押按揭貸款	99	134
<ul> <li>Lease liabilities</li> </ul>	-租賃負債	2,772	3,030
	·	258,490	146,521

## 26. Taxation 26. 税項

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

於綜合損益表扣除之稅項金額指:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Current taxation	本期税項		
- Hong Kong Profits Tax	- 香港利得税	3,436	4,065
<ul> <li>Taxation outside Hong Kong</li> </ul>	- 香港境外税項	257,093	238,047
Under-provision of taxation	過往年度香港境外税項		
outside Hong Kong in prior years	撥備不足	665	538
Deferred taxation (Note 19)	遞延税項(附註19)	(2,482)	(1,540)
		258,712	241,110

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2021: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year ended 31 December 2022.

香港利得税按截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度之估計應課税溢利以税率16.5%(二零二一年:16.5%)計提撥備。

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## 26. Taxation (continued)

Taxation outside Hong Kong has been calculated based on the estimated assessable profit for the year at rates of taxation prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the entities comprising the Group operate.

A withholding tax of 5% is levied on Hong Kong companies in respect of dividend distributions arising from profits of foreign investment enterprises in the PRC earned after 1 January 2008.

The taxation on the Group's profit before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

## 26. 税項(續)

香港以外税項按年內估計應課税溢利 以本集團旗下實體經營所在司法權區 當時之税率計算。

香港公司就位於中國之外資企業於二 零零八年一月一日後賺取之溢利所產 生之股息分派繳納5%之預提税。

本集團除税前溢利之税項與使用香港 税率應產生之理論金額之差異如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	1,081,783	1,555,136
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5%	按税率16.5%計算	178,719	256,597
Effect of different tax rates in different tax	不同税務司法權區不同税率之		
jurisdictions	影響	27,145	(17,188)
Income not subject to taxation	毋須課税之收入	(17,747)	(16,761)
Expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	就税務而言不得扣減之開支	43,653	12,201
Under provision in prior years	過往年度撥備不足	665	538
Tax effect of estimated tax losses not recognised	估計未確認税務虧損之		
	税務影響	25,196	4,455
Tax effect of withholding tax on profits of the	預提税對中國附屬公司溢利之		
PRC subsidiaries	税務影響	1,081	1,268
Taxation charge	税項支出	258,712	241,110

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#### 27. Dividends

## 27. 股息

- Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year
- (i) 年內應佔之應付本公司 權益持有人股息

		2022 二零二二年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period of HK17 cents (2021: HK27 cents) per ordinary share	於報告期末後擬派末期股息 每股普通股17港仙 (二零二一年:27港仙)	247,000	394,000

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期末後擬派末期股息並無 於報告期末確認為負債。

- Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year
- (ii) 上一財政年度應佔並於 年內批准及派付之應付 本公司權益持有人股息

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
t of the previous	就上一財政年度於年內批准及		
ad and naid	派付之末期股自每股普通股		

Final dividend in respect financial year, approved and paid during the year of HK27 cents (2021: HK22 cents) per ordinary share 派付之末期股息每股晋通股 27港仙(二零二一年: 22港仙)

392,896 320,138

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## 28. Earnings Per Share

#### Basic

The calculation of basic earnings per share for the year is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$823,071,000 (2021: HK\$1,314,026,000) and the weighted average of 1,415,316,000 shares (2021: 1,416,939,000 shares) in issue.

#### 28. 每股盈利

#### 基本

年內每股基本盈利按本公司權益持有人 應佔溢利823,071,000港元(二零二一 年:1,314,026,000港元)及已發行股份 之加權平均數1,415,316,000股(二零 二一年:1,416,939,000股股)計算。

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Issued ordinary shares as at 1 January (thousands)	於一月一日之已發行普通股 (千股)	1,455,172	1,454,452
Exercise of share options (thousands) Repurchase of own shares (thousands)	行使購股權(千股) 購回本身股份(千股)	– (1,583)	683 -
Effect of deferred shares (thousands)	遞延股份之影響(千股)	(38,273)	(38,196)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares as at 31 December (thousands)	於十二月三十一日之普通股 加權平均數(千股)	1,415,316	1,416,939
Basic earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股基本盈利(每股港仙)	58.15	92.74

#### Diluted

The calculation of diluted earnings per share for the year is based on the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of HK\$823,071,000 (2021: HK\$1,314,026,000) and the weighted average number of shares of 1,415,316,000 (2021: 1,416,965,000 shares), calculated as follows:

