THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this circular or as to the action to be taken, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, professional accountant or other professional adviser.

If you have sold all your shares in Aluminum Corporation of China Limited*, you should at once hand this circular to the purchaser or to the bank, stockbroker or other agent through whom the sale was effected for transmission to the purchaser.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this circular, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this circular.



(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 2600)

2022 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

A notice convening the 2022 second extraordinary general meeting to be held at the Company's conference room, No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, the PRC at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday, 29 September 2022 is set out on page 101 to page 102 of this circular.

A reply slip and a form of proxy for use at the EGM are enclosed and are also published on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk). Shareholders who intend to attend the EGM should complete and return the reply slip in accordance with the instructions printed thereon on or before Thursday, 8 September 2022. Shareholders who intend to appoint a proxy to attend the meeting are requested to complete the form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon. In the case of H Shareholders, the form of proxy shall be lodged with the H Shares Registrar of the Company, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, and in the case of A Shareholders, the form of proxy shall be lodged at the Company's Board Office at No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, the PRC, Postal Code 100082 as soon as possible and in any event not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and return of the form of proxy will not prevent you from attending and voting in person at the EGM or any adjournment if you so wish.

CONTENTS

	Page
DEFINITIONS	ii
LETTER FROM THE BOARD	1
APPENDIX I - PARTICULARS OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION	6
APPENDIX II - PARTICULARS OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING	57
APPENDIX III - PARTICULARS OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD MEETING	74
NOTICE OF 2022 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING	101

DEFINITIONS

In this circular, the following expressions have the following meanings unless the context requires otherwise:

"A Share(s)" the ordinary share(s) denominated in RMB issued by the Company

which are subscribed for in RMB and listed on the Shanghai Stock

Exchange;

"A Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of A Shares;

"ADS(s)" the American Depository Share(s) issued by the Bank of New

York Mellon as the depository bank and listed on the New York

Stock Exchange, with each ADS representing 25 H Shares;

"Articles of Association" the articles of association of the Company;

"Board" the board of directors of the Company;

"Chinalco" Aluminum Corporation of China* (中國鋁業集團有限公司), a

wholly state-owned enterprise established in the PRC and the controlling Shareholder of the Company holding directly and indirectly approximately 31.95% of the total issued share capital

of the Company as at the Latest Practicable Date;

"Company" Aluminum Corporation of China Limited* (中國鋁業股份有限公

司), a joint stock limited company incorporated in the PRC, the A Shares, H Shares and ADS(s) of which are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the New

York Stock Exchange, respectively;

"connected person(s)" has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong

Listing Rules;

"Director(s)" the director(s) of the Company;

"EGM" the 2022 second extraordinary general meeting to be held at the

Company's conference room, No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, the PRC at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday, 29

September 2022;

"H Share(s)" the overseas-listed foreign invested share(s) in the Company's

share capital, with a nominal value of RMB1.00 each, which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and subscribed for in

Hong Kong dollars;

DEFINITIONS

"H Shareholder(s)" holder(s) of H Shares; "Hong Kong" the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC; "Hong Kong Listing Rules" the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited; "Hong Kong Stock Exchange" The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited; "Independent Board the independent board committee comprising all independent Committee" non-executive Directors to be formed for the purpose of advising the Independent Shareholders in relation to the transaction contemplated under the Shares Transfer Agreement; "Independent Financial Adviser" VBG Capital Limited, a licensed corporation to carry on Type 1 (dealing in securities) and Type 6 (advising on corporate finance) regulated activities under the SFO, and the independent financial adviser to the Independent Board Committee and the Independent Shareholders in respect of the transaction contemplated under the Shares Transfer Agreement; "Independent Shareholder(s)" the Shareholder(s) (other than Chinalco and its associates) who are not required to abstain from voting on the resolution to be proposed at the EGM to approve the Company's proposed acquisition of 19% equity interests in Yunnan Aluminum; "Latest Practicable Date" 8 August 2022, being the latest practicable date of ascertaining certain information contained in this circular prior to its publication; "RMB" Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC;

DEFINITIONS

"Shares Transfer Agreement" the shares transfer agreement dated 24 July 2022 entered into between the Company and Yunnan Metallurgical, pursuant to which the Company has agreed to acquire and Yunnan Metallurgical has agreed to dispose of 658,911,907 shares in Yunnan Aluminum (representing approximately 19% of the total issued share capital of Yunnan Aluminum); "Share(s)" A Share(s) and H Share(s); "Shareholder(s)" A Shareholder(s) and H Shareholder(s); "subsidiary(ies)" has the same meaning ascribed thereto under the Hong Kong Listing Rules; Yunnan Aluminum Co., Ltd.* (雲南鋁業股份有限公司), a joint "Yunnan Aluminum" stock limited company incorporated in the PRC, the A Shares of which are listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange (stock code: 000807), and a subsidiary of Yunnan Metallurgical as at the Latest Practicable Date: Yunnan Metallurgical Group Co., Ltd.* (雲南冶金集團股份有限 "Yunnan Metallurgical" 公司), a joint stock limited company incorporated in the PRC and a subsidiary of Chinalco as at the Latest Practicable Date; and "%" per cent.



(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 2600)

Executive Directors: Registered office:

Mr. Liu Jianping No. 62 North Xizhimen Street

Mr. Zhu Runzhou Haidian District
Mr. Ou Xiaowu Beijing

Mr. Jiang Tao The People's Republic of China

Non-executive Directors:

Mr. Zhang Jilong

Mr. Chen Pengjun

Principal place of business:

No. 62 North Xizhimen Street

Haidian District

Independent non-executive Directors:

Mr. Qiu Guanzhou

The People's Republic of China

Mr. Yu Jinsong Postal code: 100082

Principal place of business in Hong Kong:

Room 4501

Far East Finance Centre

Postal code: 100082

No. 16 Harcourt Road, Admiralty

Hong Kong

12 August 2022

To the Shareholders

Ms. Chan Yuen Sau Kelly

Dear Sirs or Madams,

2022 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

I. INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this circular is to provide you with the notice of the EGM and all the information reasonably necessary to enable you to make informed decisions on whether to vote for or against the resolutions to be proposed at the EGM for consideration:

ORDINARY RESOLUTION

1. To consider and approve the resolution in relation to the Company's proposed acquisition of 19% equity interests in Yunnan Aluminum.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

 To consider and approve the resolution in relation to the amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting and the Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting.

II. MAJOR AND CONNECTED TRANSACTION IN RESPECT OF ACQUISITION OF 19% EQUITY INTERESTS IN YUNNAN ALUMINUM

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated 24 July 2022 in relation to the major and connected transaction in respect of the Company's proposed acquisition of 19% equity interests in Yunnan Aluminum.

On 24 July 2022, the Company entered into the Shares Transfer Agreement with Yunnan Metallurgical, pursuant to which, the Company has agreed to acquire and Yunnan Metallurgical has agreed to dispose of 658,911,907 shares in Yunnan Aluminum, representing approximately 19% of the total issued share capital of Yunnan Aluminum. Upon the completion of aforesaid shares transfer, the Company will hold 1,009,202,685 shares in Yunnan Aluminum, representing approximately 29.10% of the total issued share capital of Yunnan Aluminum. The financial results of Yunnan Aluminum will be consolidated into the financial statements of the Company, and Yunnan Aluminum will become a subsidiary of the Company.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Chinalco is the controlling Shareholder of the Company, and Yunnan Metallurgical is a subsidiary of Chinalco. Therefore, Yunnan Metallurgical is a connected person of the Company under the Hong Kong Listing Rules. As the highest applicable percentage ratio (as defined under the Hong Kong Listing Rules) in respect of the transaction contemplated under the Shares Transfer Agreement exceeds 25% but is less than 100%, the transaction constitutes a major transaction under Chapter 14 of the Hong Kong Listing Rules and a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules. Accordingly, the transaction is subject to reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14 and Chapter 14A of the Hong Kong Listing Rules.

The above resolution has been considered and passed at the second meeting of the eighth session of the Board of the Company held on 24 July 2022 and is hereby submitted by the Board to the EGM for consideration and approval by way of an ordinary resolution. A supplemental circular containing, among other things, details of the transaction, a letter from the Independent Board Committee and a letter from the Independent Financial Adviser will be despatched to the Shareholders on or before 14 September 2022.

III. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION, THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING AND THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD MEETING

References is made to the announcement of the Company dated 21 June 2022, in relation to the Board's proposed amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited* (the "Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting") and the Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited* (the "Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting").

As considered and approved at the first meeting of the eighth session of the Board of the Company, in accordance with the latest revised Guidelines on the Articles of Association of Listed Companies (Revised 2022), the Rules Governing the Listing of Stocks on the Shanghai Stock Exchange (Revised January 2022), the Hong Kong Listing Rules and other relevant laws, regulations and normative documents, taking into account the actual situation of the Company, the Board proposed to make amendments to the relevant articles of the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting and the Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting. The particulars of the proposed amendments are set out in the Appendix I, Appendix II and Appendix III of this circular.

The Board is of the opinion that, the proposed amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting and the Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting of the Company are in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

IV. EGM

A notice convening the EGM to be held at the Company's conference room, No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, the PRC at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday, 29 September 2022 is set out on page 101 to page 102 of this circular.

A reply slip and a form of proxy for use at the EGM are enclosed and are also published on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk). Shareholders who intend to attend the EGM should complete and return the reply slip in accordance with the instructions printed thereon on or before Thursday, 8 September 2022. Shareholders who intend to appoint a proxy to attend the EGM are requested to complete the form of proxy in accordance with the instructions printed thereon. In the case of H Shareholders, the form of proxy shall be lodged with the H Shares Registrar of the Company, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, and in the case of A Shareholders, the form of proxy shall be lodged with the Company's Board Office at No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, the PRC, Postal Code 100082 as soon as possible and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM or any adjournment thereof (as the case may be). Completion and return of the form of proxy will not prevent you from attending and voting in person at the EGM or any adjournment if you so wish.

Chinalco and its associates, holding an aggregate of 5,474,485,019 Shares in the Company (representing approximately 31.95% of the total issued share capital of the Company) as at the Latest Practicable Date (among these Shares, Chinalco directly holds 5,050,376,970 A Shares in the Company, and holds 238,377,795 A Shares and 7,140,254 A Shares of the Company, respectively, through Baotou Aluminum (Group) Co., Ltd.* (包頭鋁業(集團)有限責任公司) and Chinalco Asset Operation and Management Co., Ltd* (中鋁資產經營管理有限公司), and 178,590,000 H Shares of the Company through Aluminum Corporation of China Overseas Holdings Limited* (中鋁海外控股有限公司), each being its subsidiary), shall abstain from voting on the resolution to approve the Company's proposed acquisition of 19% equity interests in Yunnan Aluminum. Saved as disclosed above, to the best knowledge, information and belief of the Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, as at the Latest Practicable Date, none of the Shareholders is required to abstain from voting on the proposed resolutions at the EGM.

Pursuant to Rule 13.39(4) of the Hong Kong Listing Rules, all votes at the EGM will be taken by poll. The Company will announce the results of the poll in accordance with the Hong Kong Listing Rules after the EGM.

V. CLOSURE OF H SHARE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

Pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association, the H Share Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 30 August 2022 to Thursday, 29 September 2022 (both days inclusive). Shareholders whose names appear on the H Share Register of Members on Tuesday, 30 August 2022 are entitled to attend and vote at the EGM after completing the registration procedures for attending the meeting. In order for the H Shareholders to be qualified to attend and vote at the EGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant H Share certificates must be lodged with the Company's H Share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 29 August 2022 for registration.

VI. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) are of the view that the resolutions set out in the notice of the EGM are in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Board recommends the Shareholders to vote in favour of the above proposed resolutions.

By order of the Board

Aluminum Corporation of China Limited*

Ge Xiaolei

Joint Company Secretary

* For identification purposes only

Article 12: Article 12: In accordance with the relevant regulations of the Party Constitution and the Company Law, organizations of the Communist Party of China organizations of the Communist Party of China

the Party Constitution and the Company Law, organizations of the Communist Party of China (hereinafter the "Party") shall be established; the Party Committee shall play the **core** leadership role, providing direction, managing the overall situation and ensuring implementation. The working organs of the Party shall be established, equipped with sufficient staff to deal with Party affairs and provided with sufficient funds to operate the Party organization.

In accordance with the relevant regulations of the Party Constitution and the Company Law, organizations of the Communist Party of China (hereinafter the "Party") shall be established; the Party Committee shall play the leadership role, providing direction, managing the overall situation and **promoting implementation**. The working organs of the Party shall be established, equipped with sufficient staff to deal with Party affairs and provided with sufficient funds to operate the Party organization.

Article 13:

Article 13:

The business purpose of the Company is: to maximize the shareholders' interests, establish the management system and operational mechanism that are in line with international standards, strengthen the management, improve the efficiency; improve the technological content of products guided by the market and via product upgrades and technical innovations, continue reducing the costs, expanding the market share, thus, to improve the Company's overall competitiveness.

The business purpose of the Company is: to maximize the shareholders' interests, implement law-based governance of the Company, establish the management system and operational mechanism that are in line with international standards, strengthen the professional management, improve the efficiency and effectiveness; improve the technological content of products guided by the market and via product upgrades and technical innovations, continue reducing the costs, expanding the market share, thus, to improve the Company's overall competitiveness.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 15:	Article 15:
The Company may, based on business	The Company may, based on business
development demand, establish wholly owned	development demand, establish wholly owned
subsidiaries and holding companies, branches,	subsidiaries and holding companies, branches,
offices and other branches. The subsidiary name	offices and other branches.
should begin with "Chalco", the abbreviation	
for Aluminum Corporation of China Limited.	Subject to the approval by relevant government
The branch name should begin with the full	agencies, the Company may adjust its form and
name of "Aluminum Corporation of China	scope of business timely, and may establish
Limited".	branches (no matter whether or not it is wholly
	owned) and offices inside and outside the People's
Subject to the approval by relevant government	Republic of China as well as in Hong Kong,
agencies, the Company may adjust its form and	Macao or Taiwan according to the business
scope of business timely, and may establish	development demand.
branches (no matter whether or not it is wholly	
owned) and offices inside and outside the People's	
Republic of China as well as in Hong Kong,	
Macao or Taiwan according to the business	
development demand.	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 22:	Article 22:
The Company publicly issued 2,749,889,968 shares of overseas listed foreign investment shares (H shares) after the establishment of the Company, in which, there are 2,499,900,153 shares of new shares and 249,989,815 shares of stock shares sold by part of shareholders.	The Company publicly issued 2,749,889,968 shares of overseas listed foreign investment shares (H shares) after the establishment of the Company, in which, there are 2,499,900,153 shares of new shares and 249,989,815 shares of stock shares sold by part of shareholders.
	With the approval of the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company and the
	approval of the relevant department of the
	State Council, the Company completed the
	registration procedures for new shares under
	the 2021 Restricted Share Incentive Scheme in June 2022. Upon completion of the additional
	new shares, the share capital structure of the
	Company is as follows: 17,134,943,251 ordinary
	shares, of which 13,190,977,283 shares are
	held by holders of A shares, representing
	76.98% of the total issued ordinary shares
	of the Company; and 3,943,965,968 shares
	are held by holders of overseas listed foreign shares, representing 23.02% of the total issued
	ordinary shares of the Company.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 23:	Article 23:
After the Company's plan for the offering of domestic investment shares and overseas listed foreign investment shares has been approved by the CSRC, the Board of Directors of the Company may arrange for implementation of such plan by means of separate issues.	After the Company's plan for the offering of domestic investment shares and overseas listed foreign investment shares has been approved by the CSRC, the Board of Directors of the Company may arrange for implementation of such plan by means of separate issues.
The Company's plans for the offerings of domestic investment shares and overseas listed foreign investment shares in accordance with the preceding paragraph may be implemented separately within 15 months from the date of approval by the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC").	The Company's plans for the offerings of domestic investment shares and overseas listed foreign investment shares in accordance with the preceding paragraph may be implemented separately within the validity period of approval from the date of approval by the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC").
Article 25: The registered capital of the Company is RMB17,022,672,951.	Article 25: The registered capital of the Company is RMB17,134,943,251.

