

UNIVERSAL HEALTH INTERNATIONAL GROUP HOLDING LIMITED 大健康國際集團控股有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability 於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock Code 股份代號: 2211





COMPANY PROFILE 公司簡介

Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (Stock code: 2211) (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") aims at huge market opportunities in the universal health industry, strives to be international brand operator of universal health and become a leading practitioner of the strategy of "Internet + Universal Health" as well as a pioneer of the development of ecology in the industry chain by way of finance and capital.

The Company is one of the leading pharmaceutical retailer and distributor in the Northeast of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC" or "China"). The Group has distinguished pharmaceutical retail chain network in the Northeast China and it is also the largest privately operated pharmaceutical distributor in the Northeast China. As of the date of this annual report, the Group operated 395 retail pharmacies, mainly located in the Northeast China, and had approximately 1,750 active distributors and 3,396 full-time staff. In addition, the Group has set up five large-scale logistics storage centers in Shijiazhuang, Shenyang, Changchun, Harbin and Jiamusi, and has established a high-quality distribution system across the country and covering the northeastern region of the PRC.

As a basic business segment, the Group's main product categories for pharmaceutical retail and distribution (including import and export trade) include prescribed drugs, non-prescribed drugs (Chinese patent medicines, chemical preparations, antibiotics and biochemical drugs), traditional Chinese medicine decoction pieces, biological products, protein assimilation preparations, peptide hormones, blood products, disinfection products, medical equipment, family planning supplies (contraceptives and utensils), prepackaged foods, dairy products (including infant formula milk powder), nutritional foods, health care products, stereotyped packaging cosmetics, daily necessities, etc.

大健康國際集團控股有限公司(「本公司」及 其附屬公司(「本集團」或「集團」),股份代 號:2211),瞄準大健康領域巨大的市場機 會,傾力打造國際大健康品牌運營商,並成 為「互聯網+大健康」戰略的領先實踐者,和 憑藉金融與資本的方式發展產業鏈生態圈的 行業倡領者。

本公司是中華人民共和國(「中國」)東北地區領先的醫藥零售商及分銷商之一。集團擁有中國東北地區卓越的醫藥零售連鎖網路,為中國東北地區最大的民營醫藥分銷商之一。截至本年報日期,集團擁有395家零售藥店,主要位於中國東北地區,在全國擁有約1,750名活躍分銷客戶,在職員工3,396名,並於石家莊、瀋陽、長春、哈爾濱及佳木斯設置了五個較大規模的物流儲運中心,構建了輻射全國和覆蓋中國東北地區的優質配送體系。

作為基礎業務板塊,集團的醫藥零售及分銷(含進出口貿易)的主要經營產品種類,包括處方藥、非處方藥(中成藥、化學藥製劑、抗生素、生化藥品)、傳統中藥飲片、生物製品、蛋白同化製劑、肽類激素、血液製品、消毒用品、醫療器械、計生用品(避孕藥品和用具)、預包裝食品、乳製品(含嬰幼兒配方乳粉)、保健食品、保健用品、定型包裝化妝品及日用百貨等。

The Group will continue leveraging on the core advantages of branded products, expanding the scope of cooperation on branded products, leveraging on business institute training, and providing more value-added service to employees, customers and consumers. The Group also enriches the product mix by introducing more health care products based on the expertise in pharmaceutical retail and distribution, so as to promote the concept of the universal health industry. Meanwhile, the Group actively explores upstream ecological chain, covering the construction for Chinese herbal medicines base and the production of botanical capsule.

集團繼續發揮品牌產品的核心優勢,擴大品牌產品合作範圍,借助商學院的課程培訓,為員工、客戶及消費者提供更多的增值服務,致力於藥品零售及分銷的專業基礎上,使更多健康類產品進入銷售管道,推行大健康行業理念。同時,集團積極拓展上游生態鏈,延伸到中藥材種植基地建設和植物膠囊生產領域。

The Group actively explores online pharmacies, cross-border e-commerce, Influencer marketing and other "Internet+" areas, and advocates the concept of "Specialization+" and introduces the development concept of "Platform+". Furthermore, the Group maintains upstream and downstream ecosystem leveraging on industry advantage to cope with the situation of "New Norm" in real economy, and takes the lead in upgrading and digitalized transformation of the industry.

集團在網路藥店、跨境電商、網紅引流及其他「互聯網+」領域作積極探索,並倡導「專業+」理念,引進「平台+」發展理念,借助行業優勢維護上下游生態圈,應對實體經濟「新常態」,在行業中率先實行產業升級及數字化轉型。

CORPORATE INFORMATION 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors:

Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)

(Resigned as chief executive officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Jin Dongkun (Vice chairman)

Mr. Chu Chuanfu (Chief operation officer)

(Appointed as executive director and

chief executive officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Zhao Zehua

Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned as executive director on

1 August 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

Mr. Zou Haiyan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Zou Haiyan (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing (Chairman)

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

Mr. Jin Dongkun

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Ge Junming

Mr. Zhao Zehua

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ge Junming

REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309

Ugland House

Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事:

金東濤先生(主席)

(於二零二一年八月一日辭任首席執行官)

金東昆先生(副主席)

初川富先生(首席營運官)

(於二零二一年八月一日獲委任

為執行董事及首席執行官)

趙澤華先生

孫立波先生(於二零二一年八月一日辭任

執行董事)

獨立非執行董事:

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

鄒海燕先生

審核委員會

鄒海燕先生(主任)

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

薪酬委員會

鄭雙慶先生(主任)

江素惠女士

金東昆先生

提名委員會

金東濤先生(主任)

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

授權代表

葛俊明先生

趙澤華先生

公司秘書

葛俊明先生

註冊辦事處

PO Box 309

Ugland House

Grand Cayman, KY1-1104

Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS

No. 14-1 Bei Yi Zhong Road Tiexi District Shenyang City Liaoning Province, the PRC

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 2404, 24th Floor World-Wide House 19 Des Voeux Road Central Central Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited

PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Shops 1712-1716 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

AUDITOR

Mazars CPA Limited

STOCK CODE

The Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited: 2211

INVESTOR RELATIONS

ir@uhi-group.com

COMPANY'S WEBSITE

www.uhighl.com

總部

中國遼寧省 瀋陽市 鐵西區 北一中路 14-1號

香港主要營業地點

香港 中環 德輔道中19號 環球大廈24樓 2404室

主要股份過戶登記處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited

PO Box 1093, Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712-1716號舖

核數師

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

股份代號

香港聯合交易所有限公司主板: 2211

投資者關係

ir@uhi-group.com

公司網站

www.uhighl.com

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS 財務摘要

For the year ended 30 June 截至六月三十日止年度

		Unit 單位	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	Change 變動
Revenue	收益	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	1,273.6	1,185.2	+7.5%
Gross profit	毛利潤	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	204.2	156.9	+30.1%
Operating loss	經營虧損	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	(188.7)	(663.4) +474	4.7 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
Loss for the year	年度虧損	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	(188.0)	(676.0) +488	3.0 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
EBITDA ⁽¹⁾	息税折舊及攤銷前利潤印	RMB million 人民幣百萬元	(140.7)	(335.9) +193	5.2 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
Basic loss per share ⁽²⁾	每股基本虧損(2)	RMB cents 人民幣分	(42.66)	(174.83) +13.	2.17 RMB cents 人民幣分
Gross margin	毛利率	%	16.0	13.2	+2.8 pp 個百分點
Operating loss margin	經營虧損率	%	(14.8)	(56.0)	+41.2 pp 個百分點
Net loss margin	淨虧損率	%	(14.8)	(57.0)	+42.2 pp 個百分點

As at 30 June 於六月三十日

		バハカニーロ				
11.		Unit 單位	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	Change 變動	
Current ratio ⁽³⁾	流動比率(3)	times 倍	1.1	1.3	-0.2	
Trade receivables turnover ⁽⁴⁾	應收賬款週轉天數(4)	days 天	26.3	30.3	-4.0	
Inventory turnover ⁽⁵⁾	存貨週轉天數(5)	days 天	79.3	103.8	-24.5	
Trade payables turnover ⁽⁶⁾	應付賬款週轉天數(6)	days 天	99.6	68.3	+31.3	
Return on equity ⁽⁷⁾	股本回報率の	%	(46.0)	(117.5)	+71.5 pp 個百分點	
Return on total assets ⁽⁸⁾	資產總值回報率(1)	%	(22.4)	(70.6)	+48.2 pp 個百分點	

Notes:

- EBITDA is calculated by adjusted loss before interests, tax, depreciation and amortisation, excluding the effect of share of post-tax results of joint ventures, share of post-tax results of an associate, impairment loss or, if applicable, its reversal on intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment in an associate.
- Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing loss attributable to owners of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022 was 439,825,795, versus 386,313,445 for the year ended 30 June 2021).
- 3. Current ratio is calculated by dividing current assets by current liabilities.
- Trade receivables turnover days are calculated by using the average of beginning and ending balances on trade receivables for the year, divided by revenue for the year, multiplied by the number of days for the year.
- Inventory turnover days are calculated by using the average of beginning and ending balances on inventory for the year, divided by cost of sales for the year, multiplied by the number of days for the year.
- Trade payables turnover days are calculated by using the average of beginning and ending balances on trade payables for the year, divided by cost of sales for the year, multiplied by the number of days for the year.
- 7. Return on equity is calculated by dividing loss attributable to owners of the Company by equity attributable to owners of the Company.
- 8. Return on total assets is calculated by dividing loss for the year by total assets.

附註:

- 息税折舊及攤銷前利潤乃按扣除利息、稅項、折舊及攤 銷前經調整虧損計算,不包括分佔合營公司除稅後業 續、分佔聯營公司除稅後業績、無形資產、物業、廠房 及設備、使用權資產及聯營公司投資減值虧損或(如適 用)其撥回的影響。
- 每股基本虧損乃按本公司擁有人應佔虧損除以已發行普通股加權平均股數(二零二二年六月三十日止年度的已發行普通股加權平均股數為439,825,795股,而二零二一年六月三十日止年度為386,313,445股)計算。
- 3. 流動比率乃按流動資產除以流動負債計算。
- 4. 應收賬款週轉天數乃按年初及年末應收賬款結餘的平均 值除以年度收益再乘以年內天數計算。
- 存貨週轉天數乃按年初及年末存貨結餘的平均值除以年 度銷售成本再乘以年內天數計算。
- 6. 應付賬款週轉天數乃按年初及年末應付賬款結餘的平均 值除以年度銷售成本再乘以年內天數計算。
- 7. 股本回報率乃按本公司擁有人應佔虧損除以本公司擁有 人應佔權益計算。
- 8. 資產總值回報率乃按年度虧損除以資產總值計算。





CONCENTRATE ON UNIVERSAL HEALTH 專注大健康

UPGRADE TO NEW CHANNEL 升級新渠道







Dear Shareholders,

I, on behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of the Company, am glad to express my sincere gratitude to the shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholder(s)") and all who give strong support, understanding and encouragement to the Company. I would like to take this opportunity to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2022 (the "Year").

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表本公司董事(「**董事**」)會(「**董事會**」)誠摯感謝各位本公司股東(「**股**東」)和社會各界人士對本公司勵精圖治、輕型升級的支持、理解與鼓勵。亦 謹此提呈本集團截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度(「**本年度**」)的報告。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

MACRO ENVIRONMENT

During the Year, the economy faced greater pressure of slow down as certain emergent factors were out of the expectation as a result of the complicated and evolving environment of the world and the frequent COVID-19 epidemic (the "Epidemic") in China. The pharmaceutical industry is an important part of the national economy for China, closely related to the people's health, and is an essential industry related to the construction of a harmonious society. Although facing the difficulties of reform, it still has a promising future.

Despite the increase of uncertainties due to the impact of the Epidemic and geopolitics, China's pharmaceutical industry has been growing relatively fast in recent years. With the market size of China's pharmaceutical industry amounting to RMB1,922.0 billion in 2021, it is expected that the market size of China's pharmaceutical industry will further reach to RMB2,231.1 billion by the end of 2022.

There is a huge amount of unsettled medical health requirements with the large aging population. The new era of pharmaceutical innovation has arrived with the unprecedented medicine evaluation reform, the normalization of bulk purchases and the acceleration of innovation as the key solution.

In recent years, a series of industrial policies have been launched by China and its government to encourage the development of the pharmaceutical industry. The policies has continuously promoted the development of the pharmaceutical industry, which includes the "14th Five-Year" Development Plan for the Pharmaceutical Industry (《"十四五"醫藥工業發展規劃》), the Notice on the Implementation Plan for Promoting the High-Quality Development of the Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient Industry (《關於推動原料藥產業高質量發展實施方案的通知》), the Action Plan for Developing the Pharmaceutical Industry (2021-2023) (《全力做大做強醫藥產業行動計畫(2021-2023年)》), the Notice on Certain Measures for Support of the Development of the Pharmaceutical Industry (《關於支持醫藥產業發展若干措施的通知》).

In particular, the development of the pharmaceutical industry would be deeply impacted by five types of policies including the negotiation on medical insurance, payment method, commercial insurance, approval and review of drugs and bulk purchases during the "14th Five-Year".

宏觀局勢

過去一年,世界局勢複雜演變,國內流行性 新冠肺炎(「**疫情**」)多發,有些突發因素超出 預期,經濟運行面臨較大下行壓力。醫藥行 業是中國國民經濟的重要組成部分,與人民 健康密切相關,是關係和諧社會構建的重要 行業,雖面臨改革的艱辛,但前景可期。

雖然受疫情和地緣政治的影響,不確定性增加,但近年來中國醫藥市場規模保持較快速度增長。二零二一年中國醫藥市場規模達19,220億元,預計二零二二年中國醫藥市場規模將進一步達到22,311億元。

人口老齡化程度加深,存在大量未滿足的醫療健康需求,藥審改革力度空前,帶量集採趨於常態,加速創新為關鍵出路,醫藥創新的新時代已經到來。

國家及政府層面近年來出台了一系列產業政策鼓勵醫藥行業發展。《「十四五」醫藥工業發展規劃》、《關於推動原料藥產業高質量發展實施方案的通知》、《全力做大做強醫藥產業行動計劃(2021-2023年)》、《關於支持醫藥產業發展若干措施的通知》等政策不斷促進醫藥行業發展。

其中,醫保談判、支付方式、商業保險、審 評審批和帶量採購五類政策將在「十四五」時 期深刻影響製藥行業的發展。

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Under the Epidemic, the Company's business developed steadily. Among the business segments of the Group, pharmaceutical chain retail business had restrained the sharp decline. The Company launched online publicity and marketing on the mobile Internet, comprehensive promotion by Internet celebrities, online pharmacies and cooperation with third-party online service organizations in some areas, providing basic support for the Company's strategic transformation. For the Year, the Company's total revenue was RMB1,273.6 million.

OUTLOOK AND STRATEGIES

We have observed three major trends in China's new healthcare retail, namely diversified healthcare service channel, integration and division of work of online and offline, and more diversified healthcare consumption. Given the situation, the Group would continue its established development strategy and become more innovative by focusing on the pharmaceutical industry and concentrating on the universal health industry. Firstly, we will continuously improve the operation quality of its retail chain stores, increase the categories of pharmaceutical products, and enhance our service awareness and capabilities. Secondly, we will constantly develop value-added services in our stores to meet the diversified needs of consumers. Finally, we will continually strengthen our investment in the Internet and promote the integration of online and offline stores and services to capture the market opportunities under Internet-based medical services.

業績回顧

本公司業務在疫情的影響下穩定發展。本集團業務板塊中,醫藥連鎖零售業務抑制了大幅下滑。本公司啟動移動互聯網在線宣傳和營銷,全面推廣網紅引流、網絡藥店和部分地區與第三方線上服務機構的合作,為公司戰略轉型提供基礎支撐。本年度,本公司收益總額人民幣1,273.6百萬元。

展望與戰略

我們觀察到中國醫療新零售的三大趨勢:醫療服務渠道多元化,線上線下整合與分工,醫療消費更加多元化。鑒於此,本集團將續既有的發展戰略,並更加創新,聚焦醫藥行業,專注大健康領域。首先,繼續提高,增設藥品品類,當強服務意識和能力。其次,繼續拓展門店的增值服務,滿足消費者的多元需求。再者,繼續加強互聯網方面的投入,促進線上線下門店及服務融合,捕捉互聯網醫療下的市場機遇。

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT 主席報告

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

The environment, society and governance are also the basis for the Group to develop in a sustainable way and perform social responsibility, and are taken seriously by senior management. We will make efforts in aspects such as environment, employees, customers, supply chain, anti-corruption and even community participation, while creating economic value for each stakeholder, to both improve governance and take into account the maintenance of the natural environment and the social competitive environment, so as to adapt to the global trend of coordinated economic and social development.

I would like to take this opportunity to extend my sincere gratitude to the Board, management members and all staff for their dedication and support to our Group's strategies and business development.

環境、社會與管治

環境、社會與管治,亦是本集團持續發展、 踐行社會責任的基礎,得到高層重視。我們 將在環境、員工、客戶、供應鏈、反貪污以 至社區參與等多方面做出努力,在為各持份 者創造經濟價值的同時,通過管治提升而兼 顧自然環境與社會競爭環境的維護,適應經 濟社會協調發展的全球趨勢。

在此,謹向董事會同仁、管理層成員和所有 員工衷心致意,感謝他們竭誠工作及支援、 配合集團的策略及業務發展。

Jin Dongtao Chairman

Hong Kong 27 September 2022 主席 **金東濤**

香港 二零二二年九月二十七日

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

In the past year, under the circumstances of complex and challenging international landscape, the world's economy growth rate saw a significant slowdown. The Epidemic in China spread several times, which has impacted the stable operation of the economy. As an important part of the national economy for China, the pharmaceutical industry is closely related to the people's health. Although it has been impacted by the overall economy environment, it still has a promising future.

According to the Chinese government's official website, the key economic indicators shown a significant decline due to the effect of unexpected factors in April 2022. With the overall improvement in the prevention and control of the Epidemic, the resumption of work and production by enterprises in an orderly manner and the effect of a series of policy and measures for maintaining economic growth, the economy in May stopped the decline in April and the key economic indicators stabilized and rebounded in June.

Based on production data, the value of large-scale industries demonstrated a year-on-year increase of 3.9% in June 2022, representing an increase of 3.2% as compared to the previous month. The index of service production also increased 1.3% from a decrease of 5.1% in the previous month. Based on the demands, the total retail sales of consumer goods in June increased 3.1% from a decrease of 6.7% in the previous month.

In terms of the pharmaceutical industry policies, 2021 is the opening year of the "14th Five-Year" Plan, during which the pharmaceutical industry policies were intensively issued, with a significant increase of the policies as compared to last year. In the coming years, the development of the pharmaceutical industry will be significantly impacted by multiple policies. According to the classification of key policies, the policies for pharmaceuticals were most frequently announced, mainly involving policies related to drug registration and approval, APIs, drug patents, pharmacovigilance, traditional Chinese medicine and granule development, followed by medical policies, including long-term prescriptions, public hospital reform, hierarchical diagnosis, medical and health service reform and promotion of experience from the medical reform in Sanming City. The medical insurance policy mainly includes the adjustment and negotiation of national reimbursement drug list, payment method, urban and rural residents' medical insurance and others.

行業概覽

近一年來,國際形勢複雜嚴峻,世界經濟增 長放緩態勢明顯。國內疫情多次散發,對經 濟穩定運行造成了衝擊。醫藥行業作為中國 國民經濟的重要組成部分,與人民健康密切 相關,雖然受整體經濟形勢的影響,但行業 前景可期。

據中國政府網,二零二二年四月份受超預期因素影響,主要經濟指標下滑明顯。隨著疫情防控總體向好,企業復工復產有序推進,一系列穩增長政策措施顯效,五月份經濟止住四月份下滑勢頭,六月份主要經濟指標企穩回升。

從生產數據看,二零二二年六月份規模以上工業增加值同比增長3.9%,比上月加快3.2個百分點;服務業生產指數也由上月下降5.1%轉為增長1.3%;從需求看,六月份社會消費品零售總額由上月下降6.7%轉為增長3.1%。

從醫藥行業政策來看,二零二一年是[十四五]規劃開局之年,醫藥行業政策在這一年密集出台,政策數量較去年有大幅增長,多項政策對未來幾年醫藥領域發展影響重先大區,主要涉及藥品註冊審批、原料藥、藥品警戒、中藥及配方顆粒發展,主要涉及藥品註冊審批、原料藥、藥局等,之立醫院改革、分級診療、醫療衛生服方、公立醫院改革、分級診療、醫療衛生服務改革及推廣三明市醫改經驗等。醫保政式、務改革及推廣三明市醫改經驗等。醫保政式、城鄉居民醫保等。

Looking back to the first half of 2022, each department of China has issued a number of outline policy documents and organized several important meetings to propose various requirements for the subsequent development of the pharmaceutical industry, mainly concentrating on bulk purchases, adjustment of medical insurance, reform of payment method for medical insurance, hierarchical diagnosis and others.

而回顧二零二二年上半年,國家各部門則發佈了多項綱領性政策文件並組織多次重要會議,對後續醫藥領域的發展提出諸多要求,主要集中在帶量採購、醫保調整、醫保支付方式改革、分級診療等多方面。

In particular, the bulk purchases is still a hot topic in the industry, and China has made numerous policy arrangements for bulk purchases, with a focus on increasing the variety and expanding the scope of centralized procurement. Today, "bulk purchases" has become a major policy in the industry and is accelerating in speed and expanding in scope. According to the McKinsey report, the average price reduction of drugs included in bulk purchases has reached more than 50%. Among them, oral solid preparations, which are the most widely sold in pharmacies, are the most affected. It is expected that 70% of the pharmaceutical market will be covered by "bulk purchases" within three years.

具體來看,帶量採購仍是業內熱議重點,國家對帶量採購做出多項政策部署,聚焦品種提速、集採擴面等。「帶量採購」成為行業重磅政策,帶量採購的速度不斷加快,範圍不斷擴大。據麥肯錫報告,納入集採的藥品平均降價幅度達到50%以上,其中藥店銷售最廣的口服固體制劑受衝擊最為明顯,預計未來三年內,「帶量採購」將覆蓋70%的醫藥市場。

With the development of bulk purchase in China, low-end generic drugs will enter an era of low profitability, while generic drugs with high technical barriers and innovative drugs with broad prospects will become the research and development direction for pharmaceutical companies. The overall price war resulted in significant price reductions below the market equilibrium price, thus leaving significantly higher consumer surplus.

隨著帶量採購的在全國範圍內鋪開,未來低端仿製藥進入薄利時代,高技術壁壘的仿製藥和廣闊前景的創新藥將成為藥企的研發方向。整體的價格戰導致大幅降價到市場均衡價格以下,因而使得消費者剩餘大幅提高。

As China continuously introduces policies and reforms in the healthcare industry, there have been quite a few new trends, one of which is the new pharmaceutical retail. The new medical policies and emerging forces in the industry are forces driving new pharmaceutical retail to grow rapidly.

中國在醫療健康領域的政策不斷推出、改革 不斷推進,當中湧現出了諸多新的趨勢,醫 藥新零售便是其中一個。醫藥新政和行業新 興力量是醫藥新零售進入快車道的推手。 In recent years, a major trend in the new pharmaceutical retail is the prescriptions outflow. In addition, under the effects of the Epidemic and the wave of consumer interconnection, the Internet medical platform has been developing rapidly, but it still undertakes a relatively small proportion of medical needs and is in the early stage of development. However, Internet-based medical services and new pharmaceutical retail is becoming emerging forces in the pharmaceutical industry and will play a long-term role in taking over the overflow flow from hospitals and developing the potential of huge medical demand.

近年來,醫藥新零售的一大動向便是處方外流。此外,在疫情影響和消費者互聯網化的推動下,互聯網醫療平台雖然發展迅猛,但承擔的醫療需求比例仍然較小,處於發展的早期階段。不過,互聯網醫療、新型消費正在成為醫藥行業的新興力量,並將在承接醫院外溢流量、開發龐大醫療需求潛力等方面發揮長遠作用。

Looking forward to the second half of 2022, the risk of global economic stagflation is rising and there are still many uncertainties in the domestic economic recovery, but the fundamentals of China's economy, which has strong resilience, greal potential and sound long-term development, remain unchanged. With the effect of implementation of a package of policies for maintaining the economic growth, the economic operation is expected to be gradually improved.

展望二零二二年下半年,目前全球經濟滯脹 風險在上升,國內經濟恢復還存在很多不確 定因素,但是中國經濟韌性強、潛力大,長 期向好的基本特點沒有變。隨著一攬子穩增 長政策措施落地見效,經濟運行有望逐步改善。

In addition, the scale of China's pharmaceutical industry has been expanding in recent years with increasing health awareness and large aging population. Looking ahead, the outlook for China's pharmaceutical industry is promising against the backdrop of an increasingly aging population.

此外,近年來,隨著健康意識提升,老年人口規模擴大,中國醫藥行業規模不斷擴大。 展望未來,在人口老齡化加劇的背景下,中 國醫藥行業前景可期。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Under the leadership of Mr. Jin Dongtao, the chairman (the "Chairman") of the Board, and with the efforts of all employees, the Group anchors in and focuses on the pharmaceutical healthcare field, and has been actively promoting the development of traditional physical retail chain stores and distribution network while facing more intensive competition. Therefore, the Group has to look for new opportunities and explore new way of business and will make efforts in costs reduction and control in coming years. The employees of the Group's retail chain stores stand fast on their posts to provide medicine sales services to local people. In some areas, telephone ordering for home delivery of medicine and/or mobile internet reservation for products were carried out to maintain business continuity and form a complementary online and offline operation model.

業務回顧

在董事會主席(「主席」)金東濤先生的領導及全體員工的努力下,錨定和聚焦醫藥大健康領域,在更激烈競爭中積極推進傳統實體的零售連鎖門店及分銷網絡的發展。因此,本集團必須尋找新的機會及探索新的就來,並將於未來幾年努力降低及控制成民眾務本集團連鎖零售店舖員工堅持為當地民眾眾失一或產品移動互聯網預定方式,以保持營業的連續性,並形成線上線下互補的經營模式。

The Golden Rules (王道哲學)

The Golden Rules, an operation philosophy with strategic vision, is put forward by Mr. Jin Dongtao, the Chairman, of which " \pm " is embodied as "1+1=1, 1+1=11, 1+1=101, 1+1= \pm , 1+1= \pm ". The Golden Rules advocates "Team-work" cooperation spirit, "Platform" for multilateral cooperation, "Empathy" at multi-level and multi-dimension, "Sharing" win-win cooperation strategy and "Partnership" of seeking common development.

Chain Retail Business

During the Year, in order to minimise the impact on performance caused by the Epidemic, the Group had started to change its pricing strategies with a view to maintaining earnings of the Group. In the meantime, the Group has strengthened the construction of its O2O platform and formed an online and offline interactive operation system. At the end of the Year, the Group had a total of 395 stores (2021: 845 stores). However, the Group's retail business is still suffering from the continuous downturn of regional real economy within the northeastern region of the PRC and the impact of the Epidemic. The Group recorded sales revenue for retail business of RMB433.7 million for the Year (2021: RMB519.8 million), representing a year-on-year decrease of 16.6%.

王道哲學

王道哲學是主席金東濤先生提出的具有戰略遠見的經營理念,其中[王]體現為[1+1=1,1+1=11,1+1=101,1+1=王,1+1=田];王道哲學包含著精誠團結的[團隊]思維,多邊合作的[平台]思維,多層次多維度的[置換]思維,以及合作共贏的[分田]思維,共謀發展的[合夥人]思維。

連鎖零售業務

本年度,為了減少因疫情造成的業績影響,本集團開始改變定價策略,以維持本集團的收益。同時加強O2O平台建設,形成線上線下互動運營。本集團年末合共店舖395家(二零二一年:845家)。但是本集團的零售業務仍受著中國東北地域實體經濟持續下滑及疫情的衝擊,本集團零售業務銷售收益本年度錄得人民幣433.7百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣519.8百萬元),同比下降16.6%。



Nationwide Distribution Business

During the Year, the Group had approximately 1,750 distribution customers and five large-scale distribution logistics centers. The Group made appropriate promotion in its distribution system, continued to optimise screening and maintaining of high-quality customers. However, in this circumstance, the Group's distribution business recorded sales revenue of RMB839.9 million (2021: RMB665.4 million), representing a year-on-year increase of 26.2%.

Direct-supply and Sales Model

The Group's direct-supply model effectively addressed the issue of traditional heavily overlapped sales process, as well as simplified the supply chain to improve sales efficiency and profitability and provided a higher profit margin from the high-margin products of the Group. Meanwhile, the marketing model advanced to accord with the "Two Invoices System" carried out by the Chinese government so as to reduce the effect of the policy change of the Group. During the Year, the Group's management took all necessary actions to safeguard the direct supply of branded products, and its direct-supply model of these branded products covered the provinces in China.

Branded Products Operation

The Group continued to maintain the operational pattern of the original branded products and adjusted the brand structure according to actual operational requirements to eliminate certain non-applicable products and add new products, so as to maintain the competitiveness of the original branded products, on the other hand, increase the influence of new branded products. During the Year, a net increase of 24 branded products was recorded. Hence, there were 703 branded products in total in operation for the benefit of the Group at the end of the Year.

Intelligent Warehouse Construction

The Group has set up five large-scale logistics distribution centers in Shijiazhuang, Shenyang, Changchun, Harbin and Jiamusi, and has established a high-quality distribution system radiating across the whole country and covering the northeastern region. During the Year, continuously leveraging on Warehouse Management Software System, an intelligent sorting software system, the Group has improved the labor productivity. At the same time, the Group has improved the working environment, the work feelings of employees and customers have been improved, which helps the Group's image upgrade, and lays a solid foundation for planning of the industrial upgrading and intelligent transformation of the logistics park.

全國分銷業務

本年度,本集團擁有分銷客戶約1,750家, 具有規模的分銷物流中心五個。本集團適量 進行分銷體系的宣傳推廣投入,繼續優化篩 選和維護優質客戶。然而,在此環境下,本 集團分銷業務錄得銷售收益人民幣839.9百 萬元(二零二一年:人民幣665.4百萬元), 同比上升26.2%。

直供銷售模式

本集團的直供模式有效解決了傳統上繁複重疊的銷售環節,簡化供應鏈,從而提高銷售效率及盈利能力,為本集團的高邊際利潤產品提供可觀的利潤率。同時,契合中國政府推行的「兩票制」管理體制,減少本集團受到政策變化影響,具有行銷模式的先進性。本年度,本集團管理層積極維護品牌產品的直供能力,該直供模式覆蓋中國各省份。

品牌產品運營

本集團繼續維持原有品牌產品的運營格局,並根據實際經營需要進行品牌結構調整,淘汰部份不適用產品,補充新型產品,吐舊納新,一方面保持原有品牌產品的競爭力,另一方面增加新的品牌產品的影響力。本年度,錄得淨增加品牌產品24種。因此,本集團年末合共運營703種品牌產品為本集團的利益效力。

倉儲智能化建設

本集團在中國內地設置了石家莊、瀋陽、長春、哈爾濱、佳木斯五個較大規模的物流配送中心,構建了輻射全國和覆蓋東北地區的優質配送體系。本年度,繼續利用智能分揀軟件系統提升勞動生產率,同時由於本集團的工作環境改善,提高員工及客戶的業務工作感受,促進形象升級,為規劃物流園的產業升級及智能化轉型奠定堅實基礎。

Brand Image Promotion.

With traditional advantages in continuous brand promotion and marketing, the Group strengthened the influence and competitiveness of the Company, and mitigated the further decline in operating performance. During the Year, the Group further cut down its traditional media platforms, including televisions, broadcasts, newspapers, vehicle advertisement, billboards and leaflets, along with new media platforms including the internet and WeChat. In addition, the Group has participated in the public charity. Especially during the outbreak of the Epidemic, it carried out activities of free distribution of anti-epidemic supplies as a way to enhance the reputation of the Company and fulfill its corporate social responsibilities.

Institute School Training

According to the characteristics of new era, new economy, new technology and new retail, the Group continued to optimize the training activities of the institute and made best use of the business institute on the Group's business development, talent nurturing and public welfare promotion. Moreover, the Group took the advantage of its lead in establishing business institute in the industry, strengthened its cohesion as well as enhanced and transformed the mode of thinking of employees in response to the transformation and upgrade of the Company's business. During the Year, 13 online video internal trainings in total had been held by the Company due to the Epidemic.

Membership Service

During the Year, the Group had provided follow-up services and promotion benefits for approximately 1.5 million offline members, and provide online health knowledge, product knowledge and other dissemination services, enhancing the sense of affiliation and positivity of members while boosting their loyalty, and thus promoting a healthy image of the Company. Meanwhile, the Group had provided social value- added services in various aspects such as the supply of public toilets, cold shelters, lost children service centres and epidemic prevention station for courier; and continued to launch the public welfare activities, such as "Love China", with a view to building up its positive corporate image.

品牌形象推廣

本集團具有持續進行品牌宣傳和行銷推廣的傳統優勢,藉以強化本公司的影響力和競爭力,減低經營業績進一步下滑的幅度。本年度,本集團進一步削減利用傳統媒介等,如電視、廣播、報紙、車體、路牌及傳單等,以及新媒體,如互聯網、微信自媒體等,宣傳產品品牌及企業品牌。此外,本集團參與公益慈善,特別是疫情期間,開展免費發放防疫用品行動,提升本公司的美譽度,履行企業社會責任。

商學院學堂培訓

本集團根據新時代、新經濟、新科技、新零售等特徵,繼續優化商學院培訓內容,發揮企業商學院對本集團業務發展、人才培養、公益宣傳等方面的重要作用。此外,本集團利用在行業內率先成立企業商學院之優勢,提升企業凝聚力,促進員工思想提高及對業務轉型升級等新要求的適應性有所幫助。本年度,由於疫情,本公司舉辦了線上視頻形式內部培訓合共13場。

會員服務

本年度,本集團對所屬約150萬的線下會員 提供跟進服務及促銷優惠,並提供線上的健 康知識、產品知識等傳播服務,以便提高會 員的認同感和積極性,增加會員的忠誠度, 提升本公司企業健康的形象。同時,本集團 在開放洗手間、嚴冬提供避寒場所、走失兒 童服務中心、快遞小哥防疫驛站等多方面進 行社會增值服務,繼續開展「愛心中國」等公 益活動,樹立良好的企業形象。

Industry Alliance

During the Year, the Company had proactively participated in the alliance activities. The Chairman, vice chairman and chief executive office had attended on behalf of the Group the tours and forums organised by the alliance to seize the theme of era development, keep abreast of the industry information, promote development of branded products, strengthen the Company's interaction, exchange with industry alliance and constantly enhance the Group's influence. Among them, Mr. Jin Dongtao, the chairman, won the "Special Contribution Award" of the China Pharmaceutical Resources Association; this year, Mr. Chu Chuanfu, the CEO, won the "China Pharmaceutical Retail Outstanding Person Award" by the West Lake Forum. Meanwhile, leveraging on the China's national strategic guidance of "Healthy China (健康 中國)", "Beautiful China (美麗中國)", "Belt and Road (一帶一路)", "Guangdong-Hong Kong- Macao Greater Bay Area (粤港澳大灣 區)" and "Hainan Free Trade Port (海南自由貿易港)", the Company gathered industry experience and focused on technological innovation to seek further transformation and upgrade of the Group's business.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group recorded revenue of RMB1,273.6 million for the Year (2021: RMB1,185.2 million). Loss attributable to owners of the Company was RMB187.6 million for the Year (2021: RMB675.4 million). Loss per share for the Year was RMB42.66 cents (2021: RMB174.83 cents). The decrease in loss attributable to owners of the Company was mainly due to the continuous improvement of operating efficiency through implementing measures to tighten cost control over various operating expenses in order to enhance its profitability and to improve cash flow from its operations in future. During the Year, the Group closed a number of loss-making retail stores to minimise operating loss.

Revenue

For the Year, the Group recorded revenue of RMB1,273.6 million (2021: RMB1,185.2 million). With the adaption of the epidemic and changes in the epidemic prevention policy during April to June 2022, the customer flow of the stores gradually increased, and the release of the epidemic-restricted products like the treatment of fever, cold, pharyngitis, antibiotics, etc., so the revenue rebounded quickly. In addition, sales increased rapidly due to many large-scale promotional activities were carried out in existing stores this Year.

行業聯盟

財務回顧

本年度,本集團錄得收益人民幣1,273.6百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣1,185.2百萬元)。本年度,本公司擁有人應佔虧損為人民幣187.6百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣675.4百萬元)。本年度,每股虧損為人民幣42.66分(二零二一年:人民幣174.83分)。本公司擁有人應佔虧損減少,主要由於本集團通過採取措施加強對各種經營成本控制,以提高公司盈利能力並改善公司未來的經營現金流,從而提高經營效率。本年度,本集團已關閉多家虧損零售店,以儘量減少經營虧損。

收益

本年度,本集團錄得收益人民幣1,273.6百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣1,185.2百萬元)。 二零二二年四至六月隨著疫情的常態化,以及防疫政策的改變,使門店的客流量逐漸增多,疫情限制產品主要是治療發燒、感冒、咽炎、抗生素等一些產品的開放,所以銷售回升比較快。此外,由於本年度現有門店開展了很多大型促銷活動,使銷售快速增長。

Analysis of revenue by business segment

Revenue (RMB million) Year ended 30 June 收益(人民幣百萬元) 截至六月三十日止年度

按業務分部劃分的收益分析

Percentage (%) of total revenue Year ended 30 June 佔總收益百分比(%) 截至六月三十日止年度

						—~	
		2022	2021 二零二一年	Change 變動	2022 二零二二年	2021	Change 變動
Retails	零售	433.7	519.8	-16.6%	34.1	43.9	-9.8pp 個百分點
Distributions	分銷	839.9	665.4	+26.2%	65.9	56.1	+9.8pp 個百分點
		1,273.6	1,185.2		100.0	100.0	

Retail Business Segment

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 395 (2021: 845) retail pharmacies in total, of which 310 (2021: 650) located in Heilongjiang, 84 (2021: 127) in Liaoning, 0 (2021: 67) in Jilin and 1 (2021: 1) self-operated retail pharmacy in Hong Kong. In addition, the Group had no supermarket selling healthcare products and consumer goods in Shenyang as at 30 June 2022, while there was one in Shenyang as at 30 June 2021.

Distribution Business Segment

The Group adopted a prudent approach in running the distribution business and took appropriate actions to mitigate credit risks by strengthening the credit management of sales and minimising trade receivables in order to lower the risk of bad debts.

During the Year, the Group had a nationwide distribution network covering approximately 1,750 active customers (2021: 2,270), among which, approximately 1,050 pharmaceutical retailers, hospitals and clinics (2021: 1,410) and approximately 700 distributors (2021: 860).

零售業務分部

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團的零售藥店總數達395家(二零二一年:845家),其中310家(二零二一年:650家)位於黑龍江,84家(二零二一年:127家)位於遼寧,0家(二零二一年:67家)位於吉林及1家(二零二一年:1家)自營零售藥店位於香港。此外,於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團在瀋陽不再設有超市銷售保健品及消費品,而於二零二一年六月三十日,瀋陽設有一家超市。

分銷業務分部

本集團採納審慎措施經營分銷業務並採取適 當行動,透過加強銷售信貸管理降低信貸風 險,並減少貿易應收款項,以降低壞賬風 險。

本年度,本集團全國性分銷網絡覆蓋約 1,750名活躍客戶(二零二一年:2,270名), 其中約1,050名為醫藥零售商、醫院及診所 (二零二一年:1,410名)及約700名為分銷商 (二零二一年:860名)。

Gross profit

Gross profit of the Group for the Year was RMB204.2 million (2021: RMB156.9 million). Overall gross margin increase from 13.2% to 16.0%. With the less impact of the Epidemic, the pricing level has been gradually increased, so the gross profit margin increased during the Year as compared with last year.

毛利潤

本年度,本集團毛利潤為人民幣204.2百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣156.9百萬元)。整體毛利率由13.2%上升16.0%。毛利率增加主要是由於受到疫情的影響減少,定價水平逐漸提升,因此本年度毛利率較去年提升了。

按業務分部劃分的毛利潤分析

Analysis of gross profit by business segment

		Year ende 毛利潤(人民	Gross profit (RMB million) Year ended 30 June 毛利潤(人民幣百萬元) 截至六月三十日止年度		Gross mar Year ended 毛利率 截至六月三十		
		2022 二零二二年	2021	Change 變動	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年	Change 變動
Retails	零售	100.0	107.0	-6.5%	23.1	20.6	+2.5pp 個百分點
Distributions	分銷	104.2	49.9	+108.8%	12.4	7.5	+4.9pp 個百分點
		204.2	156.9				

Selling and marketing expenses

Selling and marketing expenses for the Year was RMB322.4 million (2021: RMB533.8 million) and accounted for 25.3% (2021: 45.0%) of the Group's revenue. The decrease in selling and marketing expenses was mainly due to the decrease in depreciation of property, plant and equipment, employee benefit expenses, advertising and other marketing expenses and rental expenses.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses for the Year was RMB58.0 million (2021: RMB66.6 million) and accounted for 4.6% (2021: 5.6%) of the Group's revenue. The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to the decrease in employee benefit expenses and depreciation of property, plant and equipment during the Year.

銷售及營銷開支

本年度,銷售及營銷開支為人民幣322.4 百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣533.8百萬元),佔本集團收益的25.3%(二零二一年: 45.0%)。銷售及營銷開支減少主要由於物業、廠房及設備折舊費、員工福利開支、廣告及宣傳費用及租金費用減少所致。

行政開支

本年度,行政開支為人民幣58.0百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣66.6百萬元),佔本集團收益的4.6%(二零二一年:5.6%)。行政開支減少主要是由於本年度僱員福利開支及物業、廠房及設備折舊費減少所致。

Finance income - net

Net finance income for the Year was RMB2.3 million (2021: Net finance cost of RMB10.6 million). The net finance income as against the net finance costs was mainly due to the decrease in exchange losses.

Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses for the Year was nil (2021: RMB5.2 million). The decrease in income tax expenses was mainly due to no deferred tax expenses was recognised in the Year. The effective income tax rate for the Year was nil (2021: 0.8%).

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's treasury function formulated financial risk management procedures, which are also subject to periodic review by the senior management of the Company.

This treasury function operates as a centralized service for managing financial risks, including interest rate and foreign exchange rate risks, reallocating surplus financial resources within the Group, procuring cost-efficient funding and targeting yield enhancement opportunities. The treasury function regularly and closely monitors its overall cash and debt positions, proactively reviews its funding costs and maturity profiles to facilitate timely refinancing, if appropriate.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's unpledged cash and cash equivalents were RMB57.8 million in aggregate (2021: RMB33.1 million), and the Group's net current assets were RMB23.6 million (2021: RMB103.7 million).

During the Year, net cash flows used in operating activities amounted to RMB42.4 million (2021: RMB107.7 million). The decrease in cash flows used in operating activities was mainly attributable to the decrease in the Group's working capital.

During the Year, the Group had capital expenditure of RMB0.1 million (2021: RMB1.9 million).

財務收入一淨額

本年度,財務收入淨額為人民幣2.3百萬元 (二零二一年:財務成本淨額為人民幣10.6 百萬元)。財務收入淨額與財務成本淨額相 比,主要由於匯兑虧損減少所致。

所得税開支

本年度並無所得税開支(二零二一年:人民幣5.2百萬元)。所得税開支減少主要由於本年度並無確認遞延所得税費用所致。本年度實際所得税税率為零(二零二一年:0.8%)。

流動資金及資本資源

本公司之庫務部門制定財務風險管理程序, 亦由本公司高級管理層定期審閱。

該庫務部門集中管理包括利率及匯率風險在 內之財務風險、重新分配本集團之財務資源 盈餘及爭取有成本效益之資金,並抓緊提高 收益之機遇。庫務部門定期及密切監察其整 體現金及債務狀況、積極檢討其融資成本及 到期情況以方便於適當情況下及時再融資。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團之無抵押 現金及現金等價物合共為人民幣57.8百萬元 (二零二一年:人民幣33.1百萬元),及本集 團之流動資產淨值為人民幣23.6百萬元(二 零二一年:人民幣103.7百萬元)。

本年度,經營活動所用的現金流量淨額為人 民幣42.4百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣107.7 百萬元)。有關經營活動所用現金流量的下 降主要因本集團營運資金減少所致。

本年度,本集團的資本開支為人民幣0.1百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣1.9百萬元)。

Having considered the cash flow from operating activities and existing financial gearing, the management believes that the Group would replenish liquidity in a timely basis to fund its day-to-day operations, capital expenditures and prospective business development projects. The Board will continuously and closely monitor the Group's liquidity position and financial performance and implement measures to improve the Group's cash flows.

經考慮經營活動之現金流量及現有財務槓桿,管理層認為,本集團需要適時補充流動資金,為日常業務營運、資本開支及未來業務發展項目提供資金。董事會將持續及密切監控本集團流動資金狀況及財務表現以及實行措施以改善本集團的現金流量。

The Group mainly operates in the PRC, with most of its transactions denominated and settled in Renminbi. The Group's currency risk is insignificant and mainly arises from certain bank deposits that are denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars. As at 30 June 2022, the Group had cash and bank balances of RMB57.8 million, of which the equivalent of RMB1.3 million was denominated in Hong Kong dollars and United States dollars.

本集團主要在中國經營業務,大部分交易以 人民幣計值及結算。本集團的貨幣風險並不 重大和主要來自以港元及美元計值的部分銀 行存款。於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團 的現金及銀行結餘為人民幣57.8百萬元,其 中以港元及美元計值的款項相等於人民幣 1.3百萬元。

The Group did not use financial instruments for financial hedging purpose during the Year.

本年度,本集團並無使用金融工具作金融對 沖用途。

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

資本結構

On 19 November 2021, the Company allotted and issued a total of 77,262,689 new shares of the Company (the "Share(s)") to four subscribers (the "First Subscription"), who are independent third parties, under general mandate at the subscription price of HKD0.135 per Share. The new Shares issued under the First Subscription represent approximately 16.7% of the total issued Shares as enlarged by such new Shares. Net proceeds of approximately HKD10.2 million were raised under the First Subscription.

於二零二一年十一月十九日,本公司配發並發行了共77,262,689新股份(「**股份**」)予四名獨立第三方認購人(「**第一次認購**」),在一般授權下認購價為每股0.135港元。於第一次認購的新股份約佔經該等新股擴大的已發行股份總數的16.7%。淨收益根據第一次認購籌集了約10.2百萬港元。

On 7 June 2022, the Company allotted and issued a total of 92,715,226 new Shares to four subscribers (the "Second Subscription"), who are independent third parties, under general mandate at the subscription price of HKD0.15 per Share. The new Shares issued under the Second Subscription represent approximately 20.0% of the total issued Shares as enlarged by such new Shares. Net proceeds of approximately HKD13.6 million were raised under the Second Subscription.

於二零二二年六月七日,本公司配發並發行了共92,715,226新股份予四名獨立第三方認購人(「第二次認購」),在一般授權下認購價為每股0.15港元。於第二次認購的新股份約佔經該等新股擴大的已發行股份總數的20.0%。淨收益根據第二次認購籌集了約13.6百萬港元。

For details of the First Subscription and the Second Subscription, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 29 October 2021, 23 May 2022 and 1 June 2022 respectively. As at 30 June 2022, 556,291,360 ordinary Shares of US\$0.01 were issued by the Company. Details of the movements in the share capital of the Company during the year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had a borrowing from an associate carried an interest rates of 3% per annual (2021: Nil).

The gearing ratio of the Group as at 30 June 2022, calculated as net debt divided by sum of total equity and net debt, was N/A (2021: N/A).

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had no significant contingent liabilities (2021: Nil).

As at 30 June 2022, the entire balance of notes payable of the Group was secured by restricted cash of RMB30.5 million (2021: RMB34.7 million).

HUMAN RESOURCES

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had 3,396 (2021: 5,586) full-time employees with total employee benefit expenses amounted to RMB245.5 million for the Year (2021: RMB316.5 million). Employees are paid according to their positions, performance, experience and prevailing market practices, and are provided with management and professional training. The Group has implemented a number of initiatives to enhance the productivity of its employees. In particular, the Group conducts periodic performance reviews on most of the employees, and their compensation is tied to their performance. Further, the Group's compensation structure is designed to incentivize its employees to perform well by linking a portion of their compensation to their performance and the overall performance of the Group. The performance-based compensation partly depends on the employee's job function and seniority. Employees in Hong Kong are provided with retirement benefits under the Mandatory Provident Fund scheme, as well as life insurance and medical insurance. Employees in the PRC are provided with basic social insurance and housing fund in compliance with the requirements of the laws of China. Meanwhile, the Group endeavours to provide its employees with a safe workplace and structured training programs.

第一次及第二次認購詳情請參閱本公司公告 日期分別為二零二一年十月二十九日、二零 二二年五月二十三日及二零二二年六月一日 之公告。於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司 已發行556,291,360股每股面值0.01美元。 有關本年度本公司股本之變動詳情載於合併 財務報表附註21。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團向聯營公司借款年利率為3%(二零二一年:無)。

本集團於二零二二年六月三十日的資本負債 比率(以債務淨額除以權益總額與債務淨額 之和計算)為不適用(二零二一年:不適用)。

或然負債及資產質押

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團並無任何 重大或然負債(二零二一年:無)。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團的應付票據全部結餘以受限制現金人民幣30.5百萬元 (二零二一年:人民幣34.7百萬元)作抵押。

人力資源

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團擁有 3,396名(二零二一年:5,586名)全職僱員, 本年度,僱員福利總開支為人民幣245.5百 萬元(二零二一年:人民幣316.5百萬元)。 本集團根據僱員的職位、表現、經驗及當前 市場慣例向僱員支付薪酬,並提供管理及專 業培訓。本集團已實施一系列舉措以提高員 工的生產力。尤其是,本集團對大多數的員 工進行週期性績效評估,他們的薪酬與績效 掛鈎。此外,本集團的薪酬結構旨在通過將 部分薪酬與個人績效和本集團的整體業績掛 鈎,激勵員工取得良好表現。基於業績的薪 酬部分取決於員工的崗位職能和資深程度。 本集團根據強制性公積金計劃為香港僱員提 供退休福利,以及人壽保險及醫療保險。本 集團根據中國法律規定向中國內地僱員提供 基本社會保險及住房公積金。此外,本集團 竭力為僱員提供安全之工作環境及提供有系 統之培訓課程。

FUTURE PLAN

Following the leadership of the Chairman in strategic plan and taking the Golden Rules as its guidelines, the management of the Group will adapt to the new situation, concentrate on universal health, focus on the pharmaceutical industry, and deeply cultivate the industry chain. On the basis of stabilizing and optimising the existing retail chain network and distribution system, it will further explore the structural transformation and digital upgrading of the "supply-side" reform with focus on the development of the following areas:

Firstly, "Specialization+" strategy is adopted to strengthen the service professionalism and improve the Company's operation quality. Taking licensed pharmacists as the core and leveraging on the advantages of the business institute, the Group aims to train employees of the new era, and improve the level of pharmacy services for the public from the aspects of corporate culture, pharmaceutical knowledge, service skills, new marketing methods, or introducing famous doctors, as a way to win customers and develop markets with professionalism, and to shape professional brands in retail chain pharmacies and distribution field.

