

於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司 Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability (Stock Code 股份代號: 1209)





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### 公司資料

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **霍**

#### 非執行董事

李 欣先生(主席) 郭世清先生

#### 執行董事

喻霖康先生(總裁) 王海民先生 魏小華女士 陽紅霞女士

#### 獨立非執行董事

劉炳章先生 張國正先生 陳宗彝先生 秦虹女士

#### 審核委員會

陳宗彝先生(主席) 張國正先生 秦 虹女士 郭世清先生

#### 提名委員會

李 欣先生(主席) 劉炳章先生 秦 虹女士

#### 薪酬委員會

劉炳章先生(主席) 張國正先生 陳宗彝先生 李 欣先生

#### 公司秘書

羅志力先生

#### 授權代表

李 欣先生 喻霖康先生

#### DIRECTORS

#### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LI Xin (Chairman) Mr. GUO Shiging

#### EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. YU Linkang (President) Mr. WANG Haimin Ms. WEI Xiaohua Ms. YANG Hongxia

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan Ms. QIN Hong

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan (Chairman) Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching Ms. QIN Hong Mr. GUO Shiqing

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LI Xin (Chairman) Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer Ms. QIN Hong

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer (Chairman) Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan

Mr. Ll Xin

#### COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. LO Chi Lik Peter

#### **AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVES**

Mr. Ll Xin Mr. YU Linkang



#### 註冊辦事處

PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands

#### 總部及中國主要營業地點

中國 深圳市 南山區深南大道9668號 華潤置地大廈B座30樓

#### 香港主要營業地點

香港 灣仔 港灣道26號 華潤大廈46樓

#### 股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

#### 主要往來銀行

珠海華潤銀行股份有限公司 招商銀行股份有限公司

#### 核數師

安永會計師事務所 香港鰂魚涌 英皇道979號 太古坊一座27樓

#### 合規顧問

大華繼顯(香港)有限公司 香港 告士打道39號 夏慤大廈6樓

#### 公司法律顧問

高偉紳律師事務所

#### 網址

www.crmixclifestyle.com.cn

#### REGISTERED OFFICE

PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands

#### HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF **BUSINESS IN THE PRC**

30/F., China Resources Land Building, Tower B No. 9668 Shennan Avenue, Nanshan District Shenzhen PRC.

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

46/F., China Resources Building 26 Harbour Road Wanchai Hong Kong

#### SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Investor Services Limited 54/F., Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

#### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

China Resources Bank of Zhuhai Co., Ltd. China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Ernst & Young 27/F., One Taikoo Place 979 King's Road Quarry Bay, Hong Kong

#### COMPLIANCE ADVISOR

UOB Kay Hian (Hong Kong) Limited 6/F., Harcourt House 39 Gloucester Road Hong Kong

#### LEGAL ADVISORS TO THE COMPANY

Clifford Chance

#### WEBSITE

www.crmixclifestyle.com.cn

# 集團架構

# **GROUP STRUCTURE**



# 公司簡介 **COMPANY PROFILE**

華潤萬象生活有限公司(以下簡稱:華潤萬象生活,股票代碼1209.HK)是世界500強企 業華潤集團旗下戰略業務單元華潤置地的成員公司,是中國領先的物業管理及商業運營 服務商。華潤萬象生活堅持圍繞「成為客戶信賴和喜愛的城市品質生活服務商」的企業 願景,憑借卓越的運營服務能力、豐富的生態資源及強大的一體化會員體系,致力打造 「全業態、全客戶、全<mark>產品與全服務」的城市品質生活服務平台。</mark>



商管業務聚焦高端與品質購物中心賽道,以「萬象城 | 、「萬象天地 | 、「萬象匯 | 為 核心品牌,憑借行業領先的商業運營能力,堅持高品質規模發展,持續打造「中國商業 運營管理第一品牌」。物管業務聚焦品質社區、城市公共空間、寫字樓及產業園三大賽 道,以「萬象服務」為核心品牌,堅持全域、全業態佈局,致力成為「中國最具影響力 的城市空間運營服務商」。

截至2021年12月31日,華潤萬象生活提供物業管理服務的住宅及商業物業建築面積已 達約1.648億平方米,提供商業運營服務的購物中心及寫字樓建築面積約9.0百萬平方

未來,公司將加大對科技能力的投入,將科技創新作為公司最核心的優勢,持續打造一 體化生態體系,助力城市發展,引領美好生活。

China Resources Mixc Lifestyle Services Limited ("CR Mixc Lifestyle") (stock code: 1209. HK) is a member of CR Land, a strategic business unit of CR Group, a Fortune Global 500 company, and is the leading property management and commercial operational services provider in China. Upholding to our corporate vision to "become a trustworthy and popular urban quality-life service provider among customers", CR Mixc Lifestyle fully capitalizes on the superior operational capabilities, abundant ecological resources and strong integrated membership system to build an urban quality-life service platform featured with "multiple property types, all customers and full spectrum of product and service offerings".

Our commercial management business focuses on high-end and high-quality shopping mall segment and, by promoting "MIXC", MIXC World" and "MIXONE" as our core brands and leveraging on our industrial-leading commercial operational capabilities, our aim of high quality and large- scale development has been persistently pursued, striving to become "the PRC's first brand in commercial operational and management". For property management business, concentrating on three main segments, namely high-quality community, urban public space and office buildings and industrial parks, and using "MIXC Services" as the core brand, we uphold to our business layout of covering all property types across all regions so as to become "the PRC's most influential urban space operational service provider".

As of 31 December 2021, the GFA of the residential and commercial properties under our property management services was approximately 164.8 million sq.m. and the GFA of the shopping malls and office buildings under our commercial operational services was approximately 9.0 million sq.m.

In the future, the Company will further increase investment in technology and take technological innovation as the core edge to continuously strengthen our integrated ecosystem, facilitate urban development and play a leading role in creating people's happy life.



### 公司榮譽 **COMPANY HONOR**

#### 2021

商業不動產影響力企業TOP100 第一名 一 萬商俱樂部 First among Top 100 Most Influential Commercial Real Estate Enterprises — Van Sound Club

中國物業服務企業多業態運營 服務TOP10 NO.1 - 觀點指數 研究院

No. 1 among Top 10 Property Service Enterprise in Terms of Multiple Type Operational Services in China -Guandian Index Academy

中國物業服務百強企業TOP10 一 中指研究院 Top 10 Property Service Enterprise in China -China Index Academy

中國物業服務企業上市公司 10強TOP7 - 易居房地產研究院 No. 7 among Top 10 Listed **Property Services Companies** in China - E-House Real Estate Research Institute

物業服務企業綜合實力 TOP8 一 中物研協 Top 8 Property Service Enterprises in Terms of Comprehensive Strengths -China Property Management Research Institution

中國商業地產TOP100第一名 - 觀點指數研究院 First among Top 100 China Commercial Real Estate -Guandian Index Academy

商業地產企業表現TOP100 第一名 一 觀點指數研究院 First among Top 100 Commercial Property Enterprises with Outstanding Performance — Guandian Index Academy

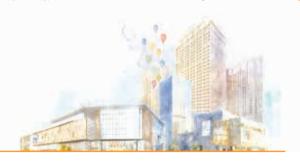
#### 2020

中國商業地產TOP100榜單 第一名 一 觀點地產網 First among Top 100 China Commercial Real Estate -**Guandian Property Institute** 

中國物業服務年度社會責任感 企業 - 中國指數研究院 Enterprise with Corporate Social Responsibility in the PRC Property Management Service industry - China Index Academy

物業服務企業潛力獨角獸 一 中國物業管理協會 Potential Unicorn of **Property Management** Service — China Property Management Research Institution

中國物業優質服務品牌 一 易居企業集團 一 克而瑞 China Property Quality Service Brand -CRIC China



#### 2018-2020

中國物業管理百強企業 第11名一中國指數研究院 11th among Top 100 **Property Management** Companies in China -China Index Academy

### 2018-2019

中國商業地產企業品牌價值 10強第一名 - 中國房地產業 協會

First among Best 10 of China Commercial Real Estate Developers Brand Value — China Real Estate Association

#### 2019

中國物業服務特色運營領先 品牌企業 一 中國指數研究院 China Leading Property Management Companies in terms of Characteristic Service - China Index Academy

### 2016-2018

中國商業地產TOP100榜單 第一名一 觀點地產網 First among Top 100 China Commercial Real Estate -**Guandian Property Institute** 

#### 2018

商業地產影響力TOP10第一 名一 中國商業房地產TOP100 研究組

First among Top 10 **Commercial Property** Companies in terms of Industry Influence -China Commercial Property Top 100 Research Group

中國房地產開發企業商業地產 運營10強第一名 一 中國房地 產業協會

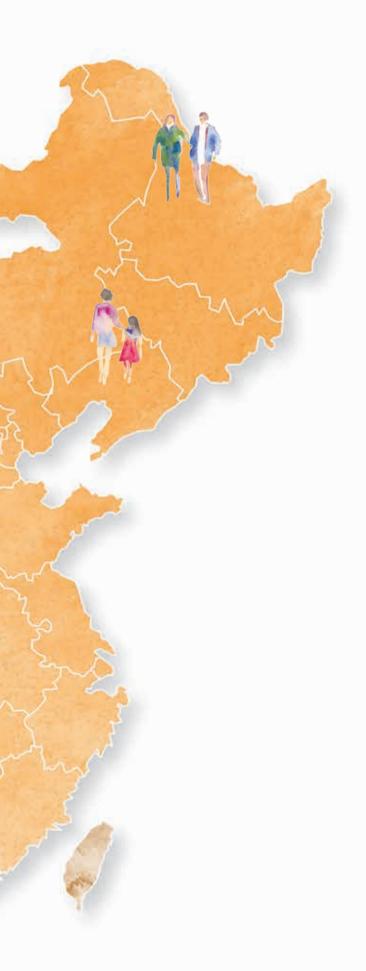
First among Best 10 of Operations of China Commercial Real Estate Developers — China Real **Estate Association** 

#### 2017

中國商業地產百強企業第一 名一 中國指數研究院 First among Top 100 **Commercial Property** Companies in China -China Index Academy







# 全國佈局 NATIONWIDE PRESENCE

住宅物業在管面積 GFA under management of residential properties

百萬平方米 Million Square Meters

住宅物業合約面積 Contracted GFA of residential properties

百萬平方米 Million Square Meters

購物中心零售額 Retail sales of shopping malls

人民幣十億元 RMB Billion

已開業購物中心數量 Number of opened shopping malls

已開業購物中心面積 GFA of opened shopping malls

百萬平方米 Million Square Meters

Number of members

萬 Ten thousands

# 表現摘要

## PERFORMANCE HIGHLIGHTS

		2021	2020	按年增長 Year-on-Year Growth
住宅物業管理服務	Residential Property Management Services			
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sq.m. in thousands)	185,904	142,922	30.1%
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	1,041	854	21.9%
在管建築面積(千平方米)	GFA under management (sq.m. in thousands)	146,833	106,563	37.8%
在管建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for GFA under management	754	553	36.3%
購物中心商業運營服務及 物業管理服務	Commercial Operational Services and Property Management Services for Shopping Malls			
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sg.m. in thousands)	13,014	10.099	28.9%
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	122	99	23.2%
已開業項目建築面積(千平方米)	GFA of projects opened (sg.m. in thousands)	7.378	6,126	20.4%
已開業項目數目	Number of projects opened	69	57	21.1%
寫字樓商業運營服務	Commercial Operational Services for Office buildings			
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sg.m. in thousands)	1,900	1.771	7.3%
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	30	29	3.4%
商業運營服務的建築面積(千平方米)	GFA under commercial operational services			
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	(sg.m. in thousands)	1,622	1,481	9.5%
商業運營服務的項目數目	Number of projects under commercial operational services	25	23	8.7%
寫字樓物業管理服務	Property Management Services for Office buildings			
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sq.m. in thousands)	10,003	7,341	36.3%
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	127	94	35.1%
物業管理服務的建築面積	GFA under property management services (sq.m. in			
(千平方米)	thousands)	8,213	5,690	44.3%
物業管理服務的項目數目	Number of projects under property management services	115	80	43.8%
主要財務資料(人民幣百萬元)	SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION (RMB million)			
收益	Revenue	8,875	6,779	30.9%
毛利	Gross Profit	2,759	1,827	51.0%
母公司擁有人應佔年內溢利	Profit for the year attributable to owners of the parent	1,725	818	110.9%
母公司擁有人應佔年內核心淨溢利	Core net profit attributable to owners of the parent	1,702	816	108.5%
主要資產負債表數據(人民幣百萬元)	SELECTED BALANCE SHEET DATA (RMB million)			
總資產	Total assets	21,592	19,076	13.2%
總負債	Total liabilities	7,703	6,613	16.5%
權益總額	Total equity	13,889	12,463	11.4%
主要財務比率	SELECTED FINANCIAL RATIOS			
毛利率	Gross profit margin	31.1%	27.0%	+4.1pt
淨利潤率	Net profit margin	19.4%	12.1%	+7.3pt
核心淨利潤率	Core net profit margin	19.2%	12.0%	+7.2pt
每股基本盈利,(人民幣元)	Basic earnings per share, (RMB)	0.756	0.485	55.9%

二零二零年六月及以前,本集團為寫字樓提供 的商業運營服務作為跨部門服務,是華潤置地 綜合商業物業開發及投資業務的一部分,並無 另行收取費用。

In and before June 2020, the Group's commercial operational services to offices, as inter-departmental services, formed part of the CR Land's integrated commercial property development and investment business, thus there were no additional charges on such services.

## 主席報告 **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

本人欣然向各位股東提呈本集團二零二一年 十二月三十一日止之年度業績回顧與展望。

二零二一年,世界經濟持續受到新冠疫情衝 擊。面對複雜的外部形勢和變種病毒的考驗, 中國全年國內生產總值同比增長8.1%,國內社 會消費品零售總額突破人民幣40萬億元,成為 全球第二大消費市場,在「十四五」開局邁出高 質量發展堅實一步。近年來,國家始終堅持 [房 住不炒」定位,房地產行業面臨調整變革。一方 面,馬太效應愈發顯著、行業整合加速,另一 方面,綜合性房企商管及物管業務獨立運營、 積極融入資本市場成為新趨勢。商管業務得益 於奢侈品類高端消費回流趨勢延續、新中產人 群逐步壯大及Z世代崛起,國內高端及品質賽道 商業市場快速增長。物管業務持續得到國家政 策支持利好,迎來重要發展契機;同時,資本 市場物管板塊估值顯著分化以及其各自母公司 債務風險促使物管業務出售,頭部物企迎來整 合窗口期。

I am pleased to present the annual business review and outlook of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 to the shareholders.

During 2021, the global economy continued to be suffered from COVID-19. In face of the complicated external situation and the challenges brought by the variant virus, the GDP of the PRC recorded a YoY growth of 8.1%, while the total domestic retail sales of consumer goods exceeded RMB40 trillion, enabling the PRC to become the world's second largest consumer market and demonstrating a solid step towards quality development of the "14th Five-Year Plan". In recent years, under the principle of "houses are for living in, not for speculation", the PRC real estate industry was subject to adjustment and reformation. On the one hand, with more notable Matthew Effect, the industry integration had been accelerating, while on the other hand, the separate operations of the commercial management and property management businesses of real estate conglomerates for capital market integration had become a new trend. The commercial management business was benefited from the continued returning of high-end consumption of luxury goods, the expanding population of middle class and the growing Z Generation, and the rapid growth of high-end and high quality business market. Supported by the favourable national policies, the property management business enjoyed major development opportunities. Meanwhile, the significant valuation differentiation of the property management business in the capital market and the debt risk of their respective parent company resulted in disposal of the property management business. The leading property management companies entered into the window phase of integration.

### 主席報告

### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

二零二一年,本集團深入推進市場化轉型,夯 實管理根基、加速業務佈局,各項核心業績指 標高速增長,並於上市週年之際發佈「用智慧 服務引領城市品質生活,提升空間資產價值」 品牌價值主張及「非凡萬象」品牌理念,實現 「十四五」良好開局。全年實現綜合收入人民幣 88.75億元,同比增長30.9%,實現核心淨利潤 人民幣17.02億元,同比大幅增長108.5%。實 現核心淨利潤對應的每股盈利人民幣0.746元。 本公司董事會(「董事會」)決議宣派末期股息每 股人民幣0.276元(折合每股港幣0.339元),按 年大幅增長109.1%,全年派息率為37.0%。

這一年,本集團商管業務在17年不斷探索創新 中積累沉澱、韌性生長,確定了「萬象城」、 「萬象匯」、「萬象天地」三大核心產品線,全面 煥新萬象系品牌體系,持續打造 「中國商業運 營管理第一品牌」。本集團亦不斷提升運營質 量及效率,核心指標穩健增長,旗下在管購物 中心全年零售額再創新高,同比增長43.8%, 突破千億人民幣,經營利潤率同比提升9.9個 百分點,拉動本集團購物中心運營服務收入同 比大幅提升85.7%。8個重奢購物中心零售額 同比增長39.7%,進一步夯實商業高端市場行 業領導地位。同時,本集團商業運營服務版圖 再度擴張,管理規模穩居中國商業地產前列, 全年新簽母公司商業運營項目11個,於深圳、 上海、杭州、瀋陽等城市成功獲取12個優質第 三方購物中心項目,守時保質新開12個購物中 心,新增首進城市6座。寫字樓業務積極調整租 賃策略,搶抓中國經濟轉型升級進程中科技及 金融行業大宗租賃需求,高效引入五百強/獨 角獸等優質租戶,出租率同比增長11.4個百分 點,寫字樓運營及物業管理服務收入同比增長 32.5%。截至二零二一年底,本集團購物中心 運營及物業管理服務業務佈局68個城市,在營 項目71個;寫字樓運營及物業管理業務佈局40 個城市,在營項目25個。

In 2021, the Group further facilitated marketization. By establishing solid management foundation and speeding up business development, all of our core performance indicators experienced rapid growth. On the first anniversary of the Listing, we released our brand value, "leading quality life in urban cities and enhancing space asset value through smart services", and our brand concept, "Extraordinary MIXC". All of the above demonstrated a good start of the "14th Five-Year Plan". The Group realized a consolidated revenue of RMB8.875 billion, an increase of 30.9% YoY and a core net profit of RMB1.702 billion, a significant increase of 108.5% YoY. The Group's earnings per share relating to core net profit was RMB0.746. The board of directors (the "Board") of the Company has resolved to declare a final dividend of RMB0.276 (equivalent to HK\$0.339) per share, a significant increase of 109.1% YoY, with an payout rate of 37.0%.

During the year, with 17 years of exploration and innovation, the commercial management business of the Group grew strongly through establishment of three core product lines, "MIXC", "MIXONE" and "MIXC World", which offered a refreshed branding for consistently reaching the target of becoming "the PRC's first brand in commercial management". By continuously improving operational quality and efficiency, the core indicators of the Group recorded steady increase. The annual retail sales of our shopping malls under management hit record high, representing a YoY increase of 43.8% and exceeding RMB100 billion. Operating profit margin rose 9.9 percentage YoY, which drove a significant YoY increase in the revenue from operational services of 85.7%. The retail sales of eight luxury shopping malls recorded YoY growth of 39.7%, which further consolidated our leading position in the high-end markets. Meanwhile, the Group further expanded its commercial operational services to rank top-notch position in the commercial operational service industry of the PRC by obtaining eleven new contracted commercial operational projects from the parent group, twelve third-party shopping mall projects in various cities such as Shenzhen, Shanghai, Hangzhou and Shenyang. We also had twelve new shopping malls opened as scheduled at high standard and tapped into six new cities for the first time. In terms of the office building business, we actively adjusted leasing strategies to capture the huge demands in the technology and financial industry arising from the transformation and upgrade of the PRC's economy, and successfully introduced high-quality tenants such as Fortune Global 500 enterprises and unicorns, resulting in a YoY increase in occupancy rate of 11.4 percentage points and a YoY increase in the revenue from office commercial operational and property management services of 32.5%. As of the end of 2021, the Group's shopping mall operation and property management services business covered 68 cities, while 71 projects were under operation. Besides, office building operation and property management business covered 40 cities, while 25 projects were under operation.



這一年,本集團物管業務始終堅持高品質服 務,在服務國家戰略、助力城市管理轉型升級 中實現高質量增長。全力保障第十四屆全運 會、第十一屆殘運會暨第八屆特奧會開閉幕式 及多項賽事圓滿舉辦,各項經營指標亦全方位 提升,我們的住宅物業管理服務全年實現收入 人民幣53.10億元,同比增長36.7%,其中基 礎住宅物業管理服務毛利率提升至15.0%,社 區增值服務收入同比大幅增長86.9%。本集團 物管業務積極向「城市空間運營服務商」轉型, 打造全新品牌「萬象服務」,秉持「智慧科技」作 為核心驅動,持續探索社區、辦公、城市公共 空間三大類全場景城市空間運營服務,年內聯 合母公司華潤置地共同加強在城市空間智慧科 技領域投入,推動智慧城市建設。與此同時, 本集團堅持有質量的規模增長,全年外拓面積 同比大幅增長320.5%,重點發力城市公共空間 業務。截至二零二一年底,本集團住宅及其他 物業管理業務覆蓋全國100個城市,合約面積 1.859億平方米,在管面積1.468億平方米。二 零二二年初,本集團抓住市場機遇,就收購禹 洲物業服務有限公司及江蘇中南物業服務有限 公司依次達成股權收購框架協議及股權收購協 議,有助於本集團快速擴張管理規模並與現有 業務良好協同發展。

In this year, by always adhering to the principle of high-quality property management services, the Group achieved quality growth in promoting the PRC's strategies and driving the transformation and upgrade of urban management. We had used our best endeavor to ensure the very success of the opening and closing ceremonies and numerous competitions of the 14th National Games, the 11th Paralympic Games and the 8th Special Olympics. As a result, all of our operational indicators improved. We recorded a revenue of RMB5.310 billion for our residential property management services for the year, up 36.7% YoY, while the gross profit margin of basic residential property management services rose to 15.0%, and the revenue from community value-added services significantly increased by 86.9%. The property management business of the Group strived to transform as "urban space operational service provider" and build our new brand, "MIXC Services". Upholding to the core power of "intelligent technologies", the Group continued to develop comprehensive urban space operational services covering three major areas, i.e. communities, offices and cities. We had joined hands with our parent company CR Land to devote much more effort in the area of urban space intelligent technologies in order to promote the construction of smart cities. At the same time, by maintaining quality increase in scale, the Group reached a significant surge of 320.5% YoY in the total GFA expansion, placing its emphasis on the development of urban public space business. As of the end of 2021, the Group's residential and other property management business covered 100 cities across the country, with 185.9 million sq.m. contracted GFA and 146.8 million sq.m. GFA under management. At the beginning of 2022, the Group has seized the market opportunity to enter into an equity acquisition framework agreement and an equity acquisition agreement for the acquisition of Yuzhou Property Service Company Limited and Jiangsu Zhongnan Property Services Co., Ltd., respectively, which helped facilitate our rapid expansion in management scale and the sound synergy with the existing businesses.

### 主席報告

### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

本集團將低碳可持續理念融入經營管理,不斷 完善環境管理體系,推進綠色運營,促進節能 增效;在國家「雙碳」目標引領下,本集團亦將 「碳達峰」及「碳中和」納入整體戰略規劃。本集 團亦積極推進ESG系統化管理,年內已被MSCI 納入ESG指數評級,獲評BBB級,位居行業 前列。

展望二零二二年,國外疫情形勢依舊嚴峻,全 球經濟發展將進入「後疫情時代」,中國疫情 防控及經濟增長面臨壓力。政策發力將成為國 內經濟運行的主邏輯,在逆週期政策持續加碼 下,國內經濟釋放強烈的「穩增長」信號。新的 一年,本集團將以「十四五」發展戰略為引領, 堅持「城市品質生活服務平台」戰略定位,堅持 高質量發展主線,搶抓機遇、錘煉內功。物管 業務將抓住行業機遇,加大拓展力度,做好投 後整合;繼續夯實高品質服務力、提升經營效 率,強化「萬象服務」品牌,持續推動「城市空間 運營服務商」轉型。商管業務承接好母公司優質 項目資源,積極外拓搶佔市場份額,強化城市 深耕和網絡化佈局;不斷提質增效,持續鞏固 行業領導地位。同時,加強科技賦能與空間運 營,年內構建跨場景、一體化的大會員體系, 實現跨業態客戶交叉引流,提升客戶體驗,賦 能業務發展。

最後,本人謹代表董事會,向一直以來關注支 持本集團發展的股東、客戶及社會各界致以衷 心感謝!

Incorporating the concept of low-carbon sustainability into the operation and management, the Group consistently improved its environmental management system, promoted green operation and achieved energy saving and efficiency increase. Led by the nation's "dual carbon" goals, the Group has included "carbon emission peak" and "carbon neutrality" into its overall strategic planning. We took active initiative to implement ESG systematic management, and had been given BBB rating under the ESG index rating by MSCI, enabling us to position in the forefront of the industry.

Looking forward into 2022, as the pandemic situation remains severe overseas and the global economic development is entering into a "post pandemic era", the PRC faces pressures in terms of pandemic prevention and control and economic growth. Policy implementation in full force will be the key to the domestic economic development. With favorable countercyclical policy, the domestic economy has shown a sign of "steady growth". In the coming year, led by the "14th Five-Year Plan" strategies, the Group will adhere to its strategic positioning of being a "high-quality urban lifestyle service platform" and its main target of quality development by seizing opportunities and strengthening our capabilities. For the property management business, we will capture the opportunities, exert much effort in expansion and achieve smooth post-investment integration. By consistently improving our ability to provide high quality service and enhancing operational efficiency, we will reinforce our brand, "MIXC Services", and continue to promote our transformation into "urban space operational service provider". In relation to the commercial management business, we will better utilize the project resources of our parent company and carry out expansion to grasp market shares to enhance market penetration and geographic grid exposure, we will constantly improve both our quality and efficiency so as to solidify our leading position in the industry. Meanwhile, we will strengthen our technology capability and space operation, targeting to build our comprehensive, integrated membership system in the coming year to boost and drive traffic across different property types, to improve customers' experience and to facilitate our business growth.

Last but not least, on behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my heartfelt thanks to the shareholders, customers and all sectors of the society who have been paying close attention to and supporting the development of the Group.



#### 業務回顧

本集團分為兩大業務板塊:(j)住宅物業管理服 務;(ii)商業運營及物業管理服務。

住宅物業管理服務:本集團為住宅物業以及公 用設施(如體育館、公園和工業園)等若干其他 非商業物業提供管理服務,為生活在社區內的 家庭和住戶引入滿足他們生活場景所需要的各 種服務。本集團的住宅物業管理服務內容可劃 分為以下各項:

- 物業管理服務:包括為(i)物業的物業開發 商在交付物業前及(ii)已售及已交付物業 的業主、業主委員會或住戶提供的秩序維 護、清潔及綠化、維修及養護等服務;
- 針對物業開發商的增值服務:包括顧問、 前期籌備及交付前營銷配合服務;及
- 社區增值服務:包括社區生活服務及經紀 及資產服務。

商業運營及物業管理服務:本集團管理的商業 物業包括購物中心以及寫字樓物業。

購物中心方面,本集團提供:

- 商業運營服務,包括開業前管理及運營管 理服務;
- 物業管理及其他服務,主要包括秩序維 護、清潔及綠化、維修及養護及其他增值 服務;及
- 商業分租服務,本集團從業主承接若干優 質購物中心,分租予零售店及超市等租 戶。

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

The Group's business is divided into two main segments: (i) residential property management services; (ii) commercial operational and property management services.

Residential property management services: The Group provides management services for residential properties and other noncommercial properties comprising public facilities such as stadiums, parks and industrial parks, and brings various services to families and residents in the communities to meet their living needs. Our residential property management services can be categorized as follows:

- Property management services, including security, cleaning and greening, as well as repair and maintenance services to (i) property developers for properties prior to their delivery, and (ii) property owners, property owners' associations or residents for properties sold and delivered;
- Value-added services to property developers, including consultancy, preliminary preparation, and pre-delivery marketing services; and
- Community value-added services, including community living services, and brokerage and asset services.

Commercial operational and property management services: commercial properties under our management include shopping malls and office buildings.

For shopping malls, the Group provides:

- Commercial operational services, including pre-opening management and operation management services;
- Property management and other services, principally including security, cleaning and greening, repair and maintenance, as well as other value-added services; and
- Commercial subleasing services, where the Group leases certain quality shopping malls from their owners and sublease to tenants such as retail stores and supermarkets.

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

寫字樓方面,本集團提供:

- 商業運營服務,包括招商服務、資產管理 與運營服務及開業籌備服務;及
- 物業管理及其他服務,主要包括秩序維 護、清潔及綠化、維修及養護及其他增值 服務。

下表載列所示日期按照業務分部及服務類別劃 分的收入詳情:

For office buildings, the Group provides:

- Commercial operational services, including tenant sourcing, asset management and operational services, and opening preparation services; and
- Property management and other services, principally including security, cleaning and greening, repair and maintenance, as well as other value-added services.

The table below sets forth details of revenue by business segment and type of services as of the dates indicated:

		於十二月三十一日 As of 31 December					
		2021 (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)		2020 (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	%		
住宅物業管理服務	Residential property management services						
物業管理服務	Property management services	3,772,249	42.5	2,922,639	43.1		
針對開發商的增值服務	Value-added services to property developers	813,029	9.2	573,322	8.5		
社區增值服務	Community value-added services	724,777	8.1	387,858	5.7		
小計	Subtotal	5,310,055	59.8	3,883,819	57.3		
商業運營及物業管理服務	Commercial operational and property management services						
購物中心	Shopping malls	2,130,267	24.0	1,811,699	26.7		
寫字樓	Office buildings	1,435,062	16.2	1,083,393	16.0		
小計	Subtotal	3,565,329	40.2	2,895,092	42.7		
合計	Total	8,875,384	100.0	6,778,911	100.0		



#### 住宅物業管理服務

#### 物業管理服務

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團來自住宅物業管理服務的收入為人民幣 3,772.3百萬元,較去年同期增長29.1%,佔總 收入42.5%,收入的增長主要得益於管理規模 的持續擴大。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止,在管住宅及其他非商業物業項目數754個, 較上年新增201個,在管總建築面積為146.8百 萬平方米,同比增長40.3百萬平方米。

下表載列所示日期住宅及其他非商業物業的合 同建築面積及在管建築面積的詳情:

#### RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT **SERVICES**

#### PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's revenue from residential property management services amounted to RMB3,772.3 million, representing an increase of 29.1% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, and accounting for 42.5% of our total revenue. The increase in revenue was mainly attributable to the expanding management scale. As of 31 December 2021, there were 754 managed residential and other non-commercial properties projects, an increase of 201 over the last year, with an aggregate GFA under management of 146.8 million sq.m., representing an increase of 40.3 million sq.m. over the previous year.

The table below sets forth details of our contracted GFA and GFA under management of residential and other non-commercial properties as of the dates indicated:

		於十二月三- As of 31 Dec	
		2021	2020
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sq.m. in thousands)	185,904	142,922
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	1,041	854
在管建築面積(千平方米)	GFA under management (sq.m. in thousands)	146,833	106,563
在管建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for GFA under management	754	553

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

下表載列以物業開發商類別劃分的於所示日期 在管住宅物業項目數目、在管總建築面積明 細,以及於所示期間來自物業管理服務的收益 明細:

The table below sets forth a breakdown of the number of residential properties projects under management, the aggregate GFA under management as of the date indicated, and revenue generated from property management services by type of property developer for the periods indicated:

		於十二月三十一日 As of 31 December						
		2021				2020		
		在管 建築面積 GFA under management (千平方米) (sq.m.in thousands)	項目數目 Number of projects	收益 Revenue (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	在管 建築面積 GFA under management (千平方米) (sq.m.in thousands)	項目數目 Number of projects	收益 Revenue (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	
華潤置地	CR Land	95,777	511	2,819,316	81,355	416	2,383,495	
華潤集團與第三方 開發商	CR Group and third-party developers	51,056	243	952,933	25,208	137	539,144	
總計	Total	146,833	754	3,772,249	106,563	553	2,922,639	

#### 針對物業開發商的增值服務

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團來自物業開發商的增值服務收入為人民幣 813.0百萬元,佔總收入9.2%,較去年同期增 長41.8%,主要系本集團提供的顧問及前期籌 備服務增加所致。

#### 社區增值服務

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團來自社區的增值服務收入為人民幣724.8 百萬元,較去年同期增長86.9%,佔總收入 8.1%,主要系本集團向物業住戶提供的社區服 務全面鋪開及資產運營和投資服務增加所致。

#### VALUE-ADDED SERVICES TO PROPERTY **DEVELOPERS**

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded revenue generated from value-added services to property developers of RMB813.0 million, representing 9.2% of the total revenue, increased by 41.8% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Such increase was mainly due to an increase in consultancy services and preliminary preparation services provided by the Group.

#### COMMUNITY VALUE-ADDED SERVICES

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded revenue generated from community value-added services of RMB724.8 million, increased by 86.9% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, representing 8.1% of the total revenue. Such increase was primarily resulted from the expansion of the community services provided by the Group to our property residents and the increase in asset operation and investment services.



#### 商業運營及物業管理服務

#### 購物中心

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團來自購物中心的商業運營及物業管理服務 收入為人民幣2,130.3百萬元,較去年同期上 升17.6%,佔總收入24.0%。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止,本集團為69個已開業購物 中心項目提供商業運營服務,總建築面積達到 7.4百萬平方米,其中絕大部分購物中心由本 集團同時提供物業管理服務。此外,截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止,本集團有兩個已開 業購物中心分租項目。

該分部82.7%的收益來自為購物中心提供商業 運營服務及物業管理服務,其餘收益來自所提 供的商業分租服務。

下表載列所示日期購物中心商業運營服務及物 業管理服務的合同建築面積及開業項目建築面 積詳情:

#### COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

#### SHOPPING MALLS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's revenue from the commercial operational and property management services to shopping malls amounted to RMB2,130.3 million, representing an increase of 17.6% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, and accounting for 24.0% of the total revenue. As of 31 December 2021, the Group provided commercial operational services to 69 opened shopping mall projects with an aggregate GFA of 7.4 million sq.m., a vast majority of which were also using our property management services. In addition, we have two opened shopping mall subleasing projects as of 31 December 2021.

82.7% of the segment revenue was generated from the provision of commercial operational services and property management services to shopping malls, with the remaining revenue from the provision of commercial subleasing services.

The table below sets forth details of the contracted GFA and GFA of projects opened under commercial operational services and property management services for shopping malls as of the dates indicated:

		於十二月三十 As of 31 Dece	
		2021	2020
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sq.m. in thousands)	13,014	10,099
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	122	99
已開業項目建築面積(千平方米)	GFA of projects opened (sq.m. in thousands)	7,378	6,126
已開業項目數目	Number of projects opened	69	57

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

下表載列以物業開發商類別劃分的於所示日期 提供商業運營服務的已開業購物中心項目數 目、在管總建築面積明細,以及於所示期間來 自商業運營服務及物業管理服務的收益明細:

The table below sets forth a breakdown of the number of opened shopping malls projects receiving commercial operational services and the aggregate GFA under management as of the dates indicated, and revenue generated from commercial operational services and property management services by type of property developer for the periods indicated:

		於十二月三十一日 As of 31 December						
			2021			2020		
		在管 建築面積	項目數目	收益	在管 建築面積	項目數目	收益	
		GFA under management (千平方米) (sq.m.in	Number of projects	Revenue (人民幣千元)	GFA under management (千平方米) (sq.m.in	Number of projects	Revenue (人民幣千元)	
		thousands)		(RMB'000)	thousands)		(RMB'000)	
華潤置地	CR Land	6,368	53	1,592,229	5,375	43	1,462,090	
華潤集團與第三方 開發商	CR Group and third-party developers	1,010	16	168,775	751	14	65,080	
總計	Total	7,378	69	1,761,004	6,126	57	1,527,170	

#### 寫字樓

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團來自寫字樓的商業運營及物業管理服務收 入為人民幣1,435.1百萬元,較去年同期增長 32.5%,佔總收入16.2%。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止,本集團為25個寫字樓提供 商業運營服務,總建築面積為1.6百萬平方米; 為115個寫字樓提供物業管理服務,總建築面積 為8.2百萬平方米。

該分部88.9%的收益來自為寫字樓提供物業管 理服務,其餘收益來自所提供的商業運營服務。

#### OFFICE BUILDINGS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's revenue from the commercial operation and property management services to office buildings was RMB1,435.1 million, representing an increase of 32.5% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, accounted for 16.2% of the total revenue. As of 31 December 2021, the Group provided commercial operation services for 25 office buildings with a total GFA of 1.6 million sg.m. and property management services for 115 offices with a total GFA of 8.2 million sq.m..

88.9% of the segment revenue was generated from the provision of property management services to office buildings, with the remaining revenue from the provision of commercial operational services.



下表載列於所示日期寫字樓項目的合同建築面 積及在管建築面積詳情:

The table below sets forth the details of our contracted GFA and GFA under management of office building projects as of the dates indicated:

		於十二月三十 As of 31 Dece	
		2021	2020
商業運營服務	Commercial operational services		
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sq.m. in thousands)	1,900	1,771
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	30	29
商業運營服務的建築面積 (千平方米)	GFA under commercial operational services (sq.m. in thousands)	1,622	1,481
商業運營服務的項目數目	Number of projects under commercial operational services	25	23
物業管理服務	Property management services		
合同建築面積(千平方米)	Contracted GFA (sq.m. in thousands)	10,003	7,341
合同建築面積的項目數目	Number of projects for contracted GFA	127	94
物業管理服務的建築面積 (千平方米)	GFA under property management services (sq.m. in thousands)	8,213	5,690
物業管理服務的項目數目	Number of projects under property management services	115	80

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

下表載列以物業開發商類別劃分的於所示日期 在管寫字樓項目數目及在管總建築面積明細, 以及於所示期間來自商業運營服務及物業管理 服務的收益明細:

The table below sets forth a breakdown of the number of office buildings projects under management, the aggregate GFA under management as of the date indicated, and revenue generated from commercial operational services and property management services by type of property developer for the periods indicated:

		於十二月三十一日						
				As of 31 I	December			
		在管 建築面積 GFA under management (千平方米) (sq.m.in thousands)	2021 項目數目 Number of projects	收益 Revenue (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	在管 建築面積 GFA under management (千平方米) (sq.m.in thousands)	2020 項目數目 Number of projects	收益 Revenue (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	
商業運營服務	Commercial operational services							
華潤置地	CR Land	1,255	20	128,551	1,150	19	48,309	
華潤集團與第三方 開發商	CR Group and third-party developers	367	5	30,353	331	4	8,568	
總計	Total	1,622	25	158,904	1,481	23	56,877	
物業管理服務	Property management service					,		
華潤置地	CR Land	6,582	81	1,047,275	4,957	65	834,672	
華潤集團與第三方 開發商	CR Group and third-party developers	1,631	34	228,883	733	15	191,844	
總計	Total	8,213	115	1,276,158	5,690	80	1,026,516	



#### 未來展望

#### 加速擴大公司的規模,鞏固公司的領先 市場地位

本集團計劃選擇性收購具有互補優勢或具有一 定運營規模、盈利能力的物業管理及商業運營 服務提供者,或與之建立股權合作。同時,本 集團將堅持區域深耕策略,注重運用我們已進 入城市所積累的網絡以及品牌優勢,物業管理 堅持全域全業態佈局,商業運營服務聚焦中高 端賽道,積極拓展優質第三方項目,擴大市場 份額,實現規模經濟效應。

本集團將繼續與華潤置地合作,贏得華潤置地 開發或擁有的住宅物業及商業物業的新物業管 理及商業運營服務合同,以穩定業務擴張。本 集團計劃承接華潤集團所擁有的物業(例如工業 園及工廠)的管理服務委聘。此外,本集團計劃 把握來自華潤集團及華潤置地的新業務機會, 幫助公司拓寬至新的物業領域,鞏固公司的 平台。

#### 始終堅持「為客戶提供高品質服務」,持 續精進專業化運營管理

本集團始終堅持高品質服務,依託在商業零售 與服務領域多年的專業沉澱,順應科技迭代和 數字化轉型趨勢,持續精進專業化運營與服務 體系,實現高質量發展與客戶體驗持續改善。 同時,我們竭力將華潤集團及華潤置地旗下更 多服務及資源引入公司所管理的物業,借此為 最終獲提供我們服務的人士帶來更多價值。此 外,我們亦將圍繞「空間、客戶、資源」的自身 稟賦,著力構建全業態、全產品、全服務一體 化生態體系,致力成為城市生態服務和人們美 好生活的締造者。

#### OUTLOOK

#### ACCELERATE THE EXPANSION OF THE COMPANY AND STRENGTHEN ITS LEADING MARKET POSITION

The Group plans to selectively acquire, or establish joint ventures with, property management and commercial operational service providers with complementary strengths or with targeted operation scale and profitability. Meanwhile, the Group will adhere to its strategy to penetrate regional market and take advantage of its business network in cities expand with business presence established and the brand advantages. In particular, it will continue to the property management service portfolios to all property types while focus on medium and high-end commerce in terms of commercial operational services. In addition, it will also strive to secure quality projects from third parties, therefore to enhance the market shares and realize economies of scale.

The Group will continue to work with CR Land to secure new engagements of property management and commercial operational services for residential properties and commercial properties developed or owned by CR Land for a stable expansion of our business. The Group also plans to undertake management services engagements relating to properties owned by CR Group, such as industrial parks and factories. In addition, the Group plans to seize new business opportunities from CR Group and CR Land to help us expand into new property segments and strengthen the Company's platform.

#### MAINTAINING HIGH-QUALITY SERVICES TO CUSTOMERS AND IMPROVING PROFESSIONAL. OPERATION AND MANAGEMENT

The Group adheres to the principle of high-quality services. Riding on years of professional experience accumulation in the commercial retail and service fields and following the trend of technology innovation and digital transformation, we will continue to improve our professional operation and service system to achieve high-quality development and continuous improvement of customer experience. Meanwhile, we aim to introduce more CR Group and CR Land's services and resources to the Company's managed properties so as to bring more value to our ultimate recipients of our services. In addition, we will also leverage our advantages on "space, customer and resource" to construct an integrated ecosystem featured with multiple property types, full spectrum of service offerings and become the creator of urban ecological services and people's happy life.

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 對公司的生態體系進行戰略投資

本集團計劃戰略投資於與集團業務具有協同效 應且經營專門業務(例如經紀、資產管理及新零 售)的全國型或區域型服務供貨商,以建立服務 提供生態體系,提高客戶忠誠度。同時,本集 團計劃戰略投資於本集團上下游產業鏈上的業 務夥伴,提高公司的盈利能力及拓寬客戶基礎。

#### 構建一體化跨業態大會員體系

本集團計劃進一步整合在管住宅社區、購物中 心及寫字樓,創造更多的商業機會;推廣會員 體系以吸引第三方商家,通過創造價值及增長 機會,進一步發展公司的平台及生態體系。繼 續增強會員體系的功能,以吸引會員對公司所 提供產品及服務的興趣,提高其忠誠度,並以 有效的方式進一步吸引新用戶進入公司的生態 體系。我們亦將整合會員體系,充分瞭解用戶 需求,增強不同物業類型的互動,提升客戶跨 平台體驗。積極利用公司的會員體系推廣公司 的品牌,提升公司的品牌形象及客戶忠誠度。

#### **積極推動科技賦能,不斷推動服務升級** 與組織迭代

本集團計劃推進「運營信息化、經營數字化、空 間智慧化、數據資產化」的數字化舉措,通過科 技賦能,提升經營效率及用戶體驗。我們亦計 劃戰略投資商業運營、物業管理及城市管理相 關的科技公司。同時,持續升級「一點萬象」、 「悦家」及「Officeasy」應用程序等數字化服務平 台的功能,為用戶創造獨特體驗。

#### PURSUE STRATEGIC INVESTMENTS IN THE COMPANY'S ECOSYSTEM

The Group plans to pursue strategic investments in national or regional service providers with specialized businesses that are synergistic with our business, such as brokerage, asset management and new retail. to build an ecosystem of service offerings that promotes customer loyalty. Meanwhile, the Group plans to pursue strategic investments in business partners located upstream and downstream in the Group's industry chain to enhance the Company's profitability and broaden our customer base.

#### DEVELOP AN INTEGRATED MEMBERSHIP PROGRAM WITH CROSS-BUSINESS FUNCTION

The Group intends to further integrate residential communities, shopping malls and office buildings under our management to create more business opportunities. We plan to promote the membership system to attract third-party merchants and further develop our platform and ecosystem through creating value and growth opportunities, and continue to enhance the functionality of our membership programs to capture members' interest in our products and services offered under the membership programs, enhance their loyalty and further attract new users to our ecosystem in an efficient manner. We will also consolidate our membership programs, which allows the Company to fully understand the needs of users, optimize interaction among different property types, improve customers' cross-platform experience, and actively promote corporate brand, enhance our brand image and customer loyalty through the Company's membership programs.

#### ACTIVELY PROMOTE TECHNOLOGY EMPOWERMENT. CONTINUE TO ENHANCE SERVICE UPGRADE AND ORGANIZATIONAL IMPROVEMENT

The Group plans to promote digitization initiatives of "business informatization, operation digitization, space intelligentization, data capitalization" and enhances operational efficiency and users' experience by technology empowerment. We also plans to pursue strategic investments in technology companies relating to commercial operation, property management and urban management. Meanwhile, the Group continues to upgrade the functionality and capability of our digitized service platforms, such as "E-MIXC," "JOY LIFE" and "Officeasy" apps, to create a unique experience for our users.



#### 通過招募、培訓及獎勵,增強人力資源

本集團計劃以具市場競爭力的薪酬待遇及良好 的公司文化與聲譽吸引人才,定期組織由資深 員工及外聘顧問舉辦的培訓。本集團亦繼續加 強薪酬計劃及制定員工激勵機制,使得員工的 利益更好地與公司利益相符合。此外,本集團 計劃通過宣傳企業文化,提升員工的職業自豪 感、使命感及專業精神。

#### 財務回顧

#### 收入

本集團收入主要來自兩大業務板塊:(i)住宅物業 管理服務及(ii)商業運營及物業管理服務。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本 集團收入為人民幣8,875.4百萬元,較去年同期 增長30.9%,主要由於:(i)住宅物業管理服務的 在管建築面積增加;(ii)在營商業項目數量上升 及商業項目業績提升,令本集團商業運營服務 收入增加;(iii)本集團新增第三方商業項目數量 上升,令商業項目的開業前管理服務收入增加。

#### 銷售成本

本集團銷售成本主要包括:(i)員工成本;(ii)分包 成本;(iii)能源費;(iv)公用區域設施成本;及(v) 辦公室及相關開支。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的銷售成本為人民幣6.116.9百萬元,較去年 同期增長23.5%,主要原因是隨收入規模的增 長相應的各類成本有所增加。

#### EXPAND HUMAN RESOURCES THROUGH RECRUITMENT, TRAINING AND MOTIVATION

The Group plans to attract talents with its competitive remuneration packages and excellent corporate culture and reputation, and organizes regular training provided by senior employees and external consultants. The Group will also continue to refine its remuneration scheme and formulate employee incentive mechanism to better align their benefits with our interest. In addition, the Group plans to enhance the sense of pride, mission and professionalism of its employees through the promotion of corporate culture.

#### FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### REVENUE

The Group's revenue is mainly generated from two business segments: (i) residential property management services and (ii) commercial operational and property management services.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's revenue amounted to RMB8,875.4 million, representing an increase of 30.9% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Such increase was primarily due to: (i) the increase in the GFA under management of residential property management services; (ii) the increase in our revenue from commercial operational services due to the rise in the number of commercial projects under operation and the improvement in the performance of business projects; (iii) the increase in our newly added third party commercial projects which resulted in the increase in our revenue from the pre-opening management services of the commercial projects.

#### COST OF SALES

The Group's cost of sales mainly comprises (i) staff costs, (ii) subcontracting costs, (iii) utilities costs, (iv) common area facility costs, and (v) office and related expenses.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's cost of sales amounted to RMB6,116.9 million, representing an increase of 23.5% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Such increase was primarily due to the increase of corresponding costs by class resulting from the growth of revenue.

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 毛利及毛利率

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本 集團毛利為人民幣2,758.5百萬元,按年增長 51.0%;毛利率為31.1%,按年增長4.1個百分

下表載列所示日期按業務分部劃分的毛利及毛 利率詳情:

#### GROSS PROFIT AND GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the gross profit of the Group amounted to RMB2,758.5 million representing a YoY increase of 51.0% and the gross profit margin was 31.1%, representing a YoY increase of 4.1 percentage points.

The table below sets forth details of the gross profit and gross profit margin by segment as of the dates indicated:

		裁至十二月三十一日年度 For the year ended 31 December,					
		202	21	202	2020		
		毛利 Gross profit (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	毛利率 Gross profit margin %	毛利 Gross profit (人民幣千元) (RMB'000)	毛利率 Gross profit margin %		
住宅物業管理服務	Residential property management services						
物業管理服務	Property management services	567,354	15.0	359,408	12.3		
針對開發商的增值服務	Value-added services to property developers	259,045	31.9	134,465	23.5		
社區增值服務	Community value-added services	198,978	27.5	123,506	31.8		
小計	Subtotal	1,025,377	19.3	617,379	15.9		
商業運營及物業管理服務	Commercial operational and property management services						
購物中心	Shopping malls	1,329,256	62.4	884,975	48.8		
寫字樓	Office buildings	403,885	28.1	324,679	30.0		
小計	Subtotal	1,733,141	48.6	1,209,654	41.8		
合計	Total	2,758,518	31.1	1,827,033	27.0		



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,住宅 物業管理服務毛利率為19.3%,按年同比增長 3.4個百分點,主要得益於有效的成本控制及經 營效率的提升。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,商業 運營及物業管理服務毛利率為48.6%,按年同 比增長6.8個百分點,該板塊毛利率大幅提升主 要因二零二一年疫情恢復後,購物中心盈利能 力大幅提升及在管商業項目數目增加形成的規 模經濟效應,同時自二零二零年七月份起,購 物中心物業管理服務的收入模式從包干制轉化 為酬金制,相應毛利率提高。

#### 投資物業公允價值變動的收益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團投資物業公允價值變動的收益為人民幣30.0 百萬元,主要系分租項目深圳布吉萬象匯租金 水平提升評估增值所致。

#### 其他收入及收益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團其他收入及收益為人民幣523.4百萬元,較去 年同期增長190.2%,主要由於銀行存款利息收 入及出售結構性存款的收益增加。

#### 市場推廣開支

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團市場推廣開支為人民幣58.1百萬元,較去年 同期增長15.5%,主要由於本集團分租項目二 零二零年受疫情影響推廣活動較少。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the gross profit margin of residential property management services was 19.3%, with YoY growth of 3.4 percentage points. Such increase was primarily attributable to effective cost control measures and the improvement in operating efficiency.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the gross profit margin of commercial operational and property management services was 48.6%, with YoY growth of 6.8 percentage points. The increase in gross profit margin of this segment was mainly due to the increase in our service scale arising from the substantial increase in the profitability of shopping malls and the increase in the number of commercial projects under management after the recovery of the epidemic in 2021. Meanwhile, we switched from a lump sum basis revenue model to a commission basis revenue model for property management services to shopping malls from July 2020, and the gross profit margin increased accordingly.

#### GAIN ON CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE OF **INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded gain on changes in fair value of investment properties of RMB30.0 million, which was mainly related to the valuation increase due to the rise in the rental level of our subleasing project, Shenzhen Buji MIXONE.

#### OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group recorded other income and gains of RMB523.4 million, representing an increase of 190.2% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, which was mainly attributable to the increase in the interest income of bank deposits and gains from disposal of structured bank deposits.

#### MARKETING EXPENSES

For the year ended 31 December 2021, our marketing expenses was RMB58.1 million, representing an increase of 15.5% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, which was mainly because the Group had organized less promotion activities for the subleasing projects as affected by the pandemic in 2020.

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 行政開支

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團行政開支為人民幣819.0百萬元,較去年同期 增長9.6%,主要由於本集團業務規模擴大,員 工成本及辦公費用增加所致。得益於控費增效 措施效果顯著,本期行政開支佔收入比例較去 年同期下降1.8個百分點。

#### 其他開支

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團其他開支為人民幣20.8百萬元,按年同比增 長360.3%,主要由於本集團年內計提貿易應收 款項及應收票據、停車位的減值損失增加。

#### 所得税

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團實際所得稅率26.1%,較去年同期下降1.8個 百分點,主要由於境外利息收入免税所致。

#### 年內利潤

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的淨利潤為人民幣1,726.1百萬元,較去年同 期增長111.1%。

#### 流動資金、資本結構及資本資源

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團銀行存款和現金總額(包括受限制銀行存款) 主要以人民幣持有及為人民幣13,927.0百萬元 (二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣10,679.4 百萬元),較去年底增長30.4%,主要由於經營 活動現金淨流入及剩餘募集資金以銀行存款方 式持有。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止,本集團借 貸為浮動利息借款港幣980.0百萬元(折合人民 幣801.2百萬元),按年同比增長58.1%,該等 借貸主要用於支付上市前收購歡樂頌香港的收 購對價及向股東分派股利。

#### ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the year ended 31 December 2021, our administrative expenses was RMB819.0 million, representing an increase of 9.6% as compared with the corresponding period of last year, which was primarily attributable to the increased staff costs and office expenses as a result of the Group's business expansion. Benefited from the significant results of cost control and efficiency improvement, administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue decreased by 1.8 percentage points as compared with that in the corresponding period of last year.

#### OTHER EXPENSES

For the year ended 31 December 2021, our other expenses amounted to RMB20.8 million, representing an YoY increase of 360.3%, mainly due to the increase of impairment losses on trade and bill receivables. parking spaces accrued by the Group during the year.

#### INCOME TAX

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's effective income tax rate was 26.1%, decreased by 1.8 percentage points as compared with the corresponding period of last year, mainly due to the tax exemption on offshore interest income.

#### PROFIT FOR THE YEAR

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's net profit was RMB1,726.1 million, increased by 111.1% as compared with the corresponding period of last year.

#### LIQUIDITY, CAPITAL STRUCTURE AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's total bank deposits and cash (including restricted bank deposits) are mainly held in RMB and amounted to RMB13,927.0 million, (31 December 2020: RMB10,679.4 million) an increase of 30.4% as compared with that as of the end of last year, which was mainly due to the cash inflow from operating activities and the remaining proceeds held by way of bank deposits.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's borrowings were floating interest borrowings of HK\$980.0 million (equivalent to RMB801.2 million, representing an YoY increase of 58.1%). The borrowings were mainly used for the payment of the consideration of acquisition of Huan Le Song (Hong Kong) prior to the Listing and for the payment of dividends to the shareholders.



#### 資產負債率

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團資產負債率為35.7%,較去年底增長1.0個百 分點,資產負債率乃按總負債除以總資產計算。

#### 資本承擔

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之資本 承擔為人民幣17.8百萬元(二零二零年十二月 三十一日:人民幣223.3百萬元)。

#### 重大投資、重大收購及出售

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司已於二零二一年二月投資結構性銀行存款, 並已於年內按其各自的條款悉數贖回所有存 款,有關詳情載於二零二一年六月四日的公告。

於二零二一年三月三十日,華潤萬象商業(深 圳)有限公司(「華潤萬象深圳」,為本公司全資 附屬公司)(作為受讓方)(i)與深圳前海橙倉科技 互聯有限公司(「深圳前海」,為華潤置地全資附 屬公司)(作為轉讓方)訂立版權轉讓協議,據 此,深圳前海同意將(其中包括)與若干軟件程 式有關之所有權、經營權及軟件版權轉讓予華 潤萬象深圳;及(ii)與華潤深圳(作為轉讓方)訂 立域名轉讓協議,據此,華潤深圳同意將(其中 包括)若干域名之所有權轉讓。此外,華潤物業 工程科技有限公司(「華潤物業工程」,為本公司 的全資附屬公司)與平湖市臻尚園林綠化有限公 司北京分公司(「平湖臻尚」, 為華潤置地全資附 屬公司)訂立協議,據此,華潤物業工程同意出 售而平湖臻尚同意收購若干資產,總代價為人 民幣19,157,619.64元。兩項交易的詳情載於日 期為二零二一年三月三十日的公告。

#### **GEARING RATIO**

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's gearing ratio was 35.7%, representing an increase of 1.0 percentage points as compared with that as of the end of last year. The gearing ratio was calculated by total liabilities divided by total assets.

#### CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

As of 31 December 2021, the Group's capital commitments amounted to RMB17.8 million (31 December 2020: RMB 223.3 million).

#### SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company had invested in structured bank deposits in February 2021 and the deposits have all been redeemed in full during the year in accordance with their respective terms, details of which were contained in the announcement dated 4 June 2021.