Orig	ginal Articles		Amended Articles
Article 30:		Article	e 30:
circumstances, buy shares in compliant provided for in relevance regulatory require	may, in the following back its own outstanding nee with the requirements ant State laws and regulations, ments or these Articles of approval by relevant State	share	Company shall not repurchase its own s other than under any of the following instances: reduction of its registered capital; merger with another company holding shares of the Company;
(1) reduction of it	s registered capital;		shares of the company,
(2) merger with shares of the C	another company holding Company;	(3)	use of shares for employee shareholding scheme or as equity incentive;
	for employee shareholding equity incentive;	(4)	a shareholder opposes a resolution on the merger or division of the Company adopted at a Shareholders' General Meeting and requests that the Company purchase his or
merger or divi	opposes a resolution on the sion of the Company adopted ders' General Meeting and the Company purchase his or	(5)	her shares; use of shares for conversion of corporate bonds which are convertible into shares issued by the Company;
	for conversion of corporate are convertible into shares Company;	(6)	where it is necessary to safeguard the value of the Company and the rights and interests of its shareholders;
	cessary to safeguard the value ny and the rights and interests ders;	(7)	other circumstances required in laws or administrative regulations.
(7) other circum administrative	stances required in laws or regulations.	shares	Company buys back its own outstanding s, it shall do by the provisions set forth Article 31 to Article 34 of these Articles of iation.
shares, it shall do	by the provisions set forth article 34 of these Articles of		

alike under same conditions.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 32:	Article 32:
If the Company is to buy back shares by agreement outside a stock exchange, prior approval shall be obtained from the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with these Articles of Association. Upon prior approval by the Shareholders' General Meeting obtained in the same manner, the Company may terminate or vary a contract concluded in the manner set forth above or waive any of its rights under such contract.	If the Company is to buy back shares by agreement outside a stock exchange, prior approval shall be obtained from the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with these Articles of Association. Upon prior approval by the Shareholders' General Meeting obtained in the same manner, the Company may terminate or vary a contract concluded in the manner set forth above or waive any of its rights under such contract.
For the purposes of the preceding paragraph, "contracts for the buyback of shares" shall include (but not be limited to) agreements whereby buyback obligations are undertaken and buyback rights are acquired.	For the purposes of the preceding paragraph, "contracts for the buyback of shares" shall include (but not be limited to) agreements whereby buyback obligations are undertaken and buyback rights are acquired.
The Company may not transfer a contract for the buyback of its own shares or any of its rights thereunder. With respect to redeemable shares which the Company has the right to buy back, if the buyback is to be made in a manner other than through the market or by tender, the buyback price must be limited to a maximum price; if the buyback is to be made by tender, tenders shall be available to all shareholders	The Company may not transfer a contract for the buyback of its own shares or any of its rights thereunder.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 43:	Article 43:

If a director, supervisor, the Manager or other senior management staff of the Company, or a holder of at least 5 percent of the shares of the Company, sells the shares of the Company that he or she holds within six months after acquiring the same, or buys such shares back within six months after selling the same, the gains obtained therefrom shall belong to the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company shall recover such gains from him or her. However, a securities company that underwrote shares on a firm commitment basis and which, after purchasing the shares remaining after the sale, holds at least 5 percent of the shares shall not be subject to the six-month time limit when selling such shares.

If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to act in accordance with the preceding paragraph, shareholders shall have the right to demand that the Board of Directors act within 30 days. If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to act within such time period, shareholders shall have the right, in the interests of the Company, to directly institute a legal action in a court in their own name.

If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to act in accordance with the first paragraph, the responsible directors shall be jointly and severally liable in accordance with the laws. If a director, supervisor, the **President** or other senior management staff of the Company, or a holder of at least 5 percent of the shares of the Company, sells the shares of the Company that he or she holds within six months after acquiring the same, or buys such shares back within six months after selling the same, the gains obtained therefrom shall belong to the Company and the Board of Directors of the Company shall recover such gains from him or her. However, a securities company that underwrote shares on a firm commitment basis and which, after purchasing the shares remaining after the sale, holds at least 5 percent of the shares shall not be subject to the six-month time limit when selling such shares.

Directors, supervisors, President and other senior management of the Company shall report to the Company their shareholdings in the Company and changes thereof, and shall not transfer more than 25% of the total number of shares of the Company they hold each year during their terms of office; they shall not transfer the shares of the Company they hold within half a year after they leave their positions; if they leave their positions before the expiration of their terms of office, they shall not transfer more than 25% of the total number of shares of the Company they hold each year before the expiration of their original terms of office and within six months after the expiration of their original terms of office.

The shares held by directors, supervisors, President and other senior management and natural person shareholders referred to in the preceding paragraph include the shares held by their spouses, parents and children and held in others' accounts.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
	If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to act in accordance with the preceding paragraph, shareholders shall have the right to demand that the Board of Directors act within 30 days. If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to act within such time period, shareholders shall have the right, in the interests of the Company, to directly institute a legal action in a court in their own name.
	If the Board of Directors of the Company fails to act in accordance with the first paragraph, the responsible directors shall be jointly and severally liable in accordance with the laws.
Article 48:	Article 48:
No changes resulting from share transfers may be made to the register of shareholders within 30 days prior to a Shareholders' General Meeting or 5 days prior to the date of record set by the Company for the purpose of distribution of dividends.	Where laws, regulations, departmental rules, regulatory documents and securities regulatory authorities of the place where the Company's shares are listed stipulate on the period of closure of the register of members prior to a Shareholders' General Meeting or the record date set by the Company for the purpose of distribution of dividends, such provisions shall prevail.
	The register of holders of overseas listed foreign shares listed in Hong Kong shall not be closed for more than 30 days in total within one year, but may be extended for a further period of up to 30 days upon approval by the Shareholders' General Meeting. If the Company receives an application for inspection of the register of members during the aforesaid period of closure of the register of members, it shall, at the request of the applicant, issue a certificate signed by the company secretary, specifying the approval authority and the period for closure of the register of members.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 54:	Article 54:
The Company's shareholders are persons that lawfully hold shares of the Company and whose names are entered in the register of shareholders.	The Company's shareholders are persons that lawfully hold shares of the Company and whose names are entered in the register of shareholders.
Shareholders shall enjoy rights and bear obligations according to the class and quantity of shares held by them. Holders of shares of the same class shall enjoy equal rights and bear equal obligations.	Shareholders shall enjoy rights and bear obligations according to the class and quantity of shares held by them. Holders of shares of the same class shall enjoy equal rights and bear equal obligations.
For the joint shareholders, if one of the joint shareholders has passed away, the surviving shareholders shall be deemed by the Company to have the ownership of the related shares, but the Board of Directors is entitled to ask for the provision of the suitable death certificate for the purpose of revision of the register of shareholders. For the joint shareholders of any classes of shares, only the first named shareholder in the register of shareholders has the right to receive the share certificates of the related shares, receive the notice of the Company, attend the Shareholders' General Meeting and exercise his or her voting right; while, any notice delivered to the said shareholder shall be deemed as the notice has been delivered to all of the joint shareholders of the related shares.	For the joint shareholders, if one of the joint shareholders has passed away, the surviving shareholders shall be deemed by the Company to have the ownership of the related shares, but the Board of Directors is entitled to ask for the provision of the suitable death certificate for the purpose of revision of the register of shareholders. For the joint shareholders of any classes of shares, only the first named shareholder in the register of shareholders has the right to receive the share certificates of the related shares, receive the notice of the Company, attend the Shareholders' General Meeting and exercise his or her voting right; while, any notice delivered to the said shareholder shall be deemed as the notice has been delivered to all of the joint shareholders of the related shares.
The Company may not exercise any power to freeze or otherwise impair any of the rights attached to any share by reason only that the person who is interested directly or indirectly	

therein has failed to disclose his or her interests

to the Company.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 61:	Article 61:
The Shareholders' General Meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:	The Shareholders' General Meeting shall exercise the following functions and powers:
(13) to pass resolutions on matters relating to the share-related remuneration (such as placement of shares or stock option, etc.) of the employees;	(13) to decide on transactions in which the amount of material assets purchased or sold by the Company within one year exceeds 25% of the latest audited total assets of the Company;
 (14) to consider and approve matters relating to the purchase and/or sale by the Company within one year of material assets valued at more than 25 percent of the Company's total assets; (15) to pass resolutions on matters relating 	(14) to pass resolutions on matters relating to the security for third parties that laws, administrative regulations and the Company's Articles of Association require to be resolved by the Shareholders' General Meeting;
to the security for third parties that laws, administrative regulations and the Company's Articles of Association require to be resolved by the Shareholders' General	(15) to consider and approve changes in the use of raising funds;
Meeting; (16) to consider and approve changes in the use of raising funds;	(16) to consider and approve the employee stock ownership plan, stock incentive plan or other share-based compensation (such as allotment or share options, etc.) granted to employees;
(17) to consider and approve employee shareholding schemes or equity incentive schemes;	(17) other matters that laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Company's Articles of Association require
(18) other matters that laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules or the Company's Articles of Association require to be resolved by the Shareholders' General	to be resolved by the Shareholders' General Meeting. The Shareholders' General Meeting may delegate
Meeting. The Shareholders' General Meeting may delegate or entrust relevant matters to be handled by the Board of Directors.	or entrust relevant matters to be handled by the Board of Directors.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 62:	Article 62:
Any external guarantee matters of the Company shall be passed by through deliberation by the Board of Directors. The following guarantee matters after the deliberation by the Board of Directors shall be submitted to the Shareholders' General Meeting for approval:	Any external guarantee matters of the Company shall be passed by through deliberation by the Board of Directors. The following guarantee matters after the deliberation by the Board of Directors shall be submitted to the Shareholders' General Meeting for approval:
(1) any guarantee provided after the total guarantee amount of the Company and its holding subsidiaries reaches or exceeds 50 percent of the latest audited net assets;	(1) any guarantee provided after the total guarantee amount of the Company and its holding subsidiaries exceeds 50 percent of the latest audited net assets;
(2) any guarantee provided for those whose asset to liability ratio exceeds 70 percent;	(2) any guarantee provided for those whose asset to liability ratio exceeds 70 percent;
(3) any guarantee with a single amount guaranteed exceeding 10 percent of the latest audited net assets;	(3) any guarantee with a single amount guaranteed exceeding 10 percent of the latest audited net assets;
(4) security to be provided for a shareholder, the actual controller or a connected person thereof;	(4) security to be provided for a shareholder, the actual controller or a connected person thereof;
(5) any guarantee provided after the total guaranteed amount of the Company reaches or exceeds 25 percent of the latest audited net assets;	(5) any guarantee provided after the gross amount of external guarantees of the Company exceeds 30% of its latest audited total assets;
(6) other provisions of security that laws, administrative rules and regulations, as well as these Articles of Association specify to be submitted to the Shareholders' General Meeting for approval.	(6) any guarantee provided by the Company within one year of which the amount exceeds 30% of its latest audited total assets;
If a director, the Manager or other senior officer violates a provision on the approval authority or consideration procedure for the provision of security to third parties as specified in laws or these Articles of Association, thereby causing the	(7) other guarantee matters to be submitted to General Meeting for review and approval as required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.
Company to sustain a loss, he or she shall be held liable for damages and the Company may institute a legal action against him or her in accordance with the laws.	If a director, the President or other senior officer violates a provision on the approval authority or consideration procedure for the provision of security to third parties as specified in laws or these Articles of Association, thereby causing the Company to sustain a loss, he or she shall be held liable for damages and the Company may institute

with the laws.

a legal action against him or her in accordance

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 63:	Article 63:

The matters that shall be decided by the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with the laws, the administrative regulations and rules, as well as the Articles of Association must be reviewed by the Shareholders' General Meeting, in order to protect the decision-making power of the Company's shareholders on such matters. When necessary and reasonable, the Shareholders' General Meeting may authorize the Board of Directors to decide to the extent authorized on specific matters that relate to the matters to be resolved and that cannot be promptly decided on at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

As for the authorization of the Board of Directors by the Shareholders' General Meeting, the ordinary resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least half of the voting rights; the special resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least two-thirds of the voting rights. The content of authorization should be clear and specific.

The matters that shall be decided by the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with the laws, the administrative regulations and rules, departmental rules as well as the Articles of Association must be reviewed by the Shareholders' General Meeting, in order to protect the decision-making power of the Company's shareholders on such matters. When lawful, necessary and reasonable, the Shareholders' General Meeting may authorize the Board of Directors to decide to the extent authorized on specific matters that relate to the matters to be resolved and that cannot be promptly decided on at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

As for the authorization of the Board of Directors by the Shareholders' General Meeting, the ordinary resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least half of the voting rights; the special resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least two-thirds of the voting rights. The content of authorization should be clear and specific.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 65:	Article 65:
Shareholders' general meetings can be divided into annual shareholders' general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' general meetings. Annual meetings shall be convened once a year and shall be held within six months following the preceding fiscal year.	into annual shareholders' general meetings and extraordinary shareholders' general meetings. Annual meetings shall be convened once a year
The Board of Directors shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within two months after the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:	extraordinary shareholders' general meeting
(1) the number of directors is less than the number provided for in the Company Law or less than two-thirds prescribed in the Articles of Association of the Company;	number provided for in the Company Law
(2) the losses of the Company that have not been made up reach one-third of the total share capital of the Company;	- I
(3) upon the request of a shareholder who alone has held or shareholders who together have held at least 10 percent (including 10 percent) of the shares of the Company for at least 90 days in succession (the shareholding referred to above shall be calculated as of the day on which the written request is made);	alone has held or shareholders who together have held at least 10 percent (including 10 percent) of the shares of the Company (the shareholding referred to above shall be calculated as of the day on which the
(4) The Board of Directors considers that there is a need or the Board of Supervisors proposes a meeting;	1
The amount of the shareholding shall be based	
on the date of the written proposal in the case of preceding paragraph (3).	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 66:	Article 66:
When the Company is to hold a general shareholders' meeting, it shall issue a written notice 45 days (including the meeting day) prior to the meeting informing all the registered shareholders of the matters to be considered at and the date and place of the meeting. Shareholders that intend to attend the meeting shall, within 20 days prior the day on which the meeting is to be held, serve a written reply on the Company stating that they will attend the meeting.	When the Company is to hold a general shareholders' meeting, the convener shall, by way of announcement, 45 days (including the meeting day) prior to the meeting, inform all the registered shareholders of the matters to be considered at and the date and place of the meeting. Shareholders that intend to attend the meeting shall, on the date set forth in the announcement, serve a written reply on the Company stating that they will attend the meeting.
Based on the written replies received 20 days before the Shareholders' General Meeting is to be held, the Company shall calculate the number of voting shares represented by the shareholders intending to attend the meeting. If the number of voting shares represented by the shareholders intending to attend the meeting is not less than half of the total number of the Company's voting shares, the Company may hold the Shareholders' General Meeting. If not, the Company shall, within five days, inform the shareholders once again of the matters to be considered at and the date and place of the	Based on the written replies received, the Company shall calculate the number of voting shares represented by the shareholders intending to attend the meeting.

meeting in the form of a public announcement. After such notification by public announcement, the Company may hold the Shareholders'

General Meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 70:	Article 70:
The notice of a Shareholders' General Meeting shall:	The notice of a Shareholders' General Meeting shall:
(1) be made in writing;	(1) be made in writing;
(2) specify the place, date and time of the meeting;	(2) specify the place, time and term of the meeting;
(3) describe the matters to be discussed at the meeting;	(3) describe the matters and proposals to be discussed at the meeting;
 (7) contain conspicuously a statement that all shareholders are entitled to attend and vote, that they may appoint one or more proxies in writing to attend and vote at such meeting on their behalves and that such proxies need not be shareholders; (8) state the time and place for serving the instruments of appointment for voting at the meeting. 	(7) contain conspicuously a statement that all shareholders of ordinary shares (including shareholders of preference shares with restored voting rights) are entitled to attend the Shareholders' General Meeting, and may appoint proxy(ies) in writing to attend and vote at the meeting on their behalves. Shareholders entitled to attend and vote are entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote on their behalves, and that such proxies need not be shareholders of the Company;
	(8) state the time and place for serving the instruments of appointment for voting at the meeting;
	(9) specify the record date for shareholders who are entitled to attend the Shareholders' General Meeting;
	(10) state the name and telephone number of the regular contact person of the meeting;
	(11) specify the time and procedures for voting online or by other means.

Original Articles Amended Articles

Article 74:

The instrument appointing a voting proxy shall be deposited at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting within 24 hours prior to the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours prior to the specified time of the vote. If the instrument is signed by another person authorized by the principal, the power of attorney or other document authorizing the signature shall be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorizing document shall be deposited together with the instrument appointing the voting proxy at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting.

If the principal is a legal person, its legal representative or the person authorized by a resolution of its Board of Directors or other decision-making body shall attend the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company as the representative of such legal person.

Article 74:

The instrument appointing a voting proxy shall be deposited at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting within 24 hours prior to the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours prior to the specified time of the vote. If the instrument is signed by another person authorized by the principal, the power of attorney or other document authorizing the signature shall be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorizing document shall be deposited together with the instrument appointing the voting proxy at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting.

If the principal is a legal person, its legal representative or the person authorized by a resolution of its Board of Directors or other decision-making body shall attend the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company as the representative of such legal person.

