

## CENTURY GINWA RETAIL HOLDINGS LIMITED 世紀金花商業控股有限公司

(Stock Code 股份代號: 162)

2021 Annual Report 年報



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## **Corporate Information**

## 公司資料

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **Executive and Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Huang Shunxu (Chairman)

Mr. Qin Chuan (Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Wan Qing

Mr. Li Yang

Mr. Chen Shuai

## **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng

Ms. Song Hong

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Shuai

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng

#### NOMINATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS

Mr. Huang Shunxu (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Shuai

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng

Ms. Song Hong

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng (Chairman)

Mr. Chen Shuai

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai

# CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER AND COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Leung Kee Wai

## **STOCK CODE**

162

## **COMPANY WEBSITE**

www.cgrh.com.hk

# HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 301, 3/F, OfficePlus@Wan Chai 303 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong

## 董事會

## 執行與非執行董事

黄順緒先生(主席)

秦川先生(行政總裁)

宛慶女士

李陽先生

陳帥先生

## 獨立非執行董事

曾國偉先生

阮曉峰先生

宋紅女士

## 審核委員會成員

曾國偉先生(主席)

陳帥先生

阮曉峰先生

## 提名委員會成員

黄順緒先生(主席)

陳帥先生

曾國偉先生

阮曉峰先生

宋紅女士

## 薪酬委員會成員

阮曉峰先生(主席)

陳帥先生

曾國偉先生

## 首席財務官及公司秘書

梁基偉先生

## 股份代號

162

## 公司網址

www.cgrh.com.hk

## 總辦事處兼主要營業地點

香港灣仔軒尼詩道303號 協成行灣仔中心3樓301室



# Corporate Information 公司資料

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

# HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Abacus Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

# BERMUDA PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

The Bank of East Asia Bank of China China Merchants Bank Ping An Bank Bank of Chengdu Chang'an Bank

## **AUDITOR**

**KPMG** 

Certified Public Accountants
Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance
8th Floor, Prince's Building
10 Chater Road
Central, Hong Kong

#### **LEGAL ADVISERS**

DLA Piper UK LLP (Hong Kong Law)
Conyers Dill & Pearman (Bermuda Law)

## 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM 11 Bermuda

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳雅柏勤有限公司香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

## 百慕達主要股份登記及過戶處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited 4th Floor North Cedar House 41 Cedar Avenue Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

## 主要往來銀行

東亞銀行 招國銀行 平 國銀行 平 國銀行 平 都 銀行 安 銀行 長 安銀行

## 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師 於《財務匯報局條例》下的註冊公眾利益 實體核數師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

## 法律顧問

英國歐華律師事務所(香港法律) Conyers Dill & Pearman(百慕達法律)

## Financial Highlights and Key Performance Index

## 財務摘要及關鍵業務指標

## **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

## 財務摘要

		Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	十二月三十一日
Gross revenue (1)	總收益(1)	1,316.4	1,282.0
Revenue	收益	494.3	397.0
EBITDA	税息折舊及攤銷前利潤	(33.0)	(487.0)
EBIT (Loss from operations)	税息前利潤 (經營虧損)	(189.1)	(603.0)
Loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股東應佔虧損	(368.0)	(635.1)
Basic loss per share	每股基本虧損	(15.8) cents 分	(27.3) cents 分

		At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 RMB million 人民幣百萬元	At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 RMB million 人民幣百萬元
Net assets of the Group	本集團資產淨值	1,808.3	2,038.0
NAV per ordinary share (2)	每股普通股資產淨值(2)	<b>1.57</b> yuan 元	1.73 yuan 元

#### Notes:

## 附註:

- (1) Gross revenue represents the gross amount arising from the sales of goods, concession sales charged to retail customers, gross rental income and management and administrative service fee income charged to tenants.
- (1) 總收益指銷售商品、計入零售客戶之特 許專櫃銷售、總租金收入以及向租戶收 取之管理及行政服務費收入之總額。
- (2) NAV per ordinary share represents the total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company per ordinary share.
- (2) 每股普通股資產淨值指本公司股東應佔 每股普通股權益總額。

## Financial Highlights and Key Performance Index 財務摘要及關鍵業務指標

## **KEY PERFORMANCE INDEX**

## 關鍵業務指標

			Nine months
		Year ended	ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止九個月
		RMB	RMB
		人民幣元	人民幣元
Sales per ticket (1)	交易單價⑴	1,125	1,167
Annualised area efficiency (per m²) (2)	年度化坪效(每平方米)(2)	21,800	20,600

Notes:

附註:

- (1) Sales per ticket represents gross revenue per total number of transactions of department stores.
- (2) Annualised area efficiency represents annualised gross revenue per average operating area of department stores.
- (1) 交易單價指百貨商場總收益除以總交易 單數。
- (2) 年度化坪效指百貨商場年度化總收益除 以平均經營面積。

## **Five Years Summary Financial Information**

## 五年財務資料摘要

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi ("RMB")) (以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列)

## **RESULTS**

業績

		Year ended 31 December 2021 RMB'000 截至	Nine months ended 31 December 2020 RMB'000 截至		<b>r ended 31 Ma</b> r 三月三十一日止 <sup>企</sup>	
		二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 人民幣千元	二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止九個月 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 二零二零年 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 二零一九年 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 二零一八年 人民幣千元
Revenue  - Continuing operations  - Discontinued operations	收益 一持續經營業務 一終止經營業務	494,280 	397,021 -	642,012 -	1,054,065 –	1,159,060 _
		494,280	397,021	642,012	1,054,065	1,159,060
(Loss)/profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股東應佔 (虧損)/溢利					
<ul><li>Continuing operations</li><li>Discontinued operations</li></ul>	一持續經營業務 一終止經營業務	(367,967)	(635,095) –	(1,279,095) –	(261,575) –	27,234 –
		(367,967)	(635,095)	(1,279,095)	(261,575)	27,234

## **ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

資產及負債

		As at 31 December 2021 RMB'000	As at 31 December 2020 RMB'000		As at 31 March 於三月三十一日	
		於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 人民幣千元	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 人民幣千元	2020 RMB'000 二零二零年 人民幣千元	2019 RMB'000 二零一九年 人民幣千元	2018 RMB'000 二零一八年 人民幣千元
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	非流動資產	7,058,735	6,397,191	6,669,619	7,199,981	7,279,287
CURRENT ASSETS DEDUCT:	流動資產 減:	150,710	687,307	721,565	1,061,670	1,200,911
CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債	2,789,331	2,733,966	2,645,748	2,040,450	1,932,084
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES	流動負債淨額	(2,638,621)	(2,046,659)	(1,924,183)	(978,780)	(731,173)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	總資產減流動負債	4,420,114	4,350,532	4,745,436	6,221,201	6,548,114
DEDUCT: NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	減: 非流動負債	2,611,854	2,312,560	2,036,718	2,132,976	2,162,515
NET ASSETS	資產淨額	1,808,260	2,037,972	2,708,718	4,088,225	4,385,599

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告

#### **CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT**

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of Century Ginwa Retail Holdings Limited (the "Company"), I am pleased to present the audited results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2021.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

In 2021, despite the recurrence of COVID-19 pandemic, the overall trend was upward and optimistic. Domestic consumer market continues to recover in the PRC. Due to the intermittent impact of the pandemic, the online brick-and-mortar retail sales increased significantly and faster than the offline ones. That being said, thanks to a series of initiatives to promote consumption and more precise and effective pandemic prevention measures by the government, offline physical retail operations generally sustained growth. Driven by the overall environment of stable pandemic prevention and control in Xi'an, where the Group principally operate its businesses, and the 14th National Games, the consumer market across the city maintained a recovery momentum reflected by the released consumer demand, and the optimised consumer market structure.

Faced with the impact of the pandemic and fierce industry competition, the Group kept upholding the philosophy of "To do the best, and never change", made steady strides towards efficient development, and adopted a series of measures to enhance its core competitiveness. We have been emphasising the "customer-centered" concept. In this sense, we pay attention to the smallest details to improve service quality, and optimise store operation model. In addition, we strengthen risk awareness, improve management mechanism, and increase management efficiency.

Based on the characteristics of the commercial districts where the existing commercial projects are located, the Group specified the strategic positioning of "one store, one plan". It initiated and steadily advanced the comprehensive renovation and upgrading of its two stores in Xi'an, which are to be built as an influential urban life art center and a national cultural and tourism benchmark project, respectively.

## 主席報告

本人謹代表世紀金花商業控股有限公司 (「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」),欣然呈報 本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核業 績。

## 業務回顧

二零二一年,新冠疫情雖有反覆,但總體趨勢向好,中國國內消費市場持續恢復,因疫情間歇性影響,線下實體零售額增速消緩於線上,但得益於政府一系列促進消,與舉措,以及更加精準有效的防疫措施,實體零售經營整體向好。本集團本營之數所在地西安市在疫情防控形勢基本傳來,消費市場保持恢復鞏固態勢。

面臨疫情衝擊和激烈的行業競爭,本集團始終秉持「至真至極,始終不渝」的理念,穩健前行、高效發展,並採取一系列措施持續增強核心競爭力。我們一直強調「以顧客為中心」的理念,從細節出發,不斷提升服務品質,優化門店運營模式;同時強化風險意識,改善管理機制,提高管理效能。

本集團基於存量商業項目所在商圈的特點,明確了「一店一策」的戰略定位:啟動並穩步推進位於西安的二處門店全面改造升級,分別打造具有影響力的城市生活藝術中心和全國性文旅標杆項目。

## **Chairman's Statement**

## 主席報告

## **BUSINESS REVIEW** (continued)

While consolidating its core business, the Group focuses on the development and expansion of asset-light business and community fresh business. During the Year, thanks to the efforts of the operation team, the Harbour City project attracted several brands signing up to settle in, including 6 brands that entered Xi'an for the first time. The influence of the project has been rapidly increased by building original IPs, enhancing the themed atmosphere of the block, and carrying out cross-industry activities in combination with current hot spots. As a result, it has become a PLAY commercial block integrating entertainment experience, social gatherings and nighttime culture for petty bourgeoisie life, attracting a large number of young trend-seeking customers. Xi'an Ginwa Fresh Supermarket opened a total of 5 stores during the year. It focuses on the community fresh business, combined with selected products, to lead to a quality life while providing shopping convenience for high-level customers.

With the normalisation of pandemic prevention and control, the Group accelerated its digital upgrade process. The delivery-to-home business was quickly promoted after its official launch in the first half of the year, achieving the sales of nearly RMB10 million; WeChat mini-programs, such as "Century Ginwa +" and "Ginwa Fresh", provide customers with more immensely enjoyable shopping experience and convenient and considerate services.

While striving to improve performance, the Group makes active efforts to fulfil its social responsibilities. Under the impact of the pandemic in Xi'an at the end of the year, the operating stores under Ginwa Fresh Supermarkets in Xi'an city and Xianyang city allocated more daily necessities and distribution personnel to provide a strong guarantee for the pandemic prevention efforts of the community.

## **FUTURE AND OUTLOOK**

In the post-pandemic era, the dual circulation system pattern, which focuses on domestic macro-circulation, is gaining momentum. Consumption behavior and consumer market have undergone profound changes, which contributes to the inevitability of online and offline integration. The accelerated development of new business models and smart retail is becoming an industry consensus.

## 業務回顧(續)

隨著疫情防控常態化,本集團加快數位化升級進程。到家業務上半年正式上線後快速推廣,實現銷售額近千萬元人民幣;「世紀金花+」「金花優鮮」等微信小程式為顧客提供更加超值的購物體驗與便捷的貼心服務。

本集團在努力提升業績表現的同時,積極履行社會責任,彰顯擔當。在歲末西安疫情衝擊下,西安及咸陽的金花優鮮超市在營門店加大生活物資調配及配送人員增援, 為社區防疫工作提供有力保障。

## 未來及業務展望

後疫情時代,以國內大循環為主體的雙迴 圈格局加速發展,消費行為、消費市場發生 深刻變化,線上線下融合成為必然,新商業 模式以及智慧零售的加速發展正在成為行 業共識。

## Chairman's Statement 主席報告

## **FUTURE AND OUTLOOK** (continued)

The Company redefines the existing commercial projects that each project has its own unique characteristics, and becomes a commercial complex focusing on the purpose-based consumption of a certain customer group, thereby transforming into an urban destination center. While doubling its efforts in the principal business of department stores and shopping malls, it believes in the development approach of neighborhood-centered convenience stores, and strives to expand the community fresh business, and amplify its coverage. It aims to build a life gathering center within the radius of the community, based on three dimensions of health, organic nutrition and life services.

The asset-light project will also be paralleled with the principal business. Based on the future urban development and the distribution of consumption power, the Group will actively secure asset-light projects with a certain scale, and export outstanding operating capabilities to ensure the overwhelming market share of Century Ginwa in the future and enhance its brand influence.

In the future, the Group will speed up its digital business process, enhance user experience, develop new marketing and interaction models, and improve the membership system. We will continue to refine our ability to access information and integrate resources, acquire keen insights. Leveraging on strong brand strength, accumulated resources and outstanding operational efficiency, we will achieve good financial performance, so as to promote the long-term healthy and sustainable development of the Group.

## **APPRECIATION**

On behalf of the Board, I would also like to extend my sincere thanks to our shareholders, investors, customers, suppliers, bankers and business associates for their continued strong support.

#### **Huang Shunxu**

Chairman Hong Kong, 31 March 2022

## 未來及業務展望(續)

公司重新定義存量商業項目,每一個項目都將具有其獨特的調性,成為聚焦於某一個客群目的性消費的商業體,從而轉型成為城市目的地中心。在深耕百貨與購物中心主業的同時,圍繞鄰里中心型生活便利店的發展思路,努力拓展社區生鮮業務,擴大輻射面積,緊緊圍繞健康有機、營養滋補和生活服務三個維度,打造社區半徑內的生活集合中心。

輕資產專案亦將與主業並行,本集團著眼於未來城市發展和消費能力分佈,將積極獲取具有一定體量規模的輕資產專案,向外輸出卓越的經營能力,確保未來世紀金花在市場中的絕對份額,提升品牌影響力。

未來,本集團將繼續加速數位化業務進程, 提升使用者體驗感,創新行銷、互動模式, 完善會員體系。我們將持續打磨資訊的獲 取能力與資源整合能力,建立敏鋭的洞察 力,憑藉雄厚的品牌實力、豐富的資源積 累以及傑出的營運效率實現良好的財務表 現,推動本集團長期良性、可持續發展。

## 致謝

本人謹此代表董事會向各股東、投資者、客 戶、供應商、往來銀行及業務夥伴致以摯誠 謝意,感激彼等一直以來之鼎力支持。

#### 黃順緒

主席 香港,二零二二年三月三十一日

## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

## 管理層討論及分析

## **FINANCIAL RESULTS**

During the period under review, the performance of the Group was illustrated as follows.

- (i) Gross revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 was RMB1,316.4 million as compared to RMB1,282.0 million for the nine months ended 31 December 2020.
- (ii) Annualised area efficiency (annualised gross revenue per average operating area of department stores) for the year ended 31 December 2021 was RMB21,800 per square meter, as compared to RMB20,600 per square meter for the nine months ended 31 December 2020.
- (iii) Revenue of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 was RMB494.3 million as compared to RMB397.0 million for the nine months ended 31 December 2020.
- (iv) The gross rental income and management and administrative service fee income of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 were RMB110.0 million, as compared to RMB77.6 million for the nine months ended 31 December 2020.
- (v) The Group's loss from operations (EBIT) for the year ended 31 December 2021 was RMB189.1 million as compared to loss of RMB603.0 million for the nine months ended 31 December 2020. The operating profit margin (loss from operations over gross revenue) changed from -47.0% to -14.4%.
- (vi) Net finance costs of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 were RMB169.8 million (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB115.8 million).

## 財務業績

於回顧期內,本集團的表現如下所示。

- (i) 本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之總收益為人民幣 1,316.4百萬元,而截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止九個月為人民幣 1,282.0百萬元。
- (ii) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之年度化坪效(百貨商場年度化總收益除以平均經營面積)為每平方米人民幣21,800元,而截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月為每平方米人民幣20,600元。
- (iii) 本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之收益為人民幣 494.3百萬元,而截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止九個月為人民幣 397.0百萬元。
- (iv) 本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之總租金收入及管 理及行政服務費收入為人民幣110.0 百萬元,而截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月為人民幣77.6百 萬元。
- (v) 本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之經營虧損(稅息 前盈利)為人民幣189.1百萬元,而 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 九個月為虧損人民幣603.0百萬元。 經營溢利率(經營虧損除以總收益) 由-47.0%變為-14.4%。
- (vi) 本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之財務費用淨額為 人民幣169.8百萬元(截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民幣 115.8百萬元)。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

## FINANCIAL RESULTS (continued)

(vii) The Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 and loss attributable to shareholders of the Company were RMB381.4 million (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB665.2 million) and RMB368.0 million (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB635.1 million) respectively. The Group's loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 decreased significantly, which was mainly due to the impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets decreased to RMB72.0 million (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB365.9 million) and the non-recurrence of provisions for obligation from Cash Coupon Card (customers' prepaid cards within the Group's department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets) to be consumed (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB194.5 million).

## LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's consolidated net asset value was RMB1,808.3 million (31 December 2020: RMB2,038.0 million). As at 31 December 2021, the Group had cash at bank and on hand amounting to RMB36.5 million (31 December 2020: RMB393.6 million). The current ratio of the Group as at 31 December 2021 was 0.05 (31 December 2020: 0.25). The gearing ratio, being bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities less cash at bank and on hand divided by the total equity, as at 31 December 2021, was 2.13 (31 December 2020: 1.38).

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Looking back at the reporting period, the PRC retail industry faced and will continue to face challenges and be subject to internal and external factors including macroeconomic fluctuation, government policy guidance, rapid growth of other retail channels such as e-commerce and rising costs in the short term.

By adhering to the principle of managing its financial resources in a prudent manner, the Group will optimise its cost structure, improve its management efficiency and strengthen its capability. It will strive to make progress in the PRC market which is full of opportunities and challenges, in order to create values for its customers and maximise the returns to its shareholders.

## 財務業績(續)

(vii) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,本集團虧損及本公司股東應 佔虧損分別為人民幣381.4百萬元 (截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止九個月:人民幣665.2百萬元)及 人民幣368.0百萬元(截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民 幣635.1百萬元)。本集團截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之虧 損顯著地減少乃主要由於商譽及無 形資產減值虧損減少至人民幣72.0 百萬元(截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月:人民幣365.9百 萬元)以及並無再次發生將予消費 之商聯卡(於本集團百貨商場、購物 中心及超級市場內之客戶預付卡) 責任撥備(截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月:人民幣194.5百 萬元)。

## 流動資金及財政資源

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之綜合資產淨值為人民幣1,808.3百萬元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣2,038.0百萬元)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之銀行結存及手頭現金為人民幣36.5百萬元(二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動比率為0.05(二零二零年十二月三十一日:0.25)。於二零二一年十二月三十一日之資本負債以銀行及其他借貸及租賃負債減銀行結存及手頭現金後除以權益總額)為2.13(二零二零年十二月三十一日:1.38)。

## 業務回顧

回首報告期間,內地百貨業形勢仍具挑戰, 行業短期內仍會持續受到宏觀經濟波動、 政府政策導向、電商等其他零售管道快速 增長、成本上升等內外因素左右。

本集團將堅持審慎理財的原則,優化成本 結構,提升管理效率,加強能力建設,在充 滿機遇和挑戰的中國零售市場砥礪奮進, 為客戶創造價值,為股東帶來更高回報。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

## 管理層討論及分析

# MATERIAL ACQUISITION AND DISPOSAL AND SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS

For the year ended 31 December, 2021, the Company did not make any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not hold any significant investments.

## **CHARGE ON THE GROUP'S ASSETS**

As at 31 December 2021, property and equipment with an aggregate net book value of approximately RMB2,844.0 million (31 December 2020: RMB2,743.0 million), investment property amounting to RMB1,265.3 million (31 December 2020: RMB1,265.3 million) and cash at bank and on hand amounting to RMB1.0 million (31 December 2020: RMB282.9 million) of the Group had been pledged to secure the Group's bank and other borrowings.

## MATERIAL PLAN FOR INVESTMENT OR CAPITAL ASSETS

The Group intends to expand its retail operations via opening of new branches. The source of funding will be primarily from the proceeds from bank and other borrowings.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE EXPOSURE

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the revenue generated and costs incurred from the Group's operation of department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets were in Renminbi. The Directors believe that the Group was not subject to any significant exposure to foreign exchange risk as most of the transactions, assets and liabilities of the Group were denominated in Renminbi.

## 重大收購及出售及重大投資

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司未進行有關附屬公司、聯營公司或合營企業的任何重大收購或出售。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團概無持有任何重大投資。

## 本集團資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團賬面淨值總額約人民幣2,844.0百萬元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣2,743.0百萬元)之物業及設備、人民幣1,265.3百萬元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,265.3百萬元)之投資物業及人民幣1.0百萬元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣282.9百萬元)之銀行結存及手頭現金已被抵押以作為本集團之銀行及其他借貸之擔保。

## 投資或資本資產之重大計劃

本集團擬通過開設新分店拓展其零售業 務。資金來源將主要來自銀行及其他借貸 之所得款項。

## 外匯風險

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本集團經營的百貨商場、購物中心及超 級市場業務,其所賺取之收益及產生之費 用均以人民幣計算。董事認為本集團並無 蒙受任何重大外匯風險,乃由於多數交易、 資產及負債乃以人民幣列值。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

## PROPERTY HELD FOR INVESTMENT

The Group leased out an non-freehold investment property under operating leases for commercial use (shopping mall). It is held under medium term lease and located in Blocks 1 and 3, Saigo Shopping Centre, South of Feng Cheng Wu Road, West of Wei Yang Road, Economic and Technological Development Zone, Xi'an City, Shaanxi Province, The PRC.

## **FUTURE PLAN AND OUTLOOK**

Looking ahead, due to the impact of numerous uncertainties in domestic and international economy (especially the COVID-19 epidemic, which has not been completely solved), the current situation may not be greatly improved in the short term. However, leveraging the restart and revival of the national economy coupled with the positive guidance and stimulation of the government departments on the consumption capacity, we believe that the consumption capacity will be further released.

Favoured by the overall circumstances, the Company will also diversify its business for increasing its profit, further develop its brand agency business, introduce well-known domestic and foreign brands to enter the northwest market, so as to provide consumers with more quality choices and provide operational management services to the franchise stores. By reducing channels to directly provide goods to consumers, the pattern of profit distribution will be changed. With our strong brand strength, outstanding operating efficiency, good financial performance and loyal customer base, we believe the Company will maintain its leading position in the marketplace among the industry and generate better returns for our shareholders.

The Company will also adjust its strategy and formulate corresponding policies in a timely manner in the face of many unfavorable conditions.

In the aspect of existing business expansion, based on the successful practice and experience of the trendy department store and the supermarket business of the Group, we will continue to strive for the healthy growth of scale for coverage of second- and third-tier cities.

## 持作投資物業

本集團出租一處經營租約項下之非永久業權投資物業作商業用途(購物中心)。該物業根據中期租約持有及位於中國陝西省西安市經濟技術開發區未央大道以西鳳城五路以南賽高購物中心1座及3座。

## 未來計劃及展望

展望未來,儘管受國內外經濟諸多不確定 因素的影響,尤其是新冠肺炎疫情尚未完 全解除,短期內現狀可能不會有大的改觀, 但隨著國家經濟的重啟、復蘇,隨著政府部 門對消費能力的積極引導、刺激,相信消費 能力會得到進一步釋放。

本公司也將在面臨諸多不利條件的情況 下,及時調整戰略和制定相應政策。

在現有業務拓展方面,基於本集團流行百 貨和超市業務上的成功實踐和經驗積累, 繼續爭取在二三線城市的覆蓋實現規模的 良性增長。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

## 管理層討論及分析

## **FUTURE PLAN AND OUTLOOK** (continued)

In the aspect of business diversification which increases profit sources, we will further develop brand agency business and introduce well-known domestic and foreign brands to enter the northwest market, so as to provide consumers with more quality choices and provide operational management services to the franchise stores. By reducing channels to directly provide goods to consumers, the pattern of profit distribution will be changed. With our strong brand strength, strong management practice ability, superior geographical position and a large number of loyal customer bases, we are confident that the Company will maintain its leading position in the industry and generate better returns for our shareholders.

Looking back at the reporting period, the challenges in the PRC retail industry have intensified and the industry will be subject to internal and external factors including macroeconomic fluctuation, government policy guidance, rapid growth of other retail channels such as e-commerce, rising operational costs, capital liquidity shortages and financing difficulties.

By adhering to the principle of managing its financial resources in a prudent manner, the Group will optimise its cost structure, improve its management efficiency and strengthen its capability. It will strive to make progress in the PRC market which is full of opportunities and challenges, in order to create values for its customers and maximise the returns to its shareholders.

#### **Cooperation with Investment Fund**

After successful introduction of Hony Capital, a leading private-equity firm in China sponsored by Legend Holdings, in late 2010 to acquire the Company's convertible bonds amounting to HK\$1,330.5 million, the cooperation between Hony Capital and the Group has become closer. In December 2012, Hony Capital had not only made additional capital contribution to the Group of US\$60 million (approximately HK\$470 million) for business expansion and as working capital, but also used all of its existing convertible bonds to subscribe for non-redeemable convertible preferred shares which reduced the debt burden of the Group, substantially increased shareholders' capital and strengthened the financial position. As at the date of this annual report, Hony Capital held 28.07% of the Company's ordinary share capital in issue and was the Company's second largest shareholder.

## 未來計劃及展望(續)

回首報告期間,內地百貨業形勢挑戰加劇, 行業短期內仍會持續受到宏觀經濟波動、 政府政策導向、電商等其他零售管道快速 增長、經營成本上升、資金流動性短缺和融 資困難等內外因素困擾。

本集團將堅持審慎理財的原則,優化成本 結構,提升管理效率,加強能力建設,在充 滿機遇和挑戰的中國零售市場砥礪奮進, 為客戶創造價值,為股東帶來更高回報。

## 與投資基金之合作

自二零一零年底我們成功引入聯想控股旗下中國領先的私募基金弘毅投資認購本公司13.305億港元可換股債券後,雙方合作更趨緊密。於二零一二年十二月,弘毅4.7億户本集團增加投資共6,000萬美元(約4.7億港元)作為拓展業務及營運資金。又使用全部現有可換股債券認購不可贖回的可換股優先股,使本集團債務負擔降低的同時,也大幅提升了股東資本,強化了財務狀況。於本年報日期,弘毅投資持股佔本公司完發行普通股股本28.07%,為本公司第二大股東。

## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

## **FUTURE PLAN AND OUTLOOK** (continued)

## Optimize business structure and focus on the concept of new retail

In the reporting period, the Company focused on the concept of new retail, to achieve "technology upgrades, service upgrades, management upgrades". In the specific business operations, brand adjustment, membership recruitment, service techniques, teams of talents and other aspects, the Company will abandon the original inertial thinking, and constantly adopt new technologies and new methods to achieve new breakthroughs in all aspects; at the same time, the Company will implement planning and design in precise marketing, management effectiveness, safety operations, and other aspects one by one, and achieve the matching of responsibilities and rights. Specific strategies include the following five aspects:

Strategy I: Plan implementation. Thoroughly complete the various business indicators of the year 2021. In the aspect of brand adjustment, we must complete the brand adjustment plan of 2021 according to the time node. It also clarifies the overall operational planning work in the future.

Strategy II: Active expansion. Continue to promote the work of Xi'an's global center project in an orderly manner. At the same time, on the basis of comprehensive investigations, we will continue to explore expansion projects in second- and third-tier cities in the Shaanxi province.

Strategy III: Capital protection. Strengthen revenue, use new types of financing channel tools, optimise the receivable turnover period and create a healthy capital liquidity environment.

Strategy IV: Driven innovation. Integrate consumer finance and internet financial products; meanwhile analyse the consumption behavior data of members, and develop the mobile application of shopping guides.

Strategy V: Management effectiveness. Fully embody the corporate culture effectiveness, performance management effectiveness and communication mechanism efficiency, and integrate the application of new management technologies.

#### **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The Group's contingent liabilities are disclosed in note 31 to the financial statements.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the reporting period (nine months ended 31 December 2020: HK\$Nil).

## 未來計劃及展望(續) 優化業務結構及專注於新零售理念

本報告期間,本公司圍繞新零售的理論, 實現技術升級、服務升級、管理升級。在具 體的經營工作、品牌調整、會員招募、服務 手段、人才梯隊等方面摒棄原有的慣性思 維,不斷採取新技術、新方法,實現各方的 新突破,同時,本公司將在精準行銷、管 理效能、安全運營等方面要一一落實規劃 設計,實現責權相配。具體的策略包括以下 五個方面:

策略一:落實規則。全面完成二零二一年各項年度經營指標,在品牌調整方面,要按時間節點完成二零二一年的品牌調整計畫,並明確今後整體運營規劃工作。

策略二:積極拓展。繼續推進西安全球中心項目工作有序開展。同時,基於全面調研基礎上,繼續挖掘陝西省內二三線城市拓展專案。

策略三:資金保障。加大營收力度,運用新型融資管道工具,優化貨款賬期,創造一個良性的資金流動性環境。

策略四:創新驅動。整合消費金融及互聯網金融產品;同時分析會員消費行為資料,以及導購端移動應用的開發。

策略五:管理效能。充分體現企業文化效能、績效管理效能、溝通機制效能工作,整合發揮管理新技術的應用。

## 或然負債

本集團之或然負債於財務報表附註31中披露。

## 股息

董事不建議就本報告期派付股息(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:零港元)。

## **Management Discussion and Analysis**

## 管理層討論及分析

## **HUMAN RESOURCES**

As at 31 December 2021, the number of the Group's staffs was approximately 2,500 (31 December 2020: 6,100), including approximately 1,050 (31 December 2020: 1,300) directly employed full time employees, and the remaining being concession sales staffs managed on behalf of the suppliers. Most of the employees are employed in Mainland China. The directly employed employees' remuneration, promotion and salary increments are assessed based on both the Group's performance and the professional and working experience of the individual as well as by reference to prevailing market practice and standards. Apart from the general remuneration package, the Group also grants share options and discretionary bonus to the eligible staffs based on their performance and contribution to the Group. The Group regards high-calibre staffs as one of the key factors to corporate success. Details of staff costs of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 6 to the financial statements.

## **IMPACTS OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC**

By the end of 31 December 2021, the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the outbreaks in some provinces in the PRC has brought additional uncertainties in the Group's operating environment and has impacted the Group's operations and financial position.

The Group has been closely monitoring the impact of the developments on the Group's business and has put in place contingency measures. In view of the pandemic-driven economic downturn, the Group assessed the situation and adhered to the principles of reducing costs and enhancing operational efficiency.

As a result of the measures that were implemented to control the spread of COVID-19, the shopping habits of the general public have changed, resulting in the business operation of the Group being significantly impacted and it is expected that it will take time for the Group's business operation to fully recover, which may result in additional impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets. The directors of the Company believe that the consumption and economy in the PRC will gradually recover as the pandemic calms down. The new normal in consumption derived from COVID-19, on the other hand, will change the operating principles and landscape of the retail industry in the long run. To maintain the freshness of the businesses, the Group will remain vigilant at all times, stay close to market trends and timely adjust our operating model. The Group will continue to closely monitor the situation and implement contingency measures, where necessary in a view to reduce the impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic.

## 人力資源

## 新冠肺炎疫情的影響

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日, COVID-19疫情於中國多個省份持續爆發, 導致本集團經營環境出現額外不確定因素 且已對本集團之經營及財務狀況造成影 變。

本集團一直密切關注事態發展對本集團業務的影響,並已制定應急措施。面對疫情帶來的經濟逆轉,本集團審時度勢並堅守降本提效原則。

## Biographies of Directors 董事履歷

# EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

## Mr. Huang Shunxu ("Mr. Huang")

Mr. Huang, aged 40, was appointed as an executive Director and the Chairman of the Board on 24 June 2020. He was also appointed as a member and the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board on 30 October 2020. Mr. Huang graduated from Xi'an Jiaotong University in 2007 and Northwest University in 2015. He holds a bachelor's degree in international trade and economics/information and computing science, a master's degree in finance, and a doctorate in political economy. Mr. Huang is experienced in financial affairs. Mr. Huang has joined Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co., Ltd.\* (西安曲江文化金融控股(集團)有限公 司) since September 2018 and is currently chairman of the board. From 2009 to 2017, Mr. Huang worked at the finance office of Xi'an Economic & Technological Development Zone. From 2007 to 2009, Mr. Huang worked at the Shaanxi branch of China Development Bank.

## Mr. Qin Chuan ("Mr. Qin")

Mr. Qin, aged 59, was appointed as an executive Director and the chief executive officer of the Company on 21 October 2019. He was an executive Director from November 2001 to March 2006. He ceased to be a Director since March 2006 to 20 October 2019. He currently holds directorships at certain subsidiaries of the Company. Mr. Qin graduated in Shaanxi Radio & Television University majoring in mechanical engineering in 1987 and obtained a degree of Master of Business Administration in China Europe International Business School graduated in 2005. Mr. Qin has rich experience in investment, finance and listed companies' management. He joined Ginwa Investments Holding Group Ltd. ("Ginwa Investments") in 1995 and was the vice-president of Ginwa Investments from 2011 to March 2021. Mr. Qin has worked in Ginwa Enterprise (Group) Inc. (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange with stock code: 600080) since 1995 and is currently the assistant to the president. He was the director of Ginwa Enterprise (Group) Inc. from May 2011 to October 2018.

## 執行董事與非執行董事

## 黃順緒先生(「黃先生」)

## 秦川先生(「秦先生」)

秦先生,59歲,於二零一九年十月二十一 日獲委任為本公司執行董事及行政總裁。 彼於二零零一年十一月至二零零六年三月 期間擔任執行董事。彼於二零零六年三月 至二零一九年十月二十日期間不再擔任董 事。彼亦為本公司數間附屬公司之董事。 秦先生於一九八七年畢業於陝西廣播電視 大學,主修機械工程,並於二零零五年獲得 中歐國際工商學院工商管理碩士學位。秦 先生在投資、財務及上市公司管理方面富 有經驗。彼於一九九五年起加入金花投資 控股集團有限公司(「金花投資」),並於二 零一一年至二零二一年三月期間曾出任金 花投資副總裁。秦先生自一九九五年起任 職金花企業(集團)股份有限公司(一間於 上海證券交易所上市之公司;股票代碼: 600080),現時出任董事長助理。彼於二零 一一年五月至二零一八年十月期間出任金 花企業(集團)股份有限公司董事。

## **Biographies of Directors**

## 董事履歷

## Ms. Wan Qing ("Ms. Wan")

Ms. Wan, aged 44, was appointed as an executive Director on 24 June 2020. She currently holds directorships at certain subsidiaries of the Company. Ms. Wan graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Xi'an Jiaotong University. She holds a master's degree in business administration. Ms. Wan has obtained certain professional qualifications in the PRC including certified public accountant and certified tax agent. Ms. Wan is experienced in financing, finance and mergers and acquisitions. She joined the Group since 2008, and holds the positions as financial controller and deputy general manager of Century Ginwa Co., Ltd.. In June 2020, Ms. Wan was appointed as a vice president of the Group. From 2002 to 2008, Ms. Wan worked in a reputable accounting firm in the PRC and was responsible for audit work.

## Mr. Li Yang ("Mr. Li")

Mr. Li, aged 41, was appointed as a non-executive Director on 24 June 2020. Mr. Li graduated from Tongji University and Northwest A&F University. He holds a master's degree in civil engineering and a doctorate in economic management. Mr. Li has obtained certain professional qualifications in the PRC, including funds practitioner, securities practitioner and insurance practitioner. Mr. Li is experienced in financial affairs and mergers and acquisitions. Mr. Li has joined Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co., Ltd.\* (西安曲江 文化金融控股(集團)有限公司) since January 2019 and is currently the general manager. From August 2017 to January 2019, Mr. Li worked at Shaanxi Investment and Financing Guarantee Co., Ltd.\* (陝西投融資擔保有限責任公司) as the deputy general manager and deputy executive manager. From 2016 to 2017, Mr. Li worked at Shaanxi Financial Asset Management Co., Ltd.\* (陝西金融資產管理股份有限公司). From 2014 to 2016, Mr. Li worked at the Shaanxi branch of China Development Bank Securities Co., Ltd.\* (國開證券有限 責任公司). From 2005 to 2014, Mr. Li worked at the Shaanxi branch of China Development Bank.

## 宛慶女士(「宛女士」)

## 李陽先生(「李先生」)

李先生,41歲,於二零二零年六月二十四 日獲委任為非執行董事。李先生畢業於上 海同濟大學及西北農林科技大學。彼持有 土木工程碩士學位及經濟管理博士學歷。 李先生持有中國若干專業資格,包括基金 從業人員、證券從業人員及保險從業人員 等專業資格。李先生在融資、財務及併購方 面富有經驗。李先生自二零一九年一月起 任職西安曲江文化金融控股(集團)有限公 司,目前擔任總經理一職。李先生曾於二零 一七年八月至二零一九年一月任職陝西投 融資擔保有限責任公司,擔任副總經理及 常務副總經理。李先生曾於二零一六年至二 零一七年任職陝西金融資產管理股份有限 公司。李先生於二零一四年至二零一六年 任職國開證券有限責任公司陝西分公司。 於二零零五年至二零一四年,李先生曾任 職國家開發銀行陝西分行。

## Biographies of Directors 董事履歷

## Mr. Chen Shuai ("Mr. Chen")

Mr. Chen, aged 48, was appointed as a non-executive Director of the Company on 3 December 2010. He was also appointed as a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company on 7 January 2011 and the nomination committee of the Company on 7 March 2012. He currently holds directorships at certain subsidiaries of the Company.

Mr. Chen joined Hony Capital in 2003. As at the date of this annual report, Hony Capital, through Glory Keen Holdings Limited, was beneficially interested in (i) 322,727,272 ordinary shares of the Company, representing approximately 28.07% of the number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue, and (ii) 1,177,068,181 convertible preferred shares of the Company. Mr. Chen directs city services, hotel management, investments in financial services, culture and media, consumer goods and retail and construction material sectors of Hony Capital. Mr. Chen has extensive experience in investment management, supplier management and retail business.

Prior to joining Hony Capital in 2003, Mr. Chen had worked in an investment company, a PRC retail chain and department store and a PRC domestic comprehensive supermarket company. Mr. Chen holds an Executive Master of Business Administration degree from The China Europe International Business School. He received his bachelor degree in Economics from Beijing Forestry University. Currently, Mr. Chen acts as a director of Shanghai SMI Holding Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange with stock code: 600649) and Shanghai Environment Group Co., Ltd. (a company listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange with stock code: 601200).

## 陳帥先生(「陳先生」)

陳先生,48歲,於二零一零年十二月三日 獲委任為本公司非執行董事。彼並於二零 一一年一月七日獲委任為本公司審核委員 會和薪酬委員會之成員及於二零一二年三 月七日獲委任為本公司提名委員會成員。 彼亦為本公司數間附屬公司之董事。

陳先生於二零零三年加入弘毅投資。於本年報日期,弘毅投資(i)通過榮建控股有限公司於本公司實益擁有322,727,272股普通股股份,佔本公司已發行的普通股數目約28.07%:及(ii)1,177,068,181股本公司可換股優先股。陳先生於弘毅投資主導城市服務、酒店管理、金融服務、文化及傳媒、消費品及零售與建築物料行業之投資。陳先生於投資管理、供應商管理及零售業務方面擁有豐富經驗。

於二零零三年加入弘毅投資之前,陳先生已在一間投資公司、一間中國零售連鎖百貨商場及一間中國國內綜合超市公司任職。陳先生持有中歐國際工商學院頒發之高管理人員工商管理碩士學位。彼獲頒北名高等學士學位。目前,陳先生擔任上海城投控股股份有限公司(一間於上海證券交易所上市之公司;股份代號:600649)、上海環境集團股份有限公司(代號:601200)之董事。

## **Biographies of Directors**

## 董事履歷

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

## Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai ("Mr. Tsang")

Mr. Tsang, aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 25 September 2008. Mr. Tsang is a fellow member of The Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and The Taxation Institute of Hong Kong. Mr. Tsang has over 20 years of experience in accounting and finance. At present, he practices public accounting.

Mr. Tsang is currently the company secretary of Green International Holdings Limited (a company listed on the Stock Exchange with stock code: 2700).

## Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng ("Mr. Ruan")

Mr. Ruan, aged 51, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company on 15 May 2015. Mr. Ruan is currently the Deputy General Manager of Bozhi Technology (Beijing) Limited.

Mr. Ruan was the senior investment manager of Hony Capital from 2003 to 2009. He previously worked in ZTE Capital and TCL Ventures as vice president and executive director respectively and served as a law lecturer mainly for corporate law, tax law and securities law in the arts and law faculty in Beijing University of Chemical Technology. During that period, he was a part-time lawyer in a number of law firms. He has solid legal practice experience and is familiar with corporate governance, corporate finance and investment, mergers and acquisition, business restructuring. He holds a master of business administration degree from the China Europe International Business School and a bachelor degree and a master of economic law degree from the Law School of Jilin University.

## 獨立非執行董事

#### 曾國偉先生(「曾先生」)

曾先生,51歲,於二零零八年九月二十五日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。曾先生為香港會計師公會資深會員,英國特許公認會計師公會資深會員,以及香港稅務學會資深會員。曾先生在會計及財務方面擁有逾二十年經驗。彼現時從事會計工作。

曾先生現為格林國際控股有限公司(一間 於聯交所上市之公司;股份代號:2700)之 公司秘書。

## 阮曉峰先生(「阮先生」)

阮先生,51歲,於二零一五年五月十五日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事。阮先生目前擔任博知科技(北京)有限公司副總經理。

阮先生于二零零三年至二零零九年期間任職弘毅投資之高級投資經理。彼曾在中興資本與TCL創投分別擔任副總裁及執行董之職務,更在北京化工大學文法學院法學系擔任講師,主講公司法、税法及證券法法則間在多家律師事務所出任兼職律師,並熟悉公司治理、企業投資融資業務、收購、難悉公司治理、企業投資融資業務、收購等院之專工商管理碩士及吉林大學法學院經濟法專業碩士研究生學歷。

## Biographies of Directors 董事履歷

#### Ms. Song Hong ("Ms. Song")

Ms. Song, aged 54, was appointed as an independent nonexecutive director of the Company and a member of the nomination committee of the Board on 30 October 2020. She graduated from Nankai University in 1990 with a double bachelor's degree in tourism economic management and sociology. She completed the EMBA program from the Guanghua School of Management, Peking University in 2000. Ms. Song has nearly 30 years of experience in logistics management and procurement. Ms. Song served as the vice president and chief operating officer of Zhuhai Apex Technology Co., Ltd. (珠海艾派克科技股份有限公司) (currently named as Ninestar Corporation, a company listed on the Shenzhen Stock Exchange with stock code: 002180) and Zhuhai Seine Technology Co., Ltd. (珠海賽納打印科技股份 有限公司) from 2016 to 2017. She worked at Hony Capital from November 2008 to 2015, during which she served as the founding partner and managing director of Beijing Hony Yuanfang Investment Consultants Ltd. (北京弘毅遠方投資 顧問有限公司), a subsidiary of Hony Capital, as well as the vice president of Lenovo Mobile Co., Ltd., the president of Shenzhen Longhao Co., Ltd. (深圳龍浩有限公司) (currently named as Shenzhen Longhao Tiandi Co., Ltd. (深圳市龍浩天 地有限公司)) and the president of King Hero Limited ( 帝雄 有限公司)(a company established in the British Virgin Islands and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company) for which the companies were invested by Hony Capital. She worked for Lenovo Group from 1998 to 2007, responsible for logistics management and procurement business, and served as the vice president of the global logistics department.

## 宋紅女士(「宋女士」)

宋女士,54歳,於二零二零年十月三十日獲 委任為本公司獨立非執行董事以及董事會 提名委員會成員,彼於一九九零年畢業於 南開大學,持有旅遊經濟管理與社會學雙 學士學位。彼於二零零零年完成北京大學 光華管理學院之高級管理人員工商管理碩 士課程。宋女士在物流管理及採購等擁有 近三十年的工作經驗。宋女士於二零一六 年至二零一七年擔任珠海艾派克科技股份 有限公司(現名為納思達股份有限公司,一 間於深圳證券交易所上市之公司;股份代 碼:002180)暨珠海賽納打印科技股份有限 公司副總裁及首席運營官。彼自二零零八 年十一月至二零一五年任職弘毅投資,期 間曾擔任弘毅投資之附屬公司北京弘毅遠 方投資顧問有限公司創始合夥人及董事總 經理,以及獲弘毅投資之公司聯想移動通 信有限公司副總裁、深圳龍浩有限公司(現 名為深圳市龍浩天地有限公司)總裁與帝 雄有限公司(一間於英屬處女群島成立之 公司,並為本公司之全資附屬公司)總裁。 彼於一九九八年至二零零七年任職聯想集 團,負責物流管理及採購業務,並曾擔任全 球物流部門副總裁。

## **Directors' Report**

## 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding and those of the subsidiaries are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

#### **Environmental protection**

In order to promote corporate governance, drive environmental protection proactively, facilitate relationships among stakeholders and contribute to the society, the management has established Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Committee to set targets, policies, procedures and guidelines for ESG related matters so as to promote the sustainable development of the community where the Group's business is operated. Five Task Forces are set up under the ESG Committee. Members in the Task Forces come from the elites of relevant departments responsible for assisting the ESG Committee in promotion of the corresponding ESG related matters, establishment of key performance indicators and periodic effectiveness assessment. ESG Committee is responsible to report to the board of directors periodically the status of execution and recommendations of improvements.

The Group has set up an energy conservation project team to implement a number of energy saving and emission reduction measures in offices, department stores and supermarkets to reduce electricity consumption, discharge of pollutants, and to avoid wastage of resources. For achieving the concept of "Green management and balanced development", the Group will continue to review and monitor the implementation of each measure, and optimise the measures based on their effectiveness.

## Compliance with laws and regulations

The Group has ensured and will continue to ensure full compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on its operations, including but not limited to laws and regulations in relation to product safety and liabilities, customer rights protection, employment and occupational safety and laws and regulations relating to property leasing and property management.

The management will monitor the impact of any changes in the relevant laws and regulations from time to time and seek external advice if considered necessary. 董事欣然提呈截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之報告,連同經審核財務 報表。

## 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。各附屬公司之主要業務載於財務報表附註16。

## 業務回顧

#### 環境保護

本集團已成立節能專案小組,在辦公室、百貨商場及超級市場實施多項節能、減排的措施,以減少電力消耗、污染物的排放,以及避免浪費資源。本集團會繼續檢討及監察各項措施的推行情況及按成效不斷優化,並貫徹「綠色經營、均衡發展」之理念。

## 遵守法律及法規

本集團已確保及將繼續確保完全遵守對本 集團營運有重要影響的相關法律及法規, 包括但不限於有關商品安全及責任、保障顧 客權利、僱員及職業安全的法律及法規和 有關物業租賃及物業管理的法律及法規。

管理層將不時監察任何有關法律及法規的 變更所產生之影響,及於需要時尋求外界 意見。

## **BUSINESS REVIEW** (continued)

## Principal risks and uncertainties

The Group is engaged in the operation of department stores, a shopping mall and supermarkets in the PRC. The risks associated include burglary, fire, significant incidents, cash storage and in transit. The Group has followed relevant laws and regulations to set up security measures to lower the chance of these risks, to protect the security of human lives and inventories and to minimise any loss.

For other risks, such as credit risks, interest rate risks, liquidity risks, currency risks and equity price risks, and risk reduction measures, please refer to "Financial Risk Management and Fair Value" in note 29 to the financial statements.

## Relationships with key stakeholders

The Group firmly believes that maintaining good relationship with key stakeholders (including employees, customers, vendors, governing bodies and shareholders) is the key element to ensure long-term success and continual profit growth.

## (1) Employees

Employees are the most important and valuable assets of the Group. The Group has established comprehensive talent recruitment and sound performance appraisal polices to reward and recognise performing employees with competitive remuneration package, and to promote them with career development and progression by appropriate training and providing them with equal opportunities within the Group for career development.

#### (2) Customers

Our customers come from buyers of department stores. Through good standards of the look, appearance and actions of employees, the Group creates a good service model to customers. The Group not only devotes to set up a consistent labelling system and clear pricing system, but also endeavors to eradicate the selling of fake and inferior quality products. The Group treasures complaints and comments from customers. In order to provide excellent customer services and to increase market share and business expansion, the Group has set up various channels to strengthen the communication with customers, including customer satisfactory surveys, customer opinion cards and website of the Company.