Secondly, "Platform+" strategy is adopted to expand the value-added service items of stores to meet the growing demand of consumers. With the change in living environment, people pay more attention to health, resulting in increasing demand for prevention and treatment. In particular, the Epidemic outbreak has further reminded the public of the importance of health care and immunity. The Group will adopt new technological methods according to the new situation, such as introducing Al intelligent diagnostic medical equipment, or introducing resources in the field of universal health in the form of partners, to enhance the service capabilities of terminal stores and with alert marketing model, implement franchise store promotion model as to adapt to the market needs in the new situation.

未來規劃

本集團在主席的戰略規劃引領下,管理層將 以王道思維為指導方針,適應新形勢,專注 大健康,聚焦醫藥行業,深耕產業鏈條。在 穩定和優化現有零售連鎖網絡及分銷體系基 礎上,進一步探索「供給側」方面的結構性轉 型和數字化升級,主要在以下幾個方面進行 拓展:

一是「專業+」策略。強化服務專業程度,提高公司運營素質。以執業藥師為核心,依託商學院優勢,培養新時代員工,從企業文化、醫藥知識、服務技巧、新行銷手段等多方面,或引進名醫坐堂,提高為民眾藥學服務水平,以專業性贏得顧客及開發市場,塑造零售連鎖藥房及分銷領域的專業品牌。

二是「平台+」策略。拓展店舗的增值服務項目,滿足消費者日益增長的消費需求。隨著人們生活環境的變化,對健康的關注更為明顯,預防和治療需求不斷增加。尤其是疫情的突現,進一步提示民眾保健和免疫的重要性。本集團將根據新形勢採用新科技手段,或以合夥人形式引進大健康領域資源,增強終端店舖服務能力,並及時開展管理模式變革,實行加盟店推廣模式,適應新形勢的市場需求。

Thirdly, "Internet+" strategy is adopted to strengthen the linking capability of internet to physical stores, and promote online and offline connectivity and integration. According to the development trend of technology and the internet, the Group will make full use of the new situation of the popularization of mobile internet terminals, including development of applets, use of short videos and live commerce, moments promotion, group development and bonding members, to develop a network for physical stores, explore a new marketing ecosystem integrating "new business, new retail, and new technology", and build a dynamic and leading competitiveness.

三是「互聯網+」策略。加強互聯網對實體門店的鏈接能力,促進線上線下貫通及融合發展。本集團將根據科技及互聯網發展趨勢,充分利用移動互聯網終端普及應用的新情況,開發小程序、利用短視頻及直播帶貨、朋友圈宣傳、群組開發及粘合會員等多種新方式,打通實體店舖的空中網絡,探索「新商業、新零售、新科技」相融合的新營銷生態系統,構建動態領先的競爭力。

Therefore, by leveraging the network layout advantages of traditional industries and grafting the new economic model, introducing to partnership model, the Group will make efforts to facilitate the optimization and digital transformation of the Group's operation structure, and make plans for a new development cycle with the wing of new engine for the Company, so as to maintain the Group as one of the industrial leaders in terms of the construction of industrial chain ecosystem and operation channel innovation.

這樣,通過借助公司傳統行業網絡佈局優勢,嫁接新經濟模式,開展加盟方式變革,努力促進本集團經營結構優化和數字化轉型,為本公司發展謀定新週期,插上新翅膀及構架新引擎,使本集團在產業鏈生態系統建設和運營渠道創新等方面繼續走在行業的前端。

EVENTS AFTER THE YEAR

No important event has occurred after 30 June 2022, being the end of the financial year under review, which would affect the Group.

本年度期後事項

於二零二二年六月三十日財政年度結束後, 本集團並沒有發生重大事件。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

With reference to its own experience, the Company primarily adopts the principles and basis of Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") as its standards, with an aim to establish a sound environmental, social and governance structure.

本公司主要採納香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄 二十七所載《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之 原則及基準作為本公司的標準,同時結合自 身經驗,旨在構建良好的環境、社會及管治 架構。

The Group is principally engaged in the distributions and retails of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the PRC. The Group employs the Direct-supply Model in the sales and promotion of its high-margin products including licensed products and the products with exclusive distribution rights. The Group employs Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEM) and does not directly participate in the production process, therefore, there is no emission of waste gas and greenhouse gas, water and land pollution and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste, etc. in respect to production process. This report elaborates the Group's performance in fulfilling its corporate social responsibility arisen from operations in the mainland China and Hong Kong of the PRC during the Year.

本集團主要在中國東北地區從事藥品及其他 醫藥產品的分銷及零售業務兩個業務類型。 本集團實行直供模式以銷售推廣本集團的高 邊際利潤產品,其中包括授權品牌產品及取 得獨家分銷權的產品。本集團採用構建原設 備製造商(OEM)代工,並不直接參與生產過 程,因此並無有關生產過程產生的廢氣及溫 室氣體排放、用水及土地的排污、有害及無 害廢棄物的產生等。本報告整體上闡述了本 集團本年度內於中國內地及中國香港營運所 產生的企業社會責任之表現。

The Group understands that corporate actions are not only critical to the future of the business, but also need to respond to global collective concerns and be consistent with sustainable development goals. We implement more ambitious measures to address the impact on the climate and enhance overall sustainability practices, including setting environmental goals. Responsibility and transparency will drive us to achieve our goals and environmental, social and governance (ESG) vision.

本集團深明企業的行動不但對業務的未來尤關重要,同時亦需回應全球性的集體關注,並與可持續發展目標保持一致。我們實施更遠大的舉措,以解決對氣候的影響並增強整體可持續性實踐,當中包括制定環境目標。責任承擔及透明度將推動我們實現目標和環境,社會及管治(ESG)的願景。

The Group is committed to creating values for stakeholders and the community by a responsible mode of operation, and its major objectives are to maintain the sustainable development of the following factors: (I) environmental aspect; (II) working environment; (III) operational management; and (IV) community participation/public welfare.

本集團致力以負責任的經營方式為持份者及 社區創造價值,維護以下因素的持續發展成 為本集團重要目標:(一)環境方面;(二)工 作環境;(三)運營管理;及(四)社區參與/ 社會公益。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Stakeholders 持份者	Issues of concern 關注事宜	Communication channels 溝通渠道
Government and market regulators 政府及市場規管機構	 Compliance operation 合規經營 Tax payment 繳納税項 Promote regional economic development and employment 推動地區經濟發展及就業 	 On-site inspections and checks 實地視察及檢查 Work reports preparation and submission for approval 編製並提交工作報告作審批 Annual, interim reports and other published information 年報、中期報告及其他已刊發資料
Shareholders and investors 股東及投資者	 Return on investment 投資回報 Information disclosure and transparency 資料之披露及透明度 Protect of shareholders' interests 保障股東權益 	 Annual general meeting and other shareholder meetings 股東週年大會及其他股東大會 Annual, interim reports and other published information 年報、中期報告及其他已刊發資料 The Company's website 本公司網站 The Company's contact information 本公司聯絡方式
Employees 僱員	 Career development opportunities 事業發展機會 Health and safety 健康與安全 	 Training and incentive scheme 培訓及激勵計劃 Health guidelines 安全指引
Peer/industry associations 同業/行業協會	 Experience sharing and co- operations 經驗分享及合作 	 Industry alliance 行業聯盟 Industry conference and seminars 行業大型會議及研討會
Suppliers/partners 供應商/合作夥伴	 Long-term partnership 長遠夥伴關係 Honest co-operation 真誠合作 Fair and open 公平及公開 Risk reduction 降低風險 	 Tendering process 招標過程 Regular meeting 定期會議 Strategic cooperation 策略合作 Synergetic development 協同發展
Customers 客戶	 Safe and high-quality products 安全及高品質之產品 Business ethics 商業道德 Member activities 會員活動 	 Customer service hotline 客戶服務熱線 After-sales service 售後服務
Public and communities 公眾及社區	 Social responsibilities 社會責任 Community involvement 社區參與 	 Various charity projects 各類公益慈善項目 Concern on environmental impact 關注環境影響 The public welfare brand "Love China" of the Group 本集團「愛心中國」的公益品牌

(I) ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECT

The Group only sells and markets our licensed products under our Direct-supply Model. The Group believes that our Direct-supply Model enables us to streamline our distribution and supply chain by eliminating or reducing intermediaries and enhance distribution efficiency and profitability, as well as reducing environmental emissions in sale process. The Group does not directly participate in manufacturing drugs, and there is no productive resource consumption for the Group. The Group actively responds to environmental issues and is committed to reducing the impact of business on the environment in its day-to-day operations through a series of policies and measures. The following are the main policies and measures of the Group for the implementation of environmental protection.

Reduce Emission

In respect of drug storage, the Group abides by Good Supplying Practice ("GSP") as required by competent authority of China, the primary productive consumption is limited to the use of electricity. In terms of transportation, the Group mainly relies on third party transportation agencies in the process of purchase. Under the conditions permitting, the Group will give priority to cooperation with local suppliers to reduce the energy consumption of the transportation process. Only ordinary office work and storage and delivery of goods will involve usage and consumption of resources of the Group with a small portion of use of its own vehicles.

(一)環境方面

本集團僅以直供模式銷售及推廣授權品 牌產品。本集團相信直供模式可通過消 除或縮短中間環節,簡化分銷及供應 鏈,提高分銷效率及盈利能力,並減少 銷售過程產生的環境排放物。本集團 多與直接製造藥品,不存在生產性資源 消耗。集團積極響應環保議題,通過制 定一系列的政策和措施在日常營運中致 力減少業務對環境的影響。以下為本集 團對執行環保的主要政策和措施。

減少排放物

藥物儲存方面,本集團遵循中國主管機關的《藥品經營質量管理規範》(「GSP」),主要產生的消耗僅限於電力的使用:運輸方面,本集團的產品採購主要依賴於第三方運輸機構,本集團在條件許可下,會優先考慮與本地供應商合作,以減少運輸過程的能源消耗。本集團的資源使用僅限於一般的辦公、倉儲及少量使用自有車輛來運送貨物。



ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

The pollutant emission generated by use of vehicles of the Group

本集團使用車輛而產生的污染物排放情況

Emission indicators (emission/revenue RMB million) 排放量指標 (排放量/收益人民幣百萬元)

Reporting items	Emission types	Emission during the Year	During the Year	For the year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年
報告事項	排放物種類	本年度排放量	本年度	六月三十日止年度
Vehicle travelling 車輛行駛	Nitrogen oxides 氮氧化物(NOx)	743.7 kg 千克	0.584	1.117
Vehicle travelling 車輛行駛	Particulate matter 顆粒物	63,346.4 pcs 粒	50	98
Automotive fuel 車輛燃料	Sulphur oxides 硫氧化物(SOx)	1.3 kg 千克	0.001	0.002
Automotive fuel 車輛燃料	Carbon dioxide 二氧化碳(CO ₂)	213,069.5 kg 千克	167.3	325.2

Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emission

Reduction of business trips

The Group understands that long travelling for business trips will increase energy consumption and lead to an increase in greenhouse gas emissions. Consequently, the Group actively reduces the number of business trips and alternatively uses other effective means of communication by teleconference or video conference to replace meetings and trainings which need long travelling.

Promotion of Environmental Protection Education to Stakeholders

At present, the Group engages various manufacturers of pharmaceutical products and health care products to manufacture our licensed products according to the design and packing requirements specified by the Group. The Group is committed to promoting the importance of energy-saving and emission reduction to its manufacturers and, therefore, the requirements on the manufacturers should comply with national environmental protection regulations and to use environmental friendly material on packaging to the greatest extent. Among which, the manufacturers of the licensed products have obtained all necessary licenses, permits and certification.

減少溫室氣體排放

減少商務差旅

本集團了解商業差旅長途交通會增加能源消耗,繼而增加溫室氣體排放,因此本集團積極減少商務差旅次數,改用其他有效的溝通方法,透過電話會議或視頻會議取代長途的見面會議及培訓。

• 向持份者推廣環保教育

本集團現時聘請多家醫藥產品及保 健品製造商按照本集團訂明的設計 及包裝要求製造授權品牌產品,本 集團致力向製造商推廣節能減排的 重要性,所以在採購單條款會註明 要求製造商遵守國家環保法規及 裝儘量運用環保的材料。其中,授 權品牌產品製造商均已獲得所有所 需的許可證、許可及認證。 The Group raises employees' awareness of environmental protection through induction training and slogan. Moreover, training procedures are formulated to incorporate the concept of environmental protection into the employee's annual training program, which ensures effective implementation of the relevant energy-saving and emission reduction measures.

本集團通過入職培訓,張貼宣傳標語等提升員工的環保意識,並且制定培訓程序,將環境保護概念納入員工的年度培訓計劃中,確保有效實踐有關節能減排的措施。

Resource Usage

• Save electricity and water

The Group actively advocates the concept of "green office" and implements a series of measures to save energy in the office, including cultivating the energy-saving awareness of employees and encouraging them to save electricity and water voluntarily such as turning off the power immediately after use and setting a reasonable temperature of air conditioner, and reduce wastage.

• Save paper

In daily operation, the Group actively promotes the electronic use of documents, uses computer archives instead of paper documents, and implements paperless office as much as possible to reduce the use of paper office supplies. The Company encourages shareholders to support environmental protection by receiving the corporate communication in electronic form of the Company in the future. Meanwhile, the Group requires employees to use double-sided printing and recycle used paper that has been used on one side.

The management has regularly reviewed resource use policies and usage, and does not find violations of waste.

資源使用

• 節約用電、用水

本集團積極倡導「綠色辦公」,通 過一系列措施努力實現辦公室能源 節約,包括培養員工節約意識,推 動員工自覺省電、節水,例如使用 後隨即關閉電源,合理設置空調溫 度,減少浪費。

• 節約用紙

本集團在日常營運中積極提倡文件 電子化,使用電腦存檔代替紙質文 件,盡量實行無紙化辦公,以減 少紙質辦公用品的使用。本公司鼓 勵股東選擇收取所有日後公司通 訊之網上版本來支持環境保護。 同時,集團要求員工採用雙面列 印,將單面用過的紙張回收再次使 用。

管理層定期審視資源使用政策及使用情況,沒發現違規的浪費情況。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

The resources usage on operation of the Group

本集團營運期間資源使用情況

Resources usage amount indicators (Usage amount/revenue RMB million) 資源使用量指標

(使用量/收益人民幣百萬元)

Resources usage	Usage amount during the Year	During the Year	30 June 2021 截至二零二一年
資源使用	本年度使用量	本年度	六月三十日止年度
Electricity 電 Petrol 燃油 Water 水	852,180 degree 度 90,284 litre 公升 6,556 m³ 立方米	669.1 70.9 5.1	774.5 137.8 7.7

The Environment and Natural Resources

The Company acknowledges that climate change and resource shortages pose a major threat to human survival and development. As an enterprise relying on the raw material supply chain, the Company is fully aware of the need to understand and manage the impact of these risks on operations.

The Company supports the transition to a low-carbon economy. The Company is working hard to understand and reduce our environmental impact and carbon footprint, which means cutting down the demand for energy and water resources, reducing waste and improving operations.

The Company formulated series of policies for energy and water conservation, which offer more specific advice and measures on management to employees.

環境及天然資源

本公司承認,氣候變化及資源短缺對人 類生存和發展構成了重大威脅。作為依 賴原料供應鏈的企業,本公司充分意識 到有必要了解及管理這些風險對營運的 影響。

本公司支持向低碳經濟轉型,本公司正 努力了解並減少我們的環境影響及碳足 跡,這意味著減少對能源和水資源的需 求、減少浪費及改善營運。

本公司訂立了一系列的節約能源及水資 源政策,為員工提供了更具體管理建議 及措施。

Measure 措施名稱	Measure details 措施內容
Green office 綠色辦公室	 Encouraging paperless office for electronic documentation 鼓勵無紙化辦公,利用電子文檔 Setting air conditioners to keep the temperature at 25℃ 設定空調溫度為攝氏25度 Turning off unused equipment or lighting system 關掉未有使用的設備或照明系統
Green operation 綠色營運	 For the non-hazardous solid waste, such as domestic waste and waste packaging, etc., the Group will deliver them to Health Authority for handling to prevent environmental pollution upon collection 本集團對產生無害固體的廢棄物而言,例如生活垃圾及廢棄包裝物等,將交由衛生部門處理,防止收集時污染環境 Some unqualified products found in product test and the obsolete drugs produced during the storage are destroyed under the supervision of the quality department 對產品檢測中發現一些不合格品及儲存時產生的過期藥品而言,在質量部門的監督下處理銷毀
Promoting environmental protection to manufacturers and green purchase 向製造商推廣環保及綠色採購	 Complying with environmental protection laws and regulations as well as the environmental protection standards of the Group 遵從環保法律法規及本集團環境保護規定的標準 Choosing local suppliers at priority and manufacturing licensed brand products based on design and packaging requirements prescribed by the Group when meeting the Company's requirements 在符合本公司要求情況下,優先考慮本地供應商及按照本集團訂明的設計及包裝要求製造授權品牌產品
Providing environmental protection training to employees 向員工提供環保培訓	 Providing environmental protection training for new joiners 均會為新入職的員工提供環保培訓 Actively reducing the number of business trips and encouraging employees to use teleconferences or video conferences instead of meetings which need long travelling 積極減少商務差旅次數,鼓勵員工透過電話會議或視頻會議取代長途的見面會議 Encouraging employees to reduce the use of vehicles 鼓勵員工減少使用車輛

Warehouse Construction

The Group builds a logistics warehouse to analyze information through modern system management, and realize the generalizable, controllable, intelligent and informative logistics, on the one hand, to improve the turnover rate and accuracy of warehouse; on the other hand, to reduce logistics cost and improve operation efficiency, so as to reduce environmental pressure as a whole, improve corporate profits and realize more abundant social values. These infrastructure, management experience and expertise will be fully opened to partners, enabling partners to reduce logistics costs.

倉儲建設

本集團建設物流倉儲,通過現代化系統管理分析資訊,實現物流的可類化、可控化、智慧化、資料化,一方面提高庫房的周轉率及準確性,另一方面降低物流成本及提升運作效率,整體上降低對環境造成的壓力、提高企業利潤,實現更豐富的社會價值。這些基礎設施、實理經驗、專業技術將會向合作夥伴全面開放,賦能合作夥伴,降低物流成本。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

(II) WORKING ENVIRONMENT

Employee and Labor Standards

As of 30 June 2022, the Group had 3,396 employees, of which 99.7% located in mainland China.

The Group is in strict compliance with local employment laws and regulations, including but not limited to Chapter 57 Employment Ordinance in Hong Kong, and Labor Law of the PRC, Labor Contract Law of the PRC, Law of the PRC on Protection of Minors, Regulations on Prohibiting Use of Child Labor (State Council Order No. 364) and Special Provisions on Labor Protection of Females (State Council Order No. 619):

- 1 labor wages, overtime pay and related benefits in compliance with the requirement of local minimum wage;
- 2 holiday and legal holiday in compliance with the provisions of the state;
- 3 equal treatment to every employee, without influence of employee's nationality, race, nationality, gender, religion, age, sexual orientation, political parties, marital status and other social identity on employment, payment, promotion, etc; and
- 4 implementation of integrated computation man-hour in compliance with the requirements of labor law.

(二)工作環境

僱員及勞工準則

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團有 3,396名員工,所聘用的員工99.7%位於 中國內地。

本集團嚴謹遵從本地僱傭法律及法規,包括但不限於香港法例第57章《僱傭條例》及《中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》、《中華人民共和國未成年人保護法》、《禁止使用童工規定》(國務院令第364號)、《女職工勞動保護特別規定》(國務院令第619號)等:

- 勞工工資、加班費及相關福利均依 據當地最低工資支付;
- 2 假期及法定有薪假期均遵從國家規定;
- 3 平等對待每一位員工,不因員工 的民族、種族、國籍、性別、宗 教、年齡、性取向、政治派別、 婚姻狀況等社會身份而影響其錄 用、待遇、晉升等;及
- 4 參考勞動法的要求實行綜合計算工 時工作制。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

The working hours applied to the staff of the Group are in compliance with the relevant requirements of the employment laws and regulations. The Group's all businesses are prohibited from employing child labor or forced labor. The Group has complied with relevant laws and regulations of prevention of child and compulsory labor. We perform strict examination in the process of recruitment to avoid hiring child labor in any workplace. Furthermore, we will hold regular meeting with management of all departments to review whether there exists forced labor and also understand the situation from the employees. Any detected employment of child labor or forced labor will be dealt with seriously, such as stopping the work of child labor, criticism and reduction of wages or bonus of the person in charge of the recruitment, as the case may be, with respect to related department and even dismissal in severe cases.

本集團員工之工作時間符合僱傭法律及 法規的有關要求。本集團所有業務均禁 止僱傭童工或強制勞工。本集團已遵守 防止僱用童工及強制勞工之相關法律, 在招聘過程便進行嚴格審核, 容許招聘童工在任何工作場所工有有 程定期與各部門管理層開會檢討有有解, 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處的 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處勞工 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處勞工 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處勞工 在強制勞工的情況,亦從員工處 一旦發現聘用童工或強制工工資 本集團一定嚴格處理,停止童工工資或 金,嚴重情況予以開除。

The Group has established and implemented a set of human resources management policies and procedures in place with the aim to provide ideal working environment to its staff. Further, the Group's compensation structure is designed to incentivize its employees to perform well by linking a portion of their compensation to their performance and the overall performance of the Group. The Group has adopted a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") for the purpose of enhancing cohesion and maintaining competitiveness.

本集團已制定並實施一套人力資源管理 政策及程序,以提供理想的工作環境予 僱員。此外,本集團的薪酬結構旨在通 過將部分薪酬與個人業績和本集團的整 體業績掛鈎,激勵員工取得良好表現。 本集團實施了購股權計劃(「購股權計 劃」),以增強凝聚力,保持競爭力。





ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Total number of employees by gender, category and age 按性別、僱員類型及年齡組別劃。 group 員總數					
Gender	Category	Age group (years old)	Number at 30 June 2022 於二零二二年 六月三十日	Number at 30 June 2021 於二零二一年 六月三十日	
性別	類型	年齡組別(歲)	人數	人數	
Female	Management	50 or above			
女性	管理人員	50或以上	44	43	
		40-49	85	94	
		30-39	33	56	
		18-29	9	11	
	General staff	50 or above			
	一般員工	50或以上	228	286	
		40-49	1,072	1,542	
		30-39	1,038	1,935	
		18-29	336	775	
Male	Management	50 or above			
男性	管理人員	50或以上	43	41	
カエ	日生八只	40-49	46	60	
		30-39	23	54	
		18-29	10	10	
		10-27	10	10	
	General staff	50 or above			
	一般員工	50或以上	40	43	
		40-49	197	234	
		30-39	175	345	
		18-29	17	57	
	1 .				
		Total			
		總數	3,396	5,586	

Employee turnover rate by gender, category and age group

按性別、僱員類型及年齡組別劃分的僱 員流失比率

Gender	Category	Age group (years old) 年齡組別(歲)	Employee turnover rate for the Year (%) 本年度	Employee turnover rate for the year ended 30 June 2021 (%) 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度
性別	類型	平歐紐別(威)	流失比率(%)	流失比率(%)
Female	Management	50 or above		
女性	管理人員	50 of above	0.0	0.0
文正	6 生八只	40-49	10.1	2.1
		30-39	51.7	1.8
		18-29	20.0	16.7
	General staff	50 or above		
	一般員工	50或以上	22.6	0.0
		40-49	36.0	0.0
		30-39	60.3	0.8
		18-29	79.0	6.5
Male	Management	50 or above		
男性	管理人員	50或以上	0.0	0.0
		40-49	24.8	3.3
		30-39	80.5	0.0
		18-29	0.0	0.0
	General staff	50 or above		
	一般員工	50或以上	7.2	0.0
	双兵工	40-49	17.2	0.0
		30-39	65.4	3.4
				21.9
	THE STATE OF THE S			
			48.8	0.5
		18-29	108.1 48.8	

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Health and Safety

The Group establishes management policies and procedures for human resources, formulates system of occupational health and safety and takes various steps, aiming to provide the employees with an ideal and safe working environment. For this purpose, the Group also persists in putting resources on improving occupational safety and environmental protection awareness as well as employee development. Our Code of Business Conduct, available in the staff handbook, communicates to our employees the Group's emphasis on ethical business conduct. The Code of Business Conduct applies to all employees and covers areas including, among other things, health, safety and financial integrity, etc.

Working Environment

The Group assesses safety of working environment. The Group implements relevant national regulations on occupational safety and social insurance and formulates corresponding operating rules to manage and control the health and safety hazards posed to the employees, and also formulates relevant contingency and precautionary measures. For example, in business premises and offices, the Group provides relevant staff with necessary labor protection resources, white gowns for salesperson and the necessary education on computer operation and water and electricity safety. Moreover, the Group regularly monitors the compliance status including firefighting equipment and regular cleaning of the air conditioning system and replacement of relevant components to ensure good in-door air quality for protection of employees' health. The Group should report and supervise rectification in event of non-compliant situation. In terms of labor insurance, the Group provides social insurance for employees, including employment injury insurance. In terms of commercial insurance, Directors and senior management are insured of liability insurance.

Work-Life Balance

The Group is not just concerned with the occupational health and safety of the employees; it is also concerned with the psychological well-being and need of private life of the employees. Hence, the Group devises various categories of leaves relating to an employee's family life, and makes provision for early leave, flexible vacation, etc. to align with the roles of an employee in his/her family. In addition, the Group will arrange a variety of activities to ease the employees' pressure and enrich employees' life outside of work, such as arrangement of festival celebration activities, sport competitions, etc.

健康及安全

本集團制定了人力資源管理政策和程序,制定了職業健康與安全的制度,採取各措施旨在為員工提供理想及安全的工作環境,為此,本集團亦堅持投放資源以提升職業安全及環保意識與員工等則中之商業行為守則向僱員內方為守則適用於所有僱員並涵蓋不同領域,包括健康、安全及財務誠信等。

工作環境

本集團評估工作環境的安全,貫徹執行 國家有關職業安全和社會保險等規範, 制定相應的操作守則以管控員工的健康 與安全風險,並設有相關的應變及預防 措施。例如:在營業場所和辦公室,本 集團為相關職員提供必要的勞動保護資 源及營業員白袍,提供電腦操作及用 電、用水安全教育的知識。此外,集團 定期監控合規狀況,包括消防設備,及 安排定期清洗空調系統及更換相關零 件,確保室內空氣質素良好,保障員工 的健康。當有不合規情況出現時,對 糾正措施作出滙報及監督。勞動保險方 面,本集團為員工繳納社會保險,包括 工傷保險。商業保險方面,本集團為董 事及高級管理人員投保責任保險。

工作與生活的平衡

本集團不單關注員工的在職健康與安全,更加關顧員工的心理健康及私人生活的需要,故制定各類與家庭崗位有關的假期,並配合員工家庭崗位所需給予早退、彈性休假等。另外,集團會安排各種活動舒緩員工的壓力及充實同事在工作以外的生活,例如安排節日慶祝活動、運動比賽等。

During the Year, no work-related death or injury occurred with respect to any employees within the Group.

Development and Training

The Group has implemented a number of initiatives to enhance the productivity of our employees. Among which, Jintian Institute is an internal training institution first set up in the industry, and subsequently introduced to China Business School Education Group Limited, which established in Hong Kong and is also our training institution.

Jintian Institute (also named as "Jintian School")

Jintian Institute is an in-house training and development centre, providing systematic and comprehensive training to our employees as well as our important distribution customers periodically. These training courses focus on the promotion of employee's sales skills and deepening the understanding of enterprise culture of the Group. Jintian Institute provides certain training programmes and courses covering various aspects of business operations of the Group, including but not limited to, medical and nutrition knowledge, store operations and procedures, sales and marketing techniques, customer interaction and service skills. Jintian Institute also provides training to our management team in areas such as business process and planning, leadership development, effective communication and management skills. Another key function of the Jintian Institute is to organise events and seminars to promote corporate values of the Group: goal- orientation, teamwork and collectivism. In the meanwhile, the Group also provides continuous training for Directors and senior management on relevant laws and regulatory update as well as business matters related to the Group, to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills.

These trainings include seminars and workshop on leadership development, corporate governance practices as well as regulatory development and requirements. Through these training programmes, our employees are able to master standard operating procedures of the Group, communicate effectively with customers and acquire a better understanding of customers' preferences. Jintian Institute also helps us to build an experienced, loyal and focused workforce.

本年度,本集團並沒有員工因工作關係 而死亡及受傷的個案。

發展及培訓

本集團實施一系列舉措以提高員工生產力。其中,金天商學院是行業內率先成立的內部培訓機構,之後引入於香港設立的中華商學院教育集團有限公司,其亦是本集團培訓機構。

金天商學院(亦稱「金天學堂」)

金天商學院為一所內部培訓及發展中 心,定期向僱員及重要分銷客戶提供系 統而全面的培訓。此等培訓課程專注於 提升僱員的銷售技巧及加深對本集團企 業文化的認識。金天商學院提供一些培 訓計劃及課程,涵蓋本集團業務營運的 各個方面,包括但不限於以下方面:醫 療及營養知識、門店營運及程序、銷售 及行銷技巧、客戶互動及服務技能。金 天商學院亦在業務流程及規劃、領導力 培育、有效溝通及管理技能等領域向我 們的管理團隊提供培訓。金天商學院的 另一個關鍵職能是組織活動及研討會以 提升本集團的企業價值,即堅持以目標 為導向、團隊合作及集體主義。同時, 本集團亦對董事及高級管理層就相關法 律及監管更新及有關本集團業務事宜進 行持續培訓,以增進及補充彼等之知識 及技能。

有關訓練包括研討會及工作坊,題材涉及領導力發展、企業管治常規以及監管發展及要求。通過此等培訓課程,本集團的僱員能掌握本集團的標準營運程序、與客戶有效溝通,以及更了解客戶的喜好。金天商學院亦協助本集團建立一支經驗豐富、忠誠及專注的團隊。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

During the Year, the Group provided 13 sessions of training to employees through Jintian Institute with up to 253 participants, with an aim to make active efforts for improving staff quality and management performance, and adapt to the new norm of the economic development.

Details for employees receiving training from Jintian Institute

本年度,本集團通過金天商學院向僱員 提供13場培訓,參與人次達253人,積 極努力提升員工質素和管理績效,並適 應經濟發展新常態。

Participants during

僱員接受金天商學院培訓情況表

Category	Participants during the Year	the year ended 30 June 2021 截至二零二一年 六月三十日
類別	本年度受訓人次	止年度 受訓人次
Senior Management Personnel 高級管理人員 Middle Management Personnel 中級管理人員 Salespersons 營業人員	7 27 219	24 130 3,075
Total 合計	253	3,229

Encouragement for External Learning

While conducting internal training actively, the Group also encourages its employees to participate in exams for external higher education and professional qualification. By sharing the resource of the Jintian Institute, we organize employees to participate in the exams of licensed pharmacists, undergraduate and postgraduate etc., encourage employees to promote themselves from different aspects, and improve business skills and comprehensive quality, etc.

Peer/Industry Associations

China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association (中國醫藥物資協會) was established in 1989, which was a national, non-profit making social entities Class I corporate organization approved to be registered by the Ministry of Civil Affairs of the PRC (中國民政部). Business supervisory unit is State-owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of The State Council. The Chairman, Mr. Jin Dongtao is vice chairman of the China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association. The Group's senior management and employees participate in the training and offline activities of the association on an irregular basis.

鼓勵外部學習

本集團在積極開展內部培訓的同時,亦 鼓勵員工參加外部高等教育及職業資格 的考試。通過金天商學院的資源分享, 我們組織員工參加執業藥師、大學本 科、碩士研究生等多方面的考試,促使 僱員多角度提升自己,在業務技能和綜 合素質等方面進行有益提高。

同業/行業協會

中國醫藥物資協會成立於一九八九年,是經中國民政部登記註冊的全國性、非牟利社會團體一級法人組織,業務主管單位為國務院國有資產監督管理委員會。主席金東濤先生為中國醫藥物資協會副會長,本集團高管及僱員不定期參與協會培訓及線下活動。

(III) OPERATIONAL MANAGEMENT

Supply Chain Management

In order to enhance operation and management, the Group works on simplifying the supply chain management; as well as diversifying supplier channels to reduce purchase cost and building a structure that combines upstream and downstream through mergers and acquisitions. Out of all the Group's suppliers, 402 are manufacturers and 666 are distributors. For the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, 27.8% and 27.5% products were purchased directly from the manufacturers respectively.

Product Quality and Safety

For the responsibility in product sales, the Group pays attention to the quality management, complaint handling and customer privacy protection.

At present, the Group engages several manufacturers of pharmaceutical products and health care products to manufacture our licensed products according to the design and packing requirements specified by us. All the manufacturers of the licensed products have obtained all necessary licenses, permits and certification, including Good Manufacturing Practice Certification. The Group also requires suppliers to meet the national Good Manufacturing Practice.

(三)運營管理

供應鏈管理

為提升運營管理,本集團著力於簡化供應鏈管理,擴大供應商渠道,以降低採購成本及通過併購以構建上下游一體化格局。本集團擁有402家製造供應商及666家分銷供應商。截至二零二二年和二零二一年六月三十日止年度,分別有27.8%及27.5%的產品是直接從製造商處採購。

產品質量及安全

對於產品銷售責任方面,本集團重視質 量管理,投訴處理和客戶隱私保護。

本集團現時聘請多家醫藥產品及保健品 製造商按照本集團訂明的設計及包裝要 求製造授權品牌產品。本集團的授權品 牌產品製造商均已獲得所有所需的許可 證、許可及認證,包括藥品生產質量管 理規則認證。本集團亦要求供應商達到 國家藥品生產質量管理規範。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

The Group strictly implemented the national GSP in the storage and transportation of products, assigned special personnel to supervise temperature and humidity and established effective period warning mechanism for the purpose of strengthening quality control. The Group strengthened the maintenance and protection of intellectual property rights. In the procurement procedures, we strictly follow the requirements of GSP and require suppliers to avoid infringement of intellectual property rights of third parties; otherwise, the liability for tort shall be borne by the relevant supplier. The Group also strengthened quality controls, promptly notify the supplier of any breakage or other fault of products found during acceptance check and require relevant supplier or transportation operator to make compensation after distinguishing their respective liabilities. The Group strengthened the management of product circulation, in case quality issues with products were found, the Group will take down from shelves and recall those products in time according to the notice of competent authority and notify the supplier to make compensation as agreed. In addition, we strictly protect the privacy of consumer, all of the members and consumers data will be under computer encryption process. The Group also requires allied unit of different industry (if any) to protect consumer privacy. In case of adverse drug reaction, the Group will report to competent authority of the industry upon receipt of any feedback from customers.

本集團在產品的儲運中,嚴格執行國 家GSP,設立專人進行溫度、濕度等監 管,並建立有效期警報機制,加強質 量管理。本集團加強維護及保障知識產 權,在採購環節按GSP要求嚴格把關, 要求供應商嚴謹避免侵犯第三方知識產 權,否則由供應商承擔相應侵權責任。 本集團亦加強品質驗收管理,對驗收產 品出現破損等情況,及時通知供應商, 區分責任由供應商或運輸商進行補償。 本集團加強產品流向管理,如果銷售的 產品出現品質問題,將按國家機關的通 知及時下架和召回,通知供應商按協約 進行補償。另外,我們嚴格保護消費者 隱私,對會員資料和消費者資料進行電 腦加密處理,如有異業聯盟單位,也同 時約定該單位需要保護消費者隱私。如 果出現藥品不良反應的消費者回饋,須 及時上報行業主管部門。

Anti-corruption

The Group is committed to promoting ethical business practices and full compliance with the law wherever we do business. There are strict internal guidelines within the Group which prohibit the employees' involvement in illegal activities, such as bribery, extortion, money laundering and fraud. The Group often participates in the training plans provided through Jintian Institute, which allows our employees to possess rich experiences in many aspects of Direct-supply Model, such as medical product manufacturing, purchasing and quality control, pharmacy operation and marketing.

反貪污

本集團致力提倡道德商業行為,並全面 遵守業務地區之法律。本集團有嚴格的 內部指引禁止員工參與賄賂、勒索、洗 黑錢及欺詐等非法活動,並經常透過金 天商學院舉辦的培訓計劃,讓僱員在直 供模式的許多方面均有經驗,如醫藥產 品製造、採購及品質控制、藥店營運及 行銷。 The Group has in place a "whistle-blowing" policy and system for our employees to report suspected criminal acts including corruption, money laundering and fraud. During the Year, there is no corruption case reported, or legal case regarding corrupt practices or money laundering brought against the Group.

本集團為僱員設置了「舉報」政策及制度,報告涉嫌犯罪行為,包括貪污、洗 黑錢及欺詐。本年度,本集團並無貪污 案件的發生或僱員呈報有關貪污行為或 洗黑錢之法律訴訟。

(IV) COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION/PUBLIC WELFARE

In order to increase the participation in social activities, the Group endeavors to launch more activities for community members and promote the development of public welfare brand "Love China". At the same time, the Group strives to strengthen corporate governance and integrate its corporate development with public welfare philosophy.

The Group is committed to creating sustainable development value in economic, social and environmental aspects to fulfil its corporate social responsibility and achieve long-term sustainable growth of shareholder value. The management of the Group reviews the policy implementation, monitors and measures the progress from time to time to ensure its stated goals achieved in an effective manner.

In order to expand membership base, we propagandize membership programme through a variety of marketing campaigns and also plans to strengthen the analysis of members' consumption patterns and preferences so as to optimize the retail marketing strategy. At the same time, we continue to increase the number of online members through smart platforms such as applets. We will continue to provide members with diversified incremental services, for example, free drug delivery, and free consultation provided to community through the Business Institute, free testing provided to community residents by medical team, etc., and constantly improve the service level.

(四)社區參與/社會公益

為加強參與社會活動,本集團努力推出 更多社區會員活動和推動「愛心中國」 公益品牌發展。同時,本集團努力加強 企業管治,相互融合企業發展與公益理 念。

本集團致力於經濟、環境和社會方面創造可持續發展價值,履行企業社會責任,實現長遠可持續增長的股東價值。 本集團管理層不時審視政策實行,監督和計量進度,並確保有效實現既定目標。

為擴大會員基礎,我們通過各種行銷動推廣會員計劃,還計劃加強會員消費模式及喜好的分析,以優化零售行銷策略,同時透過小程序等智能平台不斷增加線上會員數量。我們將繼續向會員提供多樣化的增值服務,比如免費送藥,和通過商學院為社區民眾提供免費諮詢、通過醫療小組為社區居民提供免費檢測等,並不斷提高服務水平。

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT 環境、社會及管治報告

Member Activities

During the Year, the branches of the Group intensified member activities, including ongoing member discounts and festival activities, provision of cold shelters in winter, provision of shelter and other support for the lost child as well as other social value-added services, which further improved the cohesion of the members and their willingness to consume. As of 30 June 2022, we had approximately 1.5 million offline members, the average consumption of members reached RMB122 and the Group held 162 sessions of membership activities in total.

Love China Public Welfare Activities (愛心中國公益活動)

Aixin Chuanbo (Beijing) Wenhua Fazhan Zhongxin* (愛心傳 播(北京)文化發展中心) was established in 2011 for welfare activities "Love + Health", which was the nationwide fitness and Love program under the name of "Love" and composed of a series of commonweal undertakings, such as "Nationwide Fitness Programme" of body building exercise, "Support and Assist Students and Teachers Programme" caring for the next generation, and "Programme of Army Wife Employment Base" aim at supporting national defense, all of which were designed to pass on China's five thousand years of culture, carry forward the spirit of love Party and patriotism, advocate healthy philosophy of charity and spread healthy culture of caring others. Love China activities are committed to building the platform for the interaction and communication among government, media, enterprises and charities, through which we develop public welfare undertaking, converge love, promote physical and mental health in the society and forge Love China and Love World. The public welfare brand "Love China" constitutes the best platform for the Group to fulfill its social responsibility.

During the Year, the Group made some medication donations.

In conclusion, the Group has been always adhered to the environmental protection concept of environment caring and sustainable development; while the management strengthening corporate governance to achieve the best operating practices with the combination of governance and efficiency, actively assuming community responsibilities and building the public welfare brand "Love China" as the best platform for fulfillment of social responsibilities.

會員活動

本年度,本集團的分店加強舉行會員活動及節日活動等持續進行會員優惠和獎勵,並從嚴冬提供避寒場所、為迷路小童提供避難支援等方面進行社會增值服務,進一步提高會員的凝聚力和消費意欲。於二零二二年六月三十日,我們有約150萬線下會員,會員平均消費達到人民幣122元,本集團本年度共組織162場會員活動。

愛心中國公益活動

於本年度,本集團作出若干藥品捐助。

總結,本集團一貫堅持關愛環境和可持續發展的環保理念;同時,管理層加強企業管治,使本集團的運營在治理與效率的結合中發揮最佳實踐,積極擔負社區責任,並將「愛心中國」建立為踐行社會責任的最佳平台。

The Board has pleasure in presenting the Report of the Directors and the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

董事會欣然提呈董事會報告及本集團於本年度的經審核合併財務報表。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and the Group is principally engaged in the distribution and retail of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the PRC. Analysis of the principal activities of the Group during the Year is set out in Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on pages 115 to 116 of this annual report.

KEY FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The key financial performance indicators of the Group for the Year are set out in the sections of "Financial Summary" and "Financial Highlights" of this annual report.

RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

During the Year, the Group has maintained a good relationship with its stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

PRINCIPAL RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES THE GROUP FACING

The principal risk and uncertainties the Group facing are set out in the sections of "Chairman's Statement", "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 3 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommend the payment of any final dividend for the Year (2021: Nil).

主要業務

本公司主要從事投資控股,本集團主要在中國東北地區從事分銷及零售藥物及其他醫藥產品。有關本集團於本年度的主要業務分析載於合併財務報表附註10。

業績

本集團於本年度的業績載於本年報第115至 116頁的合併綜合收益表。

主要財務運營數據

本集團於本年度主要財務運營數據載於本年 報「財務資料概要」及「財務摘要」章節內。

與利益相關者關係

於本年度,本集團與其利益相關者,包括僱員、客戶、供應商、銀行、監管機構及股東維持良好關係。本集團將繼續確保與其主要 利益相關者有效溝通及維持良好關係。

本集團面對的主要風險及不確定性

本集團面對的主要風險及不確定性載於本年報「主席報告」、「管理層討論及分析」章節及合併財務報表附註3。

末期股息

董事會不建議派付本年度之任何末期股息 (二零二一年:無)。

DIVIDEND POLICY

The declaration, form, frequency and amount of any dividend payout of the Company must be in accordance with relevant laws, rules and regulations and subject to the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles of Association"). Provided there are distributable profits and without affecting the operations of the Group, the Company may consider declaring and paying dividends to the Shareholders. In deciding whether to propose a dividend and in determining the dividend amount, the Board shall take into account, included but not limited to: (i) the general financial condition of the Group; (ii) working capital and debt level of the Group; (iii) future cash requirements and availability for business operations, business strategies and future development needs; (iv) any restrictions on payment of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders; (v) the general market conditions; and (vi) any other factors that the Board deems appropriate. The payment of the dividend by the Company is also subject to any restrictions under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association.

BUSINESS REVIEW AND OUTLOOK

The business review and outlook of the Group for the Year is set out in the sections of "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

SUBSCRIPTION OF NEW SHARES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Under the First Subscription, the Company allotted and issued an aggregate of 77,262,689 Shares with aggregate nominal value of US\$212,472 at the subscription price of HKD0.135 per Share (net subscription price per Share: approximately HKD0.132) to a total of four subscribers, namely Li Peng, Cui Tianhao, Hu Jian and Gao Rui, all are independent third-parties, for the purpose of raising general working capital of the Group. As at the date of entering into the relevant subscription agreements (i.e. 29 October 2021), the price per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HKD0.142. A net proceeds of approximately HKD10.2 million was raised under the First Subscription which has been fully utilised as general working capital of the Group.

股息政策

本公司必須根據相關法律、規則及規例以及受限於本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)制定股息宣派、形式、頻率及金額。倘有任何可分派溢利且不影響本集團的營運。於營定是否建議派付股息及釐定股息金額,於,釐定是否建議派付股息及釐定股息金額,於,一般財務狀況;(ii)本集團的營運需求。(iv)本集團的貸款人就派付股息可能施加的任何,以一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明制;(v)一般市况;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以)一般市況;及(vi)董事會認為受明則,以

業務回顧及展望

本集團本年度之業務回顧及展望載於本年報 「主席報告」及「管理層討論及分析」章節內。

認購新股和所得款項用途

於第一次認購,本公司以每股0.135港元的認購價(每股淨認購價:約0.132港元)配發及發行合共77,262,689股面值總額為212,472美元的股份向合共四名認購人,即李鵬、崔天浩、胡健及高蕊,均為獨立第三方,以籌集本集團的一般營運資金。於訂立相關認購協議當日(即二零二一年十月二十九日),每股股份在聯交所所報的價格為0.142港元。根據第一次認購事項籌集的所得款項淨額約為10.2百萬港元,所有款項已用作一般營運資金。

Further, under the Second Subscription, the Company allotted and issued an aggregate of 92,715,226 Shares with aggregate nominal value of US\$250,000 at the subscription price of HKD0.150 per Share (net subscription price per Share: approximately HKD0.147), to a total of four subscribers, namely Sun Pinghao, Dong Lixin, Yu Haixu and Li Shen, all are independent third-parties, for the purpose of raising general working capital of the Group. As at the date of entering into the relevant subscription agreements (i.e. 23 May 2022), the price per Share as quoted on the Stock Exchange was HKD0.160. A net proceeds of approximately HKD13.6 million was raised under the Second Subscription.

此外,於第二次認購,本公司以每股0.150港元的認購價(每股淨認購價:約0.147港元)配發及發行合共92,715,226股面值總額為250,000美元的股份,向孫平灝、董立新、于海旭及李沈共四名認購人,均為獨立第三方,以籌集本集團的一般營運資金。於訂立相關認購協議當日(即二零二二年五月二十三日),每股股份在聯交所所報的價格為0.160港元。根據第二次認購事項籌集的所得款項淨額約為13.6百萬港元。

Since many countries were adversely affected and China is facing challenges to combat the outbreak of Omicron variant. Under the zero-tolerance strategy, the local governments in the PRC implemented stringent measures to control the Epidemic. In light of the above, the intended use of the proceeds raised under the First Subscription and the Second Subscription would mainly focus on the following aspects:

由於奧密克戎變種病毒肆虐,許多國家受到不利影響,中國亦正經歷抗疫挑戰。根據清 零政策,中國地方政府實施嚴格的疫情防控 措施。鑒於上述,於第一次認購及第二次認 購所得款項的擬定用途將主要集中在以下方 面:

The Company intends to apply such net proceeds for general working capital for the Group to secure its operating cash flow, including paying off costs incurred from store operation and replenishing the Group's inventory of anti-epidemic items. The Company wishes to prepare for the future outbreak of Covid-19 and stock up anti-epidemic items in advance which will be essential for combating the Epidemic by the general public, take for instance disinfection products and products for improving immune system. The Board is of the view that replenishing such products can increase the competitiveness and fulfil social responsibility of the Group.

本公司擬將用作本集團一般營運資金的有關 所得款項淨額用於保證其營運現金流,包括 支付門店營運及補充本集團的抗疫物品存貨 而產生的成本。本公司希望為日後預防疫情 做好準備,提前儲備公眾抗擊新冠肺炎所必 需的抗疫物品,如消毒產品及增強免疫系統 產品。董事會認為,補充該等產品可提升本 集團的競爭力及履行其社會責任。

As at 30 June 2022, the net proceeds raised under the First 於二零二二年六月三十日,第一次認購及第 Subscription and the Second Subscription was utilised for the following purpose:

二次認購的募集資金淨額用於以下用途:

Expected

		timeframe for		
Use of proceeds	Net proceeds available 可用所	Net proceeds used during the Year 年度期間已用所得	Net proceeds unused 未使用所得	application of the unutilized proceeds 應用未使用所得
所得款項用途	得款項淨	款項淨額	款項淨額	款項的預期時間表
The First Subscription				
第一次認購				
General working capital: 一般營運資金				
R 医足具 型 Paying off the costs incurred from replenishing the Group's inventory of anti-epidemic items				
補充本集團的抗疫物品存貨而產生的成本	10.2 HKD million	10.2 HKD million	_	N/A
	百萬港元	百萬港元		不適用
Total總數:	10.2 HKD million	10.2 HKD million	-	
	百萬港元	百萬港元		
The Second Subscription				
第二次認購				
General working capital: 一般營運資金				
Paying off costs incurred from store operation				
支付門店營運而產生的成本	2.5 HKD million	2.5 HKD million	_	N/A
	百萬港元	百萬港元		不適用
Paying off the costs incurred from replenishing the Group's inventory of anti-epidemic items				
補充本集團的抗疫物品存貨而產生的成本	11.1 HKD million	11.1 HKD million	_	N/A
	百萬港元	百萬港元		不適用
Total總數:	13.6 HKD million	13.6 HKD million	_	
	百萬港元	百萬港元		

During the Year, the proceeds were fully utilised and used in line with the previously disclosed plan.

於本年度,所得款項已悉數按照先前披露的 計劃用途使用。

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

One of the fundamental tasks of the senior management of the Group is leading the Group to protect the environment. The Group, as a corporate citizen, fulfills social responsibility, strengthens corporate governance, promotes healthy and orderly development of the Group, and further creates economic value and social benefits for clients, upstream suppliers, downstream distributors, Shareholders, potential investors, management, employees, communities and even the environment and other stakeholders.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board is aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company will be held on Monday, 12 December 2022 (the "2022 AGM").

