

Ever Reach Group (Holdings) Company Limited 恒達集團(控股)有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

Stock code: 3616 股份代號: 3616



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Corporate Information

公司資料

DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. LI Xiaobing (Chairman)

Mr. WANG Zhenfeng (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. QI Chunfeng Mr. WANG Quan

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. WEI Jian Mr. FANG Cheng Mr. LEE Kwok Lun

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. LEE Kwok Lun (Chairman)

Mr. WEI Jian Mr. FANG Cheng

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. FANG Cheng (Chairman)

Mr. LEE Kwok Lun Mr. WEI Jian

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. LI Xiaobing (Chairman)

Mr. LEE Kwok Lun Mr. FANG Cheng

LEGAL COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

Mr. FANG Cheng (Chairman)

Mr. LEE Kwok Lun Mr. WANG Zhenfeng

董事

執行董事

李小冰先生(主席) 王振峰先生(行政總裁) 齊春風女士 王權先生

獨立非執行董事

魏劍先生 方征先生 李國麟先生

審核委員會

李國麟先生(主席) 魏劍先生 方征先生

薪酬委員會

方征先生(主席) 李國麟先生 魏劍先生

提名委員會

李小冰先生(主席) 李國麟先生 方征先生

法律合規委員會

方征先生(主席) 李國麟先生 王振峰先生

Corporate Information 公司資料

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES UNDER LISTING RULES

Mr. WANG Quan

Mr. LEUNG Kam Fai Anthony

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. LEUNG Kam Fai Anthony

AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor

REGISTERED OFFICE

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Room 1409, Floor 14 Leighton Centre 77 Leighton Road Causeway Bay Hong Kong

HEADQUARTERS IN THE PRC

266 Bayi Road Weidu District Xuchang City Henan Province The PRC

根據上市規則委任的授權代表

王權先生 梁錦暉先生

公司秘書

梁錦暉先生

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

註冊辦事處

Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman KY1-1111, Cayman Islands

香港主要營業地點

香港 銅鑼灣 禮頓道77號 禮頓中心 14樓1409室

中國總部

中國河南省許昌市魏都區八一路266號

Corporate Information

公司資料

LEGAL ADVISERS (IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER)

David Lo & Partners GFE Law Offices

PRINCIPAL BANKERS (IN ALPHABETICAL ORDER)

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited China Construction Bank Corporation China Minsheng Bank Industrial and Commercial Bank of China

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 54 Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

STOCK CODE

HKEx: 3616

Board Lot: 2,000 shares

COMPANY WEBSITE

www.everreachgroup.com

法律顧問(按英文字母排列次序)

羅國貴律師事務所廣東恒益律師事務所

主要往來銀行(按英文字母排列次序)

中國銀行(香港)有限公司 中國建設銀行股份有限公司 中國民生銀行 中國工商銀行

主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

股份代號

香港聯交所: 3616 交易單位: 2,000股

公司網址

www.everreachgroup.com

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board, I am pleased to present the results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

ANNUAL REVIEW

2021 was a difficult year for the real estate industry, with the Chinese housing market slumping after a rise and experiencing a significant growth recession. However, generally speaking, the sales, development and investment scale of the Chinese real estate industry continued to grow, with the housing market gradually moving towards a stage of stable, healthy and quality development.

2021 was an unusual year. Challenged by the complex and volatile property market condition in the PRC, the Henan floods, and the COVID-19 situation, the Group has adopted a scientific approach to making progress while maintaining stability. We have actively integrated our marketing system, firmly implemented a high-turnaround operation model, and adopted various measures to develop and expand our projects while achieving stable and healthy growth. Meanwhile, the Group actively undertook its corporate social responsibility and participated in many charitable events. We have donated approximately RMB5.29 million in total in response to the COVID-19 epidemic and the floods and on the 9/9 Charity Day.

In 2021, Xuchang Hengda was awarded the honorary title of "An Iconic Industrial Brand in China" at the China Brand Boao Summit, and was also named a "Real Estate Company Worthy of Attention from the Capital Market in 2021". Projects such as Xuchang Hengda Mingzhu and Hengda Xinzhu were rolled out one after another. The Beihai Longcheng project was named a "Good Exemplary Urban Project 2021–2022". The Hengda Heyuan and Yuzhou Binhefu projects were rated as "The Most Beautiful Construction Sites", and the latter was also named a "Good Exemplary Urban Project 2021".

尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表董事會欣然提呈本集團截至 2021年12月31日年度的業績。

年度回顧

2021年是房地產行業艱難的一年,全國房地產行業呈現「先漲後跌」態勢,業績增長明顯放緩。但總體來看,全國房地產行業銷售和開發投資規模繼續保持增長形勢,房地產市場正逐步邁入高品質的平穩健康發展階段。

2021年,許昌恒達榮獲中國品牌博鰲峰會「中國行業標誌品牌」榮譽稱號,同時被評為「2021值得資本市場關注的房地產公司」。許昌恒達名築、恒達新築等專陸續啟動,北海龍城專案榮獲「2021-2022城市典型樣本專案」榮譽,恒達和園和禹州濱河府專案被評為「最美工地」,禹州濱河府專案還榮獲「2021城市典型樣本專案」。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

In 2021, the Group established and acquired equity interests in the following nine companies: (I) Xuchang Hengrong Property Development Company Limited* (許昌市恒榮房地產開發有限公司); (II) Xuchang Hengchi Property Development Company Limited* (許昌恒馳房地產開發有限公司); (III) Xuchang Hengzhu Property Development Company Limited* (許昌恒築房地產開發有 限公司); (IV) Yanling Wanhong Real Estate Company Limited* (鄢 陵縣萬弘置業有限公司); (V) Yanling Zhengli Property Development Company Limited* (鄢陵縣政裡房地產開發有限公司); (VI) Yuzhou Taiyu Property Development Company Limited* (禹州 市泰禹房地產開發有限公司); (VII) Changge Jiahe Real Estate Company Limited* (長葛市嘉合地產有限公司); (VIII) Xuchang Yonghong Property Development Company Limited* (許昌永宏房 地產開發有限公司); and (IX) Henan Hengzhi Construction Engineering Design Company Limited* (河南恒致建築工程設計有 限公司), to enhance the coverage of our property sales and integrate the upstream portion of the supply chain.

2021年本集團通過設立及股權收購方式 增設了:(1)許昌市恒榮房地產開發有限公 司、(Ⅲ)許昌恒馳房地產開發有限公司、(Ⅲ) 許昌恒築房地產開發有限公司、(IV)鄢陵 縣萬弘置業有限公司、(V)鄢陵縣政裡房 地產開發有限公司、(VI)禹州市泰禹房地 產開發有限公司、(VII)長葛市嘉合地產 有限公司、(VIII)許昌永宏房地產開發有 限公司及(IX)河南恒致建築工程設計有限 公司共九家公司以加強物業銷售覆蓋率 及整合上層供應鏈。

Over the past 29 years of our development, the Group has always adhered to the principle of "Integrity Management, Fulfilling Every Promise" as we steadily moved forward and continued to develop new projects and contribute to urban development efforts as a provider of quality lifestyle services and a city operator.

在過去29年的發展過程中,本集團始終 堅守誠信經營,兑現每一個承諾的經營 理念穩步前進,持續開發新專案,以美 好生活服務商、城市運營建設者的姿態 為城市發展做出貢獻。

ANNUAL RESULTS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's total revenue was approximately RMB2,767.7 million, representing an increase of approximately 14.3% from approximately RMB2,422.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the net profit was approximately RMB303.2 million, representing an increase of approximately 7.3% from approximately RMB282.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2020.

年度業績

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團的 總收入約為人民幣2,767.7百萬元, 較截 至2020年12月31日止年度的約人民幣 2,422.1百萬元增加約14.3%。截至2021 年12月31日止年度, 純利約為人民幣 303.2百萬元,較截至2020年12月31日止 年度的約人民幣282.6百萬元增加約 7.3% 。

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK6.0 cents per ordinary share (equivalent to approximately RMB5.0 cents per ordinary share) for the year ended 31 December 2021.

末期股息

董事會建議就截至2021年12月31日止年 度派發每股普通股6.0港仙(相等於每股 普通股約人民幣5.0分)的末期股息。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

OUTLOOK

In 2021, faced with the complexities of the COVID-19 situation in the PRC and the stringent external conditions, the development of the Chinese economy was under multiple pressures. Nevertheless, as epidemic prevention and control requirements became normalized, the overall economy showed signs of a good recovery.

In 2021, as shown from the real estate trends provided by the National Bureau of Statistics, the total construction area of new property projects in the PRC saw a significant drop, and the growth rate of sales area of commercial properties slowed down. Coupled with the fact that relevant regulatory policies continued to tighten in the three previous quarters, property developers have been more reliant on sales returns and fundraises, and a growing number of companies, including major real estate players have been defaulting on their debt payments. On the whole, the entire industry has been experiencing unprecedented pressure.

Looking ahead to 2022, given the increasingly complex external environment in the PRC and disruptions to global economic growth resulting from COVID-19 control measures, the Chinese economy is still likely to face immense downward pressures. However, with the gradual recovery of the domestic economic circulation and the relaxation of COVID-19 response measures, China's economic growth is expected to remain stable.

In 2022, economic stability remains the top priority for the real estate industry in the PRC. Normal financing requirements for enterprises are likely to be relaxed as compared to 2021, and regulatory policies may be eased. In the long run, the primary tasks for the real estate industry are to speed up the elimination of weaker performers and promote a positive development cycle and healthy growth of the industry.

In 2021, under the combined influence of the floods and the COVID-19 epidemic, Henan Province has won two tough battles, namely COVID-19 prevention and control, and post-flood recovery. Its overall economy remained stable.

展望

2021年,全國疫情形勢和外部環境複雜嚴峻,經濟發展面臨多重壓力,但在疫情防控常態化形勢下,全國經濟總體上依然表現出較好復蘇態勢。

2021年房地產行業形勢從國家統計局資料可見,全國新開工面積明顯下降,商品房銷售面積增速也有所放緩,再加三季度相關政策及調控持續收緊,房企業更加依賴銷售回款和自籌資品已經分房地產企業債務違約頻現,且已經擴大到頭部房地產企業,整個行業感受到了前所未有的壓力。

展望2022年,全國外部環境更趨複雜嚴峻,疫情防控可能繼續對全球經濟增長構成阻礙,全國經濟增長下行壓力可能依然較大。但隨著經濟內迴圈動力的逐漸恢復,以及疫情效應的不斷減弱,全國經濟增速總體有望平穩運行。

2022年全國房地產行業預計整體環境仍以維穩為主,相對2021年而言可能會寬鬆企業的正常融資需求,調控政策也會有所緩和。從長遠來看加快行業間的優勝劣汰,促進房地產業良性迴圈和健康發展,是未來房地產行業的主要任務。

2021年,河南省面對洪澇災害和新冠肺炎疫情的疊加影響,全省打贏了疫情防控、災後重建兩場硬仗,且總體經濟運行平穩。

Chairman's Statement

主席報告

2022 will be a crucial year for Henan Province to speed up the implementation of its new development plan, for Henan is bearing the responsibilities of establishing such plan that will promote the development of China's central regions, protect the ecology along the Yellow River, achieve quality development, and accomplish other national strategies, to proactively carry out all duties under the national strategy. On 21 December 2021, Henan's first Xuchang-Zhengzhou-Europe express freight train departed for Europe carrying medical supplies. Henan now functions as a logistical hub for China to bolster international relations, which in turn will add momentum to the province.

In 2022, based on our established strategic plan, the Group will analyze the various problems encountered in our operations in 2021 scientifically to reach a careful conclusion, as well as do the following: (I) gather our strengths and adopt various measures to clear our excess inventory stock; (II) break down our major operation targets and strive for business efficiency; (III) improve our financial management to accurately observe financing policies; (IV) strengthen our construction management to optimize product designs; (V) create reasonable budget plans to reduce project costs while increasing efficiency; and (VI) increase brand influence and enhance digitalization.

In 2022, the Group will continue to march forward to embark on a new journey, take big steps to achieve breakthroughs, and create more beautiful chapters in our operations. 2022年是河南省加快構建新發展格局的關鍵之年,構建新發展格局,促進中間地區崛起、黃河流域生態保護和高主品發展等多項國家戰略疊加於河南主動服務國家戰略全域。2021年12月21日,首班開行的「許鄭歐」公鐵聯運國際班列,,首班開行數層療物資,奔向遙遠的歐河,大造樞紐經濟、促進對外開放,為河南縣新動能。

2022年,本集團將圍繞既定戰略規劃,,針對2021年度經營中遇到的各種問題與分析,認真總結,並做好以學分析,認真總結,並做好以舉之。 方面工作:(I)組織優勢,多措並舉人 產品去化;(II)組分主要經營目標水準, 高效率運轉;(III)提升財務管理水準理 確把握融資政策;(IV)加強工程管理 化產品設計;(V)合理規劃專品牌影響力 現專案降本增效及(VI)擴大品牌影響力 提升數位化水準。

2022年本集團將繼往開來,面對新的征程,繼續闊步前行,完成自我突破,續寫更加精彩的篇章。

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to our shareholders, business partners, customers and suppliers for their support and trust on behalf of the Board. I also thank the management and all staff for their contributions and efforts over the past years.

致謝

本人謹藉此機會代表董事會,對各位股 東、業務夥伴、客戶及供應商的大力支 持和信任表達謝意,同時感謝管理層及 全體員工過去多年的貢獻及努力。

Ever Reach Group (Holdings) Company Limited Li Xiaobing

Chairman and Executive Director

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

恒達集團(控股)有限公司 主席兼執行董事 李小冰

香港,2022年3月30日

管理層討論與分析

INDUSTRY REVIEW

On 17 January 2022, the National Bureau of Statistics issued a report on the "Development and Investment of Real Estates in the PRC in 2021". According to the latest statistics therein. investment in real estate development in the PRC in 2021 amounted to approximately RMB14,760,200 million, representing an increase of approximately 4.4% as compared to the previous year. Of which, investment in residential properties amounted to approximately RMB11,117,300 million, representing an increase of approximately 6.4% as compared to 2020. Investment in real estate development in the eastern region of China amounted to approximately RMB7,769,500 million, representing an increase of approximately 4.2% as compared to the previous year. The investment in the central region amounted to approximately RMB3,116,100 million, representing an increase of approximately 8.2% as compared to the previous year. The investment in the western region amounted to approximately RMB3,336,800 million, representing an increase of approximately 2.2% as compared to the previous year. The investment in the northeastern region was approximately RMB537,800 million, representing a decrease of approximately 0.8%. Analysis of the above data shows that investment growth slowed down, especially in the northeast region, whereas that of the central region remained stable, evidencing that the central region has been demonstrating its strengths as a populous area.

According to the National Bureau of Statistics, the total construction area of new property projects of real estate enterprises was approximately 1,988,950 thousand sq.m., representing a decrease of approximately 11.4% as compared to 2020. Of which, the total construction area of new residential projects was 1,463,790 thousand sq.m., representing a decrease of approximately 10.9% as compared to 2020. In addition, the total sales area of commercial properties of real estate enterprises was 1,794,330 thousand sq.m., representing an increase of approximately 1.9% as compared to the previous year. Of which, the total sales area of residential properties increased by approximately 1.1% as compared to the previous year, while that of office buildings increased by approximately 1.2%, whereas that of commercial and business properties decreased by approximately 2.6%.

行業回顧

2022年1月17日, 國家統計局發佈《2021 年全國房地產開發投資情況》,從最新 的統計資料顯示,2021年全國房地產開 發投資約人民幣14,760,200百萬元,比上 年增長約4.4%。其中,住宅投資約人民 幣11.117.300百萬元,比2020年年增長約 6.4%,東部地區房地產開發投資約人民 幣7,769,500百萬元,比去年增長約4.2%, 中部地區投資約人民幣3,116,100百萬元, 比去年增長約8.2%,西部地區投資約 人民幣3,336,800百萬元,比去年增長約 2.2%,東北地區投資約人民幣537.800百 萬元,比去年下降約0.8%。單從全國房 地產開發投資資料分析,行業投資增速 有所放緩,特別是東北地區出現下降情 况,但中部地區增速依然穩定,側面證 明中部地區人口優勢已經凸顯出來。

根據國家統計局的資料,2021年房地產開發企業房屋新開工面積約1,988,950千平方米,比2020年下降約11.4%。其中,住宅新開工面積1,463,790千平方米,比2020年下降約10.9%。另外,房地產開發企業商品房銷售面積約1,794,330千平方米,比去年增長約1.9%。其中,住宅銷售面積比去年增長約1.1%,辦公樓銷售面積增長約1.2%,商業營業用房銷售面積下降約2.6%。

As shown from the data in relation to the total construction area of new property projects and total sales area of commercial properties of real estate enterprises across the PRC, the entire real estate industry in the country was facing a lot of pressure. The COVID-19 epidemic, industry policies, and the continued tightening of financing policies are all possible reasons for causing a slowdown in the real estate industry.

從全國房地產開發企業的新開工面積及 商品房銷售面積的統計資料上看,全國 房地產行業整體面臨較大壓力,疫情影響、行業政策及融資政策的持續收緊可 能都是造成房地產行業增速放緩的原因。

On 20 January 2022, the Henan Provincial Bureau of Statistics issued the "Development and Sales of Real Estates in Henan Province in 2021" report. According to the latest statistics, investment in real estate development in Henan Province amounted to approximately RMB787,435 million in 2021, representing an increase of approximately 1.2%. Of which, investment in residential properties amounted to approximately RMB669,609 million, representing an increase of approximately 3.8%.

2022年1月20日,河南省統計局發佈 《2021年全省房地產開發和銷售情況》, 從最新的統計數據來看,2021年河南省 房地產開發投資約人民幣787,435百萬元, 同比增長約1.2%。其中,住宅投資約人 民幣669,609百萬元,增長約3.8%。

In 2021, the total construction area of new property projects by Henan property developers was 136,528.9 thousand sq.m., representing a decrease of approximately 3.3%. Of which, the total construction area of new residential properties was 112,976.7 thousand sq.m., representing a decrease of approximately 0.6%, while the total sales area of commercial properties of real estate enterprises was approximately 132,771.9 thousand sq.m., representing a decrease of approximately 5.8%. Of which, the total sales area of residential properties decreased by approximately 4.5%, while that of office buildings decreased by approximately 43.7%, whereas that of commercial and business properties decreased by approximately 19.1%.

2021年,河南省房地產開發企業房屋新開工面積136,528.9千平方米,下降約3.3%。其中,住宅新開工面積112,976.7千平方米,下降約0.6%。而房地產開發企業商品房銷售面積約132,771.9千平方米,同比下降約5.8%,其中,住宅銷售面積下降約4.5%,辦公樓銷售面積下降約43.7%,商業營業用房銷售面積下降約19.1%。

As shown from the various data regarding the Henan property market, except for having better statistics in terms of total new construction area than the whole country, Henan Province did significantly poorer in other areas. After analysis, we concluded that this was mainly attributed to the Henan floods and the COVID-19 situation, which posed great difficulties to Henan's real estate industry. However, in light of the growth rate of real estate investment in central China and the new construction area of properties in Henan, the Henan real estate industry as a whole remains optimistic about the future.

管理層討論與分析

BUSINESS OVERVIEW

Due to the combined effect of factors such as the repeated COVID-19 outbreaks in the PRC, the severe floods affecting Henan in July, and the continued regulation of the real estate industry by industrial and financial policies, the Group endured a difficult year in 2021. Nevertheless, we overcame difficulties by making timely revisions to our business strategies and attained a healthy and stable growth.

In 2021, the Group established and acquired equity interests in the following nine companies: (I) Xuchang Hengrong Property Development Company Limited* (許昌市恒榮房地產開發有限公司); (II) Xuchang Hengchi Property Development Company Limited* (許昌恒馳房地產開發有限公司); (III) Xuchang Hengzhu Property Development Company Limited* (許昌恒築房地產開發有限公司); (IV) Yanling Wanhong Real Estate Company Limited* (鄢陵縣萬弘 置業有限公司); (V) Yanling Zhengli Property Development Company Limited* (鄢陵縣政裡房地產開發有限公司); (VI) Yuzhou Taiyu Property Development Company Limited* (禹州市泰禹房地 產開發有限公司); (VII) Changge Jiahe Real Estate Company Limited* (長葛市嘉合地產有限公司); (VIII) Xuchang Yonghong Property Development Company Limited* (許昌永宏房地產開發有 限公司); and (IX) Henan Hengzhi Construction Engineering Design Company Limited* (河南恒致建築工程設計有限公司), to enhance the coverage of our property sales and integrate the upstream portion of the supply chain.

業務概覽

2021年中國內地疫情多次出現反覆,加上7月份河南省遭受特大水災,以及房地產行業持續受到行業及金融政策調控等綜合因素影響,本集團經受了較為艱難的一年。然而集團克服困難,及時修訂經營策略,使集團發展保持健康平穩。

In 2021, the Group increased its investment in marketing and strategic planning, strengthened online promotion efforts, and deployed a team of professionals to clear our excess inventory stock. Meanwhile, for the purpose of optimizing our business structure and improving profitability, the Group acquired a design company with Class-A Construction Engineering Design Qualification during the year. On the other hand, the Group acquired approximately 350,000 sq.m. of commercial and residential land in Weidu District, Yanling Country, Changge City, and Yuzhou City through bidding invitations, auctions, and listings, as well as acquisitions and mergers. In terms of engineering technology, by continuously improving and updating our product specifications and our standardized product databases, and also by paying more attention to product quality and details, we could further improve customer experience when sales pressure increases.

The Group continued to maintain its "residential properties first, commercial properties second" business model to improve the convenience and comprehensive value of its residential projects. In face of the overall pressure within the real estate industry, the Group properly reduced its profitability targets in terms of market layout, worked to maintain our market share in the local Xuchang market and radiating to surrounding areas, and expanded our market share in other Henan cities in a timely manner.

Our Group will continue to adhere to the principle of "Integrity Management, Fulfilling Every Promise" and further improve our upstream and downstream supply chains, enhance work efficiency and risk control capabilities, and maintain stable development while withstanding pressure in the real estate industry.

本集團繼續堅持住宅為主與商業輔助的 開發業務模式,以提高住宅專案的便利 性及綜合價值。面對房地產行業整體 力,本集團在市場佈局方面適當降低 利標準,堅守許昌本土市場佔有率市 時輻射周邊,適時擴大河南域內地市市 場份額。

本集團依然秉承「誠信經營,兑現每一個 承諾」的價值觀,完善本集團上下游產業 鏈構建工作,提升工作效率及風險把控 能力,在房地產行業壓力下保持企業穩 定發展。

管理層討論與分析

LAND RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the GFA of the Group's land reserves was approximately 4.4 million square meters ("sq.m."). The table below sets forth a summary of the land reserves as at 31 December 2021 by geographical location:

土地儲備

於2021年12月31日,本集團土地儲備的建築面積約為440萬平方米(「平方米」)。 下表載列於2021年12月31日按地域劃分的土地儲備概要:

			Under	Future		
		Completed	development	development		
		已竣工	開發中	未來開發		
		Completed				
		saleable/				
		leasable GFA				
		remaining	GFA under	Planned	Total land	% of total land
		unsold	development	GFA	reserve	reserve
		餘下未出售的				
		可出售/可出租	開發中	規劃	總土地	佔總土地
		已竣工建築面積	建築面積	建築面積	儲備	儲備百分比
		sq.m.	sq.m.	sq.m.	sq.m.	%
Xuchang City	許昌市					
Weidu District	魏都區	50,151	628,343	101,572	780,066	17.8
Jian'an District	建安區	34,876	89,309	97,730	221,915	5.1
Yuzhou City	禹州市	107,544	1,232,807	198,024	1,538,375	35.2
Changge City	長葛市	38,200	301,207	280,299	619,706	14.2
Yanling County	鄢陵縣	24,936	_	278,637	303,573	6.9
Xiangcheng County	襄城縣	_	92,240	_	92,240	2.1
Dongcheng District	東城區	_	406,213	2,547	408,760	9.3
Economic and	經開區					
technological						
development zone		_	62,280	243,058	305,338	7.0
Luohe City	漯河市					
Linying County	臨穎縣	_	104,599	1,589	106,188	2.4
Total	總值	255,707	2,916,998	1,203,456	4,376,161	100.0

Note: Land reserves equal the sum of (i) total completed saleable/ leasable GFA remaining unsold, (ii) total GFA under development and (iii) total planned GFA held for future development. 附註: 土地儲備等於(i)餘下未出售的可出售/可出租已竣工總建築面積;(ii)開發中總建築面積;與(iii)持作未來開發的規劃總建築面積之和。

CONTRACTED SALES

合同銷售額

The table below sets forth a breakdown of our major types of contracted sales and contracted average selling price ("ASP"):

下表載列我們主要類別的合同銷售額及 合同平均售價(「**平均售價**」)的明細:

		For the year o 31 Decemb 截至12月31日」	% change 變動百分比	
		2021	2020	
		2021年	2020年	+/-
Contracted sales attributable to:	以下各項應佔合同銷售額:			
Residential units (RMB, million)	住宅單位(人民幣百萬元)	3,742.8	3,816.1	-1.9%
Commercial units (RMB, million)	商業單位(人民幣百萬元)	373.4	398.6	-6.3%
Car parking spaces (RMB, million)	停車位(人民幣百萬元)	158.0	115.0	+37.4%
Others (RMB, million)	其他(人民幣百萬元)	37.9	10.5	+261.0%
Total (RMB, million)	總計(人民幣百萬元)	4,312.1	4,340.2	-0.6%
Contracted saleable GFA/Lot attributable to:	以下各項應佔合同可出售 建築面積/個數:			
Saleable GFA (sq.m.)	可出售建築面積(平方米)	619,125	638,930	-3.1%
Car parking space (lot)	停車位(個)	2,832	1,749	+61.9%
Contracted ASP attributable to:	以下各項應佔合同平均售價:			
Saleable GFA (RMB/sq.m.)	可出售建築面積			
	(人民幣元/平方米)	6,709	6,793	-1.2%
Car parking space (RMB/lot)	停車位(人民幣元/個)	55,797	65,752	-15.1%

Our contracted ASP per sq.m. of saleable GFA decreased by 1.2% to approximately RMB6,709 per sq.m. in 2021. The decrease in 2021 was mainly due to the decrease in market price of properties in Henan Province.

Our contracted ASP per lot for car parking space decreased by 15.1% to approximately RMB55,797 per lot in 2021 due to the lower ASP of the car parking spaces at the Yuzhou Sunshine City in 2021.

我們可出售建築面積的每平方米合同平均售價於2021年減少1.2%至約每平方米人民幣6,709元。2021年減少乃主要由於河南省物業的市場價格下降。

由於於2021年禹州●陽光城停車位的平均售價較低,故我們停車位的每個合同平均售價於2021年減少15.1%至每個約人民幣55,797元。

管理層討論與分析

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Results

The financial performance and results for the year ended 31 December 2021 were satisfactory. Key financial ratios have met the expectation of the management.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the revenue of the Group reached approximately RMB2,767.7 million (2020: RMB2,422.1 million), representing an increase of approximately 14.3%.

The Group recorded gross profit of approximately RMB851.5 million (2020: RMB779.0 million), representing an increase of approximately RMB72.5 million, or approximately 9.3%.

Gross profit margin was approximately 30.8% in 2021 (2020: 32.2%), representing a decrease of approximately 1.4% as compared with that in 2020.

Profit for the year slightly increased by approximately RMB20.6 million, or 7.3%, from approximately RMB282.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB303.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Revenue

Our revenue was derived from (i) sales of properties, (ii) rental income and (iii) others. The following table sets forth the breakdown of the revenue and their respective percentages of contribution to the total revenue for the years indicated:

財務回顧

業績

截至2021年12月31日止年度的財務表現及業績令人滿意。主要財務比率達到管理層預期。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團收入達約人民幣2,767.7百萬元(2020年:人民幣2,422.1百萬元),增加約14.3%。

本集團錄得毛利約人民幣851.5百萬元 (2020年:人民幣779.0百萬元),增加約 人民幣72.5百萬元(或約9.3%)。

2021年的毛利率約為30.8%(2020年: 32.2%),較2020年減少約1.4%。

年度利潤由截至2020年12月31日止年度的約人民幣282.6百萬元輕微上升約人民幣20.6百萬元(或7.3%)至截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣303.2百萬元。

收入

我們的收入來自(i)物業銷售,(ii)租金收入及(iii)其他。下表載列於所示年度的收入明細及其各自所佔總收入的百分比:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

			EX			
		2021		2020		% change
		2021年		2020年		變動百分比
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%	+/-
		人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	%	+/-
Sales of properties	物業銷售	2,753,389	99.5	2,417,639	99.8	+13.9%
Rental income	租金收入	5,305	0.2	4,412	0.2	+20.2%
Others	其他	8,984	0.3	_	_	N/A
		·				不適用
		2,767,678	100.0	2,422,051	100.0	+14.3%

The tables below set out the revenue from the sales of properties, the total GFA units of properties recognised and the overall recognised ASP of our properties by property types:

下表載列按物業類別劃分的物業銷售收入、所確認物業的總建築面積/單位總數及該等物業的整體已確認平均售價:

					31 December		
				截 全12月3	81日止年度	0000	
			2021			2020	
			2021年			2020年	
			054	Recognised		054	Recognised
		_	GFA	ASP	5	GFA	ASP
		Revenue	recognised	per sq.m. 已確認	Revenue	recognised	per sq.m. 已確認
			已確認	每平方米		已確認	每平方米
		收入	建築面積	平均售價	收入	建築面積	平均售價
		RMB'000	sq.m.	RMB	RMB'000	sq.m.	RMB
		人民幣千元	平方米	人民幣元	人民幣千元	平方米	人民幣元
		'					
Residential	住宅	2,379,098	395,319	6,018	2,019,393	309,952	6,515
Commercial	商業	292,802	37,139	7,884	246,448	33,812	7,289
Storage	儲藏室	12,501	5,563	2,247	10,254	3,665	2,798
		2,684,401	438,021	6,128	2,276,095	347,429	6,551
				Recognised			Recognised
			Units	ASP per		Units	ASP per
		Revenue	recognised	unit	Revenue	recognised	unit
				已確認			已確認
				每單位			每單位
		收入	已確認單位	平均售價	收入	已確認單位	平均售價
		RMB'000	lot	RMB	RMB'000	lot	RMB
		人民幣千元	個數	人民幣元	人民幣千元	個數	人民幣元
Car parking	停車位						
spaces		68,988	1,197	57,634	141,544	1,699	83,310

Sales of properties, which accounted for approximately 99.5% (2020: 99.8%) of our total revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021, were contributed by the sales of residential and commercial properties, storages and car parking spaces recognised in the year.

截至2021年12月31日止年度, 物業銷售額約佔我們總收入的99.5%(2020年: 99.8%),乃由於該年度確認住宅及商業物業、儲藏室及停車位的銷售所致。

管理層討論與分析

Our revenue increased by approximately RMB345.6 million or 14.3% from approximately RMB2,422.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB2,767.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2021, which was principally attributable to the result of approximately RMB359.7 million increase in the sales of our residential properties during the year ended 31 December 2021.

The increase in sales of residential properties was mainly due to the effect of increase in GFA recognised from approximately 309,952 sq.m. for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately 395,319 sq.m. for the year ended 31 December 2021, despite partially offset by the decrease in ASP per sq.m..

The increase in the sales of our commercial properties during the year was primarily due to the increase in GFA by 9.8% and increase of ASP per sq.m. from approximately RMB7,289 in 2020 to RMB7.884 in 2021.

我們的收入由截至2020年12月31日止年度的約人民幣2,422.1百萬元增加約人民幣345.6百萬元(或14.3%)至截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣2,767.7百萬元,乃主要由於截至2021年12月31日止年度我們的住宅物業銷售增加約人民幣359.7百萬元。

住宅物業銷售增加乃主要由於已確認建築面積由截至2020年12月31日止年度的約309,952平方米增加至截至2021年12月31日止年度的約395,319平方米,儘管其被每平方米平均售價減少部分抵銷。

年內商業物業銷售增加乃主要由於建築面積增加9.8%及商業物業每平方米平均售價由2020年約人民幣7,289元上升至2021年約人民幣7,884元。

Gross profit and gross profit margin

毛利及毛利率

The table below sets out the revenue, gross profit and gross profit margin by types:

下表載列按類別劃分的收入、毛利及毛利率:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

			2021 2021年					020 20年	
					Gross				Gross
			Cost of	Gross	profit		Cost of	Gross	profit
		Revenue	sales	profit	Margin	Revenue	sales	profit	Margin
		收入	銷售成本	毛利	毛利率	收入	銷售成本	毛利	毛利率
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	%	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	%
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	%
Sales of properties	物業銷售								
Residential	- 住宅	2,379,098	1,641,097	738,001	31.0	2,019,393	1,305,103	714,290	35.4
- Commercial	一商業	292,802	177,477	115,325	39.4	246,448	201,625	44,823	18.2
Car parking	- 停車位及	202,002	111,411	110,020	00.4	240,440	201,020	44,020	10.2
spaces and	儲藏室								
storages	阳极土	81,489	84,877	(3,388)	-4.2	151,798	136,362	15,436	10.2
	1.31								
Subtotal	小計	2,753,389	1,903,451	849,938	30.9	2,417,639	1,643,090	774,549	32.0
Rental	租金	5,305	-	5,305	100	4,412	_	4,412	100.0
Others	其他	8,984	12,740	(3,756)	-41.8	_	_	_	_
		2,767,678	1,916,191	851,487	30.8	2,422,051	1,643,090	778,961	32.2

The overall gross profit margin of sales of properties and gross profit margin of sales of residential properties dropped from approximately 32.0% in 2020 to 30.9% in 2021 and approximately 35.4% in 2020 to 31.0% in 2021, respectively.

The gross profit margin of commercial properties increased from approximately 18.2% in 2020 to 39.4% in 2021, representing a year-on-year increase of approximately 116.5%. It was because the commercial properties delivered during the year ended 31 December 2020 were mainly commercial apartments with less ASP per sq.m..

物業銷售的整體毛利率由2020年的約32.0%下降至2021年的30.9%,住宅銷售的毛利率由2020年的約35.4%下降至2021年的31.0%。

商業物業的毛利率由2020年的約18.2% 上升至2021年的39.4%,同比上升約 116.5%。這是由於截至2020年12月31日 止所交付的商業物業主要為每平方米平均售價較低的商業公寓。

管理層討論與分析

The negative gross profit margin of sales of car parking spaces and storage in year 2021 was due to the combined effects of (i) decrease in market price of car parking spaces of certain projects in Xuchang City; and (ii) write-down of value of car parking spaces in 2021.

Profit for the year was approximately RMB303.2 million (2020: RMB282.6 million), representing an increase of approximately RMB20.6 million.

Fair value gains on investment properties

The Group's investment properties were valued at 31 December 2021 by an independent professional qualified valuers, Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited, who hold recognised relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued.

Selling and marketing expenses

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's selling and marketing expenses amounted to approximately of RMB139.6 million (2020: RMB102.0 million), representing an increase of approximately 36.9% as compared to that in 2020. The increase was mainly due to addition promotion activities and campaign for brand building during the year ended 31 December 2021.

Administrative expenses

The administrative expenses increased by approximately 22.8% from approximately RMB132.1 million in 2020 to approximately RMB162.2 million in 2021, the increase of administrative expenses was mainly due to the increase of staff costs.

於2021年銷售停車位及儲藏室錄得負數 毛利率乃由於(i)於2021年許昌市若干項 目的停車位市價下降;及(ii)停車位價值 撇減的綜合影響所致。

年內利潤約為人民幣303.2百萬元(2020年:人民幣282.6百萬元),增加約人民幣20.6百萬元。

投資物業的公平值收益

本集團的投資物業於2021年12月31日經獨立專業合資格估值師泓亮諮詢及評估有限公司進行估值,該公司持有獲認可的相關專業資格並對所估值的投資物業的地點和領域有近期經驗。

銷售及市場推廣開支

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團的銷售及市場推廣開支約為人民幣139.6 百萬元(2020年:人民幣102.0百萬元),較2020年增長約36.9%。該增加乃主要由於於截至2021年12月31日止年度開展更多品牌推廣及宣傳活動。

行政開支

行政開支由2020年的約人民幣132.1百萬元增加約22.8%至2021年的約人民幣162.2百萬元,行政開支增加乃主要由於員工成本增加所致。

Finance costs - net

Finance costs primarily consisted of (i) interest expenses on borrowings; (ii) interest on pre-sale deposits received and (iii) interest charges on lease liabilities, less interest expenses which were capitalised to the extent that such costs are directly attributable to property development projects. Our finance costs decreased by approximately 88.6% from approximately RMB10.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB1.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2021. Such decrease was mainly due to the decrease of interest on pre-sale deposits received for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Income tax expense

Income tax expense mainly comprised of the PRC corporate income tax expense and land appreciation tax arising from our PRC subsidiaries. Income tax expenses slightly increased by approximately 3.5% or RMB8.1 million from approximately RMB228.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 to the approximately RMB236.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Liquidity, financial resources and capital resources

As of 31 December 2021, the cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB281.5 million (31 December 2020: RMB554.5 million), of which approximately RMB279.8 million (31 December 2020: RMB553.7 million) was denominated in Renminbi and approximately RMB1.7 million (31 December 2020: RMB0.8 million) was denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

As at 31 December 2021, the restricted cash amounted to approximately RMB146.8 million (31 December 2020: RMB119.0 million), all restricted cash was denominated in Renminbi.

The Group's total borrowings amounted to approximately RMB693.0 million as of 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB552.0 million), of which approximately RMB288.8 million was classified as current liabilities (31 December 2020: RMB310.6 million). Approximately 55.4% (31 December 2020: 51.7%) out of the Group's total borrowings was fixed interest rates.

財務成本一淨額

財務成本主要包括(i)借款的利息開支:(ii) 己收預售按金的利息:及(iii)租賃負債利息開支,扣除已資本化的利息開支,惟以有關成本直接與物業開發項目相關為限。我們的財務成本由截至2020年12月31日止年度的約人民幣1.2百萬元減少的主要的於截至2021年12月31日止年度收取的於截至2021年12月31日止年度收取的預售存款利息減少所致。

所得税開支

所得税開支主要包括中國附屬公司產生的中國企業所得税開支及土地增值税。 所得税開支由截至2020年12月31日止年度的約人民幣228.8百萬元輕微增加約3.5%或人民幣8.1百萬元至截至2021年12月31日止年度的約人民幣236.8百萬元。

流動資金、財務資源及資本資源

截至2021年12月31日,現金及現金等價物約為人民幣281.5百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣554.5百萬元),其中約人民幣279.8百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣553.7百萬元)以人民幣計值,約人民幣1.7百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣0.8百萬元)以港元計值。

於2021年12月31日,受限制現金約為人民幣146.8百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣119.0百萬元),所有受限制現金均以人民幣計值。

截至2021年12月31日,本集團的借款總額約為人民幣693.0百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣552.0百萬元),其中約人民幣288.8百萬元被分類為流動負債(2020年12月31日:人民幣310.6百萬元)。本集團借款總額中約55.4%(2020年12月31日:51.7%)為固定利率。

管理層討論與分析

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group's borrowings were repayable as follows:

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團借款於下列時間償還:

			As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日			t 31 December 20 2020年12月31日	
		Within	Between	Between	Within	Between	Between
		1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years	1 year	1 to 2 years	2 to 5 years
		1 年內	1至2年	2至5年	1年內	1至2年	2至5年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings Other long-term	銀行借款 其他長期借款	107,800	156,200	_	110,000	_	29,000
borrowings		124,377	97,000	151,000	136,000	90,377	122,000
Other current borrowings	其他流動借款	56,580	_		64,640		
		288,757	253,200	151,000	310,640	90,377	151,000

Current, total and net assets

As of 31 December 2021, the Group had current assets of approximately RMB9,940.8 million (31 December 2020: RMB8,183.7 million) and current liabilities of approximately RMB8,015.3 million (31 December 2020: RMB6,702.1 million), the net current assets value increased from approximately RMB1,481.6 million as at 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB1.925.5 million as at 31 December 2021.

As of 31 December 2021, the Group had total assets of approximately RMB10,300.0 million (31 December 2020: RMB8,508.6 million) and total liabilities of approximately RMB8,454.5 million (31 December 2020: RMB6,978.5 million), representing an increase of net assets or total equity from approximately RMB1,530.1 million as at 31 December 2020 to approximately RMB1,845.5 million as at 31 December 2021.

Charge on assets

The Group's borrowings are secured by investment properties, properties held or under development for sale and property, plant and equipment of the Group.

流動資產、總資產及淨資產

截至2021年12月31日,本集團擁有流動資產約人民幣9,940.8百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣8,183.7百萬元)及流動負債約人民幣8,015.3百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣6,702.1百萬元),流動資產淨值由2020年12月31日的約人民幣1,481.6百萬元上升至2021年12月31日的約人民幣1,925.5百萬元。

截至2021年12月31日,本集團擁有總資產約人民幣10,300.0百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣8,508.6百萬元)及總負債約人民幣8,454.5百萬元(2020年12月31日:人民幣6,978.5百萬元),淨資產或總權益由2020年12月31日的約人民幣1,530.1百萬元增加至2021年12月31日的約人民幣1,845.5百萬元。

資產抵押

本集團的借款由本集團的投資物業、持 作出售或開發中待售物業以及物業、廠 房及設備作抵押。

Contingent liabilities

(a) The Group has provided guarantees to secure obligations of certain purchasers of the Group's properties for repayments. Such guarantees will terminate upon the earlier of (i) the issuance and transfer of the real estate ownership certificate, or (ii) the satisfaction of mortgage loans by the purchasers of the properties.

Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, upon default of mortgage payments by these purchasers, the Group is responsible to repay the outstanding mortgage principal together with accrued interest owed by the defaulting purchasers to the banks and the Group is entitled to take over the legal title and possession of the related properties after the relevant legal procedures. The Group's guarantee period starts from the date of grant of mortgage. The Directors consider that the likelihood of default of payments by the purchasers is minimal and therefore the financial guarantee measured at fair value is immaterial.

(b) In line with our diversified land acquisition strategies, a subsidiary of the Group obtained the 20% equity interest of a project company (the "Associate Company") which hold a parcel of land for development through a bidding process, and remaining 80% equity interests are held by an independent third party (the "Major Shareholder"). Based on the investment agreement entered into by the Associate Company, the subsidiary of the Group and the Major Shareholder, the Associate Company has to repay the shareholder loans provided by the Major Shareholder within a specified timeframe after commencement of presale activities. If the Associate Company fails to return such shareholder loan on time, the subsidiary of the Group is required to provide funding to the Associate Company for the repayment of the shareholder loans. As at 31 December 2021, such shareholder loans of this Associate Company are approximately of RMB185 million.

或然負債

(a) 本集團已為本集團物業就部分買家的還款責任提供擔保。該等擔保將於(i)發出及轉讓房地產權屬證書;或(ii)物業買家償付按揭貸款(以較早者為準)時終止。

與我們的多元化土地收購策略一 致,本集團一間附屬公司取得一 間項目公司(「聯營公司」)(其诱過 競投持有一幅待發展土地)20%的 股權,而餘下80%股權則由一名 獨立第三方(「主要股東」)持有。 根據聯營公司、本集團附屬公司 及主要股東訂立的投資協議,聯 營公司須於預售活動開始後特定 期間內償還主要股東提供的股東 貸款。倘聯營公司無法按時償還 有關股東貸款,則本集團的附屬 公司須向聯營公司提供資金,以 償還有關股東貸款。於2021年12 月31日,聯營公司的有關股東貸 款約為人民幣185百萬元。

管理層討論與分析

In addition, pursuant to the investment agreement, the subsidiary of the Group also has to compensate for all losses of the Major Shareholder if the property project is delayed under certain conditions or that the repayment of shareholder loan is delayed beyond certain period stipulated in the investment agreement. As at 31 December 2021, management of the Group considers the risk of providing funding for repayment of shareholder loans or any compensation loss is low.

此外,根據投資協議,倘物業項目在若干情況下延工,或股東可還款時間遲於投資協議訂明的若干期限,則本集團的附屬計算要股東的所有虧損生期管理層認為提供資金以償還的東貸款或任何補償虧損金額的風險為低。

Key financial ratios:

主要財務比率:

		For the year ended 3 截至12月31日』		
		2021 203		
		2021年	2020年	
Profitability ratios	盈利比率			
Return on assets	資產回報率	3.2%	3.8%	
Return on equity	權益回報率	18.0%	20.5%	
Net profit margin	純利率	11.0%	11.7%	

		As of 31 Decei 於12月31日	
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
Liquidity ratio	流動性比率		
Current ratio	流動比率	1.2	1.2
Capital adequacy ratios	資本充足比率		
Gearing ratio (note 1)	槓桿比率(附註1)	37.5%	36.1%
Debt to equity ratio (note 2)	債務權益比率(附註2)	22.3%	N/A
			不適用

Note 1:	Gearing ratio is our total debts, including bank borrowings,
	other long-term borrowings and other current borrowings,
	as a percentage of total equity

Note 2: Debt to equity ratio is our total debts, minus cash and cash equivalents, as a percentage of total equity.

附註1: 槓桿比率為我們的債務總額(包括 銀行借款、其他長期借款以及其他

流動借款)佔總權益的百分比。

附註2: 債務權益比率為我們的債務總額減

現金及現金等價物佔總權益的百分

比。

KEY RISK FACTORS

All of our projects are located in Henan Province, the PRC. Our business continues to be heavily dependent on the performance of the property markets in Xuchang City and Henan Province. These property markets may be affected by local, regional, national and global factors, many of which are beyond our control and could include economic and financial conditions, speculative activities in local markets, demand for and supply of properties, availability of alternative investment choices for property buyers, inflation, government policies, interest rates and availability of capital. The selling price per sq.m. and gross profit margins of our properties vary by the type of properties we developed and sold, and affected by various factors including the market demand of the properties located, prevailing local market prices, the cost of properties constructed and sold.

The property market in the cities in which we have operations or plan to expand our operations has been competitive. Our existing and potential competitors include both major national and regional property developers with expansive operations in the cities or markets in which we operate as well as local property developers. We compete with them with respect to a number of factors, including land acquisition, geographic location, management expertise, financial resources, access to transportation infrastructure, size of land reserves, product quality, brand recognition by customers, customer services and support, pricing and design quality. We may seek to further enhance our market presence in these cities amid intense competition.

In addition, our business is also subject to the general social conditions in the regions where we operate and in the PRC in general. Any occurrence of force majeure events, natural disasters or outbreaks of epidemics and pandemics, including those caused by avian influenza, swine influenza, Middle East respiratory syndrome coronavirus or COVID-19 in the regions where we operate or in the PRC in general, which are beyond our control, depending on their scale, may cause different degree of damages to the economy, social conditions, infrastructure and livelihood of the people of the regions we operate or in China in general.

主要風險因素

管理層討論與分析

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its borrowings. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group has not hedged its cash flow or fair value interest rate risk.

The Group is principally engaged in the property development business in the PRC with almost all transactions denominated in Renminbi. In addition, the majority of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi. Accordingly, the Group is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk, except for the bank deposits denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management of the Group closely monitors the foreign exchange exposure and will take actions when necessary.

MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL

On 24 June 2021, following a public listing-for-sale conducted on Henan Property Rights Exchange Centre, Xuchang Hengda acquired from 禹州市禹翔房地產開發有限公司 (Yuzhou Yuxiang Real Estate Development Company Limited*) 90% of the equity interest in 禹州市泰禹房地產開發有限公司 (Yuzhou Taiyu Real Estate Development Company Limited*), a company incorporated in the PRC with limited liability and is principally engaging in the management, development and sales of real estate in Yuzhou City of Henan Province. For detail, please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 28 June 2021.

Save as disclosed in this report, the Group did not have any material acquisition or disposal of subsidiaries, associates or assets during the year ended 31 December 2021.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENT OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The Directors confirmed that as at the date of this report, there are no current plans to acquire any material investment or capital assets other than in the Group's ordinary business of property development.

本集團所承受的利率變動風險主要涉及 借款。以浮動利率計息的借款使本集團 承受現金流量利率風險。以固定利率計 息的借款使本集團承受公平值利率風險。 本集團並無對沖其現金流量或公平值利 率風險。

本集團主要在中國從事物業開發業務, 幾乎所有交易均以人民幣計值。此民幣計值。此民幣計值。因此,本集團並不承受重大外外 計值。因此,本集團並不承受重大外外 風險,惟以港元計值的銀行存款除外。 本集團管理層密切監管外匯風險,並將 於必要時採取措施。

重大收購及出售事項

於2021年6月24日,在河南省產權交易中心進行公開掛牌出售後,許昌恒達從禹州市禹翔房地產開發有限公司(一間於明國註冊成立的公司,主要於河南省禹州市從事房地產管理、發展及銷售業務)90%的股權。有關詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2021年6月28日的公告。

除本報告已披露者外,於截至2021年12 月31日止年度,本集團概無進行任何有 關附屬公司、聯營公司或資產的重大收 購或出售。

有關重大投資或資本資產的未來計 劃

董事確認於本報告日期,除本集團的物 業開發日常業務外,目前並無計劃收購 任何重大投資或資本資產。

GEARING RATIO

Gearing ratio is our total debts, including bank borrowings, other long-term borrowings and other current borrowings, as a percentage of total equity. As at 31 December 2021, the gearing ratio of the Group was approximately 37.5%, representing increase of approximately 1.4 percentage points as compared with approximately 36.1% as at 31 December 2020, which was mainly due to the increase of loans during the year.

TREASURY POLICIES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amounts of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio.

HUMAN RESOURCES AND EMPLOYEES' REMUNERATION

Human resource has always been the most valuable resource of the Group. As of 31 December 2021, the Group had a total workforce of 739 employees (31 December 2020: 648). The remuneration policy is reviewed by the Board from time to time. Emoluments of Directors are determined by the remuneration committee of the Company after considering performance of the Group, individual performance and comparing with market conditions. In addition to basic remuneration, the Group also provides medical insurance, social insurance contribution plans or other pension schemes, and other benefits in kind to the employees. The Group adopted five-day week policy applying to our certain back office staff to execute the philosophy of work-life balance.

槓桿比率

槓桿比率為我們的債務總額(包括銀行借款、其他長期借款以及其他流動借款)佔權益總額的百分比。於2021年12月31日,本集團的槓桿比率約為37.5%,較2020年12月31日的約36.1%上升約1.4個百分點,乃主要由於年內增加貸款所致。

庫務政策及資本架構

本集團資本管理的目標是確保本集團能 持續經營,以為股東帶來回報,並維持 最優資本架構以減少資金成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團可調整 支付予股東的股息金額、發行新股份或 出售資產以減少債務。

本集團以槓桿比率為基準監察其資本。

人力資源及僱員薪酬

人力資源始終是本集團最寶貴的資源。截至2021年12月31日,本集團總共擁有739名僱員(2020年12月31日:648名)。薪酬政策由董事會不時審閱。董事薪酬經本公司薪酬委員會考慮本集團的表現、個人表現及比較市場情況後釐定。除基本薪酬外,本集團亦為僱員提供醫療保險、社會保險供款計劃或其他養老金計劃以及其他實物石利。本集團對若干後勤員工採用一週五天工作日政策,以落實工作生活保持平衡的理念。

管理層討論與分析

To intensify personnel training and development, the Group provides a series of employee training programmes, which aims to accelerate professional growth and identify competences and talents of diversified teams. High potential staff are preferred and developed intensively according to the promotion plan towards the management level. In order to attract and retain suitable candidates for business development, the Group adopted the share option scheme as incentive since November 2018.

FORWARD LOOKING

Looking ahead to 2022, with the normalization of epidemic prevention and control requirements, the macro-economy in the PRC has been developing at a normal growth rate. At the real estate policy level, we will continue to adhere to the principle of "residential properties are for living, not speculation", improve the housing marketing and protection system, and implement the long-term regulatory targets of "stabilizing land premium, housing price, and market expectation". Meanwhile, the real estate industry will continue to maintain a sound monetary policy and continue to implement the "three red guidelines" to promote a positive development cycle and healthy growth of the industry.