## 業務回顧(續)

## 主要風險及不確定性

本集團主要於中國經營百貨商場、購物中心 及超級市場。相關的風險包括盜竊、火災、 重大特別事故等、現金的儲存和運送等。就 上述的風險,本集團已按相關法律及法規 制定安全措施,以減低風險出現的機會,確 保人身及存貨的安全,同時將損失減至最 低。

其他風險,包括信貸風險、利率風險、流動資金風險、貨幣風險和權益價格風險;以及減低風險措施詳情,於財務報表附註29 「財務風險管理及公允值」闡述。

## 與主要持份者的關係

本集團深信與主要持份者(包括僱員、客戶、供應商、監管機構及股東)維持良好關係,是確保長期成功及盈利持續增長的要素。

## (1) 僱員

僱員是本集團最重要及具價值的資產。本集團制定了完善的人才招聘和表現評核制度,以優厚的薪酬及福利,獎勵及表揚表現優秀的員工,並透過適當培訓及提供平等的機會協助他們在集團內發展事業及晉升。

#### (2) 客戶

本集團的主要客戶是百貨商場的零 售顧客。透過規範員工的儀容、儀務 及行為舉止,塑造本集團良好的服務。本集團除了致力為商品的出售。本集團除了致力為福力 一的標識、明確的價格,極力杜絕顧力 冒偽劣商品的出售。本集團重視起絕 冒偽劣商品的出售。本集團重方括 與本集團之間的溝通,包 表滿意見問卷調查、顧客意見 表滿意見問為 。 一 的提供卓越優質的客 。 發 , 增加市場 灣透及擴展業務。

## **Directors' Report**

## 董事會報告

## **BUSINESS REVIEW** (continued)

**Relationships with key stakeholders** (continued)

## (3) Goods suppliers and services providers

The Group adheres to open, fair and transparent criteria in choosing goods suppliers and services providers and has set up a vendor evaluation system. The evaluation will base on prices, quality, costs, delivery and after-sales services after strict execution of purchase procedures and goods/service inspection standards. In order to ensure sustainable quality of goods and service supply, the Group will carry out continual monitoring and periodic examination of all vendors.

## (4) Regulators

The Group operates in the retail business through different department stores which are subject to the jurisdictions of the national and local regulators. Along with compliance with applicable laws, rules and regulations, each department store of the Group has taken steps to ensure that relevant local concerns, customs and changes of laws or regulations have been accounted for.

## (5) Shareholders

For communication, shareholders may contact the Group via "contact us" section of the website of the Company. Besides, the Group will also communicate with shareholders through printed or online version of notices, announcements, annual and interim reports. Annual general meeting provides a forum for shareholders to exchange views with the Board.

## **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The loss and cash flows of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2021 are set out in the financial statements on pages 146 to 155.

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021.

## 業務回顧(續)

與主要持份者的關係(續)

#### (3) 商品及服務供應商

本集團堅持採用公開、公平及透明 的準則來篩選商品及服務供應商, 並已建立一個供應商評估系統,在 嚴格執行商品的採購和商品及服務 驗收標準程序後,以價格、品質、成 本、遞送及售後服務等來進行評估。 本集團對供應商進行長期監控和定 期審查,並不時檢查以確保繼續獲得 高品質的供應及服務。

#### (4) 監管機構

本集團透過不同百貨商場在零售業 運作,由全國及當區的監管機構規 管,除遵守相關法律、規則及法規 外,本集團旗下的每個百貨商場也採 取措施,確保營運顧及當地的關注和 慣例及不斷更新的法規。

## (5) 股東

股東可透過本公司網站的「聯絡我們」網頁與本集團溝通。此外,本集團會透過印刷及網上版本的通告、公告、年度及中期報告等與股東溝通。 股東周年大會為股東提供與董事會 交流意見的平台。

## 業績及股息

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之虧損及現金流量,以及本公司與 本集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日之財 政狀況載於財務報表第146至155頁。

董事不建議就截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度派付任何股息。

## **FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

The summary of the consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021, the nine months ended 31 December 2020 and the three years ended 31 March 2020, 2019, 2018 and the assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2018, 2019, 2020 and 31 December 2020, 2021 are set out on page 6.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of movements in share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

#### **RESERVES**

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 28 to the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's reserves (including retained profits, if any, and contributed surplus, subject to equity shareholders' approval) amounting to RMB995,255,000 (31 December 2020: RMB995,255,000) were available for distribution to the Company's shareholders. In addition, the share premium of the Company in the amount of approximately RMB1,136,595,000 (31 December 2020: RMB1,136,595,000) may be distributed in form of fully paid bonus shares.

#### **RETIREMENT BENEFITS**

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"). The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF scheme, each of the Group and its employees make monthly contribution to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the employer's and the employee's contributions are subject to a cap of monthly earnings of HK\$30,000 and thereafter contributions are voluntary. As stipulated by the rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to state-sponsored retirement plans for its employees in the PRC. The Group contributes to retirement plans at specified percentages of the basic salaries of its employees, and has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits. The statesponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

## 財務概要

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度、截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 九個月及截至二零二零年、二零一九年、二 零一八年三月三十一日止三個年度之綜合 業績,以及本集團於二零一八年、二零一九 年及二零二零年三月三十一日及二零二零 年及二零二一年十二月三十一日之資產與 負債概要載於第6頁。

## 股本

本公司截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度股本之變動詳情載於財務報表附註 28。

## 儲備

本集團及本公司之儲備於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度之變動詳情載於財 務報表附註28。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司可供分派予其股東之儲備(包括保留溢利(如有)及繳入盈餘(須取得股東之批准))為人民幣995,255,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣995,255,000元)。此外,本公司之股份溢價金額約為人民幣1,136,595,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,136,595,000元),可以繳足紅股形式分派。

## 退休福利

## **Directors' Report**

## 董事會報告

#### **FIXED ASSETS**

Details of movements in fixed assets of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

## **BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS**

Details of bank and other borrowings of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in note 24 to the financial statements.

## **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS**

Save as disclosed in note 32 to the financial statements, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which the Company, any of its subsidiaries or fellow subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company or his/her connected entities had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at 31 December 2021 or at any time during the year ended 31 December 2021.

# DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

The directors of the Company who held office during the year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report were:

#### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Huang Shunxu (Chairman)

Mr. Qin Chuan (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Qi Yong (resigned on 7 June 2021)

Ms. Wan Qing

## **Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Yang

Mr. Chen Shuai

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng

Ms. Song Hong

## 固定資產

本集團之固定資產於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度之變動詳情載於財務報 表附註12。

## 銀行及其他借貸

本集團之銀行及其他借貸於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之詳情載於財務報表附註24。

## 董事在合約中之權益

除財務報表附註32所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日或截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內任何時間,本公司各董事或其關連實體概無在本公司、其任何附屬公司或同系附屬公司所訂立之任何重要交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有重大權益。

## 董事及董事之服務合約

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 及截至本年報日期止,本公司之在任董事 如下:

## 執行董事

黃順緒先生(主席) 秦川先生(行政總裁)

祁勇先生

(於二零二一年六月七日辭任)

宛慶女士

## 非執行董事

李陽先生

陳帥先生

## 獨立非執行董事

曾國偉先生

阮曉峰先生

宋紅女士

# **DIRECTORS AND DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS** (continued)

In accordance with Bye-law 87(1) of the Company, one-third of the directors of the Company for the time being should retire at each annual general meeting from office by rotation, Mr. Huang Shunxu, Mr. Li Yang and Ms. Wan Qing will retire from office of Directors by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from the Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai, Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng and Ms. Song Hong, and considers them to be independent for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Company considers that each of such Independent Non-Executive Directors to be independent from the Group based on the Guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules").

Biographical details of the directors of the Company are set out on pages 17 to 21.

None of the directors had entered into any service contract with any member of the Group which is not terminable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

# EMOLUMENTS OF DIRECTORS, SENIOR MANAGEMENT AND TOP FIVE HIGHEST PAID INDIVIDUALS

Details of the emoluments of the directors and top five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 8 and 9 to the financial statements.

Details of the remuneration of the current senior management of the Company by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out as follows:

## 董事及董事之服務合約(續)

根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條,本公司 三分之一的董事應在每屆股東週年大會輪 值退任,黃順緒先生、李陽先生及宛慶女士 將於股東週年大會上輪值退任,且合資格 並願意膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事(即曾國 偉先生、阮曉峰先生及宋紅女士)就其獨立 身份發出之年度確認書,認為彼等於截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度均屬獨立 人士。根據聯交所證券上市(「上市規則」) 第3.13條所載指引,本公司認為上述各獨 立非執行董事均為本集團的獨立人士。

本公司董事之履歷詳情載於第17至21頁。

各董事概無與本集團任何成員公司訂立本 集團不可於一年內免付賠償(法定賠償除 外)而予以終止之服務合約。

# 董事、高級管理層及五名最高薪人士之酬金

本集團董事及五名最高薪人士之酬金詳情 載於財務報表附註8及9。

本公司現任高級管理人員於截至2021年12 月31日止年度按等級之薪酬情況如下:

Range	Number of individuals
介乎	人數

Below RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元以下 RMB1,000,001 to RMB1,500,000 人民幣1,000,001元至人民幣1,500,000元 RMB1,500,001 to RMB2,000,000 人民幣1,500,001元至人民幣2,000,000元 7

3

2

## **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

Reference is made to the circular of the Company dated 11 January 2022 regarding the major and connected transactions in relation to entering into the lease contract (the "Lease Contract") as the lessee in respect of the Premises located in Xi'an, the PRC. On 30 November 2021, Xi'an Honghui Property Management Company Limited Qujiang New District Branch\* (西安鴻輝物業管理有限公司曲江新區分公司) ("Honghui Property"), an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into the Lease Contract with Xi'an Jinmeida Commercial Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.\* (西 安金美達商業地產開發有限公司) ("Jinmeida") in respect of the Premises located in Xi'an, the PRC, pursuant to which Jinmeida has agreed to lease, and Honghui Property has agreed to rent the commercial block of No.9 Street, Qujiang Harbour City, No. 659 Yannanyilu, Qujiang New District, Xi'an for a term of two years, being from 1 February 2022 to 31 January 2024. The total rental payable by the lessee during the lease term is RMB95.7243 million (tax inclusive). As at the date of the Lease Contract, Qujiang Financial Holdings, who indirectly holds approximately 29.24% of the ordinary shares in issue of the Company through Qujiang Investment, is a substantial shareholder of the Company; meanwhile, Quijiang Financial Holdings indirectly holds approximately 88.28% of equity interest in Jinmeida, thus Jinmeida is a connected person of the Company pursuant to Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

In respect of the connected transactions, the Company has complied with all requirements (including disclosure requirements) of the Listing Rules (as amended from time to time).

Further details of the significant related party transactions undertaken in the normal course of business of the Group are provided under note 32 to the financial statements. Save as disclosed above, none of these related party transactions constitutes a connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined under the Listing Rules that is required to be disclosed.

## 關連交易

茲提述本公司日期為二零二二年一月十一 日有關以承租人身份就位於中國西安的物 業訂立租賃合同(「租賃合同」)之主要及關 連交易之涌函。於二零二一年十一月三十 日,本公司之間接全資附屬公司西安鴻輝 物業管理有限公司曲江新區分公司(「鴻輝 物業」)與西安金美達商業地產開發有限公 司(「金美達」)就位於中國西安的物業訂立 租賃合同,據此,金美達同意向鴻輝物業出 租,而鴻輝物業同意承租西安市曲江新區 雁南一路659號曲江海港城9街商業街區, 租賃期兩年,即二零二二年二月一日至二 零二四年一月三十一日,租金總額為人民 幣95,724,300元(含税)。于訂立租賃合同 時,曲江金控透過曲江投資間接持有本公 司已發行普通股股份約29.24%,為本公司 之主要股東;同時,曲江金控間接持有金美 達約88.28%股權。因此,根據上市規則第 14A章, 金美達為本公司之關連人士。

就關連交易而言,本公司已遵守《上市規則》中不時修訂的全部要求(包括披露要求)。

該等重大關連人士交易的資料已於財務報 表附註32中進一步披露,並均為本集團之 正常業務。除上述所披露者外,該等關連人 士交易沒有構成根據上市規則須予披露的 關連交易或持續關連交易。

**Approximate** 

## **DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES'** INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND **DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY**

董事及主要行政人員於本公司股 份、相關股份及債券之權益及短倉

Long positions in the shares of the Company

本公司股份中之長倉 (a)

percentage	
of the issued	
ordinary share	Number of
capital of	issued ordinary
the Company	shares held
佔本公司	
已發行普通股	所持已發行
股本概約百分比	普通股數目
0.01%	123,500 (Note 1)

Ms. Wan Qing 宛慶女十

董事姓名

Name of director

Interests of spouse 配偶權益

權益性質

**Nature of interests** 

(附註1)

Note:

(1) Mr. Ge Xin, the spouse of Ms. Wan Qing, is beneficially interested in 123,500 Shares. Therefore, Ms. Wan Qing is deemed to be interested in 123,500 Shares in the Company under the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2021, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company had, under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, nor were they taken to or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO, any interests or short positions in the shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or any interests which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code or any interests which are required to be entered into the register kept by the Company pursuant to section 352 of the SFO.

#### 附註:

葛新先生乃宛慶女士之配偶,實 (1) 益擁有123.500股股份。因此,根 據證券及期貨條例, 宛慶女士被 視為擁有123.500股本公司之權 益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,本公司董事或主要 行政人員概無根據證券及期貨條例 第XV部第7及第8分部擁有或根據證 券及期貨條例相關規定而被視作或 當作於本公司每股面值0.10港元之股 份中擁有任何權益或短倉、本公司或 任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例第XV部)相關股份或債券的任何權 益或短倉,或根據標準守則而須知會 本公司及聯交所的任何權益,或須載 入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第352 條之規定所存置之登記冊之任何權 益。

## **Directors' Report**

## 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

# (b) Long position in the share options of the Company

In accordance with the terms of the share option scheme adopted by the Company pursuant to an ordinary resolution of the Company passed on 15 February 2011 (the "Share Option Scheme"), the Company may grant options to the eligible person of the Company to subscribe for shares of the Company, subject to a maximum of 30% of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company from time to time excluding for this purpose shares issued in the exercise of options for the purpose of providing incentives or rewards to selected eligible person for their contribution to the Group. The Share Option Scheme became effective on 15 February 2011 and unless otherwise cancelled or amended according to the Share Option Scheme, would remain in force for 10 years from that date. Eligible person under the Share Option Scheme includes the following:-

- (i) any director, employee or consultant of the Company, a subsidiary or an affiliate; or
- (ii) any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include any director, employee or consultant of the Company, a subsidiary or an affiliate; or
- (iii) a company beneficially owned by any director, employee or consultant of the Company, a subsidiary or an affiliate; or
- (iv) any person or entity whose service to the Group or business with the Group contributes or is expected to contribute to the business or operation of the Group as may be determined by the directors from time to time.

董事及主要行政人員於本公司股份、相關股份及債券之權益及短倉 (續)

## (b) 本公司購股權之長倉

- (i) 本公司、附屬公司或聯號公司 之任何董事、僱員或顧問;或
- (ii) 全權託管對像包括本公司、附屬公司或聯號公司之任何董事、僱員或顧問之任何全權信託;或
- (iii) 本公司、附屬公司或聯號公司 之任何董事、僱員或顧問實益 擁有之公司;或
- (iv) 董事不時酌情認定之任何人 士或實體,其為本集團提供服 務或其曾經或將會對本集團 之業務或營運有所貢獻。

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

# (b) Long position in the share options of the Company (continued)

Without prior separate approval from the Company's shareholders, (i) the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not exceed 10% of the shares of the Company as at the date of the shareholders' approval of the option limit; and (ii) the maximum number of shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted to each eligible person under the Share Option Scheme (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not (when aggregated with any shares of the Company subject to options granted during such period under any other share option scheme of the Company) exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue for any time being.

Any grant of options to any directors, chief executive or substantial shareholders (as such terms as defined in the Listing Rules) of the Company, or any of their respective associates under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall be subject to the prior approval of the independent non-executive directors or shareholders of the Company as the case may be. Without prior separate approval from the Company's shareholders, the maximum number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant shall not (i) exceed 0.1% of the shares of the Company in issue on the date of such grant; and (ii) have an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant, in excess of HK\$5 million.

董事及主要行政人員於本公司股份、相關股份及債券之權益及短倉 (續)

## (b) 本公司購股權之長倉(續)

根據購股權計劃或本公司或其任何 附屬公司之任何其他購股權計劃向 本公司之任何董事、主要行政人員或 主要股東(該等詞彙之定義見上市規 則)或彼等各自之任何聯繫人授出購 股權須獲本公司之獨立非執行董事 或股東(視情況而定)事先批准。在 未另行獲本公司股東事先批准之情 况下,截至及包括該授出日期止十二 個月期間因本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事獲授及可能獲授之購股 權獲行使而已發行及將予發行之最 高股份數目:(i)不得超逾本公司於該 授出日期之已發行股份之0.1%;及 (ii)按本公司股份於該授出日期在聯 交所每日報價表所列之本公司股份 收市價所計算得出之價值總額不得 超逾5.000.000港元。

## **Directors' Report**

## 董事會報告

# DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY (continued)

# (b) Long position in the share options of the Company (continued)

The exercise price of the share options shall be at least the higher of (i) the nominal value of the shares; (ii) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; and (iii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant (subject to Share Option Scheme adjustments).

As at 31 December 2021, there were no shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme. The Share Option Scheme expired on 14 February 2021.

As at 31 December 2021, none of the directors or chief executives of the Company had, under Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, nor were they taken to or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO, any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) or any interests which are required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange or any interests which are required to be entered into the register kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or are required pursuant to the Model Code.

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

## Interests of shareholders discloseable pursuant to the SFO

The register of substantial shareholders required to be kept under section 336 of the SFO shows that as at 31 December 2021, the Company had been notified of the following substantial shareholders' interests and short positions, being interests of 5% or more of the Company's issued ordinary share capital. These interests are in addition to those disclosed above in respect of the directors or chief executives of the Company.

董事及主要行政人員於本公司股份、相關股份及債券之權益及短倉 (續)

## (b) 本公司購股權之長倉(續)

購股權之行使價須至少為下列各項 之較高者:(i)股份面值;(ii)按聯交所 發出之每日報價表所示,股份於授出 日期之收市價:及(iii)按聯交所發出 之每日報價表所示,股份於緊接授 出日期前五個營業日之平均收市價 (按購股權計劃作出調整)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據 購股權計劃概無可供發行之股份。購 股權計劃已於二零二一年二月十四 日屆滿。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司董事 或主要行政人員概無擁有下述權益,即即 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第7及第8分 或根據證券及期貨條例相關規定而視 當作擁有本公司或其任何相聯法團(定 見證券及期貨條例第XV部)之股份、相關 份及債券的任何權益及短倉;或須載內 份及債券的任何權益;或須載之 證券及期貨條例第352條規定所存置 記冊內之任何權益;或根據標準守則而須 知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益。

## 主要股東

## 根據證券及期貨條例須予披露之股東權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之主要股東登記冊顯示,本公司獲知會,下列主要股東於本公司已發行普通股股本中擁有5%或以上權益及短倉。該等權益為上述所披露本公司董事及主要行政人員擁有之權益以外之權益。

Approximate

## **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS** (continued)

## 主要股東(續)

(a) Long position/short position in the shares of the Company

(a) 本公司股份之長倉/短倉

Name of shareholder	Long positions/ short positions	Nature of interests	Number of issued ordinary shares held 所持已發行	percentage of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company 佔本公司 已發行普通股
股東名稱	長倉/短倉	權益性質	普通股數目	股本之概約百分比
Qujiang Cultural Financial International Investment Limited	Long positions	Corporate interests	336,166,156 (Note 1)	29.24%
曲江文化金融國際投資有限公司	長倉	公司權益	(附註1)	
Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co. Ltd.	Long positions	Interest in a controlled corporation	336,166,156 (Note 1)	29.24%
西安曲江文化金融控股 (集團)有限公司	長倉	於受控制法團持有權益	(附註1)	
Xi'an Qujiang New District	Long positions	Interest in a controlled corporation	336,166,156 (Note 1)	29.24%
Management Committee 西安曲江新區管理委員會	長倉	於受控制法團持有權益	(附註1)	
Glory Keen Holdings Limited ("Glory Keen")	Long positions	Corporate interests	322,727,272 (Note 2)	28.07%
榮建控股有限公司(「榮建」)	長倉	公司權益	(附註2)	
Hony Capital Fund 2008, L.P.	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%
Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP, L.P.	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%
Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%
Hony Group Management Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%
Hony Managing Partners Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%
Exponential Fortune Group Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%
Mr. Zhao John Huan 趙令歡先生	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	322,727,272 (Note 2) (附註2)	28.07%

## **Directors' Report**

## 董事會報告

## **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS** (continued)

(b) Long position/short position in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company (as defined in Part XV of the SFO)

## 主要股東(續)

(b) 於本公司股權衍生工具之相關股份之長倉/短倉(定義見證券及期 貨條例第XV部)

Name of shareholder	Long positions/ short positions	Nature of interests	Number of issued ordinary shares held	Approximate percentage of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company 佔本公司
股東名稱	長倉/短倉	權益性質	所持已發行 普通股數目 	已發行普通股 股本之概約百分比
Glory Keen Holdings Limited 榮建控股有限公司	Long positions 長倉	Corporate interests 公司權益	1,294,774,999 (Note 3) (附註3)	112.62%
Hony Capital Fund 2008, L.P.	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> (附註3)	112.62%
Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP, L.P.	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> (附註3)	112.62%
Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> (附註3)	112.62%
Hony Group Management Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> (附註3)	112.62%
Hony Managing Partners Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> (附註3)	112.62%
Exponential Fortune Group Limited	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> (附註3)	112.62%
Mr. Zhao John Huan 趙令歡先生	Long positions 長倉	Interest in a controlled corporation 於受控制法團持有權益	1,294,774,999 <i>(Note 3)</i> <i>(附註3)</i>	112.62%

## **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS** (continued)

(b) Long position/short position in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company (as defined in Part XV of the SFO) (continued)

Notes:

- Ouijang Cultural Financial International Investment (1) Limited held 336,166,156 Shares. Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co. Ltd. holds the entire issued share capital of Qujiang Cultural Financial International Investment Limited. Each of Xi'an Qujiang New District Management Committee and Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Holding Company Limited beneficially owns 80.05% and 19.95% equity interests in Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co. Ltd., respectively. Xi'an Qujiang New District Management Committee owns 99.9% equity interest in Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Holding Company Limited. As such, Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co. Ltd. and Xi'an Qujiang New District Management Committee were deemed to be interested in 336,166,156 Shares by virtue of their shareholding in Qujiang Cultural Financial International Investment Limited.
- The long position of 322,727,272 Shares represents the (2) 322,727,272 Shares held by Glory Keen. Hony Capital Fund 2008, L.P. holds the entire issued share capital of Glory Keen. Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP, L.P. is the sole general partner of Hony Capital Fund 2008, L.P. Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Hony Group Management Limited, is the sole general partner of Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP, L.P. Hony Managing Partners Limited owns 80% equity interests in Hony Group Management Limited. Hony Managing Partners Limited is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Exponential Fortune Group Limited. Mr. Zhao John Huan holds 49% of the issued share capital of Exponential Fortune Group Limited. Each of the above-mentioned parties was therefore deemed to be interested in the interest held by Glory Keen.

## 主要股東(續)

(b) 於本公司股權衍生工具之相關股份之長倉/短倉(定義見證券及期 貨條例第XV部)(續)

附註:

- 曲江文化金融國際投資有限公司 (1) 持有336,166,156股股份。西安 曲江文化金融控股(集團)有限 公司持有曲江文化金融國際投 資有限公司之全部已發行股本。 西安曲江新區管理委員會及西 安曲江文化控股有限公司分別 實益擁有西安曲江文化金融控 股(集團)有限公司之80.05%及 19.95%權益。西安曲江新區管 理委員會擁有西安曲江文化控股 有限公司之99.9%股權。因此, 西安曲江文化金融控股(集團) 有限公司及西安曲江新區管理委 員會因其在曲江文化金融國際投 資有限公司之股權而被視作擁有 336,166,156股股份之權益。
- 長倉322,727,272股股份指榮 (2) 建所持有322,727,272股股份。 Hony Capital Fund 2008, L.P.持 有榮建之全部已發行股本。Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP, L.P.為 Hony Capital Fund 2008, L.P.之 唯一普通合夥人。Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP Limited為Hony Group Management Limited之全 資附屬公司,且為Hony Capital Fund 2008 GP, L.P.之唯一普通合 夥人。Hony Managing Partners Limited擁有80% Hony Group Management Limited之股本權 益。Hony Managing Partners Limited為Exponential Fortune Group Limited之全資附屬公 司。趙令歡先生持有Exponential Fortune Group Limited 49%已發 行股本。上述各方因而被視為於 榮建所持有之權益中擁有權益。

### **Directors' Report**

### 董事會報告

### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS** (continued)

(b) Long position/short position in the underlying shares of equity derivatives of the Company (as defined in Part XV of the SFO) (continued)

Notes: (continued)

(3) The long position of 1,294,774,999 underlying Shares represents the interest in the 1,294,774,999 conversion shares which may be issued under the Hony Convertible preferred shares. The exercise of the conversion rights attaching to the Hony Convertible preferred shares are subject to the restrictions as stated in the paragraph headed "Other terms of the Preferred Shares" under the section headed "Subscription Agreement" in the circular dated 19 November 2012.

Save as disclosed above, the directors and chief executives of the Company are not aware that there is any person who, as at 31 December 2021, had an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or who is, directly or indirectly, interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meeting of any other member of the Group.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at 31 December 2021, none of the Directors nor their respective associates had any interest which competes or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group.

### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The aggregate sales attributable to the Group's largest customer and five largest customers taken together were less than 30% of the Group's total sales for the year ended 31 December 2021. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier and five largest suppliers taken together were less than 30% of the Group's total purchases for the year ended 31 December 2021.

None of the directors, their associates, or any shareholders (which, to the best knowledge of the directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) had any beneficial interest in the Group's five largest major customers and suppliers during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### 主要股東(續)

(b) 於本公司股權衍生工具之相關股份之長倉/短倉(定義見證券及期 貨條例第XV部)(續)

附計:(續)

(3) 長倉1,294,774,999股相關股份指於分別根據弘毅可換股優先股而可能予以發行之1,294,774,999股兑換股份之權益。行使弘毅可換股優先股附帶之兑換權均須受日期為二零一二年十一月十九日之通函「認購協議」一節項下「優先股之其他條款」所載之限制規限。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,據本公司董事及主要行政人員所知,概無任何人士於任何股份或相關股份中擁有任何權益或短倉須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之規定而向本公司披露,或直接或間接持有附帶權利可公股東大會投票之任何類別股本面值之5%或以上權益。

### 董事於競爭業務之權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,概無董事或 彼等各自之聯繫人擁有任何直接或間接與 本集團業務競爭或可能競爭之任何權益。

### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團最大客戶及五大客戶合共總銷售額 少於本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度總銷售額之30%。本集團對最大 供應商及五大供應商合共總採購額少於本 集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度總採購額之30%。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概無任何董事、其聯繫人士或任何股東(以董事所知擁有本公司5%以上已發行股本)於本集團五大主要客戶及供應商中擁有任何實益權益。

### Directors' Report 董事會報告

# PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-Laws and the laws of Bermuda.

### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Group was entered into or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### **MATERIAL LITIGATION**

None of the members of the Group was engaged in any litigation, arbitration or claim of material importance in which any member of the Group is a defendant and no litigation, arbitration or claim of material importance was known to the directors of the Company to be pending or threatened by or against any member of the Group in which any member of the Group is a defendant during the year ended 31 December 2021 and as at the date of this report.

### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's shares in the market as required under the Listing Rules.

### **AUDITOR**

KPMG should retire at the end of their term of appointment and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditor of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting. There has been no change in the auditor of the Company during the preceding three years.

On behalf of the Board

### **Huang Shunxu**

Executive Director Hong Kong, 31 March 2022

### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市 證券

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

### 優先購買權

本公司之公司細則及百慕達法例均無關於 優先購買權之條文。

### 管理合約

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度並無訂立或訂有任何關於本集團全 部業務或其中任何重大部份之管理及行政 合約。

### 重大訴訟

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及 於本報告日期,本集團成員公司並無牽涉任 何以本集團成員公司為被告的重大訴訟、 仲裁或索償,且據本公司董事所知本集團 任何成員公司概無任何以本集團成員公司 為被告的尚未了結或面臨的重大訴訟、仲 裁或索償。

### 足夠公眾持股量

按本公司取得之公開資料及據董事所知,於刊發本年報前之最後實際可行日期,本公司股份在市場上具有高於上市規則所規定25%之足夠公眾持股量。

### 核數師

畢馬威任滿告退,惟其符合資格並願意膺聘連任。於應屆股東周年大會上,將提呈重新委聘畢馬威為本公司核數師之決議案。 本公司核數師於過去三年並無任何變動。

代表董事會

### 黃順緒

*執行董事* 香港<sup>,</sup>二零二二年三月三十一日

### 企業管治報告

### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES**

The Board is committed to upholding a high standard of corporate governance practices and business ethics in the firm belief that they are essential for maintaining and promoting investors' confidence and maximizing shareholders' returns.

The Board regularly reviews its corporate governance practices, risk management and internal control policy and procedures in order to meet the rising expectations of stakeholders and comply with increasingly stringent regulatory requirements, and to fulfill its commitment to corporate governance excellence.

The Company had complied with the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules throughout the year ended 31 December 2021 except for certain deviations as set out below.

CG Code Provision A.4.1 stipulates that non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. None of the existing independent non-executive Directors of the Company is appointed for a specific term. However, all the Directors (executive, non-executive and independent non-executive Directors) are subject to retirement at least once every three years under Bye-Law 87(1) of the Company. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure that the Company's corporate governance practices are no less exacting than those in the CG Code.

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors a written confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company thus considers all the independent non-executive Directors are independent for the year ended 31 December 2021.

CG Code Provision E.1.2 stipulates that the chairman of the board should attend the annual general meeting. He should also invite the chairmen of the audit, remuneration and nomination committees to attend. The chairman of the Board and the chairman of the remuneration committee were not able to attend the annual general meeting of the Company held on 1 June 2021 (the "AGM") due to other important business engagement. They had delegated the chief executive officer to chair and be available to answer questions at the AGM.

### 企業管治常規

董事會恪守維持高水平企業管治常規及商業道德標準的承諾,並堅信此對保持及提高投資者信心、增加股東回報攸關重要。

為了達成公司相關利益者不斷提升的期望、符合日趨嚴謹之規管要求,以及實踐董事會堅守優越企業管治之承諾,董事會定期檢討其企業管治常規、風險管理及內部 監控政策與程序。

本公司於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度一直遵守上市規則附錄14所載《企 業管治守則》(「企業管治守則」)之規定, 惟如下載列之若干偏離情況除外。

企業管治守則條文第A.4.1條訂明,非執行董事須以指定任期委任並膺選連任。本公司現任獨立非執行董事並非以指定任期委任。然而,根據本公司之公司細則第87(1)條,所有董事(包括執行、非執行及獨立非執行董事)須最少每三年輪值告退一次。因此,本公司認為已採取足夠措施確保本公司之企業管治常規不比企業管治守則所載之規定寬鬆。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條就彼等之獨立身份而發出之確認書。本公司認為全體獨立非執行董事於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度均屬獨立人士。

企業管治守則條文第E.1.2條訂明,董事會主席應出席股東周年大會,並邀請審核委員會、薪酬委員會及提名委員會的主席出席。董事會主席及薪酬委員會的主席因其他重要業務關係,未出席本公司於二零二一年六月一日舉行之股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」),而他們已委派行政總裁擔任股東周年大會主席及回答提問。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

# MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiry of all the directors, all the directors confirmed that they have complied with the required standards set out in the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2021.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

### **Board Composition**

As at 31 December 2021 and the date of this annual report, the Board is comprised of three executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors

The members of the Board are as follows:

**Executive Directors** 

Mr. Huang Shunxu (Chairman)

Mr. Qin Chuan (Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Qi Yong (resigned on 7 June 2021)

Ms. Wan Qing

Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Li Yang Mr. Chen Shuai

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng Ms. Song Hong

All Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Group. Each executive Director is suitably qualified for his position, and has sufficient experience to hold his/her position so as to carry out his/her duties effectively and efficiently. There are no relationships (financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) between members of the Board. Biographical information of the Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Directors" of this annual report.

### 董事進行證券交易之標準守則

本公司採納了上市規則附錄10所載之上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則。經向所有董事作出特定查詢後,全部董事確實彼等於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,一直遵守標準守則所載之規定準則。

### 董事會

### 董事會組成

於二零二一年十二月三十一日及本年報日期,董事會由三名執行董事、兩名非執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成。

### 董事會成員如下:

### 執行董事

黄順緒先生(主席) 秦川先生(行政總裁)

祁勇先生(於二零二一年六月七日辭任)

宛慶女士

非執行董事

李陽先生

陳帥先生

獨立非執行董事

曾國偉先生 阮曉峰先生 宋紅女士

全體董事均就本集團事務投入充分的時間 及精力。各執行董事均符合資格勝任其職 位,並有足夠經驗擔任其職務,有效履行職 責。董事會成員之間並無任何關係(財務、 業務、家庭或其他重大/相關關係)。有關 董事的履歷詳情載於本年報「董事履歷」一 節。

### 企業管治報告

### **OPERATIONS OF THE BOARD**

The Board determines the corporate mission and broad strategies, monitors and controls operating and financial performance and sets appropriate policies to manage risks in pursuit of the Group's strategic objectives. According to CG Code Provision A.1.1, the Board should meet regularly and Board meetings should be held at least four times a year at approximate intervals. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Board met regularly and frequently for the review and approval on the business of department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets. Details of Directors' attendance of the Board and the shareholders' meetings held for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out as follows:

### 董事會之運作

董事會負責釐定企業願景及主要策略、監察及監控營運及財務表現,以及制定政務表現,以及制定實理政策。以達成本集團的策會。根據企業管治守則條文第A.1.1條定,董事會應定期舉行會議,而董事會應定期舉行會議,而董事會應等二一年十二月三十一日止年及經常舉行會議,以檢市場之軍事會所不可以與市場之業,以檢市場之軍事會議及股東大會,董學行之董事會會議及股東大會,董學行之董事會。

**Board** 

Name of Director	meetings	<b>AGM &amp; SGM</b> 股東周年 大會及
董事姓名	董事會會議	股東特別大會
Executive Directors		
執行董事		
Mr. Huang Shunxu	12/13	0/3
黄順緒先生 		
Mr. Qin Chuan	13/13	1/3
秦川先生		
Mr. Qi Yong (retired on 7 June 2021)	4/6	0/2
祁勇先生(於二零二一年六月七日辭任)		
Ms. Wan Qing	13/13	0/3
宛慶女士		
Non-Executive Directors		
非執行董事		
Mr. Li Yang	10/13	0/3
李陽先生		
Mr. Chen Shuai	13/13	0/3
陳帥先生		
Independent Non-Executive Directors		
獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai	13/13	3/3
曾國偉先生		
Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng	13/13	0/3
阮曉峰先生		
Ms. Song Hong	13/13	0/3
宋紅女士		

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

All Directors are provided with relevant materials relating to the matters brought before the meetings. They have separate and independent access to the senior management and the company secretary of the Company at all times and may seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense. When queries are raised by Directors, steps would be taken to respond as promptly and as fully as possible. All Directors have the opportunity to include matters in the agenda of Board meetings. Notices of at least 14 days of Board meetings are given to the Directors and Board procedures comply with the Bye-Laws of the Company, as well as relevant rules and regulations.

全體董事於會議前皆獲提供有關討論事項 的相關材料。董事於任何時候均可單獨之 獨立聯絡本公司高級管理層及公司秘書 並可尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司全 擔。董事若有諮詢,本公司會盡力及時 會應。全體董事均可於董事會會議的 同應。全體董事均可於董事會會議的 章程加入討論事項。本公司至少在14日 向董事發出董事會會議通告,而董事程 序均符合本公司之公司細則及相關規則及 規例。

### **FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD**

The overall management of the Company's operation is vested in the Board. The Board carries out its functions according to the powers conferred upon it by the Bye-Laws of the Company which is uploaded onto the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company, and since the date of uploading, no significant changes have been made.

The main functions and duties conferred on the Board include:

- management of the overall business and strategic development;
- deciding business plans and investment plans;
- convening general meetings and reporting to the shareholders; and
- exercising other powers, functions and duties conferred by shareholders in general meetings.

The Board is responsible for fulfilling the corporate governance responsibilities under D.3.1 of the CG Code. Regarding the aforementioned functions, during the year, the following works, inter alia, were performed by the Board: (i) reviewed the Corporate Governance Report of the Company for 2020; and(ii) reviewed the trainings and continuous professional development undertaken by the Directors and senior management.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer and the senior management of the Company. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approvals must be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the aforesaid officers.

### 董事會職能及職責

本公司業務的整體管理全賴董事會。董事會根據本公司之公司細則(已上載至聯交所及本公司網站,自上載之日起並無作出任何重大變更)賦予的權力行使其職能。

董事會的主要職能及職責如下:

- 整體業務的管理及策略發展;
- 一 業務計劃及投資計劃的決策;
- 舉行股東大會及向股東匯報;及
- 一 行使股東於股東大會賦予的其他權力、職能及職責。

董事會亦負責履行企業管治守則第D.3.1條項下的企業管治職責。年內,董事會已就此進行(其中包括)以下工作:(i)審閱本公司二零二零年度企業管治報告:及(ii)檢討董事及高級管理層的培訓及持續專業發展。

本公司的日常管理、行政管理及營運職能 授派予本公司行政總裁及高級管理層。本 公司會定期檢討轉授職能及工作任務。上 述高級職員訂立重大交易前須獲董事會批 准。

### 企業管治報告

The Directors may have access to the advice and services of the company secretary of the Company to ensure that the board procedures, and all applicable rules and regulations, are followed. In addition, the Directors may, upon reasonable request, seek independent professional advice under appropriate circumstance at the Company's expense. The Board shall resolve to provide separate, appropriate, independent and professional advice to the Directors to assist the relevant Directors in discharging their duties.

全體董事均可獲本公司的公司秘書提供意見及服務,確保能夠遵守董事會程序及所有適用規則及規例。此外,經合理要求,董事可於適當情況下尋求獨立專業意見,費用由本公司承擔。董事會須決議是否為董事提供單獨適當的獨立專業意見以輔助有關董事履行職責。

### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

# Independent non-executive Directors have played a significant role in the Board by bringing their independent judgment to Board meetings and scrutinizing the Group's performance. Their views carry significant weight in the Board's decision. In particular, they bring an impartial view to issues relating to the Group's strategy, performance and control. All independent non-executive Directors have extensive academic, professional and industry expertise and management experience and have provided their professional advice to the Board. The independent non-executive Directors provide independent advice on the Group's business strategy, results and management to ensure that all interests of shareholders are taken into account, and the interests of the Company and its shareholders are protected.

The Board has three independent non-executive Directors in compliance with Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, which requires that every board of directors of a listed issuer must include at least three independent non-executive directors. In addition, at least one independent non-executive Director, namely, Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai, who has appropriate professional accounting qualifications or financial management expertise in accordance with Rule 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules. The Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors, representing one-third of the Board, in compliance with Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules.

The Company has received annual confirmations of independence from each of the existing independent non-executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. Based on the contents of such confirmations, the Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent and that they have met the specific independence guidelines as set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

### 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事於董事會內擔當重要角色,在董事會會議提供獨立判斷並監察與集團表現。彼等的意見對董事會的決策與足輕重;尤其是彼等對本集團策略、表現及監控等事宜的公正立場。全體獨立業與及管理經驗,及向董事會提供專業意見。獨立是非執行董事就本集團的業務策略、業績等理提供獨立意見,確保股東的利益均獲得保考慮,令本公司及其股東的利益均獲得保障。

董事會有三名獨立非執行董事,符合上市規則第3.10(1)條的規定,即上市發行人董事會須包括至少三名獨立非執行董事。此外,根據上市規則第3.10(2)條的規定,至少有一名獨立非執行董事(即曾國偉先生)具備合適的專業會計資格或財務管理專業知識。為符合上市規則第3.10A條的規定,本公司已委任三名獨立非執行董事,佔董事會人數三分之一。

本公司已接獲現任各獨立非執行董事按照 上市規則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認 書。根據該等確認書的內容,本公司認為, 全體獨立非執行董事均獨立,且符合上市 規則第3.13條所載詳細獨立指引。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

# DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for overseeing in preparation of accounts for each financial period with a view to ensuring such accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cashflow for that period. The Company's accounts are prepared in accordance with all relevant statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards. The Directors are responsible for ensuring that appropriate accounting policies are selected and applied consistently; and that judgments and estimates made are prudent and reasonable.

### **PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

Every newly appointed Director will be given an induction training so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the Group's business and of his/her duties and responsibilities under the Listing Rules and the relevant statutory and regulatory requirements.

The Company also provides regular updates on the business development of the Group. The Directors are regularly briefed on the latest development regarding the Listing Rules and other applicable statutory requirements to ensure compliance and upkeep of good corporate governance practices. In addition, the Company has been encouraging the Directors to enrol in professional development courses and seminars relating to the Listing Rules, Companies Ordinance and corporate governance practices organised by professional bodies or chambers in Hong Kong. All Directors are requested to provide the Company with their respective training records pursuant to the CG Code.

All Directors participated in appropriate continuous professional development and refreshed their knowledge and skills during the year ended 31 December 2021 for ensuring that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Such professional development was completed by way of attending briefings, conference, courses, forum and seminars, teaching, self-reading and participating in business-related researches which are relevant to the business or directors' duties.

### 董事就財務報表所承擔之責任

董事須負責監督每個財政期間會計賬目之編製、以確保該等賬目能夠真實公允地反映本集團之財務狀況、於該期間之業績與現金流量。本公司會計賬目之編製均符合全部有關法定要求及適用之會計準則。董事有責任確保選用合適會計政策並能貫徹應用,同時作出審慎及合理的判斷及估量。

### 專業發展

每名新委任的董事將獲履新培訓,確保彼 對本集團的業務及上市規則及相關法規及 監管要求下其本身的職務及責任有適當了 解。

本公司亦定期提供本集團業務發展的最新 資料。董事獲定期提供有關上市規則及其 他適用法律規定的最新發展簡報,確保遵 守及維持良好的企業管治常規。此外,本公司一直鼓勵董事參與由香港專業團體或商 會舉辦有關上市規則、公司條例及企業管 治常規的專業發展課程及研討會。全體董 事均須根據企業管治守則之規定向本公司 提供本身的培訓記錄。

全體董事於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度均已參加適當的持續專業發展 讓自己的知識及技能與時並進,確保繼續 在具備全面資訊及切合所需的情況下對重 事會作出貢獻。完成專業發展的方式包括 出席有關業務或董事職務之簡報會、會議、 課程、論壇及研討會、授課、閱讀相關資料 及參與業務相關研究。

### 企業管治報告

During the reporting period, the Directors participated in the following trainings:

於報告期內,董事已參與下列培訓:

	me of Director <b></b> 事姓名		Type of training 培訓類型
	cutive Directors		
<i>¥</i> 光 1	了董事 Mr. Huang Shunxu		А, В, С
	黄順緒先生 Mr. Qin Chuan		А, В, С
	秦川先生 Mr. Qi Yong (resigned on 7 June 2021)		А, С
	祁勇先生(於二零二一年六月七日辭任) Ms. Wan Qing 宛慶女士		А, В, С
	n-Executive Directors		
<i>카</i> ¥.	対行董事 Mr. Li Yang		А, С
	李陽先生 Mr. Chen Shuai 陳帥先生		А, В, С
	ependent Non-Executive Directors		
烟△	之非執行董事 Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai		А, В, С
	曾國偉先生 Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng		А, В, С
	阮曉峰先生 Ms. Song Hong 宋紅女士		А, В, С
A:	Reading materials provided by the Company relating to the updates on the Listing Rules and other applicable regulatory requirements relevant to the director's duties and responsibilities	A:	閱覽由本公司提供有關董事職責及 責任之上市規則及其他適用監管規 定之最新發展之資料
B:	Attending briefings/seminars/webinars/conferences relevant to the director's duties and responsibilities	B :	出席與董事職責及責任有關之簡報 會/研討會/網上研討會/會議等
C:	Reading newspapers, journals and updates relating to the economy, environment and social issues or the director's duties and responsibilities	C :	閱覽有關經濟、環境及社會課題或董 事職責及責任之報章、期刊及最新資 料



### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

The roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are separate and are not performed by the same individual as this ensures better checks and balances and hence better corporate governance. Mr. Huang Shunxu serves as the chairman of the Company, and Mr. Qin Chuan serves as the chief executive officer of the Company.

The Chairman's responsibility is to oversee the functioning of the Board and the strategies and policies of the Group.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for monitoring the daily operation and management of the Company.

# TERM OF APPOINTMENT OF NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of the non-executive Directors (including the independent non-executive Directors) has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for an initial term of three years commencing from the listing date on 23 October 2000, renewable automatically by three years on the expiry of such term and every successive period of three years thereafter, subject to the relevant provisions under the Company's amended and restated Bye-Laws requiring no less than one-third of all the Directors (i.e. both executive and non-executive Directors are included) to retire from office by rotation at each annual general meeting of the Company, provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

### **DIRECTORS' AND OFFICERS' INSURANCE**

The Company has arranged appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers. Such insurance were in force during the reporting period and as of the date of this report.

# APPOINTMENTS AND RE-ELECTION OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Huang Shunxu, Mr. Qin Chuan and Ms. Wan Qing have entered into service contracts with the Company for a specific term, and all the Directors are subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at an annual general meeting at least once every three years in accordance with the Bye-Laws of the Company.

### 主席及行政總裁

主席及行政總裁的職能乃屬獨立,且並非由同一人士執行以確保較好的制衡作用,從而達至更佳的企業管治。黃順緒先生為本公司主席,秦川先生為本公司行政總裁。

主席的職責是監督董事會運作以及本集團策略及政策的實行。

行政總裁負責監察本公司的日常運作及管 理。

### 非執行董事任期

各非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事)已與 本公司訂立委任函件,自上市日期二零 零年十月二十三日起計初步為期三年, 於任期屆滿後自動續期三年,及其後 年自動續期一次,惟須遵守本公司股東 軍列公司細則的規定,在本公司股東 軍大會不少於全體董事(即包括執行董事 在內)三分之一的董事 原告退及每名董事須每三年至少一次輪值 告退。

### 董事及高級職員的保險

本公司已就可能對其董事及高級職員的潛在法律訴訟安排合適保險。該等保險在報告期內有效,並於本報告日期亦維持有效。

### 董事的委任及重選

黃順緒先生、秦川先生及宛慶女士已與本公司訂立一定期限的服務合約,根據本公司之公司細則,所有董事須至少每三年於股東周年大會上輪流退任及膺選連任。

### 企業管治報告

The Bye-Laws of the Company provide that any Director appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy in the Board shall hold office until the first annual general meeting of the Company after his appointment and be subject to re-election at such meeting, and any Director appointed by the Board as an addition to the existing Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election.

本公司之公司細則規定,任何獲董事會委任以填補董事會正常職位空缺的董事須任職至其獲委任後本公司的首次股東周年大會為止,並須於該大會上重選,而任何獲董事會委任加入現時董事會的新增董事的任期僅至本公司下屆股東周年大會為止,屆時可符合資格膺選連任。

### **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established the (i) audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), (ii) remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and (iii) nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee") with defined terms of reference. The terms of reference of the board committees, which explain their respective roles and the authorities delegated to them by the Board, are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice and other assistance under appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expense.

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Audit Committee was established by the Company, with written terms of reference in compliance with the requirements set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The Audit Committee shall consist of not less than 3 members. Currently, the Audit Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai and Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng, and one non-executive Director, Mr. Chen Shuai. Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai is the chairman of Audit Committee.

The primary objective of the Audit Committee is to review the financial reporting process of the Group and its risk management and internal control system, oversee the audit process and perform other duties assigned by the Board and make recommendations for the Company to improve the quality of financial information to be disclosed. It also reviews the annual and interim reports of the Company prior to their approval by the Board.