Where the shareholder is a recognised clearing house (or its proxy) within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong, the shareholder may authorise a representative of the Company or one or more persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative (s) at any Shareholders' General Meeting or any class meeting of shareholders or creditors' meeting provided that the proxy (ies) shall have the same statutory rights as other shareholders, including the right to speak and vote; however, if more than one person is so authorised, the power of attorney shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. The persons so authorised may exercise the rights on behalf of the recognised clearing house (or its agent) as if they were the individual shareholders of the Company.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 79:	Article 79:
The Board of Directors, the independent directors	The Board of Directors, independent directors,
and qualified shareholders have the right to	shareholders holding more than one percent
solicit voting rights (in accordance with the	of the voting shares or investor protection
standard issued by the authorized supervising	institutions established in accordance with laws,
department from time to time) from shareholders	administrative regulations or the provisions
at the Shareholders' General Meeting. The public	of the CSRC may act as soliciting parties,
solicitation of voting rights shall be done in	either by themselves or by entrusting securities
compliance with the provisions of the relevant	companies or securities service institutions, to
regulatory authorities and the stock exchange	publicly request shareholders to appoint them
where the Company's shares are listed and traded.	to attend the Shareholders' General Meeting
	on their behalves, and to exercise shareholders'
	rights such as proposal rights and voting
	rights on their behalves. The public solicitation
	of rights shall be done in compliance with the
	provisions of the relevant regulatory authorities
	and the stock exchange where the Company's
	shares are listed and traded.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 80:	Article 80:
Resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting are divided into ordinary resolutions and special resolutions.	Resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting are divided into ordinary resolutions and special resolutions.
Ordinary resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least half of the voting rights. Special resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least two-thirds of the voting rights.	Ordinary resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least half of the voting rights. Special resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting shall be adopted by shareholders in attendance (including proxies) holding at least two-thirds of the voting rights.
The shareholders (including their proxies) attending the meeting shall clearly show approval or objection to every matter to be voted on. As for the unpolled vote or abstention, the Company will not treat it as the vote with voting right when calculating the voting result of this matter.	The shareholders (including their proxies) attending the meeting shall express one of the following opinions on the proposals submitted for voting: for, against or abstention. As for the unpolled vote or abstention, the Company will not treat it as the vote with voting right when calculating the voting result of this matter.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 81:	Article 81:

When shareholders (including proxies) vote at the Shareholders' General Meeting, they shall exercise their voting rights according to the number of voting shares that they represent. Except for the cumulative voting system adopted by the directors or supervisors provided in Article 110 of these Articles of Association, each share shall have one vote. No voting rights shall be attached to the Company shares held by the Company, and such shares shall not be counted among the total number of voting shares present at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Subject to the applicable listing rules as amended from time to time, where any shareholder is required to abstain from voting on any particular matter being considered or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular matter being considered, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

When shareholders (including proxies) vote at the Shareholders' General Meeting, they shall exercise their voting rights according to the number of voting shares that they represent. Except for the cumulative voting system adopted by the directors or supervisors provided in Article 110 of these Articles of Association, each share shall have one vote. No voting rights shall be attached to the Company shares held by the Company, and such shares shall not be counted among the total number of voting shares present at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Subject to the applicable listing rules as amended from time to time, where any shareholder is required to abstain from voting on any particular matter being considered or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular matter being considered, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

If the purchase of the voting shares of the Company by a shareholder violates the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article sixty-three of the Securities Law, such shares in excess of the prescribed proportion shall not exercise the voting rights within thirty-six months after the purchase, and shall not be included in the total number of voting shares represented by shareholders attending the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 87:	Article 87:
Decisions of the Shareholders' General Meeting on any of the following matters shall be adopted by special resolution:	Decisions of the Shareholders' General Meeting on any of the following matters shall be adopted by special resolution:
(3) division, merger, dissolution and liquidation, as well as major acquisitions or disposals of the Company;	(3) division, split , merger, dissolution and liquidation, as well as major acquisitions or disposals of the Company;
(8) employee shareholding schemes or equity incentive schemes;	(8) employee shareholding schemes, equity incentive schemes or other share-related compensation granted to employees (such as allotment or share options, etc.);

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 89:	Article 89:
In case that the independent directors, board of supervisors or shareholders alone or together holding at least 10 percent of the Company's shares request to call an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting or classified shareholders' meeting, the following procedures shall be followed:	In case that the independent directors, board of supervisors or shareholders alone or together holding at least 10 percent of the Company's shares request to call an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting or classified shareholders' meeting, the following procedures shall be followed:
(5) If the Board of Directors does not agree the proposal of the shareholders to call an Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting, the shareholders shall have the right to propose to the Board of Supervisors in writing that it calls the Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting.	the request of the shareholders to call an Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting, or does not reply without any reason within 10 days upon receipt of the request, the shareholders shall have the right to propose to the Board of Supervisors in writing that it calls the Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting.

Original Articles

If the Board of Supervisors agrees to call the Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting, it shall issue a notice calling such meeting within 5 days after receipt of the request. The consent of the relevant original proponent(s) shall be secured if any change is to be made in the notice to the original proposal.

If the Board of Supervisors fails to issue a notice calling the Shareholders' General Meeting by the prescribed deadline, it shall be deemed to have failed to convene and preside over such meeting, and a shareholder or shareholders of the Company may himself/themselves convene and preside over such meeting (Until the resolution(s) of the Shareholders' General Meeting is/are announced, the shareholding percentages of the convening shareholders may be not less than 10 percent). The procedure according to which they convene such meeting shall, to the extent possible, be identical to the procedure according to which shareholders' meetings are to be convened by the Board of Directors.

When the Board of Supervisors or shareholders itself/themselves convene a Shareholders' General Meeting, the Board of Directors shall be informed in written notice; the filing procedures shall be handled at relevant department in charge in accordance with the applicable requirements. The Board of Directors and the Secretary to the Board of Directors shall give their cooperation. The Board of Directors shall provide the register of shareholders as of the date of record. The reasonable expenses incurred by such meetings shall be borne by the Company and shall be deducted from the sums owed by the Company to the negligent directors.

Amended Articles

If the Board of Supervisors agrees to call the Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting, it shall issue a notice calling such meeting within 5 days after receipt of the request. The consent of the relevant original proponent(s) shall be secured if any change is to be made in the notice to the original **request.**

If the Board of Supervisors fails to issue a notice calling the Shareholders' General Meeting by the prescribed deadline, it shall be deemed to have failed to convene and preside over such meeting, and a shareholder or shareholders of the Company may himself/themselves convene and preside over such meeting (Until the resolution(s) of the Shareholders' General Meeting is/are announced, the shareholding percentages of the convening shareholders may be not less than 10 percent). The procedure according to which they convene such meeting shall, to the extent possible, be identical to the procedure according to which shareholders' meetings are to be convened by the Board of Directors.

When the Board of Supervisors or shareholders itself/themselves convene a Shareholders' General Meeting, the Board of Directors shall be informed in written notice; the filing procedures shall be handled at relevant department in charge in accordance with the applicable requirements. The Board of Directors and the Secretary to the Board of Directors shall give their cooperation. The Board of Directors shall provide the register of shareholders as of the date of record. The reasonable expenses incurred by such meetings shall be borne by the Company and shall be deducted from the sums owed by the Company to the negligent directors (if any).

Original Articles Article 90: Article 90:

Shareholders' General Meetings shall be convened and presided over by the Chairman of the Board. If the Chairman of the Board fails or is unable to perform his or her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the Vice Chairman of the Board. If the Vice Chairman of the Board fails or is unable to perform his or her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the director jointly elected by at least one half of the directors. Where no chairman is designated, the shareholders attending the meeting may elect one person to preside over the meeting. If for any reason the shareholders are unable to elect a chairman, the shareholder holding the largest number of voting shares and attending the meeting (whether in person or by proxy) shall preside over the meeting.

At a Shareholders' General Meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors, the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall preside. If the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors fails or is unable to perform his or her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the supervisor jointly elected by at least one half of the supervisors.

If a Shareholders' General Meeting is convened by a shareholder himself or shareholders themselves, the meeting shall be presided over by the representative selected by the convener(s).

While a Shareholders' General Meeting is holding, if the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of procedure, making continuance of the Shareholders' General Meeting impossible, with the consent of shareholders holding more than one half of the voting rights present at the meeting, the Shareholders' General Meeting may elect a person to serve as chairman of the meeting and the meeting shall continue.

Shareholders' General Meetings shall be convened and presided over by the Chairman of the Board. If the Chairman of the Board fails or is unable to perform his or her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the Vice Chairman of the Board. If the Vice Chairman of the Board is not designated or the Vice Chairman of the Board fails or is unable to perform his or her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the director jointly elected by at least one half of the directors. Where no chairman is designated, the shareholders attending the meeting may elect one person to preside over the meeting. If for any reason the shareholders are unable to elect a chairman, the shareholder holding the largest number of voting shares and attending the meeting (whether in person or by proxy) shall preside over the meeting.

At a Shareholders' General Meeting convened by the Board of Supervisors, the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall preside. If the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors fails or is unable to perform his or her duties, the meeting shall be presided over by the supervisor jointly elected by at least one half of the supervisors.

If a Shareholders' General Meeting is convened by a shareholder himself or shareholders themselves, the meeting shall be presided over by the representative selected by the convener(s).

While a Shareholders' General Meeting is holding, if the chairman of the meeting violates the rules of procedure, making continuance of the Shareholders' General Meeting impossible, with the consent of shareholders holding more than one half of the voting rights present at the meeting, the Shareholders' General Meeting may elect a person to serve as chairman of the meeting and the meeting shall continue.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 91:	Article 91:
The chairman of the meeting shall decide,	The resolutions adopted at the Shareholders'
based on the voting results, whether or not	General Meeting shall be announced in accordance
a resolution of the Shareholders' General	with the relevant provisions of the applicable laws
Meeting has been adopted. His decision shall	and stock exchange where the Company's stock is
be final and shall be announced at the meeting	traded.
and recorded in the minutes of the meeting. The	
resolutions adopted at the Shareholders' General	
Meeting shall be announced in accordance with	
the relevant provisions of the applicable laws and	
stock exchange where the Company's stock is	
traded.	
Article 105:	Article 105:
The Company shall establish a Board of Directors.	The Company shall establish a Board of Directors.
The Board of Directors is the permanent authority	The Board of Directors is the permanent
and management decision- making body of the	authority and management decision- making
Company, which is subject to the supervision	body of the Company, which is subject to the
of the Supervisory Committee and all the	supervision of the Supervisory Committee
shareholders, and is responsible for and report to	and all the shareholders, and is responsible
the Shareholders' General Meeting.	for and report to the Shareholders' General
	Meeting. Through improving the Company's
	law-based governance, authorization and
	delegation, compliance and internal control,
	risk management and control, and internal
	supervision and monitoring system, the
	Board gives full play to the responsibilities of
	determining strategies, making decisions and
	preventing risks.

be a financial or accounting professional. The

Remuneration Committee and the Nomination

Committee shall consist of a majority of

independent directors.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 106:	Article 106:
The Board of Directors shall be composed of 9 directors. The outside directors (herein meaning those directors who do not hold office in the Company) shall represent not less than 50 percent of the members of the Board of Directors, of which at least 3 directors shall be independent directors (herein meaning those directors who are independent to the shareholders and do not hold office in the Company).	The Board of Directors shall be composed of 9 directors. The outside directors (herein meaning those directors who do not hold office in the Company) shall represent not less than 50 percent of the members of the Board of Directors, of which at least 3 directors shall be independent directors (herein meaning those directors who are independent to the shareholders and do not hold office in the Company).
The Board of Directors shall include one chairman and one vice chairman.	The Board of Directors shall include one chairman and one vice chairman (if needed).
As needed, under the Board of Directors there shall be such special committees as an Audit Committee, a Nomination Committee, a Remuneration Committee, a Development and Planning Committee, and an Occupational Health and Safety and Environment Committee. The	As needed, under the Board of Directors there shall be such special committees as an Audit Committee, a Nomination Committee, a Remuneration Committee, a Development and Planning Committee, and an Occupational Health and Safety and Environment Committee. The
Audit Committee shall be composed entirely of independent directors, of whom at least one shall	Audit Committee shall be composed entirely of independent directors, of whom at least one shall

be a financial or accounting professional. The

Remuneration Committee and the Nomination

Committee shall consist of a majority of

independent directors.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 108:	Article 108:

Directors shall be elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting and serve terms of three years (from the date of being elected to the date that the new Board of Directors is elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting). At the expiration of their terms, directors may continue to serve as such if reelected, but independent directors may not serve more than six years in succession.

The list of candidates for directors shall be submitted as a motion to the Shareholders' General Meeting. Other candidates for directors except for independent directors shall be nominated by the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors and a shareholder alone or shareholders together holding at least 3 percent of the Company's shares, and shall be elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company.

A written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for election as a Director and a notice by such candidate of his/her willingness to be elected shall be given to the Company seven days before the date of the general meeting. Such written notice shall not be given earlier than the day after the despatch of the notice of the meeting appointed for such election and shall not be given later than seven days prior to the date of such meeting.

The outside directors shall have sufficient time and the necessary knowledge and ability to perform their duties. The Company must provide necessary information to outside directors for performing their duties. Among them, the independent non-executive directors may directly report to the Shareholders' General Meeting, the State Council authorities in charge of securities and other relevant departments.

Executive directors shall deal with matters authorized by the Board of Directors.

Directors shall be elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting and serve terms of three years (from the date of being elected to the date that the new Board of Directors is elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting). At the expiration of their terms, directors may continue to serve as such if reelected, but independent directors may not serve more than six years in succession.

The list of candidates for directors shall be submitted as a motion to the Shareholders' General Meeting. Other candidates for directors except for independent directors shall be nominated by the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors and a shareholder alone or shareholders together holding at least 3 percent of the Company's shares, and shall be elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company.

A written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for election as a Director and a notice by such candidate of his/her willingness to be elected shall be given to the Company 7 days before the date of the general meeting.

The outside directors shall have sufficient time and the necessary knowledge and ability to perform their duties. The Company must provide necessary information to outside directors for performing their duties. Among them, the independent non-executive directors may directly report to the Shareholders' General Meeting, the State Council authorities in charge of securities and other relevant departments.

Executive directors shall deal with matters authorized by the Board of Directors.

her voting rights.

carries a number of voting rights equivalent to the

number of directors or supervisors to be elected,

and a shareholder may cluster or disperse his or

PARTICULARS OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

participates in the voting carries a number of

voting rights equivalent to the number of directors

or supervisors to be elected, and a shareholder

may cluster or disperse his or her voting rights.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 110:	Article 110:
In the case where the Company's controlling	In the case where the Company's sole shareholder
shareholders' shareholding percentage is	and persons acting in concert interest hold 30%
more than 30 percent, the cumulative voting	or above of the total shares of the Company, the
system may be implemented for the election	cumulative voting system may be implemented
of directors and supervisors at a Shareholders'	for the election of directors and supervisors
General Meeting, namely when more than two	at a Shareholders' General Meeting, namely
directors or supervisors shall be elected at the	when more than two directors or supervisors
Shareholders' General Meeting, each share held	shall be elected at the Shareholders' General
by the shareholder who participates in the voting	Meeting, each share held by the shareholder who

Original Articles		Amended Articles	
Artic	ele 112:	Article 112:	
Shar	Board of Directors shall be accountable to the eholders' General Meeting and exercise the wing functions and powers:	The Board of Directors shall be accountable to the Shareholders' General Meeting and exercise the following functions and powers:	
(1)	to convene Shareholders' General Meetings and to report on its work to the Shareholders' General Meeting;	(1) to convene Shareholders' General Meetings and to report on its work to the Shareholders' General Meeting;	
(2)	to implement the resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting;	(2) to implement the resolutions of th Shareholders' General Meeting;	
(3)	to decide on the business plans and investment plans of the Company;	(3) to decide on the business plans an investment plans of the Company;	
(4)	to formulate the annual financial budgets plans and final accounts plans of the Company;	(4) to formulate the annual financial budger plans and final accounts plans of the Company;	
(5)	to determine the Company's annual loan financing plan;	(5) to determine the Company's annua financing plan;	
(6)	to formulate the profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses of the Company;	(6) to formulate the profit distribution plan and plans for making up losses of the Company;	

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
(7)	to formulate plans for the Company's debt and financial policies, the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company and plans for the issuance of corporate bonds or other securities;	(7)	to formulate plans for the Company's debt and financial policies, the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company and plans for the issuance of corporate bonds or other securities;
(8)	to draft plans for major acquisitions or disposals of the Company, as well as the merger, division or dissolution of the Company;	(8)	to draft plans for major acquisitions or disposals of the Company, purchase of shares of the Company, or the merger, division, split or dissolution of the Company;
(9)	to make decision on the security not subject to the approval of the Shareholders' General Meeting, in accordance with the laws, the administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association;	(9)	to make decision on the security not subject to the approval of the Shareholders' General Meeting, in accordance with the laws, the administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association;
(10)	to decide on such matters as the Company's investments in third parties, purchase and sales of assets, asset mortgages, entrustment of financial services, connected transactions, etc., to the extent authorized by the Shareholders' General Meeting; to decide on the establishment of	(10)	to review and approve the Company's annual social responsibility and environmental, social and governance report (Environmental, Social and Governance Report under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong
(11)	the Company's internal management organization;		Limited, hereinafter the "ESG Report"); to decide on the Company's major environmental, social and governance
(12)	to engage or dismiss the Company's Manager; to engage or dismiss such senior management staff as the Senior Deputy Manager, the Deputy Manager, the Chief Accountant, as proposed by the Manager; to engage or dismiss the Secretary to the Board and decide on matters relating to their remuneration; to appoint or replace the members of the Board of Directors and	(11)	matters within the scope of authorization of the Shareholders' General Meeting; to decide on such matters as the Company's investments in third parties, purchase and sales of assets, asset mortgages, entrustment of financial services, connected transactions, external donations, to the extent authorized by the Shareholders'
	the Board of Supervisors of the wholly- owned subsidiary; to appoint, replace or recommend the shareholder representatives,	(12)	General Meeting; to decide on the establishment of

directors and supervisors of the subsidiaries

controlled by it or equity affiliates;

the Company's internal management

organization;

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
(13)	to decide on the establishment of the Company's branches;	(13)	to appoint or dismiss the Company's President and secretary to the Board of Directors; to appoint or dismiss
(14)	to formulate amendments to these Articles of Association;		Senior Vice Presidents, Vice Presidents, chief financial officer and General Counsel of the Company based on the
(15)	to formulate the basic management systems of the Company;		recommendations of the President; to decide on the remuneration, rewards and punishments of senior management, and
(16)	to formulate the equity incentive schemes;		to implement contractual management in accordance with the labour contract;
(17)	to make decision on the Company's other major affairs and administrative affairs, and to sign other important agreements, except for the matters to be considered	(14)	to decide on the establishment of the Company's branches;
	at the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Company Law and these Articles of	(15)	to formulate amendments to these Articles of Association;
	Association;	(16)	to formulate the basic management systems of the Company;
(18)	to make decision on the matters in relation to buyback of shares of the Company under the circumstances set forth in items (5) and (6) of the Article 30;	(17)	to formulate equity incentive plans, employee stock ownership plans or other share-based compensation (such as allotment or share options) granted to
(19)	other functions and powers provided for in these Articles of Association or granted by		employees;
	the Shareholders' General Meeting.	(18)	to make decision on the Company's other major affairs and administrative affairs, and to sign other important agreements, except for the matters to be considered at the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Company Law and these Articles of Association;
		(19)	to make decision on the matters in relation to buyback of shares of the Company under the circumstances set forth in items (5) and (6) of the Article 30;

Original Articles

Resolutions by the Board of Directors on the matters referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be passed by the affirmative vote of not less than one half of all of the directors with the exception of resolutions on the matters referred to in items (7), (8), (9), (14), (16) and (18), which shall require the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all of the directors for adoption.