In 2022, the Group will continue to focus on our established strategic plan to analyze and break down our operation targets, reasonably push forward our business progress and ensure the completion of our planned targets. The Group will make full use of our local branding strengths and cooperate with government institutions and other enterprises. Reducing capital investment, expanding our scale of operation, increasing the momentum of sustainable development, and improving inventory turnover will continue to be our major marketing priorities in the future. To this end, the Group will deploy more marketing staff, create online promotion campaigns, make appropriate price adjustments and adopt other strategies to significantly reduce excess inventory. With regards to new development projects, the Group will strengthen our node management system and continue to work according to our established pace and standards, so as to complete tasks at all levels and ensure the smooth implementation of all projects.

Marking the 30th anniversary of Ever Reach Group, 2022 is also an important year for our strategic planning. In these challenging times for the real estate industry, under the leadership of the Board, the Group will work together as a team, pool our knowledge and experience to weather the storm, and look forward to our future success.

為加強個人培訓及發展,本集團提供一系列僱員培訓計劃,旨在加速專業。根 及確認多元化團隊的能力及才能。 晉升計劃,擁有巨大潛力的員工會被優 先考慮及重點發展成為管理層。為不被 引及挽留合適的業務發展候選人,本 團自2018年11月起採納購股權計劃作 獎勵。

前景展望

展望2022年,隨著疫情防控常態化,國內宏觀經濟已步入正常發展節奏。房地房政策層面將繼續堅持「房住不炒」的定穩心,完善住房市場和保障體系,落實「穩地價、穩房價、穩預期」的長期調控目標。同時,房地產行業也將維持穩健的,實幣政策,「三道紅線」政策將繼續執行。促進房地產行業良性迴圈和健康發展

2022年我們將迎來恒達集團成立30周年,同時也是戰略規劃中重要的一年,雖然當前房地產行業處於較為艱難的時刻,但本集團會在董事局的領導下,上下一心,群策群力,共渡難關,迎接新的輝煌。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LI Xiaobing, aged 44, is the executive Director and Chairman of the Company and was appointed as a Director on 22 July 2016. He is also the Chairman of the Nomination Committee. Mr. LI Xiaobing joined the Group in October 2004 as the manager of the purchasing department (採購部經理) of Xuchang Hengda and has since then served a number of managerial and directorship positions of various members of the Group. Mr. LI Xiaobing has extensive experience in strategic planning, operational management and corporate administration of property development business in the PRC. He is also a director of Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited, which is a substantial shareholder of the Company within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

In December 2006, Mr. LI Xiaobing obtained an Executive Master of Business Administration from Huazhong University of Science and Technology (華中科技大學) in Wuhan. On May 14, 2020, Mr. LI Xiaobing was elected as the standing member of the Seventh Xuchang Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference.

Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, aged 53, is the executive Director and chief executive officer of the Company and was appointed as a Director on 19 May 2017. He is also a member of the Legal Compliance Committee. Mr. WANG Zhenfeng joined the Group in May 2002 and has been the general manager (總經理) of Xuchang Hengda since November 2006, the director of Xuchang Hengda since October 2007, the director of Henan Dadi since August 2012 and chief executive officer (總裁) of Xuchang Hengda since February 2013. Mr. WANG Zhenfeng has extensive experiences in strategic planning, operational and financial management as well as corporate administration of property development businesses in the PRC.

執行董事

李小冰先生,44歲,為本公司執行董事 兼主席,於2016年7月22日獲委任為董 事。彼亦為提名委員會主席。李小冰先 生於2004年10月加入本集團為許昌恒 的採購部經理,自此擔任本集團多計 員公司的多個管理及董事職位。李小冰 先生於中國房地產開發業務的策略規劃。 經營管理及企業管理方面具有豐富經驗。 彼亦為Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited之 董事,該公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV 部為本公司主要股東。

於2006年12月,李小冰先生取得武漢華中科技大學的高級管理人員工商管理碩士學位。於2020年5月14日李小冰先生當選為中國人民政治協商會議許昌市委員會第七届常務委員。

王振峰先生,53歲,為本公司執行董事 兼總裁,彼於2017年5月19日獲委任任 董事。彼亦為法律合規委員會成員 振峰先生於2002年5月加入本集團, 2006年11月起擔任許昌恒達總經理, 2007年10月起擔任許昌恒達董事, 2012年8月起擔任河南大地董事,及 2013年2月起擔任許昌恒達總裁。 2013年2月起擔任許昌恒達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任許昌恒達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌恒達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起擔任計昌也達總裁。 5013年2月起婚任計

Mr. WANG Zhenfeng obtained an undergraduate degree in industrial economics (工業經濟) from Henan University of Finance and Economics* (河南財經政法大學) (the predecessor of Henan Institute of Finance* (河南財經學院)) in June 1992. He then attained the qualification of accountant in the speciality of enterprise accounting (企業會計) as conferred by the Ministry of Finance of the PRC* (中華人民共和國財政部) in May 1996, and also obtained the qualification lawyer certificate (律師資格證書) from the Review Committee of Lawyer Qualification under the Ministry of Justice of the PRC* (中華人民共和國司法部律師資格審查委員會) in July 2001. He has become a non-practising member (非執業會員) of the Chinese Institute of Certified Public Accountants (中國註冊會計師協會) since June 2012.

王振峰先生於1992年6月在河南財經政法大學(其前身為河南財經學院)取得工業經濟本科學歷。其後於1996年5月取得中華人民共和國財政部頒發的企業會計專業的會計師職稱,並於2001年7月取得中華人民共和國司法部律師資格審查委員會頒發的律師資格證書。彼自2012年6月起成為中國註冊會計師協會的非執業會員。

Ms. QI Chunfeng, aged 50, is the executive Director and deputy chief executive officer of the Company and was appointed as a Director on 19 May 2017. In November 1993, Ms. QI Chunfeng joined the finance department (財務部) of Xuchang Weidu Guesthouse Company Limited* (which was a subsidiary of Henan Dadi prior to disposal of the entire equity interests therein to Hengda Investment in September 2016) and has been a director as well as deputy chief executive officer (副總裁) of Xuchang Hengda since January 2002 and March 2010 respectively. Ms. QI Chunfeng has extensive experiences in financial supervision, operational management as well as corporate administration of property development businesses in the PRC.

齊春風女士,50歲,為本公司執行董事 兼副總裁。彼於2017年5月19日獲委任兵 董事。齊春風女士於1993年11月加入許 昌魏都賓館有限公司(於2016年9月將大 全部股權出售予恒達投資前為河南大地 的附屬公司)財務部,彼分別自2002年1 月及2010年3月起擔任許昌恒達董事及發 總裁。齊春風女士在中國房地產開政 務的財務監管、經營管理及企業行政管 理方面具有豐富經驗。

Ms. QI Chunfeng completed her tertiary studies in the speciality of computing accountancy (會計電算化) at Xuchang Vocational Technical College (許昌職業技術學院) in January 2007.

齊春風女士於2007年1月在許昌職業技術 學院完成會計電算化專業的高等教育學 業。

^{*} English name for identification purpose only

Mr. WANG Quan, aged 49, is the executive Director and deputy chief executive officer of the Company and was appointed as a Director on 19 May 2017. Mr. WANG Quan joined Xuchang Hengda in March 2002 and has since been a deputy chief executive officer (副總裁) of Xuchang Hengda since April 2005, as well as a director of Henan Dadi since August 2012. Mr. WANG Quan has extensive experiences in operational management and corporate administration.

Mr. WANG Quan completed his tertiary studies in the speciality of production mechanics craftsmanship and equipments (機械 製造工藝及設備) at the Technical College of Northern China* (華北工學院) in July 1996. He then attained in May 2001 the professional and technical qualification of assistant engineer (助 理工程師) in the speciality of mechanics (機械) as evaluated by the Elementary Professional and Technical Role Assessment Committee of State-owned 9676 Factory (Engineering Series)* (國營九六七六廠工程系列初級專業技術職務評委會) and conferred by the Commission of Science, Technology and Industry for National Defence of Henan Province* (河南省國防科 學技術工業委員會). Moreover, Mr. WANG Quan also obtained the intermediate level of economics (經濟) in the speciality of business administration (工商管理) as conferred by the Ministry of Personnel of the PRC* (中華人民共和國人事部) in November 2001, as well as the intermediate level of finance (金融) and the intermediate level of fiscal taxation (財務税收) as conferred by the Ministry of Human Resources and Social Security of the PRC* (中國人力資源和社會保障部) respectively in May 2015 and April 2016. Furthermore, Mr. WANG Quan undertook a number of qualification examinations for securities practitioners (證券從業人員資格考試) and was granted passing certificates (成 績合格證) by the Securities Association of China (中國證券業協 會).

王權先生,49歲,為本公司執行董事兼副總裁。彼於2017年5月19日獲委任為董事。王權先生於2002年3月加入許昌恒達,自2005年4月起擔任許昌恒達副總裁以及於2012年8月起擔任河南大地董事。王權先生在經營管理及企業行政管理方面具有豐富經驗。

^{*} English name for identification purpose only

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. LEE Kwok Lun, aged 38, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 22 October 2018. He is also the chairman of the Audit Committee, and a member of each of the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Legal Compliance Committee. Mr. Lee is currently an independent non-executive Director of Dragon Rise Group Holdings Limited (龍升集團控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 6829) and Wing Chi Holdings Limited (榮智控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 6080), the chief financial officer and company secretary of Summi (Group) Holdings Limited (森美(集團)控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 756) and a director of Unitax Prism (HK) CPA Limited (尤尼泰栢淳(香港)會計師事務所有限公司). Mr. Lee has over 15 years of experience in accounting, audit, corporate finance and financial management. Mr. Lee has been appointed as the company secretary of Solis Holdings Limited (守 益控股有限公司), a company listed on the Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 2227), with effect from 23 December 2019.

Mr. Lee obtained a degree of Bachelor of Arts from the University of Hertfordshire in 2006. He is a practising member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, an associate member of The Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators) and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries.

獨立非執行董事

李國麟先生,38歳,於2018年10月22日 獲委仟為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦 為審核委員會主席以及薪酬委員會、提 名委員會及法律合規委員會成員。李先 生現時為龍升集團控股有限公司(一家於 聯交所上市的公司,股份代號:6829)及 榮智控股有限公司(一家於聯交所上市的 公司,股份代號:6080)的獨立非執行董 事、森美(集團)控股有限公司(一家於聯 交所上市的公司,股份代號:756)的首席 財務官及公司秘書以及尤尼泰栢淳(香港) 會計師事務所有限公司董事。李先生於 會計、審計、企業融資及財務管理方面 具有逾15年豐富經驗。李先生獲守益控 股有限公司(一家於聯交所上市的公司, 股份代號: 2227)委任為該公司之公司秘 書,自二零一九年十二月二十三日起生效。

李先生於2006年在英國赫特福德大學 (University of Hertfordshire)取得文學學士 學位。彼為香港會計師公會執業會員、 英國特許公認會計師公會會員、特許公 司治理公會(前稱:特許秘書及行政人員 公會)會員及香港特許秘書公會會員。

Mr. WEI Jian, aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 22 October 2018. He is also a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr. Wei is currently Managing Director of Sincerity Investment Holding Limited. He had served for a number of financial institutions such as in Treasury Department at Bank of China Sydney Branch, CMC Markets Asia Pacific Pty Ltd., City Index Australia Pty Ltd. and China Minsheng Banking Corporation Limited, Hong Kong branch (中國民生銀行股份有限公司香港分行), and Deputy CEO of China Vered Financial Holding Corporation Limited. Mr. Wei has over 12 years of experience in asset management, business development, financial market operations, corporate advisory and securities dealing.

Mr. Wei obtained from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology an Advanced Diploma of Business (Marketing) in October 1999 and a degree of Bachelor of Business (Economics and Finance) in December 2000, and subsequently the Postgraduate Diploma in Finance and the Master of Financial Management from The University of Melbourne in August 2002 and in December 2002 respectively.

魏劍先生,45歲,於2018年10月22日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為審核委員會及薪酬委員會成員。魏先生現時擔任德誠投資控股有限公司庫然也曾任職多間金融機構、CMC Markets Asia Pacific Pty Ltd.、City Index Australia Pty Ltd.及中國民生銀合行限公司任高管。魏先生於資產管理、發展、金融市場業務、企業諮買賣方面具有逾12年豐富經驗。

魏先生分別於1999年10月及2000年12月在皇家墨爾本理工大學取得商學高級文憑(市場營銷)以及經濟及金融類商學學士學位,隨後分別於2002年8月及2002年12月在墨爾本大學取得金融學研究生文憑及金融管理碩士學位。

Mr. FANG Cheng, aged 49, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 22 October 2018. He is also the chairman of each of the Remuneration Committee and the Legal Compliance Committee, and a member of each of the Audit Committee and the Nomination Committee. Mr. Fang is currently the responsible officer of GBA Locee Capital Limited (樂壐資本有限公司) (formerly known as Syner Wealth Capital Limited (滙心資本有限公司)) on regulated activity of advising on corporate finance covered under type 6 licence granted by the SFC. He had served for a number of financial institutions such as South China Capital Limited (南華融資有限公司), Lombard Capital Limited (朗盈萬通融資有限公司), Masterlink Securities (Hong Kong) Corporation Limited (元富證券(香港)有限公司), CNCB (Hong Kong) Capital Limited (信銀(香港)資本有限公 司), Freeman Corporate Finance Limited (民眾企業融資有限公 司), Hong Kong International Capital Management Limited (香港 國際資本管理有限公司), Huarong International Capital Limited (華融國際融資有限公司) and Huarong International Securities Limited (華融國際證券有限公司). Mr. Fang has over 17 years of experience in investment banking and corporate financing activities.

方征先生,49歲, 於2018年10月22日獲 委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。彼亦為 薪酬委員會及法律合規委員會主席以及 審核委員會及提名委員會成員。方先生 現時為樂壐資本有限公司(前稱:滙心資 本有限公司)從事證監會授出的第6類牌 照下所涵蓋的就機構融資提供意見的受 規管活動的負責人員。彼曾就職於多家 金融機構,包括南華融資有限公司、朗 盈萬通融資有限公司、元富證券(香港) 有限公司、信銀(香港)資本有限公司、 民眾企業融資有限公司、香港國際資本 管理有限公司、華融國際融資有限公司 及華融國際證券有限公司。方先生於投 資銀行及企業融資活動方面具有逾17年 豐富經驗。

Mr. Fang obtained a bachelor's degree in transportation engineering and management (交通工程與管理學) from Feng Chia University (逢甲大學) in Taiwan in June 1992 and subsequently a degree of Master of Business Administration from the Cleveland State University in the United States in September 1995.

方先生於1992年6月取得台灣逢甲大學交通工程與管理學學士學位,並於1995年9月取得美國克利夫蘭州立大學工商管理碩士學位。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. LI Shixun, aged 50, has been the managing deputy chief executive officer of our Company since 25 May 2017. He is primarily responsible for the overall administrative and operational management of our Group. He possesses over ten years of experience in the administration and enterprise planning of property development businesses.

Mr. S.X. Li completed, on part-time basis, his tertiary studies in the speciality of fine arts at Henan Radio & Television University* (河南廣播電視大學) in July 2005.

Mr. S.X. Li joined our Group in November 1999 as the external business manager of the operations department (經營部對外業 務經理) of Xuchang Hengda, and from March 2000 to February 2001 he served as the deputy manager of the enterprise planning department (企業策劃部副經理) of Xuchang Hengda before being promoted to become the manager of the said department in February 2001. After serving the enterprise planning department for more than four years, he was appointed in August 2004 as the manager of the human resources department (人力資源部經理) of Xuchang Hengda. In April 2005, he joined the Jian'an District branch office (建安區分公司) of Xuchang Hengda as the deputy general manager (副總經理), and was subsequently appointed in November 2006 to serve as the sales director (營銷總監) of Xuchang Hengda for more than three years. From November 2009 to February 2010, from March 2010 to December 2010 and from August 2016 to May 2019, he also served as the deputy general manager (常務副總經理) of Xuchang Hengda, the deputy chief executive officer (副總裁) of Xuchang Hengda and the executive director and manager (執 行董事及經理) of Yuzhou Hengda, respectively. Mr. S.X. Li has been the managing deputy chief executive officer (常務副總裁) of Xuchang Hengda since January 2011.

* English name for identification purpose only

高級管理人員

李世勳先生,50歲,自2017年5月25日起擔任本公司常務副總裁。彼主要負責本集團整體行政及營運管理。彼於房地產開發業務的行政及企業規劃方面擁有逾十年經驗。

李世勳先生於2005年7月於河南廣播電視大學以兼讀方式完成其美術專業高等 教育學業。

李世勳先生於1999年11月加入本集團, 擔任許昌恒達經營部對外業務經理, 自2000年3月至2001年2月擔任許昌恒 達企業策劃部副經理, 其後於2001年 2月晉升為企業策劃部經理。於企業策 劃部工作逾四年後,彼於2004年8月獲 委任為許昌恒達人力資源部經理。於 2005年4月,彼加入許昌恒達建安區 分公司,擔任副總經理,其後於2006 年11月獲委任為許昌恒達營銷總監, 任職逾三年。 自2009年11月至2010年 2月, 自2010年3月至2010年12月及自 2016年8月至2019年5月, 彼亦分別擔 任許昌恒達常務副總經理, 許昌恒達 副總裁及禹州恒達執行董事及經理。 李世勳先生自2011年1月起擔任許昌恒 達常務副總裁。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理人員之履歷

Mr. LEUNG Kam Fai Anthony, aged 37, has been the chief financial officer and company secretary of our Company since December 2016. He is primarily responsible for accounting, financial as well as company secretarial matters of our Group. He has extensive experience in handling transactional, annual auditing and review engagements for public companies.

Mr. Leung obtained a degree of Bachelor of Commerce in Accountancy from the Hong Kong Baptist University in November 2008. Mr. Leung has been a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since March 2013 and he has become a practising member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since September 2018.

梁錦暉先生,37歲,自2016年12月起擔任本公司財務總監兼公司秘書。彼主要負責本集團會計、財務及公司秘書事宜。彼在為公眾公司處理交易、年度審計及審閱工作方面擁有豐富經驗。

梁先生於2008年11月取得香港浸會大學會計學商學士學位。自2013年3月起梁先生一直為香港會計師公會會員,及自2018年9月起彼成為香港會計師公會執業會員。

The directors of the Company (the "**Directors**") have pleasure in submitting herewith their annual report together with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

本公司董事(「董事」) 欣然提呈其年報連同截至2021年12月31日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表。

Review of the business of the Group during the year under review, a discussion on the Group's future business development and possible risks and uncertainties that the Group may be facing are provided in the section headed "Chairman's Statement" on pages 5 to 9 and the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 10 to 28 of this annual report.

本集團於回顧年內之業務回顧及本集團日後業務發展以及本集團可能要面對的風險及不確定性因素之討論,載於本年報第5至9頁「主席報告」一節及第10至28頁「管理層討論與分析」一節。

An analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 December 2021 using financial performance indicators is provided in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" on pages 10 to 28 of this annual report.

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團 之表現按財務表現指標之分析載於本年 報第10至28頁「管理層討論與分析|一節。

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

主要業務

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of the Group are property development and property investment in the PRC.

本公司的主要業務為投資控股。本集團 的主要業務為在中國從事物業發展及物 業投資。

COMPLIANCE WITH RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

遵守相關法律及法規

The Group seeks to uphold high standard of integrity in all aspects of business and is committed to ensuring that its affairs are conducted in accordance with applicable laws and regulatory requirements and has formulated and adopted various internal control measures, approval procedures and training within all business units at all levels of the Group. During the year, there has been no violation or breach of relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on the Group.

本集團力求維持業務各方面的高度誠信, 並致力確保其事務按照適用法律及監管 要求進行,並已制定及採納本集團各級 所有業務部門內的各種內部控制措施、 審批程序及培訓。於年內,並無觸犯或 違反對本集團有重大影響的相關法律及 法規。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

RESULTS AND RECOMMENDED DIVIDEND

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the state of affairs of the Group at that date are set out in the financial statements of the Group on pages 131 to 293.

The Board recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK6.0 cents per ordinary share (equivalent to approximately RMB5.0 cents per ordinary share) for the year ended 31 December 2021.

SHARE CAPITAL

No share had been issued by the Company during the year and details of the share capital of the Company are set out in note 15 to the consolidated financial statements.

There were no purchases, sales or redemptions of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

RESERVES

Details of the movements in the Group's and the Company's reserves during the year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, notes 15 to 17 and in note 38 to the consolidated financial statements respectively.

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

As at 31 December 2021, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity owners of the Company was approximately RMB65,526,000. After the end of the reporting period, the Directors proposed a final dividend of HK6.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB5.0 cents) per ordinary share, amounting to HK\$72,000,000 equivalent to approximately RMB60,000,000). This final dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in the property, plant and equipment of the Group are set out in note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

業績及建議股息

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的業績以及本集團於該日的業務狀況載於第131至293頁的本集團財務報表內。

董事會建議就截至2021年12月31日止年度派發每股普通股6.0港仙(相等於每股普通股約人民幣5.0分)的末期股息。

股本

本公司於年內並無發行股份。本公司股本詳情載於綜合財務報表附註15。

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年內並無購回、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

儲備

本集團及本公司之儲備於年內之變動詳情分別載於綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註15至17以及附註38。

可供分派儲備

於2021年12月31日,本公司之可供分派 給權益擁有人之儲備總額約為人民幣 65,526,000元。於報告期末後,董事建 議末期股息每股普通股6.0港仙(相當於 約人民幣5.0分),總值約72,000,000港元 (相當於約人民幣60,000,000元)。該末 期股息於報告期末並未確認為負債。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團之物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註6。

MAJOR PROPERTIES

Particulars of the major properties and property interests of the Group are shown on pages 295 to 302 of this annual report.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association or the laws of Cayman Islands, which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders.

TAX RELIEF

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to our shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's shares.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 294 of this annual report.

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this Directors' report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. LI Xiaobing (Chairman)

Mr. WANG Zhenfeng (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. QI Chunfeng Mr. WANG Quan

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. WEI Jian Mr. FANG Cheng Mr. LEE Kwok Lun

In accordance with the Company's articles of association, Mr. WANG Quan, Mr. FANG Cheng and Mr. WEI Jian will retire from the Board by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

主要物業

本集團之主要物業及物業權益詳情載於 本年報之第295至302頁。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則或開曼群島法例 並無有關優先購買權的條文,規定本公 司須按比例向現有股東發售新股份。

税務減免

本公司並不知悉本公司股東因彼等持有本公司股份而獲任何稅務減免。

五年財務概要

本集團於過去五個財政年度之業績以及 資產及負債概要載於本年報第294頁。

董事

年內及直至本董事會報告日期任職的董 事如下:

執行董事

李小冰先生(主席) 王振峰先生(行政總裁) 齊春風女士 王權先生

獨立非執行董事

魏劍先生 方征先生 李國麟先生

根據本公司之組織章程細則,王權先生、 方征先生及魏劍先生將於應屆股東週年 大會從董事會輪席告退,並符合資格重 選連任。

Directors' Report

董事會報告

No Director proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation, other than normal statutory obligations.

擬於應屆股東週年大會上膺選連任之董 事概無訂有於一年內若本公司或其附屬 公司不付賠償(一般法定義務除外)則不 得終止之尚未屆滿服務合約。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Biographical details of the Directors and senior management are set out on pages 29 to 36.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company for a term of three years; and is subject to termination by either party in the manner as set out in the service agreement.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years; and is subject to termination by either party in the manner as set out in the letter of appointment.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

Save as disclosed in the section headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" in this Directors' report and in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements, none of the Directors, the entity connected with the Directors, controlling shareholders and any subsidiaries of the controlling shareholders of the Company had a material beneficial interest, either direct or indirect, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or its parent company or fellow subsidiaries was a party during the year.

董事及高級管理人員之履歷

董事及高級管理人員之履歷詳情載於第 29至36頁。

董事服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約, 任期為三年,及可由任何一方根據服務 合約規定的方式予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委任 函,任期為三年,及可由任何一方根據 委任函規定的方式予以終止。

董事於交易、安排或合約的重大權 益

除本董事會報告內「關連交易」和「持續關連交易」及綜合財務報表附註37所披露者外,概無本公司董事、與董事有關連的實體、控股股東及控股股東的可可與東及中國公司或同系附屬公司在年內所可以並與本集團業務有關之任何重要交易,直接或間接擁有重大實權益。

REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS AND THE FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士

Details of the remuneration of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事薪酬及五名最高薪酬人士的薪酬詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註29。

The remuneration of the Directors and senior management is determined with reference to their duties, responsibilities and performance and the Group's results.

董事及高級管理人員薪酬乃經參考其職 務、責任及表現,以及本集團的業績而 釐定。

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY AND/OR ANY ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

董事及主要行政人員於本公司及/ 或任何相聯法團的股份、相關股份 及債權證中擁有的權益及淡倉

As at 31 December 2021, being the end of the reporting period under review, the interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company and/or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that Directors and chief executive of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code, are as follows:

於2021年12月31日,即回顧報告期末時,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司及/或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊所記錄,或根據標準守則須以其他方式知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉,詳情如下:

Interests in shares of the Company 於本公司的股份權益

Name of Director 董事名稱	Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number and class of securities ^(Note 1) 證券的數目及類別 ^(附註1)	Approximate percentage of shareholding 股權概約百分比
Mr. LI Xiaobing	Settlor of a discretionary trust	855,000,000 ordinary shares (L) (Note 2)	71.25%
李小冰先生	全權信託財產託管人	855,000,000股 普通股股份(L) (<i>附註2</i>)	
	Interest of a controlled corporation	45,000,000 ordinary shares (L) (Note 3)	3.75%
	受控法團權益	45,000,000股 普通股股份(L) (<i>附註3)</i>	

Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes to the person with long position in the shares.
- 2. These shares were legally and beneficially held by Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited as at 31 December 2021. Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited is a corporate controlling shareholder which is legally and beneficially wholly-owned by Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited. Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited is the trustee of the family trust, established by Mr. LI Xiaobing as the sole settlor for the benefit of a list of discretionary beneficiaries including Mr. LI Xiaobing himself and any persons or classes of person (save for Mr. LI Xiaobing's father and mother) to be appointed by and at the sole discretion of Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited (as trustee) from time to time. Given that Mr. LI Xiaobing is the sole settlor of the family trust, he is therefore deemed to be interested in any shares in which Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited is interested by virtue of the SFO.
- 3. As at 31 December 2021, these shares were legally and beneficially held by Ever Enrichment Enterprise Company Limited of which the entire issued share capital was, in turn, legally and beneficially held by Mr. Ll Xiaobing. Mr. Ll Xiaobing is therefore deemed to be interested in any shares in which Ever Enrichment Enterprise Limited is interested by virtue of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had or was deemed to have any interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and/or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under section 352 of the SFO, or otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code.

附註:

- 1. 字母[L]表示該名人士於股份中的好倉。
- 2. 於2021年12月31日,該等股份由恒升企業有限公司合法實益持有。恒升企業有限公司合法實益持有。恒諾私人信託有限公司合法實验查查,擁有限公司合法實验查查,并生(作為因公司合法實验查查,不是一人。在一財產託管人的人工或類別人士(李小冰先生社人)的人士或類別人士(李小家族信託的人)的人士或類別人士(李小家族信託的人)的人一財產託管人,故根據證券及期貨條有權益的任何股份中擁有權益。
- 3. 於2021年12月31日,該等股份由恒潤企業有限公司合法實益持有,故全部已發行股本乃由李小冰先生合法實益持有。 因此,根據證券及期貨條例,李小冰先生將被視作於恒潤企業有限公司擁有權益的任何股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,於2021年12月31日,概無本公司董事或主要行政人員於本公司及/或其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部)的股份、相關股份或債權證中擁有或被視作擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條存置的登記冊所記錄,或根據標準守則須以其他方式知會本公司及聯交所的權益或淡倉。

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, shareholders (other than Directors or chief executives of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

主要股東於本公司的股份及相關股份中擁有的權益

於2021年12月31日,股東(董事或本公司主要行政人員除外)於本公司的股份或相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部規定須向本公司披露,或根據證券及期貨條例第336條須予存置的登記冊所記錄的權益或淡倉,詳請如下:

Name of shareholder 股東名稱	Capacity/nature of interest 身份/權益性質	Number and class of securities (Note 1) 證券的數目及類別(<i>附註1</i>)	Approximate percentage of shareholding 股權概約百分比
Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited 恒升企業有限公司	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	855,000,000 ordinary shares (L) 855,000,000股 普通股股份(L)	71.25%
Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited (Note 2) 恒諾私人信託有限公司(附註2)	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益	855,000,000 ordinary shares (L) 855,000,000股 普通股股份(L)	71.25%
Ms. LIN Wei (Note 3) 林媙女士(^{柳註9)}	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	900,000,000 ordinary shares (L) 900,000,000股 普通股股份(L)	75.00%

Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes to the person/entity with long position in the shares
- 2. As of 31 December 2021, Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited was one of the controlling shareholders and was wholly-owned by Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited. Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited is deemed to be interested in any shares in which Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited is interested pursuant to the SFO. Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited is the trustee of the family trust established by Mr. LI Xiaobing as the sole settlor for the benefit of a list of discretionary beneficiaries including Mr. LI Xiaobing himself and any other person or classes of person (save for Mr. LI Xiaobing's father and mother) to be appointed by and at the sole discretion of Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited (as trustee) from time to time.
- 3. Ms. LIN Wei is the spouse of Mr. LI Xiaobing. Given that Mr. LI Xiaobing is deemed to be interested in the shares held by Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited and Ever Enrichment Enterprise Company Limited by virtue of the SFO, she will likewise be deemed to be interested in any shares held by both Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited and Ever Enrichment Enterprise Company Limited by virtue of the SFO.

EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Group remunerates and provides benefits for its employees based on current industry practice. Discretionary bonuses are awarded to staff based on the performance of the Group and performance of individual staff. In addition, share options may be granted to eligible employees in accordance with the terms of the Company's share option scheme.

RETIREMENT SCHEMES

The Group participates in several defined contribution retirement plans which cover the Group's eligible employees in the PRC, and a mandatory provident fund scheme for the employees in Hong Kong.

The PRC operating entities participate in retirement schemes organised by the PRC municipal and provincial government authorities, whereby the PRC operating entities are required to make contribution at defined rates required by different local government authorities. The local government authorities are responsible for the pension obligations payable to the retired employees covered under the retirement schemes.

附註:

- 1. LJ指相關人士/實體於股份中的好倉。
- 2. 於2021年12月31日,恒升企業有限公司 為控股股東之一及由恒諾私人信託有限 公司全資擁有。根據證券及期貨條例, 恒諾私人信託有限公司將被視作於恒中 企業有限公司擁有權益的任何股份家 有權益。恒諾私人信託有限公司為実生 信託的受託人,家族信託由李小冰先生(為唯一財產託管人)設立,其全權受益 為李小冰先生本人以及恒諾私人信委 限公司(作為受託人)不時全權酌情便公司 的任何人士或類別人士(李小冰先生父 母除外)。
- 3. 林媙女士為李小冰先生的配偶。由於根據證券及期貨條例,李小冰先生將被視作於恒升企業有限公司及恒潤企業有限公司擁有權益的任何股份中擁有權益,故根據證券及期貨條例,林女士同樣將被視作於恒升企業有限公司及恒潤企業有限公司持有的任何股份中擁有權益。

僱員及薪酬政策

本集團根據目前業內慣例為其僱員給予 薪酬及提供福利,並會根據本集團的表 現和個別員工的表現向員工發放酌情花 紅。此外,購股權可根據本公司購股權 計劃之條款授予合資格的僱員。

退休計劃

本集團為本集團之合資格中國僱員參與 多種定額供款退休計劃,以及為香港僱 員提供強制性公積金計劃。

中國經營實體參加由中國直轄市和省級政府機關組織的退休計劃,根據該計劃,中國經營實體須按不同地方政府機關規定的特定費率作出供款。地方政府主管部門負責應付退休計劃所涵蓋的退休僱員的退休金義務。

The Group also operates a mandatory provident fund scheme under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The mandatory provident fund scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the mandatory provident fund scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of HKD30,000.

本集團亦根據香港《強制性公積金計劃 條例》為受香港《僱傭條例》管轄的僱員 推行強制性公積金計劃。強制性公積金 計劃是由獨立受託人管理的定額供款退 休計劃。根據強制性公積金計劃,僱主 及其僱員均須按僱員有關收入的5%向計 劃供款,每月有關收入上限為30,000港 元。

SHARE OPTIONS

The Company adopted the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") on 22 October 2018, which shall be valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 12 November 2018, subject to early termination by the Company in a general meeting or by the Board. The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives to Eligible Person (as defined below) and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions the Eligible Person have had or may have made to the Group. Under the Share Option Scheme, the Board may offer to grant an option to any employees, executives or officers (including executive, non-executive and independent non-executive Directors) of the Group and any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers, agents to the Group and related entities who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Group (collectively the "Eligible Person").

The number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other option schemes of the Company at any time shall not exceed 30% of the shares of the Company in issue from time to time. The maximum number of shares available for issue under options which may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or other share option scheme adopted by the Company must not in aggregate exceed 10% of the shares in issue immediately following completion of the IPO (but taking no account of any shares which may be allotted or issued pursuant to the exercise of the over-allotment option (as defined in the prospectus)), being 120,000,000 shares. The total number of shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted pursuant to the Share Option Scheme to each Eligible Person in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the number of shares in issue as at the date of grant unless approved by the shareholders of the Company in general meeting.

購股權

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股 權計劃授出及有待行使之所有未行使購 股權獲行使時可予發行之股份數目,在 任何時候不得超過本公司不時已發行股 份之30%。根據購股權計劃或本公司採 納之其他購股權計劃可能授出之購股權 而可供發行之股份總數最高不得超過緊 隨首次公開發售完成後已發行股份數目 的10%(惟不計及因超額配股權(定義見 招股章程)獲行使而可能配發或發行之 任何股份),即120,000,000股股份。除 非獲本公司股東於股東大會批准,否則 於任何12個月期間,根據購股權計劃向 各合資格參與者授出之購股權獲行使時, 已發行及可能發行之股份總數不得超過 於授出日期已發行股份數目的1%。

The subscription price of a share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be determined by the Board provided that it shall not be less than the highest of: (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheet on the date of offer, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a share.

根據購股權計劃授出之任何特定購股權之股份認購價須由董事會釐定,惟不得少於下列最高者:(i)於授出日期(當日須為營業日),聯交所每日報價列表所報之股份收市價;(ii)緊接授出日期前五個營業日內聯交所每日報價列表所報之股份平均收市價:及(iii)股份之面值。

To accept the option, the grantee shall pay HK\$0.01 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant within 30 days from the date of grant. An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time after the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted and prior to the expiry of 10 years from that date. The period during which an option may be exercised will be determined by the Board in its absolute discretion, save that no option may be exercised more than 10 years after it has been granted. The Board may in its absolute discretion determine a minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised.

No option was granted by the Company under the Share Option Scheme during the period from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. No share option has been granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme.

由2021年1月1日至2021年12月31日期間,本公司概無根據購股權計劃授出購股權。 概無任何購股權根據購股權計劃授出、 行使、註銷或失效。

As at the date of this Directors' report, the total number of shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme was 120,000,000 shares representing approximately 10% of the issued share capital of the Company.

截至本董事會報告日期,根據購股權計劃可供發行之股份總數為120,000,000股, 佔本公司已發行股本約10%。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

管理合約

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year. 年內概無訂立或存有任何與本公司整體 或任何重大部分業務之管理及行政事務 有關之合約。

DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Save as elsewhere disclosed in this annual report, no rights to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company were granted to any Director or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, or were any such rights exercised by them; or was the Company and any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors, or their respective spouse or children under 18 years of age, to acquire such rights in any other body corporate for the year ended 31 December 2021.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The information in respect of the Group's sales and purchases attributable to the major customers and suppliers respectively during the financial year is as follows:

董事認購股份或債權證之權利

除本年報另行所披露者外,截至2021年 12月31日止年度,概無向任何董事或彼 等各自之配偶或未滿18歲子女授出藉 購本公司股份或債權證而獲益之權利; 或彼等概無行使有關權利;或本公司,及 其任何附屬公司亦無訂立任何安排,及 使董事或彼等各自的配偶或未滿18歲子 女於任何其他法人團體獲得有關權利。

主要客戶及供應商

於本財政年度內,有關本集團分別向主 要客戶及供應商所作銷售及採購的資料 如下:

> Percentage of the Group's total 佔本集團以下項目總額之百分比 Sales Purchases

		銷售	採購
			1木 भ
The largest customer	最大客戶	0.4%	
Five largest customers in aggregate	五大客戶合計	1.3%	
The largest supplier	最大供應商		8.0%
Five largest suppliers in aggregate	五大供應商合計		22.2%

None of the Directors or any of their associates or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the Directors, own more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest suppliers and its five largest customers.

概無董事或其任何聯繫人士或任何股東(就董事所知擁有本公司已發行股本5%以上)擁有本集團五大供應商及其五大客戶之實益權益。

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The Group has entered into the following connected transactions during the year ended 31 December 2021. Details of the transactions are set out below:

Connected transaction in relation to the sale of property units in the PRC

On 20 May 2021, Xuchang Weiheng, indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the respective property sale and purchase agreements with (i) Ms. LIN Wei, the spouse of Mr. LI Xiaobing, the executive Director and controlling shareholder of the Company, (ii) Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, the executive Director, (iii) Ms. LIU Yulian, the mother of Mr. LI Xiaobing, and (iv) Ms. ZHANG Fan, the daughter of Ms. QI Chunfeng, the executive Director, pursuant to which Xuchang Weiheng agreed to sell, Ms. LIN Wei, Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, Ms. LIU Yulian and Ms. ZHANG Fan agreed to purchase, the respective property units (being certain units located at Hengda Heyuan at a total consideration of approximately RMB5,906,843.

On 20 May 2021, Xuchang Dongheng, indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the property sale and purchase agreement with Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, pursuant to which Xuchang Dongheng agreed to sell and Mr. WANG Zhenfeng agreed to purchase the property unit located at Dongcheng Garden at a consideration of approximately RMB1,638,526.

On 20 May 2021, Xuchang Hengda, indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the property sale and purchase agreement with Mr. WANG Yifan, the son of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, and Ms. DONG Zheng, the daughter-in-law of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, pursuant to which Xuchang Hengda agreed to sell and Mr. WANG Yifan and Ms. DONG Zheng agreed to purchase the property unit located at Jinhui Plaza at a consideration of approximately RMB2,000,000.

For further details please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 20 May 2021.

關連交易

截至2021年12月31日止年度,本集團已訂立以下關連交易。交易詳情如下:

有關在中國出售物業單位的關連交易

於2021年5月20日,許昌魏恒(本公司的問接全資附屬公司)與(i)林媙女士(本公司司執行董事及控股股東李小冰先生的劉張立(iv)] 張峰先生(執行董事);及(iv)] 張女士(執行董事齊春風女士的母親);及(iv)] 武國別的物業買賣協議,丟號人。 對近同意出售且林媙女士、意購買有關的若干單位(即位於恒達和園的若干單位),總代價約為人民幣5,906,843元。

於2021年5月20日,許昌東恒(本公司的間接全資附屬公司)與王振峰先生訂立了物業買賣協議,據此,許昌東恒同意出售且王振峰先生同意購買位於東城花園的物業單位,代價約為人民幣1,638,526元。

於2021年5月20日,許昌恒達(本公司的間接全資附屬公司)與王逸凡先生(王振峰先生的兒子)及董征女士(王振峰先生的兒媳)訂立了物業買賣協議,據此,許昌恒達同意出售且王逸凡先生及董征女士同意購買位於金匯廣場的物業單位,代價約為人民幣2,000,000元。

有關更多詳情,請參閱本公司日期為2021年5月20日的公告。

Mr. LI Xiaobing is an executive Director and the controlling shareholder of the Company and Ms. LIN Wei is the spouse of Mr. LI Xiaobing. Therefore she is an associate of Mr. LI Xiaobing and a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A the Listing Rules.

Mr. WANG Zhenfeng is an executive Director. Therefore he is a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A the Listing Rules.

Mr. WANG Yifan is the son of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng and therefore he is an associate of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng and a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Ms. DONG Zheng is daughter-in-law of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng and therefore she is deemed as a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

Ms. QI Chunfeng is an executive Director and Ms. ZHANG Fan is the daughter of Ms. QI Chunfeng. Therefore she is an associate of Ms. QI Chunfeng and a connected person of the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

As Ms. LIN Wei and Ms. LIU Yulian are connected persons of the Company by virtue of their relationship with Mr. LI Xiaobing. Ms. LIN Wei's previous transactions (as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 28 May 2020, Ms. LIN Wei purchased two commercial units from the Group for a total consideration of RMB6,901,686) and Mr. LIN Junwei and Ms. LIN Sai E previous transactions (as disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 30 December 2020, Mr. LIN Junwei purchased two residential units and 4 carparking spaces and Ms. LIN Sai E purchased a commercial unit from the Group for a total consideration of RMB2,146,541 and RMB3,000,000 respectively) were entered into within 12 months prior to the transactions, pursuant to Rule 14A.81 of the Listing Rules, the sales of relevant property units by the Group to each of Ms. LIN Wei and Ms. LIU Yulian pursuant to sale and purchase agreements are required to be aggregated with Ms. LIN Wei's previous transactions and Mr. LIN Junwei and Ms. LIN Sai E previous transactions.

李小冰先生為本公司執行董事及控股股東,而林媙女士為李小冰先生的配偶,故為李小冰先生的聯繫人,因此,根據上市規則第十四A章,彼為本公司關連人士。

王振峰先生為執行董事,因此,根據上 市規則第十四A章,彼為本公司關連人士。

王逸凡先生為王振峰先生的兒子,故為 王振峰先生的聯繫人,因此,根據上市 規則第十四A章,彼為本公司關連人士。

董征女士為王振峰先生的兒媳,因此, 根據上市規則第十四A章,彼被視為本 公司關連人士。

齊春風女士為執行董事,而張帆女士為齊春風女士的女兒,故為齊春風女士的 聯繫人,因此,根據上市規則第十四A章, 彼為本公司關連人士。

由於林媙女士及劉玉蓮女士因彼等與李 小冰先生的關係而屬於本公司關連人士, 而林媙女士先前交易(按本公司日期為 2020年5月28日的公告所披露,林媙女士 按總代價人民幣6.901.686元向本集團購 買兩個商業單位)以及林軍偉先生及林賽 娥女士先前交易(按本公司日期為2020年 12月30日的公告所披露,林軍偉先生及 林賽娥女士分別按總代價人民幣2,146,541 元及人民幣3,000,000元向本集團分別購 買2個住宅單位及4個停車位,以及1個商 業單位)是於該等交易之前12個月內訂立, 故根據上市規則第14A.81條,本集團根 據買賣協議向林媙女士及劉玉蓮女士分 別出售相關物業單位須與林媙女士先前 交易以及林軍偉先生及林賽娥女士先前 交易合併計算。

Since certain applicable percentage ratios for the sales of the relevant property units to the each of Ms. LIN Wei and Ms. LIU Yulian, when aggregated with Ms. LIN Wei's previous transactions and Mr. LIN Junwei and Ms. LIN Sai E Previous Transactions are above 0.1% but less than 5%, the sales of the relevant property units to each of Ms. LIN Wei and Ms. LIU Yulian are only subject to reporting and announcement requirements and are exempt from the independent shareholders' approval requirement under Rule 14A.76(2) of the Listing Rules.

Since certain applicable percentage ratios for the sales of the relevant property units to each of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, Mr. WANG Yifan and Ms. DONG Zheng are above 0.1% but less than 5%, the sales of the relevant property units to each of Mr. WANG Zhenfeng, Mr. WANG Yifan and Ms. DONG Zheng are only subject to reporting and announcement requirements and are exempt from independent shareholders' approval requirement under Rule 14A.76(2) of the Listing Rules.

As all applicable percentage ratios for the sales of the relevant property units to Ms. ZHANG Fan are less than 5% and the total consideration is less than HK\$3,000,000, the sales of the relevant property units to Ms. ZHANG Fan is fully exempt pursuant to Rule 14A.76(1) of the Listing Rules.

As at the date of this report, all consideration has been fully settled and all respective property units have been delivered.

The Company confirms that it has complied with the disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

由於與林媙女士先前交易以及林軍偉先生及林賽娥女士先前交易合併計算時,向林媙女士及劉玉蓮女士分別出售相關物業單位的若干適用百分比率超過0.1%但低於5%,故根據上市規則第14A.76(2)條,向林媙女士及劉玉蓮女士分別出售相關物業單位僅須遵守申報及公告的規定,惟獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准的規定。

由於向王振峰先生、王逸凡先生及董征女士分別出售相關物業單位的若干適用百分比率超過0.1%但低於5%,故根據上市規則第14A.76(2)條,向王振峰先生、王逸凡先生及董征女士分別出售相關物業單位僅須遵守申報及公告的規定,惟獲豁免遵守獨立股東批准的規定。

由於向張帆女士出售相關物業單位的所有適用百分比率低於5%,且代價總額少於3,000,000港元,向張帆女士出售相關物業單位獲全面豁免遵守上市規則第14A.76(1)條的規定。

於本報告日期,所有代價已悉數結清, 且所有有關物業單位已交付。

本公司確認其已根據上市規則第十四A 章遵守披露規定。

CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

(i) Civil engineering construction services

On 20 October 2021, Luohe Hengda entered into the civil engineering construction contract with Luohe Huatai Construction, pursuant to which Luohe Hengda entrusted Luohe Huatai Construction to provide civil engineering and construction services for two residential blocks and the connected garages in a construction project. The civil engineering construction contract, which is continuous in nature, was entered into in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Company. The total consideration is approximately of RMB31,005,000 pursuant to the terms of the civil engineering construction contract. The contract term is 560 calendar days from 20 October 2021 to 2 May 2023.

Luohe Hengda was held as to 40% by Luohe Huatai and 60% by Xuchang Hengda; and Luohe Huatai was held as to 49% by two independent third parties and 51% by Linying Hongtong which in turn held 51% equity interest in Luohe Huatai Construction. Therefore, Luohe Huatai Construction is a connected person of the Company by virtue of being an associate of Luohe Huatai at the subsidiary level. Accordingly, under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules, the civil engineering construction contract and the transaction contemplated thereunder constitute a continuing connected transaction of the Company.

For further details please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 20 and 26 October 2021.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the fee charged by Luohe Huatai Construction for the provision of the civil engineering and construction services amounted to approximately RMB18,271,000, which was within the annual cap of RMB18,275,000 for the same period.

持續關聯交易

(i) 主體施工建築服務

於2021年10月20日,漯河恒達與漯河華泰建築訂立了主體施工合約,據此,漯河恒達委託漯河華泰建築可值建築項目的兩棟住宅大務。由建的車庫提供主體施工建築服務。主體施工合約在本質上是持續性的中立。根據主體施工合約之條款,在本公司一般及正常業務過程中,認代價約為人民幣31,005,000元。合約期限為2021年10月20日至2023年5月2日,共560個曆日。

有關更多詳情,請參閱本公司日期 為2021年10月20日及26日的公告。

於 截 至2021年12月31日 止 年 度, 漯河 華泰建築就提供主體施工 建築服務收取的費用約為人民幣 18,271,000元,落在同期年度上限 人民幣18,275,000元的範圍內。

(ii) Property management services

On 30 June 2020, the Company and Hengda Property Management entered into a revised master property management service agreement for a term from 1 July 2020 to 31 December 2022 (both days inclusive), pursuant to which the Hengda Property Management agreed to provide a variety of property management and related services to our Group.

For further details please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 30 June 2020.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the fees charged by Hengda Property Management for the provision of the services under the revised master property management service agreement amounted to approximately RMB16,437,000, which was within the annual cap of RMB16,546,000 for the same period.

The aforesaid continuing connected transactions have been reviewed by the independent non-executive Directors and they confirmed that the aforesaid transactions were entered into (i) in the ordinary and usual course of business of the Group, (ii) on normal commercial terms or on terms no less favourable to the Group than terms available to or from independent third parties, and (iii) in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions on terms that are fair and reasonable and in the interests of the Company and the shareholders as a whole.

Based on the work performed, the auditor of the Company has provided a letter to the Board, confirming that nothing has come to their attention which causes them to believe the continuing connected transactions abovementioned:

- (i) have not been approved by the Board;
- (ii) have not been entered into, in all material respects, in accordance with the relevant agreements governing the transactions; and
- (iii) have exceeded their respective annual caps.

(ii) 物業管理服務

於2020年6月30日,本公司與恒達物業管理訂立經修訂物業管理服務總協議,期限由2020年7月1日起至2022年12月31日止(包括首尾兩日),據此,恒達物業管理同意向本集團提供多項不同物業管理及相關服務。

有關更多詳情,請參閱本公司日期 為2020年6月30日的公告。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,恒達物業管理在經修訂物業管理服務總協議項下提供服務收取的費用約為人民幣16,437,000元,落在同期年度上限人民幣16,546,000元的範圍內。

上述持續關連交易已經由獨立非執行董事審閱,彼等確認上述交易乃(i)於本集團日常及一般業務過程中:(ii)按一般實際,或對本集團而言不遜於向或由獨立第三方提供的條款;及(iii)根據規管交易的有關協議,按公平合理且符合本公司及股東整體利益的條款訂立。

根據所執行的審核,本公司核數師已向 董事會發函確認其並無注意到任何事宜, 致使其相信上述持續關連交易:

- (i) 未經董事會批准;
- (ii) 並非在一切重大方面根據規管交易 的相關協議訂立;及
- (iii) 已超逾其各自年度上限。

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Details of the related party transactions undertaken by the Group in the normal course of business are set out in note 37 to the consolidated financial statements. Those related party transactions, which constituted connected transactions not being exempt from annual reporting requirement under the Listing Rules, are set out in the sections headed "Connected Transactions" and "Continuing Connected Transactions" above, and the Company has complied with the relevant disclosure requirements in accordance with Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

Particulars of bank loans and other borrowings of the Group as of 31 December 2021 are set out in notes 18 to 20 to the consolidated financial statements.

INDEMNITY OF DIRECTORS

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) for the benefit of the Directors is currently in force.

DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS

None of the Directors had any interest in the businesses which compete or are likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Group that were required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 8.10(2) of the Listing Rules.

關聯方交易

本集團於日常業務過程中進行的關聯方交易詳情載於綜合財務報表附註37。構成不獲豁免上市規則下年度申報規定的關連交易的關聯方交易載於上文「關連交易」及「持續性關連交易」兩節,而本公司已符合上市規則第14A章的相關披露規定。

銀行貸款及其他借貸

本集團截至2021年12月31日的銀行貸款 及其他借貸詳情載於綜合財務報表附註 18至20。

董事彌償

有關董事利益之獲准許的可彌償條文(定 義見香港公司條例第469條)現正生效。

董事於競爭業務之權益

概無董事於根據上市規則第8.10(2)條須予以披露與本集團業務直接或間接構成競爭或可能構成競爭之業務中擁有權益。

DEED OF NON-COMPETITION

Each of Mr. Li Xiaobing, Ever Commitment (PTC) Limited, Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited and Ever Enrichment Enterprise Company Limited (each a "Non-Compete Covenantor") has entered into a deed of non-competition (the "Deed of Non-competition") dated 22 October 2018 in favour of the Company, pursuant to which they have undertaken with the Company that they shall not, and shall procure that their respective associates shall not, directly or indirectly, be interested, involved or engaged in or acquire or hold any right or interest in any business which competes or is likely to compete directly or indirectly with the core business of the Group from time to time.

The Company has received the annual confirmation of the Non-Compete Covenantors in respect of their compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition and the connected transaction agreements during the year ended 31 December 2021.