#### 攤薄

年內每股攤薄盈利按本公司權益持有 人應佔溢利823,071,000港元(二零 二一年:1,314,026,000港元)及股份 之加權平均數1,415,316,000股(二零 二一年:1,416,965,000股)計算如下:

		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Weighted average number of ordinary shares as at 31 December (thousands)  Adjustment for assumed conversion of share	於十二月三十一日發行普通股 加權平均數(千股) 假設購股權獲轉換之調整	1,415,316	1,416,939
options (thousands)	(千股)	_	26
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (diluted) as at 31 December (thousands)	於十二月三十一日(攤薄)之 普通股加權平均數(千股)	1,415,316	1,416,965
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents per share)	每股攤薄盈利(每股港仙)	58.15	92.74

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 29. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments

# 29. 董事及高級管理層酬金

#### (a) Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid or payable to Directors of the Company during the year are as follows:

### (a) 董事酬金

於年內已付或應付本公司董事之 酬金總額如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	袍金	1,091	972
Other emoluments	其他酬金		
- Basic salaries and housing allowances	-基本薪金及房屋津貼	10,586	10,633
- Discretionary bonus	一酌情花紅	10,225	10,244
- Contributions to pension scheme	一退休金計劃供款	235	228
		22,137	22,077

The emoluments of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2022 is set out below:

各董事截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度之酬金載列如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名		Fees 袍金 HK\$'000 千港元	Basic salaries and housing allowance 基本薪金及 房屋津貼 HK\$'000 千港元	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 HK\$'000 千港元	Contribution to pension scheme 退休金 計劃供款 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Li Jialin	李佳林	_	5,460	5,540	18	11,018
Ong Wei Hiam, William	王偉炘	131	2,592	977	18	3,718
Chan Hoi Chau	陳海洲	_	910	1,790	18	2,718
Gu Sanjun	顧三軍	-	844	1,498	163	2,505
Li Yue	李玥	-	780	420	18	1,218
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Xia Bin	夏鑌	120	_	_	_	120
Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah	張永利	360	-	-	-	360
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜	120	_	_	_	120
Li Wei	李煒	120	_	_	_	120
Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍	120	_	_	_	120
Li Yi	李易	120	_	-	-	120
		1,091	10,586	10,225	235	22,137

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 29. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments (continued)

#### (a) Directors' emoluments (continued)

The emoluments of each Director for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

### 29. 董事及高級管理層酬金

(續)

#### (a) 董事酬金(續)

各董事截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之酬金載列如下:

			Basic			
			salaries and		Contribution	
			housing	Discretionary	to pension	
Name of Director		Fees	allowance	bonus	scheme	Total
			基本薪金及		退休金	
董事姓名		袍金	房屋津貼	酌情花紅	計劃供款	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Li Jialin	李佳林	_	5,460	5,540	18	11,018
Ong Wei Hiam, William	王偉炘	125	2,617	958	18	3,718
Chan Hoi Chau	陳海洲	_	910	1,790	18	2,718
Gu Sanjun	顧三軍	_	866	1,536	156	2,558
Li Yue	李玥	-	780	420	18	1,218
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事					
Xia Bin	夏鑌	120	-	_	_	120
Cheung Wing Lee Isaiah	張永利	286	-	-	-	286
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事					
Lam Hin Chi	藍顯賜	120	_	_	_	120
Li Wei	李煒	120	-	_	_	120
Hung Wai Man	洪為民	48	-	_	_	48
Wang Xiaolong	王曉龍	120	-	_	_	120
Li Yi	李易	33	-	-	-	33
		972	10,633	10,244	228	22,077

Directors' emoluments disclosed above include approximately HK\$480,000 (2021: HK\$441,000) paid to Independent Non-executive Directors.

No emoluments have been paid to the directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office during the current and prior years.

During the current and the prior year, no Director of the Company waived any emoluments.