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 7 December 2022, to Monday, 12 December 2022, both days inclusive, in order to determine the identity of the Shareholders who are entitled to attend the 2022 AGM. All transfers accompanied by the relevant share certificates and transfer forms must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong before 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 6 December 2022.

SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years are set out on pages 255 to 256 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

環境政策及表現

引領本集團關注環保一直為集團高級管理層之基本任務之一。本集團(作為企業公民)履行社會責任、加強企業管治、推動本集團健康有序地發展;並為客戶、上游供應商、下游分銷商、股東、潛在投資者、管理層、僱員、社區、甚至是環境等利益相關者創造更多經濟價值及社會效益。

遵守法律法規

據董事會所悉,本集團已在重大方面遵守對 本集團之業務及營運有重大影響之相關法律 法規。

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司的股東週年大會(「二零二二年股東週年大會」)將於二零二二年十二月十二日(星期一)舉行。

本公司將於二零二二年十二月七日(星期三)至二零二二年十二月十二日(星期一)期間(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,以釐定有權出席二零二二年股東週年大會的股東身份。所有股份過戶文件連同相關股票及過戶表格須於二零二二年十二月六日(星期二)下午四時三十分前送交本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖。

財務資料概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產及 負債概要載於本年報第255至256頁。該概 要並不構成經審核合併財務報表的一部分。

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the Year, the purchase from the Group's five largest suppliers contributed 8.3% of the total cost of sales and the sale to the Group's five largest customers contributed 7.7% of the total revenue.

Save as disclosed hereinafter, none of the Directors or any of their respective close associates or, so far as the Directors were aware, any Shareholder who owned 5% of the number of issued shares of the Company as at 30 June 2022, had any interest in any of our five largest suppliers or customers for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESERVES

Details of movements in the reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out on page 117 and in Note 37(b) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 30 June 2022, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of Companies Law of the Cayman Island, amounted to approximately RMB358.9 million (2021: RMB549.2 million).

主要客戶及供應商

於本年度,本集團五大供應商採購金額佔總 銷售成本的8.3%,本集團五大客戶銷售額 佔總收益的7.7%。

除其後所披露者外,董事或彼等各自的任何緊密聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知於二零二二年六月三十日擁有本公司5%已發行股份數目)於截至二零二二年和二零二一年六月三十日止年度概無於任何五大供應商或客戶中擁有任何權益。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度的物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於合併財務報表附註7。

股本

本公司於本年度的股本變動詳情載於合併財 務報表附註21。

儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度的儲備變動詳情分別載於合併財務報表第117頁及附註37(b)。

可分派儲備

於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司的可分派儲備(根據開曼群島公司法條文計算)約為人民幣358.9百萬元(二零二一年:人民幣549.2百萬元)。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year up to the date of this annual report were:

Executive Directors:

Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)

(Resigned as chief executive officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Jin Dongkun (Vice chairman)

Mr. Chu Chuanfu (Chief operation officer)
(Appointed as executive Director and chief executive officer on 1 August 2021)

Mr. Zhao Zehua

Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned as executive Director on

1 August 2021)

Independent Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing

Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie

Mr. Zou Haiyan

In accordance with Article 16.2 of the Article of Association, any director appointed to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall be eligible for re-election at that meeting; and in accordance with Article 16.18 of the Articles of Association, at every annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

Accordingly, Mr. Jiu Dongkun, Mr. Zhao Zehua and Mr. Zou Haiyan shall retire by rotation and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election at the 2022 AGM.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Group are set out on pages 89 to 98 of this annual report.

董事

於本年度直至本年報報告日期,董事名單如下:

執行董事:

金東濤先生(主席)

(於二零二一年八月一日辭任首席執行官)

金東昆先生(副主席)

初川富先生(首席營運官)

(於二零二一年八月一日獲委任

為執行董事及首席執行官)

趙澤華先生

孫立波先生(於二零二一年八月一日辭任 執行董事)

獨立非執行董事:

鄭雙慶先生

江素惠女士

鄒海燕先生

根據組織章程細則第16.2條,任何被委任以 填補臨時空缺的董事將一直留任,直至本公 司下屆股東大會為止,並且屆時符合資格於 會議上膺選連任;及根據組織章程細則第 16.18條,於本公司每屆股東週年大會(「股 東週年大會」)上,當時三分之一的董事(倘 董事人數不是三人或不是三的倍數,則須為 最接近但不少於三分之一的董事人數)須輪 席退任,惟每位董事(包括有特定任期的董 事)須最少每三年輪流退任一次。

因此金東昆先生、趙澤華先生及鄒海燕先生 待確認將輪席告退,並符合資格及願意在即 將舉行的二零二二年股東週年大會上膺選連 任。

董事會及高級管理層

本集團董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於本 年報第89至98頁。

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

The Company has received an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules from each of the independent non-executive Directors and the Company considers such Directors are independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTERS OF APPOINTMENT

As at 30 June 2022, none of the Directors has service contract or letter of appointment which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there was no contract of significance between the Company or its holding company or any of its subsidiaries and any controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries for the Year.

During the Year, none of the Company or any of its subsidiaries has entered into any contract of significance for the provision of services by any controlling shareholders or any of its subsidiaries.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company, its subsidiaries, its fellow subsidiaries or its holding companies was a party or were parties and in which a Director or any entities connected with a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the Year.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group were entered into or existed during the Year.

獨立非執行董事的獨立性確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規 則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認書,並認 為該等董事屬獨立人士。

董事的服務合約及委任函

於二零二二年六月三十日,董事概無訂立本 集團於一年內終止而毋須支付補償(法定補 償除外)的服務合約或委任函。

控股股東於合約之權益

除本年報所披露者外,於本年度,本公司或 其控股公司或其任何附屬公司概無與任何控 股股東或其任何附屬公司訂立任何重大合 約。

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂 立由任何控股股東或其任何附屬公司提供服 務的任何重大合約。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約的權益

本公司、其附屬公司、其同系附屬公司或其 控股公司概無訂立董事或與董事有關連的任 何實體直接或間接於當中擁有重大權益且對 本集團之業務重大且於年末或本年度任何時 間存續的交易、安排或合約。

管理合約

於本年度,並無訂立或存在任何與本集團全部或任何主要部分業務的管理及行政有關的 合約。

EMOLUMENT POLICY

The remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") was set up for reviewing the Group's emolument policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management of the Group, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance of the Directors and senior management and comparable market practices.

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND FIVE INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and five highest paid individuals are set out in Note 36 and Note 28(a) to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

No Director has waived or has agreed to waive any emolument during the Year.

CHANGES IN INFORMATION OF DIRECTORS

During the Year, save as disclosed in the interim report of the Company for the six mouths ended 31 December 2021, there was no change in information of the Directors which is required to be disclosed pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 30 June 2022, the interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) (i) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO (including interests and short positions which were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO), or (ii) which were required, pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register maintained by the Company, or (iii) which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules were as follows:

薪酬政策

薪酬委員會(「**薪酬委員會**」)已告成立,以根據本集團的經營業績、董事及高級管理層的個人表現以及可資比較市場慣例,審閱本集團的薪酬政策以及本集團董事及高級管理層的所有酬金架構。

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金

董事及五名最高薪酬人士的酬金詳情分別載 於合併財務報表附註36及附註28(a)。

於本年度, 概無董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

董事資料變動

除本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 六個月的中期報告披露者外,於本年度,根 據上市規則第13.51(2)條第(a)至(e)及(g)段須 予披露的資料並無變動。

董事及最高行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

於二零二二年六月三十日,董事及本公司最高行政人員在本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義見證券與期貨條例(「證券與期貨條例」)第 XV部)的股份、相關股份及債權證中擁有(i)根據證券與期貨條例第XV部第7及8分部須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉(包括根據證券與期貨條例的有關條文被當作或視為擁有的權益及淡倉),或(iii)根據證券與期貨條例第352條須於本公司存置的登記冊登記的權益及淡倉,或(iii)根據上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

Name of Director	Nature of Interest	Number and class of Shares/ underlying Shares	Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽⁷⁾
董事姓名	權益性質	股份/相關股份 數目及類別	概約持股 百分比
	¥ / / / I		
Jin Dongtao	Interest of a controlled corporation	90,701,495 ⁽¹⁾ (Long Position)	16.30%
金東濤	受控法團權益	(好倉)	
	Beneficial owner	7,166,801(2)	1.29%
	實益擁有人	(Long Position) (好倉)	
	具血摊有八	(刈后)	
	Interest of spouse	723,400 ⁽³⁾	0.13%
	■1/用 ## > /	(Long Position)	
	配偶權益	(好倉)	
Zhao Zehua	Beneficial owner	723,400 ⁽⁴⁾	0.13%
		(Long Position)	
趙澤華	實益擁有人	(好倉)	
Jin Dongkun	Beneficial owner	580,000 ⁽⁵⁾	0.10%
		(Long Position)	
金東昆	實益擁有人	(好倉)	
Chu Chuanfu	Beneficial owner	100,000	0.02%
		(Long Position)	
初川富	實益擁有人	(好倉)	
Cheng Sheung Hing	Beneficial owner	50,000(6)	0.01%
		(Long Position)	
鄭雙慶	實益擁有人	(好倉)	
Chiang Su Hui Susie	Beneficial owner	50,000 ⁽⁶⁾	0.01%
		(Long Position)	
江素惠	實益擁有人	(好倉)	
Zou Haiyan	Beneficial owner	50,000(6)	0.01%
		(Long Position)	
鄒海燕	實益擁有人	(好倉)	

Notes:

- Such interest is beneficially held by Asia Health Century International Inc. ("Asia Health")
 which is ultimately wholly-owned by Mr. Jin Dongtao and as such, he is deemed to be
 interested in all the interest held by Asia Health under the SFO.
- 2) Such interest includes 6,886,801 Shares and share options convertible into 280,000 Shares.
- Such interest is beneficially held by Ms. Chen Xiaoyan, the spouse of Mr. Jin Dongtao, which includes 443,400 Shares and share options convertible into 280,000 Shares. Mr. Jin Dongtao is deemed to be interested in all the interest held by Ms. Chen Xiaoyan under the SFO.
- 4) Such interest includes 443,400 Shares and share options convertible into 280,000 Shares.
- 5) Such interest includes 300,000 Shares and share options convertible into 280,000 Shares.
- 6) Such interest represents share options convertible into 50,000 Shares.
- The approximate percentage was calculated based on 556,291,360 Shares in issue as at 30 June 2022.

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2022, none of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded in the register of the Company required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- 該權益由金東濤先生最終全資擁有的Asia Health Century International Inc. (「Asia Health」)實益持有,因此,他 被視為在Asia Health所持有的所有權益中擁有權益證券 及期貨條例。
- 2) 該等權益包括6,886,801股股份及可轉換為280,000股股份的購股權。
- 3) 該等權益由金東濤先生的配偶陳笑妍女士實益持有,包 括443,400股股份及可轉換為280,000股股份的購股權。根 據證券及期貨條例,金東濤先生被視為於陳笑妍女士持 有的所有權益中擁有權益。
- 4) 該等權益包括443,400股股份及可轉換為280,000股股份的 購股權。
- 5) 該權益包括300,000股股份及可轉換為280,000股股份的購股權。
- 6) 該權益指可轉換為50,000股股份的購股權。
- 7) 概約百分比乃按於二零二二年六月三十日已發行股份 556,291,360股計算。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年六月三十日,概無董事及本公司最高行政人員在本公司或其相聯法團(定義見證券與期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或視為擁有須於本公司根據證券與期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊登記的任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準守則須另行知會本公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The Company's existing Share Option Scheme was approved for adoption pursuant to a written resolution of the then sole shareholder passed on 18 November 2013 and amended on 20 December 2018 for the purpose of attracting skilled and experienced personnel, to incentivize them to remain with the Group and to motivate them to contribute for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to acquire equity interests in the Company, as well as for such other purposes as the Board may approve from time to time. The Share Option Scheme remains in force for a period of 10 years until 17 November 2023.

The refreshed maximum number of shares that can be allotted and issued upon the exercise of share options which may be granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme is 38,631,344 being 10% of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of passing of the resolution approving the said refreshment at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020. Together with the total of 22,470,000 outstanding share options granted in September 2017 and in March 2019, representing approximately 5.82% of the total number of issued Shares, the Company will be allowed to allot and issue a maximum of 61,101,344 Shares (representing approximately 10.98% of the issued shares as at the date of this annual report), upon the exercise of share option which may be/have been granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme.

The Company granted a total of 30,000,000 share option (the "Share Options 2019") to 50 eligible participants which include 7 Directors and an associate (as defined in the Listing Rules) of an executive Director on 4 March 2019 exercisable from 4 April 2019 to 3 April 2029. 275,300,000 options under the Share Options 2019 have been exercised, remaining 24,700,000 options outstanding. Rule 17.03(5) of the Listing Rules requires that the exercise period of option must not be more than 10 years from the date of the grant instead of the commencement date of the exercise period. The resolution approving the shortening of exercise period (from 3 April 2029 to 3 March 2029) has been passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020, such that the term of the Share Options 2019 complies with the Listing Rules.

購股權計劃

本公司現有購股權計劃根據於二零一三年十一月十八日通過的當時唯一股東的書面決議案獲準採納,並於二零一八年十二月二十日修改,旨在通過提供獲取本公司股本權益的機會吸引有技能和經驗的人員,激勵彼等留任本集團,鼓勵彼等為本集團的未來發展及擴展而努力,及就董事會可能不時批准之其他目的。購股權計劃有效期直至二零二三年十一月十七日,為期十年。

本公司根據購股權計劃可授出的購股權獲行使後,可予配發及發行的股份數目經更新後的上限為38,631,344股,即本公司於二零二零年十二月十日舉行的股東週年大會上通過批准上述更新決議案日期的已發行股份總數的10%。連同於二零一七年九月及二零一九年三月向承授人授出合共22,470,000份未行使購股權,佔已發行股份總數約5.82%,本公司將獲允許於本公司根據購股權計劃可能已經授出的購股權獲行使後,配發及發行最多61,101,344股股份(佔於本年報日期已發行股份的約10.98%)。

於二零一九年三月四日,本公司已向50名 合資格參與者(其中包括7位董事及一位執 行董事的一位聯繫人(定義見上市規則))合 共授出30,000,000份購股權(「二零一九年購 股權」),可於二零一九年四月四日至二零 二九年四月三日行使。二零一九年購股權 項下275,300,000份購股權已獲行使,餘下 24,700,000份購股權尚未行使。根據上市規 則第17.03(5)條要求,購股權行使期不得超 過自授出日起計(而非自行使期開始之日起 計)10年。於二零二零年十二月十日召開的 股東週年大會上,縮短所有未行使之二零一 九年購股權行使期的到期日由二零二九年四 月三日至二零二九年三月三日的決議案已獲 通過,從而使二零一九年購股權的年期遵守 上市規則。

Besides, in order to encourage long-term commitment to the Company and to align the interests of Directors and certain employees with the Company's development, the resolution approving the extension of exercise period (from 11 October 2020 to 11 September 2027) has been passed at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020, such that the term of the Share Options 2017 aligns with that of the Share Options 2019.

此外,為鼓勵董事及若干僱員對本公司作出 長期貢獻,以及將彼等的利益與本公司的發 展掛鈎,於二零二零年十二月十日召開的股 東週年大會上,延長所有未行使二零一七年 購股權的行使期到期日由二零二零年十月十 一日至二零二七年九月十一日的決議案已獲 通過,致使二零一七年購股權的年期與二零 一九年購股權相同。

Save as disclosed in this annual report, all principal terms of the Share Option Scheme remain unchanged and are set out in Appendix V to the prospectus of the Company dated 2 December 2013. 除本年報所披露者外,購股權計劃之所有主要條款維持不變,並載於本公司日期為二零 一三年十二月二日之招股章程附錄五內。

Particulars of Share Options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme at the beginning and at the end of the Year and Share Options granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled under the Share Option Scheme during the Year are as follows: 於年初及年末根據購股權計劃尚未行使的購 股權及於本年度根據購股權計劃授出、行 使、失效或註銷的購股權詳情如下:

				Number of Share Options* 購股權數目*					
Grantees	Date of grant	Closing price per share (Note 1)	Exercise price per option	Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1/7/2021	Granted during the Year	Exercised during the Year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the Year	Outstanding as at 30/6/2022
承授人	授出日期	每股股份收市價 <i>(附註1)</i> <i>HKD</i> 港元	每份購股權之 行使價 <i>HKD</i> 港元	行使期間	於二零二一年 七月一日尚未行使	於本年度授出	於本年度 已行使	於本年度 已失效/ 註銷	於二零二二年 六月三十日 尚未行使
Director & substant 董事及主要股東	tial shareholder	W	/	-4 11					
Jin Dongtao 金東濤	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000	-	\	1	280,000
Directors 董事									
Jin Dongkun 金東昆	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000		Д		280,000
Zhao Zehua 趙澤華	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000				280,000

						Numl	per of Share Op 購股權數目*	tions*	
Grantees	Date of grant	Closing price per share (Note 1)		Exercise period	Outstanding as at 1/7/2021	Granted during the Year	Exercised during the Year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the Year 於本年度	Outstanding as at 30/6/2022 於二零二二年
承授人	授出日期	每股股份收市價 (附註1) HKD 港元	每份購股權之 行使價 <i>HKD</i> 港元	行使期間	於二零二一年 七月一日尚未行使	於本年度授出	於本年度 已行使	已失效/ 註銷	六月三十日 尚未行使
Sun Libo (resigned on 1 August 2021) 孫立波(於二零二一年 八月一日辭任)	12/9/2017 二零一七年九月十二日	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 - 11/9/2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
Cheng Sheung Hing 鄭雙慶	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	50,000	-	_	-	50,000
Chiang Su Hui Susie 江素惠	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	50,000	-	-	-	50,000
Associate of Director 董事之聯繫人									
Chen Xiaoyan (the spouse of Jin Dongtao)	12/9/2017	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 – 11/9/2027	280,000	-	-	-	280,000
陳笑妍(金東濤之配偶)	二零一七年九月十二日			二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日					
Continuous contract employees	12/9/2017	1.57	1.648	12/10/2017 – 11/9/2027	18,600,000	-	-	-	18,600,000
長期合約僱員	二零一七年九月十二日			二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日					
	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	2,350,000	-	-	-	2,350,000
Others 其他	4/3/2019 二零一九年三月四日	0.83	0.74	4/4/2019 - 3/3/2029 二零一九年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日	20,000	- 7 7		-	20,000
Total 總計					22,470,000	-	-	-	22,470,000

The numbers of options, the closing price per Share and the exercise price per option have been retrospectively adjusted for the share consolidation on 14 December 2020.

The expiring dates of exercise periods of share options have been amended and approved at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 10 December 2020.

Notes:

- The closing price per Share refers to the closing price of the Share as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date immediately before the date on which the Share Options were granted.
- * The number of Shares has been adjusted as a result of the Share Consolidation.

SHARE AWARD PLAN

The Company adopted the share award plan (the "Share Award Plan") on 23 April 2014. The purposes of the Share Award Plan are to recognize the contributions by eligible persons to the Group and provide them with incentives in order to retain them for continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group.

Subject to any early termination as may be determined by the Board, the Share Award Plan shall be valid and effective for a term of 10 years commencing from 23 April 2014. With a view to saving costs, it was resolved by the Board to terminate the Share Award Plan with effect from 21 December 2020.

The Share Award Plan shall be subject to the administration of the Board or the administration committee or the trustee of the Share Award Plan in accordance with its terms. The Board or the Remuneration Committee may select any eligible person for participation in the Share Award Plan and determine the number of awarded shares to be awarded to the selected person(s), subject to any condition(s).

The Company has initially paid the trustee up to HKD50 million to enable the Share Award Plan to operate. The Company may at its discretion make further arrangements to fund the trustee for acquisition of further shares. Subject to the instruction of the Company, the trustee can use the money paid to it to buy shares in advance in respect of which the Company can make awards under the Share Award Plan.

購股權數目、每股股份收市價及每份購股權 之行使價已就二零二零年十二月十四日之股 份合併作出追溯調整。

購股權行使期的屆滿日期在本公司於二零二 零年十二月十日舉行的股東週年大會上獲通 過修改。

附註:

- 每股股份收市價指於緊接授出購股權日期前當日在聯交 所發佈日報表所載之股份收市價。
- * 股份數目已因應股份合併而調整。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司於二零一四年四月二十三日採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)。股份獎勵計劃旨在認可合資格人士對本集團作出的貢獻並給予獎勵,以挽留彼等繼續為本集團的持續營運及發展效力,並吸引合適人員加入推動本集團進一步發展。

股份獎勵計劃由二零一四年四月二十三日起生效,有效期為十年,惟董事會可決定提前終止。為節省成本,董事會議決終止股份獎勵計劃,生效日期為二零二零年十二月二十一日。

股份獎勵計劃會依據股份獎勵計劃的條款,由董事會或行政管理委員會或股份獎勵計劃 受託人管理。董事會或薪酬委員會可甄選任 何合資格人士參與股份獎勵計劃,並釐定獎 勵予經甄選人士的獎勵股份數目(可就此施 加任何條件)。

本公司已初步向受託人支付最多50百萬港元,以使股份獎勵計劃運作。本公司可酌情作出其他安排為受託人提供進一步收購股份所需的資金。在本公司指示下,受託人可動用向其支付的款項,提前購買本公司可根據股份獎勵計劃作出獎勵的相關股份。

The Board shall not make any further award of shares under the Share Award Plan which will result in the nominal value of the shares awarded exceeding 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 23 April 2014. The maximum number of shares which may be awarded to a selected person under the Share Award Plan in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time. Based on the 2,000,000,000 shares in issue as at 23 April 2014, the maximum number of awarded shares under the Share Award Plan would be 200,000,000 shares. As retrospectively adjusted for the share consolidation on 14 December 2020, the maximum number of awarded shares under the Share Award Plan would be 20,000,000.

An aggregate of 1,699,300 shares has been granted without consideration to an aggregate of 13 grantees under the Share Award Plan since its inception. As at 30 June 2022, the trustee of the Share Award Plan did not hold any shares under the Share Award Plan, and no share has been granted during the Year.

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS

On 29 October 2021, the Company entered into four subscription agreements with four subscribers for the subscription of an aggregate of 77,262,689 new Shares at the subscription price of HKD0.135 per share. Further, on 23 May 2022, the Company entered into four subscription agreements with four other subscribers for the subscription of an aggregate of 92,715,226 new Shares at the subscription price of HKD0.150 per share.

For details of the above subscription agreements, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 29 October 2021, 23 May 2022 and 1 June 2022 respectively.

Save for the above subscription agreements, no equity-linked agreement was entered by the Company or existed during the Year.

董事會不得根據股份獎勵計劃進一步授出 任何獎勵股份,致使授出的股份面值超過 本公司於二零一四年四月二十三日已發行 股本的10%。於任何12個月期間內根據股 份獎勵計劃可獎勵予一位經甄選人士的股 份數目最多不得超過本公司不時已發行2,000,000,000股股份計算,根 股份獎勵計劃可授出的獎勵股份數目上限 為200,000,000股股份。於二零二零年十二 月十四日經股份合併後作出追溯調整,根 據股份獎勵計劃可授出的獎勵股份數目為 20,000,000股股份。

根據股份獎勵計劃,自其成立起,合共 1,699,300股股份已無償授予合共十三名承 授人。於二零二二年六月三十日,股份獎勵 計劃之受託人並未根據股份獎勵計劃持有任 何股份,且於本年度並未授出任何股份。

股票掛鈎協議

於二零二一年十月二十九日,本公司與四名認購人訂立四份認購協議,以認購價為每股0.135港元,認購合共77,262,689股新股份。此外,於二零二二年五月二十三日,本公司與其他四名認購人訂立四份認購協議,以認購價為每股0.150港元,認購合共92,715,226股新股份。

上述認購協議詳見本公司分別日期為二零二一年十月二十九日、二零二二年五月二十三日和二零二二年六月一日的公告。

除上述認購協議外,本公司於年內並無訂立或存在股權掛鈎協議。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as otherwise disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the Year were rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 30 June 2022, to the best knowledge of the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares which fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

董事收購股份或債權證的權利

除了本年報另作披露者外,於本年度任何時候,概無授出任何權利予任何董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲的子女,以透過收購本公司股份或債權證而獲利,彼等亦無行使任何該等權利;本公司或其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排,以令董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲的子女於任何其他法人團體獲得該等權利。

主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益及淡倉

就董事所深知,於二零二二年六月三十日,以下人士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券與期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及聯交所披露且須於本公司根據證券與期貨條例第336條存置的登記冊登記的權益或淡倉:

Name	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Number and class of Shares/ underlying Shares	Approximate percentage of shareholding ⁽⁴⁾
姓名/名稱	身份/權益性質	股份/相關股份 數目及類別	概約持股 百分比 ^⑷
	×///	07.040.00441	47.500/
Chen Xiaoyan	Interest of spouse	97,868,296 ⁽¹⁾ (Long Position)	17.59%
陳笑妍	配偶權益	(好倉)	
	Beneficial owner	723,400 ⁽²⁾	0.13%
	實益擁有人	(Long Position) (好倉)	
Asia Health	Beneficial owner	90,701,495 ⁽³⁾ (Long Position)	16.30%
	實益擁有人	(好倉)	

Notes:

- Such interest represents all the interest beneficially held by Asia Health and Mr. Jin Dongtao. As Ms. Chen Xiaoyan is the spouse of Mr. Jin Dongtao and Asia Health is ultimately wholly-owned by Mr. Jin Dongtao, she is deemed to be interested in all the interest beneficially held by Asia Health and Mr. Jin Dongtao.
- 2) Such interest includes 443,400 Shares and share options convertible into 280,000 Shares.
- 3) Asia Health is wholly-owned by Global Health Century International Group Limited ("Global Health") which is in turn wholly-owned by Mr. Jin Dongtao. As such, each of Global Health and Mr. Jin Dongtao is deemed to be interested in all the interest beneficially held by Asia Health under the SFO.
- The approximate percentage was calculated based on 556,291,360 Shares in issue as at 30 June 2022.

附註:

- 1) 該等權益為Asia Health及金東濤先生實益持有的全部 權益。由於陳笑研女士為金東濤先生的配偶,而Asia Health最終由金東濤先生全資擁有,故她被視為於Asia Health及金東濤先生實益持有的所有權益中擁有權益。
- 2) 該等權益包括443,400股股份及可轉換為280,000股股份的 購股權。
- 3) Asia Health由金東濤先生全資擁有的Global Health Century International Group Limited(「Global Health」) 全資擁有。因此,根據證券及期貨條例・Global Health 及金東濤先生各自被視為擁有Asia Health實益持有的所 有權益。
- 4) 概約百分比乃按於二零二二年六月三十日已發行股份 556,291,360股計算。

Save as disclosed above, as at 30 June 2022, the Directors were not aware of any persons (who were not Directors or chief executive of the Company) who had an interest or short position in the shares or underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange under Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which would be required, pursuant to section 336 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein.

除上文所披露者外,於二零二二年六月三十日,董事並不知悉任何人士(並非董事或本公司最高行政人員)於股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券與期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文須向本公司及聯交所披露的權益或淡倉,或根據證券與期貨條例第336條須於該條所述登記冊登記的權益或淡倉。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities.

SUBSCRIPTION OF NEW SHARES UNDER GENERAL MANDATE 根

On 19 November 2021, the Company allotted and issued a total of 77,262,689 new Shares to four subscribers, who are independent third parties, under general mandate at the subscription price HKD0.135 per Share i.e. the First Subscription. The newly issued Shares represent approximately 16.7% of the total issued shares of the Company as enlarged by the newly issued Shares. Net proceeds of approximately HKD10.2 million were raised under the First Subscription.

On 7 June 2022, the Company allotted and issued a total of 92,715,226 new Shares to four subscribers, who are independent third parties, under general mandate at the subscription price HKD0.15 per Share i.e. the Second Subscription. The newly issued Shares represent approximately 20.0% of the total issued shares of the Company as enlarged by the newly issued Shares. Net proceeds of approximately HKD13.6 million were raised under the Second Subscription.

For details of the First Subscription and the Second Subscription, please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 29 October 2021, 23 May 2022 and 1 June 2022 respectively. As at 30 June 2022, the Company had a total of 556,291,360 shares in issue.

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司並無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

根據一般授權認購新股份

於二零二一年十一月十九日,本公司根據一般授權配發並發行了共77,262,689股新股份予四名認購人,認購價為每股0.135港元(即第一次認購)。新發行股份約佔本公司經新發行股份擴大的已發行股份總數的16.7%。淨收益根據第一次認購籌集了約10.2百萬港元。

於二零二二年六月七日,本公司根據一般授權配發並發行了共92,715,226股新股份予四名認購人,認購價為每股0.15港元(即第二次認購)。新發行股份約佔本公司經新發行股份擴大的已發行股份總數的20.0%。淨收益根據第二次認購籌集了約13.6百萬港元。

第一次認購及第二次認購的詳情請參閱本公司日期分別為二零二一年十月二十九日、二零二二年五月二十三日及二零二二年六月一日之公告。於二零二二年六月三十日,本公司已發行股份總數為556,291,360股。

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the Companies Law, Chapter 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised) of the Cayman Islands where the Company was incorporated, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro rata basis to existing Shareholders.

NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

Each of the controlling Shareholders has confirmed to the Company of his/her/its compliance with the non-competition undertakings provided to the Company under a deed of non-competition (the "Deed of Non-Competition").

Pursuant to the Deed of Non-Competition, the independent non-executive Directors are responsible for reviewing and considering whether exercising any option and/or pre-emptive right (where applicable), as well as entitled to conduct annual review of implementation of the Deed of Non-Competition on behalf of the Company. The controlling Shareholders have confirmed in writing to the Company of their compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition for disclosure in this annual report for the Year. During the Year, the independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed the implementation of the Deed of Non-Competition, and confirmed that the controlling Shareholders have fully abided by the Deed of Non-Competition without any breach of the Deed of Non-Competition.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in this report, none of the Directors or their respective associates has engaged in or has any interest in any business which competes or may compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

Save as the related parties transactions disclosed in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, there were no contract of significance to which the Company, its holding companies and any of its subsidiaries, was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島(本公司註冊成立 地)法例第22章公司法(一九六一年第3號法 例,經綜合及修訂)項下並無載有優先購買 權條文而規定本公司須按比例向現有股東提 呈發售新股份。

不競爭承諾

各控股股東已向本公司確認,其已遵守根據 不競爭契據(「**不競爭契據**」)向本公司作出之 不競爭承諾。

根據不競爭契據,獨立非執行董事負責檢討 及考慮是否行使該購股權及/或優先購買權 (倘適用),並有權代表本公司對不競爭契據 的執行情況進行年度檢討。控股股東已向本 公司書面確認,於本年度彼等已遵守不競爭 契據,以供於本年報披露。本年度,獨立非 執行董事亦已檢討不競爭契據的執行情況, 並確認控股股東已完全遵守不競爭契據而無 任何違反不競爭契據行為。

董事於競爭業務的權益

除本報告所披露者外,概無董事或彼等各自 的聯繫人從事與本集團業務直接或間接構成 或可能構成競爭的任何業務,或於有關業務 中擁有任何權益。

董事於重大合約之權益

除合併財務報表附註35所披露之關聯方交易外,於本年度末或本年度任何時候,本公司、其控股公司及其任何附屬公司並無訂立董事直接或間接於其擁有重大權益之重大合約。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Directors confirm that the Group had not entered into any connected transactions or continuing connected transactions for the Year which are required to be disclosed in this annual report pursuant to the Listing Rules. A summary of significant related party transactions, which do not constitute connected transactions, made during the Year is disclosed in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the Year, the Group made some medication donations.

During the Year, the Group continued to perform its social responsibility by constantly organizing innovative caring projects, such as Love China Charity Award Ceremony, Charity In Action, Love China Medical Support, Love China Education Aid Program and Love China Square Dance, so as to enhance its recognition and reputation through charity activities.

SIGNIFICANT LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

During the Year, the Company was not engaged in any litigation or arbitration of material importance and no litigation or claim of material importance is known to the Directors to be pending or threatened against the Company.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, each Director shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against all losses or liabilities incurred or sustained by him as a Director in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in his favour, or in which he is acquitted. The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover for the Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities.

關連交易

董事確認,本集團於本年度並無訂立上市規則規定須於本年報披露的任何關連交易或持續關連交易。本年度訂立的重大關聯方交易(並不構成關連交易)概要於合併財務報表附註35披露。

本公司確認已符合上市規則第14A章的披露 規定。

慈善捐贈

於本年度,本集團作出若干藥品捐助。

本年度,本集團繼續履行社會責任,持續舉辦愛心中國公益盛典、愛心行動我參加、愛心中國醫藥援助、愛心中國支學助教及愛心中國廣場舞等創新的愛心項目,透過慈善活動不斷擴大公益知名度和美譽。

重大法律訴訟

本年度,本公司概無涉及任何重大訴訟或仲裁,且就董事所知,本公司亦無尚未了結或 面臨威脅的任何重大訴訟或申索。

獲准許的彌償條文

根據組織章程細則,各董事就其作為董事進行民事或刑事訴訟(勝訴或無罪釋放)辯護產生或持續遭受的所有損失或負債有權以本公司資產作為彌償。本公司已安排適當的責任保險以彌償董事因從事企業活動而產生的責任。

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Zou Haiyan (chairman of the Audit Committee), Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to examine, review and monitor the financial data and financial reporting procedure of the Group, and overseeing the Group's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems. The Audit Committee had reviewed the audited annual results of the Group for the Year.

CODE OF CONDUCT REGARDING DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in the Model Code contained in the Listing Rules. Specific enquiry has been made to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they had complied with such code of conduct throughout the Year.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions under the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities (the "Listing Rules") on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") throughout the Year, except for deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code (reclassified as code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code with effect from 1 January 2022). The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

Information on the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 68 to 88 of this annual report.

審核委員會

本公司審核委員會(「審核委員會」)由三名獨立非執行董事組成,包括鄒海燕先生(審核委員會主任)、鄭雙慶先生及江素惠女士。審核委員會的主要職責為檢察、檢討及監督本集團財務數據及財務匯報程序以及監督本集團財務申報系統、風險管理及內部監控系統。審核委員會已審閱本集團本年度經審核之全年業績。

董事進行證券交易的行為守則

本公司已採納董事進行證券交易的行為守 則,其條款不遜於上市規則所載標準守則規 定的準則。經向全體董事作出具體查詢後, 董事確認彼等於本年度已遵守該行為守則。

企業管治

本公司致力維持高水準的企業管治以保障股東利益,並提升企業價值及應有責任。於本年度,本公司已遵守香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四所載《企業管治守則》(「企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編排為企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編排為企業管治守則條文第A.2.1條)。本公司將繼續審閱及提升其企業管治常規,以確保遵守企業管治守則。

本公司所採納企業管治常規的資料載於本年 報第68至88頁的企業管治報告內。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information publicly available to the Company and to the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital, the prescribed minimum percentage of public float approved by the Stock Exchange and permitted under the Listing Rules, are held by the public at all times as of the date of this report.

AUDITOR

A resolution will be submitted to the 2022 AGM to re-appoint Mazars CPA Limited ("Mazars"), Certified Public Accountants, as the auditor of the Company.

SHARE ISSUED

Details of the Company's shares issued during the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

DEBENTURES ISSUED

During the Year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had issued any of the Company's listed securities.

On behalf of the Board

Jin Dongtao Chairman

Hong Kong 27 September 2022

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事所知,截至本報告日期,本公司已發行股本總數的公眾持有量一直維持在不低於25%,即聯交所批准及上市規則許可的規定最低公眾持股百分比。

核數師

於二零二二年股東週年大會上,將提呈重新 委任執業會計師中審眾環(香港)會計師事務 所有限公司(「中審眾環」)為本公司核數師之 決議案。

已發行股份

有關本公司於本年度已發行股份之詳情載於 合併權益變動表及合併財務報表附註21。

已發行債權證

於本年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無發行本公司任何上市證券。

代表董事會

主席 **金東濤**

香港

二零二二年九月二十七日

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report in the annual report of the Company for the Year. 董事會欣然呈列本公司於本年度的年報所載本企業管治報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of the Shareholders and to enhance corporate value and accountability. The Company has adopted the CG Code as its own code and complied with all applicable code provisions under the CG Code throughout the Year, except for deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code (reclassified as code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code with effect from 1 January 2022). The Company will continue to review and enhance its corporate governance practices to ensure compliance with the CG Code.

THE BOARD

Responsibilities

The Board is responsible for the overall leadership of the Group, oversees the Group's strategic decisions and monitors business and performance. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day-to-day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group. To oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs, the Board has established three Board committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") (together, the "Board Committees"). The Board has delegated to the Board Committees responsibilities as set out in their respective terms of reference.

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

企業管治常規

本公司致力維持高水準的企業管治以保障股東利益,並提升企業價值及應有責任。於本年度,本公司已採納企業管治守則作為其自身之守則,並一直遵守企業管治守則項下的所有適用守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則第A.2.1條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編排為企業管治守則條文第C.2.1條)之守則條文。本公司將繼續審閱及提升其企業管治常規,以確保遵守企業管治守則。

董事會

職責

董事會負責本集團的整體領導,監督本集團的策略性決定及監察業務及表現。本集團高級管理人員獲董事會轉授有關本集團日常管理及營運的權力及責任。為監督本公司事務的特定方面,董事會已成立三個董事委員會人民名委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會(「提名委員會」)(統稱「董事委員會」)。董事會向董事委員會授出多項責任,有關責任載於其各自的職權範圍。

全體董事須確保彼等在履行職責時以真誠態度行事、遵守適用法例及法規並一直符合本公司及其股東利益。

本公司已安排適當的責任保險以彌償董事因 從事企業活動而產生的責任。保險的保障範 圍每年將予以檢討。

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises four executive Directors, namely Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman), Mr. Jin Dongkun (Vice chairman), Mr. Zhao Zehua and Mr. Chu Chuanfu (Chief executive officer), and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing, Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie and Mr. Zou Haiyan. The biographies of the Directors are set out under the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

For the Year, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Rules 3.10(1), 3.10A and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and the number of independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each independent non-executive Director of his/her independence pursuant to the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report, none of the Directors has any personal relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship), with any other Director and the chief executive.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. Independent non-executive Directors are invited to serve on the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee.

As regards the CG Code provision requiring directors to disclose the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as the identities of the public companies or organisations and the time involved, Directors have agreed to disclose such commitments (if any) to the Company in a timely manner.

董事會組成

董事會現時由四名執行董事(即金東濤先生(主席)、金東昆先生(副主席)、趙澤華先生及初川富先生(首席執行官))及三名獨立非執行董事(即鄭雙慶先生、江素惠女士及鄒海燕先生)組成。董事的履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節。

本年度,董事會一直遵守上市規則第3.10(1)、3.10A及3.10(2)條規定,內容有關委任最少三名獨立非執行董事,而最少一名獨立非執行董事具備合適專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長且獨立非執行董事至少佔董事會人數三分之一。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則規定發出的年度獨立性確認書。根據上市規則所載的獨立指引,本公司認為全體獨立 非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

除本年報「董事及高級管理層」一節所披露 者外,概無董事與任何其他董事及最高行政 人員之間存在任何私人關係,包括財務、業 務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會 帶來各種不同的寶貴業務經驗、知識及專業 技術,使董事會有效及高效運作。獨立非執 行董事獲邀加入審核委員會、薪酬委員會及 提名委員會。

就企業管治守則條文要求董事披露於公眾公司或組織出任職務的數目與性質及其他重大承擔以及涉及公眾公司或組織的職務及時間而言,董事已同意及時向本公司披露相關承擔(如有)。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

Induction and Continuous Professional Development

Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction training and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under relevant statues, laws, rules and regulations. The Company also arranges regular seminars to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.

Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. During the Year, all Directors participated in various continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company's external lawyers had facilitated directors' training by the provision of presentations, briefings and materials for the Directors primarily relating to the roles, functions and duties of a director of a listed company. All the Directors have received such training.

The Company maintains records of training attended by the Directors. The training attended by the Directors during the Year is as follows:

入職及持續專業發展

每名新委任的董事均獲提供必要的入職培訓 及資料,確保其對本公司的營運及業務以及 其於相關法規、法例、規則及條例下的責任 有適當程度的了解。本公司亦定期安排簡報 會,以不時為董事提供有關上市規則以及其 他相關法律及監管規定的最新發展及修訂的 最新資料。董事亦定期獲提供有關本公司表 現、狀況及前景的更新資料,以便董事會整 體及各董事履行其職責。

本公司鼓勵董事參與持續專業發展,以發掘並更新彼等的知識及技能。本年度,全體董事參與各種持續專業發展,以發掘並更新彼等的知識及技能。本公司的外聘律師為董事提供主要有關上市公司董事的職務、職能及職責的陳述、簡報及材料,有利於董事培訓。全體董事均已受過此項培訓。

本公司保存董事參加培訓的記錄。本年度董 事參加培訓的情況如下:

> Internal training 內部培訓

Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Jin Dongtao	金東濤先生	✓
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	\checkmark
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	\checkmark
Mr. Chu Chuanfu (Appointed on 1 August 2021)	初川富先生(已於二零二一年八月一日委任)	\checkmark
Mr. Sun Libo (Resigned on 1 August 2021)	孫立波先生 <i>(已於二零二一年八月一日辭任)</i>	\checkmark
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	\checkmark
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	✓
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	✓

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Company has complied with the code provisions as set out in the CG Code throughout the Year except for a deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code (reclassified as code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code with effect from 1 January 2022).

Under code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code (reclassified as code provision C.2.1 of the CG Code with effect from 1 January 2022), the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separated and should not be performed by the same individual. The positions of chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company were held by Mr. Jin Dongtao before 1 August 2021. The Board believes that despite the responsibilities of the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company were vested in the same person before 1 August 2021, all major decisions were made in consultation with the Board.

For the sake of corporate governance of the Group, Mr. Jin Dongtao has resigned as the chief executive officer of the Company and Mr. Chu Chuanfu has been appointed as the chief executive officer of the Company with effective from 1 August 2021.

The Company has complied with all the code provisions as set out in the CG Code since 1 August 2021 and, where appropriate, the applicable recommended best practices of the CG Code.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Articles of Association, all Directors are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and any new Director appointed to fill a causal vacancy shall submit himself/herself for election by Shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment and new Director appointed as an addition to the Board shall submit himself/herself for re-election by Shareholders at the next general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment.

主席及首席執行官

本年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載之 守則條文,惟偏離企業管治守則之守則條文 第A.2.1條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編 排為企業管治守則條文第C.2.1條)。

根據企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條(自二零二二年一月一日起重新編排為企業管治守則條文第C.2.1條),主席及首席執行官之角色應有所區分且不應由同一人士擔任。於二零二一年八月一日前,本公司主席及首席執行官職位均由金東濤先生擔任。董事會相信儘管本公司主席及首席執行官之職責於二零二一年八月一日前是由同一人擔任,惟所有重大決定乃經諮詢董事會後作出。

由於本集團企業管治的考慮,金東濤先生已 辭任本公司首席執行官,而初川富先生已獲 委任為本公司首席執行官,自二零二一年八 月一日起生效。

本公司於二零二一年八月一日起已遵守企業 管治守則所載的全部守則條文以及(如適用) 企業管治守則的適用建議最佳常規。

委任及重選董事

根據組織章程細則,全體董事最少每三年輪 值退任一次,且任何因填補臨時職位空缺而 獲委任的新任董事須在接受委任後的本公司 首次股東大會上提請其本身供股東進行選 舉,而作為董事會新增成員而獲委任的新任 董事須在接受委任後的本公司下屆股東大會 上提請其本身供股東進行重選。

The procedures and process of appointment, re-election and removal of Directors are set out in the Articles of Association. The Nomination Committee is responsible for reviewing the Board composition and making recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-election of Directors and succession planning for Directors.

有關董事委任、重選及罷免的程序及流程乃 載於組織章程細則。提名委員會負責檢討董 事會組成,並就董事的委任、重選及繼任計 劃向董事會提供推薦意見。

The Company has renewed the service contracts or letters of appointments (as the case may be) with each of the Directors. All Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are appointed without a specific term; however all Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years and are subject to re-election in accordance with the Articles of Association.

本公司已與各董事續訂服務合約或委任函 (視情況而定)。所有董事(包括獨立非執行 董事)均無獲委任特定任期;但根據組織章 程細則,所有董事(包括獨立非執行董事)須 至少每三年輪席告退一次及膺選連任。

Board Meetings

The Company adopts the practice of holding Board meetings regularly, at least four times a year, and at approximately quarterly intervals. Notices of not less than fourteen days are given for all regular Board meetings to provide all Directors with an opportunity to attend and include matters in the agenda for a regular meeting. For other Board and Board committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. The agenda and accompanying Board papers are dispatched to the Directors or the Board committee members at least three days before the meetings to ensure that they have sufficient time to review the papers and be adequately prepared for the meetings. When Directors or the Board committee members are unable to attend a meeting, they will be advised of the matters to be discussed and given an opportunity to make their views known to the Chairman prior to the meeting. Minutes of meetings are kept by the company secretary with copies circulated to all Directors for information and records.

董事會會議

Minutes of the Board meetings and Board committee meetings are recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the Board committees and the decisions reached, including any concerns raised by the Directors. Draft minutes of each Board meeting and Board committee meeting are sent to the Directors for comments within a reasonable time after the date on which the meeting is held. The minutes of the Board meetings are open for inspection by Directors.

董事會會議及董事委員會會議的會議記錄會 詳盡記錄董事會及董事委員會所考慮的事宜 及所達致的決定,包括董事提出的任何問題。各董事會會議及董事委員會會議的會議 記錄草擬本將於會議舉行當日後的合理時間 內寄發給董事,以供彼等提出意見。董事會 會議的會議記錄可供董事查閱。

For the Year, Board meetings and general meeting were held and the attendance of the individual Directors at these meetings is set out in the table below: 本年度,曾舉行的董事會會議及股東大會, 各董事出席該等會議的情況載於下表:

Directors	董事	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席次數/可出席次數	
			eral Meeting 股東大會
	/ <u></u>		
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Mr. Jin Dongtao (Chairman)	金東濤先生 (主席)	6/6	1/1
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	6/6	1/1
Mr. Chu Chuanfu	初川富先生(已於二零二一年		
(Appointed on 1 August 2021)	八月一日委任)	5/5	1/1
Mr. Sun Libo	孫立波先生(已於二零二一年		
(Resigned on 1 August 2021)	八月一日辭任)	1/1	N/A
Independent Non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
		5/5	1 1 1
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	5/5	1/1
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	5/5	1/1
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	5/5	1/1

Model Code for Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted the Model Code as its own code of conduct regarding directors' securities transactions. Specific enquiries has been made with all the Directors and each of the Directors has confirmed that he/she has complied with the Model Code throughout the Year.

During the Year, the Company had also adopted its own code of conduct regarding employees' securities transactions on terms no less exacting than the standard set out in the Model Code for the compliance by its relevant employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished inside information of the Company in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities.

進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則,作為董事進行證券 交易的行為守則。經向所有董事作出特定查 詢後,董事各自已確認,彼於本年度一直遵 守標準守則。

於本年度,本公司亦已採納一套其條款不遜 於標準守則所訂標準的僱員證券交易的自身 行為守則,以供可能掌握本公司的未公開內 幕消息的有關僱員遵照規定買賣本公司證 券。

Delegation by the Board

The Board reserves for its decision on all major matters of the Company, including approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, risk management and internal control systems, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of Directors and other significant financial and operational matters. Directors could have recourse to seek independent professional advice in performing their duties at the Company's expense and are encouraged to access and to consult with the Company's senior management independently.

The daily management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the senior management. The delegated functions and responsibilities are periodically reviewed by the Board. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the senior management.

Corporate Governance Function

The Board recognizes that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors and they are responsible for the corporate governance duties. The Audit Committee will develop and review the policies and procedures on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board. The aforesaid duties include:

- (a) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (c) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual applicable to employees and Directors;
- (d) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations to the Board and report to the Board on matters;
- (e) to review the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report; and
- (f) to review and monitor the Company's compliance with the Company's whistleblowing policy.

董事會的授權

董事會對本公司所有重大事宜保留決策權,包括批准及監督一切政策事宜、整體策略及預算、風險管理及內部監控制度、重大交易(特別是可能牽涉利益衝突者)、財務資料、委任董事及其他主要財務及營運事宜。董事於履行職責時可尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔,本公司鼓勵董事向其高級管理人員進行獨立諮詢。

本集團的日常管理、行政及營運授權予高級 管理人員負責。授權職能及職責由董事會定 期檢討。高級管理層進行任何重大交易前須 取得董事會批准。

企業管治職能

董事會確認企業管治乃董事的共同責任,彼 等負責企業管治職責。審核委員會將制定及 檢討企業管治政策及程序,以及向董事會提 供推薦意見。上述職責包括:

- (a) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管規 定方面的政策及常規;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理人員的培訓 及持續專業發展:
- (c) 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事所適用的 行為守則及合規手冊;
- (d) 制定及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規,向董事會提出建議,並就相關事宜向董事會作出報告;
- (e) 檢討本公司遵守企業管治守則的情況及 於企業管治報告內作出的披露;及
- (f) 檢討及監察本公司遵守其舉報政策的情 況。

During the Year, the Company has updated the compliance manuals on notifiable transactions and inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules as guideline for its employees to report unpublished inside information to the Company to ensure consistent and timely disclosure and fulfillment of the Company's continuous disclosure obligations.