The independent non-executive Directors also reviewed the Non-Compete Covenantors' compliance with the Deed of Non-Competition. The independent non-executive Directors confirmed that the Non-Compete Covenantors were not in breach of the Deed of Non-Competition during the year ended 31 December 2021.

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORT

A report on the environmental, social and governance is set out on pages 57 to 100 of this annual report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

A report on the principal corporate governance practices adopted by the Company is set out on pages 101 to 118 of this annual report.

不競爭契據

本公司已收到不競爭承諾人有關彼等於 截至2021年12月31日止年度遵守不競爭 契據及關連交易協議的年度確認。

獨立非執行董事亦已審查不競爭承諾人 對不競爭契據的遵守情況。獨立非執行 董事確認,不競爭承諾人於截至2021年 12月31日止年度並無違反不競爭契據。

環境、社會及管治報告

環境、社會及管治報告載於本年報第57 至100頁。

企業管治

本公司所採納的主要企業管治常規的報告。載於本年報第101至118頁。

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, at least 25% of the Company's total issued share capital was held by the public from the date of listing up to the date of this annual report.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Save as disclosed in this annual report, no material events were undertaken by the Group subsequent to 31 December 2021.

DONATIONS

During the year, the Group made charitable donation of approximately RMB5,290,000.

CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

足夠的公眾持股量

根據本公司可從公開途徑取得的資料及就董事所知,於上市日期至本年報日期,本公司之全部已發行股本之公眾持股量為不少於25%。

報告期後事項

除本年報披露外,本集團於2021年12月 31日後並無進行任何重大事件。

捐款

於本年度內,本集團作出慈善捐款約人 民幣5,290,000元。

獨立性確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就其獨立性所發出之年度確認函,並認為所有獨立非執行董事確屬獨立人士。

AUDITOR

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, who will retire, and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers as auditor of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

By order of the Board

LI Xiaobing

Chairman and Executive Director

30 March 2022

核數師

本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度之綜合財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,而羅兵咸永道會計師事務所將告退任,惟符合資格並願意應聘連任。本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上提呈決議案以續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

承董事會命

主席兼執行董事 **李小冰**

2022年3月30日

環境、社會及管治報告

PURPOSE AND CRITERIA OF THE REPORT

To comply with the requirements set out in the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules, the Group hereby presents its Environmental, Social and Governance Report (the "**ESG Report**") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

The purpose of the ESG Report is to identify and disclose the major issues of the Group in relation to the environment, society and governance (hereafter "**ESG**") as well as its key performance indicators while illustrating its pursuit of sustainable development and practice of its social responsibility in every aspect.

SCOPE AND PERIOD OF THE ESG REPORT

This ESG Report covers the information of Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries, a total of 7 companies (2020: 10). Information about certain subsidiaries were excluded from this ESG Report, as they contributed less than 1% of the Group's operating income. Moreover, due to the continued impact of the COVID-19 epidemic, some subsidiaries were not able to carry out normal business operations and were therefore excluded from this ESG Report.

The ESG Report discloses the major issues and key performance indicators of the main key projects in the operations and real estate development business of the Group in respect of environmental management, social responsibility and governance during the period between 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021 (hereafter the "**Reporting Period**").

Looking forward, Ever Reach believes that sustainable development will continue to play an important part in its business operations. In the future, the Group will continue to improve its data collection and reporting system on environmental management, social responsibility and governance performance, and gradually enhance the quality and comprehensiveness of the ESG Report in the long run.

DATA COLLECTION METHODOLOGY

The data used in the ESG Report comes from the relevant functional departments of Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries.

報告目的及標準

本集團謹此遵循上市規則附錄二十七《環境、社會及管治報告指引》,呈報本集團截至2021年12月31日止年度的環境、社會及管治報告(下稱「報告」)。

報告旨在識別及披露本集團有關環境、 社會及管治(下稱「ESG」)的重大事宜以 及關鍵績效指標,闡述本集團全面實踐 可持續發展理念及社會責任。

報告範圍及期間

恒達控股及選定的附屬公司共7間(2020年:10間)納入本報告中。由於部份附屬公司對集團業務收入貢獻少於1%,故該些附屬公司並不納入本報告的報告範圍。 另外,因持續受新型冠狀病毒的疫情影響,部份附屬公司並未能正常運作,因此該些附屬公司亦不會納入本報告的報告範圍。

本報告披露於2021年1月1日至2021年12 月31日(下稱「報告期間」),集團營運及 房地產開發業務中的主要核心項目在環 境管理、社會責任及管治方面的重大事 官和關鍵績效指標。

展望未來,恒達控股相信可持續發展將繼續在業務中扮演重要角色。將來本集團會持續完善有關環境管理、社會責任及管治表現的數據收集及匯報系統,逐步長遠提升報告的質素及全面性。

數據收集方法

本報告中所使用數據均來自恒達控股及 選定的附屬公司相關職能部門。

CONCERNS OF THE STAKEHOLDERS

The Group attaches great importance to its social responsibility and sustainability and tries its best to understand the concerns of each of its stakeholders and meet their expectations and requirements through operations and various communication channels, so as to grow strong together with them and contribute the greatest value to the community.

持份者的關注

集團重視社會責任及可持續發展性,瞭解各個持份者所關注的議題,積極通過營運及不同的溝通渠道滿足持份者的期望和要求,以實現共同進步及發展,為社區貢獻最大的價值。

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerns 關注的議題	Response of the Group 集團的回應
Government	Operation in compliance	The Group adheres to the business philosophy of honesty and integrity. It has actively fulfilled the obligations of corporate citizens, and promoted the harmonious development of society, so as to
	Economic growth	become a model for corporate citizenship.
	Community construction	We maintain strict compliance with the laws and regulations, paying taxes honestly, fighting corruption, money laundering and bribery; we give full play to our strengths in resource integration while "enacting measures according to local conditions and applying them on well-chosen targets"; we will further optimize our real estate development business and strive to establish a strategic presence in the development of high-end homes and smart
政府	合規經營	communities. 集團恪守誠實守信的經營理念。積極履行企業公民的義務,推動 社會的和諧發展,做企業公民的典範。
	經濟增長	
		嚴格遵循法律法規,依法納税、反腐敗、反洗錢、反行賄。發揮
	社區建設	資源集成優勢,「因地制宜、精準施策」,進一步優化房地產開發 業務,並致力實踐高端家居及智慧社區開發的戰略性布局。

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerns 關注的議題	Response of the Group 集團的回應
Customers	Product quality, safety experience & customer services	The Group insists on thinking from the perspective of customers, creating value for customers, and taking a customer-oriented approach. Using this as a source, we have developed the ideal housings for different groups of people, and meet the needs of our
	Privacy & confidentiality	customers now and in future through continuous innovation.
		We strive to build high-quality houses and smart living environment in accordance with the strict quality standards for housing and building materials. We have set up multiple customer communication and feedback channels to listen to their opinions and handle inquiries or complaints. We have in place multiple protection measures for the privacy of customer data, with those who have direct access to the customer information required to sign a Customer Data Confidentiality Agreement.
客戶	產品質量及安全居住 體驗及客戶服務	集團堅持站在客戶角度思考,為客戶創造價值,一切以客戶為中心。以此為源,我們已為不同人群傾心打造理想家居,並通過持續創新滿足客戶現在和未來的需求。
	隱私保密	按照嚴格的房屋及建築材料質量檢定標準,建造高質量房屋及智慧化居住環境。設立多個客戶溝通及回饋渠道,聆聽客戶意見及處理詢問或投訴。對客戶數據隱私有多重維護及保障,直接接觸及管理客戶信息的人員簽訂《客戶數據保密協議》。

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerns 關注的議題	Response of the Group 集團的回應
Investors	Investment returns	The Group is accountable to all investors and strives to provide them with reasonable, sustained and stable returns on their
	Corporate information transparency	investments.
	Interests protection	We are making great efforts to capture the market trend while constantly enhancing our management capabilities, our brand influence and value. We maintain close and transparent communication with our investors and the market through investor meetings, shareholders' meetings and release of annual reports and interim reports. We have in place a rigorous risk management and internal control system in cooperation with the internal audit function, so that the management and audit committee can focus on the adequacy and effectiveness of our risk management and internal control system.
投資者	投資回報	集團對所有投資者負責,努力使投資者獲得合理的、持續的和穩定的收益。
	公司信息透明度	
	權益保障	精準把握市場趨勢,不斷提升管理能力,強化品牌影響力及價值。 通過投資者會議、股東大會、年報及中期報告的發佈,與投資者 及市場保持緊密透明的溝通。設有嚴密的風險管理及內部監控系統, 配合內部審核職能,管理層及審核委員會能專注於其風險管理及 內部監控系統的充分性及有效性。

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerns 關注的議題	Response of the Group 集團的回應
Employees	Health & safety Career development Training opportunities	The Group believes that its employees are the most valuable assets. We fully respect the rights and interests of our employees, and provide them with a platform to exert their talents and achieve their career development, such that our employees can grow together and share the appraising regults with the Company
員工	健康及安全 職業發展	together and share the operating results with the Company. We strive to create a competitive work environment, a sound performance appraisal system and a remuneration and welfare system while constantly improving our training and development system, so as to help our employees blend into the long-term development of the Group, spark off their potentials and enhance their satisfaction and sense of belonging. 集團信奉員工是企業最寶貴的財富。充分尊重員工權益,為員工提供施展才幹和實現抱負的平台,員工與企業共同發展壯大,企業與員工共同分享成果。
	培訓機會	營造具競爭力的工作氛圍、完善的績效考核與薪酬福利體系、持續完善培訓發展體系,引導員工積極融入到企業長遠發展之中, 激發員工潛能,提升員工的滿意度和歸屬感。
Suppliers	Transparency in procurement process Development opportunities	We have in place a well-maintained supplier management system, which enables a clear division of the supervisory functions and combines supplier assessment and approval, supplier selection and performance evaluation to oversee the supply chain management in all aspects.
供應商	Commercial integrity 採購流程透明度 發展機會	擁有完善的供應商管理制度,包括監管職能的明確分工、供應商的評估及審批、供應商選擇及表現評價,從各個方面監督供應鏈管理。
	商業誠信	

Stakeholders 持份者	Concerns 關注的議題	Response of the Group 集團的回應
Community	Job opportunities	We are committed to the long-term and ambitious development of our business and creating more job opportunities for the
	Environment	community. We will try our best to gradually reduce emission and
	friendliness &	consumption of energy, reduce greenhouse gas emission and
	energy saving	improve energy efficiency while vigorously practicing our corporate social responsibility and promoting the development of philanthropy
	Public welfare	in the regions where we operate.
社區	就業機會	長遠積極地發展業務,創造更多就業機會。逐步實踐減排減耗,
		減少溫室氣體排放及提升能源使用效益。努力實踐企業社會責任,
	環保節能	推動多個業務地區的慈善事業發展。
	公益事業	

IMPORTANCE OF THE ESG TOPICS

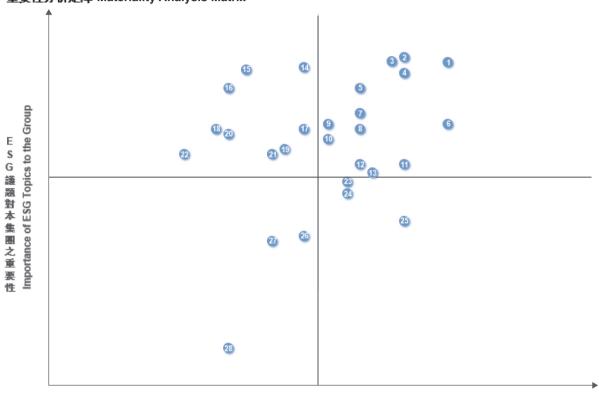
The Group has conducted an assessment of the importance of the ESG topics. The factors for consideration include the strategic objectives and policies of the businesses of the Group, industry standards, legal and regulatory responsibilities, environmental protection, resource utilisation, quality control and employee protection, etc. with the aim of helping the Group identify important issues. Through such an assessment and analysis, the Group has identified various major issues and has described the Group's response to such important issues in a more complete and accurate way in the ESG Report.

ESG議題的重要性

集團已對ESG議題進行了重要性分析評估,考慮因素包括集團的業務戰情,考慮因素包括集團的策略實際,實際實際,以助集團,實際實際,以助集團,實際等等,以助集團,其實別。 過重要性評估分析,更全面準確地闡述 議題對重要議題的回應。

環境、社會及管治報告





ESG議題對外部持份者之重要性 Importance of ESG Topics to External Stakeholder

環境、社會及管治報告

Item 項目	ESGTopic ESG議題	Item 項目	ESG Topic ESG議題
1	Staff remuneration, benefits and rights (e.g. working hours, rest periods, working environment)	15	Product healthy and safety
	員工薪酬、福利和權利(例如工作時間、休息時間、工作環境)		產品健康及安全
2	Occupational health and safety 職業健康和安全	16	Customer information and privacy protection 顧客信息和私隱保護
3	Customer satisfaction 客戶滿意度	17	Promotion of local employment 促進當地就業
4	Prevention of child labour and forced labour	18	Anti-corruption training provided for Directors and staff
	防止雇傭童工和強制勞工		向董事和員工提供的反貪污培訓
5	Staff diversity and equal opportunities	19	Climate change
	員工多元化和平等機會		氣候變化
6	Compliance with and protection of intellectual	20	Environmental friendliness of purchased products
	property rights		and services
	遵守和保護知識產權		採購產品和服務的環境友好性
7	Product and service labelling	21	Environmental risks (e.g. pollution) and social risks (e.g. monopoly) for suppliers
	產品和服務標簽		供應商的環境風險(如:污染)和社會風險(如: 壟斷)
8	Hazardous waste generation	22	Community support (e.g. donation, volunteer work)
	有害廢棄物的產生		社區支持(例如捐贈,志願服務)
9	Sales and marketing (e.g. advertisements) 營銷和推廣(例如廣告)	23	Water use 水資源使用
10	Number of concluded legal cases in relation to corrupt practices (e.g. bribery, extortion, fraud, and money laundering)	24	Use of materials (e.g. paper, packaging, raw materials)
	關於腐敗行為的已結案法律案件數量,例如賄賂、勒索、欺詐和洗錢		材料使用(例如紙張、包裝、原材料)
11	Measures in relation to environment and natural resources protection	25	Exhuast gas emissions
	保護環境和天然資源的措施		空氣排放
12	Supplier selection and monitoring 供應鏈選擇和監察	26	Energy use (e.g. electricity, gas, fuel) 能源使用(例如電力、燃氣、燃料)
13	Anti-corruption policies and whistleblowing procedures	27	Greenhouse gas emissions
	反貪污政策及舉報流程		溫室氣體排放
14	Staff development, training and promotion 員工發展和培訓晉升	28	Non-hazardous waste generation 無害廢棄物的產生

According to the Materiality Matrix, items located at the upper right corner represent ESG topics of higher importance, namely "staff remuneration, benefits and rights", "occupational health and safety", "customer satisfaction" and "prevention of child labour and forced labour". The above items are the key drivers for the sustainable development of the Group and will be further elaborated below.

根據重要性矩陣,位於右上角的事項為相對更重要的ESG範疇。該等事項分別為「員工薪酬、福利和權利」、「職業健康和安全」、「客戶滿意度」及「防止雇傭童工和強制勞工」。上述事項將作為本集團業務可持續發展的主要推動力,並將在下文中進一步闡述。

THE BOARD'S ESG STATEMENT

The Board of the Group is fully aware of its responsibility and is committed to protecting and enhnacing the long-term interests of its Shareholders, as well as managing and leading the the Group to achieve sustainable growth and give back to the environment and the society. In the past 12 months, the coronavirus has brought unprecedented challenges to the society and the economy. Such crisis also heightened concerns of the investors and stakeholders of the Company over ESG issues. Our ESG performance is inevitably one of the key indicators for demonstrating our corporate social responsibility and our sustainable growth in the future.

To strengthen our sustainability management, the Group has established a governance framework for sustainable development that progressively integrates sustainability topics into the basis of the business development strategy of all business units. By defining the ESG responsibilities of each department and subsidiary, we were able to root the concept of sustainability in our workforce and create value for the communities in which we operate.

董事會的環境、社會及管冶聲明

為了加強集團對可持續發展的管理工作,本集團已建立可持續發展管治架構,將可持續發展的主題逐步納入我們所有業務單位的業務發展戰略基礎中。釐定各部門及附屬公司有關ESG的職責,將可持續發展的理念扎根於我們的員工團隊,為本集團經營所在社區創造價值。

The Board is responsible for the overall monitoring of the Group's ESG issues, including the development of strategies and visions relating to ESG, monitoring our actual performance and progress, as well as considering related risks and opportunities. In developing its ESG management approach and strategy, the Board will take into account the materiality assessment and the feedback collected from its communication with various stakeholders to determine the sustainability focus of the Group, and establish the priorities for resource allocation to address such issues. In addition, the Board and the senior management will review topics and policies related to the Group's sustainable development on an annual basis and make timely changes to the policies.

Through our ESG management approach and strategy, the Group is committed to deliver positive results in its four focus areas: (i) employee compensation, welfare and rights; (ii) occupational health and safety; (iii) customer satisfaction; (iv) prevention of child labour and forced labour. In the face of the COVID-19 crisis, the Group remains firm in its progress towards sustainable development. In the future, the Group will continue to adjust its overall approach and strategy in response to various factors.

環境、社會及管治報告

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE DISCLOSURE

環境、社會和管治披露

A. ENVIRONMENT

The Group has been committed to ensuring strict compliance of its business activities with local laws and regulations, including but not limited to the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of People's Republic of China" and the "Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Wastes". It also imposes stringent requirements on the management measures for environmental protection and discusses the reduction goals with its contractors and requires them to strictly follow the environmental protection principles. The Group has also formulated a series of environment protection measures to reduce emissions and energy consumption, prevent dust and reduce noise, so as to integrate environmental management into its daily operation and strive to minimise the impact of its operations on the environment. During the Reporting Period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations relating to air emissions, greenhouse gas emissions ("GHG emissions"), discharges into water and land, and generation of non-hazardous waste during the reporting period.

A1 EMISSIONS

Emission reduction is an important issue in the Group's environmental protection program, for which it is making constant efforts to reduce emission in its daily operations and enhance its energy efficiency. In our daily operations, we used environment-friendly devices such as OA office automation system and watersaving products. Due to the continued outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, we also encouraged our employees to hold video conferences more frequently and reduce the number of business trips during the year, in order to safeguard employees' well-being and enhance work efficiency. As a result, the above measures were effective in reducing emissions of greenhouse gases and other air pollutants.

A. 環境

集團始終確保於經營活動中遵守地 方相關的法律法規,包括但不限於 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中 華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》、《中 華人民共和國水污染防治法》及《中 華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防 治法》等,對環境保護的管理措施 設有嚴格要求,同時與承建商探討 減排目標,要求所有承建商嚴格遵 守環境保護的原則。集團制定一系 列減排、減耗及防塵減噪等等的環 境保護措施,將環保管理納入日常 營運範圍,努力實現對環境造成最 低程度影響。於報告期間內,本集 團知悉未有任何有關大氣及溫室氣 體排放(「溫室氣體排放」)、向水及 土地排污以及產生無害廢棄物的重 大違規個案。

A1 排放物

環境、社會及管治報告

During the Year, the Group included in its assessment the emissions of greenhouse gas and other air pollutants by its core projects of the real estate business and collected data by region and development projects.

A1.1 AIR POLLUTANTS

During the Year, the Group produced 0.13 kg of nitrous oxides (NOx) from its gas usage. Data relating to air pollutants emitted from vehicles is set out below.

集團將本年度內房地產業務主 要核心項目的溫室氣體及其他 空氣污染物排放納入評估,針 對地區及發展項目進行數據收 集。

A1.1 空氣污染物

集團於本年度內使用的煤 氣生產了0.13千克的氮氧 化物(NOx)。以下為來自車 輛的空氣污染物排放數據。

Air pollutants ^(note 1) 空氣污染物 ^(附註1)	Unit 單位	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 百分比比較
Nitrogen oxides (NOx) from vehicles 來自車輛的氮氧化物(NO)	kg 千克	68.67	375.70	-81.72%
Sulfur oxides (SOx) from vehicles 來自車輛的硫氧化物(SO)	kg 千克	6.08	36.14	-83.18%
Particulate Matter (PM) from vehicles 來自車輛的呼吸懸浮顆粒(PM)	kg 千克	0.78	0.71	+9.86%
Total air pollutants emissions (note 2) 總空氣污染物排放 ^{附註2)}	kg 千克	75.53	412.55	-81.69%

Notes:

- (1) The statistics for air pollutants emissions in 2020 included 10 subsidiaries, while the statistics for air pollutants emissions in 2021 included 7 subsidiaries.
- (2) Committed to reducing air pollutants emissions, the Group encouraged employees to commute by public transport, thereby bringing down the total air pollutants emissions by 81.69% as compared to the previous year.

附註:

- (1) 2020年空氣污染物排放數據包括10間公司; 2021年空氣污染物排放數據包括7間公司。
- (2) 集團致力減少空氣污染物排放,鼓勵員工使用公用交通工具出行,去年總空氣污染物排放減少了81.69%。

環境、社會及管治報告

A1.2 GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

As an active repsonse to the national development policy of building a low-carbon economy, the Group implemented the following rules to reduce emissions:

- Work and construction vehicles should be driven within their respective speed limits;
- Regarding work vehicles: Employees are encouraged to make telephone calls to resolve business matters to reduce vehicle use. No more than one vehicle will be leased out for company business conducted at the same location (or areas nearby) by different departments. Employees must use public transportation for one-way trips under 4 km, and the use of taxis is prohibited;
- A repair approval system for car parts is strictly enforced. Only broken car parts are eligible for repair;
- Fuel oil storage equipment is regularly reviewed to ensure that it is in good condition.
 Fuel refills are duly recorded;
- To reduce carbon emission, diesel exhuast fluid and low-carbon fuels (e.g. Euro V Diesel) should be used;
- Employees are encouraged to turn off electronic devices when not in use, enable the power-saving mode for idle printers, and turn off air-conditioners and lights after working hours.

A1.2 溫室氣體排放

本集團積極響應國家低碳 經濟發展的發展方針,為 達致減排效果,集團落實 要求:

- 辦公和施工車輛儘量 按經濟速度行使;
- 車輛更換零配件要嚴格執行報批制度,能繼續使用的零配件應繼續使用;
- 定期檢查燃料用油儲存設備完好性,做好添加記錄;
- 使用環保汽車尿素及 低排放的燃料,例如 歐盟五期柴油來減排;
- 鼓勵僱員在不使用時關閉電子設備,將打印機開電子時設備置公辦。鼓勵僱員在不使用時期間間間對於以關閉電子以關閉型以關閉空以關閉空以關閉以關別以關則以

環境、社會及管治報告

	pe of greenhouse gas emissions ^(note 1) 星氣體排放範圍 ^(附註1)	Unit 單位	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 百分比比較
Sco	pe 1 Direct greenhouse gas emissions				
	^{ote 2)} 11 直接溫室氣體排放 ^(附註2)				
	- Greenhouse gas emissions relating to mobile combustion sources (land,	Tonne	140.41	129.85	+8.13%
-	air, and water transport) - 流動燃燒源的溫室氣體排放(陸上、 航空及水上運輸)	噸			
	ppe 2 Indirect greenhouse gas				
	missions 凰2間接溫室氣體排放				
_	- Purchased electricity - 購買電力	Tonne 噸	2,110.93	2,149.91	-1.81%
	ppe 3 Other indirect greenhouse	Tonne	42.33	45.10	-6.14%
	as emissions ^(note 3) 凰3其他間接溫室氣體排放 ^(附註3)	噸			
_	- Waste paper disposed in landfills - 棄置到堆填區的廢紙	Tonne 噸	24.01	26.90	-10.74%
_	- Greenhouse gas emissions arising from the use of electricity by government departments to treat	Tonne	14.35	17.63	-18.6%
	freshwater and sewage - 政府部門使用電力處理食水及污水所 引致的溫室氣體排放				
_	- Business travels by airplane (note 4) - 僱員乘坐飛機出外公幹(附註4)	Tonne 噸	3.97	0.58	+584.48%
Tot	al greenhouse gas emissions 盈室氣體排放	Tonne 噸	2,293.67	2,324.86	-1.34%
	enhouse gas emission intensity	Tonne/ employee	8.40	3.70	+127.03%
溫雪	星氣體密度	噸/ 每位員工			
Note	98:		ļ.	附註:	
(1)	The statistics for greenhouse gas emiss 2020 included 10 subsidiaries, while the statistics for greenhouse gas emissions in 2021 included subsidiaries.	statistics	(據 包 括10	室氣體排放數間公司: 2021 體排放數據包。
(2) Committed to reducing greenhouse gas emissions, the Group encouraged employees to commute by public transport, thereby reducing vehicle usage in 2021.		(排放,於2 了汽車的	減少溫室氣體 2021年度減少 使用量,鼓勵 公用交通工具	
(3)	To gradually enhance the qualit comprehensiveness of the ESG Report, the urges its staff to collect environmental effectively manage and formulate environmental	e Group data to	(素及全面 收集各環	提升報告的質 性,敦促員工 境數據,以便 及制定環境保

護的措施。

protection measures.

(4) During the Reporting Period, some of our subsidiaries have resumed operations despite the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the demand for business air travel increased as compared to the previous year.

The Group believes that our continuous efforts to reduce resource consumption will help lower the levels of greenhouse gas emissions and achieve better progress in ESG management.

A1.3 HAZARDOUS WASTE PRODUCED

The Group is committed to reducing waste from its source and adopting recycling practices. The Group is also committed to avoiding producing unnecessary waste during the operation of its real estate development business, through the adoption of different measures.

(4) 於報告期間,雖然新型 冠狀病毒影響持續,但 較上一年度,部份附屬 公司已經回復部份營運 活動,以致商務航空旅 行需求增加。

透過不斷努力減少資源消耗,本集團認為,此將導致溫室氣體排放水平下降,並在ESG管理方面取得更好的進展。

A1.3 所產生有害廢棄物

集團致力透過源頭減廢及 循環再用以減少廢棄物。 就集團房地產發展業務, 集團致力透過不同行動避 免產生不必要的廢物。

				Percentage
Hazardous waste (note 1)	Unit	2021	2020	change
有害廢棄物(附註1)	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
Hazardous waste	kg	1,465.94	5,133.54	-71.44%
有害廢棄物	千克			
 Cleaning chemicals 	kg	314.40	517.38	-39.23%
- 清潔化學品	千克			
 Electrical appliances 	kg	1,130.00	4,610.00	-75.49%
- 電子設備	千克			
Batteries	kg	21.54	6.16	+249.68%
— 電池	千克			
Hazardous waste intensity	kg/employee	5.37	8.16	-34.19%
有害廢棄物密度	千克/每位員工			

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Notes:

- (1) Although hazardous waste only accounts for a small portion of the Group's total waste volume, all hazardous waste is handled in a stringent manner by the Group. We adopt all necessary prevention measures in accordance with the Law on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste" to ensure the safety of our staff and the environment.
- (2) To gradually enhance the quality and comprehensiveness of the ESG Report, the Group urges its staff to collect environmental data to effectively manage and formulate environmental protection measures. The Group will continue to assess, record and disclose data relating to greenhouse gas emissions and other information on an annual basis to further develop emission reduction targets in the future.

A1.4 NON-HAZARDOUS WASTE PRODUCED

In respect of the construction works, the Group adopted a variety of environmental protection measures, for example, in the stage of planning and construction in real estate development, the Group tried to reduce land excavation and mountain damage through careful planning and design. In addition, waste paper collection bins are placed in our office area in the hope that our staff will work together to dispose of waste paper, magazines, books, newspapers and other paper products used in our operations for centralized collection and selling, with the income offsetting the relevant costs. The Group engages relevant recyclers to recycle toner catridges of our printers when they run out of ink. To reduce paper usage, we actively encourage our staff to adopt two-sided printing and reuse single-sided print-outs for non-legal and general business documents.

附註:

- (1) 雖然有害廢物只佔集團 廢物總量的小部分,集 團仍嚴格處理有害廢物, 並遵照《固體廢物污染環 境防治法》並採取一切必 要的預防措施,確保員 工和環境安全。

A1.4 所產生無害廢棄物

集團在施工方面採用了各 種環保措施,例如在房地 產開發的規劃和建設階段 中,集團通過規劃設計以 有效減少土方開挖。同時, 在辦公區設立廢紙回收箱, 以此希望員工們群策群力, 員工可將辦公的廢舊紙張、 雜誌、書籍、報紙及其他 紙製品集中收集出售,收 入充減相關費用。影印機 的碳粉盒在碳粉耗盡後, 本集團亦會委託相關回收 商進行回收。我們為減少 使用紙張,積極鼓勵員工 雙面列印,並盡可能重覆 使用所有已單面列印的紙 張列印非法定及普通公司 文件。

The total amount of non-hazardous waste recycled and processed during the year is recorded as follows:

本年度內總共外運回收處 理無害廢棄物記錄產生的 數據如下:

Non-hazardous waste ^(note 1) 無害廢棄物 ^(附註1)	Unit 單位	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 百分比比較
Total amount of non-hazardous waste 無害廢棄物總量	kg 千克	2,675.45	4,429.00	-39.59%
Kitchen waste 廚餘	kg 千克	846.00	1,899.00	-55.45%
General office waste 一般辦公室廢物	kg 千克	1,829.45	2,530.00	-27.69%
Non-hazardous waste intensity 無害廢棄物密度	kg/employee 千克/ 每位員工	9.80	7.04	+39.20%

Notes:

(1) The statistics for non-hazardous waste produced in 2020 included 10 subsidiaries, while the statistics for non-hazardous waste produced in 2021 included 7 subsidiaries.

The Group will continue to adhere to the policy of energy conservation and emission reduction, reduce paper consumption in an appropriate and proper way and encourage employees to use electronic equipment to record information or cut back on unnecessary printing, for we aim to further reduce general office waste.

The Group strictly complies with the relevant laws relating to waste disposal, including the requirements under the "Standard for Pollution Control on Hazardous Waste Incineration of the People's Republic of China", the "Standard for Pollution Control on Hazardous Waste Storage of the People's Republic of China", and the "Standard for Pollution Control on Hazardous Waste Landfill of the People's Republic of China".

附註:

(1) 2020年產生無害廢棄物數據包括10間公司: 2021年產生無害廢棄物數據包括7間公司。

本集團將繼續堅持節能減 排的政策,適量、該勵量、 減少紙張消耗,鼓勵員員, 使用電子設備等記錄信息, 或減少不必要的打印, 望進一步減少製造一般辦 公室廢物。

環境、社會及管治報告

A2 USE OF RESOURCES

A2.1 Direct and indirect energy consumption

To reduce paper usage, the Group has formulated the "Administrative Measures for Energy Conservation and Consumption Reduction" to encourage its employees to adopt two-sided printing and reuse single-sided print-outs for non-legal and general business documents. As required, the use of office paper is put under strict control. In terms of business engagements, the Company mostly uses telephone communication to reduce the demand for using vehicles, upholds the mindset of "saving being a glory, waste being a shame", and actively implements the energy conservation strategy of the Group.

In addition, the Group attaches great importance to cultivating employees' awareness of energy conservation and calls on its employees in various departments to jointly resist the waste of energy. The Group requires each employee to switch off computers, lights and other office equipment at the end of each working day. When the natural temperature is appropriate, the air conditioners should not be used. When the outdoor temperature in summer is higher than 30°C, the air conditioners can be turned on. The air conditioners should be set at above 26° C and adjusted to low wind, and the indoor temperature should be maintained at 25 to 26° C. In winter, when the outdoor temperature is lower than 8°C, the air conditioners can be turned on and set at about 20°C. The room temperature should be maintained at 18 to 20° C. When the air conditioners are not in use, they should not be left in the standby state, and security guards should be sent to take a patrol after office hours on a daily basis to check and confirm that all the lights and other unnecessary power-consuming devices on each floor have been switched off. At the same time, compact fluorescent lamps and safety lamps should be used. The use of electric stoves,

A2 資源使用

A2.1 直接及間接能源消耗

另外,集團十分注重培養 員工的節能意識,呼籲各 部門員工共同抵制浪費能 源的行為。集團要求每個 員工下班時關閉電腦、燈 等設備。在正常溫度比較 適宜的情況下,應停止使 用空調。夏季室外溫度高 於攝氏30度時可開啓空調, 空調溫度控制在攝氏26度 以上並調至低風,室內溫 度保持在25-26度;冬季室 外溫度低於攝氏8度才啓用 空調,溫度控制在攝氏20 度左右,室內溫度保持在 18-20度。空調不用時不得 處於待機狀態,並派保安 每日於辦公室工作時間結 束後進行巡邏,檢查並確 認各樓層的燈、其他不必 要的耗電設備已關閉。同 時,採用節能燈和安全燈 照明。嚴禁使用電爐、熱 得快及非節能型的大功率 用電器具。另一方面,集 團亦提倡使用國家、行業

portable immersion heaters and non-energy saving appliances with high power consumption is strictly prohibited. On the other hand, the Group also promotes the use of energy-saving, efficient, and environmentally-friendly construction equipment and electrical appliances recommended by national and industrial authorities to improve our energy efficiency. The Group therefore actively monitors and manages our use of resources to reduce our operating costs and carbon footprint.

推薦的節能、高效、環保的施工設備及電子設備及電子設備及電子。固地高能源效益。固进過積極監察及管理成功。 以降低營運成本及碳足跡。

During the year, the Group included various types of energy consumption by its core projects of the real estate business into the assessment and collected data by region and development projects. The data on energy consumption by the Group during the year is set forth as follows:

集團將本年度內房地產業 務主要核心項目的各類地 源消耗納入評估,針對地 區及發展項目進行數據地 集。集團本年度各類能源 消耗的數據如下:

Dorcontago

Use of energy 能源的使用	Unit 單位	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	change 百分比比較
Non-renewable fuels (direct) (note 1) 不可再生燃料(直接)(附註1)	MWh 兆瓦時	530.15	472.75	+12.14%
Purchased energy (indirect) 購買能源(間接)				
無 貝 化 赤 (向 女 / - Electricity ^(note 1) - 電 力 ^(附註1)	MWh 兆瓦時	3,459.97	2,384.59	+45.10%
Total energy consumption (Note 2) 總能耗(附註2)	MWh 兆瓦時	3,990.12	2,857.33	+39.65%
Energy consumption intensity	MWh/			
能源耗量密度	employee 兆瓦時/ 每位員工	14.62	4.54	+222.03%

環境、社會及管治報告

Notes:

- (1) The statistics for purchased energy (indirect) in 2020 included 10 subsidiaries, while the statistics for purchased energy (indirect) in 2021 included 7 subsidiaries.
- (2) During the Reporting Period, some of our subsidiaries have resumed operations despite the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, energy consumption increased as compared to the previous year.

The Group will continue to monitor its employees' energy saving in an effort to reduce energy consumption, achieve energy conservation and emission reduction and create a green corporate.

A2.2WATER CONSUMPTION

The Group is committed to raising the awareness of its employees on water-saving, to reduce water consumption. Measures adopted by the Group include:

- Putting up posters in our offices to remind employees not to consume unnecessary resources;
- Turning off taps that are not in use;
- Requiring our project department to carry out general inspections of water delivery pipes to check for leakages, to prevent water wastage;
- Using water efficient products;
- · Recycling and reusing water resources;

附註:

- (1) 2020年 購 買 能 源(間接)數據包括10間公司: 2021年購買能源(間接) 數據包括7公司。
- (2) 於報告期間,雖然新型 冠狀病毒影響持續,相 較於上一年度,部份附 屬公司已經回復部份營 運活動,以至能源使用 量增加。

集團將繼續監督員工節約 用電,以減少能耗,實現 節能減排,塑造綠色企業。

A2.2用水

集團致力提高僱員對節約 用水的意識,藉此減少用 水。集團推行的措施包括:

- 於辦公室張貼標籤提 醒僱員避免不必要的 資源消耗;
- 用水完畢後,及時關 閉水龍頭;
- 項目部對送水管進行 普查,檢查管道是否 有漏水情況,杜絕長 流水現象發生;
- 使用節水型產品;
- 實施水資源的循環使用;

 Water meters are installed in our offices, common areas, and construction sites, with registration and monthly analysis carried out by a responsible officer based on the water consumption records of each department. 辦公區、生活區、施工現場各設水錶,由專人負責進行登記,每月根據各部位用水量的記錄進行數據分析。

All freshwater and flushing water used by the Group are provided by municipal water supply authorities with authorised licenses/permits. The Group faced no issues when purchasing suitable water.

集團使用的所有飲用水和沖厠用水,均由持有認可牌照/許可證的市政供水機構提供,並沒有於採購相關適合用水上遇上問題。

Water consumption (note 1) 用水 ^(附註1)	Unit 單位	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 百分比比較
Water consumption 耗水量	m³ 立方米	23,414.76	28,418.58	-17.61%
Water consumption intensity 耗水密度	m³/employee 立方米/每位員工	73.70	45.18	+63.12%

Notes:

附註:

(1) The statistics for water consumption in 2020 included 10 subsidiaries, while the statistics for water consumption in 2021 included 7 subsidiaries.

(1) 2020年耗水量數據包括 10間公司;2021年耗水 量數據包括7間公司。

In addition, the table below sets out our total air travel distance in 2021. During the Reporting Period, some of our subsidiaries have resumed operations despite the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, the demand for business air travel increased as compared to the previous year. Accordingly, the air travel distance has also increased.

	Unit 單位	2021 2021年	2020 2020年	Percentage change 百分比比較
Air travel distance 航空旅行距離	km 千米	23,827.00	5,064.00	+370.52%

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A3 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES

In order to respond positively to the national strategic policy which requires speed-up of construction of conservation-oriented society and implement the Company's administrative measures for energy conservation, make the Company become an efficient, conserving and energy-saving example, and regulate the specific management of energy conservation and consumption reduction of construction enterprises, the Group actively promotes environment-friendly concept and instills it in every stage of the entire construction project, i.e. planning, design, construction and sale, striving to integrate the concepts of green and environmental protection into the architectural style of the Group. The Group also cooperates with the outstanding design institutes to integrate the architectural design with the surrounding natural conditions, and strives to create a comfortable living space and provide ecological green homes for customers.

The Group complies with the national and local environmental protection laws and various types of environmental protection laws and regulations promulgated by the PRC as it carries out its project development, including but not limited to the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China", and the "Solid Waste Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China". In the stage of planning and construction in real estate development, the Group proactively communicates with contractors and advocates green construction work and strives to save resources and reduce the impact of construction work on the environment through scientific management and technological advancement.

A3 環境與天然資源

環境、社會及管治報告

A4 CLIMATE CHANGE

With people and corporates all over the world being increasingly concerned about the impact brought about by climate change, sustainable environmental protection has become a strategic focus in the real estate industry. The Group has been paying close attention to the risks posed by climate change, which will enable us to undergo a smooth transition to a low-carbon economy and achieve prosperous growth.

Physical risks

Physical risks refer to risks related to physical impacts of climate change on the Company, which include acute physical risks driven by specific events, especially weather-related events such as as storms, floods, fires or heat waves. Such events may cause damage to construction works, affect material supplies and result in a series of negative impacts. Physical risks also refer to chronic physical risks arising from long-term shifts in climate patterns, such as temperature changes, rising sea levels, reduced water availability, loss of biodiversity, and changes in land and soil productivity. The Group has developed a "Climate Change Policy" that covers various events relating to the weather to reduce acute physical risks.

Transition risks

Transition risks refer to risks arising from the Group's transition to a low-carbon and climate resilient economy, which include:

Policy and legal risks

Despite the impacts of policy changes on the business environment, the Group's flexible business model allows it to adapt to any changes in policies related to climate change. The Group is committed to maintaining high environmental standards to meet relevant requirements in its operations and will continue to invest human and financial resources in environmental protection efforts as required under applicable laws and regulations to reduce carbon footprint. Laws and regulations that we comply with include but are not limited to the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the

A4 氣候變化

氣候變化的影響越來越被世界 各地的人士及企業關注,由 續性的環境保護已成為房團 行業的戰略重點。本集團 密切關注氣候變化帶來的風險 這將使本集團能夠順利過 這將使本集團能夠聚展。 在低碳經濟中蓬勃發展。

實體風險

過渡風險

過渡風險是集團向低碳和氣候適應經濟 轉型而產生的風險。它們包括:

政策及法律風險

環境、社會及管治報告

People's Republic of China", the "Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China", and the "Solid Waste Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China". During the Year, the Group complied with the relevant environmental protection laws and regulations in relation to exhaust gas and greenhouses gas emissions, water and land discharge, and the generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste. The Group did not violate any environmental protection laws or regulations of the region where we operate, nor was it subject to significant fines, non-monetary penalties and litigation relating to environmental protection.

治法》等。於本年度,本集團遵守有關氣體及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地排污以及產生有害及非有害廢物的環境保護法例及法規。本集團並無違反我們經營所在地區的任何環保法例或法規,亦無遭受有關環境保護的重大罰款、非金錢處罰及訴訟。

Technology risks

The Group has always been committed to improving our construction technology. We will consider to continue our investment, research and development in this area, with an aim to reduce the environmental pollution caused by property development.

Market risks

The property markets in the cities in which we have operations or plan to expand our operations are competitive. Our existing and potential competitors include both major national and regional property developers with expansive operations in the cities or markets in which we operate as well as local property developers. The Group is committed to reducing the environmental impact of our operations and will seek to further enhance our market presence in these cities.

Reputational risks

In reponse to the public's views on climate change, the Group has integrated environmental protection measures in our business operations. The Group will closely monitor the carbon footprint of our operations, and further explore other ways to reduce our impact on the environment.

技術風險

集團一直致力於提升興建房屋時的技術, 集團會考慮於日後繼續向這方面投資及 研發,減低房地產開發引致的環境污染。

市場風險

集團經營或計劃擴展業務所在城市的房地產市場競爭激烈。現有及潛在競爭對某包括我們經營所在城市或市場擁有廣泛業務的大型國家及地區物業開發商。集團會致力減低營運中對環境的破壞,尋求進一步鞏固我們於該等城市中的市場地位。

聲譽風險

為順應公眾對氣候變化的看法,本集團 已將環保措施整合到業務運營中。本集 團將密切監察業務營運的碳足跡,並進 一步探索其他方法以減少我們對環境的 影響。

環境、社會及管治報告

B. SOCIETY

B1 EMPLOYMENT

The Group always believes that our employees are important assets of the Group. The Group adheres to the people-oriented philosophy and guarantees employees' rights and benefits. By creating a pleasant and healthy work environment, improving the salary and welfare systems, and increasing the training opportunities, we encourage employees to actively carry out career planning, motivate employees' enthusiasm for work, and enhance employees' sense of belonging. The Group has developed a code of conduct under its employee handbook that helps to communicate the expectations of the management team and employees on compensation and welfare, training and development, and occupational health, in order to provide protection against unfair or unequal treatment and discrimination at work.

Policies on Employees' Compensation and Benefits

In order to attract and retain talents, the Group takes the characteristics and needs of the posts and positions into full account when it is hiring people, forbidding gender discrimination and promoting gender equality. In addition, for the protection and welfare of its employees, the Group tries its best to provide them with good protection and care, including competitive remuneration, equal and fair pay, a comfortable and safe work environment, and annual free body examination etc.

We provide social insurances for employees such as pension, medical care, unemployment and maternity insurance according to national and local provisions. We also contribute to the housing provident fund for our employees. Employees' health and safety are always our first priority. All workers are required to comply with safety instructions and receive safety training on the use of equpment. We also maintain insurance coverage against personal injuries and accidents for employees in special positions.

B. 社會

B1 僱傭

集要理通圍培極工感繞展界於平島資念過、訓進作。僱以定工或於,保造善發職就團酬業層提開實行,整工、福會劃提員福康運行,整工、福會劃提員福康運行,整工、福會劃提員福康運行,對大工利,員員的旨訓則望受提別,,升工利,員障遇人與的系導發工冊培守期免歧集為福工、員員的旨訓則望受視團本利作增工工歸在及有,不視重的。氛加積對屬圍發助並公。

僱員薪酬及福利政策

環境、社會及管治報告

The Group provides heating and cooling subsidies in the winter and summer, respectively. We also provide allowances for transportation, communication, cleaning, missed meals, and hardship for employees. Special allowances, such as relocation allowance and rental subsidy, will be provided to our relocating staff.

We provide benefits for working mothers in accordance with national regulations, such as paid maternity leave and breastfeeding leave during our female employees' pregnancy, childbirth, and breastfeeding periods.

We take the realisation of "internal equity" and "external competitiveness" as our fundamental principle. The Group establishes and improves its remuneration system through "three matchings", which refer to that the remuneration matches the value of the position, the remuneration matches the ability, and the remuneration matches the performance.

The remuneration of an individual will be determined with reference to the employee's personal qualifications, education background, length of service in relevant professional fields, actual years of experience and professional qualification. The salary scale is assessed according to the employee's position, responsibility and obligation, value and experience.

The Group will conduct a fair and open performance appraisal for all employees through assessment on the results of relevant companies and job performance. Appraisees prepare and summarise the completion of monthly priorities and record in the form of "Completion of Monthly Working Plan", which will be signed by the appraisers for confirmation. It is an important evidence for appraisers when making appraisals for appraisees in respect to the completion of their priorities at the end of year.

集團會於冬季及夏季派發取暖 費及發降溫費,亦會派發發取交 費、通訊費、衛生費。 與 點、職稱補貼等補貼。如 異地 工作則會派發異地工作補貼及 租房補貼等特殊補貼。

集團按照國家保障規定為在職 媽媽提供保障。在女員工的孕 期、產期及哺乳期間提供相應 的帶薪產假、哺乳假。

企業以實現「內部公平性」和「外部競爭性」為基本原則,通過三項匹配,即「薪酬與崗位價值相匹配」、「薪酬與工作能力相匹配」和「薪酬與工作績效相匹配」等來建立與完善企業薪酬體系。

員工定薪標準依據員工個人資 歷、學歷、相關專業工作年限、 實際工作年限和專業技術任職 資格為參考因素,並根據員工 所在崗位、承擔責任和義務及 價值、經驗評定薪級。

Salaries of employees are paid on an annual or monthly basis, both of which are composed of fixed salary and performance bonus. The fixed salary is determined mainly based on the assessment result of the value of employees' positions, and the performance bonus is determined mainly with reference to the appraisal results. The salary of employees being paid on an annual basis comprises of monthly payment part and year-end payment part. The specific payment method is implemented according to the terms agreed by both parties in the acceptance letter.

Equal Opportunity

A good working environment should be free of discrimination and should provide equal opportunities for all employees regardless of their age, gender, ethnicity, skin color, sexual orientation, disability, or marital status. The Group adhered to the principle of openness, justice and fairness in recruitment and a unified principle without discrimination in employment standards and selection procedures. The Group takes the characteristics of the posts and positions into full account when hiring people and fights against gender discrimination. Those who have made significant contributions in daily work would be rewarded based on the reward & punishment measures for employees.

Employee Diversity

The Group cares about the diversity of its employees and constantly expands its recruitment channels (social recruitment, headhunting, internal and external referrals, etc.), aiming to maintain the diversity of its employee structure in such aspects as employee education, working background and specialties. The Group analyses the diversity of its current employee structure on a regular basis to provide guidance for the follow-up recruitment.

平等機會

員工多樣性

集團關注招聘僱員的多樣性,會 不斷豐富招聘渠道多樣化(社會 招聘、獵頭、內外部推薦等), 關注僱員結構的多樣性,等包 優到及工作背景、 完等方面多樣性。集團定 所現有僱員的結構多樣性, 指 後續招聘工作優化。

環境、社會及管治報告

Anti-discrimination and Anti-harassment

The Group's labour and employment procedures are strictly aligned with national policies, requirements and standards on anti-discrimination and no discrimination against religion, ethnicity, race and gender is found in policies for recruitment and daily employment procedures. The Group also strictly adhered to and observed related institutional norms and ensured the execution was in place in various ways including regular reviews, random checks, feedback, notification, rectification and self-inspection in each subsidiary in daily work.

The Group has also set clear regulations to severely punish different kinds of discrimination and harassment behaviours in violation of the regulations and encouraged employees to report behaviours that were against the regulations or incidents harmful to the Group's interests. Employees may report related behaviours through various channels at any time. As phone numbers and emails of the Group's management and head of each department were open to employees, employees may report anonymously or in their real names at any time. Human resource and administrative personnel would collect employee opinions and suggestions in such ways as making questionnaire among all employees and doing individual interviews to gather related information from our employees. During this reporting year, the Group has not received any report on discrimination or harassment incidents. The Group would strictly deal with such reports in accordance with the laws and regulations once any reports were submitted.

反歧視及反騷擾

Employment Highlights

As of the end of 2021, the total number of employees at Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries was 273, and all of them were engaged with labour contracts. All employees worked in Mainland China and Hong Kong.

僱傭現況

截至二零二一年底,恒達控股及選定的附屬公司員工總數為 273人,均以勞動合同的方式聘 用,所有員工均在中國內地及 香港地區工作。

Total number of employees by gender	Unit	2021	2020	Percentage change
按性別劃分的員工總數	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
Total number of employees	No. of people	273	629	-56.60%
總員工人數	人			
Male	No. of people	185	368	-49.73%
男	人			
Female	No. of people	88	261	-66.28%
女	人			
Male-to-female ratio of employees		2.10	1.41	+48.94%
男女員工人數比例				
				Percentage
Total number of employees by age group	Unit	2021	2020	change
按年齡段劃分的員工總數	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
Aged<30	No. of people	54	237	-77.22%
年齡在30歲以下	人			
Aged 30-50	No. of people	198	352	-43.75%
年齡30-50歲	人			
Aged>50	No. of people	21	40	-47.50%
年齡超過50	人			

環境、社會及管治報告

Employee Turnover Rate

As of the end of 2021, the turnover rate of the Group was 13%. The tables below set out the employee turnover rate by gender and age group.

僱員流失率

截至二零二一年底,集團的流 失率為13%。以下為僱員在性 別劃分及年齡段劃分下的僱員 流失率。

				Percentage
Employee turnover rate by gender	Unit	2021	2020	change
按性別劃分的僱員流失率	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
Male	%	20%	12%	+66.67%
男	%			
Female	%	26%	19%	+36.84%
女	%			
				Percentage
Employee turnover rate by age group	Unit	2021	2020	change
按年齡段劃分的僱員流失率	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
Aged<30	%	54%	22%	+145.45%
年齡在30歲以下				
Aged 30-50	%	15%	11%	+36.36%
年齡30-50歲				
Aged>50	%	5%	5%	_
年齡超過50				

In 2021, due to the reallocation of our staff during the Reporting Period, relevant staff in the sales business were deployed to a subsidiary not included in the reporting scope. Therefore, the total number of employees this year decreased significantly. In the future, the Group will continue to recruit talents from all walks of life to join us, strive to promote gender equality in the workplace, and employ people on a merit basis.

環境、社會及管治報告

B2 HEALTH AND SAFETY

The Group provides our employees a comfortable and safe work environment with well-equipped office hardware. The office building is spacious and clean with abundant ancillary resources including meeting rooms, resting areas and etc. The Group carries out fire drills regularly and always reminds our employees of paying attention to public safety.

Occupational Health and Safety Protection

During the Reporting Period, due to the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Group and its employees, we had to adopt more stringent pandemic prevention measures to protect our employees. In respect of employee health and medical protection, the Group provides free health checkup services each year for employees, and also provides social insurance for employees, among which includes relevant insurances for major diseases, accidents, work-related injuries, outpatient and inpatient medical care.

The Group has been complying with all laws and regulations relating to health and safety, including but not limited to the "Labor Law of the People's Republic of China" and the "Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China". The Group also has specific safety requirement documents, with the established goal of "having zero work injuries throughout the year". It conducts safety inspections on site each year to ensure the health and safety of employees at the workplace. At the same time, the Company organized a safety training session, where we covered the following five topics: safety culture, risk incidents, everyday safety, construction safety, and safety production in the summer. The aim of the training session was to enhance the safety awareness and the safety operation skills of our staff, to prevent incidents from happening. During the past three reporting years, the Group did not have any work-related fatalities nor work days lost due to work-related injuries.