### 董事委員會

董事會已成立具特定職權範圍之(i)審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、(ii)薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及(iii)提名委員會(「提名委員會」)。董事委員會的職權範圍(當中分別說明其角色及董事會授予的權力)登載於本公司及聯交所網站。董事委員會獲提供充足資源履行職責,經合理要求,於適當情況下,可尋求獨立專業意見及其他協助,費用由本公司承擔。

### 審核委員會

本公司已根據上市規則附錄14所載之規定 成立具有明確職權範圍之審核委員會。

審核委員會由最少三名成員組成,其現任 成員包括兩名獨立非執行董事:曾國偉先 生及阮曉峰先生,以及一名非執行董事:陳 帥先生。曾國偉先生為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會之主要目標是檢討本集團之財務報告程序及其風險管理及內部監控系統,監督審核過程及履行董事會指派之其他職務,以及向本公司提供建議,以改善將予披露財務資料之質素。此外,審核委員會亦會在董事會作出批准前,預先審閱本公司之年度及中期報告。

### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and made a recommendation as regards the appointment of the external auditor. In addition, the Audit Committee, together with management and independent auditors, have reviewed the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group, and discussed auditing, internal control and financial reporting matters including the review of the audited results for the year ended 31 December 2021 and the unaudited interim results for the six months ended 30 June 2021 prior to their approval by the Board.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, two meetings were held by the Audit Committee. The attendance record of each member of the Audit Committee at the meetings of the Audit Committee is set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 審核委員會舉行了兩次會議。審核委員會 各成員於審核委員會會議的出席記錄載列 如下:

> Number of Audit Committee meetings 出席/審核 委員會 會議數目

Attendance/

### Name of Director

Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai

董事姓名

曾國偉先生 Mr. Chen Shuai 陳帥先生

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng 阮曉峰先生

2/2

2/2

There had been no disagreement between the Board and the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

The Company established the Remuneration Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code.

The Remuneration Committee shall consist of not less than two members. Currently, the Remuneration Committee consists of two independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng and Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai and one non-executive Director: Mr. Chen Shuai. Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,董事會與審核委員會並無意見分歧。

### 薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,其書面職權範 圍乃符合企業管治守則規定。

薪酬委員會由最少兩名成員組成。薪酬委員會現任成員包括兩名獨立非執行董事: 阮曉峰先生及曾國偉先生以及一名非執行董事:陳帥先生。阮曉峰先生為薪酬委員會主席。

### 企業管治報告

The primary duty of the Remuneration Committee is to formulate the remuneration structure and policy of the Group, to review the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management, including bonuses and share options granted under the Share Option Scheme, to ensure that such remuneration is reasonable and not excessive. Generally, their remunerations are determined based on their experience and qualifications, the Group's performance as well as market conditions.

薪酬委員會主要職責為制定本集團之薪酬 架構及政策,審核執行董事及高級管理層 之薪酬待遇,包括花紅及根據購股權計劃 授出之購股權,確保彼等之薪酬屬合理而 不致過多。一般而言,彼等之薪酬乃根據彼 等之經驗及資歷、本集團之表現及市場情 況釐定。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Remuneration Committee has, among other things, reviewed the remuneration package of the Directors and senior management of the Group and made recommendations to the Board in relation to their remuneration package.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會已(其中包括)檢討本集團董事 及高級管理層之薪酬待遇以及就彼等之薪 酬待遇向董事會提供推薦建議。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Remuneration Committee had reviewed the Group's remuneration policy and reviewed the remuneration package of the executive Directors and senior management for the year ended 31 December 2021.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 薪酬委員會已審閱本集團的薪酬政策及審 閱截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 執行董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, one meeting was held by the Remuneration Committee. The attendance record of each member of the Remuneration Committee at the meetings of the Remuneration Committee is set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日年度,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議。薪酬委員會各成員於薪酬委員會會議的出席記錄載列如下:

	Attendance/
	Number of
	Remuneration
	Committee
Name of Director	meetings
	出席/薪酬
	委員會
董事姓名	會議數目

Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng
阮曉峰先生
Mr. Chen Shuai
陳帥先生
Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai

曾國偉先生

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

### NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Company established the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference in compliance with the CG Code.

Currently, the Nomination Committee consists of one executive Director: Mr. Huang Shunxu, one non-executive Director: Mr. Chen Shuai and three independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai, Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng and Ms. Song Hong. Mr. Huang Shunxu is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board at least once a year and to identify (including not limited to engaging independent search firm(s) to assist such identification) individuals suitably qualified to become Board members and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships. The Company shall appoint at least one female director. Ms. Wan Qing and Ms. Song Hong currently serve as Directors of the Company. In identifying suitable director candidates and making such recommendations to the Board, the Nomination Committee would also take into account various aspects of a candidate, including but not limited to his education background, professional experience, experience with the relevant industry and past directorships.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Nomination Committee has reviewed the board's structure, size and composition to ensure that it has a balance of expertise, skills, independence and experience appropriate to the requirements of the business of the Company and reviewed the annual confirmation of independence submitted by independent non-executive Directors and assessed their independence. Also, the Nomination Committee will also give consideration to the Board Diversity Policy when identifying suitably qualified candidates to become members of the Board, and the Board will review the Board Diversity Policy on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness.

### 提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,其書面職權範 圍乃符合企業管治守則。

提名委員會現任成員包括一名執行董事: 黃順緒先生,一名非執行董事:陳帥先生, 以及三名獨立非執行董事:曾國偉先生、阮 曉峰先生及宋紅女士組成。黃順緒先生為 提名委員會主席。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 提名委員會已檢討董事會的架構、人數 組成,以確保具備比重均衡的適當專長、技 能、獨立性及經驗,以切合本公司業務之需 要,並已審閱獨立非執行董事提交的獨立性年度確認書以及評核彼等的獨立性。 性年度確認書以及評核彼等的獨立性。 加上,提名委員會亦將於物色具備合適會成 員多元化政策,而董事會將定期審閱 會成員多元化政策以確保其成效。

### 企業管治報告

During the year ended 31 December 2021, one meeting was held by the Nomination Committee. The attendance record of each member of the Nomination Committee at the meetings of the Nomination Committee is set out below:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 提名委員會舉行了一次會議。提名委員會 各成員於提名委員會會議的出席記錄載列 如下:

Name of Director 董事姓名	Attendance/ Number of Nomination Committee meetings 出席/提名 委員會 會議數目
Mr. Huang Shunxu	1/1
黃順緒先生 Ma Chan Chuai	1/1
Mr. Chen Shuai 陳帥先生	1/1
Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai 曾國偉先生	1/1
Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng	1/1
阮曉峰先生	
Ms. Song Hong	1/1
宋紅女士	

### **AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION**

The Company has re-appointed KPMG as its external auditor during the year ended 31 December 2021. The external auditor is refrained from engaging in non-audit services except for specific approved items, such as review of interim results of the Group. The Audit Committee reviews the external auditor's statutory audit scope and non-audit services and approves its fees. A remuneration of RMB4,200,000 was paid/payable to KPMG for the provision of annual audit and review of interim results services, a remuneration of RMB700,000 was paid/payable to KPMG for the provision of other non-audit services (providing service regarding the circular for the Group's Lease Contract) in the year ended 31 December 2021.

### 核數師酬金

### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

### FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Board, supported by the chief financial officer and the finance department, is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Company and the Group for each financial year which shall give a true and fair view of the financial position, performance and cash flow of the Company and its subsidiaries for that period. The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for preparing the accounts of the Company and the Group. As at 31 December 2021, the Board is not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The responsibilities of KPMG, the Company's external auditor, in relation to the financial statements are set out in the section headed "Independent Auditor's Report" in this annual report.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Leung Kee Wai has been informed of the requirement of the Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules, and he confirmed that he had attained no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training during the year ended 31 December 2021.

# RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board has the overall responsibility of maintaining sound and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group. During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group had complied with of the Corporate Governance Code by establishing appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems. Management is responsible for the design, implementation and monitoring of such systems so as to safeguard the Group's assets and shareholders' interest, while the Board oversees management in performing its duties on an ongoing basis. The Board is also responsible for ensuring maintenance of proper accounting records to provide reliable financial information and compliance with relevant laws and regulations. The main features of the risk management and internal control systems are described in the sections below.

### 財務報告

本公司外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所就 財務報表履行的職責載列於本年報「獨立 核數師報告」一節。

### 公司秘書

梁基偉先生已獲告知上市規則第3.29條的 規定,並確認其於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度已接受不少於十五小時的 相關專業培訓。

### 風險管理及內部監控

### 企業管治報告

### **Risk Management System**

The Group adopts a risk management system which manages the risk associated with its business and operations. The system comprises the following phases:

(i) Identification: Identify ownership of risks, business

objectives and risks that could affect the

achievement of objectives;

(ii) Evaluation: Analyse the likelihood and impact of risks

and evaluate the risk portfolio accordingly;

and

(iii) Management: Consider the risk responses, ensure

effective communication to the Board and

on-going monitor the residual risks.

Based on the risk assessments conducted during the year ended 31 December 2021, no significant risk was identified.

### **Internal Control System**

The Group has in place an internal control system which is compatible with the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission ("COSO") 2013 framework. The framework enables the Group to achieve objectives regarding effectiveness and efficiency of operations, reliability of financial reporting and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. The components of the framework are shown as follows:

(i) Control Environment: A set of standards, processes and

structures that provide the basis for carrying out internal control across

the Group;

(ii) Risk Assessment: A dynamic and iterative process

for identifying and analyzing risks to achieve the Group's objectives, forming a basis for determining how risks should be managed;

(iii) Control Activities: Action established by policies

and procedures to help ensure that management directives to mitigate risks to the achievement

of objectives are carried out;

### 風險管理系統

本集團採納之風險管理系統負責管理與其 業務及營運相關之風險。該系統包括以下 階段:

(i) 識別: 識別風險歸屬、業務目標及

可能影響目標實現之風險;

(ii) 評估: 分析風險之可能性及影響,

並據此評估風險組合;及

(iii) 管理: 考慮風險應對措施,確保與

董事會有效溝通並持續監測

剩餘風險。

根據於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度進行之風險評估,並無發現任何重大 風險。

### 內部監控系統

本集團設有內部監控系統,該系統與全美反舞弊性財務報告委員會發起組織(「COSO」)委員會於二零一三年發表之框架相符。透過該框架,本公司能夠實現有關營運有效性及效率、財務報告可靠性以及遵守適用法律及法規之目標。框架之組成部分列示如下:

(i) 監控環境: 為於本集團進行內

部監控提供基礎之 一套準則、程序及 加措:

架構;

(ii) 風險評估: 識別及分析風險以

實現本集團目標,以及為釐定如何管理風險提供基礎之不斷轉變而反復之

過程;

(iii) 監控活動: 根據政策及程序確

立之行動,以確保 執行管理層為減低 風險以達成目標所 作出之指示;

### **Corporate Governance Report** 企業管治報告

Internal and external communication (iv) Information and Communication:

to provide the Group with the information needed to carry out day-

to-day controls: and

Ongoing and separate evaluations (v) Monitoring:

to ascertain whether each component of internal control is present and

functioning.

(iv) 資訊及溝通:

為本集團提供進行

日常監控所需資訊 之內部及外部溝

誦;及

持續及獨立評估以 (v) 監測:

確定內部監控之各 組成部分是否存在 及運作下常。

In order to enhance the Group's system of handling inside information, and to ensure the truthfulness, accuracy, completeness and timeliness of its public disclosures, the Group also adopts and implements inside information policy and procedures. Certain reasonable measures have been taken from time to time to ensure that proper safeguards exist to prevent a breach of disclosure requirements in relation to the Group, which include:

The access of information is restricted to a limited

- number of employees on a need-to-know basis. Employees who are in possession of inside information are fully conversant with their obligations to preserve confidentiality;
- (ii) Confidentiality agreements are in place when the Group enters into significant negotiations;
- (iii) The executive Directors are designated persons who speak on behalf of the Company when communicating with external parties such as the media, analysts or investors; and
- (iv) Unless the information falls within the "Safe Harbour", the Company will disclose such inside information to the public as soon as practicable.

Based on the internal control reviews conducted during the year ended 31 December 2021, no significant control deficiency was identified.

### **Internal Audit**

The Group has engaged an external professional (the "Internal Control Consultant") to carry out the internal audit ("IA") functions of the Group. The IA function is independent of the Group's daily operation and carries out appraisal of the risk management and internal control systems by conducting interviews, walkthroughs and tests of operating effectiveness.

為加強本集團處理內幕消息之制度,確保 公開披露資料之真實性、準確性、完整性與 及時性,本集團亦採納及執行內幕消息政 策及程序。本集團已不時採取若干合理措 施,確保存有防止違反披露規定之保障措 施,其中包括:

- 只有需要了解之有限數目之僱員可獲 取消息。擁有內幕消息之僱員完全了 解其保守機密之責任;
- 本集團訂立重大協商時簽訂保密協 議;
- 與外界(如媒體、分析師或投資者)溝 (iii) 通時,執行董事為代表本公司發言之 指定人士;及
- 除非有關消息處於「安全港條文」的 範疇,否則本公司會在合理切實可行 的範圍內盡快向公眾披露該等內幕消

根據於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度進行之內部監控審閱,並無發現任何 重大監控缺陷。

### 內部審核

本集團已聘請外部專業人士(「內部監控顧 問」)履行本集團之內部審核(「內部審核」) 職能。內部審核職能獨立於本集團日常運 作,並通過訪談、穿行測試及運行有效性測 試對風險管理及內部監控系統進行評估。

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The Group has reviewed an IA charter to ensure it has defined the scope and duties and responsibilities of the IA function and its reporting protocol. The Group has also conducted an annual risk assessment for the period to identify respective strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks of its major business segments. Based on the outcome of the risk assessment and following a risk-oriented methodology audit approach, the Company has devised a three-year audit plan that prioritised the significance of the risks identified into annual audit project to assist the Board and the Audit Committee in assessing the efficacy of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. The three-year audit plan has been approved by the Board. According to the established plan, review of the risk management and internal control systems is conducted semi-annually and the results are reported to the Board via Audit Committee afterwards.

# Effectiveness of the Risk Management and Internal Control Systems

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and ensuring review of the effectiveness of these systems has been conducted semi-annually for each half-year period. Several areas have been considered during the Board's reviews, which include but are not limited to (i) the changes in the nature and extent of significant risks since the last semi-annual review, and the Group's ability to respond to changes in its business and the external environment, and (ii) the scope and quality of management's ongoing monitoring of risks and of the internal control systems.

The Board, through its reviews and the reviews made by IA functions and Audit Committee, concluded that the risk management and internal control systems were effective and adequate. Such systems, however, are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. It is also considered that the resources, staff qualifications and experience of relevant staff were adequate and the training programs and budget provided were sufficient.

### 風險管理及內部監控系統之有效性

董事會負責管理本集團之風險管理及內部 監控系統,並確保每半年對這些系統會 年度期間內之有效性進行審查。董事會 查期間已對若干方面作出考慮,包括險於(i)自上次半年度審查以來重大風險於 性質及程度之變化,以及本集團對其人(ii)管 及外部環境變化作出應對之能力;及及 理層持續監測風險之範圍及質量,以及內部監控系統之範圍及質量。

經過董事會以及內部審核職能及審核委員會之審查結果顯示,風險管理及內部監控系統為有效及充分。然而,有關系統旨在管理而非消除未能實現業務目標之風險,且只能就防止重大錯報或損失提供合理而非絕對之保證。董事會亦認為已有足夠的資源,工作人員具備足夠的資格及經驗,所提供的培訓及預算亦屬充裕。

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### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company may declare dividends from time to time. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall take into account, inter alia:

- a) the Group's actual and expected financial performance;
- b) retained profits and distributable reserves of the Group and each of the members of the Group;
- the level of the Group's adjusted net debts-to-equity ratio, return on equity and the relevant financial covenants;
- d) the Group's current and future operation;
- e) any contractual restrictions from the payment of dividends;
- f) any restrictions under applicable laws or regulations;
- g) the dividends received from the Group's subsidiaries and associates, which in turn will depend on the ability of those subsidiaries and associates to pay a dividend;
- h) the Group's expected working capital requirements;
- general economic conditions and other internal or external factors that may have an impact on the business or financial performance and position of the Group; and
- j) any other factors that the Board deem appropriate.

No dividend shall be declared in excess of the amount recommended by the Board.

This dividend policy and the declaration and/or payment of future dividends under this policy are subject to the Board's continuing determination that this dividend policy and the declaration and/or payment of dividends would be in the best interests of the Group and the Company's shareholders, and are in compliance with the bye-laws of the Company and all applicable laws and regulations. The Board endeavours to maintain a balance between meeting the Company's shareholders' expectations and prudent capital management with a sustainable dividend policy.

### 股息政策

本公司可不時宣派股息。於建議派付任何 股息時,董事會須計及(其中包括):

- a) 本集團之實際及預期財務表現;
- b) 本集團及本集團各成員公司之保留 溢利及可分派儲備;
- c) 本集團之經調整淨債項對資本比率、權益回報率及相關財務契諾;
- d) 本集團之當前及未來營運;
- e) 派付股息產生之任何合約限制;
- f) 適用法律及規例之任何限制;
- g) 自本集團之附屬公司及聯營公司收取之股息,而該等股息取決於該等附屬公司及聯營公司派付股息之能力:
- h) 本集團之預期營運資金需求;
- i) 整體經濟狀況及可能對本集團之業務、財務表現及狀況造成影響之其他內部或外部因素;及
- i) 董事會認為適當之任何其他因素。

所宣派股息不得超過董事會建議之金額。

待董事會持續釐定本股息政策政策以及宣派及/或派付股息將符合本集團及本公司股東之最佳利益,並遵守本公司細則及所有適用法律及法規後,本股息政策以及根據本政策宣派及/或派付未來股息方可作實。董事會致力透過可持續股息政策,維持達致本公司股東期望與審慎資本管理之平衡。

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The Board will continually review the dividend policy and reserves the right in its sole and absolute discretion to update, amend, modify and/or cancel the dividend policy at any time. This dividend policy shall in no way constitute a legally binding commitment by the Group in respect of its future dividend and/or in no way obligate the Group to declare a dividend at any time or from time to time, there can be no assurance that dividends will be paid in any particular amount for any given period. Even if the Board decides to recommend and pay dividends, the form, frequency and amount will depend upon the abovementioned factors

董事會將繼續檢討股息政策,並保留隨時更新、修訂、修改及/或取消股息政策之完全自主權利。本股息政策並不構成本集團對其未來股息之法律約束承諾及/或並未令本集團有義務隨時或不時宣派股息,故概不保證將於任何指定期間派付任何特定金額之股息。即使董事會決定建議及派付股息,其形式、頻率及金額將視乎上述因素而定。

### **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

# PROCEDURES FOR SHAREHOLDERS TO CONVENE AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING AND TO PUT FORWARD PROPOSALS AT SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

Pursuant to the Bye-Laws of the Company, any one or more Shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the company secretary of the Company by mail at Unit 301, 3/F, OfficePlus@Wan Chai, 303 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition, and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

# PROCEDURES BY WHICH ENQUIRIES MAY BE PUT TO THE BOARD

Shareholders may send their enquiries and concerns to the Board by addressing them to the company secretary of the Company by mail at Unit 301, 3/F, OfficePlus@Wan Chai, 303 Hennessy Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong. The company secretary of the Company is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the Board's direct responsibilities to the Board and communications relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions and inquiries, to the executive Directors of the Company.

### 股東權利

### 股東召開股東特別大會及於股東大會上 提出議案的程序

### 向董事會提出諮詢的程序

股東可以郵件方式向本公司的公司秘書發出其對董事會的諮詢及關注事項,郵寄地址為香港灣仔軒尼詩道303號協成行灣仔中心3樓301室。本公司的公司秘書負責將與董事會直接職責有關的事宜轉達董事會,而將有關日常業務的事宜(如建議及諮詢)轉達本公司執行董事。

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# INVESTOR RELATIONS CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There has been no significant change in the Company's constitutional documents during the year ended 31 December 2021.

### **COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

The Board recognises the importance of effective communication with the shareholders of the Company. The Company has established a number of communication channels to maintain an ongoing dialogue with its shareholders and to enhance the transparency of the Group. These include (i) holding annual and special general meetings to provide a forum for shareholders to communicate directly with the Board and the Board committees; (ii) distributing corporate documents and releasing announcements to disseminate the Group's latest information to the shareholders; and (iii) maintaining the Company's website to provide an electronic means of communication with the shareholders and the public.

Shareholders and other interested parties are welcome to access the Group's information from the Company's website at www.cgrh.com.hk. The Group's corporate information including terms of reference of the Board committees, the Group's financial reports, announcements and circulars are available on the website. In order to enhance shareholders' understanding of the Group's business performance and development, the Company will continue to improve its corporate disclosure on the Company's website and the communication with its shareholders.

### 投資者關係

### 憲章文件

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司的憲章文件並無重大變動。

### 與股東之溝通

董事會深明與本公司股東進行有效溝通之 重要性。本公司建立多個溝通渠道,以維持 與其股東之持續對話並提升本集團之透明 度。該等渠道包括(i)舉行股東周年大會及股 東特別大會,向股東提供直接與董事會及 董事委員會溝通之論壇;(ii)向股東寄發企 業文件及發出公告以發佈本集團之最新 態;及(iii)維護本公司網站,以向股東及公 眾提供電子溝通方式。

歡迎股東及其他有興趣方訪問本公司網站www.cgrh.com.hk獲取有關本集團之資料。本集團之公司資料包括網站上提供之董事委員會之職權範圍、本集團之財務報告、公告及通函。為深化股東對本集團業務表現及發展之瞭解,本公司將繼續增加在本公司網站上之企業資料披露及加強與其股東之溝通。

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

### I. ABOUT THIS REPORT

### **Overview**

The board of directors (the "Board") of Century Ginwa Retail Holdings Limited (the "Company") is pleased to present the Environmental, Social and Governance (hereinafter called "ESG") Report (the "Report") of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively as the "Group" or "we") for the year ended 31 December 2021 Note 1 (the "Reporting Period"). The Report outlines the policies, sustainability strategies, management approach and initiatives implemented by the Group and the performance of the Group in environmental and social aspects of its business.

### **Reporting Scope**

The Report covers the Group's businesses in operating department stores, shopping centers and supermarkets in Mainland China. During the Reporting Period, there were no significant changes to the scope of reporting.

### **Reporting Basis**

The Report discloses the required information under the "comply or explain" provisions of the Environmental, Social and Governance Reporting Guide as set out in Appendix 27 to the Listing Rules. The relevant provisions and details are set out at the end of the Report.

### **Reporting Principles**

The Group adheres to the following reporting principles as the basis for the preparation of the Report.

### 1. Materiality

The threshold at which ESG issues determined by the Board are sufficiently important to investors and other stakeholders of the Group that they should be reported, details of which are set out in the sections headed "Stakeholders' Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" below for more details.

### 一、 關於本報告

### 概述

世紀金花商業控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事會(「董事會」)欣然發表本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」或「我們」)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度<sup>附注1</sup>(「報告期內」)之環境、社會及管治(「ESG」)報告(「本報告」)。本報告概述了本語傳入工業務之環境及社會範疇理方的政策、可持續發展策略、管理方針及措施以及本集團在這方面之表現。

### 報告範圍

本報告涵蓋本集團於中國內地經營 百貨商場、購物中心及超級市場之業 務。於報告期內,本報告範圍沒有重 大改變。

### 報告基準

本報告披露載於上市規則附錄二十七的《環境、社會及管治報告指引》之「不遵守就解釋」條文所規定 之資料。有關條文及詳情載於ESG報告書的結尾。

### 匯報原則

本集團遵循以下匯報原則,作為編製 本報告的基礎。

### 1. 重要性

當董事會釐定有關ESG事宜會 對本集團的投資者及其他持 份者產生重要影響時,本集團 就應作出匯報,有關詳細內容 已於「持份者參與」及「重要 性評估」部分披露。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

### I. ABOUT THIS REPORT (continued)

**Reporting Principles** (continued)

### 2. Quantitative

The quantified environmental and social key performance indicators ("KPIs") are disclosed in the Report to give stakeholders of the Group a comprehensive picture of the Group's ESG performance. The information is accompanied by a narrative, explaining its purposes and impacts.

### 3. Balance

Every effort has been made in the Report to reflect the performance of the Group's ESG activities impartially and avoid selection, omission or presentation format that might inappropriately influence the decision or judgment of the readers of the Report.

### 4. Consistency

As far as is reasonably practicable, the Group has used consistent methodologies to allow for meaningful comparisons of ESG data over time.

### Note:

Taking into consideration that the principal business of the Group is carried out mainly through its subsidiaries, which were incorporated and are operating in the Mainland China with the financial year end date on 31 December in accordance with the statutory requirements, the Board considers that the change of financial year end date of the Company from 31 March to 31 December can make it consistent with that of its principal subsidiaries. Therefore, the period end date of last period's Report was changed from 31 March 2021 to 31 December 2020, and the period of last period's Report was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020.

### 一、關於本報告(續)

匯報原則(續)

### 2. 量化

本報告中披露經量化的環境 及社會關鍵績效指標,讓本集 團的持份者全面了解本集團 於ESG方面的表現。信息附有 敘述,以解釋其目的和影響。

### 3. 平衡

本報告已儘量不偏不倚地反映本集團於ESG方面的各項工作表現,並避免可能會不恰當地影響本報告讀者的決策或判斷的選擇、遺漏或報告格式。

### 4. 一致性

本集團已在合理可行的情況 下儘量使用一致的披露統計 方法,使ESG數據日後可作有 意義的比較。

### 附注:

經考慮到本集團之主營業 務主要是透過其在中國註 冊成立並在中國營運之 附屬公司所進行, 並根據 法定要求,其財政年度結 算日期定為12月31日,董 事會認為,將本公司之財 政年度結算日由3月31日 更改為12月31日使本公 司與其主要附屬公司之 財政年度結算日一致,因 此上年度的報告期末亦 由2021年3月31日更改為 2020年12月31日,上年 度的報告期為2020年4月 1日至2020年12月31日。

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

### **Report of Chairman**

The Group is committed to corporate social responsibility and balancing environmental, social and economic benefits. It also aims to balance its business development with the interests of its key stakeholders and operates its business in a sustainable manner. To achieve this vision, the Group has set a sustainability framework that focuses on environmental protection, resource management, employee and community wellbeing and guides its sustainability efforts to ensure that sustainability elements are integrated into every business process and all business decisions.

Global warming is a major concern for governments worldwide. As a socially responsible corporate, the Group is committed to mitigating its environmental impact and integrating responsible environmental practices into its businesses. Meanwhile, the Group endeavours to foster a sense of environmental stewardship within the Company, with an aim to make joint efforts with employees to build an environment-friendly and resource-saving enterprise.

### 二、環境、社會及管治的管理

### 主席報告

本集團一直心繫企業社會責任, 矢志 兼顧環境、社會和經濟效益, 以及 望在業務發展與主要持份者發展 之間取得平衡, 並以可持續發展 方式經營業務。為實現這一願景, 集團建立了一個可持續發展框員 重點關注環境保護、資源管理、 重點關注環境保護、資源管理、 種型 展工作, 以確保可持續發展要素融 各個營運環節和所有業務決策。

全球暖化是世界各國政府關注的主要問題,作為一家具有社會責任感的企業,本集團致力於減輕對環境的影響,並將環保責任的實踐融入其業務中。同時,本集團努力在公司內部樹立環保意識,與員工共同努力構建環境友好型與資源節約型的企業。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

### **Report of Chairman** (continued)

Under the COVID-19 pandemic, the employees of the Group show team spirit, rise to the challenge of the crisis and grab the chance, make use of corporate advantages and the accumulated rich industry experience over the years to enable the Group to stand from the severe epidemic. At the same time, the Group provides multi-pronged support to protect the health and personal safety of customers and employees, reduce the risk of customers and employees from infection and stop the spread of the COVID-19 in society. The prevention and control measures include implementing the COVID-19 emergency plan, setting up the epidemic prevention and control team, and providing epidemic prevention materials to customers and employees at operating places and offices. Despite the severity of the pandemic, the Group still pays attention to the employee remuneration and benefits, career development opportunities and provides a safe working environment, so that employees can work proactively and enthusiastically, and realize their self-worth in the home of "Century Ginwa". Besides, the Group keeps the initial aim of embracing corporate social responsibility, actively participates in public welfare undertakings; continues to allocate resources to optimise the equipment and facilities using natural resources and set an example, respond to the environmental protection measures of local governments, and promote various environmental protection activities in shopping malls, shopping centers and supermarkets, so as to contribute positively to the global climate change. However, there might be a long way to fight against the pandemic. The Group hopes that all of the employees and society will continue to put unremitting efforts in leading through the crisis and challenges and make continuous progress towards sustainable development.

# 二、環境、社會及管治的管理 (續)

### 主席報告(續)

在2019冠狀病毒病疫情下,本集團 員工展現了團隊精神,面對危機時仍 能迎難而上,把握機遇,發揮企業優 勢和多年豐富的行業經驗,使本集團 能渡過嚴峻疫情的考驗。同時,本集 團多管齊下,保障顧客及員工健康 及生命安全,減低顧客及員工受感 染的風險,遏止2019冠狀病毒病在 社會蔓延,防疫措施包括實施2019 冠狀病毒病應急預案、設立疫情防控 小組、於營業場所及辦公室提供防疫 物資予顧客及員工等。無論疫情有多 嚴重,本集團始終關注員工的薪酬福 利、職業發展機會,以及提供安全的 工作環境,讓員工積極地和熱情地 工作,於「世紀金花」這個家實現自 我價值。此外,本集團堅守承擔企業 社會責任的最初目標,積極參與公 益事務,持續投入資源優化使用天 然資源的設備與設施, 並以身作則, 響應地方政府的環保措施,於商場、 購物中心及超級市場推廣各類環保 活動,為全球氣候帶來正面改變。然 而,抗擊疫情任重道遠,本集團希望 全體員工和全社會繼續努力不懈, 引領企業度過危機和挑戰,在實現可 持續發展方面不斷取得進展。

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

### **Report of Chairman** (continued)

To achieve these visions, the Board has set a number of environmental and social KPIs and taken a top-down approach to disintegrate the KPIs into the functional departments. The Board not only improved the well-being of the employees but also urged the employees to make changes in different areas, such as reducing greenhouse gas emissions and making good use of resources. During the Reporting Period, the Group has made achievements by actively supporting the Group's sustainable development strategies and objectives from the management team and all employees. The relevant scope, progress and achievements relating to the environmental and social KPIs are disclosed in the Report.

The Group aims to become the first group army in the commercial sector in Central and Western China and a respectable retail enterprise. Going forward, the Group serves to enhance its business performance through implementation of sustainable development strategies and to generate more meaningful long-term value for the enterprise and its stakeholders.

# 二、環境、社會及管治的管理 (續)

### 主席報告(續)

為實現上述願景,董事會設定了並願景,董事會設定了並願景,董事會設定了並願景,董事會設定了並願號標內方法際關鍵績效指標效指標效的方法將關鍵不集實際不集實際。董事與不事,而且還敦和軍事與不事,而且還敦和和軍團,所有不會理會發展,對於本事,其不會發展,對於本事,其不會發展,對於本事,其不會不管,以其一個人。

本集團以躍居中國中西部商業版塊 第一集團軍,成為受人尊敬的零售企 業為目標,希望透過實踐可持續發展 策略,提升業務表現,為企業及持份 者創造更多更有意義的長遠價值。

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

### **Governance Structure**

ESG Committee is established and chaired by the Chief Executive Officer of the Group. The committee members include representatives from major departments, including Strategic Management Department, Human Resources & Administration Center, Internal Control & Legal Department, Brand Development Center, Member Service Center, Marketing Planning Center, Property Management Center, etc.. The ESG Committee will follow the requirements of laws and regulations; and conduct business following appropriate best practices; like setting up ESG targets, policies, procedures and guidelines. In order to promote our Group's business and the long-term sustainable development of the local community of our business locations, we improve our corporate governance, protect the environment, engage our stakeholders and contribute to the society. We have five ESG Task Forces under the ESG Committee, with key members from the related departments assisting the ESG Committee to supervise and monitor the progress of various ESG activities, to coordinate in setting up key performance indicators, to regularly assess the effectiveness, and to hold seminars to enhance the staff awareness in environmental protection. The Group also collects the appeals and feedbacks of stakeholders through various channels. For example, customers, suppliers/brands and shareholders can make their recommendations via Member Service Center/Marketing Planning Center, Strategic Management Department/ Brand Development Center, and general meeting of listed companies. The Group also sets up suggestion box to collect employees' suggestions which are directly sent to the management. The management implements the relevant suggestions after evaluating the feasibility. The ESG Committee is responsible for regularly reporting the implementation status and providing optimization advice to the Board.

# 二、環境、社會及管治的管理 (續)

### 管治架構

成立ESG委員會,由本集團行政總裁 擔任主席,成員包括本集團各主要 部門的代表,分別來自戰略管理部、 人力行政中心、內控法務部、品牌招 商中心、會員服務中心、營銷企劃中 心、物業管理中心等。ESG委員會會 按法例要求和合適的最佳慣例,就 ESG制定目標、政策、程序及指引, 透過提升企業管治、保護環境、促進 持份者關係和回饋社會行動,以推動 本集團業務和業務所在社區的長遠 可持續發展。ESG委員會屬下設五個 ESG小組,小組成員來自各有關部門 的骨幹,分別負責協助ESG委員會監 督各部門推展ESG有關事宜,協助制 定關鍵績效指標及定期評估成效, 並舉辦講座及組織活動以提升員工 對環境保護的意識。本集團還透過多 個渠道收集持份者的訴求及建議, 例如:客戶可向會員服務中心/營銷 企劃中心、供應商/品牌商可向戰 略管理部/品牌招商中心、股東可 於 上市公司股東大會中提出建議; 本集團還設置員工建議箱, 收集員工 建議,郵件直接發送至管理層,管理 層先參考建議的可行性,然後實施有 關建議。ESG委員會負責定期向董事 局彙報執行情況及提出優化建議。

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

**Governance Structure** (continued)

The terms of reference, organizational structure, reporting line and members of the ESG Committee are as follows:

### 二、環境、社會及管治的管理 (續)

### 管治架構(續)

ESG委員會的職權範圍、組織架構、 彙報管道及成員如下:

Environmental, Social and Governance Committee
 Leader: Chief Executive Officer
(Secretary of the Committee: Company Secretary of the Group)
 環境、社會及管治委員會
 領導: 行政總裁
 (委員會秘書: 公司秘書)

Environmental, Social and Governance Committee Convenor 環境、社會及管治委員會召集人

# Community and Shareholders/Investors Focus Task Force 投資者和社會關注小組 Xi'an-Strategic Management Department and Human Resources & Administration Center 西安一戰略管理部 及人力行政中心

- To maintain good communication with shareholders and other stakeholders, and to enhance shareholders' value in the long run
- To care for the community and people in need; to ensure that the interests of the community are considered in conducting business activities
- 與股東和其他持份者 保持良好的溝通, 提高股東的長遠價值
- 關心社會及有需要人士, 確保業務活動會考慮 社區的利益

Employees and Occupational Safety Focus

Task Force 員工和職安關注小組 Xi'an-Human Resources & Administration Center and Internal Control & Legal Department 西安一人力行政中心 及內控法務部

- To care for our people, from recruitment, training to developing our employees
- To maintain good communication and interactions with the management team
- To give appropriate encouragement and recognition to employees
- To provide a safe working environment
- To prevent briberies, extortion, frauds and money laundering
- 關注員工的招聘、培育和發展
- 與管理團隊作良好的 溝通和互動
- 對員工給予適當的 鼓勵及肯定
- 提供安全的工作環境
- 關注賄賂、勒索、欺詐 及洗黑錢的防避

Suppliers Focus Task Force 供應商關注小組 Xi'an-Strategic

### Management Department and Brand Development Center

西安一戰略管理部 及品牌招商中心

- To pay attention to product safety from suppliers
- To focus on the procurement procedures and the practice in supplier selection
- To maintain good communication and interactions with suppliers and to build up trust; so as to keep the good reputation, integrity and sustainable development of the Group
- 關注供應商商品安全
- 關注採購程序和 聘用供應商的慣例
- 與供應商保持良好的 溝通和建立互信, 以促進集團的聲譽、 誠信和可持續性發展

Customers Focus Task Force 客戶關注小組

Xi'an-Member Service

### Center and Marketing Planning Center 西安一會員服務中心 及營銷企劃中心

- To concern about the customers' service quality expectations
- To maintain good communication and interactions with customers and to build up trust; so as to keep the good reputation, integrity and sustainable development of the Group
- To focus on protecting our customers' rights and interests; and their privacy
- 關注顧客服務質素 及期望
- 與顧客保持良好的 溝通和建立互信, 以促進集團的聲譽、 誠信和可持續性發展
- 關注智慧財產權和 客戶私隱的保護

Environmental Focus Task Force 環境保護關注小組 Xi'an-Human Resources & Administration Center and Property Management Center

### 西安-人力行政中心 及物業管理中心

- To cultivate a corporate culture in promoting energy conservation, to prevent pollution, to reduce emissions and to reduce wastes
- To pay attention to the environmental protection related policies, measures and effectiveness (including setting up of KPIs and performance evaluation)
- 鼓勵節約能源、 防止污染、減少碳排放、 保護天然資源和 減少浪費的企業文化
- 關注環保政策、措施和 成效(包括關鍵 績效指標的制定 及評估成效)

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

### **Governance Structure** (continued)

The Board has appointed an independent consultant to provide advice on the ESG matters and assist in collecting data and information for conducting various analyses and providing improvement recommendations on ESG performance. The Group has also collected the views of key stakeholders on ESG matters during daily operations and conducted a materiality assessment to identify important ESG issues for the Group, details of which are disclosed in the sections headed "Stakeholders' Engagement" and "Materiality Assessment" below. To effectively lead the ESG process of the Group, the Board monitors the work of all departments to ensure that they work closely together to achieve the sustainable development goals of operational compliance and social responsibility.

### Stakeholders' Engagement

The Group is committed to maintaining the sustainable development of its business. While achieving both economic and social benefits, we actively shoulder the social responsibilities and uphold the corporate philosophy of "grace for the times and sincerely contributing to the society", and support environmental protection at the communities where the business operates. The Group maintains a close tie with its stakeholders, including government/regulatory organizations, shareholders/investors, employees, customers, suppliers, community, etc. and strives to balance their opinions and interests through constructive communications in order to determine the directions of its sustainable development. The Group continues to identify, understand, assess and determine its environmental, social and governance risks in response to the needs and expectations of various above-mentioned stakeholders, and ensures that the relevant risk management measures and internal control systems are operating effectively. The following table shows the communication channels, management response to the stakeholders' expectations and concerns:

# 二、環境、社會及管治的管理 (續)

### 管治架構(續)

董事會已委聘獨立顧問公司為ESG 事宜,進行數據和資料收集及分析 工作,並就ESG績效表現提供改善建 議。本集團已收集和分析主要持份者 對ESG事宜的意見,並進行重要性所 協談別本集團的重要ESG議題,有 關詳細內容已於下文「持份者參與」 及「重要性評估」部分披露。為有效 領導本集團的ESG進程,董事會持續 監察各部門的工作,確保各部門之間 緊密合作,共同達至合規營運和肩負 社會責任的可持續發展目標。

### 持份者參與

本集團致力維持業務的可持續發展, 在取得經濟社會雙重效益的同時, 我們積極承擔社會責任,秉承「恩澤 惠於時代,摯誠饋於社會」的企業理 念,多年來為環保及業務所在的社區 提供支持。本集團與政府/監管組 織、股東/投資者、員工、客戶、供 應商、社區等持份者保持密切聯繫, 力求透過建設性交流平衡意見與利 益,從而確定本集團的可持續發展方 向。本集團持續針對上述各個持份 者的需求與期望,進行識別、理解、 分析、評估及釐定ESG風險,確保相 關風險管理及內部監察系統妥善及 有效地運行。有關持份者的期望與要 求、溝通渠道及管理層的回應如下 表:

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

**Stakeholders' Engagement** (continued)

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and concerns 期望與要求	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Management response 管理層回應
Government/regulatory organizations	<ul> <li>Compliance in laws and regulations</li> <li>Fulfill tax obligation</li> <li>Cooperation</li> <li>Joint anti-epidemic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Periodic report/interim announcement</li> <li>Correspondence</li> <li>Field investigation</li> <li>Process business via government website or application</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uphold integrity and compliance in operations</li> <li>Pay tax on time, and in return contributing to the society</li> <li>Establish comprehensive and effective internal control system</li> <li>Respond to government's policies and to build a harmonious society together</li> <li>Strictly comply with the local government's guideline relating</li> </ul>
政府/監管組織	↑ 遵守法律法規 履行税務責任 ↑ 合作共赢 ↑ 共同抗疫	A 定期報告/臨時公告 往來函件 實地調研 透過政府政務網站或應用程序 辦理公務	to business suspension and resumption  於營運中秉持誠信及合規  按時繳稅以回饋社會  建立全面有效的內部控制體系  回應政府政策共同構建和諧社會  嚴格遵守當地政府停工復工的指引
Shareholders/ investors	<ul> <li>Return on investment</li> <li>Information transparency</li> <li>Corporate governance system</li> <li>Joint anti-epidemic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Information disclosed on the HKEX website</li> <li>The Company's official website</li> <li>Annual general meeting and other shareholders' meetings</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Management possesses relevant experience and professional knowledge in business sustainability</li> <li>Ensure transparent and effective communications by dispatching information on the websites of HKEX and the Company</li> <li>Set up an investor hotline to maintain close and effective communication with the market and investors</li> <li>Continue to improve the internal control system and risk management</li> <li>Resume the business of shopping malls as soon as possible</li> </ul>
股東/投資者	A 投資回報 資訊公開透明 A 經營風險管理 共同抗疫	<ul><li>☆ 於本公司及聯交所 網站披露之信息</li><li>☆ 本公司網站</li><li>☆ 股東大會及其他股東會議</li></ul>	は possible 常理層具有相關經驗和專業知識,確保業務的可持續性 透過於聯交所及本公司網站定期發放資訊,確保透明度及有效溝通 設置投資者熱線保持與市場及投資者緊密及有效溝通

二、環境、社會及管治的管理

持份者參與(續)

(續)

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

二、環境、社會及管治的管理

持份者參與(續)

(續)

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

**Stakeholders' Engagement** (continued)

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and concerns 期望與要求	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Management response 管理層回應
Employees	<ul> <li>➤ Labor rights</li> <li>➤ Career development</li> <li>➤ Compensation and welfare</li> <li>➤ Health and workplace safety</li> <li>➤ Care for employees</li> <li>➤ Joint anti-epidemic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Staff activities</li> <li>Employee performance evaluation</li> <li>Induction and on the job training</li> <li>Internal meetings and announcements</li> <li>Contact via email, employees' mail box, phone and communication applications</li> <li>Employees' reasonable recommendation management measures</li> <li>Epidemic prevention and control manual</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Set up contractual obligations to protect labor rights</li> <li>Set up development subsidy fund to encourage employees to participate in continuous educatio and professional trainings</li> <li>Establish a fair, reasonable and competitive remuneration scheme</li> <li>Pay attention to occupational health and safety</li> <li>Organize leisure activities to enhance cohesion</li> <li>Actively provide epidemic prevention materials such as masks and sanitizer to protect the employees' health</li> </ul>
員工	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	A 制定合約責任以保護勞工權益 設立發展補助基金,鼓勵員工參與持續教育 及專業培訓 建立公平、合理和具競爭力的薪酬體系 注重職業健康及安全 舉辦員工活動以增強凝聚力 積極籌措口罩、消毒液等防疫物資, 保護員工身體健康

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

### П. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, **SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE** (continued)

**Stakeholders' Engagement** (continued)

Stakeholders	
持份者	

### **Expectations** and concerns 期望與要求

### **Communication channels 潇涌渠道**

### Business visit

- > Through Brand Business Department, customer service
- > Contact via email and phone
- Customer satisfaction survey and customer comment cards
- > Advertising media

### Management response 管理層回應

持份者參與(續)

(續)

Ensure proper contractual obligations are in

二、環境、社會及管治的管理

- Actively communicate with the brands to set a reasonable payment settlement schedule, to reach mutual agreement with partners and gain confidence from brands, and to create favorable condition for the company and stakeholders working together
- > Continuously introduce quality brands and enhance service quality to satisfy customers; and focus on shop positioning so as to make each store have its own characteristics and to reduce competition among shops having the same brands, and to achieve virtuous cycle of differentiated operations
- > Establish uniform labels and set prices for products, and strive to eliminate fake and inferior products to protect consumers' rights and interests
- > Establish communication channels through interviews, phone surveys, hotline and complaint mailboxes
- > Organize customer satisfaction survey to improve service quality
- > Develop a comprehensive members' information confidentiality mechanism and carry out regular information system maintenance
- > Sterilize each corner of the shopping malls and set up temperature measurement counter at entrance, create shopping environment that make consumers feel safe and secure
- ➤ 確保履行合約責任
- ▶ 積極與品牌商溝通,合理地安排還款期限,與各 類合作方取得共識,樹立品牌商的信心,營造各 利益方與公司協同共進的良好局面
- ➤ 持續引入優質品牌與提升服務質素以滿足客戶, 同時實施「一店一定位」規劃理念,真正使各門店 各具特色,減少門店共有品牌的競爭,實現差異 化經營的良性循環
- ➤ 為商品設立統一標識、訂明價格,極力杜絕假冒 偽劣商品,以保障消費者權益
- ➤ 通過面談、電話回訪、設置熱線電話及投訴信箱 等建立良好的溝通渠道
- ➤ 進行客戶滿意度調查工作以改善服務質素
- ➤ 制定全面的會員資料保密機制及定期維護信息系
- ➤ 徹底消毒商場每個角落並於商場入口設置體溫檢 測工作站,打造使消費者放心的購物環境,保證 消費者購物安全

### Brands/Consumers

- > Integrity and contractual obligation
- > High quality products
- Intimate service and experience
- Privacy protection
- ➤ Joint anti-epidemic

### 品牌商/消費者

- ➤ 誠信履約
- ➤ 高品質商品
- ➤ 貼心服務與體驗
- ➤ 保護私隱
- ➤ 共同抗疫
- ➤ 商務拜訪
- ➤ 品牌招商部/顧客服務中心
- ➤ 通過電子郵件及電話聯絡
- ➤ 客戶滿意度調查及顧客意見卡
- ➤ 媒體宣傳廣告

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

二、環境、社會及管治的管理

持份者參與(續)

(續)

用品的供應

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

**Stakeholders' Engagement** (continued)

Stakeho 持份者	lders	Expectations and concerns 期望與要求	Communication channels 溝通渠道	Management response 管理層回應
Suppliers		➤ Stable demand ➤ Fair and open tender ➤ Corporate reputation ➤ Joint anti-epidemic	<ul> <li>Business visit</li> <li>Contact via email and phone call</li> <li>Through Procurement Center/ Brand Business Department</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Ensure proper contractual obligations are in place</li> <li>Establish policy and procedures in supply chain management</li> <li>Establish and maintain strong and long-term relationship with suppliers, to build up confidence of suppliers, and to create a good situation in which all interested parties and the company work together</li> <li>Strengthen the tendering management system continuously and select suppliers with due care</li> <li>Resume the business of shopping malls as soon as possible</li> </ul>
供應商		↑ 需求穩定 ↑ 公平及公開招標 ↑ 企業信譽 ↑ 共同抗疫	<ul><li>▶ 商務拜訪</li><li>▶ 通過電子郵件及電話聯絡</li><li>▶ 採購中心/品牌招商部</li></ul>	<ul> <li>▶ Purchase epidemic prevention materials</li> <li>▶ 確保履行合約責任</li> <li>▶ 制定供應鏈管理的政策和程序</li> <li>▶ 保持強大與長期的合作關係,建立供應商的信心,營造各利益方與公司協同共進的良好局面</li> <li>▶ 持續加強招標管理制度並嚴謹篩選供應商盡快恢復商場營業採購防疫物資</li> </ul>
Commun	nity	<ul> <li>Environmental protection</li> <li>Reduce waste generation</li> <li>Community contribution</li> <li>Economic development</li> <li>Joint anti-epidemic to protect people's livelihoods</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>➤ The Company's official website and information publicity website of government department</li> <li>➤ Community activities</li> <li>➤ Promotional activities</li> <li>➤ Publicity booths and posters</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Pay attention to climate change</li> <li>Continuously invest resources in environmental protection</li> <li>Actively promote the sorting of garbage</li> <li>Encourage employees to actively participate in charitable activities and voluntary services</li> <li>Maintain good and stable financial performance and business growth</li> <li>Respond to government's appeal of stimulating business growth so as to drive the economic development of the community</li> <li>The supermarket business continues to operate during epidemic and adopt various appropriate epidemic prevention and control measures to protect people's health and safety; and to ensure stable supply of daily processities</li> </ul>
社區		A 環境保護 減少廢棄物的產生 社區參與 經濟發展 共同抗疫保障民生	<ul><li>本公司網站及政府部門信息公示網站</li><li>社區活動</li><li>从促銷活動</li><li>宣傳攤位及海報</li></ul>	stable supply of daily necessities 關注氣候變化 持續於環境保護方面投入資源 積極宣傳垃圾分類的工作 鼓勵員工積極參與慈善活動和志願服務 確保良好的財務業績和業務增長 響應政府呼籲,刺激各營運地點消費,帶動社區的經濟發展 超級市场業務於疫情期間繼續營業,採取各種合題的仍使推應,確保市民的健康安全並保障日常

### **Environmental, Social and Governance Report**

### 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

### **Materiality Assessment**

During the Reporting Period, the Group held discussions with the management and conducted materiality assessment through various channels to identify ESG issues in which both the Group and its key stakeholders are interested and assessed the level of concern as viewed by them so as to select the relatively important ESG issues. For the materiality assessment, the Group has adopted the following three processes:

# 二、環境、社會及管治的管理 (續)

### 重要性評估

於報告期內,本集團與管理層進行討論及透過不同渠道,進行重要性評估,列出主要持份者與本集團所關心的環境、社會及管治項目,再評估雙方對各項目的重視程度,從而選擇出相對重要的ESG議題。對於重要性評估,本集團已採取以下三個流程:

Identification 識別

- Through diverse channels and internal discussions 透過多元渠道及內部討論
- Examines and adopts the ESG issues of concern in the past stakeholders' engagement 檢視及採納過往持份者參與活動時所關注的ESG議題
- Draws attention to emerging ESG issues
   注意新興的ESG議題

Prioritization 訂立優先次序

- Synthesizes, analyzes and evaluates the views of all parties to identify and prioritize potential and important issues
  - 綜合、分析及評估各方意見,以辨識潛在重要性議題, 並為此等議題訂立優先次序
- Develops materiality matrix based on the importance of the issue to the Group and its key stakeholders 根據議題對本集團及主要持份者的重要程度編製重要性矩陣圖

Validation 驗證

- Interacts with the management team to validate the materiality assessment and ensure that these issues are aligned with the sustainable development direction sought by the Group 與管理團隊互動,以驗證重要性評估結果, 確保這些議題與本集團尋求的可持續發展方向一致
- Reports the materiality assessment to the Board and makes the required disclosures in the ESG Report 將作出所需的重要性評估結果向董事會匯報, 並於ESG報告書中作出所需的披露

# Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

# II. MANAGEMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE (continued)

### **Materiality Assessment** (continued)

環境方面

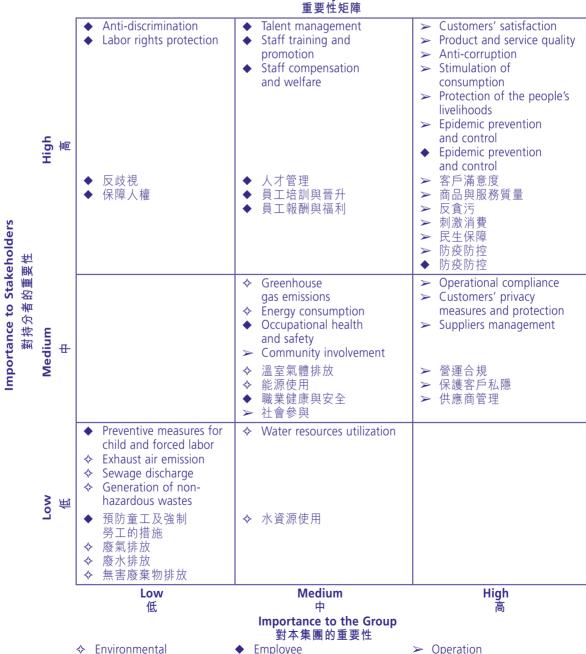
Materiality assessment helps the Group to ensure its business objectives and development direction are in line with the expectations and requirements of its stakeholders. The matters of concern of the Group and shareholders are presented in the following materiality matrix:

### 二、 環境、社會及管治的管理 (*續)*

### 重要性評估(續)

重要性評估有助本集團確保業務發展能夠滿足持份者的期望與要求, 本集團和持份者所關心的事項均列 載於以下的重要性矩陣圖內:

### Materiality Matrix 重要性矩陣



員工方面

營運方面

# 環境、社會及管治報告

#### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group always paid great attention to energy conservation, emission reduction and environmental protection, and adheres to the management philosophy of sustainable development to achieve green operation and balanced development; in response to the global environmental protection trends, the Group implements energy conservation and environmental protection measures to mitigate the environmental risks and negative impacts from the Group's business activities. The ESG Committee plays a critical decision-making role on various measures, including environmental protection, customers' service, supply chain, employees' and investors' concerns, and gradually enhances the Group's sustainability performance. Besides, we strictly adhere to the applicable environmental laws and regulations and support the government in various actions to protect the environment, and hopes to fulfill the expectations and concerns of both the Group and its stakeholders in business development and environmental protection.