.

Article 127:

Directors may tender their resignations before the expiration of their terms of office. To resign, a director shall submit a written resignation to the Board of Directors. The independent director provide information on any circumstances related to his or her resignation or any circumstances to which he or she believes the attention of the Company and its creditors must be drawn.

If the resignation of a director causes the number of occupied seats on the Board of Directors to fall below the statutory minimum, his or her written resignation shall enter into effect only upon the new director taking up the vacancy left by his or her resignation. The remaining directors shall convene an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting as soon as possible to elect a director to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of the director. Until the Shareholders' General Meeting has passed a resolution on electing a director, the powers of the resigning director and the Board of Directors shall be subject to reasonable restrictions.

Amended Articles

(20) other functions and powers provided for in these Articles of Association or granted by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Board of Directors on the matters referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be passed by the affirmative vote of not less than one half of all of the directors with the exception of resolutions on the matters referred to in items (7), (8), (9), (15), (17) and (19), which shall require the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all of the directors for adoption.

.

Article 127:

Directors may tender their resignations before the expiration of their terms of office. To resign, a director shall submit a written resignation to the Board of Directors. The independent director provide information on any circumstances related to his or her resignation or any circumstances to which he or she believes the attention of the Company and its creditors must be drawn.

If the resignation of a director causes the number of occupied seats on the Board of Directors to fall below the statutory minimum, his or her written resignation shall enter into effect only upon the new director taking up the vacancy left by his or her resignation. The **Board of Directors** shall convene an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting as soon as possible to elect a director to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of the director. Until the Shareholders' General Meeting has passed a resolution on electing a director, the powers of the resigning director and the **remaining directors** shall be subject to reasonable restrictions.

Original Articles

If the resignation of an independent director causes the number of independent directors or the number of occupied seats on the Board of Directors to fall below the statutory minimum, the incumbent director shall continue to perform his or her duties as an independent director in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association until the incoming director assumes his or her position. The Board of Directors shall convene a Shareholders' General Meeting within two months to re-elect the independent directors; if the Board of Directors fails to convene a shareholders' general meeting, the independent directors may not perform their duties.

Except in the circumstance specified in the preceding paragraphs, a director's resignation shall be effective upon his or her written resignation being served on the Board of Directors.

Article 129:

The candidates for the Company's independent director shall be nominated by the Company's Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors and shareholders who alone or together hold at least 1 percent of the outstanding shares of the Company and shall be decided through election by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

The consent of the nominee shall be (1) obtained before the nominator nominates him or her for the position of independent director; the nominator(s) shall be fully aware of such details of the nominee as his or her occupation, educational background, title, career details, all of his or her concurrent positions, etc., and shall be liable to provide such written materials to the Company. The candidate shall make a written commitment to the Company, agree to accept the nomination, promise that the publicly disclosed information about candidates is true and complete, and to guarantee that they will earnestly perform their duties if being selected.

Amended Articles

If the resignation of an independent director causes the number of independent directors or the number of occupied seats on the Board of Directors to fall below the statutory minimum, the incumbent director shall continue to perform his or her duties as an independent director in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and these Articles of Association until the incoming director assumes his or her position. The Board of Directors shall convene a Shareholders' General Meeting within two months to re-elect the independent directors; if the Board of Directors fails to convene a shareholders' general meeting, the independent directors may not perform their duties.

Except in the circumstance specified in the preceding paragraphs, a director's resignation shall be effective upon his or her written resignation being served on the Board of Directors.

Article 129:

The candidates for the Company's independent director shall be nominated by the Company's Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors and shareholders who alone or together hold at least 1 percent of the outstanding shares of the Company and shall be decided through election by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

The consent of the nominee shall be (1) obtained before the nominator nominates him or her for the position of independent director; the nominator(s) shall be fully aware of such details of the nominee as his or her occupation, educational background, title, career details, all of his or her concurrent positions, etc., and shall be liable to provide such written materials to the Company. The candidate shall make a written commitment to the Company, agree to accept the nomination, promise that the publicly disclosed information about candidates is true and complete, and to guarantee that they will earnestly perform their duties if being selected.

Original Articles

- (2) The nominator(s) shall express his/her/their opinions on the nominee's qualifications for holding the position of independent director and his or her independence; if otherwise provided in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations and/ or relevant listing rules, the nominee shall make a public statement to the effect that no relationship exists between himself or herself and the Company that could affect his or her making independent and objective judgments.
- (3) If the candidate for the independent director is nominated before the board meeting is convened, if otherwise provided in accordance with provisions in the applicable laws and regulations and/or the listing rules or other securities laws and regulations, the written materials of the nominee described in item (1) and (2) of this Article shall be announced together with the resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with such provisions.
- (4) If a shareholder alone or shareholders together holding at least 3 percent of the voting rights in the Company or the Board of Supervisors put(s) forth an extempore motion for the election of an independent director, the written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for the position of independent director and of the nominee indicating his or her willingness to accept the nomination as well as relevant written materials and commitment on the nominee as mentioned in above in item (1) and (2) of this Article shall be delivered to the Company 16 days before the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Amended Articles

- (2) The nominator(s) shall express his/her/their opinions on the nominee's qualifications for holding the position of independent director and his or her independence; if otherwise provided in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations and/ or relevant listing rules, the nominee shall make a public statement to the effect that no relationship exists between himself or herself and the Company that could affect his or her making independent and objective judgments.
- is nominated before the board meeting is convened, if otherwise provided in accordance with provisions in the applicable laws and regulations and/or the listing rules or other securities laws and regulations, the written materials of the nominee described in item (1) and (2) of this Article shall be announced together with the resolution of the Board of Directors in accordance with such provisions.
- (4) If a shareholder alone or shareholders together holding at least 3 percent of the voting rights in the Company or the Board of Supervisors put(s) forth an extempore motion for the election of an independent director, the written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for the position of independent director and of the nominee indicating his or her willingness to accept the nomination as well as relevant written materials and commitment on the nominee as mentioned in above in item (1) and (2) of this Article shall be delivered to the Company at least 15 working days before the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Original Articles

Prior to the holding of a Shareholders' General Meeting at which an independent director is to be elected, if otherwise provided in the applicable laws and regulations and/or relevant listing rules, the Company shall simultaneously submit the relevant materials on all the nominees to the State Council authorities in charge of securities, where the Company is located and/or the agency of the CSRC and the stock exchange on which Company shares are listed. If the Board of Directors of the Company has objections concerning the relevant details of a nominee, the Company shall additionally submit the written opinion of the Board of Directors. The nominees against whom the CSRC has objections shall not be the candidate for the independent director. At the time the Shareholders' General Meeting to elect an independent director is held, the Board of Directors of the Company shall elaborate on whether the CSRC had any objections against the candidates for the post of independent director.

Amended Articles

Prior to the holding of a Shareholders' General Meeting at which an independent director is to be elected, if otherwise provided in the applicable laws and regulations and/or relevant listing rules, the Company shall simultaneously submit the relevant materials on all the nominees to the State Council authorities in charge of securities, where the Company is located and/or the agency of the CSRC and the stock exchange on which Company shares are listed. If the Board of Directors of the Company has objections concerning the relevant details of a nominee, the Company shall additionally submit the written opinion of the Board of Directors. The nominees against whom the CSRC has objections shall not be the candidate for the independent director. At the time the Shareholders' General Meeting to elect an independent director is held, the Board of Directors of the Company shall elaborate on whether the CSRC had any objections against the candidates for the post of independent director.

Article 130:

A person holding the position of independent director shall satisfy the basic conditions set forth below:

.

(4) having at least five years of experience in law, economics or other work experience required for performing the duties and responsibilities of an independent director;

.

Article 130:

A person holding the position of independent director shall satisfy the basic conditions set forth below:

.

(4) having at least five years of experience in law, economics, accounting, finance, management, non-ferrous metals industry or other work experience required for performing the duties and responsibilities of an independent director;

• • • • •

	Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Artic	le 131:	Article 131:	
Unle	independent director must be independent. ss otherwise provided in the applicable laws, lations and/or the relevant listing rules, the wing persons may not serve as independent tors:	The independent director must be independent. Unless otherwise provided in the applicable laws, regulations and/or the relevant listing rules, the following persons may not serve as independent directors:	
(4)	persons who, at any time during the immediately preceding period of one year, have fallen into any of the three categories listed above;	(4) persons who hold positions in the actual controller of the Company and its subsidiaries;	
(5)	persons who provide financial, legal, consultancy or other such services to the Company or its subsidiaries;	(5) persons who provide financial, legal, consulting and other services to the Company and its controlling shareholder or their respective subsidiaries, including all members of the project team,	
(6)	other persons that the State Council authorities in charge of securities specify may not serve as an independent director.	reviewers at all levels, persons who sign the report, partners and main responsible persons of the intermediary institutions that provide services;	
		(6) a person who serves as a director, supervisor or senior management officer in an entity that has material business dealings with the Company and its controlling shareholder or their respective subsidiaries, or a person who serves as a director, supervisor or senior management officer in the controlling shareholder(s) of such entity;	
		(7) persons who, at any time during the immediately preceding period of one year, have fallen into any of the six categories listed above;	
		(8) other persons that the securities regulatory authority, stock exchanges specify are not independent or may not serve as an independent director.	

Original Articles	Amended Articles		
Article 132:	Article 132:		

If an independent director fails on three consecutive occasions to personally attend a meeting of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall request that the Shareholders' General Meeting replace him or her. An independent director may not be removed without cause before the expiration of his or her term, unless any of the circumstances set forth in Article 122, Clause 2, or the circumstance mentioned in the preceding paragraph or a circumstance under which a person may not hold the position of director specified in the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association, arises. If an independent director is removed before the expiration of his or her term, the Company shall disclose his or her removal as a matter for special disclosure. If the removed independent director is of the opinion that the Company's grounds for removing him or her are not justified, he or she may make a public statement to that effect.

If an independent director fails on **two** consecutive occasions to personally attend a meeting of the Board of Directors or the number of their non-attendance at board meetings in person accounts for more than one-third of the number of board meetings during the said year, the Board of Directors shall request that the Shareholders' General Meeting replace him or her. An independent director may not be removed without cause before the expiration of his or her term, unless any of the circumstances set forth in Article 122, Clause 2, or the circumstance mentioned in the preceding paragraph or a circumstance under which a person may not hold the position of director specified in the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association, arises. If an independent director is removed before the expiration of his or her term, the Company shall disclose his or her removal as a matter for special disclosure. If the removed independent director is of the opinion that the Company's grounds for removing him or her are not justified, he or she may make a public statement to that effect.

directors;

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 133:	Article 133:
In addition to the functions and powers granted to directors under the Company Law, other laws administrative regulations and rules, as wel as these Articles of Association, independen directors shall have the following special function and powers:	to directors under the Company Law, other laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association, independent
(1) the material connected transactions (a determined based on the criteria issued by the competent regulator from time to time shall be reviewed by the Board of Director or the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with laws, regulations and/or the relevant listing rules; the engagemen or dismissal of an accounting firm; in case there are relevant provisions in the applicable laws, regulations and/or the relevant listing rules, it shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion after being approved by not less than 50 percent of the independent director in accordance with such provisions. A resolution by the Board of Directors on a connected transaction shall enter inte effect only once the independent director have signed the same. Before rendering their judgment, independent directors may engage an intermediary organization to issue an independent financial consultant report for use as a basis for rendering their judgment;	determined based on the criteria issued by the competent regulator from time to time) shall be reviewed by the Board of Directors or the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with laws, regulations and/ or the relevant listing rules; in case there are relevant provisions in the applicable laws, regulations and/or the relevant listing rules, it shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion after being approved by not less than 50 percent of the independent directors in accordance with such provisions. A resolution by the Board of Directors on a connected transaction shall enter into effect only once the independent directors have signed the same. Before rendering their judgment, independent directors may engage an intermediary organization to issue an independent financial consultant report for use as a basis for rendering their judgment;
(2) proposing the engagement or dismissa of an accounting firm to the Board o	_
Directors; (3) proposing to the Board of Directors the calling of an extraordinary Shareholders General Meeting by the independen	General Meeting;

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
(4)	proposing the calling of meetings of the Board of Directors;	(4)	proposing the calling of meetings of the Board of Directors;
(5)	independently engaging external auditors and consultants;	(5)	independently engaging intermediaries to express professional opinions when necessary at the expense of the Company;
(6)	openly soliciting shareholders' voting rights before the holding of a Shareholders' General Meeting;	(6)	openly soliciting shareholders' voting rights before the holding of a Shareholders' General Meeting;
(7)	directly reporting to the Shareholders' General Meeting, the State Council authorities in charge of securities and other relevant departments.	(7)	directly reporting to the Shareholders' General Meeting, CSRC and other relevant departments.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 141:	Article 141:
The Company has a Manager, who shall be engaged or dismissed by the Board of Directors.	The Company has a President , who shall be engaged or dismissed by the Board of Directors.
The Company shall have one Senior Deputy Manager, several Deputy Manager and one Chief Financial Officer to assist the Manager's work. The Senior Deputy Manager, Deputy Manager and Chief Financial Officer shall be nominated by the Manager and engaged or dismissed by the Board of Directors. A director can be engaged as the part-time Manager or other senior management staff; however, the number of the directors serving as the part-time Manager or other senior management staff shall not exceed one half of the Company's total number of directors.	The Company shall have one Senior Vice President, several Vice Presidents and one Chief Financial Officer, one General Counsel to assist the President's work. The Senior Vice President, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and General Counsel shall be nominated by the President and engaged or dismissed by the Board of Directors. The President, Senior Vice President, Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, secretary to the Board and General Counsel of the Company constitute the management of the Company. The management is the executive body of the Company for operation, implementation and management enhancement, and is subject to the management of the Board and the supervision of the Supervisory Committee. A director can be engaged as the part-time President or other senior management staff; however, the number of the directors serving as the part-time President or other senior
	management staff shall not exceed one half of the Company's total number of directors.
Article 142:	Article 142:
The Manager shall serve terms of three years and may serve consecutive terms if reappointed.	In principle, the President shall serve terms of three years and may serve consecutive terms if reappointed.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 143:	Article 143:	
The Manager shall be accountable to the Board of Directors and exercise the following functions and powers:	The President shall be accountable to the Board of Directors and exercise the following functions and powers:	
(1) to be in charge of the production, operation and management of the Company, to organize the implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors;	(1) to be in charge of the production, operation and management of the Company, to organize the implementation of the resolutions of the Board of Directors;	
(2) to arrange for the implementation of the Company's annual business plans and investment plans;	(2) to arrange for the implementation of the Company's annual business plans and investment plans;	
(3) to draft the plan for establishment of the Company's internal management organization;	(3) to draft the plan for establishment of the Company's internal management organization;	
(4) to draft the plan for establishment of management organization of the Company's branch offices;	(4) to draft the plan for establishment of management organization of the Company's branch offices;	
(5) to draft the Company's basic management system;	(5) to formulate the Company's basic management system and the Company's market-oriented selection and employment,	
(6) to formulate the basic rules and regulations of the Company;	labour employment and salary distribution system;	
(7) to request the Board of Directors to engage or dismiss the Company's Senior Deputy Manager, Deputy Manager, Chief Financial	(6) to formulate the business management system and regulations of the Company;	
Officer;	(7) to request the Board of Directors to engage or dismiss the Company's Senior Vice President , Vice President , Chief Financial Officer and General Counsel ;	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
(8) to engage or dismiss management personnel other than those to be engaged or dismissed by the Board of Directors;	(8) to engage or dismiss management personnel other than those to be engaged or dismissed by the Board of Directors;
(9) to propose the holding of interim meetings of the Board of Directors;	(9) to propose the holding of interim meetings of the Board of Directors;
(10) other functions and powers granted by the Company's Articles of Association or the Board of Directors.	(10) other functions and powers granted by the Company's Articles of Association or the Board of Directors.
Article 149:	Article 149:
The Company shall have a Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is a regular supervisory department established by the Company. It is responsible for supervising the Board of Directors and its members, as well as the Manager and other senior management staff to prevent them from abusing their powers, or infringing the legal interests of shareholders, the Company, and employees of the Company.	The Company shall have a Board of Supervisors. The Board of Supervisors is a regular supervisory department established by the Company. It is responsible for supervising the Board of Directors and its members, as well as other senior management staff to prevent them from abusing their powers, or infringing the legal interests of shareholders, the Company, and employees of the Company.
Article 151:	Article 151:
The members of the Board of Supervisors include three shareholder representatives (including qualified outside supervisors, the same below) and two employee representatives who represents the employees. The shareholder representative shall be elected and removed by the Shareholders' General Meeting; the employee representative shall be elected and removed by the employees' democratic election.	The members of the Board of Supervisors include three shareholder representative Supervisors (including qualified outside Supervisors, the same below) and two employee representative Supervisors who represents the employees. The shareholder representative Supervisor shall be elected by the Shareholders' General Meeting; the employee representative Supervisor shall be elected by the employee representative congress.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 153:	Article 153:	
The Company's Directors, Manager and other senior management staff may not concurrently serve as supervisors.	The Company's Directors and senior management staff may not concurrently serve as supervisors.	
Article 154:	Article 154:	
The meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall be convened at least once every six months. The chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall convene and preside over meetings of the Supervisory Board. If the chairman of the Supervisory Board is unable or fails to perform his or her duties, a supervisor jointly selected by at least one half of the supervisors shall convene and preside over a meeting.	The meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall be convened at least once every six months. The chairman of the Board of Supervisors shall convene and preside over meetings of the Supervisory Board. If the chairman of the Supervisory Board is unable or fails to perform his or her duties, a supervisor jointly selected by at least one half of the supervisors shall convene and preside over a meeting.	
The notice for convening a meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall be served to all supervisors 10 days before the meeting in written form. A notice of a meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall include the following particulars:	The notice for convening a meeting of the Board of Supervisors shall be served to all supervisors 7 days before the meeting in written form.	
(1) the date, venue and duration of the meeting;		
(2) the reasons for holding the meeting and the topics to be discussed thereat;		
(3) the date of issuance of the notice.		