本年度,本公司已根據上市規則更新須予披露交易及內幕消息的合規手冊,作為僱員向本公司匯報未公開內幕消息的指引,以確保作出貫徹和適時的披露及履行本公司的持續披露責任。

BOARD COMMITTEES

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Jin Dongtao (executive Director), Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing (independent non-executive Director) and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie (independent non-executive Director), the majority of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Jin Dongtao serves as the chairman.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include the following:

- To review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) required of the Board and make recommendations regarding any proposed changes;
- To identify suitable candidates for appointment as Directors;
- To make recommendations to the Board on appointment or re-appointment of and succession planning for Directors; and
- To assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

The Nomination Committee will assess the candidate or incumbent on criteria such as integrity, experience, skill and ability to commit time and effort to carry out the duties and responsibilities. The recommendations of the Nomination Committee will then be put to the Board for decision. The written terms of reference are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

董事委員會

提名委員會

提名委員會現時由三名成員組成:金東濤先生(執行董事)、鄭雙慶先生(獨立非執行董事)及江素惠女士(獨立非執行董事),其中多數為獨立非執行董事。金東濤先生擔任主任。

提名委員會的主要職責包括下列各項:

- 審視董事會的架構、人數及組成(包括 技能、知識及經驗)及就任何建議變動 提供推薦意見;
- 物色適合聘任為董事的候選人;
- 就董事聘任或續聘及繼任計劃向董事會 提供推薦意見;及
- 評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

提名委員會將按誠信、經驗、技能及履行職 責及責任時所能投入的時間和精力等標準評 估候選人或在職者。隨後提名委員會將有關 推薦意見提交董事會以作決定。有關書面職 權範圍於聯交所及本公司網站可供查閱。

During the Year, 1 meeting of the Nomination Committee was held and the attendance record of the Nomination Committee members is set out in the table below:

本年度,提名委員會已舉行1次會議,提名 委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

Attended/Eligible to attend

Directors	董事		已出席次數/可出席次數
	7/1/	/ / •	
Mr. Jin Dongtao	金東濤先生		1/1
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生		1/1
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士		1/1

During the meeting, the Nomination Committee assessed the independence of independent non-executive Directors, considered the re-election of the retiring Directors and reviewed the time commitment required from the independent non-executive Directors. The Nomination Committee has reviewed the board diversity policy to ensure its effectiveness and is of the view that the board diversity policy is appropriate.

會議上,提名委員會已評估獨立非執行董事 的獨立性,並已考慮重選退任董事事宜及審 視獨立非執行董事所需投入的時間。提名委 員會已檢討董事會成員多元化政策,以確保 其行之有效,並認為本集團之董事會成員多 元化政策適當。

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Board has adopted the board diversity policy and summary of the board diversity policy is set out below:

The Nomination Committee is authorised to formulate nomination policy for the Board's consideration and implement the nomination procedures and the process and criteria adopted to select and recommend candidates for directorship. The objectives of the Board diversity policy are to ensure the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives which are appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. It also sets out that all Board members will be appointed based on merit basis with due consideration to the Board diversity. While selecting candidates for directorship, the committee has taken into account of a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, experience and qualification, skills and knowledge. Currently, the Board consists of 7 members having expertise in various aspects of professional knowledge and experience which include the familiarity with its business model, finance, accounting, taxation management and compliance, etc. For details, please refer to the section headed "Directors and Senior Management" in this report for brief biographies of the Directors.

董事會成員多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會成員多元化政策,其概 要載列如下:

提名委員會獲授權制定提名政策,供董事會考慮,並執行提名程序及過程及實施有關挑選及建議董事人選之已採納標準。董事會本的人選之已採納標準。自身不可能的人類。 員多元化政策的目的為確保董事會具有不同, 司業務所需的平均的技能及經驗以品的 見解,其亦規定董事會成員多樣化的學 時任,同時考慮董事會成會已從多元化 政教育背景、經驗及資質、技能及不 所不限於性人 及教育背景、經驗及資質、技能及 前,董事會由7名成員組成,該等成是 前,董事會由7名成員組成,該等成是 前,董事會由7名成員組成,包括 是一次。 養務模式、金融、財務、稅務管理及 範圍。具體請見本報告「董事及高級管理層」 之董事之簡歷。 In reviewing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee shall give adequate consideration to the Board diversity policy. The committee believes that the current composition of the Board is balanced and diversified with the high-calibre members from different cultural backgrounds and possessing professional expertise of various industries, which indicates that the diversity policy has been well implemented. The main responsibilities of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least once a year and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to implement the Company's corporate strategy, and identify individuals suitably qualified to become Directors and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships, the appointment or re-appointment and succession planning for the Directors. The committee is also responsible for assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing (independent non-executive Director), Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie (independent non-executive Director) and Mr. Jin Dongkun (executive Director), the majority of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing serves as the chairman.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include making recommendations on and approving the remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and the senior management. The Remuneration Committee is also responsible for establishing transparent procedures for formulating such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her close associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions. It also makes recommendation to the Board on the remuneration of non-executive Directors. The written terms of reference are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company.

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會現時由三名成員組成:鄭雙慶先生(獨立非執行董事)、江素惠女士(獨立非執行董事)及金東昆先生(執行董事),其中大多數為獨立非執行董事。鄭雙慶先生擔任主任。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括就各執行董事及 高級管理人員的薪酬政策及結構以及薪酬組 合提供推薦意見,並就此授出批准。薪酬委 員會亦負責就制訂有關薪酬政策及結構設定 透明的程序,以確保概無董事或其任何緊 聯繫人將參與決定其本身薪酬,而有關薪酬 將經參考個人及本公司表現以及市場慣例及 情況後釐定。薪酬委員會亦就非執行董事薪 酬向董事會提供推薦意見。有關書面職權範 圍於聯交所及本公司網站可供查閱。

During the Year, 1 meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held and the attendance record of the Remuneration Committee members is set out in the table below:

本年度,薪酬委員會已舉行1次會議,薪酬 委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

Attended/Fligible to attend

Directors	董事	數/可出席次數
	7/11	
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	1/1
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	1/1
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	1/1

During the meeting, the Remuneration Committee discussed and reviewed the remuneration policy for Directors and senior management of the Company, and made recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive Directors and senior management, including adjustment on the remuneration of some senior management for the Year. The Board has adopted the recommendation from the Remuneration Committee and resolved to approve the aforesaid adjustment.

會議上,薪酬委員會已討論及審閱本公司董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策,並就各執行董事及高級管理人員的薪酬組合向董事會提供推薦意見,包括調整部分高級管理人員於本年度的薪酬。董事會接納薪酬委員會的意見及已決議批准上述調整。

The remuneration of one senior management of the Company, whose biography is set out on pages 97 to 98 of this annual report, falls within the band from RMB0 million to RMB1.0 million for the Year.

本年度,本公司1名高級管理人員(其履歷載 於本年報第97至98頁)的薪酬範圍介乎人民 幣0百萬元至人民幣1.0百萬元。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee currently comprises three members, namely Mr. Zou Haiyan, Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing and Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie, all of them are independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Zou Haiyan serves as the chairman.

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

- To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items raised by the Company's staff responsible for the accounting and financial reporting function, compliance officer or auditors before submission to the Board;
- To review the relationship with the external auditor by reference to the work performed by the auditor, its fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of external auditor;

審核委員會

審核委員會現時由三名成員組成:鄒海燕先生、鄭雙慶先生及江素惠女士,均為獨立非執行董事。鄒海燕先生擔任主任。

審核委員會的主要職責包括下列各項:

- 審閱財務報表及報告,並於向董事會提 交有關文件前,考慮本公司負責會計及 財務申報職能的員工、合規主任或核數 師提出的任何重大或異常事項;
- 根據外部核數師所進行的工作、收費及 委聘條款檢討與核數師的關係,並就聘 任、續聘及解聘外部核數師向董事會提 供推薦意見;

- To review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems and associated procedures, including the adequacy of the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function; and
- 檢討本公司財務申報系統、風險管理及 內部監控系統以及相關程序的充足性及 有效性,包括本集團在會計及財務申報 職能方面的資源、員工資歷和經驗、培 訓課程及預算是否充足;及
- To review the Group's financial controls, risk management and internal control systems.
- 檢討本集團的財務控制、風險管理及內 部監控系統。

During the Year, 2 meetings of the Audit Committee were held and the attendance record of the Audit Committee members is set out in the table below: 本年度,審核委員會已舉行2次會議,審核 委員會各成員的出席記錄載於下表:

Directors	董事	Attended/Eligible to attend 已出席次數/可出席次數
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	2/2
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	2/2
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	2/2

During the meetings, the Audit Committee reviewed the financial reporting system, compliance procedures, risk management and internal control systems (including the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting and financial reporting function) and processes and the re-appointment of the external auditor. The Board had accepted the recommendation given by the Audit Committee on the selection and re-appointment of external auditor.

會議上,審核委員會已檢討財務申報系統、 合規程序、風險管理及內部監控系統(包括 本集團在會計及財務申報職能方面的資源、 員工資歷和經驗、培訓課程及預算是否充 足)及程序,以及續聘外部核數師。董事會 接納審核委員會就甄選及續聘外部核數師方 面提出的任何建議。

The Audit Committee also reviewed the annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year as well as the audit report prepared by the auditor relating to accounting issues and major findings in course of audit. There are proper arrangements for employees, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and risk management and other matters. The written terms of reference are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

審核委員會亦已檢討本公司及其附屬公司於財政年度的末期業績,以及由核數師就有關會計事項及於審核過程中任何重大發現編製的審核報告。本公司為僱員作出適當安排,以便他們以保密方式就財務申報、內部監控及風險管理及其他事宜可能出現的不當行為提出疑問。有關書面職權範圍於本公司及聯交所網站可供查閱。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING IN RESPECT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements for the Year which give a true and fair view of the affairs of the Company and the Group and of the Group's results and cash flows.

The senior management has provided to the Board such explanation and information as are necessary to enable the Board to carry out an informed assessment of the Company's financial statements, which are put to the Board for approval.

The Directors were not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement by the independent auditor of the Company regarding its reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements of the Company is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 99 to 112 of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

Goals and objectives

The Board acknowledges that it is the responsibility of the Board to maintain an adequate risk management and internal control systems to safeguard the Shareholders' investments and the Company's assets, and review the effectiveness of such systems on an ongoing basis. Such risk management and internal control systems are designed for managing risks rather than eliminating the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has delegated its responsibilities (with relevant authorities) of risk management and internal controls to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee, on behalf of the Board, oversees management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems, and management has provided a confirmation to the Audit Committee and the Board on the effectiveness of these systems for the Year.

董事就財務報表的財務申報責任

董事就編製本年度財務報表承擔責任,以真 實公平地反映本公司及本集團的事務狀況以 及本集團的業績及現金流量。

高級管理層已向董事會提供必要的説明及資料,以便董事會對提呈予董事會批准的本公司財務報表進行知情的評估。

董事並未注意到可能對本集團持續經營的能力產生重大疑問的事項或情況的任何重大不明朗因素。

本公司獨立核數師就彼等對本公司合併財務 報表的申報責任的聲明載於本年報第99至 112頁的獨立核數師報告。

風險管理及內部監控

方針及目標

Main features of the risk management and internal control systems

The Group's risk governance structure and the main responsibilities of each level of the structure are summarised below:

Board

- Determine the business strategies and objectives of the Group, and evaluate and determine the nature and extent of risks it is willing to take in achieving the Group's strategic objectives;
- Ensure that the Group establishes and maintains appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems; and
- Oversee management in design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

Audit Committee

- Assist the Board to perform its responsibilities of risk management and internal control systems;
- Oversee the Group's risk management and internal control systems on an ongoing basis;
- Review the effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems at least annually, and such review should cover all material controls including financial, operational and compliance control;
- Ensure the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions, as well as those relating to ESG performance and reporting; and
- Consider major findings on risk management and internal control matters, and report and make recommendations to the Board.

風險管理及內部監控系統的主要特點

本集團之風險管治架構以及架構內各階層的 主要職責概述如下:

董事會

- 釐定本集團之業務策略與目標,及評估 並釐定本集團達成策略目標時所願意承 受的風險性質及程度;
- 確保本集團建立及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;及
- 監督管理層對風險管理及內部監控系統 的設計、實施及監察。

審核委員會

- 協助董事會執行其風險管理及內部監控 的職責;
- 持續監督本集團的風險管理及內部監控 系統;
- 最少每年檢討一次本集團的風險管理及 內部監控系統是否有效,有關檢討應涵 蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務、運 作及合規監控;
- 確保本集團在會計、內部審核及財務匯報職能以及與環境、社會及管治表現和 匯報相關方面有足夠的資源、員工資歷 與經驗、培訓課程,以及有關預算;及
- 考慮有關風險管理及內部監控事宜的重要調查結果,並向董事會匯報及作出建議。

Management

- Review the risk management and internal control policy and measures and submit them for the Audit Committee's approval;
- Design, implement and maintain appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems;
- Identify, evaluate and manage the risk that may potentially impact the major processes of the operations;
- Monitor risks and take measures to mitigate risks in day-today operations;
- Give prompt responses to and follow up the findings on risk management and internal control matters raised by the internal audit department; and
- Provide confirmation to the Board and Audit Committee on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems.

Internal Audit Department

- Review the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems; and
- Report to the Audit Committee the findings of the review and make recommendations to the Board and management to improve the material systems deficiencies or control weaknesses identified.

Supervisor and Staff

- Consider how to conduct their responsibilities in light of effectiveness of internal control; and
- Discuss with management for strengthening internal control. •

管理層

- 審閱風險管理及內部監控政策及措施, 並將其提交予審核委員會批准;
- 設計、實施及維持合適及有效的風險管理及內部監控系統;
- 識別、評估及管理可能對運作之主要程序構成潛在影響之風險;
- 監察風險並採取措施降低日常營運風 險;
- 對內部審核部門提出有關風險管理及內 部監控事宜的調查結果,作出及時的回 應及跟進;及
- 向董事會及審核委員會提供有關風險管理及內部監控系統是否有效的確認。

內部審核部門

- 審閱本集團風險管理及內部監控系統是 否足夠及有效;及
- 向審核委員會匯報審閱結果並向董事會及管理層作出建議,以改善制度之重大不足之處或所發現之監控缺失。

主管及員工

- 考慮如何根據內控制度的有效性來履行 職責;及
- 與管理層討論加強內部監控。

Process used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks

The processes used to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks (include, amongst others, material risks relating to ESG) by the Group are summarised as follows:

Risk Identification

- Develop risk management plan; and
- Identify risks that may potentially affect the Group's business and operations.

Risk Assessment

- Assess the risks identified by using the assessment criteria developed by the management; and
- Consider the impact on the business and the likelihood of their occurrence.

Risk Response

- Prioritise the risks by comparing the results of the risk assessment; and
- Determine the risk management strategies, contingency plans and internal control processes to prevent, avoid and mitigate the risks.

Risk Monitoring and Reporting

- Perform ongoing and periodic monitoring of the risk and ensure that appropriate internal control processes are in place;
- Revise the risk management strategies, contingency plans and internal control processes in case of any significant change of environment; and
- Report the results of risk monitoring to the management and the Board regularly.

用於識別、評估及管理重大風險的程序

本集團用於識別、評估及管理重大風險(包括但不限於與環境、社會及管治有關的重大 風險)的程序概述如下:

風險識別

- 制定風險管理計劃;及
- 識別可能對本集團業務及營運構成潛在 影響之風險。

風險評估

- 使用管理層建立之評估標準,評估已識別之風險;及
- 考慮風險對業務之影響及出現之可能 性。

風險應對

- 透過比較風險評估之結果,排列風險優 先次序;及
- 釐定風險管理策略、應急計劃及內部監控程序,以防止、避免或降低風險。

風險監察及匯報

- 持續並定期監察有關風險,以及確保設 有適當的內部監控程序;
- 於環境出現任何重大變動時,修訂風險 管理策略及內部監控程序;及
- 向管理層及董事會定期匯報風險監察的 結果。

The Board continuously oversees the risk management and internal control systems, ensure that a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems has been conducted annually for the reporting period and the period cover all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls.

董事會持續監督風險管理及內部監控系統,確保每年檢討一次及期間報告涵蓋所有重要的監控方面,包括財務、運營和合規監控。

During the Year, the Board, through the Audit Committee, reviewed all risk management functions and material internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance control. Based on its management experience, the Group further strengthened the establishment of internal audit system, outlined the internal control functions and enhanced risk management. The Group also formulated the "Guide on Internal Control and Risk Management – Hong Kong Branch" (《內部監控及風險管理手冊(香港分部)》) to continuously enhance the level of risk management and internal controls. The Board therefore considered that the risk management and internal control systems are effective and adequate during the Year. In addition, it has also reviewed and has satisfied with the adequacy of resources, staff qualification and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions.

Internal Audit Function

The Group's internal audit function is performed by the Group's internal audit department, which reports directly to the Audit Committee. The Group's internal audit department plays a major role in the assessment of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and reports directly to the Audit Committee on a regular basis.

The internal audit department conducts internal audit reviews on material controls and compliance with policies and procedures of the Group at both operational and corporate level. Plans and tools for corrective actions and control improvement are identified and communicated with operations management to address any issues, non-compliance or deficiencies identified. The internal audit department monitors the implementation of its recommendations by the operations management and reports the outcome to the Audit Committee.

內部審核職能

本集團內部審核部門執行本集團內部審核職能,並直接向審核委員會匯報。本集團內部審核部門於評估風險管理及內控系統的有效性中具有重大作用,並定期直接向審核委員會匯報。

內部審核部門從營運及管治水平兩個方面對本集團重大控制以及政策及程序合規進行內部審核檢討。確認整改措施及控制改進的計劃及工具,並與營運管理層討論以解決識別的任何問題、違規情況或缺陷。內部審核部門監督營運管理人員對其推薦建議的實施,並向審核委員會匯報結果。

Handling and dissemination of inside information

For the purpose of handling and disseminating inside information in accordance with the Listing Rules and the SFO, the Group has taken various procedures and measures, including arousing the awareness to preserve confidentiality of inside information with the Group, sending blackout period and securities dealing restrictions notification to the relevant directors and employees regularly, disseminating information to specified persons on a need-to-know basis and regarding closely to the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in June 2012.

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

Mazars is the independent auditor of the Company. During the Year, the professional fees paid or payable to Mazars for services rendered are set out below:

處理及發佈內幕消息

就根據上市規則及證券與期貨條例處理及發佈內幕消息而言,本集團已採取不同程序及措施,包括提高本集團內幕消息的保密意識、定期向有關董事和僱員發送禁售期和證券交易限制的通知、在需要知情的基礎上向指定人員傳播信息以及嚴格遵守證券與期貨事務監察委員會於二零一二年六月頒佈的「內幕消息披露指引」。

核數師薪酬

中審眾環是本公司的獨立核數師。本年度, 就所提供服務已付或應付中審眾環的專業費 用載列如下:

> Fee paid/payable 已付/應付費用 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Audit services Non-audit services for interim report	審計服務 非審計服務-中期報告	1,693 445
Total	合計	2,138

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ge Junming, the sole company secretary of the Company, is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed.

During the Year, Mr. Ge Junming has undertaken not less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

公司秘書

本公司的唯一公司秘書葛俊明先生負責就企業管治事宜向董事會提出建議,並確保遵循董事會的政策及程序、適用法律、規則及法規。

本年度,葛俊明先生已接受不少於15小時的 相關專業培訓,符合上市規則第3.29條的規 定。

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with Shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and understanding of the Group's business, performance and strategies. The Company also recognizes the importance of timely and non-selective disclosure of information, which will enable Shareholders and investors to make the informed investment decisions.

AGM(s) provide opportunity for Shareholders to communicate directly with the Directors. The Chairman, the chairmen of the Board Committees will attend AGM to answer Shareholders' questions. The external auditor will also attend AGM to answer questions about the conduct of the audit, the preparation and content of the auditor's report, the accounting policies and auditor independence.

To promote effective communication, the Company adopts a shareholders' communication policy which aims at establishing a two-way relationship and communication between the Company and Shareholders and maintains a website at www.uhighl.com, where the up-to-date information on the Company's business operations and developments, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are available for public access.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard Shareholders' interests and rights, a separate resolution will be proposed for each issue at Shareholders' meetings, including the election of individual Directors.

All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each general meeting.

與股東的溝通及投資者關係

本公司認為,與股東的有效溝通對加強投資 者關係及使投資者了解本集團的業務、表現 及策略非常重要。本公司亦確認及時與非選 擇性地披露資料以供股東及投資者作出知情 投資決策的重要性。

股東週年大會提供股東與董事直接溝通的機會。主席、各董事委員會主席將出席股東週年大會解答股東提問。外部核數師亦將出席股東週年大會,以解答有關審核、核數師報告的編製及內容、會計政策及核數師獨立性的提問。

為促進有效的溝通,本公司採納股東通訊政策,旨在建立本公司與其股東的相互關係及溝通,並設有網站(www.uhighl.com),刊登有關其業務營運及發展的最新資料、財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾人士讀取。

股東權利

為保障股東的利益及權利,本公司會於股東 大會上就各項問題(包括選舉個別董事)提呈 獨立決議案。

於股東大會上提呈的所有決議案將根據上市 規則以投票表決,投票結果將於各股東大會 舉行後及時於本公司及聯交所網站刊登。

Convening of extraordinary general meeting and putting forward proposals

Under the Articles of Association, any two or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meeting, and any one Shareholder which is a recognized clearing house (or its nominee(s)) holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth (1/10) of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meeting, can require an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") to be called and put forward proposals at the meeting. The procedures for Shareholders to convene and put forward proposals at an EGM are stated as follows:

- (1) The requisitionist(s) should sign a written request stating the objects of the meeting to be convened, and deposit the same at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong situated at Room 2404, 24th Floor, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the company secretary.
- (2) Where, within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition, the Directors do not proceed to convene an EGM, the requisitionists themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board, provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

As regards proposing a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the website of the Company.

Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders who intend to put forward their enquiries about the Company to the Board could send their enquiries to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong at Room 2404, 24th Floor, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Central, Hong Kong or to email address: ir@uhi-group.com.

召開股東特別大會及提呈議案

根據組織章程細則,任何兩名或以上於遞呈 要求日期時持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附 有於本公司股東大會上投票的權利)十分之 一(1/10)的股東,以及任何一名於遞呈要 求日期時持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附有 於本公司股東大會上投票的權利)十分之一 (1/10)的股東(為一間認可結算所(或其代理 人)),均有權要求召開股東特別大會(「**股東** 特別大會」)及於會上提出議案。股東召開股 東特別大會及提出議案的程序如下:

- (1) 請求人須簽署書面請求(當中列明召開 大會的主要商議事項),並送達本公司 於香港的主要營業地點,地址為香港 中環德輔道中19號環球大廈24樓2404 室,抬頭致公司秘書。
- (2) 若在遞呈要求之日起計二十一日內,董事無按既定程序召開股東特別大會,請求人自身或代表彼等所持全部投票權50%以上的任何提出者可按盡量接近董事會召開大會的相同方式召開股東大會,惟按上述方式召開的任何大會不得於遞呈要求日期起計三個月屆滿後召開,而請求人因董事會不能召開股東大會而產生的合理成本應由本公司向請求人給予報銷。

關於建議某人參選董事的事宜,可於本公司網站查閱有關程序。

向董事會提出查詢

股東如欲向董事會提出有關本公司的查詢,可將有關查詢寄發至本公司於香港的主要營業地點(地址為香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈24樓2404室)或電郵至ir@uhi-group.com。

CHANGE IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there is no significant change in constitutional documents of the Company.

For the purpose of, among other things, (i) conforming the existing Articles of Association to the Core Shareholder Protection Standards set out in Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules; (ii) reflecting certain updates in relation to the Listing Rules and the applicable laws of the Cayman Islands; and (iii) making other consequential and housekeeping improvements, the Company proposes to adopt a new Articles of Association in the 2022 AGM.

更改憲章文件

本年度,本公司的憲章文件概無任何重大更改。

為以(其中包括) (i)令現有組織章程細則符合 與上市規則附錄三所載核心的股東保障標 準: (ii)反映有關上市規則以及開曼群島適用 法律的若干更新:及(iii)作出其他相應及內 務改進,本公司建議於二零二二年週年股東 大會上採納新的組織章程細則。

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. JIN Dongtao (金東濤), aged 53, was appointed as the Chairman and an executive Director on 12 March 2012 and the chief executive officer of the Company on 23 March 2017. Mr. Jin has resigned from being the chief executive officer with effect from 1 August 2021. Mr. Jin is one of the co-founders of the Group and has been the Chairman since its inception in June 1998. He has substantial experience in the pharmaceutical retail and distribution sector and is responsible for setting the strategic vision, direction and goals of the Group.

Mr. Jin has over 28 years of experience in the pharmaceutical distribution industry and marketing.

Other experience:

- 2010 September 2014: chairman of the Heilongjiang Alliance of Pharmaceutical Retailers (黑龍江藥店聯盟)
- 2012 present: vice chairman of the China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association (中國醫藥物資協會)

Education:

- July 1991: graduated from Jiamusi United Workers University (佳木斯聯合職工大學)
- December 2010: obtained a Master's degree in Business Administration in a programme run by United Business Institutes

Mr. Jin received the National Enterprise Management Specialist Award by the China National Management Specialist Centre (中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心) in 2006. He is qualified as a practising pharmacist in China. He has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

Mr. Jin Dongtao is the elder brother of Mr. Jin Dongkun, an executive Director and vice chairman of the Board.

董事

執行董事

金東濤先生,53歲,於二零一二年三月十二日獲委任為主席及執行董事及於二零一七年三月二十三日獲委任為本公司首席執行官。金先生已辭任本公司首席執行官,自二零二一年八月一日起生效。金先生為本集團的創辦人之一,並自本集團於一九九八年六月成立以來一直擔任本集團主席。他於醫藥零售及分銷行業有豐富經驗,負責為本集團制訂策略性宗旨、方向及目標。

金先生於醫藥經銷行業及營銷方面擁有逾28 年經驗。

其他經驗:

- 二零一零年至二零一四年九月:黑龍江 藥店聯盟理事長
- 二零一二年至今:中國醫藥物資協會副 會長

教育背景:

- 一九九一年七月:畢業自佳木斯聯合職工大學
- 二零一零年十二月:取得比利時聯合商 學院(United Business Institutes)舉辦 的工商管理課程碩士學位

金先生於二零零六年獲得中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心的全國企業管理特殊貢獻獎(National Enterprise Management Specialist Award)。他具備中國從業藥劑師資格。於過往三年內,他並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職務。

金東濤先生為執行董事兼董事會副主席金東昆先生的胞兄。

Mr. JIN Dongkun (金東昆), aged 49, was appointed as the vice chairman of the Board and an executive Director on 12 March 2012. He is one of the co-founders of the Group and has served as business manager, general manager and vice president of the Group since June 1998. He is responsible for overseeing the Group's external affairs and relationships.

Mr. Jin Dongkun has over 23 years of experience in the pharmaceutical distribution industry and in marketing.

Other experience:

- 2010 September 2014: vice chairman of the Heilongjiang Alliance of Pharmaceutical Retailers (黑龍江藥店聯盟)
- November 2014 present: vice chairman of the China Medical Pharmaceutical Material Association (中國醫藥物資協會)

Education:

- December 1994: graduated from Harbin Engineering University (哈爾濱工程大學) with a major in Electric Technology
- July 2013: obtained a Master's degree in Business Management in a programme run by the Scandinavian Art and Business Institute

Mr. Jin Dongkun is qualified as a practising pharmacist and a senior economist in China. He has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

Mr. Jin Dongkun is Mr. Jin Dongtao's brother.

金東昆先生,49歲,於二零一二年三月十二日獲委任為董事會副主席及執行董事。他為本集團的創辦人之一,自一九九八年六月起擔任本集團業務經理、總經理及副總裁。他負責監督本集團的對外事務及關係。

金東昆先生擁有逾23年從事醫藥分銷行業及 營銷經驗。

其他經驗:

- 二零一零年至二零一四年九月:黑龍江 藥店聯盟副理事長
- 二零一四年十一月至今:中國醫藥物資 協會副會長

教育背景:

- 一九九四年十二月:畢業自哈爾濱工程 大學電子技術專業
- 二零一三年七月:取得芬蘭斯納維亞商 學院(Scandinavian Art and Business Institute)舉辦的工商管理課程碩士學位

金東昆先生具備中國從業藥劑師資格及中國 高級經濟師資格。於過往三年內,他並未擔 任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職務。

金東昆先生為金東濤先生的胞弟。

Mr. CHU Chuanfu (初川富), aged 52, is the chief operation officer of the Group and has been appointed as an executive Director and the chief executive officer, with effect from 1 August 2021. He joined the Group in 1999.

初川富先生,52歲,現時為本集團首席營運 官並已獲委任為執行董事及首席執行官,自 二零二一年八月一日起生效。初先生於一九 九九年加入本集團。

Other experience:

- 1993 2005: Qiqihar Second Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (齊齊哈爾第二製藥有限公司) with the last position held as Department Head of Administration
- 2006 2010: Heilongjiang Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Distribution Co., Ltd. (黑龍江省金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, with the last position held as Deputy General Manager of the Administration Department

Education:

- 1993: graduated from the Harbin University of Civil Engineering and Architecture* (哈爾濱建築工程學院), China with a major in coal chemical engineering
- 2013: graduated from Scandinavian Art and Business Institute,
 Finland through distance learning with a Master of Business
 Administration

Mr. Chu has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

其他經驗:

- 一九九三年至二零零五年:於齊齊哈爾 第二製藥有限公司工作,最後的職位為 綜合業務部部長
- 二零零六年至二零一零年:於黑龍江省 金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司(一間本公 司全資擁有的附屬公司)工作,離職前 擔任行政副總經理

教育背景:

- 一九九三年:畢業於中國哈爾濱建築工程學院取得煤化工專業本科畢業證書
- 二零一三年:畢業於芬蘭斯納威亞商 學院(Scandinavian Art and Business Institute),取得工商管理碩士學位

於過往三年內,初先生並未擔任任何其他上 市公司的任何董事職務。

Mr. ZHAO Zehua (趙澤華), aged 54, was appointed as the general manager of finance of the Group in October 2011 and was appointed as an executive Director on 16 June 2015. He joined the Group in January 2005 as financial controller and was promoted to his current position in October 2011. He is responsible for financial control and management. He has over 33 years of experience in financial management, with particular expertise in financial accounting, treasury and internal control.

Other experience:

- August 1989 May 2001: head of finance at Hebei Chengde Tianyuan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (河北省承德天原藥業有限 公司)
- June 2001 December 2004: manager of finance and deputy general manager of Hebei Chengde Tianyuan Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (河北省承德天原藥業有限公司)
- January 2003 December 2004: manager of finance and deputy general manager of Chengde Pharmaceutical Group Liuhe Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (承德藥業集團六合製藥有限責 任公司)

Education:

• July 1992: graduated from Hebei Radio and Television University (河北廣播電視大學) with a major in Finance and Accounting

Mr. Zhao is a qualified accountant in China. He has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

趙澤華先生,54歲,於二零一一年十月獲委 任為本集團財務總經理及於二零一五年六月 十六日獲委任為執行董事。趙先生於二零零 五年一月加盟本集團時出任財務總監,並於 二零一一年十月晉升至現時職務。他負責財 務控制及管理。他擁有超過33年財務管理經 驗,尤其具備財會、資金管理及內部監控方 面的專業知識。

其他經驗:

- 一九八九年八月至二零零一年五月:河 北省承德天原藥業有限公司的財務主管
- 二零零一年六月至二零零四年十二月: 河北省承德天原藥業有限公司財務經理 及副總經理
- 二零零三年一月至二零零四年十二月: 承德藥業集團六合製藥有限責任公司財 務經理及副總經理

教育背景:

一九九二年七月:畢業自河北廣播電視 大學財會專業

趙先生具備中國會計師資格。於過往三年 內,趙先生並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任 何董事職務。

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. CHENG Sheung Hing (鄭雙慶), aged 74, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 November 2013. Mr. Cheng is a senior economist of People's Bank of China with many years of experience in foreign exchange management and management of pharmaceutical companies and listed companies.

Other experience:

- 1982 1985: in charge of the foreign affairs of Beijing Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. (北京市醫藥總公司) and stores for new drugs and specific drugs
- 1986 1995: deputy administrative officer of Non-trade Department and Inspection Department of the State Administration of Foreign Exchange (國家外匯管理局)

Directorships:

- 1995 2002: assistant to the general manager and assistant to board chairman of Wing On Travel (Holdings) Limited (永安旅遊(控股)有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 01189)
- 2003 2005: assistant to board chairman of Heng Fai Enterprises Limited (恒輝企業控股有限公司) (now known as ZH International Holdings Ltd. 正恒國際控股有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 00185)
- 2005 2013: independent non-executive director of National United Resources Holdings Limited (國家聯合資源控股有限公司) (formerly known as China Outdoor Media Group Limited 中國戶外媒體集團有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange (stock code: 00254)

Education:

• 1982: graduated from the formerly known as School of Economics of Peking University (北京經濟學院) (now known as Capital University of Economics and Business 首都經濟貿易大學) with a major in Trading Economics

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Cheng has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

獨立非執行董事

鄭雙慶先生,74歲,於二零一三年十一月十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄭先生為中國人民銀行高級經濟師,在外匯管理及醫藥公司和上市公司管理方面擁有多年經驗。

其他經驗:

- 一九八二年至一九八五年:負責北京市 醫藥總公司的外經處及新特藥商店
- 一九八六年至一九九五年:國家外匯管 理局非貿易處及檢查處辦公室副主任董 事

職務:

- 一九九五年至二零零二年:聯交所主板 上市公司永安旅遊(控股)有限公司(股份代號:01189)總經理助理及董事會 主席助理
- 二零零三年至二零零五年:聯交所主板 上市公司恒輝企業控股有限公司(現稱 「正恒國際控股有限公司」)(股份代號: 00185)的董事會主席助理
- 二零零五年至二零一三年:聯交所主板上市公司國家聯合資源控股有限公司 (前稱中國戶外媒體集團有限公司)(股份代號:00254)的獨立非執行董事

教育背景:

一九八二年:畢業自原北京經濟學院(School of Economics Peking University)(現為首都經濟貿易大學Capital University of Economics and Business),擁有貿易經濟學學士學位

除上文所披露者外,於過往三年內,鄭先生 並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職 務。

Ms. CHIANG Su Hui Susie (江素惠), aged 75, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 18 November 2013. Ms. Chiang has over 30 years of experience in governmental affairs, treasury and cross-straits relations.

江素惠女士,75歲,於二零一三年十一月十八日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。江女士在政府事務、財務及兩岸關係方面擁有逾30年經驗。

Other experience:

- December 1991 March 1994: the representative of Government Information Office of the Executive Yuan of Taiwan (台灣行政院新聞局)
- March 1994 December 2004: in charge of the Taiwanese Kwang-hwa Information and Culture Centre (台灣光華新聞文
- April 2002: established the C S Forum (香江論壇) and the C S Corp. Consultancy Limited (香江顧問有限公司) in Hong Kong with a goal of promoting cross-straits economic and trade communications

其他經驗:

- 一九九一年十二月至一九九四年三月: 台灣行政院新聞局駐港代表
- ◆ 一九九四年三月至二零零四年十二月: 台灣光華新聞文化中心負責人
- 二零零二年四月:於香港成立香江論壇 及香江顧問有限公司,宗旨為促進海峽 兩岸的經貿交流

Current positions:

化中心)

- member of the Hong Kong-Taiwan Cultural Co-operation Committee of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (香港特區政府港台文化合作委員會)
- chairwoman of the C S Culture Foundation (香江文化交流基金會)
- chairwoman of the C S Corp. Consultancy Limited (香江顧問有限公司)
- chairwoman of the C S Finance & Investment Company Limited (香江金融財務集團有限公司)
- honourary chairwoman of the Taiwan Business Association (Hong Kong) Limited (香港台灣工商協會)

現時任職:

- 香港特區政府港台文化合作委員會會員
- 香江文化交流基金會主席
- 香江顧問有限公司主席
- 香江金融財務集團有限公司主席
- 香港台灣工商協會榮譽主席

Education:

 July 1969: graduated from the Taiwan National Chung Hsing University (台灣國立中興大學) with a major in laws

Ms. Chiang has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

教育背景:

一九六九年七月:畢業自台灣國立中興 大學法學專業

於過往三年內,江女士並未擔任任何其他上 市公司的任何董事職務。

Mr. ZOU Haiyan (鄒海燕), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 20 July 2017. Mr. Zou has over 35 years of experience in the financial services industry. He has been a training instructor and guest lecturer of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants Hong Kong, International Institute of Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, HongKong Chinese Accountants Association, continuing education of Shanghai University of Finance and Economics Institute, Hainan Local Taxation Bureau, Huangshan Local Taxation Bureau, Qingdao Provincial SAT Office and Shenzhen Municipal SAT Office; and an associate professor of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University.

鄒海燕先生,57歲,於二零一七年七月二十日獲委任為獨立非執行董事。鄒先生於金融服務行業擁有逾35年經驗。彼曾於特許公認會計師公會香港分會、香港國際會計師公會、香港華人會計師公會、上海財經大學繼續教育學院、海南省地方稅務局、黃山地方稅務局、青島市國家稅務局及深圳市國家稅務局擔任培訓導師及客席講者;並於香港理工大學擔任副教授。

Other experience:

- July 2001 November 2003: certified public accountant of Guangdong Kangyuan Certified Public Accountants (廣東康 元會計師事務所)
- December 2003 August 2009: chief partner of Guangdong Gaowick Certified Public Accountants (廣東高域會計師事務所)
- March 2001 August 2018: managing director of China Tax and Business Consultants Company Limited (中國稅務商務 顧問有限公司) (the company ceased business due to the overlapping of business)

Current positions:

- managing director of Kaowick Listing and Financial Services
 Company Limited (嘉域上市融資服務有限公司)
- partner of Shenzhen Guangshen Certified Public Accountants (深圳廣深會計師事務所)

其他經驗:

- 二零零一年七月至二零零三年十一月: 廣東康元會計師事務所註冊會計師
- 二零零三年十二月至二零零九年八月: 廣東高域會計師事務所首席合夥人
- 二零零一年三月至二零一八年八月: 中國稅務商務顧問有限公司董事總經理 (該公司因業務重疊而註銷營業)

現時任職:

- 嘉域上市融資服務有限公司董事總經理
- 深圳廣深會計師事務所合夥人

- independent non-executive director of Shenzhen Asia Electricity Co., Ltd., a company listed on National Equities Exchange and Quotations in China (深圳亞洲電力股份有限公司)
- independent non-executive director and members of the audit committee of Anchorstone Holdings Limited (基石控股 有限公司), a company listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange
- Education:
- July 1985: graduated from Guangdong Provincial Finance School in Taxation (廣東省財政學校)
- January 2015: graduated from University of Electronic Science and Technology in Human Resources Management (電子科技 大學)

Save as disclosed above, Mr. Zou has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

- 深圳亞洲電力股份有限公司(一間於中國全國中小企業股份轉讓系統上市之公司)擔任獨立非執行董事
- 基石控股有限公司(一間於聯交所主板 上市公司)擔任獨立非執行董事及審核 委員會成員

教育背景:

- 一九八五年七月:廣東省財政學校税務 專業大專畢業
- 二零一五年一月:電子科技大學人力資源管理專業大學畢業

除上文所披露者外,於過往三年內,鄒先生 並未擔任任何其他上市公司的任何董事職 務。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. GE Junming (葛俊明), aged 54, was appointed as a company secretary of the Company on 18 November 2013 and is currently the sole company secretary of the Company. He joined the Group in 1998. Mr. Ge has worked in various other capacities in the Group, including as an accountant, head of the planning department, chief secretary to the Chairman, head of the legal department, general secretary and director in various members in the Group.

Other experience:

- August 1988 May 1994: a materials accountant, costs accountant and head accountant of Jiamusi CNC Machine Tools Factory (佳木斯數控機床廠)
- June 1994 August 1995: head accountant of Jiamusi Import and Export Wood Products Company (佳木斯進出口木製品公司)
- September 1995 August 1996: chief of finance at Jiamusi Forging Equipment Factory (佳木斯鍛壓設備廠)
- September 1996 April 1998: financial inspector at Jiamusi Marketing Limited Company of the Sanzu Group (三株集團 佳木斯營銷有限公司)

高級管理人員

葛俊明先生,54歲,於二零一三年十一月十八日獲委任為本公司公司秘書及現為本公司的唯一公司秘書。他於一九九八年加盟集團。葛先生在本集團曾擔任過多個其他職務,包括會計師、策劃部主管、主席首席秘書、法律部主管、秘書長及本集團多家成員公司的董事。

其他經驗:

- 一九八八年八月至一九九四年五月:佳 木斯數控機床廠的物料會計師、成本會 計師及主管會計
- 一九九四年六月至一九九五年八月:佳 木斯進出口木製品公司的主管會計
- 一九九五年九月至一九九六年八月:佳 木斯鍛壓設備廠的財務主管
- 一九九六年九月至一九九八年四月:三 株集團佳木斯營銷有限公司的財務督察

Education:

- July 1988: obtained a Secondary Professional Degree in Financial Accounting from Heilongjiang School of Machinery Manufacturing (黑龍江機械製造學校)
- July 1993: graduated from the School of Economics at Peking University (北京大學經濟學院) with a major in Financial Accounting, by way of distance learning
- December 2016: graduated and obtained a Bachelor Degree in Business Management (Business Administration) from Peking University (北京大學) by way of self-study
- December 2019: graduated from South China Agricultural University (華南農業大學) with Major in Regional Economic Development and Management by way of self-study

Mr. Ge is also a qualified senior accountant, senior planner, pharmacist and nutritionist in China. Mr. Ge is a Certified Internal Auditor, and has obtained qualification of practice in securities and funds.

Mr. Ge received the National Enterprise Management Specialist Award by the China National Management Specialist Centre (中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心) in 2005.

Mr. Ge has not held any directorships in any other publicly listed companies over the past three years.

教育背景:

- 一九八八年七月:取得黑龍江機械製造學校財務會計的中等專業學位
- 一九九三年七月:以遠程學習方式畢業 自北京大學經濟學院財會專業
- 二零一六年十二月:以自學方式修畢 (北京大學)「商務管理(工商管理)」本科 專業,並獲得北京大學管理學學士學位
- 二零一九年十二月:以自學方式畢業自 華南農業大學,主修「區域經濟開發與 管理」專業

葛先生亦為中國合資格高級會計師、高級策 劃師、藥劑師及營養師。並獲得國際註冊內 部控制師認證:獲得中國證券從業資格、基 金從業資格。

葛先生於二零零五年獲得中華人民共和國人事部全國人才流動中心的全國企業管理特殊 貢獻獎(National Enterprise Management Specialist Award)。

於過往三年內,葛先生並未擔任任何上市公 司的任何董事職務。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

mazars

To the members of Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 113 to 254, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 30 June 2022, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 30 June 2022, and of its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance.

MAZARS CPA LIMITED 中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

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Fax傳真: (852) 2810 0032 Email電郵:info@mazars.hk Website網址:www.mazars.hk

致大健康國際集團控股有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計大健康國際集團控股有限公司 (以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第113至254頁的合併財務報表,包括於二零二二年六月三十日的合併資產負債表,及截至該日止年度的合併綜合收益表、合併權益變動表及合併現金流量表,以及合併財務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等合併財務報表已根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二二年六月三十日的財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的財務表現及現金流量,並已遵照《公司條例》之披露規定妥為擬備。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ("ISAs") issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the current year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

意見的基礎

我們已根據國際審計與鑒證準則理事會頒佈的《國際審計準則》(「國際審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任在本報告「核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任」章節中作進一步闡述。根據國際會計師專業操守理事會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(以下簡稱「道德守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已根據道德守則履行其他道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本年度合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具意見時進行處理,而我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

Key Audit Matter

關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets allocated to the cash-generating units ("CGUs") of the retail and distribution businesses

Refer to notes 4(b), 7 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements

At 30 June 2022, the carrying value of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (together the "Non-current Assets") was amounting to approximately RMB36,560,000 and RMB4,952,000 respectively. These assets are allocated to the CGUs of the Group's retail and distribution businesses.

The Group had reported a continued loss in the current year. Management considered this as an impairment indicator on the Non-current Assets and has performed an impairment assessment on these assets as at 30 June 2022 to determine their recoverable amount. Management has performed impairment tests with reference to a valuation performed by an independent and qualified professional valuer and the conclusion is based on the estimation of the recoverable amounts of the respective CGUs to which the respective Non-current Assets relate using the value-in-use ("VIU") calculation.

We identified this matter as a key audit matter because of the significance of the amounts involved and use of judgements and estimates in assessing the impairment of the assets. These key estimates include forecasted gross margins, forecasted growth rates and discount rates adopted in the VIU calculations based on discounted cash flow model.

已分配至零售及分銷經營之現金產生單位 (「現金產生單位」)之物業、廠房及設備以 及使用權資產減值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註4(b)、7及8

於二零二二年六月三十日,物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產(統稱為[非流動資產])的賬面值分別約為人民幣36,560,000元及人民幣4,952,000元。該等資產已分配至 貴集團零售及分銷經營之現金產生單位。

於本年度, 貴集團持續錄得虧損。管理層 認為非流動資產出現減值跡象,並於二零 二二年六月三十日對該等資產進行減值評 估,以釐定其可收回金額。管理層已參照 獨立及合資格的專業估值師進行的評估進 行減值測試,該結論乃基於估計非流動資 產相關的各現金產生單位的可收回金額, 按使用價值(「使用價值」)計算而作出。

由於評估資產減值時所涉金額及使用判斷 及估計的重要性,故我們將該事項識別為 關鍵審計事項。該等關鍵估計包括使用價 值計算時所採納的預測毛利率、預測增長 率及折現率及基於貼現現金流量模型。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

- (a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer;
- (b) We performed procedures to understand the key processes and controls relating to the assessment of the recoverable amounts of CGUs supported by VIU calculations based on discounted cash flow model;
- (c) We compared the cash flow projections used in VIU calculations to the financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period;
- (d) We compared the future growth rates beyond the five-year period used by management against the long-term average growth rate for the businesses in which the respective CGUs operate based on the available data from the market;
- (e) We evaluated the achievability of budgeted gross margins based on the Group's past and current performance, the management's business strategy and the expected market development;
- (f) We evaluated the reasonableness of key parameters used by the management and the valuer for calculating discount rates based on our knowledge of the business and industry;
- (g) We tested mathematical accuracy of the VIU calculations used by the management and the valuer to determine the recoverable amounts of CGUs; and
- (h) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the impairment assessment.

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事項:

- (a) 我們評估了估值師的才能、能力及客 觀性;
- (b) 我們執行程序以了解與現金產生單位 的可收回金額評估相關的關鍵流程和 控制,該評估所需的使用價值計算乃 基於貼現現金流量模型;
- (c) 我們將使用價值計算中所用的現金流 量預測和管理層審批的五年期財務預 算進行了對比;
- (d) 我們根據市場可得數據將管理層所使 用的五年期以上的未來增長率和有關 現金產生單位營運業務的長期平均增 長率進行了對比:
- (e) 我們依據 貴集團的歷史業績、目前 業績、管理層經營戰略和預期市場發 展對預期毛利率的可完成度進行了評 估:
- (f) 我們根據我們對業務及行業的了解對管理層及估值師計算折現率過程中用到的關鍵參數的合理性進行了評估;
- (g) 我們檢查了管理層及估值師用以確定 現金產生單位可收回金額的使用價值 數學計算的準確性:及
- (h) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關減值評估之 披露的充足性。

Key Audit Matter

關鍵審計事項

評估一分銷分部

Impairment assessment of a logistics building included in property, plant and equipment – Distribution segment

請參閱合併財務報表附註4(c)及7。

Refer to notes 4(c) and 7 to the consolidated financial statements

於二零二二年六月三十日, 貴集團有一幢位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)佳木斯市的物流倉儲中心計入物業、廠房及設備,賬面值為人民幣185,832,000元。

計入物業、廠房及設備的物流倉儲中心的減值

As at 30 June 2022, the Group had a logistics building included in the property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of RMB185,832,000 located in Jiamusi, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

年內, 貴集團已使用物流倉儲中心的若干區域 作為其分銷業務的倉庫,並繼續尋求發展物流 業務的機會。鑒於分銷業務持續錄得虧損以及 現時作為分銷分部倉庫的低使用率,管理層認 為物流倉儲中心於二零二二年六月三十日出現 減值跡象,並就此進行減值評估。

During the year, the Group had utilised certain areas of the logistics building as warehouse for its distribution business and continued to seek out its opportunities to develop the logistics business. In view of the loss sustained by the distribution business and the current low usage rate as warehousing for the distribution segment, management considered that there were indicators of impairment of the logistics building existed at 30 June 2022 and performed an impairment assessment thereon

管理層已參照獨立及合資格的專業估值師進行的評估為物流倉儲中心進行減值評估,採用公允價值減出售成本模型並與物流倉儲中心賬面值進行比較,以釐定於本年度確認的減值金額。就釐定公允價值減出售成本而言,管理層運用折舊重置成本法以反映市場參與者建造可資比較用途及年期資產的成本,並就過時作出調整。根據減值評估的結果,管理層得出結論,物流倉儲中心的可收回金額高於其賬面金額,因此無需減值。

Management performed an impairment assessment of the logistic building with reference to a valuation performed by an independent and qualified professional valuer by using the fair value less cost of disposal model and compared the carrying amount of the logistics building to determine the amount of impairment which should be recognised for the year. For the determination of the fair value less costs of disposal, management used the depreciated replacement cost method that reflects the cost to a market participant to construct assets of comparable utility and age, adjusted for obsolescence. Based on the results of the impairment assessment, management concluded that the recoverable amount of the logistics building was higher than its carrying amount and no impairment was required.

由於評估重大資產減值時使用判斷及估計的重要性,故我們將該事項識別為關鍵審計事項。 該等關鍵估計包括估計可使用年期以及計算折 舊重置成本時採用的重置成本。

We identified this matter as a key audit matter because of the significance of the use of judgements and estimates in assessing the impairment of this significant asset. These key estimates include the estimated useful life and replacement costs adopted in the depreciated replacement cost calculations.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

- (a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer;
- (b) We evaluated the appropriateness of the methodology used and the reasonableness of the key assumptions applied in the depreciated replacement cost calculations such as the estimated useful life and replacement costs by referencing to available market data;
- (c) We tested mathematical accuracy of the depreciated replacement cost calculations used by the management and the valuer to determine the recoverable amounts of the logistics buildings; and
- (d) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the impairment assessment.