On 30 March 2021, China Resources Mixc Commercial (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd.\* (華潤萬象商業(深圳)有限公司) ("CR MixC Shenzhen", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as transferee) entered into (i) the Copyrights Transfer Agreement with Shenzhen Qianhai Chengcang Technology Internet Co., Ltd.\* (深圳前海橙倉科技互聯有限 公司) ("Shanghai Qianhai", a wholly-owned subsidiary of CR Land, as transferor), where Shenzhen Qianhai agrees to transfer, among others, the ownership, operating rights and software copyrights pertinent to the certain software programmes to CR Mixc Shenzhen; and (ii) the Domain Names Transfer Agreement with CR Shenzhen (as transferor), where CR Shenzhen agrees to transfer, among others, the ownership of certain domain names. In addition, CR Property Management Engineering Technology Co. Ltd.\* (華潤物業工程科技有限公司) ("CR Property Management", a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) entered into an agreement with Pinghu Zhenshang Landscaping Co., Ltd Beijing Branch\* (平湖市臻尚園林綠化有限公司北京分公 司) ("Pinghu Zhengshang", a wholly-owned subsidiary of CR Land) pursuant to which CR Property Management agreed to dispose and Pinghu Zhenshang agreed to acquire the certain assets at an aggregate consideration of RMB19,157,619.64. Details of both transactions were contained in the announcements dated 30 March 2021.

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

倘本集團認為適當,將會繼續投資收購物業發 展項目,預期內部財務資源將足以滿足必要的 資金需求。除上述以及本報告的「期後事項」及 本公司日期為二零二二年一月五日、二零二二 年一月二十日及二零二二年三月八日的股權收 購事項公告所披露外,截至本報告日期,本集 團並無其他重大收入、出售、重要投資及重大 投資之未來計劃。

#### 上市所得款項

本集團股份於二零二零年十二月九日於聯交所 成功上市(「上市」),經扣除承銷費用及相關開 支,總上市所得款項淨額約為人民幣11,600.4 百萬元。

誠如本集團日期為二零二零年十一月二十五日 的招股章程(「招股章程」)所述,本集團擬將所 得款項的下述金額用作下述用途:

- 約60%用於擴大物業管理和商業運營業務 的戰略投資和收購。
- 約15%用於提供增值服務和本行業上下游 產業鏈的戰略性投資。
- 約15%用於投資信息技術系統和智能化社
- 約10%用於運營資金及一般公司用途。

The Group will continue to invest in property development project when deemed appropriate. It is expected that our internal financial resources are sufficient for any necessary funding demands. Save for the above and as disclosed in the "Subsequent Events" in this report and the announcements of the Company dated 5 January 2022, 20 January 2022 and 8 March 2022 in relation to equity acquisition, as of the date of this announcement, the Group had no other material acquisitions or disposals, significant investments and future plans of material investments.

#### PROCEEDS OF THE LISTING

The shares of the Group were successfully listed on the Stock Exchange on 9 December 2020 (the "Listing"), with total net proceeds of the Listing amounted to approximately RMB11,600.4 million after deducting the underwriting fees and relevant expenses.

As set out in the prospectus of the Group dated 25 November 2020 (the "Prospectus"), the Group intends to use the proceeds for the purposes and in the amounts set forth below:

- approximately 60% will be used to make strategic investments and acquisitions to expand our property management and commercial operational businesses.
- approximately 15% will be used to pursue strategic investment in providers of value-added services and across the upstream and downstream supply chain of our industry.
- approximately 15% will be used to invest in information technology systems and smart communities.
- approximately 10% will be used as working capital and for general corporate uses.



至二零二一年十二月三十一日止,上市所得款 項人民幣1,379.9百萬元已獲使用,餘額於香港 或中國的持牌銀行以銀行存款方式持有,並擬 以招股章程內所載之分配方式使用。

As at 31 December 2021, RMB1,379.9 million of the proceeds of the Listing had been utilized. The remaining amounts were held by way of bank deposits with licensed banks in Hong Kong or the PRC and are intended to be used in the manner set out in the Prospectus.

Busir	章程所述的業務目標 ness objective as stated in Prospectus	比例 Proportion	所得款項 爭額計劃用途 Planned use of net proceeds	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 未動用所得款項 Proceeds unused as of 31 December 2020	載至二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度所得 款項諍額的 實際用途 Actual use of net proceeds during the year ended 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 未動用 所得款項 Proceeds unused as of 31 December 2021	悉數動用上市所得 款項淨額的預期時間表 Expected timeline for fully utilizing the net proceeds from the Listing
					好百萬元 million		
(i)	擴大物業管理和商業運營業務的戰略投資和 收購 Making strategic investments and acquisitions to expand our property management and commercial operational businesses	60%	6,960.3	6,960.3	-	6,960.3	於二零二五年十二月前 By December 2025
(ii)	提供增值服務和本行業上下游供應鏈的戰略性 投資 Pursuing strategic investment in providers of value-added services and across the upstream and downstream supply chain of our industry	15%	1,740.1	1,740.1	92.1	1,648.0	於二零二五年十二月前 By December 2025
(iii)	投資信息技術系統和智能化社區 Investing in information technology systems and smart communities	15%	1,740.1	1,740.1	127.8	1,612.3	於二零二五年十二月前 By December 2025
(iv)	營運資金及一般公司用途 Working capital and general corporate uses	10%	1,160.0	1,160.0	1,160.0	-	於二零二五年十二月前 By December 2025
		100%	11,600.4	11,600.4	1,379.9	10,220.5	

附註:

Note:

由於四捨五入,數據總和未必等於總和。

The sum of the data may not add up to the total due to rounding.

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### 持作投資物業

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團其中一處物業深圳布吉萬象匯根據香港財務 報告準則第16號於合併財務狀況表確認為投 資物業,而根據聯交所證券上市規則(「上市 規則」)第14.04(9)條,該投資物業的資產比率 超過5%但低於25%,而所有其他比率均低於 5%。深圳布吉萬象匯位於中華人民共和國廣東 省深圳市龍崗區布吉街道翔鴿路2號。其現時用 作商業分租服務並以長期租賃持有。在租賃合 同有效期內,除發生不可抗力事件及本集團拖 欠租金、違規經營、破壞建築物等極端情形, 出租方無權單方終止合同。

#### 或然負債

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止,本集團無 重大或然負債(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止:無)。

#### 資產抵押

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止,本集團無 抵押資產(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止: 無)。

#### 外匯風險

由於本集團業務主要於中國進行,本集團主要 採用人民幣作為結算貨幣。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止,非人民幣資產及負債主要 為現金港幣69.9百萬元、12,745.9美元及銀行 借款港幣980.0百萬元。管理層認為本集團在經 營方面並無重大外匯風險,人民幣匯率波動不 會對本集團財務狀況帶來顯著影響。本集團目 前並無外幣風險對沖政策,然而,管理層將對 外匯風險敞口實施動態監控並將根據市場環境 的變化進行必要調整。

#### PROPERTY HELD FOR INVESTMENT

For the year ended 31 December 2021, one of the properties of the Group, Shenzhen Buji MIXONE, was recognized as the investment property under HKFRS 16 in the consolidated statements of financial position, and the asset ratio of such investment property exceeds 5% but is less than 25% and all other ratios are less than 5% pursuant to Rule 14.04(9) of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Shenzhen Buji MIXONE is located at No. 2 Xiangge Road, Buji Area, Longgang District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, the People's Republic of China. It is currently used for commercial subleasing services and is held under long-term lease. During the effective term of the lease contract, the lessor has no right to unilaterally terminate the contract except for force majeure events and extreme conditions such as the Group's rental payments are in arrears, non-compliance with regulations and damage to the buildings.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

As of 31 December 2021, the Group has no material contingent liabilities (as of 31 December 2020; nil).

#### PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As of 31 December 2021, the Group had no pledge of assets (as of 31 December 2020: nil).

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

As the Group's business is mainly conducted in the PRC, we mainly take RMB as the settlement currency. As of 31 December 2021, non-RMB assets and liabilities mainly included the cash of HK\$69.9 million, US\$12,745.9, and the bank borrowings of HK\$980.0 million. The management believed that the operation of the Group was not exposed to material foreign currency risk. No significant impact was caused by the fluctuation of RMB exchange rate on the Group's financial position. Meanwhile, the Group currently does not hedge its foreign exchange risk but dynamically monitored the foreign exchange exposure and made necessary adjustments in accordance with the change in market environment.



#### 上市規則第13.21條項下持續披露 規定

本公司訂立下列具有其控股股東的具體表現契 諾的貸款協議。於本報告日期,該等貸款協 議的責任繼續存續。於本報告日期,華潤集 團直接或間接實益擁有本公司已發行股本約 73.72%, 而華潤置地為本公司最大單一股東, 直接擁有本公司已發行股本約72.29%及控制本 公司。

- 於二零二一年六月二十八日,本公司就總 數最高為港幣620,000,000元的貸款融資 訂立一份循環貸款融資函件,融資並無固 定年期,須按貸款人要求償還。詳情載於 日期為二零二一年六月二十八日的公告。 本公司承諾在貸款期間,華潤集團應直接 或間接持有不少於35%本公司實益擁有 權,華潤置地應為本公司最大單一股東、 直接或間接持有不少於51%本公司實益擁 有權及控制本公司。倘發生該融資函件項 下的控制權改變導致違反有關承諾,根據 該融資函件,貸款人可宣佈取消提供貸款 額度及/或宣佈所有未償還款項連同貸款 額度項下所有應計利息及其他所有本公司 需於該融資函件項下支付的款項即時到期 及須予償還。
- 於二零二一年十月二十日,本公司就總數 最高為港幣600,000,000元的貸款融資訂 立一份循環貸款融資函件,於12個月到 期。詳情載於日期為二零二一年十月二十 日的公告。本公司承諾在貸款期間,本公 司應促使華潤集團及華潤置地維持分別直 接或間接持有不少於35 %及51%本公司 已發行股本。倘發生違反該融資函件項下 的有關承諾,根據該融資函件,貸款人可 宣佈取消提供貸款額度及/或宣佈所有未 償還款項連同貸款額度項下所有應計利息 及其他所有本公司需於該融資函件項下支 付的款項即時到期及須予償還。

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENT UNDER RULE 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

The Company entered into the following loan agreements which have specific performance covenant of its controlling shareholders. The obligations of such loan agreements continue to exist as of the date of this Report. As at the date of this Report, CRH beneficially owns directly or indirectly approximately 73.72% of the issued share capital of the Company, and CR Land is the single largest shareholder of the Company, directly owning approximately 72.29% of the issued share capital of the Company and being able to control the Company.

- A revolving loan facility letter for a facility in an aggregate amount up to HKD620,000,000 with no fixed term and is repayable on demand by the lender was entered into on 28 June 2021, details of which have been disclosed in the announcement dated 28 June 2021. The Company undertakes that during the term of the facility, CRH shall directly or indirectly own no less than 35% of the beneficial ownership of the Company, and CR Land shall remain as the single largest shareholder of the Company, directly or indirectly owning no less than 51% of the beneficial ownership of the Company and being able to control the Company. If a change of control resulting in violation of the relevant undertakings under this facility letter occurs, the lender may declare any commitment under this facility letter to be cancelled and/or declare the outstanding loans, together with all the interests accrued thereon, and all other amounts due under this facility letter shall become immediately due and payable.
- A revolving loan facility letter for a facility in an aggregate amount of up to HKD600,000,000 with a maturity date of 12 months was entered into on 20 October 2021, details of which have been disclosed in the announcement dated 20 October 2021. The Company undertakes that during the term of the facility, the Company shall procure that CRH and CR Land remain directly or indirectly interested in no less than 35% and 51% of the issued share capital of the Company respectively. If violation of the relevant undertakings under this facility letter occurs, the lender may declare any commitment under this facility letter to be cancelled and/or declare the outstanding loans, together with all the interests accrued thereon, and all other amounts due under this facility letter shall become immediately due and payable.

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

於二零二二年三月二十三日,本公司就總 數最高為港幣1,000,000,000元的貸款融 資訂立一份循環貸款融資函件,於12個 月到期。詳情載於日期為二零二二年三月 二十三日的公告。本公司承諾在貸款期 間,本公司應促使華潤置地維持直接或間 接持有不少於51%本公司已發行股本並繼 續成為本公司的最大單一股東。倘發生違 反該融資函件項下的有關承諾,根據該融 資函件,貸款人可宣佈取消提供預付本金 及貸款額度及/或宣佈所有未償還款項連 同貸款額度項下所有應計利息及其他所有 本公司需於該融資函件項下支付的款項即 時到期及須予償還。

#### 期後事項

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度後,本 公司已訂立下列交易:

於二零二二年一月五日,潤楹物業科技服 務有限公司(「潤楹」)(為本公司的全資附 屬公司,作為擬買方)與天津禹佳生活服 務有限公司(「天津禹佳」)(作為擬賣方)就 擬買賣禹洲物業服務有限公司(「禹洲物業 服務」)的股權訂立框架協議,禹洲物業服 務乃主要於中國從事物業管理服務業務。 此收購事項構成須予披露交易。於二零 二二年三月八日,潤楹與天津禹佳及禹洲 物業服務訂立股權轉讓協議,代價為人民 幣1,058百萬元。於本報告日期,該收購 事項已經完成。

A revolving loan facility letter for a facility in an aggregate amount of up to RMB1,000,000,000 with a maturity date of 12 months was entered into on 23 March 2022, details of which have been disclosed in the announcement dated 23 March 2022. The Company undertakes that during the term of the facility, the Company shall procure that CR Land remain directly or indirectly interested in no less than 51% of the issued share capital of the Company and remain to be the single largest shareholder of the Company. If violation of the relevant undertakings under this facility letter occurs, the lender may declare any commitment under this facility letter to be cancelled and/or declare the principal amount advanced and the outstanding loans, together with all the interests accrued thereon, and all other amounts due under this facility letter shall become immediately due and payable.

#### SUBSEQUENT EVENT

After the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has entered into the following transactions:

On 5 January 2022, Runying Property Technology Service Company Limited (潤楹物業科技服務有限公司) ("Runying") (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the proposed purchaser) and Tianjin Yujia Life Service Company Limited (天津 禹佳生活服務有限公司) ("Tianjin Yujia") (as the proposed seller) entered into the framework agreement for the proposed sale and purchase of equity interest in Yuzhou Property Service Company Limited (禹洲物業服務有限公司) ("Yuzhou Property Service") which is principally engaged in the business of property management services in the PRC. The acquisition constitutes a discloseable transaction. On 8 March 2022, Runying entered into the equity transfer agreement with Tianjin Yujia and Yuzhou Property Service. The consideration is RMB1,058 million. As of the date of this Report, the acquisition has been completed.



- 於二零二二年一月二十日,創潤發展有限 公司(為本公司的全資附屬公司,作為買 方)與(其中包括)香港彩虹物業有限公司 (「賣方1」)及香港樂活物業有限公司(「賣 方2」,與賣方1合稱「賣方」)訂立股權轉 讓協議,據此(i)買方已同意收購且賣方1 已同意出售南通長樂物業有限公司(「南通 長樂」)全部股權;及(ii)買方已同意收購 且賣方2已同意出售江蘇中南物業服務有 限公司(「江蘇中南」)1%股權,代價待由 訂約雙方釐定並最終協定,惟不得高於人 民幣2,260百萬元。南通長樂及江蘇中南 連同其各自的附屬公司及分公司(「目標公 司」)主要在中國從事物業管理服務。就收 購事項而言,買方亦與賣方、江蘇中南及 江蘇中南建設集團股份有限公司(「江蘇中 南建設」)訂立框架協議,據此,江蘇中南 建設保證促使(其中包括)其直接或間接持 股子公司就目標公司的物業管理項目繼續 與目標公司合作。於本報告日期,此收購 事項仍有待完成。
- On 20 January 2022, Super Honour Development Limited (創潤 發展有限公司) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the purchaser) entered into an equity transfer agreement with, among others, HongKong Rainbow Property Limited (香港彩虹物 業有限公司) ("Seller 1") and HongKong Lehuo Property Limited (香港樂活物業有限公司) ("Seller 2", collectively with Seller 1 as the sellers), pursuant to which (i) the purchaser has agreed to acquire, and Seller 1 has agreed to sell, the entire equity interests of Nantong Changle Property Co., Limited (南通長樂物業有限 公司) ("Nantong Changle"); and (ii) the purchaser has agreed to acquire, and Seller 2 has agreed to sell, 1% of the equity interests of Jiangsu Zhongnan Property Services Co., Ltd. (江蘇 中南物業服務有限公司) ("Jiangsu Zhongan"). The consideration is to be determined and finally agreed between the parties but it shall not be higher than RMB2,260 million. Nantong Changle and Jiangsu Zhongan, together with their respective subsidiaries and branches (the "Target Companies"), are principally engaged in the business of property management services in the PRC. In connection with the acquisition, the purchaser also entered into a framework agreement with the Sellers, Jiangsu Zhongnan and Jiangsu Zhongnan Construction Group Co., Ltd (江蘇中南建設 集團股份有限公司) ("Jiangsu Zhongan Construction"), pursuant to which Jiangsu Zhongnan Construction warrants to, among others, procure companies in which it directly or indirectly holds equity interests, to continue the cooperation with the Target Companies in connection with the property management projects of the Target Companies. As of the date of this Report, the acquisition is still pending completion.

除所披露者外,本集團並無於二零二一年十二 月三十一日之後發生且對集團表現及價值產生 重大影響的其他重大期後事項。

### 顧員及薪酬政策

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止,本集團在 中國內地和香港僱用了28,654名全職員工(二 零二零年十二月三十一日:27,077名)。本集 團根據員工的業績表現、工作經驗和市場工資 水平來決定員工的薪酬。此外,酌情給予績效 獎金,其他員工福利包括公積金、保險與醫療 計劃。

Saved as disclosed, the Group had no other significant subsequent events occurred after 31 December 2021 which would material impact on the performance and the value of the Group.

#### EMPLOYEE AND COMPENSATION POLICY

As of 31 December 2021, the Group had 28,654 full time employees in Mainland China and Hong Kong (31 December 2020: 27,077). The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, working experience and market salary levels. In addition, performance bonus is granted on a discretionary basis. Other employee benefits include provident fund, insurance and medical coverage.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

### **霍**

### 執行董事

#### 喻霖康先生,50歳

自二零二零年七月起擔任本公司董事並於二零 二零年八月獲委任為本公司執行董事兼總裁。 喻先生擁有約29年地產投資、商業運營及企業 管理經驗。

喻先生於一九九二年八月至一九九六年九月任 職北京華潤飯店,並先後擔任餐飲部副經理及 經理。彼其後於一九九六年九月至二零零零年 十二月任職隆地企業有限公司,並先後擔任投 資管理部主任、副經理及經理。於二零零零年 十二月至二零零三年六月,喻先生擔任深圳對 外貿易中心助理總經理,並於二零零二年一月 至二零零三年六月同時擔任深圳市木棉花酒店 有限公司董事長、總經理。於二零零三年六月 至二零零四年十一月,彼為木棉花酒店有限公 司副總經理。

### DIRECTORS

#### EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

### Mr. YU Linkang, aged 50

has been our Director since July 2020 and was appointed as an executive Director and the president of the Company in August 2020. Mr. Yu has approximately 29 years of experience in real estate investment, commercial operation and corporate management.

Mr. Yu worked in China Resources Hotel in Beijing (北京華潤飯店) from August 1992 to September 1996, where he successively served as the deputy manager and manager of the food and beverage department. He worked in Longdation Enterprises Limited (隆地企業有限公司) from September 1996 to December 2000, where he successively served as the supervisor, deputy manager and manager of the investment management department. Mr. Yu served as the assistant general manager of Shenzhen Foreign Trade Center (深圳對外貿易中心) from December 2000 to June 2003, the chairman and general manager of Shenzhen Hotel Kapok Co., Ltd. (深圳市木棉花酒店有限公司) from January 2002 to June 2003, and the deputy general manager of Hotel Kapok Co., Ltd. (木棉花酒店有限公司) from June 2003 to November 2004.



喻先生於二零零四年十一月至二零一一年五月 擔任華潤深圳(由二零零五年十月起成為華潤置 地的附屬公司)副總經理,期間自二零零八年 十二月至二零一一年五月同時擔任華潤深圳灣 發展有限公司總經理。彼於二零一一年五月至 二零一三年八月擔任深圳區域副總經理。由二 零一三年八月至二零一六年七月,彼曾擔任商 業地產總監、武漢區域總經理以及華潤置地助 理總裁。二零一六年七月,彼獲委任為華潤置 地副總裁,負責本集團相關之業務,尤其是我 們的商業運營服務業務。喻先生自二零一八年 十一月起,獲委任為華潤置地高級副總裁,而 彼並自二零二零年三月起兼任物業總公司董事 長,持續管理本集團整體營運及業務。為重組 之目的,喻先生於二零二零年八月獲委任為本 集團總裁,繼續領導及管理本集團業務,並不 再於華潤置地擔任職務。喻先生獲中國商業地 產行業年度獎項評委會頒發的二零一八年及二 零二零年商業地產領軍人物獎。

喻先生於一九九二年取得中國北京第二外國語 學院酒店管理專業學士學位,及於二零零六年 取得美國俄亥俄州萊特州立大學工商管理碩士 學位。

From November 2004 to May 2011, Mr. Yu served as the deputy general manager of China Resources Shenzhen (which has been a subsidiary of CR Land since October 2005), during which he concurrently served as the general manager of China Resources Shenzhen Bay Development Co., Ltd. (華潤深圳灣發展有限公司) from December 2008 to May 2011. He was the deputy general manager of Shenzhen region from May 2011 to August 2013. From August 2013 to July 2016, he served as the director for commercial real estate, general manager of Wuhan region as well as the assistant president of CR Land. In July 2016, he was appointed as the vice president of CR Land, managing our Group's business, in particular our commercial operational services business. Since November 2018 and March 2020, he has been respectively appointed as the senior vice president of CR Land and the chairman of its property management business, managing the overall operation and business of the Group. For the purpose of the Reorganization, Mr. Yu was appointed as the Group's president in August 2020 to continue leading the management of the Group and ceased his appointment at CR Land. He received the Commercial Real Estate Leader Award (商業地產領軍人物獎) granted by the China Commercial Real Estate Industry Annual Award Panel (中 國商業地產行業年度獎項評委會) for the year 2018 and 2020.

Mr. Yu obtained a bachelor's degree in hotel management from Beijing International Studies University in the PRC in 1992 and an MBA degree from Wright State University in Ohio, the United States in 2006.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 王海民先生,51歳

於二零二零年八月獲委任為本公司執行董事兼 副總裁,富有地產及企業管理等方面的經驗。

王先生於一九九三年七月至二零零三年五月任 職中國北方航空公司,歷任其大連分公司修建 處預算員、大連航空賓館總經理、瀋陽北方航 空揚子實業有限公司董事及副總經理。彼於二 零零三年五月加入中國南方航空集團旅遊酒店 籌備組,並於二零零三年八月至二零一零年四 月擔任南航集團旅遊發展公司副總經理。期 間,王先生亦由二零零七年二月至二零一二年 一月任職北方航空楊子實業有限公司,期間曾 擔任副董事長、董事及副總經理。由二零一二 年一月至十月,彼曾為中國南方航空股份有限 公司北方分公司企管部經理。除此以外,王先 生也於二零一二年十月至二零一三年十月擔任 瀋陽越秀地產有限公司副總經理。

王先生於二零一三年十月起加入華潤置地至 今,歷任多個職務,包括由二零一三年十月至 二零一五年五月擔任瀋陽區域華潤置地(瀋陽) 有限公司副總經理、由二零一五年五月至二零 一六年十二月擔任瀋陽區域營銷管理部總經 理。王先生自二零一六年十二月起監督本集團 業務,主要負責本集團物業管理業務,其中包 括由二零一六年十二月至二零一九年八月擔任 東北大區大連公司總經理,期間亦由二零一七 年八月至二零一九年八月擔任東北大區助理總 經理。彼自二零一九年八月起為華潤置地運營 管理部總經理,直至二零二零年八月。為重組 之目的,王先生於二零二零年八月獲委任為本 集團副總裁,繼續領導本集團之業務,並不再 於華潤置地擔任職務。

#### Mr. WANG Haimin, aged 51

was appointed as an executive Director and the vice president of the Company in August 2020. He has extensive experience in real estate and corporate management.

Mr. Wang worked in China Northern Airlines (中國北方航空公司) from July 1993 to May 2003, where he successively served as the budgeting officer of the construction department of the airline's Dalian branch, general manager of Dalian Aviation Hotel (大連航空賓館), director and deputy general manager of Shenyang Northern Airlines Yangzi Industrial Co., Ltd. (瀋陽北方航空揚子實業有限公司). He joined the preparation group of China Southern Airlines Tourist Hotel (中國南 方航空集團旅遊酒店) in May 2003 and served as the deputy general manager of China Southern Airlines Tourism Development Co., Ltd. (南 航集團旅遊發展公司) from August 2003 to April 2010. In addition, Mr. Wang also worked in Northern Airlines Yangzi Industrial Co., Ltd. (北 方航空楊子實業有限公司) from February 2007 to January 2012, during which he served as the vice chairman, director and deputy general manager. From January to October 2012, he served as the manager of the corporate management department of Northern branch of China Southern Airlines Company Limited (中國南方航空股份有限公 司). In addition, Mr. Wang also served as the deputy general manager of Yuexiu Property Shenyang Co., Ltd. (瀋陽越秀地產有限公司) from October 2012 to October 2013.

Mr. Wang has joined CR Land since October 2013, which he has successively served as the deputy general manager of China Resources Land (Shenyang) Co., Ltd. (華潤置地(瀋陽)有限公司) of the Shenyang region from October 2013 to May 2015, and the general manager of the marketing management department of the Shenyang region from May 2015 to December 2016. From December 2016 onwards, Mr. Wang has been responsible for overseeing the Group's business and is in charge of primarily the property management business of our Group. He has assumed various roles including the general manager of the Dalian company of Northeast China Region from December 2016 to August 2019 as well as the assistant general manager of Northeast China Region from August 2017 to August 2019. He was the general manager of the operation management department of CR Land from August 2019 to August 2020. For the purpose of the Reorganization, Mr. Wang was appointed as the Group's vice president in August 2020 to continue managing the Group's business and ceased his appointment at CR Land.



王先生分別於一九九三年及二零一零年取得中 國東北財經大學投資經濟管理專業經濟學學士 學位及國民經濟學博士學位。

### 魏小華女士,53歲

於二零二零年八月獲委任為本公司執行董事兼 副總裁,擁有地產及企業管理等方面的經驗。

魏女士於一九九八年五月至二零零三年九月任 職愛立信(中國)有限公司市場經理。

魏女士於二零零三年九月至二零零五年六月任 職華潤深圳,擔任市場部副經理。魏女士其後 於二零零七年十月起曾在華潤置地擔任多個職 位,包括由二零零七年十月至二零一一年一月 為華潤(瀋陽)地產有限公司市場部總監、由二 零一一年一月至二零一三年二月擔任華潤(瀋 陽)地產有限公司助理總經理並兼任瀋陽華潤中 心總經理、由二零一三年二月至二零一五年二 月擔任華潤(瀋陽)地產有限公司副總經理,並 兼任瀋陽區域商業地產管理部總經理,及由二 零一五年二月至二零一六年十二月擔任北京區 域商業地產管理部總經理。魏女士自二零一六 年十二月起,負責本集團商業運營服務業務之 管理等工作,其中包括由二零一六年十二月至 二零一七年九月為華北大區助理總經理,由二 零一七年九月至二零二零年三月擔任商業地產 事業部華北大區總經理。魏女士於二零二零年 三月至二零二零年八月擔任華潤置地商業地產 事業部總經理。為重組之目的,魏女士於二零 二零年八月獲委任為本集團副總裁,繼續領導 本集團之業務,並不再於華潤置地擔任職務。

魏女士於一九九一年年取得中國北京郵電大學 科技英語專業工學學士學位,及於二零零一年 取得中國清華大學工商管理專業碩士學位。

Mr. Wang obtained a bachelor's degree in economics (investment and economic management) and a doctoral degree in national economics from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics in the PRC in 1993 and 2010, respectively.

#### Ms. WEI Xiaohua, aged 53

was appointed as an executive Director and the vice president of the Company in August 2020. She has experience in real estate and corporate management.

Ms. Wei served as the marketing manager of Ericsson (China) Co., Ltd. (愛立信(中國)有限公司) from May 1998 to September 2003.

Ms. Wei joined China Resources Shenzhen in September 2003 and served as the deputy manager of the marketing department until June 2005. Since October 2007, Ms. Wei has held various positions in CR Land, including the marketing director of China Resources (Shenyang) Property Co., Ltd. (華潤(瀋陽)地產有限公司) from October 2007 to January 2011, assistant general manager of China Resources (Shenyang) Property Co., Ltd. (華潤(瀋陽)地產有限公司) and general manager of Shenyang China Resources Centre from January 2011 to February 2013, deputy general manager of China Resources (Shenyang) Property Co., Ltd. (華潤(瀋陽)地產有限公司), the general manager of the commercial real estate management department of Shenyang region from February 2013 to February 2015, as well as general manager of the commercial real estate management department of Beijing region from February 2015 to December 2016. From December 2016 onwards, Ms. Wei has been responsible for the management of the commercial operational services business of the Group where she has successively served as the assistant general manager of the North China Region from December 2016 to September 2017 as well as the general manager of the commercial real estate business division in North China Region from September 2017 to March 2020. In March 2020, Ms. Wei was appointed as the general manager of the commercial real estate business division of CR Land until August 2020. For the purpose of the Reorganization, Ms. Wei was appointed as the Group's vice president in August 2020 to continue managing the Group's business and ceased her appointment at CR Land.

Ms. Wei obtained a bachelor of engineering degree in technological English from the Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications in the PRC in 1991. She obtained a Master of Business Administration from Tsinghua University in the PRC in 2001.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 陽紅霞女士,43歲

於二零二零年八月獲委任為本公司執行董事、 首席財務官及財務部總經理,擁有財務、人力 資源以及運營管理的經驗。

陽女士自二零零四年七月碩士畢業後加入華潤 置地至今,由二零零四年七月至二零一零年七 月歷任華潤深圳財務部主任、助理經理、副經 理,由二零一零年七月至二零一六年十一月為 深圳區域財務部副經理、經理、副總經理。自 二零一六年十一月起,陽女士持續管理本集 團,亦負責本集團財務管理,其中她由二零 一六年十一月至二零一七年七月擔任華南大區 財務部副總經理,負責管理本集團在華南大區 業務之財務管理等工作,以及於二零一七年七 月至二零二零年三月擔任華南大區人事行政部 總經理,包括負責本集團在華南大區相關人事 行政工作,其間由二零一八年六月起至二零二 零年八月亦擔任為華潤置地華南大區助理總經 理,管理本集團華南大區開發業務運營工作。 為重組之目的,陽女士於二零二零年八月獲委 任為本集團首席財務官,繼續領導本集團之 業務。

陽女士於二零零一年及二零零四年分別取得中 國廈門大學管理學院會計學學士及碩士學位, 彼於二零零三年獲得註冊會計師資格及自二零 零六年起獲得中級會計師職稱。

#### Ms. YANG Hongxia, aged 43

was appointed as an executive Director, the chief financial officer and the general manager of the finance department of the Company in August 2020. She has experience in finance, human resources and operation management.

Ms. Yang has joined CR Land since July 2004 after her master's graduation, where she has successively served as the supervisor, assistant manager and deputy manager of the finance department of China Resources Shenzhen from July 2004 to July 2010, deputy manager, manager and deputy general manager of the finance department of Shenzhen region from July 2010 to November 2016. From November 2016 onwards, Ms. Yang has been responsible for the management of the Group, and is in charge of the financial management of the Group, where she served as the deputy general manager of the finance department of South China Region from November 2016 to July 2017, as well as the general manager of the human resources administration department of South China region from July 2017 to March 2020, responsible for human resources and administration of our Group in South China Region, and she has also been the assistant general manager of South China Region of CR Land from June 2018 to August 2020, managing the operation of development property business of the Group in South China Region. For the purpose of the Reorganization, Ms. Yang was appointed as the Group's chief financial officer in August 2020 to continue managing the Group's business.

Ms. Yang obtained a bachelor's degree and a master's degree in accounting from School of Management, Xiamen University in the PRC in 2001 and 2004, respectively. She is qualified as a certified accountant in 2003 with the title of intermediate accountant from 2006.



## 非執行董事

#### 李欣先生,50歲

自二零二零年七月起為我們的董事,並於二零 二零年八月獲委任非執行董事,擁有企業管 理、地產開發管理等方面的經驗。彼是本公司 提名委員會主席及薪酬委員會成員。

李先生於一九九四年八月加入華潤(集團)有限 公司(「華潤(集團)」),曾擔任當時的中國華潤 總公司(現稱中國華潤有限公司)人事部員工、 重慶奎星實業股份有限公司董事、重慶潤隆實 業有限公司董事總經理、降地企業有限公司經 理、高級經理職務,並於二零零一年七月加入 華潤置地,二零零一年七月至二零一三年六月 歷任華潤置地企業發展部總經理、華潤(大連) 有限公司總經理、華潤置地副總裁及瀋陽區域 總經理等職位。彼於二零一三年六月獲委任為 華潤置地高級副總裁,同時兼任瀋陽區域總經 理,負責東北地區業務發展。於二零一六年七 月獲委任為華潤置地聯席總裁,並兼任華東大 區董事長(二零一六年十一月前為上海區域), 負責華潤置地華東地區業務發展。自二零一七 年四月起,李先生被委任為華潤置地執行董 事,他目前為提名委員會、企業管治委員會、 執行委員會和企業社會責任委員會成員。及 後,李先生於二零一八年十二月獲委任華潤置 地總裁,並兼任華東大區董事長。

李先生於一九九四年及二零零五年分別取得中 國東北財經大學投資經濟管理專業經濟學學士 學位及香港理工大學項目管理專業理學碩士 學位。

### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Mr. LI Xin, aged 50

has been our Director since July 2020 and was appointed as a non-executive Director in August 2020. He has experience in corporate management and real estate development management. He is the Chairman of nomination committee and a member of remuneration committee of the Company.

Mr. Li joined China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited ("CR Holdings") in August 1994, where he successively served at the personnel department of the then China Resources National Corporation (currently known as China Resources Company Limited), as director of Chongging Kuixing Industrial Co., Ltd. (重慶奎星實業股 份有限公司), as managing director of Chongqing Runlong Industrial Co., Ltd. (重慶潤隆實業有限公司), and as manager and senior manager of Longdation Enterprises Limited (隆地企業有限公司). He joined CR Land in July 2001, where he successively served from July 2001 to June 2013 as the general manager of the corporate development department of CR Land, general manager of China Resources (Dalian) Co., Ltd. (華潤(大連)有限公司), vice president of CR Land, and general manager of the Shenyang region and other positions. He was appointed as the senior vice president of CR Land in June 2013 and concurrently served as the general manager of Shenyang region, responsible for business development of Northeast China region. He was appointed as the co-president of CR Land and chairman of East China Region in July 2016, responsible for the business development of East China region (known as Shanghai region prior to November 2016) of CR Land. Since April 2017, Mr. Li has been appointed as an executive director of CR Land, where he is currently a member of the nomination committee, the corporate governance committee, the executive committee and the CSR Committee. Subsequently, Mr. Li was appointed as the president of CR Land in December 2018 and concurrently serve as the chairman of East China Region.

Mr. Li obtained a bachelor of economics degree in investment economics management from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics in the PRC and a master of engineering degree in project management from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1994 and 2005, respectively.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 郭世清先生,52歳

自二零一八年十二月起一直為我們的董事,並 於二零二零年八月獲委任為非執行董事。彼是 本公司審核委員會成員。

郭先生於一九九四年七月至二零零一年十月擔 任廣東省電力工業局第一工程局會計師,後於 二零零一年十月加入華潤置地,於二零零一年 十月至二零零六年九月擔任深圳華潤物業管理 有限公司財務管理部經理。其後於二零零六年 九月至二零一一年一月擔任華潤(大連)有限公 司財務總監、於二零一一年一月至二零一二年 八月擔任華潤(大連)有限公司助理總經理、於 二零一二年八月至二零一四年十一月擔任瀋陽 區域(二零一三年十月前為遼寧區域)財務部總 經理。同時於該時段先後擔任華潤(瀋陽)地產 有限公司助理總經理及副總經理、郭先生於二 零一四年十一月至二零一六年十一月為瀋陽區 域助理總經理及財務總監,於二零一六年十一 月至二零一七年八月為東北大區助理總經理及 財務總監,於二零一七年八月至二零一八年十 月為東北大區副總經理,主要負責華潤置地在 東北大區的財務管理。二零一八年十月起擔任 華潤置地財務部總經理。彼於二零二零年六月 獲委任華潤置地助理總裁及首席財務官。

郭先生於一九九四年本科畢業於中國廈門大學 會計學專業。

#### Mr. GUO Shiging, aged 52

has been our Director since December 2018 and was appointed as a non-executive Director in August 2020. He is a member of audit committee of the Company.

Mr. Guo served as the accountant of Guangdong Electric Power First Engineering Bureau (廣東省電力工業局第一工程局) from July 1994 to October 2001. Subsequently, he joined CR Land in October 2001 and served as the manager of the finance management department of Shenzhen CR Property Management Co. Ltd. (深圳華潤物業管理有限 公司) from October 2001 to September 2006. He subsequently served as finance director of China Resources (Dalian) Co., Ltd. (華潤(大連) 有限公司) from September 2006 to January 2011, assistant general manager of China Resources (Dalian) Co., Ltd. (華潤(大連)有限公司) from January 2011 to August 2012, and general manager of the finance department of Shenyang region (known as Liaoning region prior to October 2013) from August 2012 to November 2014. At the same time, he also served as the assistant general manager and deputy general manager of China Resources (Shenyang) Property Co., Ltd. (華潤(瀋陽) 地產有限公司). Mr. Guo was the assistant general manager and finance director of Shenyang region between November 2014 to November 2016, assistant general manager and finance director of Northeast China Region from November 2016 to August 2017 and deputy general manager of Northeast China Region from August 2017 to October 2018, mainly responsible for financial management of CR Land in the Northeast China Region. He has been the general manager of the finance department of CR Land since October 2018. He was appointed as the assistant president and chief financial officer of CR Land in June 2020.

Mr. Guo completed an undergraduate program in accounting from Xiamen University in the PRC in 1994.



### 獨立非執行董事

#### 劉炳章先生

金紫荊星章、銀紫荊星章、太平紳士,70歲 於二零二零年十一月二十五日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。彼是本公司薪酬委員會主席及提名 委員會成員。

劉先生現時亦擔任建滔積層板控股有限公司(於 香港聯交所上市的公司,股份代號:1888)及澳 達控股有限公司(於香港聯交所上市的公司,股 份代號:9929)的獨立非執行董事。此前,劉先 生於二零一五年八月至二零一九年五月擔任香 港鐵路有限公司(於香港聯交所上市的公司,股 份代號:0066)獨立非執行董事。劉先生有逾30 年房地產行業經驗。

劉先生為香港專業聯盟創辦人之一,並自二零 一二年六月起出任主席。彼亦擔任團結香港基 金理事會成員、基本法推廣督導委員會委員。 此前,彼曾由二零一二年九月至二零一三年 十二月擔任長遠房屋策略督導委員會委員及 一九九六年至一九九七年擔任香港專業測量師 註冊管理局主席。

劉先生亦自二零一八年三月起擔任中國人民政 治協商會議全國委員會委員及於二零零零年十 月至二零零四年九月期間曾為香港特別行政區 立法會議員。

劉先生於一九十四年取得香港理工學院(現稱香 港理工大學)工科測量學高級文憑。

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer

GBS, SBS, J.P., aged 70

was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 November 2020. He is the Chairman of remuneration committee and a member of nomination committee of the Company.

Mr. Lau also currently serves as an independent non-executive director of Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 1888) and SEM Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 9929). Previously, Mr. Lau served as an independent nonexecutive director of MTR Corporation Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 0066) from August 2015 to May 2019. Mr. Lau has more than 30 years of experience in the real estate industry.

Mr. Lau is one of the founders of Hong Kong Coalition of Professional Services and has been its chairman since June 2012. He is also a member of the Board of Governors of Our Hong Kong Foundation, member of the Basic Law Promotion Steering Committee. Previously, he was a member of the Long Term Housing Strategy Steering Committee from September 2012 to December 2013, chairman of the Surveyors Registration Board from 1996 to 1997.

Mr. Lau is also currently a member of the National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference since March 2018 and served as a member of the HKSAR Legislative Council between October 2000 to September 2004.

Mr. Lau obtained a higher diploma in quantity surveying from Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1974.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 張國正先生,61歲

於二零二零年十一月二十五日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。彼是本公司審核委員會成員及薪酬 委員會成員。

張先生有逾30年房地產行業經驗,是二零一九 年三月成立之安獅資產的創始人兼主席。成立 安獅資產前,張先生於一九九五年九月加入當 時的梁振英測量師行,擔任中國業務總監,並 於一九九七年成為其上海辦公室之總經理。梁 振英測量師行於二零零零年成為戴德梁行。彼 於二零零七年獲委任為戴德梁行中國大陸區總 裁,並於二零一零年獲升任為戴德梁行大中華 區總裁,戴德梁行與Cushman & Wakefield (於紐約證券交易所上市的公司,股份代號: CWK)於二零一五年合併後,彼兼任Cushman & Wakefield大中華區總裁及亞太區董事局主 席,直至二零一九年四月。張先生為中國香港 (地區)商會一上海榮譽會長、上海香港聯會會 長及中國人民政治協商會議上海代表。

張先生於一九八五年取得英國安格利亞魯斯金 大學城市環境規劃理學學士學位。彼亦自二零 一八年起為英國皇家特許測量師學會資深會員。

#### Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching, aged 61

was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 November 2020. He is a member of audit committee and a member of remuneration committee of the Company.

Mr. Cheung has over 30 years of experience in the real estate industry and is the founder and chairman of ACR Asset Management founded in March 2019. Prior to the establishment of ACR Asset Management, Mr. Cheung joined C.Y. Leung & Co., in September 1995 as a director of the PRC business. In 1997, he was appointed as the General Manager of the Shanghai office of C.Y. Leung & Co., which became part of DTZ Debenham Tie Leung Limited in 2000. In 2007, he was appointed as DTZ mainland China CEO and in 2010, he was appointed as DTZ Greater China CEO. After DTZ merged with Cushman & Wakefield (a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange, stock code: CWK) in 2015, he was Greater China CEO and chairman of Asia Pacific Board of Cushman & Wakefield until April 2019. Mr. Cheung is the honorary chairman of the Hong Kong Chamber of Commerce in Shanghai, the chairman of Shanghai — Hong Kong Association and a Shanghai representative in the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

Mr. Cheung obtained a bachelor of Science degree in urban and environmental planning from Anglia Ruskin University of the United Kingdom in 1985. He is also a fellow member of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors since 2018.



#### 陳宗彝先生,55歳

於二零二零年十一月二十五日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事,陳先生是審核委員會主席及薪酬委 員會成員。

陳先生現在同時為美建集團有限公司(於香港聯 交所上市,股份代號:00335)及開明投資有限 公司(於香港聯交所上市,股份代號:00768)之 獨立非執行董事及審核委員會主席。陳先生現 職恆基兆業地產有限公司(於香港聯交所上市, 股份代號:00012)屬下美麗華酒店企業有限公 司(於香港聯交所上市,股份代號:00071)之首 席營運總裁。陳先生擁有32年企業管理及管治 經驗,服務多家上市公司,涉及酒店、旅遊、 客運、中國房地產範疇。

陳先生自二零一一年起為廣東雲浮市政治協商 會議常務委員及香港委員召集人,自二零零九 年起為廣東省粵港澳合作促進會常務理事,自 二零一九年起為中華海外聯誼會理事及香港友 好協進會會員,自二零二零年起為香港再出發 大聯盟共同發起人。之前,陳先生於二零零九 年至二零一一年間獲委任為香港特別行政區税 務上訴委員會委員,於二零二一年獲選為香港 特別行政區選舉委員會委員。

陳先生於一九八九年取得香港理工學院(現稱香 港理工大學)商業學專業文憑(銀行學),及分別 於二零零零年及二零零六年取得澳洲蒙納士大 學實務會計碩士學位及商業法律碩士學位。陳 先生自二零零二年及二零一四年起先後成為香 港會計師公會會計師及資深會計師,自二零零 一年及二零一四年起先後成為澳洲會計師公會 註冊會計師及資深註冊會計師,自二零零三年 起成為澳洲管理會計師公會註冊管理會計師, 自二零零一年起成為特許公司治理公會資深會 員(其後於二零一八年獲「特許秘書」及「特許 公司治理師」職稱),自二零零一年起成為香港 公司治理公會資深會士,自二零零二年起成為 香港董事學會資深會員,自二零一五年及二零 二一年起先後成為香港證券及投資學會普通會 員及資深會員,並自二零零零年起成為香港運 輸物流學會會員。陳先生亦自二零一四年成年 為英國特許銀行學會會員(獲「特許銀行家」職 稱)及自二零零三年及二零一八年先後成為香港 銀行學會會士及銀行專業會士。

#### Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan, age 55

was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on November 25, 2020. Mr. Chan is the chairman of audit committee and the member of the remuneration committee.

Mr. Chan is also an independent non-executive director and chairman of the audit committee of Upbest Group Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 00335) and UBA Investments Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 00768). Mr. Chan is currently the chief operations officer of Miramar Hotel and Investment Company, Limited, (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 00071), a subsidiary of Henderson Land Development Company Limited (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 00012). Mr. Chan has 32 years of management experience for several listed companies in various industries including hospitality and tourism, passenger transport and real estates in China.

Mr. Chan is a standing member and convenor of Hong Kong members of the Political Consultative Conference of Yunfu City, Guangdong since 2011, a standing member of the Guangdong's Association for Promotion of Cooperation between Guangdong, Hong Kong & Macao since 2009, a member of the China Overseas Friendship Association since 2019 and a member of Friends of Hong Kong Association 2019 and a joint convenor of Hong Kong Coalition since 2020. Previously, Mr. Chan was appointed as a member of the Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance) of the HKSAR from 2009 to 2011. He became an elected member of the Election Committee of the HKSAR since 2021.

Mr. Chan graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic (currently known as the Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in 1989 with a professional diploma in Business Studies (Banking) and graduated from Monash University in Australia with master degrees in Practising Accounting and Business Law in 2000 and 2006 respectively. He is a member and fellow of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since 2002 and 2014 respectively, a member and fellow of CPA Australia since 2001 and 2014 respectively, the certified membership of the Institute of Certified Management Accountants (Australia) since 2003, a fellow of The Chartered Governance Institute since 2001 (and has subsequently received the designations of "Chartered Secretary" and "Chartered Governance Professional" in 2018), a fellow of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute since 2001, a fellow of The Hong Kong Institute of Directors since 2002, an ordinary member and fellow of the Hong Kong Securities and Investment Institute since 2015 and 2021, a member of Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport in Hong Kong since 2000. Mr. Chan is also a member of the Chartered Banker Institute, the United Kingdom since 2014 with a designation of "Chartered Banker" and an associate and "Certified Banker" of the Hong Kong Institute of Bankers since 2003 and 2018 respectively.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 秦虹女士,59歲

於二零二零年十一月二十五日獲委任為獨立非 執行董事。秦女士擁有豐富的房地產研究經 驗。彼是本公司審核委員會成員及提名委員會 成員。

秦女士為紅星美凱龍家居集團股份有限公司(香 港聯交所上市公司,股份代號:1528)的獨立非 執行董事兼戰略及投資委員會成員,北京首都 開發股份有限公司(上海證券交易所上市公司, 股份代號:600376)的獨立董事,以及自二零 一九年五月起於中國人民大學擔任研究員。在 二零一九年十一月至二零二零年六月期間,她 曾於房天下(於紐約證券交易所上市,股份代 號:SFUN)擔任獨立非執行董事、提名及企業 管治委員會主席,以及為審核委員會及薪酬委 員會的成員。

秦女士於一九九四年十一月至二零一九年四月 於住房和城鄉建設部政策研究中心任副研究 員、研究員、副主任、主任;其中,二零一二 年九月至二零一九年四月兼任中國城鄉建設經 濟研究所所長。秦女士於二零一四年取得全國 傑出專業技術人才之榮譽證書。

秦女士於二零零零年八月至二零零四年六月亦 擔任中國社會科學院研究生院城鄉建設經濟系 主任。

秦女士於一九八五年取得中國山東經濟學院 (現稱山東財經大學)工商經濟學士學位,並於 一九八八年取得中國社會科學院研究生院經濟 碩士學位。

#### Ms. QIN Hong, aged 59

was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 25 November 2020. She has extensive real estate research experience. She is a member of audit committee and a member of nomination committee of the Company.

Ms. Qin is also an independent non-executive director and a member of the Strategy and Investment Committee of Red Star Macalline Group Corporation Ltd. (a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, stock code: 1528), an independent director of Beijing Capital Development Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange, stock code: 600376), as well as a research fellow at the Renmin University of China, a role she has assumed since May 2019. She was an independent non-executive director, the chair of the nominating and corporate governance committee and a member of the audit committee and compensation committee of Fang Holdings Limited (a company listed on the New York Stock Exchange, stock code: SFUN) from November 2019 to June 2020.

Ms. Qin successively worked as a deputy researcher, researcher, deputy head researcher and head of Policy Research Center under MOHURD from November 1994 to April 2019, and head of the China Urban-Rural Development Economics Institute from September 2012 to April 2019. Ms. Qin was granted the honorary certificate of National Outstanding Professional Talent in 2014.

Ms. Qin was also the director of department of Urban-Rural Development Economics of the Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Social Science from August 2000 to June 2004.

Ms. Qin obtained a bachelor's degree in business administration and economics from Shandong Economics Institute in the PRC (currently known as Shandong University of Finance and Economics) in 1985, and a master's degree in economics from The Graduate School of Chinese Academy of Social Sciences in the PRC in 1988.



## 高級管理人員

### 郭瑞鋒先生,44歲

於二零二零年八月獲委任為本公司助理總裁兼 首席人力資源官,擁有房地產開發管理、商業 地產運營管理、人力資源管理方面的經驗。

郭先生自二零零三年七月碩士畢業後加入華潤 置地至今,先後擔任華潤置地企業發展部主 管,以及由二零零五年二月到二零零八年十一 月為華潤置地(合肥)有限公司合同管理部副 經理及經理,由二零零八年十一月至二零一二 年九月為營銷管理部經理、副總監及總監。郭 先生於二零一二年九月至二零一六年十一月為 武漢區域營銷管理部總經理,並由二零一五年 至二零一六年十一月兼任武漢區域光谷長動項 目總經理。自二零一六年十一月起,郭先生主 要負責本集團商業運營服務業務,其中在二零 一六年十一月至二零一九年二月間,郭先生任 職商業地產事業部杭州萬象城的總經理,亦兼 任華東大區華潤新鴻基房地產(杭州)有限公 司副總經理,其間亦在二零一八年八月至二零 一九年二月間出任商業地產事業部華東大區副 總經理。郭先生於二零一九年二月獲委任為商 業地產事業部深圳萬象城的總經理。為重組之 目的,郭先生於二零二零年八月獲委任為本集 團助理總裁兼首席人力資源官,繼續管理本集 團之業務。

郭先生分別於二零零零年七月及二零零三年七 月取得中國清華大學土木工程專業工學學士學 位及管理科學與工程專業工學碩士學位。

#### SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### Mr. GUO Ruifeng, aged 44

was appointed as an assistant president and the chief human resources officer of the Company in August 2020. He has experience in real estate development management, commercial real estate operation management and human resources management.

Mr. Guo has joined CR Land since July 2003 after obtaining his master's degree, where he successively served as the manager of the corporate development department of CR Land, as well as the deputy manager and manager of the contract management department from February 2005 to November 2008, and the manager, deputy director and director of the sales management department of China Resources Land (Hefei) Co., Ltd. (華潤置地(合肥)有限公司) from November 2008 to September 2012. Mr. Guo served as the general manager of sales management in Wuhan region from September 2012 to November 2016 and from 2015 to November 2016, he was also the general manager of the Guanggu Changdong project in Wuhan region. Since November 2016, Mr. Guo specialized in the commercial operational services business of the Group and served as the general manager of Hangzhou MIXC under the commercial real estate business division, and subsequently also served as the deputy general manager of China Resources Sun Hung Kai Properties (Hangzhou) Co., Ltd. (華潤新鴻基 房地產(杭州)有限公司) of East China Region from November 2016 to February 2019, during which he was also the deputy general manager of the commercial real estate business division in East China Region from August 2018 to February 2019. He was appointed as the general manager of Shenzhen MIXC under the commercial property business unit in February 2019. For the purpose of the Reorganization, Mr. Guo was appointed as the assistant president and chief human resources officer of the Group in August 2020 to continue managing the Group's business.

Mr. Guo obtained a bachelor's degree in civil engineering and a master's degree in engineering (management science and engineering) from Tsinghua University in the PRC in July 2000 and July 2003, respectively.

## 董事及高層管理人員簡歷

## BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

#### 羅冰先生,44歲

於二零二零年八月獲委任為本公司助理總裁兼 首席戰略官,擁有地產、金融及企業管理等方 面的經驗。

羅先生於二零零四年六月至二零一二年四月任 職華潤深圳,曾擔任冰場管理部主任、投資部 助理經理、副經理、經理,深圳華潤中心副總 經理以及冰場總經理及推廣總監。由二零一二 年四月至二零一三年四月,羅先生修讀華潤(集 團)首屆產融結合高級實戰班,及後自二零一三 年四月至二零一六年十月任職珠海華潤銀行有 限公司(「珠海華潤銀行」)總行,擔任行業金融 部行業專家、住建中心總經理及地產金融業務 拓展部助理總經理等職位。

羅先生於二零一六年十月調入華潤置地,自此 主要負責本集團物業管理業務。羅先生於二零 一六年十月至二零一八年一月期間先後擔任本 集團總部物業管理部及物業總公司助理總經 理,並由二零一八年一月起獲委任為本集團物 業總公司副總經理。為重組之目的,羅先生亦 於二零二零年八月獲委任為本集團助理總裁及 首席戰略官,繼續領導本集團之業務。

羅先生分別於二零零一年及二零零四年取得中 國廈門大學國際經濟與貿易專業學士學位及經 濟思想史專業碩士學位。

#### Mr. LUO Bing, aged 44

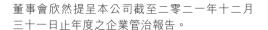
was appointed as an assistant president and the chief strategy officer of the Company in August 2020. He has experience in real estate, finance and corporate management.

Mr. Luo worked in China Resources Shenzhen from June 2004 to April 2012, where he served as the supervisor of the ice rink management department; assistant manager, deputy manager and manager of the investment department; deputy general manager of the Shenzhen China Resources Centre; as well as the general manager and marketing director of the ice rink. From April 2012 to April 2013, Mr. Luo attended the first industry-finance integration senior practical course organized by CR Holdings. Subsequently, he worked in the head office of China Resources Bank of Zhuhai Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai CR Bank") from April 2013 to October 2016, where he served as the industry expert of the industry finance department, general manager of the housing and construction department, assistant general manager of the real estate financial business development department.

Mr. Luo transferred to CR Land in October 2016, and since then has been mainly responsible for the management of the Group's property management business. Mr. Luo successively served as the assistant general manager of the property management business division and the property management arm of the Group from October 2016 to January 2018. He has been appointed as the deputy general manager of property management arm of the Group since January 2018. For the purpose of the Reorganization, Mr. Luo was appointed as the assistant president and chief strategy officer of the Group in August 2020 to continue managing the Group's business.

Mr. Luo obtained a bachelor's degree in international economics and trade and a master's degree in history of economic thoughts from Xiamen University in the PRC in 2001 and 2004, respectively.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT



## 企業管治常規

本公司及其董事會矢志建立良好企業管治常規 及程序。本公司深知維持良好的企業管治水平 對於本集團長期健康穩定發展的重要性。

本公司已應用上市規則附錄十四《企業管治守 則》(「企業管治守則」)所載的原則並採納當中所 述的的守則條文。

本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度一直遵守企業管治守則列載之所有適用守則 條文。

## 董事進行證券交易的標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之《上市發行 人董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「標準守則」) 作為其證券交易之守則,以規管本公司董事及 相關僱員的所有證券交易及標準守則涵蓋之其 他事項。

本公司已向本公司全體董事及相關僱員作出特 定查詢,彼等全體確認於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度一直遵守標準守則。

The Board of Directors is pleased to present the corporate governance report for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company and the Board are committed to establishing good corporate governance practices and procedures. The Company recognizes the importance of maintaining high standards of corporate governance to the long-term stable development of the Group.

The Company has applied the principles and adopted the code provisions stated in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The Company has complied with all applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2021.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its own securities dealing code to regulate all dealings by Directors and relevant employees of securities in the Company and other matters covered by the Model Code.

Specific enquiry has been made by the Company to all the directors of the Company and the relevant employees and all of them have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code for the year ended 31 December 2021.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 董事會

自二零二一年一月一日起直至本年報日期期 間,董事會包括四名執行董事、兩名非執行董 事及四名獨立非執行董事。

### 董事會的組成如下:

### 執行董事

喻霖康先生(總裁) 王海民先生 魏小華女士 陽紅霞女士

### 非執行董事

李欣先生(主席) 郭世清先生

### 獨立非執行董事

劉炳章先生 張國正先生 陳宗彝先生 秦虹女士

董事簡歷載於本年報第36頁至第48頁「董事及 高級管理人員簡歷」一節。

除本年報所披露者外,主席與總裁或董事會成 員及高級管理人員之間沒有任何關係,包括財 務、業務、家庭或其他重大/相關的關係。

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the period from 1 January 2021 up to the date of this annual report, the Board comprises four executive Directors, two nonexecutive Directors and four independent non-executive Directors.