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 157:	Article 157:
The Board of Supervisors shall be accountable to the Shareholders' General Meeting and exercise the following functions and powers in accordance with laws:	The Board of Supervisors shall be accountable to the Shareholders' General Meeting and exercise the following functions and powers in accordance with laws:
(1) to examine the Company's financial affairs; to review the report prepared by the Board of Directors periodically and submit the audit opinions in written form;	(1) to supervise and examine the Company's financial affairs; to review the report prepared by the Board of Directors periodically and submit the audit opinions in written form (the written review)
(2) to supervise the directors, the Manager and other senior management staff in the performance of their Company duties and to propose the removal of directors or senior management staff who violate laws, administrative regulations or breach these	opinions shall state whether the report preparation and review procedures are in compliance with relevant regulations and whether the content is true, accurate and complete);
Articles of Association or resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting;	(2) to review the Company's annual ESG report and provide written review opinions;
(3) if an act of a director or of the Manager or another senior officer is detrimental to the Company's interests, to require him or her to correct such act;	(3) to supervise the directors and senior management in the performance of their Company duties and to propose the removal of directors or senior management staff who violate laws, administrative regulations or breach these Articles of Association or resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting;

event that it discovers any irregularities in

the Company's operations;

Original Articles Amended Articles (4) if an act of a director or of senior to verify financial information such as **(4)** financial reports, business reports, profit management is detrimental to the distribution plans, etc. that the Board Company's interests, to require him or her of Directors intends to submit to the to correct such act and, if necessary, report shareholders' general meeting and, if in to the Shareholders' General Meeting or doubt, to be able to appoint, in the name the relevant competent authorities of the of the Company, a registered accountant State: or practicing auditor to assist in reviewing such information: **(5)** to verify financial information such as financial reports, business reports, profit (5) to conduct an investigation and, distribution plans, etc. that the Board if necessary, engage professional of Directors intends to submit to the organizations, such as accounting firms Shareholders' General Meeting and, if in and law firms, to assist it in its work in the doubt, to be able to appoint, in the name event that it discovers any irregularities in of the Company, a registered accountant the Company's operations, the expenses or practicing auditor to assist in reviewing shall be borne by the Company; such information: (6) to propose the holding of Extraordinary to conduct an investigation and, **(6)** if necessary, engage professional Shareholders' General Meetings and, in the event that the Board of Directors fails to organizations, such as accounting firms perform its duty of convening and presiding and law firms, to assist it in its work in the

over a Shareholders' General Meeting, to convene and preside over such a meeting in

accordance with the law;

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
(7)	to propose the interim meeting of the Board of Directors; to negotiate with or to file a suit against any	(7)	to propose the holding of Extraordinary Shareholders' General Meetings and, in the event that the Board of Directors fails to perform its duty of convening and presiding
(8)	director or other senior management staff on behalf of the Company;		over a Shareholders' General Meeting, to convene and preside over such a meeting in accordance with the law;
(9)	Other duties as prescribed in the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as the Articles of Association and authorized by the Shareholders' General	(8)	to put forward proposals at Shareholders' General Meetings;
	Meeting.	(9)	to propose the interim meeting of the Board of Directors;
		(10)	to negotiate with or to file a suit according to law against any directors or senior management who have violated the laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association in performing their duties and caused losses to the Company on behalf of the Company;
		(11)	Other duties as prescribed in the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as the Articles of Association and authorized by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 158:	Article 158:
The Board of Supervisors may require the Company's directors, the Manager, chief financial officer, the secretary to the Board of Directors, the internal and external auditors to attend the meetings of the Board of Supervisors and answer the issues concerned by Board of Supervisors.	The Board of Supervisors may require, if necessary , the Company's relevant directors, senior management , the internal and external auditors to attend the meetings of the Board of Supervisors and answer the issues concerned .
Article 161:	Article 161:
When the Board of Supervisors exercises its functions and powers with the engagement of the lawyers, certified public accountants, practicing auditors and other professionals, the reasonable expenses incurred shall be borne by the Company.	When the Board of Supervisors exercises its functions and powers with the engagement of the lawyers, accountants, auditors and other professionals, the reasonable expenses incurred and reasonable expenses incurred by supervisors in attending meetings of the Supervisory Committee are borne by the Company.
CHAPTER 16 Qualifications and Obligations of the Directors, Supervisors, Manager and Other Senior Staff of the Company	CHAPTER 16 Qualifications and Obligations of the Directors, Supervisors, President and Other Senior Management Staff of the Company

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 163	Article 163:
None of the following persons may serve as a director, supervisor, manager or other senior management staff of the Company:	None of the following persons may serve as a director, supervisor, manager or other senior management staff of the Company:
(7) national civil servants;	(7) national civil servants and the public institutions' staff that are subject to the similar management of the national civil servants;
(11) persons who are determined to be banned from entering the securities market by the State Council authorities in charge of securities and whose ban has not been lifted;	(11) a person who has been given penalties of prohibition against entering the securities market from the CSRC, where the term of such penalties has not expired;
Article 169:	Article 169:
In case the Shareholders' General Meeting requires the directors, supervisors, President and senior management staff to attend the meeting, the directors, supervisors, Manager and senior management staff shall attend and provide explanations in response to the queries and suggestions made by shareholders at a Shareholders' General Meeting. The directors, President and senior management	All directors, supervisors and the secretary to the board of directors shall attend the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company, and the President and other senior management shall be present at the meeting. The directors, supervisors, President and senior management staff shall provide explanations in response to the queries and suggestions made by shareholders at a Shareholders' General Meeting.
staff shall provide true information and data to the Board of Supervisors and not interfering with the Board of Supervisors or supervisors in the exercise of their functions and powers.	The directors, President and senior management staff shall provide true information and data to the Board of Supervisors and not interfering with the Board of Supervisors or supervisors in the exercise of their functions and powers.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
CHAPTER 17 Financial and Accounting Systems, Distribution of Profits, Auditing	CHAPTER 17 Financial and Accounting Systems, Distribution of Profits, Auditing and General Counsel System
Article 190:	Deleted
Interim results or financial information published or disclosed by the Company shall be prepared in accordance with PRC accounting standards and regulations as well as international standards or the accounting standards of the place outside the PRC where shares of the Company are listed.	
Article 196:	Article 195:
Before making up its losses and made allocations to the statutory common reserve, the Company shall not distribute dividends or distribute profits to shareholders. The Company's dividend does not bear any interest, unless the Company fails to distribute relevant dividends to the shareholders.	Before making up its losses and made allocations to the statutory common reserve, the Company shall not distribute dividends or distribute profits to shareholders. The Company's dividend does not bear any interest, unless the Company fails to distribute relevant dividends to the shareholders.
Any amount paid up in advance of calls on any share may carry interest but shall not entitle the holder of the share to participate in respect thereof in a dividend subsequently declared.	

undelivered.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 207:	Article 206:
The Company shall appoint receiving agents for holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares to collect on behalf of the relevant shareholders the dividends distributed and other moneys payable in respect of overseas listed foreign investment shares.	The Company shall appoint receiving agents for holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares to collect on behalf of the relevant shareholders the dividends distributed and other moneys payable in respect of overseas listed foreign investment shares.
The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall meet the requirements of the laws of the place, or the relevant regulations of the stock exchange, where shares are listed.	The receiving agents appointed by the Company shall meet the requirements of the laws of the place, or the relevant regulations of the stock exchange, where shares are listed.
The receiving agents appointed by the Company for the holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares listed on the SEHK shall be trust companies registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.	The receiving agents appointed by the Company for the holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares listed on the SEHK shall be trust companies registered under the Trustee Ordinance of Hong Kong.
Under the premise of obeying the laws of China, the Company has the right to forfeit the unclaimed dividends, subject to the expiry of the applicable relevant limitation period.	Under the premise of obeying the laws of China, the Company has the right to forfeit the unclaimed dividends, subject to the expiry of the applicable relevant limitation period.
The Company shall have the right to cease sending dividend warrants to holders of overseas listed foreign investment shares by post, but such right shall only be exercised until the dividend warrants have been left uncashed on two consecutive occasions. However, such power may be exercised after the first occasion on which such a warrant is returned	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
The Company shall have the right to sell the shares of untraceable shareholders of overseas listed foreign investment shares in the manner as the Board of Directors thinks appropriate, subject to compliance with the following conditions:	
(1) during a period of 12 years at least three dividends in respect of the shares in question have become payable and no dividend during that period has been claimed;	
(2) on expiry of the 12 years the Company gives notice of its intention to sell the shares by way of advertisements published in one or more newspapers in the place of listing of the Company and notifies the securities regulatory authority where the Company's shares are listed of such intention.	
New Article	Article 209: The Company has implemented the general counsel system, and has one General Counsel to play the role of General Counsel in legal review and control in operation and management, so as to promote the legal operation and compliance management of the Company. The General Counsel is a member of the senior management of the Company and is subject to the appointment or dismissal by the Board.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 242:	Article 242:
The "Manager", "Senior Deputy Manager" and "Deputy Manager" in these Articles of Association refer to the Company's "President", "Senior Vice President" and "Vice President".	The "Other Senior Management Staff" in these Articles of Association includes but not limited to "Senior Vice President", "Vice President", the "Chief Financial Officer", the "Secretary to the Board" and "General Counsel" and so forth.
The "Other Senior Management Staff" in these Articles of Association includes but not limited to "Senior Vice President", "Vice President", the "Chief Financial Officer" and the "Secretary to the Board" and so forth.	

Note: (1) According to the actual situation of the Company, the "Manager", "senior deputy Manager" and "deputy Manager" mentioned in the relevant articles of the Articles of Association shall be amended as "President", "Senior Vice President" and "Vice President" accordingly. Due to the large number of items involved, some of such amendments are not listed as above.

- (2) Due to addition and removal of articles, the serial number of relevant articles and cross references of the Articles of Association have been adjusted accordingly without separate explanation.
- * The Articles of Association and its proposed amendments were written in Chinese, without formal English version. As such, any English translation shall be for reference only. In the case of any discrepancies, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Original Articles Amended Articles

Article 1:

To safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited (the "Company"), its Shareholders and creditors, and to regulate the organization and activities of the General Meeting of the Company, the Company formulated these Rules of Procedures ("these Rules") in accordance with laws and regulations and normative documents such as the Company Law of the People's Republic of China, Mandatory Provisions for the Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed Overseas, the Guidelines on Articles of Association of Listed Companies, the Guidelines for the Governance of Listed Companies and the Rules of General Meetings of Listed Companies, the listing rules of shares or securities of the stock exchanges where the Company's share is listed (including but not limited to the Shanghai Stock Exchange, The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the New York Stock Exchange) (hereafter as "Relevant Listing Rules") as well as the Articles of Association of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited (the "Articles of Association").

Article 1:

To safeguard the legitimate rights and interests of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited (the "Company"), its Shareholders and creditors, and to regulate the organization and activities of the General Meeting of the Company, the Company formulated these Rules of Procedures ("these Rules") in accordance with laws and regulations and normative documents such as the Company Law of the People's Republic of China (the "Company Law"), Mandatory Provisions for the Articles of Association of Companies to be Listed Overseas, the Guidelines on Articles of Association of Listed Companies, the Guidelines for the Governance of Listed Companies and the Rules of General Meetings of Listed Companies, the listing rules of shares or securities of the stock exchanges where the Company's share is listed (including but not limited to the Shanghai Stock Exchange, The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited and the New York Stock Exchange) (hereafter as "Relevant Listing Rules") as well as the Articles of Association of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited (the "Articles of Association").

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
Artic	le 3:	Articl	le 3:
	General Meeting may exercise the following ions and powers:		General Meeting may exercise the following ons and powers:
(13)	to examine and approve decisions in relation to share-based remunerations (such as rights issue or share option etc.) of the employees;	(13)	to make decisions on purchase or sale of substantial assets within one year of which the amount exceed 25% of the Company's latest audited total assets;
(14)	to make decisions on purchase or sale of substantial assets within one year of which the amount exceed 25% of the Company's total assets;	(14)	to make decisions on guarantee matters subject to review and approval by General Meeting as required by laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Article of Association of the Company;
(15)	to make decisions on guarantee matters subject to review and approval by General Meeting as required by laws, administrative regulations and the Article of Association	(15)	to examine and approve changes of purpose of the funds raised;
	of the Company;	(16)	to consider and approve the employee stock ownership plan, stock incentive plan or
(16)	to examine and approve changes of purpose of the funds raised;		other share-based compensation (such as allotment or share options, etc.) granted to employees;
(17)	to examine and approve employee shareholding scheme or equity incentive schemes;	(17)	other matters the resolutions concerning which shall be made by the General Meeting, as stipulated by laws,
(18)	other matters the resolutions concerning which shall be made by the General Meeting, as stipulated by laws, administrative regulations, department		administrative regulations, department rules or the Articles of Association of the Company.
	rules or the Articles of Association of the Company.	or en	Shareholders' General Meeting may delegate trust relevant matters to be handled by the l of Directors.
or en	Shareholders' General Meeting may delegate trust relevant matters to be handled by the d of Directors.		

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 4:	Article 4:
Any and all guarantee matters of the Company shall be subject to review and approval of the Board of Directors. The following guarantee matters, upon the review and approval of the Board of Directors, shall be further submitted to General Meeting for review and approval: (1) any guarantee provided after the gross	Any and all guarantee matters of the Company shall be subject to review and approval of the Board of Directors. The following guarantee matters, upon the review and approval of the Board of Directors, shall be further submitted to General Meeting for review and approval: (1) any guarantee provided after the gross
amount of guarantees offered by the Company and its controlled subsidiaries has reached or exceeded 50% of the latest audited net asset;	amount of guarantees offered by the Company and its controlled subsidiaries has exceeded 50% of the latest audited net asset;
(5) any guarantee provided after the gross amount of guarantees offered by the Company have reached or exceeded 25% of its latest audited total assets;	(5) any guarantee provided after the gross amount of external guarantees of the Company have exceeded 30% of its latest audited total assets;
(6) other guarantee matters to be submitted to General Meeting for review and approval as required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.	(6) any guarantee provided by the Company within one year of which the amount exceeds 30% of its latest audited total assets;
	(7) other guarantee matters to be submitted to General Meeting for review and approval as required by laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.

Original Articles Article 5: Matters which, in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, are required to be Amended Articles Article 5: Matters which, in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations, the Articles of Association, are required to be

of the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of Association, are required to be approved by the General Meetings, shall be considered at the General Meetings so as to protect the decision-making power of the shareholders of the Company on such matters. Under necessary and reasonable circumstances, the General Meeting may authorize the Board of Directors to determine, within the scope of authorization granted by such General Meeting, specific issues relating to matters which shall be resolved but cannot be decided upon immediately at such General Meeting.

.

Article 6:

The Company shall not enter into any contract with any party other than the directors, supervisors and other senior management without the prior approval of the General Meeting, pursuant to which such party shall be in charge of management of the whole or any substantial part of the Company's business.

Matters which, in accordance with the provisions of the laws, administrative regulations, departmental rules and the Articles of Association, are required to be approved by the General Meetings, shall be considered at the General Meetings so as to protect the decision-making power of the shareholders of the Company on such matters. Under lawful, necessary and reasonable circumstances, the General Meeting may authorize the Board of Directors to determine, within the scope of authorization granted by such General Meeting, specific issues relating to matters which shall be resolved but cannot be decided upon immediately at such General Meeting.

.