B2 健康及安全

職業健康安全保障

集團遵守所有關於健康和安全 的法律和法規,包括但不限於 《中華人民共和國勞動法》及《中 華人民共和國社會保險法》等。 集團亦有明確的安全規定文件, 並訂立「全年安全零事故」為目 標,會定期每年於工地進行安 全檢查,以確保員工在工作場 所中的健康和安全。同時,公 司開展了「安全文明教育」培訓 活動,講解了[安全文化、風險 事故、日常生活安全、建築施 工安全、夏季安全生產」五部 分,希望提高員工安全意識和 安全操作技能,預防安全事故 發生。在過去三年的匯報期內, 本集團並無任何勞動人員因工 傷造成死亡,亦沒有因工傷而 損失的工作日數。

環境、社會及管治報告

B3 DEVELOPMENT AND TRAINING

The Group highly emphasises employees' professional skill improvement, training and learning and encourages our staff to improve and upgrade their skills through training, so that they can fully utilise their specialty and potentials at different positions. The Group encourages individuals to combine their own specialty and hobbies with the Group's business development and proactively strive for opportunities. In addition, the Group also encourages employees to take internal job rotation and develop across functions. The Group has already set up a mature training and learning system including hierarchical and classified training and learning maps, matched with all sorts of training projects. The Group also has diversified resources and patterns to support employees' training and learning, such as online learning platform, internal training, external training and so on.

The Group ensures the pertinence and practicability when designing training plans. Every year the Group combines with the need of business development and sets up corresponding learning projects according to different business sections, specialties, titles and levels, job categories so as to make sure employees of various positions can obtain corresponding training and learning opportunities and resources according to their job types. Every year the Group formulates annual training plans according to the need of businesses and employees and regularly reviews the plans to make proper adjustments in order to ensure learning arrangements conform to the need of business and employee development.

B3 發展及培訓

In the annual training plan, the Group will formulate exclusive internal and external learning plans and opportunities aiming at the present status and business challenges faced by middle-level and senior management so as to make sure middlelevel and senior management are provided with rich learning opportunities. For all the internal training projects, the Group conducts research before training and makes evaluation after training, listens to opinions and suggestions of attendants about learning arrangements, meanwhile makes relevant adjustments to the arrangements based on the results and outcomes of training. The Group's training plan, notices about detailed training programs and reports after training will be informed to employees timely via a variety of channels.

On 22 April, the Group organized a training session on the establishment of roles of a project general manager and five major tasks. Employees understood the four role changes that a project general manager undergoes and identified the requirements of the five major tasks in the entire process of real estate development. They also learned about benchmark business cases and mastered the ways and methods to achieve project goals.

On 29 May 2021, the Group organized a 2-day training program on quality engineering management and cross-sector cooperation in the real estate industry, in which we analyzed and explained the following ways to improve engineering management capabilities: manage construction progress through operation management, make use of effective control methods for engineering management, analyze cost control strategies for engineering, and examine the synergic relationship between engineering management and other professions.

環境、社會及管治報告

On 5 June 2021, the Group organized a leadership excellence training session for real estate companies to improve the leadership skills of their employees. The session covers the following topics: participants' strengths and areas of improvement in terms of leadership, basic concepts and beliefs, setting good examples by aligning behaviors with mutual goals, visions for the future, inspiring others to share the same visions, finding opportunities to assume risks during the development process, cooperating, building teams, gaining trust, empowering others, recognizing the accomplishments of other people, applying the five leadership qualities to accept challenges at work.

On 19 June 2021, the Group organized a tailored training session on the prevention and control of key risks along the whole value chain in the real estate industry. The training session improved the risk control awareness and practical skills of relevant practitioners and ensured that a risk control system is duly implemented in all departments and subsidiaries.

On 13 August 2021, the Group organized a training session on ways to improve cross-departmental communication and coordination, which covered topics including the background of cross-departmental communication and coordination, case analysis, and fundamental thinking in relation to communication and coordination. By ultimately learning about the common obstacles of cross-departmental communication and doing case studies, we improved the communication and coordination skills of the participants.

On 16 October 2021, the Group organized a training session on the system of the whole marketing business and the logic of decision-making from the general perspective of projects. By learning about the key points of marketing, methods of marketing, and different business scenarios, we did an in-depth analysis on marketing knowledge in the three areas of "real estate marketing awareness, the relationship between projects and marketing, marketing system, and critical decision points", and improved the marketing and operational thinking skills of our staff.

2021年6月19日,集團組織開展了房地產全價值鏈關鍵風險點預控對象培訓,提升了高風險管理相關從業人員的風控認知和實操技能,保障風控體系在各部門及子公司的落地實施。

2021年8月13日,集團組織了跨部門溝通協同提升之道的培訓,內容包括跨部門溝通協同背景、問題分析及溝通協調基礎思維,最後通過跨部門溝通常見障礙及案例分析,提升了參訓人員的溝通協調能力。

2021年10月16日,集團組織開展了項目總視角的全營銷業所屬系及決策邏輯培訓,從「房地產營銷體系及關鍵決策別與策點」、關鍵決方的通過知知識點、前的爭幾個方面將營銷一次的對於一提升員工的營用,從而提升員工的營用,從而提升員工的營用,從一樣的運營思維。

During the Year, the number of trained employees accounted for 59% of the total workforce, and the average number of training hours for all employees was 40. The tables below set out the average number of training hours of the Group's staff by employment category and gender during the Reporting Period:

在本年度期間,受訓僱員佔總員工人數59%,總僱員平均受訓時數為40小時。以下為集團於報告期間內的員工平均培訓時數的記錄,按職級及性別劃分:

				Percentage
Training and development statistics	Unit	2021	2020	change
培訓及發展數據	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
			-	
Percentage of trained employees by gender				
按性別劃分的受訓僱員百分比				
Male	%	76%	59%	+28.81%
男				
Female	%	24%	41%	-41.46%
女				
Percentage of trained employees by				
employment category				
按僱傭類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比				
Senior management	%	8%	11%	-27.27%
高級管理人員				
Junior and middle management	%	80%	17%	+370.59%
初、中級管理人員				
General staff	%	12%	73%	-83.56%
普通職員				

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				Percentage
Training and development statistics	Unit	2021	2020	change
培訓及發展數據	單位	2021年	2020年	百分比比較
Average training hours per employee by				
gender				
按性別劃分,每名僱員完成培訓的平均時數				
Male	hour	42.96	6.20	+592.90%
男	小時			
Female	hour	34.78	3.00	+1,059.33%
女	小時			
Average training hours per employee by				
employment category				
按僱傭類別劃分,每名僱員完成培訓的平均時數				
Senior management	hour	54.87	4.04	+1,258.17%
高級管理人員	小時			
Junior and middle management	hour	169.70	4.69	+3,518.34%
初、中級管理人員	小時			
General staff	hour	19.56	5.06	+286.56%
普通職員	小時			

During the year, the number of managerial personnel and general staff members of the Group's subsidiaries being trained and related training hours both increased significantly. The Group is committed to providing work support to employees, and actively conducting training to help employees achieve career development and personal growth.

本年度,集團各子公司管理人 員及普通職員接受培訓的人 以及相關培訓時長均大幅上升, 集團致力於為員工提供工作支 持,積極開展培訓,幫助員工 實現職業發展以及個人進步。

環境、社會及管治報告

B4 LABOUR STANDARDS

Recruiting talents

The Group adopts internal competition for certain positions and prioritises the deployment or selection of suitable qualified employees inside the Group. The Group advocates employees to participate actively pursuant to competition conditions and procedures, and encourages each department to support employees to participate in internal competition without barriers. The Group would also apply open elections, regardless of qualifications, sources and backgrounds, all applicants must follow the Group's recruitment principles and pass the required inspections from all aspects and our Group only recruits qualified applicant. The Group takes the Company's culture and value as the basic recruitment criteria, and mainly focuses on the adaptability and also takes into consideration the future development potential.

The labour policies and standards of the Group strictly conform to the "Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Labor Law of the People's Republic of China", and other applicable labour laws and regulations. Related labour environment, employment duration, working time, rest and vacation and other rules all complied with laws and regulations. Meanwhile, the Group clarified in labour contracts and also kept employees informed about labour protection, labour conditions and occupational hazard protection. The Group also complied with the requirements of national and local regulations and policies in aspects of labour handling procedures, procedure completeness and procedures thereof. The Group will closely monitor the latest status of related governmental laws and regulations and make corresponding adjustment and update about its internal systems and procedures. At the beginning of every year, the Group also conducts analysis and evaluation on current systems and policies and makes optimization and adjustment accordingly.

B4 勞工準則

人才招聘

集團勞動用工政策及標準嚴格 遵守《中華人民共和國勞動合同 法》、《中華人民共和國勞動法》 及其他適用的僱傭法律及規例, 勞動用工相關的用工環境、僱 傭期限、工作時間、休息休假 等條款均符合法律規定,同時 集團在將勞動保護、勞動條件 及職業危害防護在勞動合同中 予以明確並告知。集團用工手 續辦理流程、手續完備性及程 序均符合國家及地區法規政策 要求。集團會密切關注政府相 關法律法規的更新動態,並及 時對內部制度及程序予以調整 更新,每年初亦會對現行制度 及政策進行分析及評估,優化 調整。

環境、社會及管治報告

Measures for Prevention of Child Labour or Forced Labour

The Group has a zero-tolerance approach against child labor and forced labor during our hiring process. To prevent the use of child labour and forced labour, the Group ensures that applicants have the right to interview and apply for a job voluntarily. Meanwhile, it sets up a strict approval procedure for labour employment. Before employment, all sorts of credentials, files and information should be complete and shall undergo strict inspection. Employment should also get approval from all levels of management so as to effectively avoid child labour or other nonstandard labour employment. The Group also complies with equal and voluntary labour employment. When signing contracts or agreements with employees, the Group will completely and accurately convey necessary statutory information such as labour working location, time, salary and so on. Both parties sign labour contract or agreement under the voluntary principle in order to avoid forced labour.

防止聘用童工及強制勞工措施

本集團招聘過程中絕不容許童 工及強制勞工。為防止聘用童 工及強制勞工,集團保障應聘 人員的自願面試及求職權利, 同時內部設立嚴格的用工錄用 審批流程,員工錄用前,各類 證件及資料信息均應嚴格完備 且經過審查,通過各層級負責 人審批後方可用工,以有效避 免童工等不規範用工發生。集 團亦遵循平等自願的用工意願 原則,與員工簽訂用工合同或 協議時,充分準確傳達法定必 要的用工地點、時間、勞動報 酬等信息,且雙方本著自願原 則簽署勞動合同或用工協議, 避免強制勞工。

B5 SUPPLY-CHAIN MANAGEMENT

The Group has in place a well-established supplier management system, including a clear division of supervisory function, supplier assessment and approval, supplier selection and performance evaluation, and supervise the supply-chain management from various aspects. When selecting suppliers, the Group would inspect their contract performance, honesty, and legal compliance, meanwhile incorporate proper appraisal so as to make a comprehensive evaluation. Through contractual agreements, the Group required that all the suppliers must comply with national and local environmental laws and regulations, including but not limited to the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Atmospheric Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Water Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China", and the "Solid Waste Pollution Prevention and Control Law of the People's Republic of China". The Group properly evaluated our suppliers to make sure that they complied with all the environmental and social requirements and fulfilled their environmental and social responsibilities. During the Reporting Period, the total number of suppliers engaged by Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries was 647, all of which were suppliers from Mainland China and Hong Kong.

B5 供應鏈管理

集團擁有完善的供應商管理制 度,包括監管職能的明確分工、 供應商的評估及審批、供應商 選擇及表現評價,從各個方面 監督供應鏈管理。在選擇供應 商時,集團會通過考察其合同 履約情況和誠信遵紀守法情況, 加入恰當的評價,以進行綜合 考慮。通過合同約定,集團要 求所有供應商必須遵循國家和 地方的環境法律法規,包括但 不限於《中華人民共和國環境 保護法》、《中華人民共和國大 氣污染防治法》、《中華人民共 和國水污染防治法》及《中華人 民共和國固體廢物污染環境防 治法》等,並對供應商作出恰當 評價,以確保其遵守所有環境 和社會方面的要求及擔負了其 環境及社會責任。於報告期間, 恒達控股及選定的附屬公司統 計合作供應商數目為647間,所 有供應商均是中國內地及香港 供應商。

環境、社會及管治報告

B6 PRODUCT RESPONSIBILITY

Product Quality Management

The Group highly emphasises product quality management and establishes a strict product quality management system within the Group. Every quarter, the Group carries out a third-party inspection to make sure the quality of all products met standards. The Group also attaches great importance to provisions of the laws and regulations applicable to our products, including the "Construction Law of the People's Republic of China", and continuously pays close attention to and complies with them. The construction materials that our Group uses are of high quality, which satisfy the relevant requirements in terms of construction and environmental protection on one hand, and promote environmental-friendly and power-saving construction on the other hand.

The Group also has a complete repair and maintenance mechanism. Once product defects are found, the Group would be responsible for repair at its own costs, and would arrange delivery only upon the completion of repair works. If customers suffer a loss due to quality defects, or if there are still quality problems that seriously affect the normal residential use of the customer after various repeated repairs, the Group would definitely follow up carefully and pay compensation or arrange the return of the house if appropriate. On the other hand, the Group also has post-disaster response measures, upon encountering natural disasters such as typhoons, earthquakes and fires, the Group will conduct comprehensive inspection towards buildings and public facilities, including aluminum doors and windows, entry doors, railings, curtain walls, public decoration, various water & electricity systems and equipment, etc., as well as carrying out repair or reinforcement works according to the damage level. During the Reporting Period, no property was subject to reposession after undergoing the building inspection process, and no compliants were received.

B6 產品責任

產品質量管理

集團亦設有完整的維修保養制 度,一旦發現產品質量缺陷, 集團會負責修復及承擔修復費 用,修復完成後再安排交付。 倘若因質量缺陷為客戶造成損 失,或在經多次修復後仍存在 嚴重影響客戶正常居住使用的 質量問題,集團定必仔細跟進, 在條件合適的情況下予以賠償 或安排退房。另一方面,集團 亦有災後應對措施,當遇到颱 風、地震、火災等自然災害後, 集團會對樓區內的建築物及公 共設施,包括鋁合金門窗、入 戶門、欄杆、幕墻、公共部位 裝修、各種水電系統及設備等, 進行全面檢查,視乎損壞程度 進行維修或加固。於報告期間, 在驗樓程序後,並沒有任何房 地產需要回收,亦沒有收到投 訴。

Safeguarding and protecting intellectual property (IP)

As one of the leading brands in the Xuchang market, we are committed to protecting our own IP while complying with the IP policies of other companies. The Group attaches great importance to the safeguarding and protection of IP rights and is in compliance with the relevant applicable laws and regulations, including but not limited to the "Patent Law of the People's Republic of China". We have implemented a comprehensive IP management system to protect both internal and external IP rights. We also have a contingency plan in place to provide guidance and solutions for the handling of any cases in relation to IP infringement. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not record any material infringement of IP rights.

Protection of consumer data and privacy

The Group strictly complies with the "Personal Information Protection Law of the People's Republic of China" and handles personal information in a lawful, legal and honest manner. Committed to fully complying with the privacy policies in relation to its customers, suppliers, and other related parties, the Group has created a safe environment where we can store data in our internal system using data protection measures, where data can only be accessed by authorized staff. To prevent any accidental or unauthorized access, modification or use of data, the Group will not disclose personal information of its staff, customers and suppliers, without prior permission from relevant parties. All business operations within the Group are required to comply with our privacy policies and adopt a zero-tolerance approach against non-compliant behaviours. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not record any significant breaches of consumer information and privacy.

維護及保障知識產權

保障消費者資料及私隱

集團嚴謹遵守《個人信息保護 法》, 處理個人信息須遵循合 法、正當及誠信。集團致力於 完全遵守客戶、供應商、和其 他相關方的隱私政策。建立具 有數據保護措施的安全環境, 以將這些數據存儲在內部系統 中。只有獲得授權的員工才能 訪問數據,未經相關方許可, 本集團不會披露其員工、客戶 及供應商的個人資料。這是為 了防止對這些數據的任何意外 或未經授權的訪問、修改或使 用。集團內所有的業務均需遵 守私隱政策,對於違規的情況 保持零容忍的態度。於報告期 間,本集團並無錄得任何重大 消費者資料及私隱洩露行為。

環境、社會及管治報告

B7 ANTI-CORRUPTION

The Group operates its business in accordance with high ethical standards and adopts good practices in the industry in respect of prevention of bribery and anti-corruption. The Group has always been in strict compliance with local and national laws such as the "Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China" and the "Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic of China", and other relevant anti-corruption laws in Mainland China and other places. The Group has in place the "Measures on Integrity and Self-Discipline Regulation", which provides guidelines to employees on how to handle business transactions with business-related entities and interest related entities.

According to the guidelines, it is strictly forbidden to provide any form of payment, gift or offer by means of bribery or corruption. It is not allowed to abuse the position to encroach on the Company's property, misappropriate public funds, and abuse power for personal gain.

All employees and representatives of the Group are required to operate our business and perform their duties in accordance with the integrity requirements set out in the "Measures on Integrity and Self-Discipline Regulation" and in an ethical manner. However, the Group did not organize any trainings on the "Measures on Integrity and Self-Discipline Regulation" for its staff. The Group understands the potential risks brought by unethical practices to our business and has zero-tolerance to any form of corruption (including deception, bribery, forgery, extortion, conspiracy, misappropriation of public funds and collusion). Any suspected criminal activities, when found, are reported to the relevant authorities immediately. During the Year, the Group did not have any legal cases related to corruption.

B7 反貪污

指引中明確嚴禁以行賄或貪污 手段提供任何形式的付款、饋 贈或要約,不准利用職務上的 便利,侵佔公司財物、挪用公 款,以權謀私。

所有恒達集團員工及本集團代 表須按《廉潔自律管理辦法》所 載列的誠信要求及以符合道德 規範的方式經營業務及履行職 責。然而,於本年度,集團並 沒有為員工舉行《廉潔自律管理 辦法》的培訓。集團明瞭不道 德的行為給業務帶來的潛在風 險,並對各種形式的貪污(包括 欺騙、賄賂、僞造、敲詐、合 謀、挪用公款及勾結)持零容忍 態度,如發現任何涉嫌干犯刑 事罪行的個案,本集團將即時 向有關當局舉報。於本年度, 本集團並沒有發生有關貪污行 為的任何法律案件。

環境、社會及管治報告

B8 COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

Ever Reach always keeps in mind its social responsibility as an enterprise when growing its business. As an accountable and proactive member of the community, the Group is fully committed to making positive contributions to help the underprivileged and those in need.

Ever Reach cooperates with different social organizations and proactively contributes to community and charity work. During the Reporting Period, Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries donated a total amount of RMB5.29 million to different organizations, including but not limited to:

- Weidu Charity Federation
- Dongcheng District Charity Federation
- Jianan District Charity Federation
- Henan Province Charity Federation
- Changge City Charity Federation

Meanwhile, the Group actively participated in education and charity. We have been helping students for many years. Ever Reach always believes that making donation to education is a current philanthropy that can benefit the society for generations. In the future, the Group will continue to repay the society with a positive attitude and fulfill its corporate social responsibility.

B8 社區投資

恒達控股在發展的同時,始終 銘記企業的社會責任。作為社 區負責任及積極的一份子,集 團全心全意貢獻社會,幫助弱 勢社群和有需要人士。

恒達控股與社會的不同團體合作,積極參與社區慈善工作。在報告期間內,恒達控股及選定的附屬公司合共捐款額總共約為529萬元人民幣。當中捐助團體包括但不限於:

- 魏都慈善總會
- 東城區慈善總會
- 建安區慈善總會
- 河南省慈善總會
- 長葛市慈善總會

環境、社會及管治報告

Since the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, Ever Reach has strictly complied with the specific requirements of the central government and government authorities at all levels regarding epidemic prevention and control. We proactively adopted relevant measures, formulated contingency plans, distributed epidemic prevention supplies, for we have made epidemic prevention and control our first priority. As a demonstration of our corporate social responsibility, Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries took practical actions and donated a total of RMB542,500 to fight against the epidemic.

To providing a helping hand to the post-disaster recovery efforts in the affected areas and to support the livelihoods of local people, Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries donated approximately RMB100 million to the flood relief project of Changge City Charity Federation, and also donated materials amounting to approximately RMB800,000 directly to Changge, Yanling, and other affected areas during the Reporting Period.

On the "99 Public Welfare Day", the Group mobilized all staff members, called on the staff of all departments, party members, and property owners to take active actions, and encouraged them to make donations. Ever Reach and its selected subsidiaries donated approximately RMB1.623 million in this event.

Tencent's "99 Public Welfare Day" is an annual public charity event jointly initiated by the Tencent Chartiy Foundation and thousands of other charity groups in China under the guidance of the Bureau of Internet Social Work of the Cyberspace Administration of China and the Social Welfare and Charity Promotion Department of the Ministry of Civil Affairs of the PRC. It aims to promote community-wide participation in pubic welfare events, instill a sense of civic responsibility in the society, help to eradicate poverty, improve people's livelihood, and improve education standards. The topic of this year's "99 Public Welfare Day" was "Charity Work for Zhengzhou, Fill the Green City with Love", which aimed to provide assistance to the post-disaster recovery and village revitalization efforts in Zhengzhou to create a beautiful rural area. Thus far, Ever Reach has made a fair share of contribution to the creation of a harmonious society by donating approximately RMB39.29 million to the community.

在《99公益日》活動火熱開展之際,集團發動全體員工,號員單位員工及各小區黨對主積極行動,選定自韓部、此次恒達控股及選定的改選定的計捐款約人民幣162.3 萬餘元。

騰網民由萬一推慈力益綠村目捐款網民由萬一推慈力益綠村目捐款配置的公室組基善民日城振前款配益網織金組公公會組基善民與助教《力是政大理聯共活,貧。州後鄉累已之一全意生的,與,約點會局下內起旨全,99愛和截社為獻中局下內起旨全,99愛和截社為獻中人人,數的在民助公滿鄉至會營。

The Board is pleased to present this corporate governance report in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

董事會欣然提呈本公司截至2021年12月 31日止年度年報內的本企業管治報告。

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Board is committed to achieving good corporate governance standards.

The Board believes that good corporate governance standards are essential in providing a framework for the Company to safeguard the interests of shareholders, enhance corporate value, formulate its business strategies and policies, and enhance its transparency and accountability.

The Company has devised its own code of corporate governance based on the principles and practices as set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "**CG Code**") contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules which are applicable to the Company.

The Board is of the view that throughout the year ended 31 December 2021, the Company has complied with all applicable code provisions.

MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2021.

The Company has also established written guidelines (the "Employees Written Guidelines") no less exacting than the Model Code for securities transactions by employees who are likely to be in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information of the Company. No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

企業管治常規

董事會致力於達致良好的企業管治標準。

董事會相信,良好的企業管治標準乃為本公司提供框架以保障股東權益、提升企業價值、制定公司業務策略及政策以及加強其透明度及問責度之關鍵。

本公司已根據上市規則附錄十四所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)載列的適用於本公司的原則及常規制訂其自身的企業管治守則。

董事會認為,於截至2021年12月31日止整個年度,本公司已遵守企業管治守則 所載的全部適用守則條文。

證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納標準守則。

經向全體董事作出具體查詢後,董事確認,彼等於截至2021年12月31日止整個年度一直遵守標準守則。

本公司亦就可能擁有本公司未公佈股價 敏感消息的僱員制訂有關僱員進行證券 交易的書面指引(「**僱員書面指引**」),其條 款不遜於標準守則。本公司概不知悉有 任何僱員不遵守僱員書面指引的情況。

Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Company is headed by an effective Board which oversees the Group's businesses, strategic decisions and performance and takes decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company.

The Board should regularly review the contribution required from a Director to perform his responsibilities to the Company, and whether the Director is spending sufficient time performing them.

Board Composition

The Board of the Company currently comprises the following Directors:

Executive Directors

Mr. Li Xiaobing (Chairman) Mr. Wang Zhenfeng

Ms. Qi Chunfeng Mr. Wang Quan

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Lee Kwok Lun Mr. Wei Jian

Mr. Fang Cheng

The biographical information of the Directors is set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 29 to 36 of this annual report.

None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are held by Mr. Li Xiaobing and Mr. Wang Zhenfeng respectively. The Chairman provides leadership and is responsible for the effective functioning and leadership of the Board. The Chief Executive Officer focuses on the Company's business development and daily management and operations generally.

董事會

本公司由高效的董事會領導。董事會監督本集團的業務、戰略決策及表現,並 客觀作出符合本公司最佳利益的決定。

董事會應定期檢討董事為履行其對本公司的責任而須作出的貢獻,以及董事是 否花費足夠時間履行責任。

董事會組成

本公司董事會目前由以下董事組成:

執行董事

李小冰先生(主席) 王振峰先生 齊春風女士 王權先生

獨立非執行董事

李國麟先生 魏劍先生 方征先生

董事的履歷資料載於截至本年報第29頁 至第36頁的「董事及高級管理人員之履歷」 一節。

董事會成員彼此之間概無關係。

主席及總裁

主席及總裁職位分別由李小冰先生及王振峰先生擔任。主席負責領導,並確保董事會的有效運作及領導。總裁一般專注於本公司的業務發展及日常管理與營運。

Independent Non-executive Directors

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three Independent Non-executive Directors representing one-third of the Board with one of whom possessing appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors in respect of his independence in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company is of the view that all Independent Non-executive Directors are independent.

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The independent non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term of 3 years, subject to renewal after the expiry of the then current term.

Under the Articles of Association of the Company, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not three of a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

Responsibilities of the Directors

The Board should assume responsibility for leadership and control of the Company; and is collectively responsible for directing and supervising the Company's affairs.

The Board directly, and indirectly through its committees, leads and provides direction to management by laying down strategies and overseeing their implementation, monitors the Group's operational and financial performance, and ensures that sound internal control and risk management systems are in place.

獨立非執行董事

截至2021年12月31日止年度,董事會一直符合上市規則有關委任至少三名獨立非執行董事(佔董事會三分之一人數)而其中一名獨立非執行董事須具備適當的專業資格或會計或相關財務管理專長的規定。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條所載的獨立性指引就其獨立性呈交的年度書面確認函。本公司認為所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

委任及重選董事

本公司獨立非執行董事以三年的指定任期委任,惟可於當時任期屆滿後重選。

根據本公司組織章程細則,當時三分之一董事(倘人數並非三或三的倍數,則為最接近但不低於三分之一的董事)須於每屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,惟每名董事須至少每三年輪值退任一次。退任董事可膺選連任。

董事的責任

董事會有責任領導及監控本公司,並共 同負責指導及監督本公司的事務。

董事會直接及間接透過其委員會帶領及 指導管理層(包括制定策略及監察管理 層推行策略)、監督本集團營運及財務表 現以及確保設有良好的內部監控和風險 管理制度。

All Directors, including independent non-executive Directors, have brought a wide spectrum of valuable business experience, knowledge and professionalism to the Board for its efficient and effective functioning.

The independent non-executive Directors are responsible for ensuring a high standard of regulatory reporting of the Company and providing a balance in the Board for bringing effective independent judgement on corporate actions and operations.

All Directors have full and timely access to all the information of the Company and may, upon request, seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses for discharging their duties to the Company.

The Directors shall disclose to the Company details of other offices held by them.

The Board reserves for its decision all major matters relating to policy matters, strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management, material transactions (in particular those that may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant operational matters of the Company. Responsibilities relating to implementing decisions of the Board, directing and coordinating the daily operation and management of the Company are delegated to the management.

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance coverage on Directors' and officers' liabilities in respect of any legal actions taken against Directors and senior management arising out of corporate activities.

全體董事(包括獨立非執行董事)所具備 廣泛而寶貴的業務經驗、知識及專業精 神,有助董事會有效及高效地履行其職 責。

獨立非執行董事負責確保本公司高標準的監管報告,並於董事會內提供制衡作用,以保障對企業行動及營運的有效獨立判斷。

所有董事可全權適時獲取本公司的所有 資料,並可於適當情況下應要求尋求獨 立的專業意見以履行彼等對本公司的職 責,而費用由本公司承擔。

董事須向本公司披露彼等擔任其他職務的詳情。

董事會保留其權力以對所有重要事宜作出決定,當中涉及政策事宜、策交別、內部監控及風險管理、重大交別、其可能涉及利益衝突者)、財務運事以及本公司其他重大營運事協力董事會的決策、指導及協權管理及管理的職責,則授權管理層處理。

本公司已就董事及高級管理層因企業活動而面臨任何法律訴訟,就董事及高級 人員所承擔的責任安排適當的保險保障。

Continuous Professional Development of Directors

Directors shall keep abreast of regulatory developments and changes in order to effectively perform their responsibilities and to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant.

Every newly appointed Director has received formal, comprehensive and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment to ensure appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and full awareness of Director's responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant statutory requirements.

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. Internally-facilitated briefings for Directors would be arranged and reading material on relevant topics would be provided to Directors where appropriate. All Directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, relevant reading materials including legal and regulatory update have been provided to the directors for their reference and studying.

董事的持續專業發展

董事應不斷留意監管規例的發展及變動, 從而有效地履行其職責,並確保彼等在 知情情況下對董事會作出切合需要的貢 獻。

每名新任董事於首次獲委任時均已獲提 供正式、全面及度身定制的就職培訓, 以確保彼等已適當地掌握本公司業務及 營運,並充分了解上市規則及有關法律 規定下須承擔的董事職責及責任。

董事應參與適當的持續專業發展以建立和更新自身的知識及技能。本公司將為董事安排內部簡報會,及在適當情況下向董事提供相關主題的閱讀材料。本公司鼓勵全體董事參與相關培訓課程,相關費用由本公司承擔。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,本公司向董事提供相關閱讀材料(包括有關法律及監管政策的最新資訊),供彼等參考及學習之用。

The record of continuous professional development relating to director's duties and regulatory and business development that have been received by the Directors for the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to date of this report are summarized as follows:

截至2021年12月31日止年度,董事已接 獲有關董事職責以及監管規例及業務發 展的持續專業發展的記錄,截至本報告 日期,概述如下:

Directors 董事		Type of Training ^{Note} 培訓類別 ^{附註}
Executive Directors	執行董事	
Mr. Li Xiaobing	李小冰先生	A/B
Mr. Wang Zhenfeng	王振峰先生	A/B
Ms. Qi Chunfeng	齊春風女士	A/B
Mr. Wang Quan	王權先生	A/B
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事	
Mr. Lee Kwok Lun	李國麟先生	A/B
Mr. Wei Jian	魏劍先生	A/B
Mr. Fang Cheng	方征先生	A/B
Notes	7/4 	

Note:

Types of Training

- A: Attending training sessions, including but not limited to, briefings, seminars, conferences and workshops
- B: Reading relevant news alerts, newspapers, journals, magazines and relevant publications

BOARD DIVERSITY POLICY

The Company recognises and embraces the importance and benefits to achieve diversity on the Board. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board has adopted a board diversity policy for the purpose of ensuring that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives necessary to enhance the effectiveness of the Board and to maintain high standards of corporate governance.

附註:

培訓類別

- A: 出席培訓,包括但不限於簡介會、研討會、會議及工作坊
- B: 閱讀有關新聞資訊、報章、期刊、雜誌 及有關刊物

董事會多元化政策

本公司認同及接受達致董事會多元化的 重要性及裨益。於截至2021年12月31日 止年度,董事會採納董事會多元化政策, 以確保董事會在所需技能、經驗以及觀 點的多元化方面達到適當的平衡,從而 提升董事會的有效運作並保持高標準的 企業管治水平。

The Nomination Committee of the Board has the primary responsibility for identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board based on various measurable objectives with reference to the Company's business model and specific needs, including but not limited to gender, age, race, language, cultural and educational background, industry and professional experiences. All nominations and appointments of the member of the Board will be made on merit basis taking into account the business of the Company needs from time to time.

The Nomination Committee will review the board diversity policy and the measurable objectives at least annually, and as appropriate, to ensure the continued effectiveness of the Board in support of the Company's strategic objectives and sustainable development.

NOMINATION POLICY

The Company has adopted nomination policy which sets out the objectives, selection in criteria and nomination procedures for identifying and recommending candidates for appointment or re-appointment of Directors in order to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Company and the continuity of the Board and appropriate leadership at Board level. During the year ended 31 December 2021, no candidate was nominated for directorship.

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established 4 committees, namely, the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee, Nomination Committee and Legal Compliance Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with specific written terms of reference which deal clearly with their authority and duties. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

董事會提名委員會主要負責以多項可計量目標為基準,並參考本公司的業務之司的業經經驗),物色適合的合資格候與大區等數域與委任將以用人唯才為原則,並不時數數域。

提名委員會將至少每年及在適當時候檢 討董事會多元化政策與可計量目標,以 確保董事會的有效運作,為本公司的戰 略目標及可持續發展提供支持。

提名政策

本公司已採納提名政策,該政策載列有關就委任或重新委任董事物色及推薦,數色及推薦人的目標、甄選標準及提觀點多元程,以確保董事會在技能、經驗及觀點事會過一個人。於截至2021年12月31日止年度,概任何候選人獲提名擔任董事。

董事委員會

董事會已成立4個委員會,即審核委員會、 薪酬委員會、提名委員會及法律合規。 員會,以監管本公司特定方面之事務。 員會,以監管本公司特定方面明特定事委員會均已訂明特定 面職權範圍,當中清晰列明其職權及 責。董事委員會的職權範圍刊登於本 司網站及聯交所網站,並可應要求供股 東查閱。

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee consists of the three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Fang Cheng, Mr. Lee Kwok Lun and Mr. Wei Jian. Mr. Lee Kwok Lun is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The main duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board in reviewing the financial information and reporting process, risk management and internal control systems, effectiveness of the internal audit function, scope of audit and appointment of external auditors, and arrangements to enable employees of the Company to raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters of the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee held three meetings to review the interim and annual financial results and reports and significant issues on the financial reporting, operational and compliance controls, the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems and internal audit function, appointment of external auditors and relevant scope of works and, connected transactions and arrangements for employees to raise concerns about possible improprieties.

The Audit Committee also met the external auditors three times without the presence of the Executive Directors.

Remuneration Committee

The Remuneration Committee consists of the three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Fang Cheng, Mr. Lee Kwok Lun and Mr. Wei Jian. Mr. Fang Cheng is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

審核委員會

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成, 分別為方征先生、李國麟先生及魏劍先 生。李國麟先生為審核委員會主席。

於截至2021年12月31日止年度,審核委員會舉行三次會議,以審閱中期及年度 財務業績及報告以及有關財務報告、營 運及合規控制、風險管理及內部監控 統以及內部審核功能成效的重大問題系 委聘外聘核數師及相關工作範圍,以及 關連交易及安排,使僱員對潛在不當行 為作出提問。

審核委員會亦在執行董事不在場的情況下與外聘核數師舉行三次會議。

薪酬委員會

薪酬委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成, 分別為方征先生、李國麟先生及魏劍先 生。方征先生為薪酬委員會主席。

The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code. The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management, the remuneration policy and structure for all Directors and senior management; and establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no Director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration.

The Remuneration Committee met once during the year to consider the relevant matters regarding the remuneration policy and the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management.

Details of the remuneration of the senior management by band are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Li Xiaobing, Executive Director, Mr. Fang Cheng and Mr. Lee Kwok Lun, independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Li Xiaobing is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are of no less exacting terms than those set out in the CG Code.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the Board composition, developing and formulating relevant procedures for the nomination and appointment of Directors, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of Directors, and assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

薪酬委員會於年內舉行了一次會議,以 考慮有關董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策 及薪酬組合的相關事宜。

按區間劃分的高級管理層薪酬詳情載於 截至2021年12月31日止年度綜合財務報 表附註29。

提名委員會

提名委員會由三名成員組成,分別為李小冰先生(執行董事)以及方征先生及李國麟先生(均為獨立非執行董事)。李小冰先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會的職權範圍要求不遜於企業 管治守則所規定的條款。

提名委員會的主要職責包括檢討董事會 的組成、發展及制定提名及委任董事的 相關程序、就董事的委任及繼任計劃向 董事會提呈推薦建議以及評估獨立非執 行董事的獨立性。

In assessing the Board composition, the Nomination Committee would take into account various aspects as well as factors concerning Board diversity as set out in the Company's Directors' nomination procedures, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional qualifications, skills, knowledge and industry and regional experience etc. The Nomination Committee would discuss and agree on measurable objectives for achieving diversity on the Board, where necessary, and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

In identifying and selecting suitable candidates for directorships, the Nomination Committee would consider the candidate's character, qualifications, experience, independence, time commitment and other relevant criteria necessary to complement the corporate strategy and achieve Board diversity, where appropriate, before making recommendation to the Board.

於物色及選擇合適的董事人選時,提名委員會在向董事會作出推薦前會考慮該人選的品格、資歷、經驗、獨立性、時間投放及其他有關可配合企業策略及達致董事會多元化(倘合滴)的必要條件。

The Nomination Committee met once during the year to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors, and to consider the qualifications of the retiring directors standing for election at the Annual General Meeting. The Nomination Committee considered an appropriate balance of diversity perspectives of the Board is maintained.

提名委員會在年內舉行了一次會議,以 審查董事會的架構、規模及組成以及獨 立非執行董事的獨立性,並審查了退任 董事於股東週年大會上競選的資格。提 名委員會認為,董事會維持了觀點多元 化的適當平衡。

Legal Compliance Committee

法律合規委員會

The Legal Compliance Committee consists of three members, namely Mr. Wang Zhenfeng, Executive Director, Mr. Fang Cheng and Mr. Lee Kwok Lun, independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Fang Cheng is the chairman of the Legal Compliance Committee.

法律合規委員會由三名成員組成,分別 為王振峰先生(執行董事)、方征先生及 李國麟先生(均為獨立非執行董事)。方 征先生為法律合規委員會主席。

The principal duties of the Legal Compliance Committee include monitoring, identifying, reviewing and assessing the key compliance issues in relation to or arisen in the course of the Group's business operations such as, among other aspects, usage of all acquired parcels of land as well as construction process and sales arrangements regarding property development projects; and conducting regular review on the compliance matters identified by the committee itself, senior management members of the Group and/or other relevant parties.

法律合規委員會的主要職責包括監督、 識別、檢討及評估有關在本集團業務 運過程中就(其中包括)所購入地塊用 以及建築程序及有關物業開發項目的 售安排所產生的主要合規事宜;及層 檢討委員會自身、本集團高級管理層成 員及/或其他相關方識別的合規事宜。

The Legal Compliance Committee held twelve meetings during the year to monitor, identify, review and assess the key compliance issues related to various aspects of the Group's operations.

法律合規委員會在年內召開十二次會議 以監察、識別、檢討及評估與本集團業 務營運各方面有關的主要合規事宜。

Corporate Governance Functions

The functions set out in the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code are performed by the Audit Committee.

During the year, the Audit Committee met three to review the Company's corporate governance policies and practices, training and continuous professional development of directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, the compliance of the Model Code and Written Employee Guidelines, and the Company's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in this corporate governance report.

ATTENDANCE RECORDS OF DIRECTORS

The attendance record of each director at the Board and Board Committee meetings and the general meetings of the Company held during the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out in the table below:

企業管治職能

審核委員會履行企業管治守則守則條文 A.2.1所載的職能。

於年內,審核委員會舉行三次會議,以檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常規、董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展、本公司在遵守法律法規規定方面指引引及常規、對標準守則及僱員書面指引的遵守情況、本公司對企業管治守則的遵守情況以及於本企業管治報告所作的披露。

董事的出席記錄

下表載列各董事於截至2021年12月31日 止年度舉行的本公司董事會及董事委員 會會議以及股東大會的出席記錄:

Attendance/Number of Meetings 出席/舉行會議次數

						Legal	
			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	Compliance	Annual General
Name of Director		Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting
董事姓名		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	法律合規委員會	股東週年大會
Mr. Li Xiaobing	李小冰先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Wang Zhenfeng	王振峰先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	12/12	1/1
Ms. Qi Chunfeng	齊春風女士	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Wang Quan	王權先生	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	1/1
Mr. Lee Kwok Lun	李國麟先生	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1	12/12	0/1
Mr. Wei Jian	魏劍先生	4/4	3/3	1/1	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用	0/1
Mr. Fang Cheng	方征先生	4/4	3/3	1/1	1/1	12/12	1/1

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for the risk management and internal control systems and reviewing their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board has the overall responsibility for evaluating and determining the nature and extent of the risks that it is willing to take in achieving the Company's strategic objectives, and establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Company has developed and adopted various risk management procedures and guidelines with defined authority for implementation by key business processes and office functions, including project management, sales and leasing, financial reporting, human resources and information technology.

The Company's risk management and internal control systems have been developed with the following principles, features and processes and are reviewed by the Board on annual basis:

• the Board is responsible for and has general oversight of the management and conduct of the business of the Group, and is in charge of the overall risk control of the Group. Any significant business decision involving material risks are reviewed, analysed and approved at the Board level to ensure a thorough examination of the associated risks at the highest corporate governance body.

風險管理及內部監控

董事會確認其對風險管理及內部監控制度以及檢討其是否有效負責。相關制度旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風險,且僅可就重大失實陳述或虧損作出合理而非絕對的保證。

董事會全面負責評估及釐定達成本公司 策略目標所願意承擔的風險性質及程度, 建立並維護適當而有效的風險管理及內 部監控制度。

審核委員會協助董事會帶領管理層及監 管彼等對風險管理及內部監控制度的設 計、實施及監察。

本公司已制定並採納多個風險管理程序 及指引,就該等程序及指引授予主要業 務程序及辦公職能單位(包括項目管理、 銷售及租賃、財務報告、人力資源及信 息技術)並界定及實施其權限。

本公司風險管理及內部監控制度乃遵循 以下原則、特點及流程制訂,且董事會 每年進行檢討:

 董事會負責管理及開展本集團業務 且對此進行全面監督,並負責本集 團的整體風險控制。任何涉及重大 風險的重要業務決策在董事會層面 進行檢討、分析及批准,以確保最 高企業管治機構對相關風險作出全 面檢查。

- the Board and senior management are in charge of overall business operations and risk monitoring of the Group, and are responsible for the supervision of the respective fields of operations as well as the supervision and approval of any material business decisions of the Group's project companies. Procedures and policies are established setting out clear reporting lines and responsibilities with a view to facilitating efficient communications among the Board, regional headquarters and the project companies. A standardized property development process that governs each step of the property development activities was also developed.

董事會及高級管理層負責本集團的

- the Audit Committee is responsible for, among others, maintaining a satisfactory control environment and an effective system of internal control (including any arrangements for internal audit) and to review the Group's financial information, by monitoring the integrity of the Group's financial statements and annual report and accounts and half-year report and to review significant financial reporting judgements contained in them.
- 審核委員會負責(其中包括)維持令 人滿意的監控環境及有效的內部監 控制度(包括內部審核的任何安排), 並透過監察本集團財務報表及年度 報告和賬目及半年度報告的完整性, 審閱本集團的財務資料,以及審閱 當中所載有關財務申報的重大判斷。
- the Group's city and site selection decisions are made by the Board. The project management department at Henan regional headquarters is in charge of formulating feasibility studies for development plans and investment strategies, which takes into account and involves the participation of other departments, including the finance department, engineering management department and costs control department.
- 本集團的城市及地盤甄選決定由董事會作出。於河南省區域總部的項目管理部與其他部門(包括財務部、工程管理部及成本控制部)攜手負責制定開發計劃及投資策略的可行性研究。
- for certain operational and market risks, control measures are adopted at an operational level. For example, major construction risks are minimised by reviewing background information on general construction contractors before their appointment and imposing strict contractual requirements, while adhering to regular quality control measures overseen by the Group and third-party construction supervision companies.
- 就若干營運及市場風險而言,我們在營運層面採取控制措施。例如,我們透過在委任建築總承包商前對其背景資料進行審閱並施加嚴格的合同規定,同時堅持執行由本集團及第三方建築監理公司監督的定期質量控制措施來盡量降低主要施工風險。

- the Company has adopted various internal policies and procedures for individual employees in respect of different aspects of the property development process based on the operational needs. The Company also provides both inhouse and external training to the employees in order to enhance their industry knowledge to manage the operational risks.
- the Company has established anti-fraud and corruption policy and whistle blowing policy. The policies have listed out the guideline, activities considered as fraud and corruption and whistle blowing mechanism for internal staff. The reporting channel is posted on the Company's website for external parties' reporting. The complaints or report can be filed through postage or email.
- the Company has also established the policies of financial reporting and month end financial closing which list out the quideline on preparing the monthly financial pack, the duties of different departments, and the procedures of reviewing and submission of the financial related documents. The policies also listed out the segregation of duties of the financial record preparation within the finance department, reporting channel within the Group and the monthly financial closing and monitoring procedures. The finance department of the subsidiaries is responsible for preparing the financial record on a day-to-day basis and perform monthly financial closing based on the monthly financial closing checklist. The monthly financial pack including the financial statements, cash flow forecast and the key supporting schedule are reviewed by the finance manager of each subsidiary before submitting to the Group's finance department for final review. The Group's finance department further reviews and approves the financial pack received from the subsidiaries before submission to the Executive Directors for review. The Board would further discuss the financial performance on a monthly basis.

- 本公司已根據營運需求,就房地產開發流程的不同方面對個別僱員採取不同的內部政策及程序。本公司亦為僱員提供內部及外部培訓,以增進其行業知識,從而管理營運風險。
- 本公司制定了反欺詐及反腐敗政策和舉報政策。該等政策為內部員工列明相關指引、被視作欺詐及腐敗的活動及舉報機制。本公司網站開通了舉報渠道以接獲外部舉報。投訴或舉報可通過郵寄或發送電子郵件提交。
- 本公司亦制定了有關財務申報及月 末財務結算的政策。該等政策列出 了編製每月財務報告的指引、不同 部門的職責、審閱及提交財務相關 文件的流程。該等政策亦列出財務 部門內財務記錄編製的職責劃分、 本集團內的呈報渠道以及每月財務 結算及監管程序。附屬公司的財務 部門負責每日編製財務記錄,並根 據每月財務結算核對清單進行每月 財務結算。每月財務報告包括財務 報表、現金流量預測及關鍵配套時 間表,將由各附屬公司的財務經理 審閱後提交予本集團財務部門進行 最終審閱。本集團的財務部門進一 步審批附屬公司提交的財務報告, 然後提交予執行董事供其審閱。董 事會每月進一步討論財務表現。

The Company has engaged independent consultant to perform the internal audit function for the Group. The independent consultant has conducted its internal audit review activities according to the internal audit plan during the year. The Board, as supported by the Audit Committee, the independent consultant as well as the management report, reviewed the risk management and internal control systems, including the financial, operational and compliance controls, for the year ended 31 December 2021, and considered that such systems are effective and adequate.

本公司已委聘獨立顧問履行本集團之內內部審核職能。年內,獨立顧問不主題,獨立顧問之顧問。 部審核計劃進行內部審核檢討。董報主任審核委員會、獨立顧問及管理國內部層,審閱截至2021年12月31日止年度的風險管理及內部監控制度,並認為該等制度屬有效及充分。

The Company has developed its disclosure policy which provides a general guide to the Company's Directors, officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. 本公司已制訂披露政策,為本公司董事、 高級職員、高級管理層及相關僱員處理 機密資料、監督資料披露及回應查詢提 供全面指引。

Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorised access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited.

本公司已實施監控程序,確保嚴禁未經 授權獲得及使用內幕消息。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

董事有關財務報表的責任

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021.

董事確認編製本公司截至2021年12月31 日止年度財務報表的責任。

The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

董事並不知悉任何對本公司持續經營能 力可能引起重大疑慮的重大不確定事件 或情況。

The statement of the independent auditor of the Company about their responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the independent auditor's report on pages 119 to 130. 本公司獨立核數師關於其對財務報表的 責任聲明載於獨立核數師報告第119頁至 第130頁。

AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

核數師酬金

The remuneration paid to the Company's external auditor of the Company, Messrs. PricewaterhouseCoopers, in respect of audit services for the year ended 31 December 2021 amounted to RMB2,280,000.

本公司向其外聘核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所就其截至2021年12月31日止年度提供的審核服務支付的酬金為人民幣2.28百萬元。

COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary of the Company is Mr. Leung Kam Fai Anthony, who is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affair. During the year ended 31 December 2021, he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training in accordance with rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, separate resolution should be proposed for each substantially separate issue at general meetings, including the election of individual Director. All resolutions put forward at general meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and of the Stock Exchange after each general meeting.

Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting

Extraordinary general meetings may be convened on requisition of one or more shareholders holding, at the date of requisition, not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition should be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting should be held within 2 months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit, the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself/herself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings

There is no provision allowing shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Acts or the Articles of Association of the Company. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting following the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

公司秘書

梁錦暉先生為本公司的公司秘書,彼為本公司僱員且了解本公司的日常事務。 於截至2021年12月31日止年度,彼根據 上市規則第3.29條參加不少於15小時的 相關專業培訓。

股東權利

為保障股東權益及權利,須就各重大個別事宜以獨立決議案形式於股東大會上提呈(包括選舉個別董事)。在股東大大皇是是的所有決議案將根據上市規則以投票方式表決,且表決結果須在各股東大會後於本公司網站及聯交所網站上公佈。

召開股東特別大會

於股東大會上提呈建議

開曼群島公司法或本公司組織章程細則 並無有關允許股東於股東大會上動議新 決議案的規定。股東如欲動議決議案, 可根據上段所述程序要求本公司召開股 東大會。

Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company. The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

Contact Details

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: Room 1409, Floor 14, Leighton Centre, 77 Leighton

Road, Causeway Bay, Hong Kong

(For the attention of the Board of Directors/

Company Secretary)

Email: enquiry@everreachgrp.com

For the avoidance of doubt, shareholder(s) must deposit and send the original duly signed written requisition, notice or statement, or enquiry (as the case may be) to the above address and provide their full name, contact details and identification in order to give effect thereto. Shareholders' information may be disclosed as required by law.

COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS/INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company considers that effective communication with shareholders is essential for enhancing investor relations and investor understanding of the Group's business performance and strategies. For this purpose, the Company has set up a website (www.everreachgroup.com), where relevant latest information, the up-to-date state of the Company's business operation and development, the Company's financial information and corporate governance practices and other data are available to the public.

The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings and other general meetings. At the annual general meeting, directors (or their delegates as appropriate) are available to meet shareholders and answer their enquiries.

向董事會提出查詢

股東如欲向董事會提出任何查詢,可向 本公司發送書面查詢。本公司一般不會 處理口頭或匿名查詢。

聯絡詳情

股東可按下文所述方式發送其查詢或上 述要求:

地址: 香港銅鑼灣禮頓道77號禮頓中

心14樓1409室

(收件人為董事會/公司秘書)

電郵: enquiry@everreachgrp.com

為免生疑問,股東必須遞交及發出正式 簽署的書面要求、通告或聲明或查詢(視 情況而定)的正本至上述地址,並提供 其全名、聯絡方式以及身份,以便本公 司回覆。股東資料可能根據法律規定而 予以披露。

與股東及投資者溝通/投資者關係

本公司相信,與股東有效溝通對促進投資者關係及投資者對本集團業務表現及策略之了解非常重要。因此,本公司已設立網站(www.everreachgroup.com)。網站內載有最新信息、有關本公司業務營運及發展的最新情況、本公司的財務資料、企業管治常規及其他資料,以供公眾查閱。

本公司盡力保持與股東之間的對話,尤 其是透過股東週年大會及其他股東大會。 於股東週年大會上,董事(或其代表(如 適用))將與股東會面並回答彼等的查詢。

During the year under review, the Company has not made any changes to its Articles of Association. An up to date version of the Company's Articles of Association is also available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

Policies relating to Shareholders

The Company has in place a shareholders' communication policy to ensure that shareholders' views and concerns are appropriately addressed. The policy is regularly reviewed to ensure its effectiveness.