The composition of the Board is as follows:

### EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. YU Linkang (President) Mr. WANG Haimin Ms. WEI Xiaohua Ms. YANG Hongxia

### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Ll Xin (Chairman) Mr. GUO Shiging

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan Ms. QIN Hong

The biographical details of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 36 to 48 of this annual report.

Save as disclosed in this annual report, there is no relationship (including financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationship(s)) between the chairman and the president or among the Board of directors and senior management.



## 董事及高級管理層的責任保險及彌償

本公司已為本公司董事及高級管理層安排適當 的責任保險,以彌償其因從事企業活動而產生 的責任。保險的保障範圍將於每年予以檢討。

## 董事會會議、委員會會議及股東大會

企業管治守則守則條文第A.1.1條訂明,董事會 每年最少應召開四次會議,大約每季度一次, 須由大部分董事親身或透過電子通訊方式積極 參與。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 會舉行了五次會議。董事會預計將根據企業管 治守則守則條文第A.1.1條於每個財政年度至少 召開四次定期董事會會議,大約每季度一次。

## DIRECTORS' AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT'S LIABILITY INSURANCE AND INDEMNITY

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify the Directors and senior management of the Company for their liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The insurance coverage will be reviewed on an annual basis.

## BOARD MEETINGS, COMMITTEE MEETINGS AND GENERAL MEETINGS

Code provision A.1.1 of the CG Code stipulates that board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximately guarterly intervals with active participation of the majority of the Directors, either in person or through electronic means of communications.

The Board held 5 meetings during the financial year ended 31 December 2021. The Directors expect to convene at least four regular Board meetings in each financial year at approximately quarterly intervals in accordance with code provision A.1.1 of the CG Code.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

董事於董事會會議及委員會會議的出席記錄概 要載列如下:

A summary of the attendance record of the Directors at Board meetings and committee meetings is set out below:

董事姓名	Name of Director	横至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止財政年度出席 會議次數/舉行的 會議次數 Number of meeting(s) attended/number of board meeting(s) held during the financial year ended 31 December 2021
執行董事:	Executive Directors:	
喻霖康先生	Mr. YU Linkang	5/5
王海民先生	Mr. WANG Haimin	5/5
魏小華女士	Ms. WEI Xiaohua	5/5
陽紅霞女士	Ms. YANG Hongxia	5/5
非執行董事:	Non-executive Directors:	
李欣先生	Mr. Ll Xin	5/5
郭世清先生	Mr. GUO Shiqing	5/5
獨立非執行董事:	Independent non-executive Directors:	
劉炳章先生	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer	5/5
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	5/5
陳宗彝先生	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan	5/5
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	5/5



## 獨立非執行董事

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 董事會已遵守上市規則第3.10(1)條、3.10(2) 條及3.10(A)條有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董 事,其中最少一名獨立非執行董事須具備合適 專業資格或會計或相關財務管理知識的規定, 而獨立非執行董事人數至少佔董事會成員人數 的三分之一。董事會亦已接獲各獨立非執行董 事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立身份發出之 年度確認函,並認為彼等均具獨立性。

## 委任及重選董事

各董事已與本公司訂立為期3年的服務合同或委 任函。

所有董事均須於本公司股東週年大會輪席退任 及重選。根據組織章程細則,當時三分之一董 事(或,倘若彼等的數目並非三或三的倍數,則 最接近但不少於三分之一的數目)須於本公司 各股東週年大會輪流退任並有資格重新當選連 任,惟每名董事須至少每三年輪流退任一次。 此外,任何為填補臨時空缺或出任新增的董事 職位而由董事會委任的新董事,任期將於本公 司下屆股東大會舉行時屆滿,屆時可於會上重 選連任。

### 董事會及管理層之職責、問責及貢獻

董事會為本公司主要的決策組織,負責監督本 集團業務、策略決策及表現,並共同負責透過 指引及監督本公司事務以促使其成功。董事會 作出客觀決策以保障本公司及其股東的利益。 董事會授予本集團高級管理層有關本集團日常 管理及營運的權限及職責。

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)均為董事會提 供多種領域的寶貴業務經驗、知識及專長,使 其高效及有效地運作。本集團高級管理層負責 本集團的日常管理及具體營運。

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has complied with the requirements of Rules 3.10(1), 3.10(2) and 3.10A of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive Directors with at least one independent non-executive Director possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise and the number of independent non-executive Directors representing at least one-third of the Board. The Board has also received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written annual confirmation of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers each of them to be independent.

### APPOINTMENT AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Each of the Directors has entered into a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company for a specific term of 3 years.

All the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meeting of the Company. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest to, but not less than, one-third) shall retire from office by rotation and be eligible for re-election at each annual general meeting of the Company, provided that every Director is subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. In addition, any new Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re- election at that meeting.

## RESPONSIBILITIES. ACCOUNTABILITIES AND CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE BOARD AND MANAGEMENT

The Board is the primary decision-making body of the Company and is responsible for overseeing the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance and is collectively responsible for promoting the success of the Company by directing and supervising its affairs. The Board makes decisions objectively to safeguard in the interests of the Company and its shareholders. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for day to day management and operation of the Group to the senior management of the Group.

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning. The senior management of the Group is responsible for the day-to-day management and specific operation of the Group.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 主席及與總裁的職責分工

根據企業管治守則守則條文第A.2.1條及本公司 所採納之董事會職權範圍(自二零二二年三月 三十日起生效)的規定,本集團主席及總裁分 設,各自有明確職責區分。主席李欣先生負責 監管本公司的長期策略、目標和方向,確保董 事會有效運作並履行其應盡的職責,確保董事 及時接獲充足、完整及可靠的資料等。總裁喻 霖康先生負責帶領管理層實施本公司策略並向 董事會報告,為董事會提供彼等就監管管理層 表現、制定管理層的發展及繼任計劃的所需資 料等。

### 董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會(「審 核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提 名委員會(「提名委員會」)以監督本公司事務的 特定方面。各委員會均制定書面職權範圍。各 委員會的職權範圍刊登於本公司網站及聯交所 網站。

### 審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則第3.21條及企業管治守 則成立審核委員會。審核委員會的主要職責包 括但不限於(i)審閱及監督本集團的財務監控、 內部監控及風險管理系統;(ii)向董事會提供建 議和意見;及(iii)履行董事會可能指派的其他職 責及責任。

審核委員會由一名非執行董事(即郭世清先生) 及三名獨立非執行董事(即張國正先生、陳宗彝 先生及秦虹女士)組成。陳宗彝先生為審核委員 會主席。

## DIVISION OF RESPONSIBILITIES BETWEEN THE CHAIRMAN AND THE PRESIDENT

Pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code and the terms of reference of the Board adopted by the Company on 30 March 2022, the roles of chairman and president of the Group are separate with clear division of responsibilities. The chairman, Mr. Li Xin is responsible for monitoring the long-term strategies, goals and directions of the Company, ensuring the Board operates effectively and performs its due duties, ensuring the Directors receive sufficient, complete and reliable information in a timely manner, etc.. The president, Mr. Yu Linkang is responsible for leading the management to implement the strategies of the Company and reporting to the Board, providing the Board with the required information to enable the Board to monitor the performance of the management, formulating plans for the development and succession of management, etc..

#### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Each of these committees is established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of each of these committees are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Audit Committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, but not limited to (i) review and supervise the financial controls, internal controls and risk management system of the Group; (ii) provide advice and comments to the Board; and (iii) perform other duties and responsibilities as may be assigned by the Board.

The Audit Committee comprises one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Guo Shiqing and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Cheung Kwok Ching, Mr. Chan Chung Yee Alan and Ms. Qin Hong. Mr. Chan Chung Yee Alan is the chairman of the Audit Committee.



於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年 度,審核委員會舉行了兩次會議審閱本集團之 中期及全年業績、持續關連交易及投資物業的 物業估值報告並商討重新委任外部核數師;委 員會亦檢討了本集團的財務報告系統、內部監 控系統及風險評估結果。

審核委員會成員的出席委員會會議的記錄載列 於下文:

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee held 2 meetings during which they reviewed and discussed, inter alia, the interim and annual results of the Group, continuing connected transactions and property valuation reports for investment properties and discussed the reappointment of the external auditor; it had also reviewed the Group's financial reporting system, internal control system and risk assessment results.

The attendance record of the Audit Committee members to committee meetings is set out below:

董事	Directors	已出席/有資格 出席 Attended/Eligible to attend
陳宗彝先生(主席)	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan (Chairman)	2/2
郭世清先生	Mr. GUO Shiqing	2/2
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	2/2
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	2/2

自二零二一年一月一日起直至本年報日期期 間,董事會並無偏離審核委員會在外聘核數師 遴選、委任、辭任或罷免方面所給予的任何推 薦意見。

已為僱員作出適當安排,使彼等可以保密方式 就財務申報、內部控制及其他事宜可能出現的 不當行為提出疑問。

During the period from 1 January 2021 up to the date of this annual report, the Board had not deviated from any recommendation given by the Audit Committee on the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditor.

There are proper arrangements for employees, in confidence, to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control and other matters.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

### 薪酬委員會

本公司根據上市規則第3.25 條及企業管治守則 成立薪酬委員會。薪酬委員會的主要職責包括 但不限於(i)就本公司全體董事及高級管理層的 薪酬政策及架構以及設立正式月透明的程序來 制定有關薪酬政策向董事會提供建議;(ii)根據 董事會授權釐定各董事及高級管理層的薪酬待 遇;及(iii)批准向執行董事及高級管理人員支付 與喪失或終止職務或委任有關的賠償,以確保 該等賠償按合同條款釐定,若未能按有關合同 條款釐定,賠償亦須公平合理,不致過多。

薪酬委員會由一名非執行董事(即李欣先生)及 三名獨立非執行董事(即劉炳章先生、張國正先 生及陳宗彝先生)組成。劉炳章先生為薪酬委員 會主席。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議,會上審閱及討論 (其中包括)下列各項事宜:(i)現行董事薪酬政 策;(ii)執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇及服 務合同條款;及(iii)執行董事的表現。

薪酬委員會成員的出席委員會會議的記錄載列 於下文:

#### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Remuneration Committee in compliance with Rule 3.25 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include, but not limited to (i) making recommendations to the Board in relation to remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management of the Company, and the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing such remuneration policy; (ii) determining remuneration package of each Director and senior management according to the authorization of the Board; and (iii) approving compensation payable to the executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment to ensure that it is consistent with contractual terms and is otherwise fair and reasonable and not excessive.

The Remuneration Committee comprises one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Li Xin, and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau Ping Cheung Kaizer, Mr. Cheung Kwok Ching and Mr. Chan Chung Yee Alan. Mr. Lau Ping Cheung Kaizer is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Remuneration Committee held 1 meeting during which they reviewed and discussed, inter alia, the following matters: (i) the existing remuneration policy of the Directors; (ii) the remuneration packages and terms of service contracts of the executive Directors and senior management; and (iii) the performance of the executive Directors.

The attendance record of the Remuneration Committee members to committee meeting is set out below:

董事	Directors	已出席/有資格 出席 Attended/Eligible to attend
劉炳章先生(主席)	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer (Chairman)	1/1
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	1/1
陳宗彝先生	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan	1/1
李欣先生	Mr. LI Xin	1/1

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度應付本 公司各董事薪酬之詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 9。

Details of the remuneration payable to each Director of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度高級管 理層成員之薪酬按範圍載列如下:

The remuneration of the members of senior management by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

薪酬範圍(港幣元)	Remuneration bands (HK\$)	人數 Number of persons
4,500,000 至 5,000,000	4,500,000 to 5,000,000	1
5,500,000 至 6,000,000	5,500,000 to 6,000,000	3
6,500,000 至 7,000,000	6,500,000 to 7,000,000	1
10,500,000 至 11,000,000	10,500,000 to 11,000,000	1
總計	Total	6

## 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會。提名委員會的主要 職責包括但不限於(i)至少每年檢討一次董事會 的架構、規模和組成,並就本公司的企業策略 的任何建議變動向董事會作出推薦建議; (ii)物 色、挑選提名董事人選或就有關事項向董事會 作出推薦建議;(iii)評估獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;及(iv)就委任或重新委任董事以及董事繼任 計劃的相關事官向董事會作出推薦建議。

提名委員會由一名非執行董事(即李欣先生)及 兩名獨立非執行董事(即劉炳章先生及秦虹女 士)組成。李欣先生為提名委員會主席。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度, 提名委員會舉行了一次會議,會上審閱及討論 (其中包括)下列事宜:(i)董事會的架構、規模和 組成;(ii)董事會多元化;(iii)獨立非執行董事及 董事會整體的獨立性;(iv)董事提名政策。

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company has established the Nomination Committee. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, but not limited to (i) review the structure, size and composition of the Board at least once a year and make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes to the corporate strategy of the Company; (ii) identify individuals qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; (iii) assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors; and (iv) make recommendations to the Board on appointment or re-appointment of our Directors and succession plan for Directors.

The Nomination Committee comprises one non-executive Director, namely Mr. Li Xin, and two independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Lau Ping Cheung Kaizer and Ms. Qin Hong. Mr. Li Xin is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Nomination Committee held 1 meetings during which they reviewed and discussed, inter alia, the following matters: (i) the structure, size and composition of the Board; (ii) board diversity; (iii) the independence of the independent non-executive Directors and of the Board as a whole; and (iv) the director nomination policies.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

提名委員會成員的出席委員會會議的記錄載列 於下文:

The attendance record of the Nomination Committee members to committee meetings is set out below:

董事	Directors	已出席/ 有資格出席 Attended/Eligible to attend
李欣先生(主席)	Mr. Ll Xin (Chairman)	1/1
劉炳章先生	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer	1/1
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	1/1

## 董事提名

本公司在為董事會提名新董事時遵循公平及透 明的程序,實現技能、經驗與成員多元化方面 的平衡,以切合本公司戰略目標的要求及具體 業務需求。本公司深知成員多元化可為董事會 注入活力,故已採納董事會成員多元化政策, 詳情載於下文「董事會多元化政策」一節。

提名委員會每年至少一次檢討董事會的架構、 人數及組成,並向董事會提出建議,以完善本 公司的企業策略。委任新董事為董事會的集體 決策,須考慮股東推選任何人士擔任本公司董 事的程序以及本公司採納的董事會成員多元化 政策。董事會認為,董事會組成的變動不應對 本公司帶來過度干擾,並繼續確保執行董事與 非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)之間的人員 均衡,令董事會具備較強的獨立性,從而能夠 有效作出獨立判斷。

## 股息政策

本公司於二零二一年三月二十九日採納了股息 政策,旨在符合下述條件的情況下,為本公司 股東提供在任何財務年度不少於可供分配之年 度核心淨溢利35%的年度股息支付率。該等股 息的宣派及派付應由董事會全權酌情決定,且 必須符合開曼群島公司法及本公司組織章程細 則所有適用的規定(包括但不限於股息宣派及派 付的限制)。

#### NOMINATION OF DIRECTORS

The Company follows a fair and transparent procedure for the appointment of new Directors for the Board to achieve a balance of skills and experience and diversity to achieve the Company's strategic focus and specific business needs. Recognising the vitality of diversity for the Board, the Company has adopted a board diversity policy, details of which are set out in the below section headed "Board Diversity Policy".

The Nomination Committee reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board at least once a year and makes recommendation to the Board to complement the corporate strategy of the Company. The appointment of a new Director is a collective decision of the Board, taking into consideration the procedures for Shareholders to propose a person for election as a Director of the Company and the Board Diversity Policy adopted by the Company. The Board believes that changes to the Board composition shall be managed without undue disruption, and shall continue to provide a balanced composition of executive Directors and non-executive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong independent element in the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

## DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company formalised and adopted a Dividend Policy with effect from 29 March 2021, aiming to provide shareholders of the Company with an annual dividend payout of not less than 35% of the annual core net profit available for distribution generated in any financial year, subject to the criteria set out below. Such declaration and payment of dividends shall remain to be determined at the absolute discretion of the Board and subject to all applicable requirements (including without limitation restrictions on dividend declaration and payment) under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company.



在提議任何股息派付時,董事會亦應當考慮以 下條件,包括:(1)本集團的實際及預期財務業 績;(2)股東的利益;(3)整體商業戰略;(4)本公 司以及本集團下屬每個其他成員公司的留存收 益及可分配儲備金;(5)本集團之債務狀況,主 要財務比率(包括本集團債務權益比率及股本回 報比率),以及本集團須遵守的任何財務契諾; (6)本集團之預期營運資本需求以及未來擴張計 劃;(7)於宣派股息時之流動資金狀況及未來承 諾;(8)税務考慮、法律及法規限制;(9)對本集 團信用可靠程度之潛在影響; (10)總體經濟狀 況、本集團業務的商業週期,以及可能對本公 司業務或財務表現和狀況有影響的其他內部或 外部因素;及(11)董事會認為適當的其他因素。

在符合開曼群島公司法及本公司組織章程細則 的情況下,董事會可以不時向股東派付中期股 息。除中期股息情況外,本公司宣派的任何股 息必須於股東週年大會上經股東的普通決議案 予以批准,且不得超過董事會所建議的股息數 額。在不抵觸及依循開曼群島公司法及本公司 組織章程細則的情況下,股息可以現金或股份 形式派發。本公司將會定期審閱股息政策以及 保留其絕對酌情權以在任何時候更新、修訂 及/或修改股息政策,並且股息政策絕不構成 一項本公司對其將派付任何特定數額股息的法 律約束承諾及/或公司有義務隨時或不時宣佈 派發股息。

### 董事會多元化政策

董事會已採納董事會多元化政策(「多元化政 策」),其中載列實現董事會多元化的方法。本 集團深知董事會多元化帶來的益處並視董事會 層面日益多元化為支持本集團達到戰略目標及 維持可持續發展的關鍵元素。

In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account the following criteria, including: (1) the Group's actual and expected financial performance; (2) shareholders' interests; (3) general business strategies; (4) retained earnings and distributable reserves of the Company and each of the other members of the Group; (5) the Group's indebtedness level, key financial ratios (such as the Group's debt to equity ratio and return on equity) and any financial covenants to which the Group is subject; (6) the Group's expected working capital requirements and future expansion plans; (7) liquidity position and future commitments at the time of declaration of dividend; (8) taxation considerations, and legal and regulatory restrictions; (9) possible effects on the Group's creditworthiness; (10) general economic conditions, business cycle of the Group's business and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Company; and (11) other factors that the Board deems appropriate.

The Board may from time to time pay to the shareholders such interim dividends subject to the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company. Except in the case of interim dividend, any dividends declared by the Company must be approved by an ordinary resolution of shareholders at an annual general meeting and must not exceed the amount recommended by the Board. Dividends may be distributed in the form of cash or shares subject to and in accordance with the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association of the Company. The Company will regularly review the Dividend Policy and reserve the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend and/or modify the Dividend Policy at any time, and the Dividend Policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Company that dividends will be paid in any particular amount and/or in no way obligate the Company to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time.

#### **BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY**

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy (the "Diversity Policy") which sets out the approach to achieve diversity of the Board. The Group recognizes the benefits of having a diversified Board and sees increasing diversity at the Board level as an essential element in supporting the attainment of the Group's strategic objectives and sustainable development.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

本集團將通過考慮多種因素來實現董事會多元 化,包括但不限於專業經驗、才能、技能、知 識、文化及教育背景、性別、年齡、種族及服 務年期。我們董事組合具備均衡的經驗,包括 全面管理、品牌提升、業務發展及財務經驗。 此外,董事的學位涵蓋會計、工程及經濟等多 個專業。於本報告日期,本公司董事會、高級 管理層及員工的男女比例載列如下:

The Group has developed measurable objectives to achieve diversity of our Board through the consideration of a number of factors, including but not limited to professional experience, talents, skills, knowledge, cultural and education background, gender, age, ethnicity and length of service. Our Directors have a balanced mix of experiences, including overall management, brand improvement, business development and finance experiences. Our Directors obtained degrees in various majors including accounting, engineering and economics. As of the date of this report, the male-to-female ratios of the Company's Board, senior management and workforce are set out as follows:

董事	Directors	董事會 Board of Directors	高級管理層 Senior management	僱員總數 Total number of employees
男性	Male	70%	66.67%	67.74%
女性	Female	30%	33.33%	32.26%

就實施多元化政策而言,於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止財政年度已達致下列可計量 目標:(i)本公司應遵守上市規則不時頒佈有關董 事會組成的規定; (ii)獨立非執行董事人數不應 少於三名及不應少於董事會人數的三分之一; (iii)至少一名獨立非執行董事必需具備適當的專 業資格或會計或相關財務管理知識;及(iv)至少 一名董事須於本集團業務所處行業具有專業或 豐富經驗。

經審視董事會的組成,董事會明白於董事會 及高級管理層的層面上維持性別多元化的重 要性及好處,並認為於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止財政年度,女性成員於董事會 (30%)及高級管理層(33.33%)的比例令人滿 意。董事會將繼續採取各種方案,提倡董事會 及高級管理層成員當中性別的多元化,並就此 根據上市規則落實可計量目標。提名委員會將 不時檢討多元化政策及其實施,以確保其實施 並監控其持續效力。

For the purpose of implementing the Diversity Policy, the following measurable objectives were achieved for the financial year ended 31 December 2021: (i) the Company should comply with the requirements on board composition in the Listing Rules from time to time; (ii) the number of independent non-executive Directors should be not less than three and one-third of the Board; (iii) at least one of the independent non-executive Directors must have appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise; and (iv) at least one Director should be a professional or have intensive experience of the industry on which the business of the Group is in.

Having reviewed the Board composition, the Board recognises the importance and benefits of gender diversity at both the Board and senior management level and is of the view that the ratios of female members among our Board (30%) and senior management (33.33%) are satisfactory for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. The Board will continue to take initiatives to promote gender diversity among the Board and senior management members and implement measurable objectives in this regard in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules. The Nomination Committee will also review the Diversity Policy and its implementation from time to time to ensure its implementation and monitor its continued effectiveness.



### 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第D.3.1 條所載的企業管治責任。

董事會將檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規、 董事及高級管理人員培訓及持續專業發展、本 公司遵守法律及監管規定的政策及常規以及本 公司遵守企業管治守則與其企業管治報告的披 露事項。

董事獲鼓勵持續參與專業發展,以發展及更新 其知識及技能。本公司的公司秘書可不時按情 況所需向董事提供有關聯交所上市公司董事角 色、職能及職責的最新書面培訓材料。

### 董事對財務報表的責任

董事承擔編製本公司截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度財務報表的責任。

董事並不知悉任何可能會對本公司持續經營能 力造成重大疑慮的事件或情況的重大不確定因

## 董事持續專業發展

董事須及時了解身為本公司董事的職責以及本 公司的經營方式、業務活動及發展。

本公司知悉董事參與合適的持續專業發展,以 發展及更新其知識及技能的重要性,確保彼等 對董事會的貢獻於知情下作出,並於適當時安 排董事參與相關內部簡介及向董事派發有關主 題的閱讀材料。董事獲鼓勵參與相關培訓課 程,費用由本公司承擔。

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board is responsible for the corporate governance duties set out in code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

The Board reviews the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in its Corporate Governance Report.

The Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The company secretary of the Company may from time to time and as the circumstances require provide updated written training materials relating to the roles, functions and duties of a director of a company listed on the Stock Exchange to the Directors.

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

## CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT OF **DIRECTORS**

Directors shall keep abreast of the responsibilities as a director of the Company and of the conduct, business activities and development of the Company.

The Company acknowledges the importance of directors participating in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant internally-facilitated briefings for the Directors have been arranged and reading material on relevant topics would be issued to the Directors where appropriate. They are encouraged to attend relevant training course at the Company's expenses.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事 以下列方式參與關於最新法例及監管資料、董 事職務及職責以及本集團業務的持續專業發展:

During the year ended 31 December 2021 the Directors participated in the continuous professional developments in relation to legal and regulatory update, the duties and responsibility of the Directors and the business of the Group in the following manner:

		持續專業發展之類別	
		Type of continuous professional development	
		閱讀有關本公司或 其業務之最新監管 資訊或資料	出席監管發展及 董事職責培訓
董事	Directors	Reading regulatory updates or information relevant to the Company or its business	Attending training on regulatory development and directors' duties
執行董事	Executive Directors		
喻霖康先生(總裁)	Mr. YU Linkang (President)	<b>✓</b>	~
王海民先生	Mr. WANG Haimin	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
魏小華女士	Ms. WEI Xiaohua	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
陽紅霞女士	Ms. YANG Hongxia	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors		
李欣先生(主席)	Mr. LI Xin (Chairman)	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
郭世清先生	Mr. GUO Shiqing	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-Executive Directors		
劉炳章先生	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
陳宗彝先生	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan	<b>✓</b>	<b>✓</b>
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	<b>✓</b>	<b>v</b>

本公司將安排定期講座,為董事提供上市規則 及其他相關法律及監管規定不時的最新發展及 變動。董事亦獲提供本公司表現、狀況及前景 的定期更新,讓董事會整體及各董事履行職責。

The Company will arrange regular seminars to provide Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirements from time to time. The Directors are also provided with regular updates on the Company's performance, position and prospects to enable the Board as a whole and each Director to discharge their duties.



## 核數師的職責及薪酬

本公司委任香港執業會計師安永會計師事務所 (「安永」)擔任截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度的外部核數師。安永就於財務報表的報 告責任發出的聲明載於本年報「獨立核數師報告 書 |一節。

下表載列截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度就安永提供的審核及非審核服務已付/應付 的費用詳情:

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY AND REMUNERATION

The Company appointed Ernst & Young, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong ("EY") as the external auditor for the year ended 31 December 2021. A statement by EY about their reporting responsibilities for the financial statements is included in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" of this annual report.

Details of the fees paid/payable in respect of the audit and non-audit services provided by EY for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the table below:

所提供的服務	Services rendered	
審核服務:	Audit services:	
截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度的年度審核	Annual audit for the year ended 31 December 2021	人民幣2,800,000元 RMB2,800,000
截至二零二一年六月三十日止六 個月中期財務報表的審閱	Review for the interim financial statements for the six months ended 30 June 2021	人民幣500,000元 RMB500,000
重大交易的特定審核	Specific audit for material transactions	港幣200,000元 HKD200,000
審核服務的總費用:	Total fees for audit services:	人民幣3,463,000元 RMB3,463,000
非審核服務:	Non-audit services:	
二零二一年的環境、社會及管治 諮詢服務	Environmental, social and governance consulting services in 2021	人民幣220,000元 RMB220,000
權益估值模型諮詢服務	Equity valuation model consulting services	人民幣230,000元 RMB230,000
非審核服務的總費用:	Total fees for non-audit services:	人民幣450,000元 RMB450,000

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 風險管理及內部監控

董事會負責本公司的風險管理及內部監控系統 及持續檢討其成效。本集團內部審核團隊及高 級管理層則檢討本集團風險管理及內部監控系 統的成效。審核委員會每年至少開會兩次,以 檢討內部審核團隊及高級管理層的調查結果及 推薦建議,並向董事會匯報有關檢討結果。

風險管理及內部監控系統的設計旨在管理(而非 消除)業務風險、防止本集團資產受到欺詐或其 他違規情況的損害,以及提供合理(但非絕對) 保證以防止出現重大財務錯誤陳述或虧損。此 外,該系統可為妥善保存公平會計記錄提供基 礎,並協助本公司遵守相關規則及法規。

自二零二一年一月一日至本年報刊發日期,董 事會已通過審核委員會檢討本集團風險管理及 內部監控系統的整體有效性,涵蓋財務、營運 以及合規監控及風險管理職能以及風險評估結

董事會相信,概無存在可能影響本公司股東的 重大內部監控缺陷,並已落實有效、充分的風 險管理及內部控制系統以保障本集團的資產。 審核委員會及高級管理層持續共同監控風險管 理政策的實施,以確保政策及實施有效及充分。

## 披露內幕消息

本集團已參考證券及期貨事務監察委員會頒佈 的內幕消息披露指引,設置有關披露內幕消息 的框架。此框架列出合適及時地處理及發放內 幕消息的程序及內部控制,例如下列步驟:確 定充足詳情、對事宜及其對本公司可能產生的 影響進行內部評估,在需要時尋求專業意見, 並核實事實。向公眾全面披露資料前,知悉有 關消息的任何人士必須確定嚴守保密,不得買 賣本公司任何證券。

### RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for the Company's risk management and internal control systems and for reviewing its effectiveness on an ongoing basis. The Group's internal audit team and senior management conduct reviews of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Audit Committee reviews the findings and recommendations of the internal audit team and the senior management in their meetings at least twice a year and reports to the Board on such review.

The risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage, rather than eliminate business risk; to help safeguard the Group's assets against fraud and other irregularities; and to give reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. In addition, it should provide a basis for the maintenance of proper and fair accounting records and assist in the compliance with relevant rules and regulations.

From 1 January 2021 to the date of this annual report, the Board, through the Audit Committee, reviewed the overall effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, covering financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management functions and results of risk assessment.

The Board believes that there are no material internal control deficiencies that may affect the shareholders of the Company and an effective and adequate risk management and internal control system is in place to safeguard the assets of the Group. The Audit Committee and senior management will together monitor the implementation of risk management policies on an ongoing basis to ensure the policies and implementation are effective and sufficient.

### DISCLOSURE OF INSIDE INFORMATION

The Group has in place a framework for the disclosure of inside information by reference to the Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information issued by the Securities and Futures Commission. The framework sets out the procedures and internal controls for the handling and dissemination of inside information in an appropriate and timely manner, such as steps to ascertain sufficient details, conduct internal assessment of the matter and its likely impact on the Company, seek professional advice where required and verification of the facts. Before the information is fully disclosed to the public, any persons who possess the knowledge of such information must ensure strict confidentiality and must not deal in any of the Company's securities.



## 公司秘書

本公司公司秘書(「公司秘書」)羅志力先生為一 位香港執業律師。儘管公司秘書並非本公司全 職僱員,惟彼向董事會匯報,並以其作為公司 秘書的身份就監管事項向董事會提出意見。本 公司與公司秘書之間的聯絡,主要由本公司執 行董事陽紅霞女士負責。於二零二一年內,公 司秘書確認已投放不少於15小時接受相關專業 培訓。

### 與股東溝通

### 股東大會

董事會致力與本公司股東保持持續公開對話, 鼓勵股東參與股東大會,如未能出席,可委派 代表代其出席並於會上投票。本公司會監察並 定期檢討股東大會程序,如有需要會作出改 動,以確保其切合股東需要。

本公司以股東週年大會作為與股東溝通的主要 渠道之一。本公司確保股東的意見能向董事會 反映。於股東週年大會席上,包括選舉個別董 事在內之每一項重要議程皆以單獨決議案提呈 考慮。董事會主席、各董事會轄下委員會主席 及外聘核數師,一般會親自出席股東週年大 會,以便與股東接觸並回答其垂詢。

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company's company secretary ("Company Secretary"), Mr. Lo Chi Lik, Peter, is a practicing solicitor in Hong Kong. Although the Company Secretary is not a full time employee of the Company, he reports to the Board and in his capacity as Company Secretary advises the Board on governance matters. The primary contact person of the Company with the Company Secretary was Ms. Yang Hongxia, executive Director of the Company. The Company Secretary has confirmed that he has attended at least 15 hours of professional development in 2021.

#### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

#### SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

The Board strives to maintain a continuing open dialogue with the shareholders of the Company. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in general meetings or to appoint proxies to attend and vote at meetings for and on their behalf if they are unable to attend the meetings. The process of the Company's general meeting is monitored and reviewed on a regular basis, and, if necessary, changes will be made to ensure that shareholders' needs are best served.

The Company uses annual general meeting as one of the principal channels for communicating with its shareholders. The Company ensures that shareholders' views are communicated to the Board. At the annual general meeting, each substantially separate issue has been considered by a separate resolution, including the election of individual Directors. The Chairman of the Board, chairmen of the respective board committees and the external auditor usually attend annual general meetings to inter-face with and answer questions from shareholders.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司舉行了一次股東大會,即二零二一年股東週 年大會(「二零二一年股東週年大會」)。二零 二一年股東週年大會於二零二一年六月八日假 座香港灣仔港灣道26號華潤大廈46樓舉行。董 事(包括董事會主席、審核委員會主席、提名委 員會主席及薪酬委員會主席),以及本公司外聘 核數師安永均出席二零二一年股東週年大會。 當時在任的董事出席二零二一年股東週年大會 的紀錄載列如下:

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company held one general meeting, which was the 2021 annual general meeting ("2021 AGM"). The 2021 AGM was held on 8 June 2021 at 46th Floor, China Resources Building, 26 Harbour Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The Directors, including the Chairman of the Board, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, the Chairman of the Nomination Committee and the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and the external auditor of the Company, EY, attended the 2021 AGM. The attendance records of the then Directors to the 2021 AGM are set out below:

董事	Directors	已出席/ 舉行大會 Meeting(s) attended/held
執行董事	Executive Directors	
喻霖康先生(總裁)	Mr. YU Linkang (President)	1/1
王海民先生	Mr. WANG Haimin	1/1
魏小華女士	Ms. WEI Xiaohua	1/1
陽紅霞女士	Ms. YANG Hongxia	1/1
非執行董事	Non-Executive Directors	
李欣先生(主席)	Mr. LI Xin (Chairman)	1/1
郭世清先生	Mr. GUO Shiqing	1/1
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-Executive Directors	
劉炳章先生	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer	1/1
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	1/1
陳宗彝先生	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan	1/1
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	1/1

大會主席行使本公司組織章程細則所賦予之權 力,就各項提呈之決議案按股數投票方式進行 表決。本公司採用按股數投票方式就於大會上 提呈之所有決議案進行表決。有關二零二一年 股東週年大會席上按股數投票方式表決之程序 在二零二一年股東週年大會開始投票前加以解 釋。

The chairman of the meeting exercised his power under the Company's Articles of Association to put each proposed resolution to vote by way of a poll. The Company adopted poll voting for all resolutions put to vote at the meeting. The procedures for voting by poll at the 2021 AGM were explained at the 2021 AGM prior to the polls being taken.



於二零二一年股東週年大會上各重大事宜均以 單獨決議案提呈,及就該等決議案投贊成票的 百分比詳情(於本公司日期為二零二一年六月八 日的公告中披露)載列如下:

Separate resolutions were proposed at the 2021 AGM on each substantive issue and the percentage of votes cast in favour of such resolutions as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 8 June 2021 are set out below:

	於二之決	零二一年股東週年 <b>大會上</b> 提呈 議案	Reso	plutions proposed at the 2021 AGM	投贊成票的百分比 Percentage of votes casts in favour
1.	三十	及考慮截至二零二零年十二月 一日止年度已審核之財務報告 事會報告及獨立核數師報告。	To receive and consider the audited Financial Statements and the Directors' Report and the Independent Auditor's Report for the year ended 31 December 2020.		99.99%
2.	三十	派發截至二零二零年十二月 一日止年度之末期股息每股 0.158元。	To declare a final dividend of HK\$0.158 per share for the year ended 31 December 2020.		99.99%
3.	(1)	重選喻霖康先生為董事。	(1)	To re-elect Mr. Yu Linkang as Director.	99.99%
	(2)	重選王海民先生為董事。	(2)	To re-elect Mr. Wang Haimin as Director.	99.93%
	(3)	重選魏小華女士為董事。	(3)	To re-elect Ms. Wei Xiaohua as Director.	99.93%
	(4)	重選陽紅霞女士為董事。	(4)	To re-elect Ms. Yang Hongxia as Director.	99.93%
	(5)	重選李欣先生為董事。	(5)	To re-elect Mr. Li Xin as Director.	99.90%
	(6)	重選郭世清先生為董事。	(6)	To re-elect Mr. Guo Shiqing as Director.	92.65%
	(7)	重選劉炳章先生為董事。	(7)	To re-elect Mr. Lau Ping Cheung Kaizer as Director.	99.99%
	(8)	重選張國正先生為董事。	(8)	To re-elect Mr. Cheung Kwok Ching as Director.	99.99%
	(9)	重選陳宗彝先生為董事。	(9)	To re-elect Mr. Chan Chung Yee Alan as Director.	99.94%
	(10)	重選秦虹女士為董事。	(10)	To re-elect Ms. Qin Hong as Director.	99.99%
	(11)	授權董事會釐定董事酬金。	(11)	To authorise the board of directors to fix the remuneration of the Directors.	99.99%
4.	<ol> <li>續聘安永為本公司核數師及授權董事會釐定其酬金。</li> </ol>			e-appoint EY as the auditor of the Company and orise the board of directors to fix their remuneration.	99.90%
5.	5. 給予董事會購回本公司股份之一般 授權,其數目不得超過已發行股份 百分之十。			ive a general mandate to the Directors to repurchase es of the Company not exceeding 10% of the issued es.	99.94%
6.	6. 給予董事會發行本公司新股份之一 般授權,其數目不得超過已發行股份 百分之二十。		_	ive a general mandate to the Directors to issue new es of the Company not exceeding 20% of the issued es.	85.02%
7.	7. 藉加入相當於本公司根據上述第五 項所購回之股份數目,以擴大董事 會發行股份之一般授權。		Dire	xtend the general mandate to be given to the ctors to issue shares by the addition of the shares rchased by the Company under Item No.5 above.	85.36%

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

所有於二零二一年股東週年大會上提呈股東的 決議案全部獲得通過。並無任何股份持有人有 權出席二零二一年股東週年大會但根據上市規 則第13.40條所載須於股東週年大會上放棄表決 贊成決議案,亦無任何股份持有人須根據上市 規則規定於二零二一年股東週年大會上放棄表 決權。本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處擔任監 票人,以監察及點算在二零二一年股東週年大 會上所投的票數。按股數投票方式進行表決的 結果已於本公司及聯交所的網站刊登。

## 股東召開股東特別大會(「股東特別 大會 |)

根據組織章程細則第12.3條,董事會可在任何 其認為適當的時候召開股東特別大會。股東大 會亦可應一名或以上股東的書面要求而召開, 該等股東須於作出要求之日持有附帶可於本公 司股東大會投票權利的本公司繳足股本的股份 不少於十分之一。有關書面要求須送達本公司 於香港的主要辦事處(倘本公司不再設置上述主 要辦事處,則為本公司的註冊辦事處),列明大 會的主要商議事項並由請求人簽署。

倘董事會並未於提交要求當日起計21日內正式 召開將於額外21日內舉行之會議,要求者本身 或當中佔彼等所享有全部投票權過半數者,可 按相同方式(盡可能接近董事會召開會議之方 式)召開股東大會,惟如此召開之任何會議不得 在提交要求當日起計三個月屆滿後舉行,而所 有因董事會未能履行要求而令要求者產生之合 理費用由本公司向要求者作出補償。

### 在股東大會提呈建議

組織章程細則並無供股東在股東大會上提呈建 議的條文。有意提呈建議的股東可按照上一段 「股東召開股東特別大會|所載程序要求本公司 召開股東特別大會。股東提名人選參選董事的 程序已上載至本公司網站。

All resolutions put to shareholders at the 2021 AGM were passed. There were no shares entitling the holders to attend and abstain from voting in favour of the resolutions at the 2021 AGM as set out in Rule 13.40 of the Listing Rules and there were no shares requiring the holders to abstain from voting at the 2021 AGM under the Listing Rules. The Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar acted as scrutineer for the poll and counted the poll votes cast at the 2021 AGM. The results of the voting by poll were published on the respective websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## CONVENING OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS ("EGM") BY SHAREHOLDERS

Pursuant to article 12.3 of the Articles of Association, the Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting. General meetings shall also be convened on the written requisition of any one or more members holding together, as at the date of deposit of the requisition, shares representing not less than one-tenth of the paidup capital of the Company which carry the right of voting at general meetings of the Company. The written requisition shall be deposited at the principal office of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event the Company ceases to have such a principal office, the registered office of the Company, specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionist(s).

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting to be held within a further 21 days, the requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

## PUTTING FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETINGS

There are no provisions in the Articles of Association for the Shareholders to put forward proposals at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to put forward proposals may request the Company to convene an EGM in accordance with the procedures set out in the above paragraph headed "Convening of EGM by Shareholders". Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director have been uploaded to the Company's website.



### 向董事會查詢及聯絡詳情

本公司股東如對名下持股有任何問題,應向本 公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記有 限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183 號合和中心 54 樓) 提出。

此外,股東及投資人士可於任何時間聯絡本公 司投資關係部門查詢有關本公司刊發的資料。 聯絡詳情如下:

### 投資者關係

### 華潤萬象生活有限公司

中國廣東省深圳市 南山區深南大道9668號 華潤置地大廈B座30樓

電郵: ir mixc@crland.com.cn

電話: 852-2877 2330/86-755 28681268 8700

傳真: 852-2877 9068

## PUTTING FORWARD ENOUIRIES TO THE BOARD AND CONTACT DETAILS

The shareholders of the Company shall direct their questions about their shareholdings to the Company's Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

In addition, the shareholders and the investment community may at any time contact the Company's Investor Relations Department to enquire about the information published by the Company. The contact details are as follows:

#### Investor Relations

### **China Resources Mixc Lifestyle Services Limited**

30/F., China Resources Land Building Tower B

No. 9668 Shennan Avenue

Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China

Email: ir\_mixc@crland.com.cn

Tel: 852-2877 2330/86-755 28681268 8700

Fax: 852-2877 9068

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 與股東及投資者溝通

本公司相信,與股東有效溝通,為改進投資者 關係及讓投資者瞭解本集團業務表現及策略的 要素。本公司致力與股東維持不間斷對話。為 確保股東及潛在投資者能隨時、平等及適時地 取得關於本公司的衡平及易於理解的資料,本 公司已建立多個與股東溝通的渠道如下:

- (i) 公司通訊可於本公司及聯交所網站查閱, 例如年報、中期報告及通函;
- 於本公司及聯交所網站定期刊發公告; (ii)
- 公司資料可於本公司網站查閱;及 (iii)
- (iv)舉行年度及股東特別大會,以向股東提供 可提出評論及與董事及高級管理層交流觀 點的場合。

本公司持續監察投資者關係及改善與現有股東 及潛在投資者的溝通。

## 章程文件變動

本公司組織章程細則的最新版本可於本公司及 聯交所各自的網站查閱。截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,本公司並無對其章程文件 作出任何重大變動。

## COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND **INVESTORS**

The Company believes that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investors' understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders. To ensure that the shareholders and potential investors are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company, the Company has established several channels to communicate with the shareholders as follows:

- corporate communications such as annual reports, interim (i) reports and circulars are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange:
- periodic announcements are published on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange;
- (iii) corporate information is made available on the Company's website: and
- annual and extraordinary general meetings provide a forum for the shareholders to make comments and exchange views with the Directors and senior management.

The Company keeps on promoting investor relations and enhancing communication with the existing shareholders and potential investors.

## CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

The latest version of the Company's Articles of Association is available at the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. No changes have been made to the Company' Articles of Association during the year ended 31 December 2021.



# 董事會報告 REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

本公司董事會欣然呈列本董事會報告連同本集 團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之綜 合財務報表。

### 畫事

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及直 至本年報日期任職的董事如下:

# 執行董事

喻霖康先生(總裁) 干海民先牛(副總裁) 魏小華女士(副總裁) 陽紅霞女士(首席財務官)

### 非執行董事

李欣先生(主席) 郭世清先生

### 獨立非執行董事

劉炳章先生 張國正先生 陳宗彝先生 秦虹女十

有關本公司董事及高級管理層的履歷詳情載於 本年報第36頁至第48頁「董事及高級管理層簡 歷」一節。

### 主要業務

我們是中國領先的物業管理及商業運營服務供 應商。本集團為最大的住宅物業組合之一提供 物業管理及增值服務,亦管理及運營購物中心 和寫字樓等多種不斷擴大的商業物業組合。

有關本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度主要業務的分析載於本年報「管理層討論與 分析」一節。

The Board of the Company is pleased to present this report of Directors together with the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

# DIRECTORS

The Directors who held office during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report are:

### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. YU Linkang (President)

Mr. WANG Haimin (Vice president) Ms. WEI Xiaohua (Vice president)

Ms. YANG Hongxia (Chief financial officer)

### NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Ll Xin (Chairman) Mr. GUO Shiging

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan Ms. QIN Hong

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management of the Company are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 36 to 48 of this annual report.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Group is a leading property management and commercial operational service provider in China. The Group provides property management and value-added services to one of the largest portfolios of residential properties, and also manages and operates a diversified and growing portfolio of commercial properties comprising shopping malls and office buildings.

Analysis of the principal activities of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 業務回顧

本集團業務的中肯回顧包括本集團財務表現的 分析及本集團業務未來可能發展的説明,內容 載於本年報「管理層討論與分析」一節。相關 討論構成董事會報告的一部分。本集團與對本 集團具有重大影響及本集團成功發展所倚賴的 利益相關方(包括僱員、客戶及供應商)的主 要關係載於本報告。自截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止財政年度結束以來發生的影響本集 團的事件載於本年報「資產負債表日期後的重大 事項 |一節。

# 主要風險及不確定性

本集團的財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景受 到諸多風險及不確定性的影響。本集團已識別 的主要風險及不確定性如下:

# 物業管理及商業運營服務市場的增長視 乎整體經濟及市場狀況

整體經濟及市場狀況的變動(包括國際、國內、 地區及當地經濟狀況的變動、市場波動、住宅 及商業地產的需求下降、房地產估值下降、全 球資本或信貸市場波動)亦可能對中國物業管理 及商業運營服務市場產生消極影響,進而對中 國物業管理及商業運營服務市場產生重大不利 影響,進而對本集團產生重大不利影響。

# 本集團物業管理及商業運營服務的一大 部分乃提供予華潤集團及華潤置地開發 及/或擁有的物業

由於本集團對華潤集團及華潤置地的業務策略 或可能影響彼等業務經營的任何因素並無控制 權,華潤集團及華潤置地業務經營或彼等開發 新物業能力的任何不利變動或會影響本集團取 得新服務合同的能力。此外,概不能保證本集 團與華潤集團及華潤置地的全部服務合同將能 在屆滿時重續。

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A fair review of the business of the Group including an analysis of the Group's financial performance and an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report. These discussions form part of the Report of the Directors. The Group's key relationship with its stakeholders (including employees, customers and suppliers) who have a significant impact on the Group and on which the Group's success depends, is set out in this report. Events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in the section headed "Important Events After The Balance Sheet Date" in this annual report.

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group are set out as follows:

# THE GROWTH OF PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AND COMMERCIAL OPERATION SERVICE MARKETS DEPENDS ON GENERAL ECONOMIC AND MARKET CONDITIONS

Changes in the general economic and market conditions including changes in international, national, regional and local economic conditions, market volatility, declining demand for residential or commercial real estate, falling real estate values, disruption to the global capital or credit markets may also negatively affect the PRC property management and commercial operational service markets which could, in turn, have a material adverse effect on the PRC property management and commercial operational service markets which could, in turn, have a material adverse effect on the Group.

# A SIGNIFICANT PORTION OF THE GROUP'S PROPERTY MANAGEMENT AND COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL SERVICES WAS PROVIDED IN RELATION TO PROPERTIES DEVELOPED AND/OR OWNED BY CR GROUP AND CR LAND

As the Group does not have control over the business strategies of CR Group and CR Land, nor any factor that may affect their business operations, any adverse development in the operations of CR Group and CR Land or their ability to develop new properties may affect the Group's ability to procure new service contracts. In addition, there can be no assurance that all of the Group's service contracts with CR Group and CR Land will be renewed successfully upon their expiration.



本集團有意在策略上透過與獨立第三方合作拓 展其業務。然而,概不能保證其在未來自獨立 第三方發展商承接更多項目或與之簽署更多服 務合同的情況下將能維持現有的收益水平及盈 利能力。

# 本集團的持續成功取決於其保持、提升 及利用其品牌價值的能力

本集團以「華潤」的字號提供物業管理服務及主 要以「萬象城」及「萬象匯」的品牌提供商業運營 及分租服務。有關本集團品牌的任何重大負面 宣傳及其品牌名稱或相關商標的任何未授權使 用均能損害其品牌價值、市場聲譽及競爭優勢。

保護本集團品牌(包括相關商標)或會消耗大量 的財務及運營資源。此外,本集團所採納的保 護品牌的措施未必能充分保障其權利或避免第 三方侵犯或盜用其商標。即使能夠發現侵犯或 盗用商標的行為,本集團未必能對所有相關商 標採取強制行動。第三方未經授權使用本集團 品牌或會影響其品牌。再者,隨著本集團不斷 拓展業務,本集團或會面臨侵權索償或其他聲 稱侵犯第三方知識產權的風險,這或會限制我 們按照其業務目標使用品牌。

本集團已採納完備的風險管理及內部控制系統, 有關詳情載於本年報「企業管治報告」一節。

The Group intends to strategically expand its business through collaboration with independent third parties. However, there can be no assurance that it will maintain its current revenue levels and profitability if it takes on more projects from, or sign more service contracts with, independent third-party developers in the future.

# THE GROUP'S CONTINUED SUCCESS DEPENDS ON ITS ABILITY TO PRESERVE, GROW AND LEVERAGE THE VALUE OF ITS BRANDS

The Group provides property management services under the trade name of "華潤" (China Resources) and commercial operational and subleasing services mainly under brands of "萬象城" (MIXC) and "萬 象匯" (MIXONE). Any material negative publicity associated with the Group's brands and any unauthorized use of its brand names or related trademarks could diminish the value of its brands, market reputation and competitive advantages.

The protection of the Group's brands, including related trademarks, may require the expenditure of significant financial and operational resources. Moreover, the steps the Group takes to protect its brands may not adequately protect its rights or prevent third parties from infringing or misappropriating its trademarks. Even when infringement or misappropriation of its trademarks is detected, the Group may not be able to enforce all such trademarks. Any unauthorized use by third parties of the Group's brands may adversely affect its brands. Furthermore, as the Group continues to expand its business, there is a risk that the Group may face claims of infringement or other alleged violations of third-party intellectual property rights, which may restrict us from leveraging its brands in a manner consistent with its business

The Group has adopted a sound risk management and internal control systems, details of which are set out in the section headed "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力遵守適用環境保護法律法規經營業 務,並已根據適用中國法律法規的規定標準實 施相關環境保護措施。

有關本集團環境政策及表現的進一步詳情,將 於本公司適當時候刊發的截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度的環境、社會及管治報告中 披露。

### 遵守有關法律及法規

如董事會及管理層所知,本集團在所有重大方 面全面遵守對本集團業務及運營造成重大影響 的相關法律法規。於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無嚴重違反或不遵 守嫡用法律法規。

# 人力資源

本集團相信僱員的專長、經驗及專業發展推動 本集團的業務增長。本集團的人力資源部負責 管理、培訓及招聘僱員。於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,本集團在中國內地及香港擁有 28,654名全職僱員(於二零二零年十二月三十一 日:27,077名)。本集團相信吸引、招攬及留任 高質素員工對達致本集團的成功至關重要。我 們的成功取決於我們能否吸引、留任及激勵合 資格的人員。本集團僱員的酬金一般由基本薪 金、津貼及補助(交通、通訊、住房補助及異地 安置人員補助)、福利(午餐補助、防寒消暑津 貼)、績效花紅及年終獎。本集團根據中國相關 法律法規為僱員提供基本養老金計劃、基本醫 療保險、工傷保險、失業保險、生育保險及住 房公積金。有關截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度之薪酬開支之詳情請參閱本年度報告 綜合財務報表附註8。

### ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to operate its business in compliance with applicable environmental protection laws and regulations and has implemented relevant environmental protection measures in compliance with the required standards under applicable PRC laws and regulations.

Further details of the Group's environmental policies and performance will be disclosed in the environmental, social and governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 to be published in due course.

### COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied in all material aspects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no material breach of, or non-compliance, with applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

The Group believes that the expertise, experience and professional development of the employees contribute to the growth of the Group. The human resources department of the Group manages, trains and hires employees. As at 31 December 2021, the Group had 28,654 (As at 31 December 2020: 27,077) full time employees in Mainland China and Hong Kong. The Group believes in the importance of attraction, recruitment and retention of quality employees in achieving the Group's success. The Group's success depends on our ability to attract, retain and motivate qualified personnel. Compensation for the Group's employees typically consists of basic salary, allowances and subsidies (transportation, communication, housing subsidies and allowances for staff relocated from other places), welfare (lunch subsidies, cold and heat prevention subsidies), performance-based bonus and year-end bonus. The Group provides the employees with basic pension scheme, basic medical insurance, workplace injury insurance, unemployment insurance, maternity insurance and housing providence funds in accordance with relevant PRC laws and regulations. For the remuneration expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021, please refer to Note 8 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.



### 退休福利計劃

中國附屬公司的僱員均為中國政府經營的國家 管理退休福利計劃成員。中國附屬公司的僱員 須按彼等薪金的若干百分比向退休福利計劃供 款。本集團於該退休福利計劃之唯一責任為作 出計劃規定的供款。

有關本集團退休金責任之詳情載於本年報綜合 財務報表附註2.4。

### 關連交易

### 出售資產

於二零二一年三月三十日,本公司全資附 屬公司華潤物業工程與平湖臻尚訂立協議 (「該協議」),據此,華潤物業工程同意出 售而平湖臻尚同意收購(i)本公司及/或本 公司委託之第三方種植的約9,100棵苗木 (如銀杏及白皮松等)(「苗木」);及(ii)割 草機及殺蟲劑噴霧機等相關固定資產(連 同苗木合稱「該等資產」),總代價為人民 幣19.157.619.64元。

銷售苗木產生的收益佔本集團截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止年度的收益總額不 足0.02%。出售該等資產的主要目的為剝 離本集團相關業務,以確保本集團能集中 時間及資源於其主要業務,即物業管理及 商業運營服務。董事會(包括獨立非執行 董事)相信出售事項可進一步優化本集團 的營運能力及資產架構,並認為該協議的 條款屬公平合理,訂立該協議乃按一般商 業條款及在本集團的日常業務中進行,符 合本公司及股東的整體利益。

### RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEME

The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government. The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain percentage of their payroll to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to this retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

Details of the pension obligations of the Group are set out in Note 2.4 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

#### CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

#### DISPOSAL OF ASSETS

On 30 March 2021, CR Property Management (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) entered into the an agreement with Pinghu Zhenshang (the "Agreement"), pursuant to which CR Property Management agreed to dispose and Pinghu Zhenshang agreed to acquire the (i) approximately 9,100 planting stocks such as Ginkgo (銀杏) and lacebark pine (白皮松) which were planted by the Company and/or third parties commissioned by the Company (the "Planting Stocks"); and (ii) related fixed assets such as lawn mowers and insecticide sprayer (together with the Planting Stocks, the "Assets") at an aggregate consideration of RMB19,157,619.64.

The revenue generated from the sale of Planting Stocks represented less than 0.02% of the total revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020. The main purpose of disposing the Assets is to divest the relevant business of the Group so as to ensure that the Group can focus its time and resources on its principal businesses in property management and commercial operational services. The Board (including the independent non-executive Directors) believes that the disposal can further optimise the operating capacity and assets structure of the Group and is of the view that terms of the Agreement are fair and reasonable, and the entering into of the Agreement is conducted on normal commercial terms, in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

華潤置地為本公司的控股股東,於本公司 已發行總股本約72.29%中擁有權益,因 此華潤置地為本公司的關連人士。由於平 湖臻尚為華潤置地的全資附屬公司,故根 據上市規則第14A章,訂立該協議構成本 公司的關連交易。由於出售事項的各項適 用百分比率均低於5%,出售事項僅須遵 守上市規則項下申報及公告規定,並獲豁 免遵守上市規則項下通函、獨立財務意見 及獨立股東批准規定。

有關上述交易的詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二一年三月三十日的關連交易公告內。

#### 2. 收購無形資產

於二零二一年三月三十日,華潤萬象深圳 (作為受讓方)(i)與深圳前海(作為轉讓方) 訂立協議(「版權轉讓協議」),深圳前海同 意將(其中包括)與程式(定義見下文)有關 之所有權、經營權及軟件版權轉讓予華潤 萬象深圳;及(ii)華潤深圳(作為轉讓方)訂 立協議(「域名轉讓協議」),華潤深圳同意 轉讓(其中包括)域名(定義見下文)之所有 權。

CR Land is a controlling Shareholder of the Company interested in approximately 72.29% of the total issued share capital of the Company, CR Land is therefore a connected person of the Company. As Pinghu Zhenshang is a wholly-owned subsidiary of CR Land, the entering into of the Agreement constitutes a connected transaction of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. As each of the applicable percentage ratios in respect of the disposal is less than 5%, the disposal is only subject to the reporting and announcement requirements, and is exempted from the circular, independent financial advice and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

Details of the above transaction are set out in the connected transaction announcement of the Company dated 30 March 2021.

### ACQUISITION OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On 30 March 2021, CR Mixc Shenzhen (as transferee) entered into (i) an agreement (the "Copyrights Transfer Agreement") with Shenzhen Qianhai (as transferor), where Shenzhen Qianhai agrees to transfer, among others, the ownership, operating rights and software copyrights pertinent to the Programmes (as defined below) to CR Mixc Shenzhen; and (ii) an agreement (the "Domain Names Transfer Agreement") with CR Shenzhen (as transferor), where CR Shenzhen agrees to transfer, among others, the ownership of the Domain Names (as defined below).