In order to implement the Group's environmental protection policy effectively, we have set up Human Resources & Administration Center, and Property Management Center at each mall for monitoring the daily environmental and resources conservation management work within the mall and office areas; and demand our employees to strictly follow the Group's internal guidelines to collect, classify, store and dispose of wastes; hope to reduce waste and to avoid resources wastage through various measures. Please refer to the details in the "Management of Emissions" and "Management of Resources Utilization" sections below.

# 1. Management of Emissions

The Group always strictly complied with the "Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Energy Conservation Law of the People's Republic of China" and the applicable laws and regulations of the provincial and municipal bureau in ecology and environment. We integrate green operation into our development strategies to monitor and manage various environmental factors and their impacts on the environment, with an aim to build a strong environmental management system.

# 三、環境保護

#### 1. 排放物的管理

本集團一直嚴格遵守《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華人民共和國節約能源法》及有關省市生態環境局的法律法規,並將綠色經營納入及管理各環境要素及它們為環境管理各環境要素及它們為環境管理體系。

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

# 1. Management of Emissions (continued)

The Group's economic and trading business does not involve any production activities, and its environmental impacts mainly comes from use of natural resources, generation of solid wastes (Please refer to the "Management of Disposal of Solid Waste" section below for details) and discharge of domestic wastewater from office, shopping mall and supermarket operations, and never produced any solid or liquid hazardous wastes. The use of natural resources (including gasoline, diesel, natural gas and electricity) will produce air pollutants and greenhouse gases (Please refer to the "Management of Resource Utilization" section below for details); and domestic wastewater is discharged to the local wastewater treatment plant through the urban wastewater pipeline.

### Management of Disposal of Solid Wastes

The solid waste generated by the Group can be divided into two types, recyclable and nonrecyclable, which mainly include the product packaging materials (such as plastic bags, wrapping paper, carton box), slow-moving goods, kitchen waste, construction and engineering wastes and domestic garbage. In order to reduce waste production and the negative impacts on the environment, we encourage the shops to use bio-degradable plastic bags and packaging paper, and strictly implement the plastic bag levy system; we donate slow-moving consumable goods to the people in need; encourage employees to take food at right portions and reduce food waste; re-use waste spare parts for the repairs and maintenance of the equipment inside the malls; recycle and re-use the wooden boards, lights and electrical equipment removed or discarded by the brands after shop renovation; post environmental slogans in the malls and organize activities in the theme of environmental protection so as to enhance the public awareness in saving the environment.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 1. 排放物的管理(續)

本集團的商貿業務並沒有涉 及任何生產活動,對環境的 影響主要來自辦公室、商場、 購物中心及超級市場營運中 使用天然資源、產生固體廢 物(詳細資料請參考下文「固 體廢物處置管理」部分)及排 放生活污水; 當中並沒有涉及 產生任何有害固體或液體排 放物。使用天然資源(包括汽 油、柴油、天然氣及電力)會 產生空氣污染物及溫室氣體 (詳細資料請參考下文「資源 使用的管理 | 部分);而生活 污水通過城市排污管網,排放 至當地污水處理廠。

### 固體廢物處置管理

本集團所產生的固體廢物可 分為可回收和不可回收兩類, 主要有商品包裝物料(如塑膠 袋、包裝紙、運裝箱)、滯銷商 品、廚餘、工程垃圾及生活垃 圾等。為減少廢物及對環境的 負面影響,我們鼓勵品牌商使 用可自然分解的塑膠袋、包裝 紙,嚴格執行使用塑膠購物袋 徵費制度;將滯銷產品轉贈有 需要的基層人士;鼓勵員工用 膳時按需取量以減少廚餘;利 用廢舊配件零件作為商場設 備維修之用;回收再利用品牌 商在裝修工程時所拆除或掉 棄的木板、燈具及電器設備; 在商場張貼不同的環保標語, 舉辦以環保為主題的活動,以 增強大眾的環保意識。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

*(continued)* 

1. Management of Emissions (continued)

Management of Disposal of Solid Wastes
(continued)

The Group always advocates the belief in green environmental protection, actively promotes wastes classification and resources recycling for relieving the pressure on the environment and to spread messages on important measures for improving the living environment, continue to instill knowledge of wastes classification to employees and customers and to explain how people's behaviors have been damaging the environment and facilities and to illustrate the correct way of implementation. Therefore, we have set up a waste classification team, established waste classification management policy and procedure: improved and enhanced the waste classification facilities, and delegated personnel to monitor the implementation progress of each department. The Group has set up recycle bin for hazardous wastes, kitchen wastes, recyclable wastes and non-recyclable wastes and to share wastes recycling knowledge at promotion booths inside shopping malls; so as to actively promote the knowledge on wastes recycling and classification, and to advocate "mixed wastes is garbage and classification turns wastes into resources", hope to raise the proportion of the recyclable wastes; and at the same time, assist the local government to promote wastes classification; and to cultivate people's habit to live a "low-carbon" life; and produce less wastes.

# 三、環境保護(續)

1. 排放物的管理(續) 固體廢物處置管理(續)

> 本集團一直倡導綠色環保理 念, 積極官傳垃圾分類與資源 回收,緩解對環境構成壓力, 改善生活環境等重要舉措的 訊息,持續向員工及顧客灌輸 垃圾分類知識,對他們損壞環 境設施的行為進行勸導及告 知他們正確使用的方法。我們 為此成立了垃圾分類小組,制 定垃圾分類管理制度及流程; 完善及優化各種垃圾分類設 施, 並安排專人負責監督各部 門的實施情況。本集團的商場 內設置有害垃圾、廚餘垃圾、 可回收垃圾及不可回收垃圾 的回收箱,擺放垃圾回收知識 的宣傳攤位,積極向客戶推廣 垃圾分類知識,提倡「混裝是 垃圾,分類是資源」的概念, 希望在增加可回收利用垃圾 的回收率之餘,亦能協助當地 政府推廣垃圾分類,培養市民 「低碳」生活的習慣,從而減 少廢物的產生。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

 Management of Emissions (continued)
 Management of Disposal of Solid Wastes (continued)

> For the wastes generated from equipment repairs and maintenance inside the shopping malls and supermarkets, and the construction wastes produced by shops when they move in or undergo renovation, we follow the local urban waste disposal management requirements to arrange wastes collection by construction companies or the local government sanitation department; and illegal dumping of waste is forbidden. The Group started to collect data on domestic wastes and domestic wastewater from shopping malls and offices since March of 2019, and implemented the relevant measures relating to the production, disposal and reduction of domestic wastes and organized environmental protection trainings at appropriate times to enhance employees' awareness of environmental protection. With the active support of our employees, the Group's environmental management system has been enhanced progressively, and will continuously optimize various re-use and wastes reduction measures. The Group focuses not only on its own business operations, but also actively promotes the global sustainable development trend.

> As shopping mall at Gaoxin carried out renovation work project during the Reporting Period, the non-hazardous solid waste generated by the Group increased by approximately 590.73 tonnes or 6.36 times when compared with the previous year Note 1 with a total of approximately 683.68 tonnes of non-hazardous solid waste generated.

# 三、環境保護(續)

1. 排放物的管理(續) 固體廢物處置管理(續)

> 對於商場、購物中心及超級市 場內維修保養設備及品牌商 進駐或裝修時所產生的工程 垃圾,我們按照當地城市管理 的相關廢物處置規定,統一 交由工程公司或當地政府環 衛部門進行收集及處置,絕 不非法傾倒仟何廢物。本集團 自2019年3月開始對各門店及 辦公室所產生的生活垃圾及 生活廢水進行統計,並推行有 關生活垃圾產生、處置及減廢 的措施;並適時舉辦環境保護 的培訓,增強員工對環保的意 識。有賴員工的積極支持,本 集團的環境管理體系已逐漸 完善,並將繼續優化各項廢物 再利用與減廢措施,本集團旨 在於營運的同時,亦能積極推 動全球可持續發展的大趨勢 中。

> 由於購物中心高新店於報告期內進行內部裝修工程,因此本集團產生的無害固體廢物較上年度同期附注1增加約590.73噸或6.36倍,共產生無害固體廢物約683.68噸。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

1. Management of Emissions (continued)

Management of Disposal of Solid Wastes
(continued)

At the beginning of the Reporting Period, the Group estimated that the intensity for non-hazardous solid waste generated would decrease by 10% when compared with the previous year Note 1. However, due to the construction waste generated by the shopping mall at Gaoxin, the intensity of non-hazardous solid waste generated increased by 6.11 times. Please refer to the "Summary of Environmental Data and Performance" section below for the relevant data.

### **Compliance**

During the Reporting Period, the Group strictly abided by the environmental laws and regulations of the State and local ecology and environmental bureaus, and the Group did not involve in any confirmed violations or non-compliance incident relating to emissions that had a significant impact on the Group.

#### Note:

As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

# 三、環境保護(續)

1. 排放物的管理(續) 固體廢物處置管理(續)

> 於報告期初,本集團預計無害 固體廢物產生密度較上年度 同期<sup>附注1</sup>比較減少10.00%,但 由於購物中心高新店所產生 的工程廢物,無害固體廢物產 生密度增加6.11倍。有關數據 請參閱下文「環境數據表現摘 要」一節。

### 合規性

於報告期內,本集團嚴格遵守國家及當地環境生態局的環境法律法規,沒有涉及任何與排放相關並對本集團有重大影響的已確認違法、違規事件。

#### 附注:

1 由於本集團於上年度更 改了財政年度結算日,上 年度之環境數據包含由 2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提 高兩個年度環境數據表現 的可比性,本報告中所描 述兩個年度的差異分析均 是與上年度同期(即2020 年1月1日至2020年12月 31日)比較後的結論。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

*(continued)* 

# 2. Management of Resources Utilization

The Group has strictly complied with the "Regulations on Energy Conservation in Shaanxi Province", the "Regulations on Energy Conservation in Public Authority" and the applicable energy-saving policies and requirements of each city. We established an energy-saving project management team to carry out the energy-saving and emissionreduction projects on shopping centers; continuously enhancing the projects by adopting various measures to conform with the national environmental protection policy of energysaving and emission-reduction. The Group clearly understands the use of resources not only increased the operating costs, but also has an impact on the environment. Therefore, the Group strictly monitors and manages ESG data. In order to operate as a conservation-oriented enterprise, green management is implemented throughout the Group to correct our wasteful behavior in daily work and living. Besides, we have also established "Employees' Suggestion Rationalization Management Measures" to provide a direct communication channel between employees and the management in order to advocate employees to participate in operation management. We hope that employees can raise up different effective recommendations relating to their familiar working environment and to formulate efficient energy-saving and emission-reduction policy, further promote and implement measures in energy-saving, emissionreduction and efficient use of resources, thereby reducing operating costs, creating publicity and atmosphere of energy-saving and emissionreduction in the working environment, and minimizing the Group's negative impact on the environment.

# 三、環境保護(續)

### 2. 資源使用的管理

本集團一直嚴格遵守《陝西省 節約能源條例》、《公共機構 節能條例》,以及各市相關節 能的政策與要求,成立節能專 案管理小組, 開展針對各購物 中心重點的節能減排方案,實 施多方面措施及持續優化專 案,以配合國家對節能降耗與 減排方面的環境政策。本集團 清楚暸解資源消耗除了會增 加營運成本外,亦會對環境造 成影響,因此本集團實行嚴格 的ESG資料監控與管理,為了 建設節約型企業,於本集團上 下推行綠色管理,以糾正日常 工作與生活中的浪費行為。此 外,我們還制定《員工合理化 建議管理辦法》,建立一個讓 員工與管理層直接溝通的渠 道,倡導全員參與營運管理, 希望員工能於熟悉的工作環 境,提出各種有效的建議,以 制定高效的節能減排政策,進 一步推廣節能減耗與有效利 用資源的工作,藉此降低營業 成本,營造節能減耗的工作環 境和宣傳氛圍,將本集團對環 境的不良影響降至最低。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# Management of Diesel, Gasoline and Natural Gas Consumption

Diesel and gasoline fuel-based vehicles are mainly used for guest pick-up, business trips and materials transportation. We analyze the monthly fuel consumption data to regulate our employees on the usage of vehicles. If abnormalities are found, the vehicle administrators are required to provide explanation. Drivers must plan the routes before using the vehicles and use the shortest route and the fastest way to reach the destination. We also require the driver to stop the engine to prevent engines idling; conduct regular repairs and maintenance to reduce extra fuel consumption and waste gas emissions due to part failure. Besides, we also promote and publicize the "low carbon travel" emissionreduction measures, encourage employees to use public transportations or the shared bikes within the urban area to reduce use of vehicles, thereby reducing emissions and greenhouse gas. We hope the employees could deliver the message of "Living Green" to their family and friends; and to motivate more people to build an ecological civilization together. During the Reporting Period, the Group consumed approximately 7,769.00 liters of diesel, representing a decrease of approximately 2,395.62 liters or 23.57% when compared with the previous year Note 2, and consumed approximately 4,462.53 liters of gasoline, representing a decrease of approximately 1,122.75 liters or 20.10% when compared with the previous year 2.

At the beginning of the Reporting Period, the Group sets targets to reduce the diesel and gasoline consumption by 10.00% when compared with the previous year Note 2. The targets have been achieved during the Reporting Period. Please refer to the below table and the "Summary of Environmental Data and Performance" section below for the relevant data.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

# 柴油·汽油及天然氣使用的 管理

柴油與汽油主要用於接送客 人、業務出差及運送物料的車 輛。我們透過分析各車輛每月 的用油數據,以規範員工使用 汽車狀況,如發現不正常使用 的情況,車輛管理人需提供解 釋。司機用車前必須預先規劃 路線,以最短及最快捷路線到 達目的地;我們還要求司機 停車熄匙防止引擎空轉;定期 保養維修車輛,減少因零件故 障而額外消耗及產生不必要 的燃油及廢氣。此外,我們亦 推廣宣傳「低碳出行」的減排 措施,鼓勵員工使用公共交通 工具或市內的共享單車作為 代步工具,減少使用汽車的次 數,從而減少廢氣及溫室氣體 的產生。我們希望員工向他們 的朋友及親屬傳遞「綠色生活 方式」的理念,讓更多人行動 起來,共同建設生態文明。於 報告期內,本集團共消耗柴 油約7,769.00公升,較上年度 同期<sup>附注2</sup>減少約2,395.62公升 或23.57%%;而汽油則消耗 約4,462.53公升,較上年度同 期附注2減少約1,122.75公升或 20.10% •

本集團於報告期初訂立目標,與上年度同期附達之比較,將本年度的柴油及汽油用量減少10.00%,並已於本年度達成目標。有關數據請參閱下表及下文「環境數據表現摘要」一節。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# Management of Diesel, Gasoline and Natural Gas Consumption (continued)

Natural gas is mainly used in staff canteen cooking utensils and heating in some supermarkets. We stipulate that the kitchen staff should prepare food according to actual needs, and the heating system could only be used when temperature fell below certain degree so as to avoid over-usage or waste of natural gas due to excessive food prepared or use of the heating system under inappropriate temperature. During the Reporting Period, the Group consumed natural gas of approximately 24,754.00 cubic meters ("m3"), representing an increase of approximately 2,184.00 cubic meters or 9.68% when compared with the previous year Note 2. This is mainly affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group's normal business hours had been shortened, and led to reduced demand on food preparation and reduced heating time by employees, and consequentially, less natural gas was consumed in 2020. As the epidemic eased slightly in 2021, the Group's natural gas consumption in 2021 is higher than that in 2020.

At the beginning of the Reporting Period, the Group set a target to increase the natural gas consumption by 10.00% when compared with the previous year Note 2. The target has been achieved during the Reporting Period. Please refer to the below table and the "Summary of Environmental Data and Performance" section below for the relevant data.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

# 柴油·汽油及天然氣使用的 管理(續)

天然氣主要用於員工食堂的 煮食爐具中及部分超市作供 暖用途,我們規定廚房應按照 實際需要準備食物,而供暖系 統需在規定溫度之下才可開 啟,以避免因準備過多食物或 在不適當的溫度開啟供暖系 統而消耗過量或浪費天然氣。 於報告期內,本集團共消耗 天然氣約24.754.00立方米, 較上年度同期附注2比較增加約 2,184.00立方米或9.68%, 這 主要受2019冠狀病毒病疫情 影響,本集團於2020年的正 常營業時間減少,為員工準備 食物的次數及供暖時間相繼 減少,天然氣的使用亦隨之而 減少;由於疫情於2021年稍 為緩和,因此本集團於2021 年的天然氣使用量較2020年 的多。

本集團於報告期初訂立目標,與上年度同期附達之比較,將本年度的柴油、汽油及天然氣用量增加10.00%,並已於本年度達成目標。有關數據請參閱下表及下文「環境數據表現摘要」一節。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

#### III. **ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION**

(continued)

天然氣

溫室氣體排放總量

溫室氣體排放量密度1

Greenhouse Gas Emission Intensity 1

2. **Management of Resources Utilization** (continued)

> Management of Diesel, Gasoline and **Natural Gas Consumption** (continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group's use of energy and Scope 1 greenhouse gas emitted are as follows:

# 三、環境保護(續)

資源使用的管理(續) 2.

> 柴油、汽油及天然氣使用的 管理(續)

> 於報告期內,本集團使用能源 及所排放的範圍一溫室氣體 的情况如下表:

> > 0.31

For the Nine Months Ended

**31 December 2021** 31 December 2020 <sup>2</sup> 截至2021年12月31日止年度 截至2020年12月31日止9個月2  $CO_2$ equivalent equivalent emissions emissions Consumption (Tonnes) Consumption (Tonnes) 二氧化碳當量 二氧化碳當量 使用量 排放量(噸) 使用量 排放量(噸) 7,769.00 Liters 21.54 7.739.62 Liters 21.41 公升 公升 4,462.53 Liters 12.08 3,968.28 Liters 16.65 公升 公升 19,884.00 m<sup>3</sup> 36.42 24,754.00 m<sup>3</sup> 45.34 立方米 立方米 **Greenhouse Gas Emission** 74.48 78.96

0.32

**Direct Use of Energy:** 直接使用能源: Diesel 柴油 Gasoline 汽油 Natural Gas

For the Year Ended

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

Management of Diesel, Gasoline and Natural Gas Consumption (continued)

Notes:

- The Group's greenhouse gas emission intensity is calculated based on 0.001 square meters (m2) of the floor area of the shopping malls and offices. During the Reporting Period, there was no expansions in the shopping malls, supermarkets and offices nor relocation or demolition project related to the business.
- As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

#### Management of Electricity Consumption

The Group has always concerned about the impact of its business operations on the environment. However, due to the nature of our business, high demand of electricity consumption in shopping malls, mainly used in lighting and air-conditioning. In order to balance the energy-saving and emission-reduction target and satisfying the customers' needs, we strengthen the management of electricity use within malls and the publicizing effort of energy-saving and emission-reduction in various aspects. We hope to maximize the efficiency in electricity use, and at the same time, build up habit in energy conservation in our business environment.

# 三、環境保護(續)

2. 資源使用的管理(續)

柴油·汽油及天然氣使用的 管理(續)

附注:

- 1 本集團溫室氣體的排放量 密度是按商場及辦公室的 建築面積的0.001平方米 進行計算,而於報告期內 與業務相關的商場、購物 中心、超級市場及辦公室 沒有進行任何擴建或遷拆 工程。
- 2 由於本集團於上年度更改了財政年度結算日,上年度之環境數據包含由2020年4月1日至2020年12月31日的表現:為了提高兩個年度環境數據表現的可比性,本報告中所描述兩個年度的差異分析均是與上年度同期(即2020年1月1日至2020年12月31日)比較後的結論。

### 電力使用的管理

本集團一直關注業務營運為環境帶來的影響,但基於業務性質,商場對電力的需求量別的需求量別的需求是用於照明及空調,主要是用於照明及空調,主要是用於照明的節能不衡的需求的關於不與滿足消費者的需求的調整,所以的實理及節能減少。 電力使用的管理及節能減少,可以可以的一個工作,希望在充分發環境中對立節約思想。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# **Management of Electricity Consumption** (continued)

For the management of lighting system, the Human Resources & Administration Center and Property Management Center strictly control the electricity consumption during renovation of new brands and the existing brands, control the use of high-energy lighting, and at the same time, recommend the use of LED energysaving lighting. The brands have to control their electricity load, and turn off the lights when there is no one in the shops. We conduct detailed inspection and acceptance procedures on different aspects, such as industrial art, fire prevention, safety, design, resources and energy consumption when the renovation is completed. These measures can effectively control the energy consumption of the brands in future operation. For the electricity management of existing brands and the public areas of the malls, other than continuing to request the brands to use LED energy-saving lighting, we also adopt various electricity conservation measures, for example, we only switch on the monitoring lights and emergency lights during non-business hours; the brands must apply in writing and pay the extra electricity charges if they demand additional electricity during non-business hours. We will not provide additional electricity if the brands or external units did not submit the application and pay the extra electricity charges. We implement regional lighting arrangements, and turn off unnecessary lights in some areas, adjust the running time of the escalator to avoid unnecessary wastage, thereby reducing the electricity consumption from lighting in the malls. Apart from electricity use for lighting, supermarkets need to store a variety of fresh food and goods in 24-hour freezer facilities for preservation purposes. These facilities consume huge amounts of electricity, so we take various measures to reduce electricity consumption. For

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 電力使用的管理(續)

在照明系統管理方面,人力行 政中心及物業管理部門嚴格 控制新進品牌裝修時及原有 品牌重新裝修時的用電量,控 制高能耗燈具的使用,同時建 議使用節能的LED燈,品牌商 必須自我管控其用電負荷, 無人時關掉商舖內的電燈; 工程竣工時會對工藝、消防、 安全、設計、資源及能源消耗 方面進行詳細的驗收流程, 該等措施能有效地控制品牌 商日後營運時的能源消耗。對 於現有品牌商及商場公共區 域的電力管理,我們除了繼續 要求品牌商更換LED節能燈具 外,亦採取了多項節電措施, 例如:我們於非營業時間內僅 開啟最低監控照明及應急照 明;如品牌商於非營業時間內 需要額外送電,品牌商必須 以書面申請並同時繳納有關 電費,商場的管理人員才會安 排送電;對於沒有申請、沒有 繳費的品牌商及外來單位,我 們一律不予送電;我們實施區 域性照明安排, 關掉部分區域 不必要的燈具;調整自動電梯 的運行時間,以避免不必要的 浪費,從而減少商場的照明用 電量。超級市場除了照明用電 外,還須將各種新鮮食材及貨 物儲存於24小時運行的冷凍 設備內以作保鮮用途,該等設 備用電量巨大,因此我們採取 不同的措施以減少用電量, 例如:不時為設備進行針對性 的保養與維修;計劃對設備推 行創新智能化管理,讓設備能 夠根據溫度與商品結構調節

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# **Management of Electricity Consumption** (continued)

example, we carry out targeted maintenance and repairs for the equipment; plan to carry out innovative and intelligent management of the equipment so that the equipment can adjust its temperature automatically according to the detected temperature and the product type, and switch intelligently its operation mode (such as sleep mode at night); provide alert or signal in case of equipment failure so that the responsible departments can carry out repairs as soon as possible and reduce the failure rate of the equipment.

For the electricity management of airconditioning, we conduct regular repair and maintenance and monitor the operation of airconditioning equipment inside the malls, clean the facilities regularly, and carry out appropriate energy-saving re-engineering for the facilities, thereby increasing their output rate, and reducing the additional electricity consumption from abnormal operation. Besides, we adopt appropriate measures to control the temperature, timing difference and air volume of the airconditioning equipment, such as, we reasonably adjust the temperature according to seasonal change, real-time temperature data feed from the monitoring system inside the malls and the feedback from on-site personnel. We also adjust on/off time of the facilities and the ratio of fresh air supply, aiming at satisfying the comfort needs of customers, and at the same time, achieving the goal of energy-conservation.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 電力使用的管理(續)

設備內的溫度,以及改變設備 的運行狀態(如夜間休眠狀態);在設備故障時提供即時 反饋,讓有關部門能夠盡快進 行維修,減少設備的故障率。

在空調用電管理方面,我們採 取恒常性的維修保養,監控商 場內空調設備的運行狀況,定 期清洗空調設備中的污垢,對 設備作出適當的節能改造,從 而增加空調設備的輸出率,以 及減少空調設備不正常運作 而消耗額外電力。此外,我們 對空調設備使用方面作出適 當的溫度、時差及風量的控制 措施,例如:根據季節、商場 的實時溫度以及現場人員的 反饋,合理地設定空調溫度; 根據季節更改空調設備的開 關時間及調節新風送給的比 例,旨在滿足消費者的舒適需 求下, 達到節能降耗之目的。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# **Management of Electricity Consumption** (continued)

The Group has established a strict review and approval procedure for selecting suppliers of power facilities and equipment, the suppliers have to provide qualification certificates and product manual. We compare the qualification among different suppliers and evaluate different criteria about the equipment (including energy consumption, quality, function, etc.) prior to purchase so as to reduce unnecessary energy consumption due to unsuitable facilities and equipment. The Human Resources & Administration Center, and Property Management Center is responsible for the daily inspection of offices and shopping malls, and the organization, planning, execution and inspection of energy-saving and consumption reduction work, and the maintenance staff conducts regular repairs and maintenance on electrical facilities and equipment. When faults or abnormal operations are found, immediate repair is carried out to reduce energy consumption and to avoid accidents. We also actively conduct energy-saving technological transformation for electrical appliances to improve the power efficiency of the unit.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 電力使用的管理(續)

本集團對電力設施與設備的 供應商制定了嚴謹的審批流 程,供應商需要提供有關的資 質證明、產品説明書等。我們 比較不同供應商的資質及衡 量設備使用的不同因素(包括 耗電量、質素、功能等)才進 行採購,以減少因採購不適合 的設施與設備而造成不必要 的能源消耗。人力行政中心及 物業管理部門負責辦公室、商 場及購物中心的日常巡檢及 節能降耗工作的組織、計劃、 落實和檢查,維修人員定期維 護及保養電力設施與設備,當 發現故障或不正常運作,需立 即進行維修以減少能源消耗 及避免事故發生;我們亦積極 展開節能技術改造,以提高機 組用電效率。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# **Management of Electricity Consumption** (continued)

For the electricity management in office, we post different energy-saving promotional slogans in the offices; increase the natural lighting capacity of the work place; encourage employees to change their habit in use of electrical appliances by turning off the unnecessary lights and electrical appliances during lunch break and after work, the computer and the printer are set to automatic sleep mode. Restricted use of air conditioners according to seasonal and temperature changes, the temperature setting of the air conditioner in summer and winter cannot be lower than 26 ° C and not higher than 20 ° C respectively, air conditioner should be turned off 15 minutes before the end of office hours: doors and windows must be closed when air conditioners are turned on.

The Group believes that publicity and education is also an important part of energy-saving and emission-reduction work. Within the corporate, we remind our employees to abide by the energy-saving measures during the morning assembly, so as to enhance their awareness in energy-saving, and hope that employees can understand that everyone must work together to remain competitive under the fierce market competition. We also hope that employees can start from every little thing and are determinant to avoid resource wastage, thereby enhancing their environmental protection awareness in work and life through participation in energy-saving and emission-reduction activities. Besides, we post various energy-saving slogans in shopping malls, use electronic displays to publicize energysaving tips. We organize different promotional activities in shopping malls to educate the public about the relationship between energy usage and the sustainability of the planet.

# 三、環境保護(續)

### 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 電力使用的管理(續)

本集團相信宣傳教育亦是節 能減排工作重要的一環;於企 業內部,我們於早會交接班時 間提醒員工貫徹遵守節能措 施,讓員工意識到節約能耗的 重要性,並希望員工明白在激 烈的市場競爭下,大家必須同 心協力才能保持競爭力;我們 亦透過員工共同參與節能減 排活動,希望員工能從身邊每 一件小事做起,堅決拒絕資源 浪費的現象,以提升大家在 工作和生活中的環保意識。 此外,我們於商場及購物中 心內,張貼不同的節能標語, 使用電子顯示屏播放節能小 常識,舉辦不同的宣傳活動,

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# **Management of Electricity Consumption** (continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group consumed approximately 25,956.71 megawatt hours ("MWh") of electricity, representing a decrease of approximately 5,095.19 MWh or 16.41% compared with the previous year Note 2. We have been actively transforming the lighting system of public areas in malls and supermarkets with LED energy-saving lighting for a number of years; and the transformation project is gradually completed, and thus effectively reduced the electricity consumption.

At the beginning of the Reporting Period, the Group sets a target to reduce the electricity consumption by 10.00% when compared with the previous year Note 2. The target has been achieved during the Reporting Period. Please refer to the below table and the "Summary of Environmental Data and Performance" section below for the relevant data.

# 三、環境保護(續)

### 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 電力使用的管理(續)

藉此教育大眾能源使用與地球可持續性的關係。於報告期內,本集團共使用電力包含,956.71兆瓦時,較上年足同期<sup>附注2</sup>減少約5,095.19兆瓦同期<sup>附注2</sup>減少約5,095.19兆張同期<sup>附注2</sup>減少約5,095.19兆張極對商場及超級市場的等極對商場及超級市場的節能域照明系統進行LED節能成,內造工作已逐步完成,用電量亦因而有效地降低。

本集團於報告期初訂立目標, 與上年度同期<sup>附注2</sup>比較,將本 年度的用電量減少10.00%, 並已於本年度達成目標。有關 數據請參閱下表及下文「環境 數據表現摘要」一節。

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# **Management of Electricity Consumption** (continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group's use of energy and Scope 2 greenhouse gas emitted are as follows:

For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年12月31日止年度

CO<sub>2</sub>
equivalent
Consumption emissions
(MWh) (Tonnes)

二氧化碳當量 使用量(兆瓦時) 排放量(噸)

# 三、環境保護(續)

2. 資源使用的管理(續)

電力使用的管理(續)

於報告期內,本集團使用能源 及所排放的範圍二溫室氣體 的情況如下表:

For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>2</sup> 截至**2020**年**12**月**31**日止**9**個月<sup>2</sup>

CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent Consumption emissions (MWh) (Tonnes) 二氧化碳當量

使用量(兆瓦時) 排放量(噸)

**Indirect Use of Energy:** 

間接使用能源:

Electricity **25,956.71 23,157.44** 25,851.60 23,666.65 電力

 Greenhouse Gas Emission
 23,157.44
 23,666.65

 溫室氣體排放總量
 23,666.65

Greenhouse Gas Emission Intensity 194.2299.55溫室氣體排放量密度199.55

Notes:

- The Group's greenhouse gas emission intensity is calculated based on 0.001 square meters (m2) of the floor area of the shopping malls and offices. During the Reporting Period, there was no expansions in the shopping malls, supermarkets and offices nor relocation or demolition project related to the business.
- As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

### 附注:

- 1 本集團溫室氣體的產生量 密度是按商場及辦公室的 建築面積的0.001平方米 進行計算,而於報告期內 與業務相關的商場、購物 中心、超級市場及辦公室 沒有進行任何擴建或遷拆 工程。
- 2 由於本集團於上年度更 改了財政年度結算日,上 年度之環境數據包含由 2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提 高兩個年度環境數據表現 的可比性,本報告中所描 述兩個年度的差異分析均 是與上年度同期(即2020 年1月1日至2020年12月 31日)比較後的結論。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

*(continued)* 

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# Management of Water Resources Consumption

The Group uses government-supplied water sources in shopping malls and offices. Although we do not encounter any water supply problem during the Reporting Period, we clearly understand the importance of water resources for business operations and living needs; therefore, we implement various measures to enhance water resource use efficiency and to avoid wastage. The Human Resources & Administration Center, and Property Management Center of each mall regularly collect and analyze the statistical data of water consumption to monitor the water usage. We educate and promote the concept of "green life" to our employees and customers by way of slogans, training and publicity activities. We have implemented a number of measures and retrofitted the equipment in the malls; for the purpose of reducing water use as long as the comfort of the customers is not compromised. For example, adjust the operating frequency of the water pump motors flexibly so as to minimize the electricity and water consumption, strengthen water pipes inspection to avoid running, dripping, leaking and long flowing water; re-use condensed water from air-conditioning equipment in the cooling tower, as the temperature of condensed water is low enough to reduce the temperature of the cooling tower less energy is consumed, and at the same time, reduced the frequency of water replenishment into the cooling tower; install water-saving faucets and reasonably adjust the volume of water outflow; use foot valve manual flushing to replace automatic induction flushing; regularly check the water facilities to prevent water leakage; immediately repair or replace when problem is found, and keep detailed records. The Group persistently instills its employees about the importance of the conservation culture, and puts up posters of different resource saving methods in the office area, and demands the employees to control the water flow at low level and turn off the water tap after use, etc..

# 三、環境保護(續)

### 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 水資源使用的管理

本集團所使用的水資源由當 地政府提供,主要用於百貨商 場、購物中心及辦公室。於報 告期內,我們雖然沒有就取得 適用水源 上遇到任何問題,但 我們清楚了解水資源對業務 營運及生活需要的重要性, 因此我們實施各項增加水資 源效用的措施,以避免浪費水 資源。各個商場的人力行政中 心及物業管理部門定期統計 及分析用水量,以監控用水情 況:我們亦以標語、培訓及宣 傳活動的方式對員工及顧客 進行教導與宣傳,以推廣綠色 生活的概念。於商場內實施多 項措施及改造設備,以不影響 顧客的舒適度為前提,減少水 資源的使用,例如:靈活調整 水泵電機的運行頻率,盡可能 降低水泵用電量及水量,加強 水管檢查,杜絕跑、冒、滴、 漏及長流水現象;將空調設備 的冷凝水回用於冷卻塔,由於 冷凝水的溫度較低能夠降低 冷卻水塔的溫度,因此能減少 能源消耗之餘,亦能減少補充 水資源至冷卻塔的次數;安裝 節水型水龍頭並合理調節出 水量;洗手間使用腳踏式代替 電子感應式設備沖洗廁所;定 期檢查用水設施, 杜絕漏水現 象,如發現問題,應立即修理 或更換,並作出詳細記錄。本 集團持續將節約文化的重要 性灌輸予每一位員工,在辦公 區域張貼節約資源方法的海 報, 並要求員工洗手時控制水 流,水龍頭盡量開小,用完隨 手關閉等。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# Management of Water Resources Consumption (continued)

The Group reduce the water resources consumption by approximately 32,998.74 cubic meters or 14.82% during the Reporting Period when compare with the previous year Note 2 with a total of 189,604.43 cubic meters of water resources used.

At the beginning of the Reporting Period, the Group sets a target to reduce the water consumption by 10.00% when compared with the previous year Note 2. The target has been achieved during the Reporting Period. Please refer to the below table and the "Summary of Environmental Data and Performance" section below for the relevant data.

During the Reporting Period, the Group's use of water resources is as follows:

# 三、環境保護(續)

# 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

## 水資源使用的管理(續)

本集團於報告期內使用的水資源較上年度同期附達減少約32,998.74立方米或14.82%,共使用水資源約189,604.43立方米。

本集團於報告期初訂立目標,與上年度同期<sup>附注2</sup>比較,將本年度的用水量減少10.00%,並已於本年度達成目標。有關數據請參閱下表及下文「環境數據表現摘要」一節。

於報告期內,本集團的用水情況如下表:

For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止年度 (Cubic Meters) (立方米) For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>2</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月<sup>2</sup> (Cubic Meters) (立方米)

#### **Water Resources**

水資源

Total **189,604.43** 175,618.36 總量

Intensity <sup>1</sup> **771.48** 738.70 密度<sup>1</sup>

# 環境、社會及管治報告

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

Management of Water Resources
Consumption (continued)

#### Notes:

- The Group's greenhouse gas emission intensity is calculated based on 0.001 square meters (m²) of the floor area of the shopping malls and offices. During the Reporting Period, there was no expansions in the shopping malls, supermarkets and offices nor relocation or demolition project related to the business.
- 2 As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

# 三、環境保護(續)

2. 資源使用的管理(續)

水資源使用的管理(續)

#### 附注:

- 1 本集團耗水量密度是按商 場及辦公室的建築面積的 0.001平方米進行計算, 而於報告期內與業務相關 的商場、購物中心、超級 市場及辦公室沒有進行任 何擴建或遷拆工程。
- 2 由於本集團於上年度更改了財政年度結算日,上年度之環境數據包含由2020年4月1日至2020年12月31日的表現;為了提高兩個年度環境數據表現的可比性,本報告中所描述兩個年度的差異分析均是與上年度同期(即2020年1月1日至2020年12月31日)比較後的結論。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

# Management of the Use of Packaging Materials

The packaging materials used by the Group mainly include plastic and paper bags provided for customers to carry the purchased goods, and packaging materials used for supermarket stock up and packaging of fresh food; in order to actively support the national policy of "Administrative Measures for the Paid Use of Plastic Bags at Commodity Retailing Places", and to achieve the aims of conserving resources, protecting the ecological environment, and influencing our consumers to reduce plastic shopping bags use, to bring their own shopping bags, and to use more eco-friendly shopping bags; we have established the "Regulations for the Use of Eco-friendly Shopping Bags" to ensure the Company's environmental-friendly shopping bags are used appropriately. The Group restricted salespeople from providing plastic shopping bags to consumers at below-cost price or free of charge. We also regularly assign delegated staff to packaging counters to inspect and carry out comprehensive monitoring, including assessment of the application standards, charge level and review of the packaging materials record. Besides, we have also promoted the concept of "green lifestyle" to the public, and posted promotional slogans at various sales areas, appealed consumers to reduce the use of plastic products and use more bio-degradable materials to reduce the impact on the environment due to incorrect or excessive use of packaging materials.

During the Reporting Period, the Group consumed approximately 77.49 tonnes of packaging materials, representing an increase of 18.54 tonnes or 31.45% when compared with the previous year Note 2. This was mainly affected by the COVID-19 epidemic, the Group's online bulk food sales volume increased, and the packaging volume increased accordingly.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 包裝材料使用的管理

本集團所使用的包裝物主要 有提供予顧客盛載所購商品 的塑膠與紙袋,以及用於超級 市場備貨與包裝新鮮食品的 包裝物;為了積極回應國家 《商品零售場所塑膠購物袋有 僧使用管理辦法》的政策,並 以節約資源、保護生態環境、 引導消費者減少使用塑膠購 物袋、自備購物袋及多使用環 保購物袋等方面為目標,我們 制定了「環保購物袋使用管理 規範」,確保公司環保購物袋 的正確使用。本集團規定在商 品的銷售過程中,禁止銷售人 員以低於經營成本或無償形 式向消費者提供塑膠購物袋; 我們亦定期派遣專人到包裝 物使用點進行檢查及對其使 用的標準、價格及帳目進行全 面監控管理。此外,我們還向 大眾推廣「綠色生活方式」的 理念,在各銷售場所貼上宣傳 標語,呼籲消費者減少使用塑 料製品的,多使用生物可降解 材料,以減少因不正確或過量 使用包裝物而對環境帶來的 負荷。

於報告期內,本集團共消耗包裝物約77.49噸,較上年度同期<sup>附注2</sup>增加約18.54噸或31.45%,這主要受2019冠狀病毒病疫情影響,本集團的線上散裝食品銷售量上升,包裝量因而增加。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

Management of the Use of Packaging Materials (continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group's use of packaging materials is as follows:

# 三、環境保護(續)

2. 資源使用的管理(續)

包裝材料使用的管理(續)

於報告期內,本集團的包裝物 使用情況如下表:

For the Year Ended	$\sim$
31 December 2021	31 Dece
截至2021年	
12月31日止年度	12月3
(Tonnes)	
(噸)	

Packaging Materials 商品所用包裝材料

Total 77.49 38.94 總量
Intensity 1 0.32 0.16

密度1

Notes:

- The Group's greenhouse gas emission intensity is calculated based on 0.001 square meters (m2) of the floor area of the shopping malls and offices. During the Reporting Period, there was no expansions in the shopping malls, supermarkets and offices nor relocation or demolition project related to the business.
- As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>2</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月<sup>2</sup> (Tonnes) (噸)

附注:

- 1 本集團包裝物使用量密度 是按商場及辦公室的建 築面積的0.001平方米進 行計算,而於報告期內與 業務相關的商場、購物中 心、超級市場及辦公室沒 有進行任何擴建或遷拆工 程。
- 2 由於本集團於上年度更 改了財政年度結算日,上 年度之環境數據包含由 2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提 高兩個年度環境數據表現 的可比性,本報告中所描 述兩個年度的差異分析均 是與上年度同期(即2020 年1月1日至2020年12月 31日)比較後的結論。

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

# 2. Management of Resources Utilization (continued)

### Management of Paper Consumption

In order to reduce the impact of our daily office operation on the environment, the Group actively promotes the "Paperless Office" policy, sets up office automation system to enable each department to distribute information and documents in electronic format; requires all papers to be purchased by the procurement center and sets up an office paper distribution registration management system; demands employees to check the format of the document before copying or printing; reduces the font size of the file to make full use of the paper without affecting the legibility; fully utilizes paper by reusing single-sided papers, and collects double-sided printed papers to qualified recycler for handling. We have also introduced different electronic payment methods in various department stores and supermarkets to speed up the implementation of paperless payment, and carried out promotion activities through online digital marketing channels to reduce use of printed materials.

#### 3. Environment and Natural Resources

The Group has always been actively bringing environmental responsibility into its daily operations, energy consumption and waste production is monitored and managed over the years, and will continue to monitor, identify and disclose the impact of our business activities on the environment. The major impact on the environment and natural resources from shopping malls and offices operations mainly come from waste gas, greenhouse gas, wastewater and solid waste generated from the use of natural resources (including electricity, natural gas, fuel, water, paper, etc.), and the construction wastes and domestic wastes generated from the operation of shopping malls.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 2. 資源使用的管理(續)

### 紙張使用的管理

為減輕日常辦公室運作對環 境產牛的影響,本集團積極推 廣「無紙化辦公室」,設置辦 公室自動化系統,讓各部門能 夠使用電子形式傳遞信息及 文件;紙張由採購中心統一採 購並建立辦公室用紙發放登 記管理制度;要求員工檢查文 件格式沒有出錯才影印或列 印;在不影響閱讀的前提下, 將文件字體縮小以盡量充分 利用紙張;循環使用單面列印 的紙張,將兩面都已使用過的 廢紙放入再造紙收集箱,並交 由有資質的回收商處理。我們 亦於各百貨中心及超級市場 引入各種電子付款方式,加快 無紙化支付進程,並利用線上 營銷渠道進行推廣,減少使用 印刷品。

### 3. 環境及天然資源

# 環境、社會及管治報告

### III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

# 3. Environment and Natural Resources

(continued)

Although the COVID-19 outbreak has had a huge impact on the economy in Mainland China, the Group's department stores and shopping malls businesses are the first to bear the brunt. Faced with the decline in profits of physical retail corporates, the Group's determination to environmental protection and green operations has not diminished. With years of accumulated environmental protection work experience, we have effectively reduced operating costs, allowing us to invest more resources and implement various measures to increase resource efficiency. Besides, the Chinese government provides preferential policies and tax reductions for various industries, which indirectly provides great support to the Group's environmental protection work and reduces economic pressure. We will continue to advocate the concept of "save one unit of electricity, save one tonne of water, save a drop of oil, save a piece of paper, save a penny", manage resource utilization and enhance the employees' awareness of environmental protection.

### 4. Climate Change

Climate change is expected to worsen the frequency and severity of extreme weather events and cause catastrophic damage. Climate change is also changing seasonal and annual patterns of temperature, precipitation and other weather phenomena. The unprecedented crisis from the global spread of the COVID-19 has created significant challenges worldwide while the risks of climate change are still imminent. Understanding of these trends and the relationship with its businesses can help the Group to prepare, analyze possible risks and opportunities, seize the opportunities of potential benefits and establish the response capacity of the Group in the long run.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 3. 環境及天然資源(續)

儘管2019冠狀病毒病疫情對 中國內地經濟帶來巨大衝擊, 本集團的百貨與購物中心業 務更是首當其衝,在面對實體 零售企業利潤下滑的情況下, 本集團對環境保護的決心及 綠色營運的堅持仍未有減退, 憑藉累積多年的環保工作經 驗,有效地降低營運成本,讓 我們投放更多資源,推行各種 增加資源效益的措施。此外, 中國政府對各行各業提供優 惠政策與税收減免,間接為 本集團的環保工作給予很大 的支持,減低經濟壓力,我們 將繼續在企業文化宣傳中, 宣傳成本控制觀念,讓員工自 覺節約使用資源,同時加大 宣傳力度,向員工宣導「節約 一度電、節約一噸水、節約一 滴油、節約一張紙、節約一分 錢|的觀念,從源頭管理資源 耗用及提升員工的環保意識。

## 4. 氣候變化

# III. ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

(continued)

# **4. Climate Change** (continued)

In response to climate change, the Group will continue to pay attention to climate changes, continuously review and monitor the implementation of various measures, constantly optimize measures based on effectiveness, establish various effective and appropriate measures with reference to its operations, implement "green operation, balanced development" and seek opinions from external parties whenever needed, for reducing our carbon footprint. We hope to use this report to share with the others the results of our efforts and performance on natural resource conservation, and to convey environmental protection messages to stakeholders, so as to achieve a more powerful environmental protection publicity effect and to work with all walks of life to mitigate the climate change.

#### IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES

Employees are our valuable assets and the key driver for the Group's sustainable and long-term business development. We devote to create a non-discrimination, equal, harmonious and safe workplace and establish a comprehensive talent management mechanism. In order to adhere to our governance philosophy of attracting talent by means of "compensation", "relationship", "career" and "working platform", we offer equal opportunities of advancement and providing commensurate remuneration and various benefits. The Group enhances employees' consciousness of innovation, work flexibility and focus on commitment when dealing with their customers, promotes full participation of all our employees in management, encourages employees to make rational recommendations and put into practice so as to fulfill the mission of providing high quality merchandises and services to the customers. Besides, we encourage employees to maintain harmonious interpersonal relationships, promote team spirit of cooperation and unity, bravely face difficulties and overcome challenges. Our human resources policies vary by locations to comply with the local labor laws and regulations.

# 三、環境保護(續)

## 4. 氣候變化(續)

### 四、 僱傭及勞工常規

本集團一直視員工為最寶貴的資產, 對業務可持續和長遠發展起著關鍵 作用。我們致力打造非歧視、平等、 和諧及安全的工作環境;我們在內部 營造平等的競爭機制,規範員工晉 升和晉級的流程,並藉著具有競爭 力的薪酬和各項福利,體現「以待遇 留人」、「以情感留人」、「以事業留 人」及「以平台留人」的理念來吸納 人才。本集團增強員工創新、靈活和 重視承諾的意識,提倡全員參與管 理,鼓勵員工提出合理化建議,並應 用於實際工作中,以完成為客戶提供 優質商品和服務的使命。此外,我們 鼓勵員工建立融洽和諧的人際關係, 提倡相互協作的團隊力量並發揚本 集團多年來累積的團結合作精神; 發揮集體的力量接受困難及迎接挑 戰。我們因應各地不同的勞工條例而 調整和制定適合當地企業的政策。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

# 1. Employment

In order to strictly comply with the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Social Insurance Law of the People's Republic of China, the Employment Ordinance, the Minimum Wage Ordinance, the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance, Anti-discrimination Ordinances in Hong Kong and other applicable laws and regulations, the Group has established an internal management system which specifies the requirements for recruitment, promotion, dismissal, working hours, rest periods, compensation, welfare and other benefits.

# Recruitment, Promotion, Dismissal, Equal Opportunity, Diversity and Antidiscrimination

The Group is a fair opportunity employer and respects personal privacy, and established related policy in this area. During the recruitment process, the department head determines the job positions' responsibilities and requirements, and the Human Resources Department assesses and screens applicants according to the requirements. We adhere to the merit system principles and fair recruitment. The appropriate candidates would be selected based on their morality, knowledge, abilities and job requirements, and regardless of their nationality, gender, age, geographical, religious beliefs. The policy applies to all phases of the employment relationship, including but not limited to, hiring, promotion, performance appraisal, training, personal development and termination. The Group handles dismissal and compensation in accordance with the local laws and regulations.

# 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

# 1. 僱傭

# 招聘、晉升、解僱、平等機 會、多元化及反歧視

本集團主張平等機會及尊重 個人私隱,並制定了相關政 策。在招聘過程中,部門主管 確定崗位的工作責任與要求, 人力資源部會按照要求篩選 合適的應聘者。我們堅持以擇 優錄取、公平任用為原則;並 以品德、學識、能力及崗位要 求為僱用標準,為不同民族、 性別、年齡、地域、宗教信仰 的人士給予平等的僱用機會。 此等政策適用於不同階段的 僱傭關係,包括但不限於招 聘、晉升、績效考核、培訓、 個人發展及終止聘用。如解僱 員工或因此而需要作出賠償, 本集團亦會按照當地的法律 法規處理。

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

### 1. Employment

Recruitment, Promotion, Dismissal, Equal Opportunity, Diversity and Antidiscrimination (continued)

In order to enhance work quality and employee competencies, the Group conducts periodic performance appraisal and fairly assess the level of awards, salary increment and/ or promotion recommendations based on a number of criteria, including working experience, seniority, knowledge and skills, performance, contributions, etc.. In the performance appraisal process, the department head communicates and discusses with employees about their achievements, suggest areas for improvement, and setting objectives and performance indicator for the next appraisal period, so as to motivate the employees for continuous improvement and to develop their potential.

On the basis of equality, the Group hopes to identify talents who are committed and dedicated to work, willing to take responsibility, keep learning, continuously improving their abilities and willing to move forward with the Group.

# 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

### 1. 僱傭

招聘、晉升、解僱、平等機會、多元化及反歧視(續)

在平等的基礎上,本集團期望 發掘能投入工作、敬業及勇於 承擔責任的人才,並且對不斷 學習、持續改善自身能力及願 意與集團一同向前發展的員 工寄予信心和厚望。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES

*(continued)* 

**1. Employment** (continued)

Recruitment, Promotion, Dismissal, Equal Opportunity, Diversity and Antidiscrimination (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the number and distribution of the Group's employees are as follows:

# 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

1. 僱傭(續)

招聘、晉升、解僱、平等機會、多元化及反歧視(續)

於2021年12月31日,本集團的僱員人數及分佈情況如下表:

	<b>2021</b> <b>2021</b> 年	2020 2020年
Gender 性別		
Male 男性	148	402
Female 女性	672	895
Employment Type 僱傭類別		
Full time 全職	784	1,223
Part time 兼職	19	70
Persons with disabilities 殘疾人士	3	3
Retired returnees 退休返聘人士	14	1
Age Group 年齡組別		
18-30	110	180
31-45	512	772
46-60	196	345
>60	2	_
Geographical Region 地區		
Mainland China 中國內地	817	1,292
Hong Kong 香港	3	5

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

**1. Employment** (continued)

Recruitment, Promotion, Dismissal, Equal Opportunity, Diversity and Antidiscrimination (continued)

During the Reporting Period, the Group's average monthly employee turnover rate is as follows:

# 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

1. 僱傭(續) 招聘、晉升、解僱、平等機 會、多元化及反歧視(續)

於報告期內,本集團僱員平均每月流失率如下表:

	For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止年度	For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>1</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月 <sup>1</sup>
Gender 性別		
Male 男性	8.45%	1.53%
Female 女性	3.01%	1.96%
Age Group 年齡組別		
18-30	4.57%	3.16%
31-45	3.52%	1.62%
46-60	4.99%	1.54%
Geographical Region 地區		
Mainland China 中國內地	4.04%	1.82%
Hong Kong 香港	6.00%	_

Note:

As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020)

to 31 December 2020).

附注:

1 由於本集團於上年度更 改了財政年度結算日,上 年度之環境數據包含由 2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提 高兩個年度環境數據表現 的可比性,本報告中所描 述兩個年度的差異分析均 是與上年度同期(即2020 年1月1日至2020年12月 31日)比較後的結論。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES

(continued)

# **1. Employment** (continued)

### Compensation, Welfare and Other Benefits

The Group attracts and retains outstanding talents with competitive remuneration packages and regularly assesses their salary levels to ensure it is up to the market standard. The Group benchmarks the up-to-date remuneration data in its industry, and strives to establish a fair, reasonable and competitive remuneration scheme in order to ensure the pay level of general staff is competitive in the region where the Group operates; and the core members are remunerated competitively within the industry. Employees' salaries level is decided based on one's knowledge, skills, experiences and education background relevant to their work requirements, and the Group implements a remuneration system that consists of basic salary and performance-based bonus.

The employees' remuneration package includes basic salary, seniority salary, overtime pay, and so on. Other benefits include working meals, messing allowance, communication allowance, birthday gifts, festive gifts, medical insurance, provision of group accident insurance for employees in high risk job positions, infectious disease insurance purchased for protecting the employees' safety at the time of the pandemic, provide nucleic acid testing, medical donations for employees and their families, etc.. We provide anti-heatstroke and warm drinks and supplies to special position workers (including security guards, staff canteen's employees, parking crews) during high temperature and cold weather.

# 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

## 1. 僱傭(續)

### 薪酬、福利及其他待遇

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

### **1. Employment** (continued)

# **Compensation, Welfare and Other Benefits** (continued)

Besides, the Group provides social security benefits for all employees following the requirement of the local labor laws and social security laws and regulations. The Group contributes to various social security schemes (endowment insurance, medical insurance, unemployment insurance, work injury insurance and maternity insurance) and housing provident fund for the employees in Mainland China, and contributes to the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme for the employees in Hong Kong.

In response to the government's COVID-19 prevention and control policies and to protect the employees' health, the Group suspended all employees' leisure activities during the severe period of the epidemic. When the epidemic eased, the Group organized employee activities such as Spring Games, Abor Day team building to relieve employees' stress during the epidemic and to enhance team tacit-knowledge and cohesion.

# Working Hours and Rest Periods

The Group pays attention to its employees' health and encourages everyone to maintain work-life balance, and set up employee work hours according to the requirements of the local labor laws and protects the employee rights to rest days and holidays; so that all employees are entitled to rest days and statutory holidays such as annual leave, maternity leave, funeral leave and work injury leave in accordance with the local labor laws.

# 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

# 1. 僱傭(續) 薪酬、福利及其他待遇 (續)

此外,本集團按照當地的勞動 法及社會保障的法律法規, 為所有員工提供社會保險福 利項目。我們為內地業務員工 繳納各項社會保險費(養老保 險、醫療保險、失業保險、 傷保險及生育保險)和住房公 積金,以及為香港員工的強積 金計劃供款。

為了回應政府有關2019冠狀病毒病的防控政策及保障員工健康,本集團於疫情較嚴重期間停止組織員工工餘活動,而當疫情緩和,本集團組織員工活動,希望能舒緩員工於預期間的緊張情緒,以及加強員工之間的默契及凝聚力。

### 工作時數及假期

本集團重視員工的健康,鼓勵 大家維持工作與生活平衡,並 依照當地的勞動法訂立員工 工作時數及保障員工休息休 假的權利,所有員工均享有休 息日及法定假日(如年假、婚 假、產假、喪假、工傷假等)。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES

*(continued)* 

# **1. Employment** (continued)

### The Impact of the COVID-19

The Group has neither reduced employees' compensation and welfare nor laid off employees due to the COVID-19 epidemic. In order to protect the employees' health and safety, the Group has implemented various epidemic prevention measures. Please refer to the "Health and Safety" and "Product and Service Responsibility" sections below for details.

### 2. Staff Health and Occupational Safety

The Group pays attention to its employees' health and provides a safe work environment so as to prevent occupational hazards and various incidents from happening. We sign target responsibility statement of "Setup Safe Workplace" with each subsidiary, and formulate safe management team with reference to the company's operation. Management and employees at all levels must clearly understand their own safety responsibilities and strictly perform the requirements as stated on the target responsibility statement.

## Safe Business Premises and Working Environment

The Group establishes a safety management manual to strengthen its fire safety management in its business sites, key departments and offices. Smoking is prohibited for staff and customers; and we target to keep our shopping centers, malls, supermarkets and offices smoke-free. We designated staff to regularly carry out fire prevention patrol every day at all locations and critical departments; and keep patrol records. We take immediate remediation or precautions once fire hazards are found. In compliance with the local fire prevention standards and policies, we have stringent management on fire equipment and facilities; carry out repairs and maintenance, and keep records.

# 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

## 1. 僱傭(續)

### 2019冠狀病毒病的影響

本集團沒有因2019冠狀病毒病疫情情況嚴重而削減員工 待遇或裁減員工;為了員工健康及生命安全著想,本集團採取了多項防疫措施,詳細資料請參考下文「健康與安全」及「商品和服務責任」部分。

### 2. 員工健康與職業安全

本集團一向著重員工健康及 提供安全的工作環境, 避免免 類事故的發生, 我們與單位 公司簽訂「創建平安單位」 作目標責任書, 按照各位」司 經營狀況, 組織治安管理 組,各級管理層和員工的 经 整解自身的安全職責 格按工作目標責任書履行 全職責。

#### 安全營業場所及工作環境

本集團制定了安全管理手冊, 加強營業現場、各重點部門、 辦公室等地方的消防安全的 管理。將各購物中心、商場、 超級市場及辦公室定為「無煙 區域」,任何員工及顧客嚴禁 吸煙。我們安排專人每天定時 對這些地方和重點部門進行 消防巡查,並詳細記錄情況; 如發現消防隱患,需立刻提出 整改方案或採取防範措施,以 確保安全。按照各地方的消防 標準和政策,我們對所有消防 器材、設施及設備進行嚴格管 理,妥善維護及保養,並詳細 記錄情況。

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

2. Staff Health and Occupational Safety (continued)

### **Property Management**

In order to regulate the property management work, we have established property management policies and procedures. The Human Resources & Administration Center, and the Property Management Center are responsible for monitoring, inspection, providing guidance and evaluation work. Employees have to report to maintenance staff immediately when repairs (such as electrical equipment, electric power distribution equipment, facilities at shopping malls, air-conditioners, drainage equipment, etc.) are needed for shopping centers, supermarkets and offices so as to ensure the customers' and employees' safety at these locations. Staff of special work types (such as electrician, welders) must possess valid license before they are allowed to work; for example, to get a fire certificate before using fire; carpenter should promptly clean up with the sawdust and shavings after job completion; inflammables, explosive, chemical or dangerous materials are prohibited and no storage is allowed; paint workers should not blend paints on-site or at the locations close to fire or electric source; paints should be covered with lids immediately after use.

# 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

2. 員工健康與職業安全(續)

### 物業管理

為了規範物業的管理工作,我 們制定了物業項目管理制度, 人力行政中心及物業管理部 門負責監督、檢查、指導及考 評工作。如發現購物中心、超 級市場及辦公室需要維修, 例如:電器設備、配電設備、 商場設施、空調機、排水設備 等,員工應立即通知維修人員 進行維修,以確保客戶與員 工於購物中心、超級市場及辦 公室的安全。重點工種的員工 (如電工、電氣焊工)必須持 證上崗,他們必須按章工作, 例如:用火前應事先辦理動火 證;木工應及時清理鋸末、刨 花;嚴禁於作業場所點火及存 放易燃易爆的化學危險物品; 油漆工不得在場內調配油漆, 嚴禁於場外調配油漆時點火 及於電源周圍作業,使用完油 漆桶後應立即蓋緊蓋子。

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

# 2. Staff Health and Occupational Safety (continued)

## Safety Training

Training topics are mainly related to workplace safety and occupational health. The Group raises its employees' safety awareness by providing appropriate occupational health and safety training to introduce the corporate development plan, enhance their awareness on safety and continuously strengthen their consciousness, improve their professional skills, especially for those job positions under significant potential safety hazards, and enable them to perform their duties in a safe environment. Employees have to report to the management immediately when incident occurs or aware of any potential hazards. Safety education and training work plays an important role to ensure the workplace is safe. New hires must receive safety training prior to put into work. This is to make sure that staff have the necessary safety knowledge in their position; familiar and able to master the safety techniques required. Key and special positions (such as fire control center) have to take professional training and pass the examination before they are assigned to take up the role. Firefighters have to be familiar with and master the use of various types of fire prevention facilities to ensure that they can operate with the equipment for fighting fire. During the Reporting Period, we organized various safety training activities such as fire control training, fire evacuation drills, fire fighting drills, etc.

# 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

### 2. 員工健康與職業安全(續)

### 安全培訓

培訓工作與安全工作環境、職 業健康有著密不可分的關係, 本集團通過適當的安全意識 教育,使員工了解企業方針, 增強安全意識和持續改進的 自覺性、提高員工的專業技 能,尤其是負責存在重大安全 隱患崗位的員工,使其能於安 全的環境下履行職責; 如發現 事故及安全隱患,需立即向管 理層報告。安全教育培訓工作 對提供安全的工作環境起著 重要的作用,員工上崗前,必 須接受安全培訓,以確保員工 具有崗位的安全知識,熟悉和 掌握崗位的安全技能;重點及 特殊崗位(如消控中心等)的 員工需接受專業培訓,考試合 格後,方能上任;消防人員需 熟悉並掌握各類消防設施的 使用技巧,確保撲救火災過程 中操作順利。於報告期內,我 們組織了多個安全培訓活動, 如消防培訓、消防疏散演練、 滅火實戰演練等。

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

2. Staff Health and Occupational Safety (continued)

## Impact of the COVID-19

To cope with COVID-19, the Group has adopted a number of epidemic prevention measures for the sake of employees' health and safety. After the shopping malls resumed business, we distributed epidemic prevention and control manual to our employees, strengthened the staff education on personal hygiene, provided antiepidemic materials such as masks, alcohol hand sanitizer, protective clothing, protective glasses to employees, and stipulated that employees must wear masks when working, pay attention to hand hygiene; we also measure the body temperature of employees every day, and use "health code" to monitor employees' health status, prohibit employees from travelling to those areas with severe epidemic. Since employees are facing customers in the malls, we have adopted a series of anti-epidemic measures to enhance the hygiene management of the shopping malls to protect the health and safety of customers and employees. Please refer to the "Product and Service Responsibility" section below for details.

During the Reporting Period, the number of lost days due to work injury is as follows:

# 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

2. 員工健康與職業安全(續)

### 2019冠狀病毒病的影響

對於2019冠狀病毒病疫情, 為了員工健康及生命安全著 想,本集團採取了多項防疫措 施。於購物中心及商場恢復營 業後,我們向員工派發疫情防 控手冊,加強對員工的教育及 個人衛生管理,提供口罩、酒 精搓手液、防護服、防護眼鏡 等防疫物資予員工,並規定員 工於 | 班時必須佩戴口罩,注 意雙手衛生;我們還每天為員 工測量體溫,使用「健康碼」 監察員工的健康狀況,禁止員 工到疫情嚴重地區出差。由於 員工須於商場接觸顧客,因此 我們採取一系列的防疫措施, 加強商場的衛生管理,以保障 顧客及員工的健康與安全,詳 細資料請參考下文「商品和服 務責任」部分。

於報告期內,本集團員工因工 傷損失工作日數如下表:

For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止年度 For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>1</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月<sup>1</sup>

Lost Days Due to Work Injury 因工傷損失工作日數 **308 days** 65 days 天 天

# 環境、社會及管治報告

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

# 2. Staff Health and Occupational Safety (continued)

**Impact of the COVID-19** (continued)

Note:

As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

There was no work-related fatality occurred in each of the past three years (including the Reporting Period) within the Group.

# 3. Development and Training

In order to align the staff career development with its long-term corporate business plan, the Group sets up staff training polices with reference to the departmental human resources needs. The human resources department established a comprehensive staff training plan with an aim to build an excellent, well-trained and responsible corporate team. This can enhance the staff's knowledge and management capabilities, improve their work ability, performance and efficiency, and raise their enthusiasm in work to cultivate team spirit.

# 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

2. 員工健康與職業安全(續)

2019冠狀病毒病的影響(續)

附注:

1 由於本集團於上年度更 改了財政年度結算日,上 年度之環境數據包含由 2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提 高兩個年度環境數據表現 的可比性,本報告中所描 述兩個年度的差異分析均 是與上年度同期(即2020 年1月1日至2020年12月 31日)比較後的結論。

本集團於過去三年(包括報告期內)沒有員工因工亡故。

#### 3. 員工發展及培訓

# IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

## **3. Development and Training** (continued)

New hires have to participate in induction training and pass the assessment. The training topics include corporate culture, site management, sales skills, membership policies, service etiquette and skills, quality awareness, fire safety (on-site public facilities). On top of providing foundation training, we also provide skills advancement, professional and management training to ensure that staff possess professional theory and knowledge, and new knowledge for overcoming challenges in order to lay a solid foundation for long-term development of employees and the Group.

During the Reporting Period, in addition to the new hire induction training, we also organized various training programmes related to corporate management, customer service, finance, human resources, information system management, employees' health and work safety (please refer to "Health and Safety" section below for details of employees' health and work safety), etc. The training topics include management system training, corporate culture training, legal knowledge, one-day work flow training, contract risk, member knowledge training, service etiquette training, brand knowledge training, sales skills, cashier training, expenses approval process, performance evaluation management, SAP knowledge training, office software training, etc. In order to achieve better results from organizing training programmes, employees are asked to provide feedback and satisfaction level upon completion of training programmes and serve as reference for next year's training plan.

# 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

## 3. 員工發展及培訓(續)

於報告期內,除了新員工之職 前培訓,我們還組織了多項 與企業管理、商場客戶服務、 財務、人力資源、信息管理、 員工健康與安全工作(員工健 康與安全工作培訓的詳細資 料請參考下文「健康與安全」 部分)等方面相關的培訓課 程,如管理制度培訓、企業文 化培訓、法律常識、一日工作 流程培訓、合同風險、會員知 識培訓、服務禮儀培訓、品牌 知識培訓、銷售技巧、收銀員 培訓、費用審批流程、績效管 理、SAP知識培訓、辦公軟體 培訓等。為了提升培訓課程的 效果,於培訓課程完成後,詢 問員工對培訓課程的滿意度 和意見,作為下年度培訓計劃 的參考依據。

### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES

(continued)

**3. Development and Training** (continued)

During the Reporting Period, the percentage of the Group's employees trained is as follows:

#### 四、僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 3. 員工發展及培訓(續)

於報告期內,本集團的受訓員工百分比如下表:

	For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止年度	For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>2</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月 <sup>2</sup>
Gender 性別		
Male 男性	39.86%	85.82%
Female 女性	80.95%	88.72%
Employee Category 職級組別		
Senior management 高級管理層	29.41%	42.86%
Middle management 中級管理層	32.32%	100.00%
Management 基層管理層	30.61%	100.00%
Ordinary staff 普通員工	100.00%	68.73%

During the Reporting Period, the average training hours<sup>1</sup> per the Group's employee are as follows:

於報告期內,本集團僱員的平均受訓時數1如下表:

	For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 (Hours) 截至2021年 12月31日止年度 (小時)	For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>2</sup> (Hours) 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月 <sup>2</sup> (小時)
Gender 性別 Male 男性	2.45	5.51
Female 女性 <b>Employee Category 職級組別</b> Senior management 高級管理層	0.49	7.92
Middle management 中級管理層 Management 基層管理層 Ordinary staff 普通員工	1.02 0.65 11.85	4.43 6.79 7.91

## IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

### 3. **Development and Training** (continued) Notes:

- 1 The average training hours refers to the number of training hours provided by the Group to its employees within the Reporting Period divided by the Group's total number of employees at the end of the Reporting Period.
- As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

#### 4. Labor Standards

The Group cherishes human rights and protects labor rights and interests. During the hiring process, we strictly abide by the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labor Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Employment Ordinance, the Employment of Children Regulations, the Employment of Young Persons (Industry) Regulations, and other applicable laws and regulations, and do not allow hiring children labor and forced labor.

#### 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### **3. 員工發展及培訓**(*續*) 附注:

- 1 「平均受訓時數」是指本 集團於報告期內為員工提 供培訓的總時數除以本集 團年底員工總數。
- 2 由於本集團於上年度更改了財政年度結算日,上年度之環境數據包含由2020年4月1日至2020年12月31日的表現;為了提高兩個年度環境數據表現的可比性,本報告中所描述兩個年度的差異分析均是與上年度同期(即2020年1月1日至2020年12月31日)比較後的結論。

#### 4. 勞工準則

本集團重視人權及保護勞工 權益,我們於招聘及僱用員 過程中,嚴格遵守《中華人 共和國勞動法》、《中華人 共和國勞動合同法》、《僱 條例》、《僱用兒童規例》 《僱用青年(工業)規例》 其他適用的法律與規例,不容 許僱用童工及強制勞工。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

## IV. EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR PRACTICES (continued)

#### **4. Labor Standards** (continued)

The human resources department of the Group conducts background checks and reference checks in its hiring process to prevent any child labor. Besides, the Group has also implemented various measures to prevent any forms of forced labor, including prisoners, indentured servitude, bonded labor. For example, labor contract is signed by the employee on a fair and voluntary basis, ensure employees do not need to bear any onboarding costs, never deduct wages, benefits or property of employees, detention of employee's identity card or other identification documents is strictly prohibited, any form of physical abuse, assault, body search or insult, or forcing an employee to work by means of violence, threat or unlawful restriction of personal freedom are all forbidden. Employees' consent for work overtime is required to avoid involuntary overtime work, and the employees are compensated as appropriate in accordance with the applicable labor laws and regulations. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not involve in any violation of the laws and regulations related to the child and forced labor.

#### **Compliance**

During the Reporting Period, the Group was not involved in any non-compliance incidents relating to employment, health and safety, and labor standards that has a significant impact on the Group.

#### 四、 僱傭及勞工常規(續)

#### 4. 勞工準則(續)

本集團之人力資源部在招聘 猧程中進行背景及咨詢審查, 以防止聘請童工。此外,本集 團還嚴格執行各種措施,以防 止任何形式的強制勞工,包括 囚工、契約勞工、抵債勞工、 例如在平等自願的基礎上與 員工簽訂勞動合同;確保員工 入職時不需承擔任何僱傭費 用;絕不剋扣員工的工資、福 利或財產;絕不扣留身份證 或其他身份證明文件;嚴禁任 何形式的體罰、毆打、搜身或 侮辱行為,或以暴力、威脅或 非法限制人身自由等手段強 迫員工勞動。為了避免非自願 性加班,任何加班安排必須獲 得員工同意,並按照適用法律 法規給予員工補償。於報告期 內,本集團沒有違反任何與童 工和強制勞工有關的法律法 規。

#### 合規性

於報告期內,本集團沒有涉及與僱傭、健康與安全及勞工準則相關並對本集團有重大影響的已確認違法、違規事件。

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES

#### 1. Supply Chain Management

The Group conveys its concern on environmental issues to its suppliers and business partners, and expects them to implement similar practices. The Group also serves to maintain long-term, stable and strategic cooperative relationships with leading suppliers, and co-develops with its suppliers on the basis of equality and win-win situation.

We have established centralized procurement management manual to strictly control and monitor the procurement process relating to materials, engineering work and services. We have set up strict processes and requirements in respect of the management of approved suppliers, procurement methods, quality improvement, procurement contract, etc., in order to ensure the procurement processes are carried out following the principles of fairness, justice, openness, effectiveness, integrity and ethics, and to enhance efficiency and ensure good product and service quality. The centralized procurement team is responsible for establishing procurement policy and carrying out daily procurement work. The audit team conducts qualification evaluation and reviews the procurement process. The supervision team monitors the compliance of procurement process, handles reports and appeals relating to the procurement process, corrects violated behaviors and penalizes the employees for breaches.

#### 五、營運慣例

#### 1. 供應鏈管理

本集團向供應商及業務夥伴 傳達我們對環保事宜所採取 的措施及期望,冀盼大家能配 合本集團對社會履行社會責 任。我們希望與有實力的供應 商建立長期、穩定的戰略合作 關係,與供應商在平等、雙贏 的基礎上共同發展業務。

我們制定了集中採購管理手 冊,嚴格控制和監管採購物 資、工程與服務的過程,對於 合格供應商、採購方式、質量 改善、採購合同等方面的管理 皆設有嚴謹的流程與要求, 務使採購過程能符合公平、公 正、公開、效益、誠信、廉潔 的原則,提升效率及確保產品 與服務的品質。集中採購領導 小組負責制定採購政策及日 常採購工作,審核小組對採購 過程進行資格評定與審核,監 察小組監督採購過程的合規 性,處理與採購過程有關的舉 報與申訴,糾正違紀行為及處 罰違紀的員工。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

#### 1. Supply Chain Management (continued)

To accept new suppliers, we will pay visits to their business sites, and evaluate their certifications, internal management policies documents, work manual, operational status, etc. to make sure that they possess the capabilities in fulfilling the obligations. We also establish strict evaluation procedures for renewal of merchandise suppliers, and regularly compile statistics and review the performance of our suppliers, assess their capability, business status and operational results; in order to grasp the product sales situations and make appropriate adjustment to our strategies. The evaluation includes reviewing their market position, overall capability, product quality, supply performance, sales performance, quality service, business results; and conducting a comprehensive evaluation based on a combination of scores and text comments. The evaluation result is sent to management to ensure that the selected suppliers are competitive and possess recognized qualifications and good internal control system, stable quality, on-time delivery, laws and regulations compliance. We have established policies and procedures in supply chain management and provided various reporting channels for employees, suppliers, customers and other business partners to report any violations and suspected abuse one's authority for own interest. During the Reporting Period, the Group did not have significant issues relating to violations in this respect.

During the Reporting Period, the number and geographical distribution of the main suppliers that have business with the Group are as follows:

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 供應鏈管理(續)

於挑選新供應商時,我們需實 地考察供應商的業務地點, 審核它們的資質證明、內部管 理制度文件、工作指引、營運 狀況等,確保它們具有實力履 行責任。對於銷售商品供應商 的續用,我們亦設有嚴格的評 審制度,我們定期對供應商的 業績進行統計及調查,並對其 能力、發展狀況及營運業績等 進行考核,以便掌握商品銷售 情況,作出相應戰略調整。考 核內容包括行業地位、綜合實 力、商品品質、供貨業績、銷 售業績、品質服務、營業表現 等,結合計分制度和文字描述 對供應商進行全方位評估, 經審核檢查後上報管理層,確 保所選用的供應商具有競爭 力、具認可資格、有良好的內 部管理制度、品質穩定、準時 交貨、合法合規等。對於供應 鏈系統管理,我們設有嚴謹的 程序,讓員工、供應商、客戶 與我們業務有關的人士舉報 任何懷疑利用職務違法、違規 的行為。於報告期內,本集團 並無收到任何有關這方面的 嚴重違規報告。

於報告期內,與本集團有業務 往來的主要供應商數量及地 理分佈如下表:

For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止年度 For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>1</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月<sup>1</sup>

Mainland China 中國內地 Hong Kong 香港

**979** 889



#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

#### 1. Supply Chain Management (continued)

Note:

As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

#### 2. Product and Service Responsibility

The Group realizes that the department store and shopping center business not only need to guarantee high-quality goods, but also need to provide customers with high-quality services and establish good corporate image. Therefore, we follow the operating strategies and goals of each operating location, and observe the requirements of laws and regulations, market conditions, customers' needs and expectations and other information to establish our policy relating to quality. The Group pays attention to customers' needs, wins customers' confidence with highquality and distinctive products; cares about customers' feelings, provides services that exceed customers' expectations, and creates surprises for customers; protect its own image, promotes business innovation, and insists on adopting innovative methods to enhance customers' service experience; focus on trends; while leading the trend and advocating consumer spending on the mainstream culture, we also pay attention to the customers' experience. Every department, every employee of the Group, everything they did, and every word they said, altogether built the "Century Ginwa" brand. Both the front-line employees and back-office personnel uphold the Group's core value of "To do the best, and never change ", consistently implement each quality policy, provide customers with high-quality services and products, and instill the thoughts of "our action is customers' needs driven" among employees, so as to achieve a first-class enterprise brand image.

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 1. 供應鏈管理(續)

附注:

1 由於本集團於上年度更改了財政年度結算日,上年度之環境數據包含的年月1日至2020年12月31日的表現;為了提高兩個年度環境數據表明的可比性,本報告中所描述兩個年度的差異分析均是與上年度同期(即2020年1月1日至2020年12月31日)比較後的結論。

#### 2. 商品和服務責任

本集團意識到百貨商場與購 物中心業務不僅要保證商品 質素,更需要為顧客提供優質 服務和樹立良好企業形象, 因此我們根據各營運地點的 經營方針與目標,並結合法律 法規要求、市場狀況、消費者 需求與期望等信息,定立質量 方針。本集團關注顧客需求, 以品質優良、具特色的商品贏 取顧客信心;關心顧客感受, 提供超越顧客期望的服務, 為顧客創造驚喜的體驗; 關愛 自身形象,推動業務創新,堅 持採用創新方法以提升顧客 服務體驗;注重推崇時尚,在 引領時尚、倡導消費主流文化 的同時, 使顧客得到享受。本 集團各個部門、每位員工所做 的每一件事、説的每一句話都 是在努力締造「世紀金花」的 品牌,無論是前線員工或後勤 人員都秉持著本集團「至真 至極,始終不渝」的核心價值 觀,貫徹執行每個質量方針, 為客戶提供優質服務和高品 質商品,於員工之間樹立 [顧 客的需求是我們的行動指南」 的思想,以成就一流企業的品 牌形象。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

### 2. Product and Service Responsibility (continued)

#### **Customer Service**

In order to build up an image of excellent service, we established employees' handbook to strictly require our staff to pay attention to their appearance, phone manner, reception etiquette. conduct and behavior, dressing, job descriptions and requirements, and service greetings, etc. We have established service quality monitoring system to accurately evaluate the company's service quality, to promptly remediate problems found, and to provide customers with satisfactory services meeting their needs. When serving customers, every employee must abide by the Group's professional ethics, serve customers with sincerity, respect customers' national customs and religious beliefs, and should not judge people by appearance or comment on customers.

During the Reporting Period, the number of products and service related complaints received are as follows:

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 2. 商品和服務責任(續)

#### 顧客服務

於報告期內,本集團接獲關於 產品及服務的投訴數目如下 表:

For the Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日止年度 For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>1</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日止9個月<sup>1</sup>

421

Complaints received 接獲的投訴

Note:

As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

附注:

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1 由於本集團於上年度更 改了財政年度結算日,上 年度之環境數據包含由 2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提 高兩個年度環境數據表現 的可比性,本報告中所描 述兩個年度的差異分析均 是與上年度同期(即2020 年1月1日至2020年12月 31日)比較後的結論。

Century Ginwa Retail Holdings Limited Annual Report 2021

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

## 2. Product and Service Responsibility (continued)

#### **Product Quality**

The Group strictly implements the price policy, hoping to achieve "Fair trade, genuine products at fair price, and adequate measurement". In order to strengthen the quality management of merchandise and maintain the reputation of the malls, we have established the "Merchandise Quality Control Regulations" according to the national product safety standards. Before each type of merchandise are placed on the counter, the Operation Department have to check and accept the brand products according to the acceptance standards, and the Customer Service Department monitors the merchandise acceptance process including the appearance, shelf life, labels, safety, instructions for use, etc., to ensure the products provided by the suppliers comply with the national standards and our requirements, and at the same time, to prevent the inflow of fake or inferior merchandise and to protect the legitimate rights and interests of consumers.

#### Quality of Brand

In order to continuously strengthen the brand products quality monitoring, to maintain our reputation, to eliminate fake and shoddy goods, and to protect the consumer rights and interests by the Group; we follow the applicable local laws and regulations in brands and goods selection; and monitor and manage closely the brands and suppliers that we work with. We also establish supplier renewal system to ensure that the suppliers' merchandises are continuously kept at high quality.

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 2. 商品和服務責任(續)

#### 商品品質

本集 團嚴格執行價格政策, 希望達至「公平交易、貨真價 實、計量充足 |。為了加強銷 售商品的品質管理及維護商 場的信譽,我們按照國家的商 品安全標準,制定了「商品品 質管制規範 | ; 我們針對不同 類別的商品,於上櫃前,經營 部嚴格按照驗收標準對商品 進行驗收,並由顧客服務部監 督商品的驗收流程,驗收內容 包括外觀、品質、保質期、標 籤、安全、使用説明等,以確 保供應商提供的商品均能符 合國家和我們的要求,同時杜 絕假冒或劣質商品流入及保 護消費者的合法權益。

#### 經營品牌品質

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

## 2. **Product and Service Responsibility** (continued)

#### **Customers' Complaints**

Besides, continuous improvement is one of the key principles of the Group's quality management. We actively seek various opportunities to improve the quality of products and services, correct and reduce the adverse impact on the Group, to meet customer requirements. We, from time to time, conduct customer satisfactory survey to obtain feedbacks on our malls' reputation, merchandise and service quality, shopping environment, service facilities. goods pricing, etc. in the form of phone calls and on-site visit. We regularly review the number of customers' complaints received, analyze and evaluate our customers' comments and suggestions; and to formulate improvement plan to enhance our service quality. We remind our employees of the service image requirements and customers' feedback during morning assembly. We also use the customers' complaints as case sharing and employee training materials to strengthen the responsiveness of employees to customers' complaints and to give the customer better impression.

#### **Recall of Merchandises**

During the Reporting Period, the Group has no merchandises sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 2. 商品和服務責任(續)

#### 顧客投訴

此外,持續改進是本集團質量 管理的重要原則之一,我們積 極尋求各種改進產品與服務 質素的機會,糾正及減少對本 集團的不利影響,以滿足顧客 的要求。我們不時就商場信 譽、商品及服務質量、購物環 境、服務設施、商品價格等, 透過如電話回訪及現場攔訪 的方式進行顧客滿意度問卷 調查,定期統計顧客投訴個 案,對顧客的意見和建議進行 分析,制定改進方案,以改善 我們的服務質素;我們於每天 門店的晨會亦提醒員工有關 服務形象的要求及顧客對我 們的意見,亦會將所收集到的 顧客投訴個案,作為案例分享 與員工培訓材料,以加強員工 在遇到顧客投訴時的應變能 力,以及提高顧客對我們的印 象。

#### 回收商品

於報告期內,本集團沒有已售或已運送商品中因安全與健康理由而須回收的商品。

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

2. Product and Service Responsibility (continued)

## Intellectual Property Rights and Portrait Rights

The daily operations of the Group in shopping malls often involve the use of the others' intellectual property rights and portrait rights. In order to prevent infringement behaviors, we have established "Management Regulations Involving the Use of Others' Intellectual Property Rights and Portrait Rights in Propaganda", strictly regulate the pictures, celebrities portraits, copyrighted emoticons, text materials, fonts, video and audiovisual materials used by us and brand owners in promotion inside and outside the shopping malls, and through different media. Any promotion without the authorization from the owners are strictly prohibited. We also regularly organize training relating to the "Law of the People's Republic of China on Advertising", the "Law of the People's Republic of China on Copyright" and the applicable laws to strengthen the professional skills and litigation awareness of the employees.

#### Customers' Data Privacy

In order to strengthen our connection with customers, we have set up membership system since 2000, member services and concessions are given by member class; a customer service consultant is assigned to each of our senior members and focus on meeting the customer's personal preferences and needs; and we become the pilot enterprise in the Northwest Region. Confidentiality is one of the Group's core values. We set up management policies relating to information security, information system network, set up access right with information system to handle and store customers' information diligently and confidentially, and to protect customers' privacy. All employees are strictly prohibited to disclose any such information to third parties without proper authority unless there is a legal or professional right or duty to do SO.

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

2. 商品和服務責任(續)

#### 知識產權與肖像權

本集團於商場日常的經營中, 經常會涉及到使用他人的知 識產權及肖像權,為防範各種 可能會引致侵權的行為,我們 制定了「宣傳推廣中涉及使 用他人智慧財產權及肖像權 管理規範|,嚴格規管我們及 品牌商在商場內外及各種媒 體中宣傳時所使用的圖片、 明星肖像、有版權表情、文字 資料、字體、影視與影音資料 等,禁止任何未經持權方授權 的宣傳;我們亦定期組織開展 《中華人民共和國廣告法》、 《中華人民共和國著作權法》 等相關法律培訓,強化員工專 業技能和法律意識。

#### 顧客資料私隱

為加強與顧客的聯繫,本集團 早於2000年開始設立會員制 度,按照會員等級提供服務和 優惠,由客服顧問對高級會員 帳戶進行一對一維護,切合他 們的個人喜好和需求,成為西 北區域的先導企業。保密是本 集團的核心價值之一,對於信 息安全、信息系統網絡、信息 系統權限等方面,我們制定了 相關的管理制度,嚴謹及機密 處理與儲存龐大的會員資料 和保障顧客的私隱,除非是擁 有法律或專業權限或職責需 要,在未獲得適當授權下,員 工不得向第三方披露任何資 料。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

### 2. Product and Service Responsibility (continued)

#### Impact of the COVID-19

To cope with the COVID-19 epidemic, the Group has implemented a number of preventive measures to protect the health and personal safety of our customers and employees, and the details are as follow:

- Launched the "Emergency Plan for Epidemic Prevention and Control" and set up epidemic prevention and control team to cope with the situation of possible spread of epidemic in the shopping malls;
- Posted a reminder "Safety first at time of epidemic" in the malls;
- Put up posters to remind customers to keep a safe distance of 1.5 meters from the staff in the malls:
- Arranged staff at each entrance and exit to scan customers "One code pass".
   Customers can access the malls only after measuring body temperature and wearing face masks;
- Used spray disinfection to sterilize the public areas, public facilities, waste mask disposal point, etc. and increase the frequency of cleaning and sterilization during business hours;

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 2. 商品和服務責任(續)

#### 2019冠狀病毒病的影響

對於2019冠狀病毒病疫情, 為了保障顧客及員工健康及 生命安全著想,本集團於商場 內採取了多項防疫措施,詳情 如下:

- 啟動「疫情防控應急預案」及設立疫情防控小組,以應對於商場有可能引致疫情擴散的情況;
- 於商場貼上提示標語 「疫情當前,安全第 一」;
- 於商場貼上標語,提醒 顧客與商場內工作人 員保持1.5米的安全距 離;
- 安排工作人員於商場 各出入口為顧客登記, 要求顧客出示「一碼 通」進行掃瞄,工作人 員為顧客測量體溫及 檢查口罩後方可進店;
- 於營業時間內,使用噴灑消毒霧氣為公共區域、公共設施、廢棄口罩處置點進行消毒工作,增加清潔與消毒的頻次;

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

2. Product and Service Responsibility (continued)

**Impact of the COVID-19** (continued)

- Set up isolation rooms;
- Provided customers with anti-epidemic materials such as hand wash liquid soap and alcohol hand sanitizer;
- Set up waste anti-epidemic materials (such as masks) disposal point on each floor of the malls;
- The brand must sign "Epidemic prevention and control commitment letter" to ensure preventive and control work has been done, and can meet the relevant government requirements;
- Strictly followed sterilization requirements before delivery of merchandise, and carried out the four steps in packaging and sterilization, and reduced the frequency of goods delivery to ensure the safety of employees and customers.

#### Compliance

During the Reporting Period, the Group's products and services was not involved in significant issues relating to violations nor did the Group receive any complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy, loss of customer data, intellectual property rights and portrait rights.

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

2. 商品和服務責任(續)

#### **2019**冠狀病毒病的影響 (續)

- 設置隔離室;
- 為顧客提供洗手液及酒 精搓手液等防疫物資;
- 於商場各樓層設置防疫物品(如口罩)指定丢棄點;
- 品牌商必須簽署「疫情防控承諾書」,確保品牌商已進行防控及安全工作,並能滿足政府的相關要求;
- 商品在發貨前必須嚴格按照消毒要求,進行四步包裝程序及消毒操作;並盡量將發貨次數減少,確保員工及顧客的安全。

#### 合規性

於報告期內,本集團沒有涉及與商品及服務責任相關並對本集團有重大影響之已確認違法、違規事件,亦沒有收到關於違反顧客私隱、遺失顧客資料、知識產權與肖像權的投訴。

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

#### 3. Anti-corruption

Maintaining an ethical working environment is one of the Group's core values. We have adopted a zero-tolerance approach for all kinds of corruption, bribery and extortion situation. To comply with the "Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Prevention of Bribery Ordinance" enforced by the Hong Kong Independent Commission Against Corruption and other applicable laws and regulations, we set up internal management system to regulate employees' conduct. Offenders who request and accept bribes, obtain other illegal interests are heavily penalized, including termination of employment contracts, sent to the judicial authority (if violating local laws and regulations), and so on. We conduct anti-corruption training and case study each year and demand all personnel to build a habit of strict compliance with policies and procedures, and to prevent all bribery. During the Reporting Period, the Group organized "Honest Practice 'Ten Don'ts'" training to the staff.

We bring the disciplinary monitoring work in the business process, ensure that there are channels (including for reporting boxes, email and hotline) for reporting suspected cases of obtaining personal interests in carrying out one's job duties, briberies, extortion, fraud, money laundering in breach of policies, regulations, and laws in strict confidence to the Internal Control Department. We also set up suggestion box and reward employees who make good recommendations. We sign the anti-corruption agreements with suppliers. During the procurement and bidding processes, the Internal Control Department participates in the procurement and bidding work to monitor the compliance of each department

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 3. 反貪污

維持高道德標準的工作環境 是本集團核心價值之一,我們 對各種貪污、賄賂及勒索情況 採取零容忍態度。為了符合 《中華人民共和國刑法》、香 港廉政公署所執行的《防止 賄賂條例》和其他相關國家 的法律法規,因此我們制定了 內部管理制度,規範員工的 行為,對於索取、收受賄賂、 獲得其他非法利益等行為訂 明嚴厲的罰則,包括被公司終 上 勞動合同、送交司法機關處 理(如違反當地政府的法律法 規)等。我們還每年為員工進 行反貪污的培訓及案例分享, 要求所有員工養成嚴格遵守 規章制度的習慣,杜絕一切行 賄受賄行為。於報告期內,本 集團為員工組織了「廉潔從業 「十不准」」的培訓。

#### V. OPERATING PRACTICES (continued)

#### **3. Anti-corruption** (continued)

(such as bribery, receiving gifts and mis-behavior in the bidding process, etc.); the Internal Control Department also participates in the engineering work inspection process, and is responsible for monitoring whether the engineering companies are authorized, their employees' qualification, whether the equipment is consistent with the contract terms, and whether the company has executed the inspection according to the process, and so on. During the Reporting Period, the Group or its employees did not involve in any litigation cases of corruption.

#### VI. COMMUNITY INVESTMENT

The Group is committed to building the corporate culture of "open and creative, win-win, grace for the times and sincerely contributing to the society", advocate a green, energy-saving and safe lifestyle, and devoted to charitable activities to show our determination in taking up the social responsibility, to care for the people in need and to push on building a harmonious enterprise. During the Reporting Period, the Group delegated employees to support the frontline epidemic prevention work, donated epidemic prevention materials to people in need with an aim of putting in some effort in fighting against the epidemic.

The Group advocates the concept of sustainable development and jointly promotes regional economic development. The Group is a responsible taxpayer and offers job opportunities to local people. We paid "five insurances and housing provident fund" for staff in Mainland China and the mandatory provident fund contributions for staff in Hong Kong. We run our business following good practices; we actively promote green energy-saving and environmental friendly concepts; we set up a role model for the industry; and to some certain extent, we have contributed to social stability and building a harmonious community.