上文披露之董事酬金包括支付予獨立非執行董事之約480,000港元(二零二一年:441,000港元)。

於當前及過往年度概無向董事支付任何酬金·作為吸引彼等加入本集團或彼等加入本集團後之獎勵或作為離職補償。

於當前及過往年度,本公司董事 並無放棄收取任何酬金。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 29. Directors' and Senior Management's Emoluments (continued)

#### (b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year included two (2021: two) Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining three (2021: three) individuals during the year are as follows:

## 29. 董事及高級管理層酬金

(續)

### (b) 五名最高薪人士

本集團年內五名酬金最高人士包括兩名(二零二一年:兩名)董事,彼等之酬金已於上文呈列之分析中反映。年內支付予其餘三名(二零二一:三名)人士之酬金如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Fees	—————————————————————————————————————	_	
Basic salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	8,966	5,003
Discretionary bonuses	酌情花紅	8,064	7,973
Contributions to pension schemes	退休金計劃供款	546	558
		17,576	13,534

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金級別如下:

#### Number of individuals

		人數		
Emolument band	酬金範圍	2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	
HK\$3,500,001 — HK\$4,000,000	3,500,001港元-4,000,000港元	_	1	
HK\$4,000,001 — HK\$4,500,000	4,000,001港元-4,500,000港元	1	1	
HK\$5,000,001 — HK\$5,500,000	5,000,001港元-5,500,000港元	1	1	
HK\$7,500,001 — HK\$8,000,000	7,500,001港元-8,000,000港元	1	_	

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 30. Note to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

# 30. 綜合現金流量報表附註

# (a) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to net cash generated from operations

## (a) 除税前溢利與經營所得 現金淨額之對賬

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		1,081,783	1,555,136
Interest income	利息收入	23	(20,172)	(20,565)
Interest expense	利息開支	25	258,490	146,521
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備折舊			
plant and equipment		24	138,110	128,424
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產攤銷	24	4,112	3,740
Share of associates' profits	分佔聯營公司溢利		(14,633)	(58,903)
Share of a joint venture's loss	分佔一間合營企業虧損		2,628	18,458
Fair value loss/(gain) on investment	投資之公平值			
	虧損/(收益)	23	10,120	(31,368)
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備之			
plant and equipment	虧損		51	_
Operating profit before working	營運資金變動前之			
capital changes	經營溢利		1,460,489	1,741,443
Changes in working capital	營運資金變動			
Decrease/(increase) in trade and other	貿易及其他應收款項以及			
receivables and deferred expenses	遞延開支減少/(增加)		1,966,144	(1,570,252)
Increase in inventories	存貨增加		(735,448)	(3,835,009)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other	貿易及其他應付款項以及			
payables and contract liabilities	合約負債(減少)/增加		(2,393,466)	4,613,826
Net cash generated from operations	經營所得現金淨額		297,719	950,008

財務報表附註(續)

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 30. Note to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

30. 綜合現金流量報表附註

(continued)

(續)

# (b) Reconciliation of (assets)/liabilities arising from financing activities

# (b) 融資活動所產生(資產)/負債之對賬

				,	- 1 1	
		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (Note 20) (附註20) HK\$*000 千港元	Borrowings 借貸 (Note 21) (附註21) HK\$*000 千港元	Other financial assets 其他金融資產 (Note 11) (附註11) HK\$'000 千港元	Other financial liabilities 其他金融負債 (Note 18) (附註18) HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	261,739	6,750,812	(2,657,271)	2,778,062	7,133,342
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:					
Proceeds from new bank loans Repayment of borrowings (Pledging of assets for)/proceeds from	新增銀行貸款所得款項 償還借貸 有抵押債務(已抵押資產)/	-	13,890,134 (14,373,890)	- -	-	13,890,134 (14,373,890)
secured obligations Capital element of lease rentals paid	所得款項 已付租賃租金的本金部分	(90,584)	-	(5,998,991)	5,945,866	(53,125)
Interest paid	已付利息	(3,030)	(143,491)	-	-	(90,584) (146,521)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(93,614)	(627,247)	(5,998,991)	5,945,866	(773,986)
Other changes:	其他變動:					
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into renewal or new leases during the year	於年內訂立續租或新租賃 而增加的租賃負債	84,086	_	-	_	84,086
Interest expense Derecognition	利息開支 終止確認	3,030	143,491	-	_	146,521
Set-off of pledged assets against	以已抵押資產抵銷	(4,678)	-	_	_	(4,678)
secured obligations	有抵押債務	- (4.004)	- 44.000	8,487,912	(8,487,912)	- 0.050
Exchange adjustments Total other changes	正	(1,031) 81,407	11,262	(86,129) 8,401,783	85,157 (8,402,755)	9,259
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 	249,532	6,278,318	(254,479)	321,173	6,594,544
At 1 January 2022	於二零二二年一月一日	249,532	6,278,318	(254,479)	321,173	6,594,544
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量變動:	210,002	0,210,010	(201,110)	321,110	0,00 1,011
Proceeds from new bank loans Repayment of borrowings	新增銀行貸款所得款項 償還借貸 五抵押债数(司抵押资金)/	-	23,176,179 (21,028,510)	-	-	23,176,179 (21,028,510)
(Pledging of assets for)/proceeds from secured obligations	有抵押債務(已抵押資產)/ 所得款項	_	_	(6,339,218)	6,591,565	252,347
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest paid	已付租賃租金的本金部分 已付利息	(131,152) (2,772)	(255,718)			(131,152) (258,490)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(133,924)	1,891,951	(6,339,218)	6,591,565	2,010,374
Other changes:	其他變動:					
Increase in lease liabilities from entering into renewal or new leases	於年內訂立續租或新租賃 而增加的租賃負債	400 704				400 704
during the year Interest expense	利息開支	193,701 2,772	255,718		_	193,701 258,490
Derecognition Set-off of pledged assets against	終止確認 以已抵押資產抵銷	(68,677)	-	-	-	(68,677)
secured obligations Exchange adjustments	有抵押債務 匯兑調整	– (18,156)	(3,304)	3,225,503 15,691	(3,225,503) (16,779)	– (11,010)
Total other changes	其他變動總額	109,640	252,414	3,241,194	(3,236,513)	372,504
At 31 December 2022	於二零二二年十二月三十一日	225,248	8,422,683	(3,352,503)	3,670,456	8,965,884