### 版權轉讓協議

版權轉讓協議的主要條款概述如下:

日期: 二零二一年三月三十日

訂約方: (1) 深圳前海(華潤置地 的全資附屬公司) (作為轉讓方);及

> (2) 華潤萬象深圳(本公 司的全資附屬公司) (作為受讓方)

程式: 合共53個不同程式(「程 式」),包括:

- (i) 四個與「一點萬象」 平台有關的移動應 用程式;
- (ii) 48個相關微信小程 式;及
- (iii) 一個支付寶小程式

上述程式包括相關源代 碼、設計文件及/或檔 案以及數據。誠如深圳 前海所告知,該等程式 的開發成本約為人民幣 100,874,000 元。 由於 根據深圳前海所採用的 會計準則,該等程式的 開發成本已予以支銷且 並無確認資產,故該等 程式於二零二一年二月 二十八日的賬面值為零。

代價: 人民幣116,005,400元, 應由華潤萬象深圳於協 議日期起計六個月內支 付

### Copyrights Transfer Agreement

Principal terms of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement are summarised as follows:

Date: 30 March 2021

Parties: (1) Shenzhen Qianhai, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CRL, as transferor; and

> (2) CR Mixc Shenzhen, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as transferee

53 different programmes ("Programmes") Programmes: in total, comprising:

> (i) four mobile applications in connection with the "E-MIXC(一點萬象)" platform;

> (ii) 48 relevant WeChat mini programmes; and

(iii) one Alipay mini programme

The aforesaid programmes include the underlying source codes, design documents and/or files, and data. As advised by Shenzhen Qianhai, the development cost of the Programmes was approximately RMB100,874,000. As the development cost of the Programmes was expensed and no assets were recognised based on the accounting standards adopted by Shenzhen Qianhai, the Programmes had nil book value as of 28 February 2021.

Consideration: RMB116,005,400, which is payable by CR Mixc Shenzhen within six months from the date of the agreement

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### (ii) 域名轉讓協議

域名轉讓協議的主要條款概述如下:

日期: 二零二一年三月三十日

訂約方: (1) 華潤深圳(華潤置地 的全資附屬公司)

(作為轉讓方);及

(2) 華潤萬象深圳(本公 司的全資附屬公司) (作為受讓方)

域名: 六個與[一點萬象]平台

有關的域名(「域名」)

誠如深圳前海所告知, 域名的開發成本約為人 民幣300元。由於根據 華潤深圳所採用的會計 準則,域名的開發成本 已予以支銷且並無確認 資產,故域名於二零 二一年二月二十八日的 賬面值為零。

代價: 人民幣1,600元,應由華

潤萬象深圳於協議日期 起計六個月內支付

### (ii) Domain Names Transfer Agreement

Principal terms of the Domain Names Transfer Agreement are summarised as follows:

Date: 30 March 2021

Parties: (1) CR Shenzhen, a wholly-owned subsidiary of CR Land, as transferor;

and

(2) CR Mixc Shenzhen, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as

transferee

Domain six domain names (the "Domain Names") Names: in connection with the "E-MIXC (一點萬

象)" platform

As advised by Shenzhen Qianhai, the development cost of the Domain Names was approximately RMB300. As the development cost of the Domain Names was expensed and no assets were recognised based on the accounting standards adopted by CR Shenzhen, the Domain Names had nil book value as of

28 February 2021.

Consideration: RMB1,600, which is payable by CR Mixc

Shenzhen within six months from the

date of the agreement



版權轉讓協議及域名轉讓協議各自的條款乃由 訂約方經公平磋商後按一般商業條款達致。版 權轉讓協議及域名轉讓協議項下的代價將以本 集團的內部財務資源撥付。

本集團主要在中國從事物業管理及商業運營服 務。作為購物中心商業運營服務的線上延伸, 一點萬象是本公司為提升消費者的購物體驗而 運營的官方線上顧客服務平台,通過移動應用 程式、微信公眾號等方式提供。該平台提供本 公司運營的各購物中心服務介紹,定期發佈有 關促銷、服務更新及其他購物中心活動的報導 及最新資訊。

於本公司上市前,華潤置地已同意將「一點萬 象」移動應用程式以及相關微信小程式(均已由 我們實際營運)的經營權及有關軟件版權轉讓予 本公司。因此,版權轉讓協議項下的交易於本 公司上市前敲定。董事會相信收購程式及域名 為本集團提供一個具吸引力之投資機會,使本 集團擁有可自由編輯及發展程式及使用域名的 擁有權、管理權及營運權,以充分發揮程式及 域名的潛力,而毋須依賴華潤置地集團。此項 收購亦有助本集團進一步加強及提升其對客戶 的資訊科技服務,符合本公司在上市文件所披 露的未來計劃,即投入全球發售所得款項淨額 的約港幣220百萬元用於升級數字化服務平台 (包括一點萬象平台)。

董事會(包括獨立非執行董事)認為版權轉讓協 議及域名轉讓協議兩者的條款乃經本公司、深 圳前海及華潤深圳公平磋商後釐定,屬公平合 理,且訂立版權轉讓協議及域名轉讓協議乃按 一般商業條款及在本集團的日常業務中進行, 符合本公司及股東的整體利益。

The terms of each of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement were agreed by the parties after arm's length negotiations and are on normal commercial terms. The consideration under of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement will be settled out of the internal financial resources of the Group.

The Group is principally engaged in property management and commercial operational services in the PRC. As an online extension of shopping mall commercial operational services, E-MIXC (一點萬象) is an official online customer service platform that the Company operates to facilitate consumers' shopping experience, which is provided through mobile applications and WeChat official accounts. The platform provides brief introduction of each of the Company's operated shopping malls and regularly releases news and updated information regarding sales promotion, service updates and other shopping malls activities.

Prior to the listing of the Company, CR Land has agreed to transfer to the Company the operating rights of, and relevant software copyrights pertinent to, the E-MIXC (一點萬象) mobile application and relevant WeChat mini programmes (which are already under the effective operation by us). Accordingly, the transaction under the Copyright Transfer Agreement is contemplated prior to the listing of the Company. The Board believes that the acquisition of the Programmes and the Domain Names provides an appealing investment opportunity for the Group which will enable the Group to have ownership, management and operating rights to freely edit and develop the Programmes and utilise the Domain Names in order to fully utilise the full potential of the Programmes and the Domain Names without any reliance on CR Land Group. The acquisition will also enable the Group to further enhance and upgrade its information technology service to its customers, which is in line with the Company's future plan disclosed in its listing document to invest approximately HK\$220 million of the net proceeds from the global offering to upgrade the digital service platforms, including the E-MIXC platform.

The Board (including the independent non-executive Directors) is of the view that terms of both the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement were determined after arm's length negotiations between the Company, Shenzhen Qianhai and CR Shenzhen, which are fair and reasonable, and the entering into of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement are on normal commercial terms, in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group and in the interests of the Company and the Shareholders as a whole.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

由於本公司已發行股份的約72.29%由華潤置地 直接持有。華潤置地為本公司控股股東,因此 為本公司的關連人士。由於華潤萬象深圳為本 公司的全資附屬公司,而深圳前海及華潤深圳 均為華潤置地的全資附屬公司,故根據上市規 則第14A章,訂立版權轉讓協議及域名轉讓協 議構成本公司的關連交易。

由於版權轉讓協議及域名轉讓協議各最高百 分比率(定義見上市規則)均超過0.1%但低於 5%,根據上市規則第14A章,版權轉讓協議及 域名轉讓協議各自項下擬進行的交易僅須遵守 申報及公告規定,惟獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准 的規定。

有關上述交易的詳情載於本公司日期為二零 二一年三月三十日的關連交易公告內。

### 持續關連交易

以下交易構成本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的持續關連交易:

# 非豁免持續關連交易(須遵守申報、 年度審閱及公告規定)

### 1. 物業租賃

### 背景

本公司與華潤置地於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立物業租賃框架協議(「華潤置地 物業租賃框架協議」),據此,(1)本集團 可不時自華潤置地及其聯營公司(「華潤置 地關連人士」)租賃若干物業自用作辦公室 及/或員工宿舍;(2)華潤置地關連人士 可不時自本集團租賃若干物業自用作辦公 室;及(3)華潤置地關連人士可作為租戶 按商業分租模式租賃若干由本集團管理的 零售空間。

華潤置地物業租賃框架協議的初步年期為 自二零二零年十二月九日(「上市日期」)起 至二零二二年十二月三十一日,可經雙方 同意後重續。

As approximately 72.29% of the shares issued by the Company are directly held by CR Land, CR Land is the controlling shareholder of the Company and therefore a connected person of the Company. As CR Mixc Shenzhen is a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and both Shenzhen Qianhai and CR Shenzhen are wholly-owned subsidiaries of CR Land, the entering into of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement constitute connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As each of the highest percentage ratios (as defined under the Listing Rules) in respect of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement exceeds 0.1% but is less than 5%, the transactions contemplated under each of the Copyrights Transfer Agreement and the Domain Names Transfer Agreement are only subject to reporting and announcement requirements but are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirements pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Details of the above transactions are set out in the connected transaction announcement of the Company dated 30 March 2021.

#### CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The following transactions constituted continuing connected transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021:

NON-EXEMPT CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (SUBJECT TO REPORTING, ANNUAL REVIEW AND ANNOUNCEMENT **REQUIREMENTS**)

### 1. PROPERTY LEASING

### Background

The Company entered into the property leasing framework agreement with CR Land on 20 November 2020 (the "CR Land Property Leasing Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which (1) the Group may, from time to time, lease certain properties from CR Land and its associates (the "CR Land Connected Persons") as office and/or employee quarter(s) for our own use, (2) the CR Land Connected Persons may, from time to time, lease certain properties from our Group as office for its own use, and (3) the CR Land connected persons may lease certain retail spaces managed by the Group as tenants under the commercial subleasing model.

The initial term of the CR Land Property Leasing Framework Agreement commenced on 9 December 2020 (the "Listing Date") until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 華潤置地物業租賃框架協議項下之已 付/已收款項載列如下:

The amount paid/received in respect of the CR Land Property Leasing Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

				(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
(1)	本集團自華潤置地關連人士租用物業	(1)	The Group leasing from the CR Land Connected Persons	24,544
(2)	華潤置地關連人士自本集團租用物業	(2)	CR Land Connected Persons leasing from the Group	-
(3)	華潤置地關連人士根據商業分租模式 自本集團租用物業	(3)	CR Land Connected Persons leasing from the Group under the commercial subleasing mode	4,624

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度各 年,華潤置地物業租賃框架協議的年度上 限載列如下:

The annual caps in respect of the CR Land Property Leasing Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

	截至十二月三十一日止年度之建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December					
			2021	2022		
(1)	本集團自華潤置地關連人士租 (1 用物業 <sup>(1)</sup>	The Group leasing from the CR Land Connected Persons <sup>(1)</sup>	96,459	108,357		
(2)	華潤置地關連人士自本集團租 (2 用物業	CR Land Connected Persons leasing from the Group	5,175	13,662		
(3)	華潤置地關連人士根據商業分 (3 租模式自本集團租用物業	CR Land Connected Persons leasing from the Group under the commercial subleasing model	20,072	24,087		

### 附註:

年度上限指估計租金及若干物業租賃所 確認的使用權資產。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度及截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止年度,年度上限分 別為人民幣96.459百萬元(其中約人民 幣91.778百萬元將確認為若干物業租賃 的使用權資產及約人民幣4.681 百萬元 將確認為租金)及人民幣108.357 百萬元 (其中約人民幣100.956百萬元將確認為 若干物業租賃的使用權資產及約人民幣 7.401百萬元將確認為租金)。

### Note:

The annual caps refer to both estimated rental payment and recognition of right-of-use assets from certain property leases. For the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022, the annual caps are RMB96,459 thousands (among which approximately RMB91,778 thousands will be recognized as right-of-use assets from certain property leases, and approximately RMB4,681 thousands will be rental payment) and RMB108,357 thousands (among which approximately RMB100,956 thousands will be recognized as right- of-use assets from certain property leases, and approximately RMB7,401 thousands will be rental payment), respectively.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 物業和賃

### 背景

本公司與華潤(集團)於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立物業和賃框架協議(「華潤(集 團)物業租賃框架協議」),據此,(1)本集 團可不時自華潤集團及其聯營公司(不包 括華潤置地關連人士)(「華潤(集團)關連 人士」)租賃若干物業自用作辦公室;(2) 華潤(集團)關連人士可不時自本集團租賃 若干物業用於運營;及(3)華潤(集團)關 連人士可作為租戶按商業分租模式租賃若 干由本集團管理的零售空間。

華潤(集團)物業租賃框架協議的初步年 期為自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤(集團)物業租賃框架協議 支付/收取的金額載列如下:

### PROPERTY LEASING

### Background

The Company entered into the property leasing framework agreement with CR Holdings on 20 November 2020 (the "CRH Property Leasing Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which (1) the Group may, from time to time, lease certain properties from the CR Group and its associates (excluding the CR Land Connected Persons) ("CRH Connected Persons") as office for its own use, (2) the CRH Connected Persons may, from time to time, lease certain properties from the Group for its operation, and (3) the CRH Connected Persons may lease certain retail spaces managed by the Group as tenants under the commercial subleasing model.

The initial term of the CRH Property Leasing Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The amount paid/received in respect of the CRH Property Leasing Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

				(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
(1)	本集團自華潤(集團)關連人士租用物 業	(1)	The Group leasing from the CRH Connected Persons	387
(2)	華潤(集團)關連人士自本集團租用物 業	(2)	CRH Connected Persons leasing from the Group	-
(3)	華潤(集團)關連人士按商業分租模式 自本集團租用物業	(3)	CRH Connected Persons leasing from the Group under the commercial subleasing model	8,728



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度各 年,華潤(集團)物業租賃框架協議的年度 上限載列如下:

The annual caps in respect of CRH Property Leasing Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

	截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December					
				2021	2022	
(1)	本集團自華潤(集團)關連人 士租用物業 <sup>(1)</sup>	(1)	The Group leasing from CRH Connected Persons <sup>(1)</sup>	16,256	20,564	
(2)	華潤(集團)關連人士自本集 團租用物業	(2)	CRH Connected Persons leasing from the Group	51	55	
(3)	華潤(集團)關連人士按商業分租模式自本集團租用物業	(3)	CRH Connected Persons leasing from the Group under the commercial subleasing model	21,534	34,454	

### 附註:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至 二零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度,因租賃預期將為長期租賃,故所有 年度上限均指使用權資產確認。

#### 購買停車位 3.

### 背景

本公司與華潤置地於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立停車位購買框架協議(「停車 位購買框架協議」),據此,本集團可不時 訂立交易以購買由華潤置地關連人士所擁 有的若干未售停車位的擁有權及/或使用 權。

停車位購買框架協議的初步年期為自上市 日期起至二零二二年十二月三十一日,可 經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據停車位購買框架協議支付的購 買金額為人民幣54.810百萬元。截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日及二零二二年十二 月三十一日止兩個年度,停車位購買框架 協議的年度購買金額之上限分別為人民幣 350.000百萬元及人民幣350.000百萬元。

#### Note:

For the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022, the annual caps refer to recognition of right-of-use assets as the leases are expected to be long term leases.

#### 3. PURCHASE OF PARKING SPACES

### Background

The Company entered into the parking spaces purchase framework agreement with CR Land on 20 November 2020 (the "Parking Spaces Purchase Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, enter into transactions to purchase the ownership of and/or the right to use certain unsold parking spaces which are owned by the CR Land Connected Persons.

The initial term of the Parking Spaces Purchase Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The purchase amount paid under the Parking Spaces Purchase Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is RMB54,810 thousands. The annual caps of the annual purchase amounts in respect of the Parking Spaces Purchase Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are RMB350,000 thousands and RMB350,000 thousands, respectively.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 採購貨品與服務

#### 背景

本公司與華潤(集團)於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立採購及提供貨品與服務框架協 議(「華潤(集團)採購框架協議」),據此, (1)本集團可不時自華潤(集團)關連人士 採購若干種類的貨品及服務,包括員工制 服、食品及公用資源(燃氣及電力)(為方 便管理,本公司已將該等交易整合);(2) 華潤(集團)關連人士可不時通過積分兑換 的方式為華潤通相關用戶自本集團採購營 銷服務。

華潤(集團)採購框架協議的初步年期為 自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月三十一 日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤(集團)採購框架協議支 付/收取的年度金額載列如下:

#### PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES

### Background

The Company entered into the procurement of and provision of goods and services framework agreement with CR Holdings on 20 November 2020 (the "CRH Procurement Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which (1) the Group may, from time to time, procure from the CRH Connected Persons certain types of goods and services which include staff uniforms, food items and utilities (gas and electricity) which are aggregated by the Company to streamline the management of these transactions, and (2) the CRH Connected Persons may, from time to time, procure from the Group marketing services for the respective users in the CR Life Club (華潤通) through points conversion.

The initial term of the CRH Procurement Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The annual amounts paid/received under the CRH Procurement Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

		(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
本集團的購買金額	Purchase amount by the Group	59,039
華潤(集團)關連人士的購買金額	Purchase amount by the CRH Connected Persons	118

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華 潤(集團)採購框架協議的年度上限載列如 下:

The annual caps in respect of CRH Procurement Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December				
		2021	2022	
本集團的購買金額	Purchase amount by the Group	101,662	151,476	
華潤(集團)關連人士的購買金額	Purchase amount by the CRH Connected Persons	253	278	



### 提供商業運營服務

#### 背景

本公司與華潤(集團)於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立提供商業運營服務(商業物業) 框架協議(「華潤(集團)商業運營服務框架 協議」),據此,本集團可不時向華潤(集 團)關連人士的商業物業(包括購物中心及 寫字樓)提供商業運營服務。商業運營服 務包括(i)開業前管理服務,例如定位及設 計管理服務與招商及管理服務及(ii)運營管 理服務,例如開業籌備服務、租戶指導、 消費者管理及市場推廣及宣傳。

華潤(集團)商業運營服務框架協議的初步 年期為自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤(集團)商業運營服務框架 協議收取的服務費為人民幣74.958百萬 元。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華 潤(集團)商業運營服務框架協議的年度服 務費之上限分別為人民幣142.984百萬元 及人民幣147.612百萬元。

### PROVISION OF COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL **SERVICES**

#### Background

The Company have entered into the provision of commercial operational services (commercial properties) framework agreement with CR Holdings on 20 November 2020 (the "CRH Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, provide commercial operational services to the CRH Connected Persons for their commercial properties (including shopping malls and office buildings). The commercial operational services include (i) pre-opening management services (such as positioning and design management services, and tenant sourcing and management services) and (ii) operation management services (such as opening preparation services, tenant coaching, consumer management, and marketing and promotion).

The initial term of the CRH Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The service fee received by the Group under the CRH Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is RMB74,958 thousands. The annual caps of the annual service fee amounts in respect of the CRH Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are RMB142,984 thousands and RMB147,612 thousands, respectively.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

# 提供增值服務(社區增值服務及針 對物業開發商的增值服務)

# DEVELOPERS)

Background

#### 背景

本公司與華潤(集團)於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立增值服務框架協議(「華潤(集 團)增值服務框架協議」),據此,本集團 可不時就華潤(集團)關連人士開發及/或 擁有的住宅物業及其他非商業物業向彼等 提供增值服務。所提供的增值服務包括社 區增值服務(例如社區生活服務及經紀及 資產服務)及針對物業開發商的增值服務 (例如顧問服務、前期籌備服務及交付前 營銷配合服務)。

華潤(集團)增值服務框架協議的初步年 期為自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤(集團)增值服務框架協議 收取的服務費載列如下:

The Company entered into the value-added services framework agreement with CR Holdings on 20 November 2020 (the "CRH Value-added Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may from time to time, provide value-added services to the CRH Connected Persons for the residential properties and other non-commercial properties developed and/ or owned by them. The value-added services to be provided include community value-added services (such as community living services and brokerage and assets services) and valueadded services to property developers (such as consultancy services, preliminary preparation services and pre-delivery marketing services).

PROVISION OF VALUE-ADDED SERVICES

(COMMUNITY VALUE-ADDED SERVICES AND VALUE-ADDED SERVICES TO PROPERTY

The initial term of the CRH Value-added Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The fees received by the Group under the CRH Value-added Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

		(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
本集團就社區增值服務收取的費用	Fees received by the Group for the community value- added services	454
本集團就針對物業開發商的增值服務收取 的費用	Fees received by the Group for the value-added services to property developers	1,123
總計	Total	1,577



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華 潤(集團)增值服務框架協議的年度上限載 列如下:

The annual caps in respect of the CRH Value-added Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December				
		2021	2022	
本集團就社區增值服務收取的費 用	Fees to be received by the Group for the community value-added services	6,124	13,851	
本集團就針對物業開發商的增值 服務收取的費用	Fees to be received by the Group for the value-added services to property developers	27,790	29,463	
總計	Total	33,914	43,314	

非豁免持續關連交易(須遵守申報、 年度審閱、公告及獨立股東批准 規定)

### 提供物業管理服務

### 背景

本公司與華潤置地於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立提供物業管理服務框架協議 (「華潤置地物業管理服務框架協議」),據 此,本集團可不時就華潤置地關連人士開 發及/或擁有的住宅及/或商業物業及其 他物業向彼等提供物業管理服務。

華潤置地物業管理服務框架協議的初步年 期為自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日,可經雙方同意後續期。

NON-EXEMPT CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS (SUBJECT TO REPORTING. ANNUAL REVIEW, ANNOUNCEMENT AND INDEPENDENT SHAREHOLDERS' APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS)

### PROVISION OF PROPERTY MANAGEMENT **SERVICES**

### Background

The Company entered into the provision of property management services framework agreement with CR Land on 20 November 2020 (the "CR Land Property Management Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, provide property management services to the CR Land Connected Persons for the residential and/or commercial properties and other properties developed and/or owned by them.

The initial term of the CR Land Property Management Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤置地物業管理服務框架協 議收取的物業管理費載列如下:

The property management fees received by our Group under the CR Land Property Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

		(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
本集團收取的物業管理費(商業物業)	Property management fees received by the Group (for commercial properties)	594,752
本集團收取的物業管理費(住宅物業及其他 非商業物業)	Property management fees received by the Group (for residential properties and other non-commercial properties)	228,504
總計	Total	823,256

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華 潤置地物業管理服務框架協議的年度上限 載列如下:

The annual caps in respect of CR Land Property Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December				
		2021	2022	
本集團收取的物業管理費(商業物業)	Property management fees to be received by the Group (for commercial properties)	662,057	845,405	
本集團收取的物業管理費(住宅物 業及其他非商業物業)	Property management fees to be received by the Group (for residential properties and other non-commercial properties)	531,894	735,832	
總計	Total	1,193,951	1,581,237	



### 提供商業運營服務

#### 背景

本公司與華潤置地於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立提供商業運營服務(商業物業) 框架協議(「華潤置地商業運營服務框架協 議」),據此,本集團可不時向華潤置地關 連人士提供商業運營物業(包括購物中心 及寫字樓)商業運營服務。商業運營服務 包括(i)開業前管理服務(例如定位及設計 管理服務與招商及管理服務)及(ii)運營管 理服務(例如開業籌備服務、租戶指導、 消費者管理及市場推廣及宣傳)。

華潤置地商業運營服務框架協議的初步年 期為自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤置地商業運營服務框架協 議收取的服務費為人民幣1,458.262百萬 元。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截 至二零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年 度,華潤置地商業運營服務框架協議的年 度服務費上限分別為人民幣1,581.347百 萬元及人民幣1,807.973百萬元。

### PROVISION OF COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL **SERVICES**

#### Background

The Company entered into the provision of commercial operational services (commercial properties) framework agreement with CR Land on 20 November 2020 (the "CR Land Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, provide commercial operational services to the CR Land Connected Persons for their commercial properties (including shopping malls and office buildings). The commercial operational services include (i) pre-opening management services (such as positioning and design management services, and tenant sourcing and management services) and (ii) operation management services (such as opening preparation services, tenant coaching, consumer management and marketing and publicity).

The initial term of the CR Land Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The service fees received by the Group under the CR Land Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is RMB1,458,262 thousands. The annual caps of the annual purchase amounts in respect of the CR Land Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are RMB1,581,347 thousands and RMB1,807,973 thousands, respectively.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

提供增值服務(社區增值服務及針 對物業開發商的增值服務)

#### 背景

本公司與華潤置地於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立增值服務框架協議(「華潤置地 增值服務框架協議」),據此,本集團可不 時就華潤置地關連人士開發及/或擁有的 住宅物業及其他非商業物業向彼等提供增 值服務。所提供的增值服務包括社區增值 服務(例如社區生活服務及經紀及資產服 務)及針對物業開發商的增值服務(例如顧 問服務、前期籌備服務及交付前營銷配合 服務)。

華潤置地增值服務框架協議的初步年期為 自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月三十一 日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤置地增值服務框架協議收 取的服務費載列如下:

PROVISION OF VALUE-ADDED SERVICES (COMMUNITY VALUE-ADDED SERVICES AND VALUE-ADDED SERVICES TO PROPERTY DEVELOPERS)

### Background

The Company entered into the value-added services framework agreement with CR Land on 20 November 2020 (the "CR Land Value-added Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, provide value-added services to the CR Land Connected Persons for the residential properties and other non-commercial properties developed and/ or owned by them. The value-added services to be provided include community value-added services (such as community living services and brokerage and assets services) and valueadded services to property developers (such as consultancy services, preliminary preparation services and pre-delivery marketing services).

The initial term of the CR Land Value-added Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The service fees received by our Group under the CR Land Valueadded Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

		(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
本集團就社區增值服務收取的費用	Fees received by the Group for the community value- added services	46,807
本集團就針對物業開發商的增值服務收取 的費用	Fees received by the Group for the value-added services to property developers	739,559
總計	Total	786,366



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華 潤置地增值服務框架協議的年度上限載列 如下:

The annual caps in respect of the CR Land Value-added Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December				
		2021	2022	
本集團就社區增值服務收取 的費用	Fees to be received by the Group for the community value-added services	91,700	110,604	
本集團就針對物業開發商 的增值服務收取的費用	Fees to be received by the Group for the value-added services to property developers	863,897	915,919	
總計	Total	955,597	1,026,523	

### 10. 採購貨品與服務

### 背景

本公司與華潤置地於二零二零年十一月 二十日訂立採購貨品與服務框架協議(「華 潤置地採購框架協議」),據此,本集團可 不時自華潤置地關連人士採購若干種類的 貨品及服務,包括室內設計與施工、購買 傢俱及固定裝置和公用資源(水電)。

華潤置地採購框架協議初步年期為自上市 日期起至二零二二年十二月三十一日,可 經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤置地採購框架協議支付的 購買金額為人民幣99.412百萬元。截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二零二二 年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華潤置地 採購框架協議的年度購買金額上限分別為 人民幣590.954百萬元及人民幣860.366 百萬元。

### 10. PROCUREMENT OF GOODS AND SERVICES

### Background

The Company entered into the procurement of goods and services framework agreement with CR Land on 20 November 2020 (the "CR Land Procurement Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, procure from the CR Land Connected Persons certain types of goods and services which include interior design and construction, purchase of furniture and fixtures, and utilities (water and electricity).

The initial term of the CR Land Procurement Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The purchase amount paid by the Group under the CR Land Procurement Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is RMB99,412 thousands. The annual caps of the annual purchase amounts in respect of the CR Land Procurement Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are RMB590,954 thousands and RMB860,366 thousands, respectively.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 11. 提供物業管理服務

#### 背景

本公司與華潤(集團)於二零二零年十一 月二十日訂立提供物業管理服務框架協議 (「華潤(集團)物業管理服務框架協議」), 據此,本集團可不時就華潤(集團)關連人 士開發及/或擁有的住宅及/或商業物業 及其他物業向彼等提供物業管理服務。

華潤(集團)物業管理服務框架協議的初步 年期為自上市日期起至二零二二年十二月 三十一日,可經雙方同意後續期。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據華潤(集團)物業管理服務框架 協議收取的物業管理費載列如下:

### 11. PROVISION OF PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

#### Background

The Company entered into the provision of property management services framework agreement with CR Holdings on 20 November 2020 (the "CRH Property Management Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, provide property management services to the CRH Connected Persons for the residential and/or commercial properties and other properties developed and/or owned by them.

The initial term of the CRH Property Management Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

The property management fees received by the Group under the CRH Property Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

		(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
本集團收取的物業管理費 (商業物業)	Property management fees received by the Group (for commercial properties)	191,431
本集團收取的物業管理費 (住宅物業及其他公共設施)	Property management fees received by the Group (for residential properties and other public facilities)	38,175
總計	Total	229,606



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,華 潤(集團)物業管理服務框架協議的年度上 限載列如下:

The annual caps in respect of the CRH Property Management Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December				
		2021	2022	
本集團收取的物業管理費 (商業物業)	Property management fees to be received by the Group (for commercial properties)	376,173	498,685	
本集團收取的物業管理費 (住宅物業及其他公共設施)	Property management fees to be received by the Group (for residential properties and other public facilities)	48,449	66,951	
總計	Total	424,622	565,636	

### 12. 存款及其他金融服務

### 主要條款

本公司與珠海華潤銀行於二零二零年十一 月二十日訂立存款及金融服務框架協議 (「存款及金融服務框架協議」),據此, 本集團可不時(1)將現金存入珠海華潤銀 行,而珠海華潤銀行將向本集團提供存款 服務並就有關存款向本集團支付存款利 息;(2)使用珠海華潤銀行之商業銀行服 務,包括但不限於信用狀、擔保函、授出 附有抵押品的貸款、票據承兑及貼現服 務、貿易應收款項保理服務、提供貸款及 抵押、理財及現金管理服務、財務顧問服 務及訂約方協定之其他金融服務。存款及 金融服務框架協議(包括協議條款)符合珠 海華潤銀行與華潤置地於二零一九年十二 月九日訂立的「二零一九年華潤銀行戰略 合作協議」。

存款及金融服務框架協議的初步年期為自 上市日期起至二零二二年十二月三十一 日,可經雙方同意後續期。

### 12. DEPOSIT AND OTHER FINANCIAL SERVICES

### Principal terms

The Company entered into the deposit and financial service framework agreement with Zhuhai CR Bank on 20 November 2020 (the "Deposit and Financial Services Framework Agreement"), pursuant to which the Group may, from time to time, (1) deposit cash into Zhuhai CR Bank while Zhuhai CR Bank will provide deposit services and pay deposit interest to the Group on such deposits, and (2) use the commercial banking services of Zhuhai CR Bank including, but not limited to, letter of credit, letter of guarantee, granting of loans with collaterals, bill acceptance and discount services, account receivable factoring services, provision of loans and security, wealth and cash management services, financial consulting service and other financial services as agreed by the parties. The Deposit and Financial Services Framework Agreement (including the term of the agreement) is in line with the "CR Bank Strategic Cooperation Agreement 2019" dated 9 December 2019 entered into by Zhuhai CR Bank and CR Land.

The initial term of the Deposit and Financial Services Framework Agreement commenced on the Listing Date until 31 December 2022, subject to renewal by mutual consent.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團根據存款及金融服務框架協議存放 於珠海華潤銀行的最高每日存款額以及珠 海華潤銀行提供金融服務及產品單日最高 金額載列如下:

The maximum daily balance of deposits placed by the Group with Zhuhai CR Bank and maximum daily amount of financial services and products provided by Zhuhai CR Bank under the Deposit and Financial Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out below:

		(人民幣千元) (RMB'000)
本集團存放於珠海華潤銀行的最高每日 存款額	Maximum daily balance of deposits placed by the Group with Zhuhai CR Bank	448,839
珠海華潤銀行提供金融服務及產品單日 最高金額	Maximum daily amount of financial services and products provided by Zhuhai CR Bank	-

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日及截至二 零二二年十二月三十一日止兩個年度,存 款及金融服務框架協議的年度上限載列如 下:

The annual caps in respect of the Deposit and Financial Services Framework Agreement for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the year ending 31 December 2022 are set out below:

截至十二月三十一日止年度建議年度上限(人民幣千元) Proposed annual caps (RMB'000) for the year ending 31 December					
		2021	2022		
本集團存放於珠海華潤銀行的 最高每日存款額	Maximum daily balance of deposits to be placed by the Group with Zhuhai CR Bank	525,000	525,000		
珠海華潤銀行提供金融服務及 產品單日最高金額	Maximum daily amount of financial services and products to be provided by Zhuhai CR Bank	821,429	821,429		



#### 上市規則涵義及聯交所豁免

### Listing Rules Implications and Waivers from the Stock Exchange

根據上市規則,下列實體為本公司關連人 +:

The following entities are connected persons of the Company under the Listing Rules:

華潤置地關連人士 CR Land Connected Persons 華潤置地為本公司的控股股東,直接持有本公司股本約72.29%。

華潤(集團)關連人士

CR Land is the controlling shareholder of the Company, which directly own approximately 72.29% of the share capital of the Company.

**CRH Connected Persons** 

華潤置地由華潤(集團)間接持有約59.55%,而華潤(集團)由中國華潤有限公司間 接全資擁有。

珠海華潤銀行有限公司

CR Land is indirectly held as to approximately 59.55% by CR Holdings, which is in turn indirectly wholly-owned by China Resources Company Limited.

(「珠海華潤銀行」)

珠海華潤銀行為受中國銀行保險監督管理委員會監管的持牌銀行,總部設於中國珠 海。珠海華潤銀行的分行及支行遍佈中國不同地區,於該等地區經營並提供金融 及商業銀行服務。於本報告日期,珠海華潤銀行由華潤股份有限公司(持有華潤 (集團)100% 權益)持有約70.28%,因此,根據上市規則,珠海華潤銀行於上市

後成為本公司的關連人士。

China Resources Bank of Zhuhai Co., Ltd. ("Zhuhai CR Bank")

Zhuhai CR Bank is a licensed bank regulated by the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission and headquartered in Zhuhai, the PRC. It has branches and sub-branches in different locations in the PRC where it operates and provides financial and commercial banking services. As of the date of this report, Zhuhai CR Bank is held as to approximately 70.28% by China Resources Inc., which holds 100% of CR Holdings, and therefore is the connected person of the Company under the Listing Rules upon the listing.

據此,上述(1)華潤置地物業租賃框架協 議;(2)華潤(集團)物業租賃框架協議;(3) 停車位購買框架協議;(4)華潤(集團)採購 框架協議;(5)華潤(集團)商業運營服務框 架協議;(6)華潤(集團)增值服務框架協 議;(7)華潤置地物業管理服務框架協議; (8)華潤置地商業運營服務框架協議;(9)華 潤置地增值服務框架協議;(10)華潤置地 採購框架協議;(11)華潤(集團)物業管理 服務框架協議;及(12)存款及金融服務框 架協議(統稱「持續關連交易協議」)項下擬 進行之交易構成上市規則第14A章項下本 集團之持續關連交易。有關持續關連交易 協議之更多詳情載於本集團日期為二零二 零年十一月二十五日的招股章程(「招股章 程」)「關連交易」一節。

Accordingly, the transactions contemplated under each of (1) CR Land Property Leasing Framework Agreement; (2) CRH Property Leasing Framework Agreement; (3) Parking Spaces Purchase Framework Agreement; (4) CRH Procurement Framework Agreement; (5) CRH Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement; (6) CRH Value-added Services Framework Agreement; (7) CR Land Property Management Services Framework Agreement; (8) CR Land Commercial Operational Services Framework Agreement; (9) CR Land Value- added Services Framework Agreement; (10) CR Land Procurement Framework Agreement; (11) CRH Property Management Services Framework Agreement; and (12) Deposit and Financial Services Framework Agreement as mentioned above (collectively known as the "CCT Agreements") constitutes continuing connected transactions of the Group under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Further details of the CCT Agreements are set out under the section headed "Connected Transactions" in the Prospectus of the Group dated 25 November 2020 (the "Prospectus").

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

就持續關連交易協議而言,本公司已申請 並已獲香港聯交所豁免嚴格遵守(i)上市規 則第14A章有關上文「持續關連交易一非 豁免持續關連交易(須遵守申報、年度審 閱及公告規定)一節所披露持續關連交易 的公告規定;及(ii)上市規則第14A章有關 上文「持續關連交易一非豁免持續關連交 易(須遵守申報、年度審閲、公告及獨立 股東批准規定)」一節所披露持續關連交易 的公告及獨立股東批准規定。

#### 獨立非執行董事的確認

根據上市條例規則第14A.55條,獨立非 執行董事審閱了持續關連交易協議,確認 該等協議:

- 在本集團的日常及一般業務中訂立; (i)
- 按照一般商務條款或更佳條款訂 (ii) 立;及
- 根據有關協議的協定條款進行,而 條款公平合理,並且符合股東的整 體利益。

In respect of the CCT Agreements, the Company has applied for, and the Stock Exchange has granted us, waivers from strict compliance with (i) the announcement requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the continuing connected transaction as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions — Non-Exempt Continuing Connected Transactions (subject to reporting, annual review and announcement requirements)" above; and (ii) the announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules in respect of the continuing connected transactions as disclosed in the section headed "Continuing Connected Transactions — Non- Exempt Continuing Connected Transactions (subject to reporting, annual review, announcement and independent Shareholders' approval requirements)" above.

#### Confirmation from Independent Non-executive Directors

Pursuant to Rule 14A.55 of the Listing Rules, the independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the CCT Agreements, and confirmed the Agreements have been entered into:

- in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group;
- (ii) on normal commercial terms or better; and
- (iii) according to the agreements governing them on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Shareholders as a whole.



#### 本公司獨立核數師的確認

根據上市規則第14A.56條,本集團已委 任其核數師(「核數師」)根據香港會計師公 會頒佈的香港核證委聘準則第3000號(經 修訂)「審核或審閱過往財務數據以外之 核證委聘 | , 並參考實務説明第740號 「核 數師根據香港上市規則就持續關連交易發 出之函件」就本集團之持續關連交易作出 報告。核數師已就上文所述本集團截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之持續關 連交易發出載有其結果及結論之無保留函 件。本公司已向聯交所遞交核數師函件副 本。

### 關聯方交易

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 的關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註33。

載於綜合財務報表附註33之關聯方交易包括根 據會計準則披露之關聯方交易及根據上市規則 第14A章亦構成本公司的關連交易及持續關連 交易之關聯方交易。關於本公司董事及高級行 政人員之薪酬的關聯方交易已構成上市規則第 14A章所界定的持續關連交易。然而,根據上 市規則第14A章,該等交易可豁免遵守申報、 公告及獨立股東批准規定。除上文所披露的關 連交易及持續關連交易外,綜合財務報表附註 33所載的關聯方交易並不屬於上市規則第14A 章下「關連交易」或「持續關連交易」(視情況而 定)的定義。本公司確認其於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度已遵守上市規則第14A 章的披露規定或已獲聯交所批准豁免遵守有關 條文。

### Confirmations from the Company's Independent Auditor

In accordance with Rule 14A.56 of the Listing Rules, the Group has engaged its auditor (the "Auditor") to report on the Group's continuing connected transactions in accordance with Hong Kong Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 (Revised) "Assurance Engagements Other Than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" and with reference to Practice Note 740 "Auditor's Letter on Continuing Connected Transactions under the Hong Kong Listing Rules" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The Auditor has issued his unqualified letter containing his findings and conclusions in respect of the aforesaid continuing connected transactions conducted by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021. A copy of the auditor's letter has been delivered by the Company to the Stock Exchange.

### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements.

The related party transactions set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements include related party transactions disclosed under accounting standards and related party transactions which also constitute connected transactions and continuing connected transactions of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The related party transactions in respect of the remuneration of directors and chief executives of the Company constitute continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, these transactions are exempt from reporting, announcement and independent shareholders' approval requirements under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. Save as the connected transactions and continuing connected transactions disclosed above, the related party transactions set out in Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements do not fall within the definition of "connected transactions" or "continuing connected transactions" under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules (as the case may be). The Company confirmed that it was in compliance with the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules for the year ended 31 December 2021 or a waiver from such provisions has been obtained from the Stock Exchange.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 購買股份或債權證之安排

除本年報所披露者外,本公司、其控股公司 或其任何附屬公司於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度內任何時候概無訂立任何安 排,致使董事藉收購本公司或任何其他法人團 體的股份或包括債權證在內的債務證券而獲益。

# 主要客戶及供應商

我們的客戶主要包括物業開發商、業主及租 戶、業主委員會及住戶。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,我們 大部分物業管理及商業運營服務與華潤集團及 華潤置地開發的物業有關。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,來自本集團五大客戶 的收入額佔本集團總收入的41.3%(二零二零 年:39.6%),而來自本集團單一最大客戶華潤 置地的收入額佔本集團總收入的35.3%(二零二 零年:33.9%)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的客戶(除華潤集團及華潤置地外)均為獨立 第三方。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事、監事、高層管 理人員、任何據董事所深知持有本公司已發行 股本超過5%的股東或其緊密聯繫人擁有本集 團任何五大客戶(華潤集團及華潤置地除外)任 何權益。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,除華潤集團及華潤置地外,本集團的主要 供應商均非本集團的客戶。

本集團的供應商主要包括提供清潔、綠化及維 修養護服務的分包商、公用服務供應商、提供 裝修服務、廣告及社區生活服務的第三方商家 及業主。

### ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR **DEBENTURES**

Save as disclosed on this annual report, at no time during the year ended 31 December 2021 was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

Our customers primarily consist of property developers, property owners and tenants, property owners' associations and residents.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, a significant portion of our property management and commercial operational services was related to properties developed by CR Group and CR Land. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the revenue amounts from the Group's five largest customers accounted for 41.3% (2020: 39.6%) of the Group's total revenue and the revenue amount from the Group's single largest customer, CR Land, accounted for 35.3% (2020: 33.9%) of the Group's total revenue.

Other than CR Group and CR Land, the Group's customers during the year ended 31 December 2021 were all independent third parties.

Saved as disclosed above, none of the Directors, supervisors, members of senior management, any Shareholder who, to the best knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital or their close associates held any interest in any of the Group's five largest customers other than CR Group and CR Land. During the year ended 31 December 2021, other than CR Group and CR Land, none of the Group's major suppliers was the Group's customer.

The Group's suppliers primarily consist of subcontractors providing cleaning, greening services, and repair and maintenance services, services providers of utilities, third-party merchants providing renovation services, advertising and community living services and property owners.



截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,向本 集團五大供應商作出的採購額佔本集團採購總 額的23.3%(二零二零年:21.3%),而向本集 團單一最大客戶華潤置地作出的採購額佔本集 團採購總額的18.1%(二零二零年:12.7%)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,除華 潤集團及華潤置地外,本集團的主要供應商均 非本集團的客戶,而本集團所有主要供應商均 為獨立第三方。華潤集團及華潤置地於截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度亦為本集團單 一最大客戶。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團之供應商(華潤集團及華潤置地除外)均為獨 立第三方。

除上文所披露者外,概無董事、監事、高層管 理人員、任何據董事所深知持有本公司已發行 股本超過5%的股東或其緊密聯繫人擁有本集團 任何五大供應商(華潤集團及華潤置地除外)任 何權益。

# 財務概要

本集團最近五個財政年度的經審計綜合業績及 資產和負債概要(摘錄自經審計綜合財務報表) 載於本年報第240頁。該摘要不構成經審計綜合 財務報表的一部分。

### 優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島法例並無優先購買權 條文規定本公司須按比例向現有股東發售新股 份。

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the purchases amount from the Group's five largest suppliers accounted for 23.3% (2020: 21.3%) of the Group's total purchases and the purchases amount from the Group's single largest customer, CR Land, accounted for 18.1% (2020: 12.7%) of the Group's total purchases.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, other than CR Group and CR Land, none of the Group's major suppliers was also the Group's customer and all of the Group's major suppliers were independent third parties. CR Group and CR Land was also the Group's single largest customer during the year ended 31 December 2021.

Other than CR Group and CR Land, the Group's suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2021 were all independent third parties.

Saved as disclosed above, none of the Directors, supervisors, members of senior management, any Shareholders who, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital, or their close associates had any interest in any of the Group's five largest suppliers other than CR Group and CR Land.

# FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the audited consolidated results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years, as extracted from the audited consolidated financial statements, is set out on page 240 of this annual report. This summary does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing Shareholders.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 上市證券持有人的稅務寬減及豁免

本公司並不知悉本公司股東可因各自持有本公 司證券而獲任何税務寬減或豁免。

### 附屬公司、合營公司與聯營公司

本公司附屬公司、合營公司與聯營公司的詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註1。

# 物業、廠房及設備

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度的物業、廠房及設備變動之詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註14。

### 股本及已發行股份

本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度的股本變動之詳情以及截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度的已發行股份之詳情載於綜 合財務報表附註29。

### 充足的公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開取得之資料及就董事會所知, 於本年報日期,本公司已維持上市規則規定(經 聯交所就上市授出的豁免修訂)的公眾持股量。

### 已發行債權證

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 **国並無發行任何債權證。** 

### TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION OF HOLDERS OF LISTED SECURITIES

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to the Shareholders of the Company by reason of their respective holding of the Company's securities.

### SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are set out in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements

# PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

### SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARES ISSUED

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 and details of the Shares issued during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

According to the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Board, as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained the public float as required under the Listing Rules as modified by the waiver granted by the Stock Exchange upon the Listing.

#### DEBENTURE ISSUED

The Group did not issue any debenture during the year ended 31 December 2021.



### 慈善損款

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的慈善捐款約為人民幣9,706元。

# 股權掛鈎協議

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 1 年度,本集 團並無訂立或存續任何股權掛鈎協議。

### 業績及股息

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 之綜合業績載於綜合損益及其他全面收益表第 126頁。

董事會建議於二零二二年八月十日或前後向於 二零二二年六月二十二日名列本公司股東名冊 的股東派付截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度的末期股息港幣0.339元(折合人民幣0.276 元(「二零二一年末期股息」)。

二零二一年末期股息將以港幣(「港幣」)現金 派發予各股東,除非股東選擇以人民幣(「人民 幣」)收取二零二一年末期股息。

股東有權選擇按照以港幣1.0元兑人民幣0.8134 元之匯率(即緊接二零二二年三月三十日前五個 營業日中國人民銀行公佈的港幣兑人民幣平均 基準匯率)計算以人民幣收取全部或部分二零 二一年末期股息。倘股東選擇以人民幣收取二 零二一年末期股息,則該股息將以每股人民幣 0.276元派付予股東。股東須填妥股息貨幣選擇 表格(於釐定股東享有收取二零二一年末期股息 權利的記錄日期二零二二年六月二十二日後, 該表格預計於實際可行情況下盡快於二零二二 年七月初寄發予股東)以作出有關選擇,並最遲 須於二零二二年七月二十日下午四時三十分前 交回本公司之股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券登記 有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中 心54樓)。

有意選擇以人民幣支票收取全部或部分股息的 股東應注意,(i)彼等應確保彼等持有適當的銀 行賬戶,以使收取股息的人民幣支票可兑現; 及(ii)概不保證人民幣支票於香港結算並無重大 手續費或不會有所延誤或人民幣支票能夠於香 港境外兑現時過戶。支票預計於二零二二年八 月十日以普通郵遞方式寄發予相關股東,郵誤 風險由股東自行承擔。

### CHARITABLE DONATION

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's charitable donation amounted to approximately RMB9,706.

# **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

No equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The consolidation results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out on page 126 of consolidated statement of profit of loss and other comprehensive income.

The Board recommended a final dividend of HK\$0.339 (equivalent to RMB0.276) ("2021 Final Dividend") for the year ended 31 December 2021 payable on or around 10 August 2022 to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 22 June 2022.

The 2021 Final Dividend will be payable in cash to each shareholder in Hong Kong Dollars ("HKD") unless an election is made to receive the same in Renminbi ("RMB").

Shareholders will be given the option to elect to receive all or part of the 2021 Final Dividend in RMB at the exchange rate of HKD1.0: RMB0.8134, being the average benchmark exchange rate of HKD to RMB as published by the People's Bank of China during the five business days immediately before 30 March 2022. If shareholders elect to receive the 2021 Final Dividend in RMB, such dividend will be paid to shareholders at RMB0.276 per share. To make such election, shareholders should complete the dividend currency election form which is expected to be dispatched to shareholders in early July 2022 as soon as practicable after the record date of 22 June 2022 to determine shareholders' entitlement to the 2021 Final Dividend, and lodge it to branch share registrar of the Company, Tricor Investors Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on 20 July 2022.

Shareholders who are minded to elect to receive all or part of their dividends in RMB by cheques should note that (i) they should ensure that they have an appropriate bank account to which the RMB cheques for dividend can be presented for payment; and (ii) there is no assurance that RMB cheques can be cleared without material handling charges or delay in Hong Kong or that RMB cheques will be honored for payment upon presentation outside Hong Kong. The cheques are expected to be posted to the relevant shareholders by ordinary post on 10 August 2022 at the shareholders' own risk.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

倘於二零二二年七月二十日下午四時三十分前 本公司之股份過戶登記分處並無收到有關該股 東填妥的股息貨幣選擇表格,有關股東將自動 以港幣收取二零二一年末期股息。所有港幣股 息將於二零二二年八月十日或前後以慣常方式 支付。

倘股東有意以慣常方式以港幣收取二零二一年 末期股息,則毋須作出額外行動。

有關股息派付之任何可能税務影響,股東應向 其本身之税務顧問尋求專業意見。

概無本公司股東已經或同意放棄任何股息之安 排。

### 獲准許彌償

根據組織章程細則,在不違反適用法律法規的 情況下,各董事將獲本公司以資產及溢利作彌 償保證,確保不會因彼等或彼等任何一方於履 職過程中引致或蒙受的所有訴訟、費用、收 費、損失、損害及開支而受損。

有關獲准許彌償的條文已於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度生效。本公司已投購責 任險,為董事提供適當保障。

### 儲備

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團及本公司儲備之變動詳情載於綜合權益變動 表及綜合財務報表附註30。

### 可供分配儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司之可供 分配儲備乃根據開曼群島公司法之條文計算, 約為人民幣115億元。

If no duly completed dividend currency election form in respect of that shareholder is received by the branch share registrar of the Company by 4:30 p.m. on 20 July 2022, such shareholder will automatically receive the 2021 Final Dividend in HKD. All dividend payments in HKD will be made in the usual ways on or around 10 August 2022.

If shareholders wish to receive the 2021 Final Dividend in HKD in the usual way, no additional action is required.

Shareholders should seek professional advice with their own tax advisers regarding the possible tax implications of the dividend payment.

There is no arrangement that a shareholder of the Company has waived or agreed to waive any dividend.

### PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the Articles of Association and subject to the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in or about the execution of their duty in their offices.

Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Company has taken out liability insurance to provide appropriate coverage for the Directors.

### RESERVES

Details of the movements in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 30 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves available for distribution, calculated in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands, amounted to approximately RMB11.5 billion.



### 銀行貸款及其他借款

本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日之銀行貸 款及其他借款之詳情載於本年報及綜合財務報 表附註28。

# 董事服務合同

各董事已與本公司訂立服務合同或委任函,初 步為期3年,自上市日期起生效。

董事概無與本集團成員公司訂立本集團不可於 一年內免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止的服務 合同。

### 董事於重大交易、安排或合同的權益

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內或 結束時,概無董事或與董事有關連的任何實體 於任何本公司、其控股公司、或其任何附屬公 司或同系附屬公司為其中一方的重大交易、安 排或合同中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

# 董事於競爭業務的權益

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概無 董事或彼等各自緊密聯繫人(定義見上市規則) 於直接或間接與本集團業務構成或可能構成競 爭關係的業務中擁有任何權益,惟作為本公司 及/或其附屬公司董事除外。

### 董事及高級管理人員薪酬

本集團董事及高級管理人員的酬金由董事會經 參考薪酬委員會所提供的推薦建議並計及個人 表現及可資比較市場統計數據後而決定。

有關本集團董事酬金及五名最高薪酬人士(包括 三名董事)的酬金詳情載於綜合財務報表附註附 註9及附註10。

### BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as at 31 December 2021 are in this annual report and Note 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the Directors has entered into a service contract or letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of 3 years with effect from the Listing Date.

None of the Directors has a service contract with members of the Group that is not terminable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS. ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS OF **SIGNIFICANCE**

None of the Directors nor any entity connected with the Directors had a material interest, either directly or indirectly, in any transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party subsisting during or at the end of the year ended 31 December 2021.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business that competed or was likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than being a director of the Company and/or its subsidiaries.

### COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group are decided by the Board with reference to the recommendation given by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Details of the Directors' emoluments and emoluments of the five highest paid individuals (included three Directors) in the Group are set out in Note 9 and Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團概無向任何董事或任何五名最高薪酬人士支 付任何酬金,作為加入本集團或於加入本集團 時的獎勵或作為離職補償。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度,概無董事放棄或同意 放棄任何酬金。

除上文所披露者外,截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無向或代表任何董 事支付其他款項,亦無應付任何董事的其他款 項。

### 與控股股東的合同

除本年報所載「關連交易」、「持續關連交易」、 「關聯方交易」及「管理層討論與分析」各節以 及綜合財務報表附註33所披露者外,本公司或 其任何附屬公司與控股股東或其任何附屬公司 概無於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 訂立重大合同及概無訂立於年末存續的重大合 同,亦無就控股股東或其任何附屬公司向本公 司或其任何附屬公司提供服務於截至二零二-年十二月三十一日止年度訂立重大合同或訂立 於年末存續的重大合同。

### 不競爭承諾

於二零二零年十二月十日,華潤置地以本公司 為受益人訂立不競爭承諾,據此(其中包括), 華潤置地已向本公司作出若干不競爭承諾。有 關不競爭承諾的詳情載於本招股章程「與控股股 東的關係 — 華潤置地不競爭承諾」一節。

華潤置地確認其及其緊密聯繫人於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度已遵守不競爭承 諾。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 獨立非執行董事已開展有關審閱,亦已審閱有 關承諾,並信納不競爭承諾已獲全面遵守。

For the year ended 31 December 2021, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any Director or any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors has waived or agreed to waive any emoluments for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Except as disclosed above, no other payments have been made or are payable, for the year ended 31 December 2021, by the Group to or on behalf of any of the Directors.

# CONTRACTS WITH CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

Other than disclosed in the sections headed "Connected Transactions", "Continuing Connected Transactions", "Related Party Transactions" and "Management Discussion and Analysis" and Note 33 to the consolidated financial statements contained in this annual report, no contract of significance was entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the Controlling Shareholders or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2021 or subsisted at the end of the year and no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by a Controlling Shareholder or any of its subsidiaries was entered into during the year ended 31 December 2021 or subsisted at the end of the year.

### NON-COMPETITION UNDERTAKING

On 10 December 2020, CR Land entered into a non-competition undertaking in favor of the Company, pursuant to which, among other things, CR Land has given certain non-competition undertakings to the Company. Details of the non-competition undertaking are set out in the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders- CR Land Non-competition Undertaking" in the Prospectus.

CR Land confirmed that it and its close associates have complied with the non-competition undertaking for the year ended 31 December 2021. The independent non-executive Directors have conducted such review for the year ended 31 December 2021 and also reviewed the relevant undertakings and are satisfied that the non-competition undertaking has been fully complied with.



# 與利益相關方的關係

本集團深明僱員、客戶及業務夥伴是其可持續 發展的關鍵。本集團致力與僱員建立密切及關 懷的關係,為客戶提供優質服務,並加強與其 業務夥伴的合作。本公司為員工提供公平及安 全的工作環境,促進員工多元化發展,並基於 彼等的優點及表現提供具競爭力的薪酬及福利 以及職業發展機會。本集團亦持續為僱員提供 充分的培訓及發展資源,讓彼等了解最新市場 及行業發展資訊,同時提高彼等的表現及在崗 位中實現自我發展。有關本集團僱員的進一步 詳情載於本報告「人力資源」一段。

本集團深明與客戶保持良好關係的重要性,為 客戶提供滿足彼等需要及要求的產品。本集團 透過與客戶持續互動以洞悉不同產品日益轉變 的市場需求,使本集團能夠積極回應市場需 要,藉此增強彼此關係。本集團亦設立程序處 理客戶投訴,確保及時迅速解決客戶投訴。

本集團亦致力與供應商及承包商等長期業務夥 伴建立良好關係,確保本集團業務穩定發展。 本集團持續透過積極有效的方式溝通,加強與 供應商及承包商的業務夥伴關係。

### 管理合同

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概無 訂立或存在有關本公司全部業務或任何重大部 分業務之管理及行政之合同。

# 核數師

自上市日期起至截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,核數師並無變動。截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表已由執 業會計師安永會計師事務所審核,並擬於本公 司應屆股東週年大會上重新委任該核數師。

### RELATIONSHIP WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Group recognizes that employees, customers and business partners are keys to its sustainable development. The Group is committed to establishing a close and caring relationship with its employees, providing quality services to its customers and enhancing cooperation with its business partners. The Company provides a fair and safe workplace, promotes diversity to its staff, provides competitive remuneration and benefits and career development opportunities based on their merits and performance. The Group also puts ongoing efforts to provide adequate trainings and development resources to the employees so that they can keep abreast of the latest development of the market and the industry and, at the same time, improve their performance and self-fulfillment in their positions. Further details in relation to the Group's employees are set out in the paragraph headed "Human Resources" in this report.

The Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with customers and provide the products in a way that satisfies needs and requirements of the customers. The Group enhances the relationship by continuous interaction with customers to gain insight on the changing market demand for the products so that the Group can respond proactively. The Group has also established procedures in place for handling customers' complaints to ensure customers' complaints are dealt with in a prompt and timely manner.

The Group is also dedicated to developing good relationship with suppliers and contractors as long-term business partners to ensure stability of the Group's business. The Group reinforces business partnerships with suppliers and contractors by ongoing communication in a proactive manner.

#### MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contract, concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### **AUDITOR**

There has been no change in auditors since the Listing Date to the year ended 31 December 2021. The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by Ernst & Young, Certified Public Accountants, who are proposed for reappointment at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

### 控股股東之特定履約責任

本公司訂立下列具有其控股股東的具體表現契 諾的貸款協議。於本報告日期,該等貸款協 議的責任繼續存續。於本報告日期,華潤集 團直接或間接實益擁有本公司已發行股本約 73.72%, 而華潤置地為本公司最大單一股東, 直接擁有本公司已發行股本約72.29%及控制本 公司。

- 於二零二一年六月二十八日,本公司就總 數最高為港幣620,000,000元的貸款融資 訂立一份循環貸款融資函件,融資並無固 定年期,須按貸款人要求償還。詳情載於 日期為二零二一年六月二十八日的公告。 本公司承諾在貸款期間,華潤集團應直接 或間接持有不少於35%本公司實益擁有 權,華潤置地應為本公司最大單一股東、 直接或間接持有不少於51%本公司實益擁 有權及控制本公司。倘發生該融資函件項 下的控制權改變導致違反有關承諾,根據 該融資函件,貸款人可宣佈取消提供貸款 額度及/或宣佈所有未償還款項連同貸款 額度項下所有應計利息及其他所有本公司 需於該融資函件項下支付的款項即時到期 及須予償還。
- 於二零二一年十月二十日,本公司就總數 最高為港幣600,000,000元的貸款融資訂 立一份循環貸款融資函件,於12個月到 期。詳情載於日期為二零二一年十月二十 日的公告。本公司承諾在貸款期間,本公 司應促使華潤集團及華潤置地維持分別直 接或間接持有不少於35%及51%本公司 已發行股本。倘發生違反該融資函件項下 的有關承諾,根據該融資函件,貸款人可 宣佈取消提供貸款額度及/或宣佈所有未 償還款項連同貸款額度項下所有應計利息 及其他所有本公司需於該融資函件項下支 付的款項即時到期及須予償還。

### SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS ON CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER

The Company entered into the following loan agreements which have specific performance covenant of its controlling shareholders. The obligations of such loan agreements continue to exist as of the date of this report. As at the date of this report, CRH beneficially owns directly or indirectly approximately 73.72% of the issued share capital of the Company, and CR Land is the single largest shareholder of the Company, directly owning approximately 72.29% of the issued share capital of the Company and being able to control the Company.

- A revolving loan facility letter for a facility in an aggregate amount up to HKD620,000,000 with no fixed term and is repayable on demand by the lender was entered into on 28 June 2021, details of which have been disclosed in the announcement dated 28 June 2021. The Company undertakes that during the term of the facility, CRH shall directly or indirectly own no less than 35% of the beneficial ownership of the Company, and CR Land shall remain as the single largest shareholder of the Company, directly or indirectly owning no less than 51% of the beneficial ownership of the Company and being able to control the Company. If a change of control resulting in violation of the relevant undertakings under this facility letter occurs, the lender may declare any commitment under this facility letter to be cancelled and/or declare the outstanding loans, together with all the interests accrued thereon, and all other amounts due under this facility letter shall become immediately due and payable.
- A revolving loan facility letter for a facility in an aggregate amount of up to HKD600,000,000 with a maturity date of 12 months was entered into on 20 October 2021, details of which have been disclosed in the announcement dated 20 October 2021. The Company undertakes that during the term of the facility, the Company shall procure that CRH and CR Land remain directly or indirectly interested in no less than 35% and 51% of the issued share capital of the Company respectively. If violation of the relevant undertakings under this facility letter occurs, the lender may declare any commitment under this facility letter to be cancelled and/or declare the outstanding loans, together with all the interests accrued thereon, and all other amounts due under this facility letter shall become immediately due and payable.



於二零二二年三月二十三日,本公司就總 數最高為人民幣1,000,000,000元的貸款 融資訂立一份循環貸款融資函件,於12 個月到期。詳情載於日期為二零二二年三 月二十三日的公告。本公司承諾在貸款期 間,本公司應促使華潤置地維持直接或間 接持有不少於51%本公司已發行股本並繼 續成為本公司的最大單一股東。倘發生違 反該融資函件項下的有關承諾,根據該融 資函件,貸款人可宣佈取消提供預付本金 及貸款額度及/或宣佈所有未償還款項連 同貸款額度項下所有應計利息及其他所有 本公司需於該融資函件項下支付的款項即 時到期及須予償還。

#### 根據上市規則須持續披露之責任

除本年報所披露者外,本公司並無任何其他根 據上市規則第13.20條、第13.21條及第13.22條 須披露的責任。

#### 股東週年大會

二零二二年股東週年大會(「二零二二年股東週 年大會」)將於二零二二年六月十四日舉行。二 零二二年股東週年大會通告及所有其他相關文 件將於適當時候刊發並寄發予本公司股東。

A revolving loan facility letter for a facility in an aggregate amount of up to RMB1,000,000,000 with a maturity date of 12 months was entered into on 23 March 2022, details of which have been disclosed in the announcement dated 23 March 2022. The Company undertakes that during the term of the facility, the Company shall procure that CR Land remain directly or indirectly interested in no less than 51% of the issued share capital of the Company and remain to be the single largest shareholder of the Company. If violation of the relevant undertakings under this facility letter occurs, the lender may declare any commitment under this facility letter to be cancelled and/or declare the principal amount advanced and the outstanding loans, together with all the interests accrued thereon, and all other amounts due under this facility letter shall become immediately due and payable.

#### CONTINUING DISCLOSURE OBLIGATIONS PURSUANT TO THE LISTING RULES

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Company does not have any other disclosure obligations under Rules 13.20, 13.21 and 13.22 of the Listing Rules.

#### ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The 2022 annual general meeting (the "2022 AGM") will be held on 14 June 2022. Notice of the 2022 AGM and all other relevant documents will be published and despatched to shareholders of the Company in due course.

# 董事會報告

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

本公司將於以下期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手 續:

- 二零二二年六月八日至二零二二年六月 1. 十四日(包括首尾兩天)期間概不會辦理股 份猧戶登記手續,以確定股東出席本公司 將於二零二二年六月十四日舉行的股東週 年大會並於會上投票的資格。為符合資格 出席二零二二年股東週年大會並於會上投 票,所有過戶文件連同有關股票最遲須於 二零二二年六月七日下午四時三十分前送 抵本公司香港股份過戶登記處卓佳證券登 記有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183 號合和中心54樓),以辦理登記手續;及
- 待股東於大會上涌過後,所建議之末期股 2. 息將派予於二零二二年六月二十二日下午 四時三十分營業時間結束後名列本公司股 東名冊內之股東,並且,本公司將於二零 二二年六月二十二日暫停辦理股份過戶登 記手續,此期間將不會辦理本公司股份過 戶登記手續。為符合享有建議之末期股息 之資格,所有股份過戶文件連同有關股 票,最遲須於二零二二年六月二十一日下 午四時三十分前送達本公司之香港股份過 戶登記處卓佳證券登記有限公司,地址同 上。

#### CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

The register of members of the Company will be closed during the following periods:

- from 8 June 2022 to 14 June 2022, both days inclusive and during which period no share transfer will be effected, for the purpose of ascertaining shareholders' entitlement to attend and vote at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 14 June 2022. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged for registration with the Company's Hong Kong share registrar, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Center, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong, not later than 4:30 p.m. on 7 June 2022; and
- subject to the approval of shareholders at the meeting, the proposed final dividend will be payable to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company after the close of business of the Company at 4:30 p.m. on 22 June 2022 and the register of members of the Company will be closed on 22 June 2022, during which no transfer of shares of the Company will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates lodged with the Company's Hong Kong share register, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at the above address not later than 4:30 p.m. on 21 June 2022.



#### 董事於本公司及其任何相聯法團的股 份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉

#### 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事或本公 司最高行政人員於本公司或其相聯法團(定義見 證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份及 債權證中擁有載入本公司根據證券及期貨條例 第352條須存置的登記冊內,或根據上市規則附 錄十所載之標準守則須知會本公司及聯交所的 權益及淡倉如下:

#### 本公司權益

#### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OF ITS ASSOCIATED CORPORATIONS

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of our Directors or chief executives of our Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of our Company or its associated corporation (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules were as follows:

#### INTEREST IN THE COMPANY

董事姓名 Name of Director	權益性質 Nature of interest		持股百分比 <sup>(2)</sup> pproximate ercentage of holding <sup>(2)</sup>
喻霖康先生 Mr. YU Linkang	其他 <sup>⑶</sup> Others <sup>⑶</sup>	358,304 (L)	0.02%
王海民先生 Mr. WANG Haimin	其他 <sup>③</sup> Others <sup>③</sup>	52,955 (L)	0.00%
魏小華女士 Ms. WEI Xiaohua	其他 <sup>③</sup> Others <sup>③</sup>	263,459 (L)	0.01%
陽紅霞女士 Ms. YANG Hongxia	其他 <sup>⑶</sup> Others <sup>⑶</sup>	358,304 (L)	0.02%

#### 附註:

- 字母「L」指該人士所持股份好倉。 1.
- 按於二零二一年十二月三十一日已發行股份總 2 數2,282,500,000股為基準計算。
- 喻霖康先生、王海民先生、魏小華女士及陽紅 3. 霞女士透過CICC Financial Trading Limited設 立的資產管理計劃根據僱員優先發售認購並持 有權益。有關僱員優先發售的進一步資料,請 參閱招股章程。

#### Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in our Shares.
- 2. The calculation is based on the total number of 2,282,500,000 shares in issue as at 31 December 2021.
- Mr. Yu Linkang, Mr. Wang Haimin, Ms. Wei Xiaohua and Ms. Yang Hongxia subscribed and hold interests under the Employee Preferential Offering through the asset management schemes established by CICC Financial Trading Limited. For further information on the Employee Preferential Offering, please refer to the Prospectus.

# 董事會報告

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 華潤置地權益

#### INTEREST IN CR LAND

董事姓名 Name of Director	權益性質 Nature of interest	普通股數目 <sup>(1)</sup> 概約持股百分比 <sup>(2)</sup> Number of Approximate ordinary percentage of shares <sup>(1)</sup> holding <sup>(2)</sup>
李欣先生 Mr. LI Xin	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	40,000 (L) 0.00%

#### 附註:

- 1. 字母「L」指該人士所持股份好倉。
- 按於二零二一年十二月三十一日已發行股份總 數7,130,939,579股為基準計算。

# 江中藥業股份有限公司(「華潤江中」)權

#### Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in our Shares.
- 2 The calculation is based on the total number of 7,130,939,579 shares in issue as at 31 December 2021.

#### INTEREST IN JIANGZHONG PHARMACEUTICAL CO., LTD ("CR JIANGZHONG")

董事姓名 Name of Director	普通股數 Numbe 權益性質 ordin Nature of interest shar	ary percentage of
郭世清先生 Mr. GUO Shiqing	其他 <sup>(3)</sup> 51,700 Others <sup>(3)</sup>	0.01%

#### 附註:

- 字母「L」指該人士所持股份好倉。 1
- 按於二零二一年十二月三十一日已發行股份總 數630,000,000股為基準計算。
- 郭世清先生被視為擁有其配偶之51,700股股份 之權益。

除上文所披露者,於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,概無任何本公司董事或最高行政人員於本 公司或其相關法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第 XV 部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或被 視為擁有任何(a)記入本公司根據證券及期貨條 例第352條須存置之登記冊內的權益或淡倉;或 (b)根據標準守則須通知本公司及聯交所的權益 或淡倉。

#### Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in our Shares.
- 2. The calculation is based on the total number of 630,000,000 shares in issue as at 31 December 2021.
- Mr. Guo Shiqing was deemed to be interested 51,700 shares through interest of his spouse.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or the chief executives of the Company had, or were deemed to have, any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which (a) were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO; or (b) were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.



### 主要股東於股份及相關股份的權益及 淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,據董事所知, 以下人士(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)及 公司於本公司股份或相關股份中擁有記錄於本 公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置的登 記冊的權益或淡倉:

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING **SHARES**

As at 31 December 2021, so far as the Directors are aware, the following persons (other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company) and companies had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to section 336 of the SFO:

股東名稱 Shareholder	身份/權益性質 Capacity/Nature of interest	普通股數目 <sup>(1)</sup> Number of ordinary shares <sup>(1)</sup>	持股概約百分比 <sup>(2)</sup> Approximate percentage of holding <sup>(2)</sup>
中國華潤有限公司 <sup>(3)</sup> China Resources Company Limited <sup>(3)</sup>	受控制公司權益 Interest in controlled corporation	1,682,666,000 (L)	73.72%
華潤股份有限公司 <sup>(3)</sup> China Resources Inc. <sup>(3)</sup>	受控制公司權益 Interest in controlled corporation	1,682,666,000 (L)	73.72%
CRC Bluesky Limited <sup>(3)</sup> CRC Bluesky Limited <sup>(3)</sup>	受控制公司權益 Interest in controlled corporation	1,682,666,000 (L)	73.72%
華潤(集團) <sup>(3)</sup> CR Holdings <sup>(3)</sup>	受控制公司權益 Interest in controlled corporation	1,682,666,000 (L)	73.72%
CRH (Land) Limited <sup>(3)</sup> CRH (Land) Limited <sup>(3)</sup>	受控制公司權益 Interest in controlled corporation	1,650,000,000 (L)	73.72%
	實益持有人 Beneficial owner	32,644,400 (L)	
華潤置地 <sup>(3)</sup> CR Land <sup>(3)</sup>	實益持有人 Beneficial owner	1,650,000,000 (L)	72.29%

# 董事會報告

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

#### 附註:

- 字母「L」指該人士所持股份好倉。 1.
- 按於二零二一年十二月三十一日已發行股份總 數2,282,500,000 股為基準計算。
- 華 潤 置 地 、 Commotra Company Limited 及CRH (Land) Limited分別直接持有本公司 1,650,000,000股、21,600股以及32,644,400 股股份,華潤置地由CRH (Land) Limited持 有 59.51% 權 益 , 華 潤 ( 集 團 ) 為 Commotra Company Limited 及 CRH (Land) Limited 之唯一股東,而華潤(集團)是CRC Bluesky Limited 的 全 資 附 屬 公 司 , CRC Bluesky Limited由華潤股份有限公司全資擁有,而華 潤股份有限公司則由中國華潤有限公司全資 擁有,因此,CRH (Land) Limited、華潤(集 團)、CRC Bluesky Limited、華潤股份有限公 司以及中國華潤有限公司均被視為擁有本公司 1,682,666,000股股份的權益。

除上文所披露外,於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,概無任何其他人士於本公司的股份及相關 股份中擁有根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部第2 及第3部分規定須向本公司披露的權益和淡倉, 或記錄於本公司遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條 存置的登記冊的權益或淡倉。

#### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公 司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本 公司任何上市證券。

#### Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in our Shares.
- The calculation is based on the total number of 2,282,500,000 shares in issue as at 31 December 2021
- CR Land, Commotra Company Limited and CRH (Land) Limited directly held 1,650,000,000 shares, 21,600 shares and 32,644,400 shares of the Company, respectively. CR Land is owned as to 59.51% by CRH (Land) Limited. CR Holdings is the sole shareholder of Commotra Company Limited and CRH (Land) Limited. Moreover, CR Holdings is a whollyowned subsidiary of CRC Bluesky Limited, which is in turn wholly-owned by China Resources Inc. China Resources Inc. is wholly-owned by China Resources Company Limited. Thus, CRH (Land) Limited, CR Holdings, CRC Bluesky Limited, China Resources Inc. and China Resources Company Limited are deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 1,682,666,00 shares in the Company.

Save as aforesaid, as at 31 December 2021, no other person had any interest or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provision of Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO or which were recorded in the register kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED **SECURITIES**

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any listed securities of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021.



#### 首次公開發售所得款項淨額用途

本集團股份於二零二零年十二月九日於聯交所 成功上市(「上市」),經扣除承銷費用及相關開 支,總上市所得款項淨額約為人民幣11,600.4 百萬元。

誠如招股章程所載,本集團擬將該等所得款項 作以下用途:(i)所得款項淨額的約60%用於擴大 物業管理和商業運營業務的戰略投資和收購; (ii)所得款項淨額的約15%用於提供增值服務和 本行業上下游供應鏈的戰略性投資;(jii)所得款 項淨額的約15%用於投資信息技術系統和智能 化社區; (iv)所得款項淨額的約10%用於營運資 金及一般公司用途。

至二零二一年十二月三十一日止,上市所得款 項人民幣1,379.9百萬元已獲使用,餘額於香港 及中國的持牌銀行以銀行存款方式持有,並擬 以招股章程內所載之分配方式使用。

#### USE OF NET PROCEEDS FROM INITIAL PUBLIC **OFFERING**

The shares of the Group were successfully listed on the Stock Exchange on 9 December 2020 (the "Listing"), with total net proceeds of the Listing amounted to approximately RMB11,600.4 million after deducting the underwriting fees and relevant expenses.

As set out in the Prospectus, the Group intends to use the proceeds for the purposes and in the amounts set forth below: (i) approximately 60% of the net proceeds for making strategic investments and acquisitions to expand our property management and commercial operational businesses; (ii) approximately 15% of the net proceeds for pursuing strategic investment in providers of value-added services and across the upstream and downstream supply chain of our industry; (iii) approximately 15% of the net proceeds for investing in information technology systems and smart communities; and (iv) approximately 10% of the net proceeds for working capital and general corporate uses.

As at 31 December 2021, RMB1,379.9 million of the proceeds of the Listing had been utilized. The remaining amounts were held by way of bank deposits with licensed banks in Hong Kong or the PRC and are intended to be used in the manner set out in the Prospectus.

# 董事會報告

# REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

下表為截至二零二一年十二月三十一日本公司 首次公開發售募集的所得款項淨額使用情況連 同預計使用時間表:

The following table sets forth the status of use of net proceeds from the Company's initial public offering as of 31 December 2021 together with the expected timeline of use:

招股:	章程所述的業務目標	比例	所得款項淨 額計劃用途	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 未動用所得款項	截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度所得款項 淨額的實際用途 Actual use of	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 未動用所得款項	悉數動用上市所得 款項淨額的預期 時間表
Busi	ness objective as stated in the Prospectus	Proportion	Planned use of net proceeds	Proceeds unused as of 31 December 2020	net proceeds during the year ended 31 December 2021	Proceeds unused as of 31 December 2021	Expected timeline for fully utilizing the net proceeds from the Listing
					好百萬元 million		
(i)	擴大物業管理和商業運營業務的戰略投資 和收購 Making strategic investments and acquisitions to expand our property management and commercial operational businesses	60%	6,960.3	6,960.3	-	6,960.3	於二零二五年 十二月前 By December 2025
(ii)	提供增值服務和本行業上下游供應鏈的戰略性投資 Pursuing strategic investment in providers of value-added services and across the upstream and downstream supply chain of our industry	15%	1,740.1	1,740.1	92.1	1,648.0	於二零二五年 十二月前 By December 2025
(iii)	投資信息技術系統和智能化社區 Investing in information technology systems and smart communities	15%	1,740.1	1,740.1	127.8	1,612.3	於二零二五年 十二月前 By December 2025
(iv)	營運資金及一般公司用途 Working capital and general corporate uses	10%	1,160.0	1,160.0	1,160.0	-	於二零二五年 十二月前 By December 2025
		100%	11,600.4	11,600.4	1,379.9	10,220.5	

附註:

Note:

The sum of the data may not add up to the total due to rounding

由於四捨五入,數據總和未必等於總和。



#### 審核委員會及對財務報表之審閱

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21條及企業管治 守則成立審核委員會。審核委員會擔當的角色 及履行的職責詳情載於本年報內的企業管治報 告。審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事及一名 非執行董事組成,分別為陳宗彝先生(主席)、 張國正先生、秦虹女士及郭世清先生,並已與 本公司管理層審閱本集團截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合財務報表,認 為編製該等報表時已遵守適用會計準則及規 定,並已作出足夠披露。於報告期間內並無任 何重大會計政策變動,及於報告期間內亦並無 任何因糾正重大錯誤而作出的前期調整。

#### 資產負債表日期後的重大事項

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度後, 本公司曾進行下列交易:

於二零二二年一月五日,潤楹物業科技服 1. 務有限公司(「潤楹」)(為本公司全資附屬 公司,作為擬買方)與天津禹佳生活服務 有限公司(「天津禹佳」)(作為擬賣方)就擬 買賣禹洲物業服務有限公司(「禹洲物業服 務」)的股權訂立框架協議,禹洲物業服務 乃主要於中國從事物業管理服務業務。此 收購事項構成須予披露交易。於二零二二 年三月八日,潤楹與天津禹佳及禹洲物業 服務訂立股權轉讓協議,代價為人民幣 1,058百萬元。於本報告日期,此收購事 項己經完成。

#### AUDIT COMMITTEE AND REVIEW OF FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

The Company has established the Audit Committee in compliance with Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and the CG Code. Details of the role and work performed by the Audit Committee are set out in the Corporate Governance Report contained in this annual report. The Audit Committee, which comprises three independent non-executive Directors and one non-executive Director (namely Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan (Chairman), Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching, Ms. QIN Hong and Mr. GUO Shiging), have reviewed the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 with the Company's management and considered that such statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and requirements with sufficient disclosure. There has not been any significant changes in accounting policies during the Reporting Period and there are no prior period adjustments due to correction of material errors during the Reporting Period.

#### IMPORTANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

After the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has entered into the following transactions:

On 5 January 2022, Runying Property Technology Service 1. Company Limited (潤楹物業科技服務有限公司) ("Runying") (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the proposed purchaser) and Tianjin Yujia Life Service Company Limited (天津 禹佳生活服務有限公司) ("Tianjin Yujia") (as the proposed seller) entered into the framework agreement for the proposed sale and purchase of equity interest in Yuzhou Property Service Company Limited (禹洲物業服務有限公司) ("Yuzhou Property Service") which is principally engaged in the business of property management services in the PRC. The acquisition constitutes a discloseable transaction. On 8 March 2022, Runying entered into the equity transfer agreement with Tianjin Yujia and Yuzhou Property Service. The consideration is RMB1,058 million. As of the date of this report, the acquisition has been completed.

# 董事會報告

### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

- 於二零二二年一月二十日,創潤發展有限 2. 公司(為本公司的全資附屬公司,作為買 方)與(其中包括)香港彩虹物業有限公司 (「賣方1」)及香港樂活物業有限公司(「賣 方2」,與賣方1合稱「賣方」)訂立股權轉 讓協議,據此(i)買方已同意收購且賣方1 已同意出售南通長樂物業有限公司(「南通 長樂」)全部股權;及(ii)買方已同意收購 且賣方2已同意出售江蘇中南物業服務有 限公司(「江蘇中南」)1%股權,代價待由 訂約雙方釐定並最終協定,惟不得高於人 民幣2,260百萬元。南通長樂及江蘇中南 連同其各自的附屬公司及分公司(「目標公 司」)主要在中國從事物業管理服務。就收 購事項而言,買方亦與賣方、江蘇中南及 江蘇中南建設集團股份有限公司(「江蘇中 南建設」)訂立框架協議,據此,江蘇中南 建設保證促使(其中包括)其直接或間接持 股子公司就目標公司的物業管理項目繼續 與目標公司合作。於本報告日期,此收購 事項仍有待完成。
- On 20 January 2022, Super Honour Development Limited (創潤 發展有限公司) (a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as the purchaser) entered into an equity transfer agreement with, among others, HongKong Rainbow Property Limited (香港彩虹物 業有限公司) ("Seller 1") and HongKong Lehuo Property Limited (香港樂活物業有限公司) ("Seller 2", collectively with Seller 1 as the sellers), pursuant to which (i) the purchaser has agreed to acquire, and Seller 1 has agreed to sell, the entire equity interests of Nantong Changle Property Co., Limited (南通長樂物業有限 公司) ("Nantong Changle"); and (ii) the purchaser has agreed to acquire, and Seller 2 has agreed to sell, 1% of the equity interests of Jiangsu Zhongnan Property Services Co., Ltd. (江蘇 中南物業服務有限公司) ("Jiangsu Zhongan"). The consideration is to be determined and finally agreed between the parties but it shall not be higher than RMB2,260 million. Nantong Changle and Jiangsu Zhongan, together with their respective subsidiaries and branches (the "Target Companies"), are principally engaged in the business of property management services in the PRC. In connection with the acquisition, the purchaser also entered into a framework agreement with the Sellers, Jiangsu Zhongnan and Jiangsu Zhongnan Construction Group Co.,Ltd (江蘇中南建設 集團股份有限公司) ("Jiangsu Zhongan Construction"), pursuant to which Jiangsu Zhongnan Construction warrants to, among others, procure companies in which it directly or indirectly holds equity interests, to continue the cooperation with the Target Companies in connection with the property management projects of the Target Companies. As of the date of this report, the acquisition is still pending completion.

除所披露者外,本集團並無於二零二一年十二 月三十一日之後發生且對集團表現及價值產生 重大影響的其他重大期後事項。

Saved as disclosed, the Group had no other significant subsequent events occurred after 31 December 2021 which would have material impact on the performance and the value of the Group.

代表董事會

李欣 主席

香港,二零二二年三月三十日

On behalf of the Board

LI Xin Chairman

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

# 獨立核數師報告書 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT



#### 致華潤萬象生活有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第 126頁至第239頁華潤萬象生活有限公司(「貴公 司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合 財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零二一年 十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表,以及截至 該日止年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜 合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財 務報表附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計 師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報 告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反 映 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜 合財務狀況以及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表 現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的 披露規定妥為編製。

#### 意見的基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準 則(「香港審計準則」)進行審核。我們於該等準 則項下的責任已於本報告 「核數師就審核綜合財 務報表須承擔的責任」一節中作進一步闡述。根 據香港會計師公會頒佈的「專業會計師職業道德 守則」(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履 行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我 們所獲得的審核憑證能充足及適當地為我們的 審核意見提供基準。

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#### TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CHINA RESOURCES MIXC LIFESTYLE SERVICES LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of China Resources Mixc Lifestyle Services Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 126 to 239, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# 獨立核數師報告書

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 本期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重要的事項。 該等事項於我們審核整體綜合財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理, 而我們不會對該等事項提供 單獨的意見。就下文各事項而言,我們的審計 如何處理關鍵審計事項的描述於該項內容中提 供。

我們已履行本報告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任 / 一節所述的責任,包括與此等事 項相關之責任。相應地,我們的審計工作包括 執行為應對評估的綜合財務報表重大錯誤陳述 風險而設計的審計程序。我們執行審計程序的 結果,包括應對下述事項所執行的程序,為隨 附之綜合財務報表發表審計意見提供基準。

#### KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. For each matter below, our description of how our audit addressed the matter is provided in that context.

We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements. The results of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

#### 關鍵審核事項

#### 我們之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

#### 投資物業的估值

#### Valuation of investment properties

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 貴集團之投資物業位於中 國內地,計值為人民幣2,264百萬元,佔 貴集團總資產約 10% °

As at 31 December 2021, the investment properties of the Group were located in the Mainland China and carried at RMB2,264 million, which represented approximately 10% of the Group's total assets.

我們有關投資物業估值的程序包括:

評估估值師的資歷、能力及客觀性; 以及了解估值師工 作範圍;

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of the investment properties included:

Assessed the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer; as well as obtained an understanding of the Valuer's scope of work;



#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)**

關鍵審核事項

我們之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

#### 投資物業的估值(續)

#### Valuation of investment properties (continued)

貴集團的投資物業根據獨立專業合資格估值師(「估值師」)進 行的估值按公允價值進行列賬。已落成投資物業的估值視乎 若干重大不可觀察輸入數據而定,包括資本化利率及現行市 場租金。管理層對投資物業公允價值之評估需作出重大判斷 及估計。

我們將投資物業估值識別為關鍵審核事項,乃由於該餘額對 整體綜合財務報表而言屬重大,且釐定公允價值須作出重大 判斷。

有關披露載於綜合財務報表附註3「主要會計判斷及估計」及 附註15「投資物業」。

The Group's investment properties were stated at fair values based on valuations carried out by independent and professionally qualified valuer (the "Valuer"). The valuations of the completed investment properties were dependent on certain significant unobservable inputs, including the capitalisation rate and prevailing market rents. Management's assessment on the fair values of investment properties requires significant judgements and estimates.

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the balance to the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and the significant judgements associated with determining the fair values.

Related disclosures are included in note 3 "Significant accounting judgements and estimates" and note 15 "Investment properties" to the consolidated financial statements.

- 我們的內部估值專家參與及協助我們評估估值方法以及 貴集團管理層及估值師所採納重大不可觀察輸入數據及 數據來源之準確性,方式為抽樣比較有關數據及現有租 約組合、相若可資比較物業之公開資料以及我們對房地 產行業之知識;及
- 抽樣查核估值中所用輸入數據的準確性及相關性,及檢 查估值在算術計算上的準確性。
- Involved our internal valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the valuation methodology and the significant unobservable inputs and the accuracy of the source data adopted by management of the Group and the Valuer by comparing them, on a sample basis, to existing tenancy profiles, publicly available information of similar comparable properties and our knowledge of the real estate industry; and
- Checked on a sample basis, accuracy and relevance of the input data used in the valuation and checked the mathematical accuracy of the valuations.

# 獨立核數師報告書

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)**

關鍵審核事項

我們之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

#### 貿易應收款項及應收票據以及其他應收款項可收回性 Recoverability of trade and bill receivables and other receivables

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貿易應收款項及應收票據以 及其他應收款項的結餘總額分別為人民幣1,051,544,000元 及人民幣927,658,000元,其中已分別計提減值撥備人民幣 8,935,000元及人民幣5,080,000元。

管理層基於對違約風險、預期信貸虧損率的假設以及自初始 確認以來其他應收款項信貸風險是否大幅增加,對應收款項 之預期信貸虧損進行評估。根據 貴集團之歷史、應收款項 之賬齡情況、當前市況以及各報告期末的前瞻性估計, 貴 集團於作出假設及甄選減值計算之輸入數據時作出判斷。

As at 31 December 2021, the gross balances of trade and bill receivables and other receivables were amounted to RMB1,051,544,000 and RMB927,658,000, of which provisions for impairment amounting to RMB8,935,000 and RMB5,080,000 were made, respectively.

Management assessed the expected credit losses of receivables based on assumptions about risk of default, expected credit loss rates and whether there has been any significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition for other receivables. The Group used judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on the Group's history, ageing profile of the receivables, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

就應收款項可收回性而言,我們審核的程序包括:

- 了解、評估及檢測管理層有關估計應收款項之預期信貸 虧損關鍵控制;
- 了解管理層採用之預期信貸虧損模型的關鍵數據及假 設,包括基於信貸虧損特徵進行應收款項之信貸虧損劃 分的基準、賬齡情況、歷史違約率、管理層估計虧損率 所涉及的假設以及自初始確認以來其他應收款項信貸風 險是否大幅增加;

Our audit procedures in relation to the recoverability of the receivables included:

- Understood, evaluated and tested management's key controls in relation to the assessment of the expected credit losses of receivables:
- Obtained an understanding on the key data and assumptions of the expected credit loss model adopted by management, including the basis of segmentation of receivables based on credit loss characteristics, the ageing profile, historical default data, assumptions involved in management's estimated loss rate and whether there has been any significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition for other receivables;



#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)**

關鍵審核事項

我們之審核如何處理關鍵審核事項

貿易應收款項及應收票據以及其他應收款項可收回性(續) Recoverability of trade and bill receivables and other receivables (continued)

有關披露載於綜合財務報表附註3、22及23。

- 通過考慮歷史現金收回情況及應收款項賬齡的變動、市 場狀況及前瞻性因素,評估估計信貸虧損率;
- 抽樣檢測管理層編製的應收款項賬齡分析之準確性;及
- 我們已對應收款項的期後結付情況與現金收入及相關佐 證文件進行抽樣檢查。

Relevant disclosures are included in notes 3, 22 and 23 to • the consolidated financial statements.

- Assessed the estimated credit loss rates by considering historical cash collection and movements of the ageing of receivables, the market conditions and forward-looking factors;
- Tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of ageing analysis of receivables prepared by management; and
- Examined, on a sample basis, the subsequent settlement of the receivables to cash receipts and the related supporting documentation.

# 獨立核數師報告書

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### 年報內之其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 載入年報之資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我 們的核數師報告。

我們有關綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他信 息,我們亦不會對該等其他信息發表任何形式 之鑑證結論。

就我們審核綜合財務報表而言,我們的責任為 閱讀其他信息,於此過程中,考慮其他信息是 否與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中所了解 的情况有抵觸,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。倘 若基於我們已進行的工作,我們認為此其他信 息出現重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告有關事實。 我們就此並無任何事項需要報告。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的 香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定 編製真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對董事認 為為使綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於欺詐或 錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負 責。

在編製綜合財務報表時, 貴公司董事負責評 估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下 披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經 營為會計基礎,除非 貴公司董事有意將 貴 集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代 方案。

貴公司董事在審核委員會協助下履行監督 貴 集團財務報告過程的職責。

#### OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors of the Company either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors of the Company are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.



#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

我們的目標乃對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得合 理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。 我們的報告僅向閣下(作為整體)呈報,除此之 外別無其他目的。我們概不就本報告的內容對 任何其他人士負責或承擔責任。

合理保證為高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香 港審計準則進行的審核總能發現所存在的重大 錯誤陳述。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起, 如果合理預期其單獨或匯總起來可能影響使用 者依賴綜合財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有 關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

作為根據香港審計準則進行審核其中一環,我 們在審核過程中運用專業判斷,保持專業懷疑 態度。我們亦:

- 識別及評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財 務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及 執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及獲取 充足及適當的審核憑證,為我們的意見提 供基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、 蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制 之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致出現重 大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而 導致出現重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部控制,以設計在有 關情況下屬適當的審核程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Our report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

# 獨立核數師報告書

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

- 評估董事所採用會計政策的適當性以及作 出會計估計及相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的適當性作 出結論, 並根據所獲取的審核憑證, 確定 是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定 性,從而可能導致對 貴集團的持續經營 能力產生重大疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大 不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請 使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關披露。 假若有關的披露不足,則修訂我們的意 見。我們的結論乃基於直至核數師報告日 止所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事項或 情況可能導致 貴集團不能持續經營業
- 評估綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 及內容(包括披露)以及綜合財務報表是否 中肯反映相關交易及事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料 獲取充足、適當的審核憑證,以對綜合財 務報表發表意見。我們負責 貴集團審核 的方向、監督及執行。我們為審核意見承 擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與審核委員會溝通審核的 計劃範圍及時間以及重大審核發現等,其中包 括我們在審核中識別出內部控制的任何重大不 足之處。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,表明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關職業道德要求,並與彼等 溝通可能合理被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有 關係及其他事項以及為消除威脅採取的行動及 防範措施(倘適用)。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.



#### 核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 青仟(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們在核數師報告中 闡釋該等事項,除非法律或規例不允許公開披 露該等事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,合理預 期倘於我們之報告中註明某事項造成的負面後 果超過產生的公眾利益,則我們決定不應在報 告中註明該事項。

出具獨立核數師報告的審核項目合夥人為羅國 基。

#### AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Law Kwok Kee.

#### 安永會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港

二零二二年三月三十日

#### **Ernst & Young**

Certified Public Accountants Hong Kong

30 March 2022

# 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

			real effued 31 December		
			2021	2020	
		附註 NOTES	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	
<b>收益</b> 銷售成本	REVENUE Cost of sales	5	8,875,384 (6,116,866)	6,778,911 (4,951,878)	
毛利	Gross profit		2,758,518	1,827,033	
投資物業之公允價值變動收益	Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties	15	30,000	1,704	
應佔於合營企業之虧損 其他收入及收益	Share of loss of a joint venture Other income and gains	6	(1,895) 523,432	(120) 180,368	
市場推廣支出行政支出	Marketing expenses Administrative expenses		(58,100) (818,959)	(50,287) (747,125)	
其他支出 財務費用	Other expenses Finance costs	7	(20,798) (75,642)	(4,518) (72,129)	
除税前溢利	PROFIT BEFORE TAX	8	2,336,556	1,134,926	
所得税開支	Income tax expenses	11	(610,486)	(317,216)	
年內溢利	PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		1,726,070	817,710	
以下人士應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		1,724,925 1,145	817,710 -	
			1,726,070	817,710	
母公司普通權益持有人應佔每股 盈利	EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT	13			
年內基本及攤薄	Basic and diluted for the year		RMB75.6 cents 人民幣75.6分	RMB48.5 cents 人民幣48.5分	
年內全面收益總額	TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR				
以下人士應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests		1,724,925 1,145	817,710 –	
			1,726,070	817,710	

# 綜合財務狀況表 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

			2021	2020
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	14	527,014	259,928
投資物業	Investment properties	15	2,264,000	2,234,000
無形資產	Intangible assets	16	115,957	2,238
使用權資產	Right-of-use assets	18(a)	99,416	114,257
於一間合營企業之投資	Investment in a joint venture	19	435	2,330
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	20	76,585	45,367
購買物業、廠房及	Deposits paid for purchase of			
設備支付的按金	property, plant and equipment	23	3,758	86,065
定期存款	Time deposits	17	2,474,608	
非流動資產總值	Total non-current assets		5,561,773	2,744,185
流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS			
存貨	Inventories	21	138,004	196,132
貿易應收款項及應收票據	Trade and bill receivables	22	1,042,609	822,240
預付款項、其他應收款項及	Prepayments, other receivables and	22	000 770	700 170
其他資產物學具其戀動計入	other assets	23	922,578	786,173
按公允價值計量且其變動計入 當期損益的金融資產	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	24		3,847,810
受限制銀行存款	Restricted bank deposits	25 25	$\frac{228,720}{228,720}$	366,955
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	25 25	13,698,238	10,312,459
<b></b>	Cash and Cash equivalents	20	19,070,290	10,512,455
流動資產總值	Total current assets		16,030,149	16,331,769
流動負債	CURRENT LIABILITIES			
應付賬款	Trade payables	26	839,115	700,378
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals	27	2,807,313	2,665,222
合同負債	Contract liabilities	5	1,417,223	1,006,947
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	18(b)	80,547	63,041
應付税項	Tax payable		133,615	97,927
計息銀行借款	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	28	801,249	521,815
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities		6,079,062	5,055,330
流動資產淨值	NET CURRENT ASSETS		9,951,087	11,276,439
資產總值減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		15,512,860	14,020,624
ᆺᄰᄤᄱᄱᄱᄱᄱᅜ	. S L IOSE TO LEGO CONTILETAT EIN DIETTE		15,512,000	1,320,024

# 綜合財務狀況表

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

			2021	2020
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動負債	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	18(b)	1,277,923	1,319,331
其他負債	Other liabilities		12,166	12,552
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	20	333,746	225,709
非流動負債總額	Total non-current liabilities		1,623,835	1,557,592
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7				· · ·
Van wire veri let	NET AGGETO		49.000.00	10 100 000
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		13,889,025	12,463,032
權益	EQUITY			
母公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity attributable to owners of the parent			
股本	Share capital	29	152	152
儲備	Reserves	30	13,887,728	12,462,880
			13,887,880	12,463,032
			15,007,000	12,403,032
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		1,145	-
權益總額	Total equity		13,889,025	12,463,032

# 綜合權益變動表

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	母公司擁有人應佔 Attributable to owners of the parent								
		股本	股份溢價	合併儲備	法定盈餘儲備 Statutory	留存收益	總計	非控股權益 Non-	權益總額
		Share capital		Merger reserve	surplus reserve	Retained profits	Total	controlling interests	Total equity
		人民幣千元 RMB'000 <i>(附註29)</i> (note 29)	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000 <i>(附註30)</i> (note 30)	人民幣千元 RMB'000 <i>(附註30)</i> (note 30)	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二零年一月一日	1 January 2020	88	-	(46,237)	98,011	979,722	1,031,584	-	1,031,584
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	817,710	817,710	-	817,710
年內全面收益總額 發行股份 股份發行開支 資本化發行 視作因進行集團重組作出分派 附屬公司向當時股東宣派	Total comprehensive income for the year Issue of shares Share issue expenses Capitalisation issue Deemed distribution upon group reorganisation Dividends declared by the subsidiaries	- 41 - 23	- 11,857,187 (216,770) (23)	- - - - (591,954)	-	817,710 - - -	817,710 11,857,228 (216,770) - (591,954)	- - - -	817,710 11,857,228 (216,770) – (591,954)
的股息 提取留存收益	to the then shareholders Appropriation of retained profits	-	-	-	94,140	(434,766) (94,140)	(434,766) –	-	(434,766)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	152	11,640,394	(638,191)	192,151	1,268,526	12,463,032	-	12,463,032
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	1,724,925	1,724,925	1,145	1,726,070
年內全面收益總額 二零二零年末期股息 提取留存收益	Total comprehensive income for the year Final dividend for 2020 Appropriation of retained profits	-	- - -	- - -	- - 78,746	1,724,925 (300,077) (78,746)	1,724,925 (300,077)	1,145 - -	1,726,070 (300,077)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	152	11,640,394*	(638,191)	* 270,897*	2,614,628*	13,887,880	1,145	13,889,025

該等儲備賬包括綜合財務狀況表中的綜合儲備 人民幣13,887,728,000元(二零二零年:人民 幣 12,462,880,000元)。

These reserve accounts comprise the consolidated reserves of RMB13,887,728,000 (2020: RMB12,462,880,000) in the consolidated statement of financial position.

# 綜合現金流量表

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

			2021	2020
		附註 NOTES	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
		NOTES	IIIID 000	THVID 000
經營活動現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
除稅前溢利	Profit before tax		2,336,556	1,134,926
調整:	Adjustments for:		2,000,000	1,104,020
財務費用	Finance costs	7	75,642	72,129
匯兑收益淨額	Exchange gains, net	6	(16,656)	(48,004)
利息收入	Interest income	6	(376,301)	(15,085)
撇減存貨至可變現淨值	Write-down of inventories to		(	, -,,
330,000	net realisable value	8	3,045	_
貿易應收款項及應收票據減	Impairment/(reversal of impairment)			
值/(減值撥回)	of trade and bill receivables	8	6,146	(1,363)
預付款項、其他應收款項及	Reversal of impairment for prepayments,			
其他資產減值撥回	other receivables and other assets	8	(221)	(505)
投資物業之公允價值變動收益	Gain on changes in fair value of			
	investment properties	15	(30,000)	(1,704)
應佔於合營企業之虧損	Share of loss of a joint venture	19	1,895	120
按公允價值計量且其變動計入	Fair value gains from financial assets			
當期損益的金融資產公允價值	at fair value through profit or loss			
收益		6	(28,060)	(1,090)
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property,			
	plant and equipment	8	68,876	49,601
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	8	49,981	31,831
無形資產攤銷	Amortisation of intangible assets	8	2,757	1,557
出售物業、廠房及設備項目的	Gain on disposal of items of property,	0	(40, 000)	(00.005)
收益	plant and equipment	6	(12,323)	(28,025)
來自出租人的Covid-19相關租金	Covid-19-related rent concessions from lessors	10		/7.400\
減讓	from lessors	18	_	(7,468)
			2,081,337	1,186,920
存貨減少/(増加)	Decrease/(increase) in inventories		55,083	(90,371)
貿易應收款項及應收票據增加	Increase in trade and bill receivables		(226,515)	(231,916)
	Increase in prepayments, other receivables		(497.407)	(000, 400)
產增加	and other assets		(136,185)	(260,433)
貿易應付款項增加	Increase in trade payables		138,737 $465,416$	250,424
其他應付款項及應計費用增加 合同負債增加	Increase in other payables and accruals Increase in contract liabilities		410,276	289,274 208,793
其他負債(減少)/增加	(Decrease)/increase in other liabilities		(386)	4,642
六心只頃( <i> 帆グ   / 「</i> 垣川	Decrease//increase in other liabilities		(900)	4,042
經營所得現金	Cash generated from operations		2,787,763	1,357,333
已付税項	Taxes paid		(497,979)	(254,435)
	·			
經營活動所得現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from operating activities		2,289,784	1,102,898
10 = 1 = 30 11 1 3 70 ar 1/10 = 1 1 PX	astronom sporating astronom		_,,	.,.02,000



截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

			2021	2020
		附註 NOTES	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
經營活動所得現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from operating activities		2,289,784	1,102,898
投資活動現金流量	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		301,693	7,767
購買物業、廠房及設備項目 購買無形資產項目	Purchases of items of property, plant and equipment Purchases of items of intangible assets		(254,432) (116,476)	(206,621) (2,239)
向合營企業注資 償還自華潤置地投資有限公司	Capital injection to a joint venture Repayments from China Resources		_	(2,450)
墊款予關聯方 關聯方還款	Land Investment Limited Advances to related parties Repayments from related parties	33 33 33	_	1,704,507 (1,680,150) 2,056,402
出售物業、廠房及設備項目 所得款項	Proceeds from disposal of items of property, plant and equipment		12,695	36,172
購買按公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益的金融資產 出售按公允價值計量且其變動	Purchases of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Proceeds from disposal of financial assets		(2,380,000)	(3,846,720)
計入當期損益的金融資產的 所得款項	at fair value through profit or loss		6,255,870	-
購買定期存款	Purchases of time deposits		(2,400,000)	
投資活動所得/(所用) 現金流量淨額	Net cash flows from/(used in) investing activities		1,419,350	(1,933,332)
融資活動現金流量 發行股份的所得款項 股份發行開支 新造銀行借貸 價潤銀行借貸 已付股息 關聯方之變款 向關聯方變款 和賃付款的本金部分 因進行集團重組向華潤置地	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from issue of shares Share issue expenses New bank borrowings Repayments of bank borrowings Dividends paid Advances from related parties Repayments to related parties Principal portion of lease payments Cash payment to China Resources Land	33 33 18(b)	(208,644) 837,579 (516,499) (300,077) - (125,064)	11,857,228 (5,238) 739,019 (196,674) (667,597) 1,840,703 (2,275,799) (95,464)
有限公司支付現金已付利息	Limited upon group reorganization Interest paid		(9,110)	(644,886) (7,147)
融資活動(所用)/所得現金流量 淨額	Net cash flows (used in)/from financing activities		(321,815)	10,544,145
現金及現金等價物增加淨額 年初現金及現金等價物 外幣匯率變動影響淨額	NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Effect of foreign exchange rate changes, net		3,387,319 10,312,459 (1,540)	9,713,711 605,489 (6,741)
年末現金及現金等價物	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	25	13,698,238	10,312,459

# 綜合財務報表附註

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. 公司及集團資料

本公司為於二零一七年五月十八日在開 曼群島註冊成立的有限公司。本公司的 註冊辦事處地址為PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands •

年內,本集團在中華人民共和國(「中國」) 主要從事提供住宅物業管理服務與商業運 營及物業管理服務。

本公司股份於二零二零年十二月九日於香 港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)主板上 市([|市|])市

本公司董事認為,本公司的直接控股公司 為華潤置地有限公司(「華潤置地」),該 公司為於開曼群島註冊成立的公眾有限公 司,其股份於聯交所上市。本公司的最終 控股公司為中國華潤有限公司(「中國華 潤」),該公司為於中國註冊成立的公司。

#### CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 18 May 2017. The registered office address of the Company is PO Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

During the year, the Group was mainly engaged in the provision of residential property management services and commercial operational and property management services in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company's shares became listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 9 December 2020 (the "Listing").

In the opinion of the Company's directors, the immediate holding company of the Company is China Resources Land Limited ("CR Land"), a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on the Stock Exchange. The ultimate holding company of the Company is China Resources Company Limited ("CRCL"), a company incorporated in the PRC.



# 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

# 有關附屬公司的相關資料

本公司附屬公司的詳情如下:

### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

INFORMATION ABOUT SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

名稱	註冊成立/登記地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔權益百分比		主要業務
	Place of incorporation/		Percentage of		
Name	registration	Registered capital	attributable to th		Principal activities
			直接 Direct	間接 Indirect	
			Dilect	IIIuIIeut	
創潤發展有限公司(「創潤」)	香港	港幣100,000元			投資控股
Super Honour Development Limited ("Super Honour")	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	100	-	Investment holding
Golden Key Resources Limited	英屬處女群島/香港	美元10,000			投資控股
Golden Key Resources Limited ("Golden Key")	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$10,000	100	-	Investment holding
潮洋企業有限公司	香港	港幣100,000元			投資控股
Cheer Ocean Enterprises Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100,000	-	100	Investment holding
潤新(香港)有限公司	香港	港幣100元			投資控股
China Resources Huan Le Song (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$100	-	100	Investment holding
利運控股有限公司(iii)	英屬處女群島/香港	美元10,000			投資控股
Profit Luck Holdings Limited (iii)	British Virgin Islands/ Hong Kong	US\$10,000	-	100	Investment holding
瀘州潤欣商業管理有限公司(i)	中國/中國內地	人民幣10,000,000元			商業運營及物業管理服務
Luzhou Runxin Commercial Management Co. Ltd. (i)	PRC/Mainland China	RMB10,000,000	-	100	Commercial operational and property management services
潤欣商業投資(深圳)有限公司 (「萬象商業」)(ii)	中國/中國內地	人民幣1,000,000,000元			商業運營管理服務
Runxin Commercial Investment (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. ("Mixc Commercial") (ii)	PRC/Mainland China	RMB1,000,000,000	-	100	Commercial operational management services
潤楹物業科技服務有限公司 (「潤楹」)(ii)	中國/中國內地	人民幣3,000,000,000元			物業管理服務
Runying Property Technology Services Co. Ltd. ("Runying") (ii)	PRC/Mainland China	RMB3,000,000,000	-	100	Property management services

# 綜合財務報表附註

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

#### 1. CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

有關附屬公司的相關資料(續)

INFORMATION ABOUT SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

名稱	註冊成立/登記地點	註冊股本	本公司應佔權益百分比 Percentage of equity		主要業務
	Place of incorporation/				
Name	registration	Registered capital	attributable to th		Principal activities
			直接	間接	
			Direct	Indirect	
華潤物業經紀顧問有限公司 (i) CR Property Agents Consultancy Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣30,000,000元 RMB30,000,000	-	100	熱能供應服務 Thermal energy supply services
潤佳物業服務(瀋陽)有限公司 (i) Runjia (Shenyang) Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤加物業服務(上海)有限公司 (i) Runjia (Shanghai) Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤楹物業服務(成都)有限公司 (i) Runying (Chengdu) Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤嘉物業管理(北京)有限公司 (i) Runjia (Beijing) Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤加物業服務(深圳)有限公司 (i) Runjia (Shenzhen) Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤加物業服務(武漢)有限公司 (i) Runjia (Wuhan) Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤欣商業管理(深圳)有限公司 (ii) Run Xin Commercial Management (Shenzhen) Co. Ltd. (ii)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	-	100	商業運營及物業管理服務 Commercial operational and property management services



### 1. 公司及集團資料(續)

#### CORPORATE AND GROUP INFORMATION (continued)

有關附屬公司的相關資料(續)

INFORMATION ABOUT SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

名稱	註冊成立/登記地點 Place of incorporation/	註冊股本	本公司應估權益百分比 Percentage of equity		主要業務
Name	registration	Registered capital	attributable to the Company		Principal activities
			直接	間接	
			Direct	Indirect	
湖北潤聯物業管理有限公司 (i) Hubei Run Lian Property Management Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
潤家物業工程科技(北京)有限公司 (i) Runjia Property Management Engineering Technology Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣10,000,000元 RMB10,000,000	-	100	建築服務及裝修服務 Construction services and decoration services
潤佳物業服務(大連)有限公司 (i) Runjia Property Management (Dalian) Co. Ltd. (i)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣3,000,000元 RMB3,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
萬象生活服務(寧波)有限公司 (i)(iii) CR Mixc Lifestyle Services (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. (i)(iii)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣5,000,000元 RMB5,000,000	-	100	物業管理服務 Property management services
深圳潤澤水務運營管理有限公司 (i)(iii) Shenzhen Runze Water Operation Management Co., Ltd. (i)(iii)	中國/中國內地 PRC/Mainland China	人民幣5,000,000元 RMB5,000,000	-	65	物業管理服務 Property management services

於中國註冊的所有集團公司的英文名稱為 本公司董事對該等公司的中文名稱盡力進 行的翻譯,原因是該等公司並無正式的英 文名稱。

#### 附註:

- 該等實體為根據中國法律註冊成立之國 內企業。
- 該等實體為根據中國法律註冊成立之外 (ii) 商獨資企業。
- 利運控股有限公司、萬象生活服務(寧 波)有限公司及深圳潤澤水務運營管理有 限公司分別於二零二一年三月十八日、 二零二一年五月十四日及二零二一年四 月二十三日成立。

The English names of all group companies registered in the PRC represent the best efforts made by the directors of the Company to translate the Chinese names of these companies as they do not have official English names.

#### Notes:

- These entities were registered as domestic enterprises under the laws of the PRC.
- (ii) These entities were registered as wholly-foreign-owned enterprises under the laws of PRC.
- Profit Luck Holdings Limited, CR Mixc Lifestyle Services (Ningbo) Co., Ltd. and Shenzhen Runze Water Operation Management Co., Ltd. were established on 18 March 2021, 14 May 2021, and 23 April 2021, respectively.

# 綜合財務報表附註

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2.1 編製基準

該等財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會(「香 港會計師公會 |)頒佈的香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)(包括所有香港財 務報告準則、香港會計準則(「香港會計準 則」)及詮釋)、香港公認會計原則以及香 港公司條例的披露規定編製。該等財務報 表乃按歷史成本法編製,除投資物業和按 公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的金 融資產乃按公允價值計量外。該等財務報 表乃以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列,除另有指 明外,所有數值取整至最接近千位數。

#### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及其附屬公司 (統稱「本集團」)於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度的財務報表。附屬公司指 由本公司直接或間接控制的實體(包括結 構性實體)。當本集團對參與投資對象業 務的浮動回報承擔風險或享有權利以及能 透過對投資對象的權力(即賦予本集團當 前能力以主導投資對象相關活動的現有權 利)影響該等回報時,即取得控制權。

當本公司直接或間接擁有投資對象不到大 部分投票權或類似權利時,本集團於評估 其是否擁有對投資對象的權力時會考慮一 切相關事實及情況,包括:

- 與投資對象其他投票持有人的合同 (a) 安排;
- 其他合同安排所產生的權利;及 (b)
- 本集團的投票權及潛在投票權。 (c)

附屬公司的財務報表乃按與本公司相同的 報告期間採用一致的會計政策編製。附屬 公司的業績自本集團取得控制權的日期起 綜合入賬,且於該項控制權終止日期前一 直綜合入賬。

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") (which include all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for investment properties and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss which have been measured at fair value. These financial statements are presented in Renminbi ("RMB") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand except when otherwise indicated.

#### BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021. A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity), directly or indirectly, controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee (i.e., existing rights that give the Group the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee).

When the Company has, directly or indirectly, less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and
- (c) the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, using consistent accounting policies. The results of subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.



#### 2.1 編製基準(續)

#### 綜合基準(續)

損益及其他全面收益各組成部分歸屬於本 集團母公司擁有人及非控股權益,即使此 舉導致非控股權益出現虧絀結餘。有關本 集團成員公司之間交易的所有集團內公司 間資產及負債、權益、收入、開支及現金 流量於綜合入賬時全數對銷。

倘事實和情況顯示上文所述的三項控制因 素之一項或多項出現變動,本集團會重新 評估其是否控制投資對象。附屬公司所有 權權益的變動(未喪失控制權)按權益交易 入賬。

倘本集團喪失對附屬公司的控制權,則終 止確認(i)附屬公司的資產(包括商譽)及負 債,(ii)任何非控股權益的賬面值及(iii)於 權益內入賬的累計匯兑差額;並確認(i)已 收代價的公允價值,(ii)任何保留投資的公 允價值及(iii)計入損益的任何因而產生的 盈餘或虧絀。本集團應佔先前於其他全面 收益內確認的部分按假設本集團直接出售 相關資產或負債所規定的相同基準重新分 類為損益或留存收益(如適用)。

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動

本集團已就本年度之財務報表首次採納下 列經修訂香港財務報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 利率基準改革-第9號、香港會計準則 第二階段 第39號、香港財務報 告準則第7號、香港財 務報告準則第4號及 香港財務報告準則 第16號修訂

香港財務報告準則 第16號修訂

二零二一年 六月三十日後 Covid-19相關 租金減讓 (提早採用)

#### 2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (continued)

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent of the Group and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance. All intra-group assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control described above. A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises (i) the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary, (ii) the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest and (iii) the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity; and recognises (i) the fair value of the consideration received, (ii) the fair value of any investment retained and (iii) any resulting surplus or deficit in profit or loss. The Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss or retained profits, as appropriate, on the same basis as would be required if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

#### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES

The Group has adopted the following revised HKFRSs for the first time for the current year's financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2

Amendment to HKFRS 16

Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (early adopted)

# 綜合財務報表附註

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

經修訂香港財務報告準則的性質及影響載 列如下:

(a) 當現有利率基準被無風險利率(「無 風險利率 |) 可替代方案替代時,香 港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計 準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第 7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香 港財務報告準則第16號修訂本解 決先前影響財務報告之修訂未處理 的問題。修訂本提供對於釐定金融 資產及負債之合同現金流量之基準 之變動進行會計處理時,無需調整 金融資產及負債之賬面值而更新實 際利率的可行權宜方法, 前提為該 變動為利率基準改革之直接後果且 釐定合同現金流量的新基準於經濟 上等同於緊接變動前的先前基準。 此外,該等修訂允許利率基準改革 所規定對對沖指定及對沖文件進行 更改,而不會中斷對沖關係。過渡 期間可能產生的任何損益均通過香 港財務報告準則第9號的正常規定 進行處理,以衡量及確認對沖無效 性。倘無風險利率被指定為風險組 成部分時,該等修訂亦暫時減輕了 實體必須滿足可單獨識別的要求的 風險。倘實體合理地預期無風險利 率風險組成部分於未來24個月內將 變得可單獨識別,則該減免允許實 體於指定對沖後假定已滿足可單獨 識別之規定。此外,該等修訂亦規 定實體須披露額外資料,以使財務 報表的使用者能夠了解利率基準改 革對實體的金融工具及風險管理策 略的影響。

> 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本 集團持有根據香港銀行同業拆息 (「銀行同業拆息」)以港元計值的若 干計息銀行借款。本集團預期,銀 行同業拆息將繼續在存,而利率基 準改革並無對本集團的銀行同業拆 息為基準的借款造成任何影響。倘 該等借款的利率於未來期間由無風 險利率取代,本集團將在達到「經濟 同等」標準而修改該等工具時採用上 述實際的權宜方法。

#### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND DISCLOSURES (continued)

The nature and the impact of the revised HKFRSs are described below:

(a) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 address issues not dealt with in the previous amendments which affect financial reporting when an existing interest rate benchmark is replaced with an alternative risk-free rate ("RFR"). The amendments provide a practical expedient to allow the effective interest rate to be updated without adjusting the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities when accounting for changes in the basis for determining the contractual cash flows of financial assets and liabilities, if the change is a direct consequence of the interest rate benchmark reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change. In addition, the amendments permit changes required by the interest rate benchmark reform to be made to hedge designations and hedge documentation without the hedging relationship being discontinued. Any gains or losses that could arise on transition are dealt with through the normal requirements of HKFRS 9 to measure and recognise hedge ineffectiveness. The amendments also provide a temporary relief to entities from having to meet the separately identifiable requirement when an RFR is designated as a risk component. The relief allows an entity, upon designation of the hedge, to assume that the separately identifiable requirement is met, provided the entity reasonably expects the RFR risk component to become separately identifiable within the next 24 months. Furthermore, the amendments require an entity to disclose additional information to enable users of financial statements to understand the effect of interest rate benchmark reform on an entity's financial instruments and risk management strategy.