#### 五、營運慣例(續)

#### 3. 反貪污(續)

取禮物、開標流程不對的行為等);內控監查部還會參與不程驗收流程,負責監督工程方是否授權單位、工程人員的,因是否按照公司的驗收流程,以是否按照公司的驗收流沒有。於報告期內,並沒有涉及指控本集團或本集團或本集到方的訴訟案件。

#### 六、 社區投資

本集團秉承「開放創新、攜手共贏、 恩澤惠於時代、摯誠饋效社會」的企 業文化,倡導綠色節能安全的生活, 致力於公益事業,彰顯我們勇於 承擔社會責任,關愛有需要人士, 值目標,推進和諧企業建設。於報告 期內,本集團派遣員工支持前線抗疫 工作、捐贈抗疫物資予有需要人仕, 希望為抗疫工作出一分力。

本集團倡導可持續發展理念,共同促進地區的經濟發展。本集團依法經營納稅,協助緩解當地的就業壓力,為香港員工參加強積金計劃。我們一直保持良好的經營、積極推行節能綠色環保理念及營造良好的發制,在保持社會移序,是行業裡的榜樣,在保持社會行業設和諧社區方面,有一定的貢獻。

### 環境、社會及管治報告

## VII. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE DATA 七、環境數據表現摘要 SUMMARY

Groonhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions:	Unit 單位	For Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度	31 December 2020 <sup>5</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日
Greenhouse Gas ("GHG") Emissions: 溫室氣體: Scope 1 ¹:			
範圍一 <sup>1</sup> : Total 總量	Tonnes 噸	78.96	74.48
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes 噸	0.32	0.31
Scope 2 <sup>2</sup> : 範圍二 <sup>2</sup> :			
Total 總量	Tonnes 噸	23,157.44	23,666.65
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes 噸	94.22	99.55
Air Emissions: 廢氣總排放量:			
Nitrogen Oxides 氮氧化物	Kilograms 公斤	131.50	99.37
Sulfur Oxides 硫氧化物	Kilograms 公斤	0.19	0.21
Particulate Matters 顆粒物	Kilograms 公斤	6.40	5.56
Non-hazardous Wastes <sup>4</sup> : 無害固體廢物 <sup>4</sup> :			
Total 總量	Tonnes 噸	683.68	68.51
版里 Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes 噸	2.78	0.29
Packaging Materials Used for Merchandise: 商品所用包裝材料:			
Total 總量	Tonnes 噸	77.49	38.94
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Tonnes 噸	0.32	0.16

## VII. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE DATA 七、環境數據表現摘要 (續) SUMMARY (continued)

	<b>Unit</b> 單位	For Year Ended 31 December 2021 截至2021年 12月31日 止年度	For the Nine Months Ended 31 December 2020 <sup>5</sup> 截至2020年 12月31日 止9個月 <sup>5</sup>
Energy and Water Consumption: 天然資源消耗量: Electricity: 電力:			
モガ・ Total 總量	MWh 兆瓦時	25,956.71	25,851.60
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	MWh 兆瓦時	105.61	108.74
Diesel: 柴油:			
Total 總量	Liters 公升	7,769.00	7,739.62
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Liters 公升	31.61	32.55
Gasoline: 汽油:			
Total 總量	Liters 公升	4,462.53	3,968.28
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Liters 公升	18.16	16.69
Natural Gas: 天然氣:			
Total 總量	Cubic meters 立方米	24,754.00	19,884.00
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Cubic meters 立方米	100.72	83.64
Water Resources: 水資源:			
Total 總量	Cubic meters 立方米	189,604.43	175,618.36
Intensity <sup>3</sup> 密度 <sup>3</sup>	Cubic meters 立方米	771.48	738.70

#### 環境、社會及管治報告

## VII. ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE DATA SUMMARY (continued)

#### Notes:

- 1 Scope 1 refers to the Group's business direct GHG emission, including combustion of diesel, gasoline and natural gas.
- 2 Scope 2 refers to the Group's business indirect GHG emissions, including consumption of purchased electricity.
- 3 The above environmental performance data intensity is calculated based on 0.001 square meters (m²) of the floor area of the shopping malls and offices.
- During the Reporting Period, the non-hazardous solid waste was the construction waste generated from renovation work and the domestic waste produced by the employees of all shopping malls and offices. Domestic waste data is a multiple of average daily weight of waste produced by each person and the number of employees at month end.
- As the Group has changed its financial year end date last year, the environmental performance data in the previous period was from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020. In order to enhance the comparability of the two years' environmental performance data, the variance analysis in this Report is made by comparing the current period's data with that of the same period in last year (that is, from 1 January 2020 to 31 December 2020).

#### 七、環境數據表現摘要(續)

#### 附注:

- 1 範圍一是指本集團業務因直接使 用燃料而產生的溫室氣體排放, 包括燃燒柴油、汽油及天然氣。
- 2 範圍二是指本集團業務內部消耗 購回來的電力所引致的「間接能 源」溫室氣體排放。
- 3 以上環境表現數據的密度是按商場及辦公室的建築面積的0.001平方米進行計算。
- 4 於報告期內,無害固體廢物包含 裝修工程所產生的廢物,以及各 商場與辦公室員工所產生的生活 垃圾,生活垃圾數據是按照每人 每天平均產生的廢物重量乘以當 月月底的員工人數計算。
- 5 由於本集團於上年度更改了財政 年度結算日,上年度之環境數據 包含由2020年4月1日至2020年 12月31日的表現;為了提高兩個 年度環境數據表現的可比性,本 報告中所描述兩個年度的差異分 析均是與上年度同期(即2020年 1月1日至2020年12月31日)比較 後的結論。

#### VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED

八、 香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》

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Disclosure/KPIsReporting GuidelinePage一般披露/報告指引頁數

#### A. Environmental A.環境

#### Aspect A1 Emissions 層面A1 排放物

General Disclosure Information on: 73-76

(a) the policies; and

(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.

一般披露 有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、有害及無害

廢棄物的產生等的:

(a) 政策;及

(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

KPI A1.1The types of emissions and respective emissions data.75-76,122關鍵績效指標A1.1排放物種類及相關排放數據。

KPI A1.2 Direct (Scope 1) and energy indirect (Scope 2) greenhouse 80,87,122

gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.2 直接(範圍1)及能源間接(範圍2)溫室氣體排放量(以噸計

算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

KPI A1.3 Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where N/A<sup>1</sup>

appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume,

per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.3 所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以

每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

KPI A1.4 Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and, where 75

appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume,

per facility).

關鍵績效指標A1.4 所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以

每產量單位、每項設施計算)。

不適用1

### 環境、社會及管治報告

# VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境·社會及管治報告指 引》(*續*)

Disclosure/KPIs 一般披露/	Reporting Guideline	Page
關鍵績效指標	報告指引	頁數
	A. Environmental (continued) A. 環境(續)	
KPI A1.5	Description of emissions target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	76
關鍵績效指標A1.5	描述所訂立的排放量目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
KPI A1.6	Description of how hazardous <sup>1</sup> and non-hazardous wastes are handled, and a description of reduction target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	73-76
關鍵績效指標A1.6	描述處理有害¹及無害廢棄物的方法¸及描述所訂立的減廢目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
Aspect A2	Use of Resources	
層面 <b>A2</b> General Disclosure	資源使用 Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials.	77-93
一般披露	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	
KPI A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (MWh) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	87,123
關鍵績效指標A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量 (以兆瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility).	89,123
關鍵績效指標A2.2	總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	
KPI A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	78,87
關鍵績效指標A2.3	描述所訂立的能源使用效益目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。	
KPI A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency target(s) set and steps taken to achieve them.	88,89
關鍵績效指標A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及所訂立的用水效益	

目標及為達到這些目標所採取的步驟。

# VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (continued)

及應對行動。

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》(續)

General Disclosure/KPIs	Reporting Guideline	Page
一般披露/ 關鍵績效指標	報告指引	頁數
	A. Environmental (continued) A.環境 (續)	
KPI A2.5	Total packaging material used for finished products (in tonnes) and, if applicable, with reference to per unit produced.	122
關鍵績效指標A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產 單位佔量。	
Aspect A3 層面A3	The Environment and Natural Resources 環境及天然資源	
眉 <b>四A3</b> General Disclosure	根境及入然貝跡 Policies on minimising the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources.	93-94
一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策。	
KPI A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	93-94
關鍵績效指標A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理 有關影響的行動。	
Aspect A4 層面A4	Climate Change 氣候變化	
后面A4 General Disclosure	Policies on identification and mitigation of significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer.	94-95
一般披露	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策。	
KPI A4.1	Description of the significant climate-related issues which have impacted, and those which may impact, the issuer, and the actions taken to manage them.	94-95
關鍵績效指標A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜,	



#### 環境、社會及管治報告

# VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》(*續*)

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B. Social B.社會

Aspect B1 Employment and Labour Practices

層面B1 僱傭

General Disclosure Information on: 96-102

(a) the policies; and

(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare.

一般披露 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、

多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的:

(a) 政策;及

(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。

KPI B1.1 Total workforce by gender, employment type (for example, 97

full-or part-time), age group and geographical region.

關鍵績效指標B1.1 按性別、僱傭類型(如全職或兼職)、年齡組別及地區劃分的

僱員總數。

KPI B1.2 Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and

geographical region.

關鍵績效指標B1.2 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。

Aspect B2 Staff Health and Occupational Safety

層面B2 員工健康與職業安全

General Disclosure Information on: 101-106

(a) the policies; and

(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees

from occupational hazards.

一般披露 有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:

(a) 政策;及

(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。



# VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境·社會及管治報告指 引》(續)

Disclosure/KPIs 一般披露/	Reporting Guideline	Page
關鍵績效指標	報告指引	頁數
	B. Social (continued) B.社會(續)	
KPI B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities occurred in each of the past three years including the reporting year.	106
關鍵績效指標B2.1	過去三年(包括匯報年度)每年因工亡故的人數及比率。	
KPI B2.2 關鍵績效指標B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	105
KPI B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are implemented and monitored.	101-106
關鍵績效指標B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方 法。	
Aspect B3	Development and Training	
Aspect B3 層面B3 General Disclosure	發展及培訓 Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for	106-109
層面B3	發展及培訓	106-109
層面 <b>B3</b> General Disclosure	發展及培訓 Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。  The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle	106-109 108
<b>層面B3</b> General Disclosure 一般披露	<b>發展及培訓</b> Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。  The percentage of employees trained by gender and	
<b>層面B3</b> General Disclosure 一般披露  KPI B3.1	發展及培訓 Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策。描述培訓活動。  The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management). 按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層)劃分的受	



#### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND **GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY** THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG **LIMITED** (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》(續)

General Disclosure/KPIs **Reporting Guideline Page** 一般披露/ 關鍵績效指標 報告指引 頁數 **B. Social** (continued) B.社會(續) Aspect B4 **Labour Standards** 層面B4 勞工準則 109-110 General Disclosure Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour. 一般披露 有關防止童工或強制勞工的: (a) 政策;及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。 **KPI B4.1** Description of measures to review employment practices to 109-110 avoid child and forced labour. 描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。 關鍵績效指標B4.1 **KPI B4.2** Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when 109-110 discovered. 描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。 關鍵績效指標B4.2 **Aspect B5 Supply Chain Management** 層面B5 供應鏈管理 General Disclosure Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the 111-113 supply chain. 管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。 一般披露 **KPI B5.1** Number of suppliers by geographical region. 111-113 關鍵績效指標B5.1 按地區劃分的供應商數目。 **KPI B5.2** Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, 111-113 number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored.

描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數

目,以及相關執行及監察方法。



關鍵績效指標B5.2

# VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境·社會及管治報告指 引》(續)

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關鍵績效指標	報告指引	頁數
	B. Social (continued) B.社會 ( <i>續</i> )	
KPI B5.3	Description of practices used to identify environmental and social risks.	111-113
關鍵績效指標B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例, 以及相關執行及監察方法。	
KPI B5.4	Description of practices used to promote environmentally preferable products and services when selecting suppliers, and how they are implemented and monitored.	111-113
關鍵績效指標B5.4	描述在揀選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及 相關執行及監察方法。	
Aspect B6 層面B6	Product Responsibility 產品責任	
General Disclosure	Information on:  (a) the policies; and  (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of	113-119
一般披露	redress. 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的: (a) 政策:及 (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	
KPI B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	116
關鍵績效指標B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比。	
KPI B6.2	Number of products and service related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	114
關鍵績效指標B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	



### 環境、社會及管治報告

#### VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND **GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY** THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG **LIMITED** (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》(續)

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關鍵績效指標	報告指引	頁數
	B. Social (continued) B.社會(續)	
KPI B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	117
關鍵績效指標B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	
KPI B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	115
關鍵績效指標B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	
KPI B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored.	117
關鍵績效指標B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方 法。	
Aspect B7	Anti-corruption	
層面 <b>B7</b> General Disclosure	反貪污 Information on: (a) the policies; and	120-121
一般披露	(b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的: (a) 政策:及	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	
KPI B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the	121
關鍵績效指標B7.1	reporting period and the outcomes of the cases. 於報告期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案 件的數目及訴訟結果。	
KPI B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle-blowing procedures, and how they are implemented and monitored.	120-121
關鍵績效指標B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察方法。	

#### VIII. "ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND **GOVERNANCE REPORTING GUIDE" BY** THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG **LIMITED** (continued)

八、香港聯合交易所有限公司的 《環境、社會及管治報告指 引》(續)

Disclosure/KPIs 一般披露/	Reporting Guideline	Page
關鍵績效指標	報告指引	頁數
	B. Social (continued) B.社會(續)	
KPI B7.3	Description of anti-corruption training provided to directors and staff.	120
關鍵績效指標B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓。	
Aspect B8 層面B8	Community Investment 社區投資	
General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	121
一般披露	有關以社區參與來瞭解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活 動會考慮社區利益的政策。	121
KPI B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health, culture, sport).	121
關鍵績效指標B8.1	專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健康、文化、 體育)。	
KPI B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the focus area.	121
關鍵績效指標B8.2	在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	

Note:

附註:

The Group's main business is operating department stores, shopping centers and supermarkets. We did not generate any hazardous wastes.

本集團主要業務是經營百貨商 場、購物中心及超級市場,因此 沒有產生任何有害廢物。



#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### 獨立核數師報告



### Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Century Ginwa Retail Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Century Ginwa Retail Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 146 to 288, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Bermuda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

致世紀金花商業控股有限公司 各股東的獨立核數師報告

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

#### 意見

我們已審核載列於第146至288頁的世紀金花商業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,當中包括於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括主要會計政策概要)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈的香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」))實而公允地反映貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及貴集團截至,並已遵照香港公司條例之適用披露要求妥為編製。

#### 意見基準

#### 關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項指根據我們的專業判斷,在 我們對本期間綜合財務報表的審核中最重 要的事項。該等事項在我們對綜合財務報 表進行整體審核及就此達致意見時處理, 我們並不就此另外提供意見。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

關鍵審核事項(續)

Assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern 評估貴集團持續經營之能力

Refer to Note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements. 請參閱綜合財務報表附註2(b)。

The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

As at 31 December 2021 the Group had net current liabilities of RMB2,638,621,000 and incurred net loss of RMB381,443,000 and had net cash used in operating activities of RMB514,764,000 during the year ended 31 December 2021. Note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements explains how the directors of the Company have formed a judgement that the going concern basis is appropriate in preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貴集團之流動負債淨額 為人民幣2,638,621,000元,以及於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度產生虧損淨額人民幣381,443,000元 及經營活動所用現金淨額人民幣514,764,000元。綜合財 務報表附註2(b)解釋貴公司董事如何作出持續經營基準 乃貴集團綜合財務報表編製時適當之判斷。 How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審核中如何處理有關事項

Our audit procedures in respect of the directors' assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern included the following:

我們就有關董事評估貴集團持續經營能力的審核 程序包括以下各項:

- assessing and challenging the key assumptions used by management in the cash flow forecast (including annual sales growth rate, gross margin and necessary capital expenditure for retail business) and evaluating whether there were any indicators of management bias by comparing the key assumptions to forecast reviewed by management, historical performance and externally available information:
- 評估及質疑管理層於現金流量預測(包括年度銷售增長率、毛利率及零售業務所需資本開支)所採用之主要假設,並透過比較主要假設與管理層審閱之預測、過往表現及外部可得資料評估是否有任何管理層偏離之指標;
- comparing the cash flow forecast prepared in the prior year with the current year's performance of the Group to assess how accurate the prior year's cash flow forecast was and making enquiries of management as to the reasons for any significant variations identified;
- 將上年度編製之現金流量預測與貴集團本年度之表現進行比較,以評估上年度之現金流量預測之準確程度,並向管理層查詢已識別任何重大變動之原因;

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

Assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern (continued) 評估貴集團持續經營之能力 (續)

Refer to Note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements. (continued) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註2(b)。(續)

The Key Audit Matter (continued) 關鍵審核事項 (續) How the matter was addressed in our audit (continued)

我們的審核中如何處理有關事項(續)

The directors of the Company made their assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern by preparing a cash flow forecast in which certain key assumptions were applied. These key assumptions included forecasts of annual sales growth rate, gross margin and necessary capital expenditure for retail business and the availability of banking and other financing facilities as well as financial support from Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Qujiang Financial Holdings"), a state-owned enterprise, which is the controlling shareholder of Qujiang Cultural Financial International Investment Limited, a substantial shareholder of the Company. Based on the assessment, the directors concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

貴公司董事透過編製現金流量預測以應用若干主要假設,對貴集團持續經營之能力作出評估。該等主要假設包括年度銷售增長率、毛利率及零售業務必要資本開支之預測,以及可動用銀行及其他融資額度,以及來自西安曲江文化金融控股(集團)有限公司(「曲江金融控股」)之財務支持,該國企為曲江文化金融國際投資有限公司(貴公司主要股東)之控股股東。根據評估,董事認為,並不存在個別或整體可能會令貴集團持續經營能力造成重大疑慮的事件或情況相關的重大不確定性。

We identified going concern as a key audit matter because a significant degree of management judgement is involved in making this assessment and in forecasting the future cash flows of the Group which are inherently uncertain.

由於管理層在作出此評估及預測本集團內在不確定之未來現金流量時須作出重大判斷,故我們將持續經營視為主要審核事項。

- assessing the availability of banking and other financing facilities during the forecast period by inspecting relevant underlying documentation in relation to banking and other financing facilities and evaluating whether the financing facilities were sufficient to meet the Group's needs in the context of the cash flow forecast, taking into the account any breach of loan covenants which may trigger early repayment of loans;
- 考慮任何違反可能觸發提前償還貸款的貸款契約的情況,透過檢查有關銀行及其他融資額度的相關檔案評估預期期間銀行及其他融資額度的可獲得性,及評估融資額度是否足以滿足貴集團所需之現金流量預測;
- inspecting the letter of financial support from Qujiang Financial Holdings and assessing the intention of Qujiang Financial Holdings to provide such financial support, the legality and enforceability of the terms of the letter and the ability of Qujiang Financial Holdings to provide such financial support by inspecting financial information of Qujiang Financial Holdings;
- 檢查曲江金融控股的財務支持函,評估曲江金融控股提供財務支持的意向、函件條款的合法性及可執行性,以及通過檢查曲江金融控股的財務資料以評估其提供財務支援的能力;

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

Assessment of the Group's ability to continue as a going concern (continued) 評估貴集團持續經營之能力(續)

Refer to Note 2(b) to the consolidated financial statements. (continued) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註2(b)。(續)

The Key Audit Matter (continued) 關鍵審核事項 (續) How the matter was addressed in our audit (continued)

我們的審核中如何處理有關事項(續)

- obtaining from management sensitivity analyses of the key assumptions (including annual sales growth rate, gross margin and necessary capital expenditure for retail business) adopted in the cash flow forecast prepared by management and assessing the impact on the conclusions of the going concern assessment; and
- 獲取管理層對管理層編製之現金流量預測 所採納之主要假設(包括年度銷售增長率、 毛利率及零售業務所需之資本開支)之敏感 度分析,並評估持續經營評估結論之影響; 及
- assessing the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards.
- 參考現行會計準則之規定,評估綜合財務報表之相關披露。

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

### Assessment of impairment of goodwill and intangible assets 商譽及無形資產減值評估

Refer to Notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Notes 2(e) and (i).

請參閱綜合財務報表附註14及15以及附註2(e)及(i)的會計政策。

#### The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審核中如何處理有關事項

As at 31 December 2021, goodwill and intangible assets, which arose from business acquisitions of department store and supermarket operations in prior years, amounted to RMB309.8 million and accounted for approximately 4.3% of the Group's total assets at that date. Impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets of RMB72.0 million were recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB365.9 million).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,商譽及無形資產(因過往年度進行百貨商場及超級市場業務之業務收購而產生)達人民幣309.8百萬元,佔該日貴集團的總資產約4.3%。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之綜合損益表內已確認商譽及無形資產之減值虧損人民幣72.0百萬元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民幣365.9百萬元)。

The financial performance of the Group's department store and supermarket operations, as a consequence of a slow-down in economic growth in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC"), as well as intense competition from surrounding shopping malls and online retail sales, has underperformed management's expectations when these businesses were acquired, which has increased the risk that goodwill and intangible assets related to these business acquisitions may be impaired.

由於中華人民共和國(「中國」)經濟增長放緩及來自周邊購物中心與網上零售的競爭加劇,貴集團百貨商場及超級市場業務的財務表現低於管理層收購該等業務時的預期,增加了有關收購該等業務的商譽及無形資產可能減值的風險。

Our audit procedures to assess impairment of goodwill and intangible assets included the following:

我們評估商譽及無形資產減值的審核程序包括以 下各項:

- assessing and challenging the Group's identification of cash-generating units ("CGUs") and the allocation of goodwill, intangible assets and other assets to those CGUs;
- 評估及質疑貴集團對現金產生單位(「現金 產生單位」)的識別及向該等現金產生單位 分配商譽,無形資產及其他資產;
- assessing the reliability of management's cash flow forecasting process by comparing the previous year's forecasts with the current period's results, discussing significant variances with management and considering the effect of such variances on the current period's forecasts and if there was any indication of management bias;
- 透過將上一年度的預測與當期業績比較, 評估管理層現金流預測過程的可靠性,與管理層討論重大偏差,並考慮該偏差對當期預測的影響及是否存在任何管理層偏見的跡象;

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

**Assessment of impairment of goodwill and intangible assets** (continued) 商譽及無形資產減值評估(續)

Refer to Notes 14 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Notes 2(e) and (i). (continued)

請參閱綜合財務報表附註14及15以及附註2(e)及(i)的會計政策。(續)

The Key Audit Matter (continued) 關鍵審核事項 (續) How the matter was addressed in our audit (continued)

我們的審核中如何處理有關事項(續)

Management performs impairment assessments of the relevant CGUs to which goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated at the end of each reporting period. Management compares the carrying amount of each CGU with its recoverable amount, which is determined by assessing the value-in-use based on discounted cash flow forecasts.

管理層為每個於報告期末獲分配商譽及無形資產的有關 現金產生單位進行減值評估。管理層將各現金產生單位 的賬面值與其透過評估根據折現現金流量預測計算的使 用價值釐定的可收回金額進行比較。

The preparation of discounted cash flow forecasts involves the exercise of significant management judgement, in particular in forecasting revenue growth and operating profit and in determining appropriate discount rates.

編製貼現現金流預測涉及管理層作出重大判斷,尤其是在預測收益增長及經營溢利以及釐定適當的貼現率時。

We identified the assessment of impairment of goodwill and intangible assets as a key audit matter because the carrying value of goodwill and intangible assets are material to the consolidated financial statements, and also because management's forecasts of the future cash flows involve certain critical judgements in respect of the assumptions made, which are inherently uncertain and could be subject to management bias.

我們認為商譽及無形資產減值的評估是一項關鍵審核事項,原因是商譽及無形資產的賬面值對綜合財務報表屬重大,且管理層對未來現金流預測涉及有關所作出假設的若干關鍵判斷,而該等判斷本質上是不確定的,可能受到管理層偏見的影響。

- involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating management's valuation methodology and assessing the discount rate applied by comparison with the discount rates for similar companies in the same industry;
- 安排我們的內部估值專家協助我們評估管理層的估值方法,及以透過比較同行業類似公司的貼現率,評估所採納的貼現率;
- obtaining management's sensitivity analysis and challenging the key assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment assessments was most sensitive, including forecast revenue and forecast profit margins, and considering if there was any indication of management bias in the selection of these assumptions; and

獲取管理層的敏感度分析,質疑減值評估結果最敏感的關鍵假設(包括預測收益及預測利潤率),考慮是否有任何跡象顯示管理層在選擇該等假設時存在管理層偏見;及

- considering the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the impairment assessments and assessing the adequacy of the disclosures against prevailing accounting standards.
- 考慮就減值評估於綜合財務報表作出之披露,並評估按現行會計準則作出之披露是否 足夠。

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

### Valuation of land and buildings held for own use and investment properties 持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業估值

Refer to Notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Notes 2(g) and (h).

請參閱綜合財務報表附註12及13以及附註2(g)及(h)的會計政策。

#### The Key Audit Matter 關鍵審核事項

末重估,按其公允值入賬。

The Group is engaged in the operation of department stores, a shopping mall and supermarkets in the PRC. 貴集團主要從事在中國經營百貨商場、購物中心及超級市場。

The Group's land and buildings held for own use and investment properties are revalued at the end of each reporting period and are stated at their fair values. 貴集團持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業於各報告期

As at 31 December 2021, land and buildings held for own use and investment properties with aggregate fair value of RMB4,191.8 million accounted for approximately 58.1% of the Group's total assets at that date. No valuation adjustment on investment properties and surplus on revaluation of land and buildings held for own use of RMB106.1 million were recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year ended December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020 valuation loss of RMBNil and surplus on revaluation of land and buildings held for own use of RMB42.7 million).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,總公允值為人民幣4,191,800,000元的持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業佔該日貴集團總資產約58.1%。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,概無於綜合損益及其他全面收入表確認投資物業估值調整及持作自用之土地及樓宇之重估盈餘人民幣106.1百萬元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月估值虧損人民幣零元及持作自用土地及樓宇之重估盈餘人民幣42.7百萬元)。

### How the matter was addressed in our audit 我們的審核中如何處理有關事項

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of leasehold land and buildings held for own use and investment properties included the following:

我們評估持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業估值的審核程序包括以下各項:

- assessing the external property valuer's qualifications, expertise and experience and considering the external property valuer's objectivity and independence;
- 評估外部物業估值師的資格、專長及經驗, 並考慮其客觀性及獨立性;
- assessing whether the properties held by the Group were valued on a consistent basis using a consistent methodology by inquiry of management and the external property valuer and assessing whether the valuation methodology is appropriate with reference to the prevailing accounting standards;
- 透過詢問管理層及外部物業估值師評估貴 集團所持物業是否使用一致方法按一致基 準估值,以及參考現行會計準則,評估該評 估方法是否恰當;

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

#### 關鍵審核事項(續)

Valuation of land and buildings held for own use and investment properties (continued) 持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業估值(續)

Refer to Notes 12 and 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies in Notes 2(g) and (h). (continued)

請參閱綜合財務報表附註12及13以及附註2(g)及(h)的會計政策。(續)

The Key Audit Matter (continued) 關鍵審核事項 (續) How the matter was addressed in our audit (continued)

我們的審核中如何處理有關事項(續)

The fair values of land and buildings held for own use and investment properties were assessed by the board of directors based on independent valuations prepared by an external property valuer using certain estimates, which included comparable market prices.

持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業的公允值乃由董事會基於外部物業估值師使用若干估計(包括可資比較市場價格)編製的獨立估值而評估。

We identified the valuation of land and buildings held for own use and investment properties as a key audit matter because of the significance of their value to the Group's total assets and also because determining their fair values involve a significant degree of judgement.

我們認為持作自用之土地及樓宇以及投資物業的估值為 一項關鍵審核事項,原因是其價值對貴集團總資產屬重 大,且釐定其公允值涉及重大程度的判斷。

- involving our internal valuation specialists to assist us in assessing the valuations prepared by the external property valuer by evaluating the valuation methodology adopted and comparing the valuations with recent sales transactions of properties of the same type and in the similar location as the Group's properties which were subject to valuation; and
- 安排我們的內部估值專家協助我們評估外部物業估值師編製的估值,評估所採納的估值方法,比較估值及貴集團估值物業的類型及地點相同的物業的近期銷售交易;及
- considering the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in respect of the valuation of land and buildings held for own use and investment properties.
- 考慮綜合財務報表中有關持作自用之土地 及樓宇以及投資物業估值的披露。

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### 獨立核數師報告

## INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### 除綜合財務報表及核數師報告以 外的資料

董事對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報中包含的所有資料,但不包括綜合財務報表及我們就此的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見不涵蓋其他資料,且我們並不對此發表任何形式的保證結論。

就我們對綜合財務報表的審核而言,我們 的責任是閱讀其他資料,並同時考慮其他 資料是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審核過 程中獲得的了解存在重大不一致或看似被 重大錯報。

倘若基於我們進行的工作,我們認為該其 他資料存在重大錯報,則我們須報告該事 實。我們在此方面無任何發現可報告。

#### 董事對綜合財務報表的責任

董事負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港公司條例的披露規定編制綜合財務報表,以使綜合財務報表作出真實而公允的反映,及落實其認為必要的內部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯報。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事有責任評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,披露(如適用)與持續經營有關的事項,並使用持續經營會計基準(除非董事擬將 貴集團清盤或終止經營,或除此之外並無其他可行的選擇)。

董事在履行監督 貴集團財務報告程序的 職責時獲審核委員會協助。

## Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

#### 核數師審核綜合財務報表的責任

我們的目標是就綜合財務報表整體是否不存在重大錯報(不論因欺詐或錯誤導致)取得合理保證,並出具包含我們意見的核數師報告。本報告根據一九八一年百慕達公司法第90條僅向閣下提供,不得用於其他用途。我們概不就本報告的內容向其他任何人負有或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是一種高水平的保證,但並不保證按照香港審計準則進行的審核總能發現所存在的重大錯報。錯報可能因欺詐或錯誤而產生,如個別或整體合理預期可能影響用戶基於該等綜合財務報表作出的經濟決定,則屬重大。

作為按照香港審計準則進行審核的一部分,我們在整個審核期間作出專業判斷並 保持專業懷疑。我們亦:

- 識別及評估綜合財務報表中存在重大 錯報(不論因欺詐或錯誤導致)的風 險,設計及執行應對該等風險的審核 程序,並取得充分適當的審核證據, 為我們的意見提供基礎。未發現欺詐 導致重大錯報的風險高於錯誤導致重 大錯報的風險,原因是欺詐可能涉及 勾結、偽造、故意遺漏、虛假陳述或超 越內部控制。
- 取得與審核相關的內部控制的理解, 以設計適當的審核程序,但目的並非 對 貴集團內部控制的有效性發表意 見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的適當性及 所作出會計估計的合理性。

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

## 獨立核數師報告

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content
  of the consolidated financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial
  statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

## 核數師審核綜合財務報表的責任 (續)

- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報、結構及內容,包括披露及綜合財務報表是 否按實現公允列報的方式反映了相關交易及事件。
- 獲取有關 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料的充分適當的審核證據, 以對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監督及進行集團審核。我們仍然對我們的審核意見承擔全部責任。

我們就(其中包括)審核的規劃範圍及時間 與重大審核結果(包括我們在審核中發現 的內部控制重大缺陷)與審核委員會溝通。

我們亦向審核委員會提供一份聲明,表示 我們已遵守有關獨立性的相關道德要求, 並就合理可能導致對我們獨立性產生疑問 的所有關係及(如適用)採取行動消除威脅 或採取保障措施與審核委員會溝通。

# Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Cheung Tsz Chung.

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

31 March 2022

## 核數師審核綜合財務報表的責任 (續)

根據與審核委員會溝通的事項,我們認為 有關事項是對審核本期間綜合財務報表而 言最重要的事項,因此屬於關鍵審核事項。 我們在核數師報告中説明該等事項,除非 法律或法規禁止公開披露該事項,或(在極 少數情況下)由於其不利後果合理預期將 超過公開披露所帶來的公共利益,我們認 為該事項不應在我們的報告中披露。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是張子頌。

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二二年三月三十一日

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

## 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Renminbi ("RMB")) (以人民幣(「人民幣」)呈列)

		Note 附註	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Nine months ended 31 December 2020 截至 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止九個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Revenue	收益	4	494,280	397,021
Other income Cost of goods sold Sales and other taxes and surcharges Staff costs Depreciation expenses Utilities expenses Advertisement expenses Expected credit losses on trade and other receivables Impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets Other operating expenses	其他收入 貨品售成本 銷售及其他稅項及附加稅 員工舊用支 所工舊用支 所共時開東支 廣收收款預期 信譽及無他應收款預期 信譽及無形資產減值虧損 其他經營開支	5 19 6(b) 12 15 6(c)	10,371 (215,501) (16,897) (113,537) (156,145) (26,940) (11,599) (2,523) (72,000) (78,611)	12,164 (161,264) (15,334) (76,552) (116,028) (21,490) (8,048) (4,905) (365,855) (242,701)
Loss from operations	經營虧損		(189,102)	(602,992)
Net finance costs	財務費用淨額	6(a)	(169,760)	(115,798)
Loss before taxation Income tax	<b>除税前虧損</b> 所得税	6 7	(358,862) (22,581)	(718,790) 53,611
Loss for the year/period	年內/期內虧損		(381,443)	(665,179)
Attributable to:    Equity shareholders of the    Company    Non-controlling interests  Loss for the year/period	由以下人士應佔: 本公司股東 非控股權益 年內/期內虧損		(367,967) (13,476) (381,443)	(635,095) (30,084) (665,179)
Basic and diluted loss per share (RMB)	每股基本及攤薄虧損 (人民幣元)	11	(0.158)	(0.273)

The notes on pages 156 to 288 form part of these financial statements.

第156至288頁之附註乃組成該等財務報表 之部份。

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

		Note 附註	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Nine months ended 31 December 2020 截至 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止九個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Loss for the year/period	年內/期內虧損		(381,443)	(665,179)
Other comprehensive income for the year/period (after tax and reclassification adjustments):	年內/期內其他全面收益 (經扣除税項及重新分類 調整):			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Surplus on revaluation of land and buildings held for own use  - Equity securities at FVOCI-net movement in fair value reserve (non-recycling)	將不會重新分類至損益之項目: 一重估持作自用之土地及樓字盈餘 一按公允值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益之權益證券一公允值儲備(不可劃轉)變動淨額	10	79,904	16,988 (37,973)
			168,104	(20,985)
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  – Exchange differences on translation into presentation currency	期後可重新分類至損益之 項目: 一換算為呈列貨幣之 匯兑差額	10	(16,373)	15,026
			(16,373)	15,026
Other comprehensive income for the year/period	年內/期內其他全面收益		151,731	(5,959)
Total comprehensive income for the year/period	年內/期內全面收益總額		(229,712)	(671,138)

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income**

## 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

		Nine months
	Year ended	ended
	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
	截至	截至
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
	止年度	止九個月
Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Attributable to: 由以下人士應佔:

Equity shareholders of the Company

Non-controlling interests

**コス・スエ版 旧・** 本公司股東

非控股權益

(230,454)

(634,933)

**742** (36,205)

Total comprehensive income for the year/period

年內/期內全面收益總額

(229,712)

(671,138)

The notes on pages 156 to 288 form part of these financial statements.

第156至288頁之附註乃組成該等財務報表 之部份。

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

## 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

		Note 附註	At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Newscond	北法科次文			
Non-current assets Property and equipment Investment properties Intangible assets Goodwill	非流動資產       物業及設備       投資物業       無形資產       商譽	12 13 14 15	3,134,933 1,347,798 274,646 35,129	2,998,451 1,265,300 209,646 72,129
Prepayments for acquisition of properties and intangible assets Equity securities designated at fair value through other	收購物業及無形資產之 預付款項 指定為按公允值計量且其 變動計入其他全面收益之	17	1,982,153	1,655,682
comprehensive income (FVOCI) Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	權益證券 按公允值計量且其變動 計入損益之金融資產	18(a)	255,900	167,700
(FVPL) Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	18(b) 27(b)	16,639 11,537	14,307 13,976
			7,058,735	6,397,191
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	19	24,523	34,516
Trade and other receivables	應收賬款及其他應收款	20	59,595	237,430
Prepayments	預付款項	2.4	30,072	21,805
Cash at bank and on hand	銀行結存及手頭現金	21	36,520	393,556
			150,710	687,307
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables	應付賬款及其他應付款	22	416,496	812,122
Contract liabilities	合同負債	23	134,955	101,893
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	24(a)	2,151,486	1,766,455
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	25	50,223	
Income tax payable	應付所得税	27(a)	36,171	36,632
			2,789,331	2,733,966
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(2,638,621)	(2,046,659)
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		4,420,114	4,350,532

## **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

## 綜合財務狀況表

At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

			At 31 December 2021	At 31 December 2020
		Note	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i>	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i>
		附註	人民幣千元	
Non-current liabilities Long-term provisions Bank and other borrowings Lease liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	非流動負債 長期撥備 銀行及其他借貸 租賃負債 遞延税項負債	20(b) 24(b) 25 27(b)	288,593 1,459,576 233,679 630,006	288,593 1,349,000 64,078 610,889
			2,611,854	2,312,560
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		1,808,260	2,037,972
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>股本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	28	199,369 1,557,514	199,369 1,787,968
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the	本公司股東應佔權益總額			
Company Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		1,756,883 51,377	1,987,337 50,635
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		1,808,260	2,037,972

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 經董事會於二零二二年三月三十一日批准 31 March 2022.

及授權刊發。

Huang Shunxu	Qin Chuan
黄順緒	秦川
Chairman	Director
主席	董事

The notes on pages 156 to 288 form part of these financial statements.

第156至288頁之附註乃組成該等財務報表 之部份。

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

## 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

Attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

						7	本公司股東應信	5					l	
				Share held										
				under share			Property	Fair value					Non-	
			Share	award	Capital	Contributed	revaluation	reserve (non-	Statutory	Exchange	Accumulated		controlling	Total
		Share capital	premium	scheme	reserve	surplus	reserve	recycling)	reserves	reserve	losses	Total	interests	equity
				根據股份獎										
				勵計劃持有			物業重估	公允值儲備					非控股	合計
		股本	股份溢價	之股份	資本儲備	繳入盈餘	儲備	(不可劃轉)	法定儲備	匯兑儲備	累計虧損	合計	權益	權益
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		(Note	(Note	(Note	(Note	(Note	(Note	(Note	(Note	(Note				
		28(c))	28(d)(i))	28(d)(ii))	28(d)(iii))	28(d)(iv))	28(d)(v))	28(d)(vi))	28(d)(vii))	28(d)(viii))				
		(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註	(附註				
		28(c))	28(d)(i) )	28(d)(ii) )	28(d)(iii) )	28(d)(iv))	28(d)(v))	28(d)(vi) )	28(d)(vii) )	28(d)(viii) )				
Balance at 31 March 2020	於二零二零年													
	三月三十一日結餘	199,369	1,136,595	(2,922)	(72,414)	995,255	1,153,501	(110,619)	129,585	95,900	(902,372)	2,621,878	86,840	2,708,718
	本期間權益變動:													
period:														
Loss for the period	期內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(635,095)	(635,095)	(30,084)	(665,179)
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	-	-	-			16,988	(31,852)	-	15,026		162	(6,121)	(5,959)
	期內全面收益總額													
for the period		-					16,988	(31,852)	-	15,026	(635,095)	(634,933)	(36,205)	(671,138)
Termination of share award	終止股份獎勵計劃(見													
scheme (see Note 26(a))	附註26(a))	-	-	2,922	(2,530)	-	-	-	-	-	-	392	-	392
	,													
Balance at 31 December	於二零二零年													
2020	+二月三十一日													
	結餘	199,369	1,136,595	_	(74,944)	995,255	1,170,489	(142,471)	129,585	110,926	(1,537,467)	1,987,337	50,635	2,037,972

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

## 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

		Share capital 股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(c)) (附註	Share premium  股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(i)) (附註	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(iii)) (附註	Contributed surplus	reserve 物業重估 儲備 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(v)) (附註	Fair value reserve (non- recycling) 公允值儲備 (不可劃轉) <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(vi)) (附註	Statutory reserves 法定儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(vii)) (附註	reserve 匯兑儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(viii)) (附註	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total equity 合計 權益 RMB'000 人民幣千元
		28(c))	28(d)(i) )	28(d)(iii) )	28(d)(iv))	28(d)(v))	28(d)(vi) )	28(d)(vii) )	28(d)(viii) )				
Balance at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日 結餘	199,369	1,136,595	(74,944)	995,255	1,170,489	(142,471)	129,585	110,926	(1,537,467)	1,987,337	50,635	2,037,972
Changes in equity for the year:	本年度權益變動:												
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	本年度虧損 其他全面收益	-	-	-	-	- 79,904	73,982	-	(16,373)	(367,967)	(367,967) 137,513	(13,476) 14,218	(381,443) 151,731
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額	-	-	-	-	79,904	73,982	-	(16,373)	(367,967)	(230,454)	742	(229,712)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日結餘	199,369	1,136,595	(74,944)	995,255	1,250,393	(68,489)	129,585	94,553	(1,905,434)	1,756,883	51,377	1,808,260

The notes on pages 156 to 288 form part of these financial statements.

第156至288頁之附註乃組成該等財務報表 之部份。

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

		Note 附註	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Nine months ended 31 December 2020 截至 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止九個月 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Operating activities	經營活動			
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		(358,862)	(718,790)
Adjustments for:	調整:			, ,
Depreciation expenses	折舊開支	12	156,145	116,028
Expected credit losses on trade	應收賬款及其他應收款預期			
and other receivables	信貸虧損		2,523	4,905
Impairment losses on goodwill	商譽及無形資產減值虧損			
and intangible assets		15	72,000	365,855
Net loss on disposal of property	處置物業及設備之虧損淨額	C(s)	0.422	2 100
and equipment Interest income	利息收入	6(c) 5	9,433 (5,339)	3,198 (11,264)
Dividend income	股息收入	5	(2,700)	(900)
Net finance costs	財務費用淨額	6(a)	169,760	115,798
Change in fair value of financial assets measured at FVPL	按公允值計量且其變動計入 損益之金融資產之公允值	O(G)	105,700	113,730
	變動		(2,332)	_
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Decrease/(increase) in inventories Increase in trade and other	存貨減少/(增加) 貿易及其他應收款項之增加		9,993	(6,954)
receivables			(201,005)	(170,763)
Decease in restricted cash at bank Decrease in trade and other	受限銀行現金減少 應付賬款及其他應付款之减		428	26,292
payables	少		(370,207)	(177,377)
Increase in contract liabilities	合約負債之增加		33,062	17,393
Increase in long-term provisions	長期準備金之增加			194,547
Net cash used in operations	經營所用現金淨額		(487,101)	(242,032)
Income tax (paid)/refunded	(已付)/已退還所得税	27(a)	(27,663)	610
Net cash used in operating activities	經營活動所用現金淨額		(514,764)	(241,422)

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

				Nine months
			Year ended	ended
			31 December	31 December
			2021	2020
			截至	截至
			二零二一年	二零二零年
			十二月三十一日	
			止年度	止九個月
		Note 附註	RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000
		門頂主	人氏带十元	人民幣千元
Investing activities	投資活動			
Payments for the purchase of	購置物業及設備付款			
property and equipment			(4,483)	(3,155)
Proceeds from disposal of property	處置物業及設備之		, , ,	, , ,
and equipment	所得款項		161	471
Payments for the purchase of	購買按公允值計量且其變動計			
financial assets measured at FVPL	入損益之金融資產之付款		_	(14,307)
Interests received	已收利息		5,339	11,264
Dividends received from the equity	從指定為按公允值計量且其變			
securities designated at FVOCI	動計入其他全面收益之權益			
	證券中獲得的股息		2,700	900
Net cash generated from/(used	投資活動所得/(所用)			
in) investing activities	現金淨額		3,717	(4,827)
Financian activities	副次迁乱			
Financing activities  Capital element of lease rentals	融 <b>資活動</b> 已付租金之資本部分			
Capital element of lease rentals paid	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	21(b)	(67,610)	(21,644)
Interest element of lease rentals	已付租金之利息部分	2 I (D)	(07,010)	(21,044)
paid		21(b)	(9,442)	(4,098)
Proceeds from new bank loans	新增銀行貸款所得款項	21(b)	830,000	717,984
Proceeds from new other	新增其他借貸所得款項	2 / (2)	020,000	7 1 7 7 5 5 1
borrowings		21(b)	1,740,977	1,640,000
Proceeds from termination of share	終止股份獎勵計劃所得款項	` '		, ,
award scheme	/ / / / / / / / / / / / / /	21/1-)	(4.200.072)	392
Repayment of other barrowings	償還銀行貸款 償還其他借貸	21(b)	(1,296,072)	(1,645,862)
Repayment of other borrowings  Decrease in restricted cash at bank	受限銀行現金減少	21(b) 21(a)	(832,727) 281,885	(288,951) 160,193
Other finance costs paid	其他已付融資成本	21(a) 21(b)	(210,578)	(232,148)
other illiance costs paid	六心しり極其水牛	21(0)	(210,378)	(232,140)
Net cash generated from	融資活動所得現金淨額			
financing activities			436,433	325,866

## **Consolidated Cash Flow Statement**

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB) (以人民幣呈列)

				Nine months
			Year ended	ended
			31 December	31 December
			2021	2020
			截至	截至
			7	二零二零年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
			止年度	
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元_
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目之淨(減少)/增加		(74,614)	79,617
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year/period	年/期初現金及現金 等值項目	21(a)	104,966	25,731
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣兑換率變動之 影響		(109)	(382)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year/period	年/期末現金及 現金等值項目	21(a)	30,243	104,966

The notes on pages 156 to 288 form part of these financial statements.

第156至288頁之附註乃組成該等財務報表 之部份。



## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

Century Ginwa Retail Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Bermuda on 8 August 2000 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981. The shares of the Company were listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on 23 October 2000. The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"). The principal activities of the Group are the operation of department stores, a shopping mall and supermarkets in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC").

On 1 December 2019, Maritime Century Limited ("MCL", the then substantial shareholder of the Company, and a company wholly-owned by Ginwa Investments Holding Group Limited ("Ginwa Investments"), which in turn is owned as to 96% by Mr. Wu Yijian), Ginwa Investments and Mr. Wu Yijian entered into a sale and purchase agreement (the "SPA") with Xi'an Qujiang Cultural Financial Holdings (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Qujiang Financial Holdings") and Qujiang Cultural Financial International Investment Limited ("Qujiang Investment", and together with Qujiang Financial Holdings, the "Purchasers"), pursuant to which MCL agreed to dispose of, and the Purchasers agreed to purchase, 336,166,156 ordinary shares in the Company each with a nominal value of HK\$0.10 (the "Sale Shares") at a consideration of HK\$0.2123 per Sale Share, equivalent to an aggregate consideration of HK\$71,368,075. On 5 June 2020, all the conditions precedent in the SPA were satisfied or waived, and the sale and purchase of the Sale Shares under the SPA was completed (the "Completion"). Following the Completion, Quijang Investment became a substantial shareholder of the Company, holding 29.24% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company.

#### 1 公司資料

世紀金花商業控股有限公司(「本公司」)於二零零零年八月八日根據百萬達一九八一年公司法於百慕達註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。本公司之股份於二零零零年十月二十三日起已在所」)上市。本公司截至二零二一年分割,上市。本公司截至二零二一年資之結本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本學園」)。本集團之主要業務為於中華人民共和國(「中國」)經營百貨商場、購物中心及超級市場。

於二零一九年十二月一日, Maritime Century Limited(「MCL」,本公司當 時之主要股東及為由金花投資控股 集團有限公司(「金花投資」)全資擁 有之公司,金花投資由吳一堅先生持 有96%權益)、金花投資及吳一堅先 生與西安曲江文化金融控股(集團) 有限公司(「曲江金融控股」)及曲江 文化金融國際投資有限公司(「曲江 投資」,與曲江金融控股統稱為「買 方」)訂立買賣協議(「買賣協議」), 據此MCL同意出售,買方同意購買 336,166,156股每股面值0.10港元之 本公司普通股股份(「銷售股份」), 代價為每股銷售股份0.2123港元, 相當於總代價為71,368,075港元。於 二零二零年六月五日,買賣協議之所 有先決條件均獲達成或豁免,而買賣 協議項下之股份之買賣已完成(「完 成一)。完成後,曲江投資已成為本公 司之主要股東,持有本公司已發行普 通股股份之29.24%。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current accounting period reflected in these financial statements.

## (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

Pursuant to a resolution passed by the board of directors of the Company dated 3 September 2020, the Company's financial year end date has been changed from 31 March to 31 December. Accordingly, the current financial statements will cover a financial year from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. The comparative figures (which cover the financial period from 1 April 2020 to 31 December 2020) for the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement and related notes are not comparable with those of the current year.