The Company has adopted a policy on payment of dividends pursuant to code provision F.1.1 of the CG Code which sets out the factors in consideration of the payment of dividend. The Board endeavours to maintain a balance between meeting shareholders' expectations and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy and will continually review the same and make modification when appropriate.

於回顧年度內,本公司並無對其組織章 程細則進行任何修訂。本公司組織章程 細則的最新版本亦可於本公司網站及聯 交所網站查閱。

有關股東的政策

本公司實行股東通訊政策以確保股東的 意見及關注得到適當處理。該政策會受 定期審閱以確保其有效性。

本公司已根據企業管治守則守則條文F.1.1 採納股息派付政策,當中載有派付股息所考慮的因素。董事會致力通過可持續的股息政策在符合股東期望與謹慎管理資本之間保持平衡,並將持續審閱股息政策及於適當時作出修訂。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

To the Shareholders of Ever Reach Group (Holdings) Company Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of Ever Reach Group (Holdings) Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which are set out on pages 131 to 293, comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021;
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

致恒達集團(控股)有限公司 全體股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的項目

恒達集團(控股)有限公司(「貴公司」,連同其附屬公司統稱「貴集團」)載於第131至293頁的綜合財務報表,其包括:

- 於2021年12月31日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 於截至該日止年度的綜合損益表;
- 於截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 於截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 於截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表;及
- 綜合財務報表附註,其包括主大會 計政策及其他解釋資料。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於2021年12月31日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港公司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見的基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 審計準則(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。 我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報 告「核數師就審核綜合財務報表所承擔 的責任」部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的專業會計師 道德守則(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集 團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責 任。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters identified in our audit are summarised as follows:

- 1 Recognition of revenue from sales of properties; and
- Assessment of net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties held for sale.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理的,且我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項概述 如下:

- 1 確認物業銷售所得收入;及
- 2 評估開發中物業及持作出售竣工物 業的可變現淨值。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter¹ 關鍵審計事項1

Recognition of revenue from sales of properties 確認物業銷售所得收入

Refer to Note 4 'Critical accounting estimates and process in identifying sales contracts with or judgements' and Note 24 'Revenue' to the consolidated without enforceable right to payment, and reading financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附許4「重要會計估計及判斷」及附 註24 [收入]。

Revenue from sales of properties is recognised over 序包括了解管理層識別銷售合同有無強制執行權 time when the Group's performance under a sales 收取款項的程序,以及閱讀銷售合同的關鍵條款(按 contract does not create an asset with an alternative use 抽樣基準)以根據合同條款評估是否存在收取款項 to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to 的強制執行權。 payment for performance completed to date; otherwise, the revenue is recognised at a point in time when the buyer obtains control of the completed property. For the year ended 31 December 2021, revenue of the Group from sales of properties was RMB2,753.4 million, which was recognised at a point in time.

物業銷售所得收入於 貴集團於銷售合同項下的履約 未創建對 貴集團具有替代作用的資產,而 貴集團有 強制執行權收取至今履約部分的款項時隨時間確認; 否則收入在買家取得竣工物業控制權的某一時點確認。 截至2021年12月31日止年度, 貴集團物業銷售所得收 入為人民幣2,753,400,000元,全部均於某一時點確認。

We focus on revenue from sales of properties recognised at a point in time because of the significant volume of transactions which requires significant audit time and effort. The Group recognises revenue when effective control of ownership is transferred to the buyers, which is dependent on the contractual arrangements for the sale and the laws and regulations in the relevant jurisdiction.

由於巨大交易量需要大量審計時間及工作,我們側重 於某一時間點確認的物業銷售收入。 貴集團在所有 權的實際控制權轉移至買家時確認收入,這取決於銷 售的合同安排及相關司法權區的法律法規。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to identifying sales contracts which are subject to revenue recognised over time include understanding management's the key terms of sales contracts, on a sample basis, to assess the presence of enforceable right to payment based on the contract terms.

我們有關識別須隨時間確認收入的銷售合同的程

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter¹ 關鍵審計事項1

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Recognition of revenue from sales of properties Our procedures in relation to revenue from sale of (Continued)

確認物業銷售所得收入(續)

properties recognised at a point in time include: 我們有關於某一時點確認物業銷售收入的程序包括:

- Understood, evaluated and tested the key internal controls over the recognition of revenue from sale of properties at a point in time.
- 了解、評估及測試有關於某一時點確認物業 銷售所得收入方面的關鍵內部控制。
- Selected sales transactions of properties recognised at a point in time, on a sample basis, and performed the following procedures:
- 選取於某一時點確認的物業銷售交易(按抽樣 基準),並展開下列程序:
 - Read the signed sales and purchase agreements to evaluate contractual arrangements relating to effective transfer of control.
 - 閱讀已簽署的買賣協議以評估有關有效 控制權轉移的合同安排。
 - Checked the transfer of effective control of ownership to relevant documents, including completion certificates, occupation permits or customer acceptance.
 - 檢查所有權的實際控制權轉移的相關文 件(包括竣工證書、居住許可證或客戶驗 收單)。
 - Agreed the sales amount of transactions to the amount set out in the signed sales and purchase agreements and bank statements.
 - 認為交易的銷售金額與已簽署買賣協議 所載金額及銀行對賬單一致。

Based on our audit procedures, we found that transactions tested were supportable by the evidence we obtained.

根據我們的審計程序,我們發現所測試的交易可 以通過我們獲得的證據的支持。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter² 關鍵審計事項2

Assessment of net realisable value of properties Our procedures in relation to management's NRV under development and completed properties held assessment on PUD and PHS include: for sale

評估開發中物業及持作出售竣工物業的可變現淨值

Refer to Note 4 'Critical accounting estimates and • judgements' and Note 11 'Properties held or under development for sale' to the consolidated financial statements.

請參閱綜合財務報表附註4「重要會計估計及判斷」及附 註11「持作出售或開發中待售物業」。

The properties under development ("PUD") and • completed properties held for sale ("PHS") of the Group amounted to RMB7,373.4 million and RMB1,541.8 million respectively as at 31 December 2021, which are significant to the Group's total assets. The carrying amounts of PUD and PHS are stated at the lower of • cost and net realisable value ("NRV").

於2021年12月31日, 貴集團開發中物業(「開發中物業」) 及持作出售竣工物業(「持作出售竣工物業」)的金額分別 為人民幣7,373,400,000元及人民幣1,541,800,000元, 佔 貴集團總資產的大部分。開發中物業及持作出售 竣工物業的賬面價值以成本及可變現淨值(「可變現淨值」) 中的較低者計量。

Determination of NRV of PUD and PHS involved critical • accounting estimates on the selling price, variable selling expenses and, for PUD, the estimated costs • to completion. Given the significant balance of PUD and PHS and the involvement of critical accounting estimates, the assessment of NRV of these properties is considered a key audit matter.

釐定開發中物業及持作出售竣工物業的可變現淨值涉 及包括對銷售價格、可變銷售費用,以及開發中物業 的估計竣工成本作出的重大會計估計。鑒於開發中物 業及持作出售竣工物業的餘額重大,及涉及重大會計 估計,我們認為評估該等物業的可變現淨值是一項關 鍵審計事項。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們有關管理層對開發中物業及持作出售竣工物 業的可變現淨值的評估的程序包括:

- Obtained an understanding of the management's internal control and assessment process of the NRV assessment on PUD and PHS, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and subjectivity.
- 了解管理層對開發中物業及持作出售竣工物 業的可變現淨值的評估的內部控制及評估程序, 以及透過考慮估計不確定性及主觀性的程度, 評估出現錯誤陳述的固有風險。
- Obtained the management's calculation schedules on provision for PUD and PHS, and tested the completeness of development projects and the mathematical accuracy of the
- 獲得管理層對開發中物業及持作出售竣工物 業計提撥備的計算表,並測試開發項目的完 工程度及計算表的準確性。
- Tested management's key estimates, on a sample basis, for:
- 測試管理層的關鍵估計(按抽樣基準),用於:
 - Selling price which is estimated based on the prevailing market conditions and ageing profile of PHS. We compared the estimated selling price to recently transacted prices by making reference to the Group's selling price in the same or similar projects or the prevailing market price of comparable properties with similar type, size and location.
 - 基於現行市況及持作出售竣工物業的賬 齡概況估計銷售價格。我們將估計銷 售價格與近期交易價格進行比較,並參 考 貴集團相同或類似項目的售價,或類 似類型、規模及位置的可比物業的現行 市場價格。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (CONTINUED)

關鍵審計事項(續)

Key Audit Matter² 關鍵審計事項²

Assessment of net realisable value of properties under development and completed properties held for sale (Continued)

評估開發中物業及持作出售竣工物業的可變現淨值(續)

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

- b) Variable selling expenses which are estimated based on certain percentage of selling price. We compared this estimated percentage with the actual average selling expenses to revenue ratio of the Group in recent years.
- b) 可變銷售費用以其佔銷售價格的一定比率來進行估計。我們將該估計 比率與 貴集團近年來的實際平均 銷售費用佔收入的比率進行比較。
- c) Estimated costs to completion for PUD. We compared the estimated costs to completion to the budget approved by management and examined the construction contracts or compared the anticipated completion costs to the actual costs of similar type of completed properties of the Group.
- c) 開發中物業的估計竣工成本。我們 將估計竣工成本和管理層批准的預 算進行比對,並檢查建築合同,或 將預計竣工成本與 貴集團同類型 已竣工物業的實際成本進行比較。
- Compared the NRV assessment and provision for impairment provided in prior years, on a sample basis, with the subsequent actual written-off and investigated if any significant variance exists, to assess, historical estimation accuracy for NRV assessment and impairment made by management.
- 將可變現淨值評估及往年計提的減值撥備(按抽樣基準)與隨後進行實際撇銷比較,並對存在的任何重大差異進行調查,以評估管理層所作可變現淨值評估及減值撥備的過往估計的準確性。

Based on our audit procedure, we found the key estimates used in the assessment of NRV of PUD and PHS were supportable by the evidence we obtained.

根據我們的審計程序,我們發現用於評估開發中物業及持作出售竣工物業的可變現淨值的關鍵估計可以通過我們獲得的證據的支持。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the Company's 2021 Annual Report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

其他資料

貴公司董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括 貴公司2021年年報所載的全部資料(但不包括綜合財務報表及我們就此出具的核數師報告)。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其 他資料,我們不會對該等其他資料發表 任何形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們 的責任是閱讀其他資料,並在此過程中, 考慮其他資料是否與綜合財務報表或我 們在審計過程中所了解的情況存在重大 抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們所執行的工作,如果我們認為 其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。我們在這方面沒有任何需 要報告。

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條 例的披露規定編製真實而中肯的綜合財 務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表 的編製不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的 重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THE AUDIT COMMITTEE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及審核委員會就綜合財務報表 須承擔的責任(續)

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

審核委員會須負責監督 貴集團的財務 報告過程。

核數師就審核綜合財務報表所承擔 的責任

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表所承擔 的責任(*續*)

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中, 我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑 態度。我們亦:

- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以 設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表 意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性 及作出會計估計和相關披露的合理 性。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
 of the consolidated financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
 statements represent the underlying transactions and events
 in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表所承擔 的責任(*續*)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合 財務報表是否中肯反映有關交易和 事項。
- 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲取充足、適當的審計憑證, 以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

我們與審核委員會滿通了(其中包括)計劃的審計範圍、時間安排及重大審計發現等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大缺陷。

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

We also provide the audit committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Leung Kwok Wai, Jimmy.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表所承擔 的責任(續)

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,為減低威脅而採取的行動或所應用的防範措施。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥 人是梁國威。

PricewaterhouseCoopers

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 30 March 2022

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,2022年3月30日

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 於12月31日

)\(\(\frac{12}{10}\)\(\frac{1}			
			2021	2020	
			2021年	2020年	
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
ASSETS	資產				
Non-current assets	非流動資產				
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	41,978	45,768	
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	6(b)	19,721	22,852	
Investment properties	投資物業	8	124,680	94,050	
Intangible assets	無形資產	7	14,553	_	
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	23	158,248	142,138	
An investment accounted for using			·	,	
the equity method	3, , , , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	9	_	20,042	
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		359,180	324,850	
	₩ # # W #				
Current assets	流動資產				
Prepayments for leasehold land	租賃土地預付款項	10	80,490	192,758	
Properties held or under	持作出售或開發中待售				
development for sale	物業	11	8,915,148	6,961,071	
Trade and other receivables and	貿易及其他應收款項和預				
prepayments	付款項	12	399,757	275,865	
Prepaid income taxes	預付所得税		104,697	74,615	
Contract assets	合同資產		6,234	5,769	
Financial assets at fair value	按公平值透過損益入賬的				
through profit or loss	金融資產	13	6,155	133	
Restricted cash	受限制現金	14(b)	146,836	119,002	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	14(a)	281,489	554,504	
Total current assets	流動資產總值		9,940,806	8,183,717	
Total dariont addots	//0 为 只 庄 /心 旧		0,040,000	0,100,111	
Total assets	總資產		10,299,986	8,508,567	

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 於12月31日

			30.11	
			2021	2020
			2021年	2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	ldle 57			
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	15	10,645	10,645
Share premium	股份溢價	15	299,188	299,188
Retained earnings	保留盈利	16	1,252,647	1,022,188
Other reserves	其他儲備	17	184,392	167,938
Equity attributable to owners of the	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
Company			1,746,872	1,499,959
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	40	98,588	30,131
	71 12 10 (12 20			
Total equity	總權益		1,845,460	1,530,090
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	18	156,200	29,000
Other long-term borrowings	其他長期借款	20	248,000	212,377
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	23	18,877	16,699
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6(b)	16,191	18,336
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總額		439,268	276,412

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	18	107,800	110,000
Other current borrowings	其他即期借款	19	56,580	64,640
Current portion of other long-term	其他長期借款的即期部分			
borrowings		20	124,377	136,000
Contract liabilities	合同負債	21	5,212,558	3,877,453
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	22	2,064,502	2,081,117
Current income tax liabilities	即期所得税負債		444,724	426,729
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6(b)	4,717	6,126
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額		8,015,258	6,702,065
Total liabilities	總負債		8,454,526	6,978,477
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		10,299,986	8,508,567

The consolidated financial statements on page 131 to 293 were approved by the board of directors on 30 March 2022 and the consolidated statement of financial position was signed on its behalf by:

第131至293頁的綜合財務報表已於2022 年3月30日經本公司董事會批准,且綜合 財務狀況表由下列人士代其簽署:

Li Xiaobing 李小冰 Director 董事

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. Wang Zhenfeng 王振峰 *Director* 董事

上述綜合財務狀況表應與隨附綜合財務 報表附註一併閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss

綜合損益表

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		赵工12/101日五1		
			2021	2020
			2021年	2020年
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		PIJ AI	人民市「九	八八市「九
Revenue	收入	24	2,767,678	2,422,051
Cost of sales	銷售成本	26	(1,916,191)	(1,643,090)
	到 口 /50 千		(1,010,101)	(1,010,000)
Gross profit	毛利		851,487	778,961
Fair value gains/(losses) on	投資物業的公平值			
investment properties	收益/(虧損)	8	8,050	(3,811)
Selling and marketing expenses	銷售及市場推廣開支	26	(139,620)	(101,981)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	26	(162,207)	(132,132)
Net impairment losses on financial	金融資產減值虧損淨額		(,,	(:,:,
assets		26	(2,100)	(694)
Other income	其他收入		4,092	1,096
Other losses - net	其他虧損 — 淨額	25	(20,052)	(20,627)
Operating profit	經營利潤		539,650	520,812
Finance income	財務收入	27	1,566	1,414
Finance costs	財務成本	27 27		
Finance costs	別		(1,237)	(10,876)
Finance income /(costs) - net	財務收入/(成本) - 淨額	Ĭ	329	(9,462)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前利潤		539,979	511,350
Income tax expense	所得税開支	30	(236,810)	(228,759)
Due fit for the year	在 引 利 測		000.400	000 501
Profit for the year	年內利潤		303,169	282,591

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	下 列各方應佔 : 本公司擁有人 非控股權益		306,913 (3,744)	284,011 (1,420)
			303,169	282,591
Earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company (expressed in RMB)	本公司擁有人應佔每股盈利 (以人民幣表示)			
 Basic and diluted earnings per share 	- 每股基本及攤薄盈利	31	0.26	0.24

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

上述綜合損益表應與隨附綜合財務報表 附註一併閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		EV = .=/10	10. H II 1 /2	
		2021	2020	
		2021年	2020年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Profit for the year	年內利潤	303,169	282,591	
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收入	_	_	
Total comprehensive income for the year,	年內全面收入總額(扣除税項)			
net of tax		303,169	282,591	
Attributable to:	下列各方應佔:			
Owners of the Company	本公司擁有人	306,913	284,011	
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(3,744)	(1,420)	
		303,169	282,591	

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

上述綜合全面收益表應與隨附綜合財務報表附註一併閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Attributable to	owners	of the	Company
*^	司協士	↓ 座 /ト	

			本公司擁有人應佔						
			Share	Share	Retained	Other		Non- controlling	Tota
			capital	premium	earnings	reserves	Sub-total	interests	equity
		Notes	股本 <i>RMB'000</i>	股份溢價 <i>RMB'000</i>	保留盈利 RMB'000	其他儲備 RMB'000	小計 <i>RMB'000</i>	非控股權益 RMB'000	總權益 <i>RMB'000</i>
		W註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日		10,645	299,188	752,291	153,824	1,215,948	17,551	1,233,499
Comprehensive income	全面收入								
Profit for the year	年內利潤		_	_	284,011	_	284,011	(1,420)	282,591
Transactions with owners	與擁有人的交易								
Appropriation to statutory reserves	轉撥至法定儲備	17		_	(14,114)	14,114	_		
Capital contributions from non-controlling shareholders	非控股股東注資		_	_	_	_	_	14,000	14,000
Total transactions with owners	擁有人交易總額		_	_	(14,114)	14,114	_	14,000	14,000
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日		10,645	299,188	1,022,188	167,938	1,499,959	30,131	1,530,090

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

Attributable to owners of the Company
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			本公司擁有人應佔				_		
								Non-	
			Share	Share	Retained	Other		controlling	Total
			capital	premium	earnings	reserves	Sub-total	interests	equity
			股本	股份溢價	保留盈利	其他儲備	小計	非控股權益	總權益
		Notes	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 4 January 0004	₩0004/54 84 8		40.045	000 400	4 000 400	407.000	4 400 050	00.404	4 500 000
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日		10,645	299,188	1,022,188	167,938	1,499,959	30,131	1,530,090
Comprehensive income	全面收入								
Profit for the year	年內利潤		-	-	306,913	-	306,913	(3,744)	303,169
Transactions with owners	與擁有人的交易								
2021 final dividend	2021年末期股息		-	-	(60,000)	-	(60,000)	_	(60,000)
Appropriation to statutory reserves	轉撥至法定儲備	17	-	-	(16,454)	16,454	-	-	-
Acquisition of subsidiary	收購附屬公司	36	-	-	-	-	-	72,151	72,151
Capital contributions from non-controlling	非控股股東注資								
shareholders			-					50	50
Total transactions with owners	擁有人交易總額		-	_	(76,454)	16,454	(60,000)	72,201	12,201
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日		10,645	299,188	1,252,647	184,392	1,746,872	98,588	1,845,460

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements. 上述綜合權益變動表應與隨附綜合財務 報表附註一併閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		截至12月31日止年度	
		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
	~************************		
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量		
Net cash generated from operations	營運產生現金淨額	455.000	1 100 100
(Note 33(a))	(附註33(a))	155,239	1,180,463
Interest paid	已付利息	(63,059)	(47,865)
PRC income tax paid	已付中國所得稅	(185,270)	(155,786)
PRC land appreciation tax paid	已付中國土地增值税	(77,559)	(79,226)
Net cash (used in)/generated from	經營活動(所用)/產生現金		
operating activities	淨額	(170,649)	897,586
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流量		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購置物業、廠房及設備	(5,362)	(12,494)
Increase in investment properties	投資物業增加	_	(1,161)
Purchase of financial assets at fair value	購買按公平值透過損益入賬		
through profit or loss	的金融資產	(6,000)	_
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備所得		
equipment (Note 33(b))	款項(附註33(b))	81	17
Temporary funding provided to third parties	向第三方提供臨時資金	(631,500)	(23,817)
Repayments received from third parties	自第三方收取的還款	398,190	20,010
Return of prepayment for leasehold land	償還租賃土地預付款項	137,500	_
Acquisition of equity interests	收購股權	(148,847)	(84,900)
Investment in an associate	投資聯營公司	_	(18,042)
Interest received	已收利息	1,566	1,414
Restricted cash deposits	受限制現金存款	(27,834)	(3,262)
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額	(282,206)	(122,235)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		截至12月31日止牛皮	
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量		
Proceeds from bank borrowings	銀行借款所得款項	348,000	139,000
Repayments of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款	(223,000)	(291,000)
Proceeds from borrowings from non-financial	來自非金融機構借款的所得		
institutions	款項	160,000	_
Repayments of borrowings from non-financial	償還非金融機構借款		
institutions		(136,000)	(426,723)
Temporary funding received from related	來自關聯方的臨時資金		
parties (Note 37(b)(i))	(附註37(b)(i)))	150,294	222,002
Repayments to a related party (Note 37(b)(ii))	向關聯方還款 <i>(附註37(b)(ii))</i>	(134,468)	(219,090)
Temporary funding from third parties	來自第三方的臨時資金	176,690	190,500
Repayments to third parties	向第三方還款	(96,140)	(109,627)
Temporary funding received from minority	來自少數股東的臨時資金		
shareholders		81,018	25,910
Repayments to minority shareholders	向少數股東還款	(80,300)	_
Capital injection from non-controlling	非控股股東注資		
shareholders		50	8,000
Payments of lease liabilities	支付租賃負債	(6,304)	(4,976)
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	已付本公司擁有人股息	(60,000)	
Net cash generated from/(used in)	融資活動所得/(所用)		
financing activities	現金淨額	179,840	(466,004)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash	現金及現金等價物		
equivalents	(減少)/增加淨額	(273,015)	309,347
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	· 年初現金及現金等價物 	554,504	245,157
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	年末現金及現金等價物		
	十个况立及况立寺資初 <i>(附註14)</i>	221 /20	554 504
(Note 14)	(PI) 高工 14 /	281,489	554,504

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

上述綜合現金流量表應與隨附綜合財務 報表附註一併閱讀。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Ever Reach Group (Holdings) Company Limited (Cayman Islands Company Number: 313570, the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 22 July 2016 as an exempted company with limited liability. The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in property development business in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

The Company's shares have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 12 November 2018 (the "Listing").

The consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Renminbi (RMB'000), unless otherwise stated.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1 一般資料

恒達集團(控股)有限公司(開曼群島公司編號: 313570,「本公司」)於2016年7月22日在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, PO Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands。

本公司為一家投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱為「本集團」) 主要在中華人民共和國(「中國」)從 事物業開發業務。

本公司股份於2018年11月12日於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 主板上市(「上市」)。

除非另有指明,綜合財務報表乃以 人民幣千元呈列。

2 重大會計政策概要

本附註載列編製該等綜合財務報表 時所採納的重大會計政策。除另有 説明外,此等政策已於所有呈列年 度貫徹應用。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs) and disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance ("HKCO")

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs and disclosure requirements of the HKCO (Cap. 622).

(ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the followings:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss — measured at fair value through profit or loss, and
- investment properties measured at fair value

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs which require the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準

(i) 遵守香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)及 香港公司條例(「香港公司 條例」)的披露要求

> 綜合財務報表已根據香港 財務報告準則及香港公司 條例(香港法例第622章)的 披露規定編製。

(ii) 歷史成本慣例

綜合財務報表已根據歷史 成本基準編製,以下內容 除外:

- 按公平值透過損益入 賬的金融資產 — 按公 平值透過損益計量, 及
- 投資物業 按公平值 計量

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(iii) Going concern

Cash and cash equivalents balance of the Group reduced from RMB554.5 million at 31 December 2020 to RMB281.5 million at 31 December 2021. The Group has been experiencing certain slowing down of the local property market since the second half of 2021 in general which could further reduce pre-sales volume and collection of pre-sale proceeds. Above situations might impose liquidity pressure on the Group.

In view of such circumstances, the directors have given careful consideration to the future liquidity and performance of the Group and its available sources of financing in assessing whether the Group will have sufficient financial sources to continue as a going concern, and continue to take the following measures to maintain sufficient cash to meet its operation needs and commitments in respect of property projects:

- (i) The Group will continue to actively adjust sales and pre-sale activities to better respond to market needs, make efforts to achieve the latest budgeted sales and pre-sales volumes and amounts, and timely monitor the collection of sales and pre-sales proceeds;
- (ii) The Group will maintain continuous communication and agree with major constructors and suppliers to arrange payments to these vendors and complete the construction progress as scheduled;

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(iii) 持續經營基準

- (ii) 本集團將持續與主要 建築商及供應商保持 溝通及進行協商,以 安排向有關賣方作出 付款,並按時間表完 成建築進度:

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(iii) Going concern (continued)

- (iii) The Group will continue to actively communicate with relevant banks and other financial institutions so that the Group can timely secure necessary project development loans for qualified project development; and
- (iv) The Group will monitor the timely collection of the temporary funding receivables from third parties, and in the meantime, continuously cooperate with the related party and non-controlling shareholder of the project companies to provide funding support to ensure the development and sales of all existing projects as budgeted without material interruptions.

Management has prepared the Group's cash flow forecast which covers a period of at least 12 months from 31 December 2021. The cash flow forecast has taken into accounts the anticipated cash flows generated from the Group's operations, scheduled repayment of borrowings, obtaining of new borrowings, collection of temporary funding from third parties, and obtaining necessary funding support from the related parties and non-controlling shareholders of project companies.

The directors, after making due enquiries and considering the basis of Group's cash flow forecast and continuous measures described above, believe that the Group will be able to generate sufficient funds to finance its operations and to meet its financial obligations when they fall due within the next 12 months from 31 December 2021. Accordingly, the directors are satisfied that it is appropriate to prepare the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(iii) 持續經營基準(續)

- (iii) 本集團將繼續與相關 銀行及其他金融機構 進行積極溝通,以取得 本集團能夠及展,取得 合資格項目發展所需 的項目發展貸款:及

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

(iv) New standard and amendments of HKFRSs effective in 2021

The Group has applied the following new standard and amendments for the first time for its annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2021:

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase
 2 — amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39,
 HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(v) New standard, amendments or interpretations of HKFRSs not yet adopted

Certain new accounting standards, amendments to accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2021 reporting period and have not been early adopted by the Group. These standards, amendments or interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(iv) 於2021年生效的新訂及 經修訂香港財務報告準 即

本集團已於2021年1月1日 開始的年度報告期內首次 應用下列新準則及修訂本:

利率基準改革 - 第2 階段 - 香港財務報告 準則第9號、香港會計 準則第39號、香港財 務報告準則第7號、香 港財務報告準則第4號 及香港財務報告準則 第16號(修訂本)

上述修訂並無對過往期間 確認的金額造成任何影響, 預期亦不會對本期間或未 來期間造成重大影響。

(v) 尚未獲採納的香港財務 報告準則之新準則、修 訂本或詮釋

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries

2.2.1 Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between Group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position respectively.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司

2.2.1 綜合賬目

附屬公司業績及權益的非 控股權益於綜合損益表、 全面收益表、權益變動表 及財務狀況表中分別獨立 呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control. This is generally the case where the Group holds between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, after initially being recognised at cost. Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss, and the Group's share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee in other comprehensive income.

(a) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group, the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement, and fair value of any pre-existing equity investment in the subsidiary. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併

本集團於業務合併時 以收購法入賬。收購 附屬公司所轉讓代價 根據所轉讓的資產、 對被收購方前擁有人 所產生的負債及本集 團所發行股權的公平 值、因或然代價安排 產生的任何資產或負 债的公平值,以及於 附屬公司的任何已有 股本投資的公平值計 算。在業務合併過程 中所收購的可識別資 產以及所承擔的負債 及或然負債,均於收 購日期按其公平值作 初步計量。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Business combinations (continued)

The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis. Non-controlling interests in the acquiree that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the entity's net assets in the event of liquidation are measured at either fair value or the present ownership interests' proportionate share in the recognised amounts of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. All other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by HKFRSs.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

本集團按個別收購基 準確認被收購方的任 何非控股權益。被收 購方的非控股權益為 現時的擁有權權益, 並賦予其持有人一旦 清盤時按比例分佔實 體的淨資產,可按公 平值或按現時擁有權 權益應佔被收購方可 識別淨資產的確認金 額比例而計量。非控 股權益的所有其他組 成部分按收購日期的 公平值計量,除非香 港財務報告準則規定 必須以其他計量基準 計算。

收購相關成本於產生 時支銷。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(a) Business combinations (continued)

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net identifiable assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the statement of profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

所方金收期可值作購確計額司公於轉讓任及方平別差譽所非先於識值不們非何股超產,倘讓股持收資則,整於所值入議價益權附淨額。轉控前所別,表內值,沒一樣,沒益屬值直。以權於購收公賬價、及益屬值直。以權於購收公賬價、及益屬值直。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.2 Subsidiaries (continued)

2.2.1 Consolidation (continued)

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions — that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value becomes the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. It means the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to another category of equity as specifically permitted by applicable HKFRSs.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.2 附屬公司(續)

2.2.1 綜合賬目(續)

(b) 控制權不變的情況下 於附屬公司的擁有權 權益變動

(c) 出售附屬公司

本集團失去控制權時, 於實體的任何保留權 益按失去控制權當日 的公平值重新計量, 有關賬面值變動在損 益確認。就其後入賬 列作聯營公司、合營 企業或金融資產的保 留權益,其公平值成 為初始賬面值。此外, 先前於其他全面收入 確認與該實體有關的 任何金額按猶如本集 團已直接出售有關資 產或負債的方式入賬。 此舉意味著先前於其 他全面收入確認的金 額按適用香港財務報 告準則明確許可重新 分類至損益或轉讓至 另一權益類別。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). Since the majority of the assets and operations of the Group are located in the PRC, the financial information is presented in Renminbi ("RMB"), which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency of the Group.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, within "Finance income or expenses". All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit or loss within "Other gains/(loss) — net".

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

(b) 交易及結餘

與借款以及現金及現金等價物有關的匯兑收益及虧損於綜合損益表內的「財務收入或開支」呈列。所有其他匯兑收益及虧損於綜合損益表內的「其他收益/ (虧損)—淨額」呈列。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Foreign currency translation (continued)

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position are translated at the closing rate;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of profit or loss and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rate; and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker (the "CODM"). The CODM, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as executive directors that makes strategic decisions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 外幣換算(續)

(c) 集團公司

倘本集團旗下所有實體(均無涉及嚴重通脹經濟的貨幣)的功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同,則該等實體的業績及財務狀況按以下方式換算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 每份財務狀況表的資 產及負債按收市匯率 換算:
- (ii) 各損益表及全面收入 表的收入及開支按平 均匯率換算;及
- (iii) 所有因此而產生的匯 兑差額於其他全面收 入中確認。

因收購海外實體而產生的 商譽及公平值調整,均作 為該海外實體的資產及負 債處理,並按收市匯率換 算。

2.4 分部報告

經營分部按照與向主要經營決 策者(「主要經營決策者」)提供 內部報告一致的方式報告。負 責分配資源及評估經營分部表 現的主要經營決策者已識別為 作出戰略決策的執行董事。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the statement of profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Motor vehiclesFurniture, fittings and equipment4 years5 years

Electronic devicesBuildings3–5 years20 years

Leasehold improvements the shorter of lease terms or useful

lives

The assets' residual value and useful life are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised as "Other gains/(losses) — net" in the statement of profit or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本 減累計折舊及減值虧損入賬。 歷史成本包括收購該等項目直 接應佔的開支。

只有當項目相關的未來經濟利 益很可能流入本集地計量 項目的成本能可產的賬面 續成本方計入資產的與用 確認為獨立資產(如適用)。 。 替換部分的賬面值會終止確 所有其他維修保養費用於除 的財務期間於損益表中扣除。

物業、廠房及設備折舊使用直線法計算,按其估計可使用年期分配其成本減其剩餘價值, 有關估計可使用年期如下:

一汽車 4年一傢俬、裝置 5年

及設備

一電子設備3-5年一樓宇20年

一租賃裝修 租期或可使用 年期(以較

短者為準)

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期 於各報告期末檢討及調整(如 適用)。

倘一項資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回金額,則該項資產的 賬面值會即時調減至其可收回 金額。

出售產生的收益及虧損乃透過 比較所得款項與賬面值而釐定, 並於損益表中確認為「其他收益/(虧損)-淨額」。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Intangible assets

Separately acquired licenses are shown at historical cost. Licences acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. They have a finite useful life and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Licenses is amortised using the straight-line method to allocate their costs over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Licenses20 years

2.7 Properties held or under development for sale

Properties held or under development for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Development cost of properties comprises cost of land use rights (including land auction price, other demolition cost to acquire land and resettlement housing construction costs after deducting related government grants), construction costs and borrowing costs incurred during the construction period. Upon completion, the properties under development are transferred to properties held for sale.

Net realisable value takes into account the price ultimately expected to be realised, less applicable variable selling expenses and the anticipated costs to completion.

Properties held or under development for sale are classified as current assets unless the construction period of the relevant property development project is expected to complete beyond normal operating cycle.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.6 無形資產

單獨收購的許可證按歷史成本列示。於業務合併中收購的許可證於收購日期按公允值確認。 其擁有有限可使用年期,其後 按成本減累計攤銷及減值虧損

許可證使用直線法攤銷,以將 成本分配到估計可使用年期, 詳情如下:

一 許可證 20年

2.7 持作出售或開發中待售物業

可變現淨值計及預期最終變現 的價格,減適用變動銷售開支 及預期完工成本。

持作出售或開發中待售物業分類為流動資產,惟相關物業發展項目之建築工期預計超出正常經營週期者除外。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Investment properties

Investment property, principally comprising leasehold land and buildings, is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Group. It also includes properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties. Land held under operating leases are accounted for as investment properties when the rest of the definition of an investment property is met. In such cases, the operating leases concerned are accounted for as if they were finance leases. Investment property is initially measured at cost, including related transaction costs and where applicable borrowing costs. After initial recognition, investment properties are carried at fair value, representing open market value determined by management of the Group at each reporting date taking into account of any available valuation results performed by external valuers. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If the information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. Changes in fair values are recorded in the statement of profit or loss as a separate line item.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 投資物業

投資物業(主要包括租賃土地及 樓宇)就長期租賃收益或資本增 值或上述兩個因素而持有,並 非由本集團佔用。投資物業亦 包括日後用作投資物業的在建 或開發中物業。根據經營租賃 持有的土地如能符合投資物業 其他定義則入賬列作投資物業。 在該等情況下,相關經營租賃 入賬(猶如其為融資租賃)。投 資物業最初按成本(包括相關交 易成本及借款成本(倘適用))計 量。於初始確認後,投資物業 按公平值(相當於本集團管理層 經考慮任何可獲得的由外部估 值師得出的估值結果後於各報 告日期釐定的公開市值)計值。 公平值乃按活躍市場價格計算, 並就特定資產的性質、位置或 狀況的任何差異性作出調整(若 必要)。若未能獲得資料,本集 **国採用較不活躍市場的近期價** 格或折現現金流量預測等其他 替代估值方法。公平值變動按 單獨項獨立計入損益表。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Intangible assets that have an indefinite useful life or intangible assets not ready to use are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.10Land use rights

Land in mainland China is state-owned and no individual land ownership right exists. The Group acquired the rights to certain land, and the premiums paid for such rights are recorded as land use rights. Land use rights are classified and accounted for in accordance with the intended use of respective properties as erected on the land.

For properties that are held for own use, corresponding land use rights are regarded as right-of-use assets, and are stated at cost and amortised over the use terms using the straight-line method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 非金融資產減值

具無限可使用年期的無形資產 或不可供使用的無形資產無須 進行攤銷,並須每年進行減值 測試。須予攤銷的資產,當任 何事件發生或環境變化顯示其 賬面值不可收回時,會檢討該 等資產的減值情況。當資產賬 面值超逾其可收回金額,則超 出的數額將確認為減值虧損。 可收回金額指資產公平值減銷 售成本與使用價值的較高者。 就評估減值而言,資產將分別 按可識別現金流量(現金產生 單位)的最低層次組合。已減值 的非金融資產(商譽除外)於各 報告日期檢討是否可能撥回減 值。

2.10土地使用權

中國大陸的土地均為國有,故不存在個人土地所有權。本集團收購若干土地權利並就有關權利支付的出讓金按土地使用權入賬。

土地使用權根據土地上所建相關物業的擬訂用途分類及入賬。對於持作自用的物業,相應的土地使用權被視為使用權資產,且採用直線法按成本列賬並按使用年期進行攤銷。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.10Land use rights (continued)

For properties that are under development and held for sale, corresponding land use rights are accounted for as part of the development costs, and are accounted for in accordance with the policy stated in Note 2.7.

For properties that are held as investment properties, corresponding land use rights are accounted for as part of the costs, and are accounted for in accordance with the policy stated in Note 2.8.

2.11 Investments and other financial assets

2.11.1 Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("OCI").

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.10土地使用權(續)

對於開發中物業及持作出售物業,相應的土地使用權按部分開發成本列賬並根據附註2.7所載政策入賬。

對持作投資物業的物業而言, 相應的土地使用權按部分成本 列賬並根據附註2.8所載政策 入賬。

2.11 投資及其他金融資產

2.11.1 分類

本集團將其金融資產分為 以下計量類別:

- 其後按公平值計量(包括透過其他全面收入或透過損益)的金融資產;及
- 按攤銷成本計量的金 融資產。

分類取決於實體管理金融 資產的商業模式以及現金 流量的合同條款。

對於按及至值計量的資子的資子的資子的資子的人資工損棄權及集否值的人資工損在出過面內理,與其決模資處的入行權也人,與其決模資處始工面內理,或務虧該於益本是平其可與與大學,或務虧該於益本是平其可數。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

2.11.1 Classification (continued)

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

2.11.2 Recognition and measurement

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classified its debt instruments into the following measurement category:

• Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.11 投資及其他金融資產(續)

2.11.1 分類(續)

本集團只有在改變管理該 等資產的商業模式時方會 對債務投資進行重新分類。

2.11.2 確認和計量

債務工具

債務工具的其後計量取決 於本集團管理資產的業務 模式及該資產的現金流量 特徵。本集團將其債務工 具分為以下計量類別:

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

2.11.2 Recognition and measurement (continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other gains/(losses) - net in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as applicable. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.11 投資及其他金融資產(續)

2.11.2 確認和計量(續)

權益工具

本集團其後按公平值計量 所有權益投資。倘本集團 管理層選擇於其他全面收 入列報權益投資的公平值 收益及虧損,概無於投資 終止確認後重新分類公平 值收益及虧損至損益。當 本集團有權收取股息付款 時,該等投資的股息繼續 於綜合損益表確認為其他 收入。按公平值透過損益 入賬的金融資產公平值變 動於綜合損益表確認為其 他收益/(虧損)-淨額(如 適用)。按公平值透過其他 全面收入入賬的金融資產 計量的權益投資的減值虧 損(及減值虧損撥回)不會 因公平值其他變動而分開 列報。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

2.11.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk, Note 3.1(b) details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial assets.

For trade receivables and contract assets, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the assets. The provision matrix is determined based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of the contract assets and trade receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

Impairment on other receivables are measured as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of a receivable has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.11 投資及其他金融資產(續)

2.11.3 金融資產減值

預期信貸虧損是在金融資產的預計年期內按信貸虧損的概率加權估計(即所有現金短缺額的現值)。

對資務用確虧相資計率計約更變於產報的認損似產年而進率新動貿,告簡資。信及期確行於,進易本準化產撥貸貿內定調每並於應團第法確矩險應過並。報前社日性壓團就即預依徵款觀前往日性及香容於計據的項察瞻觀期估及香容於計據的項察瞻觀期估局財使始期有同預約估違行的同財使始期有同預約估違行的

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.11 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

2.11.4 Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the relevant company or the counterparty.

2.12Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for properties sold, leasing of properties or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.11 投資及其他金融資產(續)

2.11.4抵銷金融資產及負債

當行額算債均報執件程手債強存的,或務可於行而中方能制有時則抵務利,及旦或所抵以現融,況得在相現產所抵以現融,況得在相現產產解。賴般公約亦強確基及及淨法未業司、必制認準償負額定來務或無須執金結付債列可事過對償可

2.12貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項是在日常業務過程中向客戶出售物業。租生的業務實施。 理中向提供服務而應應與數數 項。倘貿易及其他應數數數 期在一年或之內(或如顯較) 則以一般營運週期為等 則分類為流動資產, 是列為非流動資產。

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公 平值確認,其後則以實際利息 法按已攤銷成本減去減值撥備 計量。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.13 Contract assets and liabilities and cost for obtaining contracts

Upon entering into a contract with a customer, the Group obtains rights to receive consideration from the customer and assumes performance obligations to transfer goods or services to the customer. The combination of those rights and performance obligations gives rise to a net asset or a net liability depending on the relationship between the remaining rights and the performance obligations. The contract is an asset and recognised as contract asset if the measure of the remaining conditional rights to consideration exceeds the satisfied performance obligations. Conversely, the contract is a liability and recognised as contract liabilities if the measure of the remaining performance obligations exceeds the measure of the remaining rights. Costs such as stamp duty and sales commissions incurred directly attributable to obtaining a contract, if recoverable, are capitalised and recorded in contract assets.

For contracts where the period between the payment by the customer and the transfer of the promised property is different, the transaction price is adjusted for the effects of a financing component, if significant.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. In the consolidated and Company's statements of financial position, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.13合同資產及負債以及獲得合同的 成本

在與客戶簽訂合同後,本集團 獲得向客戶收取代價的權利, 並承擔向客戶轉移貨品或服務 的履約責任。該等權利和履約 責任的組合產生淨資產或淨負 債,這取決於剩餘權利與履約 責任之間的關係。倘剩餘有條 件收取代價權利的計量超過達 致的履約責任,則合同為資產 且確認為合同資產。反之,倘 所計量的剩餘履約責任超過所 計量的剩餘權利,則合同為負 債且確認 為合同負債。直接歸 屬於獲得合同產生的印花税和 銷售佣金等成本,倘可收回, 則予以資本化並計入合同資產。

對於客戶支付款項與所承諾物 業轉移之間期間不同的合同, 合同的交易價格因包含融資成份的影響(如重大)而進行調整。

2.14 現金及現金等價物

於綜合現金流量表內,現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行活期存款、其他原到期動質,以內的短期高流動性資、以及銀行透支。銀行透及本公司財務狀況。 支在綜負債中的借款內列示。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.15Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.16Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.15股本

普通股歸類為權益。發行新股份或購股權直接有關的增量成本於權益列示為自所得款項扣除稅項的扣減。

2.16借款

借款最初乃按公平值(扣除已產生的交易成本)確認。借款其後按攤銷成本列賬。所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回價值兩者間的差額乃採用實際利息法於借款期間在損益表予以確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的結算遞延至報告期末後最少十二個月,否則借款分類為 流動負債。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Borrowings costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowings costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

2.18Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Trade and other payables are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.17借款成本

因收購、興建或生產合資格資產(即須相當長時間方可作擬定用途或出售的資產)而直接產生的一般及特定借款成本歸入該等資產的成本,直至當資產基本上可作擬定用途或出售為止。

特定借款有待用作合資格資產 的開支前用作暫時投資所賺得 的投資收入會自合資格資本化 的借款成本中扣除。

所有其他借款成本乃於產生時 於期內的損益確認。

2.18貿易及其他應付款項

貿易應付款項為於日常業務過程中向供應商購入貨品或別 配付承擔。倘有關賬款形能 一年或之內(或如屬較長)到期 則以一般營運週期為準)到期為 質易及其他應付款項分類為債 動負債,否則會按非流動負債 呈列。

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公 平值確認,其後採用實際利息 法按攤銷成本計量。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the statement of financial position in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延所得税

期內稅項開支包括即期及遞延稅項。稅項於綜合損益表確認,惟與於其他全面收入或直接於權益確認的項目相關除外。於權法不,稅項亦分別於其他全面收入或直接於權益確認。

(a) 即期所得税

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Inside basis differences

Deferred income tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill, and the deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the date of the statement of financial position and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税

內在差異

遞延所得税利用負債法確 認資產及負債的税基與資 產及負債在綜合財務報表 的賬面值的差額而產生的 暫 時 性 差 異。 然 而 , 若 遞 延税項負債來自對商譽的 初始確認,則不予確認, 及若遞延所得税來自在交 易(不包括業務合併)中對 資產或負債的初始確認, 而在交易時不影響會計損 益或應課税利潤或虧損, 則不作記賬。遞延所得税 採用於財務狀況表日期前 已頒佈或基本上已頒佈並 預期於相關遞延所得稅資 產變現或遞延所得税負債 結算時適用的税率(及税法) **静定。**

遞延所得税資產僅在日後 可能產生應課税利潤供暫 時性差額用作抵銷時予以 確認。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (continued)

Outside basis differences

Deferred income tax liabilities are provided on taxable temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred income tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates. Only when there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference in the foreseeable future, deferred tax liability in relation to taxable temporary differences arising from the associate's undistributed profits is not recognised.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised on deductible temporary differences arising from investments in subsidiaries only to the extent that it is probable the temporary difference will reverse in the future and there is sufficient taxable profit available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

外在差異

本集團須就附屬公司及聯 營公司投資所產生的應課 税暫時性差異計提遞延所 得税負債,惟本集團控制 暫時性差異撥回之時間, 而且在可預見未來該暫時 性差異很可能不會撥回者 則除外。一般而言,本集 團無法控制聯營公司的暫 時性差異撥回。僅在訂有 協議賦予本集團權力於可 預見未來控制暫時性差額 撥回時,方不會就聯營公 司的未分派利潤所產生的 應課税暫時性差異確認遞 延税項負債。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (continued)

(c) Offsetting

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income tax assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.20 Employee benefits

In accordance with the rules and regulations in the PRC, the PRC based employees of the Group participate in various defined contribution retirement benefit plans organised by the relevant municipal and provincial governments in the PRC under which the Group and the PRC based employees are required to make monthly contributions to these plans calculated as a percentage of the employees' salaries, subject to a certain ceiling.

The municipal and provincial governments undertake to assume the retirement benefit obligations of all existing and future retired PRC based employees payable under the plans described above. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligation for the payment of retirement and other post-retirement benefits of its employees. The assets of these plans are held separately from those of the Group in independently administrated funds managed by the PRC government.

The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expenses when they are due.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(c) 抵銷

2.20 僱員福利

根據中國的規則及法規,本集團的中國僱員參與由中國僱員會有政府組織的各項定額供惠。 退休福利計劃,據此,本集關及中國僱員須每月按僱員劃作個一定百分比向該等計劃作出供款,惟設有若干上限。

供款於應付時確認為僱員福利 開支。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.21 Provisions

Provisions for legal claims are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.22 Financial guarantee liabilities

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised as a financial liability at the time the guarantee is issued.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.21 撥備

當本集團因過往事件而須承擔 現有法律或推定責任,履行責 任時很可能引致資源流出及有 關金額已作可靠估算時,確認 法律申索撥備。

如出現多項類似責任,履行責任時須流出資源的可能性乃經 考慮整體責任類別後確定。即 使就同一責任類別所包含的任何一個項目而言流出資源的可 能性甚微,仍須確認撥備。

撥備乃採用税前利率按預期履 行責任所需開支的現值計量 該税前利率反映市場當時對 數時間價值的評估及該責任的 特定風險。因時間流逝而增加 的撥備確認為利息開支。

2.22 財務擔保負債

財務擔保合約乃於發出擔保時確認為財務負債。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.22 Financial guarantee liabilities (continued)

Financial guarantee are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of the financial guarantee liabilities. After initial recognition, such contracts are measured at the higher of the amount of the loss allowance determined in accordance with HKFRS 9 and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation of income recognised in accordance with HKFRS 15. The fair value of financial guarantees is determined as the present value of the difference in net cash flows between the contractual payments under the debt instrument and the payments that would be required without the guarantee, or the estimated amount that would be payable to a third party for assuming the obligations.

Financial guarantee liabilities are derecognised from the consolidated statements of financial position when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

2.23 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sales of properties and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown, net of discounts and after eliminating sales with the Group companies.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 財務擔保負債(續)

財務擔保負債當且僅當合同列明的責任已解除或註銷或屆滿時方於綜合財務狀況表中終止確認。

2.23 收入確認

收入按在本集團日常業務過程 中就銷售物業及服務已收或應 收代價的公平值計量。收入按 扣除折扣及撇減與本集團公司 銷售後列賬。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.23 Revenue recognition (continued)

(a) Sales of properties

Revenues are recognised when or as the control of the asset is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the asset may transfer over time or at a point in time. Control of the asset is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer; or
- creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- do not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the asset transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the asset.

The progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is measured based on the Group's efforts or inputs to the satisfaction of the performance obligation, by reference to the contract costs incurred up to the end of reporting period as a percentage of total estimated costs for each contract.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.23 收入確認(續)

(a) 物業銷售

收移同法經問之 的 可時履力 的 可 時履 ,段 时 爾移:

- 提供全部利益,而客 戶亦同步收取並消耗 有關利益;或
- 隨著本集團履約,創 建及提升由客戶控制 的資產;或
- 並無創建對本集團而言有其他用途的資產,而本集團可強制執行其權利收回至今已完成履約部分的款項。

倘資產的控制權經過一段 時間轉移,收入確認認完 個合同期間參考已完 履約責任的進度進行。 資 則,收入於客戶獲得。 控制權的時間點確認。

完成履約責任的進度根據 本集團完成履約責任的付 出或投入參考報告期末所 產生的合同成本佔各項合 同的估計總成本之百分比 計量。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.23 Revenue recognition (continued)

(a) Sales of properties (continued)

For property development and sales contract for which the control of the property is transferred at a point in time, revenue is recognised when the property is accepted by the customer, or deemed as accepted according to the contract, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property, and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of consideration is probable.

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effect of a financing component if it is significant.

(b) Rental income

Rental income from properties being let under operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease terms.

(c) Service income

Revenue from providing services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered.

2.24 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.23 收入確認(續)

(a) 物業銷售(續)

於釐定交易價時,本集團 已就融資部分(倘屬重大) 的影響調整已承諾的代價 金額。

(b) 租金收入

根據經營租賃出租物業所 得租金收入於租期內按直 線法確認。

(c) 服務收入

提供服務的收入在提供服 務的會計期間確認。

2.24 利息收入

利息收入按時間比例基準以實 際利率法確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.25 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the statement of profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to properties held or under development for sales are presented in the statement of financial position by deducting the grants in arriving at the assets' carrying amounts and are credited to the statement of profit or loss upon the sales of the properties.

2.26 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative stand-alone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.25 政府補助

如有合理保證將獲得政府補助, 且本集團將符合所有附帶條件, 則政府補助可按公平值確認。

與成本有關的政府補助遞延入 賬,並於擬補償的成本與之匹 配所需期間在損益表中確認。

與持作出售或開發中待售物業 有關的政府補助乃於計算資產 賬面值時透過扣減該補助於財 務狀況表中列示,並在物業銷 售時記入損益表。

2.26 和 賃

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使 用當日獲確認為使用權資產及 相應負債。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.26 Leases (continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.26 租賃(續)

租賃產生的資產及負債初步按 現值計量。租賃負債包括以下 租賃付款的淨現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減任何應收租賃優惠
- 基於指數或利率的可變租 賃付款,採用於開始日期 的指數或利率初步計量
- 本集團於剩餘價值擔保下 預計應付的金額
- 倘本集團合理確定行使購 買選擇權,則為該選擇權 的行使價,及
- 倘租期反映本集團行使該 選擇權,則支付終止租賃 的罰款。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付 的租賃付款亦計入負債計量之 內。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的隱含的稱無法與所應為本集團租赁的婚姻。 情況),則使用承租人的婚子,則使用承租人人人。 情況),即個別承租租的婚在, 經濟環境中按類似條款權 經濟環境的資產所不 發條件借人價值的資產 所必須支付的利率。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.26 Leases (continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received
- · any initial direct costs, and
- restoration costs.