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 31. Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had commitments to make capital contributions of HK\$20,928,000 (2021: HK\$26,308,000) to certain investments.

## 32. Related Party Transactions

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

#### (a) Director's quarter

The Group entered into a rental agreement with Joint Honour Development Limited, a company in which Mr. Li Jialin ("Mr. Li"), the Chairman and Executive Director of the Company is a major shareholder, in respect of a director's quarter. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group paid a monthly rental of HK\$220,000 to Joint Honour Development Limited (2021: HK\$220,000).

#### (b) Motor vehicle

The Group entered into a motor vehicle rental agreement with Joint Honour Development Limited, a company in which Mr. Li, the Chairman and Executive Director of the Company is a major shareholder. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group paid a monthly rental of HK\$15,000 to Joint Honour Development Limited (2021: HK\$15,000).

#### (c) License fee

The Group entered into an agreement with Kong Lung Ind Co., a company in which Mr. Li is a major shareholder. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group paid a monthly license fee of HK\$14,000 in respect of the China-Hong Kong Vehicle License to Kong Lung Ind Co. (2021: HK\$14,000).

#### (d) Guarantee to an associate

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has given guarantee to financial institution in respect of loan facility entered by an associate to the extent of HK\$147,319,000.

# (e) Key management compensation (including the amounts disclosed in note 29)

Key management compensation amounted to HK\$71,570,000 during the year (2021: HK\$70,070,000).

#### 31. 資本承擔

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本集團有向若干投資出資20,928,000港元(二零二一年:26,308,000港元)之承擔。

#### 32. 關連人士交易

以下為與關連人士進行之交易:

#### (a) 董事宿舍

本集團與集中發展有限公司(本公司主席兼執行董事李佳林先生(「李先生」)為主要股東之公司)就一間董事宿舍訂立一份租賃協議。根據該協議,本集團向集中發展有限公司支付月租220,000港元(二零二一年:220,000港元)。

#### (b) 汽車

本集團與集中發展有限公司(本公司主席兼執行董事李先生為主要股東之公司)訂立一份汽車租賃協議。根據該協議,本集團向集中發展有限公司支付月租15,000港元(二零二一年:15,000港元)。

#### (c) 牌照費

本集團與港龍實業公司(李先生為主要股東之公司)訂立一份協議。根據該協議,本集團就中港車輛牌照每月支付牌照費14,000港元予港龍實業公司(二零二一年:14,000港元)。