Article 6:

The Company shall not enter into any contract with any party other than the directors, supervisors, **president and other** senior management without the prior approval of the General Meeting, pursuant to which such party shall be in charge of management of the whole or any substantial part of the Company's business.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 7:	Article 7:
The Board of Directors shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within two months after the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:	The Board of Directors shall convene an extraordinary shareholders' general meeting within two months after the occurrence of any of the following circumstances:
(3) where requested by shareholder(s) holding, independently or collectively, 10% or more of the Company's shares for more than 90 consecutive days (the number of shares held shall be the figure as at the date of the written request from the shareholder);	(3) where requested by shareholder(s) holding, independently or collectively, 10% or more of the Company's shares (the number of shares held shall be the figure as at the date of the written request from the shareholder);
(4) the Board of Directors considers it necessary or the supervisory committee proposes to hold such a meeting;	(4) the Board of Directors considers it necessary or the supervisory committee proposes to hold such a meeting.
The number of shares held referred to in clause (3) shall be the figure as at the date of the written request from the shareholder.	
Article 8:	Article 8:
The place for holding the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company shall be the domicile of the Company. The Company shall prepare a venue and hold the General Meeting on-site. The Company may provide safe, economic and convenient internet access or other conveniences to facilitate the participation of shareholders in the General Meeting. A shareholder who participated in a General Meeting in the aforesaid manners shall be deemed to have been present at the meeting.	The place for holding the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company shall be the domicile of the Company in principle. The Company shall prepare a venue and hold the General Meeting mainly on-site. The Company may provide safe, economic and convenient internet access or other conveniences to facilitate the participation of shareholders in the General Meeting. A shareholder who participated in a General Meeting in the aforesaid manners shall be deemed to have been present at the meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 9:	Article 9:	
The Board of Directors shall hold the General Meeting within the requirement stipulated under the Articles of Association.	The Board of Directors shall hold the General Meeting within the requirement stipulated under these rules of procedures and the Articles of Association.	
Article 10:	Article 10:	
In the case where independent directors, board of supervisors or shareholders alone or together holding at least 10 percent of the Company's shares request to call an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting or classified shareholders' meeting, the following procedures shall be followed:	In the case where independent directors, board of supervisors or shareholders alone or together holding at least 10 percent of the Company's shares request to call an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting or classified shareholders' meeting, the following procedures shall be followed:	
(5) when the Board of Directors rejects shareholders' proposal for convening an extraordinary General Meeting, the shareholders shall propose in writing to the supervisory committee to request the holding of the meeting.	(5) when the Board of Directors rejects shareholders' request for convening an extraordinary General Meeting, or does not reply without any reason within 10 days upon receipt of the request, the shareholders shall propose in writing to the supervisory committee to request the holding of the meeting.	
If the Board of Supervisors agrees to hold the meeting, it shall send the General Meeting notice within 5 days after receiving the shareholders' proposal, and the changes to the original proposal as included in the notice shall be subject to consent of the original proposer.	If the Board of Supervisors agrees to hold the meeting, it shall send the General Meeting notice within 5 days after receiving the shareholders' proposal, and the changes to the original request as included in the notice shall be subject to consent of the original proposer.	

Original Articles

If the Board of Supervisors fails to send the General Meeting notice within the specified time limit, it will be deemed as failing to convene and chair the meeting, in which case shareholders may independently convene and host the meeting (the shareholders convening the meeting shall hold not less than 10% of the Company's shares before announcement of the resolution on holding of the General Meeting.) Wherever possible, the convening procedure shall be the same as that observed by the Board of Directors when convening General Meetings.

When the Board of Supervisors or shareholders itself/themselves convene a Shareholders' General Meeting, the Board of Directors shall be informed in written notice; the filing procedures shall be handled at relevant department in charge in accordance with the applicable requirements. The Board of Directors and the Secretary to the Board of Directors shall give their cooperation. The Board of Directors shall provide the register of shareholders as of the date of record. The reasonable expenses incurred by such meetings shall be borne by the Company and shall be deducted from the sums owed by the Company to the negligent directors.

Amended Articles

If the Board of Supervisors fails to send the General Meeting notice within the specified time limit, it will be deemed as failing to convene and chair the meeting, in which case shareholders may independently convene and host the meeting (the shareholders convening the meeting shall hold not less than 10% of the Company's shares before announcement of the resolution on holding of the General Meeting.) Wherever possible, the convening procedure shall be the same as that observed by the Board of Directors when convening General **Meetings**.

When the Board of Supervisors or shareholders itself/themselves convene a Shareholders' General Meeting, the Board of Directors shall be informed in written notice; the filing procedures shall be handled at relevant department in charge in accordance with the applicable requirements. The Board of Directors and the Secretary to the Board of Directors shall give their cooperation. The Board of Directors shall provide the register of shareholders as of the date of record. The reasonable expenses incurred by such meetings shall be borne by the Company and shall be deducted from the sums owed by the Company to the negligent directors (if any).

Original Articles Article 14: Article 14:

A written notice of a General Meeting to be held by the Company shall be given to all shareholders, whose names appear in the register of members, 45 days before the meeting is held (including the date on which the meeting is held), specifying the matters to be considered at and the date and place of the meeting. A shareholder who intends to attend the General Meeting shall deliver a written reply slip confirming his intention to attend the meeting to the Company 20 days before the meeting is held.

The Company shall calculate the number of voting shares represented by shareholders who intend to attend a General Meeting on the basis of the written replies it has received **20 days** before the date of the General Meeting.

In the event that the number of voting shares represented by shareholders who intend to attend the meeting is more than half of the total number of the voting shares of the Company, the Company may hold the General Meeting; if not, the Company shall, within 5 days, notify shareholders again of the matters to be considered at, and the date and place for, the meeting by public announcement. The Company may hold the General Meeting after such an announcement has been made.

An announcement of a General Meeting to be held by the Company shall be given by the convener to all shareholders, whose names appear in the register of members, 45 days before the meeting is held (including the date on which the meeting is held), specifying the matters to be considered at and the date and place of the meeting. A shareholder who intends to attend the General Meeting shall deliver a written reply slip confirming his intention to attend the meeting to the Company on the date set forth in the announcement.

The Company shall calculate the number of voting shares represented by shareholders who intend to attend a General Meeting on the basis of the written replies it has received before the date of the General Meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 15:	Article 15:	
A notice of the General Meeting shall meet the following requirements:	A notice of the General Meeting shall meet the following requirements:	
(1) it shall be in written form;	(1) it shall be in written form;	
(2) it shall specify the place, date and time of the meeting;	(2) it shall specify the place, time and term of the meeting;	
(3) it shall state the matters to be discussed at the meeting;	(3) it shall state the matters and proposals to be discussed at the meeting;	
(5) if any director, supervisor, general manager and other senior management members have material interests in the matters subject to discussion, the nature and extent of such material interests shall be disclosed, and if the effect of the proposed matters on such director, supervisor, manager and other senior management members in their capacity as shareholders is different from that of other shareholders of the same class, the differences shall also be specified;	(5) if any director, supervisor, president and other senior management members have material interests in the matters subject to discussion, the nature and extent of such material interests shall be disclosed, and if the effect of the proposed matters on such director, supervisor, president and other senior management members in their capacity as shareholders is different from that of other shareholders of the same class, the differences shall also be specified;	
(7) it shall contain a clear written statement that a shareholder who has the right to attend and vote at the meeting shall have the right to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote at the meeting on his behalf and that such proxies need not be shareholders;	(7) it shall contain a clear written statement that all shareholders of ordinary shares (including shareholders of preference shares with restored voting rights) are entitled to attend the General Meeting, and may appoint proxies in writing to attend and vote at the meeting on their behalves and that such proxies need not be shareholders of the Company;	

Original Articles		Amended Articles		
(8)	it shall state the date and place for the delivery of the proxy forms for the meeting;	(8)	it shall state the date and place for the delivery of the proxy forms for the meeting;	
(9)	specify the date of registration of shares for shareholders who are entitled to attend the General Meeting;	(9)	it shall specify the date of registration of shares for shareholders who are entitled to attend the General Meeting;	
(10)	provide name and telephone number of the standing contact person for committee administration.	(10)	it shall provide name and telephone number of the standing contact person for committee administration;	
		(11)	it shall specify the time and procedures for voting online or by other means.	
Artic	Article 19: Article 19:		le 19:	
	The Board of Directors of the Company and other conveners shall be responsible to safeguard		The Board of Directors of the Company and other conveners shall be responsible to safeguard	
	the proper order of the General Meeting. The		the proper order of the General Meeting. The	
Board	Board of Directors shall take necessary measures		Board of Directors shall take necessary measures	
to st	to stop and report in a timely manner to the		to stop and report in a timely manner to the	
relevant departments for investigation any acts		relevant departments for investigation any acts		
of disturbing the General Meeting, stirring up		of disturbing the General Meeting, stirring up		
fights and causing troubles, or infringing upon		fights and causing troubles, or infringing upon		
shareholders' legal rights and interests.		shareholders' legal rights and interests.		

Article 22:

PARTICULARS OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Original Articles Article 22:

The instrument appointing a voting proxy shall be deposited at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting within 24 hours prior to the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours prior to the specified time of the vote. If the instrument is signed by another person authorized by the principal, the power of attorney or other document authorizing the signature shall be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorizing document shall be deposited together with the instrument appointing the voting proxy at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting.

If the principal is a legal person, its legal representative or the person authorized by a resolution fits Board of Directors or other decision-making body shall attend the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company as the representative of such legal person.

The instrument appointing a voting proxy shall be deposited at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting within 24 hours prior to the meeting at which the proxy is authorized to vote or 24 hours prior to the specified time of the vote. If the instrument is signed by another person authorized by the principal, the power of attorney or other document authorizing the signature shall be notarized. The notarized power of attorney or other authorizing document shall be deposited together with the instrument appointing the voting proxy at the domicile of the Company or at such other place as specified in the notice of the meeting.

If the principal is a legal person, its legal representative or the person authorized by a resolution fits Board of Directors or other decision-making body shall attend the Shareholders' General Meeting of the Company as the representative of such legal person.

Where the shareholder is a recognised clearing house (or its proxy) within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance of Hong Kong, the shareholder may authorise a representative of the Company or one or more persons as it thinks fit to act as its representative (s) at any Shareholders' General Meeting or any class meeting of shareholders or creditors' meeting provided that the proxy (ies) shall have the same statutory rights as other shareholders, including the right to speak and vote; however, if more than one person is so authorised, the power of attorney shall specify the number and class of shares in respect of which each such person is so authorised. The persons so authorised may exercise the rights on behalf of the recognized clearing house (or its agent) as if they were the individual shareholders of the Company.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 27:	Article 27:
The directors, independent directors and those shareholders who have met certain requirements (to be determined by the standards promulgated by the competent regulatory authorities from time to time) may collect their voting rights at the General Meeting from the Company's shareholders. If the collector openly collects the voting rights of the Company's shareholders, the collector shall comply with the requirements of the relevant regulatory authorities and the stock exchange(s) on which the Company's shares are listed.	The directors, independent directors, shareholders holding more than one percent of the voting shares or investor protection institutions established in accordance with laws, administrative regulations or the provisions of the CSRC may act as soliciting parties, either by themselves or by entrusting securities companies or securities service institutions, to publicly request shareholders to appoint them to attend the General Meeting on their behalf, and to exercise shareholders' rights such as proposal rights and voting rights on their behalf. If the collector openly collects the rights of the Company's shareholders, the collector shall comply with the requirements of the relevant regulatory authorities and the stock exchange(s) on which the Company's shares are listed.
Article 29:	Article 29:
During the course of a General Meeting, all directors, supervisors and the secretary to the Board of Directors shall attend the General Meeting. Managers and other senior management members shall also be present at the meeting.	During the course of a General Meeting, all directors, supervisors and the secretary to the Board of Directors shall attend the General Meeting. President and other senior management members shall also be present at the meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 30:	Article 30:	
The Chairman of the Board of Directors is the host and is the chairman of the General Meeting. Should the chairman of the Board of Directors be unable to or fail to perform his or her duties or attend the General Meeting, the deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors should serve as the host and chairman of the General Meeting. Should the deputy Chairman be unable or fail to perform his or her duties, the director elected by more than half of the directors should serve as the host and chairman of the General Meeting	The Chairman of the Board of Directors is the host and is the chairman of the General Meeting. Should the chairman of the Board of Directors be unable to or fail to perform his or her duties or attend the General Meeting, the deputy Chairman of the Board of Directors should serve as the host and chairman of the General Meeting. Should there be no deputy Chairman or the deputy Chairman be unable or fail to perform his or her duties, the director elected by more than half of the directors should serve as the host and chairman of the General Meeting	
Article 34:	Article 34:	
Minutes of General Meetings shall be recorded by the secretary to the Board of Directors and contain the following items:		
(1) the date, place and agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener;	(1) the date, place and agenda of the meeting, and the name of the convener;	
(2) the name of the Chairman of the meeting, and the names of directors, supervisors, managers and other senior management members of the Company attending or present at the meeting;	(2) the name of the Chairman of the meeting, and the names of directors, supervisors, president and other senior management members of the Company attending or present at the meeting;	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 37:	Article 37:

When shareholders (including proxies) vote at the Shareholders' General Meeting, they shall exercise their voting rights according to the number of voting shares that they represent. Except for the cumulative voting system adopted by the directors or supervisors provided in Article 110 of these Articles of Association, each share shall have one vote. No voting rights shall be attached to the Company shares held by the Company, and such shares shall not be counted among the total number of voting shares present at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Subject to the applicable listing rules as amended from time to time, where any shareholder is required to abstain from voting on any particular matter being considered or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular matter being considered, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

When shareholders (including proxies) vote at the Shareholders' General Meeting, they shall exercise their voting rights according to the number of voting shares that they represent. Except for the cumulative voting system adopted by the directors or supervisors provided in Article 110 of these Articles of Association, each share shall have one vote. No voting rights shall be attached to the Company shares held by the Company, and such shares shall not be counted among the total number of voting shares present at the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Subject to the applicable listing rules as amended from time to time, where any shareholder is required to abstain from voting on any particular matter being considered or restricted to voting only for or only against any particular matter being considered, any votes cast by or on behalf of such shareholder in contravention of such requirement or restriction shall not be counted.

If the purchase of the voting shares of the Company by a shareholder violates the provisions of paragraphs 1 and 2 of Article sixty-three of the Securities Law, such shares in excess of the prescribed proportion shall not exercise the voting rights within thirty-six months after the purchase, and shall not be included in the total number of voting shares represented by shareholders attending the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 38:	Article 38:
Resolutions of the General Meeting are divided into ordinary resolutions and special resolutions.	Resolutions of the General Meeting are divided into ordinary resolutions and special resolutions.
The ordinary resolutions of a General Meeting shall be passed by Shareholders (including proxies) present in person at the meeting with more than one-half of the voting shares.	The ordinary resolutions of a General Meeting shall be passed by Shareholders (including proxies) present in person at the meeting with more than one-half of the voting shares.
The special resolutions of a General Meeting shall be passed by shareholders (including proxies) present in person at the meeting with more than two-thirds of the voting shares.	The special resolutions of a General Meeting shall be passed by shareholders (including proxies) present in person at the meeting with more than two-thirds of the voting shares.
Shareholders who attend the meeting (including their proxies) shall make an affirmative vote or a dissenting vote on each resolution subject to voting. Any abstention votes or abstaining from voting shall not be counted as valid votes when the Company is counting the voting results of such	Shareholders who attend the meeting (including their proxies) shall express one of the following opinions on the proposals submitted for voting: for, against or abstention. Any abstention votes or abstaining from voting shall not be counted as valid votes when the Company is counting the
resolution.	voting results of such resolution.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 44:	Article 44:	
The following matters shall be passed by special resolutions of a General Meeting:	The following matters shall be passed by special resolutions of a General Meeting:	
(1) the increase and reduction of the Company's share capital and the issue of any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities of the Company;	(1) the increase and reduction of the Company's share capital and the issue of any class of shares, warrants and other similar securities of the Company;	
(2) the issue of corporate bonds;	(2) the issue of corporate bonds;	
(3) the division, merger, dissolution, liquidation and material acquisition or disposal;	(3) the division, split , merger, dissolution, liquidation and material acquisition or disposal;	
(6) to make decisions on purchase or sale of substantial assets within one year of which the amount exceeds 25% of the Company's total assets;	(6) any purchase or sale of substantial assets or any guarantee provided by the Company of which the amount exceeds 30% of the Company's latest audited total assets within one year;	
(8) employee shareholding schemes or equity incentive schemes;		
(9) such other matters as required by laws, administrative regulations or the Articles of Association, and passed by ordinary resolutions that such matters are of material effects to the Company and require adoption	 (8) employee shareholding schemes, equity incentive schemes or other share-based compensation (such as allotment or share options, etc.) granted to employees; (9) such other matters as required by laws, 	
of special resolutions.	administrative regulations, department rules or the Articles of Association, and passed by ordinary resolutions that such matters are of material effects to the Company and require adoption of special resolutions.	

Original Articles Amended Articles Article 47: Article 47: The chairman of a General Meeting shall The Company shall announce the resolutions determine whether or not a resolution tabled passed at the General Meeting in accordance with at the General Meeting has been adopted. His the applicable laws and relevant requirements of decision shall be final and conclusive and shall the stock exchange(s) on which the Company's be announced at the meeting and recorded in shares are listed. the minutes of the meeting. The Company shall announce the resolutions passed at the General Meeting in accordance with the applicable laws and relevant requirements of the stock exchange(s) on which the Company's shares are listed. Article 53: Article 53: In convening a General Meeting, the Company In convening a General Meeting, the Company shall engage a lawyer to attend the General shall engage a lawyer to attend the General Meeting and provide opinions and announce Meeting and provide opinions and announce the same on the following issues: (1) whether the same on the following issues: (1) whether the convening and convening procedures of the convening and convening procedures of the General Meeting comply with the laws, the General Meeting comply with the laws, administrative regulations and the Articles of administrative regulations, the relevant Association: (2) whether the attendants and requirements of the securities regulation convener of the meeting are legal and eligible; (3) authorities in the listing places and the Articles whether the voting procedures and voting results of Association; (2) whether the attendants and of the General Meeting are legal and valid; (4) convener of the meeting are legal and eligible; (3) legal opinions on other issues upon request by the whether the voting procedures and voting results Company. of the General Meeting are legal and valid; (4) legal opinions on other issues upon request by the

Company.