The Group had certain interest-bearing bank borrowings denominated in Hong Kong dollars based on the Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate ("HIBOR") as at 31 December 2021. The Group expects that HIBOR will continue to exist and the interest rate benchmark reform has not had an impact on the Group's HIBOR-based borrowings. If the interest rates of these borrowings are replaced by RFRs in a future period, the Group will apply the above-mentioned practical expedient upon the modification of these instruments provided that the "economically equivalent" criterion is met.



#### 2.2 會計政策及披露之變動(續)

(b) 於二零二一年四月頒佈之香港財務 報告準則第16號修訂本將為承租人 提供一個實際可行權宜方法,以選 擇不就Covid-19疫情之直接後果所 產生之租金減讓應用租賃修訂會計 處理延長12個月。因此,該實際可 行權宜方法適用於租金減讓之租賃 款項之任何減幅僅影響原到期日為 二零二二年六月三十日或之前的付 款,惟須符合其他應用實際權宜方 法的條件。該修訂本於二零二一年 四月一日或之後開始的年度期間生 效,且應追溯應用,並將最初應用 該修訂本之任何累積影響確認為對 當前會計期間開始時之保留溢利期 初餘額之調整。允許提早應用。

> 本集團已於二零二一年一月一日採 納該修訂本。然而,本集團並無獲 得Covid-19相關的租金減讓,並計 劃於允許應用期間內成為可以應用 時採用實際權宜方法。

### 2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND **DISCLOSURES** (continued)

Amendment to HKFRS 16 issued in April 2021 extends the availability of the practical expedient for lessees to elect not to apply lease modification accounting for rent concessions arising as a direct consequence of the covid-19 pandemic by 12 months. Accordingly, the practical expedient applies to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before 30 June 2022, provided the other conditions for applying the practical expedient are met. The amendment is effective retrospectively for annual periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 with any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendment recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits at the beginning of the current accounting period. Earlier application is permitted.

The Group has early adopted the amendment on 1 January 2021. However, the Group has not received covid-19related rent concessions and plans to apply the practical expedient when it becomes applicable within the allowed period of application.

# 綜合財務報表附註

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報

本集團並無於該等財務報表內應用以下已 頒佈但尚未生效的新訂及經修訂香港財務 報告準則。

香港財務報告準則 第3號(修訂)

香港財務報告準則 第10號及香港會計準 則第28號(二零一 年)(修訂)

香港財務報告準則 第17號

香港財務報告準則 第17號(修訂)

香港會計準則第1號 (修訂)

香港會計準則第1號及 香港財務報告準則實 務聲明第2號(修訂)

香港會計準則第8號 (修訂)

香港會計準則第12號 (修訂)

香港會計準則第16號 (修訂)

香港會計準則第37號

(修訂) 香港財務報告準則二零 -八年至二零二零年 之年度改進

概念框架之提述1

投資者及其聯營公司 或合營企業間之資 產出售或注資3

保險合同2

保險合同2:5

將自信分類為流動或 非流動2.4

會計政策之披露2

會計估算之定義2

單一交易所產生資產 及負債之相關遞延 税項2

物業、廠房及設備: 擬定用途前之所得 款項1

有償合約-履行合約 之成本1

香港財務報告準則第 1號、香港財務報 告準則第9號、香

港財務報告準則第 16號的隨附範例及 香港會計準則第41 號(修訂)1

- 於二零二二年一月一日或之後開始的年 度期間生效
- 於二零二三年一月一日或之後開始的年 度期間生效
- 並無確定強制生效日期,但可供採納
- 由於修訂香港會計準則第1號,香港詮釋 第5號財務報表的列報一借款人對包含按 要求償還條款之定期貸款之分類已於二 零二零年十月修訂以符合相應的文字修 訂而不改變結論
- 由於修訂於二零二零年十月發佈的香港 財務報告準則第17號,香港財務報告準 网络银马里尔第17號 自尼州扬報日上 則第4號已進行修訂以延長允許發行人於 二零二三年一月一日之前開始的年度期 間應用香港會計準則第39號而非香港財 務報告準則第9號的暫時豁免

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The Group has not applied the following new and revised HKFRSs, that have been issued but are not yet effective, in these financial statements.

Amendments to HKFRS 3 Reference to the Conceptual Framework<sup>1</sup> Amendments to HKFRS 10 Sale or Contribution of Assets and HKAS 28 (2011) between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture3

HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKFRS 17 Insurance Contracts<sup>2, 5</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current<sup>2, 4</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2

Amendments to HKAS 8 Definition of Accounting Estimates<sup>2</sup>

Amendments to HKAS 12 Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single

Transaction<sup>2</sup>

Property, Plant and Equipment: Amendments to HKAS 16 Proceeds before Intended Use1

Amendments to HKAS 37

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020

Onerous Contracts -Cost of Fulfilling a Contract1 Amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 411

Disclosure of Accounting Policies<sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023
- No mandatory effective date yet determined but available for
- As a consequence of the amendments to HKAS 1, Hong Kong Interpretation 5  $\it Presentation$  of Financial Statements Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause was revised in October 2020 to align the corresponding wording with no change in conclusion
- As a consequence of the amendments to HKFRS 17 issued in October 2020, HKFRS 4 was amended to extend the temporary exemption that permits insurers to apply HKAS 39 rather than HKFRS 9 for annual periods beginning before 1 January 2023



#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(續)

有關預期適用於本集團的香港財務報告準 則的進一步資料載於下文。

香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂)旨在以二 零一八年六月頒佈的財務報告概念框架之 提述取代先前財務報表編製及呈列框架之 提述,而毋須大幅更改其規定。該等修訂 亦對香港財務報告準則第3號有關實體參 考概念框架以釐定資產或負債之構成之確 認原則加入一項例外情況。該例外情況規 定,對於屬香港會計準則第37號或香港 (國際財務報告詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21 號範圍內的負債及或然負債而言,倘該等 負債屬單獨產生而非於業務合併中產生, 則應用香港財務報告準則第3號的實體應 分別參考香港會計準則第37號或香港(國 際財務報告詮釋委員會)一詮釋第21號而 非概念框架。此外,該等修訂澄清或然資 產於收購日期不符合確認條件。本集團預 計自二零二二年一月一日起前瞻性採納該 等修訂。由於該等修訂前瞻性應用於收購 日期為首次應用日期或之後的業務合併, 本集團於過渡日期將不會受該等修訂的影 響。

香港財務報告準則第10號及香港會計準則 第28號(二零一一年)(修訂)解決香港財 務報告準則第10號與香港會計準則第28 號(二零一一年)之間有關處理投資者與其 聯營公司或合營企業之間的資產出售或注 資的規定的不一致情況。該等修訂規定, 倘投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業之間的 資產出售或注資構成一項業務,則須悉數 確認收益或虧損。倘交易涉及不構成一項 業務的資產,則該交易產生的收益或虧損 於投資者的損益內確認,惟以不相關投資 者於該聯營公司或合營企業的權益為限。 該等修訂將予以前瞻性應用。香港會計師 公會於二零一六年一月剔除香港財務報告 準則第10號及香港會計準則第28號(二零 一一年)(修訂本)的以往強制生效日期, 而新的強制生效日期將於對聯營公司及合 營企業的會計處理完成更廣泛的審閱後釐 定。然而,該等修訂目前可供採納。

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Further information about those HKFRSs that are expected to be applicable to the Group is described below.

Amendments to HKFRS 3 are intended to replace a reference to the previous Framework for the Preparation and Presentation of Financial Statements with a reference to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting issued in June 2018 without significantly changing its requirements. The amendments also add to HKFRS 3 an exception to its recognition principle for an entity to refer to the Conceptual Framework to determine what constitutes an asset or a liability. The exception specifies that, for liabilities and contingent liabilities that would be within the scope of HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 if they were incurred separately rather than assumed in a business combination, an entity applying HKFRS 3 should refer to HKAS 37 or HK(IFRIC)-Int 21 respectively instead of the Conceptual Framework. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that contingent assets do not qualify for recognition at the acquisition date. The Group expects to adopt the amendments prospectively from 1 January 2022. Since the amendments apply prospectively to business combinations for which the acquisition date is on or after the date of first application, the Group will not be affected by these amendments on the date of transition.

Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) address an inconsistency between the requirements in HKFRS 10 and in HKAS 28 (2011) in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The amendments require a full recognition of a gain or loss resulting from a downstream transaction when the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture constitutes a business. For a transaction involving assets that do not constitute a business, a gain or loss resulting from the transaction is recognised in the investor's profit or loss only to the extent of the unrelated investor's interest in that associate or joint venture. The amendments are to be applied prospectively. The previous mandatory effective date of amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28 (2011) was removed by the HKICPA in January 2016 and a new mandatory effective date will be determined after the completion of a broader review of accounting for associates and joint ventures. However, the amendments are available for adoption now.

# 綜合財務報表附註

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(續)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂)將負債分類為 流動或非流動澄清將負債分類為流動或非 流動的規定。該等修訂指明,倘實體延遲 償還負債的權利受限於該實體須符合特定 條件,則倘該實體符合當日之有關條件, 其有權於報告期末延遲償還負債。負債的 分類不受該實體行使權利延遲償還負債的 可能性所影響。該等修訂亦澄清被視為償 還負債的情況。該等修訂於二零二三年一 月一日或之後開始的年度期間生效,並應 追溯應用。允許提早應用。該等修訂預期 不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重大影 響。

香港會計準則第1號(修訂)會計政策的披 露要求企業披露重要會計政策資料,而非 重大會計政策。倘會計政策資料與實體財 務報表所載其他資料一併考慮時,可合理 預期影響一般用途財務報表的主要使用者 基於該等財務報表作出的決定,則該等資 料屬重大。香港財務報告準則實務聲明第 2號為如何就會計政策的披露應用重大性 概念提供非強制性指引。香港會計準則第 1號(修訂)於二零二三年一月一日或之後 開始之年度期間生效,且允許提早應用。 由於香港財務報告準則實務聲明第2號(修 訂)提供之指引並非強制性,故該等修訂 毋須生效日期。本集團正在評估有關修訂 對本集團會計政策披露之影響。

#### 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 1 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current clarify the requirements for classifying liabilities as current or non-current. The amendments specify that if an entity's right to defer settlement of a liability is subject to the entity complying with specified conditions, the entity has a right to defer settlement of the liability at the end of the reporting period if it complies with those conditions at that date. Classification of a liability is unaffected by the likelihood that the entity will exercise its right to defer settlement of the liability. The amendments also clarify the situations that are considered a settlement of a liability. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied retrospectively. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 1 Disclosure of Accounting Policies require entities to disclose their material accounting policy information rather than their significant accounting policies. Accounting policy information is material if, when considered together with other information included in an entity's financial statements, it can reasonably be expected to influence decisions that the primary users of general purpose financial statements make on the basis of those financial statements. Amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 provide non-mandatory guidance on how to apply the concept of materiality to accounting policy disclosures. Amendments to HKAS 1 are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and earlier application is permitted. Since the guidance provided in the amendments to HKFRS Practice Statement 2 is non-mandatory, an effective date for these amendments is not necessary. The Group is currently assessing the impact of the amendments on the Group's accounting policy disclosures.



## 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(續)

香港會計準則第8號(修訂)釐清會計估計 變動與會計政策變動之間的分別。會計估 計被界定為財務報表內存在計量不明朗因 素之貨幣金額。有關修訂亦釐清實體如何 使用計量技術及輸入數據得出會計估計。 有關修訂於二零二三年一月一日或之後開 始之年度期間生效,並應用至該期間開始 時或之後發生的會計政策變動及會計估計 變動,且允許提早應用。該等修訂預期不 會對本集團之財務報表造成任何重大影 響。

香港會計準則第12號(修訂)縮小首次確 認例外情況的範圍,使其不再適用於產生 相同的應課税及可扣減暫時差額的交易, 例如租賃及退役責任。因此,實體須就該 等交易產生的暫時差額確認遞延税項資產 及遞延税項負債。有關修訂於二零二三年 一月一日或之後開始之年度報告期間生 效,並將應用至所呈列之最早可比較期間 開始時與租賃及退役責任有關之交易,任 何累計影響確認為對該日保留盈利或權益 的其他組成部分(如適用)期初結餘之調 整。此外,有關修訂將前瞻性應用至租 賃及退役責任以外之交易,且允許提早應 用。該等修訂預期不會對本集團之財務報 表造成任何重大影響。

## 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 8 clarify the distinction between changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies. Accounting estimates are defined as monetary amounts in financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify how entities use measurement techniques and inputs to develop accounting estimates. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and apply to changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates that occur on or after the start of that period. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 12 narrow the scope of the initial recognition exception so that it no longer applies to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences, such as leases and decommissioning obligations. Therefore, entities are required to recognise a deferred tax asset and a deferred tax liability for temporary differences arising from these transactions. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023 and shall be applied to transactions related to leases and decommissioning obligations at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognised as an adjustment to the opening balance of retained profits or other component of equity as appropriate at that date. In addition, the amendments shall be applied prospectively to transactions other than leases and decommissioning obligations. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(續)

香港會計準則第16號(修訂)禁止實體從 物業、廠房及設備項目的成本中扣除使資 產達到管理層擬定之營運狀態所需位置與 條件過程中產生的項目銷售之任何所得款 項。相反,實體須於損益中確認銷售任何 有關項目之所得款項及該等項目之成本。 該等修訂於二零二二年一月一日或之後開 始的年度期間生效,並僅追溯應用於實體 首次應用該等修訂的財務報表中所呈列的 最早期間開始或之後可供使用的物業、廠 房及設備項目。允許提早應用。該等修訂 預期不會對本集團的財務報表產生任何重 大影響。

香港會計準則第37號(修訂)澄清,就根 據香港會計準則第37號評估合同是否屬 虧損性而言,履行合同的成本包括與合同 直接相關的成本。與合同直接相關的成本 包括履行該合同的增量成本(例如直接勞 工及材料)及與履行合同直接相關的其他 成本分配(例如分配履行合同所用物業、 廠房及設備項目的折舊費用以及合同管理 及監管成本)。一般及行政成本與合同並 無直接關聯,除非根據合同明確向對手方 收取,否則不包括在內。該等修訂於二零 二二年一月一日或之後開始的年度期間生 效,並將應用於實體於其首次應用該等修 訂的年度報告期間開始尚未履行其所有責 任的合同。允許提早應用。初步應用該等 修訂的任何累計影響將確認為對首次應用 日期之期初權益的調整,而毋須重列比較 資料。該等修訂預期不會對本集團的財務 報表產生任何重大影響。

## 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Amendments to HKAS 16 prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment any proceeds from selling items produced while bringing that asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Instead, an entity recognises the proceeds from selling any such items, and the cost of those items, in profit or loss. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied retrospectively only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the entity first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

Amendments to HKAS 37 clarify that for the purpose of assessing whether a contract is onerous under HKAS 37, the cost of fulfilling the contract comprises the costs that relate directly to the contract. Costs that relate directly to a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling that contract (e.g., direct labour and materials) and an allocation of other costs that relate directly to fulfilling that contract (e.g., an allocation of the depreciation charge for an item of property, plant and equipment used in fulfilling the contract as well as contract management and supervision costs). General and administrative costs do not relate directly to a contract and are excluded unless they are explicitly chargeable to the counterparty under the contract. The amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and shall be applied to contracts for which an entity has not yet fulfilled all its obligations at the beginning of the annual reporting period in which it first applies the amendments. Earlier application is permitted. Any cumulative effect of initially applying the amendments shall be recognised as an adjustment to the opening equity at the date of initial application without restating the comparative information. The amendments are not expected to have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.



## 2.3 已頒佈但尚未生效的香港財務報 告準則(續)

香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零 年週期之年度改進載列香港財務報告準則 第1號、香港財務報告準則第9號、香港財 務報告準則第16號之隨附範例及香港會計 準則第41號(修訂)。預期將適用於本集 團之該等修訂詳情如下:

- 香港財務報告準則第9號金融工 具:澄清實體於評估一項新訂或經 修訂金融負債之條款是否實質上不 同於原金融負債之條款時所計入之 費用。該等費用僅包括借款人與貸 款人之間已付或已收之費用,其中 包括借款人或貸款人代表另一方支 付或收取之費用。實體對於該實體 首次採用修訂的年度報告期間開始 或之後經修訂或交換之金融負債應 用該修訂。該修訂於二零二二年一 月一日或之後開始的年度期間生 效。允許提早應用。該修訂預期不 會對本集團的財務報表產生重大影
- 香港財務報告準則第16號租賃:於 香港財務報告準則第16號隨附之第 13項説明性示例中移除出租人就租 賃物業裝修作出之付款説明。此舉 消除了應用香港財務報告準則第16 號時對租賃優惠進行處理之潛在混 淆。

## 2.3 ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (continued)

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 sets out amendments to HKFRS 1, HKFRS 9, Illustrative Examples accompanying HKFRS 16, and HKAS 41. Details of the amendments that are expected to be applicable to the Group are as follows:

- HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments: clarifies the fees that an entity includes when assessing whether the terms of a new or modified financial liability are substantially different from the terms of the original financial liability. These fees include only those paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf. An entity applies the amendment to financial liabilities that are modified or exchanged on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period in which the entity first applies the amendment. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendment is not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's financial statements.
- HKFRS 16 Leases: removes the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements in Illustrative Example 13 accompanying HKFRS 16. This removes potential confusion regarding the treatment of lease incentives when applying HKFRS 16.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要

本集團於編製本報告所載財務報表時採納 的主要會計政策載列如下

## 於合營企業投資

合營企業為一項合營安排,據此擁有安排 共同控制權的訂約方有權享有合營安企業 排的資產淨值。共同控制權指按照合同協 定對一項安排所共有的控制權,僅在相關 活動必須獲得共同享有控制權的各方一致 同意方能決定時存在。

本集團於合營企業的投資在綜合財務狀況 表中,以按照權益法計算的本集團所佔淨 資產份額減去任何減值損失後的餘額列 示。會計政策存在不一致的,應當對其進 行調整。

本集團所佔合營企業收購後的業績和其他 綜合收益的份額分別計入綜合損益表及其 他全面收益表。另外,當合營企業的權益 發生變化,如適用,本集團將在綜合權益 變動表中確認變化的相應份額。本集團與 合營企業之間因交易產生的未實現收益或 損失,在本集團於合營企業中的投資的範 圍內予以抵銷,除非有證據表明未實現的 損失屬於所轉讓資產發生減值損失。本集 團對合營企業的投資包含因收購合營企業 所產生的商譽。

若對聯營公司的投資轉變為對合營企業的 投資或者反之,剩餘權益不再重新計量。 相反, 該投資將繼續按權益法進行核算。 在所有其他情況下,一旦失去對聯營公司 的重大影響或對合營企業的共同控制,本 集團按照公允價值計量或確認任何剩餘投 資。當失去重大影響或共同控制時,聯營 公司或合營企業的賬面價值與剩餘投資的 公允價值之差以及處置收益被確認為損 益。

當對聯營公司或合營企業的投資被歸類為 持有待售,該投資將根據香港財務報告準 則第5號持作出售非流動資產及終止經營 業務進行核算。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Group in arriving at these financial statements set out in this report are set out helow:

#### INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The Group's investments in joint ventures are stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the Group's share of net assets under the equity method of accounting, less any impairment losses. Adjustments are made to bring into line any dissimilar accounting policies that may exist.

The Group's share of the post-acquisition results and other comprehensive income of joint ventures is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the joint venture, the Group recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's investments in the joint ventures, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the assets transferred. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of joint ventures is included as part of the Group's investments in joint ventures.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method. In all other cases, upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Group measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

When an investment in an associate or a joint venture is classified as held for sale, it is accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations.



## 共同控制下實體的業務合併

受共同控制實體的業務合併使用權益結合 法入賬。附屬公司的業績自年度期間初或 附屬公司首次受到控股股東共同控制之日 (以較遲者為準)起合併,並繼續合併, 直至本公司控制權終止之日。合併實體之 資產及負債已反映於合併日期之現行賬面 值。概無就商譽或收購方於被收購方之可 識別資產、負債及或然負債之淨公允價值 之權益超出共同控制合併當時之成本之部 分確認任何金額,有關金額已另於權益項 下列賬。

## 公允價值計量

本集團於各報告期末按公允價值計量其投 資物業及以公允價值計量且其變動計入當 期收益的金融資產。公允價值指於計量日 期市場參與者之間的有序交易中,就出售 資產所收取的價格或轉讓負債所支付的價 格。公允價值計量乃基於假設出售資產或 轉讓負債的交易於資產或負債的主要市 場,或在未有主要市場的情況下,則於資 產或負債最有利市場進行。主要或最有利 市場須位於本集團能到達的地方。資產或 負債的公允價值乃使用市場參與者為資產 或負債定價所用的假設計量(假設市場參 與者依照彼等最佳經濟利益行事)。

非金融資產公允價值之計量則參考市場參 與者可從使用該資產得到之最高及最佳效 用,或把該資產售予另一可從使用該資產 得到最高及最佳效用之市場參與者所產生 之經濟效益。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

BUSINESS COMBINATION OF ENTITIES UNDER COMMON CONTROL

Business combinations of entities under common control are accounted for using the pooling of interests method. The results of subsidiaries are combined from the beginning of the Annual Periods or the date on which a subsidiary first came under the common control of the controlling shareholders, whichever is later, and continue to be combined until the date that the Company's control ceases. The assets and liabilities of the combining entities are reflected at their existing carrying values at the date of combination. No amount is recognised in respect of goodwill or excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost at the time of common control combination, which, instead, is recorded as part of equity.

## FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The Group measures its investment properties and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at fair value at the end of each reporting period. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either in the principal market for the asset or liability, or in the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability. The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

#### 公允價值計量(續)

本集團採用在當前情況下適用並且有足夠 可利用數據支持的估值技術,並盡可能多 地使用相關可觀察輸入數據,盡可能少地 使用不可觀察輸入數據。

所有在財務報表中以公允價值計量或披露 公允價值的資產和負債均按公允價值層級 歸類。公允價值層級由對公允價值計量整 體而言具有重要意義的輸入數據所屬的最 低層級決定,如下所述:

第一層級 一 根據同類資產或負債在活 躍市場上(未經調整)的報 價確定公允價值

第二層級 一 根據估值技術確定公允價 值,該估值技術使用的對 公允價值計量具有重要意 義的最低層級的輸入數據 是直接或間接可觀察到的

第三層級 一 根據估值技術確定公允價 值,該估值技術使用的對 公允價值計量具有重要意 義的最低層級的輸入數據 是無法觀察到的

對於持續於財務報表確認的資產和負債, 本集團在每個報告期末通過重新評估分類 (基於對整體公允價值計量有重大影響的 最低層級輸入數據),判斷各層級之間是 否存在轉換。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT (continued)

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 - based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 - based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is observable, either directly or indirectly

based on valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.



### 非金融資產減值

如果一項資產(除存貨、遞延税項資產、 金融資產和投資性房地產以外)存在減值 跡象,或需要進行年度減值測試,則需估 計資產的可收回金額。資產可收回金額按 該資產或現金產出單元的使用價值和公允 價值減出售費用兩者中的較高者計算,並 按單個資產確認,除非該資產不能產出基 本上獨立於其他資產或資產組所產生的現 金流入,在這種情況下,可確認該資產所 屬的現金產出單元的可收回金額。在對現 金產出單元進行減值測試時,倘能以合理 一致的基準分配,企業資產(例如總部樓 宇) 賬面值的一部分獲分配至獨立現金產 出單元,否則會分配至最小的現金產出單 元組別。

只有資產賬面金額超過其可收回金額時, 才確認減值損失。評估使用價值時,採用 反映當前市場對資金時間價值和資產特定 国險估價的税前折現率,將預計未來現金 流量折成現值。減值損失於其產生期間自 綜合損益及其他全面收益表中與該減值資 產功能相符之開支類別中扣除。

於每個報告期末評估是否有跡象表明以前 確認的減值損失可能已不存在或可能降 低。如果存在上述跡象,則對可收回金額 進行估計。對於一項除商譽以外的資產來 説,只有在用於確認資產可收回金額的估 計發生變動時,以前確認的減值損失才能 轉回,但是由於該等資產的減值損失的轉 回而增加的資產賬面金額,不應高於資產 過往年度沒有確認減值損失時的賬面金額 (減去任何折舊/攤銷)。這種減值損失的 轉回於其產生期間計入綜合損益及其他全 面收益表。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

Where an indication of impairment exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required (other than inventories, deferred tax assets, financial assets and investment properties), the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cashgenerating unit to which the asset belongs. In testing a cashgenerating unit for impairment, a portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (e.g., a headquarters building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if it can be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis or, otherwise, to the smallest group of cash-generating units.

An impairment loss is recognised only if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which it arises in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

An assessment is made at the end of each reporting period as to whether there is an indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. A previously recognised impairment loss of an asset other than goodwill is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount of that asset, but not to an amount higher than the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any depreciation/ amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of such an impairment loss is credited to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which it arises.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

#### 關聯方

一方如符合以下條件,則被視為與本集團 有關連:

- (a) 該方為符合以下情況的人士或該人 十的家庭近親屬
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集團;
  - (ii) 對本集團擁有重大影響力; 或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司的 關鍵管理人員;

或

- (b) 該方為符合以下任何條件的實體:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團為同一集團 的成員;
  - (ii) 一個實體為另一個實體(或另一個實體的母公司、附屬公司或同系附屬公司)的聯營公司或合營企業;
  - (iii) 該實體與本集團為同一第三 方的合營企業;
  - (iv) 一個實體為第三方實體的合 營企業,而另一個實體為該 第三方實體的聯營公司;
  - (v) 該實體為本集團或與本集團 有關連的實體為其僱員福利 而設立的離職後福利計劃; 以及該離職後福利計劃的贊 助僱主;
  - (vi) 該實體受(a)項中所指明的人 士控制或共同控制;
  - (vii) (a)(i)項中所指明的人士對該實體具有重大影響力或為該實體(或該實體的母公司)的關鍵管理人員:及
  - (viii) 該實體或其所屬集團的任何 成員公司向本集團或本集團 的母公司提供關鍵管理人員 服務。

# 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

RELATED PARTIES

A party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- the party is a person or a close member of that person's family and that person
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or of a parent of the Group;

or

- (b) the party is an entity where any of the following conditions applies:
  - the entity and the Group are members of the same group;
  - (ii) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or of a parent, subsidiary or fellow subsidiary of the other entity);
  - (iii) the entity and the Group are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - (iv) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - (v) the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group; and the sponsoring employers of the post-employment benefit plan;
  - (vi) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - (vii) a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); and
  - (viii) the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the parent of the Group.



## 物業、廠房及設備及折舊

物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)乃以 成本減累計折舊及任何減值虧損列賬。物 業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括其購買價 及任何使資產達到預定可使用狀態及地點 的直接相關成本。

物業、廠房及設備項目投入運作後所產生 的開支(如維修及養護),一般在產生期 間於損益中扣除。在符合確認標準的情況 下,重大檢查的開支於該資產賬面值中資 本化為替換。如須定期替換物業、廠房及 設備的重大部分,則本集團將該等部分確 認為有特定可使用年期的個別資產並相應 折舊。

折舊按百線法計算,以將每項物業、廠房 及設備的成本於其估計可使用年期內撇減 至其剩餘價值。就此採用的主要年度比率 如下:

樓宇 3.17%至5.00% 機械設備 5.00%至33.33% 汽車 10.00%至23.75% 其他設備 6.33%至33.33% 租賃裝修 相關租期與 20.00%至50.00% 中的較短者

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION

Property, plant and equipment, other than construction in progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to its working condition and location for its intended use.

Expenditure incurred after items of property, plant and equipment have been put into operation, such as repairs and maintenance, is normally charged to profit or loss in the period in which it is incurred. In situations where the recognition criteria are satisfied, the expenditure for a major inspection is capitalised in the carrying amount of the asset as a replacement. Where significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciates them accordingly.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line basis to write off the cost of each item of property, plant and equipment to its residual value over its estimated useful life. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are as follows:

Buildings 3.17% to 5.00% Machinery equipment 5.00% to 33.33% Motor vehicles 10.00% to 23.75% Other equipment 6.33% to 33.33% Leasehold improvements Over the shorter of the lease term and 20.00% to 50.00%

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

## 物業、廠房及設備及折舊(續)

如物業、廠房及設備項目各部分的可使用 年期不同,則該項目成本乃按合理基準分 配至各部分,而各部分均個別計提折舊。 剩餘價值、可使用年期及折舊方法乃於各 財政年度末檢討並作出適當調整。

物業、廠房及設備項目(包括任何已確認 的重大部分)於出售時或其使用或出售預 計不能帶來任何未來經濟利益時終止確 認。於資產終止確認年度的綜合損益及其 他全面收益表中確認的出售或報廢收益或 虧損,為出售所得款項淨額與相關資產的 賬面值之間的差額。

在建工程指在建或安裝中的廠房及機械, 按成本減任何減值虧損列賬,不予折舊。 成本包括直接建設成本。在建工程於竣工 且可供使用時重新分類至適當的物業、廠 房及設備類別。

## 投資物業

投資物業是指以獲得租賃收入及/或資本 增值為目的(而非用於生產或提供貨品或 服務或管理用途或於日常業務過程中銷 售)而持有的土地及樓宇的權益,包括作 為使用權資產持有的租賃物業。該等物業 初始按成本(包括交易成本)計量。初始確 認後,投資物業按公允價值(反映報告期 末的市況)列賬。

投資物業公允價值變動所產生的收益或虧 損,於其產生年度列入綜合損益及其他全 面收益表。

投資物業報廢或出售的收益或虧損於報廢 或出售年度的綜合損益及其他全面收益表 中確認。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND DEPRECIATION (continued)

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of that item is allocated on a reasonable basis among the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Residual values, useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at least at each financial year end.

An item of property, plant and equipment including any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on disposal or retirement recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year the asset is derecognised is the difference between the net sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the relevant asset.

Construction in progress represents plant and machinery under construction or installation, which are stated at cost less any impairment losses, and is not depreciated. Cost comprises the direct costs of construction. Construction in progress is reclassified to the appropriate category of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for use.

#### INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Investment properties are interests in land and buildings (including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset which would otherwise meet the definition of an investment property) held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes; or for sale in the ordinary course of business. Such properties are measured initially at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are stated at fair value, which reflects market conditions at the end of the reporting period.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair values of investment properties are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the year of the retirement or disposal.



## 無形資產(商譽除外)

單獨收購的無形資產於初始確認時按成本 計量。於業務合併中收購的無形資產成本 指於收購日期的公允價值。無形資產的可 使用年期評估為有限或無限。可使用年期 有限的無形資產隨後於可使用經濟壽命內 攤銷, 並在有跡象表明無形資產可能已減 值時評估減值。可使用年期有限的無形資 產的攤銷期及攤銷方法至少於各財政年度 末檢討。

#### 軟件

軟件按成本減去任何減值虧損入賬,並 於估計可使用年期2至10年內按直線法攤 銷。

#### 租賃

本集團於合同開始時評估合同是否為一項 租賃或包含一項租賃。倘合同在一段時間 內轉移使用一項獲識別資產的控制權以換 取代價,則該合同為一項租賃或包含一項 租賃。

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團就所有租賃(短期租賃及低價值資 產租賃除外)應用單一確認及計量方法。 本集團就租賃付款確認租賃負債,就使用 相關資產的權利確認使用權資產。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INTANGIBLE ASSETS (OTHER THAN GOODWILL)

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is the fair value at the date of acquisition. The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed to be either finite or indefinite. Intangible assets with finite lives are subsequently amortised over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

#### Software

Software is stated at cost less any impairment losses and is amortised on the straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 2 to 10 years.

#### LEASES

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

#### Group as a lessee

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

# 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### (a) 使用權資產

使用權資產於租賃開始日期(即相關 資產可供使用的日期)獲確認。使 用權資產按成本減任何累計折舊及 任何減值虧損計量, 並就租賃負債 的任何重新計量作出調整。使用權 資產的成本包括已確認租賃負債金 額、已產生初始直接成本,以及於 開始日期或之前作出的租賃付款減 任何已收取租賃優惠。使用權資產 按其租期和估計可使用年期中的較 短者以直線法計提折舊和攤銷,具 體如下:

土地使用權 20年 樓宇 2至8年 汽車 2至3年

倘於租期結束時租賃資產的擁有權 轉移至本集團或成本反映購買選擇 權的行使,折舊則以有關資產的估 計可使用年期計算。

#### 租賃負債

於租賃開始日期按租賃期內將作出 的租賃付款現值確認租賃負債。租 賃付款包括定額付款(含實質定額款 項)減任何應收租賃優惠、取決於指 數或利率的可變租賃付款以及預期 根據剩餘價值擔保支付的金額。租 賃付款亦包括本集團合理確定行使 的購買選擇權的行使價及在租期反 映本集團行使終止租賃選擇權時, 有關終止租賃的罰款。不取決於指 數或利率的可變租賃付款在出現觸 發付款的事件或條件的期間內確認 為開支。

於計算租賃付款的現值時,本集團 應用其租賃開始日期的增量借款利 率(「增量借款利率」)計算,原因為 租賃內含利率無法確定。於開始日 期後,租賃負債金額的增加反映了 利息的增長,其減少則關乎所作出 的租賃付款。此外,倘有修改、租 期變動、租賃付款變動(例如因指數 或利率變動導致未來租賃付款有所 變更)或購買相關資產選擇權的評估 變動,則重新計量租賃負債的賬面

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

LEASES (continued) Group as a lessee (continued)

## (a) Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are recognised at the commencement date of the lease (that is the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease terms and the estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Land use rights 20 years Buildings 2 to 8 years Motor vehicles 2 to 3 years

If ownership of the leased asset transfers to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

#### (b) Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are recognised at the commencement date of the lease at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for termination of a lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate the lease. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as an expense in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date because the interest rate ("IBR") implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in lease payments (e.g., a change to future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or rate) or a change in assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.



### 租賃(續)

## 本集團作為承租人(續)

#### 短期租賃及低價值資產租賃

本集團對短期租賃(即該等自開始日 期起計和期為12個月或以下目不包 含購買選擇權的租賃)應用短期租賃 確認豁免。低價值資產租賃的確認 豁免亦應用於被認為低價值的辦公 室設備及筆記本電腦租賃。短期租 賃及低價值資產租賃的租賃付款於 租期內按直線法確認為開支。

#### 本集團作為出租人

當本集團作為出租人,本集團於租 賃開始時(或租賃出現修改時)將其 租賃各自分類為經營租賃或融資租 賃。

所有本集團並未轉讓資產所有權所 附帶的絕大部分風險及回報的租賃 歸類為經營租賃。倘合同包含租賃 及非租賃部分,本集團按相關單獨 出售價格基準將合同代價分配至各 部分。租金收入於租期內按直線法 列賬並根據其經營性質計入綜合 損益及其他全面收益表內的收入。 於磋商及安排經營租賃時產生的初 始直接成本乃計入租賃資產的賬面 值,並於租期內按與租金收入相同 的方法確認。或然租金乃於所賺取 的期間內確認為收入。

將相關資產擁有權附帶的絕大部分 風險及回報轉讓予承租人的租賃, 入賬列作融資租賃。

當本集團為中間出租人時,分租參 考主租賃產生的使用權資產分類為 融資租賃或經營租賃。如主租賃為 本集團應用財務狀況確認豁免表的 短期租賃,則本集團將分租分類為 經營租賃。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

LEASES (continued)

Group as a lessee (continued)

#### (c) Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (that is those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the recognition exemption for leases of low-value assets to leases of office equipment and laptop computers that are considered to be of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Group as a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it classifies at lease inception (or when there is a lease modification) each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease.

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. Rental income is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms and is included in revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income due to its operating nature. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

Leases that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, a sublease is classified as a finance lease or operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the recognition exemption in the statement of financial position, the Group classifies the sublease as an operating lease.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

## 投資及其他金融資產 初次確認及計量

金融資產於初始確認時分類為隨後按攤銷 成本計量、按公允價值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益及按公允價值計量且其變動 計入當期損益。

金融資產於初始確認時的分類視乎金融資 產的合同現金流量特點及本集團管理該等 資產的業務模式而定。除不包含重大融資 部分或本集團已對其應用不調整重大融資 部分的影響的簡化方法的貿易應收款項及 應收票據外,本集團將金融資產初步按公 允價值加上(就並非按公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益的金融資產而言)交易 成本計量。不包含重大融資部分或本集團 已對其應用簡化方法的貿易應收款項及應 收票據,以按照下文「收入確認」所載政策 根據香港財務報告準則第15號釐定的交易 價計量。

為令金融資產按攤銷成本或按公允價值計 量且其變動計入其他全面收益分類及計 量,其需要產生有關未償還本金的僅為本 金及利息付款(「僅為本金及利息付款」)的 現金流量。現金流量並非僅為本金及利息 付款的金融資產,以按公允價值計量且其 變動計入當期損益分類及計量(不論業務 模式)。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income, and fair value through profit or loss

The classification of financial assets at initial recognition depends on the financial asset's contractual cash flow characteristics and the Group's business model for managing them. With the exception of trade and bill receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group initially measures a financial asset at its fair value plus in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. Trade and bill receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or for which the Group has applied the practical expedient are measured at the transaction price determined under HKFRS 15 in accordance with the policies set out for "Revenue recognition" below.

In order for a financial asset to be classified and measured at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, it needs to give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding. Financial assets with cash flows that are not SPPI are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss, irrespective of the business model.



## 投資及其他金融資產(續)

#### 初次確認及計量(續)

本集團管理金融資產的業務模式反映其管 理金融資產,以產生現金流量的方式。業 務模式決定現金流量將因獲取合同現金流 量、出售金融資產或兩者同時產生。按攤 銷成本分類及計量的金融資產按目標為持 有金融資產以獲取合同現金流量的業務模 式持有,而按公允價值計量且其變動計入 其他全面收益分類及計量的金融資產按目 標為同時獲取合同現金流量及出售的業務 模式持有。並非按上述業務模式持有的金 融資產按公允價值計量且其變動計入當期 損益分類及計量。

所有金融資產的常規買賣於交易日期(即 本集團承諾購買或出售資產之日)確認。 常規買賣指需要於市場規例或慣例一般規 定的期限內交付資產的金融資產買賣。

#### 後續計量

金融資產的後續計量視乎其分類如下:

## 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(債務工具)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產隨後使用實際 利率法計量,並可予減值。在資產終止確 認、修訂或減值時,收益及虧損於綜合損 益及其他全面收益表確認。

## 按公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益 的金融資產

按公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益的 金融資產乃按於綜合損益表內確認之公允 價值之變動淨額於財務狀況表列賬。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INVESTMENTS AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Initial recognition and measurement (continued)

The Group's business model for managing financial assets refers to how it manages its financial assets in order to generate cash flows. The business model determines whether cash flows will result from collecting contractual cash flows, selling the financial assets, or both. Financial assets classified and measured at amortised cost are held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, while financial assets classified and measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are held within a business model with the objective of both holding to collect contractual cash flows and selling. Financial assets which are not held within the aforementioned business models are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, that is, the date that the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

#### Financial assets at amortised cost (debt instruments)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

## Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融資產終止確認

金融資產(或(如適用)一項金融資產的一 部分或一組類似金融資產的一部分)主要 在以下情況下終止確認(即從本集團的綜 合財務狀況表中移除):

- 收取資產現金流量的權利已屆滿;
- 本集團已將其收取資產現金流量的 權利轉讓,或已承擔悉數支付所收 到現金流量的義務,未對「轉手」安 排下第三方造成重大延誤;且(a)本 集團已將資產的絕大部分風險及回 報轉讓,或(b)本集團既未轉讓亦未 保留資產的絕大部分風險及回報, 但已轉讓資產的控制權。

當本集團已將其收取資產現金流量的權利 轉讓或已訂立轉手安排時,本集團評估其 是否及在何種程度上保留資產所有權的風 險及回報。如本集團既未轉讓亦未保留資 產的絕大部分風險及回報,亦未轉讓資產 的控制權時,本集團在本集團持續參與的 範圍內繼續確認已轉讓資產。在此情況 下,本集團亦確認相關負債。所轉讓資產 及相關負債按反映本集團保留的權利及義 務的基準計量。

所轉讓資產擔保形式的持續參與,按資產 原賬面值與本集團可能須支付的最高代價 金額的較低者計量。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e., removed from the Group's consolidated statement of financial position) when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; and either (a) the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if, and to what extent, it has retained the risk and rewards of ownership of the asset. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the Group continues to recognise the transferred asset to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement. In that case, the Group also recognises an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Group has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.



### 金融資產減值

本集團就所有並非按公允價值計量且其變 動計入當期損益而持有的債務工具確認預 期信貸虧損(「預期信貸虧損」) 撥備。預 期信貸虧損基於按照合同到期的合同現金 流量與本集團預計收到的所有現金流量之 間的差額,按接近原始實際利率的利率貼 現。預期現金流量將包括出售所持抵押品 或為合同條款一部分的其他信用增強措施 的現金流量。

#### 一般法

預期信貸虧損分兩個階段確認。就自初始 確認起信貸風險並未大幅增加的信貸風險 而言,預期信貸虧損就可能於未來12個 月內發生的違約事件導致的信貸虧損作出 撥備(12個月預期信貸虧損)。就自初始 確認起信貸風險已大幅增加的信貸風險而 言,須於風險的餘下年期內就信貸虧損作 出虧損撥備(不論違約時間)(整個存續期 預期信貸虧損)。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融工具的信 貸風險自初始確認起是否已大幅增加。在 作出評估時,本集團將金融工具於報告日 期發生違約的風險與金融工具於初始確認 日期發生違約的風險進行比較,考慮無需 過多成本或努力即可獲得的合理有支持資 料(包括歷史及前瞻性資料)。

當合同付款逾期90天時,本集團認為金 融資產已違約。然而,在若干情況下,當 內部或外部資料表明本集團不大可能收回 全部未收回的合同款項(在考慮本集團持 有的任何信貸增強措施前)時,本集團亦 可能將金融資產視為違約。當合理預期無 法收回合同現金流量時,金融資產予以撇 銷。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

#### General approach

ECLs are recognised in two stages. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12 months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a lifetime ECL).

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When making the assessment, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition and considers reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort, including historical and forward-looking information.

The Group considers a financial asset in default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Group is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Group. A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

## 金融資產減值(續) 一般法(續)

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產須根據一般法 進行減值,並於以下預期信貸虧損計量階 段內分類,惟貿易應收款項及應收票據應 用簡易法,詳情如下。

第一階段 一 自初始確認起信貸風險未 大幅增加,且虧損撥備按 等於12個月預期信貸虧損 的金額計量的金融工具

第二階段 一 自初始確認起信貸風險已 大幅增加,但為未信貸減 值的金融資產,且虧損撥 備按等於整個存續期預期 信貸虧損的金額計量的金 具工編

第三階段 一 於報告日期已信貸減值(但 並非購買或原生信貸減 值),且虧損撥備按等於整 個存續期預期信貸虧損的 金額計量的金融資產。

#### 簡易法

就不包含重大融資部分或本集團應用不調 整重大融資部分的影響的簡化方法的貿易 應收款項及應收票據而言,本集團在計算 預期信貸虧損時應用簡易法。根據簡易 法,本集團不跟蹤信貸風險的變化,而是 於各報告日期根據整個存續期預期信貸虧 損確認虧損撥備。本集團已基於其過往信 貸虧損經驗建立撥備矩陣,並就債務及經 濟環境的特定前瞻性因素作出調整。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

IMPAIRMENT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued) General approach (continued)

Financial assets at amortised cost are subject to impairment under the general approach and they are classified within the following stages for measurement of ECLs except for trade and bill receivables which apply the simplified approach as detailed below.

Financial instruments for which credit risk has not Stage 1 increased significantly since initial recognition and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs

Stage 2 -Financial instruments for which credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition but that are not credit-impaired financial assets and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs

Stage 3 - Financial assets that are credit-impaired at the reporting date (but that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired) and for which the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

#### Simplified approach

For trade and bill receivables that do not contain a significant financing component or when the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the effect of a significant financing component, the Group applies the simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Under the simplified approach, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date. The Group has established a provision matrix that is based on its historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.



## 金融負債 初次確認及計量

金融負債於初始確認時分類為貸款及借貸 及應付款項(視情況而定)。

所有金融負債初始按公允價值確認,如為 貸款及借款及應付款項,則扣除直接應佔 的交易成本。

本集團的金融負債包括貿易應付款項、其 他應付款項及應計費用、租賃負債及有息 銀行借貸。

#### 後續計量

金融負債的後續計量取決於其分類如下:

## 按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債

初始確認後,貿易應付款項及其他應付款 項及應計費用隨後使用實際利率法按攤銷 成本計量,除非貼現的影響並不重大,在 此情況下按成本計量。收益及虧損於負債 終止確認時透過實際利率攤銷程序於綜合 損益及其他全面收益表確認。

攤銷成本經計及任何收購折讓或溢價以及 屬於實際利率一部分之費用或成本後計 算。實際利率攤銷計入損益中財務費用 內。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as loans and borrowings and payables, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables and accruals, lease liabilities and interest-bearing bank borrowings.

#### Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as follows:

## Financial liabilities at amortised cost

After initial recognition, trade payables and other payables and accruals are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost. Gains and losses are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the effective interest rate amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the effective interest rate. The effective interest rate amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

#### 金融負債終止確認

金融負債在負債項下義務解除、取消或到 期時終止確認。

當現有金融負債被同一貸款人實質上不同 條款的另一金融負債取代,或現有負債的 條款實質上修改時,該交換或修改被視為 終止確認原負債及確認新負債處理,各自 賬面值之間的差額於綜合損益及其他全面 收益表確認。

#### 抵銷金融工具

當有現時可依法強制執行的法定權利抵銷 已確認金額,且有意按淨額基準結算或同 時變現資產並清償負債時,金融資產與金 融負債相互抵銷,淨額於財務狀況表報 告。

## 存貨 停車位

停車位按成本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低 者入賬。可變現淨值按估計售價減去完工 及處置估計所需的任何成本計算。

### 其他存貨

其他存貨(包括觀賞植物及其他材料)按成 本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低者入賬。成 本按先入先出法釐定。可變現淨值按估計 售價減去完工及處置估計所需的任何成本 計算。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled, or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and a recognition of a new liability, and the difference between the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### OFFSETTING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

## **INVENTORIES** Parking spaces

Parking spaces are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.

#### Other inventories

Other inventories, comprising ornamental plants and other materials, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling prices less any estimated costs to be incurred to completion and disposal.



### 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表而言, 現金及現金等價 物包括手頭現金及活期存款,以及可隨時 轉換為已知金額現金、無重大價值變動風 險及一般於購入後三個月內到期的短期及 高流動性投資,扣除須按要求償還且構成 本集團現金管理整體的部分之銀行诱支。

就綜合財務狀況表而言,現金及現金等價 物包括手頭現金及銀行存款(包括定期存 款)及並無限制用途且本質與現金類似的 資產。

#### 撥備

撥備在現有義務(法定或推定)因過往事件 而產生且未來很可能需要流出資源以清償 義務時確認,前提是義務金額能夠可靠估 計。

當折現的影響重大時,就撥備確認的金額 為未來清償義務預計所需開支於報告期末 的現值。隨時間推移而產生的已貼現現值 之增加,計入損益內的財務費用。

#### 所得税

所得税包括即期及遞延税項。與於損益外 確認的項目有關的所得税在損益以外的其 他全面收益內確認或直接於權益內確認。

即期税項資產及負債根據截至報告期末已 制定或實際上已制定的税率(及税法),經 考慮本集團經營所在國家的現行解釋及慣 例,按預期從稅務機關收回或支付予稅務 機關的金額計量。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash, are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and have a short maturity of generally within three months when acquired, less bank overdrafts which are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of financial position, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and at banks, including term deposits, and assets similar in nature to cash, which are not restricted as to use.

#### **PROVISIONS**

A provision is recognised when a present obligation (legal or constructive) has arisen as a result of a past event and it is probable that a future outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, provided that a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the effect of discounting is material, the amount recognised for a provision is the present value at the end of the reporting period of the future expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the discounted present value amount arising from the passage of time is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

#### INCOME TAX

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period, taking into consideration interpretations and practices prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

## 所得税(續)

就財務申報而言, 遞延税項乃就於報告期 末資產及負債的税基與其賬面值之間的所 有暫時性差額以負債法計提撥備。

遞延税項負債就所有應課税暫時性差額確 認,以下情況除外:

- 遞延税項負債因於並非業務合併且 於交易時不影響會計溢利或應課稅 溢利或虧損的交易中初始確認商譽 或資產或負債而產生;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業的投資相關的應課税暫時性差 額而言,撥回暫時性差額之時間能 夠控制,且暫時性差額很可能不會 在可見將來撥回。

遞延税項資產就所有可扣減暫時性差額、 未動用税務抵免結轉及任何未動用税務虧 損確認。遞延税項資產在很可能會有應課 税溢利可用於抵銷可扣減暫時性差額、未 動用税務抵免結轉及未動用税務虧損時確 認,惟以下情況除外:

- 與可扣減暫時性差額有關的遞延税 項資產因於並非業務合併且於交易 時不影響會計溢利或應課税溢利或 虧損的交易中初始確認資產或負債 而產生;及
- 就與於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營 企業的投資相關的可扣減暫時性差 額而言,只有在暫時性差額很可能 於可見將來撥回,且很可能會有應 課税溢利可用於抵銷該等暫時性差 額時,才會確認遞延税項資產。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

INCOME TAX (continued)

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- when the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, when the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carryforward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- when the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary differences arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- in respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.



## 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末檢 討,如很可能不再有足夠應課稅溢利可供 動用所有或部分遞延税項資產,則予以減 少。未確認的遞延税項資產於各報告期末 重新評估,並在很可能會有足夠應課稅溢 利收回全部或部份遞延税項資產時予以確 認。

遞延税項資產及負債乃根據截至報告期末 已制定或實際上已制定的税率(及税法), 按變現資產或清償負債的期間預期適用的 税率計量。

當且僅當本集團具有依法可強制執行的權 利抵銷即期税項資產及即期税項負債,且 遞延税項資產和遞延税項負債涉及同一税 務機關對同一應課税實體或對擬按淨額基 準結算即期税項負債及資產或同時變現資 產及清償負債的不同應課税實體徵收的所 得税時,才會於預期清償或收回大額遞延 税項負債或資產的各未來期間抵銷遞延税 項資產及遞延税項負債。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

INCOME TAX (continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if and only if the Group has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and current tax liabilities and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

#### 政府補助

在合理保證將收到補助並將遵守所有附帶 條件時,政府補助按公允價值確認。如補 助涉及開支項目,則於補助擬補償的成本 支出期間按系統法確認為收入。

如補助涉及資產,則公允價值計入遞延收 入賬戶,並按等額年度分期在相關資產的 預計可使用年期撥回綜合損益及其他全面 收益表,或透過降低折舊費用而從資產的 賬面值中扣除並撥回綜合損益及其他全面 收益表。

## 收入確認 來自客戶合同的收入

本集團提供住宅物業管理服務與商業運營 及物業管理服務。來自客戶合同的收入在 服務提供予客戶時,按反映本集團預期因 交換該等服務而有權獲得的代價之金額確 認。

倘合同代價包括一項可變金額,則代價金 額按本集團有權就向客戶轉移貨品或服務 換取的金額確認。可變代價於合同開始時 估計並受規限,直至於與可變代價有關之 不確定因素其後解決而所確認累計收入金 額很大可能不會發生重大收入撥回。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

**GOVERNMENT GRANTS** 

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods that the costs, for which it is intended to compensate, are expensed.

Where the grant relates to an asset, the fair value is credited to a deferred income account and is released to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income over the expected useful life of the relevant asset by equal annual instalments or deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and released to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income by way of a reduced depreciation charge.

## REVENUE RECOGNITION Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group provides residential property management services and commercial operational and property management services. Revenue from contracts with customers is recognised when services are rendered to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange of those services.

When the consideration in a contract includes a variable amount, the amount of consideration is estimated to which the Group will be entitled in exchange for transferring the goods or services to the customer. The variable consideration is estimated at contract inception and constrained until it is highly probable that a significant revenue reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved.



## 收入確認(續) 來自客戶合同的收入(續)

#### 住宅物業管理服務

住宅物業管理服務包括:(i)物業管理服 務;(ii)針對物業開發商的增值服務;及 (iii)社區增值服務。

物業管理服務主要包括給住宅物業及其他 物業提供安保、清潔及綠化、維修養護服 務以及客戶服務。就物業管理服務,本集 團每月就提供的服務開出固定金額賬單, 並將本集團有權開具發票且與已完成的履 約價值直接匹配的金額確認為收入。住宅 物業的物業管理服務收入按包幹制管理, 本集團作為主事人。本集團有權按已收或 應收物業管理服務費的價值獲取收入。

針對物業開發商的增值服務主要包括交付 前營銷配合服務、前期規劃及籌備服務、 前期顧問服務及其他服務(包括房屋託管 及空置單位管理)。本集團與客戶預先協 議每項服務的價格,並向客戶發出月賬 單,而月賬單因應當月已完成服務的實際 水平各有不同。由於客戶同時收到及消耗 本集團提供的利益,故增值服務收入在-段時間內按本集團有權開具發票的金額確 認。

對社區增值服務(包括社區生活服務與經 紀及資產服務)而言,收入於提供相關服 務時確認。向客戶提供社區增值服務時, 有關交易款項實時到期支付。貨品銷售計 入資產服務。貨品銷售收入於貨品控制權 轉移至客戶(通常為客戶接收貨品)時確 認。經紀服務收入在提供服務且獲客戶接 納時確認。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (continued) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Residential property management services

Residential property management services comprise: (i) property management services: (ii) value-added services to property developers; and (iii) community value-added services.

Property management services mainly include security, cleaning and greening, repair and maintenance services and customer services to residential properties and other properties. For property management services, the Group bills a fixed amount for services provided on a monthly basis and recognises it as revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice and that corresponds directly with the value of performance completed. Property management service income from residential properties is managed on lump sum basis, where the Group acts as a principal. The Group entitles to revenue at the value of property management service fee received or receivable.

Value-added services to property developers mainly include predelivery marketing services, preliminary planning and preparation services, preliminary consultancy services and other services including housing trust and vacant unit management. The Group agrees the price for each service with the customers upfront and issues the monthly bill to the customers which varies based on the actual level of service completed in that month. Revenue from value-added services is recognised over time, in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice, because the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group.