Right-of-use assets are generally amortised over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.26租賃(續)

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別 承租人最近獲得的第三方 融資為出發點作出調整, 以反映自獲得第三方融資 以來融資條件的變動
- 進行特定於租約的調整, 例如期限、國家、貨幣及 抵押。

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間作出分配。財務成本在租賃期間於損益扣除,藉以令各期間的負債餘額的期間利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括 以下各項:

- 租賃負債的初始計量金額
- 於開始日期或之前作出的 任何租賃付款減所獲得的 任何租賃優惠
- 任何初始直接成本,及
- 修復成本。

使用權資產一般於資產可使用 年期或租期(以較短者為準)按 直線法計算折舊。倘本集團合 理確定行使購買選擇權,則使 用權資產於相關資產的可使用 年期內予以折舊。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.26 Leases (continued)

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise motor vehicles.

Lease income from operating leases where the Group is a lessor is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in obtaining an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income. The respective leased assets are included in the statement of financial position based on their nature. The Group did not need to make any adjustments to the accounting for assets held as lessor as a result of adopting the new leasing standard.

2.27 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, where appropriate.

2.28 Earnings per share

(i) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

 the profit attributable to owners of the Company, excluding any costs of servicing equity other than ordinary shares

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.26 租賃(續)

與設備及汽車的短期租賃及所有低價值資產租賃相關的付款以直線法於損益中確認為開支。短期租賃指租期為12個月或少於12個月的租賃。低價值資產包括汽車。

2.27 股息分派

向本公司股東作出的股息分派 於本公司股東或董事(若適合) 批准派息的期間內在本集團及 本公司的財務報表中確認為負 債。

2.28每股盈利

(i) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃除以以下 項目後計算得出:

本公司擁有人應佔利潤(扣除普通股以外之任何服務權益成本)

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.28 Earnings per share (continued)

(i) Basic earnings per share (continued)

 by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in ordinary shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

(ii) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

Where the number of ordinary shares outstanding increases as a result of a capitalisation, bonus issue or share split, or decreases as a result of a reverse share split, the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for all periods presented will be adjusted retrospectively.

2.29 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.28每股盈利(續)

(i) 每股基本盈利(續)

 除以財政年度內已發 行普通股加權平均數, 並就年內已發行普通 股(不包括庫存股份) 的股利調整。

(ii) 每股攤薄盈利

每股攤薄盈利調整用於釐 定每股基本盈利的數字, 以計及:

- 利息的除所得税後影響及與潛在攤薄普通股有關的其他融資成本,及
- 假設轉換所有潛在攤 薄普通股,將會發行 在外的額外普通股加 權平均數。

倘在外流通普通股數目因 資本化、紅股發行或股份 拆細而增加,或因儲備股 份拆細而減少,則所有呈 列期間的每股基本及攤調 盈利的計算將作回溯性調 整。

2.29獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本減去減值列賬。成本包括投資的直接歸屬成本。本公司按已收及應收股息基準將附屬公司的業績入賬。

綜合財務報表附註

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.29 Separate financial statements (continued)

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is also required in accordance with Note 2.9.

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks comprising market risk (including foreign exchange risk, fair value interest rate risk and cash flow interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.29獨立財務報表(續)

對附屬公司的投資亦需按照附 註2.9進行減值測試。

3 金融風險管理

3.1 金融風險因素

本集團活動涉及多類金融風險, 包括市場風險(包括外匯風險) 公平值利率風險及現金流動量 率風險)、信貸風險及流動管預 風險。本集團的整體風不可 計劃針對金融市場的本集團財務 表現的潛在負面影響減至最低。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group is engaged in the development, sale and management of properties solely in the PRC with almost all transactions denominated in RMB. In addition, the majority of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in RMB. Accordingly, the Group is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk, except for certain bank deposits denominated in Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD").

Fluctuation of the exchange rates for HKD against RMB will affect the Group's result of operations. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, management closely monitors the foreign exchange exposure and will take actions when necessary.

As at 31 December 2021, if HKD had weakened/strengthened by 5% against RMB, all other variables held constant, post-tax profit of the Group for the year 2021 would have been lower/higher by RMB41,000 (2020: post-tax profit lower/higher by RMB40,000), mainly as a result of foreign exchange loss/gain from bank deposits denominated in HKD.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

港元兑人民幣匯率設 動將會影響本集團 經營業績。本集團 前並無外匯對沖密切 然而,管理層密切切 控外匯風險並將在 要情況下採取行動。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. Except for bank deposits with stable interest rates, the Group has no other significant interest-bearing assets.

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates is mainly attributable to its borrowings from banks and non-bank third party lenders. Borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. Borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. The Group has not hedged its cash flow or fair value interest rate risk. The interest rates and terms of repayments of borrowings are disclosed in Note 18, Note 19 and Note 20.

Management does not anticipate significant impact to interest-bearing assets resulting from changes in interest rates, as the interest rates of bank deposits are not expected to change significantly.

The Group's profit or loss are sensitive to higher/lower interest expenses from borrowings at floating rates as a result of changes in interest rates.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利 率風險

> 本集團的收入及經營 現金流量基本上不 事場利率變動影響 院具有穩定利率團 行存款外,本集團 資 產。

> 由於預計銀行存款的 利率不會出現重大變 化,因此管理層預期 利率變動不會對計息 資產造成重大影響。

> 本集團損益受利率變動引起的浮息借款利息開支增加/減少所 影響。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk (continued)

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(ii) 現金流量及公平值利 率風險(續)

Impact on post-tax profit 對稅後利潤的影響

	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Interest rates — increase by 50 利率 — 上升50個基點 basis points Interest rates — decrease by 50 利率 — 下降50個基點	(23)	(96)
basis points	23	96

(b) Credit risk

The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk. The carrying amounts of bank deposits, trade and other receivables, contract assets and financial guarantee contracts included in the consolidated statements of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets.

(b) 信貸風險

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(i) Bank deposits

Cash transactions are limited to high-creditquality financial institutions. The table below shows the bank deposit balances as at 31 December 2021 and 2020:

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(i) 銀行存款

現金交易僅限於高信譽、高質素金融機構。下表顯示於2021年及2020年12月31日的銀行存款結餘:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Counterparty	對手方		
Deposits in the four major state-owned banks of the PRC	一於中國四大國有銀行的 存款	233,847	460,418
Deposits in other listed banks of the PRC	存款	104,351	97,235
Deposits in other banks	一於其他銀行的存款	89,508 427,706	115,457 673,110

Management does not expect any losses from non-performance of these counterparties.

管理層預期不會出現 因該等對手方未履約 而產生任何損失的情 況。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) Financial guarantees

The Group has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to purchasers with an appropriate financial strength and appropriate percentage of down payments. The Group has arranged bank financing for certain purchasers of the Group's property units and provided guarantees to secure obligations of such purchasers for repayments. If a purchaser defaults on the payment of its mortgage loan during the guarantee period, the bank holding the guarantee may demand the Group to repay the outstanding principal of the loan and any interest accrued thereon. Under such circumstances, the Group is entitled to take over the legal title and possession of the related properties after the relevant legal procedures to recover any amounts paid by the Group to the bank. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has granted a guarantee to our associated company (Note 35(b)). If the associated company defaults on the repayment of loans to major shareholder on schedule, the major shareholder of the associated company might demand the Group to repay certain outstanding balance and interests accrued thereon. Under such circumstances, the Group is entitled to obtain future repayment from the associated company through sales of its properties under development or properties held for sales. The directors consider the associate company has sufficient assets for the repayment so that the credit risk is limited.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 財務擔保

本集團已制訂有關政 策,以確保向具備適 當財務實力並按合適百分比支付首期的買 家作出銷售。本集團 已為本集團物業單位 的若干買家安排銀行 融資,並提供擔保以 確保該等買家履行還 款責任。倘買家於擔 保期內未能支付按揭 貸款,持有擔保的銀 行可要求本集團償還 未償還的貸款本金及 其任何應計利息。在 此情況下,本集團於 相關法律程序後有權 接管相關物業的合法 業權及所有權,以收 回本集團向銀行支付 的任何款項。就此而 言,董事認為,本集 團的信貸風險得以大 幅降低。

本集團已向一間聯營 公司授出擔保(附註 35(b))。倘聯營公司未 能按時間表向主要股 東償還貸款,聯營公 司的主要股東可能會 要求本集團償還若干 未償還結餘及就此應 計的利息。在有關情 況下,本集團有權銹 過銷售開發中物業或 持作出售物業,向聯 營公司取得未來還款。 董事認為聯營公司擁 有足夠資產進行還款, 故信貸風險有限。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(iii) Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for expected losses prescribed by HKFRS 9, which permits the use of the lifetime expected losses provision for all trade receivables and contract assets.

The Group reviews regularly the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivables and contract assets to ensure the adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amount. Credit is only granted to tenants with sufficient financial strength. It also has other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. Therefore, credit risks of the Group from sales of properties and lease of properties are limited.

The loss allowance provision for those balance was not material for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iii) 貿易應收款項及合同 資產

> 本集團採用簡化方法 就香港財務報告準則 第9號所規定的預 虧損計提撥備,該 關內 對於有關所有 別應收款項及合同 資 產使用整個年期的 類 虧損撥備。

本筆及金收值授力設以以此及險集團別同,款損具租其保回本租際會貿資以項撥有戶他採逾集物定易產確作備足。監取期團業別應的保出。夠本察後債出的檢收可就足信財集程續務售信出的,就與不夠貸務團序行。物貸商項回可減僅實亦,動因業風

截至2021年及2020年 12月31日止年度,該 等結餘的虧損撥備並 不重大。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable)

The Group closely monitors these other receivables to ensure actions are taken to recover these balances in the case of any risk of default.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The Group has performed historical analysis and identified the key economic variables impacting credit risk and expected loss. It considers available reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information. Especially the following indicators are incorporated:

- internal credit rating
- external credit rating
- actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtor's ability to meet its obligations

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 其他應收款項(不包括 預付税項及附加費以 及可收回的增值税)

> 本集團密切監察該等 其他應收款項,以確 保在出現違約風險時 可採取措施收回該等 結餘。

> 於各報告期間,本集 團考慮初始確認資產 時的違約概率以及信 貸風險是否持續大幅 增加。為評估信貸風 險是否顯著增加,本 集團將資產在報告日 期發生的違約風險與 初始確認日期的違約 風險進行比較。本集 團已進行歷史分析, 並確定影響信貸風險 及預期虧損的主要經 濟變數。本集團考慮 了可獲得的合理且具 有支持性的前瞻性資 料。特別是已包含下 列指標:

- 內部信用評級
- 外部信用評級
- 預期會導致債務 人履行其責任的 能力發生重、大 的業務、別的 或經濟狀 際或預期 制變動

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

- (iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) (continued)
 - actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the borrower
 - significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor
 - significant changes in the expected performance and behavior of the debtor, including changes in the payment status of debtor in the Group and changes in the operating results of the debtor

A default on a financial asset is when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 365 days of when they fall due.

The Group uses four categories for other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) which reflect their credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of those categories. These internal credit risk ratings are aligned to external credit ratings.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

- (iv) 其他應收款項(不包括預付税項及附加費以及可收回的增值税) (續)
 - 借款人的經營業 績的實際或預期 重大變化
 - 同一債務人的其 他金融工具的信 貸風險顯著增加
 - 債務人的預期表現和行為發生重大變化,包括於 集團債務人付款 實務人經營業 的變化

金融資產的違約是指對手方未能在到期後 365天內支付合同款項。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

Basis for recognition of expected

(iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) (continued) (iv) 其他應收款項(不包括預付税項及附加費以及可收回的增值稅) (續)

A summary of the assumptions underpinning the Group's expected credit loss model is as follows: 支持本集團預期信貸 虧損模型的假設摘要 如下:

Category 類 別	Group definition of category 類別的組別界定	credit loss provision 確認預期信貸虧損撥備的基準
Performing 正常	Customers have a low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flow 客戶違約風險較低,並且具有滿足合同現金流量的實力	12 months expected losses. Where the expected lifetime of an asset is less than 12 months, expected losses are measured at its expected lifetime. 預計12個月的虧損。倘資產的預期年期少於12個月,則預期虧損按其預期年期計量。
Underperforming 關注	Receivables for which there is a significant increase in credit risk; as significant increase in credit risk presumed if interest and/or principal repayments are more than 30 days past due 應收款項涉及的信貸風險顯著增加;同時倘利息及/或本金還款逾期超過30天則預測信貸風險大幅增加	Lifetime expected losses 整個年期內的預期虧損
Non-performing 不良	Interest and/or principal repayments are more than 365 days past due 利息及/或本金還款逾期超過365天	Lifetime expected losses 整個年期內的預期虧損
Write-off 撤銷	Interest and/or principal repayments are more than 2 years past due and there is no reasonable expectation of recovery 利息及/或本金還款逾期超過2年,並且合理預期無法收回	Asset is written-off 撤銷資產

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) (continued)

The Group accounts for its credit risk by appropriately providing for expected losses on a timely basis. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of receivables and adjusts for forward looking macroeconomic data.

The Group writes off those receivables, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include ceasing enforcement activity.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 其他應收款項(不包 括預付税項及附加費 以及可收回的增值税) (續)

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the loss allowance provision was determined as follows:

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 其他應收款項(不包括預付税項及附加費以及可收回的增值税) (續)

> 於2021年12月31日, 虧損撥備釐定如下:

			As at 31 December 2021 於2021年12月31日	
			0,,,,,	Carrying
		Expected	Gross Carrying	amount (net of impairment
		Loss Rate		
			7	賬面值(扣除
		預期損失率	賬面總值	減值撥備)
		RMB'000	RMB'000 RMB'00	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current	即期	0.11%-1.79%	051.057	250,000
	逾期超過30天	0.5%-1.79%	251,957	250,909
More than 30 days past due	逾期超過365天	20.0%	43,058	42,740
More than 365 days past due	逾期超過兩年		2,619	2,093
More than 2 years past due	迎 为 炬 炮 M 干	100.0%	56,063	
			353,697	295,742

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) (continued)

As at 31 December 2020, the loss allowance provision was determined as follows:

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 其他應收款項(不包括預付税項及附加費以及可收回的增值税)

於2020年12月31日, 虧損準備撥備釐定如 下:

As at 31 December 2020 於2020年12月31日

				Carrying
			Gross	amount (net
		Expected	Carrying	of impairment
		Loss Rate	Amount	provision) 賬面值(扣除
		預期損失率	賬面總值	減值撥備)
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	'			
Current	即期	0.11%-1.34%	95,499	94,949
More than 30 days past due	逾期超過30天	0.5%-1.34%	26,175	26,020
More than 365 days past due	逾期超過365天	20.0%	1,187	950
More than 2 years past due	逾期超過兩年	100.0%	55,940	_
			178,801	121,919

The allowance recognised in profit or loss for impairment provision of other receivables for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 are disclosed in Note 26.

截至2021年及2020年 12月31日止年度就其 他應收款項的減值虧 損於損益內確認的準 備乃披露於附註26。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(iv) Other receivables (excluding prepaid tax and surcharges and value-added-tax recoverable) (continued)

The loss allowances for other receivables as at 31 December reconcile to the opening loss allowances as follows:

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 其他應收款項(不包括預付税項及附加費以及可收回的增值税) (續)

> 於12月31日的其他應 收款項虧損撥備與期 初虧損撥備之對賬如下:

Other receivables

其他應收款項

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Opening loss allowance at	於1月1日的期初虧損		
1 January	撥備	56,862	56,168
Increase during the year	年內增加	2,100	694
Written off during	年內撇銷為不可收回		
the year as uncollectible		(1,007)	_
Closing loss allowance at	於12月31日的期末虧損		
31 December	撥備	57,955	56,862

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Management of the Group aims to maintain sufficient cash through internally generated sales proceeds and an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet its operation needs and commitments in respect of property projects.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the date of the statement of financial position to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險

本集團管理層旨在透過內 部銷售所得款項及充足的 承諾信貸融資額維持足夠 現金以滿足其物業項目的 營運需求和承諾。

下表乃根據於財務狀況表日期至合同到期日的,按相關到期日別別分析本集團金融負債。表內披露的金額為合同未貼現現金流量。

		Within 1 year 1年內 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Over 5 years 5年以上 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
As at 04 December 0004	<u>}</u> 0004/⊊40 ⊟04∏					
As at 31 December 2021 Bank borrowings	於2021年12月31日 銀行借款	107,800	156,200	_	_	264,000
Interest payments on bank	銀行借款的利息付款	18,836	6,031	_		24,867
borrowings	数(1) 旧 까(=) (1) 心 (1) 까(10,000	0,001	_	_	24,007
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	1,738,262	-	_	-	1,738,262
Other long-term borrowings	其他長期借款	124,377	97,000	151,000	_	372,377
Interest payments on other long- term borrowings	其他長期借款的利息 付款	58,945	25,504	13,658	-	98,107
Other current borrowings	其他流動借款	56,580	-	_	-	56,580
Interest payments on other current	其他流動借款的利息	5,848	-	-	-	5,848
borrowings	付款					
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	4,717	4,545	11,050	3,332	23,644
		2,115,365	289,280	175,708	3,332	2,583,685

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (continued)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

(c) 流動資金風險(續)

		Within 1 year 1年內 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Over 5 years 5年以上 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日					
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	110,000	_	29,000	_	139,000
Interest payments on bank		,		,		,
borrowings	銀行借款的利息付款	6,120	2,068	470	_	8,658
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	1,811,525	_	_	_	1,811,525
Other long-term borrowings	其他長期借款	136,000	90,377	122,000	_	348,377
Interest payments on other	其他長期借款的利息					
long-term borrowings	付款	33,932	8,988	6,420	_	49,340
Other current borrowings	其他流動借款	64,640	_	_	_	64,640
Interest payments on other	其他流動借款的利息					
current borrowings	付款	11,460	_	_	_	11,460
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	6,126	4,348	11,894	6,782	29,150
		2,179,803	105,781	169,784	6,782	2,462,150

Note: Interests on bank borrowings, long-term borrowings and other current borrowings are calculated based on borrowings held as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, respectively. Floating-rate interests are estimated using the prevailing interest rates as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, respectively.

附註: 銀行借款利息、長期借款及其他流動借款的利息乃根據於2021年及2020年12月31日分別持有的借款計算。浮動利息乃分別使用於2021年及2020年12月31日的現行利率估算。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings, including interest bearing borrowings from related parties and third parties, lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as total equity, as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position, plus net debt.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團資本管理的目標是確保本集團能持續經營,以為股東 帶來回報,並維持最優資本架 構以減少資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集 團可調整支付予股東的股息金 額、發行新股份或出售資產以 減少債務。

本集團以槓桿比率為基準監察 其資本。該比率按債務淨淨額 按借款總額(包括來自關聯方員 第三方的計息借款、租賃員計 和減現金及現金等價物計別 資本總額則按綜合財務狀況 到賬的權益總額加上債務淨額 計算。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.2 Capital risk management (continued)

The gearing ratios at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

3.2 資本風險管理(續)

於2021年 及2020年12月31日 的 槓桿比率如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Borrowings (Note 18)	借款 <i>(附註18)</i>	264,000	139,000
Other long-term borrowings (Note 20)	其他長期借款(附註20)	372,377	348,377
Other current borrowings (Note 19)	其他流動借款(附註19)	56,580	64,640
Lease liabilities (Note 6(b))	租賃負債(附註6(b))	20,908	24,462
Total borrowings	借款總額	713,865	576,479
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	(281,489)	(554,504)
(Note 14)	(附註14)		
Net debt	債務淨額	432,376	21,975
Total equity	權益總額	1,845,460	1,530,090
Total capital	資本總額	2,277,836	1,552,065
Gearing ratio	槓桿比率	18.98%	1.42%

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The table below analyses the Group's financial instruments carried at fair value by level of the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. Such inputs are categorised into three levels within a fair value hierarchy as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

See Note 8 for disclosures of the investment properties that are measured at fair value.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

下表按公平值計量的估值技術所用輸入數據的層級分析本集團按公平值入賬的金融工具。有關輸入數據乃按下文所述而分類歸入公平值架構內的三個層級:

- 一同類資產或負債於活躍市場上的報價(未經調整)(第1層)。
- 計入第1層內報價以外的資產或負債的可觀察輸入數據,不論直接(即價格)或間接(即衍生自價格)(第2層)。
- 非基於可觀察市場數據的 資產或負債輸入數據(即不 可觀察輸入數據)(第3層)。

按公平值計值的投資物業的披露請參閱附註8。

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
第1層	第2層	第3層	總計
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
·			

Financial assets at fair value	按公平值透過損益	i de la companya de			
through profit or loss	入賬的金融資產				
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	6,155	_	_	6,155
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	133	_	_	133

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

Total	Level 3	Level 2	Level 1
總計	第3層	第2層	第 1 層
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Investment properties	投資物業				
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	-	_	124,680	124,680
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	_	_	94,050	94,050

There were no transfers between levels 1 and 2 for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

截 至2021年 及2020年12月31日 止年度,第1層與第2層之間並 無轉撥。

如一項或多項重大輸入數據並 非根據可觀察市場數據,則該 金融工具列入第3層。

綜合財務報表附註

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.3 Fair value estimation (continued)

As the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held by the Group are security assets traded in active market whose fair value is based on quoted market price at reporting date. Therefore, they are included in level 1.

The investment properties are not traded in active markets nor does the fair value determined by using valuation techniques that maximise the use of observable market data. Therefore, they are included in level 3.

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The management makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are outlined below.

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

由於本集團持有的按公平值透過損益入賬的金融資產為在活躍市場買賣的證券資產,其公平值乃根據於報告日期的市場報價計算。因此,其計入第1層。

投資物業並非在活躍市場買賣或通過最大程度使用可觀察市場數據的估值技術釐定公平值。因此,其計入第3層。

4 重要會計估計及判斷

估計及判斷會被持續評估,並以過 往經驗及其他因素作為基礎,包括 在目前情況下相信對未來事件的合 理預期。

管理層對未來作出估計及假設。所得的會計估計理論上難以與相關的實際結果相同。會導致下個財政年度內資產及負債賬面值作出重大調整的重大風險的估計及假設現討論如下。

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4.1 Revenue recognition

Revenue from sales of properties is recognised over time when the Group's performance do not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date; otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the buyer obtains control of the completed property. The Group may not change or substitute the property unit or redirect the property unit for another use due to the contractual restrictions with the customer and thus the property unit does not have an alternative use to the Group. However, whether there is an enforceable right to payment depends on the terms of sales contract and the interpretation of the applicable laws that apply to the contract.

4 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

4.1 收入確認

當本集團的履約並無創造一項 對本集團具有替代用途的資產, 並且本集團具有就迄今為止已 完成的履約部分獲得客戶付款 的可執行權利,則隨時間確認 物業銷售收入;否則當買方取 得竣工物業的控制權時於某個 時間點確認收入。由於與客戶 存在合同限制,本集團不得更 改或替換物業單位或將物業單 位重新定向為另一用途,因此 物業單位對本集團並無替代用 途。然而,是否存在可強制執 行的支付權取決於銷售合同的 條款以及適用於合同的適用法 律的詮釋。

綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4.2 Development costs directly attributable to property development activities

The Group estimates property construction costs upon recognition of respective costs of sales. Such estimates are substantiated by detailed budgetary information as developed by the management, and will be assessed periodically, as the constructions progress. Should these estimates depart from their actual finalised costs, such differences would affect the accuracy of costs of sales recognised.

4.3 Provision for impairment of properties held or under development for sale

The management makes provision for impairment of properties held or under development for sale based on the estimate of the net realisable amount of the properties. Determination of net realisable amount of the properties involved critical accounting estimates on the selling price, variable selling expenses and the estimated costs to completion. Management estimated the selling price based on the prevailing market conditions; the variable selling expenses based on certain percentage of selling price; and the costs to completion based on the project budget approved by management. Given the volatility of the property market in the PRC, the actual net realisable amount may be higher or lower than the estimate made as at the end of the reporting period. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect the Group's operating performance in future years.

4 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

4.2 物業開發活動直接應佔的開發 成本

4.3 持作出售或開發中待售物業減 值撥備

綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4.4 Land appreciation tax of the PRC

The Group is subject to land appreciation tax in the PRC. However, since the implementation and settlement of the tax varies among various tax jurisdictions in cities of the PRC, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the land appreciation tax. The Group recognises the land appreciation tax based on management's best estimates according to its understanding of the interpretation of tax rules and latest practice of local tax jurisdictions in the cities where the Group's projects are located. The final tax outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and these differences will impact the current income tax and the deferred income tax provision in the periods in which such taxes have been finalised with local tax authorities.

4.5 Current and deferred income tax

The Group is subject to corporate income tax in the PRC. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for corporate income tax. There are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that we initially recorded, such difference will impact the current income tax and deferred tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers to be probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. The outcome of their actual utilisation may be different.

4 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

4.4 中國土地增值税

本然同所額按方常計稅錄響項網繳納中國有所額按方常計稅錄響項網數納中國項定大項稅規,。得於期內國內稅量重團的的據土則目務解確稅,。得於出集構釋團稅額於出集構釋團稅額稅,務期日,稅異須對務的本最的地間積減及增。在則出土別差定及稅的付稅理市最佳增最將等延入。不有金層地新估值初影稅所

4.5 當期及遞延所得税

與若干臨時差額及税項虧損有關的遞延税項資產,可在管理層認為日後將有應課税利潤可供抵銷臨時差額或税項虧損的情況下確認。其實際利用結果可能不同。

綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4.6 Fair value of investment properties

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for the properties with similar lease and other contracts. In the absence of such information, the management determines the amount within a range of reasonable fair value estimates. In making its estimation, the management considers information from a variety of sources including:

- (a) Current prices in an active market for properties of different nature, condition or location (or subject to different lease or other contracts), adjusted to reflect those differences:
- (b) Recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, with adjustments to reflect any changes in economic conditions since the date of the transactions that occurred at those prices; and,
- (c) Discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows, derived from the term of any existing lease and other contract and (where possible) from external evidence such as current market rents for similar properties in the same location and condition, and using discount rates that reflect current market assessment of the uncertainty in the amount and timing of the cash flows.

The Group assesses the fair value of its investment properties based on valuations determined by independent professional qualified valuers, which were based on income approach and by reference to comparable price in an active market.

4 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

4.6 投資物業的公平值

公平值的最佳憑證為類似租約 及其他合同於物業當該時活 場上的價格。在缺乏合理層 的情況下,管理層定会 值估計的範圍內釐 管理層 作出估計時,管理層 來源的資料,包括:

- (a) 性質、狀況或地點不同(或 受不同租約或其他合同規 限)的物業當時於活躍市場 上的價格(須就各項差異作 出調整);
- (b) 較不活躍市場所提供類似物業的近期價格(該價格會作出調整,以反映自按該等價格進行交易的日期起經濟狀況的任何轉變);及

本集團根據獨立專業合資格估值師基於收入法及參考活躍市場的可比較價格而釐定的估值評估其投資物業的公平值。

綜合財務報表附註

4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS (CONTINUED)

4.6 Fair value of investment properties (continued)

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the key assumptions used by the valuer in determining fair value were as follows:

4 重要會計估計及判斷(續)

4.6 投資物業的公平值(續)

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 估值師於釐定公平值時使用的 主要假設如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2021 2021年	2020 2020年
年期回報率	3.5%-7.00%	3.5%-7.00% 4%-7.50%
_	年期回報率 復歸回報率	年期回報率 3.5%-7.00%

4.7 Regulated bank accounts and restricted bank deposit

The Group is engaged in property development and pre-sale activities. In order to ensure entities to use presale proceeds properly for timely completion of the property development, various local government authorities as well as banks may have certain requirements for entities to deposit the presale proceeds in their regulated bank accounts. The use of the proceeds may need review and approvals from the government authorities and banks, and certain percentage of bank deposits are required to be maintained in the bank until completion of the property projects, thus might be considered as restricted. However, since these requirements and their implementations are varied in different cities, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of restricted bank deposits. The Group, after assessment of current local requirements, historical experiences in the review and approval process, as well as continuous communication with local relevant authorities and banks, considers that these presale proceeds in the regulated bank accounts can still be used in property development subject to a standard approval process and have not been clearly restricted. The Group therefore considers these proceeds deposited in the regulated bank accounts are still cash and cash equivalent. Once local requirements or their implementation measures are changed, the Group will make reassessment and adjustments might be considered necessary.

4.7 受規管銀行賬戶及受限制銀行 存款

本集團從事物業開發及預售活 動。為確保實體妥為使用預售 所得款項以及時完成物業發展 項目,多個地方政府當局以及 銀行可能會要求實體將預售所 得款項存入其受規管銀行賬戶。 所得款項的用途可能需要政府 當局及銀行審閱及批准,而實 體亦須將銀行存款的若干百分 比存放於銀行,直至完成物業 項目為止。因此,銀行存款可 能會被視為受限制。然而,由 於不同城市有不同規定及執法 要求,於釐定受限制銀行存款 時須作出重大判斷。本集團於 評估目前當地的要求、審批過 程的過往經驗,以及與本地有 關當局及銀行持續溝通後,認 為受規管銀行賬戶中的預售所 得款項仍可用於物業發展,惟 須受標準批准過程所限,但並 無明顯受限制。因此,本集團 認為存放於受規管銀行賬戶的 所得款項仍屬現金及現金等價 物。一旦當地要求或執法措施 有變動,本集團將作出重新評 估,並可能認為有需要作出調 整。

綜合財務報表附註

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The executive directors have been identified as the CODM. Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the executive directors, which are used to allocate resources and assess performance.

The Group is principally engaged in property development in the PRC. The CODM reviews the operating results of the business as one segment to make decision about resources to be allocated. Revenue and profit after income tax are the measures reported to the executive directors for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment.

The major operating entities of the Group are domiciled in the PRC. All of the Group's revenue are derived in the PRC for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all of non-current assets of the Group were located in the PRC.

There was no revenue derived from a single external customer that accounts for 10% or more of the Group's revenues for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

5 分部資料

執行董事已被確認為主要經營決策者。管理層已根據執行董事所審閱 用於分配資源及評估表現的報告釐 定經營分部。

本集團主要在中國從事物業開發。 主要經營決策者按一個分部審閱業 務的經營業績,以就資源如何分配 作出決策。向執行董事呈報以用作 資源分配及表現評估的指標為收入 及除所得稅後利潤。

本集團的主要營運實體位於中國。 截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,本集團的全部收入均源自中國。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日,本集團的全部非流動資產均位於中國。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,來自單一外部客戶的收入並無佔本集團收入的10%或以上。

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 6 物業、廠房及設備

			Motor	Electronic	Furniture, fittings and	Leasehold	
		Buildings	vehicles	devices	equipment 傢俬、	improvements	Total
		樓宇	汽車	電子設備	裝置及設備	租賃裝修	總計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日						
Cost	成本	21,993	30,675	8,494	3,371	20,008	84,541
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(5,406)	(26,417)	(6,206)	(2,459)	(3,368)	(43,856)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	16,587	4,258	2,288	912	16,640	40,685
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至2020年12月31日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	16,587	4,258	2,288	912	16,640	40,685
Additions	添置	-	5,598	2,478	994	3,424	12,494
Disposals (Note 33(c))	出售 <i>(附註33(c))</i>	-	(56)	(65)	(24)	-	(145)
Depreciation charge (Note 26)	折舊費用 <i>(附註26)</i>	(913)	(1,755)	(1,515)	(335)	(2,748)	(7,266)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	15,674	8,045	3,186	1,547	17,316	45,768
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日						
Cost	成本	21,993	34,177	8,804	4,233	23,432	92,639
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(6,319)	(26,132)	(5,618)	(2,686)	(6,116)	(46,871)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	15,674	8,045	3,186	1,547	17,316	45,768
Very and ad 04 December 0004	截至2021年12月31日止年度						
Year ended 31 December 2021 Opening net book amount	截至2021年12月31日正年度 年初賬面淨值	15,674	8,045	3,186	1,547	17,316	45,768
Additions	添置	10,014	1,260	2,143	719	1,335	5,457
Disposals (Note 33(c))	出售 <i>(附註33(c))</i>	_	(12)	(21)	(15)	-	(48)
Depreciation charge (Note 26)	折舊費用(附註26)	(907)	(2,658)	(1,918)	(453)	(3,263)	(9,199)
Closing net book amount	年末賬面淨值	14,767	6,635	3,390	1,798	15,388	41,978
V		,		, , , , ,	,		,,,,,,
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日						
Cost	成本	21,993	35,425	10,926	4,937	24,767	98,048
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(7,226)	(28,790)	(7,536)	(3,139)	(9,379)	(56,070)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	14,767	6,635	3,390	1,798	15,388	41,978

綜合財務報表附註

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

Depreciation charge of the Group has been included in administrative expenses for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

Buildings with carrying amount of approximately RMB14,406,000 as at 31 December 2021 were pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings (2020: RMB15,263,000) (Notes 18).

6(b) Leases

(i) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of finance position

6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,本集團的折舊費用已計入行政開支。

於2021年12月31日,賬面值約為人民幣14,406,000元的樓宇獲質押作為本集團獲授借款的抵押品(2020年:人民幣15,263,000元)(附註18)。

6(b) 租賃

(i) 於綜合財務狀況表確認 的金額

		As at 31 December 2021 於2021年 12月31日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	As at 31 December 2020 於2020年 12月31日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Right-of-use assets Buildings Vehicles	使用權資產 樓宇 汽車	19,673 48	22,852 —
		19,721	22,852
Lease liabilities Current Non-current	租賃負債 即期 非即期	4,717 16,191	6,126 18,336
		20,908	24,462

綜合財務報表附註

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

6(b) Leases (continued)

6(b) 租賃(續)

(ii) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss

(ii) 於綜合損益表確認的金 額

		Notes 附註	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產攤銷			
Buildings Vehicles	樓宇 汽車	26	(4,596) (48)	(3,956) —
			(4,644)	(3,956)
Interest expenses (included in finance costs) Expenses relating to short-	利息開支(計入財務 成本) 與短期租賃有關的	27	1,237	1,077
term leases (included in administrative expenses) Expenses relating to leases of low-value assets that are not shown above as short-	開支(計入行政 開支) 與上文並未列為短期 租賃的低價值資產 租賃有關的開支 (計入行政開支)	26	37	80
term leases (included in administrative expenses)	(可入1)以用义)	26	15	262

The total cash outflows for leases in 2021 was RMB6,304,000 (2020: RMB4,976,000).

2021年的租賃現金流出總額為人民幣6,304,000元(2020年:人民幣4,976,000元)。

(iii) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group's leases are mainly for offices. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 10 years. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessor. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

(iii) 本集團的租賃活動及如 何進行入賬

本集團的租賃主要用於辦期賃。租賃合同10年。租賃合同10年。租赁企租1至10年。租薪並無施加任何可負債。租薪資租份,有益條份,有益條份,有益條份,有益條份。

綜合財務報表附註

7 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

7 無形資產

		Licences 許可證 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至2021年12月31日止年度		
Opening net book amount	期初賬面淨值	_	_
Acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 36)	收購附屬公司(附註36)	14,553	14,553
Amortisation charge	攤銷費用	_	_
Closing net book amount	期末賬面淨值	14,553	14,553
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日		
Cost	成本	14,553	14,553
Accumulated amortisation and	累計攤銷及減值		
impairment			
Net book amount	賬面淨值	14,553	14,553

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

8 投資物業

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Opening balance	年初結餘	94,050	96,700
Transfer from properties held or under development for sale (a)	轉撥自持作出售或開發中 待售物業 <i>(a)</i>	31,778	_
Addition	添置	_	1,161
Net losses from fair value adjustment	公平值調整的虧損淨額	(1,148)	(3,811)
	/T + /+ AA	404.000	0.4.050
Closing balance		124,680	94,050

Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties

就投資物業確認於損益的金額

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	EV 1-/10	
	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Fair value gains resulting from transfer		
properties <i>(a)</i> Net losses from fair value adjustment 公平值調整的虧損淨額	9,198 (1,148)	(3,811)
Net fair value gains/(losses) on 投資物業的公平值收益/ investment properties (虧損)淨額	8,050	(3,811)
Rental income arising from investment 投資物業產生的租金收入 properties	5,152	4,261

綜合財務報表附註

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Amounts recognised in profit or loss for investment properties (Continued)

Note:

(a) On 31 October 2021 and 31 December 2021, two properties were transferred from properties held or under development for sale to investment properties. On the date of transfer, the total net book value of the two properties were approximately RMB22,580,000 (Note 11) and the fair value were approximately RMB31,778,000. The total difference of approximately RMB9,198,000 were recognised as fair value gains on investment properties by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Fair value hierarchy

Fair value measurement at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) are investment properties located in the PRC, amounting to RMB124,680,000 and RMB94,050,000, respectively.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 for the vears ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

8 投資物業(續)

就投資物業確認於損益的金額(續)

附註:

(a) 於2021年10月31日 及2021年12月31 日,兩項物業由持作出售或開發中 待售物業轉撥至投資物業。於轉撥 日期,兩個物業的賬面淨值總額約 為人民幣22,580,000元(附註11)及 公平值為人民幣31,778,000元。總 差額約人民幣9,198,000元由本集團 於截至2021年12月31日止年度確認 為投資物業的公平值收益。

公平值層級

於2021年及2020年12月31日採用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3層)對位於中國的投資物業進行的公平值計量分別為人民幣124,680,000元及人民幣94,050,000元。

本集團政策為於導致轉撥的事件或 情況變動日期確認公平值層級轉入 及轉出。

截 至2021年 及2020年12月31日 止年 度,第1、2及3層 之 間 並 無 進 行 轉 撥。

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Valuation processes of the Group

The Group's investment properties were valued at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 by an independent professionally qualified valuers, Vincorn Consulting and Appraisal Limited who hold recognised relevant professional qualification and have recent experience in the locations and segments of the investment properties valued. For all investment properties, their current use equates to the highest and best use.

Valuation techniques

The Group has eight investment properties for the years ended 31 December 2021 (2020: six), all of which are located in Henan Province, the PRC.

The valuation of investment properties was determined using the income approach (term and reversionary method) which was based on capitalisation of net rental income derived from the existing tenancies with due allowance for the reversionary income potential of the properties.

There were no changes to the valuation techniques for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

8 投資物業*(續)*

本集團的估值程序

本集團的投資物業於2021年12月31日及2020年12月31日由獨立專業合資格估值師泓亮諮詢及評估有限公司進行估值,該估值師持有獲認可的相關專業資質及具備所估值投驗,所有投資物業乃就其目前最有效及最佳方式使用。

估值技術

本集團於截至2021年12月31日止年 度擁有八處投資物業(2020年: 六處),全部位於中國河南省。

投資物業的估值乃採用收入法(年期及復歸法)根據將現有租約所得租金收入淨額資本化及適當計及物業的復歸收入潛力釐定。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,估值技術並無變動。

綜合財務報表附註

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3):

有關於2021年及2020年12月31日使 用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3層)公 平值計量的資料:

Description 説明	Fair value as at 於下列日期的公平值	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與 公平值的關係
Property I	31 December 2021: RMB3,160,000 31 December 2020: RMB3,280,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 7% (2020: 7%), taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業一	2021年12月31日: 人民幣3,160,000元 2020年12月31日: 人民幣3,280,000元	收入法(年期及復歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率7%(2020年:7%),經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 7.5% (2020: 7.5%), taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率7.5% (2020年:7.5%),經計及可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高 [,] 則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB8.27 (2020: RMB8.2) per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	property and facilities. 市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣8.27元 (2020年:人民幣8.2元),使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

有關於2021年及2020年12月31日使 用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3層)公 平值計量的資料:(續)

Description 説明	Fair value as at 於下列日期的公平值	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
Property II	31 December 2021: RMB20,500,000 31 December 2020: RMB20,900,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 6.5% (2020: 6.5%), taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業二	2021年12月31日: 人民幣20,500,000元 2020年12月31日: 人民幣20,900,000元	收入法(年期及復歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率6.5%(2020年:6.5%),經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 7% (2020: 7%), taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率7% (2020年:7%),經計及可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB45 (2020: RMB47) per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣45元 (2020年:人民幣47元),使用直接市場比較 及經計及位置及其他個別因素,例如臨街、 物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

綜合財務報表附註

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

有關於2021年及2020年12月31日使 用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3層)公 平值計量的資料:(續)

Description 説明	Fair value as at 於下列日期的公平值	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
Property III	31 December 2021: RMB8,010,000 31 December 2020: RMB8,060,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 4% (2020: 4%), taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業三	2021年12月31日: 人民幣8,010,000元 2020年12月31日: 人民幣8,060,000元	收入法(年期及復 歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率4%(2020年:4%),經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 4% (2020: 4%), taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率4% (2020年:4%),經計及可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB62 (2020: RMB63 per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣62元 (2020年:人民幣63元),使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

有關於2021年及2020年12月31日使 用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3層)公 平值計量的資料:(續)

Description	Fair value as at	Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
説明	於下列日期的公平值	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據範圍	公平值的關係
Property IV	31 December 2021: RMB42,600,000 31 December 2020: RMB43,200,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 4.5% (2020: 4.5%), taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業四	2021年12月31日 人民幣42,600,000元 2020年12月31日 人民幣43,200,000元	收入法(年期及復 歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率4.5% (2020年:4.5%),經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 5% (2020: 5%), taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率5% (2020年:5%),經計及可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高 [,] 則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB18.5 (2020: RMB18.7) per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣18.5元 (2020年:人民幣18.7元),使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

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8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

Description 説明	Fair value as at 於下列日期的公平值	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與 公平值的關係
Property V	31 December 2021: RMB10,000,000 31 December 2020: RMB10,140,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 5.5% (2020: 5.5%), taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業五	2021年12月31日: 人民幣10,000,000元 2020年12月31日: 人民幣10,140,000元	收入法(年期及復 歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率5.5% (2020年:5.5%),經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 6% (2020: 6%), taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率6% (2020年:6%),經計及可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB21.3 (2020: RMB21.6) per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣21.3元 (2020年:人民幣21.6元),使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

Description 説明	Fair value as at 於下列日期的公平值	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
Property VI	31 December 2021: RMB8,320,000 31 December 2020: RMB8,470,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 3.5% (2020: 3.5%), taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業六	2021年12月31日: 人民幣8,320,000元 2020年12月31日: 人民幣8,470,000元	收入法(年期及復歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率3.5%(2020年:3.5%),經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 4% (2020: 4%), taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率4% (2020年:4%),經計及可比較物業的年度單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB16.5 (2020: RMB16.8) per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣16.5元 (2020年:人民幣16.8元),使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

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8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

8 投資物業(續)

Description 説明	Fair value as at 於下列日期的公平值	Valuation technique(s) 估值技術	Unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據	Range of unobservable inputs 不可觀察輸入數據範圍	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與公平值的關係
Property VII	31 December 2021: RMB30,400,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 3.5%, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業七	2021年12月31日: 人民幣30,400,000元	收入法(年期及復歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率3.5%,經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 4%, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率4%,經計及可比較物業的年度 單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB16.1 per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣16.1元, 使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個 別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平 值越高

8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

8 投資物業(續)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

Description	Fair value as at	Valuation technique(s)	Unobservable inputs	Range of unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value 不可觀察輸入數據與
説明	於下列日期的公平值	估值技術	不可觀察輸入數據	不可觀察輸入數據範圍	公平值的關係
Property VIII	31 December 2021: RMB1,690,000	Income approach (term and reversionary method)	Term yield	Term yield of 3.5%, taking into account of yield generated from comparable properties and adjustment to reflect the certainty of term income secured and to be received.	The higher the term yield, the lower the fair value
物業八	2021年12月31日:人民 幣1,690,000元	收入法(年期及復歸法)	年期回報率	年期回報率3.5%,經計及可比較物業產生的回報率及就反映已取得及將收取年期收入的確定性作出調整。	年期回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Reversionary yield	Reversionary rate of 4%, taking into account annual unit market rental income and unit market value of the comparable properties.	The higher the reversionary yield, the lower the fair value
			復歸回報率	復歸回報率4%,經計及可比較物業的年度 單位市場租金收入及單位市值。	復歸回報率越高,則公平值 越低
			Market unit rent of individual unit	Market unit rent is RMB12.3 per square meter per month, using direct market comparable and taking into account of location and other individual factors, such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.	The higher the market unit rent, the higher the fair value
			個別單位的市場單 位租金	市場單位租金每月每平方米人民幣12.3元, 使用直接市場比較及經計及位置及其他個 別因素,例如臨街、物業規模及設施。	市場單位租金越高,則公平值越高

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8 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

Information about fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 using significant unobservable inputs (level 3): *(continued)*

If the reversionary yield increase or decrease by 10% from the parameter used by the qualified valuer, the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 would have been as follows:

8 投資物業(續)

有關於2021年及2020年12月31日使 用重大不可觀察輸入數據(第3層)公 平值計量的資料:(續)

倘復歸回報率按合資格估值師採用的參數計算增加或減少10%,於 2021年及2020年12月31日的投資物 業公平值如下所示:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Investment properties increase/(decrease) -10 percent increase in reversionary yield -10 percent decrease in reversionary yield	投資物業增加/(減少) -復歸回報率增加10% -復歸回報率減少10%	(5,428) 6,221	(4,659) 5,370

There will be no significant change for the fair value of the investment properties as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 if the term yield increase or decrease by 10% from the parameter used by the qualified valuer.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had no unprovided contractual obligations for future repairs and maintenance. Operating expenses relating to unlet investment properties are immaterial to the Group.

The Group measured deferred tax relating to the temporary differences of these investment properties by adopting the tax rates and the tax bases that are consistent with the expected manner of recovery of these investment properties (Note 23).

As at 31 December 2021 investment properties with fair value of approximately RMB44,473,000 were pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings (Note 18) and RMB31,787,000 were pledged as collateral for third parties' borrowings. No investment properties were pledged as collateral for the Group's borrowings as at 31 December 2020.

倘年期回報率按合資格估值師採用的參數計算增加或減少10%,於2021年及2020年12月31日的投資物業公平值並無重大變動。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日,本 集 團並無有關未來維修及維護的未撥 備合同責任。有關未出租投資物業 的經營開支對本集團而言並不重大。

本集團通過採用符合預計收回該等 投資物業方式的税率及税基計量有 關該等投資物業的臨時差額的遞延 税項(附註23)。

於2021年12月31日,公平值約人民幣44,473,000元的投資物業已作為抵押品被抵押以取得本集團的借款(附註18),而公平值約人民幣31,787,000元的投資物業已作為抵押品被抵押以取得第三方借款。於2020年12月31日,概無投資物業已作為抵押品被抵押以取得本集團的借款。

9 AN INVESTMENT ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD

9 使用權益法入賬的投資

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		M - 1=/30. H - 1 / X	
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Opening balance	年初結餘	20,042	_
Addition (a)	添置(a)	_	20,042
Less: Accrual of provision (Note 25(a))	減:應計撥備(<i>附註25(a))</i>	(13,000)	_
Impairment charge during the year	年內減值開支(<i>附註25(a))</i>		
(Note 25(a))		(7,042)	_
Ending balance	年末結餘	_	20,042

- (a) On 3 August 2020, the Group's investment in Xuchang Xujian Real Estate Company Limited* ("Xuchang Xujian") has been approved by the board of Xuchang Xujian. The Group contributed an initial investment of RMB20,042,000 by cash consideration in return of 20% shares holding of Xuchang Xujian, and obtained significant influence over Xuchang Xujian. Xuchang Xujian was classified as an associate. As at 31 December 2021, the change of Industry and Commerce Registration for Xuchang Xujian has yet to be completed.
- (a) 於2020年8月3日,本集團於許 昌許建置業有限公司(「許建置 建」)的投資已獲許昌許建價 會批准。本集團沒 會批准了初始投級取許 之0,042,000元,以換取權 建的20%股份的擁有權權 得許昌許建獲分類為聯營公完 是許建獲分類為聯營公完 2021年12月31日,尚未 國家工商行政管理局辦的手續 許建的投資者登記資料的手續。

^{*} English name for identification purpose only.

10 PREPAYMENTS FOR LEASEHOLD LAND

The Group made prepayments of RMB80,490,000 as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB192,758,000) for the acquisition of leasehold land, which will be transferred to properties under development for sale upon receipt of ownership certificates or commencement of development activities.

11 PROPERTIES HELD OR UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

Balances of properties held or under development for sale are as follows:

10 租賃土地預付款項

於2021年12月31日,本集團就收購租賃土地作出預付款項人民幣80,490,000元(2020年12月31日:人民幣192,758,000元)。該款項將於收到土地使用權的所有權證或開始動工後轉撥至開發中待售物業。

11 持作出售或開發中待售物業

持作出售或開發中待售物業結餘如下:

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Properties under development for sale Properties held for sale	開發中待售物業 持作出售物業	7,373,350 1,629,347	5,423,337 1,601,448
Less: Provision for impairment of properties held for sale	減:持作出售物業的減值撥備	9,002,697	(63,714)
		8,915,148	6,961,071

11 PROPERTIES HELD OR UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

11 持作出售或開發中待售物業(續)

Properties held or under development for sale comprise:

持作出售或開發中待售物業包括:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020	
		2021年	2020年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Land use rights and demolition and	於扣除相關政府補助後的土			
resettlement costs after deducting	地使用權及拆遷和安置			
related government grants	費用	3,745,632	2,898,537	
Construction costs and capitalised	建築成本及資本化開支			
expenditures		5,017,553	3,843,377	
Interest capitalised (a)	資本化利息(a)	239,512	282,871	
		9,002,697	7,024,785	
Less: Provision for impairment of	減:持作出售物業的減值撥備			
properties held for sale		(87,549)	(63,714)	
		8,915,148	6,961,071	

Note:

附註:

⁽a) Interest rate of capitalised borrowings for the year ended 31 December 2021 was 7.99% (2020: 5.78%) per annum.

⁽a) 截至2021年12月31日止年度,資本 化借款年利率為7.99%(2020年: 5.78%)。

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11 PROPERTIES HELD OR UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

Movements of properties held or under development for sale are as follows:

11 持作出售或開發中待售物業(續)

持作出售或開發中待售物業變動如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
At beginning of the year Additions Costs of properties recognised in profit or loss	年初 添置 在損益中確認的物業成本	7,024,785 3,892,848 (1,892,356)	5,134,664 3,500,033 (1,609,912)
Transfer to investment properties	轉撥至投資物業	(22,580)	
At end of the year	年末	9,002,697	7,024,785

Movements on the provision for impairment of properties held for sale are as follows:

該等持作出售物業減值撥備的變動 如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021 2021年	2020 2020年
	RMB'000 人民幣千元	7000 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At beginning of the year 年初	63,714	30,536
Provision for impairment of 持作出售物業的	減值撥備	
properties held for sale	25,534	34,418
Provision realised upon sales 出售後變現的撥	(1,699)	(1,240)
At end of the year 年末	87,549	63,714

11 PROPERTIES HELD OR UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

Management expects that the amounts of these properties held or under development for sale as of 31 December 2021 and 2020 will be recognised as cost from sales of properties during the following periods:

11 持作出售或開發中待售物業(續)

管理層預計該等持作出售或開發中 待售物業截至2021年及2020年12月 31日的金額將於以下期間確認為物 業銷售的成本:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Amounts are expected to be recovered:	預期將收回金額:		
Within 12 months	12個月以內	1,240,256	1,148,435
Beyond 12 months	超過12個月	7,762,441	5,876,350
		9,002,697	7,024,785

The properties held or under development for sale are all located in the PRC.