^{*} The Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting and its proposed amendments were written in Chinese, without formal English version. As such, any English translation shall be for reference only. In the case of any discrepancies, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 4:	Article 4:
The Board of Directors shall be composed of 9 directors. The outside directors (herein meaning those directors who do not hold office in the Company) shall represent more than 50 percent of the members of the Board of Directors; the independent directors (herein meaning those directors who are independent to the shareholders and do not hold office in the Company) shall represent one third or more of the members of the Board of Directors. A director can be engaged as the part-time senior management staff of the Company; however, the number of the directors serving as the part-time senior management staff shall not exceed one half of the Company's total	The Board of Directors shall be composed of 9 directors. The outside directors (herein meaning the non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) shall represent more than 50 percent of the members of the Board of Directors; the independent directors (herein meaning those directors who are independent to the shareholders and do not hold office in the Company) shall represent one third or more of the members of the Board of Directors. A director can be engaged as the part-time senior management staff of the Company; however, the number of the directors serving as the part-time senior management staff shall not exceed one half of the
number of directors.	Company's total number of directors.
Article 5:	Article 5:
The Board of Directors shall include one chairman and one vice chairman, who shall be elected and removed by more than half of all the directors. The Chairman of the Board and the Vice Chairman of the Board shall serve terms of three years and	The Board of Directors shall include one chairman and one vice chairman (if needed), who shall be elected and removed by more than half of all the directors. The Chairman of the Board and the Vice Chairman of the Board (if any) shall serve terms

of three years and may serve consecutive terms if

may serve consecutive terms if reelected.

reelected.

	Original Articles		Amended Articles	
Article 11:		Article 11:		
None of the following persons may serve as a director of the Company:		None of the following persons may serve as a director of the Company:		
(6)	persons whose cases have been placed on the docket and are being investigated by the judicial authorities because they committed crimes , and such cases are still pending;	(6)	persons whose cases have been placed on the docket and are being investigated by the judicial authorities because they violated the criminal law , and such cases are still pending;	
(10)	persons who are determined to be banned from entering the securities market by the State Council authorities in charge of securities and whose bans have not been lifted;	(10)	A person who has been given penalties of prohibition against entering the securities market from the China Securities Regulatory Commission (the "CSRC") and the term of such penalties has not expired;	
(11)	any circumstance under which a person may not hold the position of director specified in the laws, administrative regulations, as well as these Articles of Association.	(11)	any circumstance under which a person may not hold the position of director specified in the laws, administrative regulations, Relevant Listing Rules as well as these Articles of Association.	

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
Artic	ele 13:	Articl	le 13:
dilige of the on the prude the n and street Com	ctors shall actively fulfill their obligation of ence, consider the judgments made by people e equal status under the similar circumstances the basis of the Company's best interests, make ent decisions about the interests and risks of matters to be decided of the listed companies shall not be released from such liability by reason that they are not familiar with the pany's business or do not understand the ed matters, so as to confirm:	of loyalty and diligence stipulated in law and regulations, relevant provisions of the stock exchange(s), the Articles of Association and these Rules, consider the judgments made by people of the equal status under the similar circumstances on the basis of the Company best interests, make prudent decisions about the	
(1)	that the commercial activities of the Company are in accordance with laws, administrative regulations and the requirements of various national economic policies;		iar with the Company's business or do not stand the related matters, so as to confirm: that the commercial activities of the Company are in accordance with laws,
(2)	that all shareholders are treated equally;		administrative regulations and the requirements of various national economic policies;
(3)	that they read the various commercial and financial reports of listed companies carefully so as to find out the business and operations of the Company in a timely manner;	(2)	that all shareholders are treated equally; that they read the various commercial and financial reports of listed companies carefully so as to find out the business and
(4)	that they exercise the management and decision rights entrusted by the Company to them in person and not let them be handled		operations of the Company in a timely manner;
	by others; that they do not transfer the disposition of these rights to others without the permission of laws and administrative rules and Articles of Association or the informed resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting;	(4)	that they exercise the management and decision rights entrusted by the Company to them in person and not let them be handled by others; that they do not transfer the disposition of these rights to others without the permission of laws and administrative rules and Articles of Association or the
(5)	that they accept the legitimate supervision and reasonable recommendations of the Supervisory Board on their performance of		informed resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting;
	duties.	(5)	that they accept the legitimate supervision and reasonable recommendations of the Supervisory Board on their performance of

duties.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 15:	Article 15:
Directors shall ensure enough time and energy	Directors shall ensure enough time and energy to
to participate in the affairs of listed companies,	participate in the affairs of the Company, fulfill
fulfill their duties and make careful judgments and	their duties and make careful judgments and
decisions for the matters submitted to the Board	decisions for the matters submitted to the Board of
of Directors for deliberation. If a director fails	Directors for deliberation.
to personally attend more than one third of	
the meetings of the Board of Directors in the	
current year, the Board of Supervisors shall	
review his or her performance of duties and	
make resolution and announcement about his	
or her diligence. If a director fails to personally	
attend more than 50 percent of the meetings	
of the Board of Directors in the current year	
without any reasonable ground such as disease,	
working or studying abroad, or if a director	
fails to personally attend a meeting of the	
Board of Directors and to appoint another	
director to attend the meetings on his or her	
behalf on two consecutive occasions, he or she	
shall be deemed as unable to perform duties	
and the Board of Directors shall propose to the	
Shareholders' General Meeting that he or she	
be replaced.	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 16:	Article 16:
Directors shall attend the meetings of the Board of Directors with the serious and responsible attitude, and express the clear opinions on the matters under discussion. A director shall attend the Board meetings and make decisions personally in principle. If he or she is unable to attend a meeting in person, he or she may appoint in writing another director to attend the meetings and vote on his or her behalf; the principal shall independently assume the legal responsibilities. Any director shall not be appointed as the proxy to attend the same board meeting by more than two directors. When examining and discussing a related transaction, the non-associated directors to attend the meetings on behalf of them; the independent directors shall not appoint the non-independent directors to	Directors shall attend the meetings of the Board of Directors with the serious and responsible attitude, and express the clear opinions on the matters under discussion. A director shall attend the Board meetings and make decisions personally in principle. If he or she is unable to attend a meeting in person, he or she may appoint in writing another director to attend the meetings and vote on his or her behalf; the principal shall independently assume the legal responsibilities. If a director fails to personally attend a meeting of the Board of Directors and to appoint another director to attend the meetings on his or her behalf on two consecutive occasions, he or she shall be deemed unable to perform his or her duties and the Board of Directors shall propose to the Shareholders' General Meeting that he or she be
attend the meetings on behalf of them.	replaced.
If a director fails to personally attend a meeting of the Board of Directors and to appoint another director to attend the meetings on his or her behalf on two consecutive occasions, he or she shall be deemed unable to perform his or her duties and the Board of Directors shall propose to the Shareholders' General Meeting that he or she be replaced.	

Original Articles Amended Articles Article 18: Article 18: If the resignation of a director causes the number If the resignation of a director causes the number of occupied seats on the Board of Directors to fall of occupied seats on the Board of Directors to fall below the statutory minimum, his or her written below the statutory minimum, his or her written resignation shall enter into effect only upon the resignation shall enter into effect only upon the new director taking up the vacancy left by his new director taking up the vacancy left by his or or her resignation. The remaining directors shall her resignation. The Board of Directors shall convene an extraordinary Shareholders' General convene an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting as soon as possible to elect a director Meeting as soon as possible to elect a director to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of the to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of the director. Until the Shareholders' General Meeting director. Until the Shareholders' General Meeting has passed a resolution on electing a director, has passed a resolution on electing a director, the powers of the resigning director and the the powers of the resigning director and the

restrictions.

remaining directors shall be subject to reasonable

Board of Directors shall be subject to reasonable

restrictions.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 25:	Article 25:
In the case where the Company's controlling	In the case where the shareholding percentage
shareholders' shareholding percentage is	of a single shareholder and person(s) acting
more than 30 percent, the cumulative voting	in concert with him/her/it is 30 percent
system may be implemented for the election	or more than that, the cumulative voting
of directors and supervisors at a Shareholders'	system may be implemented for the election
General Meeting, namely when more than two	of directors and supervisors at a Shareholders'
directors or supervisors shall be elected at the	General Meeting, namely when more than two
Shareholders' General Meeting, each share held	directors or supervisors shall be elected at the
by the shareholder who participates in the voting	Shareholders' General Meeting, each share held
carries a number of voting rights equivalent to the	by the shareholder who participates in the voting
number of directors or supervisors to be elected,	carries a number of voting rights equivalent to the
and a shareholder may cluster or disperse his or	number of directors or supervisors to be elected,
her voting rights.	and a shareholder may cluster or disperse his or
	her voting rights.
The outside directors shall have sufficient time	The outside directors shall have sufficient time and
and the necessary knowledge and ability to	the necessary knowledge and ability to perform
perform their duties. The Company must provide	their duties. The Company must provide necessary
necessary information to outside directors	information to outside directors for performing
for performing their duties. Among them, the	their duties. Among them, the independent
independent directors may directly report to	directors may directly report to the Shareholders'

the Shareholders' General Meeting, the China

Securities Regulatory Commission (CSRC) and

other relevant departments.

departments.

General Meeting, the CSRC and other relevant

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 26:	Article 26:	
The candidates for directors shall not only comp with the relevant provisions of the Company Lar but also meet the following requirements:		
(1) having not been subject to an administrative penalty by China Securiti Regulatory Commission during the morecent three years;	es (1) having not been subject to any administrative penalty by China Securities Regulatory Commission during the most recent three years;	
(2) having not been subject to the decry public or more than two times of notice criticism by the stock exchange during the most recent three years;	of (2) having not been subject to the decry in	
(3) having not been during the period that publicly identified as not suitable to serve directors of listed companies by the store exchange.	as (3) having not been determined to be banned	
The above periods shall be calculated from the date on which the Shareholders' General Meeting for selecting and appointing the directors is held.	ne (4) having not been during the period that is	
	The cut-off date for the above periods shall be the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting at which the relevant resolutions for the nomination of directors are considered.	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 27:	Article 27:
The following procedures shall be followed for selecting the non-independent directors:	The following procedures shall be followed for selecting the non-independent directors:
(4) If a shareholder or the Board of Supervisors, who is consistent with the conditions stipulated in the Articles of Association, put(s) forth an extempore motion for the election of a non-independent director to the Shareholders' General Meeting, the written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for the position of non-independent director and of the nominee indicating his or her willingness to accept the nomination as well as relevant written materials on the nominee as mentioned in above in item (1) of this Article shall be delivered to the Company to enable it having enough time to deliver the relevant notice and materials to shareholders in at least 14 days before the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting.	(4) If a shareholder or the Board of Supervisors, who is consistent with the conditions stipulated in the Articles of Association, put(s) forth an extempore motion for the election of a non-independent director to the Shareholders' General Meeting, the written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for the position of non-independent director and of the nominee indicating his or her willingness to accept the nomination as well as relevant written materials on the nominee as mentioned in above in item (1) of this Article shall be delivered to the Company at least 15 working days before the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 30:	Article 30:	
A person holding the position of independent non-executive director shall satisfy the basic conditions set forth below:	A person holding the position of independent non executive director shall satisfy the basic conditions set forth below:	
(4) having at least five years of experience in law, economics or other work experience required for performing the duties and responsibilities of an independent director;	(4) having at least five years of experience in law, economics, accounting, finance, management, non-ferrous metals industry or other work experience required for performing the duties and responsibilities of an independent director;	

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 31:	Article 31:	
The independent director must have the independence provided in the applicable laws, administrative regulations and rules, regulations or the Articles of Association and/or the relevant Listing Rules, the following persons may not serve as independent directors:	The independent director must have the independence provided in the applicable laws, administrative regulations and rules, regulations or the Articles of Association and/or the relevant Listing Rules, the following persons may not serve as independent directors:	
(1) persons holding a position in the Company or a subsidiary thereof and their lineal relatives and major social relations (the lineal relatives refer to the spouse, parents and children; the major social relations refer to the brothers and sisters, father-in-law and mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, the spouses of brothers and sisters, as well as the spouse's brothers and sisters);	or a subsidiary thereof and their lineal relatives and major social relations (the lineal relatives refer to the spouse, parents and children; the major social relations refer to the brothers and sisters, father-in-law and mother-in-law, daughter-in-law, son-in-law, the spouses of brothers and sisters, as well as the spouse's brothers and sisters);	
(2) natural person shareholders who directly or indirectly hold at least 1 percent of the outstanding shares of the Company or who rank among the top ten shareholders of the Company, and their lineal relatives;	(2) natural person shareholders who directly or indirectly hold at least 1 percent of the outstanding shares of the Company or who rank among the top ten shareholders of the Company, and their lineal relatives;	
(3) persons who hold positions of senior management in entities that directly or indirectly hold at least 5 percent of the outstanding shares of the Company or that rank among the top five shareholders of the Company, and their lineal relatives;	(3) persons who hold positions of senior management in entities that directly or indirectly hold at least 5 percent of the outstanding shares of the Company or that rank among the top five shareholders of the Company, and their lineal relatives;	
(4) persons who, at any time during the immediately preceding period of one year, have fallen into any of the three categories listed above;	(4) persons who hold positions in the de facto controller of the Company and its subsidiaries;	

	Original Articles	Amended Articles	
(5)	persons who provide financial, legal, consultancy or other such services to the Company or its subsidiaries;	(5)	persons who provide financial, legal, consultancy or other such services to the Company and its controlling shareholders or their respective subsidiaries, including
(6)	other persons that the authorities in charge of securities specify may not serve as an independent non-executive director;		all members of the project team, reviewers at all levels, persons who sign the report, partners and main responsible persons of the intermediary institutions
(7)	other personnel stipulated in the Articles of Association.	(6)	a person who serves as a director, supervisor or senior management officer in an entity that has material business dealings with the Company and its controlling shareholders or their respective subsidiaries, or a person who serves as a director, supervisor or senior management officer in the controlling shareholders of such entity;
		(7)	persons who, at any time during the immediately preceding period of one year, have fallen into any of the six categories listed above;
		(8)	other persons that the authorities in charge of securities and the stock exchanges specify are not independent or may not serve as an independent non-executive director;
		(9)	other personnel stipulated in the Articles of Association.

Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Article 32:	Article 32:	
The nomination, election and replacement of independent directors shall be carried out in accordance with the laws and norms:	The nomination, election and replacement of independent directors shall be carried out in accordance with the laws and norms:	
(5) If a shareholder alone or shareholders together holding at least 3 percent of the voting rights in the Company or the Board of Supervisors put(s) forth an extempore motion for the election of an independent director, the written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for the position of independent director and of the nominee indicating his or her willingness to accept the nomination as well as relevant written materials on the nominee as mentioned in above in item (1) and (2) of this Article shall be delivered to the Company to enable it having enough time to deliver the relevant notice and materials to shareholders in at least 14 days before the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting;	(5) If a shareholder alone or shareholders together holding at least 3 percent of the voting rights in the Company or the Board of Supervisors put(s) forth an extempore motion for the election of an independent director, the written notice of the intention to nominate a candidate for the position of independent director and of the nominee indicating his or her willingness to accept the nomination as well as relevant written materials on the nominee as mentioned in above in item (1) and (2) of this Article shall be delivered to the Company to enable it having enough time to deliver the relevant notice and materials to shareholders in at least 14 days before the date of the Shareholders' General Meeting;	

Original Articles

(8) If an independent director fails on three consecutive occasions to personally attend a meeting of the Board of Directors, the Board of Directors shall request that the Shareholders' General Meeting replace him or her. An independent director may not be removed without cause before the expiration of his or her term, unless any of the circumstance mentioned in the preceding paragraph or a circumstance, under which a person may not hold the position of director specified in the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association, arises. If an independent director is removed before the expiration of his or her term, the Company shall disclose his or her removal as a matter for special disclosure. If the removed independent director is of the opinion that the Company's grounds for removing him or her are not justified, he or she may make a public statement to that effect;

Amended Articles

(8) If an independent director fails on two consecutive occasions to personally attend a meeting of the Board of Directors, or the number of their non-attendance at board meetings in person accounted for more than one-third of the number of board meetings during the said year, the Board of Directors shall request that the Shareholders' General Meeting replace him or her. An independent director may not be removed without cause before the expiration of his or her term, unless any of the circumstance mentioned in the preceding paragraph or a circumstance, under which a person may not hold the position of director specified in the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association, arises. If an independent director is removed before the expiration of his or her term, the Company shall disclose his or her removal as a matter for special disclosure. If the removed independent director is of the opinion that the Company's grounds for removing him or her are not justified, he or she may make a public statement to that effect:

PARTICULARS OF PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE APPENDIX III RULES OF PROCEDURES FOR THE BOARD MEETING

	Original Articles	Amended Articles
Artic	cle 34:	Article 34:
to di laws as th direc	ddition to the functions and powers granted frectors under the Company Law, other the administrative regulations and rules, as well nese Articles of Association, independent ctors shall have the following special functions powers:	In addition to the functions and powers granted to directors under the Company Law, other the laws, administrative regulations and rules, as well as these Articles of Association, independent directors shall have the following special functions and powers:
(1)	the connected transactions (as determined based on the criteria issued by the stock exchange or the competent regulator from time to time) and the engagement or dismissal of an accounting firm shall be reviewed by the Board of Directors or the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with laws, regulations and/or the relevant Listing Rules; it shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion after being approved by more than 50 percent of the independent directors in accordance with such provisions. A resolution by the Board of Directors on a connected transaction shall enter into effect only once the independent non-executive directors have signed the same. Before rendering their judgment, independent non-executive directors may engage an intermediary organization to issue an independent financial consultant report for use as a basis for rendering their judgment;	(1) the material connected transactions (as determined based on the criteria issued by the stock exchange or the competent regulator from time to time) shall be reviewed by the Board of Directors or the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with laws, regulations and/ or the relevant Listing Rules; it shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion after being approved by more than 50 percent of the independent directors in accordance with such provisions. A resolution by the Board of Directors on a connected transaction shall enter into effect only once the independent non-executive directors have signed the same. Before rendering their judgment, independent non-executive directors may engage an intermediary organization to issue an independent financial consultant report for use as a basis for rendering their judgment;
(2)	proposing the engagement or dismissal	(2) proposing the engagement or dismissal of an accounting firm to the Board of

- proposing the engagement or dismissal (2) of an accounting firm to the Board of Directors;
- of an accounting firm to the Board of Directors;

	Original Articles		Amended Articles
(3)	proposing to the Board of Directors the calling of an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting;	(3)	proposing to the Board of Directors the calling of an extraordinary Shareholders' General Meeting;
(4)	proposing the calling of meetings of the Board of Directors;	(4)	proposing the calling of meetings of the Board of Directors;
(5)	independently engaging external auditors and consultants;	(5)	independently engaging intermediaries to express professional opinions when necessary at the expense of the Company;
		The independent directors independently	
		engage external auditors and advisory bodies	
		to conduct audits and consultations on specific matters of the Company, which shall be at the	
		expense of the Company.	