For community value-added services including community living services and brokerage and asset services, revenue is recognised when the related services are rendered. Payment of the transaction is due immediately when the community valueadded services are rendered to the customer. Sales of goods are included in asset services. Revenue from sales of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on the acceptance of the goods by the customer. Revenue from brokerage services is recognised at the point in time when the services are rendered and accepted by the customers.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

收入確認(續) 來自客戶合同的收入(續)

商業運營及物業管理服務

商業運營及物業管理服務提供予i)購物中 心及ii)寫字樓的物業開發商以及業主或租 戶。

就購物中心而言,本集團提供:

物業管理及其他服務,主要包括購 物中心的秩序維護、清潔及綠化、 維修養護以及客戶服務。物業管理 費按包幹制或酬金製收取。本集團 每月就提供的服務開出固定金額賬 單, 並將本集團有權開具發票且與 已完成的履約價值直接匹配的金額 確認為收入。

自二零二零年七月一日起,本集團已將購 物中心物業管理服務收入模式改為酬金 制。對於以酬金制管理的物業之物業管理 服務收入,本集團認為其責任僅限於以代 理人的身份安排及監察其他各方向業主提 供的服務,因此將酬金確認為其收入,酬 金按每平方米固定費用計算,作為其他供 應商向該等購物中心提供安排及監服務的 收入。就酬金制而言,本集團無權收取客 戶支付予該等購物中心的物業管理費(經 扣除本集團作為物業管理人的應收費用) 中任何超出提供服務有關的成本及開支的 部分。因此,本集團一般不確認以酬金制 收取的物業管理服務合同項下的任何直接 成本。該等成本由業主承擔。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (continued) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Commercial operational and property management services

Commercial operational and property management services are provided to property developers, and owners or tenants of i) shopping malls and ii) office buildings.

For shopping malls, the Group provides:

Property management and other services, mainly including security, cleaning and greening, repair and maintenance and customer services for shopping malls. Property management fees are charged on a lump sum basis or commission basis. The Group bills a fixed amount for services provided on a monthly basis and recognises it as revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice and that corresponds directly with the value of performance completed.

Starting from the 1 July 2020, the Group has changed revenue model for property management services to shopping malls to commission basis. For property management service income from properties managed under commission basis, the Group considers its obligation is only limited to arranging and monitoring the services provided by other parties to the property owners as an agent and accordingly recognises the commission, which is calculated based on fixed fee on a per sq.m. basis, as its revenue. On a commission basis, the Group is not entitled to any excess of the property management fees paid by customers (after deducting the fees receivable by the Group as the property manager) over the costs and expenses associated with the provision of services to the shopping malls. Therefore, the Group does not recognise any direct cost under property management service contracts charged on a commission basis in general. Such costs are borne by the property owners.



收入確認(續) 來自客戶合同的收入(續) 商業運營及物業管理服務(續)

商業運營服務,包括開業前管理及 開業後運營管理服務。本集團按每 平方米固定費率或月租或定額年費 收取開業前管理服務費,取決於所 提供服務的性質。本集團就開業後 運營管理服務收取費用,一般按相 關購物中心的租金收入、經營收入 及/或營業利潤的百分比計算。來 自商業運營服務的收入按本集團有 權開具發票且與已完成的履約價值

直接匹配的金額確認。

就寫字樓而言,本集團提供物業管理及其 他服務,主要包括秩序維護、清潔與維修 養護服務。物業管理費按包幹制收取。本 集團每月就提供的服務開出固定金額賬 單, 並將本集團有權開具發票且與已完成 的履約價值直接匹配的金額確認為收入。

#### 苗木、商品及物業銷售

來自苗木、商品及物業銷售的收入於資產 控制權轉移予客戶的時間點確認。

#### 其他來源的收入

本集團就位於若干購物中心內的單位提供 商業分租服務。本集團主要每月向租戶收 取租金收入。租金收入在租賃期內按時間 比例確認。不依賴於指數或利率的可變租 賃付款在其產生的

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (continued) Revenue from contracts with customers (continued)

Commercial operational and property management services (continued)

Commercial operational services, including pre-opening management and post-opening operation management services. The Group charges pre-opening management service fees at a fixed rate per square meter or per monthly rent, or an annual fixed fee depending on the nature of services rendered. The Group collects fees from providing post-opening operation management services typically as a percentage of the rental income, operating income and/ or operating profit of the relevant shopping malls. Revenue from commercial operational services is recognised in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice that corresponds directly with the value of performance completed.

For office buildings, the Group provides property management and other services, mainly including security, cleaning and repair and maintenance services. Property management fees are charged on a lump sum basis. The Group bills a fixed amount for services provided on a monthly basis and recognises it as revenue in the amount to which the Group has a right to invoice that corresponds directly with the value of performance completed.

#### Sales of planting stocks, merchandise and properties

Revenue from the sales of planting stocks, merchandise and properties is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer.

#### Revenue from other sources

The Group provides commercial subleasing services with respect to units located within certain shopping malls. The Group receive rental income from tenants primarily on a monthly basis. Rental income is recognised on a time proportion basis over the lease terms. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

## 收入確認(續) 其他收入

利息收入應用將金融工具估計年期之估計 未來現金收款準確貼現至金融資產賬面淨 值的利率,以實際利率法按累計基準確 認。

## 合同負債

於本集團轉移相關貨品或服務前,在收到 客戶的付款或客戶應付款到期(以較早者 為準)時,確認合同負債。當本集團根據 合同履約時(即,將相關貨品或服務的控 制權轉讓給客戶),合同負債確認為收入。

## 僱員退休福利

本集團在中國內地經營的附屬公司僱員須 參加當地市政府管理的中央退休金計劃。 該等附屬公司須向中央退休金計劃繳納一 定比例的工資成本。供款在按照中央退休 金計劃規定須支付時從損益扣除。

## 借貸成本

借貸成本在產生期間列作開支。借貸成本 包括實體就借入資金產生的利息及其他成 本。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

REVENUE RECOGNITION (continued) Other income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method by applying the rate that discounts the estimated future cash receipts over the expected life of the financial instrument of the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### CONTRACT LIABILITIES

A contract liability is recognised when a payment is received or a payment is due (whichever is earlier) from a customer before the Group transfers the related goods or services. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract (i.e., transfers control of the related goods or services to the customer).

#### EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The employees of the Group's subsidiaries which operate in Mainland China are required to participate in a central pension scheme operated by the local municipal government. These subsidiaries are required to contribute a certain proportion of their payroll costs to the central pension scheme. The contributions are charged to profit or loss as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the central pension scheme.

#### BORROWING COSTS

Borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.



#### 股息

當末期股息於股東大會上獲股東批准時, 即確認為負債。擬派末期股息於財務報表 附註披露。

中期股息同時建議派付及宣派,因為本公 司的大綱及組織章程細則授予董事宣派中 期股息的權利。因此,中期股息於建議派 付及宣派時即刻確認為負債。

#### 外幣

該等財務報表以人民幣呈列,人民幣為本 公司的功能貨幣。本集團各實體決定其自 身的功能貨幣,各實體財務資料中的項目 使用該功能貨幣計量。外幣交易由本集團 內實體使用交易日期各自的現行功能貨幣 匯率初始入賬。以外幣計值的貨幣資產及 負債按報告期末的現行功能貨幣匯率換 算。因結算或換算貨幣項目而產生的差額 於損益確認。

以外幣按歷史成本計量的非貨幣項目,採 用初步交易日期的匯率換算。以外幣按公 允價值計量的非貨幣項目,採用計量公允 價值當日的匯率換算。因換算按公允價值 計量的非貨幣項目所產生的收益或虧損, 按與該項目公允價值變動的收益或虧損的 確認一致的方式處理(即公允價值收益或 虧損於其他全面收益或損益確認的項目的 換算差額,亦分別於其他全面收益或損益 確認)。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### DIVIDENDS

Final dividends are recognised as a liability when they are approved by the shareholders in a general meeting. Proposed final dividends are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Interim dividends are simultaneously proposed and declared, because the Company's memorandum and articles of association grant the directors the authority to declare interim dividends. Consequently, interim dividends are recognised immediately as a liability when they are proposed and declared.

#### FOREIGN CURRENCIES

These financial statements are presented in RMB, which is the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial information of each entity are measured using that functional currency. Foreign currency transactions recorded by the entities in the Group are initially recorded using their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency rates of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of a nonmonetary item measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation difference on the item whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss is also recognised in other comprehensive income or profit or loss, respectively).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 2.4 關鍵會計政策概要(續)

#### 外幣(續)

就初次確認有關資產、終止確認預付代價 相關非貨幣資產或非貨幣負債的開支或收 入釐定匯率時,初始交易日期為本集團初 次確認預付代價所產生非貨幣資產或非貨 幣負債當日。倘有多項預先付款或預收款 項,本集團就預付代價之每項付款或收款 **釐**定交易日期。

若干境外附屬公司的功能貨幣為人民幣以 外的貨幣。於報告期末,該等實體的資產 及負債按各報告期末的現行匯率換算為人 民幣,其損益表按與交易日期現行匯率相 若的匯率換算為人民幣。

因此產生的匯兑差額於其他全面收益確 認, 並於匯兑波動儲備中累計。出售境外 業務時,其他全面收益中與該特定境外業 務相關的部分於損益確認。

就綜合現金流量表而言,若干境外附屬公 司的現金流量按現金流日期的現行匯率換 算為人民幣。整個年度若干境外附屬公司 經常發生的現金流量按年內加權平均匯率 換算為人民幣。

## 2.4 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING **POLICIES** (continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCIES (continued)

In determining the exchange rate on initial recognition of the related asset, expense or income on the derecognition of a nonmonetary asset or non-monetary liability relating to an advance consideration, the date of initial transaction is the date on which the Group initially recognises the non-monetary asset or nonmonetary liability arising from the advance consideration. If there are multiple payments or receipts in advance, the Group determines the transaction date for each payment or receipt of the advance consideration.

The functional currencies of certain overseas subsidiaries are currencies other than RMB. As at the end of the reporting period, the assets and liabilities of these entities are translated into RMB at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of each of the reporting period and their statements of profit or loss are translated into RMB at the exchange rates that approximate to those prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the exchange fluctuation reserve. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, the cash flows of certain overseas subsidiaries are translated into RMB at the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the cash flows. Frequently recurring cash flows of certain overseas subsidiaries which arise throughout the year are translated into RMB at the weighted average exchange rates for the year.



## 主要會計判斷及估計

編製本集團的財務報表需要管理層作出影 響收入、開支、資產及負債的呈報金額、 其相應披露及或然負債披露的判斷、估計 及假設。該等假設及估計的不確定性可能 導致未來需要對受影響的資產或負債的賬 面值作出重大調整。

### 判斷

在應用本集團的會計政策過程中,除涉及 對財務報表中已確認金額構成最大影響的 估計的會計政策外,管理層已作出以下判 ണ:

#### 物業租賃分類一本集團作為出租人

本集團已就其投資物業組合訂立商業物業 租賃。根據對有關安排條款及條件之評 估,如租期不構成商用物業之經濟壽命的 主要部分且最低租賃款項現值不等於商用 物業之絕大部分公允價值,本集團已釐定 其保留該等物業所有權附帶的絕大部分風 險及回報,並將有關合同以經營租賃入 賬。

## 釐定有重續選擇權合同的租期時所用重 大判斷

本集團有多份包括延期及終止選擇權的租 賃合同。本集團在評估是否行使選擇權重 續或終止租賃時作出判斷。即,已考慮所 有對其進行重續或終止產生經濟動機的相 關因素。生效日期後,倘發生重大事件或 環境變化在其控制範圍內,並且影響其行 使或不行使重續或終止租賃選擇權的能力 (例如,建造大量租賃權改進或對租賃資 產的重大定制),本集團將重新評估租賃 期限。

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and their accompanying disclosures, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that could require a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities affected in the future.

#### JUDGEMENTS

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, apart from those involving estimations, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements:

#### Property lease classification - Group as lessor

The Group has entered into commercial property leases on its investment property portfolio. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements, such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains substantially all the significant risks and rewards incidental to ownership of these properties which are leased out and accounts for the contracts as operating leases.

## Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts with renewal options

The Group has several lease contracts that include extension and termination options. The Group applies judgement in evaluating whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or to terminate the lease (e.g., construction of significant leasehold improvements or significant customisation to the leased asset).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

## 釐定有重續選擇權合同的租期時所用重 大判斷(續)

由於該等資產對其營運的重要性,本集團 將重續期作為機械租賃的租賃期的一部 分。該等租賃的不可撤銷期較短(即三至 五年),倘如無可用替代品,則會對生產 造成重大不利影響。

## 物業管理服務合同中主事人與代理人的 考慮因素

釐定本集團是否擔當主事人或代理人需要 考慮所有相關事實及情況,以及物業管理 服務合同的合同條款。

本集團根據包幹制或酬金制管理物業。於 包幹制情況下,本集團擔當主事人,並主 要負責向業主提供物業管理服務,並將已 收或應收業主的物業管理費確認為其收益 及將所有相關物業管理成本確認為其服務 成本。就根據酬金制管理的物業之物業管 理服務收入,本集團認為其責任僅限於以 代理人的身份安排及監察其他各方向業主 提供的服務,因此將酬金確認為其收入, 酬金按每平方米固定費用計算。

## 估計不確定因素

以下為報告期末有關未來及其他主要不確 定估計來源之主要假設,其很可能導致須 對下一個財政年度的資產及負債賬面值作 出重大調整的重大風險。

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

JUDGEMENTS (continued)

Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts with renewal options (continued)

The Group includes the renewal period as part of the lease term for leases of machinery due to the significance of these assets to its operations. These leases have a short non-cancellable period (i.e., three to five years) and there will be a significant negative effect on production if a replacement is not readily available.

## Principal versus agent consideration for property management service contracts

Determining whether the Group is acting as a principal or as an agent requires consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances, and the contractual terms of property management service contracts.

The Group manages properties either under lump sum basis or commission basis. Under lump sum basis, the Group acts as a principal and is primarily responsible for providing property management services to the property owners, and recognises the property management fee received or receivable from property owners as its revenue and all related property management costs as its cost of services. For property management service income from properties managed under commission basis, the Group considers its obligation is only limited to arranging and monitoring the services provided by other parties to the property owners as an agent and accordingly recognises the commission, which is calculated based on fixed fee on a per sq.m. basis, as its revenue.

## ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below.



## 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

估計不確定因素(續) 貿易應收款項及應收票據以及其他應收 款項的預期信貸虧損撥備

本集團使用撥備矩陣計算貿易應收款項及 應收票據以及其他應收款項的預期信貸虧 損。撥備率乃基於具有類似虧損模式的多 個客戶分類組別(即按地區、服務類型、 客戶類型及評級劃分)的逾期天數釐定。

撥備矩陣最初乃基於本集團的過往觀察違 約率而作出。本集團將校正矩陣以按前瞻 性資料調整過往信貸虧損經驗。例如,倘 預期預測經濟狀況將於來年惡化,可能導 致違約數目增加,則歷史違約率會予以調 整。於各報告日期,本集團會更新過往觀 察違約率,並分析前瞻性估計的變動。

過往觀察違約率、預測經濟狀況及預期信 貸虧損之間的相關性評估屬重大估計。預 期信貸虧損的金額對環境及預測經濟狀況 的變動較為敏感。本集團的過往信貸虧損 經驗及預測經濟狀況亦或不能代表客戶未 來的實際違約情況。有關本集團的貿易應 收款項及應收票據以及其他應收款項的預 期信貸虧損的資料分別披露於財務報表附 註22及附註23。

#### 存貨的可變現淨值

存貨的可變現淨值為日常業務過程中的估 計售價減去估計銷售開支。停車位的可變 現淨值由董事根據現行市價估計。該等估 計乃基於現行市況及出售類似性質商品的 過往經驗作出。估計可能因客戶喜好變化 或競爭對手的行為而發生重大變化。本集 團於報告期末重新評估該等估計。

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued) Provision for expected credit losses on trade and bill receivables and other receivables

The Group uses a provision matrix to calculate ECLs for trade and bill receivables and other receivables. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments that have similar loss patterns (i.e., by geography, service type, customer type and rating).

The provision matrix is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. The Group will calibrate the matrix to adjust the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults, the historical default rates are adjusted. At each reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation among historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of a customer's actual default in the future. The information about the ECLs on the Group's trade and bill receivables and other receivables is disclosed in note 22 and note 23 to the financial statements, respectively.

#### Net realisable value of inventories

Net realisable value of inventories is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated selling expenses. Net realisable value of parking spaces is estimated by the directors based on the prevailing market prices. These estimates are based on the current market conditions and the historical experience of selling merchandise of a similar nature. It could change significantly as a result of changes in customer taste or competitor actions. The Group reassesses these estimates at the end of the reporting period.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

## 估計不確定因素(續) 投資物業的公允價值

投資物業(包括作為使用權資產持有的租 賃物業)於綜合財務狀況表中按公允價值 入賬,詳情披露於附註15。投資物業的公 允價值參考一名獨立專業合資格估值師採 用涉及對現行市況的若干假設的物業估值 技術對該等物業進行的估值釐定。該等假 設的有利或不利變化可能導致列入綜合財 務狀況表的本集團投資物業的公允價值變 化,並相應調整綜合損益及其他全面收益 表中報告的公允價值變動。投資物業的公 允價值詳情於財務報表附註15中披露。

#### 遞延税項資產

如很可能會有應課稅溢利用於抵銷虧損, 則就所有可扣減暫時性差額及未動用稅務 虧損確認遞延税項資產。釐定可確認的遞 延税項資產金額,需要管理層依據未來應 課税溢利可能的時間及水平連同未來税務 規劃策略作出重大判斷。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,有關已確認税務虧損的 遞延税項資產賬面值為零(二零二零年: 零)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,未 確認税務虧損金額為人民幣2,747,000元 (二零二零年:人民幣5.657.000元)。進 一步詳情載列於財務報表附註20。

#### 就預扣税確認遞延税項負債

就於中國內地成立的外商投資企業向外國 投資者宣派的股息徵收的預扣税確認遞延 税項負債。釐定可確認的遞延税項負債金 額,需要管理層依據可能宣派的股息作出 重大判斷。進一步詳情載列於財務報表附 註20。

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued) Fair value of investment properties

Investment properties, including the leasehold property held as a right-of-use asset, are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at their fair value, details of which are disclosed in note 15. The fair value of the investment properties was determined by reference to valuations conducted on these properties by an independent and professionally qualified valuer using property valuation techniques which involve certain assumptions of prevailing market conditions. Favourable or unfavourable changes to these assumptions may result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties included in the consolidated statement of financial position and the corresponding adjustments to the changes in fair value reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Details of the fair value of investment properties are disclosed in note 15 to the financial statements.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies. The carrying value of deferred tax assets relating to recognised tax losses at 31 December 2021 was nil (2020: nil). The amount of unrecognised tax losses at 31 December 2021 was RMB2,747,000 (2020: RMB5,657,000). Further details are contained in note 20 to the financial statements.

## Recognition of deferred tax liabilities for withholding taxes

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for withholding tax levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprise established in Mainland China. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax liabilities that can be recognised, based upon the likely dividends declared. Further details are contained in note 20 to the financial statements.



#### 3. 主要會計判斷及估計(續)

## 估計不確定因素(續) 非金融資產(商譽除外)減值

本集團於各報告期末評估所有非金融資產 是否存在任何減值跡象。在有跡象表明賬 面值可能無法收回時,對非金融資產進行 減值測試。當資產或現金產生單位的賬面 值超過其可收回金額(即公允價值減出售 成本與使用價值兩者中的較高者)時,即 存在減值。公允價值減出售成本的計算基 於類似資產的公平交易中具有約束力的交 易的現有數據,或可觀察市場價格減去 出售資產的增量成本。進行使用價值計算 時,管理層必須估計資產或現金產生單位 的預計未來現金流量,並選擇適當的折現 率,以計算該等現金流量的現值。

## 物業、廠房及設備的可使用年期

本集團管理層釐定估計可使用年期。估計 基於有關性質及功能類似的物業、廠房及 設備的實際可使用年期的歷史經驗。如可 使用年期低於早前估計的可使用年期,管 理層會增加折舊費用,或會撇銷或撇減技 術上已過時或已被拋棄或出售的非戰略資 產。定期檢討可能導致折舊年限變化,從 而影響未來期間的折舊費用。

#### 租賃一估計增量借款利率

本集團無法輕易釐定租賃中隱含的利率, 因此,本集團使用增量借款利率計量租賃 負債。增量借款利率指本集團在類似經濟 環境下按類似期限、以類似抵押品借入取 得價值與使用權資產接近的資產所需的資 金而須支付的利率。因此,增量借款利率 反映本集團「須支付」的利率,當並無可 觀察利率時(如對並無訂立融資交易的附 屬公司而言),或需要調整利率以反映租 賃條款及條件時(例如,當租賃並非以附 屬公司的功能貨幣訂立時),需要估計該 利率。當可觀察輸入數據(如市場利率)可 用時,本集團使用可觀察輸入數據估算遞 增借貸利率並須作出若干實體特定的估計 (如附屬公司單獨的信貸評級)。

## SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (continued) Impairment of non-financial assets (other than goodwill)

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at the end of each reporting period. Non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or a cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The calculation of the fair value less costs of disposal is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing of the asset. When value-in-use calculations are undertaken, management must estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and choose a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows.

## Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives. This estimate is based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or will write off or write down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and, therefore, depreciation charge in the future periods.

#### Leases - Estimating the IBR

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in a lease, and therefore, it uses an IBR to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-ofuse asset in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group "would have to pay", which requires estimation when no observable rates are available (such as for subsidiaries that do not enter into financing transactions) or when it needs to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. (for example, when leases are not in the subsidiary's functional currency). The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs (such as market interest rates) when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates (such as the subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 4. 經營分部資料

向本公司執行董事(為本集團主要經營決 策者(「主要經營決策者」)報告的資料特別 專注於住宅物業管理服務與商業運營及物 業管理服務分部。該等劃分為本集團根據 香港財務報告準則第8號經營分部報告分 部資料的依據。

#### 住宅物業管理服務

本集團為住宅物業及其他物業提供住宅物 業管理服務。該等服務包括(i)物業管理服 務;(ii)針對物業開發商的增值服務;及 (iii)社區增值服務。

#### 商業運營及物業管理服務

商業運營及物業管理服務提供予物業開發 商、購物中心及寫字樓的業主或租戶。就 購物中心而言,本集團提供物業管理及其 他服務、商業運營服務及商業分租服務。 就寫字樓而言,本集團提供物業管理及其 他服務。

分部業績指各分部除税前賺取的溢利或產 生的虧損,未分配非經常性或與主要經營 決策者評估本集團經營表現無關的收入或 開支,如其他收入及收益、分佔於合營企 業之虧損、投資物業公允價值變動的收 益、行政開支、其他費用及財務費用。分 部收入及業績為向主要經營決策者報告以 分配資源及評估表現的衡量標準。

分部資產不包括未分配總部及公司資產, 原因是該等資產乃於集團層面管理。

分部負債不包括未分配總部及公司負債, 原因是該等負債乃於集團層面管理。

#### OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the executive directors of the Company, being the chief operating decision makers ("CODM") of the Group, was specifically focused on the segments of the residential property management services and commercial operational and property management services. These divisions are the basis on which the Group reports its segment information under HKFRS 8 Operating Segments.

#### RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

The Group provides residential property management services of residential properties and other properties. Such services include (i) property management services; (ii) value-added services to property developers; and (iii) community value-added services.

## COMMERCIAL OPERATIONAL AND PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES

Commercial operational and property management services are provided to property developers, owners or tenants of shopping malls and office buildings. For shopping malls, the Group provide property management and other services, commercial operational services and commercial subleasing services. For office buildings, the Group provides property management and other services.

Segment results represent the profit earned or loss incurred before taxation by each segment without allocation of income or expenses which are not recurring in nature or unrelated to the CODM's assessment of the Group's operating performance, e.g., other income and gains, share of loss of a joint venture, gain on changes in fair value of investment properties, administration expenses, other expenses, and finance costs. Segment revenues and results are the measures reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Segment assets exclude unallocated head office and corporate assets as these assets are managed on a group basis.

Segment liabilities exclude unallocated head office and corporate liabilities as these liabilities are managed on a group basis.



### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

以下為本集團收入及業績按經營及可報告 分部劃分的分析:

#### 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 4. OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by operating and reportable segments:

#### Year ended 31 December 2021

		住宅物業 管理服務 Residential property management	商業運營及 物業管理服務 Commercial operational and property management	總計
		services	services	Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入 來自客戶合同的收入 在某一時點確認 在一段時間內確認	Revenue Revenue from contracts with customers Recognised at a point in time Recognised over time	468,340 4,810,798	3,276,269	468,340 8,087,067
來自其他來源的收入 租金收入	Revenue from other sources Rental income	30,917	289,060	319,977
來自外部客戶的收入	Revenue from external customers	5,310,055	3,565,329	8,875,384
業績 分類業績	Result Segment results	1,025,377	1,733,141	2,758,518
投資物業公允價值變動的收益 應佔合營企業之虧損 其他收入及收益 未分配開支 財務費用	Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties Share of loss of a joint venture Other income and gains Unallocated expenses Finance costs			30,000 (1,895) 523,432 (897,857) (75,642)
除税前溢利	Profit before tax		_	2,336,556
<b>分類資產</b> <i>對賬</i> 企業及其他未分配資產	Segment assets Reconciliation Corporate and other unallocated assets	3,418,899	3,733,263	7,152,162 14,439,760
總資產	Total assets			21,591,922
<b>分類負債</b> <i>對賬</i> 企業及其他未分配負債	Segment liabilities Reconciliation Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	4,394,096	2,658,994	7,053,090 649,807
總負債	Total liabilities			7,702,897
資本開支*	Capital expenditure*	66,834	304,074	370,908

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 經營分部資料(續)

### **OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 December 2020

		住宅物業 管理服務 Residential property management services	商業運營及 物業管理服務 Commercial operational and property management services	總計 Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
收入 來自客戶合同的收入 在某一時點確認 在一段時間內確認	Revenue Revenue from contracts with customers Recognised at a point in time Recognised over time	218,900 3,641,884	_ 2,687,744	218,900 6,329,628
來自其他來源的收入 租金收入	Revenue from other sources Rental income	23,035	207,348	230,383
來自外部客戶的收入	Revenue from external customers	3,883,819	2,895,092	6,778,911
業績 分部業績 投資物業公允價值變動的收益	Result Segment results Gain on changes in fair value of	617,379	1,209,654	1,827,033
應佔合營企業之虧損 其他收入及收益 未分配開支 財務費用	investment properties Share of loss of a joint venture Other income and gains Unallocated expenses Finance costs			1,704 (120) 180,368 (801,930) (72,129)
除税前溢利	Profit before tax			1,134,926
<b>分部資產</b> 對賬 公司及其他未分配資產	Segment assets Reconciliation Corporate and other unallocated assets	3,309,553	4,622,468	7,932,021 11,143,933
總資產	Total assets			19,075,954
<b>分部負債</b> <i>對賬</i> 公司及其他未分配負債	Segment liabilities  Reconciliation  Corporate and other unallocated liabilities	3,498,673	2,643,070	6,141,743 471,179
總負債	Total liabilities			6,612,922
資本開支*	Capital expenditure*	94,135	114,725	208,860

資本開支包括添置物業、廠房及設備, 無形資產。

The capital expenditure consists of additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.



#### 4. 經營分部資料(續)

由於本集團來自外部客戶的收入全部源自 中國內地業務,且本集團非流動資產概無 位於中國內地之外,因此並無呈列地區資 料。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 來自最終控股公司及同系附屬公司的收入 分別佔本集團收入的39%(二零二零年: 38%)。除來自最終控股公司及同系附屬 公司的收入外,截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無來自對單一客戶或 受共同控制的一組客戶銷售的收入佔本集 團收入的10%或以上(二零二零年:零)。

#### 5. 收入

收入主要包括來自住宅物業管理服務與商 業運營及物業管理服務的收益。

收入分析如下:

### OPERATING SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

No geographical information is presented as the Group's revenue from the external customers is derived solely from its operation in Mainland China and no non-current assets of the Group are located outside Mainland China.

For the years ended 31 December 2021, revenue from the ultimate holding company and the fellow subsidiaries contributed 39% (2020: 38%) of the Group's revenue. Other than the revenue from the ultimate holding company and the fellow subsidiaries, no revenue derived from sales to a single customer or a group of customers under common control amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

#### 5. REVENUE

Revenue mainly comprises proceeds from residential property management services and commercial operational and property management services.

An analysis of revenue is as follows:

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
來自客戶合同的收入	Revenue from contracts with customers	8,555,407	6,548,528
來自其他來源的收入: 來自投資物業經營租賃的租金 收入總額: 一不取決於指數或利率的	Revenue from other sources:  Gross rental income from investment property operating leases:  – Variable lease payments that do not		
可變租賃付款 一其他租賃付款,包括固定 付款	depend on an index or rate  - Other lease payments, including fixed payments	78,111 241,866	57,751 172,632
		319,977	230,383
		8,875,384	6,778,911

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 5. 收入(續) 來自客戶合同的收入

#### **REVENUE** (continued) REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
貨品及服務類型	Types of goods and services		
住宅物業管理服務	Residential property management services		
物業管理服務	Property management services	3,772,249	2,922,639
社區增值服務	Community value-added services	384,633	295,578
針對物業開發商的增值服務	Value-added services to property developers	813,029	573,322
物業銷售	Sales of properties	217,339	67,802
其他	Others	91,888	1,443
		5,279,138	3,860,784
商業運營及物業管理服務	Commercial operational and property management services		
購物中心*	Shopping malls*	1,841,207	1,604,351
寫字樓**	Office buildings**	1,435,062	1,083,393
		3,276,269	2,687,744
來自客戶合同的收入總額	Total revenue from contracts with customers	8,555,407	6,548,528
收入確認的時間	Timing of revenue recognition		
在某一時點轉移的貨品	Goods transferred at a point in time	309,227	69,245
在某一時點轉移的服務	Services transferred at a point in time	159,113	149,655
在一段時間內轉移的服務	Services transferred over time	8,087,067	6,329,628
來自客戶合同的收入總額	Total revenue from contracts with customers	8,555,407	6,548,528

- 本集團自二零二零年一月起開始向購物 中心收取商業運營費。同時自二零二零 年七月起,本集團已將購物中心物業管 理服務收入模式改為酬金制。就根據酬 金制管理的物業之物業管理服務收入, 本集團認為其責任僅限於以代理人的身 份安排及監察其他各方向業主提供的服 務,因此將酬金確認為其收入。
- 自二零二零年下半年起,本集團開始向 寫字樓收取商業運營費。
- The Group started to charge commercial operational fees on shopping malls since January 2020. Meanwhile, starting from July 2020, the Group had changed revenue model for property management services to shopping malls to commission basis. For property management service income from properties managed under commission basis, the Group considers its obligation is only limited to arranging and monitoring the services provided by other parties to the property owners as an agent and accordingly recognises the commission as its revenue.
- The Group started to charge commercial operational fees on office buildings in the second half of 2020.



## 5. 收入(續)

來自客戶合同的收入(續)

#### 合同負債

本集團已確認以下收入相關合同負債:

## **REVENUE** (continued)

REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (continued) Contract liabilities

The Group recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
合同負債 關聯方 <i>(附註33)</i> 第三方	Contract liabilities Related parties <i>(note 33)</i> Third parties	57,069 1,360,154	11,213 995,734
		1,417,223	1,006,947

本集團的合同負債主要來自就尚未提供的 相關服務預收客戶款項。該等負債隨著本 集團業務增長而增加。

Contract liabilities of the Group mainly arise from the advance payments received from customers while the underlying services are yet to be provided. Such liabilities increased as a result of the growth of the Group's business.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 5. 收入(續)

來自客戶合同的收入(續)

#### 合同負債(續)

下表載列於本報告期間計入報告期初合同 負債及自過往期間已達成履約義務確認的 收入金額:

#### REVENUE (continued)

REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Contract liabilities (continued)

The following table shows the amounts of revenue recognised in the current reporting period that were included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the reporting period and recognised from performance obligations satisfied in previous periods:

於十二月三十一日

As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
已計入年初合同負債的已確認 收益	Revenue recognised that was included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year		
住宅物業管理服務 商業運營及物業管理服務	Residential property management services Commercial operational and property management services	836,225 82,335	661,174 63,431
		918,560	724,605

#### 履約義務

就住宅物業管理服務(經紀服務、苗木、 商品及物業銷售除外)與商業運營及物業 管理服務而言,本集團每月按等於開具發 票權的金額(直接對應本集團迄今履約對 客戶的價值)確認收入。本集團每月就提 供的服務開出金額賬單或每半年預先收取 服務費,款項則於開票三十日內到期。本 集團已選擇香港財務報告準則第15號第 121(b)段所述的實際權宜方法,不披露該 等類型合同的餘下履約義務。

#### Performance obligations

For residential property management services (except for brokerage services, sales of planting stocks, merchandise and properties) and commercial operational and property management services, the Group recognises revenue in the amount that equals the right to invoice which corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the Group's performance to date on a monthly basis. The Group bills the amount for services provided on a monthly basis or pre-charges service fee on a half year basis and payment is due within 30 days of invoice. The Group has elected the practical expedient as described in HKFRS 15.121(b) for not to disclose the remaining performance obligations for these types of contracts.



## 5. 收入(續)

來自客戶合同的收入(續)

#### 履約義務(續)

經紀服務於較短期間(一般不到一年)提 供,於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日並無未履行的履約義務。款項於 向客戶提供服務時即時到期。

就苗木、商品及物業銷售而言,履約義務 在資產控制權轉移予客戶時達成。款項於 客戶取得苗木、商品及物業的實際佔有權 或合法所有權時即時到期。於二零二一年 及二零二零年十二月三十一日,並無未履 行或部分履行的餘下履約義務。

#### 6. 其他收入及收益

#### **REVENUE** (continued)

REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Performance obligations (continued)

For brokerage services, the services are rendered in a short period of time which is generally less than a year and there was no satisfied performance obligation as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. The payment is due immediately when the services are rendered to the customer.

For sales of planting stocks, merchandise and properties, the performance obligation is satisfied when control of the asset is transferred to the customers. The payment is due immediately when the customer obtains the physical possession or the legal title of the planting stocks, merchandise and properties. There were no remaining performance obligations unsatisfied or partially satisfied as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

#### 6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
利息收入	Interest income	376,301	15,085
政府補助*	Government grants*	77,883	72,148
出售物業、廠房及設備項目	Gain on disposal of items of property,		
的收益	plant and equipment	12,323	28,025
營運補助**	Operating subsidies**	_	9,272
匯兑收益淨額	Exchange gains, net	16,656	48,004
按公允價值計量且其變動計入	Fair value gains from financial assets at		
當期損益之金融資產的	fair value through profit or loss		
公允價值收益		28,060	1,090
貿易應收款項及應收票據、	Reversal of impairment of trade and		
其他應收款項減值撥回	bill receivables and other receivables	_	1,868
其他	Others	12,209	4,876
		523,432	180,368
			. 00,000

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 其他收入及收益(續)

- 收到的政府補助(尚未因此承擔相關開 支)列入綜合財務狀況表的其他負債。概 無與該等補助有關的未達成條件或或然 事項。
- 營運補助指就根據國務院國有資產監督 管理委員會(「國資委」)通知管理若干物 業項目而收取的現金,該通知規定國有 企業須分開管理其業務與其職工住宅物 業的水、電、熱暖管理及其他物業管理 服務,並移交至專業的物業管理服務供 應商進行管理(「國企改革項目」)。

#### 7. 財務費用

財務費用分析如下:

#### 6. OTHER INCOME AND GAINS (continued)

- Government grants received for which related expenditure has not yet been incurred are included in other liabilities the consolidated statements of financial position. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies relating to these grants.
- Operating subsidies refer to cash received for managing certain property projects managed in accordance with the Notice from the State-Owned Assets Supervision and Administration Commission of the State Council ("SASAC") that required state-owned enterprises to separate the management of water, electricity and heat supply and other property management services of their employees' residential properties from their own businesses and transfer them to specialised property management service providers for management ("SOE Reform Projects").

#### FINANCE COSTS

An analysis of finance costs is as follows:

截至十二月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
其他利息開支 租賃負債利息	Other interest expense Interest on lease liabilities	9,215 66,427	5,419 66,710
		75,642	72,129



#### 除税前溢利 8.

#### 本集團的除税前溢利乃經扣除/(計入)下 列各項後計算:

#### 8. PROFIT BEFORE TAX

The Group's profit before tax is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

			2021	2020
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		NOTES	RMB'000	RMB'000
已提供服務的成本	Cost of services provided		5,953,922	4,912,980
已售存貨的成本	Cost of inventories sold		162,944	38,898
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and			
/	equipment	14	68,876	49,601
使用權資產折舊	Depreciation of right-of-use assets	18(a)	49,981	31,831
無形資產攤銷 上市開支	Amortisation of intangible assets Listing expenses	16	2,757	1,557 39,029
核數師酬金	Auditor's remuneration		3,300	2,180
個別	Employee benefit expense		5,500	2,100
董事及主要行政人員	(excluding directors' and chief			
薪酬):	executive's remuneration):			
工資及薪金	Wages and salaries		3,141,428	2,939,681
退休金計劃供款*	Pension scheme contributions*		267,379	113,546
			3,408,807	3,053,227
貿易應收款項及應收票據	Impairment/(reversal of impairment) of			
減值/(減值撥回)	trade and bill receivables	22	6,146	(1,363)
預付款項、其他應收款項	Reversal of impairment for prepayments,		0,110	(1,7000)
及其他資產減值撥回	other receivables and other assets	23	(221)	(505)
撇減存貨至可變現淨值	Write-down of inventories to net			
	realisable value	21	3,045	-
租賃付款(未計入租賃負債	Lease payments not included in the			
計量)	measurement of lease liabilities	18(c)	42,760	25,591
出售物業、廠房及設備的	Gain on disposal of property, plant and	6	(40.909)	(20.025)
收益 按公允價值計量且其變動	equipment Fair value gains from financial assets at	6	(12,323)	(28,025)
計入當期損益之金融	fair value through profit or loss			
資產的公允價值收益		6	(28,060)	(1,090)
			` ′ ′	

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團並無已沒收供款可減少未來 數年對退休金計劃的供款。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group had no forfeited contributions available to reduce its contributions to the pension schemes in future years.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 9. 董事薪酬

根據上市規則、香港公司條例第383(1) (a)、(b)、(c)及(f)條及公司(披露董事利益 資料)規例第2部所披露之年內董事薪酬如 下:

#### 9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration for the year, disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules, section 383(1)(a), (b), (c) and (f) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation, is as follows:

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
袍金	Fees	992	104
其他薪酬: 薪金、津貼及實物福利 表現相關花紅 退休金計劃供款	Other emoluments: Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance-related bonuses Pension scheme contributions	4,208 18,361 685	1,855 4,930 211
		23,254	6,996
		24,246	7,100



## 9. 董事薪酬(續)

年內已付予各董事的薪酬如下:

## 9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

The remuneration paid to each of the directors during the year were as follows:

		袍金	薪金、津貼 及實物福利	表現 相關花紅	退休金 計劃供款	總計
		Fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Performance- related bonuses	Pension scheme contributions	Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二一年	2021					
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
喻霖康先生	Mr. YU Linkang	_	1,585	6,857	176	8,618
魏小華女士	Ms. WEI Xiaohua	_	1,008	4,197	176	5,381
王海民先生	Mr. WANG Haimin	-	876	3,701	176	4,753
陽紅霞女士	Ms. YANG Hongxia	_	739	3,606	157	4,502
		-	4,208	18,361	685	23,254
非執行董事:	Non-executive directors:					
李欣先生	Mr. LI Xin	_	_	_	_	_
郭世清先生	Mr. GUO Shiqing	-	-	_	-	_
獨立非執行董事:	Independent Non-executive directors:					
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	248		_	_	248
劉炳章先生	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer	248	_	_	_	248
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	248	_	_	_	248
陳宗彝先生	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan	248	-	-	_	248
		992	-	-	-	992
		992	4,208	18,361	685	24,246

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 9. 董事薪酬(續)

### 9. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

		袍金	薪金、津貼 及實物福利 Salaries,	表現 相關花紅	退休金 計劃供款	總計
		Fees	allowances and benefits in kind	Performance- related bonuses		Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二零年	2020					
執行董事:	Executive directors:					
喻霖康先生	Mr. YU Linkang	_	782	2,171	64	3,017
王海民先生	Mr. WANG Haimin	_	357	1,155	54	1,566
魏小華女士	Ms. WEI Xiaohua	_	419	878	45	1,342
陽紅霞女士	Ms. YANG Hongxia	_	297	726	48	1,071
		-	1,855	4,930	211	6,996
非執行董事:	Non-executive directors:					
李欣先生	Mr. LI Xin	_	-	-	-	-
郭世清先生	Mr. GUO Shiqing	-	-	-	-	_
獨立非執行董事:	Independent Non-executive directors:					
張國正先生	Mr. CHEUNG Kwok Ching	26	_	_	_	26
劉炳章先生	Mr. LAU Ping Cheung Kaizer	26	_	_	_	26
秦虹女士	Ms. QIN Hong	26	_	_	_	26
陳宗彝先生	Mr. CHAN Chung Yee Alan	26	-	-	-	26
		104	-	-	-	104
		104	1,855	4,930	211	7,100

年內並無應付獨立非執行董事的其他薪酬 (二零二零年:無)。

年內並無董事或最高行政人員放棄或同意 放棄任何薪酬的安排。

There were no other emoluments payable to the independent non-executive directors during the year (2020: Nil).

There was no arrangement under which a director or the chief executive waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the year.



#### 10. 五名最高薪酬僱員

於本年度五名最高薪酬僱員包括三名董事 (二零二零年:一名董事),彼等之薪酬詳 情載於上文附註9。餘下並非本公司董事 亦非高級行政人員的兩名(二零二零年: 四名)最高薪酬僱員的薪酬詳情如下:

#### 10. FIVE HIGHEST PAID EMPLOYEES

The five highest paid employees during the year included three directors (2020: one director), details of whose remuneration are set out in note 9 above. Details of the remuneration for the year of the remaining two (2020: four) highest paid employees who are neither a director nor chief executive of the Company are as follows:

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
薪金、津貼及實物福利 表現相關花紅 退休金計劃供款	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Performance related bonuses Pension scheme contributions	3,633 8,034 241	3,459 8,502 520
		11,908	12,481

薪酬處於以下區間的非董事及非高級行政 人員的最高薪酬僱員人數如下:

The numbers of non-directors and non-chief executive highest paid employees whose remuneration fell within the following bands are as follows:

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
港幣2,000,001元至	HK\$2,000,001 to HK\$2,500,000		
港幣2,500,000元		-	3
港幣2,500,001元至	HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000		
港幣3,000,000元		-	1
港幣5,500,001元至	HK\$5,500,001 to HK\$6,000,000		
港幣6,000,000元		1	-
港幣8,500,001元至	HK\$8,500,001 to HK\$9,000,000		
港幣9,000,000元		1	_
		2	4

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 11. 所得税開支

本集團須按實體基準就於本集團成員公司 所在地及經營地之税務司法管轄區所產生 或獲得之溢利繳納所得稅。根據開曼群島 及英屬處女群島規則及法規,本集團旗下 於開曼群島及英屬處女群島註冊成立的實 體毋須繳納任何所得税。

本集團須就本年度於香港產生的估計應評 税溢利按16.5%(二零二零年:16.5%)的 税率繳納香港利得税。由於本集團於截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度並無於 香港產生應評税溢利,故並無就香港利得 税作出撥備(二零二零年:無)。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團於中國內地營運的附屬公司一般須 按25%(二零二零年:25%)税率繳納中國 企業所得税(「中國企業所得税」),惟本集 團的若干中國附屬公司(位於西部城市或 獲認定為小微企業者)可於截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度按15%的優惠税 率繳納企業所得税。

中國土地增值税(「土地增值税」)撥備乃根 據中國相關稅務法律及法規的規定估計。 土地增值税已就增值部分按累進税率作出 撥備,並扣除若干可扣除項目。

年內所得税開支的主要組成部分如下:

#### 11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

The Group is subject to income tax on an entity basis on profits arising in or derived from the tax jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate. Pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands, the entities within the Group incorporated in the Cayman Islands and British Virgin Islands are not subject to any income tax.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2020:16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in Hong Kong during the year. No provision for Hong Kong profits tax has been made as the Group had no assessable profits arising in Hong Kong for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

Subsidiaries of the Group operating in Mainland China are generally subject to the PRC corporate income tax ("CIT") rate of 25% (2020 25%) for the year ended 31 December 2021, excluding certain subsidiaries of the Group in the PRC which are either located in western cities or qualified as Small and Micro Enterprises and were subject to a preferential income tax rate of 15% for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The provision for PRC Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT") is estimated according to the requirements set forth in the relevant PRC tax laws and regulations. LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions.

The major components of income tax expenses for the year are as follows:

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

			2021	2020
		附註 NOTE	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
即期所得税 土地增值税 遞延所得税	Current income tax LAT Deferred income tax	20	522,088 11,579 76,819	331,405 2,462 (16,651)
年內税項支出總額	Total tax charge for the year		610,486	317,216



#### 11. 所得税開支(續)

適用於稅前利潤的所得稅費用(按本集團 大部分公司所在司法權區之法定税率計 算)與按實際税率計算的所得税費用的調 節,以及適用税率(即法定税率)與實際税 率的調節如下:

#### 11. INCOME TAX EXPENSES (continued)

A reconciliation of the income tax expense applicable to profit before tax at the statutory rate for the jurisdiction in which the majority of the companies of the Group are domiciled to the tax expense at effective tax rate, and a reconciliation of the applicable rate (i.e., the statutory tax rate) to the effective tax rate, are as follows:

		2021		2020	
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	%	人民幣千元 RMB'000	%
除税前溢利	Profit before tax	2,336,556		1,134,926	
按法定税率計算的税項 5%預扣税對本集團中 國附屬公司可分派溢	Tax at the statutory tax rate Effect of withholding tax at 5% on the distributable profits of	584,139	25.0	283,732	25.0
利的影響 當地税局批准的較低税	the Group's PRC subsidiaries Lower tax rates enacted by	70,189	3.0	36,711	3.2
率	local authority	(57,772)	(2.6)	(10,774)	(0.9)
不可扣税開支	Expenses not deductible for tax	6,170	0.3	7,176	0.6
動用過往期間的税務虧 損及暫時性差額	Tax losses and temporary difference utilised from previous periods	(1,512)	(0.1)	(1,133)	(0.1)
未確認的税務虧損及 可扣税暫時性差額	Tax losses and deductible temporary difference not		(3.72)		, ,
就過往年度即期税項作	recognised Adjustments in respect of	16	_	1,735	0.2
出的調整	current tax of previous years	1,486	0.1	952	0.1
毋須繳税的收入	Income not subject to tax	(914)	_	(3,029)	(0.3)
土地增值税	LAT	11,579	0.5	2,462	0.2
土地增值税的税務影響	Tax effect of LAT	(2,895)	(0.1)	(616)	(0.1)
按本集團實際税率計算	Tax charge at the Group's				
的税項支出	effective rate	610,486	26.1	317,216	27.9

#### 12. 股息

於二零二零年六月,本公司向股東華潤置 地宣派股息人民幣434.8百萬元,已於二 零二零年十月二十三日支付。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度之 每股普通股股息人民幣0.132元(相當於 港幣0.158元),合共人民幣300.1百萬元 (相當於約港幣360.6百萬元),已於截至 二零二一年六月三十日止六個月確認,並 已於二零二一年七月派付。

#### 12. DIVIDENDS

In June 2020, the Company declared a dividend in the amount of RMB434.8 million to the shareholder, CR Land, which was paid on 23 October 2020.

A dividend of RMB0.132 (equivalent to HK\$0.158) per ordinary share that relates to the year ended 31 December 2020 amounting to RMB300.1 million (equivalent to approximately HK\$360.6 million) was recognised during the six months ended 30 June 2021 and paid in July 2021.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 12. 股息(續)

於二零二二年三月三十日董事會舉行的會議上,董事會建議派付截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之末期股息每股普通股人民幣0.276元(折合港幣0.339元),合共人民幣630.0百萬元(折合港幣773.8百萬元)。

年內建議末期股息須待本公司股東於應屆 股東週年大會上批准,方可作實。

## 13. 母公司普通權益持有人應佔每股盈利

每股基本及攤薄盈利乃根據年內母公司普通權益持有人應佔溢利以及年內已發行普通股的加權平均數2,282,500,000股(二零二零年:1,686,691,781股)計算。

本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度並無已發行的潛在攤薄普通股(二 零二零年:無)。

#### 12. DIVIDENDS (continued)

At a meeting held by the board of directors on 30 March 2022, the board of directors recommended a final dividend of RMB0.276 (equivalent to HK\$0.339) cents per ordinary share totalling RMB630.0 million (equivalent to HK\$773.8 million) for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The proposed final dividend for the year is subject to the approval of the Company's shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

# 13. EARNINGS PER SHARE ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE PARENT

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share amount is based on the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent and the weighted average number of ordinary shares of 2,282,500,000 (2020: 1,686,691,781) in issue during the year.

The Company had no potentially dilutive ordinary shares in issue during the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: Nil).

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
盈利 母公司普通股權益持有人應佔 溢利	Earnings Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	1,724,925	817,710

截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
股份年內已發行普通股之加權平均數	Shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year	2,282,500,000	1,686,691,781



## 14. 物業、廠房及設備

## 14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

		樓宇 Buildings	機械設備 Machinery equipment	汽車 Motor vehicles	其他設備 Other equipment	租賃物業裝修 Leasehold improvements	在建工程 Construction in process	總計 Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二一年一月一日:	At 1 January 2021:							
成本	Cost	62,148	115,695	12,459	179,672	102,262	6,051	478,287
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(20,821)	(42,951)	(6,403)	(116,624)	(31,560)		(218,359)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	41,327	72,744	6,056	63,048	70,702	6,051	259,928
於二零二一年一月一日,	At 1 January 2021 net of							
扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	41,327	72,744	6,056	63,048	70,702	6,051	259,928
添置	Additions	269,905	11,245	4,428	29,741	17,569	3,851	336,739
出售	Disposals	(64)	(104)	(77)	(532)	_		(777)
年內計提折舊	Depreciation provided during the year	(5,954)	(10,300)	(2,282)	(28,772)	(21,568)	_	(68,876)
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,扣除累計 折舊	At 31 December 2021, net of accumulated depreciation	305,214	73,585	8,125	63,485	66,703	9,902	527,014
於二零二零年一月一日:	At 1 January 2020:							
成本	Cost	63,212	95,744	8,845	147,915	46,752	9,157	371,625
累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation	(16,241)	(32,892)	(4,638)	(92,495)	(22,492)	-	(168,758)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	46,971	62,852	4,207	55,420	24,260	9,157	202,867
於二零二零年一月一日,	At 1 January 2020 net of							
扣除累計折舊	accumulated depreciation	46,971	62,852	4,207	55,420	24,260	9,157	202,867
添置	Additions	3,188	20,801	3,676	34,706	28,547	23,891	114,809
轉撥	Transfer	· -	_	_	_	26,997	(26,997)	· -
出售	Disposals	(4,252)	(850)	(62)	(2,949)	(34)	_	(8,147)
年內計提折舊	Depreciation provided during the year	(4,580)	(10,059)	(1,765)	(24,129)	(9,068)	-	(49,601)
於二零二零年十二月	At 31 December 2020, net of							
三十一日,扣除累計	accumulated depreciation							
折舊		41,327	72,744	6,056	63,048	70,702	6,051	259,928

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 15. 投資物業

#### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

		根據租賃持有 Held under leases
		人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二零年一月一日 添置 投資物業公允價值變動的收益	At 1 January 2020 Additions Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties	2,217,800 14,496 1,704
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	2,234,000
於二零二一年一月一日 投資物業公允價值變動的收益	At 1 January 2021 Gain on changes in fair value of investment properties	2,234,000 30,000
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	2,264,000

#### 附註:

#### 本集團的估值程序

本集團投資物業位於中國內地。本集團 按公允價值計量其投資物業。本集團投 資物業於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年十二月三十一日的公允價值 乃分別基於獨立專業合資格估值師世邦 魏理仕有限公司進行的估值釐定。

#### Notes:

#### Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's investment properties are situated in Mainland China. The Group measures its investment properties at fair value. The fair values of the Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 have been determined on the basis of valuation carried out by CBRE Limited, an independent and professionally qualified valuer.



#### 15. 投資物業(續)

#### 附註:(續)

(b) 估值技術

估值中採用的估值方法為收入法。

收入法的運作考慮來自現有租賃的物業 租賃收入(就潛在的租賃復歸收入作出適 當撥備),然後以適當的資本化率資本化 為價值。

在估計物業公允價值時,物業的最高及 最佳用途為現有用途。

有關使用重大不可觀察輸入數據的公允 (c) 價值計量的資料(第3級)

#### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(b) Valuation techniques

> The valuation methodology adopted in valuation is the income approach.

> The income approach operates by takes into account the rental income of the properties derived from the existing tenancy with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the tenancy, which is then capitalised into the value at an appropriate capitalisation rate.

> In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

Information about fair value measurements using significant (c) unobservable inputs (level 3)

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
公允價值(人民幣千元)	Fair value (RMB'000)	2,264,000	2,234,000
資本化率(%)	Capitalisation rate (%)	6.3	6.3
經評估現行市場租金	Assessed prevailing market rents		
(每月每平方米人民幣元)	(RMB per square meter per month)	95-340	125-400

不可觀察輸入數據與公允價值的關係:

- 資本化率越高,公允價值越低;
- 現行市場租金越高・公允價值越 高。
- 於年內,公允價值計量第1級與第2級之 (d) 間並無轉撥,亦並無轉入或轉出第3級 (二零二零年:無)。

Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value:

- The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value;
- The higher the prevailing market rents, the higher the fair
- (d) During the year, there were no transfers of fair value measurements between Level 1 and Level 2 and no transfers into or out of Level 3 (2020: Nil).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 16. 無形資產

#### 16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

		軟件
		Software
		人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二一年十二月三十一日	31 December 2021	
於二零二一年一月一日的成本,	Cost at 1 January 2021, net of accumulated	
扣除累計攤銷	amortisation	2,238
添置	Additions	116,476
年內計提攤銷	Amortisation provided during the year	(2,757)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	115,957
於二零二一年十二月三十一日:	At 31 December 2021:	
成本	Cost	125,571
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation	(9,614)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	115,957
		Software
		人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二零年十二月三十一日	31 December 2020	
於二零二零年一月一日的成本,	Cost at 1 January 2020, net of accumulated	
扣除累計攤銷	amortisation	1,555
添置	Additions	2,240
年內計提攤銷	Amortisation provided during the year	(1,557)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	2,238
於二零二零年十二月三十一日:	At 31 December 2020:	
成本 成本	Cost	9,095
累計攤銷	Accumulated amortisation	(6,857)
賬面淨值	Net carrying amount	2,238
	, 0	,



#### 17. 定期存款

餘額指從中國內地信譽卓著的持牌銀行購 買的大額存單,固定年利率為3.5%,原 訂期限為36個月。定期存款於持有超過三 個月時可予以贖回。定期存款的合同條款 於特定日期產生的現金流量僅為對本金及 未償還本金利息的付款,並按目標為持有 及獲取合同現金流量的業務模式持有。因 此,定期存款入賬列作按攤銷成本計量的 金融資產。

#### 18. 和賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團就其經營中使用的各種土地使用 權、樓宇、汽車訂有租賃合同。已提前作 出一次性付款以向業主收購租賃土地,租 期為20年。樓宇的租期通常為2至8年, 而汽車的租期通常介乎2至3年。其他設備 的租期一般為12個月或以下及/或個別價 值較低。

#### 17. TIME DEPOSITS

The balance represents deposit certificates purchased from a creditworthy licensed bank in Mainland China earning interest at a fixed rate of 3.5% per annum with original maturity period of 36 months. The deposits certificates are redeemable upon holding for longer than three months. The contractual terms of the time deposits give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI on the principal amount outstanding and are held within a business model with the objective to hold in order to collect contractual cash flows. For such purpose, the time deposits are accounted for as financial assets at amortised cost.

#### 18. LEASES

#### THE GROUP AS A LESSEE

The Group has lease contracts for various items of land use rights, buildings and motor vehicles used in its operations. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire the leased land from the owners with lease periods of 20 years. Leases of buildings generally have lease terms between 2 and 8 years, while motor vehicles generally have lease terms between 2 and 3 years. Other equipment generally has lease terms of 12 months or less and/or is individually of low value.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 18. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(a) 使用權資產:

於本年度,本集團使用權資產之賬 面值及其變動如下:

#### 18. LEASES (continued)

THE GROUP AS A LESSEE (continued)

(a) Right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's right-of-use assets and the movements during the year are as follows:

		土地使用權 Land use rights	樓宇 Buildings	汽車 Motor vehicles	總計 Total
		U			
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
<b>₩</b> - <b>=</b> - <b>= -</b>	A. 4. L				
於二零二零年	At 1 January 2020	9.094	44.445	406	46.545
一月一日	A 1.137	2,024	44,415	106	46,545
添置	Additions	-	98,045	1,498	99,543
折舊費用	Depreciation charge	(152)	(31,050)	(629)	(31,831)
於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 及二零二一年	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021				
一月一日		1,872	111,410	975	114,257
添置	Additions	_	49,191	1,372	50,563
折舊費用 租賃不可撤銷租期 改變所產生租期 的修訂	Depreciation charge Revision of a lease term arising from a change in the non-cancellable period	(38)	(49,140)	(803)	(49,981)
	of a lease	(1,834)	(13,411)	(178)	(15,423)
於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	-	98,050	1,366	99,416



#### 18. 租賃(續)

本集團作為承租人(續)

(b) 租賃負債

於本年度,租賃負債之賬面值及其 變動如下:

#### 18. LEASES (continued)

THE GROUP AS A LESSEE (continued)

(b) Lease liabilities

The carrying amounts of lease liabilities and the movements during the year are as follows:

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於一月一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 1 January	1,382,372	1,304,555
新租賃	New leases	50,563	114,039
於本年度確認的利息增加	Accretion of interest recognised		
	during the year	66,427	66,710
來自出租人的Covid-19	Covid-19-related rent concessions		
相關租金寬免	from lessors		(7,468)
付款	Payments	(125,064)	(95,464)
租賃不可撤銷租期改變所產	Revision of a lease term arising from		
生租期的修訂	a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease	(15,828)	
	period of a lease	(15,020)	
於十二月三十一日的賬面值	Carrying amount at 31 December	1,358,470	1,382,372
分析為:	Analysed into:		
流動部分	Current portion	80,547	63,041
非流動部分	Non-current portion	1,277,923	1,319,331
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租賃負債的到期日分析於財務報表 附註36披露。

本集團於年內已對出租人就若干廠 房及設備授出的所有合資格租金寬 免採納實際權宜方法。

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities is disclosed in note 36 to the financial statements.