#### 2 會計政策變動

#### (a) 遵例聲明

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干香港財務報告準則修訂,並於本集團之本期會計期間首次生效或可供提早採納。首次應用該等與本場團有關之香港財務報告準則所引致當前及以往會計期間之會計政策變動,已反映於該等財務報表內,有關資料列載於附註2(c)。

#### (b) 財務報表編製基準

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except for investments in equity securities (see Note 2(f)), land and buildings held for own use (see Note 2(g)) and investment property (see Note 2(h)) which are stated at their fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in Note 3.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (b) 財務報表編製基準(續)

除按公允值呈列之權益證券投資 (見附註2(f))、持作自用之土地 及樓宇(見附註2(g))及投資物 業(見附註2(h))外,該等財務報 表編製時是以歷史成本作為計量 基準。

管理層會不斷審閱各項估計和相關假設。倘若會計估計之修訂只影響某一期間,其影響便會在該期間內確認,或如果修訂對當期和未來期間均有影響,則在作出修訂之期間和未來期間確認。

有關管理層在應用香港財務報告 準則時所作出對財務報表有重大 影響之判斷,以及估計不確定性 之主要來源載述於附註3。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

## (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had net current liabilities of RMB2,638,621,000 and incurred net loss of RMB381,443,000 and had net cash used in operating activities of RMB514,764,000 during the year ended 31 December 2021. However, the directors of the Company do not consider that material uncertainties related to events or conditions exist which, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. This is because based on a cash flow forecast of the Group for the twelve months ending 31 December 2022 prepared by the management, which has taken into account:

- the Group has obtained a short-term loan from a bank of RMB90,000,000 after the end of the reporting period;
- the Group has obtained a financial support letter from Qujiang Financial Holdings (the controlling shareholder of Qujiang Investment), a state-owned enterprise, who has agreed to provide loan facility of RMB3 billion to the Group and provide guarantees for the loan facilities from banks or any other financial institutions. Also, Qujiang Financial Holdings has agreed to extend its short-term loans granted to the Group of RMB1,221,486,133 (see Notes 24(a) and 32(a)) when they fall due. The directors are of the opinion the Group is highly dependent on the financial support of Qujiang Financial Holdings for at least twelve months from the end of the reporting period;

The directors of the Company are of the opinion that the Group will have adequate funds to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due for at least twelve months from the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 on a going concern basis.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (b) 財務報表編製基準(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團之流動負債淨額為及 民幣2,638,621,000元,以 截至二零二一年十二月三 日出年度產生虧損淨營活動, 381,443,000元及經營活動, 現金淨額人民幣514,764,000 元。然而,本公司董可能動大不存 個別就會可能 事件或情況相關的重大不 團持續經營能力造成重大不 團持續經營能力 事件或情況相關的重大不 與 事件或情況相關的重大不 編 事件或情況相關的重大不 編 十二日止十二個 三十一日止十二個 預測,其已考慮:

- 於報告期末後,本集團已 自一間銀行取得短期貸款 人民幣90,000,000元;

本公司董事認為,本集團將有足 夠資金應付其自報告期末起至 少十二個月到期之負債。因此, 董事認為,按持續經營基準編製 本集團截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之財務報表乃屬 適當。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (c) Changes in accounting policies

The Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA to these financial statements for the current accounting period:

- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS
   7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16, Interest rate benchmark reform phase 2
- Amendment to HKFRS 16, COVID-19-related rent concessions beyond 30 June 2021

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16, Interest rate benchmark reform – phase 2

The amendments provide targeted reliefs from (i) accounting for changes in the basis for determining contractual cash flows of financial assets, financial liabilities and lease liabilities as modifications, and (ii) discontinuing hedge accounting when an interest rate benchmark is replaced by an alternative benchmark rate as a result of the reform of interbank offered rates ("IBOR reform"). The amendments do not have an impact on these financial statements as the Group does not have contracts that are indexed to benchmark interest rates which are subject to the IBOR reform.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (c) 會計政策變動

本集團已對本會計期間之該等財 務報表應用下列香港會計師公會 頒佈之香港財務報告準則之修 訂:

- 香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號、香港會計準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂,「利率基準改革一第2階段」
- 香港財務報告準則第16號 之修訂,「於二零二一年六 月三十日後之COVID-19相 關租金減免」

本集團並無應用於當前會計期間 尚未生效的任何新準則或詮釋。 採納經修訂香港財務報告準則之 影響討論如下:

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號之修訂「利率基準改革一第2階段」

該等修訂提供有針對性的補償,包括(i)將釐定金融資產、金融資產、金融資產、金融資產、金融質量負債合約現金流(ii)當數人與一個人。 本基準因銀行同業拆息改革,當一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學的一個人。 對於不數學。 對於不數學。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity interests in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those equity interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those equity interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司為本集團控制之實體。 倘本集團從其參與實體業務而受 到或有權享有可變回報並有能力 運用其對該實體之權力影響該等 回報,則本集團對該實體擁有控 制權。在評估本集團是否擁有權 力時,僅會考慮(本集團及其他 方所持有)實質性權力。

於附屬公司的投資於綜合財務報表內從控制開始日起至控制完結日止綜合處理。集團內結餘、交易及現金流量以及集團內結餘就是的任何未變現溢利於編製內之財務報表時全數剔除。集團內於親與內未變現收益之方法剔除,但只限於無減值情況,方會進行。

非控股權益指本公司並無直接或間接擁有的附屬公司股權,而就權,而未集團並無與該等股權之持有人達成令本集團整體上要為該等符合為金融負債定義的任何附加條款。就每一項業務合併而言等的。就每一項業投公允值或按循數屬公司之可識別資產淨值比例計量任何非控股權益。

非控股權益列示於綜合財務狀況 表之權益項下,以與歸屬於本公 司股東應佔權益區分。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the period between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's equity interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire equity interests in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. Any equity interests retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see Note 2(k)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

於本集團業績內之非控股權益作 為期內分配予非控股權益與本公 司股東之總溢利或虧損及全面收 益總額在綜合損益表及綜合損益 及其他全面收益表中列示。

本集團於一間附屬公司之並無導致失去控制權股權變動列作權益交易,並對綜合權益中之控股及非控股權益之金額作出調整,以反映有關權益之變動,惟概無對商譽作出任何調整及並無確認任何損益。

倘本集團失去一間附屬公司之控 制權,則將入賬列作處置其於該 附屬公司之全部權益,由此產生 認。於失去控制權當日仍保按 前附屬公司之任何權益乃按 值確認,而該款項將視為於 值確認一項金融資產時之公司 或 (如適用)於一間聯營公司 。 營企業之投資被初步確認時之 成本。

在本公司之財務狀況表內,於一間附屬公司之投資乃以成本減減值虧損(見附註2(k))列賬,除非該投資被分類為持作出售之投資。

## 財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

#### (e) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of:

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interests in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see Note 2(k)).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

#### (f) Investments in equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associate and joint venture, are as follows:

Investments in equity securities are recognised/ derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (e) 商譽

商譽指:

- (i) 所轉讓代價之公允值、於 被收購方之任何非控股權 益之金額及本集團先前持 有被收購方權益之公允值 之總額:超過
- (ii) 於收購日期所計量之被收 購方之可識別資產及負債 之淨公允值。

倘(ii)高於(i),則此超出部份即時 於綜合損益表確認為議價購買收 益。

商譽是以成本減累計減值虧損列 賬。業務合併產生之商譽被分配 至預期可從合併之協同效益中獲 益之各現金產生單位或現金產生 單位之群組,並每年進行減值測 試(見附註2(k))。

於年內出售現金產生單位時,任何應佔購入商譽金額會計入出售損益。

#### (f) 股本證券投資

本集團之權益證券投資政策(於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業之投資除外)如下:

權益證券投資於本集團承諾購買/出售投資之日確認/終止確認。相關投資初始按公允值加直接應佔交易成本入賬,惟按公允值計量且其變動計入損益的投資除外,該等投資的交易成本直接於損益確認。該等投資其後視乎其分類按以下方式入賬。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (f) Investments in equity securities (continued)
  - (i) Investments other than equity investments

    Non-equity investments held by the Group
    are classified into one of the following
    measurement categories:
    - amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method (see Note 2(u)(vi)).
    - fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) - recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
    - FVPL if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

- (f) 股本證券投資(續)
  - (i) 權益投資以外的投資

本集團持有之非權益投資 乃按以下其中一種計量類 別進行分類:

- 如持有投資是為了收取僅代表支付本金和利息之合約現金流,則按攤銷成本計量。投資之利息收入乃按實際利率法計算(見附註2(u)(vi))。
- 如投資之合約現金流 僅包括支付本金及利 息,並且持有投資之 業務模式乃以收取合 約現金流及出售為目 標,則以按公允值計 量且其變動計入其他 全面收益(可劃轉) 計量。公允值之變動 於其他全面收益內 確認,惟預期信貸虧 損、利息收入(以實 際利率法計算)及匯 兑損益於損益中確認 除外。當終止確認投 資時,於其他全面收 益累計之金額則從權 益劃轉至損益。
- 如投資不能符合按攤 銷成本或按公允直 量且其變動計入其他 全面收益(可劃轉) 計量之標準,則以變 公允值計量且其變動 計入損益。投資人 允值變動(包括利息) 於損益中確認。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### (f) Investments in equity securities (continued)

#### (ii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrumentby-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained profits. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(u)(v).

#### (g) Property and equipment

Land and buildings held for own use are stated at their revalued amount, being their fair values at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation.

Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amounts of these assets do not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the end of the reporting period.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (f) 股本證券投資(續)

#### (ii) 權益投資

權益證券投資均會被分類 為按公允值計量且其變動 計入損益,除非該權益投 資並非持作買賣,且本集 團在初步確認投資時選擇 將投資指定為按公允值計 量且其變動計入其他全面 收益(不可劃轉),以致後 續公允值變動於其他全面 收益確認。該項選擇乃以 逐項工具之基礎上作出, 惟只有當投資符合發行人 角度下之權益定義時方可 作出。倘作出此選擇,則在 該項投資被出售前,於其 他全面收益中累計之金額 仍保留在公允值儲備(不 可劃轉)。在出售時,於公 允值儲備(不可劃轉)中 累計之金額會轉入保留溢 利,不會劃轉至損益。其不 會於損益中回收。根據附 註2(u)(v)所載政策,來自權 益證券投資之股息,不論 是否分類為按公允值計量 且其變動計入損益或按公 允值計量且其變動計入其 他全面收益,均於損益中 確認為其他收入。

#### (g) 物業及設備

持作自用之土地及樓宇乃按其重估金額(即其於重估日期之公允值減任何其後累計折舊)列賬。

重估乃充分地定期進行,以確保 該等資產賬面值不會與報告期末 採用公允值所釐定者有重大出 入。

## 財務報表附註

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (g) Property and equipment (continued)

Changes arising on the revaluation of land and buildings held for own use are generally dealt with in other comprehensive income and are accumulated separately in equity in the property revaluation reserve. The only exceptions are as follows:

- when a deficit arises on revaluation, it will be charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the amount held in the reserve in respect of that same asset immediately prior to the revaluation; and
- when a surplus arises on revaluation, it will be credited to profit or loss to the extent that a deficit on revaluation in respect of that same asset had previously been charged to profit or loss.

Residential properties held for own use and other items of property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal. Any related revaluation surplus is transferred from the property revaluation reserve to retained profits and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (g) 物業及設備(續)

重估持作自用之土地及樓宇時產 生之變動一般於其他全面收益中 處理並單獨於物業重估儲備之權 益內累計。惟下列情況例外:

- 倘在重估時產生虧絀,則 緊接於重估前在該項虧絀 超過儲備內列於同一資產 項下之數額之情況下,有 關虧絀之超出部份將會在 損益中扣除;及
- 倘在重估時產生盈餘,則 在有關同一資產之重估虧 絀以往在損益中扣除之情 況下,該筆盈餘將以曾扣 除之虧絀為限計入損益 中。

持作自用之住宅物業以及物業及設備之其他項目按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損(見附註2(k))列賬。

物業及設備自建項目之成本包括 材料及直接勞工、最初估計的相 關拆除、移動以修復該項目所在 處的成本。

報廢或處置物業及設備項目所產生之盈虧為處置該項目所得款項淨額與該項目賬面值之差額,並於報廢或處置日在損益內確認。任何相關物業重估盈餘乃自物業重估儲備轉撥至保留溢利但不會重新分類至損益。

## 財務報表附註

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (continued)

#### (g) Property and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost or valuation of items of property and equipment, less their estimated residual values, using the straightline method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (g) 物業及設備(續)

折舊乃按物業及設備項目之成本 或估值減其估計剩餘價值,以其 估計使用年期採用直線法撇銷如 下:

Estimated useful lives 估計使用年期

Land and buildings held for own use carried at fair value	20 – 50 years
以公允值列賬之持作自用土地及樓宇	20至50年
Residential properties held for own use carried at cost and leasehold	
improvements	3 – 35 years
按成本列賬之持作自用住宅物業及租賃物業裝修	3至35年
Properties leased for own use	1 – 13 years
自用租賃物業	1至13年
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3 – 28 years
<b>傢俬、裝置及設備</b>	3至28年
Motor vehicles	3 – 10 years
運輸工具	3至10年

Where parts of an item of property and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value are reviewed annually.

No depreciation is provided in respect of construction in progress until it is completed and ready for its intended use.

#### (h) Investment property

Investment property is land and/or building which is owned or held under a leasehold interest (see Note 2(j)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation.

當物業及設備的各部份有不同的 可使用年限,則該資產的成本或 估值依照合理基準分配於各部份 並單獨計提折舊。資產之可使用 年期及其剩餘價值均會每年進行 檢討。

並無就在建工程進行折舊,直至 其竣工並可作其擬定用途。

#### (h) 投資物業

投資物業乃擁有或根據租賃權益(見附註2(j))持有作賺取租金及/或作資本升值用途之土地及/或樓宇。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (h) Investment property (continued)

Investment property is stated at fair value, unless it is still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and its fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment property is accounted for as described in Note 2(u)(iii).

#### (i) Intangible assets (other than goodwill)

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see Note 2(k)).

Intangible assets are not amortised while their useful lives are assessed to be indefinite. Any conclusion that the useful life of an intangible asset is indefinite is reviewed annually to determine whether events and circumstances continue to support the indefinite useful life assessment for that asset. If they do not, the change in the useful life assessment from indefinite to finite is accounted for prospectively from the date of change and is amortised on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives.

#### (j) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (h) 投資物業(續)

投資物業乃按公允值列賬,除非該物業於報告期末正在興建而其公允值於當時未能可靠地釐定。 投資物業公允值變動或報廢或處 置投資物業產生之盈虧於損益內確認。投資物業之租金收入按附 註2(u)(iii)所述入賬。

#### (i) 無形資產(不包括商譽)

本集團收購之無形資產按成本減累計攤銷(倘估計使用年期為有期限)及減值虧損(見附註2(k))列賬。

#### (j) 租賃資產

本集團於合約初始評估有關合約 是否屬租賃或包含租賃。倘合約 為換取代價而給予於一段時間內 控制可識別資產使用的權利,則 該合約為租賃或包含租賃。若 戶不但擁有主導被識別資產使用 的權利,還有權獲得使用被識別 資產所產生的幾乎全部經濟利 益,則資產的控制權發生讓渡。

## 財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

#### (j) Leased assets (continued)

#### (i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (i) 租賃資產(續)

#### (i) 作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃部分及非租賃部分,本集團選擇不將非租賃部分及每項租賃部分及任何相關非租賃部分的賬目分開,作為所有租賃的單一租賃部分。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (i) Leased assets (continued)

#### (i) As a lessee (continued)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date. and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The rightof-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see Notes 2(g) and 2(k)(iii)), except for the right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with Note 2(h);

The initial fair value of refundable rental deposits is accounted for separately from the right-of-use assets in accordance with the accounting policy applicable to investments in debt securities carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the initial fair value and the nominal value of the deposits is accounted for as additional lease payments made and is included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (i) 租賃資產(續)

#### (i) 作為承租人(續)

當租賃被資本化時確認的 使用權資產初始按成本計 量,成本包括和賃負債的 初始金額加上在開始日期 或之前支付的任何租賃款 項,以及產生的任何初始 直接成本。倘適用,使用權 資產之成本亦包括估計拆 除及移除相關資產或恢復 相關資產或其所在地點之 成本, 並貼現至其現值, 減 任何已收取之租賃優惠。 使用權資產其後按成本減 累計折舊及減值虧損(見 附註2(g)及2(k) (iii) )列賬, 惟符合投資物業定義之使 用權資產則根據附註2(h)按 公允值列賬;

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### (j) Leased assets (continued)

#### (i) As a lessee (continued)

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not accounted for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are rent concessions that occurred as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic and met the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of HKFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the Group has taken advantage of the practical expedient not to assess whether the rent concessions are lease modifications, and recognised the change in consideration as negative variable lease payments in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the rent concessions occurred.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

#### (ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (i) 租賃資產(續)

#### (i) 作為承租人(續)

當租賃範圍有變或租賃之 代價(並非最初於租賃合 約中撥備)(「和賃變更」) 並未作為獨立租賃入賬 時,租賃負債亦會重新計 量。在此情況下,租賃負債 按經修訂租賃付款及租期 以修訂生效日期之經修訂 貼現率重新計量。唯一例 外是因COVID-19疫情而直 接導致並符合香港財務報 告準則第16號租賃第46B 段所載條件的租金減免。 在該等情況下,本集團已 利用實際權宜之計,不評 估租金特許權是否屬租賃 修改,並於觸發租金特許 權之事件或條件發生之期 間,在損益內將代價變動 確認為負可變動租金。

在綜合財務狀況表中,長期租賃負債的流動部分釐 定為於報告期末後十二個 月內到期支付的合約付款 的現值。

#### (ii) 作為出租人

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

- (j) Leased assets (continued)
  - (ii) As a lessor (continued)

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with Note 2(u)(iii).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in Note 2(j)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

#### (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets

#### (i) Credit losses from financial instruments

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following item:

 financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables);

Financial assets measured at fair value, including equity securities measured at FVPL and equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling) are not subject to the ECL assessment.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (j) 租賃資產(續)

#### (ii) 作為出租人(續)

倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部份,則本集團按相對獨立售價基準將合約中之代價分配至各部份。經營租賃之租金收入根據附註2(u)(iii)確認。

倘本集團為中間出租人,則分租經參考自總租賃產生之使用權資產後,分類為融資租賃或經營租賃,而 為融資租賃或經營租賃,而 為總租賃為短期租賃,而 本集團應用附註2(j)(i)所述 豁免,則本集團將分租分 類為經營租賃。

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值

#### (i) 金融工具之信貸虧損

本集團就預期信貸虧損確 認下列項目的虧損撥備:

按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(包括現金及現金等值項目以及應收賬款及其他應收款);

按公允值計量的金融資產 (包括按公允值計量且其變 動計入損益之權益證券及 指定按公允值計量且其變 動計入其他全面收益(不 可劃轉)之權益證券)毋須 進行預期信貸虧損評估。

## 財務報表附註

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets and trade and other receivables: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate;

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 金融工具之信貸虧損 (續)

計量預期信貸虧損

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損的概率加權估計。信貸虧損以所有預期現金差額的現值(即根據合約應付予本集團的現金流量與本集團預計收取的現金流量之間的差額)計量。

倘貼現之影響重大,預期 現金差額將使用以下貼現 率貼現:

- 固定利率金融資產及 應收賬款及其他應收 款:於首次確認時釐 定之實際利率或其近 似值;
- 浮動利率金融資產:現行實際利率;

估計預期信貸虧損時所考 慮的最長期間為本集團面 對信貸風險的最長合同期 間。

於計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團會考慮在無需付出過多成本或努力下即可獲得的合理可靠資料。此項包括有關過往事件、現時狀況及未來經濟狀況預測的資料。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

Measurement of ECLs (continued)

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具之信貸虧損 (續)

計量預期信貸虧損(續) 預期信貸虧損將採用以下 基準計量:

- 12個月預期信貸虧 損:指報告日期後12 個月內可能發生的違 約事件而導致的預期 虧損:及
- 整個存續期的預期信貸虧損:指預期信貸虧損,指預期項目的預期年期內所有可能違約事件而導致的預期虧損。

就所有其他金融工具而言,本集團確認相等於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除非金融工具的的貨風險自初步確認以來可以來配力,在此情況下不虧損撥備按相等於整個存續期的預期信貸虧損的金額計量。

## 財務報表附註

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 金融工具之信貸虧損 (續)

信用風險顯著增加

評估金融工具的信貸風險 自初始確認以來有否顯著 增加時,本集團會比較於 報告日期及於初步確認日 期評估的金融工具發生違 約的風險。於作出是項重 新評估時,本集團認為當(i) 借款人不大可能於本集團 無追索權採取行動(如變 現抵押品(如持有))的情 況下向本集團悉數支付其 信貸責任時;或(ii)金融資 產逾期90天時,即屬發生 違約事件。本集團會考慮 合理可靠的定量及定性資 料,包括過往經驗及在無 需付出過多成本或努力下 即可獲得的前瞻性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險 自初始確認以來有否顯著 增加時會考慮以下資料:

- 未能按合約到期日期 支付本金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部 信貸評級(如有)的 實際或預期顯著惡 化;
- 債務人經營業績的實際或預期顯著惡化: 及
- 科技、市場、經濟或法 律環境的目前或預期 變動對債務人履行其 對本集團責任的能力 有重大不利影響。

世紀金花商業控股有限公司工零二一年年報

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (continued)
Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

#### Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with Note 2(u)(vi) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 金融工具之信貸虧損 (續)

信用風險顯著增加(續) 視乎金融工具的性質,信 貸風險顯著增加乃按個別 基準或共同基準進行問別 基準式共同基準進行 估。倘評估為按共同基準 進行,金融工具則按共與的信貸風險特徵(如) 數形及信貸風險特級)進行 分組。

預期信貸虧損於各報告日 期重新計量,以反映自首 次確認起金融工具信貸風 險的變動。預期信貸虧損 金額的任何變動均在損 益中確認為減值收益或 虧損。本集團確認所有金 融工具的減值收益或虧損 時,會通過虧損撥備賬對 其賬面值作出相應調整, 惟按公允值計量且其變動 計入其他全面收益(可劃 轉)之債務證券之投資除 外,其虧損撥備於其他全 面收益確認及於公允值儲 備(可劃轉)累計。

#### 計算利息收入之基準

根據附註2(u)(vi)確認之利息收入按金融資產的賬面總值計算,除非金融資產 出現信貸減值,在此情況下,利息收入按金融資產的攤銷成本(即賬面總值減虧損撥備)計算。

於各報告日期,本集團評估金融資產是否出現有。當一項或多項型等。當一項或多項對現實產未來估計現金。當一類主要。 有負面影響的事件發出時,金融資產會被視為出現信貸減值。

## 財務報表附註

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (i) Credit losses from financial instruments (continued)

Basis of calculation of interest income (continued)

Evidence that a financial asset is creditimpaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

#### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (i) 金融工具之信貸虧損 (續)

計算利息收入之基準(續)

金融資產信貸減值的證據 包括以下可觀察事件:

- 債務人出現嚴重財務 困難;
- 違反合同·如欠繳或 拖欠利息或本金付 款;
- 借款人很有可能將告 破產或進行其他財務 重組;
- 科技、市場、經濟或 法律環境出現重大變動,對債務人有不利 影響;或
- 由於發行人出現財務困難,該證券之活躍市場消失。

#### 撇銷政策

如沒有實際可回收前景, 金融資產的賬面總值( 分或全數)會予以撇銷。一 般而言,本集團認為債務 人並無資產或收入來源可 產生足夠現金流量以償還 應予以撇銷的金額。

過往撇銷資產的後續收回 在收回期間確認為減值撥 回並計入損益。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantees issued are initially recognised at fair value, which is determined by reference to fees charged in an arm's length transaction for similar services, when such information is obtainable, or to interest rate differentials, by comparing the actual rates charged by lenders when the guarantee is made available with the estimated rates that lenders would have charged, had the guarantees not been available, where reliable estimates of such information can be made. Where consideration is received or receivable for the issuance of the guarantee, the consideration is recognised in accordance with the Group's policies applicable to that category of asset. Where no such consideration is received or receivable, an immediate expense is recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the amount initially recognised as deferred income is amortised in profit or loss over the term of the guarantee as income from financial guarantees issued.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (ii) 已發出財務擔保之信貸虧 損

財務擔保指要求發行人 (即擔保人)就擔保受益人 (「持有人」)因特定債務人 未能根據債項工具的條款 於到期時付款而蒙受的損 失,向持有人支付特定款 項以作賠償的合約。

已發出的財務擔保初步按 公允值確認,而該等公允 值乃經比較貸方於有擔保 下收取的實際利率與於如 並無擔保下貸方應收取的 估計利率(倘關資料可作 出可靠估計)後,參考類似 服務的公平交易中所收取 的費用(於可獲得該等資 料時)或利率差異而釐定。 倘於發出該擔保時收取或 可收取代價,該代價則根 據本集團適用於該類資產 的政策而予以確認。倘有 關代價尚未收取或應予收 取,即時開支於損益中確 認。

於初始確認後,初始確認 為遞延收入的金額於擔保 期內於損益中攤銷為已發 出財務擔保之收入。

財務報表附許

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets

## (ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (continued)

The Group monitors the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract and recognises a provision when ECLs on the financial guarantees are determined to be higher than the carrying amount carried in respect of the guarantees (i.e. the amount initially recognised, less accumulated amortisation).

To determine ECLs, the Group considers changes in the risk of default of the specified debtor since the issuance of the guarantee. A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described in Note 2(k)(i) apply.

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party. The amount is then discounted using the current risk-free rate adjusted for risks specific to the cash flows.

#### 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (ii) 已發出財務擔保之信貸虧 損(續)

本集團監察特定債務人違 約的風險,並當財務擔保 的預期信貸虧損確定為高 於擔保的中的賬面值(即 初始確認金額減累計攤銷) 時確認撥備。

由擔人期償而預債收關無金幣人期償而預債收關無金剛區人的擔或任其利時損產付保任款付的額險量人的擔或任後率共利時損產付保任款的領域人的額險量於指款期貸本、他計現並用人的擔任人的將貼風險損失。時就出入他計現並作出稅的,有其估用,險條出別,有其估別,時就出國人。時就出

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

#### (iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each end of reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property and equipment, including right-of-use assets (other than land and buildings held for own use stated at revalued amounts);
- intangible assets;
- goodwill
- non-current prepayments for acquisitions of properties; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, intangible assets that are not yet available for use and intangible assets that have indefinite useful lives, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (iii) 其他非流動資產之減值

本集團於各報告期末檢討 內部及外來資料,以識別 下列資產有否出現減值跡 象或,除商譽外,過往已確 認之減值虧損不再存在或 已減少:

- 物業及設備,包括使用權資產(按重估金額計值之土地及樓字除外);
- 無形資產;
- 商譽;
- 收購物業之非流動預 付款項;及
- 於本公司之財務狀況 表內於附屬公司之投資。

倘有任何減值跡象,則會估計該項資產之可收回金額。此外,無論有無減值跡象,商譽及尚不可使用的無形資產及具有無限可使用年期的無形資產每年估計可收回金額。

財務報表附許

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# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
  - (iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (continued)
    - Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit). A portion of the carrying amount of a corporate asset (for example, head office building) is allocated to an individual cash-generating unit if the allocation can be done on a reasonable and consistent basis, or to the smallest group of cash-generating units if otherwise.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
  - (iii) 其他非流動資產之減值 (續)
    - 計算可收回金額 資產之可收回金額為 其公允值減處置成本 及使用價值兩者中之 較高者。於評估使用 價值時,會使用除稅 前貼現率將估計未來 現金流量貼現至現 值。該貼現率反映市 場當時所評估之貨幣 時間價值和該資產之 獨有風險。倘個別資 產所產生之現金流入 基本上不能獨立於其 他資產所產生之現金 流入,則以獨立產生 現金流入之最小資產 組合(即現金產生單 位)來釐定可收回金 額。倘可按合理及一 致之基準進行分配, 則公司資產(例如總 部大樓)之賬面值部 分分配至個別現金產 牛單位,或分配至最 小現金產生單位組別 (如有)。

## 財務報表附註

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# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

# (iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (continued)

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

# Reversals of impairment losses In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

## (iii) 其他非流動資產之減值 (續)

#### - 確認減值虧損

資產或其所屬之現金 產生單位之賬面值高 於其可收回金額時, 則會於損益內確認減 值虧損。就現金產生 單位確認之減值虧損 會先分配用以削減 現金產生單位(或一 組單位)所獲分配任 何商譽之賬面值,隨 後則按比例削減單位 (或一組單位)內其他 資產之賬面值,惟資 產賬面值不可下調至 低於其獨立之公允值 減處置成本(如能計 量)或使用價值(如 能釐定)。

## - 減值虧損撥回

就商譽以外之資產而言,倘用以釐定可全額之估計發生可 回金額之估計發生有 利變化,則會將減減 虧損撥回。商譽之減 值虧損不會撥回。

所撥回之減值虧損僅限於 倘若並無於過往年度確認 減值虧損而可釐定之資產 賬面值。所撥回之減值虧 損在確認撥回之年度內計 入損益中。

## 財務報表附註

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## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

# (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

# (iv) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, *Interim financial reporting*, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see Notes 2(k)(i) and 2(k)(ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

#### (I) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process or in the rendering of services.

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is calculated using the first-in, first-out method and comprises all costs of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is determined by reference to the sales proceeds of items sold in the ordinary course of business subsequent to the financial year end date or to management estimates based on prevailing market conditions.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

#### (iv) 中期財務報告及減值

根據上市規則,本集團須根據香港會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」就財政年度首六個月編製中期財務報告。於中期期末,本集團應用於財政年度結束時、應用於財政年度結束時、應用之相同減值測試、確認及撥回標準(見附註2(k)(i)及2(k)(ii))。

於中期期間確認有關商譽之減值虧損於往後期間高之減值虧損於往後期間內則使僅於有關的中期期間之財政年度結束的所作出之減值評估應損或較少虧損損不會撥回。

#### (I) 存貨

存貨指於日常業務過程中持作出 售、於生產過程中出售或於生產 過程中或於提供服務時消耗之材 料或用品之形式。

存貨按成本及可變現淨值之間之 較低者入賬。

成本以先進先出法計算且包括購買之全部成本及將存貨送至其目前位置及狀態所產生之其他成本。

可變現淨值乃參考按於財政年度 結算日以後循日常業務過程中出 售項目所得之出售所得款項或由 管理層根據當前市況而作之估計 釐定。

## 財務報表附註

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## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

#### (I) Inventories (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### (m) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due.

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially measured at their transaction price. Trade receivables that contain a significant financing component and other receivables are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs. All receivables are subsequently stated at amortised cost, using the effective interest method and including allowance for credit losses (see Note 2(k)(i)).

#### (n) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see Note 2(w)).

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (I) 存貨(續)

當出售存貨時,該等存貨賬面值 於有關收益確認之期間內確認為 開支。

任何存貨金額撇減而至可變現淨 值及存貨之所有遺失均於撇減或 遺失之發生期內確認為開支。存 貨任何撇減撥回之金額於撥回發 生之期間內被確認為已確認為開 支之存貨金額之減少。

#### (m) 應收賬款及其他應收款

應收款項於本集團有無條件權利 收取代價時予以確認。倘代價僅 隨時間推移即會成為到期應付, 則收取代價的權利為無條件。

並無重大融資部分之應收貿易 賬款初步按其交易價計量。包含 重大融資部分之應收貿易賬款 及其他應收款項初步按公平值 加交易成本計量。所有應收款項 其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本 列賬,並包括信貸虧損撥備(見 附註2(k)(i))。

#### (n) 計息借貸

計息借貸初步按公平值減應佔交易成本確認。於初步確認後,計息借貸採用實際利息法按攤銷成本列賬。利息開支根據本集團有關借貸成本之會計政策確認(見附註2(w))。

## 財務報表附註

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## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

#### (o) Convertible preference share capital

Convertible preference share capital is classified as equity if it is non-redeemable, or redeemable only at the Company's option, and any dividends are discretionary. Dividends on convertible preference share capital classified as equity are recognised as distributions within equity.

#### (p) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade and other payables are stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at invoice amounts.

#### (q) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECLs in accordance with the policy set out in Note 2(k)(i).

#### (r) Employee benefits

# (i) Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (o) 可換股優先股股本

倘可換股優先股股本為不能贖回,或僅可按本公司選擇贖回, 而任何股息屬酌情者,則可換股 優先股股本將被分類為權益。被 分類為權益之可換股優先股股本 之股息被確認為權益項下分派。

## (p) 應付賬款及其他應付款

應付賬款及其他應付款初步按公平值確認。於初步確認後,應付賬款及其他應付款按攤銷成本列賬,除非貼現影響並不重大,在此情況下,則按發票金額列賬。

#### (q) 現金及現金等值項目

#### (r) 僱員福利

## (i) 短期僱員褔利及定額供款 退休計劃的供款

薪金、年終花紅、有薪年假、定額供款退休計劃的 供款及非現金褔利成本期 在僱員提供有關服務之期 間內應計。倘若付款孁 款遞延並有重大影響,該 等金額以其現值呈列。

## 財務報表附註

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## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

#### (r) Employee benefits (continued)

#### (ii) Share-based payments

Share option scheme

The fair value of share options granted to employees and service providers is recognised as an employee cost or operating expense with a corresponding increase in capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the Black-Scholes Model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (r) 僱員福利(續)

#### (ii) 股份付款

#### - 購股權計劃

已向僱員及服務供應 者授出的購股權公允 值被確認為僱員成本 或經營開支,並於權 益內資本儲備中作相 應增加。公允值於授 出日經計及授出購股 權的條款及條件以柏 力克一舒爾斯模式計 量。倘若僱員於無條 件享有購股權前須符 合歸屬條件,購股權 的估計總公允值乃經 計及購股權將歸屬的 可能性後按歸屬期分 佈。

於歸屬期內,會對預 期歸屬的購股權數量 作出檢討。除非原先 僱員開支符合資格被 確認為資產,否則就 此產生的對前年確認 的累計公允值之任 何調整於檢討年度 的損益扣減/入賬, 並 對 資 本 儲 備 作 相 應調整。於歸屬日, 已確認為開支之金額 乃予以調整以反映已 歸屬購股權之實際數 量(及資本儲備亦相 應調整),惟因本公 司股份的市場價格導 致歸屬條件不能達成 而要沒收則除外。權 益金額於資本儲備確 認,直至購股權被行 使(當其轉移至股份 溢價賬時)或購股權 到期(當其直接撥回 至保留溢利時)。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

- (r) Employee benefits (continued)
  - (ii) Share-based payments (continued)
    - Share award scheme

The shares awarded under the share award scheme are acquired from open market. The net consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental costs, is presented as "Shares held under share award scheme" and deducted from equity.

For shares granted under the share award scheme, the fair value of shares granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in capital reserve within equity. The fair value is based on the closing price of the Company's shares on grant date plus any directly attributable incremental costs. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the shares, the total fair value of the shares is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the shares will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of shares that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of shares that vest with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

- (r) 僱員福利(續)
  - (ii) 股份付款(續)
    - 股份獎勵計劃

於歸屬期內,會對預 期歸屬的股份數量作 出檢討。除非原先僱 員開支符合資格被確 認為資產,否則就此 產生的對前年確認的 累計公允值之任何調 整於檢討年度的損益 扣減/入賬,並對資 本儲備作相應調整。 在歸屬日,已確認為 支出之數額會作出調 整,以反映所歸屬股 份之實際數目,同時 對資本儲備作出相應 調整。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

## (r) Employee benefits (continued)

#### (ii) Share-based payments (continued)

Share award scheme (continued)

When the awarded shares are transferred to the awardees upon vesting, the related weighted average acquisition cost of the awarded shares vested are credited to "Shares held under share award scheme", and the grant date fair value of the awarded shares vested are debited to the capital reserve. The difference between the related weighted average acquisition cost and the grant date fair value of the awarded shares vested is transferred to retained profits directly.

#### (iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when it recognises restructuring costs involving the payment of termination benefits.

#### (s) Income tax

Income tax for the period comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to business combinations, or items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (r) 僱員福利(續)

#### (ii) 股份付款(續)

- 股份獎勵計劃(續)

#### (iii) 終止僱用褔利

終止僱用福利於本集團不 再能取消提供該等福利時 及本集團確認涉及支付終 止僱用福利之重組成本時 (以較早者為準)確認。

### (s) 所得税

期內所得稅包括即期稅項及遞延稅項資產與負債之變動。即期稅項及遞延稅項資產及負債之變動均在損益內確認,但以與業務合併或確認為其他全面收益或直接確認為權益項目相關者除外,在確認為權益項目相關者除分別確認為其他全面收益或直接於權益確認。

即期税項是按期內應課税收入以報告期末已生效或實際上已生效之稅率計算之預期應付稅項,加以往年度應付稅項之任何調整。

財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## **(s) Income tax** (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (s) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債分別由可抵 扣及應課税暫時差異,即資產及 負債就財務申報而言之賬面值與 其税基之間之差異而產生。遞延 税項資產亦由未動用税務虧損及 未動用税項抵免而產生。

除了某些有限之例外情况外,所 有遞延税項負債及遞延税項資 產(僅限於有可能用來動用日後 應課税溢利之資產)均予確認。 支持確認由可抵扣暫時差異所產 生遞延税項資產的未來應課稅溢 利包括因撥回目前存在之應課税 暫時差異而產生之數額,但該等 撥回之差異必須與同一稅務機關 和同一應課税實體有關,並預期 在可抵扣暫時差異預計撥回之同 一期間或遞延税項資產所產生税 項虧損可向後期或向前期結轉之 期間內撥回。在決定目前存在之 應課税暫時差異是否足以支持確 認由未動用税項虧損及抵免所產 生之遞延税資項資產時,亦會採 用同一準則,即倘差異是與同一 税務機關及同一應課税實體有 關,以及預期在動用税項虧損和 抵免之期間內撥回,則計入該等 差異。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (s) Income tax (continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment property is carried at its fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(h), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of this asset at its carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (s) 所得税(續)

每個報告期末均會檢討遞延税項 資產之賬面值,並調減至再無足 夠應課税溢利以動用有關稅務利 益為止。任何有關減幅於可能有 足夠應課税溢利時予以撥回。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **(s) Income tax** (continued)

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities,
   if they relate to income taxes levied by the
   same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (s) 所得税(續)

因分派股息產生的額外所得稅在 支付相關股息的負債確認時確 認。

即期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘以及有關變動均獨立呈列,不予抵銷。倘本公司或本集團具備合法權力將即期税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,且符合以下額外條件,則即期税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷,而遞延税項資產則與遞延税項負債抵銷:

- 就即期税項資產及負債而言,本公司或本集團擬按 淨額基準結算或同時變現 資產及清付負債;或
- 就遞延稅項資產及負債而言,倘與相同稅務機構就以下其中一項徵收之所得稅有關:
  - 同一應課税實體;或
  - 不同應課税客體,而期 該等實體於各個預稅 請付或收產之重稅 負債或資產之重,期項 全額之日後期即即期稅 項資產及清付即期稅 項負債或同時變現 產及清付負債。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (t) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where some or all of the expenditure required to settle a provision is expected to be reimbursed by another party, a separate asset is recognised for any expected reimbursement that would be virtually certain. The amount recognised for the reimbursement is limited to the carrying amount of the provision.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (t) 撥備及或然負債

倘若本集團或本公司須就已發生之事件承擔法律或推定責任, 而履行該責任時可能會導致經濟利益外流,並可作出可靠之估計,便會就該時間或金額不定之 負債確認撥備。如果貨幣時間價 值重大時,撥備則按預計履行責 任所涉及開支之現值入賬。

倘結算撥備所需之部分或全部開 支預期可由另一方償還,則就任 何實際可確定之預期償還確認獨 立資產。就償付所確認的金額以 撥備的賬面值為限。

倘若不可能出現經濟利益外流, 或是無法對有關金額作出可靠之 估計,便會將該責任披露為或然 負債,除非經濟利益外流之可能 性渺茫則除外。須視乎某宗或多 宗未來事件是否發生才能確定存 在與否之潛在責任,亦會披露為 或然負債,除非經濟利益外流之 可能性渺茫則除外。

## 財務報表附註

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# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (u) Revenue and other income

# Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

## (i) Sale of goods and net income from concession sales

Revenue arising from the sale of goods and net income from concession sales are recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the goods. No revenue or net income is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due, the possible return of goods, or continuing management involvement with the goods. Payments received in advance from customers that are related to sales of goods not yet delivered are deferred in contract liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position. Revenue is recognised when goods are delivered to the customers. After expiry of prepaid stored value cards, the corresponding receipts in advance are normally recognised as income based on the Group's previous experience in forfeiture of prepaid stored value cards by customers.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (u) 收益及其他收入

本集團將其日常業務過程中產生 自銷售貨品、提供服務或根據租 賃其他使用本集團資產的收入分 類為收益。

當產品或服務的控制權按本集 團預期有權獲取的承諾代價數額(不包括代表第三方收取的金額)轉移至客戶或承租人有權動 用資產時,收益予以確認。收益 不包括增值稅或其他銷售稅,並 經扣除任何貿易折扣。

有關本集團收益及其他收入確認政策的進一步詳情載列如下:

## (i) 銷售貨品及專櫃銷售淨收 入

銷售貨品收益及專櫃銷售 淨收入於客戶接受貨品及 有關擁有權的風險及回報 時確認。倘到期代價之收 回存在重大不確定性,貨 物可能被退回,或本集團 仍持續參與貨物管理,則 不會確認收益或淨收入。 預收客戶款項與尚未交付 貨品銷售有關,於綜合財 務狀況表內之合約負債中 遞延。收益於貨品付運予 客戶時確認。預付儲存值 卡到期後,相應的預收款 項一般根據本集團禍往沒 收客戶預付儲存值卡的經 驗確認為收入。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

#### (u) Revenue and other income (continued)

#### (ii) Service fee income

Service fee income from the operation of department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets is recognised when the related services are rendered.

#### (iii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

#### (iv) Customer loyalty programme

The Group's customer loyalty programme awards customers credits which entitle the customers to the right to exchange for products offered under the customer loyalty programme and gives rise to a separate performance obligation. The Group allocated a portion of the transaction price to the customer loyalty programme based on relative standalone selling price. Such amount is deferred and revenue is recognised when the programme credits are redeemed and the Group has fulfilled its obligations to supply the products offered under the customer loyalty programme. Deferred revenue is also released to revenue when it is no longer considered probable that the programme credits will be redeemed.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (u) 收益及其他收入(續)

#### (ii) 服務費收入

經營百貨商場、購物中心 及超級市場之服務費收入 於提供相關服務時確認。

#### (iii) 經營租賃之租金收入

#### (iv) 客戶忠誠度計劃

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## **2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

(continued)

#### (u) Revenue and other income (continued)

#### (v) Dividends

Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

#### (vi) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see Note 2(k)(i)).

## (vii) Income from financial guarantees issued

Income from financial guarantees issued is recognised over the term of the guarantees (see Note 2(k)(ii)).

#### (v) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into the functional currency of the entity to which they relate at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency of the entity to which they relate at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated into the functional currency of the entity to which they relate using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (u) 收益及其他收入(續)

#### (v) 股息

上市投資之股息收入在投資項目股價除息時確認。

## (vi) 利息收入

#### (vii) 已發出財務擔保的收入

已發出財務擔保的收入按擔保期確認(見附註2(k)(ii))。

#### (v) 外幣換算

年內之外幣交易按交易日之外幣 匯率換算為與其有關實體之功能 貨幣。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 負債按報告期末之外幣匯率換算 為與其有關實體之功能貨幣。匯 兑收益及虧損於損益內確認。

根據外幣歷史成本計量之非貨幣資產及負債乃使用交易當日釐定之外匯匯率換算為與其有關之實體之功能貨幣。

## 財務報表附註

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# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (v) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

The results of operations which have a functional currency other than RMB, the Group's presentation currency, are translated into RMB at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

## (w) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

#### (x) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

## (v) 外幣換算(續)

使用本集團之呈列貨幣人民幣以外之功能貨幣計值之經營業績按交易當日釐定之外匯匯率之概約 匯率換算為人民幣。財務狀況表項目按報告期末之外匯收市匯兑 換算為人民幣。所產生之匯於 額於其他全面收益確認並於匯兑 儲備之權益中獨立累計。

#### (w) 借貸成本

收購必定需要較長期間才能用作 擬定用途的資產直接應佔的借貸 成本,作為該資產成本的一部分 而資本化。其他借貸成本在產生 之期間支銷。

借貸成本作為合資格資產成本的一部分而資本化,在資產產生開支、產生借貸成本及籌備資產作預期用途所需的活動正在進行時開始。借貸成本資本化在籌備合資格資產作預期用途或銷售所需的所有活動中斷或完成時暫停或終止。

#### (x) 關連人士

- (a) 一名人士或該名人士之近 親家庭成員為本集團之關 連人士,如該名人士:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集 團;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響 力;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母 公司之主要管理人員 成員。



## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(continued)

## (x) Related parties (continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same group.
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

#### (x) 關連人士(續)

- (b) 實體如符合以下情況之一 時,則為本集團之關連人 士:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團為同 一集團成員公司。
  - (ii) 實體為另一實體之聯營公司或合營企業 (或另一實體所屬集團成員公司之聯營公司或合營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩個實體均為同一第 三方之合營企業。
  - (iv) 實體為第三實體之合 營企業且另一實體為 該第三實體之聯營公 司。
  - (v) 實體為讓本集團或與 本集團有關之實體之 僱員受益之終止受僱 後福利計劃。
  - (vi) 實體由(a)所界定人士 控制或共同控制。
  - (vii) 由(a)(i)所界定人士對實體有重大影響力或為該實體(或該實體母公司)之主要管理層成員。
  - (viii) 該實體,或其所屬集 團之任何成員公司, 向本集團或本集團之 母公司提供主要管理 層服務。

個別人士之親密家庭成員乃指該 親屬成員在與公司交易時可能影 響或被影響之親屬成員。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (y) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

The Group's revenue is substantially derived from retail customers in the PRC and the Group's operating assets are substantially located in the west region of the PRC. Accordingly, no segment analysis based on geographical location of the customers and assets is provided.

## 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES

# (a) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the following accounting judgement:

#### (i) Going concern assessment

Management has made judgement about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and concluded that there are no material uncertainties related to events or conditions which, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Further information is set out in Note 2(b).

## 2 會計政策變動(續)

## (y) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表內呈報之各 分部項目之金額是由定期提供予 本集團最高行政管理人員以作資 源分配,及對本集團之各項業務 及地區分部進行業績評估之財務 資料中識別出來的。

除非分部具備相似之經濟特徵及在產品及服務性質、客戶類型或類別、分銷產品或提供服務所使用之方法以及監管環境方面相似,否則各個重大經營分部在財務匯報中不會進行合算。個別非重大之經營分部,如果符合上述大部份標準,則可能會進行合算。

本集團之收益主要源自其於中國 之零售客戶,而本集團之經營資 產絕大部份位於中國西部地區。 因此,並無提供根據客戶及資產 所在地理區域劃分之分部分析。

#### 3 會計判斷及估計

## (a) 應用本集團會計政策時之關鍵 會計判斷

於應用本集團會計政策時,管理 層已作出以下會計判斷:

#### (i) 持續經營評估

管理層對本集團持續經營 之能力作出判斷,並得認 結論,並不存在個別續 體可能會令本集團持續 營能力造成重大疑慮的不 性或情況相關的重大 定性。進一步資料載於 註2(b)。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

- (a) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies (continued)
  - (ii) Classification of interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use

In accordance with HKAS 16, Property, plant and equipment, the Group chooses to apply either the cost model or the revaluation model as its accounting policy for items of property and equipment held for own use on a class-by-class basis. In applying this policy, the Group has concluded that its registered ownership interests in leasehold properties and the right to use other properties leased under tenancy agreements are two separate groupings of assets which differ significantly in their nature and use. Accordingly, they are regarded by the Group as separate classes of asset for subsequent measurement policies in accordance with Notes 2(g) and (j). Specifically, registered ownership interests are carried under the revaluation model, while rights to use properties under tenancy agreements are carried at depreciated cost.

In making this judgement, the Group has taken into account that, as the registered owner of a leasehold property, the Group is able to benefit fully from any changes in the valuation of these properties whether as holding gains or by selling the property interest to others, as well as being able to use the properties in its operation free of paying market rents. In contrast, the shorter term tenancy agreements are typically for periods of no more than 15 years and are subject to other restrictions, in particular on transferability of the Group's tenancy rights to others. These shorter term tenancy agreements are executed in order to retain operational flexibility and to reduce the Group's exposure to the property market fluctuation. They may contain termination or extension clauses, and/ or rental payment are usually increased every 1 to 3 years to reflect market rentals.

## 3 會計判斷及估計(續)

- (a) 應用本集團會計政策時之關鍵 會計判斷(續)
  - (ii) 持作自用之租賃土地及樓 宇之擁有權權益

根據香港會計準則第16號 「物業、廠房及設備」,本集 團選擇將成本模式或重估 模式作為其按分類基準就 持作自用之物業及設備項 目之會計政策。於應用該 政策時,本集團認為其於 租賃物業之登記擁有權權 益及根據租賃協議租賃之 其他物業之使用權為兩種 不同之資產組別,其性質 及用涂均有重大差異。因 此,本集團根據附註2(g)及 (i)將其視為後續計量政策 之獨立資產類別。具體而 言,註冊所有權權益按重 估模式列賬,而根據和賃 協議使用物業之權利則按 折舊成本列賬。

於作出此判斷時,本集團 已考慮作為租賃物業之登 記擁有人,本集團可全面 受惠於該等物業估值之任 何變動(不論為持有收益 或透過出售物業權益予其 他人士),以及可於營運 中使用物業而毋須支付市 場租金。相比之下,較短 期租賃協議一般不超過15 年,並受其他限制,尤其是 本集團租賃權可轉讓性之 限制。該等短期租賃協議 乃為保持營運靈活性及減 少本集團面對物業市場波 動之風險而訂立。該等條 款可能包含終止或延長條 款,及/或租金通常每1至 3年增加一次,以反映市場 和金。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

## (b) Sources of estimation uncertainty

Notes 12, 13, 15 and 29 contain information about the assumptions and their risk factors relating to valuation of land and buildings held for own use, investment properties, goodwill and intangible assets impairment and financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value. Other key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

### (i) Expected credit losses of receivables

Expected credit losses are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of receivables. Receivables are categorised by individual characteristics of each customer. The Group estimates the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for receivables based on the ageing of overdue balances, repayment histories of individual debtors, debtor credit-worthiness, historical write-off experience, existing customer-specific and market conditions and forward-looking information.