As at 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's properties held or under development for sale amounting to RMB1,034,461,000 were pledged as collateral for the Group's bank borrowings (Note 18) and other long-term borrowings (Note 20) (2020: RMB803,072,000).

As at 31 December 2021, certain of the Group's properties held or under development for sale amounting to RMB128,497,000 were pledged as collateral for third parties' borrowings (2020: nill).

持作出售或開發中待售物業均位於 中國。

於2021年12月31日,本集團若干人民幣1,034,461,000元的持作出售或開發中待售物業已作為抵押品被抵押以取得本集團的銀行借款(附註18)及其他長期借款(附註20)(2020年:人民幣803,072,000元)。

於2021年12月31日,本集團若干人民幣128,497,000元的持作出售或開發中待售物業已作為抵押品被抵押以取得第三方借款(2020年:無)。

12 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS

12 貿易及其他應收款項和預付款項

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	_	_
Prepayments of construction costs (a) Prepayments of equity acquisition (b)	建築成本預付款項(a) 股權收購預付款項(b)	74,675 —	25,789 84,900
Costs relating to demolition and resettlement activities recoverable from government (c)	可自政府收回的與拆遷和安置 活動有關的成本(c)	52,639	82,639
Receivable from project service (d)	項目服務應收款項(d)	55,440	55,440
Tender deposits (e) Prepaid tax and surcharges (f)	招標按金(e) 預付税項及附加費(f)	37,169 24,970	29,626 17,863
Value-added-tax recoverable	可收回增值税	4,370	25,376
Deposits paid for property development	已付物業開發按金	2,421	4,284
Temporary funding receivables (g)	應收臨時資金款項(g)	203,507	3,824
Others	其他	2,521	2,986
		383,037	222,038
Total of trade and other receivables and	貿易及其他應收款項和預付		
prepayments	款項總額	457,712	332,727
Less: Allowance for impairment of other	減:其他應收款項減值撥備	101,112	002,727
receivables		(57,955)	(56,862)
		399,757	275,865

12 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Notes:

- (a) Prepayments of construction costs represent the prepaid construction costs, which will be transferred to properties under development for sale.
- (b) The balances as at 31 December 2020 represented the prepayment for investment of equity interests in certain property project companies. The transfer of equity interests has been completed.
- (c) The balances represent demolition and resettlement costs paid on behalf of and recoverable from the government.
- (d) Receivable from project service represent the outstanding balance recoverable from customer for the construction costs and project management fees incurred. The Group manages the construction projects on behalf of certain customers, and earns a pre-determined service fee for the services provided. The balance has been fully impaired due to long-ageing.
- (e) The balance represents deposits for bidding of land use rights, project development and migrant wages and housing maintenance fund for properties held for sale of the Group.
- (f) Prepaid tax and surcharges are levied when the Group receives advances from customers and the prepaid taxes and surcharges are recorded as prepayments before the relevant revenue is recognised.
- (g) Temporary funding receivables as at 31 December 2021 are mainly non-interest bearing receivables from Yuzhou Finance Bureau and Xuchang Weidu Investment Co., Ltd., and advances of RMB15,000,000 to a third party with an interest of 10% per annum.

12 貿易及其他應收款項和預付款項 (續)

附註:

- (a) 建築成本預付款項指預付建築成本,該等款項將轉撥至開發中待售物業。
- (b) 於2020年12月31日的結餘代表投資 若干物業項目公司的股權的預付款 項。有關股權轉讓登記手續已經完 成。
- (c) 該結餘指代表政府支付的拆遷和安 置費用以及可自政府收回的款項。
- (d) 項目服務應收款項指就產生的建築 成本及項目管理費用可自客戶收回 的尚未收回結餘。本集團代表若干 客戶管理建設項目並賺取預先釐定 的所提供服務的服務費。由於有關 結餘的賬齡較長,其已全數減值。
- (e) 該結餘主要指競投土地使用權的 投標按金、項目發展及移工工資, 以及本集團持作出售物業的住房維 修基金。
- (f) 預付税項及附加費乃於本集團向客 戶收取墊款時徵收,而預付税項及 附加費於相關收入獲確認前記錄 為預付款項。
- (g) 於2021年12月31日,應收臨時資金 款項主要為應收禹州市財政局及 許昌魏都投資有限公司的不計息款 項,以及墊付第三方且按10%的年 利率計息的人民幣15,000,000元的 款項。

12 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PREPAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The loss allowance provision for other receivables as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are reconciled to the opening loss allowance for that provision as follows:

12 貿易及其他應收款項和預付款項 (續)

於2021年及2020年12月31日,其他應收款項的虧損準備撥備與該撥備的期初虧損準備對賬如下:

Other receivables 其他應收款項 *RMB'000* 人*民幣千元*

At 1 January 2020 Provision for loss allowance recognised in	於2020年1月1日 於損益中確認的虧損準備撥備	56,168
profit or loss (Note 26)	(附註26)	694
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	56,862
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	56,862
Provision for loss allowance recognised in	於損益中確認的虧損準備撥備	
profit or loss (Note 26)	(附註26)	2,100
Written off during the year as uncollectible	於年內撇銷為不可收回	(1,007)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	57,955

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of each reporting date is the carrying value of each class of receivables mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral security.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value of trade and other receivables and prepayments approximates their carrying amounts.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables and prepayments are all denominated in RMB.

於各報告日期結束時承受的最大信 貸風險為上述各類應收款項的賬面 值。本集團並無持有任何抵押品。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日,貿易 及其他應收款項和預付款項的公平 值與其賬面值相若。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 貿易及其他應收款項和預付款項的賬面值全部以人民幣計值。

13 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

13 按公平值透過損益入賬的金融 資產

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Listed securities — held-for-trading 上市證券 — 持作買賣		
Equity securities — PRC (a) 股本證券 — 中國(a)	155	133
Wealth management products (b) 財富管理產品(b)	6,000	_
	6,155	133

Notes:

- (a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss represent shares listed in the PRC for trading purpose.
- (b) Wealth management products are mainly investments in financial products issued by commercial banks. The fair values of these investments approximated their carrying values as at 31 December 2021.

14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES

(a) Cash and cash equivalents

附註:

- (a) 按公平值透過損益入賬的金融資 產指在中國上市的作交易目的的股份。
- (b) 財富管理產品主要為商業銀行發 行的金融產品的投資。於2021年12 月31日,該等投資的公平值與其賬 面值相若。

14 現金及銀行結餘

(a) 現金及現金等價物

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cash at banks 銀行存款	280,870	554,108
Cash on hand 手頭現金	619	396
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物	281,489	554,504

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14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES (CONTINUED)

14 現金及銀行結餘(續)

(a) Cash and cash equivalents (continued)

(a) 現金及現金等價物(續)

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Cash at banks and on hand — denominated in RMB — denominated in HKD	銀行存款及手頭現金 一 以人民幣計值 一 以港元計值	279,725 1,764	553,710 794
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	281,489	554,504

The Group's bank balances consist of bank deposits carrying interests at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

本集團銀行結餘包括按基於每 日銀行存款利率的浮動利率計 息的銀行存款。

(b) Restricted cash

(b) 受限制現金

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Deposits as security for customers' mortgage loans (a) Deposits for issuing notes payable (b) Others (c)	就客戶按揭貸款作為 擔保的存款(a) 發行應付票據的存款(b) 其他(c)	111,184 9,203 26,449	119,002 - -
		146,836	119,002

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14 CASH AND BANK BALANCES (CONTINUED)

(b) Restricted cash (continued)

Notes:

- (a) These bank deposits are restricted to secure the bank loans taken by certain customers of the Group pursuant to the local regulations of certain cities. Such deposits will be released upon the issuance of property ownership certificates.
- (b) These bank deposits are restricted deposits held at banks as security for issuing notes payable (Note 22).
- (c) Others include certain bank deposits restricted by the bank for future project development.

14 現金及銀行結餘(續)

(b) 受限制現金(續)

附註:

- (a) 該等銀行存款限於為本集團若干客戶根據若干城市的地方法規而提取的銀行貸款提供擔保。該等存款將於發出物業所有權證時予以解除。
- (b) 該等銀行存款為存放於銀行 的受限制存款,作為發行應 付票據的抵押(附註22)。
- (c) 其他包括銀行就未來項目發 展而言受限制的若干銀行存 款。

15 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM

Authorised shares

15 股本及股份溢價

法定股份

Number of authorised shares share capital 法定股份數目 法定股本

港元

At 31 December 2020 and 2021 於2020年及2021年12月31日 2,400,000,000 24,000,000

Issued shares 已發行股份

		Number of			
		ordinary shares	Share capital	Share premium	Total
		普通股數目	股本	股份溢價	總計
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 31 December 2021 and 2020	於2021年及2020年12月31日	1,200,000,000	10,645	299,188	309,833

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15 SHARE CAPITAL AND SHARE PREMIUM (CONTINUED)

Notes:

As at the date of incorporation, the Company had issued 10,000 ordinary shares and further increased to 100,000 ordinary shares during 2016.

On 12 November 2018, the Company issued 300,000,000 new ordinary shares at par value of HKD0.01 per share for cash consideration of HKD1.24 each, and raised gross proceeds of approximately HKD372,000,000 (equivalent to RMB329,994,000), in connection with its global offering and commencement of the listing of its shares on the Stock Exchange on the same date. The excess over the par value of RMB2,661,000 for the 300,000,000 shares issued, net of the transaction costs of approximately RMB20,162,000 was credited to share premium with an amount of RMB307,171,000.

Pursuant to a shareholders' resolution dated 22 October 2018, the directors were authorised to capitalise HKD8,999,000 (approximately RMB7,983,000) upon listing, standing to the credit of the share premium account of the Company by applying such sum in paying up in full at par 899,900,000 shares for allotment and issue to shareholders of the Company (the "Capitalisation Issue") to their then shareholdings in the Company.

15 股本及股份溢價(續)

附註:

於註冊成立日期,本公司擁有已發行 10,000股普通股,並於2016年進一步增 至100,000股普通股。

於2018年11月12日,本公司就其全球發售及其股份於同日在聯交所開始上市按每股面值0.01港元發行了300,000,000股新普通股,以換取每股面值1.24港元的現金代價,募集所得款項總額約372,000,000港元(相當於人民幣329,994,000元)。就300,000,000股已發行股份而言,超過面值的部分人民幣2,661,000元(扣除交易成本約人民幣20,162,000元)已計入為數人民幣307,171,000元的股份溢價。

根據日期為2018年10月22日的股東決議案,董事獲授權於上市後將本公司股份溢價賬中8,999,000港元(約人民幣7,983,000元)的進賬撥充資本,並動用該筆款項按賬面值繳足899,900,000股股份,以向本公司股東按彼等當時於本公司的持股比例配發及發行股份(「資本化發行」)。

16 RETAINED EARNINGS

16 保留盈利

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
		八八市「九
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	752,291
Profit for the year	年內利潤	284,011
Appropriation to statutory surplus reserves	轉撥至法定盈餘儲備(附註17(c))	,
(Note 17(c))	()	(14,114)
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於2020年12月31日及2021年1月1日	1,022,188
Profit for the year	年內利潤	306,913
Appropriation to statutory surplus reserves	轉撥至法定盈餘儲備(附註17(c))	
(Note 17(c))	• ,	(16,454)
Dividend paid	已付股息	(60,000)
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	1,252,647

17 OTHER RESERVES

17 其他儲備

		Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Merger reserve 合併儲備 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Statutory surplus reserves 法定盈餘儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Asset revaluation reserve 資產重估儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Appropriation to statutory surplus reserves (c)	於2020年1月1日 轉撥至法定盈餘儲備 <i>(c)</i>	16,224 —	4,774 —	121,340 14,114	11,486 —	153,824 14,114
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Appropriation to statutory surplus reserves (c)	於2020年12月31日及 2021年1月1日 轉撥至法定盈餘儲備(c)	16,224 —	4,774 —	135,454 16,454	11,486	167,938 16,454
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	16,224	4,774	151,908	11,486	184,392

綜合財務報表附註

17 OTHER RESERVES (CONTINUED)

- (a) Capital reserve as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 represents the difference of aggregate consideration paid by the Group for acquisition of non-controlling interest of existing subsidiaries and the aggregate carrying amount of those non-controlling interest, after elimination of investments in subsidiaries.
- (b) Merger reserve as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 represents the difference of aggregate consideration paid by the Group for the acquisition of subsidiaries and the aggregate capital of the subsidiaries acquired during the Group's reorganisation for the Listing.
- (c) In accordance with the Company Law of the PRC and the articles of association of the PRC subsidiaries, these subsidiaries registered in the PRC shall appropriate 10% of its annual statutory profit (after offsetting any prior years' losses) to the statutory surplus reserve ("SSR") account. When the balance of SSR reaches 50% of the registered capital/share capital of these subsidiaries, any further appropriation is optional. The SSR can be utilised to offset prior years' losses or to increase paid-in capital. However, SSR shall be maintained at a minimum of 25% of registered capital/share capital after such utilisation.

The SSR are non-distributable for cash dividends except in the event of liquidation and are subject to certain restrictions set out in the relevant PRC regulations.

17 其他儲備(續)

- (a) 2021年及2020年12月31日的資本儲備指本集團就收購現有附屬公司非控股權益支付的總代價與該等非控股權益賬面總值經抵銷於附屬公司的投資後的差額。
- (b) 於2021年 及2020年12月31日 的 合併儲備指於本集團為上市而 進行重組期間,本集團就收購 附屬公司所支付的總代價與所 收購附屬公司資本總額的差額。

除清盤外,法定盈餘儲備不可 用於分派現金股息,並受到若 干相關中國法規所限制。

綜合財務報表附註

18 BANK BORROWINGS

18 銀行借款

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		7	30.11
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Long-term borrowings	長期借款		
Banks, secured (a)	- 銀行,有抵押(a)	215,000	29,000
• •	減:長期借款的即期部分	210,000	20,000
Less: Current portion of long-term borrowings	减. 支期信款的即期部分		
Banks, secured (a)	- 銀行,有抵押 <i>(a)</i>	(50 000)	
— Bariks, secured (a)	— <u> </u>	(58,800)	
Subtotal	<u>小計</u>	156,200	29,000
Current borrowings	流動借款		
- Banks, secured (a)	- 銀行,有抵押 <i>(a)</i>	49,000	110,000
		49,000	110,000
		10,000	
Add: Current portion of long-term	加:長期借款的即期部分		
borrowings	26 2 (743 III 35 (113 24 743 III 73		
<u> </u>	组织,有纸烟囱	E0 000	
- Banks, secured (a)	— 銀行,有抵押(a)	58,800	
Subtotal	小計 	107,800	110,000
Total	總計	264,000	139,000

Note:

(a) As at 31 December 2021, properties held or under development for sale (Note 11), investment properties (Note 8) and property, plant and equipment (Note 6) of the Group are pledged for the bank borrowings.

As at 31 December 2020, properties held or under development for sale (Note 11) and property, plant and equipment (Note 6) of the Group are pledged for the bank borrowings.

附註:

(a) 於2021年12月31日,本集團持作出 售或開發中待售物業(附註11)、投 資物業(附註8)以及物業、廠房及 設備(附註6)就銀行借款進行抵押。

> 於2020年12月31日,本集團持作出 售或開發中待售物業(附註11)以及 物業、廠房及設備(附註6)就銀行 借款進行抵押。

綜合財務報表附註

18 BANK BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the non-current portion of the Group's long-term bank borrowings were repayable as follows:

18 銀行借款(續)

於2021年 及2020年12月31日,本集團的長期銀行借款中非流動部分應於下列時間償還:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2021	2020	
	2021年	2020年	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年	156,200	_	
Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年	_	29,000	
	156,200	29,000	

The weighted average effective interest rates as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

於2021年及2020年12月31日的加權平均實際利率如下:

		31 IZ/	JOI H
		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	7.59%	6.98%

18 BANK BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

18 銀行借款(續)

The exposure of the Group's long-term bank borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates or maturity whichever is the earlier date is as follows:

本集團長期銀行借款的利率變動風險及合同重新定價日或到期日(以較早者為準)如下:

		6 months	6–12	1–5	
		or less	months	years	Total
		6個月或以內	6至12個月	1至5年	1至5年
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Amounts included in non-current liabilities:	計入非流動負債的款項:				
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	-	67,200	89,000	156,200
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日		_	29,000	29,000
Amounts included in current liabilities:	計入流動負債的款項:				
As at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	78,800	29,000	-	107,800
As at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	50,000	60,000	_	110,000

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair values of bank borrowings approximate their carrying amounts.

借款的公平值與其賬面值相若。

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all bank borrowings are denominated in RMB.

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 所有銀行借款以人民幣計值。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 銀行

19 OTHER CURRENT BORROWINGS

19 其他流動借款

As at 31 December 於12日31日

	W IZ /J J I H	
	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Interest bearing borrowings from 來自第三方的計息借款		
third parties	56,580	64,640

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, other current borrowings bore interests at annual interest rates varying from 8% to 12%.

於2021年及2020年12月31日止年度, 其他流動借款以介乎8%至12%的年 利率計息。

綜合財務報表附註

19 OTHER CURRENT BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group's other current borrowings were payable on demand.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all other current borrowings are denominated in RMB.

20 OTHER LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

19 其他流動借款(續)

於2021年 及2020年12月31日,本集團其他流動借款均須按要求償還。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 所有 其他流動借款均以人民幣計值。

20 其他長期借款

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Other long-term borrowings	其他長期借款		
- Non-financial institutions, secured (a)	- 非金融機構・有抵押(a)	22,537	97,537
- Financial institution, secured (a)	一 金融機構,有抵押(a)	160,000	_
 Non-financial institutions, unsecured 	一 非金融機構,無抵押	189,840	250,840
		372,377	348,377
Less: Current portion of other long-term borrowings	減:其他長期借款的即期部分		
 Non-financial institutions, secured (a) 	- 非金融機構,有抵押(a)	(22,537)	(75,000)
Financial institution, secured (a)	- 金融機構,有抵押(a)	(34,000)	_
 Non-financial institutions, unsecured 	- 非金融機構,無抵押	(67,840)	(61,000)
		(124,377)	(136,000)
		248,000	212,377

Note:

(a) The Group's other long-term borrowings are secured by certain land use rights, properties held or under development for sale (Note 11) and shares of certain subsidiaries of the Group.

附註:

(a) 本集團的其他長期借款由本集團的 若干土地使用權、本集團持作出售 或開發中待售物業(附註11)及若干 附屬公司股份作為抵押。

20 OTHER LONG-TERM BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

Except for RMB160,000,000 borrowed from a micro-loan company, other long-term borrowings mainly represent borrowings from non-financial institutions, which are designated by the local governments, who get funding directly from banks and then use the funding to finance projects under various urban redevelopment schemes.

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the non-current portion of the Group's other long-term borrowings were repayable as follows:

20 其他長期借款(續)

除了從一間小額貸款公司借取的人 民幣160,000,000元之外,其他長期 借款主要指來自非金融機構的借款。 非金融機構由地方政府指定,其直 接從銀行獲得資金,然後用該資金 為多個市區重建計劃項下的項目提 供資金。

於2021年及2020年12月31日,本集團的其他長期借款中非流動部分應於下列時間償還:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年	97,000	90,377
Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年	151,000	122,000
	248,000	212,377

The weighted average effective interest rates as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

於2021年及2020年12月31日的加權 平均實際利率如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
Other long-term borrowings	其他長期借款	7.81%	5.02%

綜合財務報表附註

20 OTHER LONG-TERM BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

20 其他長期借款(續)

The exposure of the Group's other long-term borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates or maturity whichever is the earlier date is as follows:

本集團其他長期借款的利率變動風險及合同重新定價日或到期日(以較早日期為準)如下:

		6 months or less 6個月或以內 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	6-12 months 6至12個月 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	1-5 years 1至5年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Amounts included in non-current liabilities:	計入非流動負債的款項:				
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	122,000	-	126,000	248,000
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	205,537	_	6,840	212,377
Amounts included in current liabilities:	計入流動負債的款項:				
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	69,037	55,340	-	124,377
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	98,000	38,000	_	136,000

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value of other long-term borrowings approximates their carrying amounts.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all other long-term

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 其 他 長期借款的公平值與其賬面值相若。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 所有 其他長期借款均以人民幣計值。

21 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

borrowings are denominated in RMB.

21 合同負債

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contract liabilities	合同負債	5,212,558	3,877,453

21 CONTRACT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The Group receives payments from customers based on billing schedule as established in contracts. Payments are usually received in advance of the performance under the contracts which are mainly from sales of properties. The change in contract liabilities in 2021 was mainly attributable to the increase of the proceeds received from the Group's contracted sales.

The following table shows how much of the revenue recognised during 2020 and 2021 relates to carried-forward contract liabilities.

21 合同負債(續)

本集團按合同所訂定的付款安排向客戶收取付款。有關付款通常於照合同履約前收取,而該等合同履約前收取,而該等合同產來自物業銷售。於2021年的合合員債有所變動主要是由於自本集長所致。

下表列示於2020年及2021年就結轉 合同負債而確認的收入金額。

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

2021 2020 2021年 2020年 RMB'000 RMB'000 A民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 日確認收入 Deginning of the year 2,154,230 1,828,369			—
RMB'000 人民幣千元 Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the 已確認收入		2021	2020
人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 A 民幣千元 人民幣千元 A 民幣千元 人民幣千元 A 民幣千元 人民幣千元 D 民幣千元 人民幣千元 A 民幣千元 人民幣千元 D 民幣千元 日本館 D 民幣千元 日本館 D 日本日本部 日本館 D 日本日本部 日本部 D 日本日本部 日本部 D 日本日本部 日本部 D 日本日本 日本部 D 日本日本 日本日本 D 日本日本 日本日本 D 日本日本 日本 D 日本 日本<		2021年	2020年
Revenue recognised that was included 計入年初合同負債結餘的 in the contract liabilities balance at the 已確認收入		RMB'000	RMB'000
in the contract liabilities balance at the 已確認收入		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	in the contract liabilities balance at the 已確認收入	2.154.230	1.828.369

Management expects that the contract amounts allocated to unsatisfied performance obligations as of 31 December 2021 and 2020 will be recognised as revenue from sales of properties during the following periods:

管理層預期,截至2021年及2020年 12月31日分配至未達成履約責任的 合同金額將於下列期間確認為物業 銷售所得收入:

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Expected to be recognised within one year 預期於一年內確認	2,653,890	1,954,391
Expected to be recognised after one year 預期於一年後確認	3,298,803	2,667,104
	5,952,693	4,621,495

綜合財務報表附註

22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

22 貿易及其他應付款項

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Trade payables	貿易應付款項	1,240,833	1,118,625
Trade payables	貝勿思り款々	1,240,033	1,110,023
Notes payable	應付票據	9,203	_
Deposits received from customers (a)	客戶按金(a)	84,378	572,587
Value-added-tax and other taxes	增值税及其他應付税項(b)		
payable (b)		272,994	216,233
Amounts due to minority shareholders (c)	應付少數股東款項(c)	218,812	50,810
Interest payable	應付利息	47,628	50,500
Accrued payroll	應付工資	28,911	26,527
Temporary funding payables (c)	臨時資金應付款項(c)	121,625	24,681
Accrued provision (Note 25(a))	應計撥備 <i>(附註25(a))</i>	_	13,000
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項(<i>附註37(c)(iii))</i>		
(Note 37(c)(iii))		18,738	2,912
Maintenance fees collected on behalf	代收保養費	1,337	832
Other payables due to a related party	應付關聯方其他款項		
(Note 37(c)(i))	(附註37(c)(i))	5,374	599
Others	其他	14,669	3,811
		2,064,502	2,081,117

Notes:

- (a) The balance represent the advance payment received for purchase of properties under development, contract of which are yet to be entered. Such balance will be transferred into contract liabilities once the sales contracts have been signed with customers.
- (b) The standard value-added-tax ("VAT") rate was 9% since 1 April 2019. Certain sales of properties and rental income of the Group are qualified for the simplified tax rate of 5% but the input VAT is not deductible.
- (c) Temporary funding payables and amounts due to minority shareholders are non-interest bearing.

附註:

- (a) 該結餘指購買開發中物業而收取的 墊付款項,有關合約尚未訂立。一 旦與客戶簽立了銷售合約,該結餘 便會獲轉撥至合約負債。
- (b) 標準增值税(「增值税」)率自2019年 4月1日起為9%。本集團的若干物 業銷售額及租金收入適合採用5% 的簡化税率,但進項增值税不可扣 減。
- (c) 應付臨時資金款項及應付少數股 東款項為不計息款項。

22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

At 31 December 2021 and 2020, the ageing analysis of trade payables based on invoice date are as follows:

22 貿易及其他應付款項(續)

於2021年及2020年12月31日,按發票日期劃分的貿易應付款項的賬齡分析如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Less than 1 year	1年內	1,006,923	859,351
Between 1 and 2 years	1至2年	173,604	192,035
Between 2 and 3 years	2至3年	23,545	30,283
Over 3 years	3年以上	36,761	36,956
		1,240,833	1,118,625

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the fair value of trade and other payables approximates their carrying amounts.

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the carrying amounts of trade and other payables were all denominated in RMB.

於2021年 及2020年12月31日, 貿 易 及其他應付款項的公平值與其賬面 值相若。

於2021年 及2020年12月31日,貿易及其他應付款項的賬面值全部以人 民幣計值。

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX

23 遞延所得税

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Deferred tax assets:	遞延税項資產:		
 To be recovered after more than 	- 將於逾12個月後收回		
12 months		38,686	33,957
	收於10個日內地回		•
To be recovered within 12 months	- 將於12個月內收回	119,562	108,181
		158,248	142,138
Deferred tax liabilities:	遞延税項負債:		
 To be settled after more than 	- 將於逾12個月後償付		
12 months		(3,661)	(2,503)
 To be settled within 12 months 	- 將於12個月內償付	(15,216)	(14,196)
		(18,877)	(16,699)
Deferred tax assets, net	遞延税項資產淨額	139,371	125,439

The gross movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

遞延所得税賬目的總體變動情況載 列如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
	人氏带干儿	人氏帝十九
At beginning of the year 年初 Credited to the consolidated statement 計入綜合損益表(附註30)	125,439	89,808
of profit or loss (Note 30)	13,932	35,631
At end of the year 年末	139,371	125,439

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2021, deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities amounting to approximately RMB12,257,000 (31 December 2020: RMB8,530,000) were offset.

The movement in deferred tax assets and liabilities for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

Deferred tax assets

23 遞延所得税(續)

於2021年12月31日,為數約人民幣 12,257,000元(2020年12月31日:人民 幣8,530,000元)的遞延税項資產及 遞延税項負債分別被抵銷。

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,遞延税項資產及負債的變動(並未計及在同一税務司法權區內的結餘抵銷)如下:

遞延税項資產

			Provision for impairment of properties held for sale and other	Land appreciation	Temporary differences on recognition of revenue and cost			
		Tax losses	receivables 持作出售物業 及其他應收	tax	of sales 確認收入及 銷售成本的	Accruals	Others	Total
	,	税項虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	款項減值撥備 RMB'000 人民幣千元	土地增值税 RMB'000 人民幣千元	暫時性差異 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	應計款項 RMB'000 人民幣千元	其他 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Credited/(charged) to the consolidated statement of	於2020年1月1日 計入/(扣自)綜合損益表	1,774	21,546	30,458	59,960	4	377	114,119
profit or loss		386	7,967	19,160	8,866	(4)	174	36,549
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	2,160	29,513	49,618	68,826	_	551	150,668
At 1 January 2021 Credited/(charged) to the consolidated statement of	於2021年1月1日 計入/(扣自)綜合損益表	2,160	29,513	49,618	68,826	-	551	150,668
profit or loss		238	4,591	(386)	15,121	_	273	19,837
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	2,398	34,104	49,232	83,947	-	824	170,505

綜合財務報表附註

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

23 遞延所得税(續)

Deferred tax liabilities

遞延税項負債

				Temporary		
		Temporary		differences on		
		differences on		recognition	Undistributed	
		recognition		of fair value	profits of	
		of revenue	Land	gains on	PRC	
		and cost	appreciation	investment	subsidiaries	
		of sales				Total
			tax	properties	(Note28)	iotai
		確認收入及		確認投資物業	中國附屬	
		銷售成本的		公平值收益的	公司的未分派	
		暫時性差異	土地增值税	暫時性差異	利潤(附註28)	總額
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日	6,527	-	8,576	9,208	24,311
Credited to the consolidated statement	計入綜合損益表					
of profit or loss		1,811	_	(893)	_	918
		,-		()		
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	8,338	_	7,683	9,208	25,229
				,	•	
At 1 January 2021	於2021年1月1日	8,338	_	7,683	9,208	25,229
Credited to the consolidated statement	計入綜合損益表	0,000		1,000	0,200	,
	日八州日は皿以	0.000	47	0.005		E 00E
of profit or loss		3,863	17	2,025	_	5,905
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	12,201	17	9,708	9,208	31,134

綜合財務報表附註

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax liabilities (continued)

In accordance with the PRC laws and regulations, tax losses could be carried forward for a period of five years to offset against its future taxable profits. Deferred tax relating to unutilised tax losses are recognised to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow such deferred tax assets to be utilised.

The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of RMB9,753,000 (31 December 2020: RMB3,851,000) in respect of tax losses amounting to approximately RMB39,013,000 as at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB15,406,000). All these tax losses will expire within five years from the end of the respective years they arose.

24 REVENUE

23 遞延所得税(續)

遞延税項負債(續)

根據中國法律法規,可於五年期間 結轉税項虧損以用於抵銷其未來應 課税利潤。與未動用税項虧損有關 的遞延税項乃於可能有足夠應課税 利潤可供動用該遞延税項資產時確 認。

於2021年12月31日, 本集團並無 就 税 項 虧 損 約 人 民 幣39,013,000元 (2020年12月31日:人民幣15,406,000 元)確認遞延所得税資產人民幣 9,753,000元(2020年12月31日:人民 幣3,851,000元)。所有該等税項虧損 將自各產生年度末起五年內到期。

24 收入

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Sales of properties - Recognised at a point in time - Recognised over time	物業銷售 - 於某一時間點確認 - 於一段時間內確認	2,753,389 2,753,389 —	2,417,639 2,417,639
Rental income Service income	租金收入 服務收入	5,305 8,984 2,767,678	4,412

綜合財務報表附註

25 OTHER LOSSES - NET

25 其他虧損 - 淨額

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Penalties, fines and compensations	罰款、罰金及賠償	(7,417)	(822)
Impairment loss of a contract related to	於一間聯營公司的投資的		
investment in an associate (a)	合約減值虧損(a)	(7,042)	(13,000)
Donations	捐贈	(5,290)	(6,336)
Exchange losses	匯兑虧損	(334)	(45)
Losses on disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備的		
equipment	虧損	33	(128)
Fair value losses on financial assets at	按公平值透過損益入賬的		
fair value through profit or loss	金融資產的公平值虧損	22	(48)
Others	其他	(24)	(248)
		(20,052)	(20,627)

Note:

(a) The Group entered into a development contract with a co-developer in which the Group co-develop a project of associate company with the co-developer. Based on the best estimate as at 31 December 2021, the Group considered the carrying amount of its investment exceeds its recoverable amount by approximately RMB7,042,000 (2020: RMB13,000,000) under this contract due to the higher expected future cost over the future benefits to be received, therefore impairment loss on investment was recorded.

附註:

(a) 本集團與一名聯合開發商訂立了開發合同,據此,本集團將與聯合開發商共同開發聯營公司的項目。根據於2021年12月31日之最佳估計,本集團認為其在該合同下的投資賬面值可能會超逾可收回金額約人民幣7,042,000元(2020年:人民幣13,000,000元),因為預期未來成本將會高於日後收取的利益。因此,本集團錄得投資減值虧損。

26 EXPENSES BY NATURE

Expenses included in cost of sales, selling and marketing expenses, administrative expenses and net impairment losses on financial assets are analysed as follows:

26 按性質劃分的費用

計入銷售成本、銷售及市場推廣開 支、行政開支及金融資產的減值虧 損淨額的費用分析如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i>
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			,,,,,,,
Costs of properties recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認的物業成本		
Land use rights and demolition and resettlement costs, after deducting	一經扣除相關政府補助後的土地使用權及拆遷和		
related government grants	安置費用	510,139	437,319
 Construction costs and capitalised 	- 建築成本及資本化開支		
expenditures	- 持作出售物業的減值	1,253,666	1,064,977
 Net provision for impairment of properties held for sale (Note 11) 	一 持作山告初耒的减值	23,835	33,178
 Interest capitalised 	- 資本化利息	108,422	89,910
Staff costs (Note 28)	員工成本(附註28)	120,486	97,594
Advertising and publicity costs	廣告及宣傳成本	57,476	43,038
Professional fees	專業費用	26,780	20,429
Office and meeting expenses	辦公室及會議費用	27,559	22,605
Entertainment expenses	招待費	24,173	20,047
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備及使用權		
equipment and amortisation of	資產折舊(附註6)		
right-of-use assets (Note 6)		13,843	11,222
Stamp duty and other taxes	印花税及其他税項	11,312	11,011
Tax and surcharges	税項及附加費	9,871	8,888
Sales agent commission Net impairment losses on financial assets	銷售代理佣金	21,174	8,935
(Note 12)	立 熙 貞 连 的 减 且 虧 須 净 領 (附 註 12)	2,100	694
Travelling expenses	差旅費	321	274
Bank charges	銀行支出	1,394	493
Rental expenses	租金開支	52	342
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	2,280	2,160
Other expenses	其他開支	5,235	4,781
Total cost of sales, selling and marketing	銷售成本、銷售及市場推廣開		
expenses, administrative expenses	支、行政開支以及金融資產		
and net impairment losses on financial	減值虧損淨額總額		
assets		2,220,118	1,877,897

27 FINANCE INCOME/(COSTS)

27 財務收入/(成本)

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Finance income	財務收入		
Interest income on bank deposits	一 銀行存款利息收入	1,566	1,414
Finance costs — Interest on bank borrowings and other long-term borrowings — Interest on pre-sale deposits received — Interest charges on lease liabilities	財務成本 - 銀行借款及其他長期 借款的利息 - 已收預售按金的利息 - 租賃負債利息開支	(60,187) (4,876) (1,237)	(56,529) (56,568) (1,077)
		(66,300)	(114,174)
Amount capitalised	資本化金額	65,063	103,298
Finance costs expensed	已支銷的財務成本	(1,237)	(10,876)
Finance costs — net	財務成本 — 淨額	329	(9,462)

28 STAFF COSTS (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

28 員工成本(包括董事酬金)

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金	92,301	80,580
Pension	退休金	20,071	9,280
Other welfare benefit expenses	其他福利費用	8,114	7,734
		120,486	97,594

A share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was approved and conditionally adopted by the shareholders of the Company by way of a written resolution on 22 October 2018 for the primary purpose of recognising and acknowledging the contribution of the directors, employees and other eligible parties who have made valuable contribution to the Group.

As of the date of issue of these financial statements, no option has been granted, agreed to be granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme.

本公司股東於2018年10月22日以書面決議案的方式批准及有條件採納購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),主要目的為嘉許及認可董事、僱員及對本集團作出寶貴貢獻的其他合資格各方所作的貢獻。

截至本財務報表頒佈日期,概無根 據購股權計劃授出購股權或同意授 出、行使、註銷任何購股權或使其 失效。

綜合財務報表附註

29 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS

及權益及高級管理層酬金

29 董事、五名最高薪酬人士的福利

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The emoluments of the Company's directors paid/ payable by the companies comprising the Group are set out below:

(a) 董事及最高行政人員的酬金

本集團旗下各公司已付/應付本公司董事的酬金載列如下:

Name of director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Salaries and other allowances 薪金及 其他津貼 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休 計劃供款 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Other social welfares 其他 社會福利 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Total 總計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Year ended 31 December 2021	截至2021年12月31日止年度						
Executive directors	<i>執行董事</i>						
Mr Li Xiao Bing	李小冰先生	-	1,091	200	49	24	1,364
Ms Qi Chun Feng	齊春風女士	_	904	200	30	24	1,158
Mr Wang Quan	王權先生	_	514	90	30	24	658
Mr Wang Zhen Feng	王振峰先生	-	905	200	30	24	1,159
		-	3,414	690	139	96	4,339
Independent executive directors	s 獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Lee Kwok Lun	李國麟先生	203	-	-	-	-	203
Mr. Fang Cheng	方征先生	203	-	-	-	-	203
Mr. Wei Jian	魏劍先生	203	_		_		203
		609	_	_	_	_	609

29 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

29 董事、五名最高薪酬人士的福利 及權益及高級管理層酬金(*續*)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (continued)

(a) 董事及最高行政人員的酬金(續)

Name of director	董事姓名	Fees	Salaries and other allowances 薪金及 其他津貼	Discretionary bonus 酌情花紅	Retirement scheme contributions 退休 計劃供款	Other social welfares 其他 社會福利	Total 總計
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
Year ended 31 December 2020	截至2020年12月31日止年度						
Executive directors	執行董事						
Mr Li Xiao Bing	李小冰先生	_	931	380	13	20	1,344
Ms Qi Chun Feng	齊春風女士	_	724	380	2	20	1,126
Mr Wang Quan	王權先生	-	424	180	2	20	626
Mr Wang Zhen Feng	王振峰先生	_	725	380	2	20	1,127
		_	2,804	1,320	19	80	4,223
Independent executive directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Lee Kwok Lun	李國麟先生	208	_	_	_	_	208
Mr. Fang Cheng	方征先生	208	-	-	-	-	208
Mr. Wei Jian	魏劍先生	208	_	-	_	-	208
		624	_	_	_	_	624

No inducement fees, employer's contribution to pension schemes or compensation for loss of office as directors were given to any of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2021.

There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

There was no chief executive who was not also a director for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

截至2021年12月31日止年度, 並無向任何董事支付加盟費、 僱主養老金計劃供款或離任董 事補償。

截 至2021年 及2020年12月31日 止年度,董事並無根據任何安 排放棄或同意放棄酬金。

截 至2021年 及2020年12月31日 止年度,概無不同時為董事的 最高行政人員。

綜合財務報表附註

29 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 include three directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two individuals are as follows for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020:

29 董事、五名最高薪酬人士的福利 及權益及高級管理層酬金(續)

(b) 五名最高薪酬人士

截至2021年及2020年12月31日 止年度,本集團的五名最高薪酬人士包括三名董事,彼等的酬金已於上列分析中反映。截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,應付餘下兩名人士的酬金分別載列如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Basic salaries, housing allowances, 基本薪金、房屋津貼、其他 other allowances and other 津貼及其他實物利益		
benefits in kind	2,212	2,151

The annual emoluments fell within the following bands:

介平下列區間的年度酬金:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
Annual emoluments bands HKD1,000,001 to HKD1,500,000	年度酬金區間 1,000,001港元至 1,500,000港元	2	2

- (c) For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no director or any of the five highest paid individuals received any emolument from the Group as an inducement to join, upon joining the Group, leave the Group or as compensation for loss of office.
- (c) 截至2021年及2020年12月31日 止年度,並無董事或任何五名 最高薪酬人士自本集團收取任 何酬金作為加入或加入本集團 時的獎金或作為離職補償。

29 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS, FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT EMOLUMENTS (CONTINUED)

29 董事、五名最高薪酬人士的福利 及權益及高級管理層酬金(續)

(d) Senior management's emolument

The senior management's annual emoluments (excluding directors) fell within the following bands:

(d) 高級管理層酬金

高級管理層年度酬金(不包括董事)的區間如下:

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021	2020
		2021年	2021年
Annual emoluments bands	年度酬金區間		
HKD Nil to HKD1,000,000	0港元至1,000,000港元	2	2

30 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

30 所得税開支

		2021	2020
		2021年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current income tax	即期所得税		
 PRC land appreciation tax 	- 中國土地增值税	95,344	104,677
 PRC corporate income tax 	- 中國企業所得税	155,398	159,713
		250,742	264,390
Deferred income tax (Note 23)	遞延所得税(附註23)	(13,932)	(35,631)
Total income tax charged for the year	年內所得税支出總額	236,810	228,759

30 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

The income tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the enacted tax rate of the home country of the companies within the Group as follows:

30 所得税開支(續)

與本集團的除所得税前利潤有關的 所得税不同於採用本集團旗下各公 司所在國的已頒佈税率計得的理論 金額,有關詳情如下:

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Profit before income tax	除所得税前利潤	520.070	511,350
PRC land appreciation tax	中國土地增值稅	539,979 (95,344)	(104,677)
		444,635	406,673
Income tax calculated at statutory rate of 25%	按法定税率25%計算的 所得税 不可用於扣除所得税的開支	111,159	101,668
Effect of expenses not deductible for income tax purposes (a)	的影響(a)	10,348	16,384
Withholding tax	預扣税	12,778	_
Tax losses not recognised as deferred tax assets	未確認為遞延税項資產的 税項虧損	7,146	3,743
Temporary differences not recognised as deferred tax assets	未確認為遞延税項資產的 暫時差額	35	2,332
Utilisation of previously unrecognised	動用先前未確認的税項虧損		(45)
tax losses PRC land appreciation tax	中國土地增值税	95,344	(45) 104,677
The land approblation tax		00,044	104,011
Total income tax expense	所得税開支總額	236,810	228,759

- (a): Expenses not deductible for income tax purposes mainly represent entertainment expenses in excess of the prescribed cap, non-deductible donations, and interest expenses without proper invoices etc.
- (a): 不可用於扣除所得税的開支主要指超過規定上限的招待費、 不可扣減的捐贈及無適當發票 的利息開支等。

30 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

PRC corporate income tax

Under the Corporate Income Tax (the "CIT") Law of the PRC, the CIT rate applicable to the Group's subsidiaries located in the PRC from 1 January 2008 is 25%.

The CIT Law and its implementation rules impose a withholding tax at 10% for dividends distributed by a PRC-resident enterprise to its immediate holding company outside the PRC for earnings generated beginning 1 January 2008 and undistributed earnings generated prior to 1 January 2008 are exempted from such withholding tax. A lower 5% withholding tax rate may be applied when the immediate holding companies are established in Hong Kong according to the tax treaty arrangement between the PRC and Hong Kong.

No deferred PRC withholding income tax was recognised on the accumulated unremitted distributable profits up to 31 December 2017, which were generated by the Group's PRC subsidiaries and are attributable to the investors outside the PRC. The Group controls the dividend policies of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that the accumulated unremitted distributable profits up to 31 December 2017 will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

Based on the management's best estimation, deferred income tax liabilities of RMB12,319,000 as at 31 December 2018 have been recognised for the PRC withholding tax that would be payable upon remittance, in respect of a portion of the unremitted distributable profits of certain PRC subsidiaries attributable to the investor outside the PRC, among which RMB3,111,111 has been utilized during 2019.

30 所得税開支(續)

中國企業所得税

根據《中華人民共和國企業所得税法》 (「企業所得税法」),於2008年1月1日 起適用於本集團位於中國的附屬公 司的企業所得税税率為25%。

企業所得稅法及其實施細則規定,中國居民企業就自2008年1月1日直產生的盈利向其於中國境外的的直接控股公司派發股息,須按10%的的知識分類,而於2008年1月1日之前產生的未分派盈利豁免該稅日之前產生的未分派盈利豁免該稅稅。根據中國與香港簽訂的於香港。定安排,若直接控股公司於香港成立,可適用較低的5%預扣稅稅率。

本集團並未就本集團中國附屬公司產生且中國境外投資者應佔的截至2017年12月31日累計未匯出可分派利潤確認遞延中國預扣所得税。本集團控制該等附屬公司的股息政策,已決定截至2017年12月31日的累計未匯出可分派利潤於可預見將來不予分派。

基於管理層的最佳估計,就中國境外投資者應佔若干中國附屬公司的部分未匯出可分派利潤而於2018年12月31日就匯出後應付中國預扣税確認的遞延所得稅負債為人民幣12,319,000元。當中,人民幣3,111,111元已於二零一九年動用。

綜合財務報表附註

30 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

PRC corporate income tax (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, deferred PRC withholding income tax liabilities of RMB124,027,000 (31 December 2020: RMB101,789,000) have not been recognised on the remaining unremitted distributable profits of RMB1,240,266,000 (31 December 2020: RMB1,017,894,000) of the Group's PRC subsidiaries.

Land appreciation tax

PRC land appreciation tax is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including lease charges for land use rights and all property development expenditures, and is included in the consolidated statements of profit or loss as income tax expense.

Hong Kong profits tax

No provision for Hong Kong profits tax was provided as the Group's Hong Kong companies did not have assessable income subject to Hong Kong profits tax for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

Overseas corporate income tax

No provision for taxation has been recognised for companies incorporated in the Cayman Islands and the British Virgin Islands as they were not subject to any tax during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

30 所得税開支(續)

中國企業所得税(續)

於2021年12月31日,並未就本集團中國附屬公司餘下未匯出可分派利潤人民幣1,240,266,000元(2020年12月31日:人民幣1,017,894,000元)確認遞延中國預扣所得稅負債人民幣124,027,000元(2020年12月31日:人民幣101,789,000元)。

土地增值税

中國土地增值税乃按照30%至60%的累進税率對土地增值額徵收。土地增值額為出售物業所得款項減可扣減開支(包括土地使用權租賃支出及所有物業發展開支),並於綜合損益表內列作所得稅開支。

香港利得税

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,由於本集團於香港的公司並無擁有須繳納香港利得税的應課税溢利,故概無作出香港利得稅撥備。

海外企業所得税

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,由於在開曼群島及英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的公司無須繳納任何税項,故並無就該等公司確認税項撥備。

31 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the Group's profit attributable to the owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

31 每股盈利

每股基本盈利乃按年內本公司擁有 人應佔本集團利潤除以已發行普通 股加權平均數計算。

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021 2021年	2020 2020年
The Group's profit attributable to owners 本公司擁有人應佔本集團利潤		
of the Company (RMB'000) (人民幣千元)	306,913	284,011
Weighted average number of ordinary 已發行普通股加權平均數 shares in issue ('000) (千股)	1,200,000	1,200,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share 每股基本及攤薄盈利 (expressed in RMB) (以人民幣為單位)	0.26	0.24

For the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, diluted earnings per share was equal to the basic earnings per share as there were no dilutive shares.

截至2021年及2020年12月31日止年度,由於概無攤薄股份,故每股攤薄盈利相等於每股基本盈利。

32 DIVIDENDS

32 股息

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

				2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i>
				人民幣千元	人民幣千元
(i)	Dividend payable at the end of the reporting period	(i)	於報告期末的應派付股息	_	<u> </u>
(ii)	Dividend paid in cash during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020	(ii)	於截至2021年及2020年12 月31日止年度以現金派付 的股息	60,000	_
(iii)	Dividend not recognised at the end of the reporting period (Note)	(iii)	於報告期末尚未確認的 股息 <i>(附註)</i>	60,000	60,000

Note: On 25 March 2021, the directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK6.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB5.0 cents) per fully paid ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020. Such proposed dividend is not recognised as a liability as at 31 December 2020. The dividend was approved at the annual general meeting of the Company held on 4 June 2021, and fully paid out by 8 July 2021.

On 30 March 2022, the Directors have recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK6.0 cents (equivalent to approximately RMB5.0 cents) per fully paid ordinary share in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021. Such proposed dividend is not recognised as a liability as at 31 December 2021.

附註:於2021年3月25日,董事已建議就截至2020年12月31日止年度派付末期股息每股繳足普通股6.0港仙(相當於約人民幣5.0分)。該建議股息於2020年12月31日尚未確認為負債。有關股息已於本公司於2021年6月4日舉行的股東週年大會上批准,並於2021年7月8日之前悉數派付。

於2022年3月30日,董事已建議就截至2021年12月31日止年度派付末期股息每股繳足普通股6.0港仙(相當於約人民幣5.0分)。該建議股息於2021年12月31日尚未確認為負債。

33 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

33 綜合現金流量表附註

(a) Net cash generated from operations

(a) 經營活動產生現金淨額

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Profit before income tax Adjustments for: — Net provision for impairment of properties held for sale	除所得税前利潤 就下列各項作出調整: 一持作出售物業減值撥備淨額 (附註26)	539,979	511,350
(Note 26) — Accrued loss of a contract	- 合同應計虧損 <i>(附註25)</i>	23,835	33,178
(Note 25)Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use	- 物業、廠房及設備及使用 權資產折舊(附註26)	7,042	13,000
assets (Note 26) — Net impairment losses on financial	- 金融資產的減值虧損淨額	13,843	11,222
assets (Note 26) — Interest expenses (Note 27) — Fair value (gains)/losses on financial assets at fair value	(附註26) - 利息開支(附註27) - 按公平值透過損益入賬的 金融資產的公平值	2,100 1,237	694 10,876
through profit or loss (Note 25) — (Gains)/losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(收益)/虧損(附註25) - 出售物業、廠房及設備 (收益)/虧損(附註25)	(22)	48
(Note 25)Interest income (Note 27)Fair value (gains)/losses on	- 利息開支(附註27) - 投資物業的公平值(收益)/	(33) (1,566)	128 (1,414)
investment properties (Note 8)	虧損(附註8) 營運資金變動	(8,050)	3,811
Changes in working capital — Prepayments for leasehold land — Properties held or under	国建員並受勤 一 租賃土地預付款項 一 持作出售或開發中	(100,490)	250,572
development for sale — Trade and other receivables and	待售物業 一貿易及其他應收款項和 預付款項	(1,363,843)	(1,786,823)
prepayments — Contract assets	- 合同資產	(465)	(1,764)
Contract liabilitiesTrade and other payables	一合同負債一貿易及其他應付款項	1,330,228 (281,069)	1,118,558 906,360
Net cash generated from operations	經營活動產生現金淨額	155,239	1,180,463

綜合財務報表附註

33 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

(b) Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment

In the consolidated statement of cash flows, proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment comprise:

33 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(b) 出售物業、廠房及設備所得款 項

在綜合現金流量表中,出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項包括:

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Net book value (Note 6) Gains/(losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment (Note 25)	賬面淨值(附註6) 出售物業、廠房及設備 收益/(虧損)(附註25)	48	145 (128)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得 款項	81	17

33 NOTE TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)

33 綜合現金流量表附註(續)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flow will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statements of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

(c) 融資活動所產生的負債對賬

下表詳列融資活動所產生的本集團負債的變動情況,包括現金及非現金變動。融資活動所產生的負債為於本集團綜合現金流量表中被分類為融資活動所產生的現金流量的過往或未來現金流量。

		Bank borrowings	Other long-term borrowings	Other current borrowings	Temporary funding payable (included in trade and other payables) 臨時資金應付款項	Lease liabilities	Advance from minority shareholders	Total
		銀行借款 RMB'000 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	其他 長期借款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	其他 流動借款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	(計入貿易及 其他應付款項) RMB'000 人民幣千元	租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元	少數 股東墊款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	總計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2020 Financing net cash flows Non-cash changes	於 2020年1月1日 融資淨現金流量 非現金變動	291,000 (152,000)	775,100 (426,723) —	- 64,640 -	8,449 19,145 —	19,431 (4,976) 10,007	30,900 25,910 (6,000)	1,124,880 (474,004) 4,007
At 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日	139,000	348,377	64,640	27,594	24,462	50,810	654,883
At 1 January 2021 Financing net cash flows Non-cash changes	於2021年1月1日 融資淨現金流量 非現金變動	139,000 125,000 —	348,377 24,000 —	64,640 (8,060)	27,594 88,610 5,421	24,462 (6,304) 2,750	50,810 718 167,284	654,883 221,052 178,367
At 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日	264,000	372,377	56,580	121,625	20,908	218,812	1,054,302

綜合財務報表附註

34 COMMITMENTS

34 承擔

Property development expenditure commitments

Property development expenditure committed at 31 December 2021 and 2020 but not yet incurred is as follows:

物業發展開支承擔

於2021年及2020年12月31日已承擔惟尚未產生的物業發展開支如下:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

2021	2020
2021年	2020年
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
1,835,316	1.793.650

Contracted but not provided for

已訂約但未撥備

35 金融擔保及或然負債

35 FINANCIAL GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Guarantees in respect of mortgage 就本集團的若干購房者的 facilities for certain purchasers of the 按揭融資作出的擔保(a)		
Group's properties (a)	5,532,738	4,616,569
Guarantees in respect of associate 就聯營公司主要股東貸款	105 000	010 000
company's major shareholder loan (b) 作出的擔保(b) Pledges provided for borrowings of certain 就若干第三方借款提供	185,000	218,000
third parties (c) 質押(c)	160,284	_
	5,878,022	4,834,569

35 FINANCIAL GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Notes:

(a) The Group has arranged bank financing for certain purchasers of the Group's properties and provided guarantees to secure obligations of these purchasers for repayments. Such guarantees will terminate upon the earlier of (i) the issuance and transfer of the real estate ownership certificate, or (ii) the satisfaction of mortgage loans by the purchasers of the properties.