	Original Articles		Amended Articles	
Article	35:	Articl	e 35:	
respon director to the	dition to performing the duties and sibilities mentioned above, independent rs shall express their independent opinions Board of Directors or the Shareholders' al Meeting on the following matters:	respo direct to the	Idition to performing the duties and insibilities mentioned above, independent ors shall express their independent opinions a Board of Directors or the Shareholders' ral Meeting on the following matters:	
(1) t	the nomination or removal of directors;	(1)	the nomination or removal of directors;	
	the engagement or dismissal of senior management staff;	(2)	the engagement or dismissal of senior management staff;	
	the remuneration of the Company's directors and senior management staff;	(3)	the remuneration of the Company's directors and senior management staff;	
1	matters which may, in an independent non- executive director's opinion, harm the rights and interests of small and medium shareholders;	(4) (5)	engagement or dismissal of accounting firms; making changes to accounting policies,	
l s	major financial transactions that occur between the Company (including its subsidiaries) and the related parties (including the shareholders and associated		accounting estimates or corrections of significant accounting errors for reasons other than changes in accounting standards;	
t	companies), or the connected transactions to be reviewed and approved in accordance with relevant Listing Rules by the shareholders;	(6)	the accounting firm issuing non-standard unqualified audit opinions on the financial accounting reports and internal controls of the Company;	
I	the failure by the Board of Directors to prepare a plan for the distribution of profits in cash;	(7) (8)	evaluation reports on internal controls; the proposal for change of commitment	
1	other matters specified in the applicable laws and regulations, as well as these Articles of Association.		by the relevant parties;	

Original Articles	Amended Articles
	(9) the impact of the issuance of preference shares on the rights and interests of various shareholders of the Company;
	(10) the formulation of profit distribution policy, profit distribution plan and cash dividend plan, and the failure of the Board of Directors of the Company to make a cash profit distribution proposal;
	(11) significant capital transactions between the Company and its shareholders or its related enterprises, and significant matters such as related party transactions, provision of guarantees (excluding guarantees provided for subsidiaries within the scope of the consolidated financial statements), entrustment of wealth management, provision of financial assistance, use of proceeds, investment in shares and derivatives of shares, etc. that need to be disclosed;
	(12) major asset reorganisation plans, management buyouts, share incentive schemes, employee share ownership schemes, share buy-back schemes and capital offsets by related parties of listed companies;

Original Articles	Amended Articles
	(13) the Company intending to decide that its shares will no longer be traded on the stock exchange(s);
	(14) any existing or new loans or other financial dealings with the Company by its shareholders, actual controller and its related enterprises in an aggregate amount of more than RMB3 million or more than 5% of the Company's latest audited net asset value, and whether the Company has taken effective measures to recover the outstanding amounts;
	(15) matters which, in the opinion of the independent directors, may prejudice the legitimate interests of the minority shareholders;
	(16) other matters required by the laws and regulations, the CSRC, the relevant regulations of the stock exchange(s) or the Articles of Association.

	Original Articles	Amended Articles	
Artic	le 37:	Article 37:	
Share	Board of Directors shall be accountable to the eholders' General Meeting and exercise the wing functions and powers:	he Board of Directors sha hareholders' General Mollowing functions and po	eeting and exercise the
(1)	to convene Shareholders' General Meetings and to report on its work to the Shareholders' General Meeting;		reholders' General port on its work to the eral Meeting;
(2)	to implement the resolutions of the Shareholders' General Meeting;	to implement the Shareholders' General	e resolutions of the ral Meeting;
(3)	to decide on the business plans and investment plans of the Company;	to decide on the investment plans of	business plans and the Company;
(4)	to formulate the annual financial budgets and final accounts of the Company;	to formulate the ar	nnual financial budgets f the Company;
(5)	to determine the Company's annual loan financing plan;	to determine the financing plan;	Company's annual
(6)	to formulate the profit distribution plans and plans for making up losses of the Company;	_	rofit distribution plans king up losses of the
(7)	to formulate plans for the Company's debt and financial policies, the increase or reduction of the registered capital of the Company and plans for the issue of corporate bonds and other securities;	debt and financial or reduction of the	s for the Company's policies, the increase e registered capital of plans for the issue of other securities;
(8)	to draft plans for major acquisitions or disposals of the Company, as well as the merger, division or dissolution of the Company;	disposals of the C of the Company'	major acquisitions or ompany, the buyback s own shares, or the olit or dissolution of the

	Original Articles	Amended Articles	
(9)	to make decision on the security not subject to the approval of the Shareholders' General Meeting, in accordance with the laws, the administrative regulations and rules, as well as these articles of association;	(9)	to make decision on the security not subject to the approval of the Shareholders' General Meeting, in accordance with the laws, the administrative regulations and rules, as well as these articles of association;
(10)	to decide on such matters as the Company's investments in third parties, purchase and sale of assets, asset mortgages, entrustment of financial services, connected transactions, etc., to the extent authorized by the Shareholders' General Meeting;	(10)	to decide on such matters as the Company's investments in third parties, purchase and sale of assets, asset mortgages, entrustment of financial services, connected transactions, external donation , etc., to the extent authorized by the Shareholders' General Meeting;
(11)	to decide on the establishment of the Company's internal management organization;	(11)	to review and approve the Company's annual social responsibility and environmental, social and governance report
(12)	to engage or dismiss the Company's Manager; to engage or dismiss such senior management staff as the Senior Deputy Manager, the Deputy Manager, the Chief Accountant, as proposed by the Manager; to engage or dismiss the Secretary to the Board and decide on matters relating to their remuneration;		(Environmental, Social and Governance Report under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, hereinafter referred to as the "ESG Report"); to decide on the Company's major environmental, social and governance matters within the scope of authorization of the Shareholders' General Meeting;
		(12)	to decide on the establishment of the Company's internal management organization;

Original Articles		Amended Articles	
(13)	to decide on the establishment of the Company's branches' organization;	(13)	to engage or dismiss the Company's President , Secretary to the Board ; to engage or dismiss Senior Vice Presidents ,
(14)	to formulate amendments to these Articles of Association;		Vice Presidents, Chief Accountant, General Counsel of the Company, as proposed by the President; to decide
(15)	to formulate the basic management systems of the Company;		on the remuneration and rewards and punishments of senior management, and to implement contractual management in
(16)	to formulate share incentive schemes;		accordance with the labour contract;
(17)	to make decision on the Company's other major affairs and administrative affairs and other important agreements signed,	(14)	to decide on the establishment of the Company's branches' organization;
	except for the matters to be considered at the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of	(15)	to formulate amendments to these Articles of Association;
	the Company Law and these Articles of Association;	(16)	to formulate the basic management systems of the Company;
(18)	to make decision on the matters in relation to buyback of shares of the Company under the circumstances set forth in items (5) and (6) of the Article 30;	(17)	to formulate equity incentive plans, employee stock ownership plans or other share-based compensation (such as allotment or share options) granted to employees;
		(18)	to make decision on the Company's other major affairs and administrative affairs and other important agreements signed, except for the matters to be considered at the Shareholders' General Meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Company Law and these Articles of Association;

Original Articles

(19) other functions and powers provided for in these Articles of Association or granted by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Resolutions by the Board of Directors on the matters referred to in the preceding paragraph shall, unless otherwise provided in laws or these Articles of Association, be passed by the affirmative vote of more than one half of all of the directors with the exception of resolutions on the matters referred to in items (7), (8), (9), (14), (16) and (18) which shall require the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all of the directors for adoption.

Amended Articles

- (19) to make decision on the matters in relation to buyback of shares of the Company under the circumstances set forth in items (5) and (6) of the Article 30:
- (20) other functions and powers provided for in these Articles of Association or granted by the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Resolutions by the Board of Directors on the matters referred to in the preceding paragraph shall, unless otherwise provided in laws or these Articles of Association, be passed by the affirmative vote of more than one half of all of the directors with the exception of resolutions on the matters referred to in items (7), (8), (9), (15), (17) and (19) which shall require the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of all of the directors for adoption.

Original Articles		Amended Articles
Article 57:		Article 57:
In the case of one of the following circumstances, the Chairman of the Board shall convene and preside over the extraordinary meeting within 10 working days after the Chairman of the Board personally receives the proposal or the requirements of the securities regulatory authorities; the extraordinary meeting is not limited to the aforementioned meeting notice period in Article 55, if:		In the case of one of the following circumstances, the Chairman of the Board shall convene and preside over the extraordinary meeting within 10 working days after the Chairman of the Board personally receives the proposal or the requirements of the securities regulatory authorities; the extraordinary meeting is not limited to the aforementioned meeting notice period in Article 55, if:
(6)	it is proposed by the Manager of the Company;	(6) it is proposed by the President of the Company;
(7)	it is required to be convened by the securities regulatory department under the State Council;	(7) it is required to be convened by the securities regulatory department under the State Council;
(8)	other circumstances stipulated in the Articles of Association.	(8) other circumstances stipulated in the Articles of Association.
Article 62:		Article 62:
The directors shall fill in the receipt or the letter of authorization after the receipt of the notice and fax the receipt or the letter of authorization two days before the meeting of the Board of Directors; the original receipt or the letter of authorization shall be served before the meeting.		The directors shall fill in the receipt or the letter of authorization after the receipt of the notice and fax the receipt or the letter of authorization to the Office of the Board two days before the meeting of the Board of Directors; the original receipt or the letter of authorization shall be served before the meeting.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 69:	Article 69:
The following matters shall be shall be subject to the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the Supervisory Committee:	The following matters shall be shall be subject to the affirmative vote of at least two-thirds of the members of the Supervisory Committee:
 (2) to draft plans for major acquisitions or disposals of the Company, as well as the merger, division or dissolution of the Company; (5) to formulate share incentive schemes; 	(2) to draft plans for major acquisitions or disposals of the Company, the buyback of the Company's own shares, or the merger, division, split or dissolution of the Company;
	(5) to formulate employee stock ownership plans, share incentive schemes, or other share-based compensation (such as allotment or share options, etc.) granted to employees;
	(6) to decide on the repurchase of shares of the Company in the circumstances set out in Items (5) and (6) of Article 30 of the Articles of Association.
Article 70:	Article 70:
Votes at a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be taken by a show of hands; if there are more than two directors proposing to adopt the ballot, votes for special resolution shall be taken by a ballot.	Votes at a meeting of the Board of Directors shall be taken by a show of hands or voice vote ; if there are more than two directors proposing to adopt the ballot, votes for special resolution shall be taken by a ballot.

Original Articles	Amended Articles
Article 73:	Article 73:
The following principles shall be followed to appoint directors or accept the appointment to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors:	The following principles shall be followed to appoint directors or accept the appointment to attend the meetings of the Board of Directors:
 (3) Directors shall not fully appoint other directors to attend the meetings under the condition that their personal opinions and voting intentions on the proposals are not described; relevant directors shall not accept the appointment with full powers and the appointment with unclear authorization; otherwise, the appointment is invalid; (4) Any director shall not be appointed as the proxy to attend the same board meeting by 	 (3) An outside director shall not appoint a non-outside director to attend on his/her behalf; (4) Directors shall not fully appoint other directors to attend the meetings under the condition that their personal opinions and voting intentions on the proposals are not described; relevant directors shall not accept the appointment with full powers and the appointment with unclear authorization;
more than two directors; any director shall not appoint the directors who have been appointed by more than two directors to attend the meeting.	otherwise, the appointment is invalid; (5) Any director shall not be appointed as the proxy to attend the same board meeting by more than two directors; any director shall not appoint the directors who have been appointed by more than two directors to attend the meeting.

Original Articles Amended Articles Article 87: Article 87: The directors shall be liable for the resolutions of The directors shall be liable for the resolutions of the Board of Directors. If a resolution of the Board the Board of Directors. If a resolution of the Board of Directors is in violation of laws, administrative of Directors is in violation of laws, administrative regulations or these Articles of Association. regulations or these Articles of Association. thereby causing the Company to sustain a material thereby causing the Company to sustain a material loss, the directors who took part in the resolution loss, the directors who took part in the resolution shall be liable to the Company for damages. shall be liable to the Company for damages. However, if a director is proved to have expressed However, if a director is proved to have expressed his opposition to such resolution when it was put his opposition to such resolution and casts a to the vote, and such opposition is recorded in dissenting vote when it was put to the vote, and the minutes of the meeting, such director may be such opposition is recorded in the minutes of the released from such liability. meeting, such **director** may be released from such liability.

^{*} The Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting and its proposed amendments were written in Chinese, without formal English version. As such, any English translation shall be for reference only. In the case of any discrepancies, the Chinese version shall prevail.



(A joint stock limited company incorporated in the People's Republic of China with limited liability)

(Stock Code: 2600)

NOTICE OF 2022 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 2022 second extraordinary general meeting (the "**EGM**") of Aluminum Corporation of China Limited* (the "**Company**") will be held at the Company's conference room, No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, the People's Republic of China at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday, 29 September 2022 for the purpose of considering, and if thought fit, approving the following resolutions (unless otherwise specified, terms used in this notice have the same meanings as defined in the circular of the Company dated 12 August 2022 (the "**Circular**")):

ORDINARY RESOLUTION

1. To consider and approve the resolution in relation to the Company's proposed acquisition of 19% equity interests in Yunnan Aluminum.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

2. To consider and approve the resolution in relation to the amendments to the Articles of Association, the Rules of Procedures for Shareholders' Meeting and the Rules of Procedures for the Board Meeting.

By order of the Board

Aluminum Corporation of China Limited*

Ge Xiaolei

Joint Company Secretary

Beijing, the PRC 12 August 2022

NOTICE OF 2022 SECOND EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Notes:

- (a) Details of the above resolutions are set out in the circular of the Company dated 12 August 2022 regarding the EGM and the supplemental circular expected to be despatched to the Shareholders on or before 14 September 2022.
- (b) Pursuant to the provisions of the Articles of Association, the H Share Register of Members of the Company will be closed from Tuesday, 30 August 2022 to Thursday, 29 September 2022 (both days inclusive). Shareholders whose names appear on the H Share Register of Members on Tuesday, 30 August 2022 are entitled to attend and vote at the EGM after completing the registration procedures for attending the meeting. In order for the H Shareholders to be qualified to attend and vote at the EGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant H Share certificates must be lodged with the Company's H Share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, no later than 4:30 p.m. on Monday, 29 August 2022 for registration.
- (c) A Shareholders or H Shareholders, who intend to attend the EGM, must complete the reply slip for attending the EGM and return it to the Company's Board Office no later than 20 days before the date of the EGM, i.e. on or before Thursday, 8 September 2022.

Details of the Company's Board Office are as follows:

No. 62 North Xizhimen Street, Haidian District, Beijing, The People's Republic of China (Postal Code: 100082)

Tel: (8610)82298161/8162 Fax: (8610)82298158

- (d) Each H Shareholder who has the right to attend and vote at the EGM is entitled to appoint in writing one or more proxies, whether a Shareholder or not, to attend and vote on his/her behalf at the EGM. The instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing under the hand of the appointer or his/her attorney duly authorised in writing, if that instrument is signed by an attorney of the appointer, the power of attorney authorizing that attorney to sign, or other documents of authorization, must be notarially certified.
- (e) To be valid, the form of proxy, and if the form of proxy is signed by a person under a power of attorney or other authority on behalf of the appointer, a notarially certified copy of that power of attorney or other authority, must be delivered to the Company's H Share Registrar, Hong Kong Registrars Limited, at 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong, not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM or any adjournment thereof in order for such document to be valid.
- (f) Each A Shareholder who has the right to attend and vote at the EGM is entitled to appoint in writing one or more proxies, whether a Shareholder or not, to attend and vote on its behalf at the EGM, and Notes (d) to (e) also apply to A Shareholders, except that the form of proxy or other documents of authority must be delivered to the Company's Board Office, the address of which is set out in Note (c) above, not less than 24 hours before the time for holding the EGM or any adjournment thereof, in order for such documents to be valid.
- (g) If a proxy attends the EGM on behalf of a Shareholder, he/she should produce his/her ID card and the power of attorney or instrument signed by the proxy or his/her legal representative, and specifying the date of its issuance. If a legal person Shareholder appoints its corporate representative to attend the EGM, such representative should produce his/her ID card and the notarised copy of the resolution passed by the Board or other authorities or other notarised copy of the authorisation issued by such legal person Shareholder.
- (h) Shareholders attending the EGM are responsible for their own travelling and accommodation expenses.
- (i) All votings at the EGM will be conducted by poll.

^{*} For identification purposes only