The Group has applied the practical expedient to all eligible rent concessions granted by the lessors for leases of certain plant and equipment during the year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 18. 租賃(續)

#### 本集團作為承租人(續)

(c) 於損益確認與租賃有關之金額如下:

#### 18. LEASES (continued)

THE GROUP AS A LESSEE (continued)

(c) The amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to leases are as follows:

> 截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
租賃負債利息	Interest on lease liabilities	66,427	66,710
使用權資產折舊費用	Depreciation charge on right of assets	49,981	31,831
與短期租賃及低價值資產租賃	Expense relating to short-term leases		
有關的開支	and leases of low-value assets	16,934	5,391
來自出租人的Covid-19相關	Covid-19-related rent concessions from		
租金寬免	lessors	_	(7,468)
未計入租賃負債計量之可變	Variable lease payments not included in		
租賃付款	the measurement of lease liabilities	25,826	20,200
於損益確認的總金額	Total amount recognised in profit or loss	159,168	116,664
27 127 TIT OF BOX 2 1 WO 7TO HX	. stal amount resignious in profit of 1000	100,100	110,001

#### 本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃安排出租投資物業 (附註15)。租賃條款一般要求租戶支付保 證金,並規定根據當時的現行市況定期調 整租金。於本年度,不可撤銷經營租賃的 分租收入為人民幣319,977,000元(二零二 零年:人民幣230,383,000元)(附註5)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團與 承租人訂有合同,根據不可撤銷經營租賃 於以下時間到期的未來未貼現租賃付款如 下:

#### THE GROUP AS A LESSOR

The Group leases its investment properties (note 15) under operating lease arrangements. The terms of the leases generally require the tenants to pay security deposits and provide for periodic rent adjustments according to the then prevailing market conditions. The sublease revenue of non-cancellable operating leases during the year was RMB319,977,000 (2020: RMB230,383,000) (note 5).

At 31 December 2021, the Group had contracted with lessees for the following future undiscounted lease payments under noncancellable operating leases which fall due as follows:

> 截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
一年內 於第二年至第五年(包括首尾兩年) 五年後	Within one year In the second to fifth year inclusive After five years	217,868 240,131 211,503	205,927 268,516 201,705
		669,502	676,148



## 19. 於一間合營企業之投資

### 19. INVESTMENT IN A JOINT VENTURE

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
應佔資產淨值	Share of net assets	435	2,330

下表列示本集團之非個別重大合營企業的 總體財務資料:

The following table illustrates the aggregate financial information of the Group's joint venture that is not individually material:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
年內應佔合營企業虧損	Share of the joint venture's loss for	(4.005)	(400)
本集團於一間合營企業之投資的	the year Aggregate carrying amount of the	(1,895)	(120)
總賬面值	Group's investment in a joint venture	435	2,330

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 20. 遞延税項

#### 20. DEFERRED TAX

報告期間遞延税項資產的變動如下:

The movements in deferred tax assets during the reporting period are as follows:

		應收款項 減值撥備	撒減存貨	税項虧損	遞延收入	應計開支	總計
		Allowance for impairment of receivables	Write-down of inventories	Tax losses	Deferred incomes		Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	2,742	-	217	1,978	-	4,937
年內(扣除自)/計入損益 的遞延税項	Deferred tax (charged to)/credited to profit or loss during the year	(466)	-	(217)	787	40,326	40,430
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零二一年一 月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	2,276	-	_	2,765	40,326	45,367
年內(扣除自)/計入損益的 遞延税項	Deferred tax (charged to)/credited to profit or loss during the year	1,192	526	-	(273)	29,773	31,218
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	3,468	526	-	2,492	70,099	76,585

報告期間遞延税項負債的變動如下:

The movements in deferred tax liabilities during the reporting period are as follows:

		香港財務 報告準則 第16號的影響	預扣税	投資物業 公允價值收益	未變現 利息收入	總計
		Impact of HKFRS 16	Withholding tax	Fair value gains from investment properties	Unrealised interest income	Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	2,398	23,464	176,068	-	201,930
年內扣除自損益的遞延税項	Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year	7,495	13,247	3,037	-	23,779
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零二一年一月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	9,893	36,711	179,105	-	225,709
年內扣除自損益的遞延税項	Deferred tax charged to profit or loss during the year	9,257	70,189	7,500	21,091	108,037
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	19,150	106,900	186,605	21,091	333,746



#### 20. 遞延税項(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團可 用於抵銷未來應課税溢利的未動用税務虧 損為人民幣2,747,000元(二零二零年: 人民幣5,657,000元),其中並無(二零二 零年:無)税項虧損已確認為遞延税項資 產。並無就人民幣2,747,000元(二零二零 年:人民幣5,657,000元)的餘下税務虧 損確認遞延税項資產,原因是本公司董事 認為,有關附屬公司未來的溢利來源不確 定。税務虧損可結轉最多五年。

根據《中華人民共和國企業所得税法》, 於中國內地成立的外商投資企業向外國投 資者宣派的股息須按10%的税率繳納預 扣税。該規定自二零零八年一月一日起生 效,適用於二零零十年十二月三十一日後 的盈利。倘中國內地與外國投資者所在司 法管轄區訂有税收協定,可適用較低的預 扣税税率。對本集團而言,適用税率為 5%。因此,本集團須就於中國內地成立 的附屬公司就二零零八年一月一日起產生 的盈利所分派的股息繳納預扣税。於本年 度,本集團就於中國內地成立的附屬公司 產生預扣税人民幣70.189.000元(二零二 零年:人民幣13,247,000元)。本公司向 其股東支付股息不會產生所得稅後果。

#### 21. 存貨

#### 20. DEFERRED TAX (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had unused tax losses of RMB2,747,000 (2020: RMB5,657,000) available to offset against future taxable profits, of which no (2020: nil) tax losses have been recognised as deferred tax assets. No deferred tax asset has been recognised on the remaining tax losses of RMB2,747,000 (2020: RMB5,657,000), as in the opinion of the directors of the Company, the future profit streams of these subsidiaries are uncertain. The tax losses could be carried forward for a maximum of five years.

Pursuant to the PRC Corporate Income Tax Law, a 10% withholding tax is levied on dividends declared to foreign investors from the foreign investment enterprises established in Mainland China. The requirement is effective from 1 January 2008 and applies to earnings after 31 December 2007. A lower withholding tax rate may be applied if there is a tax treaty between Mainland China and the jurisdiction of the foreign investors. For the Group, the applicable rate is 5%. The Group is therefore liable for withholding taxes on dividends distributed by those subsidiaries established in Mainland China in respect of earnings generated from 1 January 2008. In the current year, the Group accrued withholding tax of RMB70,189,000(2020: RMB13,247,000) for those subsidiaries established in Mainland China. There are no income tax consequences attaching to the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders.

#### 21. INVENTORIES

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
停車位 其他存貨	Parking spaces Other Inventories	118,041 19,963	160,894 35,238
		138,004	196,132

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,已就撇 減存貨至可變現淨值計提撥備人民幣 3,045,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一 日:無)。

As at 31 December 2021, the provision for write-down of inventories to net realizable value amounted to RMB3,045,000 (31 December 2020: nil).

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 22. 貿易應收款項及應收票據

#### 22. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables		
關聯方(附註33)	Related parties (note 33)	703,820	586,992
第三方	Third parties	339,482	221,778
應收票據	Bill receivables		
關聯方(附註33)	Related parties (note 33)	7,185	13,920
第三方	Third parties	1,057	3,351
減值	Impairment	(8,935)	(3,801)
		1,042,609	822,240

貿易應收款項及應收票據主要因按包幹制 管理的物業管理服務及增值服務而產生。

包幹制物業管理服務收入按照相關物業服 務合同的條款收取。物業管理服務的服務 收入須由業主在提供服務時支付。本集團 力求嚴格控制其未收回的應收款項。逾期 結餘由管理層定期審閱。鑒於上文所述, 且本集團的貿易應收款項及應收票據涉及 大量分散的客戶,故並無信貸風險重大集 中。本集團並無就其貿易應收款項及應收 票據結餘持有任何抵押品或其他信用增 級。貿易應收款項及應收票據不計息。

Trade and bill receivables mainly arise from property management services managed on a lump sum basis and valueadded services.

Property management service income on a lump sum basis are received in accordance with the term of the relevant property service agreements. Service income from property management services is due for payment by the property owners upon rendering of services. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables. Overdue balances are reviewed regularly by management. In view of the aforementioned and the fact that the Group's trade and bill receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers, there is no significant concentration of credit risk. The Group does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements over its trade and bill receivable balances. Trade and bill receivables are non-interestbearing.



#### 22. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

### 22. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES (continued)

貿易應收款項及應收票據基於發票日期的 賬齡分析如下:

The ageing analysis of the trade and bill receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
1年內	Within 1 year	1,017,119	798,295
1至2年	1 to 2 years	31,558	25,580
2至3年	2 to 3 years	1,531	1,563
3年以上	Over 3 years	1,336	603
		1,051,544	826,041
減值	Impairment	(8,935)	(3,801)
		1,042,609	822,240

貿易應收款項及應收票據減值虧損撥備變 動如下:

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of trade and bill receivables are as follows:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於年初 減值虧損/(撥回減值虧損)	At beginning of year Impairment losses/(reversal of	3,801	5,164
撇銷為不可收回的款項	impairment losses) Amount written off as uncollectible	6,146 (1,012)	(1,363) –
於年末	At end of year	8,935	3,801

貿易應收款項及應收票據以人民幣計值, 貿易應收款項及應收票據的公允價值與其 賬面值相若。

The trade and bill receivables were denominated in RMB, and the fair values of trade and bill receivables approximated to their carrying amounts.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 22. 貿易應收款項及應收票據(續)

於各報告日期使用撥備矩陣進行減值分 析,以計量預期信貸虧損。撥備率乃基 於具有類似虧損模式的多個客戶分類組 別(即客戶類型及服務類型)的逾期天數 釐定。計算反映概率加權結果、貨幣時 間值及於報告日期有關過往事件、當前 狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的合理及有支 持的資料。關聯方的預期信貸虧損率計 算為0.1%(二零二零年十二月三十一日: 0.1%),經考慮違約率,並就前瞻性宏觀 經濟數據作出調整。

下文載列有關本集團貿易應收款項及應收 票據使用撥備矩陣的信貸風險的資料:

#### 22. TRADE AND BILL RECEIVABLES (continued)

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date using a provision matrix to measure ECLs. The provision rates are based on days past due for groupings of various customer segments with similar loss patterns (i.e. customer type and service type). The calculation reflects the probabilityweighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. The expected credit loss rate for related parties is calculated as 0.1% (31 December 2020: 0.1%) by considering the default rates and adjusting for forward-looking macroeconomic data.

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's trade and bill receivables using a provision matrix:

			第三	方		關聯方	
		Less than	1 to	2 to			
			2 years				Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2021						
預期信貸虧損率	Expected credit loss rate	1.27%	15.00%	30.06%	100.00%	0.10%	
賬面總值	Gross carrying amount	318,378	$20,\!442$	875	844	711,005	1,051,544
預期信貸虧損	Expected credit losses	4,051	3,066	263	844	711	8,935
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2020						
預期信貸虧損率	Expected credit loss rate	0.93%	13.17%	28.52%	100.00%	0.10%	
賬面總值	Gross carrying amount	221,495	1,987	1,052	595	600,912	826,041
預期信貸虧損	Expected credit losses	2,060	262	300	595	584	3,801



## 23. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他

#### 23. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
流動 預付款項 按金 其他應收款項 應收關聯方款項(附註33)	Current Prepayments Deposits Other receivables Amounts due from related parties (note 33)	170,979 26,870 181,170 548,639	116,201 17,387 137,613 520,273
減值	Impairment	927,658 (5,080)	791,474
		922,578	786,173
<i>非流動</i> 預付款項	Non-current Prepayments	3,758	86,065

其他應收款項以人民幣計值,而其他應收 款項的公允價值與其賬面值相若。應收第 三方的其他應收款項為無抵押、免息及須 按要求償還。應收關聯方的其他款項為免 息,詳情於附註33披露。

就按金及預付款項而言,本集團評估認為 虧損撥備極微。就應收關聯方款項及其他 應收款項而言,本集團評估認為,自初始 確認起該等應收款項的信貸風險並無大幅 增加。於各報告期末,該等應收款項分類 為第1階段,計算12個月預期虧損。於截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內, 本集團計算應收關聯方的其他應收款項的 預期信貸虧損率為0.1%(二零二零年十二 月三十一日:0.1%),經考慮違約率,並 就前瞻性宏觀經濟數據作出調整。已基於 逾期天數、還款歷史、現況及對未來經濟 狀況的預測,使用撥備矩陣計量應收第三 方的其他應收款項的預期信貸虧損。

The other receivables were denominated in RMB, and the fair value of other receivables approximated to their carrying amounts. Other receivables with third parties are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand. Other receivables with related parties are interest-free, details of which are disclosed in note 33.

For deposits and prepayments, the Group has assessed that the loss allowance was minimal. For amounts due from related parties and other receivables, the Group has assessed that the credit risk of these receivables has not increased significantly since initial recognition. At the end of each reporting period, these receivables were categorised in stage 1 and 12-month expected losses are calculated. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group calculated the ECL rate for other receivables from related parties as 0.1% (31 December 2020: 0.1%) by considering the default rates and adjusting for forwardlooking macroeconomic data. A provision matrix was used to measure expected credit losses for other receivables from third parties based on the number of days past due, repayment history, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 23. 預付款項、其他應收款項及其他 資產(續)

下文載列有關本集團其他應收款項(除按 金及預付款項外)使用撥備矩陣的信貸風 險的資料:

### 23. PREPAYMENTS, OTHER RECEIVABLES AND OTHER ASSETS (continued)

Set out below is the information about the credit risk exposure on the Group's other receivables (except for deposits and prepayments) using a provision matrix:

			第三	方		關聯方	
		Less than		2 to			
			2 years				Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2021						
預期信貸虧損率	Expected credit loss rate	1.00%	5.00%	15.00%	100.00%	0.10%	
賬面總值	Gross carrying amount	170,805	6,904	1,024	2,437	436,218	617,388
預期信貸虧損	Expected credit losses	1,708	345	154	2,437	436	5,080
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2020						
預期信貸虧損率	Expected credit loss rate	0.99%	6.87%	17.27%	100.00%	0.10%	
賬面總值	Gross carrying amount	120,809	3,826	2,653	2,965	419,152	549,405
預期信貸虧損	Expected credit losses	1,196	263	458	2,965	419	5,301

其他應收款項減值虧損撥備的變動如下:

The movements in the loss allowance for impairment of other receivables are as follows:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於年初 減值撥回	At beginning of year Reversal of impairment	5,301 (221)	5,806 (505)
於年末	At end of year	5,080	5,301



#### 24. 按公允價值計量且其變動計入當 期損益之金融資產

#### 24. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
浮動利率的結構性銀行存款	Structured bank deposits with floating interest rates	-	3,847,810

結構性銀行存款產品主要為保本投資,收 益率浮動且有到期日。結構性銀行存款產 品的合同條款於特定日期產生的現金流量 並非僅為對本金及未償還本金利息的付 款。因此,結構性銀行存款產品分類為按 公允價值計量且其變動計入當期損益。

Structured bank deposit products are principal guaranteed investments with floating rate of return with a maturity period. The contractual terms of the structured bank deposits products give rise on specified dates to cash flows are not SPPI on the principal amount outstanding. Accordingly, the structured bank deposit products are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 25. 現金及現金等價物

#### 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
現金及銀行結餘 人民幣 港元 美元 減:受限制銀行存款	Cash and bank balances RMB Hong Kong dollar United States dollar Less: Restricted bank deposits	13,926,958 13,869,695 57,182 81 (228,720)	10,679,414 10,364,563 314,718 133 (366,955)
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	13,698,238	10,312,459

於報告期末,本集團以人民幣計值的現金 及銀行結餘金額為人民幣13,869,695,000 元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣 10,364,563,000元)。人民幣不可自由兑 換為其他貨幣,然而,根據中國內地的 《外匯管理條例》及《結匯、售匯及付匯管 理規定》,本集團獲准透過獲授權進行外 匯業務的銀行將人民幣兑換為其他貨幣。

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and bank balances of the Group denominated in RMB amounted to RMB13,869,695,000 (31 December 2020: RMB10,364,563,000). The RMB is not freely convertible into other currencies, however, under Mainland China's Foreign Exchange Control Regulations and Administration of Settlement, Sale and Payment of Foreign Exchange Regulations, the Group is permitted to exchange RMB for other currencies through banks authorized to conduct foreign exchange business.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 25. 現金及現金等價物(續)

銀行現金基於每日銀行存款利率以浮動利 率計息。銀行結餘存放於近期並無違約歷 史的信譽良好的銀行。現金及現金等價物 的賬面值與其公允價值相若。

按照相關政府規定,本集團若干公司須將 收到的有關國企改革項目(一般稱為「三 供一業1)的款項存入相關物業建設的指定 銀行賬戶。受限制現金只能在取得相關政 府部門批准後用於支付相關物業的建設成 本。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,該等 受限制現金金額為人民幣198,410,000元 (二零二零年:人民幣352,263,000元)。 受限制銀行存款亦包括於二零二一年十二 月三十一日金額為人民幣5,490,000元 (二零二零年:人民幣4.713.000元)的僅 限用於物業建設的已收業主現金及包括 於二零二一年十二月三十一日金額為人 民幣1,562,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 2,898,000元)的僅限用於按酬金制管理的 項目的現金。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,人民 幣 23.258.000 元 (二零二零年:人民幣 7,081,000元)的銀行存款已就本集團一間 附屬公司經營的經紀服務及住宅物業管理 服務抵押作為擔保。

#### 25. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The bank balances are deposited with creditworthy banks with no recent history of default. The carrying amounts of the cash and cash equivalents approximated to their fair values.

In accordance with relevant government requirements, certain companies of the Group are required to place the amounts received from the SOE Reform Projects, commonly known as the "Three Supplies and Property Management Projects", in designated bank accounts for the constructions of the related properties. The restricted cash can only be used for payments for construction costs of the relevant properties when approval from the related government authority has been obtained. As at 31 December 2021, such restricted cash amounted to RMB198,410,000 (2020: RMB352,263,000). The restricted bank deposits also included cash of RMB5,490,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB4,713,000) received from property owners that is restricted to use in construction of properties and cash of RMB1,562,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB2,898,000) restricted to use for projects managed on commission basis.

Bank deposits of RMB23,258,000 were deposited as security as at 31 December 2021 (2020: RMB7,081,000), for the brokerage service and residential property management services conducted by a subsidiary of the Group.



## 26. 貿易應付款項

#### 26. TRADE PAYABLES

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
貿易應付款項 關聯方(附註33) 第三方	Trade payables Related parties <i>(note 33)</i> Third parties	119,295 719,820	119,104 581,274
		839,115	700,378

貿易應付款項基於發票日期的賬齡分析如 下:

The ageing analysis of the trade payables based on the invoice date is as follows:

於十二月三十一日

As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
1年內	Within 1 year	763,544	659,255
1至2年	1 to 2 years	54,079	20,248
2至3年	2 to 3 years	12,617	19,948
3年以上	Over 3 years	8,875	927
		839,115	700,378

貿易應付款項為無抵押、免息及一般於90 天內結清。

The trade payables are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and are normally settled within 90 days.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 27. 其他應付款項及應計費用

#### 27. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
其他應付款項及應計費用	Other payables and accruals		
關聯方(附註33)	Related parties (note 33)	316,061	245,470
第三方	Third parties	1,496,602	1,678,726
		1,812,663	1,924,196
應付薪金	Salaries payable	867,608	640,457
即期所得税負債以外的應付税項	Tax payables other than current income		
	tax liabilities	127,042	100,569
		2,807,313	2,665,222

應付第三方的其他應付款項及應計費用為 無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。所有應付 關聯方的其他應付款項為免息,詳情於附 註33披露。

應付第三方款項包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日與「國企改革項目」(附註25)有關的應付款項人民幣198,410,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣352,263,000元)及於二零二一年十二月三十一日與代表業主建設物業有關的應付款項人民幣5,490,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣4,713,000元)。

Other payables and accruals with third parties are unsecured, non-interest-bearing and repayable on demand. All other payables with related parties are interest-free, details of which are disclosed in note 33.

The amount due to third parties includes the payable related to "SOE Reform Projects" (note 25) of RMB198,410,000 as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB352,263,000) and the payable related to construction of properties on behalf of property owners of RMB5,490,000 as at 30 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB4,713,000).



#### 28. 計息銀行借貸

#### 28. INTEREST-BEARING BANK BORROWINGS

本集團銀行借貸的條款詳情載列如下:

Details of the terms of the Group's bank borrowings as set out below:

			2021			2020	
		實際利率(%) Effective interest	到期日	人民幣千元	實際利率(%) Effective interest	到期日	人民幣千元
		rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000	rate (%)	Maturity	RMB'000
銀行貸款 一無擔保	Bank loans – unsecured	香港銀行 同業拆息 +0.65 一香港銀行 同業拆息 +1.65	二零二二年		香港銀行 同業拆息 +1.65	二零二一年	
		HIBOR+0.65- HIBOR +1.65	2022	801,249	HIBOR+1.65	2021	521,815

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 銀行借貸金額為人民幣801,249,000元 (二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣 521,815,000元) 以港元計值。按照相關 貸款協議之條款,華潤置地及華潤(集團) 有限公司(「華潤集團」)須於該貸款期內 不時分別直接或間接持有不少於51%及 35%的本公司已發行股本。

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's bank borrowings amounting to RMB801,249,000 (31 December 2020: RMB521,815,000) are denominated in Hong Kong dollars. CR Land and China Resources (Holdings) Company Limited ("CRH") are required to hold, directly or indirectly, not less than 51% and 35%, respectively, of the issued share capital of the Company at any time during the period of the loan in accordance with the terms of the respective loan agreements.

#### 29. 股本

#### 29. SHARE CAPITAL

於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
法定: 5,000,000,000股(二零二零年: 5,000,000,000股)每股面值 0.00001美元之普通股	Authorised: 5,000,000,000 (2020: 5,000,000,000) ordinary shares of US\$ 0.00001 each	338	338
已發行及繳足: 2,282,500,000股(二零二零年: 2,282,500,000股)每股面值 0.00001美元之普通股	Issued and fully paid: 2,282,500,000 (2020: 2,282,500,000) ordinary shares at US\$ 0.00001 each	152	152

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 30. 儲備

本集團於本年度及先前年度的儲備款額及 其變動於財務報表的綜合權益變動表呈 列。

#### (A) 合併儲備

本集團的合併儲備指本集團現時旗 下的附屬公司繳足股本總額與本集 團就共同控制下的業務合併支付的 代價之間的差額。

#### (B) 法定盈餘儲備

根據中國公司法及集團公司各自之 組織章程,於中國計冊的各公司須 劃撥10%根據中國公認會計準則釐 定的除税後溢利至法定盈餘儲備, 直至達到註冊資本的50%為止。轉 撥至該儲備須於向股東作出股息分 派前作出。

法定盈餘儲備為不可分配,除清盤 情況受有關中國法例所載若干限制 的規限,可用作抵銷累計虧損或資 本化為繳足股本外。

#### 30. RESERVES

The amounts of the Group's reserves and the movements therein for the current and prior years are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the financial statements.

#### (A) MERGER RESERVE

The merger reserve of the Group represents the difference between the aggregate of the paid-up share capital of the subsidiaries now comprising the Group and the consideration paid by the Group for the business combination under common control.

#### (B) STATUTORY SURPLUS RESERVE

In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the respective articles of association of the group companies, each of the companies that is domiciled in the PRC is required to allocate 10% of its profit after tax, as determined in accordance with PRC GAAP, to the statutory surplus reserve until the reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital. The transfer to this reserve must be made before the distribution of a dividend to shareholders.

The statutory surplus reserve is non-distributable except that in the event of liquidation where it can be used to offset accumulated losses or be capitalised as paid-up capital, subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations.



#### 31. 綜合現金流量表附註

#### (A) 融資活動產生的負債變動

#### 31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(A) CHANGES IN LIABILITIES ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

		其他應付款項	租賃負債	計息借貸
				Interest-bearing
		Other payables	Lease liabilities	borrowings
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零二一年一月一日	At 1 January 2021	225,073	1,382,372	521,815
融資現金流量變動	Changes from financing cash flows	(220,636)	(125,064)	321,080
利息開支	Interest expense	_	66,427	_
其他非現金變動	Other non-cash movements	40,009	34,735	_
匯率變動	Foreign exchange rate changes	_	_	(41,646)
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2021	44,446	1,358,470	801,249
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	761,833	1,304,555	
於 <u>一</u> 令—令十	At 1 January 2020	701,033	1,304,999	_
融資現金流量變動	Changes from financing cash flows	(748,384)	(95,464)	542,345
利息開支	Interest expense	5,419	66,710	_
來自出租人的與Covid-19相	Covid-19-related rent concessions			
關的租金優惠	from lessors	-	(7,468)	-
其他非現金變動	Other non-cash movements	206,205	114,039	-
匯率變動	Foreign exchange rate changes	_	_	(20,530)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	225,073	1,382,372	521,815

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 31. 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

#### (B) 租賃現金流出總額

列入現金流量表的租賃現金流出總 額如下:

#### 31. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS **OF CASH FLOWS (continued)**

(B) TOTAL CASH OUTFLOW FOR LEASES

The total cash outflow for leases included in the statement of cash flows is as follows:

截至十二月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
經營活動內 融資活動內	Within operating activities Within financing activities	42,760 125,064	25,591 95,464
		167,824	121,055

(C) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團有關使用權資產 及租賃負債非現金增加為人民幣 50,563,000元(二零二零年十二月 三十一日: 人民幣 114,039,000 元)。

(C) The Group had non-cash additions to right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of RMB50,563,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB114,039,000).



#### 32. 承擔

本集團已訂約但未於綜合財務報表中作出 撥備的重大承擔如下:

#### 32. COMMITMENTS

The Group has following material commitments which are contracted for but not provided in the consolidated financial statements:

> 截至十二月三十一日止年度 Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
有關以下項目的資本開支: 一在建工程 一物業、廠房及設備	Capital expenditure in respect of:  - Construction in progress  - Property, plant and equipment	17,838 -	30,773 192,498
		17,838	223,271

#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘

#### (1) 關聯方的名稱及關係

最終控股公司為中國華潤,直接控 股公司為華潤置地。

#### (2) 與關聯方的交易

除財務報表中其他地方詳述的交易 外,本集團於本年度已與關聯方進 行以下交易:

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

#### (1) NAME AND RELATIONSHIP WITH A RELATED **PARTY**

The ultimate holding company is CRCL and the immediate holding company is CR Land.

#### (2) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group had the following transactions with related parties during the year:

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(a)

#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

(a)

(2) 與關聯方的交易(續)

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND **BALANCES** (continued)

(2) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

		rour criaca e	or December
		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
住宅物業管理及增值服務 物業管理服務 一最終控股公司及 其附屬公司(「華潤集團」)	Residential property management and value-added services Property management services  - The ultimate holding company and its subsidiaries (the "CRH Group"), and		
及其聯營公司與合營企業 (不包括華潤置地集團) 一直接控股公司及其附屬公司 (「華潤置地集團」)、	its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)  - The immediate holding company and its subsidiaries (the "CR Land Group"),	38,175	31,894
合營企業及聯營公司	joint venture and associates	229,482	244,458
		267,657	276,352
給非業主的增值服務 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與	Value-added services to non-property owners – The CRH Group and its associates and		
合營企業(不包括華潤 置地集團) -華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與	joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)	1,123	9,263
一 年 周 直 也 果 團 及 共 柳 宮 公 可 典 合 營 企 業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	765,355	547,918
		766,478	557,181
給業主的增值服務 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Value-added services for property owners  – The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團)	Group)	454	509
-華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	68,921	24,614
		69,375	25,123
商業物業的商業運營及 物業管理及運營服務 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與	Commercial operational and property management and operational services for commercial properties  – The CRH Group and its associates and		
合營企業(不包括華潤 置地集團)	joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)	60,541	23,522
一華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	1,560,726	1,215,554
		1,621,267	1,239,076



#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

#### (2) 與關聯方的交易(續)

(a) (續)

# 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

- (2) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)
  - (continued) (a)

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
辦公物業的物業管理服務  一華潤集團及其聯營公司與  合營企業(不包括華潤置地 集團)	Property management services for office properties  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)	214,576	192,850
一華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	505,422	268,429
		719,998	461,279
購買貨品及服務 -華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤 置地集團) -華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業	Purchases of goods and services  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)  - The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	59,039 192.262	64,949 260,903
цашж	associates and joint voltares	251,301	325,852
購買物業、廠房及設備 一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	Purchases of property, plant and equipment  - The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	261,901	-
購買無形資產 一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	Purchases of intangible assets  - The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	116,007	-

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

#### (2) 與關聯方的交易(續)

(a) (續)

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND **BALANCES** (continued)

(2) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

(continued) (a)

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
利息開支 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Interest expenses  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團) - 華潤置地集團及	Group) – The CR Land Group and its	22	2,942
其聯營公司與合營企業	associates and joint ventures	3,160	_
		3,182	2,942
華潤置地投資有限公司還款	Repayments from China Resources Land Investment Limited		(1,704,507)
	mvestment Limited		(1,704,507)
墊款予關聯方 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Advances to related parties  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及	Group)  - The CR Land Group and its associates	-	1,204,213
其聯營公司與合營企業	and joint ventures	-	475,937
		-	1,680,150
關聯方還款 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Repayments from related parties  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
宣宫正未(不包括華/月 置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及	Group)  - The CR Land Group and its associates	-	1,561,999
一 華 相 直 地 朱 圉 及 其 聯 營 公 司 與 合 營 企 業	and joint ventures	_	494,403
		-	2,056,402



#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

#### (2) 與關聯方的交易(續)

(a) (續)

# 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

- (2) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)
  - (continued) (a)

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
關聯方墊款 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Advances from related parties  – The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	Group)  – The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	-	1,427,966 412,737
		-	1,840,703
向關聯方還款 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Repayments to related parties  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding		
置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	the CR Land Group)  – The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	-	1,688,666 587,133
		-	2,275,799
使用權資產添置 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營公司(不包括華潤	Additions of right-of-use assets  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land	225	
置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	Group)  - The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	18,873	62,984
		19,260	62,984

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

#### (2) 與關聯方的交易(續)

(a) (續)

附註:

於珠海華潤銀行股份有限公司 (「華潤銀行」,為本集團的同系附 屬公司)的存款

> 於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,現金及銀行結餘包括本集 團存放於華潤銀行的存款人民 幣 415,600,000 元 ( 二 零 二 零 年十二月三十一日:人民幣 244,435,000元)。截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度,該等 存款產生的總利息收入為人民幣 246,000元(二零二零年十二月 三十一目: 人民幣59,000元)。

- 截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日 1 年 度 , 關 聯 方 代 為 支 付 的 萬象商業僱員工資為零(二零二 零年十二月三十一日:人民幣 31.398.000元)。
- 由二零二零年一月一日至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止,本集 團有權免費使用華潤集團的部分 商標。

上述服務費及其他交易的價格乃按 照訂約方共同商定的條款釐定。

上述關聯方交易(不包括租賃負債增 加)亦構成聯交所證券上市規則第 14A章界定的關連交易或持續關連 交易。

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES (continued)

- (2) TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)
  - (continued) (a)

Notes:

a) Deposits with Zhuhai China Resources Bank Co., Ltd. ("CR Bank"), a fellow subsidiary of the Group.

As at 31 December 2021, cash and bank balances included deposits of RMB415,600,000 (31 December 2020: RMB244,435,000) which were made by the Group to CR Bank. The aggregate interest income arising from such deposits amounted to RMB246,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB59,000).

- For the year ended 31 December 2021, the employee salaries of Mixc Commercial paid on behalf by related parties were nil (31 December 2020: RMB31,398,000).
- From 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2021, the Group was entitled to use some trademarks of CRH Group for free.

The prices for the above service fees and other transactions were determined in accordance with the terms mutually agreed by the contracted parties.

The related party transactions listed above excluding addition of lease liabilities also constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Rules Governing of the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange.



#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

#### (3) 與關聯方的結餘

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND **BALANCES** (continued)

(3) BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
應收關聯方款項	Receivables from related parties		
貿易應收款項及應收票據 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Trade and bill receivables  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團)	Group)	71,541	18,409
一華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業	– The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	639,464	582,503
		711,005	600,912
其他應收款項 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Other receivables  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Group)  – The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding China	31,727	23,663
置地投資有限公司)	Resources Land Investment Limited)	404,491	395,489
		436,218	419,152
預付款項 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Prepayments  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團)	Group)	340	72
一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	112,081	101,049
		112,421	101,121
就購買物業、廠房及設備已付按金	Deposits paid for purchase of property, plant and equipment		
一華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	-	82,498

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

(3) 與關聯方的結餘(續)

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND **BALANCES** (continued)

(3) BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
應付關聯方款項	Payables to related parties		
貿易應付款項 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Trade payables  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land		
置地集團)	Group)	37,746	26,819
-華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	81,549	92,285
		119,295	119,104
其他應付款項 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤	Other payables  - The CRH Group and its associates and		
置地集團) 一華潤置地集團及	joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)  – The CR Land Group and its associates	21,149	7,567
其聯營公司與合營企業	and joint ventures	294,912	237,903
		316,061	245,470
合同負債 一華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤置地	Contract liabilities  - The CRH Group and its associates and		
集團)	joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)	2,812	183
一華潤置地集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業	<ul> <li>The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures</li> </ul>	54,257	11,030
		57,069	11,213



#### 33. 關聯方交易及結餘(續)

(3) 與關聯方的結餘(續)

#### 33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND **BALANCES** (continued)

(3) BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

截至十二月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
租賃負債(附註(i)) -華潤集團及其聯營公司與 合營企業(不包括華潤 置地集團) -華潤置地集團及 其聯營公司與合營企業	Lease liabilities (Note (i))  - The CRH Group and its associates and joint ventures (excluding the CR Land Group)  - The CR Land Group and its associates and joint ventures	382 48,413	73,875
		48,795	73,875

年內,租賃付款為人民幣 24,405,000 元。於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,本集團與該 等租賃合同相關之使用權資產 為人民幣40,402,000元(二零二 零年十二月三十一日:人民幣 68,045,000元)。

(i) The lease payment during the year amounted to RMB24,405,000. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's rightof-use assets relating to such rental contracts amounted to RMB40,402,000 (31 December 2020: RMB68,045,000).

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 34. 按類別劃分的金融工具

#### 34. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

各類金融工具於二零二一年及二零二零年 末的賬面值如下:

The carrying amounts of each of the categories of financial instruments as at the end of 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

金融資產

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產

Financial assets at amortised cost 於十二月三十一日

As at 31 December

at amortised cost 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

Financial Assets

Financial liabilities

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易應收款項及應收票據	Trade and bill receivables	1,051,544	826,041
列入預付款項、其他應收款項及	Financial assets included in prepayments,		
其他資產的金融資產	other receivables and other assets	639,177	669,972
受限制銀行存款	Restricted bank deposits	228,720	366,955
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	13,698,238	10,312,459
定期存款	Time deposits	2,474,608	_
按公允價值計量且其變動計入	Financial assets at fair value through		
當期損益的金融資產	profit or loss	_	3,847,810
		18,092,287	16,023,237
	金融負債	按攤銷成本計量的金融負債	
		Financial	liabilities

		2021	2020	
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	
貿易應付款項 列入其他應付款項及	Trade payables Financial liabilities included in other	839,115	700,378	
應計費用的金融負債	payables and accruals	1,782,812	1,879,932	
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	1,358,470	1,382,372	
計息銀行借貸	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	801,249	521,815	
		4,781,646	4,484,497	



# 35. 金融工具的公允價值及公允價值

管理層評估認為,現金及現金等價物、列 入預付款項及其他應收款項的金融資產、 貿易應收款項及應收票據、貿易應付款項 與列入其他應付款項及應計費用的金融負 债的公允價值與其賬面值相若,主要是由 於該等工具的到期時間較短。

本集團財務部(由首席財務官領導)負責釐 定金融工具公允價值計量的政策及程序。 於各報告日期,財務經理分析金融工具價 值變動,並釐定估值使用的主要輸入數 據。估值由首席財務官審閱及批准。

結構性銀行存款,即中國內地銀行發行的 理財產品,其公允價值乃於第2級內採用 基於具有類似條款及風險的工具的市場利 率的現金流量折現估值模式估算。

定期存款及租賃負債的公允價值乃使用條 款、信貸風險及餘下到期時間類似的工具 現時可獲得的利率貼現預期未來現金流量 而計算。於二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日,因本集團有關計息銀行及其 他借款的不履約風險導致的公允價值變動 被評估為並不重大。

#### 35. FAIR VALUE AND FAIR VALUE HIERARCHY OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management has assessed that the fair values of cash and cash equivalents, financial assets included in prepayments and other receivables, and trade and bill receivables, trade payables and financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals approximate to their carrying amounts largely due to the short term maturities of these instruments.

The Group's finance department headed by the chief financial officer is responsible for determining the policies and procedures for the fair value measurement of financial instruments. At each reporting date, the finance manager analyses the movements in the values of financial instruments and determines the major inputs applied in the valuation. The valuation is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer.

The fair values of structured bank deposits, which represent wealth management products issued by banks in Mainland China, have been estimated within Level 2 using a discounted cash flow valuation model based on the market interest rates of instruments with similar terms and risks.

The fair values of time deposits, lease liabilities have been calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows using rates currently available for instruments with similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities. The changes in fair value as a result of the Group's own non-performance risk for interestbearing bank and other borrowings as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were assessed to be insignificant.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策

本集團的主要金融工具主要包括與本集團 業務直接相關的受限制銀行存款、現金及 現金等價物、貿易及其他應收款項、貿易 及其他應付款項。本集團亦擁有其他金融 資產及負債,如租賃負債、應付關聯方款 項及應收關聯方款項。該等金融工具的主 要目的是為本集團的業務籌集資金。

本集團金融工具引致的主要風險為利率風 險、外幣風險、信貸風險及流動資金風 險。通常,本集團於風險管理中採用保守 策略。為將本集團的該等風險降至最低, 本集團並無為對沖目的而使用任何衍生工 具及其他工具。本集團並無為交易目的持 有或發行衍生金融工具。董事會審閱及同 意管理各項該等風險的政策, 相關政策概 述如下:

#### 利率風險

本集團面臨的利率風險主要與本集團的借 款有關。本集團借款之利率及環款條款於 財務報表附註28披露。本集團的政策乃為 其借款取得最優惠的利率。

本集團持續評估其面臨的利率風險,以釐 定是否需要對沖可能出現的潛在利率風

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,倘所有其 他變量不變,利率上調/下調50個基點, 則本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的除税前溢利將減少/增加人 民幣4,006,000元(二零二零年:人民幣 2,609,000元)。

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group's principal financial instruments mainly include restricted bank deposits, cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, which arise directly from its operations. The Group has other financial assets and liabilities such as lease liabilities, amounts due to related parties and amounts due from related parties. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the Group's operations.

The main risks arising from the Group's financial instruments are interest rate risk, foreign currency risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Generally, the Group introduces conservative strategies on its risk management. To keep the Group's exposure to these risks to a minimum, the Group has not used any derivatives and other instruments for hedging purposes. The Group does not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. The board of directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below:

#### INTEREST RATE RISK

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to the Group's borrowings. The interest rates and terms of repayment of the Group's borrowings are disclosed in note 28 to the financial statements. The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available for its borrowings.

The Group constantly assesses the interest rate risk it encounters to decide whether it is required to hedge against the possible interest rate risk that may arise.

As at 31 December 2021, if interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower with all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax for the year ended 31 December 2021 would have been RMB4,006,000 lower/higher (2020: RMB2,609,000).



#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 外幣風險

本集團面臨交易貨幣風險。該等風險來自 營運單位以功能貨幣以外的貨幣進行買 賣。

下表列示在所有其他變量不變之情況下, 於各年末,本集團除稅前溢利對港元及美 元匯率可能出現之合理變動之敏感度。

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

#### FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK

The Group has transactional currency exposures. Such exposures arise from sales or purchases by operating units in currencies other than the units' functional currencies.

The following table demonstrates the Group's sensitivity at the end of each year to a reasonably possible change in the HK\$ and US\$ exchange rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Group's profit before tax.

		港元/美元匯率 上升/(下跌) Increase/ (decrease) in HK\$/US\$ rate	除税前溢利 増加/(減少) Increase/ (decrease) in profit before tax
		% %	人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二一年十二月三十一日 倘人民幣兑港元貶值 倘人民幣兑港元升值 倘人民幣兑美元貶值 倘人民幣兑美元升值	31 December 2021  If RMB weakens against HK\$  If RMB strengthens against HK\$  If RMB weakens against US\$  If RMB strengthens against US\$	5 (5) 5 (5)	37,203 (37,203) 4 (4)
二零二零年十二月三十一日 倘人民幣兑港元貶值 倘人民幣兑港元升值 倘人民幣兑美元貶值 倘人民幣兑美元升值	31 December 2020 If RMB weakens against HK\$ If RMB strengthens against HK\$ If RMB weakens against US\$ If RMB strengthens against US\$	5 (5) 5 (5)	10,353 (10,353) 7 (7)

#### 信貸風險

本集團就其貿易應收款項及應收票據、其 他應收款項、現金及現金等價物及受限制 銀行存款面臨信貸風險。

本集團預期並無與現金及現金等價物以及 受限制銀行存款相關的重大信貸風險,因 為有關款項主要存放於國有銀行及其他大 中型上市銀行。管理層預期將不會因該等 交易對手不履約而蒙受任何重大損失。

#### CREDIT RISK

The Group is exposed to credit risk in relation to its trade and bill receivables and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits.

The Group expects that there is no significant credit risk associated with cash and cash equivalents and restricted bank deposits since they are substantially deposited at stateowned banks and other medium or large-sized listed banks. Management does not expect that there will be any significant losses from non-performance by these counterparties.

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 信貸風險(續)

本集團預期與貿易應收款項及應收票據以 及應收關聯方的其他應收款項有關的信貸 風險較低,因為關聯方有足夠的能力於短 期內履行合同現金流量義務。

本集團僅與公認且信譽良好的第三方進行 交易。信貸風險集中根據按客戶/交易對 手的分析進行管理。由於本集團的貿易應 收款項及應收票據以及其他應收款項的客 戶基礎廣泛分散,因此本集團內部的信貸 集中風險並不重大。此外,本集團持續監 控應收款項結餘。

#### 於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日的最高風險及年末所處階段

下表列示於二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日基於本集團信貸政策的信貸質 素及最高信貸風險(主要基於逾期資料, 除非無需過多成本或努力即可獲得其他資 料)以及年末所處階段分類。所呈列的金 額為金融資產的賬面總值。

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

CREDIT RISK (continued)

The Group expects that the credit risk associated with trade and bill receivables and other receivables due from related parties to be low, since the related parties have strong capacity to meet contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

The Group trades only with recognised and credit worthy third parties. Concentrations of credit risk are managed by analysis by customer/counterparty. There are no significant concentrations of credit risk within the Group as the customer bases of the Group's trade and bill receivables and other receivables are widely dispersed. In addition, receivable balances are monitored on an ongoing basis.

#### Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31 December 2021 and 2020

The tables below show the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on the Group's credit policy, which is mainly based on past due information unless other information is available without undue cost or effort, and year-end staging classification as at 31 December 2021 and 2020. The amounts presented are gross carrying amounts for financial assets.

	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2021	十二個月預期 信貸虧損 12-month ECLs		存續期預期信貸 Lifetime ECL:		
	As at of December 2021	第一階段	 第二階段	第三階段	 簡易法	- 總計
					Simplified approach	Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
貿易應收款項及應收票據* 列入預付款項、 其他應收款項及 其他資產的金融資產	Trade and bill receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets	-	-	-	1,051,544	1,051,544
一正常** 受限制銀行存款	Normal**  Restricted bank deposits	639,177	-	-	-	639,177
一尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物	Not yet past due Cash and cash equivalents	228,720	-	-	-	228,720
一尚未逾期定期存款	Not yet past due Time deposits	13,698,238	-	-	-	13,698,238
一尚未逾期	- Not yet past due	2,474,608	_	_	_	2,474,608
		17,040,743	-	_	1,051,544	18,092,287



#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續) 信貸風險(續)

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日的最高風險及年末所處階段 (續)

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

CREDIT RISK (continued)

Maximum exposure and year-end staging as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 (continued)

	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2020	十二個月預期 信貸虧損 12-month ECLs	整個存續期預期信貸虧損 Lifetime ECLs			
		第一階段 Stage 1	第二階段 Stage 2	第三階段 Stage 3	簡易法 Simplified approach	- 總計 Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
貿易應收款項及應收票據* 列入預付款項、 其他應收款項及	Trade and bill receivables* Financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and	-	-	-	826,041	826,041
其他資產的金融資產 一正常** 受限制銀行存款	other assets - Normal** Restricted bank deposits	669,972	-	-	-	669,972
一尚未逾期 現金及現金等價物	Not yet past due  Cash and cash equivalents	366,955	-	-	-	366,955
一尚未逾期	- Not yet past due	10,312,459	-	-	-	10,312,459
		11,349,386	-	-	826,041	12,175,427

- 就本集團應用簡易法進行減值的貿易應 收款項及應收票據而言,基於撥備矩陣 的資料披露於財務報表附註22。
- 列入預付款項、其他應收款項及其他資 產的金融資產的信貸質素在並無逾期且 並無資料顯示有關金融資產的信貸風險 自初始確認起已大幅增加時被視為「正 常」。否則,金融資產的信貸質素被視為 「可疑」。
- For trade and bill receivables to which the Group applies the simplified approach for impairment, information based on the provision matrix is disclosed in note 22 to the financial statements.
- The credit quality of the financial assets included in prepayments, other receivables and other assets is considered to be "normal" when they are not past due and there is no information indicating that the financial assets had a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Otherwise, the credit quality of the financial assets is considered to be "doubtful".

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 流動資金風險

本集團內各經營實體負責自身現金管理, 包括現金盈餘的短期投資及籌措貸款以應 付預期現金需求;惟如借款超出預定授權 金額,則須獲得管理層及董事批准後,方 可進行。

本集團的政策是定期監察流動資金需要及 其是否已遵守借貸契諾的規定,確保其維 持充裕的現金儲備及從主要金融機構取得 足夠的承諾信貸融資,以應付其短期及較 長期間的流動資金需求。

下表列示於各年末本集團非衍生金融負債 的餘下合同到期時間,基於合同未貼現現 金流量(包括使用合同利率或(如為浮動利 率)基於報告期末的現行利率計算的利息 付款)及本集團可能被要求支付的最早日 期。

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

LIQUIDITY RISK

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short-term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by management and directors when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority.

The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer terms.

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of each year of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay.



#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

流動資金風險(續)

LIQUIDITY RISK (continued)

		1年內或 按要求 Within 1 year or	1至2年 1 to 2	2至5年 2 to 5	5年以上 Over 5	總計
		on demand	years	years	years	Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二一年十二月三十一日	31 December 2021					
計息銀行借款	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	806,156	_	_	_	806,156
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	143,876	109,687	292,283	1,619,547	2,165,393
貿易應付款項 列入其他應付款項及	Trade payables Financial liabilities included in other	839,115	-	-	-	839,115
應計費用的金融負債	payables and accruals	1,782,812	-	_	_	1,782,812
		3,571,959	109,687	292,283	1,619,547	5,593,476
		1年內或 按要求	1至2年	2至5年	5年以上	總計
					Over 5 years	
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
二零二零年十二月三十一日	31 December 2020					
計息銀行借款	Interest-bearing bank borrowings	534,042	_	_	_	534,042
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	128,864	115,623	282,150	1,710,803	2,237,440
貿易應付款項	Trade payables	700,378	-	-	-	700,378
列入其他應付款項及 應計費用的金融負債	Financial liabilities included in other payables and accruals	1,879,932	-	-	-	1,879,932
		3,243,216	115,623	282,150	1,710,803	5,351,792

#### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 36. 金融風險管理目標及政策(續)

#### 資本管理

本集團管理其資本,以確保本集團內實體 有能力進行持續經營,並透過優化債務與 權益平衡為股東帶來最大回報。

本公司董事持續檢討負債與資產比率(為 總負債除以總資產),計及資本成本及與 各類資本相關的風險。本集團將透過籌集 新債務及贖回現有債務而平衡整體資本架 構,並管理負債與資產比率。本集團的整 體策略於年內維持不變。

於二零二一年及二零二零年末的負債與資 產比率如下:

#### 36. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (continued)

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balance.

The directors of the Company review the liability-to-asset ratio, which is total liabilities divided by total assets, on a continuous basis, taking into account the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. The Group will balance its overall capital structure through the raising of new debts as well as the redemption of the existing debts, and manage the liability to asset ratio. The Group's overall strategy remained unchanged during the year.

The liability-to-asset ratios at the end of 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
總資產	Total assets	21,591,922	19,075,954
總負債	Total liabilities	7,702,897	6,612,922
負債與資產比率	Liability-to-asset ratio	35.7%	34.7%



#### 37. 報告期後事項

除綜合財務報表其他章節所披露者外,於 二零二一年十二月三十一日後,本集團有 下列重大事項:

於二零二二年一月五日,潤楹(為本 公司的全資附屬公司)與天津禹佳生 活服務有限公司(「擬賣方」, 為獨 立於潤楹的第三方)訂立股權轉讓協 議(「該協議」),據此,潤楹同意收 購,而擬賣方同意出售禹洲物業服 務有限公司(「禹洲物業服務」,為擬 賣方的全資附屬公司)的全部註冊資 本,代價為人民幣1,058百萬元。

> 於本報告日期,該協議項下收購事 項已完成,潤楹已支付代價金額人 民幣583百萬元。

於二零二二年一月二十日,創潤(為 (h) 本公司的全資附屬公司)與香港彩虹 物業有限公司及香港樂活物業有限 公司(「該等擬賣方」,同為獨立於創 潤的第三方)訂立股權轉讓協議(「該 協議」),據此創潤已同意收購且 該等擬賣方已同意出售南通長樂物 業有限公司全部股權; 及江蘇中南 物業服務有限公司1%股權,該等 公司均為該等擬賣方的全資附屬公 司,代價為人民幣2,260百萬元, 可進行價格調整,但無論如何不得 超過人民幣2,260百萬元。

> 於本報告日期,該協議項下收購事 項尚未完成。

於二零二二年三月二十三日,本 公司訂立金額合計最多為人民幣 1,000,000,000 元的非承諾性循環 貸款融資。

#### 37. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Except as disclosed elsewhere of the consolidated financial information, the Group had following significant events subsequent to 31 December, 2021:

On 5 January 2022, Runying, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a share transfer agreement (the "Agreement") with Tianjin Yujia Life Service Company Limited (the "Proposed Vendor"), a third party independent of Runying, pursuant to which Runying agreed to acquire, and the Proposed Vendor agreed to sell, the entire registered capital in Yuzhou Property Service Company Limited ("Yuzhou Property"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Proposed Vendor, at a consideration of RMB1,058 million.

As at the date of this report, the acquisition under the Agreement has been completed and Runying has paid an amount of RMB583 million of the consideration.

On 20 January 2022, Super Honour, a wholly-owned (b) subsidiary of the Company, entered into an equity transfer agreement (the "Agreement") with HongKong Rainbow Property Limited and HongKong Lehuo Property Limited (the "Proposed Vendors"), both being third parties independent of Super Honour, pursuant to which Super Honour agreed to acquire, and the Proposed Vendors agreed to sell, the entire equity interests in Nantong Changle Property Co., Limited and 1% of the equity interests in Jiangsu Zhongnan Property Services Co., Ltd., both being wholly-owned subsidiary of the Proposed Vendors, respectively, at a consideration of approximately RMB2,260 million, subject to price adjustment but in any event will not exceed RMB2,260 million.

As at the date of this report, the acquisition under the Agreement has not been completed.

The Company entered into an uncommitted revolving loan facility in an aggregate amount up to RMB1,000,000,000 with a bank on 23 March 2022.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 38. 本公司財務狀況表

#### 38. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY

有關本公司報告期末財務狀況表之資料如 下:

Information about the statement of financial position of the Company at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

> 於十二月三十一日 As at 31 December

		2021	2020
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
非流動資產	NON-CURRENT ASSET		
於附屬公司的投資	Investment in a subsidiary	158	158
非流動資產總值	Total non-current asset	158	158
流動資產	CURRENT ASSETS		
現金及現金等價物 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項	Cash and cash equivalents Prepayments, deposits and	7,837,372	7,881,538
以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以上,以	other receivables	4,484,914	4,423,665
流動資產總值	Total current assets	12,322,286	12,305,203
流動負債	CURRENT LIABILITIES		
其他應付款項及應計費用 短期貸款	Other payables and accruals Short-term loans	46,067 801,249	161,138 521,815
流動負債總額	Total current liabilities	847,316	682,953
流動資產淨額	NET CURRENT ASSETS	11,474,970	11,622,250
總資產減流動負債	TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		
	LIABILITIES	11,475,128	11,622,408
淨資產	NET ASSETS	11,475,128	11,622,408
權益	EQUITY		
股本 其他儲備(附註)	Share capital Other reserves (note)	152 11,474,976	152 11,622,256
權益總額	Total equity	11,475,128	11,622,408



#### 38. 本公司財務狀況表(續)

#### 38. STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE COMPANY (continued)

附註:

Note:

本公司之儲備概要如下:

A summary of the Company's reserves is as follows:

		<b>股份溢價</b> Share premium	<b>留存收益</b> Retained profits	總計 Total
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零二零年一月一日	At 1 January 2020	-	(30)	(30)
年內溢利	Profit for the year		416,658	416,658
年內全面收益總額 發行股份 股份發行成本 資本化發行股份 附屬公司向當時股東宣派 的股息	Total comprehensive income for the year Issuance of shares Share issuance costs Capitalisation issue of shares Dividends declared by the subsidiaries to the then shareholders	- 11,857,187 (216,770) (23)	416,658 - - - - (434,766)	416,658 11,857,187 (216,770) (23)
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日	At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	11,640,394	(18,138)	11,622,256
年內溢利	Profit for the year	-	152,797	152,797
年內全面收益總額 二零二零年末期股息	Total comprehensive income for the year Final dividend for 2020	-	152,797 (300,077)	152,797 (300,077)
於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2021	11,640,394	(165,418)	11,474,976

#### 39. 批准財務報表

#### 39. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

財務報表已於二零二二年三月三十日獲董 事會批准及授權刊發。

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2022.

# 財務概要 FINANCIAL SUMMARY

綜合業績	Consolidated results	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
收益	Revenue	8,875,384	6,778,911	5,868,103	4,431,727	3,129,425
除税前溢利 所得税開支	Profit before tax Income tax expenses	2,336,556 (610,486)	1,134,926 (317,216)	496,508 (131,580)	571,965 (149,047)	516,162 (127,819)
年內溢利	Profit for the year	1,726,070	817,710	364,928	422,918	388,343
以下人士應佔: 母公司擁有人 非控股權益	Attributable to: Owners of the parent Non-controlling interests	1,724,925 1,145	817,170 -	364,928 -	422,918 -	388,343 -
綜合財務狀況	Consolidated financial position	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets	5,561,773	2,744,185	2,478,121	2,381,662	1,915,295
流動資產	Current assets	16,030,149	16,331,769	4,623,157	3,359,952	1,965,494
流動負債	Current liabilities	6,079,062	5,055,330	4,637,347	3,685,102	2,250,436
流動資產/(負債)淨額	Net current assets/(liabilities)	9,951,087	11,276,439	(14,190)	(325,150)	(284,942)
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities	15,512,860	14,020,624	2,463,931	2,056,512	1,630,353
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	1,623,835	1,557,592	1,432,347	1,389,856	1,315,895
資產淨值	Net assets	13,889,025	12,463,032	1,031,584	666,656	314,458
權益 母公司擁有人應佔權益	Equity Equity attributable to owners of the parent					
股本	Share capital	152	152	88	88	88
儲備	Reserve	13,887,728	12,462,880	1,031,496	666,568	314,370
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests	13,887,880 1,145	12,463,032 -	1,031,584 -	666,656 -	314,458 -
權益總額	Total equity	13,889,025	12,463,032	1,031,584	666,656	314,458