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事項:

- (a) 我們評估了估值師的才能、能力及客觀 性:
- (b) 我們評估了所用方法的恰當性,以及根據 市場可得數據評估折舊重置成本計算中所 用的關鍵假設的合理性,例如估計可使用 年期及重置成本;
- (c) 我們檢查了管理層及估值師用以確定物流 倉儲中心可收回金額的折舊重置成本數學 計算的準確性:及
- (d) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關減值評估之披露 的充足性。

Key Audit Matter

關鍵審計事項

Impairment assessment of investment in an associate

Refer to notes 4(d) and 12 to the consolidated financial statements

As at 30 June 2022, the Group held 43.78% equity interests in an associate, Jilin Jintian Universal Health Capsule Limited, with a carrying amount of RMB87,526,000.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amount of the investment in an associate. The recoverable amount, being the higher of VIU and fair value less costs of disposal, has been determined by the Group's management with reference to a valuation report prepared by an independent and qualified professional valuer using price-to-earnings (P/E) multiple model, which is lower than the carrying amount of the investment and therefore an impairment loss of RMB21,988,000 was charged to profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Impairment assessment of the significant carrying amount of investment in an associate is highly judgmental and involves a high degree of estimation uncertainty. We therefore identified the impairment assessment as a key audit matter.

聯營公司投資之減值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註4(d)及12。

於二零二二年六月三十日, 貴集團持有一間 聯營公司吉林金天大健康集團膠囊有限公司 43.78%股權,其賬面值為人民幣87,526,000元。

於報告期末, 貴集團對聯營公司投資的可收回金額進行審查。可收回金額(即使用價值及公允價值減出售成本之較高者)由 貴集團管理層經參考獨立及合資格的專業估值師使用市盈率(市盈率)倍數模型編製之估值報告而釐定,該金額低於投資賬面值,因此,截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,減值虧損人民幣21,988,000元自損益扣除。

聯營公司投資重大賬面值之減值評估需要作出 大量判斷,並涉及高度的估計不確定性。因 此,我們將減值評估識別為關鍵審計事項。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

- (a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer:
- (b) We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used by the valuer and management to estimate the recoverable amount of the investment in an associate;
- (c) We evaluated the reasonableness of the key inputs adopted by the management and the valuer by comparing to entity-specific information and market data; and
- (d) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the impairment assessment.

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事項:

- (a) 我們評估了估值師的才能、能力及客觀 性:
- (b) 我們評估了估值師及管理層使用該估值模型估計聯營公司投資之可收回金額的適當性;
- (c) 我們通過比較實體特定資料與市場數據的 方式評估管理層及估值師所採納關鍵輸入 值的合理性:及
- (d) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關減值評估之披露 的充足性。

Key Audit Matter

關鍵審計事項

Valuation of biological assets

Refer to notes 4(a) and 14 to the consolidated financial statements

The Group had a forest land use right which is located in Tonghua City, Jilin Province in the PRC and the wild ginsengs planted in this forest land. The forest land use right and wild ginsengs are accounted for as land use right and biological assets respectively. The wild ginsengs are measured at fair value less costs to sell.

As at 30 June 2022, management estimated the fair value of wild ginsengs which was revalued at RMB98,161,000 based on a valuation prepared by an independent and qualified professional valuer which took into consideration of factors related to the ginsengs as advised by ginsengs experts who were employed by the valuer. A gain on change in fair value of RMB409,000 was credited to profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2022.

We have identified the valuation of the biological assets as a key audit matter considering the significance of the balance and the extent of management's judgments and estimates used for the assessment of fair value of biological assets. The most significant assumptions and valuation parameters used in the valuation include the estimated quantities, grade and the related market prices of biological assets applied.

生物資產之估值

請參閱合併財務報表附註4(a)及14

貴集團持有位於中國吉林省通化市的林地使用權及於該林地種植的野生林下參。林地使用權及野生林下參分別作為土地使用權及生物資產入賬。野生林下參乃按公允價值減銷售成本計量。

於二零二二年六月三十日,管理層根據獨立及 合資格的專業估值師編製之估值報告,重新估 計野生林下參的公允價值為人民幣98,161,000 元,而該估值報告已考慮由估值師委聘的林下 參專家所告知有關林下參的因素進行估計。截 至二零二二年六月三十日止年度公允價值變動 之收益人民幣409,000元計入損益。

考慮到結餘的重要性及管理層用於生物資產公允價值評估的判斷及估計程度,我們已將生物資產之估值識別為關鍵審計事項。用於估值之最為重大的假設及估值參數包括估計數量、品級及適用於生物資產的相關市場價格。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

In addressing this matter, we had performed the following key procedures:

- (a) We evaluated the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the valuer and the ginsengs experts;
- (b) We assessed the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies used by the valuer and management to estimate the fair value of the biological assets;
- (c) We engaged our own ginsengs expert to carry out physical inspection of the wild ginsengs forest and assist us in reviewing the reasonableness of the key assumptions and unobservable inputs applied to the valuation model; and
- (d) We considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosure in respect of the fair value measurement of the biological assets.

我們執行了下列主要審計程序以處理該事項:

- (a) 我們評估了估值師及林下參專家的才能、 能力及客觀性;
- (b) 我們評估了估值師及管理層使用該估值模型估計生物資產之公允價值的適當性;
- (c) 我們聘請了我們的林下參專家就野生林下 參森林進行實地考察,並協助我們審閱應 用於估值模型之關鍵假設及不可觀察輸入 數據的合理性:及
- (d) 我們考慮了 貴集團有關生物資產公允價 值計量披露的充足性。

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the 2021/22 annual report of the Company but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information, and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs and the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Audit Committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息包括貴公司二零二一年/二二年年報內的信息,但不包括合併財務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其他信息是否與合併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

董事及管治層就合併財務報表須承擔 的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據國際財務報告準則及《公司條例》的披露規定擬備真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為為使合併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴 集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露 與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營 為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤 或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告 過程。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the
 consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to
 those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
 appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
 higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve
 collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations,
 or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標是對合併財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。我們僅向 閣下(作為整體)報告,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水準的保證,但不能保證按照 國際審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤 陳述存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐 或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總 起來可能影響該等合併財務報表使用者依賴 合併財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關錯 誤陳述可被視作重大。

在根據國際審計準則進行審計的至過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態 度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併 財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設 計及執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以 及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,為我們 的意見提供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串 謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或淩 駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺 詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未 能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的 風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適 當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴集團 內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作 出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論,根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對 貴集異我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意合併財務最中的相關披露,假若有關披露不足,則我們應當發表有保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證而得出。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、結構和內容,包括披露,以及合併財務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體的財務資料或業務活動獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了(其中包括)計劃的 審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現,包括 我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,消除威脅所採取的行動及所應用的防範措施。

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

獨立核數師報告

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

Mazars CPA Limited

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong, 27 September 2022

The engagement director on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is:

Law Lai Ting

Practising Certificate number: P07322

中審眾環(香港)會計師事務所有限公司

執業會計師

香港,二零二二年九月二十七日

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目董事為:

羅禮廷

執業證書編號: P07322

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 合併資產負債表

At 30 June 2022 於二零二二年六月三十日

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
_		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	No. de			
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產	_		
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	7	222,392	241,611
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	8	4,952	12,467
Intangible assets	無形資產	9	-	<u> </u>
Investments in joint ventures	合營公司投資	11	_	_
Investment in an associate	聯營公司投資	12	87,526	111,139
Equity instruments designated	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收			
as at fair value through other	益的權益工具			0.015
comprehensive income	11 11 No ->-	13	12,056	9,265
Biological assets	生物資產	14	98,161	97,752
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額		425,087	472,234
c	法			
Current assets	流動資產	47	100.010	407.477
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	17	128,918	137,477
Income tax recoverable	可收回所得税		5,815	6,399
Inventories	存貨	18	190,973	273,916
Restricted cash	受限制現金	19	30,488	34,724
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	20	57,795	33,091
Total current assets	流動資產總額		413,989	485,607
Total assets	資產總額		839,076	957,841
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	權益及負債			
	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	中公可擁有人 應 旧 惟 血			
Share capital	股本	21	35,943	24,833
Reserves	儲備	22	1,739,451	1,729,755
Accumulated losses	累計虧損	22		
Accumulated losses	系□ 推J]只		(1,367,263)	(1,179,616)
			408,131	574,972
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		579	945
	>1 2=13×11=111		5,7	,40

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

合併資產負債表 At 30 June 2022

於二零二二年六月三十日

		Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
LIABILITIES	負債	// II*		
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Borrowings	借款	25	40,000	_
	_ //	6		
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		40,000	_
	10			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	24	390,366	377,994
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	8	_	3,930
	"			
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		390,366	381,924
Total liabilities	負債總額		430,366	381,924
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		839,076	957,841

The notes on pages 121 to 254 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

第121至254頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 不可分割的一部分。

These consolidated financial statements on pages 113 to 254 were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by

載於第113至254頁的合併財務報表於二零二二年九月二十七日經董事會批准及授權刊發,並由下列董事代為簽署

Jin Dongtao 金東濤 Director 董事 Zhao Zehua 趙澤華 Director 董事

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME 合併綜合收益表

Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

		Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	5	1,273,572	1,185,168
Cost of sales	銷售成本	27	(1,069,410)	(1,028,264)
Cuasa mushis	毛利潤		204.1/2	15/ 00/
Gross profit	_ 15.15	27	204,162	156,904
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支	27	(322,346)	(533,776)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	27	(58,005)	(66,583)
Impairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	9, 27	(21.000)	(313)
Impairment loss on investment in an associate	聯營公司投資減值虧損	12, 27	(21,988)	(210,373)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment		7, 27 8, 27	-	(3,972)
Impairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損 其他收入	o, 27 26	7 270	(3,893)
Other prince (leases) and	其他收益(虧損)-淨額	26	7,270 1,788	
Other gains (losses) – net Change in fair value of biological assets	生物資產公允價值變動	14	409	(1,495) 90
Operating loss	經營虧損		(188,710)	(663,409)
Finance income	財務收入	29	3,642	1,253
Finance costs	財務成本	29	(1,320)	(11,868)
Finance income (costs) – net	財務收入(成本)-淨額	29	2,322	(10,615)
Share of post-tax results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司除税後業績	11	_	9
Share of post-tax results of an associate	分佔聯營公司除稅後業績	12	(1,625)	3,211
			(1,625)	3,220
Laur hafan iastan ku	DA K / J X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X			1777
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損		(188,013)	(670,804)
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	30	-	(5,203)
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(188,013)	(676,007)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

合併綜合收益表

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

		Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other comprehensive income Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	其他綜合收益 不會重新分類至損益的項目:			
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益的權益工具之公允價值變			
income	動	13	2,499	(5,066)
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	<u>已經或可能於往後期間重新分類</u> 至損益的項目:			
Release of other reserves upon deregistration of	註銷附屬公司時撥回其他儲備			
subsidiaries			379	1,862
Currency translation differences	外幣折算差額 		(1,965)	9,774
			(1,586)	11,636
Total other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他綜合收益總額		913	6,570
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度綜合虧損總額		(187,100)	(669,437)
Loss attributable to:	工则夕宁库儿都提。			
- Owners of the Company	下 列各方應佔虧損: -本公司擁有人		(187,647)	(675,396)
– Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益		(366)	(611)
			(188,013)	(676,007)
	T 71 5 2 5 11 15 A 5 15 15 15 27			
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: - Owners of the Company	下列各方應佔綜合虧損總額: 一本公司擁有人		(186,734)	(668,826)
Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益		(366)	(611)
			(187,100)	(669,437)
Loss per share attributable to owners of the	年度本公司擁有人應佔每股虧損			
Company for the year (RMB cents)	(人民幣分)			
– Basic and diluted	-基本及攤薄	31	(42.66)	(174.83)

The notes on pages 121 to 254 are an integral part of these 第121至254頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 consolidated financial statements.

不可分割的一部分。

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY 合併權益變動表

Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company

						本公司擁有人應	佔						
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserves	Statutory reserves	Fair value reserve (non-recycling)	Share-based compensation reserves	Other reserves	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity	
		股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	法定儲備	公允價值儲備 (不可轉撥)	股份薪酬儲備	其他儲備	累計虧損	總計	非控股權益	權益總額	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		(note 21)	(note 22(a))	(note 22(b))	(note 22(c))	(note 22(d))	(note 22(e))	(note 22(f))					
		(附註21)	(附註22(a))	(附註22(b))	(附註22(c))	(附註22(d))	(附註22(e))	(附註22(f))					
Balance at 1 July 2021	於二零二一年七月一日的結餘	24,833	1,817,387	(154,447)	64,149	(14,931)	22,366	(4,769)	(1,179,616)	574,972	945	575,917	
Comprehensive loss	綜合虧損												
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(187,647)	(187,647)	(366)	(188,013)	
Other comprehensive income (loss) Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	其他綜合收益(虧損) 不會重新分類至損益的項目:												
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 13)	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益 的權益工具之公允價值變動/ <i>附</i> 註13)	-	-	-	-	2,499	-	-	-	2,499	-	2,499	
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	已經或可能於往後期間重新分類至損 益的項目:												
Release of other reserve upon de-registration of subsidiaries	註銷附屬公司時撥回其他儲備		_	_	_	_	_	379	_	379	_	379	
Currency translation differences	外幣折算差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,965)	-	(1,965)	-	(1,965)	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	其他綜合收益(虧損)總額	-	-	-	-	2,499	-	(1,586)	-	913	-	913	_
Total comprehensive income (loss)	綜合收益(虧損)總額	-	-	-	-	2,499	-	(1,586)	(187,647)	(186,734)	(366)	(187,100)	_
Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners	與擁有人(以其擁有人身份)的交易												
Issue of subscription shares in November 2021, net of expenses (note 21(a))	於二零二一年十一月發行認購股份, 扣除開支 <i>(附註21(a))</i>	4,931	3,468	_	_	-	-	_	-	8,399	_	8,399	
Issue of subscription shares in June 2022, net of expenses (note 21(b))	於二零二二年六月發行認購股份·扣 除開支 <i>(附註21(b))</i>	6,179	5,315	-	-			-	-	11,494	-	11,494	
Total transaction with owners in their capacity as owners	與擁有人(以其擁有人身份)的交易 總額	11,110	8,783	-	-	-	-	-	-	19,893	-	19,893	
Balance at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日的結餘	35,943	1,826,170	(154,447)	64,149	(12,432)	22,366	(6,355)	(1,367,263)	408,131	579	408,710	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

合併權益變動表

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

Attributable to	owners of the	Company
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本公司擁有人應佔

						1 -24.174.17						
		Share capital	Share premium	Capital reserves	Statutory reserves	Fair value reserve (non-recycling) 公允價值儲備	Share-based compensation reserves	Other reserves	Accumulated losses	Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
		股本	股份溢價	資本儲備	法定儲備	(不可轉撥)	股份薪酬儲備	其他儲備	累計虧損	總計	非控股權益	權益總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(note 21)	(note 22(a))	(note 22(b))	(note 22(c))	(note 22(d))	(note 22(e))	(note 22(f))				
		(附註21)	(附註22(a))	(附註22(b))	(附註22(c))	(附註22(d))	(附註22(e))	(附註22(f))				
Balance at 1 July 2020	於二零二零年七月一日的結餘	24,833	1,817,387	(154,447)	64,149	(9,865)	22,366	(16,405)	(504,220)	1,243,798	1,556	1,245,354
Comprehensive loss	綜合虧損											
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	(675,396)	(675,396)	(611)	(676,007)
Other comprehensive (loss) income	其他綜合(虧損)收益											
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:												
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜 合收益的權益工具之公允 價值變動(<i>附註13</i>)											
(note 13)		-	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	(5,066)
Items that are or may be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:	已經或可能於往後期間重新分 類至損益的項目:											
Release of other reserve upon de-registration of subsidiaries	註銷附屬公司時撥回其他儲備	• .	-	-	-	-	-	1,862	-	1,862	-	1,862
Currency translation differences	外幣折算差額	-	-	-	_	-	-	9,774	_	9,774	_	9,774
_///		10										
Total other comprehensive (loss) income	其他綜合(虧損)收益總額]	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	11,636	-	6,570	-	6,570
Total comprehensive (loss) income	綜合(虧損)收益總額	<u>Z-</u>	-	-	-	(5,066)	-	11,636	(675,396)	(668,826)	(611)	(669,437)
Balance at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日 的結餘	24,833	1,817,387	(154,447)	64,149	(14,931)	22,366	(4,769)	(1,179,616)	574,972	945	575,917

The notes on pages 121 to 254 are an integral part of these 第121至254頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 consolidated financial statements.

不可分割的一部分。

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT 合併現金流量表

Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

	t je el lughtij sji	Note 附註	2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營活動			
Cash used in operations Interest paid Bank charges paid Income tax refunded	經營所用現金 已付利息 已付銀行費用 已退還所得税	33(a)	(42,584) (276) (146) 584	(113,312) (1,065) (122) 6,784
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額		(42,422)	(107,715)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動			
Change in restricted cash	受限制現金變動		4,236	10,505
Interest received	已收利息		2,064	1,253
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of joint	出售物業、廠房及設備 所得款項 出售合營公司所得款項		2,240	-
ventures			_	8,975
Net cash inflow from disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司所得現金 流入淨額		1,842	/ / /-
Purchase of intangible assets	購買無形資產		-	(21)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購買物業、廠房及設備		(101)	(1,903)
Dividend received	已收股息		807	/ // -
Settlement of consideration receivables	應收代價結算		-	913
Net cash from investing activities	投資活動產生現金淨額		11,088	19,722

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT

合併現金流量表

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

			2022	2021
			二零二二年	二零二一年
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
	7.7.1.1	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	融資活動			
	111			
Repayments of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	33(b)	(3,930)	(10,211)
Inception of borrowings	新增借款	25, 33(b)	40,000	_
Net proceeds from issuance of subscription shares	發行認購股份所得款項淨額	21	19,893	_
Net cash from (used in) financing	融資活動產生(所用)現金淨額			
activities			55,963	(10,211)
	1			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加 (減少)淨額		24,629	(98,204)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the reporting period	報告期初之現金及現金等價物		33,091	131,317
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動之影響		75	(22)
Cash and cash equivalents at end	報告期末之現金及現金等價物			
of the reporting period		20	57,795	33,091

The notes on pages 121 to 254 are an integral part of these 第121至254頁的附註為該等合併財務報表 consolidated financial statements.

不可分割的一部分。

Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Universal Health International Group Holding Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the distribution and retail of drugs, healthcare products and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 12 March 2012, as an exempted company with limited liabilities under the Companies Law (2013 Revision) of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1- 1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company's shares have been listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 12 December 2013.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Renminbi ("RMB'000"), unless otherwise stated.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to both periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

1. 一般資料

大健康國際集團控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」)主要在中華人民共和國(「中國」)東北地區從事藥物、保健產品及其他醫藥產品的分銷及零售業務。

本公司於二零一二年三月十二日根據開曼群島公司法(二零一三年修訂版)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司註冊辦事處的地址為PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands。

本公司股份於二零一三年十二月十二日 在香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」) 主板上市。

除另有指明者外,該等合併財務報表乃 以人民幣千元(「**人民幣千元**」)呈列。

2. 主要會計政策概要

編製該等合併財務報表所應用的主要會 計政策載於下文。除另有説明外,此等 政策在兩個呈列期間內貫徹應用。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable IFRSs, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by International Accounting Standards Board and the applicable disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") and biological assets which are measured at fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 4.

2.1 編製基準

該等合併財務報表乃根據國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)(此統稱包括所有適用的國際財務報告準則、由國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國際會計準則(「國際會計準則」)及詮釋)及《公司條例》(第622章)之適用披露規定編製。該等合併財務報表亦符合聯交所證券上市規則之適用披露條文。

誠如下列會計政策所述,該等合併財務報表乃依照歷史成本法編製,惟指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具(「按公允價值計入其他綜合收益」)及按公允價值計量的生物資產除外。

編製符合國際財務報告準則的合併 財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估 計。此亦需要管理層在應用本集 團的會計政策過程中作出判斷。涉 及相對重大判斷或更為複雜的範 疇,或涉及對合併財務報表作出屬 重大的假設及估計的範疇,在附註 4披露。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures
 - (a) New and amended standards adopted by the Group

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a basis consistent with the accounting policies adopted in the 2021 consolidated financial statements except for the adoption of the following new/revised IFRSs that are relevant to the Group and effective from the current year:

Amendments to IAS 39, IFRSs 4, 7, 9 and 16: <u>Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2</u>

The amendments address issues that might affect financial reporting when a company replaces the old interest rate benchmark with an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the interest rate benchmark reform (the "Reform"). The amendments complement those issued in September 2019 and relate to:

changes to contractual cash flows - a company will not have to derecognise or adjust the carrying amount of financial instruments for changes required by the Reform, but will instead update the effective interest rate to reflect the change to the alternative benchmark rate:

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露
 - (a) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則

該等合併財務報表之編 製基準乃與二零二一年 合併財務報表所採納之 會計政策一致,惟採納 與本集團相關及本年度 起生效之下列新訂/經 修訂國際財務報告準則 除外:

國際會計準則第39號、 國際財務報告準則第4 號、第7號、第9號及第 16號(修訂本): 利率基準 改革-第二階段

該等修訂解決了公司因 利率基準改革(「改革」) 而以替代基準利率取代 舊利率基準時可能對 財務報告造成影響的問 題。該等修訂對在二零 一九年九月頒佈的修訂 作出補充,並與以下各 項有關:

合約現金流量的變 動一公司毋須就改 革規定的變動終止 確認或調整金融工 具的賬面值,但須 對實際利率作出更 新以反映替代基準 利率的變動;

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1 Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)
 - (a) New and amended standards adopted by the **Group** (continued) Amendments to IAS 39, IFRSs 4, 7, 9 and 16: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2 (continued)
 - hedge accounting a company will not have to discontinue its hedge accounting solely because it makes changes required by the Reform, if the hedge meets other hedge accounting criteria; and
 - disclosures a company will be required to disclose information about new risks arising from the Reform and how it manages the transition to alternative benchmark rates.

The adoption of the amendments does not have any significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

(b) New and amended standards issued but not yet adopted by the Group

A number of new and amended standards are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, and have not been applied in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The Group will apply the new and amended standards when they become effective. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of the impact of the new and amended standards and does not expect that the adoption of these new and amended standards will result in any material impact on the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露(續)
 - (a) 本集團採納的新訂及經 修訂準則(續)

國際會計準則第39號、 國際財務報告準則第4 號、第7號、第9號及第 16號(修訂本): 利率基準 改革-第二階段(續)

- 對沖會計處理一倘 對沖符合其他對沖 會計標準,則公司 毋須僅因其作出改 革所規定的變動而 終止其對沖會計處 理;及
- 披露一公司須披露 有關改革所產生的 新風險及其過渡至 替代基準利率的應 對方法的資料。

採納該等修訂本並無對 合併財務報表造成任何 重大影響。

(b) 已頒佈但本集團尚未採 納的新訂及經修訂準則

多項新訂及經修訂準則 於二零二二年一月一日 或之後開始的年度期間 生效,而於編製該等合 併財務報表時並未予以 應用。本集團將於該等 新訂及經修訂準則生效 時應用該等準則。本集 團現正評估新訂及經修 訂準則的影響,並預期 採用該等新訂及經修訂 準則不會對本集團的合 併財務報表造成任何重 大影響。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會 POLICIES (continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)
 - 2.1.1Changes in accounting policy and disclosures (continued)

際會計準則第28號(修訂本)

(b) New and amended standards issued but not yet adopted by the Group (continued)

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

- 2.1 編製基準(續)
 - 2.1.1 會計政策的變更及披露(續)
 - (b) 已頒佈但本集團尚未採 納的新訂及經修訂準則 (續)

Effective for annual years beginning on or after

於以下日期 或之後開始的 年度生效

Amendments to IAS 16	Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
國際會計準則第16號(修訂本)	作擬定用途前的所得款項	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 37	Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
國際會計準則第37號(修訂本)	履行合約的成本	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
國際財務報告準則第3號(修訂本)	提述概念框架	二零二二年一月一日
Annual Improvements to IFRSs	2018-2020 Cycle	1 January 2022
國際財務報告準則年度改進	二零一八年至二零二零年週期	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)	負債分類為流動或非流動	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第1號(修訂本)	會計政策披露	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第8號(修訂本)	會計估計的定義	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a single Transaction	1 January 2023
國際會計準則第12號(修訂本)	與單一交易產生的資產及負債有關的遞延税項	二零二三年一月一日
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
國際財務報告準則第17號	保險合約	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 17	Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – Comparative Information	1 January 2023
國際財務報告準則第17號(修訂本)	國際財務報告準則第17號及國際財務報告準則第9號的 初始應用一比較信息	二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 16	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback	1 January 2024
國際財務報告準則第16號(修訂本)	售後租回交易中的租賃負債	二零二四年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
國際財務報告準則第10號(修訂本)及國際会計進則第20號(修訂本)	投資者與其聯營公司或合營公司之間的資產出售或出資	待釐定

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Going concern

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group recorded a loss of approximately RMB188,013,000 (2021: RMB676,007,000), which was primarily attributable to the challenges experienced in the retail market within the northeastern region of the PRC and the impact on performance caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, the Group recorded net cash outflow from operations of RMB42,422,000 during the year and the net current assets of the Group reduced by RMB80,060,000 to RMB23,623,000 as at 30 June 2022.

In view of these circumstances, the management of the Company has implemented various measures to improve the financial position of the Group. These measures include, but not limited to the followings:

- (a) The Group continues to negotiate for external financing, including but not limited to, obtain further loan facilities and various forms of capital fund raising. Subsequent to 30 June 2022, the Group successfully obtained a new loan facility from a bank for an amount of RMB50,000,000;
- (b) The Group continues to improve operating efficiency by implementing measures to tighten cost control over various operating expenses in order to enhance its profitability and to improve cash flow from its operations in future. During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group has closed a number of loss-making retail stores to minimise operating cash outflows;
- (c) The Group is actively exploring the opportunity of obtaining additional source of cash inflows from sales of its owned assets/investments.

2.2 持續經營

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,本集團錄得虧損約人民幣188,013,000元(二零二一年:人民幣676,007,000元),乃主要歸因於中國東北地區零售市場面臨挑戰及COVID-19疫情對業績造成衝擊。此外,本集團於年內錄得經營所得現金流出淨額人民幣42,422,000元及於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團流動資產淨額減少人民幣80,060,000元至人民幣23,623,000元。

鑒於該等情形,本公司管理層已 實施各種措施改善本集團財務狀 況。該等措施包括但不限於:

- (a) 本集團持續就外部融資進行 磋商,包括但不限於取得進 一步貸款融資及各類籌資。 於二零二二年六月三十日之 後,本集團成功從一間銀行 取得一筆新貸款融資,金額 為人民幣50,000,000元;
- (b) 本集團持續透過就各類經營 開支實施成本管控收緊措施 的方式提升經營效率,以增 強其盈利能力及提高日後經 營所得現金流量。於截至二 零二二年六月三十日止年 度,本集團已關閉數個虧損 零售店鋪以盡量降低經營現 金流出:及
- (c) 本集團正積極探索通過出售 其所持資產/投資取得額外 現金流入來源的機會。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.2 Going concern (continued)

The directors are of the opinion that, taking into account the abovementioned plans and measures, the Group will have sufficient working capital to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations as and when they fall due in the coming twelve months from 30 June 2022. Accordingly, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

2.3 Subsidiaries

2.3.1 Consolidation

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

(a) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 持續經營(續)

經計及上述計劃及措施,董事認為,本集團將擁有充足營運資金撥付其營運及履行其自二零二二年六月三十日起計未來十二個月內到期之財務責任。因此,董事認為按持續經營基準編製合併財務報表屬恰當。

2.3 附屬公司

2.3.1 合併賬目

附屬公司為本集團於其中擁有控制權的實體(包括結構管實體)。當本集團因參與實體的營運而獲得或有權享有對實體的權力影響上遭到實體的權力影響上遭有權勢上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學上數學,對於控制權終止當日起合併入賬。

(a) 業務合併

本集團所負本轉價產在可的步允縣、轉前所負本轉價產在可的步允縣。轉前所發價括的允所及負用服。轉的、團允包生公中以然購入。團允包生公中以然購入。團允包生公中以然購入。與價產的併產或收價產的供產或收購入。與價值或任價收所負別的股所代資。的擔初公

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

- 2.3 Subsidiaries (continued)
 - 2.3.1 Consolidation (continued)
 - (a) Business combinations (continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interests in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by IFRSs.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss or other comprehensive income as appropriate.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

2.3 附屬公司(續)

2.3.1 合併賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

本集團按逐項收購基準 確認於被收購方的任何 非控股權益。於被收購 方的非控股權益為現時 所有權權益且其持有人 於清盤時有權按比例獲 得該實體資產淨值者, 以公允價值或按所有權 權益現時所佔被收購方 可識別資產淨值已確認 金額的比例計量。所有 其他非控股權益的組成 部分以其於收購日期的 公允價值計量,除非國 際財務報告準則另行規 定其他計量基準。

收購相關成本於產生時 支銷。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.3 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.3.1 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Business combinations (continued)

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interests recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries would have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions - that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

2.3 附屬公司(續)

2.3.1 合併賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

所轉讓代價、被收購方 的任何非控股權益金額 及在被收購方之前任何 股權在收購日期的公允 價值,超過購入可識別 資產淨值公允價值的金 額入賬列作商譽。如所 轉讓代價、確認的非控 股權益及之前持有的權 益已計量總額, 低於議 價購入附屬公司資產淨 值的公允價值,則該差 額直接在損益中確認。

集團內公司之間的交 易、結餘及交易的未變 現收益予以對銷。未變 現損失亦予以對銷,除 非交易顯示所轉讓資產 出現減值。附屬公司報 告的金額已按需要作出 調整,以確保與本集團 的會計政策一致。

(b) 控制權並無變動的附屬 公司所有權權益變動

不導致失去控制權的非 控股權益交易入賬列作 權益交易一即與擁有人 (以其為擁有人的身份) 之交易。任何已付代價 公允價值與所收購有關 應佔附屬公司資產淨值 賬面值的差額計入權 益。向非控股權益出售 的收益或虧損亦計入權

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.3 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.3.1 Consolidation (continued)

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2.3.2 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost also includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving dividends from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 附屬公司(續)

2.3.1 合併賬目(續)

(c) 出售附屬公司

本集團失去控制權時, 於實體的任何保留權益 按失去控制權當日的公 允價值重新計量,有關 賬面值變動在損益中確 認。就其後入賬列作 聯營公司、合營公司或 金融資產的保留權益而 言,其公允價值為初步 賬面值。此外,先前於 其他綜合收益確認與該 實體有關的任何金額按 猶如本集團已直接出售 相關資產或負債的方式 入賬。此可能意味先前 在其他綜合收益確認的 金額重新分類至損益。

2.3.2 獨立財務報表

附屬公司投資按成本扣除減 值入賬。成本亦包括投資的 直接應佔成本。附屬公司的 業績由本公司按已收及應收 股利入賬。

收到附屬公司投資的股息 後,若股息超過附屬公司在 宣派股息期間的綜合收益總 額,或若在獨立財務報表的 投資賬面值超過被投資方資 產淨值(包括商譽)在合併務 報表的賬面值時,則必須對 附屬公司投資進行減值測試。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.4 Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of 20% or more but less than 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the investor's share of the profit or loss of the investee after the date of acquisition. The Group's investment in an associate include goodwill identified on acquisition. Upon the acquisition of the ownership interest in an associate, any excess of the cost of the associate over the Group's share of the net fair value of the associate's identifiable assets and liabilities represents goodwill which is included in the investment in an associate.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 聯營公司

如於聯營公司的所有權權益被削減但仍保留重大影響力,只有按比例將之前在其他綜合收益中確認的金額重新分類至損益(如適用)。

本集團應佔收購後利潤或虧損於損益內確認,而分佔其收購後的其他綜合收益變動則於其他綜合收益於數則於其他綜合收益內確認,並相應調整投資賬面值。如本集團分佔一家聯營公司的虧損等於或超過其在該聯營公司的權益,包括任何其他無抵押應收款項,本集團已產生法律或推定債務或已代聯營公司作出付款。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要POLICIES (continued)

2.4 Associates (continued)

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the excess of the carrying value of the associate over its recoverable amount and recognises the amount to "impairment loss on investment in an associate" in profit or loss. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Gains or losses on dilution of equity interest in associates are recognised in profit or loss.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 聯營公司(續)

本集團在每個報告日期釐定是否有 客觀證據證明聯營公司投資出現減 值。如投資出現減值,本集團將計 算減值,金額為聯營公司之賬面值 超出其可收回金額的部份,並於損 益內「聯營公司投資減值虧損」項 目中確認。有關減值虧損的任何撥 回於該項投資的可收回金額其後增 加的情況下確認。

本集團與其聯營公司之間的上遊和 下遊交易產生的利潤和虧損,,在本 集團的合併財務報表中確認,但僅 限於無關聯投資者在聯營公司權益 的金額。除非交易提供證據顯示所 轉讓資產已減值,否則未變現虧損 予以對銷。聯營公司的會計政策則 按需要作出改變,以確保與本集團 採用的政策一致。

聯營公司股權攤薄所產生的收益或 虧損於損益中確認。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.5 Joint arrangements

The Group has applied IFRS 11 to all joint arrangements. Under IFRS 11, investments in joint arrangements are classified as either joint operations or joint ventures depending on the contractual rights and obligations entitled to each investor. The Group has assessed the nature of its joint arrangements and determined them to be joint ventures. Joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method.

Under the equity method of accounting, interests in joint ventures are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses and movements in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in a joint venture equals or exceeds its interests in the joint ventures (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the joint ventures), the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the joint ventures.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of the joint ventures have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 合營安排

本集團對所有合營安排應用國際財務報告準則第11號。根據國際財務報告準則第11號,在合營安排的投資必須分類為共同經營或合營公司,視乎每個投資者的合同權利和義務而定。本集團已評估其合營安排的性質並將其釐定為合營公司。合營公司按權益法入賬。

根據會計權益法,合營公司權益初 步以成本確認,其後經調整以確認 本集團分佔收購後利潤或虧損以及 其他綜合收益變動。當本集團分佔 某一合營公司的虧損相等於或超過 其在該合營公司的權益(包括任何 實質上構成本集團在該合營公司所 投資的長期權益),則本集團已產生 認進一步虧損,除非本集團已產生 義務或已代合營公司作出付款。

本集團與其合營公司之間的未變現 交易收益以本集團在該等合營公司 的權益為限予以對銷。未變現虧損 亦予以對銷,除非交易提供證據證 明所轉讓的資產出現減值。合營公 司會計政策已按需要作出改變,以 確保與本集團所採用之政策一致。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

2.7 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency
Items included in the financial information of each of
the Group's entities are measured using the currency
of the primary economic environment in which the
entity operates ("the functional currency"). The
Group's consolidated financial statements are
presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional
currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at periodend exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 分部報告

經營分部按照與向主要經營決策者 提供的內部報告貫徹一致的方式報 告。負責分配資源及評估經營分部 表現的主要經營決策者已被確定為 作出戰略決策的董事會。

2.7 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體的財務資料所 列項目均以該實體經營業務 所在的主要經濟環境的貨幣 計量(「功能貨幣」)。本集團 的合併財務報表以人民幣呈 列,人民幣為本公司的功能 貨幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易當日或項 目重新計量時估值當日的。 行匯率換算為功能貨幣。 算該等交易產生的外匯收益 及虧損以及以外幣計值的貨 幣資產及負債按期末匯率換 算產生的外匯收益及虧損 損益中確認。

非貨幣性金融資產及負債(例如以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益(「以公允價值計量 且其變動計入損益」)的權益) 的換算差額於損益確認為公允價值收益或虧損的一部份。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.7 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group's entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that balance sheet:
- (ii) income and expenses for each consolidated statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Currency translation differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.7 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

其功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同 的本集團所有實體(當中無惡 性通貨膨脹經濟的貨幣)的業 績及財務狀況按如下方法換 算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 每份呈列的資產負債表 內的資產及負債按該資 產負債表日期的收市匯 率換算;
- (ii) 每份合併綜合收益表內 的收入及開支按平均匯 率換算(除非此平均匯率 並不代表交易日期現行 匯率的累計影響的合理 約數,在此情況下,收 入及開支按交易日期的 匯率換算):及
- (iii) 所有由此產生的匯兑差 額在其他綜合收益確認。

收購海外實體產生之商譽及 公允價值調整按該海外實體 之資產及負債處理,並按收 市匯率換算。由此產生的貨 幣換算差額於其他綜合收益 中確認。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. Exposition 2. Expo

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment comprise mainly motor vehicles, furniture, office equipment and leasehold improvement are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use. Construction in progress is recognised at the percentage completion of contract cost.

Construction in progress ("CIP") represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction or pending installation and is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses (if any). Cost includes the costs of construction and acquisition and capitalised borrowing costs. No provision for depreciation is made on CIP until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are available for use, the costs are transferred to the respective categories of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated below.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(主要包含車輛、家具、辦公設備及租賃裝修)按歷史成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括收購該等項目直接應佔的支出及將該資產送至運作地點及達至原定用途之狀態而所佔的任何直接費用。在建工程按合約成本完工百分比確認。

在建工程(「在建工程」)指建設中或待安裝樓宇、廠房及設備,按成本減累計減值虧損(如有)列賬。成本包括建設成本以及收購及資本化借款成本。相關資產完成可供資定用途前不會就在建工程作出折舊撥備。當有關資產可供使用,成類轉撥至物業、廠房及設備相關類別,並根據下文所載政策折舊。

後續成本只有在很可能為本集團帶來與該項目相關的未來經濟利益,而該項目的成本能可靠計量時,才計入資產的賬面值或確認為一項單獨資產(如適用)。已更換零件的賬面值已被終止確認。所有其他維修費用在產生的財政期間內於損益內支銷。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.8 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment other than CIP is calculated using the straight-line method to write down their cost less accumulated impairment to their residual values over their estimated useful lives. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings 20 years

Motor vehicles 4-8 years

Furniture and office equipment 3-5 years

Leasehold improvements shorter of lease period and estimated useful life

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amounts.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Land use rights

Land use rights are up-front payments to acquire long-term interest in land accounted for as right-of-use assets since 1 July 2019.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)的折舊採用直線法計算,從而於估計可使用年期撇減其成本減累計減值至剩餘價值。物業、廠房及設備的估計可使用年期如下:

樓宇20年車輛4年至8年家具及辦公設備3年至5年租賃裝修租賃期與估計可使
用年期的較短者

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在每個報告期末進行檢討,並在適當時 作出調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回 金額,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回 金額。

處置的收益和虧損按所得款項與賬 面值的差額釐定,並在損益中確 認。

2.9 土地使用權

土地使用權為購入土地長期權益的 預付款項,自二零一九年七月一日 起,按使用權資產入賬。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

2.10 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiaries represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identified net assets acquired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the CGUs, or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment tests are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of the CGUs containing the goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of VIU and the fair value less costs of disposal. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 無形資產

(a) 商譽

於收購附屬公司時所產生的 商譽為轉讓代價、於被收購 方任何非控股權益金額以及 於被收購方任何之前股本權 益於收購日的公允價值超出 所收購可識別資產淨值的差 額。

就減值測試而言,於業務合 併收購的商譽被分配至預期 從合併的協同效應獲益的每 個現金產生單位或每組現金 產生單位。每個或每組被分 配商譽的單位代表該實體內 就內部管理目的而監控商譽 的最低層。商譽於經營分部 層面被監控。

商譽減值測試每年進行,或 當有事件或情況改變顯示可 能出現減值時,則作出更頻 密檢討。包含商譽的現金產 生單位的賬面值與可收回金 額作比較,可收回金額為使 用價值與公允價值減出售成 本的較高者。任何減值即時 確認為開支,且其後不會撥 0 0

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. POLICIES (continued)

2.10 Intangible assets (continued)

(b) Trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty
Separately acquired trademarks, licenses and brand
loyalty are shown at historical cost. Trademarks,
licenses and brand loyalty acquired in a business
combination are recognised at fair value at the
acquisition date. Trademarks, licenses and brand
loyalty have finite useful lives and are carried at
cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated
impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using
the straight-line method to write down the cost of
trademarks, licenses and brand loyalty over their
estimated useful lives of 5 years.

(c) Contractual supplier relationships Contractual supplier relationships acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. The contractual supplier relationships have a finite useful life and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is provided to write down the cost over the expected life of supplier relationship of 10 years using the straight-line method.

(d) Computer software licenses Acquired computer software licenses are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire the specific software. These costs are amortised over their estimated useful lives of 5 to 7 years.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 無形資產(續)

(c) 合約供應商關係

在業務合併中收購的合約供應商關係按收購日期的公允價值確認。合約供應商關係 具有有限的可使用年期,並 按成本減累計攤銷及累計減 值虧損列賬。攤銷以直線法 於預期供應商關係10年年期 內撇減成本計算。

(d) 電腦軟件許可證

所收購電腦軟件許可證按收 購特定軟件所產生的成本基 準而撥充資本。此等成本於 其估計可使用年期5至7年攤 銷。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.11 Biological Assets

Biological assets are the wild ginsengs that are measured at fair value less cost to sell, see Note 14 below for further information on determining the fair value.

Costs to sell include the incremental selling costs, including the labour costs to collect and process the wild ginsengs when harvested, the estimated costs of transportation to the market, etc.

The wild ginsengs are accounted for as biological assets until the point of harvest. Harvested wild ginsengs are transferred to inventory at fair value less costs to sell when harvested.

Changes in fair value of biological assets are recognised in profit or loss.

2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets that are not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and VIU. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.11 生物資產

生物資產為野生林下參,乃按公允 價值減銷售成本計量,有關釐定公 允價值的進一步資料請參閱下文附 註14。

銷售成本包括遞增銷售成本,包括 於收割時採集及加工野生林下參的 勞工成本,以及預期運送至市場的 運輸成本等。

野生林下參入賬為生物資產,直至 收割。所收割的野生林下參於收割 時按公允價值減銷售成本轉撥為存 貨。

生物資產公允價值之變動乃於損益內確認。

2.12 非金融資產減值

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.13 Financial instruments

(a) Financial assets

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments and on a trade date basis.

A financial asset is derecognised when and only when (i) the Group's contractual rights to future cash flows from the financial asset expire or (ii) the Group transfers the financial asset and either (a) it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, or (b) it neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset but it does not retain control of the financial asset.

Financial assets (except for trade receivables without a significant financing component) are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial assets. Such trade receivables are initially measured at their transaction price.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as (i) measured at amortised cost; (ii) debt instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("Mandatory FVOCI"); (iii) equity instruments designated as at FVOCI ("Designated FVOCI"); or (iv) measured at FVPL.

2.13 金融工具

(a) 金融資產

確認及終止確認

金融資產於且僅於本集團成 為工具合約條文的訂約方時 按交易日基準確認。

金融資產於且僅於以下情況 時終止確認: (i)本集團對金 融資產產生的未來現金流量 的合約權利屆滿時或(ii)本集 團轉讓金融資產及(a)本集團 已轉移金融資產擁有權的絕 大部分風險及回報;或(b)本 集團既無轉讓亦無保留該項 金融資產擁有權的絕大部分 風險及回報,但並無保留該 項金融資產之控制權時。

除並無重大融資成分的貿易 應收款項外,金融資產初始 按公允價值另加(倘金融資產 並非以公允價值計量且其變 動計入損益)收購金融資產時 直接應佔交易成本確認。該 等貿易應收款項初始按交易 價格計量。

初始確認時,金融資產分類 為(i)按攤銷成本計量;(ii)按 公允價值計入其他綜合收益 的債務工具(「強制按公允價 值計入其他綜合收益」);(iii) 指定為按公允價值計入其他 綜合收益的權益工具(「指定 按公允價值計入其他綜合收 益」);或(iv)以公允價值計量 且其變動計入損益。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.13 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

Recognition and derecognition (continued)

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing them, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first annual reporting period following the change in the business model.

Derivatives embedded in a hybrid contract in which a host is an asset within the scope of IFRS 9 are not separated from the host. Instead, the entire hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

2.13金融工具(續)

(a) 金融資產(續)

確認及終止確認(續)

於嵌入混合合約的衍生工具中,倘主約為國際財務報告準則第9號範圍內的資產,則不會與主約分開處理。反之,則對混合合約進行整體分類評估。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.13 Financial instruments (continued)

- (a) Financial assets (continued)
 - Classification and measurement

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVPL:

- (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- (ii) its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses arising from impairment, derecognition or through the amortisation process are recognised in profit or loss.

The Group's financial assets at amortised cost include trade and other receivables, restricted cash and cash and cash equivalents.

2.13金融工具(續)

(a) 金融資產(續)

分類與計量

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 當金融資產同時符合以下條 件,且並無指定以公允價值 計量且其變動計入損益,則 該金融資產按攤銷成本計量:

- (i) 該金融資產由一個旨在 通過持有金融資產收取 合約現金流量的業務模 式所持有:及
- (ii) 該金融資產的合約條款 於特定日期產生僅為支 付本金及未償還本金利 息的現金流量。

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產 其後使用實際利率法計量, 並可能出現減值。減值、終 止確認或攤銷過程中產生的 收益和虧損在損益中確認。

本集團按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產包括貿易及其他應收 款項、受限制現金以及現金 及現金等價物。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.13 Financial instruments (continued)

(a) Financial assets (continued)

Classification and measurement (continued)

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI

Upon initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present subsequent changes in the fair value of investment in equity instruments that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies in other comprehensive income. The classification is determined on an instruments-by-instruments basis.

These equity investments are subsequently measured at fair value and are not subject to impairment. Dividends are recognised in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income and shall not be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss. Upon derecognition, the cumulative gain or loss is transferred directly to retained profits.

The Group's equity instruments designated as at FVOCI are further detailed in note 13 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Financial liabilities

Recognition and derecognition

Financial liabilities are recognised when and only when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial liability is derecognised when and only when the liability is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the relevant contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

2.13金融工具(續)

(a) 金融資產(續)

分類與計量(續)

指定為按公允價值計入其他 綜合收益的權益工具

於初始確認時,本集團可作 出不可撤回之選擇,將並 持作買賣用途,或國際財務 報告準則第3號所適用之業務 合併收購方確認的或有代 之權益工具投資公允價值之 其後變動於其他綜合收益 呈列。分類乃按逐項工具基 準釐定。

有關本集團指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具進一步詳情,載於合併財務報表附註13。

(b) 金融負債

確認及終止確認

金融負債於且僅於本集團成 為工具合約條文的訂約方時 確認。

金融負債於且僅於負債終絕時,即有關合約訂明的責任 獲解除、註銷或屆滿時方終 止確認。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.13 Financial instruments (continued)

(b) Financial liabilities (continued)

Classification and measurement

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at their fair value plus, in the case of financial liabilities not carried at FVPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial liabilities.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings. All financial liabilities, except for financial liabilities at FVPL, are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method, unless the effect of discounting would be insignificant, in which case they are stated at cost.

2.14 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company or the counterparty.

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets that are measured at amortised cost to which the impairment requirements apply in accordance with IFRS 9. At each reporting date, the Group measures a loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to the lifetime ECL if the credit risk on that financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition. If the credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial asset at an amount equal to 12-month ECL.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.13金融工具(續)

(b) 金融負債(續)

分類與計量

金融負債初始按公允價值另加(倘金融負債並非以公允價值計量且其變動計入損益)發行金融負債時直接應佔交易成本確認。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易 及其他應付款項以及借款 除以公允價值計量且其變動 計入損益的金融負債外,價值 計入負益的分數分,價值 在認,其後使用實際利點 按攤銷成本計量,惟倘貼現 影響並不重大,則按成本列 賬。

2.14 抵銷金融工具

當存在合法可執行權利抵銷已確認 金額及當有意按淨額基準結算或同 時變現資產與償付負債時,金融資 產及負債予以抵銷,有關淨額則於 合併資產負債表內呈報。合法可執 行權利不得視乎未來事件而定,而 在一般業務過程中及在公司或對手 方出現違約、無償債能力或破產的 情況下須予強制執行。

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Measurement of ECL

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instruments.

For financial assets, a credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due to an entity under the contract and the cash flows that the entity expects to receive.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instruments while 12-month ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

Where ECL is measured on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped on the following one or more shared credit risk characteristics:

- (i) past due information
- (ii) nature of instruments
- (iii) nature of collateral
- (iv) industry of debtors
- (v) geographical location of debtors
- (vi) external credit risk ratings

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

預期信貸虧損計量 預期信貸虧損為金融工具預計年期 內信貸虧損的概率加權估計(即所 有現金短缺的現值)。

就金融資產而言,信貸虧損為應付 合約實體的合約現金流量與該實體 預期收取的現金流量之間差額的現 值。

整個存續期預期信貸虧損指金融工 具預計年期內所有可能的違約事件 產生的預期信貸虧損,而12個月 預期信貸虧損指於報告日期後12 個月內可能發生的金融工具違約事 件導致的整個存續期預期信貸虧損 一部分。

當預期信貸虧損按共同基準計量,則金融工具按以下一個或多個 共同信貸風險特徵分組:

- (i) 逾期信息
- (ii) 工具性質
- (iii) 抵押品性質
- (iv) 債務人的行業
- (v) 債務人地理位置
- (vi) 外部信貸風險評級

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Measurement of ECL (continued)

Loss allowance is remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instruments' credit risk and loss since initial recognition. The resulting changes in the loss allowance are recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to the carrying amount of the financial instruments, except in the case of Mandatory FVOCI, the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in fair value (recycling).

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that the Group may not receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full if the financial instruments that meets any of the following criteria.

- (i) information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group); or
- (ii) there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

預期信貸虧損計量(續)

虧損撥備於各報告日期重新計量,以反映自初始確認以來金融工具的信貸風險及虧損變動。所產生的虧損撥備變動於損益內確認為減值收益或虧損,並相應調整金融工具的賬面值,除強制按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的情況外,虧損撥備乃於其他綜合收益中確認並於公允價值(轉撥)中累計。

違約之定義

本集團認為以下情況就內部信貸風 險管理而言構成違約事件,此乃由 於過往經驗顯示,在金融工具符合 下列任何一項條件時,本集團可能 無法收回全部未償還合約款項。

- (i) 內部產生或自外部來源獲取 的資料表明,債務人不太可 能向債權人(包括本集團)全 額還款(未計及本集團持有的 任何抵押品);或
- (ii) 對手方違反財務契諾。

無論上述分析結果如何,倘金融資產逾期超過90日,則本集團認為發生違約事件,除非本集團具有説明更寬鬆的違約標準更為合適的合理可靠資料,則作別論。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 3 POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instruments as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instruments as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort. In particular, the following information is taken into account in the assessment:

- the debtor's failure to make payments of principal or interest on the due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instruments' external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- actual or expected changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have or may have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加之評估 於評估自初始確認後金融工具的信 貸風險是否顯著增加時,本集團將 於報告日期金融工具發生違約的 風險與初始確認日期金融工具發生 違約的風險進行比較。進行該評估 時,本集團考慮合理可靠的定量及 定性資料,包括無需付出不必要的 成本或努力而可得之過往經驗及前 瞻性資料。具體而言,進行該評估 時會考慮下列資料:

- 債務人未能於到期日支付本 金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部信貸評級(如有)的實際或預期出現 重大惡化;
- 債務人之經營業績實際或預 期出現重大惡化;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境有實際或預期的變動,對債務人履行對本集團責任的能力構成或可能構成重大不利影響。

無論上述評估結果如何,本集團均假設合約付款逾期超過30日的金融工具信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著增加。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Assessment of significant increase in credit risk (continued) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on financial instruments has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instruments are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date.