Pursuant to the terms of the guarantees, upon default of mortgage payments by these purchasers, the Group is responsible to repay the outstanding mortgage principal together with accrued interest owed by the defaulting purchasers to the banks and the Group is entitled to take over the legal title and possession of the related properties after the relevant legal procedures. The Group's guarantee period starts from the date of grant of mortgage. The directors consider that the likelihood of default of payments by the purchasers is minimal and therefore the financial guarantee measured at fair value is immaterial.

In line with our diversified land acquisition strategies, a subsidiary of the Group obtained the 20% equity interest of a project company (the "Associate Company") which hold a parcel of land for development through a bidding process, and remaining 80% equity interests are held by an independent third party (the "Major Shareholder"). Based on the investment agreement entered into by the Associate Company, the subsidiary of the Group and the Major Shareholder, the Associate Company has to repay the shareholder loans provided by the Major Shareholder within a specified timeframe after commencement of presale activities. If the Associate Company fails to return such shareholder loan on time, the subsidiary of the Group is required to provide funding to the Associate Company for the repayment of the shareholder loans. As at 31 December 2021, such shareholder loans of this Associate Company are approximately RMB185 million.

35 金融擔保及或然負債(續)

附註:

(a) 本集團已為本集團的若干購房者安排銀行融資,並就買家的還款責任提供擔保。該等擔保將於(i)發出及轉讓房地產權屬證書:或(ii)購房者償付按揭貸款(以較早者為準)時終止。

綜合財務報表附註

35 FINANCIAL GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Notes: (continued)

In addition, pursuant to the investment agreement, the subsidiary of the Group also has to compensate for all losses of the Major Shareholder if the property project is delayed under certain conditions or that the repayment of shareholder loan is delayed beyond certain period stipulated in the investment agreement. The Group considers that the risk of providing funding for repayment of shareholder loans or any compensation loss is low as the development progress has been continuously communicated and mutually agreed, and there is no material delay of the agreed progress on development of such property.

(c) Amounts represented the maximum exposure of the pledges provided for the borrowings of third parties at the reporting dates.

36 ASSET ACQUISITIONS IN 2021

During 2021, in order to acquire several parcels of land around Xuchang City, the Group signed several agreements with independent third parties, pursuant to which, the Group agreed to buy 51% interests of Yanling Zhengli Real Estate Development Co., Ltd., 51% interests of Yanling Wanhong Real Estate Co., Ltd, 100% interests of Changge Jiahe Real Estate Co., Ltd, 100% interests of Xuchang Yonghong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd., and 90% interests of Yuzhou Taiyu Real Estate Development Co., Ltd at an aggregated consideration of RMB206,127,106.

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisitions are as follows:

35 金融擔保及或然負債(續)

附註:(續)

(c) 有關金額指於報告日期就第三方借款提供的質押的最大風險。

36 2021年的資產收購事項

於2021年,為了收購許昌市周邊多幅土地,本集團與獨立第三方意簽立了多份協議,據此,本集團同眾五章是關門。 51%權益、鄢陵縣萬弘置業有同公司51%權益、長葛市嘉合地產有限公司100%權益,以及馬灣門。 發有限公司100%權益,以及馬灣門。 發有限公司90%權益, 總代價為人民幣206,127,106元。

因收購事項而確認的資產及負債如 下:

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		人民幣千元
		_
Properties held or under development for sale	持作出售或開發中待售物業	630,056
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding bank overdrafts)	現金及現金等價物	
	(不包括銀行透支)	3,817
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	(361,748)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(65,998)
Net assets acquired	所收購資產淨值	206,127

36 ASSET ACQUISITIONS IN 2021 (CONTINUED)

During 2021, the Group signed the agreement with an independent third party, pursuant to which, the Group agreed to buy 60% interests of Henan Hengzhi Architectural Engineering Design Co., Ltd., a design company, at the consideration of RMB8,400,000.

The assets and liabilities recognised as a result of the acquisition are as follows:

36 2021年的資產收購事項(續)

於2021年,本集團與獨立第三方簽署了協議,據此,本集團同意按人民幣8,400,000元的代價購買河南恒致建築工程設計有限公司(一間設計公司)60%權益。

因收購事項而確認的資產及負債如 下:

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
Intangible assets	無形資產	14,553
Cash and cash equivalents (excluding bank overdrafts)	現金及現金等價物(不包括銀	
	行透支)	13
Trade and other payables	貿易及其他應付款項	(13)
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	(6,153)
Net assets acquired	所收購資產淨值	8,400

Above transactions were regarded as asset acquisitions which were completed during 2021. The information of those acquired subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 39.

上述交易被視為於2021年完成的資產收購事項。有關所收購附屬公司的資料披露於附註39。

綜合財務報表附註

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Name and relationship with related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control. Members of key management and their close family member of the Group are also considered as related parties.

Name

姓名

Mr. Li Xiao Bing

李小冰先生

Mr. Li Dong Fa

李東法先生

Ms. Lin Wei

林媙女士

Ms. Liu Yu Lian

劉玉蓮女士

Mr. Wang Zhen Feng

王振峰先生

Mr. Wang Yi Fan and Ms. Dong Zheng

王逸凡先生及董征女士

Ms. Qi Chun Feng

齊春風女士

Ms. Zhang Fan

張帆女士

Mr. Li Shi Xun

李世勳先生

Ever Enrichment Enterprise Company Limited

("Ever Enrichment")

恒潤企業有限公司(「恒潤」)

Ever Enhancement Enterprise Company Limited

("Ever Enhancement")

恒升企業有限公司(「恒升」)

Henan Hengda Investment Company Limited*

("Hengda Investment")

河南恒達投資有限公司(「恒達投資」)

37 關聯方交易

(a) 名稱及與關聯方的關係

若一方有能力直接或間接控制另一方,或在作出財務生態,或在作出財務生態,即被視為關聯方受共同控制,則主被視為關聯。本集團主張,被受理關聯。本集,或是不可以,以及於一個人。

Relationship with the Group

與本集團的關係

Controlling shareholder of the Company

本公司的控股股東

Member of Mr. Li Xiao Bing's family

李小冰先生的家族成員

Member of Mr. Li Xiao Bing's family

李小冰先生的家族成員

Member of Mr. Li Xiao Bing's family

李小冰先生的家族成員

Director of the Company

本公司董事

Member of Mr. Wang Zhen Feng's family

王振峰先生的家族成員

Director of the Company

本公司董事

Member of Ms. Qi Chun Feng's family

齊春風女士的家族成員

Key management of the Company

本公司主要管理人員

Shareholder of the Company

本公司股東

Shareholder of the Company

本公司股東

Controlled by Mr. Li Xiao Bing

由李小冰先生控制

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

37 關聯方交易(續)

(a) Name and relationship with related parties (continued)

(a) 名稱及與關聯方的關係(續)

Name 姓名 Relationship with the Group

與本集團的關係

Xuchang Hengda Property Management Company Limited* ("Hengda Property Management")

許昌恒達物業管理有限公司(「恒達物業管理」)

Xuchang City Second Construction (Group) Company Limited* ("Xuchang Erjian")

許昌市第二建築(集團)有限公司)(「許昌二建」)

Xuchang Hengjiu Industrial Development Company Limited* ("Hengjiu Industrial")

許昌恒久實業發展有限公司(「恒久實業」)

Controlled by Mr. Li Xiao Bing

由李小冰先生控制

Controlled by Mr. Li Dong Fa

由李東法先生控制

Controlled by Ms. Qi Chun Feng

由齊春風女士控制

^{*} English name for identification only

綜合財務報表附註

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with related parties

The following is a summary of the significant transactions carried out between the Group and its related parties:

(i) Temporary funding received from related parties

37 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 關聯方交易

本集團與其關聯方進行的重大 交易概要如下:

(i) 收取自關聯方的臨時資 金

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

	2021年 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
 Hengda Investment - 恒達投資 Mr. Li Xiao Bing - 李小冰先生 Ever Enhancement - 恒升 Ever Enrichment - 恒潤 	144,800 - 5,076 418	219,090 1,814 845 253
	150,294	222,002

(ii) Temporary funding repaid to related parties

(ii) 償還予關聯方的臨時資 金

	2021	2020
	2021年	2021年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Hengda Investment一恒達投資	134,050	219,090
— Ever Enrichment — 恒潤	418	_
	134,468	219,090

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

37 關聯方交易(續)

(b) Transactions with related parties (continued)

(b) 關聯方交易(續)

(iii) Services provided by related parties

(iii) 關聯方提供的服務

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
- Hengda Property Management	- 恒達物業管理	16,437	10,313

(iv) Sales of properties to related parties

(iv) 向關聯方作出的物業銷 售

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
- Ms. Lin Wei	- 林媙女士	1,836	10,024
— Ms. Lin Sai Е	- 林賽娥女士	_	3,000
- Mr. Lin Jun Wei	- 林軍偉先生	_	2,417
— Mr. Li Shi Xun	- 李世勳先生	_	120
Mr. Wang Quan	- 王權先生	_	100
 Mr. Wang Zhen Feng 	- 王振峰先生	1,324	19
Ms. Zhang Fan	- 張帆女士	1,534	_
- Mr. Wang Yi Fan &	- 王逸凡先生及		
Ms. Dong Zheng	董征女士	2,000	_
— Ms. Liu Yu Lian	- 劉玉蓮女士	1,866	_
		8,560	15,680

綜合財務報表附註

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

(b) Transactions with related parties (continued)

(v) Guarantees provided by related parties for bank borrowings and other long-term borrowings of the Group

37 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 關聯方交易(續)

(v) 關聯方就本集團獲授銀 行借款及其他長期借款 提供的擔保

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
 Mr. Li Xiao Bing Ms. Lin Wei Mr. Li Shi Xun Mr. Wang Zhen Feng Mr. Qi Chun Feng 	一 李小冰先生一 林媙女士一 李世勳先生一 王振峰先生一 齊春風女士	464,000 464,000 30,000 30,000 30,000	- - - - -
		1,018,000	_

(vi) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors and senior management staff. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

(vi) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括董事及 高級管理人員。就僱員服 務已付或應付主要管理人 員的酬金列示如下:

		2021	2020
		2021年	2021年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
employee benefits	薪金及其他短期僱員 福利 退休福利	7,095 227	6,016 135
		7,322	6,151

綜合財務報表附註

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

37 關聯方交易(續)

(c) Related-party balances

(c) 關聯方結餘

(i) Other payables due to a related party

(i) 應付關聯方其他款項

The Group has the following balances with related parties:

本集團擁有以下關聯方結 餘:

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
 Hengda Property Management 	- 恒達物業管理	5,374	559

(ii) Trade payables due to related parties

(ii) 應付關聯方的貿易應付 款項

As at 31 December 於12月31日

	751 75 111	
	2021	2020
	2021年	2020年
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
- Xuchang Erjian - 許昌二建	15,516	29,092
─ Hengjiu Industrial─ 恒久實業	536	536
	16,052	29,628

Trade payables due to related parties arose from purchase transactions. The payables bear no interest.

應付關聯方的貿易應付款項來自購買交易。該等應付款項不計息。

綜合財務報表附註

37 RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

37 關聯方交易(續)

(c) Related-party balances (continued)

(c) 關聯方結餘(續)

(iii) Amount due to related parties

(iii) 應付關聯方款項

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		2021	2020
		2021年	2020年
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Mr. Li Xiao Bing	李小冰先生	1,814	1,814
Hengda Investment	恒達投資	10,750	_
Ever Enhancement	恒升	5,921	845
Ever Enrichment	恒潤	253	253
		18,738	2,912

38 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY

38 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動

As at 31 December 於12月31日

		Note 附註	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
	_	PIY pI	人氏帝十九	八八市「儿
ASSETS	資產			
Other receivable	其他應收款項		254,498	253,775
Dividend receivable	應收股息		151,960	146,960
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		1,833	464
·				
Total assets	總資產		408,291	401,199
EQUITY	權益			
Equity attributable to owners of	本公司擁有人應佔權益			
the Company				
Share capital	股本	15	10,645	10,645
Share premium	股份溢價	15	299,188	299,188
Retained earnings	保留盈利		65,526	63,471
Total equity	總權益		375,359	373,304
LIABILITIES	負債			
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付款項		32,932	27,895
Total liabilities	總負債		32,932	27,895
Total equity and liabilities	總權益及負債		408,291	401,199

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 30 March 2022 and was signed on its behalf by:

本公司財務狀況表已於2022年3月 30日由董事會批准及由以下人士代 為簽署:

Li Xiao Bing 李小冰 *Director* 董事 Wang Zhen Feng 王振峰 Director 董事

綜合財務報表附註

38 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENTS OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

38 本公司的財務狀況表及儲備變動 (續)

Note:

(a) Reserve movements of the Company

附註:

(a) 本公司的儲備變動

		Share premium	(Accumulated losses)/ retained earnings
		·	(累計虧損)/
		股份溢價	保留盈利
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January 2020	於2020年1月1日的結餘	299,188	(2,449)
Comprehensive income	全面收入		
Profit for the year	年內溢利		65,920
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收入總額		
for the year		_	65,920
Balance at 31 December 2020	於2020年12月31日的結餘	299,188	63,471
Balance at 1 January 2021	於 2021 年1月1日的結餘	299,188	63,471
Comprehensive income	全面收益		
Profit for the year	年內溢利	_	62,055
Total comprehensive income	年內全面收入總額		
for the year	1 1 2 mpc band De s s luce Mes	_	62,055
Dividend paid	已付股息	_	(60,000)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於2021年12月31日的結餘	299,188	65,526

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES

Particulars of the subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are set out below:

Subsidiaries incorporated in the BVI

39 附屬公司詳情

於2021年及2020年12月31日本集團附屬公司的詳情載列如下:

於英屬維爾京群島註冊成立的附屬公 司

	Date of incorporation/		interest as at	tributable equity 31 December 佔股權百分比	
Company name	establishment 註冊成立/	Issued	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	成立日期	已發行	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Dadi Development Limited 大地發展有限公司	10 June 2013 2013年6月10日	USD1 1美元	100%	100%	Investment holding 投資控股

Subsidiaries incorporated in Hong Kong

於香港註冊成立的附屬公司

	Date of incorporation/		interest as at	tributable equity 31 December 佔股權百分比	
Company name	establishment 註冊成立/	Issued	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	成立日期	已發行	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Dadi (Hong Kong) Enterprise Co., Limited	14 March 2012	HKD100	100%	100%	Investment holding
大地(香港)企業有限公司	2012年3月14日	100港元			投資控股

綜合財務報表附註

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司

Percentage of

	Date of incorporation/			as at 31 [quity interest December 占股權的百分比	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	法人實體類別	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Henan Dadi Property Development Company Limited* ("Henan Dadi")	29 July 1992	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability, wholly foreign owned enterprise	USD2,500	100%	100%	Investment holding in the PRC
河南大地房地產開發有限公司(「河南大地」)	1992年7月29日	中國內資有限責任公司,外商獨資企業	2,500美元			於中國的投資控股
Xuchang Hengda Property Group Company Limited* ("Xuchang Hengda)	3 June 1998	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB60,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌恒達房地產集團有限公司(「許昌恒達」)	1998年6月3日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣60,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Xuchang Songji Dadi Property Company Limited* ("Songji Dadi") (a)	7 November 2007	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB50,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌宋基大地置業有限公司(「宋基大地」)(a)	2007年11月7日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣50,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Xinyang Hengda Property Development Company Limited* ("Xinyang Hengda")	5 March 2008	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB30,000	88.88%	88.88%	Real estate development in the PRC
信陽恒達房地產開發有限公司(「信陽恒達」)	2008年3月5日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣30,000元			於中國的房地產開發

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

Percentage of

	Date of incorporation/	Place of incorporation		attributable e as at 31 E 於12月31日應何	quity interest December	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	法人實體類別	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Yuzhou City Hengda Property Company Limited* ("Yuzhou Hengda")	4 September 2009	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB100,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
禹州市恒達房地產有限責任公司(「禹州恒達」)	2009年9月4日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣100,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Changge City Hengda Property Company Limited* ("Changge Hengda")	15 May 2011	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB60,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
長葛市恒達房地產有限公司([長葛恒達])	2011年5月15日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣60,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Xuchang Jiari Baocheng Property Company Limited ("Jiari Baocheng")	2 June 2011	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB50,000	100%	100%	Real estate development in the PRC
許昌假日寶呈置業有限公司(「假日寶呈」)	2011年6月2日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣50,000元			於中國的房地產開發
Xuchang City Jian'an District Hengmu Property Company Limited* (formerly known as Xuchang County Hengmu Property Co., Ltd.) ("Xuchang Hengmu")	25 January 2016	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB10,000	51%	51%	Real estate development in the PRC
許昌市建安區恒木房地產有限公司(原名:許昌縣 恒木房地產有限公司)([許昌恒木])	2016年1月25日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣10,000元			於中國的房地產開發

綜合財務報表附註

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

	Date of incorporation/	Place of incorporation		attributable e as at 31 I	tage of equity interest December 占股權的百分比	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	法人實體類別	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Yuzhou City Hengnuo Property Company Limited* ("Yuzhou Hengnuo")	13 December 2018	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability, sino-foreign owned enterprise	USD38,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
禹州市恒諾房地產開發有限公司([禹州恒諾])	2018年12月13日	中國內資有限責任公司,中外合資企業	38,000美元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Hennan Damai Property Marketing Planning Company Limited* ("Henan Damai")	3 March 2019	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB8,000	100%	100%	Real estate brokerage services/Rental agency services/Real estate information consultation and Housing sales service
河南達嘜房地產營銷規劃有限公司(「河南達嘜」)	2019年3月3日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣8,000元			房地產經紀服務/租賃 代理服務/房地產信 息諮詢及房屋銷售服 務
Xuchang Weiheng Property Development Company Limited* ("Xuchang Weiheng") (b)	30 October 2019	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB120,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌魏恒房地產開發有限公司(「許昌魏恒」)(b)	2019年10月30日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣120,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

Percentage of

	Date of incorporation/	ation/ Place of incorporation		as at 31 [quity interest December 占股權的百分比	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	法人實體類別	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Xuchang Yuanda Property Company Limited* ("Xuchang Yuanda")	18 January 2019	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	70%	70%	Real estate development in the PRC
許昌遠達置業有限公司(「許昌遠達」)	2019年1月18日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的房地產開發
Xiangcheng Hengda Real Estate Development Company Limited* ("Xiangxian Hengda")	10 January 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	100%	100%	Real estate development in the PRC
襄城縣恒達房地產開發有限公司(「襄城恒達」)	2020年1月10日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的房地產開發
Xuchang Xuheng Trading Company Ltd.* ("Xuheng Trading")	22 May 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB50,000	100%	100%	Trading company in the PRC
許昌許恒商貿有限公司(「許恒商貿」)	2020年5月22日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣50,000元			於中國的貿易公司
Xuchang Dongheng Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Xuchang Dongheng") (c)	4 April 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB10,000	100%	100%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌東恒房地產開發有限公司(「許昌東恒」)(c)	2020年4月4日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣10,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃

綜合財務報表附註

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

	Date of incorporation/	Place of incorporation		attributable e as at 31 [tage of quity interest December 占股權的百分比	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	法人實體類別	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Luohe Hengda Huatai Real Estate Co., Ltd.* ("Luohe Hengda")	21 December 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	60%	60%	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
漯河恒達華泰置業有限公司([漯河恒達])	2020年12月21日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Yanling Zhengli Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* ("Yanling Zhengli") (Note 36)	21 November 2019	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB30,000	51%	-	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
鄢陵縣政里房地產開發有限公司([鄢陵政里]) <i>(附註36)</i>	2019年11月21日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣30,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Changge Jiahe Real Estate Co., Ltd.* ("Changge Jiahe") (Note 36)	20 March 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	100%	-	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
長葛市嘉合地產有限公司(「長葛嘉合」) <i>(附註36</i>)	2020年3月20日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Xuchang Hengrong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* ("Xuchang Hengrong") (d)	9 April 2021	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB50,000	92%	_	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌市恒榮房地產開發有限公司(「許昌恒榮」)(d)	2021年4月9日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣50,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

Percentage of

	Date of incorporation/	Place of incorporation		attributable e as at 31 E 於12月31日應化)ecember	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	法人實體類別	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Chongqing HengLing Trading Co., Ltd.* ("Chongqing HengLing")	18 June 2021	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	100%	-	Trading company in the PRC
重慶恒翎商貿有限公司(「重慶恒翎」)	2021年6月18日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的貿易公司
Yuzhou Taiyu Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* ("Yuzhou Taiyu") (Note 36)	22 December 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	90%	-	Real estate development in the PRC
禹州市泰禹房地產開發有限公司([禹州泰禹]) <i>(附註36))</i>	2020年12月22日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的房地產開發
Yanling Wanhong Real Estate Co., Ltd.* ("Yanling Wanhong") (Note 36)	26 January 2021	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB109,461	51%	-	Real estate development and marketing in the PRC
鄢陵縣萬弘置業有限公司([鄢陵萬弘]) <i>(附註36</i>))	2021年1月26日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣109,461元			於中國的房地產開發及 營銷
Xuchang Yonghong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* ("Xuchang Yonghong") (Note 36)	8 June 2020	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB16,000	100%	-	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌永宏房地產開發有限公司(「許昌永宏」) (附註36))	2020年6月8日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣16,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃

綜合財務報表附註

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

	Date of incorporation/	Place of incorporation		attributable e as at 31 [tage of quity interest December 占股權的百分比	
Company name	establishment	and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Registered	2021	2020	Principal activities
公司名稱	註冊成立/成立日期	社	註冊 '000 千元	2021年	2020年	主要業務
Xuchang Hengchi Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* ("Xuchang Hengchi")	26 August 2021	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB50,000	100%	-	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌恒馳房地產開發有限公司([許昌恒馳])	2021年8月26日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣50,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Xuchang Hengzhu Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.* ("Xuchang Hengzhu")	27 August 2021	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB20,000	100%	_	Real estate development and house renting in the PRC
許昌恒築房地產開發有限公司([許昌恒築])	2021年8月27日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣20,000元			於中國的房地產開發及 房屋租賃
Henan Hengzhi Architectural Engineering Design Co., Ltd.* ("Henan Hengzhi") <i>(Note 36)</i>	13 August 2021	The PRC, domestic company limited with limited liability	RMB3,000	60%	-	Architectural engineering design and management in the PRC
河南恒致建築工程設計有限公司(「河南恒致」) _(<i>附註36</i>)/	2021年8月13日	中國內資有限責任公司	人民幣3,000元			於中國的建築工程設計 及管理

^{*} English name for identification only

^{*} 英文名稱僅供識別

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

- (a) Songji Dadi owned a project ("Songji Dadi Mingmen Shangju") which was developed together with a third party investor. In accordance with co-development agreement and its supplemental agreement dated 30 January 2010 and 9 February 2010 respectively, the third party investor owns 49% interest in this project and therefore is considered a noncontrolling interest of the Group.
- (b) On 30 October 2019, Xuchang Hengda set up a subsidiary Xuchang Weiheng, with a third party, Xuchang Weidu Investment Company Limited ("Xuchang Weidu"). Xuchang Weiheng was owned as to 58.33% by Xuchang Hengda and 41.67% by Xuchang Weidu. The total contribution of Xuchang Weidu to Xuchang Weiheng amounted to approximately RMB40,000,000.

In accordance with the supplementary agreement which was entered between Xuchang Hengda and Xuchang Weidu on 10 January 2020, Xuchang Weidu's equity interest to Xuchang Weiheng is required to be repurchased by Xuchang Hengda in the future. The repurchase prices of the equity interests reflect the fixed returns, and the investment is regarded as a debt. Xuchang Weiheng is therefore recognised as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group.

(c) On 4 April 2020, Xuchang Hengda set up a subsidiary Xuchang Dongheng, with a third party, Xuchang Dongtai Construction Engineering Co., Ltd. ("Xuchang Dongtai"). Xuchang Dongheng was owned as to 90% by Xuchang Hengda and 10% by Xuchang Dongtai. The total contribution of Xuchang Dongtai to Xuchang Dongheng amounted to approximately RMB89,540,000.

In accordance with the agreement which was entered between Xuchang Hengda and Xuchang Dongheng on 27 March 2020, Xuchang Dongtai's equity interest to Xuchang Dongheng is required to be repurchased by Xuchang Hengda in the future. The repurchase prices of the equity interests reflect the fixed returns, and the investment is regarded as a debt. Xuchang Dongheng is therefore recognised as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group.

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

- (a) 宋基大地擁有一個項目(「宋基大地 - 名門尚居」),該項目乃與一名第 三方投資者共同開發。根據日期分 別為2010年1月30日及2010年2月9日 的合作開發協議及其補充協議,該 第三方投資者於該項目中擁有49% 權益,因此被視為本集團的一項非 控股權益。
- (b) 於2019年10月30日,許昌恒達與一名第三方許昌魏都投資有限公司 (「許昌魏都」)成立一間附屬公司許昌魏恒。許昌魏恒由許昌恒達擁有 58.33%權益,許昌魏都擁有41.67% 權益。許昌魏都對許昌魏恒共注資 約人民幣40,000,000元。

根據許昌恒達與許昌魏都於2020年 1月10日訂立的補充協議,許昌魏 都於許昌魏恒的股權將來須由許昌 恒達購回。股權的購回價格將反映 固定回報,而有關投資則被視為債 務。許昌魏恒因此被確認為本集團 的全資附屬公司。

(c) 於2020年4月4日,許昌恒達與第三方許昌市東泰建設工程有限公司(「許昌東泰」)建立了附屬公司許昌東恒。 許昌東恒由許昌恒達擁有90%權益, 以及由許昌東泰擁有10%權益。許 昌東泰向許昌東恒貢獻的總金額約 為人民幣89,540,000元。

> 根據許昌恒達與許昌東恒於2020 年3月27日訂立的協議,許昌東泰 於許昌東恒的股權須由許昌恒達於 日後購回。股權的購回價格反映固 定回報金額,而該投資被視為一項 債務。因此,許昌東恒被視為本集 團的全資附屬公司。

綜合財務報表附註

39 PARTICULARS OF SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

Subsidiaries incorporated in PRC (continued)

(d) On 9 April 2021, Xuchang Hengda set up a subsidiary Xuchang Hengrong with a third party, Xuchang Yuanjing Decoration Engineering Co., Ltd. ("Xuchang Yuanjing"). Xuchang Hengrong was owned as to 60.00% by Xuchang Hengda with contribution approximately RMB6,000,000, and 40.00% by Xuchang Yuanjing with contribution approximately RMB4,000,000.

On 13 July 2021, Xuchang Hengda increased its capital contribution by approximately RMB40,000,000. The registered capital of Xuchang Hengrong was therefore increased up to RMB50,000,000 from RMB10,000,000. After the contribution, Xuchang Hengrong was owned as to 92.00% by Xuchang Hengda with contribution of RMB46,000,000, and 8.00% by Xuchang Yuanjing with contribution of RMB4,000,000.

39 附屬公司詳情(續)

於中國註冊成立的附屬公司(續)

(d) 於2021年4月9日,許昌恒達與一名 第三方許昌市遠景裝飾裝修工程有 限公司(「許昌遠景」)建立了附屬公司許昌恒榮。許昌恒榮由許昌恒達 擁有60.00%權益及貢獻總金額約 人民幣6,000,000元,以及由許昌 遠景擁有40.00%權益及貢獻總金額約人民幣4,000,000元。

於2021年7月13日,許昌恒達增資約人民幣40,000,000元。因此,許昌恒榮的註冊資本由人民幣10,000,000元增至人民幣50,000,000元。於增資之後,許昌恒榮由許昌恒達透過貢獻人民幣46,000,000元而擁有92.00%權益,以及由許昌遠景透過貢獻人民幣4,000,000元而擁有8.00%權益。

40 SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The total non-controlling interests as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 were approximately RMB98,588,000 and RMB30,131,000 respectively. Set out below is summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that are material to the Group. The amounts disclosed for each subsidiary are before intercompany eliminations.

Summarised statement of financial position

40 擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 的財務資料概要

於2021年及2020年12月31日的非控股權益總額分別約為人民幣98,588,000元及人民幣30,131,000元。下文載列擁有對本集團屬重大的非控股權益的附屬公司的財務資料概要。對各附屬公司所披露的金額指公司間對銷前的金額。

財務狀況表概要

		Xuchang Hengmu 許昌恒木 Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Xinyang Hengda 信陽恒達 Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Songji Dadi-Mingmen Shangju 宋基大地 — 名門尚居 Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Xuchang Yuanda 許昌遠達 Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Luohe Hengda 漯河恒達 Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度	
		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Current: Assets Liabilities	流動: 資產 負債	104,962 (96,393)	90,754 (87,866)	70,217 (1,151)	70,561 (1,151)	19,139 (8,041)	16,279 (6,593)	205,057 (192,263)	146,021 (135,866)	150,687 (139,758)	74,008 (54,015)
Total current net assets	流動資產淨值總額	8,569	2,888	69,066	69,409	11,098	9,685	12,794	10,155	10,929	19,993
Non-current: Assets Liabilities	非流動: 資產 負債	261 —	1,667 —	13	13 -	123 —	45 —	1,679 —	711 -	1,478 —	- -
Total non-current net assets 非流動資產淨值總額		261	1,667	13	13	123	45	1,679	711	1,478	_
Net assets	資產淨值	8,830	4,555	69,079	69,422	11,221	9,731	14,473	10,866	12,407	19,993
Net assets attributable to non- controlling interest	非控股權益應佔資產 8 淨值	4,327	2,232	7,682	7,720	5,498	4,768	4,342	3,260	4,963	7,997

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

40 SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

40 擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 的財務資料概要(續)

Summarised statement of financial position *(continued)*

財務狀況表概要(續)

		Yanling Zhengli	Xuchang Hengrong	Yuzhou Taiyu	Yanling Wanhong	Henan Hengzhi
		鄢陵政裏	許昌恒榮	禹州泰禹	鄢陵萬弘	河南恒致
		Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
		31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
		2021	2021	2021	2021	2021
		截至2021年	截至2021年	截至2021年	截至2021年	截至2021年
		12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日
		止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current:	流動:					
Assets	資產	191,764	363,626	149,313	109,842	15,633
Liabilities	負債	(194,226)	(368,690)	(30,871)	(559)	(578)
Total current net (liabilities)/	流動(負債)/資產					
assets	淨值總額	(2,462)	(5,064)	118,442	109,283	15,055
Non-current:	非流動:					
Assets	資產	173	846	73	_	_
Liabilities	負債	_	_	_	_	_
Total non-current net assets	非流動資產淨值					
	總額	173	846	73	_	_
Net (liabilities)/assets	(負債)/資產淨值	(2,289)	(4,218)	118,515	109,283	15,055
1101 (1100)/ 000010	CARA AEA E	(=,===)	(:,=:0)	,	,	
Net (liabilities)/assets	非控股權益應佔					
attributable to	(負債)/資產					
non-controlling interests	「貝頂リノ 貝座 浮值	(1,122)	(337)	11,852	53,549	6,022
HOH-CORROLLING IITERESIS	/尹 ഥ	(1,122)	(337)	11,002	55,549	0,022

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

40 SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

40 擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 的財務資料概要(續)

Summarised statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income

損益及其他全面收益表概要

						Songji Dad	li-Mingmen				
		-	Hengmu 恒木		Hengda 恒達		ngju - 名門尚居		g Yuanda 遠達		Hengda 恒達
		Year ended 31 December Year ended 31 截至12月31日止年度 截至12月31日					Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		
		2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
	IL 1	(00.000)			0.5		4.070				
Revenue Profit/(Loss) before	收入 除所得税前利潤/	(26,029)	_	10	25	1,804	1,070	-	_	-	_
income tax		7,759	(2,248)	(343)	(138)	1,490	(461)	(5,175)	(1,569)	(8,669)	(7)
Income tax expense	所得税開支	(3,484)	560	-	-		(4)	982	413	1,082	-
Post-tax profit/(loss)	税後利潤/(虧損)	4,275	(1,688)	(343)	(138)	1,490	(465)	(4,193)	(1,156)	(7,586)	(7)
Total comprehensive	全面收入/(虧損)總額										
income/(loss)		4,275	(1,688)	(343)	(138)	1,490	(465)	(4,193)	(1,156)	(7,586)	(7)
(loss) attributable to	ome/ 非控股權益應佔全面 收入/(虧損)總額										
non- controlling interes	ts	2,095	(827)	(38)	(15)	730	(228)	(1,258)	(347)	(3,035)	(3)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

40 SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

40 擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 的財務資料概要(續)

Summarised statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income *(continued)*

損益及其他全面收益表概要(續)

Yanling	Xuchang	Yuzhou	Yanling	Henan
Zhengli	Hengrong	Taiyu	Wanhong	Hengzhi
鄢陵政裏	許昌恒榮	禹州泰禹	鄢陵萬弘	河南恒致
Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended	Year ended
31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December
2021	2021	2021	2021	2021
截至2021年	截至2021年	截至2021年	截至2021年	截至2021年
12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日	12月31日
止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度	止年度
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
_	_	_	_	_
(2,289)	(4,672)	(4,318)	(178)	(703)
	454	· -	` _	`
(2,289)	(4,218)	(4,318)	(178)	(703)
(2,289)	(4,218)	(4,318)	(178)	(703)
(1,122)	(337)	(432)	(87)	(281)
	Zhengli 鄢陵政裏 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 — (2,289) — (2,289)	Zhengli	Zhengli Hengrong Taiyu	Zhengli

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

40 SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

40 擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 的財務資料概要(續)

Summarised cash flows

現金流量概要

	Xuchang Hengmu Xinyang Hengda 許昌恒木 信陽恒達 Years ended 31 December Years ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Songji Dadi-Mingmen Shangju 宋基大地 — 名門尚居 Years ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Xuchang Yuanda 許昌遠達 Years ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度		Luohe Hengda 漯河恒達 Years ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度			
	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	2021 2021年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 2020年 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i>
Cash flows from operating	2,571	(3,441)	(230)	(139)	(200)	21	448	28,315	9,447	(5)
Income tax paid 已付所得税	(3,419)	(317)	-	-	433	(141)	(1,862)	(479)	(510)	5
Net cash (used in)/generated 經營活動(使用)/產生 from operating activities 現金淨額	(848)	(3,758)	(230)	(139)	233	(120)	(1,414)	27,836	8,937	
Net cash used in investing 投資活動所用現金淨額 activities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Net cash generated from 融資活動產生現金淨額 financing activities	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	_
Net (decrease)/increase in 現金及現金等價物 cash and cash equivalents (減少)/增加淨額 Cash and cash equivalents 年初的現金及現金等	(848)	(3,758)	(230)	(139)	233	(120)	(1,414)	27,836	8,937	-
at beginning of the year 價物 Cash and cash equivalents 年末的現金及現金等 at end of the year 價物	2,464 1,616	6,221 2,463	697 467	837 698	125 358	245 125	27,896 26,482	27,896	8,937	_

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

綜合財務報表附註

40 SUMMARISED FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SUBSIDIARIES WITH MATERIAL NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (CONTINUED)

40 擁有重大非控股權益的附屬公司 的財務資料概要(續)

Summarised cash flows (continued)

現金流量概要(續)

	Yanling Zhengli 鄢陵政裏 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Xuchang Hengrong 許昌恒榮 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Yuzhou Taiyu 禹州泰禹 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Yanling Wanhong 鄢陵萬弘 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	Henan Hengzhi 河南恒致 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Cash flows from operating					
from operations 現金	(3,779)	1,722	(52)	30	13
Income tax paid 已付所得税	70	87	66	45	-
Net cash (used in)/generated 經營活動(使用)/					
from operating activities 產生現金淨額	(3,709)	1,809	14	75	13
Net cash used in investing 投資活動所用現金 activities 淨額	_	_	_	_	_
Net cash generated from 融資活動產生現金					
financing activities	_	-	-	-	-
Net (decrease)/increase in 現金及現金等價物	- (o =oo)				
cash and cash equivalents (減少)/增加淨額 Cash and cash equivalents 年初的現金及現金	(3,709)	1,809	14	75	13
Cash and cash equivalents 年初的現金及現金 at beginning of the year 等價物	3,817		_	_	
Cash and cash equivalents 年末的現金及現金	0,017	_	_	_	_
at end of the year 等價物	108	1,809	14	75	13

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

41 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On 16 March 2022, Xuchang Hengda and Weidu Investment Limited Company* ("Weidu Investment") entered into a share transfer agreement. Xuchang Hengda agreed to transfer 49% equity interests in Xuchang Hengzhu Real Estate Development Company Limited* to Weidu Investment with nil consideration. The registration of share transfer has not been completed at the date of issuance of this consolidated financial statements.

Save as the above, there were no significant events after 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this consolidated financial statements.

* English name for identification purpose only

41 結算日後事項

於2022年3月16日,許昌恒達及許昌 魏都投資有限公司(「魏都投資」) 訂 立了股份轉讓協議。許昌恒達同意 無償地將其於許昌恒築房地產開發 有限公司擁有的49%股權轉讓予魏 都投資。在本綜合財務報表發佈日, 股份轉讓的登記尚未完成。

除上文所述者外,於2021年12月31 日及直至本綜合財務報表日期概無 發生任何重大事件。

Financial Summary 財務概要

Year ended 31 December 截至12月31日止年度

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
		2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年	2017年	
				RMB'000			
		RMB'000	RMB'000		RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Revenue	收入	2,767,678	2,422,051	1,974,060	1,883,603	1,549,878	
Drofit for the year	年內溢利	202.460	000 501	290,765	000 061	140 400	
Profit for the year	十八盆刊	303,169	282,591	290,765	229,861	149,409	
Profit for the year	本公司擁有人應佔						
attributable to	年內溢利						
owners of the							
Company		306,913	284,011	293,040	224,505	147,794	
Оотпрату		000,010	201,011	200,010	22 1,000	1 17,701	
			٨٥	at 21 Dagam	ahar.		
As at 31 December							
				於12月31日			
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	
		2021年	2020年	2019年	2018年	2017年	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		7(1011) 1 70	7(2011) 1 70	7(20113 1 7)	7(2011) 170	7 (20 113 1 7)	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	359,180	324,850	259,546	173,871	154,818	
Current assets	流動資產	9,940,806	8,183,717	6,266,843	5,030,664	4,534,443	
Total assets	資產總額	10,299,986	8,508,567	6,526,389	5,204,535	4,689,261	
10141 400010	A IT NO EX	.0,200,000	0,000,001	0,020,000	0,201,000	1,000,201	
	11 11 11 11 11						
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	439,268	276,412	461,710	622,436	1,159,742	
Current liabilities	流動負債	8,015,258	6,702,065	4,831,180	3,584,584	3,071,697	
Total liabilities	負債總額	8,454,526	6,978,477	5,292,890	4,207,020	4,231,439	
Total Habilitios		0,101,020	0,070,177	0,202,000	1,207,020	1,201,100	
Total equity	權益總額	1,845,460	1,530,090	1,233,499	997,515	457,822	
Total equity	本公司擁有人應佔						
attributable to	權益總額						
owners of the	LE TIT WO HX						
		4 740 070	1 400 050	1 015 040	077 000	440.050	
Company		1,746,872	1,499,959	1,215,948	977,689	443,352	

Note 1: The results and summary of assets and liabilities for the year ended 31 December 2017 were extracted from the Prospectus.

附註1: 截至2017年12月31日止年度的業績以 及資產及負債概要摘錄自招股章程。

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

投資物業

Properties	Interest attributable to the Group	Approximate total gross floor area	Туре	Lease term
物業	本集團應佔權益	(sq.m.) 概 約總建築面積 (平方米)	類別	租期
Hengdali Market	100%	3,596	Commercial	40 years from 7 October 1996 to 6 October 2036
恒達利市場			商業	1996年10月7日至2036年10月6日, 為期40年
105 retail units on Level 2, the retail podium of Hengdali Market, the west of the northern section of Jiefang Road, Weidu District, Xuchang, Henar Province, the PRC 中國河南省許昌市魏都區解放路北段以西名為恒達利市場的零售平台2樓的105個零售單位				
Xingshu Garden	100%	3,462	Commercial	50 years from 20 December 2002 to 19 December 2052
行署花園			商業	2002年12月20日至2052年12月19日, 為期50年
20 retail units on Level 2 and Level 3, the retail podium of Xingshu Garden, the middle section of Qiyi Road, Weid District, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 中國河南省許昌市魏都區七一路中段名為行署花園的零售平台2樓及3樓的20個零售單位	9			
Longhu Building	100%	428	Residential	70 years from 16 February 2003 to 15 February 2073
龍湖大廈			住宅	2003年2月16日至2073年2月15日, 為期70年
Unit 2301 on Level 23 and Level 24, Longhu Building, No. 9 Shangwu Inne Ring Road, Zhengdong New District, Zhengzhou, Henan Province, the PRC 中國河南省鄭州市鄭東新區商務內環路 9號龍湖大廈23和24層的2301單元				

主要物業

Properties 物業	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔權益	Approximate total gross floor area (sq.m.) 概約總建築面積 (平方米)	Type 類別	Lease term 租期
King of the North	100%	13,223	Commercial	40 years from 20 February 2014 to 19 February 2054
北海龍城			商業	2014年2月20日至2054年2月19日, 為期40年
Block 1, King of the North, the junction of Jingshui Road and Longquan Road Jian'an District, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 中國河南省許昌市建安區鏡水路與龍泉街交叉口北海龍城1座				
Xida Jie Office	100%	2,350	Office	70 years from 1 January 1982 to 31 December 2051
西大街辦公樓			辦公樓	1982年1月1日至2051年12月31日, 為期70年
No. 563, West Avenue, Weidu District, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 中國河南省許昌市魏都區西大街563號				
Hengda Weiyuan	100%	2,294	Commercial	40 years from 8 September 2017 to 7 September 2057
恒達魏源			商業	2017年9月8日至2057年9月7日, 為期40年

A retail unit on Basement Level 1, Commercial Block 5 of Hengda Weiyuan, the Junction of Laodong Road and Remin Road, Weidu District, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 中國河南省許昌市魏都區勞動路與人民 路交叉口恒達魏源5號樓商業1層地下1 個零售單位

Properties 物業	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團應佔權益	Approximate total gross floor area (sq.m.) 概約總建築面積 (平方米)	Type 類別	Lease term 租期
Napa Xidi NAPA溪地	100%	540	Residential and clubhouse 住宅及會所	70 years from 12 January 2010 to 11 January 2080 2010年1月12日至2080年11月11日, 為期70年
Clubhouse on Level 1 and Level 2, Taoxiyuan, the junction of North of Dongtai Road and East of Xinye Road, Weidu District, Xuchang, Henan Province, The PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市魏都區東泰街以 北及興業路以東交叉口桃溪苑1層及2 層的會所				
Jinhui Plaza	100%	8,839	Commercial	40 years from 16 July 2015 to 15 July 2055
金匯廣場			商業	2015年7月16日至2055年7月15日, 為期40年
A retail unit on Basement 1, Hengda Jinhui Plaza, the junction of North of Baiyi Road and East of Beiguan Avenue, Weidu District, Xuchang, Henan Province, The PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市魏都區八一路以 北及北關大街以東交叉口恒達金匯廣 場地下1層的零售單位				

主要物業

PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

開發中物業

Properties	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團	Approximate total gross site area (sq.m.) 概約	Approximate total gross floor area under development (sq.m.) 概約在建	Туре	Estimated date of completion	Progress
物業	應佔權益	總 地盤面積 <i>(平方米)</i>	總建築面積 (平方米)	在建類別	預計完成日期	進展狀況
Hengda Lanjun 恒達瀾郡	100%	72,491	252,124	Residential and commercial 住宅、商業	December 2023 2023年12月	Under construction 工程進行中
Located at the east of Wenfeng South Road and the South of Xuyou Road, Weidu District, Xuchang City, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市 魏都區文峰南路以東 及許由路以南						
Dongcheng Garden	90%	124,224	408,760	Residential and commercial	December 2024	Under construction
東城花園				住宅、商業	2024年12月	工程進行中
Located at the east of Weiwu Avenue and the South of the Xuefu Road, Dongcheng District, Xuchang City, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市 東城區魏武大道以東 及學府街以南						

Properties	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團	Approximate total gross site area (sq.m.) 概約	Approximate total gross floor area under development (sq.m.) 概約在建	Туре	Estimated date of completion	Progress
物業	應佔權益	總 地盤面積 <i>(平方米)</i>	總建築面積 (<i>平方米</i>)	在建類別	預計完成日期	進展狀況
King of the North 北海龍城	100%	271,114	146,930	Residential and commercial 住宅、商業	December 2024 2024年12月	Under construction 工程進行中
Located at the south of Xinyuan Avenue and the east of Binhe Road, Jian'an District, Xuchang City, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市建安區新元大道以南及濱河路以東						
Changge Sunshine City	100%	255,379	261,357	Residential and commercial	December 2023	Under construction
長葛陽光城				住宅、商業	2023年12月	工程進行中
Located at the south of Getian Avenue and the west of HuangJie Road, Changge City, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌長葛市葛天大道以南及黃杰路以西						

主要物業

	Interest attributable	Approximate total gross	Approximate total gross floor area under		Estimated date of	
Properties	to the Group 本集團	site area (sq.m.) 概約	development (sq.m.) 概約在建	Туре	completion	Progress
物業	應佔權益	總 地盤面積 <i>(平方米)</i>	總建築面積 (平方米)	在建類別	預計完成日期	進展狀況
Hengda Binhefu Project	100%	143,330	469,314	Residential and commercial	December 2024	Under construction
恒達濱河府項目				住宅、商業	2024年12月	工程進行中
Located at the south of Binhe Avenue and east of Xuanyuan Avenue, Yuzhou City, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌禹 州市濱河大道以南及 軒轅大道以東						
Yuzhou Sunshine City	100%	502,535	831,056	Residential and commercial	March 2025	Under construction
禹州陽光城				住宅、商業	2025年3月	工程進行中
Located at the north of Yuwang Boulevard, south of Binhe Boulevard and west of Xuanyuan Boulevard, Yuzhou City, Xuchang, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌禹 州市禹王大道以北、濱 河大道以南及軒轅大 道以西						

Properties	Interest attributable to the Group	Approximate total gross site area (sq.m.)	Approximate total gross floor area under development (sq.m.)	Туре	Estimated date of completion	Progress
物業	本集團 應佔權益	概約 總 地盤面積 <i>(平方米)</i>	概約在建 總建築面積 <i>(平方米)</i>	在建類別	預計完成日期	進展狀況
Hengda Heyuan 恒達和園	100%	51,722	153,508	Residential 住宅	December 2022 2022年12月	Under construction 工程進行中
Located at the west of Balong Road and the South of Nanhai Street, Dongcheng District, Xuchang City, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌東 城區八龍路以西,南 海街以南	,					
Hengda Mingzhu	92%	58,494	174,069	Residential and commercial	December 2025	Under construction
恒達名築				住宅、商業	2025年12月	工程進行中
Located at the West of Hengfeng Road and the North of Wenxuan Road, Weidu District, Xuchang City, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市魏都區恒豐路以西,文軒路以北						
Yaling Hengda One Phase I	51%	56,150	174,934	Residential and commercial	December 2023	Under construction
鄢陵恒達壹號一期				住宅、商業	2023年12月	工程進行中
Located at the West of Huabo Road and the North of Cuiyuan Road, Yanling County, Xuchang City, Henan Province, the PRC 位於中國河南省許昌市 鄢陵縣花博大道以西,翠園路以北						

主要物業

Properties 物業	Interest attributable to the Group 本集團 應佔權益	Approximate total gross site area (sq.m.) 概約 總地盤面積 (平方米)	Approximate total gross floor area under development (sq.m.) 概約在建總建築面積 (平方米)	Type 在建類別	Estimated date of completion 預計完成日期	Progress 進展狀況
Located at the South of Hengtong Road and the West of Ruiyuan Road, Xuchang Economic and Technological Development Zone, Henan Province, the PRC						
位於中國河南省許昌市 經濟技術開發區恒通 路以南,瑞園路以西						

Glossary 詞彙

Board of directors of the Company

董事會本公司董事會

Ever Reach or the Company

恒達控股或本公司

Ever Reach Group (Holdings) Company Limited

恒達集團(控股)有限公司

Group Ever Reach and its subsidiaries

本集團 恒達控股及其附屬公司

Henan Dadi Henan Dadi Property Development Company Limited*, being an indirect

wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

河南大地 河南大地房地產開發有限公司,本公司之間接全資附屬公司

Hengda Investment Company Limited*, a limited liability company

established in the PRC on 17 October 2007 owned approximately by Mr. Li Xiaobing as to 67.1833%, Mr. Wang Zhenfeng as to 3.3833%, Ms. Qi Chunfeng as to 18.65%, Mr. Li Shixun as to 2.3833% and Ms. Chun Xiaojun as to 1.15% (all of whom being connected persons) and two independent third parties as to the remaining 7.25%, and hence a

connected person of our Company

恒達投資 河南恒達投資有限公司,一家於2007年10月17日在中國成立的有限公司,

分別由李小冰先生、王振峰先生、齊春風女士、李世勳先生及春曉軍女士(均為關連人士)擁有約67.1833%、3.3833%、18.65%、2.3833%及1.15%權益以及由兩名獨立第三方擁有餘下7.25%權益,因此為本公司的

關連人士

Hengda Property Management Xuchang Hengda Property Management Company Limited*, a limited

liability company established in the PRC on 5 July 1999 30% owned by Hengda Investment, and hence a connected person of our Company

恒達物業管理 許昌恒達物業管理有限公司,一家於1999年7月5日在中國成立的有限公司,

由恒達投資持有30%股權,因此為本公司的關連人士

HK\$/HKD Hong Kong dollar, the lawful currency of Hong Kong

港元港元,香港法定貨幣

IPO Initial public offering of Ever Reach

首次公開發售 恒達控股首次公開發售

^{*} English name for identification purpose only

Glossary 詞彙

Listing Rules Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange

上市規則聯交所證券上市規則

Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers

contained in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules

標準守則 上市規則附錄10內上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則

PRC People's Republic of China, and for the purpose of this annual report and

except where the context requires otherwise, references to PRC do not include Taiwan, the Hong Kong Special Administration Region, the Macao

Special Administration Region, of the People's Republic of China

中國中華人民共和國,及就本年報而言,除非文義另有所指,否則對中國之

提述並不包括台灣、香港特別行政區及中華人民共和國澳門特別行政區

RMB Renminbi, the lawful currency of the PRC

人民幣 人民幣,中國法定貨幣

SFO Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571, Laws of Hong Kong)

證券及期貨條例 證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)

Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

聯交所香港聯合交易所有限公司

Xuchang Hengda Xuchang Hengda Property Group Company Limited*, being an indirect

wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company

許昌恒達 許昌恒達房地產集團有限公司,本公司之間接全資附屬公司

Yuzhou Hengda Yuzhou City Hengda Property Company Limited*, being an indirect wholly-

owned subsidiary of the Company

禹州恒達 禹州市恒達房地產有限責任公司,本公司之間接全資附屬公司

^{*} English name for identification purpose only