#### (d) 向聯營公司之擔保

於二零二二年十二月三十一日,本 集團已向金融機構提供有關由一 間聯營公司訂立之貸款融資擔保 147,319,000港元。

# (e) 主要管理人員補償(包括附註29所披露之金額)

年內,主要管理人員之補償為71,570,000港元(二零二一年:70,070,000港元)。

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

# 33. Statement of Financial Position of the Company

#### As at 31 December 2022

# 33. 本公司之財務狀況表

於二零二二年十二月三十一日

2022

2021

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
ASSETS				
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備		116	681
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	7	2,115,161	2,115,161
			2,115,277	2,115,842
Current assets	流動資產			
Amount due from subsidiaries	應收附屬公司款項		1,192,270	742,270
Prepayments	預付款項		264	207
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		23,855	47,282
			1,216,389	789,759
Total assets	總資產		3,331,666	2,905,601
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	14	145,092	145,517
Reserves	儲備	16	295,726	285,770
Total equity	總權益		440,818	431,287
LIABILITIES	 負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Amount due to a subsidiary	應付一間附屬公司款項		2,890,698	2,474,314
Other payable	其他應付款項		150	_
Total liabilities	總負債		2,890,848	2,474,314
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		3,331,666	2,905,601
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		1,674,459	1,684,555
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		440,818	431,287

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 23 March 2023.

董事會於二零二三年三月二十三日批 准及授權刊發。

Li Jialin Ong Wei Hiam, William 李佳林 王偉炘 Director Director 董事 董事

For the year ended 31 December 2022 截至二零二二年十二月三十一日止年度

## 34. Possible impact of amendments, new standards and interpretations issued but not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2022

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of new or amended standards, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2022 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

#### Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after

#### HKFRS 17, Insurance contracts 1 January 2023 Amendments to HKAS 1. Presentation of 1 January 2023 financial statements and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, Making materiality judgements: Disclosure of accounting policies Amendments to HKAS 8, Accounting policies, 1 January 2023 changes in accounting estimates and errors: Definition of accounting estimates Amendments to HKAS 12, Income Taxes: 1 January 2023 Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction Amendments to HKAS 1, Presentation of 1 January 2024 financial statements: Classification of liabilities as current or non-current Amendments to HKAS 1. Presentation of 1 January 2024 financial statements: Non-current liabilities with covenants Amendments to HKFRS 16, Leases: 1 January 2024 Lease liability in a sale and leaseback

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

## 34. 截至二零二二年十二月 三十一日止年度已頒佈但 尚未生效之修訂、新準則 及詮釋可能帶來之影響

直至本綜合財務報表刊發日期,香港 會計師公會已頒佈於截至二零二二年 十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效且並 未於本綜合財務報表採用之多項新訂 及經修訂準則。該等變動包括以下可能 與本集團有關者。

#### 於下列日期或之後開始 之會計期間生效

二零二三年
一月一日 二零二三年
一月一日
二零二三年
一月一日
二零二三年
一月一日
二零二四年
一月一日
二零二四年
一月一日
二零二四年
一月一日

本集團現正評估該等修訂於首次應用 期間之預期影響。直到目前為止,已得 出結論,採用上述修訂不太可能對綜合 財務報表產生重大影響。

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務概要

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out below:

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績以及資產與 負債概要載列如下:

#### Results

#### 業績

Years ended 31	December
井 ム L - p - L	一口止年度

		似王丨一万二十一口工千反				
		<b>2022</b> 2021 2020 2019				
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收益	77,323,994	78,335,446	69,961,881	66,209,921	62,481,961
Profit before taxation		1,081,783	1,555,136	1,247,265	1,009,507	946,999
Taxation	税項	(258,712)	(241,110)	(179,685)	(199,559)	(206,172)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	823,071	1,314,026	1,067,580	809,948	740,827
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:					
Equity Shareholders of	本公司權益持有人					
the Company		823,071	1,314,026	1,067,580	809,948	740,827

### **Assets and Liabilities**

# 資產及負債

#### As at 31 December

		於十二月三十一日				
		<b>2022</b> 二零二二年	<b>2022</b> 2021 2020			
		<b>HK\$'000</b> 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	總資產總負債	34,766,606 (27,108,828)	32,176,432 (24,265,002)	29,425,571 (22,599,285)	24,936,069 (19,281,597)	23,877,461 (18,830,739)
Total equity	總權益	7,657,778	7,911,430	6,826,286	5,654,472	5,046,722

The Group had initially applied HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 15 at 1 January 2018, and HKFRS 16 at 1 January 2019. Under the transition methods and approach chosen, comparative information is not restated.

本集團已於二零一八年一月一日首次應用香港財務報告準則第9號及香港財務報告準則第15號,並已於二零一九年一月一日首次應用香港財務報告準則第16號。根據所選擇之過渡方式及方法,不會重列比較資料。



Unit 3312, 33/F China Merchants Tower, Shun Tak Centre 200 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong 香港干諾道中200號信德中心招商局大廈33樓3312室 Tel: +852 2786 1836 Fax: +852 2786 1746 www.vstecs.com