Low credit risk

A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if:

- it has a low risk of default;
- (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and
- (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

Other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash are considered to be low credit risk when they have a low risk of default and the counter party has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term (note 3.1(b)).

Simplified approach of ECL

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL. The Group recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

信貸風險顯著增加之評估(續) 儘管如此,倘一項金融工具於報告 日期被確定為低信貸風險,則本集 團假設該項金融工具的信貸風險自 初始確認後並無顯著增加。

低信貸風險

倘屬以下情況,金融工具釐定為具 有低信貸風險:

- 違約風險較低;
- (ii) 借款人有強大能力在短期內 履行合約現金流量責任;及
- (iii) 長期經濟和商業條件的不利 變化可能但不一定會削減借 款人履行其合約現金流量責 任的能力。

其他應收款項、現金及現金等價物 以及受限制現金具有低違約風險且 對方具有較強的能力在短期內履 行合約現金流量責任(附註3.1(b)) 時,將被視為具有低信貸風險。

預期信貸虧損簡化方法

本集團就貿易應收款項採用簡化方 法計算預期信貸虧損。本集團根據 各報告日期的整個存續期預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備,其乃根據其歷 史信貸虧損經驗, 並針對債務人及 經濟環境的前瞻性因素進行調整。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主 POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Credit-impaired financial

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower.
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event.
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider.
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.
- (e) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.
- (f) the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

信貸減值金融

當發生對金融資產的估計未來現金 流量產生不利影響的一件或多件事 件時,該金融資產即出現信貸減 值。金融資產信貸減值的證據包括 以下事件的可觀察數據:

- (a) 發行人或借款人陷入嚴重財 務困難。
- (b) 違反合約,如違約或逾期事 件。
- (c) 借款人的貸款人出於與借款 人財務困難相關的經濟或合 約原因,而向借款人授予貸 款人原本不會考慮的寬免。
- (d) 借款人很有可能宣告破產或 進行其他財務重組。
- (e) 因財務困難而導致該項金融 資產失去活躍市場。
- (f) 以大幅折扣購買或產生金融 資產,反映已產生的信貸虧 捐。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.15 Impairment of financial assets and other items (continued)

Write-off

The Group writes off a financial asset when the Group has no reasonable expectations of recovering the contractual cash flows on a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. The Group has a policy of writing off the gross carrying amount when the financial asset is 1 year past due based on historical experience of recoveries of similar assets. The Group expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due, taking into account legal advice if appropriate. Any subsequent recovery made is recognised in profit or loss.

2.16 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average cost method. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.17 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at transaction price or fair value as appropriate and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.15 金融資產及其他項目減值(續)

撇銷

當本集團合理預期金融資產之合約現金流量無法全部或部分收回時,會對金融資產進行撇銷。本集團已制定政策,根據類似資產的一年時註銷賬面總值。本集團預期從一時主銷賬面總值。本集團預期從,在考慮法律意見(如適用)後,已撤銷金融資產仍可根據本集團之收回到期金額程序實施強制執行。任何後續作出的收回於損益中確認。

2.16 存貨

存貨按成本與可變現淨值兩者間的 較低者列賬。成本使用加權平均成 本法釐定。可變現淨值按日常業務 過程中的估計售價減適用浮動銷售 開支計算。

2.17 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項是於日常業務過程中 向客戶銷售商品或提供服務而應收 的款項。若貿易及其他應收款項預 期將在一年或以內(或若更長則在 業務正常經營週期內)收回,則分 類為流動資產。否則,在非流動資 產中呈列。

貿易及其他應收款項初始以交易價格或公允價值(如適用)確認,其後使用實際利率法以攤銷成本(扣除減值撥備)計量。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.18 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents includes cash at bank and on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

2.19 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.20 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings prior to their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 現金及現金等價物

於合併現金流量表中,現金及現金等價物包括銀行存款及庫存現金、隨時可提取的銀行存款及原到期日為三個月或以內的其他高流動性的短期投資。

2.19 股本

普通股乃分類為權益。直接歸屬於 發行新股份或購股權的增資成本扣 除税項後於權益中列賬為所得款項 的扣減項目。

2.20 借款及借款成本

借款初步按公允價值扣除已發生交易成本確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬;於借款期間所得款項(扣除交易成本後)與贖回價值的任何差額採用實際利率法於損益內確認。

借款分類為流動負債,除非本集團 擁有無條件的權利可將債務結算推 遲至資產負債表日後至少12個月。

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格資產(指必須經一段長時間處理以作其預定用途或銷售的資產)的一般及特定借款成本,計入該等資產的成本,直至資本大致上達至其預定可使用或出售狀況為止。

合資格資產產生開支前,特定借款 臨時投資賺取的投資收入自合資格 資本化的借款成本中扣除。

所有其他借款成本於產生期間於損 益內確認。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.22 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Group's entities operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 貿易應付款項

貿易應付款項是在日常業務過程中 向供應商取得貨品或服務而形成的 支付義務。若應付賬款於一年或以 內到期(或若更長則在業務正常經 營週期內)支付,則歸類為流動負 債;否則,呈列為非流動負債。

貿易應付款項初步按公允價值確 認,其後使用實際利率法按攤銷成 本計量。

2.22 即期及遞延所得税

期內的税項開支包括即期及遞延税項。税項於損益確認,但與於其他綜合收益或直接在權益確認的項目有關者則除外。在此情況下,税項亦於其他綜合收益或直接於權益確認。

(a) 即期所得税

即期所得税支出根據本集團實體營運及產生應課税收配實體營運及產負債表日兒師或實質頒佈的稅法計算受佈或實質頒佈的稅法計學受調的,並在適用稅務的情況定期評情況下根據預期須向稅務機關支付的稅款設定撥備。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.22 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.22 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税

內部基準差額

僅在可能有未來應課税利潤 可用以抵銷已動用暫時差額 的情況下才會確認遞延所得 税資產。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.22 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liability is provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally, the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference in respect of associates and joint ventures. Only when there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liability in relation to taxable temporary differences is not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.22 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

外部基準差額

本公司就於附屬公司、聯營 公司及合營公司的投資產生 的應課税暫時差額計提遞延 所得税負債,但若暫時差額 撥回的時間由本集團控制及 暫時差額在可預見將來可能 不會撥回的遞延所得稅負債 則除外。一般而言,本集團 無法控制有關於聯營公司及 合營公司之暫時差額的撥 回。只有當有協議賦予本集 團能力控制於可預見將來暫 時差額的撥回時,不會就應 課税暫時差額確認遞延税項 負債。

本公司就於附屬公司、聯營 公司及合營安排的投資產生 的可扣減暫時差額確認遞延 所得税資產,但只限於暫時 差額很可能在將來撥回,並 有充足的應課税利潤可用以 抵銷可用暫時差額。

(c) 抵銷

遞延所得税資產及負債在即 期税項資產有合法可執行權 利抵銷即期税項負債時,以 及在遞延所得税資產及負債 為同一税務機關就該應課稅 實體或不同應課税實體徵收 所得税並有意以淨額基準清 償有關結餘的情況下,方可 互相抵銷。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.23 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The PRC based full-time employees of the Group are covered by various government-sponsored pension plans under which the employees are entitled to a monthly pension based on certain formulae. Certain government agencies are responsible for the pension liability to these retired employees. The Group contributes on a monthly basis to these pension plans. Under these plans, the Group has no legal or constructive obligations for retirement benefits beyond the contributions made. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions to these plans are expensed as incurred.

The Group operates a defined contribution Mandatory Provident Fund retirement benefit scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for all of its employees in Hong Kong. Contributions are made based on a percentage of the employees' basic salaries and are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the MPF Scheme. The Group's employer contributions vest fully with the employees when contributed into the MPF Scheme. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund.

2.23 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主身 POLICIES (continued)

2.23 Employee benefits (continued)

(b) Housing benefits

In accordance with the PRC housing reform regulations, the Group is required to make contributions to the government-sponsored housing fund of the specified salary amount of its full-time Chinese employees. At the same time, the employees are required to make a contribution equal to the Group's contributions out of their salaries. The employees are entitled to claim the entire sum of the fund under certain specified withdrawal circumstances. The assets of the housing benefits are held separately from those of the Group in an independently administered fund. Contributions to the housing benefits are expensed as incurred.

(c) Share-based payments

The Group operates a number of equity-settled, share-based compensation plans under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options and shares) of the Company. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of options or shares is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options or shares granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and nonmarket performance vesting conditions; and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 僱員福利(續)

(b) 住房福利

(c) 股份支付費用

本集團運營一系列股本結算,據此,實體接受僱員服務作為本公司權益工具(購股權及股份)的代價。就授出購股權或股份所換取僱員服務的公允價值確認為開支。開支的總額參照已授出購股權或股份的公允價值釐定:

- 包括任何市場業績條件;
- 排除任何服務及非市場 業績歸屬條件的影響;
- 包括任何非歸屬條件的 影響。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.23 Employee benefits (continued)

(c) Share-based payments (continued)

Service and non-market performance vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options or shares that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied.

In addition, in some circumstances employees may provide services in advance of the grant date and therefore the grant date fair value is estimated for the purposes of recognising the expense during the period between service commencement period and grant date.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimates of the number of options or shares that are expected to vest based on the service and non-market performance vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

Share-based payment transactions among group

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

2.23 僱員福利(續)

(c) 股份支付費用(續)

服務及非市場表現歸屬條件 包括於預期可予歸屬購股權 或股份數目的假設內。總開 支於歸屬期間內確認,即於 達成所有具體歸屬條件期間 內確認。

此外,在一些情況下僱員可 能先於授出日提供服務,因 此授出日公允價值就於服務 開始期間與授出日期間確認 開支作出估計。

於各個報告期末,本集團根 據服務及非市場表現歸屬條 件修訂對預期可予歸屬購股 權或股份數目的估計。其於 損益確認修訂對原有估計的 影響(如有),並對權益作出 相應調整。

集團實體間以股份支付費用

本公司向本集團附屬公司僱 員授出其權益工具購股權視 作出資。所收取僱員服務的 公允價值,參照授出日公允 價值計量,於歸屬期間內確 認為於附屬公司增加投資, 並相應計入母公司權益賬目。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.23 Employee benefits (continued)

(c) Share-based payments (continued) Share Option Scheme The Group operates a share option scheme ("Share Option Scheme") (note 23(a)).

When the options are granted to identified participants, the fair value of the option is recognised as an expense over the vesting period. When the options are exercised, the Company issues new shares. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium. When the options are cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognised for the award is recognised immediately. This includes any award where nonvesting conditions within the control of either the Group or the employee are not met. When the options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the amount previously recognised in share options reserve will be transferred to accumulated losses.

Share Award Plan

The Company adopted a share award plan ("Share Award Plan") (note 23(b)).

When the shares of the Company are purchased by the Share Award Plan from the market, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is presented as "shares held for Share Award Plan" and deducted from total equity.

When shares are granted to identified participants, the fair value of the shares awarded based on the market value of the Company's shares on the date of grant is charged as employee expenses to profit or loss of the Group.

2.23 僱員福利(續)

(c) 股份支付費用(續)

購股權計劃

本集團運營購股權計劃(「購 股權計劃」)(附註23(a))。

當購股權向已確認參與者授 出時,該購股權的公允價值 乃於歸屬期內確認為開支。 當購股權行使時,本公司發 行新股。所收取所得款項扣 除任何直接應佔交易成本計 入股本(面值)及股份溢價。 當購股權註銷時,會視作 購股權已於註銷當日歸屬處 理,而該獎勵任何尚未確認 的支出會即時確認。此包括 在本集團或僱員控制範圍以 內的不歸屬條件未能獲履行 的任何獎勵。倘購股權於歸 屬日期後被沒收或於到期日 仍未行使,過往於購股權儲 備確認的金額將轉撥至累計 虧損。

股份獎勵計劃

本公司採納股份獎勵計劃 (「股份獎勵計劃」)(附註 23(b)) °

當股份獎勵計劃從市場購買 本公司股份,所支付代價, 包括任何直接應佔增量成本 於「股份獎勵計劃所持股份」 項下呈列並從總權益中扣除。

當股份授予選定參與者時, 所獎勵股份基於本公司股份 於授出日市值的公允價值作 為僱員開支於本集團損益中 支銷。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.24 Provisions and contingent liabilities

2.24.1 Provisions

Provisions for environmental restoration, restructuring costs and legal claims are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Restructuring provisions comprise lease termination penalties and employee termination payments. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.24 撥備及或然負債

2.24.1 撥備

若有多項類似責任時,清償該等責任導致資源流出的可能性按責任的類別作整體考慮。即使在同一類別責任內任何一個項目導致資源流出的可能性很低,亦須就此確認撥備。

撥備採用稅前利率按照預期 須清償責任的支出現值計 量,該利率反映現時市場對 貨幣時間價值及有關責任特 定風險的評估。隨著時間流 逝而增加的撥備確認為利息 開支。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.24 Provisions and contingent liabilities (continued)

2.24.2 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group. It can also be a present obligation arising from past events that is not recognised because it is not probable that outflow of economic resources will be required or the amount of obligation cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent liability is not recognised but is disclosed in the Group's consolidated financial statements. When a change in the probability of an outflow occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

2.25 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15

Nature of goods or services

The nature of the goods or services provided by the Group is as follows:

- (a) Sales of goods distribution The Group sells a range of drugs and other pharmaceutical products to distributors through its distribution network.
- (b) Sales of goods retail The Group operates a chain of retail pharmacies for selling drugs and other pharmaceutical products to customers. Retail sales are usually settled in cash or by credit card.

2.24 撥備及或然負債(續)

2.24.2 或然負債

或然負債指因過往事件而可 能引起的責任,此等責任將 就一宗或多宗不確定未來事 件會否發生才能確認,而本 集團並不能完全控制該等事 件。或然負債亦可能指因過 往事件引致的現有責任,但 由於經濟資源可能不會流 出,或責任金額未能可靠計 量而未能確認。

或然負債不會被確認,但會 在本集團的合併財務報表披 露。若資源流出的可能性有 變,導致可能有資源流出, 此等負債將確認為撥備。

2.25 收益確認

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自 客戶合約的收益

貨品或服務的性質

本集團提供的貨品或服務的性質如 下:

- (a) 銷售貨品-分銷 本集團通過分銷網絡向分銷 商銷售一系列藥物及其他醫 藥產品。
- (b) 銷售貨品-零售 本集團經營連鎖零售藥店, 向客戶銷售藥物及其他醫藥 產品。零售銷售通常以現金 或信用卡結算。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主 POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Identification of performance obligations

At contract inception, the Group assesses the goods or services promised in a contract with a customer and identifies as a performance obligation each promise to transfer to the customer either:

- (a) a good or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct; or
- (b) a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same and that have the same pattern of transfer to the customer.

A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if both of the following criteria are met:

- (a) the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer (i.e. the good or service is capable of being distinct); and
- (b) the Group's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract (i.e. the promise to transfer the good or service is distinct within the context of the contract).

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

識別履約責任

於合約訂立時,本集團評估客戶合約中承諾的貨品或服務,並將每項轉讓給客戶的承諾確認為履約責任:

- (a) 可區分的貨品或服務(或一批 貨品或服務);或
- (b) 一系列可區分的貨品或服務,該等貨品或服務相同, 並以相同模式轉移給客戶。

如符合以下兩項條件,則承諾給客 戶的貨品或服務是可區分的:

- (a) 客戶可單獨地或連同其他現 有資源,而從貨品或服務中 受惠(即貨品或服務能夠區 分);及
- (b) 本集團向客戶轉讓貨品或服務的承諾可與合約中的其他可識別的承諾分開(即轉讓貨品或服務的承諾在合約範圍內是可區分的)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Timing of revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when (or as) the Group satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service (i.e. an asset) to a customer. An asset is transferred when (or as) the customer obtains control of that asset.

The Group transfers control of a good or service over time and, therefore, satisfies a performance obligation and recognises revenue over time, if one of the following criteria is met:

- (a) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- (b) the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced; or
- (c) the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If a performance obligation is not satisfied over time, the Group satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the promised asset. In determining when the transfer of control occurs, the Group considers the concept of control and such indicators as legal title, physical possession, right to payment, significant risks and rewards of ownership of the asset, and customer acceptance.

Sale of prescribed drugs, non-prescribed drugs, healthcare and other pharmaceutical products are recognised at a point in time at which the customer obtains the control of the promised asset, which generally coincides with the time when the goods are delivered to customers and the title is passed.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

收益確認時間

收益於本集團藉向客戶轉移承諾貨品或服務(即資產)而履行合約責任時確認。資產於客戶獲得資產的控制權時轉移。

如符合以下其中一項標準,本集 團對貨品或服務控制權隨時間轉 移,因而隨時間推移履行履約責任 及確認收益:

- (a) 客戶於本集團履約時同時收取及消耗本集團履約所提供的利益;
- (b) 本集團之履約行為創造或增 強客戶在資產被創造或增強 時控制之資產(如在建工程); 或
- (c) 本集團之履約行為並未創造 一項可被本集團用於其他用 途之資產,並且本集團對於 迄今為止已完成之履約部分 具有獲得客戶付款之可執行 權利。

倘履行履約責任並不是隨時間推移,本集團則於客戶取得承諾資產控制權的某一時點履行履約責任。於釐定何時發生控制權轉讓時,本集團考慮控制權概念以及法定所有權、實際擁有權、支付權利、資產擁有權的重大風險及回報以及客戶接受程度等指標。

處方藥、非處方藥、醫療保健及其 他藥品的銷售於客戶取得承諾資產 控制權之時間點確認,其一般與貨 品交付予客戶及交付所有權的時間 一致。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. POLICIES (continued)

2.25 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Transaction price: significant financing components

When the contract contains a significant financing component (i.e. the customer or the Group is provided with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer), in determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised consideration for the effects of the time value of money. The effect of the significant financing component is recognised as an interest income or interest expense separately from revenue from contracts with customers in profit or loss.

The Group determines the interest rate that is commensurate with the rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and its customer at contract inception by reference to, where appropriate, the interest rate implicit in the contract (i.e. the interest rate that discounts the cash selling price of the goods or services to the amount paid in advance or arrears), the prevailing market interest rates, the Group's borrowing rates and other relevant creditworthiness information of the customer of the Group.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of IFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for the effect of the significant financing component if the period of financing is one year or less.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.25 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自客戶合約的收益(續)

交易價格: 重大融資組成部分

當合約包含重大融資組成部分(即 客戶或本集團獲得為客戶轉移貨品 或服務提供融資的重大利益)時, 於釐定交易價格的過程中,則本集 團就貨幣時間價值之影響調整已承 諾代價。重大融資組成部分的影響 於損益中與來自客戶合約的收益分 開確認為利息收入或利息開支。

本集團參考(如適用)合約內隱含 之利率(即將貨品或服務之現金銷 售價格貼現至預付或欠付金額之利 率)、現行市場利率、本集團借款 利率及本集團客戶的其他相關信譽 資料,以釐定與本集團與其客戶於 合約訂立時單獨融資交易所反映之 利率相稱之利率。

本集團已採用國際財務報告準則第 15號第63段的實際權宜之計,倘 融資期限為一年或以下,則不會因 重大融資組成部分的影響調整代 價。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) **POLICIES** (continued)

2.25 Revenue recognition (continued)

Revenue from contracts with customers within IFRS 15 (continued)

Variable consideration: volume-based rebates

The Group gives rebates to selected distributors. The Group estimates the volume rebates using the expectedvalue method and assesses whether the estimated variable consideration is constrained with reference to the customer's historical rebates entitlement and accumulated purchases to date. Any significant estimation variances will be analysed and taken into consideration in the current estimation and assessment. Typically, the estimated consideration is not constrained.

Interest income

Interest income from financial assets is recognised using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or Mandatory FVOCI that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the assets while it is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) in case of credit-impaired financial assets.

Consultancy service income

Consultancy service income is recognised over time when services are rendered.

Dividend income

Dividend income from financial assets is recognised when the Group's rights to receive dividend is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' rights to receive payment have been established.

2.25 收益確認(續)

國際財務報告準則第15號下來自 客戶合約的收益(續)

可變代價:基於數量的回扣

本集團向選定的分銷商提供回 扣。本集團使用預期價值法估計數 量回扣,並經參考客戶的歷史回扣 權利及迄今累計購買評估估計可變 代價是否受到限制。任何重大估計 差異會在當前估算及評估中進行分 析及考慮。通常估計代價不會受到 限制。

利息收入

金融資產利息收入以實際利率法確 認。就按攤銷成本計量或強制按公 允價值計入其他綜合收益而並無出 現信貸減值的金融資產而言,實際 利率適用於資產的賬面總值,倘令 融資產出現信貸減值,則適用於其 攤銷成本(即賬面總值扣除虧損撥 備)。

諮詢服務收入

諮詢服務收入於提供服務的一段時 間內確認。

股息收入

當本集團收取股息的權利確立、與 股息相關的經濟利益很可能流入本 集團以及股息金額能夠可靠地計量 時,則確認來自金融資產的股息收 入。投資股息收入在股東收款權利 確立時確認。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要POLICIES (continued)

2.26 Leases

The Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease at inception of the contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

As lessee

The Group applies the recognition exemption to short-term leases and low-value asset leases. Lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Group has elected not to separate non-lease components from lease components, and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component.

Amounts payable by the Group that do not give rise to a separate component are considered to be part of the total consideration that is allocated to the separately identified components of the contract.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the commencement date of the lease.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.26 租賃

本集團在合約開始時評估合約是否屬於租賃或是否包含租賃。倘合約賦予在一段時期內控制一項已識別資產的使用權利以換取代價,則該合約為一項租賃或包含一項租賃。

承租人

本集團對短期租賃及低值資產租賃 應用確認豁免。該等租賃相關的租 賃付款按直線法於租賃期內確認為 開支。

本集團已選擇不從租賃組成部分中 分離出非租賃組成部分,並對各個 租賃組成部分及任何相關非租賃 組成部分入賬作為單獨租賃組成部 分。

本集團不會產生單獨組成部分之應 付款項被視作分配至合約單獨可識 別組成部分之總代價之一部分。

本集團於租賃開始日期確認使用權 資產及租賃負債。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.26 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received:
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

Subsequently, the right-of-use asset is measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful lives of the right-of-use asset as follows:

Land use rights

Over the lease term

Over the lease term

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the contract.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.26 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

使用權資產乃按成本進行初始計 量,其中包括:

- (a) 租賃負債的初始計量金額;
- (b) 於開始日期或之前所作的任 何租賃付款,減已收取的任 何租賃優惠;
- (c) 本集團產生的任何初始直接 成本;及
- (d) 本集團拆除及移除相關資產、恢復相關資產所在場地或將相關資產恢復至租賃條款及條件所規定狀態而產生的估計成本,除非該等成本乃因生產存貨而產生。

隨後,使用權資產按成本減任何 累計折舊及任何累計減值虧損計 量,並就租賃負債的任何重新計量 作出調整。於租賃期及使用權資產 之估計可使用年期之較短者按直線 法計提折舊如下:

 土地使用權
 按租賃期計算

 物業
 按租賃期計算

租賃負債乃按於合約開始日期尚未 支付之租賃款項現值進行初始計量。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2 POLICIES (continued)

2.26 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

The lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- (b) variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate;
- (c) amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- (d) exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- (e) payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate the lease.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, or where it is not readily determinable, the incremental borrowing rate of the lessee.

Subsequently, the lease liability is measured by increasing the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability and by reducing the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

The lease liability is remeasured using a revised discount rate when there are changes to the lease payments arising from a change in the lease term or the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.26 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

計入租賃負債計量的租賃款項包括 下列於租賃期內使用相關資產權利 且於開始日期尚未支付之款項:

- (a) 固定付款(包括實質性固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠;
- (b) 取決於一項指數或利率之可 變租賃款項;
- (c) 根據剩餘價值擔保預期應付 之款項;
- (d) 購買權的行使價(倘本集團合 理確定行使該選擇權);及
- (e) 終止租賃的罰款付款(倘租賃 條款反映本集團行使終止租 賃之選擇權)。

租賃付款使用租賃的隱含利率貼現,或倘該利率無法可靠地釐定,則採用承租人之增量借款利率。

隨後,租賃負債透過增加賬面值以 反映租賃負債之利息及調減賬面值 以反映已付的租賃款項進行計量。

當租賃期出現變動而產生租賃付款 變動或重新評估本集團是否將合理 確定行使購買選擇權時,租賃負債 使用經修訂折現率進行重新計量。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. POLICIES (continued)

2.26 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured by using the original discount rate when there is a change in the residual value guarantee, the in-substance fixed lease payments or the future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate (other than floating interest rate). In case of a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in floating interest rates, the Group remeasures the lease liability using a revised discount rate.

The Group recognises the amount of the remeasurement of the lease liability as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of the lease liability, the Group recognises any remaining amount of the remeasurement in profit or loss.

A lease modification is accounted for as a separate lease if

- (a) the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets; and
- (b) the consideration for the lease increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.26 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

當剩餘價值擔保、實質固定租賃付款或未來租賃付款因指數或利率 (浮動利率除外)發生變動而隨之 變動時,租賃負債將使用原折現率 重新計量。倘未來租賃付款因浮動 利率變動而出現變動時,本集團將 使用經修訂折現率重新計量租賃負 債。

本集團將租賃負債之重新計量金額 確認為對使用權資產之調整。倘使 用權資產賬面值減少至零且於租賃 負債計量進一步調減,本集團將於 損益中確認任何重新計量之剩餘金 額。

倘出現以下情況,租賃修改則作為 單獨租賃入賬:

- (a) 該修改透過增加一項或以上 相關資產之使用權利而擴大 租賃範圍:及
 - (b) 租賃代價增加之金額相當於 經擴大範圍對應之單獨價格 及為反映特定合約之情況而 對該單獨價格進行之任何適 當調整。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING 2. 主要會計政策概要(續) POLICIES (continued)

2.26 Leases (continued)

As lessee (continued)

When a lease modification is not accounted for as a separate lease, at the effective date of the lease modification,

- (a) the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract on the basis of relative stand-alone price as described above.
- (b) the Group determines the lease term of the modified contract.
- (c) the Group remeasures the lease liability by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate over the revised lease term.
- (d) for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease and recognising any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease in profit or loss.
- (e) for all other lease modifications, the Group accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by making a corresponding adjustment to the rightof-use asset.

2.26 租賃(續)

承租人(續)

當租賃修改並未作為單獨租賃入 賬,於租賃修改生效日期,

- (a) 本集團根據上述相對單獨價 格將代價分配至經修訂合約。
- (b) 本集團釐定經修訂合約之租 賃期。
- (c) 本集團透過於經修訂租賃期 使用經修訂折現率對經修訂 租賃款項進行貼現以重新計 量租賃負債。
- (d) 就縮減租賃範圍之租賃修改 而言,本集團透過減少使用 權資產之賬面值將租賃負債 之重新計量列賬,以反映部 分或全面終止該租賃及於損 益中確認任何與部分或全面 終止該租賃相關之收益或虧 捐。
- (e) 就所有其他租賃修改而言, 本集團透過對使用權資產作 出相應調整,將租賃負債之 重新計量列賬。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.27 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's consolidated financial statements when the shareholders' right to dividends is established.

2.28 Related parties

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the Group.

- (a) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of the parent of the Group.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.27 股息分派

向本公司股東作出的股息分派於股 東獲取股息的權利確立時在本集團 合併財務報表確認為負債。

2.28 關聯方

關聯方為與本集團有關聯之個人或 實體。

- (a) 倘一名人士符合以下情況, 即該人士或該人士之近親家 庭成員與本集團有關聯:
 - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力; 武
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公 司主要管理層成員。
- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條 件,即該實體與本集團有關 聯:
 - (i) 該實體與本集團屬同一集團 之成員公司(即各母公司、附 屬公司及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關聯)。
 - (ii) 一間實體為另一實體之聯營 公司或合營公司(或另一實 體為成員公司之集團旗下成 員公司之聯營公司或合營公 司)。
 - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一第三方之 合營公司。
 - (iv) 一間實體為第三方實體之合營公司,而另一實體則為該第三方實體之聯營公司。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.28 Related parties (continued)

- b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: (continued)
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group. If the Group is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity and include:

- (a) that person's children and spouse or domestic partner;
- (b) children of that person's spouse or domestic partner;
- (c) dependents of that person or that person's spouse or domestic partner.

In the definition of a related party, an associate includes subsidiaries of the associate and a joint venture includes subsidiaries of the joint venture.

2. 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.28 關聯方(續)

- (b) 倘一間實體符合以下任何條 件,即該實體與本集團有關 聯:(續)
 - (v) 實體為本集團或與本集 團有關聯之實體就僱員 福利設立之離職後福利 計劃。倘本集團本身屬 有關計劃,提供資助之 僱主亦與本集團有關聯。
 - (vi) 實體受(a)所識別人士控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) (a)(i)所識別人士對實體有 重大影響力或屬該實體 (或該實體之母公司)之 主要管理層成員。
 - (viii) 實體或其所屬之集團任 何成員公司向本集團或 本集團母公司提供主要 管理人員服務。

該名人士之近親為可能被預期於與 實體進行交易時影響該名人士或受 該名人士影響之該等家族成員並包 括:

- (a) 該名人士之子女及配偶或家 庭夥伴;
- (b) 該名人士之配偶或家庭夥伴 之子女;及
- (c) 該名人士或該名人士之配偶 或家庭夥伴之家屬。

在關聯方的定義裡,聯營公司包括 聯營公司的附屬公司,合營公司包 括合營公司的附屬公司。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: foreign exchange risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group regularly monitors its exposure and currently considers not necessary to hedge any of these financial risks.

(a) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in the PRC with transactions denominated and settled in RMB. Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions or recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency other than the entity's functional currency. These include mainly the equity instruments designated as at FVOCI (note 13), cash and bank balances (note 20) and the trade and other receivables (note 17) denominated in Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD") and United States Dollars ("USD"). The Group currently does not hedge its foreign exchange exposure.

As at 30 June 2022, if RMB had strengthened/ weakened by 5% against the USD/HKD with all other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year ended 30 June 2022 would have been RMB603,000 (2021: RMB476,000) higher/lower, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on translation of HKD denominated equity instruments designated as at FVOCI.

The Group will constantly review the economic situation and its foreign exchange risk profile, and will consider appropriate hedging measures in the future, as may be necessary.

3. 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團因其業務活動面臨各種財務 風險:外匯風險、信貸風險、流動 性風險及利率風險。本集團的整體 風險管理計劃著眼於金融市場不可 預測的情況,致力將可能對本集團 財務表現造成的潛在不利影響減至 最低。本集團定期監察其風險,現 時認為無需就任何此等財務風險進 行對沖。

(a) 外匯風險

於二零二二年六月三十日,若人民幣兑美元/港元升值/ 貶值5%,而所有其他變量維持不變,則截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度的除所得稅前虧損增加/減少人民幣603,000元(二零二一年:人民幣476,000元),主要由於換算以港元計值的指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具的外匯虧損/收益所致。

本集團將持續檢討經濟情況 及其外匯風險狀況,未來如 有需要會考慮採取適當的對 沖措施。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk

The carrying amount of trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalent and restricted cash, which is net of loss allowance, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking into account the value of any collateral held or other credit enhancements in relation to financial assets.

Trade receivables

Retail sales at the Group's pharmacies are usually settled in cash or by debit or credit cards. For distribution sales, there is no concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables, as the majority of the Group's sales are settled upon delivery of goods. The trade receivables are with credit periods of not more than 90 days.

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The carrying amounts of receivables included in the consolidated balance sheet are mainly generated by the Group's distributions segment and represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to these financial assets.

Counterparty risk related to trade receivables is limited due to the large number of customers in the Group's customer portfolio and their diversification throughout various business sectors as well as geographic locations. As at 30 June 2022, the exposure to the top 15 customers occupies 42% (2021: 29%) of the gross trade receivables, with the exposure to the largest customer representing 7% (2021: 13%).

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

貿易及其他應收款項、現金 及現金等價物及受限制現金 (扣除虧損撥備)的賬面值乃 本集團的最大信貸風險,惟 並未考慮任何所持有的抵押 品的價值或其他與金融資產 有關的信貸增級。

貿易應收款項

本集團的藥店零售銷售通常 以現金、借記卡或信用卡或 行結算。就分銷銷售而言 由於本集團的大部分銷售 交付貨品時結算,故貿易應 收款項並無集中信貸風險。 貿易應收款項信用期不超 90日。

本集團並無重大集中信貸風險。計入合併資產負債表內的應收款項的賬面值主要由本集團分銷分部產生,代表本集團就此等金融資產所承受的最大信貸風險。

由於本集團客戶組合內客戶眾多且他們分佈於不同業務行業及地區,故有關貿易應收款項的對手方風險有限,於二零二二年六月三十日,15大客戶的貿易應收款項總額的42%(二零二一年:29%),其中最大客戶的貿易應收款項佔7%(二零二一年:13%)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The Group's customer base consists of a wide range of clients and the trade receivables are categorised by common risk characteristics that are representative of the customers' abilities to pay all amounts due in accordance with the contractual terms. The Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECL for trade receivables and recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECL at each reporting date and has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment. The expected loss rate used in the Group's estimation on ECL is calculated for each category based on actual credit loss experience over the past three years and adjusted for current and forward-looking factors to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's estimate on future economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables. The management considered that these factors do not indicate any significant credit risk and additional loss allowance for provision for trade receivables as at 30 June 2022 and 2021 to be insignificant. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the year ended 30 June 2022.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

本集團的信貸風險主要受各 客戶的個體特點影響。本集 團的客戶群由多個客戶組 成,貿易應收款項按共同風 險特徵分類,其代表客戶根 據合約條款支付所有到期金 額的能力。本集團應用簡化 方法計算貿易應收款項的預 期信貸虧損,並根據各報告 日期的整個存續期預期信貸 虧損確認虧損撥備,以及 已根據其歷史信貸虧損經驗 確立撥備矩陣,根據針對債 務人及經濟環境的前瞻性因 素進行調整。本集團預期信 貸虧損估計所使用的預期虧 損率,乃就各類別根據過去 三年的實際信貸虧損經驗計 算,並根據當前及前瞻因素 進行調整,以反映歷史收集 數據與期內經濟狀況之間的 差異、當前狀況以及本集團 對預期應收款項年期之未來 經濟狀況估計。管理層認為 該等因素並不顯示於二零二 二年及二零二一年六月三十 日的貿易應收款項有任何重 大信貸風險及額外虧損撥備 為並不重大。截至二零二二 年六月三十日止年度,估計 技術或重大假設並無變動。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the ageing analysis based on recognition date of the trade receivables is as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年 六月三十日,基於貿易應收 款項確認日期的賬齡分析如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Up to 3 months 4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months	3個月以內 4至6個月 7至12個月	97,496 124 218	84,806 988 –
		97,838	85,794

As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the ageing analysis based on past due date is as follows:

於二零二二年及二零二一年 六月三十日,按逾期日計算 之賬齡分析如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Not past due	未逾期	97,496	84,806
Past due but not impaired	已逾期但未減值		
Up to 3 months	3個月以內	124	988
4 to 6 months	4至6個月	218	_
		342	988
		97,838	85,794

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables (continued)

The trade receivables as at 30 June 2022 and 2021 that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers for whom there is no significant financial difficulty and, based on past experiences, the overdue amounts can be recovered.

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired as at 30 June 2022 and 2021 related to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

The Group does not hold any collateral over trade receivables as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.

Other receivables

The Group considers that other receivables have low credit risk based on the debtors' strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and low risk of default. No loss allowance is recognised based on the measurement on 12-month ECL.

In estimating the ECL, the Group has taken into account the historical actual credit loss experience and the financial position of the counterparties, past collection history, current creditworthiness, adjusted for forward-looking factors that are specific to the debtors and general economic conditions of the industry in which the counterparties operate, in estimating the probability of default of these financial assets, as well as the loss upon default. The management of the Group considers the ECL of other receivables to be insignificant after taking into account the financial position, credit quality and past settlement records of the counterparties. There was no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年 六月三十日已逾期但未減值 的貿易應收款項與多位並無 重大財務困難的獨立客戶有 關,且根據過往經驗,逾期 金額可予收回。

於二零二二年及二零二一年 六月三十日未逾期亦無減值 的應收款項與眾多近期無拖 欠記錄的客戶有關。

於二零二二年及二零二一年六 月三十日,本集團並無就貿易 應收款項持有任何抵押品。

其他應收款項

本集團認為其他應收款項的信貸風險為低,乃基於債權 人有較強能力於短期內履行 合約現金流量的責任及違約 風險低。根據12個月預期信 貸虧損的計量,並無確認任 何虧損撥備。

在估計預期信貸虧損時,本 集團已考慮歷史實際信貸虧 損經驗及對手方的財務狀 況、過往收款記錄、當前信 譽,並根據針對債務人的前 瞻性因素及對手方經營行業 的一般經濟狀況作出調整, 以估計該等金融資產的違約 概率以及違約虧損。本集團 管理層經考慮對手方的財務 狀況、信貸質素及過往結算 記錄後,認為其他應收款項 的預期信貸虧損並不重大。 截至二零二二年及二零二一 年六月三十日止年度,估計 技術或重大假設並無變動。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash

The credit risk on cash and cash equivalents and restricted cash is limited because the counterparties are state-owned financial institutions, the state-controlled financial institutions, joint-stock commercial bank and local banks with high credit quality and good reputation. No loss allowance is recognised for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

(c) Liquidity risk

To manage the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents considered as adequate by management to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group expects to fulfil its future funds requirements through cash flows generated from operations.

Generally there is no specific credit period granted by the suppliers but the related trade payables are normally expected to be settled within three months after receipt of goods or services.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group held cash and cash equivalents of RMB57,795,000 (2021: RMB33,091,000) (note 20) and trade receivables of RMB97,838,000 (2021: RMB85,794,000) (note 17), that are expected to readily generate cash inflows for managing liquidity risk.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

現金、現金等價物及受限制 現金

現金、現金等價物及受限制 現金的信貸風險有限。 由於對手方為國有金融機構、國控金融機構、股份高 構業銀行以及信貸質素。 信譽良好的地方銀行。 電響之二年及二零二一年確認 虧損撥備。

(c) 流動性風險

為管理流動性風險,本集團 監察並維持管理層認為足夠 的現金及現金等價物水平。 以向本集團的經營提供資 並減少現金流量波動的影響。本集團預期通過營運產 生之現金流量滿足其未來資 金需求。

一般而言,供應商並無授出 特定信用期,但相關貿易應 付款項一般預期於收到貨品 或服務後三個月內結算。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團持有預期可隨時產生現金流入以管理流動性風險的現金及現金等價物人民幣57,795,000元(二零二一年:人民幣33,091,000元)(附註20)以及貿易應收款項人民幣97,838,000元(二零二一年:人民幣85,794,000元)(附註17)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險(續)

下表分析本集團的金融負債,按資產負債表日至合約到期日的剩餘期間劃分為有關到期組別。表格所披露的金額乃合約未折現現金流量。

					Total	
					contractual	Total
		On demand or			undiscounted	carrying
		less than 1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	payment	amount
					已訂約	
		按要求或一年內	一年至兩年	兩年至五年	付款總額	賬面總值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	.0					
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	354,101	-	-	354,101	354,101
Borrowings	借款	1,200	1,200	40,300	42,700	40,000
1777						
		355,301	1,200	40,300	396,801	394,101
1/1//	1//	-0		1	/ /	/ /
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日					
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	324,098	-	- /	324,098	324,098
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,206	-	/-	4,206	3,930
		328,304	-	/ -	328,304	328,028

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its restricted cash, bank balances and borrowings

The interest rates and maturities of the Group's restricted cash, bank balances and borrowings are disclosed in notes 19, 20 and 25 respectively.

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets and liabilities.

As at 30 June 2022, the Group's borrowings is arranged at fixed rate. In the management's opinion, the Group does not have material interest rate exposure and therefore no sensitivity analysis is presented in this respect.

As at the end of the reporting period, if the interest rates on restricted cash and bank balances had been 0.5% higher/lower than the prevailing rate announced by People's Bank of China, with all other variables held constant, loss before income tax for the year ended 30 June 2022 would have been RMB439,000 (2021: RMB336,000) lower/higher, respectively.

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Group's strategy remains consistent throughout the period.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(d) 利率風險

本集團的利率變動風險主要 源自其受限制現金、銀行結 餘及借款。

本集團受限制現金、銀行結 餘及借款的利率及到期日分 別於附註19、20及25披露。

由於本集團並無重大計息資 產及負債,故本集團的收入 及經營現金流量基本上不受 市場利率變動的影響。

於二零二二年六月三十日, 本集團的借款按固定利率安排。管理層認為,本集團並 無重大利率風險,因此,並 無就此呈列敏感度分析。

於報告期末,若受限制現金 及銀行結餘的利率較中國人 民銀行公佈的當前利率高/ 低0.5%,而其他所有變量保 持不變,則截至二零二二年 六月三十日止年度的除所得 税前虧損將分別減少/增加 人民幣439,000元(二零二一 年:人民幣336,000元)。

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理資本的目的為保障本集 團的持續經營能力,從而為股東提 供回報及為其他權益持有人提供利 益,並維持最佳資本結構,降低資 本成本。本集團於期內的策略保持 不變。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團可能調整派付予股東的股息、向股東 退還資本、發行新股份或出售資產 以減少債務。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.2 Capital risk management (continued)

Consistent with peer participants in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as total equity as shown in the consolidated balance sheet plus net debt. The Group aims to maintain the gearing ratio at a level of not more than 50%.

The gearing ratios at 30 June 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理(續)

本集團按照業內慣例基於資本負債 比率監察資本。該比率以債務淨額 除以資本總額計算。債務淨額以借 款減現金及現金等價物計算。資本 總額以合併資產負債表列示的權益 總額加債務淨額計算。本集團旨在 將資本負債比率維持在不超過50% 的水平。

於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三 十日的資本負債比率如下:

	,	2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Borrowings (note 25) Less: cash and cash equivalents (note 20)	借款(<i>附註25)</i> 減:現金及現金 等價物(<i>附註20)</i>	40,000 (57,795)	(33,091)
Net cash	現金淨額 權益總額	(17,795)	(33,091)
Total equity		408,710	575,917
Total capital Gearing ratio (Note)	資本總額	390,915	542,826
	資本負債比率(<i>附註)</i>	N/A不適用	N/A不適用

Note: As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the Group was in net cash position and the calculation of gearing ratio is therefore not meaningful.

附註:於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日, 本集團處於淨現金狀態,故計算資本負債 比率並無意義。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

- (a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities
 The following table presents the financial assets
 and liabilities measured at fair value or required to
 disclose their fair value in these consolidated financial
 statements on a recurring basis at 30 June 2022 and
 2021 across the three levels of the fair value hierarchy
 defined in IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement, with the
 fair value measurement categorised in its entirety
 based on the lowest level of input that is significant
 to the entire measurement. The levels are defined
 as follows:
 - Level 1 (highest level): quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date;
 - Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
 - Level 3 (lowest level): unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計

- - 第1級(最高級):本集團 於計量日期可以取得的 相同資產或負債於活躍 市場之報價(未經調整);
 - 第2級:就資產或負債直 接或間接地可觀察之輸 入數據(第1級內包括的 報價除外);及
 - 第3級(最低級):資產或 負債的不可觀察輸入數 據。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第1級	第2級	第3級	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

As at 30 June 2021 於二零二一年六月三十日

Assets

Equity instruments designated as 指定為按公允價值計入其 at FVOCI (note 13) 他綜合收益的權益工

具(附註13)

- Unlisted equity instruments — 非上市權益工具 — 9,265 9,265

During the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and no transfers into and out of Level 3 fair value measurements.

Financial instruments measured at fair value based on Level 3 measurement:

The movements of the unlisted equity instruments during the year ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 are shown as follows:

截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度,第1級 與第2級公允價值計量之間並 無轉讓,亦無第3級公允價值 計量轉入及轉出。

按第3級計量以公允價值計量 之金融工具:

截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度,非上市權益工具的變動如下:

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI

指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

2022

		二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	9,265	15,474
Total gain (loss) recognised in other comprehensive income Exchange difference	於其他綜合收益確認 的總收益(虧損) 匯兑差額	2,499 292	(5,066) (1,143)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	12,056	9,265

Valuation techniques and significant inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

The fair value of unlisted equity instruments are estimated by an independent and qualified professional valuer using price-to-earnings (P/E) multiple model. It includes assumptions that are not supported by observable market prices or rates. The average price-to-earnings (P/E) multiples of comparable companies of the corresponding industries is 19.21 times (2021: 19.35 times) and the discount rate applied for lack of marketability is 20% (2021: 20%), which is estimated based on Black Scholes option pricing model.

使用第3級公允價值計量之估 值技術及主要輸入數據:

獨立及合資格專業估值師使用市盈率(市盈率)倍數模型估計非上市權益工具之稅價值。其包括由不受前擔實務。同行業可資格或於此數之稅實。同行業可資盈率(市盈率)倍數為19.21倍(二零二一年:19.35倍),而缺乏市場流通性折現率為20%(二零二一年舒爾斯期權定價模型估計。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs

The sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

主要不可觀察輸入數據敏感度之變動

第3級公允價值計量之主要不可觀察輸入數據敏感度變動如下:

Impact on fair

o's other
ehensive
e for the
period
公允價值
團其他綜
益之影響
RMB'000
民幣千元

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

Unlisted equity instruments	12,056	P/E multiple	Average P/E ratio of comparable companies	The higher average P/E ratio of comparable companies, the higher the fair value and vice versa	+/- 20%	+/- 2,411
非上市權益工具		市盈率倍數	可資比較公司之平均市盈率	可資比較公司之平均市盈率越高, 公允價值越高,反之亦然		
			Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount rate applied for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value and vice versa	+/- 5%	+/- 754
			缺乏市場流通性貼現	缺乏市場流通性折現率越高,公允 價值越低,反之亦然		

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

3. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

(a) Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities (continued)

Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable inputs (continued)

3. 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公允價值估計(續)

(a) 金融資產及負債公允價值估 計(續)

主要不可觀察輸入數據敏感度之變動(續)

Impact on fair value and the

Description	Fair value at 30 June 2021		Unobservable input	Sensitivity of fair value to changes in unobservable inputs (assuming other factors remain unchanged)	Reasonably possible range	Group's other comprehensive income for the period
描述	於二零二一年 六月三十日之 公允價值	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據公允價值敏感度 變動(假設其他因素維持不變)	合理可能 變動範圍	期內對公允價值 及本集團其他綜 合收益之影響
	RMB'000					RMB'000
	人民幣千元					人民幣千元

Equity instruments designated as at FVOCI

指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具

Unlisted equity instruments	9,265	P/E multiple	Average P/E ratio of comparable companies	The higher average P/E ratio of comparable companies, the	+/- 20%	+/- 1,853
				higher the fair value and vice versa		
非上市權益工具		市盈率倍數	可資比較公司之平均市盈率	可資比較公司之平均市盈率越高, 公允價值越高,反之亦然		
			Discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount rate applied for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value and vice versa	+/- 5%	+/- 579
			缺乏市場流通性貼現	缺乏市場流通性折現率越高,公允 價值越低,反之亦然		

- b) Fair values of financial assets and liabilities carried at amounts other than fair values
 In the opinion of the management of the Group, no other financial assets and liabilities of the Group are carried at amounts materially different from their fair values as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.
- (b) 金融資產及負債之公允價值乃 按除公允價值外的金額列賬 本集團管理層認為,本集團 於二零二二年及二零二一年 六月三十日並無其他金融資 產及負債之金額與其公允價 值出現重大差異。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重知 JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are addressed below.

(a) Estimation of biological assets

Estimates and judgements in determining the fair value of the wild ginsengs relate to quantities, grading and market prices.

The quantities of the wild ginsengs are estimated based on a valuation report issued by an independent and qualified professional valuer using the statistical sampling method and also taking into considerations of factors related to the wild ginsengs as advised by ginsengs experts who employed by the valuer. Based on the valuation report, the samples are selected randomly and the total quantities of the wild ginsengs are extrapolated using a normal distribution model with an acceptable deviation estimated by the valuer.

The wild ginsengs grow at different grading and there can be a considerable spread in the quality and grading that affect the prices achieved. According to the valuation report, an average grading is assumed for the wild ginsengs based on the laboratory test results on the samples selected by a certified institution in accordance with the standards issued by China Ginsengs Products Standardisation Technical Committee.

4. 重大會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因素 作出持續評估,包括在有關情況下對未 來事件的合理預期

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。顧名思義,就此產生的會計估計甚少等於相關 實際結果。下文論述有很大可能導致下 一財政期間的資產和負債的賬面值作出 重大調整的估計及假設。

(a) 生物資產估計

於釐定野生林下參的公允價值 時,過程涉及有關數量、品級及市 場價格的估計及判斷。

野生林下參的數量乃根據獨立及合 資格專業估值師出具之評估報告使 用統計抽樣法並考慮估值師委聘 的林下參專家所告知有關野生林下 參的因素進行估計。根據估值報 告,樣本乃隨機選擇及野生林下參 的總數量乃使用正態分佈模型及估 值師估計的可接受偏離進行推算。

野生林下參長成的品級各異,而 質量及品級的較大差異會影響價 格。根據估值報告,假設野生林下 參的平均品級乃基於經認證機構根 據全國參茸產品標準化技術委員會 頒佈的標準選定的樣品的實驗室檢 測結果。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(a) Estimation of biological assets (continued)

The quantities and the grading of the wild ginsengs cannot be measured at exact precision. The estimates are based on many factors that require evaluation by the ginsengs experts interpreting the available data, as well as the market prices and other factors. The reliability of these estimates at any point of time depends on both the quality and quantity of the data, the expected statistic deviation as well as the expert judgement.

(b) Estimated impairment of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (together the "Non-current Assets") allocated to the operating segments of Distribution and Retails (the "CGUs")

Determining an appropriate amount of an impairment requires an estimation of recoverable amounts of the respective CGUs to which the Non-current Assets belong, which is the VIU calculation. The VIU calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the CGUs and a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value. The discount rate represents rate that reflects current market assessments of time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted. Where the actual future cash flows are less than expected or there is a downward revision of future estimated cash flows due to unfavorable changes in facts and circumstances, an additional impairment loss may arise.

(a) 生物資產估計(續)

野生林下參的數量及品級不能準確計量。該等估計乃基於諸多因素 (需要經林下參專家解釋可得資料 以及市場價格及其他因素後作出 評估)得出。該等估計於任何時間 點的可靠性視乎數據的質量及數 量、預期統計誤差以及專家判斷而 定。

(b) 分配至分銷及零售之經營分部(「現 金產生單位」)的物業、廠房及設備 以及使用權資產(統稱「非流動資 產」)的估計減值

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(c) Estimated impairment of a logistics building included in property, plant and equipment

Included in property, plant and equipment was a logistics building located in Jiamusi, the PRC with carrying amount of RMB185,832,000 at 30 June 2022. The Group performs impairment assessment when there is an indication whether property, plant and equipment have suffered any impairment, in accordance with the accounting policy stated in Note 2.12. During the year, the Group had utilised certain areas of the logistics building as warehouse for its distribution business and continued to seek out its opportunities to develop the logistics business. In view of the loss sustained by the distribution business and the current low usage rate as warehousing for the Distribution segment, management considered that there were indicators of impairment of the logistics building existed at 30 June 2022 and performed an impairment assessment thereon. The recoverable amounts of the logistics buildings included in property, plant and equipment have been determined based on depreciated replacement cost (the "DRC") approach based on a valuation performed by an independent and qualified professional valuer. The DRC approach requires an estimation of the new replacement cost of the assets from which deductions are then made to allow for physical deterioration and all forms of obsolescence and optimisation.

(d) Impairment of investment in an associate

The management of the Group carries out review on impairment on the interest in an associate whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that its carrying amount may not be recoverable by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of the VIU and fair value less cost of disposal) with its carrying amount.

(c) 計入物業、廠房及設備的物流倉 儲中心的估計減值

位於中國佳木斯市的物流倉儲中心 乃計入物業、廠房及設備,其賬 面值於二零二二年六月三十日為 人民幣185,832,000元。根據附註 2.12所述的會計政策,當有跡象表 明物業、廠房及設備是否出現減 值時,本集團會進行減值評估。年 內,本集團已使用物流倉儲中心 的若干區域作為其分銷業務的倉 庫,並繼續尋求發展物流業務的機 會。鑒於分銷業務持續錄得虧損以 及現時作為分銷分部倉庫的低使用 率,管理層認為物流倉儲中心於二 零二二年六月三十日出現減值跡 象,並就此進行減值評估。計入物 業、廠房及設備的物流倉儲中心的 可收回金額已基於獨立及合資格 的專業估值師使用折舊重置成本 (「折舊重置成本」)法進行之估值 而釐定。折舊重置成本法須估計資 產的新重置成本,減去實際損耗及 所有形式的陳舊及優化的撥備。

(d) 聯營公司投資減值

倘發生事件或情況變動顯示其賬面 值可能無法收回時,本集團管理層 就於一間聯營公司之權益進行減值 檢討,方法為將其可收回金額(使 用價值與公允價值減出售成本之較 高者)與其賬面值作比較。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(d) Impairment of investment in an associate (continued)

In determining whether the interest in an associate is impaired, it requires an estimation of its recoverable amount, which represents higher of the VIU and fair value less cost of disposal. For the VIU calculation, it requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows expected to arise from the operations of the investment and from the ultimate disposal and a discount rate (that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the associate) in order to calculate the present value. For the fair value less cost of disposal, the valuation techniques applied by an independent and qualified professional valuer has been agreed with the management of the Group. The management determined whether valuation techniques and assumptions applied are appropriate to the circumstances of the investment. The estimation of recoverable amount of investment included some assumptions not supported by observable market prices or rates. Change in assumption could affect the recoverable amount of the investment. Where the recoverable amount of the Group's interest in an associate is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss may arise.

(e) Loss allowance for ECL

The Group's management estimates the loss allowance for trade and other receivables by using various inputs and assumptions including risk of a default and expected loss rate. The estimation involves high degree of estimation and uncertainty which is based on the Group's historical information, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of trade and other receivables.

(d) 聯營公司投資減值(續)

於釐定一間聯營公司之權益是否 出現減值,其需要估計其可收回 金額(即使用價值與公允價值減出 售成本之較高者)。就使用價值而 言,其需要本集團對預期將從該 投資之營運及最終出售產生之未來 現金流量以及折現率(其能反映當 前市場所評估之貨幣時間值及該聯 營公司之特定風險)作出估計以計 算現值。就公允價值減出售成本而 言,本集團管理層已同意獨立及合 資格的專業估值師所應用的估值技 術。管理層釐定所應用估值技術及 假設是否適用於相關投資情況。投 資之可收回金額估計包括若干不受 可觀察市價或利率支持的假設。假 設變動可能會影響投資的可收回金 額。倘本集團於一間聯營公司權益 之可收回金額低於賬面值,則可能 會出現減值虧損。

(e) 預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備

本集團管理層使用各種輸入數據 及假設(包括違約風險及預期虧損 率)估計貿易及其他應收款項的虧 損撥備。估計涉及高度估計及不確 定性,乃基於本集團過往資料、現 時市況以及於各報告期末的前瞻性 估計而作出。若預期有別於原來估 計,此差額將會影響貿易及其他應 收款項的賬面值。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(f) Estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are determined by the management of the Group as further detailed in note 2.8. This estimate is based on the management's experiences in the industry. The Group will increase or decrease the depreciation charge where useful life is shorter or longer than previously estimated. The estimate of useful lives of the property, plant and equipment and the depreciation charge could change significantly as a result of changes in the pharmaceutical market, market trend and competition. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful life is less than the previously estimated, or the property, plant and equipment will be written-off or written-down to the recoverable amount when there is an indication that the carrying amount is not recoverable.

(g) Income taxes

The Group is mainly subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be charged. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

(f) 物業、廠房及設備的估計可使用 年期

(g) 所得税

本集團主要須於多個司法權區繳納 所得税。在釐定所得税撥備時,須 作出重大判斷。在一般業務過程 中,多項交易及計算無法確定最終 税項。本集團基於其估計額外税項 會否徵收而確認預期税務事宜的負 債。倘該等事宜的最終税務結果有 別於初始記錄金額,該等差額將影 響釐定税項期間的所得税及遞延税 項撥備。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND 4. 重大會計估計及判斷(續) JUDGEMENTS (continued)

(h) Discount rates for calculating lease liabilities

The Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rates to discount future lease payments since interest rates implicit in the leases are not readily determinable. In determining the discounts rates for its leases, the Group refers to a rate that is readily observable as the starting point and then applies judgement and adjusts such observable rate to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

5. REVENUE

The Group has recognised the following amounts relating to revenue in profit or loss:

(h) 計算租賃負債之折現率

因為租賃隱含的利率難以釐定,本 集團使用承租人增量借款利率折現 未來租賃款項。釐定其租賃的折現 率時,本集團參考開始時可觀察到 的利率並作出判斷以及將有關可觀 察利率作出調整,釐定增量借款利 率。

5. 收益

本集團已於損益內確認下列與收益有關 的金額:

	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers (a) 來自客戶合約的收益(a)	1,273,572	1,185,168

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

5. REVENUE (continued)

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

5. 收益(續)

(a) 收益之細分

		For the year ended 30 June 2022			
		截至二零二	二二年六月三十日	1止年度	
		Distributions	Retails	Total	
		分銷	零售	總計	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Major products	主要產品				
Prescribed drugs	處方藥物	165,538	90,908	256,446	
Non-prescribed drugs	非處方藥物	709,373	239,517	948,890	
Healthcare products	保健品	106,939	87,514	194,453	
Other pharmaceutical products	其他醫藥產品	54,962	15,705	70,667	
		1,036,812	433,644	1,470,456	
Eliminations	抵銷	(196,884)	_	(196,884)	
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	839,928	433,644	1,273,572	
1117					
Timing of revenue recognition:	收益確認時間:				
Products transferred at	產品於某一時間點轉移				
a point in time		839,928	433,644	1,273,572	

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

5. REVENUE (continued)

(a) Disaggregation of revenue (continued)

5. 收益(續)

(a) 收益之細分(續)

For the year ended 30 June 2021

	截至	二零	=-	-年7	六月	Ξ-	十日	止年	庋
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		Distributions	Retails	Total
		分銷	零售	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	. ///			
Major products	主要產品			
Prescribed drugs	處方藥物	146,666	90,532	237,198
Non-prescribed drugs	非處方藥物	624,102	290,169	914,271
Healthcare products	保健品	91,182	118,394	209,576
Other pharmaceutical products	其他醫藥產品	42,637	20,653	63,290
		904,587	519,748	1,424,335
Eliminations	抵銷	(239,167)	-	(239,167)
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	665,420	519,748	1,185,168
Timing of revenue recognition:	收益確認時間:			
Products transferred at	產品於某一時間點轉移			
a point in time		665,420	519,748	1,185,168

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Board of Directors is the Group's chief operating decision-maker. Management has determined the operating segments based on the information reviewed by the Board of Directors for the purposes of allocating resources and assessing performance.

The Group is principally engaged in the distributions and retails of drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the northeastern region of the PRC.

Distributions, Retails and Others are presented to the Board of Directors to assess their performance and for making respective business decisions which are considered to be three segments in accordance with IFRS 8 "Operating Segment". The "Others" segment mainly comprises investment companies.

The Group's principal market is the northeastern region of the PRC. The Group has a large number of customers, which are widely dispersed within the northeastern region of the PRC, no single customer accounted for 10% or more of the Group's total revenues for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021. Accordingly, no geographical segment is presented.

Inter-segment sales are charged at cost. The revenue from external customers and the costs, the total assets and the total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted loss before interests, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("Adjusted EBITDA"). The measurement basis of Adjusted EBITDA excludes the effect of share of post-tax results of joint ventures, share of post-tax results of an associate, impairment loss or, if applicable its reversal on intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investment in an associate.

6. 分部資料

董事會為本集團的首席經營決策者。管 理層已根據董事會就分配資源及評估業 績而審閱的資料釐定經營分部。

本集團主要在中國東北地區從事藥品及 其他醫藥產品的分銷及零售業務。

分銷、零售及其他業務呈列予董事會, 以評估有關業績及作出相關業務決定, 根據國際財務報告準則第8號「經營分 部」被視為三個分部。「其他業務」分部 主要包括投資公司。

本集團的主要市場為中國東北地區。本 集團擁有大量客戶,廣泛分佈於中國東 北地區,於截至二零二二年及二零二一 年六月三十日止年度概無來自任何一名 單一客戶的收益佔本集團收益總額的 10%或以上。因此,並無呈列任何地區 分部。

分部間銷售乃按成本計算。來自外部客 戶的收益及成本、資產總額及負債總額 乃按與本集團合併財務報表一致的方式 計量。

董事會根據扣除利息、税項、折舊及攤 銷前經調整虧損(「經調整息税折舊及 攤銷前利潤」)的計量評估經營分部的 業績。經調整息税折舊及攤銷前利潤的 計量基準不包括分佔合營公司除稅後業 績、分佔聯營公司除税後業績、無形資 產、物業、廠房及設備、使用權資產及 聯營公司投資減值虧損或(如適用)其撥 回的影響。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The segment information for the year ended 30 June 2022 and as at 30 June 2022 is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度及於 二零二二年六月三十日的分部資料如下:

			d 30 June 2022		
			截至二零二二年六	月三十日止年度	
		Distributions	Retails	Others	Total
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
• 1/ / / •		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	0.25				
Segment revenue	分部收益	1,036,812	433,644	-	1,470,456
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收益	(196,884)	_	_	(196,884)
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	839,928	433,644	-	1,273,572
Adjusted EBITDA	經調整息税折舊及攤銷前 利潤	27,949	(160,139)	(8,477)	(140,667)
Impairment loss on investment in an	聯營公司投資減值虧損				
associate	1244 - 1114	(21,988)	_	-	(21,988)
Depreciation and amortization	折舊及攤銷	(14,858)	(11,197)	-	(26,055)
Finance income	財務收入	456	403	2,783	3,642
Finance costs	財務成本	(1,024)	(294)	(2)	(1,320)
Share of post-tax results of an associate	分佔聯營公司除税後業績	(1,625)	-	-	(1,625)
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(11,090)	(171,227)	(5,696)	(188,013)
Additions of non-current assets (excluding financial assets)	非流動資產的增加(不包括金融資產)	70	31	-	101

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

SEGMENT INFORMATION	(continued)	0.	刀叩貝件(海	₹ /	
			As at 30 Ju	ne 2022	
			於二零二二年	六月三十日	
		Distributions	Retails	Others	Total
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Total assets before eliminations	抵銷前資產總額	1,411,178	610,820	1,400,900	3,422,898
Inter-segment assets	分部間資產	(778,918)	(422,939)	(1,381,965)	(2,583,822)
Total assets	資產總額	632,260	187,881	18,935	839,076
Total liabilities before eliminations	抵銷前負債總額	1,235,694	900,135	11,041	2,146,870
Inter-segment liabilities	分部間負債	(879,063)	(827,650)	(9,791)	(1,716,504)
Total liabilities	負債總額	356,631	72,485	1,250	430,366
Investment in an associate	聯營公司投資	87,526	-	-	87,526

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

6. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

The segment information for the year ended 30 June 2021 and as at 30 June 2021 is as follows:

6. 分部資料(續)

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度及於 二零二一年六月三十日的分部資料如下:

For the year ended 30 June 2021

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度

		Distributions	Retails	Others	Total
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Segment revenue	分部收益	904,587	519,748	-	1,424,335
nter-segment revenue	分部間收益	(239,167)	-		(239,167)
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶的收益	665,420	519,748	-	1,185,168
Adjusted EBITDA	經調整息稅折舊及攤銷前利潤	(60,206)	(268,701)	(7,031)	(335,938)
mpairment loss on intangible assets	無形資產減值虧損	(213)	(100)	-	(313)
mpairment loss on investment in an associate	聯營公司投資減值虧損	(210,373)	-	-	(210,373)
mpairment loss on property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損	(1,609)	(2,363)	-	(3,972)
mpairment loss on right-of-use assets	使用權資產減值虧損	(229)	(3,664)	-	(3,893)
Depreciation and amortisation	折舊及攤銷	(19,753)	(89,167)	-	(108,920)
Finance income	財務收入	487	764	2	1,253
inance costs	財務成本	(108)	(1,123)	(10,637)	(11,868)
Share of post-tax results of joint ventures	分佔合營公司除稅後業績		9		9
Share of post-tax results of an associate	分佔聯營公司除稅後業績	3,211	-	-	3,211
ncome tax expenses	所得税開支		(5,203)	-	(5,203)
oss for the year	年度虧損	(288,793)	(369,548)	(17,666)	(676,007)

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

6. 分部資料(續)

As at 30 June 2021

於二零二一年六月三十日

			Retails	Others	Total
		分銷	零售	其他業務	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
				0.	
Total assets before eliminations	抵銷前資產總額	1,746,181	683,691	1,310,274	3,740,146
Inter-segment assets	分部間資產	(923,525)	(558,831)	(1,299,949)	(2,782,305)
Total assets	資產總額	822,656	124,860	10,325	957,841
Total liabilities before eliminations	抵銷前負債總額	1,245,834	986,444	25,120	2,257,398
Inter-segment liabilities	分部間負債	(995,839)	(855,729)	(23,906)	(1,875,474)
Total liabilities	負債總額	249,995	130,715	1,214	381,924
Investment in an associate	聯營公司投資	111,139	-	-	111,139

The amounts provided to the Board of Directors with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of these consolidated financial statements. These assets are allocated based on the operations of the segment and the physical location of the assets.

向董事會提供有關資產總額的金額,乃 按與合併財務報表一致的方式計量。該 等資產根據分部的營運和資產的實際位 置進行分配。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

PROPERTY, PLA	NT AND EQUIPM		7.	物業、廠房 Furniture and	泛設備 Leasehold	
		Buildings	Motor vehicles	office equipment	improvements	Total
		樓宇	車輛	家具及辦公設備	租賃裝修	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
For the year ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日止 年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	247,921	2,109	5,479	85,312	340,821
Additions	增加	0 0	181	25	1,697	1,903
Depreciation (note 27)	折舊(附註27)	(13,760)	(1,538)	(2,813)	(79,030)	(97,141)
Impairment (note 27)	減值(附註27)	_	(752)	(1,465)	(1,755)	(3,972)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	234,161		1,226	6,224	241,611
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日					
Cost	成本	289,498	13,654	41,724	167,826	512,702
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(55,337)	(12,902)	(39,033)	(159,847)	(267,119)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	-	(752)	(1,465)	(1,755)	(3,972)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	234,161	-	1,226	6,224	241,611
For the year ended 30 June 2022	截至二零二二年六月三十日止 年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	234,161	-	1,226	6,224	241,611
Additions	增加	-	-	101	-	101
Disposals	處置	-	-	(236)	-	(236)
Disposals – disposal of a subsidiary	處置一出售一間附屬公司	-	_	(542)	(2)	(544)
Depreciation (note 27)	折舊(附註27)	(13,759)	-	(549)	(4,232)	(18,540)
Write off	撤銷	-	-	_	_	-
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	220,402	-	-	1,990	222,392
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日					
Cost	成本	289,499	13,654	25,592	134,948	463,693
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(69,097)	(12,902)	(24,127)	(131,203)	(237,329)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	-	(752)	(1,465)	(1,755)	(3,972)
Net book amount	版面淨值	220,402	_	_	1,990	222,392

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

(a) Depreciation expenses have been charged to profit or loss as follows:

7. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) 自損益扣除的折舊費用如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Administrative expenses	行政開支	11,383	14,573
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支	7,157	82,568
			0
		18,540	97,141

(b) Key assumptions for the value-in-use ("VIU") calculations in determining the recoverable amount of CGUs

In view of the Group reported a continued loss for the current year, the management considered that there is an impairment indicator on the Non-current Assets and performed impairment assessment by assessing the recoverable amounts of the respective CGUs to which the Non-current Assets relate.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined by the management, with assistance from an independent and qualified professional valuer, based on VIU calculations. These calculations use pre-tax cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using the estimated growth rates stated below. The growth rate does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the business in which the CGUs operates.

(b) 釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額 時使用價值(「使用價值」)計算的 主要假設

鑒於本年度本集團持續虧損,管理層認為非流動資產存在減值跡象,並對非流動資產相關各現金產生單位之可收回金額進行減值評估。

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃由管 理層在獨立及合資格專業估值師 的協助下根據使用價值計算而釐 定。有關計算乃按管理層批准的五 年期財務預算的税前現金流量預 測。超過五年期的現金流量則按下 文所述估計增長率推算。增長率不 超過現金產生單位經營業務的長期 平均增長率。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

(b) Key assumptions for the value-in-use ("VIU") calculations in determining the recoverable amount of CGUs (continued)

Management determined budgeted gross margin based on past performance and its expectations of market development and its business strategy. The weighted average growth rates used are consistent with the management forecasts. The discount rates used are pre-tax and reflect specific risks relating to the relevant business. The key assumptions used for VIU calculations are as follow:

7. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額 時使用價值計算的主要假設(續)

● 管理層根據過往業績及對市場發展 的預期以及其業務策略來預測毛利 率。所採用的加權平均增長率與管 理層所預測者一致。所採用的折現 率為稅前比率,並反映相關業務的 特定風險。使用價值計算所用的主 要假設如下:

Distributions	分銷	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Gross margin	毛利率	9.5% – 12%	5% – 10%
Growth rate in the projection period	預測期內增長率	1.5% – 5%	1.5% – 5%
Long-term growth rate beyond the projection period	超過預測期之長期增長率	1.5%	1.5%
Pre tax discount rate	税前折現率	17%	17%

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

(b) Key assumptions for the value-in-use ("VIU") calculations in determining the recoverable amount of CGUs (continued)

7. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(b) 釐定現金產生單位的可收回金額 時使用價值計算的主要假設(續)

Retails	零售	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Gross margin Growth rate in the projection	毛利率 預測期內增長率	23% – 26%	23% – 26%
period period		1.5% – 5%	1.5% – 5%
Long-term growth rate beyond the projection period	超過預測期之長期增長率	1.5%	1.5%
Pre tax discount rate	税前折現率	17%	17%

Based on the results of the assessments, the Group recognised impairment loss for intangible assets (note 9), property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (note 8) of RMBNil (2021: RMB213,000), RMBNil (2021: RMB1,609,000) and RMBNil (2021: RMB229,000) in Distributions segment; and RMBNil (2021: RMB100,000), RMBNil (2021: RMB2,363,000) and RMBNil (2021: RMB3,664,000) in Retails segment respectively for the year ended 30 June 2022.

基於評估的結果,截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,本集團於分銷分部確認無形資產(附註9)、物業、廠房及設備以及使用權資產(附註8)的減值虧損分別為人民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣213,000元)、人民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣229,000元);於零售分部確認該等減值虧損分別為人民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣2000元)、人民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣2,363,000元)及人民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣3,664,000元)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

7. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) 7. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(c) Summary of accumulated impairment allocation for each operating segment

(c) 各經營分部的累計減值分配概要

		Goodwill 商譽 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other intangible assets 其他 無形資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房 及設備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Right-of-use assets 使用權資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
9///						
Segment	分部					
Distribution	分銷	58,115	_	1,609	_	59,724
Retail	零售	379,127	_	2,363	-	381,490
At 30 June 2022	於二零二二年 六月三十日	437,242	_	3,972	_	441,214
	. ,,,	,		-,		,
Distribution	分銷	58,115	6,885	1,609	229	66,838
Retail	零售	489,480	132,509	2,363	3,664	628,016
At 30 June 2021	於二零二一年 六月三十日	547,595	139,394	3,972	3,893	694,854

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES 8. 使用權資產及租賃負債

Right-of-use assets		使用權貨		
		Land use rights	Properties	Total
		土地使用權	物業	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	*			
For the year ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度			
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	5,220	22,644	27,864
Depreciation (note 27)	折舊(附註27)	(134)	(11,370)	(11,504)
Impairment (note 27)	減值(附註27)	-	(3,893)	(3,893)
Closing net book amounts	期末賬面淨值	5,086	7,381	12,467
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日			
Cost	成本	5,354	35,447	40,801
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(268)	(24,173)	(24,441)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	_	(3,893)	(3,893)
• /		-0		
Net book amount	賬面淨值	5,086	7,381	12,467
177	11///			
For the year ended 30 June 2022	截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度			
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	5,086	7,381	12,467
Write off	撤銷	-	-	-
Depreciation (note 27)	折舊(附註27)	(134)	(7,381)	(7,515)
Closing net book amounts	期末賬面淨值	4,952	_	4,952
	743717000 10473-100	.,,,,=		.,,,,,
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日			
Cost	成本	5,354	_	5,354
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(402)	-	(402)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	-	-	- /
Net book amount	賬面淨值	4,952		4,952

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES 使用權資產及租賃負債(續) (continued)

Lease liabilities

租賃負債

2022	2021
二零二二年	二零二一年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
-	3,930

Current portion

流動部分

The Group's right-of-use assets in respect of land use rights and properties represent the prepaid operating lease payment of leasehold lands located in the PRC and leases of various retail stores (2021: prepaid operating lease payment of leasehold lands located in the PRC and lease of various retail stores, offices and warehouses) respectively. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 3 (2021: 2 to 5) years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain similar terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants.

As at 30 June 2022, the management performed an impairment assessment on right-of-use assets and as a result recognised impairment loss of RMBNil (2021: RMB229,000) and RMBNil (2021: RMB3,664,000) in Distributions and Retails segments respectively, as further detailed in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

At 30 June 2022, the weighted average incremental borrowing rate for the lease liabilities of the Group was 8.61% (2021: 8.61%) per annum.

本集團有關土地使用權及物業的使用 權資產指位於中國租賃土地及租賃各 零售店舖的預付經營租賃款項(二零二 一年:於中國租賃土地及租賃各零售 店舖、辦公室及倉庫的預付經營租賃 款項)。租賃合同一般為3年(二零二-年:2至5年)的固定期限。租賃條款均 單獨議定,並且包含類似的條款及條 件。租賃協議不施加任何契諾。

於二零二二年六月三十日,管理層就 使用權資產進行減值評估,因此確認 分銷及零售分部的減值虧損分別為人 民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣229,000 元)及人民幣零元(二零二一年:人民幣 3,664,000元),進一步詳情載於合併財 務報表附註7。

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團租 賃負債的加權平均增量借款年利率為 8.61%(二零二一年:8.61%)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

8. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND LEASE LIABILITIES 8. 使用權資產及租賃負債(續) (continued)

The Group has recognised the following amounts for the year:

本集團已確認下列本年度金額:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Lease payments:	租賃款項:		
Short-term leases	短期租賃	65,237	76,383
Low-value assets	低價值資產	-	88
			0-
Expenses recognised in profit or loss	於損益內確認的開支	65,237	76,471
Lease payments:	租賃款項:		
Interests on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	276	1,065
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	3,930	10,211
P///		4,206	11,276
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃現金流出總額	69,443	87,747

Commitments under leases

At 30 June 2022, the Group was committed to RMB24,239,000 (2021: RMB35,747,000) for short-term leases.

租賃承擔

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團就短期租賃承擔人民幣24,239,000元(二零二一年:人民幣35,747,000元)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

9. 無形資產

			Trademarks,	Contractual		
		Goodwill	licenses and brand loyalty	supplier relationship	Computer software licenses	Total
			商標、執照及	14		
		商譽	品牌忠誠度	合約供應商關係	電腦軟件許可證	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(note (a))				(note (b))
1111177	•	(附註(a))	///-			(附註(b))
211/1/		00	10			
For the year ended 30 June 2021	截至二零二一年六月三十日 止年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	-	-	= -	567	567
Additions	增加	-	-	-	21	21
Amortisation (note 27)	攤銷(附註27)	-		-	(275)	(275)
Impairment (note 27)	減值(附註27)	_		-	(313)	(313)
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	-	-		-	-
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日					
Cost	成本	547,595	184,999	41,775	2,377	776,746
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	_	(52,318)	(35,375)	(2,064)	(89,757)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(547,595)	(132,681)	(6,400)	(313)	(686,989)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	-	-	-		-
For the year ended 30 June 2022	截至二零二二年六月三十日 止年度					
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	_	_	_	_	_
Write off	撇銷	-	-	-	-	_
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	-	-	-	-	-
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日					
Cost	成本	437,242	_	_	39	437,281
Accumulated amortisation	累計攤銷	-	_	_	(39)	(39)
Accumulated impairment	累計減值	(437,242)			-	(437,242)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	-	-	-	-	-

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

9. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

- (a) Goodwill arising on the acquisitions of distribution and retail businesses in prior periods allocated to the operating segments of Distributions and Retails were fully impaired as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.
- (b) Amortisation of the Group's intangible assets for the year ended 30 June 2022 amounted to RMBNil (2021: RMB275,000) have been charged to profit or loss as administrative expenses.

10. SUBSIDIARIES

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2022:

9. 無形資產(續)

- (a) 於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三 十日,過往期間收購分銷及零售業 務產生的商譽分配至分銷及零售之 經營分部且悉數減值。
- (b) 本集團於截至二零二二年六月三十 日止年度的無形資產攤銷人民幣 零元(二零二一年:人民幣275,000 元)已作為行政開支自損益扣除。

10. 附屬公司

本公司於二零二二年六月三十日擁有以下主要附屬公司:

Name of subsidiaries	Place/date of incorporation and kind of legal entity 許冊成立地點/	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the group (%) 本集團所持普通股	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests (%) 非控股權益所持普通
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點/ 日期及法人實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	已發行股本詳情	本公司直接持有普 通股比例(%)	比例(%)	非控股權益所持普通 股比例(%)
Hebei Jintian Yan Xiao Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 27 December 2005 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB30,000,000	_	100%	-
河北金天蒸霄醫藥有限公司	中國 二零零五年十二月二十七日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣30,000,000元			
Heilongjiang Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Distribution Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 12 February 2004 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	USD92,310,000		100%	/-/-
黒龍江省金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司	中國 二零零四年二月十二日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	92,310,000美元			
Heilongjiang Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 23 June 2005 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB1,000,000	-	100%	
黑龍江省金天愛心醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零五年六月二十三日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣1,000,000元			
Jiamusi Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 15 July 1998 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB15,000,000		100%	41 J.J.
佳木斯金天愛心醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 一九九八年七月十五日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣15,000,000元			
Jiamusi Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 14 April 2004 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB5,000,000		100%	
佳木斯金天愛心藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零四年四月十四日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣5,000,000元			

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

10. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

10. 附屬公司(續)

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2022: *(continued)*

本公司於二零二二年六月三十日擁有以 下主要附屬公司:(續)

Name of subsidiaries	Place/date of incorporation and kind of legal entity	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued share capital	Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Company (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by the group (%)	Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests (%)
附屬公司名稱	註冊成立地點/ 日期及法人實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	已發行股本詳情	本公司直接持有普 通股比例(%)	本集團所持普通股 比例(%)	非控股權益所持普通 股比例(%)
Jilin Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Distribution Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 4 December 2007 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB1,000,000	-	100%	-
吉林省金天愛心醫藥經銷有限公司	中國 二字零十年十二月四日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣1,000,000元			
Daging Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 6 September 2007 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB3,000,000	-	100%	
大慶金天愛心藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零七年九月六日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣3,000,000元			
Harbin Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 8 April 2005 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB5,000,000	-	100%	-
哈爾濱金天愛心藥房連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零五年四月八日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣5,000,000元			
Shenyang Wei Kang Drug Store Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 24 October 2001 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB30,000,000	-	100%	-
瀋陽維康醫藥連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零一年十月二十四日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣30,000,000元			
Shenyang Weishi Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 27 October 2013 Limited liabilities company	Wholesaling drugs and other pharmaceutical Products the PRC	RMB5,000,000		100%	-
瀋陽衛世醫藥有限公司	中國 二零一三年十月二十七日 有限責任公司	批發藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣5,000,000元			
Suihua Jintian Aixin Pharmaceutical Mall Chain Co., Ltd. *	the PRC 8 April 2003 Limited liabilities company	Retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products the PRC	RMB3,800,000	-	99.04%	0.96%
綏化金天愛心醫藥商城連鎖有限公司	中國 二零零三年四月八日 有限責任公司	零售藥物及其他醫藥產品 中國	人民幣3,800,000元			
Jiamusi Golden Sky Storage Co., Ltd *	The PRC 7 June 2016 Limited liabilities Company	Storage the PRC	RMB1,520,000	-	100%	_
佳木斯金色天空倉儲有限公司	中國 二零一六年六月七日 有限責任公司	倉儲 中國	人民幣1,520,000元			

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

10. SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The Company has the following principal subsidiaries as at 30 June 2022: *(continued)*

There were no material transactions with non-controlling interests during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Group deregistered certain wholly owned subsidiaries namely Jilin Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd*, Liaoning Jintian Aixin Household Store Chain Co., Ltd.*, Jilin Jintian Aixin Renhe Drug Store Co., Ltd.*, Shenyang Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd.*, Anshan Jintian Aixin Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd.*, Luen Fat Dispensary Limited and Health Century (Hong Kong) Milky City Co., Limited (2021: Neo Century Holdings Limited, Qitaihe Jintian Aixin Health Pharmaceutical Chain Co., Ltd.* and Jintian Pharmaceutical Company Limited). As a result, the Group recognised a loss on deregistration of subsidiaries of RMB2,010,000 (2021: RMB1,112,000) in the profit or loss for the year.

In July 2021, the Group disposed of its indirectly wholly owned subsidiary namely Tonghua Jinfeng Pharmacy Chain Co., Ltd. ("Tonghua Jinfeng") to two independent third parties at a total cash consideration of RMB2,000,000 and a gain on disposal of a subsidiary of RMB1,794,000 was recognised in the profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2022. Tonghua Jinfeng was principally engaged in retailing drugs and other pharmaceutical products in the PRC.

10. 附屬公司(續)

本公司於二零二二年六月三十日擁有以下主要附屬公司:(續)

截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十 日止年度,與非控股權益並無重大交 易。

於二零二一年七月,本集團向兩名獨立第三方出售其間接全資附屬公司(即通化勁峰大藥房連鎖有限公司(「**通化勁峰**」)),總現金代價為人民幣2,000,000元,且截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,出售一間附屬公司收益人民幣1,794,000元已於損益中確認。通化勁峰主要從事於中國零售藥物及其他醫藥產品。

English translation for identification purposes only.

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

11. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

11. 合營公司投資

At end of the reporting period	於報告期末	-	_
3/1/1//			
Disposals	出售	_	(9,358)
Share of post-tax results	分佔除税後業績	-	9
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	-	9,349
	* / / / I		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		2022	2021

In March 2021, the Group disposed of all equity interests in its joint ventures to independent third parties at an aggregate consideration of approximately RMB8,975,000 (the "Disposals"). At the date of Disposal, the carrying amount of investments in joint ventures was RMB9,358,000 and a loss on disposal of RMB383,000 was recognised in the profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2021.

The following amounts represent the Group's share of results of the joint ventures that are not individually material:

於二零二一年三月,本集團向獨立第三方出售其合營公司的所有股權,總代價約為人民幣8,975,000元(「出售事項」)。於出售日期,合營公司投資的賬面值為人民幣9,358,000元,截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,出售虧損人民幣383,000元已於損益中確認。

本集團分佔並非屬個別重大的合營公司 之業績金額如下:

> Period from 1 July 2020 to 28 February 2021 二零二零年七月一日 至二零二一年 二月二十八日期間 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Revenue	收益	1,542
Expenses	開支	(1,533)
Profit after income tax	除所得税後利潤	9

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

12. 聯營公司投資

		2022	2021	
		二零二二年	二零二一年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
			1///	
At beginning of the reporting period	於報告期初	111,139	318,301	
Share of post-tax results	分佔除税後業績	(1,625)	3,211	
Impairment loss	減值虧損	(21,988)	(210,373)	
At end of the reporting period	於報告期末	87,526	111,139	

As at 30 June 2022, Jilin Jintian Universal Health Capsule Limited ("Jilin Jintian") is an associate of the Group, in which the Group owns 43.78% (2021: 43.78%) of equity interest. Jilin Jintian is a company incorporated in the PRC and its principal businesses comprise manufacturing, sales and research and development of hollow capsules in the PRC.

As a private company, there is no quoted market price available for its shares.

The business performance of Jilin Jintian was not as good as expected during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021. As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the Group carried out reviews of the recoverable amount of investment in an associate. The recoverable amount, being the higher of VIU and fair value less costs of disposal, has been determined by the Group's management with reference to a valuation report prepared by an independent and qualified professional valuer using priceto-earnings (P/E) multiple model. The fair value measurement for the Group's recoverable amount of investment in an associate was categorised into Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to valuation technique used. The average price-to-earnings multiples of comparable companies of the corresponding industries is 27.08 (2021: 34.55) times and the discount rate applied for lack of marketability was 20% (2021: 20%), which was estimated based on Asian Option Pricing Model. Based on the results of the impairment assessment, management concluded that provision for impairment loss of RMB21,988,000 (2021: RMB210,373,000) was recognised for the year ended 30 June 2022.

於二零二二年六月三十日,吉林金天大健康集團膠囊有限公司(「**吉林金天**」) 為本集團聯營公司,其中本集團擁有 43.78%(二零二一年:43.78%)的權益。 吉林金天為一間於中國註冊成立之公司,其主要業務包括於中國製造、銷售 及研發空心膠囊。

作為一間私營公司,其股份並無市場報價。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十 日止年度,吉林金天的業務表現不及預 期。於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三 十日,本集團對聯營公司投資的可收回 金額進行審查。可收回金額(即使用價 值及公允價值減出售成本之較高者)已 由本集團管理層經參考獨立及合資格的 專業估值師使用市盈率(市盈率)倍數 模型編製之估值報告而釐定。根據所用 評估技術的輸入數據,本集團於聯營公 司投資的可收回金額之公允價值計量分 類為公允價值層級中的第3級。相關行 業可資比較公司之平均市盈率倍數為 27.08倍(二零二一年:34.55倍),而因 缺乏市場流通性而適用的折現率為20% (二零二一年:20%),其乃根據亞式期 權定價模型估計。基於減值評估的結 果,管理層推斷出,截至二零二二年六 月三十日止年度確認減值虧損撥備人民 幣21,988,000元(二零二一年:人民幣 210,373,000元)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

There are no commitments and contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in an associate, and no contingent liabilities of the associate itself.

Set out below are the summarised financial information for Jilin Jintian, which is accounted for using equity methods.

Summarised balance sheet

12. 聯營公司投資(續)

並無有關本集團於聯營公司權益之承擔 及或然負債,且並無聯營公司本身之或 然負債。

下文載列吉林金天財務資料概要,並使 用權益法入賬。

資產負債表概要

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
3 7		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current	即期		
		62,997	01.003
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		81,083
Other current assets	其他流動資產	18,992	30,641
Total current assets	流動資產總額	81,989	111,724
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	70,924	73,399
			<u> </u>
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	70,924	73,399
Non-current	-1- pn +0		
	非即期 無形資產	100 022	101 710
Intangible assets	無	108,023 68,798	121,713
Other non-current assets	共電子派到貝性	00,790	34,628
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總額	176,821	156,341
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	11,794	14,863
	/		
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額	11,794	14,863
Net assets	資產淨值	176,092	179,803

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Summarised statement of comprehensive income

12. 聯營公司投資(續)

綜合收益表概要

Sammansea statement or compret	ichisive income	MILLERING		
		2022		2021
		二零二二年	\ _ =	零二一年
		RMB'000	■ F	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人	民幣千元
			1	
Revenue	收益	37,459		63,474
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(23,279)		(34,437)
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及營銷開支	(17,308)		(17,478)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	(696)		(760)
Financial expenses – net	財務費用淨額	120		212
Other income	其他收入	-		6
(Loss) Profit before income tax	除所得税前(虧損)利潤	(3,704)		11,017
Income tax expenses	所得税開支	(7)		(3,683)
(Loss) Profit and total comprehensive	(虧損)利潤及綜合(虧損)	(0.744)		7 004
(loss) income	收益總額	(3,711)		7,334

The information above reflects the amounts presented in financial statements of the associate (and not the Group's share of those amounts). The associate has adopted accounting policies which are consistent with the Group's significant accounting policies. No dividends were received from the associate during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

上述資料反映聯營公司財務報表所呈列之金額(但本集團並未分佔該等金額)。 聯營公司已採納與本集團重大會計政策 一致之會計政策。截至二零二二年及二 零二一年六月三十日止年度,並沒有從 聯營公司收取股息。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

12. INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

Reconciliation of summarised financial information

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented to the carrying amount of its interest in the associate

12. 聯營公司投資(續)

財務資料概要之對賬

所呈列財務資料概要與其於聯營公司權 益之賬面值的對賬

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Net assets at beginning of the reporting period (Loss) Profit for the year	於報告期初之資產淨值 年度(虧損)利潤	179,803 (3,711)	172,469 7,334
Net assets at end of the reporting period	於報告期末之資產淨值	176,092	179,803
Share of net assets of the associate Goodwill Accumulated impairment loss on goodwill	分佔聯營公司資產淨值 商譽 累計商譽減值虧損	77,093 242,794 (232,361)	78,718 242,794 (210,373)
Carrying amount	賬面值	87,526	111,139

13. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR 13. 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

收益的權益工具

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
- \ \ \ \	1 J. L	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	非上市權益工具		
Inlisted equity instruments at fair value	非工印権益工共 按公允價值 	12,056	9,265

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

13. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS DESIGNATED AS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (continued)

The balance represents 11% equity interests in Wing Ming International Group Holding Limited ("Wing Ming"), a company incorporated in the Cayman Islands, held by the Group. The principal activity of Wing Ming is investment holding and its subsidiaries are principally engaged in manufacture and sales of chinese medicines and supplements in Hong Kong.

No equity instruments designated as at FVOCI was disposed of during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021 and no transfers of any cumulative gain or loss arising from equity instruments designated FVOCI within equity during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

The fair values of the unlisted equity investments were valued by an independent and qualified professional valuer at the end of the reporting period and an increase in fair value of RMB2,499,000 (2021: a decrease in fair value of RMB5,066,000) was recognised in fair value reserve (non-recycling) for the year ended 30 June 2022. The valuation techniques and significant inputs used in the measurement of the fair values of the unlisted equity investments are set out in note 3.3 to the consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amount is denominated in HKD.

13. 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益的權益工具(續)

該結餘為本集團所持永明國際集團控股有限公司(「**永明**」)(一間於開爾曼群島註冊成立之公司)的11%股權。永明的主要活動為投資控股,且其附屬公司主要在香港從事製造及銷售中藥及補充劑。

截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度,概無出售指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具,而截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度,概無於權益中轉撥指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具產生之任何累計收益或虧損。

非上市權益投資之公允價值於報告期末 由獨立及合資格的專業估值師估值,截 至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,公允 價值增加人民幣2,499,000元(二零二一年:公允價值減少人民幣5,066,000元) 已於公允價值儲備(不可轉撥)確認。用 於計量非上市權益投資公允價值的估值 技術及重大輸入數據載列於合併財務報 表附註3.3。

賬面值以港元計值。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Wild ginsengs

at fair value

14. 生物資產

2022 2021 二零二年 二零二一年 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

On 21 June 2017, the Group acquired a forest land use right and the wild ginsengs planted in this forest land from an independent third party (the "Acquisition"). The forest land is located in Tonghua City, Jilin Province in the PRC. Upon completion of the Acquisition, the forest land use right and wild ginsengs are accounted for as land use right and biological assets respectively.

野生林下參

按公允價值

The wild ginsengs are measured at fair value less costs to sell. As at 30 June 2022, the fair value of wild ginsengs is RMB98,161,000 (2021: RMB97,752,000). During the year ended 30 June 2022, the change in fair value of RMB409,000 (2021: RMB90,000) is credited to profit or loss. Except for the changes in fair value less costs to sell, there are no other changes during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

The fair values of the wild ginsengs as at 30 June 2022 and 2021 are estimated based on the valuation reports as of respective dates issued by an independent and qualified professional valuer using the statistical sampling method and also taking into considerations of factors related to the wild ginsengs as advised by ginsengs experts who are employed by the valuer.

In determining the fair value of the wild ginsengs, significant estimates and judgements in relation to quantities, grading and market prices based on grading are involved in the process.

於二零一七年六月二十一日,本集團自一位獨立第三方收購林地使用權及在該林地種植的野生林下參(「**收購事項**」)。該林地位於中國吉林省通化市。收購事項完成後,林地使用權及野生林下參分別作為土地使用權及生物資產入賬。

野生林下參乃按公允價值減銷售成本計量。於二零二二年六月三十日,野生林下參公允價值為人民幣98,161,000元(二零二一年:人民幣97,752,000元)。截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,公允價值變動人民幣409,000元(二零二一年:人民幣90,000元)計入損益。除公允價值減銷售成本之變動外,截至二零二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度,概無其他變動。

野生林下參於二零二二年及二零二一年 六月三十日的公允價值乃根據獨立及合 資格的專業估值師截至各日期出具之估 值報告使用統計抽樣法,並考慮估值師 委聘的林下參專家所告知有關野生林下 參的因素進行估計。

於釐定野生林下參的公允價值時,過程 涉及有關數量、品級及基於品級的市場 價格的重大估計及判斷。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (continued)

Valuation process

The Group engages a team of external experts, including independent and qualified professional valuers and ginsengs experts, to perform valuations of the Group's biological assets for financial reporting purposes by using level 3 inputs. The external experts report directly to the General Manager of Finance ("GMF"). Discussions of valuation processes and results are held between the GMF and external experts once every six months in line with the Group's half-yearly reporting requirements.

The main level 3 inputs used by the Group are derived and evaluated as follows:

- The quantities of the wild ginsengs are determined based on the statistical sampling method and also taking into considerations of other factors related to the wild ginsengs as evaluated by the ginsengs experts. As at 30 June 2022, the Group has an estimation of approximately 189,000 (2021: 187,000) wild ginsengs in accordance with the valuation report issued by the independent and qualified professional valuer using statistic techniques with an acceptable deviation estimated by the Group.
- The wild ginsengs are graded according to quality of growth and there can be a considerable wide spectrum of grades that may affect the prices achieved. According to the valuation report as at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the grading of the wild ginsengs is determined based on the laboratory test results on the samples selected by a certified institution in accordance with the standards issued by China Ginsengs Products Standardization Technical Committee.
- As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the prices of the wild ginsengs for various grades are quoted by reference to the quotations obtained from certain trading companies or pharmaceutical companies that purchase wild ginsengs in their normal business.

14. 生物資產(續)

估值流程

本集團委聘一支外部專家團隊(包括獨立及合資格的專業估值師及林下參專家),透過使用第3級輸入數據對本集團的生物資產進行估值,作財務申報用途。外部專家直接向財務總經理(「財務總經理」)報告。為符合本集團半年度報告的要求,財務總經理及外部專家每六個月召開一次會議,討論估值流程和相關結果。

本集團所用的主要第3級輸入數據乃按 以下各項得出及進行評估:

- 野生林下參的數量乃根據統計抽樣 法並考慮林下參專家所評估有關野 生林下參的其他因素釐定。於二 零二二年六月三十日,本集團根據 獨立及合資格的專業估值師出具之 估值報告使用具有本集團估計的可 接受偏離的統計技術估計擁有約 189,000棵(二零二一年:187,000 棵)野生林下參。
- 野生林下參乃根據生長質量進行分級,而品級的較大差異可能會影響價格。根據於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日的估值報告,野生林下參的品級乃基於經認證機構根據全國參茸產品標準化技術委員會頒佈的標準選定的樣品實驗室檢測結果釐定。
- 於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日,各類品級的野生林下參的價格乃參考自若干於正常業務中購買野生林下參的貿易公司或製藥公司取得的報價進行報價。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

14. BIOLOGICAL ASSETS (continued)

Valuation process (continued)

Changes in level 3 fair values are analysed at the end of each reporting period during the valuation discussion between the GMF and external experts. As part of this discussion the external experts present a report that explains the reason for the fair value movements.

Information about fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (Level 3):

14. 生物資產(續)

估值流程(續)

第3級公允價值變動乃於各報告期末由 財務總經理及外部專家於估值討論期間 進行分析。作為本次討論的一部分,外 部專家提呈一份報告闡明公允價值變動 的原因。

使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允價值計量相關資料(第3級):

Description		Unobservable Input	Range of inputs (probability weighted average) as at 30 June 2022	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
描述	公允價值 於二零二二年 六月三十日 人民幣千元	不可觀察輸入數據	輸入數據範圍 (概率加權平均) 於二零二二年六月三十日	不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值之關係
Ginsengs	98,161 (2021: 97,752)	Selling prices at various grades	RMB500 - RMB600 (2021: RMB500 - RMB600) per unit of wild ginsengs	The higher the grade, the higher the selling price and the fair value
林下參	98,161 (二零二一年: 97,752)	不同品級的售價	每單位野生林下參人民幣500元至 人民幣600元(二零二一年: 人民幣500元至人民幣600元)	品級越高,售價及公允價值越高
		Quantity	189,000 (2021: 187,000) wild ginsengs	The greater the quantity of wild ginsengs, the higher the fair value
		數量	189,000棵野生林下參 (二零二一年:187,000棵)	野生林下參數量越多,公允價值越高

Risk management strategy related to biological assets

The Group is exposed to a number of risks related to its wild ginsengs:

(a) Regulatory and environmental risks The Group is subject to laws and regulations in the

PRC where it operates. The Group has established environmental policies and procedures aimed at compliance with local environmental and other laws.

(b) Climate and other risks

The Group's wild ginsengs are exposed to the risk of damage from climatic changes, diseases, forest fires and other natural forces. The Group has extensive processes in place aimed at monitoring and mitigating those risks, including regular forest health inspections and industry pest and disease surveys.

與生物資產有關的風險管理策略

本集團面臨多種與野生林下參有關的風 險:

(a) 監管及環境風險

本集團須遵守其經營所在的中國法 律及法規。本集團已制定環境政策 及程序,以遵守當地環境及其他法 律。

(b) 氣候及其他風險

本集團的野生林下參面臨受氣候變 化、病害、森林火災及其他自然力 量破壞的風險。本集團已制定大量 措施旨在監控及減輕該等風險,包 括定期進行林地健康檢查以及行業 病蟲害調查。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

15. DEFERRED INCOME TAX

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, are as follows:

15. 遞延所得税

年內遞延所得税資產及負債的變動如下(未計及抵銷同一税務司法權區的結 餘):

Deferred income tax asset	s	Accrual for employee payroll	Deferred advertising expenses	Total
遞延所得税資產		應計僱員薪金	遞延廣告開支	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
As at 1 July 2020	於二零二零年七月一日	4,653	550	5,203
Charged to profit or loss	自損益扣除	(4,653)	(550)	(5,203)
As at 30 June 2021, 1 July 2021 and 30 June 2022	於二零二一年六月三十 日、二零二一年七月 一日及二 零二二年六 月三十日	-		<u></u>

Unrecognised deferred tax assets arising from	未確認遞延税項資產來自		
	2022	2021	
	二零二二年	二零二一年	
	RMB'000	RMB'000)
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	<u>.</u>
		8 / / /	
Deductible temporary differences 可扣減暫時差額	348,312	473,321	
Tax losses 税項虧損	1,679,855	1,606,964	1
		() 1	
	2,028,167	2,080,285)

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

15. DEFERRED INCOME TAX (continued)

At 30 June 2022, the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses of RMB1,679,855,000 (2021: RMB1,606,964,000) and deductible temporary differences of RMB348,312,000 (2021: RMB473,321,000) mainly relating to depreciation allowance and impairment loss on Non-current Assets and impairment loss on investment in an associate and available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax assets have been recognised in relation to such deductible differences and tax losses as it is not probable that taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses and deductible temporary difference can be utilised. The expiry years of tax losses for which no deferred tax assets have been recognised at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

15. 遞延所得税(續)

於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團並未就主要與非流動資產折舊撥備及減值虧損人關學公司投資減值虧損有關並可供抵銷未來利潤的未動用税項虧損人民幣1,679,855,000元(二零二一年:人民幣1,606,964,000元)及可扣減暫時差額人民幣348,312,000元(二零二一年:人民幣473,321,000元)確認遞延税項資產。由於應課稅利潤用作抵銷未動用稅項虧損及可扣減暫時差額之可能性不大,故並無就該等可扣減差額及稅項虧損確認遞延稅項資產。於報告期末,未確認遞延稅項資產之稅項虧損屆滿年期如下:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Tax losses without expiry date	無到期日之税項虧損	106,143	114,920
Tax losses expiring in year 2021	於二零二一年到期之税項虧損	-	10,550
Tax losses expiring in year 2022	於二零二二年到期之税項虧損	311,646	361,984
Tax losses expiring in year 2023	於二零二三年到期之税項虧損	274,801	276,872
Tax losses expiring in year 2024	於二零二四年到期之税項虧損	462,672	473,857
Tax losses expiring in year 2025	於二零二五年到期之税項虧損	355,362	368,781
Tax losses expiring in year 2026	於二零二六年到期之税項虧損	169,231	
		1,679,855	1,606,964

Dividends derived from the Company's subsidiaries in the PRC earned after 1 January 2008 are subject to withholding tax at the rate of 5%. For each reporting period, the Group reassessed its needs to make distributions out of its subsidiaries in the PRC. As at 30 June 2022, no provision for withholding tax has been made (2021: Nil), as unremitted earnings of those subsidiaries in the PRC are not expected to be distributed in the foreseeable future. As at 30 June 2022, unremitted earnings amounted to RMB234,654,000 (2021: RMB303,038,000).

於二零零八年一月一日後賺取之股息來源於本公司於中國附屬公司,並須繳付5%的預扣稅。於各報告期間,本集團重估其自中國附屬公司作出分派的預期該等中國內地附屬公司的未匯出盈利於可預見將來不會分派,故並無就預扣稅作出任何撥備(二零二一年:無)。於二零二二年六月三十日,未匯出盈利為人民幣234,654,000元(二零二一年:人民幣303,038,000元)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY	Designated FVOCI 指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	T具分類 Financial assets measured at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量 的金融資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Financial assets 金融資產 As at 30 June 2022 於二零二二年六月三十日 Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收款項 Unlisted equity instruments 非上市權益工具 受限制現金 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	- 12,056 - -	101,443 - 30,488 57,795	101,443 12,056 30,488 57,795
	12,056	189,726	201,782
Financial assets 金融資產 As at 30 June 2021 於二零二一年六月三十日 Trade and other receivables 貿易及其他應收款項 Unlisted equity instruments Restricted cash Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	9,265 —	91,814 - 34,724 33,091	91,814 9,265 34,724 33,091
	9,265	159,629	168,894

16.

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY (continued)

16. 金融工具分類(續)

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量的金融負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元

Financial liabilities	金融負債	
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日	
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	354,101
Borrowings	借款	40,000
		394,101
	- 1	
Financial liabilities	金融負債	
As at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	3,930
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	324,098
		328,028

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

17. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

17. 貿易及其他應收款項

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			-///
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項		
– From third parties	- 應收第三方款項	97,838	85,794
Prepayments	預付款項		
– Prepayments to third parties	- 預付第三方之款項	24,506	39,650
– Tax input credits – value added ta	x 一進項税額-增值税	2,969	6,013
		27,475	45,663
Other receivables	其他應收款項		
– Deposits	一按金	832	896
- Others	一其他	2,773	5,124
• / / >			
		3,605	6,020
11177		128,918	137,477

Information about the Group's exposure to credit risks of trade and other receivables is included in note 3.1(b) to the consolidated financial statements.

(a) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables are denominated in the following currencies:

有關本集團貿易及其他應收款項所承受的信貸風險的資料載於合併財務報表附註3.1(b)。

(a) 本集團的貿易及其他應收款項賬面 值以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		LHI	1111111
RMB	人民幣	128,307	136,886
HKD	港元	611	591
			\$\$\$
		128,918	137,477

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

18. INVENTORIES

Fin

18. 存貨

VENTORIES	10. IT A	
	2022 2021	
	二零二二年 二零二一年	
	RMB'000 RMB'000	
	人民幣千元 人民幣千元	
nished goods 製成品	190,973 273,916	

For the year ended 30 June 2022, the cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounting to RMB1,065,963,000 (2021: RMB1,026,006,000) (note 27).

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,確認為開支並計入銷售成本的存貨成本為人民幣1,065,963,000元(二零二一年:人民幣1,026,006,000元)(附註27)。

19. RESTRICTED CASH

The balance of the restricted cash was pledged to secure notes payable. As at 30 June 2022, the amount of trade finance facilities utilised by the Group for issuance of notes payables to its suppliers amounting to RMB29,583,000 (2021: RMB34,724,000) (note 24(b)).

All of the restricted cash was denominated in RMB.

As at 30 June 2022, interest rates on restricted cash, with maturities within one year, ranging from 1.90% to 2.05% (2021: 1.82% to 2.05%) per annum.

19. 受限制現金

受限制現金的結餘質押作應付票據的擔保。於二零二二年六月三十日,本集團向其供應商發行應付票據動用的貿易融資貸款金額為人民幣29,583,000元(二零二一年:人民幣34,724,000元)(附註24(b))。

所有受限制現金均以人民幣計值。

於二零二二年六月三十日,一年內到期受限制現金的年利率介乎1.90%至2.05%(二零二一年:1.82%至2.05%)。

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

20. 現金及現金等價物

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
_ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash on hand	庫存現金	434	583
Bank balances	銀行結餘	57,361	32,508
Total	總計	57,795	33,091

Bank balances earn interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

銀行結餘按每日銀行存款利率的浮動利率計息。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

20. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the cash and bank balances were denominated in the following currencies respectively:

20. 現金及現金等價物(續)

於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十 日,現金及銀行結餘分別以下列貨幣計 值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB	人民幣	56,463	32,866
HKD	港元	1,185	181
USD	美元	147	44
Total	總計	57,795	33,091

21. SHARE CAPITAL

21. 股本

Number of	Nominal value of
ordinary shares	ordinary shares
普通股數目	普通股面值
	USE

Authorised:	法定:		
Ordinary shares of USD0.001 each	於二零二零年七月一日每股面值		
as at 1 July 2020	0.001美元的普通股	10,000,000,000	10,000,000
Share consolidation	股份合併	(9,000,000,000)	\ \ \ \ \ \ -\
	/	/ /	\
Ordinary shares of USD0.01 each	於二零二一年六月三十日,二零		
as at 30 June 2021, 1 July 2021 and	二一年七月一日及 二零二二年		
30 June 2022	六月三十日每股面值0.01美元		
	的普通股	1,000,000,000	10,000,000

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

21. SHARE CAPITAL (continued)

Issued and fully paid:

21. 股本(續)

已發行及繳足:

Equivalent

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目	Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值 USD 美元	Equivalent Nominal value ordinary shares 普通股等值面值 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 July 2020 Share consolidation	於二零二零年七月一日 股份合併	3,863,134,451 (3,476,821,006)	3,863,135 -	24,833 -	1,817,387 -
As at 30 June 2021 and 1 July 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日及 二零二一年七月一日	386,313,445	3,863,135	24,833	1,817,387
Issue of subscription shares in November 2021, net of expenses (note a)	於二零二一年十一月發行認購 股份,扣除開支(<i>附註a</i>)	77,262,689	772,626	4,931	3,468
Issue of subscription shares in June 2022, net of expenses (note b)	於二零二二年六月發行認購股份,扣除開支(附註b)	92,715,226	927,152	6,179	5,315
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日	556,291,360	5,562,913	35,943	1,826,170

Note:

- a. On 19 November 2021, the Company completed the issuance of the first batch of subscription shares of the year. A total of 77,262,689 subscription shares have been issued to four independent third parties at the subscription price of HKD0.135 per subscription share, for a cash consideration of HKD10,430,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB8,577,000), before share issue expenses. The proceeds of approximately HKD5,997,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB4,931,000) representing the par value have been credited to the Company's share capital and the remaining proceeds (net of share issue expenses of HKD215,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB178,000) of HKD4,218,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB3,468,000) have been credited to the share premium.
- b. On 7 June 2022, the Company completed the issuance of the second batch of subscription shares of the year. A total of 92,715,226 subscription shares have been issued to four independent third parties at the subscription price of HKD0.15 per subscription share, for a cash consideration of HKD13,907,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB11,682,000), before share issue expenses. The proceeds of approximately HKD7,274,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB6,179,000) representing the par value have been credited to the Company's share capital and the remaining proceeds (net of share issue expenses of HKD220,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB188,000) of HKD6,413,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB5,315,000) have been credited to the share premium.

附註:

- a. 於二零二一年十一月十九日,本公司完成了本年度第一批認購股份的發行。本公司按認購價每股認購股份0.135港元向四名獨立第三方合共發 的現金代價為10,430,000港元(相當於約人民幣8,577,000元)。所得款項約5,997,000港元(相當於約人民幣4,931,000元),為已計入本公司股本的面值,餘下所得款項(扣除股份發行開支215,000港元(相當於約人民幣178,000元)為4,218,000港元(相當於約人民幣3,468,000元)已計入股份溢價。
- b. 於二零二二年六月七日,本公司完成了本年度第二批認購股份的發行。本公司按認購價每股認購股份0.15港元向四名獨立第三方合共發行92,715,226股認購股份・扣除股份發行開支前的現金代價為13,907,000港元(相當於約人民幣1,682,000元)。所得款項約7,274,000港元(相當於約人民幣6,179,000元),為已計入本公司股本的面值,餘下所得款項(扣除股份發行開支220,000港元(相當於約人民幣5,315,000元)為6,413,000港元(相當於約人民幣5,315,000元)已計入股份溢價。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

22. RESERVES

(a) Share premium

Share premium represents the excess of the net proceeds from issuance of the Company's shares over its nominal value. Under the law of the Cayman Islands and the Company's Articles of Association, it is distributable to the Company's shareholders provided that the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business after the distribution.

(b) Capital reserves

Capital reserves includes reserves arising from (i) deemed capital contribution from (distribution to) the then controlling shareholder pursuant to the Group's reorganisation for listing; and (ii) transactions with non-controlling shareholders in connection with changes in the Group's ownership interest in subsidiaries which do not result in loss of control.

(c) Statutory reserves

Under the relevant PRC laws and regulations, PRC companies are required to appropriate 10% of their respective net profits to statutory reserve until such reserve reached 50% of the companies' registered capital. The statutory reserve can be utilised, upon approval by the relevant authorities, to offset accumulated losses or to increase registered capital of the companies, providing that such reserve is maintained at a minimum of 25% of the companies' registered capital.

As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, all profitable companies have already had their statutory reserve reached 50% of their respective registered capital. According to the relevant PRC laws and regulations, there is no statutory requirement for these companies to further appropriate their net profits to statutory reserve.

(d) Fair value reserve (non-recycling)

The reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of Designated FVOCI at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies adopted.

22. 儲備

(a) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司發行股份的所得 款項淨額超出其面值部分。根據開 曼群島法律及本公司組織章程細 則,倘本公司可於分派後償付其於 一般業務過程中到期之債務,則可 分派予本公司股東。

(b) 資本儲備

資本儲備包括(i)根據本集團上市重組視作當時控股股東作出之供款(分派):及(ii)就本集團於附屬公司之所有權權益之變動(該變動不會導致失去控制權)與非控股股東之交易產生的儲備。

(c) 法定儲備

根據有關中國法律及規例,中國公司須將彼等各自純利之10%撥至法定儲備直至該儲備達致該公司註冊資本之50%。法定儲備經有關當局批准後可用於抵銷累計虧損或增加公司之註冊資本,惟該儲備最最低須維持於該公司註冊資本之25%水平。

於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日,全部可盈利公司之法定儲備已達至彼等各自註冊資本的50%。根據有關中國法律及規例,概無法定規定要求該等公司將彼等之純利進一步撥至法定儲備。

(d) 公允價值儲備(不可轉撥)

該儲備包括於報告期末指定為按公 允價值計入其他綜合收益的公允價 值累計變動淨額,並根據所採納的 會計政策處理。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

22. RESERVES (continued)

(e) Share-based compensation reserves

Share-based compensation reserves mainly comprise the fair value of the actual or estimated number of unexercised share options granted to employees of the Group recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for share-based payments.

(f) Other reserves

Other reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations.

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

(a) Share Option Scheme

The Company's share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was approved for adoption on 18 November 2013 and as amended on 20 December 2018 for the purpose to attract skilled and experienced personnel, to incentivize them to remain with the Group and to motivate them to contribute for the future development and expansion of the Group by providing them with the opportunity to acquire equity interests in the Company, as well as for such other purposes as the Board of Directors may approve from time to time. The Share Option Scheme remains in force for a period of 10 years until 17 November 2023.

Subject to the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the Board of Directors may, at their absolute discretion, grant or invite any person belonging to any of the following classes to take up options to subscribe for shares: the Directors (including executive Directors and independent non-executive Directors), the directors of subsidiaries of the Group, the employees, advisers and consultants of the Group, providers of goods and/or services to the Group and persons who have contributed or will contribute to the Group.

22. 儲備(續)

(e) 股份薪酬儲備

股份薪酬儲備主要包括授予本集團 僱員之未行使購股權之實際或估計 數目之公允價值,其按照就股份支 付費用而採納之會計政策確認。

(f) 其他儲備

其他儲備包括海外業務財務報表換 算產生的所有外匯差額。

23. 股份支付費用

(a) 購股權計劃

本公司購股權計劃(「購股權計 劃」)於二零一三年十一月十八日 獲准採納,並於二零一八年十二月 二十日經修訂,旨在通過提供獲取 本公司股本權益的機會吸引有技能 和經驗的人員,激勵他們留任本集 團,鼓勵他們為本集團的未來發會 及擴展作出貢獻,以及就董事會可 能不時批准之其他目的。購股權計 劃有效期直至二零二三年十一月十 七日,為期十年。

在購股權計劃的條款規限下,董事會可按其全權酌情授出或邀請以下任何類別人士接納購股權以認購股份:董事(包括執行董事及獨立非執行董事)、本集團附屬公司的董事、本集團的僱員、顧問及諮詢人、本集團之貨品及/或服務供應商及對本集團作出或將作出貢獻之人士。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

In 2020 annual general meeting (the "2020 AGM"), the resolutions for refreshment of Share Option Scheme mandate limit ("2020 Scheme Mandate Limit") and the share consolidation were passed. The refreshed maximum number of shares that can be allotted and issued upon the exercise of share options which may be granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme under the 2020 Scheme Mandate Limit is 38,631,344, being 10% of the total number of issued shares after the Share Consolidation as at the date of the 2020 AGM. Together with the total of 22,470,000 outstanding share options granted in September 2017 and in March 2019, the Company will be allowed to allot and issue a maximum of 61,101,344 Shares (representing approximately 15.82% of the issued shares as at 30 June 2021).

Besides, the resolutions for approving the shortening and extension of exercise period for the share options granted on 12 September 2017 and 4 March 2019 respectively were also passed in the 2020 AGM.

As at 30 June 2022, unless the 2020 Scheme Mandate Limit is refreshed, the Company may only grant share options to subscribe for up to 38,631,344 shares, representing approximately 7% of the number of shares in issue of the Company, pursuant to the Share Option Scheme.

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

於二零二零年股東週年大會(「二 零二零年股東週年大會」),更新 購股權計劃授權限額(「二零二零 年計劃授權限額」)及股份合併的 決議案獲得通過。本公司根據購 股權計劃可授出的購股權獲行使 後,可予配發及發行的股份數目經 更新後的上限於二零二零年計劃授 權限額項下為38,631,344股,即於 二零二零年股東週年大會日期已發 行股份總數的10%。連同於二零一 七年九月及二零一九年三月向承授 人授出合共22,470,000份未行使購 股權,本公司將獲允許配發及發行 最多61,101,344股股份(佔於二零 二一年六月三十日已發行股份的約 15.82%) 。

此外,批准縮短及延長分別於二零 一七年九月十二日及二零一九年三 月四日授出的購股權行使期的決議 案亦於二零二零年股東週年大會獲 頒過。

於二零二二年六月三十日,根據購股權計劃,本公司僅可授出最多認購38,631,344股股份的購股權,佔本公司已發行股份數目的約7%,惟二零二零年計劃授權限額更新除外。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

Details of share options granted by the Company pursuant to the Share Option Scheme and the share option outstanding as at 30 June 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

本公司根據購股權計劃授出的購股 權及於二零二二年及二零二一年六 月三十日尚未行使的購股權詳情如 下:

Number of share options

購	ПЛ	4部	曲片		
11曲	ΝV	雁	蚁	н	

Grant date 授出日期	Number of share options granted 已授出購股權 數目	Outstanding as at 1 July 2021 於二零二一年 七月一日 尚未行使	購放權數目 Forfeited 已沒收	Exercised 已行使	Outstanding as at 30 June 2022 於二零二二年 六月三十日 尚未行使	Exercise price 行使價 HKD	Exercisable period 行使期間
						港元	
12 September 2017 二零一七年九月十二日	20,000,000 *	20,000,000	-	-	20,000,000	1.648 *	12 October 2017 to 11 September 2027 二零一七年十月十二日至 二零二七年九月十一日
4 March 2019 二零一九年三月四日	30,000,000 *	2,470,000	-	-	2,470,000	0.740 *	4 April 2021 to 3 March 2029 二零二一年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日
	50,000,000 *	22,470,000	_	-	22,470,000		

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

Grant date 授出日期	Number of share options granted 已授出購股權 數目	Numb Outstanding as at 1 July 2020 於二零二零年 七月一日 尚未行使	per of share option 購股權數目 Adjustment for share consolidation 股份合併 之調整	Exercised 已行使	Outstanding as at 30 June 2021 於二零二一年 六月三十日 尚未行使	Exercise price 行使價	Exercisable period 行使期間
						HKD 港元	
12 September 2017 二零一七年	200,000,000	200,000,000	(180,000,000)	-	20,000,000	1.648 *	12 October 2017 to 11 September 2027 二零一七年十月十二日至
九月十二日							二零二七年九月十一日
4 March 2019 二零一九年三月四日	300,000,000	24,700,000	(22,230,000)	-	2,470,000	0.740 *	4 April 2021 to 3 March 2029 二零二一年四月四日至 二零二九年三月三日
	500,000,000	224,700,000	(202,230,000)	-0	22,470,000		

^{*} The weighted average exercise price of the share options and the number of share option granted were adjusted following the share consolidation on 10 December 2020.

As at 30 June 2022, the total number of shares in respect of which options had been granted to its employees and directors was 50,000,000 (2021: 50,000,000), representing 12.94% (2021:12.94%) of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of the 2020 AGM.

於二零二零年十二月十日股份合併後,購 股權及已授出購股權數目加權平均行使價 已經期整。

於二零二二年六月三十日,已授予 其僱員及董事之購股權所涉及股 份總數為50,000,000股(二零二一 年:50,000,000股),相當於本公 司於二零二零年股東週年大會日 期已發行股份的12.94%(二零二一 年:12.94%)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(a) Share Option Scheme (continued)

The following table discloses details of the Company's share options under the Share Option Scheme:

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(a) 購股權計劃(續)

下表披露本公司購股權計劃項下購 股權詳情:

		202	22	2021	
		二零二	二年	—	二一年
		Average exercise price per share	Number of options outstanding	Average exercise price per share	Number of options outstanding
		每股平均行使價	尚未行使 購股權數目	每股平均行使價	尚未行使 購股權數目
		HKD		HKD	
		港元		港元	
At the beginning of year	於年初	1.548	22,470,000	0.1548	224,700,000
Share consolidation	股份合併	-	-	N/A不適用	(202,230,000)
At the end of the reporting period	於報告期末	1.548	22,470,000	1.548	22,470,000

No share options were exercised during the year (2021: Nil). All options are vested as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.

The options outstanding at 30 June 2022 had a weighted average remaining contractual life of 5.37 years (2021: 6.37 years). At the end of the reporting period, the number of exercisable options was 22,470,000 (2021: 22,470,000) with a weighted average exercise price of HKD1.548 (2021: HKD1.548).

於本年度並無購股權獲行使(二零 二一年:無)。於二零二二年及二 零二一年六月三十日,所有購股權 已歸屬。

於二零二二年六月三十日,尚未行使之購股權剩餘加權平均合約年期為5.37年(二零二一年:6.37年)。於報告期末,可行使購股權數目為22,470,000份(二零二一年:22,470,000份),加權平均行使價為1.548港元(二零二一年:1.548港元)。

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

23. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

(b) Share Award Plan

The Company adopted the share award plan (the "Share Award Plan") on 23 April 2014. The purposes of the Share Award Plan are to recognise the contributions by eligible persons to the Group and to provide them with incentives in order to retain them for continual operation and development of the Group and to attract suitable personnel for further development of the Group. The Share Award Plan, unless early terminated, will remain in force for 10 years until 22 April 2024.

Under the plan, the Company has appointed a trust in Hong Kong for administration of the Share Award Plan. The principal activity of the trust is administrating and holding the Company's shares for the Share Award Plan for the benefit of the Company's eligible persons. Pursuant to the Share Award Plan, the Company's shares will be purchased by the trust in the market out of cash contributed by the Company and held in the trust for the Company until such shares are awarded and vested in the relevant beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of the Share Award Plan.

As the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the trust and can derive benefits from the contributions of the employees who have been awarded the shares of the Company through their continued employment with the Group, the Group controls and thus consolidates the trust.

During the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, no shares were awarded under the Share Award Plan. As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, no shares were held by the trust for the purpose of the Share Award Plan.

23. 股份支付費用(續)

(b) 股份獎勵計劃

本公司於二零一四年四月二十三日 採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)。股份獎勵計劃旨在表揚合 資格人士對本集團作出的貢獻並給 予獎勵,以挽留彼等繼續為本集團 的持續營運及發展而效力,並吸引 合適人員加入以推動本集團進一步 發展。除非提前終止,否則股份獎 勵計劃將於截至二零二四年四月二 十二日止十年內一直生效。

根據計劃,本公司已委任一家香港 信託管理股份獎勵計劃。該信託的 主要業務是為本公司合資格人士的 利益就股份獎勵計劃管理及持有本 公司股份。根據股份獎勵計劃常理及持有本 信託將以本公司出資的現金於司 上購買本公司股份,並為本公司於 該信託中持有,直至根據股份獎勵 計劃的條文將該等股份授予並歸屬 於相關受益人。

由於本公司有權監管該信託的財務 及經營政策,並可透過繼續受聘於 本集團而獲授本公司股份的僱員的 貢獻中受益,故本集團控制該信託 並將其綜合入賬。

於截至二零二二年及二零二一年六 月三十日止年度,並無根據股份獎 勵計劃授出任何股份。於二零二二 年及二零二一年六月三十日,該信 託概無根據股份獎勵計劃持有任何 股份。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

24. 貿易及其他應付款項

	24	. 貝易及共他應的	小人"只
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	* / / / / / /		
Trade payables (a)	貿易應付款項(a)		
– To third parties	一應付第三方款項	313,928	269,666
	應付票據(b)	29,583	34,724
Other payables (c)	其他應付款項(c)	46,855	73,604
		76,438	108,328
		390,366	377,994
(a) Details of ageing analysis based	on recognition date of	(a) 基於貿易應付	款項確認日期的賬齡
trade payables are as follows:		分析詳情如下	
		2022	
		2022	2021
		二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
		二零二二年 RMB'000	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000
• •		二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
• •		二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Up to 3 months	3個月以內	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 288,388	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 231,277
Up to 3 months 4 to 6 months	4至6個月	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 288,388 20,148	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months	4至6個月 7至12個月	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 288,388	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 231,277
4 to 6 months	4至6個月	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 288,388 20,148	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 231,277 30,771
4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months	4至6個月 7至12個月	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 288,388 20,148	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 231,277 30,771 6,550
4 to 6 months 7 to 12 months 1 year to 2 years	4至6個月 7至12個月 1年至2年	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 288,388 20,148	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元 231,277 30,771 6,550 558

- (b) As at 30 June 2022, the entire balance of notes payable was secured by restricted cash of RMB30,488,000 (2021: RMB34,724,000) (note 19). As at 30 June 2022 and 2021, the notes payables is expected to be settled within one year.
- (b) 於二零二二年六月三十日,應付票據的全部結餘以受限制現金人民幣30,488,000元(二零二一年:人民幣34,724,000元)作抵押(附註19)。於二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日,應付票據預期於一年內結算。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

(c) Details of other payables are as follows:

24. 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

(c) 其他應付款項詳情如下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and welfare payable	應付薪金及福利	36,265	50,838
Construction payable	應付工程款項	-	16,013
Sales commissions and marketing	銷售佣金及營銷開支		
expenses		562	779
Interest payables	應付利息	898	3-
Other taxes	其他税項	1,304	3,058
Others	其他	7,826	2,916
Total	總計	46,855	73,604

- (d) The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables are denominated in the following currencies:
- (d) 本集團的貿易及其他應收款項賬面 值以下列貨幣計值:

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			1 1 1 1
RMB	人民幣	388,572	376,251
HKD	港元	1,794	1,743
			\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
Total	總計	390,366	377,994

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

25. BORROWINGS

It represented loan advanced from an associate. The amount due is unsecured, carried an interest rate of 3% per annum and wholly repayable on 30 September 2024.

26. OTHER INCOME, GAINS (LOSSES) - NET

25. 借款

其指聯營公司墊付的貸款。該應付款項 為無抵押、年利率為3%及應於二零二 四年九月三十日悉數償還。

26. 其他收入、收益(虧損)-淨額

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Other income	其他收入		
Consultancy service income	諮詢服務收入	5,976	-
Dividend income from equity instruments designated as at FVOCI	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合 收益的權益工具的股息收入	807	_
Others	其他	487	2
Total	總計	7,270	2
Other gains (losses) – net	其他收益(虧損)-淨額		
Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	出售一間附屬公司收益	1,794	-
Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries	註銷附屬公司虧損	(2,010)	(1,112)
Loss on disposals of joint venture	出售合營公司虧損	_	(383)
Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備收益	2,004	
Total	總計	1,788	(1,495)

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

27. EXPENSES BY NATURE

27. 按性質劃分的開支

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Costs of inventories sold (note 18)	已售存貨成本(附註18)	1,065,963	1,026,006
Employee benefit expenses (note 28)	僱員福利開支(附註28)	245,533	316,511
Advertising and other marketing expenses	廣告及其他營銷開支	2,661	47,378
Impairment loss on goodwill and other intangible assets (note 9)	商譽及其他無形資產 減值虧損(附註9)	_	313
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (note 7)	物業、廠房及設備減值虧損 <i>(附註7)</i>	_	3,972
Impairment loss on rights-of-use assets (note 8)	使用權資產減值虧損 (附註8)	_	3,893
Impairment loss on investment in an associate (note 12)	聯營公司投資減值虧損 (附註12)	21,988	210,373
Lease payments on short-term leases (note 8)	短期租賃之租賃款項 (附註8)	65,237	76,383
Lease payments on low-value assets (note 8)	低價值資產之租賃款項 (附註8)	_	88
Transportation and related charges	運輸及相關費用	29,931	33,543
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	物業、廠房及設備折舊 <i>(附註7)</i>	18,540	97,141
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 8)	使用權資產折舊(附註8)	7,515	11,504
Amortisation of intangible assets (note 9)	無形資產攤銷(附註9)	_	275
Other tax expenses	其他税務開支	5,620	3,866
Office and communication expenses	辦公及通訊開支	3,108	8,011
Auditor's remuneration	核數師薪酬	2,138	2,104
Electricity and other utility fees	電費及其他公用設施費	1,839	1,950
Professional fees	專業費用	1,270	597
Travelling and meeting expenses	差旅及會議開支	280	901
Donations	捐贈	_	780
Other expenses	其他開支	126	1,585
		1,471,749	1,847,174

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

28. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

28. 僱員福利開支

		2022	2021
		二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
###T\\\\			
Salaries and wages	薪金及工資	177,245	246,468
Contributions to pension plans	退休金計劃供款	63,469	62,712
Other benefits	其他福利	4,819	7,331
		245,533	316,511

During the year ended 30 June 2021, the PRC government has introduced a series of relief policies on social welfare contribution. The comparatively higher ratio of contributions to pension plans for the year ended 30 June 2022 was mainly attributed to the absence of relief policies on social welfare contribution.

截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度,中 國政府已推出一系列社會福利供款的減 免政策。截至二零二二年六月三十日止 年度的退休金計劃供款比率相對較高乃 主要由於缺少社會福利供款的減免政 策。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

28. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (continued)

(a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include four (2021: three) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented in note 36. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2021: two) individual(s) during the year are as follows:

28. 僱員福利開支(續)

(a) 五名最高薪人士

年度本集團五名最高薪人士包括四名(二零二一年:三名)董事,其薪酬詳情載於附註36所列之分析。年度應付餘下一名(二零二一年:兩名)人士的薪酬如下:

	2022	2021
	二零二二年	二零二一年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Salaries and wages 薪金及津貼	425	855
Contributions to pension plans 退休金計劃供款	5	22
	430	877

The emoluments were paid to the one (2021: two) highest paid individual(s) as follows:

支付予一名(二零二一年:兩名)最 高薪人士的薪酬如下:

	2022 二零二二年 Number of individuals 人數	2021 三零二一年 Number of individuals 人數	
Nil to HKD1,000,000 零至1,000,000港元	1	2	

For the year ended 30 June 2022, neither the directors nor the five highest paid individuals received any emolument from the Group as an inducement to join, upon joining or leaving the Group, or as compensation for loss of office (2021: Nil). 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度,概無董事或五名最高薪人士自本集團收取任何酬金作為加入本集團、加入本集團後或離開本集團的獎勵或作為離職補償(二零二一年:無)。

29. FINANCE INCOME AND COSTS – NET

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2 二零二- RMB 人民幣 ⁻
Finance income	財務收入		
Exchange gains – net	匯兑收益-淨額	1,578	
Interest income	利息收入	2,064	1,
		3,642	1,
Finance costs	財務成本		
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	(276)	(1,
Interest on borrowings	借款利息	(898)	
Exchange losses – net	匯兑虧損-淨額	_	(10,
Other charges	其他費用	(146)	(
		(1,320)	(11,
Finance income (costs) – net	財務收入(成本)-淨額	2,322	(10)

30. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

30. 所得税開支

2022

2021

29. 財務收入及成本一淨額

	二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Deferred income tax (note 15)	_	5,203
「otal income tax expenses 所得税開支總額	_	5,203

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

30. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued)

The difference between the actual taxation charge in profit or loss and the amounts which would result from applying the enacted tax rate to loss before income tax can be reconciled as follows:

30. 所得税開支(續)

損益內實際税項費用與就除所得税前虧 損應用法定税率所得款項的差異對賬如 下:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
			•
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(188,013)	(670,804)
Tax calculated at PRC statutory tax rate of 25% (2021: 25%) Tax effects of:	(二零二一年:25%) 以下各項的税務影響:	(47,003)	(167,700)
 Expenses not deductible for tax purpose 	一不可扣税開支	1,170	3,499
- Income not subject to tax	一毋須納税的收入	(905)	(340)
– Tax losses for which no deferred	一未確認遞延所得税資產的税	, ,	, ,
income tax asset was recognised – Utilisation of tax losses previously	項虧損 一利用先前未確認的税項虧損	42,315	93,085
not recognised		(920)	· ·
 Effect of different applicable tax rates for certain subsidiaries 	一若干附屬公司不同適用税率 的影響	241	1,624
 Results of joint ventures and an associate 	一合營公司及聯營公司的業績	406	(805)
– Unrecognised temporary differences	一未確認的暫時差額	4,696	70,637
– Reversal of deferred tax	一遞延税項撥回	_	5,203
		-	5,203

Hong Kong profits tax has not been provided as there were no assessable profits subject to Hong Kong profits tax for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021. The subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC are subject to corporate income tax at a rate of 25% (2021: 25%) on its taxable income or deemed profit method as determined in accordance with the relevant PRC income tax rules and regulations.

截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度並無須繳納香港利得稅之應課稅利潤,因此並未計提香港利得稅撥備。根據有關中國所得稅規則及法規,本集團的中國附屬公司須就所確定的應課稅收入按25%(二零二一年:25%)的稅率或核定徵收方法繳納企業所得稅。

合併財務報表附註

Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

31. LOSS PER SHARE

(a) Basic

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

31. 每股虧損

(a) 基本

每股基本虧損乃按本公司擁有人應 佔年度虧損除以年度已發行普通股 加權平均數計算。

	2022 二零二二年	2021 二零二一年
Loss attributable to owners of the 本公司擁有人應佔虧損		
Company (in RMB'000) (人民幣千元) Weighted average number of ordinary 已發行普通股加權平均股數	(187,647)	(675,396)
shares in issue (in thousands) (千股)	439,825	386,313
Basic loss per share (RMB cents) 每股基本虧損(人民幣分)	(42.66)	(174.83)

The number of shares for the purpose of calculating basic loss per share for the Year has been adjusted to reflect the subscription shares issued during the year.

Details of which has been set out in note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

(b) Diluted

Diluted loss per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

As the effect of the assumed conversion of the potential ordinary shares from exercising the Company's share options is anti-dilutive, the basic loss per share are equal to diluted loss per share for the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

就計算本年度每股基本虧損而 言,股份數目已進行調整以反映本 年度已發行的認購股份。

有關詳情載於合併財務報表附註 21。

(b) 攤薄

每股攤薄虧損乃透過調整發行在外 普通股加權平均數,以假設轉換所 有潛在攤薄普通股而計算。

由於假設因行使本公司購股權而轉換之潛在普通股具反攤薄作用,故截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月三十日止年度之每股基本虧損與每股攤薄虧損相同。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

32. DIVIDENDS

The Board does not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the Year (2021: Nil).

33. OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(a) Reconciliation of loss before income tax to cash used in operations:

32. 股息

董事會並不建議派付本年度之任何股息 (二零二一年:無)。

33. 其他現金流量資料

(a) 除所得税前虧損與經營所用現金之 對賬:

		2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 <i>人民幣千元</i>	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人 <i>民幣千</i> 元
Loss for the year	年度虧損	(188,013)	(676,007)
Adjustments for:	調整:		
- Income tax expenses (note 30)	一所得税開支(<i>附註30)</i>	-	5,203
- Dividend income from equity instruments designated as at FVOCI (note 26)	一指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權 益工具的股息收入(附註26)	(807)	-
- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (note 7)	-物業、廠房及設備折舊 <i>(附註7)</i>	18,540	97,141
– Depreciation of right-of-use assets (note 8)	-使用權資產折舊 <i>(附註8)</i>	7,515	11,504
- Amortisation of intangible assets (note 9)	一無形資產攤銷 <i>(附註9)</i>	-	275
- Gain on disposals of property, plant and equipment (note 26)	-出售物業、廠房及設備收益 <i>(附註26)</i>	(2,004)	· -
- Loss on deregistration of subsidiaries (note 26)	一註銷附屬公司虧損(附註26)	2,010	1,112
– Loss on disposal of joint ventures (note 26)	一出售合營公司虧損(附註26)	-	383
– Gain on disposal of a subsidiary (note 26)	一出售一間附屬公司收益(附註26)	(1,794)	1 1 1
- Impairment loss on other intangible assets (note 9)	-其他無形資產減值虧損(附註9)	-	313
– Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment (note 7)	-物業、廠房及設備減值虧損 <i>(附註7)</i>	-	3,972
- Impairment loss on right-of-use assets (note 8)	-使用權資產減值虧損(<i>附註8</i>)	-	3,893
- Impairment loss on investment in an associate (note 12)	一聯營公司投資減值虧損(附註12)	21,988	210,373
- Change in fair value of biological assets (note 14)	一生物資產公允價值變動(<i>附註14)</i>	(409)	(90)
– Finance (income) cost – net (note 29)	-財務(收入)成本-淨額(<i>附註29)</i>	(2,322)	10,615
- Share of post-tax results of joint ventures (note 11)	一分佔合營公司除税後業績(附註11)	-	(9)
- Share of post-tax results of an associate (note 12)	一分佔聯營公司除税後業績 <i>(附註12)</i>	1,625	(3,211)
- Effect on foreign exchange rate changes	- 外幣匯率變動之影響	4	258
		(143,667)	(334,275)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
- Inventories	一存貨	72,620	36,942
– Trade and other receivables	一貿易及其他應收款項	5,346	40,884
- Trade and other payables	一貿易及其他應付款項	23,117	143,137
Cash used in operations	經營所用現金	(42,584)	(113,312)

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

33. OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities: The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

33. 其他現金流量資料(續)

(b) 融資活動產生的負債對賬: 下表詳列本集團融資活動產生的 負債變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生的負債為已或將 於本集團合併現金流量表分類為融 資活動產生現金流量之現金流量或 未來現金流量的負債。

	~	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 8) (附註8)	Borrowings 借款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (note 25) (附註25)	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
As at 1 July 2020	於二零二零年七月一日	14,141	- -	14,141
Cash flows:	現金流量:			
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債	(10,211)	-	(10,211)
As at 30 June 2021 and 1 July 2021	於二零二一年六月 三十日及二零二一年 七月一日	3,930	_	3,930
Cash flows: Repayment of lease liabilities Inception of borrowings	現金流量: 償還租賃負債 新增借款	(3,930)	- 40,000	(3,930) 40,000
	0	(3,930)	40,000	36,070
As at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年 六月三十日	-	40,000	40,000

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

34. COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure commitments

The Group had no significant capital commitment as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.

35. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The transactions with related parties are carried out on pricing and settlement terms agreed with counterparties in the ordinary course of business.

(a)

34. 承擔

資本開支承擔

本集團於二零二二年及二零二一年六月 三十日並無任何重大資本承擔。

35. 關聯方交易

關聯方交易乃於一般業務過程中按與對 手方協定的定價及結算條款進行。

Transactions with related parties	(a) 關聯方交易 2022 二零二二年 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Joint ventures of the Company: 本公司合營公司: - Sale of goods - 銷售貨品	-	2,533
Companies controlled by a director of 本公司董事控制的公司: the Company: - Lease payments on short-term	_	3,000
Director of the Company: 本公司董事: - Lease payments on short-term leases 本公司董事: - 短期租賃之租賃款項	500	500
An associate of the Company: 本公司聯營公司: - Interest expenses -利息開支	898	

None of these related party transactions constitutes a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction which are required to be disclosed in this annual report in compliance with the requirements under Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.

概無該等關聯方交易構成因遵守聯交所 證券上市規則第14A章規定而須於本年 報內披露的關連交易或持續關連交易。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

35. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors (executive and nonexecutive), members of the Executive Committee, the Company Secretary and the Head of Internal Audit. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

35. 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括董事(執行董事 和非執行董事)、執行委員會成 員、公司秘書及內部審計主任。就 僱員服務已付或應付主要管理人員 薪酬如下:

	2022 二零二二年 RMB′000 人民幣千元	2021 二零二一年 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Salaries and other short-term employee 薪金及其他短期僱員福利 benefits Post-employment benefits 離職後福利	3,480 30	3,326 32
	3,510	3,358

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

36. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive is set out below:

For the year ended 30 June 2022

Emoluments paid or payable to a person in respect of services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking:

36. 董事福利及權益

(a) 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬

各董事及最高行政人員之薪酬載列 如下:

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度 就作為董事(無論本公司或其附屬 公司)之服務支付或應付予該人士 之薪酬:

						Employer's contribution	
Name		Fees	Salaries and allowances	Discretionary bonuses	Share-based	to retirement benefit scheme	Total
Name		rees	dilowdilces	DOMUSES	payments	僱主退休金	IOIdi
姓名		袍金	薪金及工資	酌情花紅	股份支付費用	計劃供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	• / /						
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Jin Dongtao (Note (a))	金東濤先生(附註(a))	96	658	-	-	5	759
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	96	411	-	-	5	512
Mr. CHU Chuanfu (Note (a))	初川富先生(<i>附註(a))</i>	93	377	-	-	-	470
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	223	247	-	-	-	470
Mr. Sun Libo (Note (b))	孫立波先生(<i>附註(b))</i>	8	-	-	-	-	8
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	152	_	_	_	_	152
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	152	-	-	-	-	152
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	152	-	-	-	-	152
		070	4 /02			40	0 / 75
		972	1,693	-	-	10	2,675

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022

截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

36. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 36. 董事福利及權益(續) (continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

For the year ended 30 June 2021

Emoluments paid or payable to a person in respect of services as a director, whether of the Company or its subsidiary undertaking:

(a) 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬(續) 截至二零二一年六月三十日止年度 就作為董事(無論本公司或其附屬 公司)之服務支付或應付予該人士 之薪酬:

						Employer's	
			Salaries and	Discretionary	Share-based	contribution to retirement	
Name		Fees	allowances	bonuses	payments	benefit scheme	Total
						僱主退休金	
姓名		袍金	薪金及工資	酌情花紅	股份支付費用	計劃供款	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Mr. Jin Dongtao	金東濤先生	100	617	-	-	5	722
Mr. Jin Dongkun	金東昆先生	99	386	-	-	5	490
Mr. Zhao Zehua	趙澤華先生	230	232	-	-	-	462
Mr. Sun Libo	孫立波先生	105	231	-	-	-	336
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Ms. Chiang Su Hui Susie	江素惠女士	157	-	-	-	-	157
Mr. Cheng Sheung Hing	鄭雙慶先生	157	-	-		-	157
Mr. Zou Haiyan	鄒海燕先生	157	-				157
		1,005	1,466	-	-	10	2,481

Note:

BH 章主

- (a) 金東濡先生(「金先生」),於二零二一年八月一日辭任本公司首席執行官(「首席執行官」)。金先生將繼續擔任本公司董事會主席及執行董事。初川富先生於二零二一年八月一日獲委任為本公司首席執行官。
- (b) 孫立波先生於二零二一年八月一日辭任本 公司執行董事。

⁽a) Mr. Jin Dongtao ("Mr. Jin") resigned as the chief executive officer ("CEO") of the Company on 1 August 2021. Mr. Jin will continue acting as the chairman of the Board of Directors and as executive director of the Company. Mr. Chu Chuanfu was appointed as the CEO of the Company on 1 August 2021.

⁽b) Mr. Sun Libo resigned as an executive director of the Company on 1 August 2021.

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

36. BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS 36. 董事福利及權益(續) (continued)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

During the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of these directors as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group, or as a compensation for loss of office.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years ended 30 June 2022 and 2021.

(b) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Saved as disclosed in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2021: Nil).

(a) 董事及最高行政人員之薪酬(續) 截至二零二二年及二零二一年六月 三十日止年度,本集團並無向任何 董事支付任何酬金作為加入本集團

職補償。
於截至二零二二年及二零二一年六

月三十日止年度,概無董事放棄或

或加入本集團後的獎勵,或作為離

(b) 董事於交易、安排或合約的重大 權益

同意放棄任何薪酬的安排。

除合併財務報表附註35所披露者 外,本公司概無訂立與本集團業務 有關且本公司董事於當中擁有重 大權益(不論直接或間接)而於年 末或年內任何時間仍存續的重大 交易、安排及合約(二零二一年: 無)。

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

ASSETS

Non-current assets

Investments in subsidiaries

Equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income

Loans to subsidiaries

Total non-current assets

Other receivables

Total current assets

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Accumulated losses

Share capital

Reserves

Total equity

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities

Total liabilities

Other payables

Total equity and liabilities

Equity attributable to owners of the Company

Total assets

Cash and cash equivalents

Current assets

37. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF 37. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動情 THE COMPANY

資產

非流動資產

非流動資產總額

流動資產

流動資產總額

資產總額

權益及負債

權益總額

流動負債

負債總額

權益及負債總額

負債

本公司擁有人應佔權益

	X1.77 (17)	11/1/1		_
(a)	Balance	sheet o	ot the	Company

	况		
	(a)	本公司資產負債表	₹
	Note	2022	2021
	附註	二零二二年	二零二一年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
/////		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
產			
流動資產			
於附屬公司之投資		3,533	3,533
貸款予附屬公司		58,859	84,292
指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合		30,037	04,272
相足為依名尤頂區計八英他綜古 收益的權益工具	13	12,056	9,265
who well him when July have			
流動資產總額		74,448	97,090
動資產			
其他應收款項		332,039	503,618
現金及現金等價物		1,157	156
動資產總額		333,196	503,774
產總額		407,644	600,864
e sereni			V27 7 F
益及負債			
公司擁有人應佔權益	04	25.042	04.000
股本	21	35,943	24,833
儲備	37(b)	1,192,007	1,180,725
累計虧損	37(b)	(833,079)	(631,549)
益總額		394,871	574,009
/ =			
.債 動負債			
與與價 其他應付款項		12,773	26,855
債總額		12,773	26,855

407,644

600,864

合併財務報表附註
Year ended 30 June 2022
截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

37. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(a) Balance sheet of the Company (continued)

These balance sheet of the Company was approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 September 2022 and signed on its behalf by

37. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動情況(續)

(a) 本公司資產負債表(續) 本公司之該等資產負債表由董事會 於二零二二年九月二十七日批准及 授權刊發並由以下董事代為簽署

Jin Dongtao 金東濤 Director 董事 Zhao Zehua 趙澤華 Director 董事

合併財務報表附註 Year ended 30 June 2022 截至二零二二年六月三十日止年度

37. BALANCE SHEET AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (continued)

(b) Reserve movement of the Company

37. 本公司資產負債表及儲備變動情况(續)

Other

Accumulated

(b) 本公司儲備變動情況

Reserves

儲備

Share-based
Share compensation Fair value reserve

		premium	reserves	(non- recycling)	reserves	Sub-total	losses	Total
		股份溢價	股份薪酬儲備	公允價值儲備 (不可轉撥)	其他儲備	小計	累計虧損	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
					(note)			
* *					(附註)			
Balance at 1 July 2020	於二零二零年七月一日的結餘	1,817,387	13,513	(9,865)	(635,244)	1,185,791	(213,787)	972,004
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	_	= -	-	_	(417,762)	(417,762)
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具之公允價 值變動	-	-	(5,066)	-	(5,066)	-	(5,066)
Total comprehensive loss	綜合虧損總額	-	-	(5,066)	=	(5,066)	(417,762)	(422,828)
Balance at 30 June 2021	於二零二一年六月三十日的結餘	1,817,387	13,513	(14,931)	(635,244)	1,180,725	(631,549)	549,176
Balance at 1 July 2021	於二零二一年七月一日的結餘	1,817,387	13,513	(14,931)	(635,244)	1,180,725	(631,549)	549,176
Loss for the year	年度虧損	-	-	-	-	-	(201,530)	(201,530)
Fair value changes in equity instruments designated as fair value through other comprehensive income	指定為按公允價值計入其他綜合收益的權益工具之公允價 值變動	-	-	2,499	-	2,499	-	2,499
Total comprehensive income (loss)	综合收益(虧損)總額	-	-	2,499	-	2,499	(201,530)	(199,031)
	常在七 / N 世 μ 韦 在七 → 白 / N → 日							
Transaction with owners in their capacity as owners Issue of subscription shares in November 2021, net of expenses (note 21(a))	與 擁有人(以其作為擁有人之身份)交易 於二零二一年十一月發行認購股份,扣除開支 <i>(附註21(a))</i>	3,468	_	_	_	3,468	_	3,468
	於二零二二年六月發行認購股份·扣除開支 <i>(附註21(b))</i>	5,315				5,315		5,315
[1016-£1 U]]		J ₁ J 1J				J _I JIJ		UIUIU
Total transaction with owners in their capacity as owners	與擁有人(以其作為擁有人之身份)交易總額	8,783	-	-	-	8,783	-	8,783
Balance at 30 June 2022	於二零二二年六月三十日的結餘	1,826,170	13,513	(12,432)	(635,244)	1,192,007	(833,079)	358,928

Note: Other reserves represent the deemed distribution upon the Group's reorganisation for listing.

附註:其他儲備指本集團上市重組後視為分配。

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務資料概要

A summary of the results and of the assets, liabilities and non-controlling interests of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the published audited financial statements, is set out below.

下文載列本集團於過往五個財政年度的業績以及資產、負債及非控股權益概要,乃摘錄自已刊發經審核財務報表。

RESULTS			業績			
			212//02			For the
						eighteen
						months
						ended
						30 June
			For the year end			2018
			截至六月三十			截至
		2022	2021	2020	2019	二零一八年六月三十日止
		二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	十八個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	<i></i>	A				_
Revenue	收益	1,273,572	1,185,168	1,510,126	2,424,416	3,968,907
	-11//		,			
Gross profit	毛利潤	204,162	156,904	188,500	326,807	652,091
Loss before income tax	除所得税前虧損	(188,013)	(670,804)	(492,226)	(263,866)	(963,878)
Income tax (expenses) credit	所得税(開支)抵免	-	(5,203)	(1,245)	(3,237)	39,087
Loss for the year/period	年度/期內虧損	(188,013)	(676,007)	(493,471)	(267,103)	(924,791)
	1111111				1-1	1 1
Loss attributable to:	下列各方應佔虧損:					
– Owners of the Company	一本公司擁有人	(187,647)	(675,396)	(491,405)	(265,629)	(917,007)
- Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益	(366)	(611)	(2,066)	(1,474)	(7,784)
	HTTE SK					TT
		(188,013)	(676,007)	(493,471)	(267,103)	(924,791)

FINANCIAL SUMMARY 財務資料概要

ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND NON-CONTROLLING 資產、負債及非控股權益 INTERESTS

			As at 30 June						
		於六月三十日							
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018				
	二零二二年	二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年				
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000				
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元				
		/							
Total assets 資產總值	839,076	957,841	1,495,102	2,003,340	2,229,330				
Total liabilities 負債總額	(430,366)	(381,924)	(249,748)	(269,547)	(291,955)				
Non-controlling interests 非控股權益	(579)	(945)	(1,556)	(3,622)	(20,419)				

Equity attributable to 本公司擁有人應佔權益									
owners of the Company	408,131	574,972	1,243,798	1,730,171	1,916,956				