The Group considers the following indicators when assessing the credit risks, such as the changes in macroeconomic conditions, probabilities of default and internal or external credit ratings, or expected operating performance of the customer, etc. At every reporting date the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking information are analysed. Such assessment involves a significant degree of judgement by the management.

## 3 會計判斷及估計(續)

## (b) 估計不確定性來源

附註12、13、15及29載有與持作 自用土地及樓宇及投資物業之估 值、商譽及無形資產減值以及按 公允值計量之金融資產及負債之 假設及其風險因素之資料。估計 不確定之其他重要來源如下:

#### (i) 應收款項的預期信貸虧損

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

- **(b)** Sources of estimation uncertainty (continued)
  - (ii) Impairment losses of non-current assets

If circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of a long-lived asset may not be recoverable, the asset may be considered "impaired", and an impairment loss may be recognised in accordance with accounting policy for impairment of long-lived assets as described in Note 2(k). The carrying amounts of long-lived assets are reviewed periodically or when indications are identified in order to assess whether the recoverable amounts have declined below the carrying amounts. When such a decline has occurred, the carrying amount is reduced to recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the greater of the fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In determining the value in use, expected future cash flows generated by the asset are discounted to their present value, which requires significant judgement relating to the level of revenue and amount of operating costs. The Group uses all readily available information in determining an amount that is a reasonable approximation of the recoverable amount, including estimates based on reasonable and supportable assumptions and projections of the level of revenue and amount of operating costs. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the carrying value of the assets and could result in additional impairment charge or, except for goodwill, reversal of impairment in future periods.

## 3 會計判斷及估計(續)

- (b) 估計不確定性來源(續)
  - (ii) 非流動資產之減值虧損

倘有情況顯示無法收回耐 用資產之賬面值,有關資 產可能視為「減值」,並可 能根據附註2(k)所述有關耐 用資產減值之會計政策確 認減值虧損。本集團定期 或當發現減值跡象時覆核 耐用資產之賬面值,藉以 評估可收回金額是否下跌 至低於賬面值。倘出現上 述減值情況,賬面值則會 減至可收回金額。可收回 金額為公允值減處置成本 或使用價值兩者中之較高 者。在釐定使用價值時,資 產產生的預計未來現金流 量貼現至現值,當中須對 相關收入水平及經營成本 金額作出重要判斷。本集 團在釐定與可收回金額相 若之合理數額時,使用全 部可輕易獲得資料,包括 基於合理及有支持力之假 設之估計以及收益與經營 成本款額之預測水平。有 關估計之變動可對資產之 賬面值產生重大影響,並 可於未來期間引致額外減 值開支或(商譽除外)作出 減值撥回。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES (continued)

## **(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty** (continued)

#### (iii) Depreciation

Property and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account the estimated residual values. The management reviews the estimated useful lives and the residual values, of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during any reporting period. The determination of the useful lives and the residual values is based on historical experience with similar assets. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

#### 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

#### (a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are the operation of department stores, a shopping mall and supermarkets in the PRC.

Revenue represents the sales value of goods sold to customers, net income from concession sales, gross rental income and management and administrative service fee income.

## 3 會計判斷及估計(續)

#### (b) 估計不確定性來源(續)

#### (iii) 折舊

## 4 收益及分部報告

#### (a) 收益

本集團之主要業務為於中國經 營百貨商場、購物中心及超級市 場。

收益指向客戶售出之商品銷售價值、特許專櫃銷售淨收入、總租金收入,以及管理及行政服務費收入。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(continued)

- (a) Revenue (continued)
  - (i) Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products or service lines is as follows:

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

- (a) 收益(續)
  - (i) 收入分類

Year ended

二零二一年

**2021** 截至

31 December

按主要產品或服務線劃分 之客戶合約收益分類如 下:

Nine months

31 December 2020

二零二零年

ended

截至

		十二月三十一日 止年度 <i>RMB'000</i>	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	香港財務報告準則第 <b>15</b> 號 範圍內之來自客戶合約之 收益		
Sales of goods	商品銷售	251,206	184,528
Net income from concession sales Management and administrative	特許專櫃銷售淨收入 管理及行政服務費收入	133,050	134,913
service fee income		52,087	33,473
	+ //. + /5 //. \	436,343	352,914
Revenue from other sources Gross rental income	<b>其他來源收益</b> 總租金收入	57,937	44,107
		494,280	397,021
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	按收益確認時間分類		
Point in time	時點	384,256	319,441
Over time	隨時間	110,024	77,580
		494,280	397,021

The Group's entire revenue is attributable to the market in Shaanxi province, the PRC. No analysis of geographical information is therefore presented.

本集團的全部收益來自中國陝西市場。因此,概無呈 列地理資料分析。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(continued)

## (a) Revenue (continued)

#### (i) Disaggregation of revenue (continued)

The Group engages in the retail business, and accordingly, the directors of the Company consider that the Group's customer base is diversified and has no customer with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMBNil). Details of concentrations of credit risk are set out in Note 29(a).

#### Information on gross revenue

Gross revenue represents the gross amount arising from the sales of goods, concession sales charged to retail customers, gross rental income and management and administrative service fee income charged to tenants.

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

#### (a) 收益(續)

#### (i) 收入分類(續)

#### 與總收益有關之資料

總收益指銷售商品、計入 零售客戶之特許專櫃銷 售、總租金收入以及向租 戶收取之管理及行政服務 費收入之總額。

			Nine months
		Year ended	ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止九個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
<u> </u>		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Sales of goods	商品銷售	251,206	184,528
Gross revenue from concession sales	特許專櫃銷售總收益	955,166	1,019,894
Gross rental income	總租金收入	57,937	44,107
Management and administrative	管理及行政服務費收入		
service fee income		52,087	33,473
		1,316,396	1,282,002

Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in Note 4(b).

有關本集團主要業務之進 一步詳情於附註4(b)披露。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(continued)

- (a) Revenue (continued)
  - (ii) Revenue expected to be recognised in the future arising from contracts with customers in existence at the reporting date

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its sales contracts for prepaid stored value cards such that the Group did not disclose the information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sales of prepaid stored value cards because the Group recognises revenue at the amount to which it has a right to invoice, which corresponds directly to the value to the customer of the Group's performance completed to date.

## (b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by lines of business. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments:

- Department stores and shopping mall: this segment operates 5 department stores and a shopping mall. 2 department stores and a shopping mall have been closed for renovation and upgrade during the year ended 31 December 2021 and will be re-opened in July 2022 and in January 2023 respectively.
- Supermarkets: this segment includes the operation of 13 supermarkets.

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

- (a) 收益(續)
  - (ii) 預期於未來因於報告日期 存在之客戶合約而產生之 收益

## (b) 分部報告

本集團透過業務類型管理其業務。就資源分配及表現評估而言,為符合向本集團之最高級管理層作內部報告資料方式,本集團已按以下兩個可報告分部進行呈報。概無經營分部合併以構成以下可報告分部:

- 百貨商場及購物中心:此及 一家屬工家一個工作。 一家購物中心。截至二年 一家購物中心。截至二年 一年度,兩家百貨商場 一家購物中心已關閉進行 一家購物中心已關閉進行 新及升級,並將分別 零二二年 年月重新開放。
- 超級市場:此分部包括營 運十三家超級市場。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(continued)

## (b) Segment reporting (continued)

#### (i) Segment information

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue and net income and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue and net income generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments. However, assistance provided by one segment to another is not measured.

The measure used for reporting segment profit is "adjusted EBITDA" i.e. "adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation", where "interest" is regarded as including interest income and other financial charges and income, and "depreciation and amortisation" is regarded as including impairment losses on tangible and intangible assets and valuation gain or loss on investment property. To arrive at adjusted EBITDA, the Group's earnings are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as head office or corporate administration costs. No inter-segment sales have occurred for the year ended 31 December 2021 and nine months ended 31 December 2020.

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

## (b) 分部報告(續)

#### (i) 分部資料

就於分部間評估分部表現及分配資源而言,本集團之高級管理層監察各個可報告分部之應佔業績,其基準如下:

收益及淨收入以及開支分配至可報告分部,乃參照該等分部所產生收益及淨收入以及該等分部所產生 開支。然而,分部之間所提供支援並不予計量。

用於報告分部溢利之方 法為「經調整EBITDA」, 即「經調整之未計利息、 税項、折舊及攤銷前之盈 利」,其中「利息」包括利 息收入及其他財務支出及 收入,而「折舊及攤銷」包 括有形資產及無形資產之 減值虧損與投資物業之估 值收益或虧損。為計算經 調整EBITDA,本集團之盈 利乃對並未被專門指定屬 於個別分部之項目作出進 一步調整,如總辦事處或 公司行政成本。於截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度及二零二零年十二 月三十一日止九個月,內 部分部間並無銷售。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

## (b) Segment reporting (continued)

#### (i) Segment information (continued)

Assets and liabilities are not monitored by the Group's senior executive management based on segments. Accordingly, no information on segment assets and liabilities is presented.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year ended 31 December 2021 and nine months ended 31 December 2020 is set out below.

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

#### (b) 分部報告(續)

## (i) 分部資料(續)

資產及負債並無經由本集 團之高級管理層按分部監 察。因此,概無與分部資產 及負債有關之資料呈報。

以下所載有關本集團之可報告分部資料乃提供予本集團之最高級管理層,以供彼等就截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度及二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月分配資源及評估分部表現。

## Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		Department stores and shopping mall 百貨商場及	Supermarkets	Total
		購物中心	超級市場	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	按收益確認時間分類			
Point in time	時點	158,364	225,892	384,256
Over time	隨時間	91,873	18,151	110,024
Revenue and net income from external customers and reportable segment	外來客戶之收益及淨收入 及可報告分部收益及淨 收入			
revenue and net income		250,237	244,043	494,280
Reportable segment profit	可報告分部溢利			
(adjusted EBITDA)	(經調整EBITDA)	27,387	12,736	40,123

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(continued)

- **(b)** Segment reporting (continued)
  - (i) Segment information (continued)

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

- (b) 分部報告(續)
  - (i) 分部資料(續)

Nine months ended 31 December 2020

		截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月		11上九個日
		似土—令—令	? <del>Т</del>   — Л —   — Н	
		Department		
		stores and		
		shopping mall	Supermarkets	Total
		百貨商場及	'	
		購物中心	超級市場	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		八八冊1九	八八冊「九	八八冊「九
Disagraphed by timing of	按收益確認時間分類			
Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition	<b>按收益唯</b> 祕时间 <i>刀</i> 想			
Point in time	時點	161,587	157,854	319,441
Over time	隨時間	62,386	15,194	77,580
Revenue and net income from external customers	外來客戶之收益及 淨收入及可報告			
and reportable segment	分部收益及淨收入			
revenue and net income		223,973	173,048	397,021
Reportable segment (loss)/profit				
(adjusted EBITDA)	溢利(經調整EBITDA)	(124,888)	1,107	(123,781)

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

*(continued)* 

- **(b) Segment reporting** (continued)
  - (ii) Reconciliation of reportable segment profit/(loss)

## 4 收益及分部報告(續)

- (b) 分部報告(續)
  - (ii) 可報告分部溢利/ (虧損)對賬

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		( ) ;	
			Nine months
		Year ended	ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止九個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Reportable segment profit/(loss)	可報告分部溢利/(虧損)	40,123	(123,781)
Other income	其他收入	10,371	12,164
Depreciation expenses	折舊開支	(156,145)	(116,028)
Impairment losses on goodwill and	商譽及無形資產		
intangible assets	減值虧損	(72,000)	(365,855)
Net finance costs	財務費用淨額	(169,760)	(115,798)
Unallocated head office and	未分配總部及		
corporate administration expenses	公司行政開支	(11,451)	(9,492)
	7A 7V <del>24</del>	(0.00	(740,755)
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(358,862)	(718,790)

## **5 OTHER INCOME**

## 5 其他收入

		Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	
Interest income Valuation gain on financial assets measured at FVPL Dividend income	利息收入 按公允值計量且其變動計入損益 之金融資產估值收益 股息收入	5,339 2,332 2,700	11,264 - 900
		10,371	12,164

Nine months

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 6 LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

## 6 除税前虧損

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging/ (crediting):

除税前虧損已扣除/(計入):

#### (a) Net finance costs

#### (a) 財務費用淨額

		Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年	Nine months ended 31 December 2020 截至 二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	
		止年度 	TT, 0111173
		RMB′000	RMB′000
		人民幣千元 	人民幣千元
Interest expenses on bank and	銀行及其他借貸之		
other borrowings	利息支出	237,545	173,961
Interest on lease liabilities (see Note 21(b))	租賃負債之利息		
	(見附註21(b))	9,442	4,098
Bank charges and other finance costs	銀行費用及其他財務費用	3,111	6,114
Total borrowing costs	總借貸成本	250,098	184,173
Less: interest expense capitalised into prepayments for acquisitions of propertie			
(see Note 21(b))	(見附註21(b))	(86,174)	(70,557)
Net foreign exchange loss	匯兑虧損淨額	5,836	2,182
		169,760	115,798

The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 7.12% per annum for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: 7.97%) (see Note 17).

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,借貸成本已按年利率7.12%(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:7.97%)資本化(見附註17)。

## 財務報表附許

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 6 LOSS BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

## 6 除税前虧損(續)

(b) Staff costs

(b) 員工成本

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
101,771	73,679
11,766	2,873

Salaries, wages and other benefits Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans 薪金、工資及其他福利 向定額供款退休計劃供款

**113.537** 76.552

The employees of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC participate in defined contribution retirement benefit schemes managed by the local government authorities, whereby these subsidiaries are required to contribute to the schemes at 16% of the employees' basic salaries. Employees of these subsidiaries are entitled to retirement benefits, calculated based on a percentage of the average salaries level in the PRC, from the above mentioned retirement schemes at their normal retirement age. During the year ended 31 December 2020, the subsidiaries established in the PRC have been granted certain exemption on the contributions to defined contribution retirement plans by the local government authority as a result of the COVID-19 impact for the period from February 2020 to December 2020.

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## **6** LOSS BEFORE TAXATION (continued)

#### **(b) Staff costs:** (continued)

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance for employees under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF Scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant salaries, subject to a cap of monthly relevant salaries of HK\$30,000.

Contributions to the retirement schemes vest immediately, there is no forfeited contributions that may be used by the Group to reduce the existing level of contribution.

The Group has no further obligation for payment of other retirement benefits beyond the above annual contributions.

## 6 除税前虧損(續)

#### (b) 員工成本: (續)

本集團亦根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例為香港僱傭條例之司法權區下之僱員運作一個強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃為一個由獨立受說計劃。根據強強管理之定額供款計劃。根據強強領立主制,僱主及其僱員均須接僱員相關薪資之5%(每月相關薪資上限為30,000港元)向計劃供款。

向退休計劃之供款即時歸屬。本 集團不會動用已被沒收的供款減 低現有的供款水平。

除作出上述年度供款外,本集團 概無就其他退休福利付款之責 任。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **LOSS BEFORE TAXATION** (continued) 6

#### 除税前虧損(續) 6

(c) Other operating expenses

(c) 其他經營開支

			Nine months
		Year ended	ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止九個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬		
<ul> <li>statutory audit service</li> </ul>	一法定核數服務	4,200	4,200
– other services	一其他服務	700	_
Other professional service fee	其他專業服務費	10,645	8,838
Provisions for obligation from Cash Coupon	商聯卡責任撥備		
Card (see Note 20(b))	(見附註20(b))	-	194,547
Property management fee	物業管理費	9,114	3,843
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	處置物業及設備之虧損	9,433	3,198
Others (see Note (i))	其他(見附註(i))	44,519	28,075
		78,611	242,701

#### Note:

Included in other operating expenses for the year ended 31 December 2021 are provisions for compensation of RMB42,940,000 to tenants and suppliers of concession sales in respect of the closures of 2 department stores and a shopping mall for renovation and upgrade (see Note 4(b)), and according to the result of court judgment, a reversal of payables for operating lease of RMB22,009,000 recognised in previous years (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB Nil).

#### 附註:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度的其他經營開支中 包括就關閉兩家百貨商場及 一家購物中心以進行翻新及 升級而向租戶及特許專櫃銷 售之供應商支付之補償撥備 人民幣42,940,000元(見附註 4(b)),以及根據法院判決的 結果,撥回於先前年度確認 的經營租賃應付款項人民幣 22,009,000元(截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止九個月: 人民幣零元)。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

## 7 綜合損益表內所得税

(a) 綜合損益表內之税項指:

profit or loss represents:			
		Year ended	Nine months
		31 December	ended
		2021	31 December
			2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止九個月
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Current taxation (see Note 27(a)):	本期税項 ( <i>見附註27(a)</i> ):		
<ul> <li>withholding tax on distributed earnings</li> </ul>	一分派盈利預扣税	22,950	-
– provision for PRC Corporate Income Tax	-中國企業所得税撥備	4,354	1,668
<ul> <li>– (over)/under-provision in respect of prior</li> </ul>	一過往年度撥備		
years	(超額)/不足	(102)	17
			4.605
5 ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	でイルエ/ロルサe=# 1)。	27,202	1,685
Deferred taxation (see Note 27(b)):	<b>遞延税項(見附註27(b))</b> :		
– origination and reversal of temporary	一暫時差異之產生及撥回	(4.504)	(44.572)
differences	<b>郑泰续卦料-南-南左四日</b>	(4,621)	(44,573)
- effect on deferred tax balances at 1 April			
2020 resulting from a change in tax rate	一日的遞延税項結餘的影響		(10.722)
(see Notes (iv) and 27(b))	(見附註(iv)及27(b))		(10,723)
		(4,621)	(55,296)
		(.,,=1)	(33/233)
		22 504	(52.611)
		22,581	(53,611)

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(continued)

(b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:

## 7 綜合損益表內所得稅(續)

(b) 税項支出及會計虧損按適用税 率之調節如下:

Nine months
ended
31 December
2020
截至
二零二零年
十二月三十一日
止九個月
RMB'000
人民幣千元

Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(358,862)	(718,790)
Expected tax on loss before tax, calculated at the rates applicable in the tax jurisdictions concerned (see Notes (i), (ii) and (iii))  Tax effect of non-deductible expenses  Tax concessions (see Note (iv))  Tax effect of unused tax losses not	除税前虧損之預期税項, 按有關稅務司法權區之 適用税率計算 (見附註(i)、(ii)及(iii)) 不可扣減支出之稅務影響 税項寬減(見附註(iv)) 未確認未動用稅務虧損之	(87,964) 15,223 –	(178,298) 40,133 19,977
recognised	税務影響	72,171	31,553
Tax effect of temporary differences not recognised  Tax effect on using tax losses not	未確認暫時差額之税務影響 使用過往年度未確認税項虧損	303	53,105
recognised in prior years  Effect on deferred tax balances at 1 April 2020 resulting from a change in tax rate	之税務影響 税率變動對二零二零年	-	(9,375)
(see Notes (iv) and 27(b))	的影響 ( 見附註(iv)及27(b))	_	(10,723)
Withholding tax on distributed earnings	分派盈利預扣税	22,950	-
(Over)/under-provision in respect of prior years	過往年度撥備(超額)/不足 -	(102)	17
Income tax	所得税	22,581	(53,611)

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(continued)

Notes:

- (i) The Company and the subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong are subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 16.5% (nine months ended 31 December 2020: 16.5%). No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made, as the Company and the subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in Hong Kong did not have assessable profits subject to Hong Kong Profits Tax for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB Nil).
- (ii) The Company and the subsidiaries of the Group incorporated in countries other than the PRC (including Hong Kong) are not subject to any income tax pursuant to the rules and regulations of their respective countries of incorporation.
- (iii) The subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC are subject to a PRC Corporate Income Tax rate of 25% for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: 25%).
- (iv) Certain subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC obtained approvals from the respective tax bureaux in 2012 that they are entitled to tax benefits applicable to entities under the Second Phase of the Western Region Development Plan of the PRC, and enjoy a preferential PRC Corporate Income Tax rate of 15% for the calendar years from 2011 to 2020. In 2020, the State Administration of Taxation issued the preferential PRC Corporate Income Tax policies for entities under the Third Phase of the Western Region Development Plan of the PRC (the "Policies"), which is effective from 1 January 2021. These subsidiaries of the Group are not entitled to tax benefits applicable to entities under the Policies and the PRC Corporate Income Tax rate expected to be 25% for the calendar years from 2021.

#### 7 綜合損益表內所得稅(續)

附註:

- (i) 本公司及本集團於香港註冊成立之 附屬公司須繳納香港利得稅稅率 為16.5%(截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月:16.5%)。資產 及負債並無經由本集團之高級管理 層按分部監察。由於本公司及本 團於香港註冊成立之附屬公司世集 工零二一年十二月三十一日止眾領繳納香港利得稅之應課稅溢 利(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民幣零元),故並未 就香港利得稅作出撥備。
- (ii) 本公司及本集團於中國(包括香港) 以外國家註冊成立之附屬公司根據 其各自所在註冊國家之法律及法規 毋須繳納任何所得税。
- (iii) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度·本集團於中國成立之附屬 公司須繳納中國企業所得税·税率 為25%(截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月:25%)。
- (iv) 於二零一二年,本集團若干在中國成立之附屬公司取得相關稅務局批文,有權享受適用於中國西相關稅務一類,有權享受適用於中國四相關稅務一次,有權享受15%之優惠中年至二零年曆年享受15%之優惠中年至國國家等所得稅稅率。於二零二十分優惠中國企業所得稅優惠,自二零之該等附屬之稅稅國,由二零之該等附屬之稅稅率預期將為25%。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **8 DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

# Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

#### 8 董事薪酬

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露 之董事薪酬如下:

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		献エーダー	エーカート	HITI	
	Directors' fees	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪金、津貼及	Discretionary bonuses	Retirement scheme contributions	Total
	董事袍金	其他實物福利	酌情獎金	退休計劃供款	合計
	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
<i>執行董</i> 事					
	_	_	_	_	_
	1.448	_	_	43	1,491
		_	_		1,509
宛慶女士	1,601	-	-	67	1,668
非執行董事					
陳帥先生	_	_	_	_	_
李陽先生	-	-	-	-	-
獨立非執行董事					
阮曉峰先生	249	_	_	_	249
宋紅女士	249	-	-	-	249
曾國偉先生	249	-	-	-	249
	5,290	-	-	125	5,415
	非執行董事 陳帥先生 李陽先生 <b>獨立非執行董事</b> 阮曉峰先生 宋紅女士	董事神金       RMB'000       人民幣千元       執行董事 順緒先生 (於二零二一年六月七日辭任)     1,448       秦川先生 宛慶女士     1,494       宛慶女士     1,601       非執行董事 陳帥先生 李陽先生     -       獨立非執行董事 阮曉峰先生 宋紅女士 曾國偉先生     249       曾國偉先生     249       249     249	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind	Directors' fees	Directors' fees

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 8 **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (continued)

#### 8 董事薪酬(續)

Nine months ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月

	-		Salaries,		Retirement	
			allowances and	Discretionary	scheme	
		Directors' fees	benefits in kind	bonuses	contributions	Total
			薪金、津貼及			
		董事袍金	其他實物福利	酌情獎金	退休計劃供款	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Huang Shunxu (appointed on	黄順緒先生					
24 June 2020)	(於二零二零年六月二十四日獲委任)	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Wu Yijian (resigned on 10 June 2020)	吳一堅先生					
	(於二零二零年六月十日辭任)	428	_	_	4	432
Mr. Qi Yong (appointed on 24 June 2020)	祁勇先生					
<b>(3</b> (-pp	(於二零二零年六月二十四日獲委任)	322	591	_	19	932
Mr. Qin Chuan	秦川先生	1,011	_	_	12	1,023
Ms. Wan Qing (appointed on 24 June 2020)	宛慶女士	.,				.,
4	(於二零二零年六月二十四日獲委任)	276	244	-	9	529
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Chen Shuai	陳帥先生	_	_	_	_	_
Mr. Li Yang (appointed on 24 June 2020)	李陽先生					
3,444	(於二零二零年六月二十四日獲委任)	-	-	-	-	-
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Dr. Han Qinchun (resigned on	韓秦春博士					
18 September 2020)	(於二零二零年九月十八日辭任)	92	_	_	_	92
Mr. Ruan Xiaofeng	阮曉峰先生	168	_	_	_	168
Ms. Song Hong (appointed on 30 Oct 2020)	宋虹女士					
,	(於二零二零年十月三十日獲委任)	46	_	_	_	46
Mr. Tsang Kwok Wai	曾國偉先生	181	-	-	_	181
		2,524	835	_	44	3,403

# 9 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, three (nine months ended 31 December 2020: three) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in Note 8.

#### 9 最高薪人士

在五名最高薪人士中,三名(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:三名)為董事,而其酬金詳情已於附註 8披露。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 9 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS (continued)

The emoluments in respect of the other two (nine months ended 31 December 2020: two) individuals are as follows:

#### 9 最高薪人士(續)

有關其他兩名(截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止九個月:兩名)人士之酬 金如下:

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2,177	1,171
47	17
2 224	1 122

Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind Retirement scheme contributions 薪金、津貼及其他實物福利退休計劃供款

**2,224** 1,188

The emoluments of the two (nine months ended 31 December 2020: two) individuals who are not directors and who are amongst the five highest paid individuals of the Group are within the following bands:

兩名(截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止九個月:兩名)並非董事且屬於本 集團五名最高薪人士之個別人士之薪 酬介乎以下範圍:

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月
Number of	Number of
individuals	individuals
個別人數	個別人數

HKD Nil to HKD1,000,000 HKD1,000,001 to HKD1,500,000 零港元至1,000,000港元 1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元 **-** 2 **-**

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 10 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income

#### 10 其他全面收益

與其他全面收益各部份有關之税項 影響

		Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度			Nine months ended 31 December 20 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九		
		Before tax amount 除税項前 金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Tax expense 税項開支 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i> ( <i>Note 27(b)</i> ) ( <i>附註27(b)</i> )	Net-of-tax amount 扣除税項 後金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Before tax amount 除税項前 金額 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Tax expense 税項開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 27(b)) (附註27(b))	Net-of-tax amount 扣除税項 後金額 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Surplus on revaluation of land and buildings held for own use (see Note 12)	重估持作自用土地及樓宇之盈餘(見附註12)	106,081	(26,177)	79,904	42,670	(25,682)	16,988
Other financial assets net movement in the fair value reserve	其他金融資產公允值 儲備變動淨額	88,200	_	88,200	(14,700)	(23,273)	(37,973)
Exchange differences on translation into	換算為呈列貨幣之 匯兑差額	·					
presentation currency		(16,373)		(16,373)	15,026		15,026
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	177,908	(26,177)	151,731	42,996	(48,955)	(5,959)

There was no reclassification adjustment relating to components of other comprehensive income during the period (nine months ended 31 December 2020: Nil).

11 BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

#### (a) Basic loss per share

The calculation of basic loss per share is based on the loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company of RMB367,967,000 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB635,095,000) and the weighted average number of 2,326,763,000 ordinary and convertible preference shares (nine months ended 31 December 2020: 2,326,151,000 ordinary and convertible preference shares) in issue during the period, calculated as follows:

期內並無有關其他全面收益部分之重 新分類調整(截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月:無)。

#### 11 每股基本及攤薄虧損

#### (a) 每股基本虧損

每股基本虧損乃基於本公司股東應佔虧損人民幣367,967,000元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民幣635,095,000元)及於期內已發行加權平均數2,326,763,000股普通股及可換股優先股(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:2,326,151,000股普通股及可換股優先股)計算,如下:

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 11 BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE

(continued)

#### (a) Basic loss per share (continued)

#### 11 每股基本及攤薄虧損(續)

#### (a) 每股基本虧損(續)

 Year ended
 Nine months

 31 December
 31 December

 2021
 2020

 截至
 截至

 二零二一年
 二零二零年

 十二月三十一日
 止角月

Issued ordinary shares at 1 January/April Effect of termination of share award scheme (see Note 26(a)) 於一月/四月一日 已發行普通股 終止股份獎勵計劃之影響 (見附註26(a))

**2,326,763,000** 2,323,693,000

2,458,000

Weighted average number of ordinary shares at 31 December

於十二月三十一日之 普通股加權平均數

**2,326,763,000** 2,326,151,000

The holder of the convertible preference shares is entitled to receive the same rate of dividends/ distributions as the holders of ordinary shares. Accordingly, for the purpose of the calculation of basic loss per share, the convertible preference shares issued have been included in the calculation of the weighted average number of shares in issue.

#### (b) Diluted loss per share

During the year ended 31 December 2021 and nine months ended 31 December 2020, diluted loss per share is calculated on the same basis as basic loss per share.

可換股優先股持有人有權按與普通股持有人相同之比率獲得股息/分派。因此,就計算每股基本虧損而言,計算已發行股份加權平均數時已計入已發行可換股優先股。

#### (b) 每股攤薄虧損

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度及截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止九個月,每股攤薄虧 損乃按與每股基本虧損相同基準 計算。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

#### 12 物業及設備

	D EQUII MEI				MACIA			
			Residential					
		Land and	properties held					
		buildings held	for own use					
		for own use	carried at cost	Properties	Furniture,			
		carried at fair	and leasehold	leased	fixtures and		Construction in	
		value	improvements	for own use	equipment	Motor vehicles	progress	Total
			· 按成本列賬之持				, ,	
		以公允值列賬之	作自用住宅物業					
		持作自用土地及	及租賃		<b>傢俬、裝置</b>			
		樓宇	物業裝修	自用租賃物業	及設備	運輸工具	在建工程	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:							
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	2,844,000	325,343	115,213	90,744	1,223	233	3,376,756
Exchange adjustments	於 <u></u> 一令 一十一月一日	2,044,000	(14)	113,213	(489)	1,225	233	(503)
Additions	添置		- (14)	197,514	3,145	428	4,495	205,582
Disposals	處置		(72,218)	(55,007)	(12,476)	(154)	(234)	(140,089)
Surplus on revaluation (see Note 10)	重估盈餘(見附註10)	106,081	(72,210)	(33,007)	(12,470)	(134)	(234)	106,081
Less: elimination of accumulated	減:抵銷累計折舊	100,001						100,001
depreciation	//W、J公时於II JI 自	(106,081)	-	-	-	-	-	(106,081)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	2,844,000	253,111	257,720	80,924	1,497	4,494	3,441,746
Representing:	指:							
Cost	成本	-	253,111	257,720	80,924	1,497	4,494	597,746
Valuation – 31 December 2021	估值-二零二-年							
	十二月三十一日	2,844,000			-	-	-	2,844,000
		2,844,000	253,111	257,720	80,924	1,497	4,494	3,441,746
Less: accumulated depreciation and	減:累計折舊及減值虧損							
impairment losses								
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	-	249,034	44,880	83,655	736	-	378,305
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	(14)	-	(489)	-	-	(503)
Charge for the year	本年度折舊	106,081	12,950	29,532	7,396	186	-	156,145
Written back on disposals	處置時撥回	((00.00))	(63,945)	(44,490)	(12,476)	(142)	-	(121,053)
Elimination on revaluation	重估時抵銷	(106,081)			-	-		(106,081)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	-	198,025	29,922	78,086	780	-	306,813
Net book value:	賬面淨值:							

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

12	PROPERTY A	AND	<b>EQUIPMENT</b>	(continued)	12	物業及設備(續)
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			Residential					
		Land and	properties held					
		buildings held	for own use					
		for own use	carried at cost	Properties	Furniture,			
		carried at fair	and leasehold	leased	fixtures and		Construction in	
		value	improvements	for own use	equipment	Motor vehicles	progress	Total
			按成本列賬之持					
	J	以公允值列賬之	作自用住宅物業					
	1	持作自用土地及	及租賃		傢俬、裝置			
		樓宇	物業裝修	自用租賃物業	及設備	運輸工具	在建工程	合計
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Cost or valuation:	成本或估值:							
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2,844,000	405,421	97,736	100,425	6,349	233	3,454,164
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	-	(41)	-	(1,468)	-	-	(1,509)
Additions	添置	-	2,400	17,477	1,174	1,254	-	22,305
Transfer in/(out)	轉入/(出)	60,895	(60,895)	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	處置	-	(21,542)	-	(9,387)	(6,380)	-	(37,309)
Surplus on revaluation (see Note 10)	重估盈餘(見附註10)	42,670	-	-	-	-	-	42,670
Less: elimination of accumulated	減:抵銷累計折舊							
depreciation	_	(103,565)			_	-	-	(103,565)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	2,844,000	325,343	115,213	90,744	1,223	233	3,376,756
Representing:	指:							
Cost	成本	-	325,343	115,213	90,744	1,223	233	532,756
Valuation – 31 December 2020	估值一二零二零年							
	十二月三十一日	2,844,000			-			2,844,000
		2 044 000	225.242	445.242	00.744	4 222	222	2 276 756
		2,844,000	325,343	115,213	90,744	1,223	233	3,376,756
Less: accumulated depreciation and	減:累計折舊及減值虧損							
impairment losses	\\							
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	-	282,262	26,056	87,497	5,176	-	400,991
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整		(41)	-	(1,468)	-	-	(1,509)
Charge for the period	期內折舊	74,811	16,632	18,824	5,674	87	-	116,028
Transfer in/(out)	轉入/(出)	28,754	(28,754)	-	-	-	-	-
Written back on disposals	處置時撥回	-	(21,065)	-	(8,048)	(4,527)	-	(33,640)
Elimination on revaluation	重估時抵銷 ————————————————————————————————————	(103,565)		-	-	-	-	(103,565)
At 21 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日		2/10/02/	AA 900	02 655	726		378,305
At 31 December 2020	水=マーマサ  −ガニ  <sup>*</sup> 日		249,034 	44,880	83,655	736 		370,303
Not book value	<b>非</b> 高深估:							
Net book value: At 31 December 2020	<b>賬面淨值</b> : 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	2,844,000	76,309	70,333	7,089	487	233	2,998,451
	., - ( - ( )   - // =	_,_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			.,,,,,,,			2,10,101

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

# (a) Fair value measurement of land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties

#### (i) Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's land and buildings and investment properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

(a) 按公允值列賬之土地及樓宇及 投資物業之公允值計量

#### (i) 公允值層級

- 第一級估值:僅使用 第一級輸入數據(即 於計量日同類資產或 負債於活躍市場之未 經調整報價)計量之 公允值。
- 第三級估值:使用重 大不可觀察輸入數據 計量之公允值。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties (continued)
  - (i) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

- (a) 按公允值列賬之土地及樓宇及 投資物業之公允值計量(續)
  - (i) 公允值層級(續)

Fair value measurements categorised into Level 3 分類為第三級之公允值計量

At	At
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
於二零二一年	於二零二零年
十二月	十二月
三十一日	三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Recurring fair value measurements

經常性公允值計量

**2.844.000** 2.844.000

Land and buildings held for own use 持作自用土地及樓宇

2)

Investment properties (see Note 13) 投資物業(見附註13)

1,265,300

1,265,300

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there was no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfer into or out of Level 3 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: no transfer). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties (continued)
  - **Fair value hierarchy** (continued)

All of the Group's land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties were revalued as at 31 December 2021 except for the additions of properties leased of RMB82.498.000 (see Note 13) which was initially recognised as investment properties in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2021. The valuations were carried out by an independent firm of surveyor, Roma Appraisals Limited, who have among their staff fellows of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of properties being valued. The Group's Financial Controller has discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at each interim and annual reporting date.

#### (ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements

#### At Αt 31 December 31 December 2020 2021 於二零二一年 於二零二零年 **Valuation** Unobservable 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 techniques input **RMB** RMB 不可觀察輸入數據 人民幣 人民幣 估值方法 Market comparison Land and buildings held Average market unit for own use approach sale rate (per sq.m) 12,000 ~ 51,000 12,000 ~ 51,000 平均市場單位售價 持作自用土地及樓宇 市場比較法 (每平方米) Investment properties-Market comparison Average market unit ownership interests in approach sale rate (per sq.m) land and buildings 28,173 28,173 平均市場單位售價 投資物業-土地及樓宇之 市場比較法 擁有權權益 (每平方米)

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

(a) 按公允值列賬之土地及樓宇及 投資物業之公允值計量(續)

#### 公允值層級(續) (i)

本集團所有按公允值列 賬的土地及樓宇及投資 物業於二零二一年十二 月三十一日均獲重估, 惟添置租賃物業人民幣 82,498,000元(見附註13) 除外,該等物業於二零 二一年十二月三十一日在 綜合財務狀況表中初始確 認為投資物業。估值由一 名獨立評估師行羅馬國際 評估有限公司(香港測量 師學會之會員,並具備於 待估值物業所在地及物業 類型之近期估值經驗)進 行。於各中期及年度報告 日期進行估值時,本集團 之財務總監已與評估師討 論相關估值假設及估值結 果。

#### (ii) 第三級公允值計量所使用 之估值方法及輸入數據

Range

# 範疇

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties (continued)
  - (ii) Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

The fair value of land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties-ownership interests in land and buildings located in the PRC is determined using market comparison approach by reference to recent sales price of comparable properties on a price per square meter basis in the relevant market. Comparable properties of similar size, characteristics and location are analysed and selected for each property in order to arrive at a fair comparison of their fair values. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the average market unit sale rate.

Fair value adjustment of investment properties is recognised in the line item "valuation gain/ loss on investment properties" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Surplus/deficit on revaluation of properties held for own use are recognised in other comprehensive income in "property revaluation reserve".

All the gains/losses recognised in profit or loss for the year arise from the properties held at the end of the reporting period.

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

- (a) 按公允值列賬之土地及樓宇及 投資物業之公允值計量(續)
  - (ii) 第三級公允值計量所使用 之估值方法及輸入數據 (續)

投資物業之公允值調整於 綜合損益表之「資物業估 值收益/虧損」項內確認。

持作自用物業之重估盈餘/虧絀於「物業重估儲備」內確認為其他全面收益。

本年度損益確認之所有收益/虧損產生自報告期末 持有之物業。

#### 財務報表附註

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#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

- (a) Fair value measurement of land and buildings carried at fair value and investment properties (continued)
  - (iii) Depreciated cost of land and buildings held for own use carried at fair value

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

- (a) 按公允值列賬之土地及樓宇及 投資物業之公允值計量(續)
  - (iii) 以公允值列賬之持作自用 土地及樓宇折舊成本

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Had the revalued land and buildings carried at fair value been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, the carrying amount would have been

如以公允值列賬之重估 土地及樓宇以成本減累計 折舊及減值虧損列賬, 賬面值將為

**1.549.878** 1,594,094

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

#### (b) Right-of-use assets

The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

#### (b) 使用權資產

使用權資產賬面淨值按相關資產 類別分析如下:

	At	At
	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
	於二零二一年	於二零二零年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use, carried at fair value in PRC, with remaining lease term between 10 and 50 years		(i)	2,844,000	2,844,000
Residential properties held for own use carried at depreciated cost		(ii)	13,317	13,417
Properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost	按折舊成本列賬之 自用租賃物業	(iii)	227,798	70,333
			241,115	83,750
Ownership interests in leasehold investment property, carried at fair value, with remaining lease term between 10 and 50 years	於租賃投資物業之擁有權權益,按公允值列賬,餘下租期介乎10至50年	(i)	1,265,300	1,265,300
term between 10 and 30 years	10±30	(1)	4,350,415	4,193,050

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

#### (b) Right-of-use assets (continued)

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

#### (b) 使用權資產(續)

有關於損益確認之租賃開支項目分析如下:

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset:
Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use carried at fair value in PRC
Residential properties held for own use carried at depreciated cost
Properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost

按相關資產類別劃分的使用權資產折舊支出:
於中國以公允值列賬之持作自用之租賃土地及樓宇之擁有權權益按折舊成本列賬之持作自用住宅物業按折舊成本列賬之自用租賃物業

106,081 74,811 437 326 29,532 18,824 136,050 93,961

Interest on lease liabilities
(see Note 6(a))
Expense relating to leases of lowvalue assets, excluding short-term
leases of low-value assets

與低值資產租賃有關的開支, 不包括低值資產的短期租賃

租賃負債之利息(附註6(a))

**47** 781

During the year ended 31 December 2021, additions to right-of-use assets were RMB197,514,000. This amount primarily related to the capitalised lease payments payable under new tenancy agreements.

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,添置使用權資產為人民幣197,514,000元。該金額主要與根據新租賃協議應付之資本化租賃款項有關。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

#### (b) Right-of-use assets (continued)

Details of total cash outflow for leases and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in Notes 21(c) and 25, respectively.

# (i) Ownership interests in leasehold land and buildings held for own use and in leasehold investment property

The Group holds several commercial buildings for its department stores and shopping mall operation business. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the whole and part of undivided share in the underlying land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of contract for assignment.

## (ii) Residential properties held for own use carried at depreciated cost

The Group holds several residential properties. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the whole and part of undivided share in the underlying land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of contract for assignment.

#### (iii) Properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its retail stores through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 15 years. Lease payments are usually increased every year to reflect market rentals.

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

#### (b) 使用權資產(續)

租賃之現金流出總額及租賃負債之到期日分析分別載於附註 21(c)及25。

#### (i) 持作自用之租賃土地及樓 宇及租賃投資物業之擁有 權權益

#### (ii) 按折舊成本列賬之持作自 用住宅物業

#### (iii) 自用租賃物業

本集團已透過租賃協議取 得使用其他物業作為其零 售店之權利。租賃一般初 步為期一至十五年。租赁 付款通常每年增加,以反 映市場租金。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **12 PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT** (continued)

#### (c) Title ownership

As at the date of this report, the Group was in the progress of applying for registration of the ownership certificates for certain of its properties. The aggregate carrying value of such properties as at 31 December 2021 was approximately RMB13,317,000 (31 December 2020: RMB13,417,000). The directors are of the opinion the Group is entitled to lawfully own and occupy these properties.

#### 12 物業及設備(續)

#### (c) 業權所有權

於本報告日期,本集團正在為其若干物業申請登記所有權證書。該等物業於二零二零年十二月三十一日之總賬面值為約人民幣13,317,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣13,417,000元)。董事認為,本集團有權合法使用及佔用該等物業。

#### 13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

#### 13 投資物業

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Valuation: At 1 January/April Additions Fair value adjustments	<b>估值:</b> 於一月/四月一日 添置 公允值調整	1,265,300 82,498 	1,265,300 - -
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,347,798	1,265,300

The Group leases out investment properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 10 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date at which time all terms are renegotiated. Lease payments are usually increased every 1 to 3 years to reflect market rentals. Certain leases include variable lease payment terms that are based on the revenue of tenants.

本集團根據經營租賃出租投資物業。 該等租賃一般初步為期一至十年,並 有權選擇在該日後續期,屆時所有條 款均可重新商定。租金通常每一至三 年增加一次,以反映市場租金。若干 租賃包括以租戶收益為基準之可變租 賃付款期。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES** (continued)

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the end of the reporting period will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

#### **13** 投資物業(續)

於報告期末,本集團根據不可撤銷經 營租約於未來期間應收之未貼現租賃 款項如下:

		十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i>	At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Within 1 year After 1 year but within 5 years After 5 years	一年內 一年後但五年內 五年後	47,047 133,883 — 180,930	29,939 38,560 1,219 69,718

#### 14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

#### 14 無形資產

		RMB'000 人民幣千元
<b>Cost:</b> At 1 April 2020, 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	成本: 於二零二零年四月一日、二零二零年 十二月三十一日及二零二一年一月一日	424,812
Additions	增加	100,000
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	524,812
Less: accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2020 Impairment losses	<b>減:累計減值虧損</b> 於二零二零年四月一日 減值虧損	_ 215,166
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Impairment losses	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 減值虧損	215,166 35,000
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	250,166
Carrying amount: At 31 December 2021	<b>賬面值:</b> 於二零二一年十二月三十一日	274,646
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	209,646

Trademark 商標

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

The Group has acquired trademark-use-right of the trademark "Ginwa" through its acquisitions of department store and supermarket operations in prior years. On 6 January 2021, a resolution for the acquisition of trademarks was passed by the shareholders at the special general meeting of the Company (the "Acquisition"). As of 31 December 2021, the Acquisition was completed and the Group enjoys the entire rights, title and interest in and to the trademarks, free and clear of any restriction, which result in the Group having the right, for itself and/or to license to other third parties, to use the trademarks for any other newly opened shopping malls, department stores, supermarkets. Accordingly, the intangible assets are regarded by the Group as having an indefinite useful life.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful life are allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to the department store and supermarket operations as follows:

#### 14 無形資產(續)

本集團於過往年度透過收購百貨商場及超級市場業務獲得商標「金花」之使用權。於二零二一年一月六十會上通過以購商標之決議案(「收購事項」),根至二零二一年十二月三十一商過量,以與五十二十一百時,且本集團有權之,所有權及權益,其一十一百時,因此,本集團有權就所有權。因此,本集團有權就所有關將無形資產視所有無限期的可使用年限。

無期限可使用年期之無形資產根據如下所收購之百貨商場及超級市場業務分配至本集團之已識別現金產生單位:

	Country of operation and operating segments 營運所在國家及經營分部	At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000
Century Ginwa Company Ltd. ("Ginwa Bell Tower") 世紀金花股份有限公司(「金花鐘樓」)	Department stores and shopping mall, PRC 百貨商場及購物中心,中國	30,164	65,164
Golden Chance (Xian) Limited ("GCX")	Department stores and shopping mall, PRC 百貨商場及購物中心,中國	69,802	69,802
Ideal Mix Limited	Department stores and shopping mall and supermarkets, PRC 百貨商場及購物中心與超級市場,中國	74,680	74,680
		174,646	209,646

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **14 INTANGIBLE ASSETS** (continued)

Intangible assets of RMB100,000,000 which arose from the Acquisition have not been allocated to the Group's cash-generating units. They have been carried out impairment testing at the end of the reporting period by testing all of the cash-generating units together with goodwill and intangible assets include in the carrying amount.

The Directors have assessed that there was no impairment on the intangible assets which arose from the Acquisition at 31 December 2021.

Details of impairment tests relating to for cash-generating units containing goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life are set out in Note 15.

#### 14 無形資產(續)

收購事項產生的無形資產人民幣 100,000,000元尚未分配至本集團的 現金產生單位。於報告期末,透過對 所有現金產生單位連同計入賬面值的 商譽及無形資產進行測試對該等無形 資產進行減值測試。

董事已評估,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,收購事項所產生的無形資產並無減值。

有關載有商譽及無期限可使用年期之 無形資產之現金產生單位之減值測試 詳情載於附註15。

#### 15 GOODWILL

#### 15 商譽

RMB'000 人民幣千元

Cost: At 1 April 2020, 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021and 31 December 2021	成本: 於二零二零年四月一日、二零二零年 十二月三十一日、二零二一年一月一日 及二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,451,814
Less: accumulated impairment losses At 1 April 2020 Impairment losses	<b>減:累計減值虧損</b> 於二零二零年四月一日 減值虧損	1,228,996 150,689
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021 Impairment losses	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日 減值虧損	1,379,685 37,000
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,416,685
Carrying amount: At 31 December 2021	<b>賬面值:</b> 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 <b>-</b>	35,129
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	72,129

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **15 GOODWILL** (continued)

# Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units identified according to the department store and supermarket operations acquired as follows:

#### 15 商譽(續)

#### 載有商譽及無期限可使用年期之 無形資產之現金產生單位之減值 測試

商譽根據如下所收購之百貨商場及超級市場業務分配至本集團之已識別現金產生單位:

Country of operation	At	At
and operating segments	31 December	31 December
業務國家及經營分部	2021	2020
	於二零二一年	於二零二零年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
<u> </u>		<u> </u>

		人民幣十元	人民幣十元
Ginwa Bell Tower 金花鐘樓	Department stores and shopping mall, PRC 百貨商場及購物中心,中國	-	-
GCX	Department stores and shopping mall, PRC 百貨商場及購物中心,中國	-	-
Ideal Mix Limited	Department stores and shopping mall and supermarkets, PRC 百貨商場及購物中心與超級市場,中國	35,129	72,129

Notes:

(i) During the year ended 31 December 2021, the financial performance of the Group's department store and supermarket operations, as a consequence of the slowing down of economic growth in the PRC as well as a consequence of the intense competition from surrounding shopping malls and online retail sales, did not meet management's expectations. Management performed impairment assessments of the relevant cash-generating units to which goodwill and intangible assets have been allocated.

#### 附註:

(i) 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,由於中國經濟增長放緩以及周邊購物商場及線上零售銷售激烈競爭、本集團百貨商場及超級市場業務的財務表現未符管理層預期。管理層已對已獲分配商譽及無形資產的相關現金產生單位進行減值評估。

35,129

72,129

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **15 GOODWILL** (continued)

# Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life (continued)

Notes: (continued)

#### (i) (continued)

The recoverable amounts of the cash-generating units were determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations use cash flow projections based on financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. These cash flow projections adopted the annualised rates of sales growth ranging from 0% to 5% (nine months ended 31 December 2020: from -10% to 2%), which are based on the Group's historical experience with these operations and adjusted for other factors that are specific to each cash-generating unit including the renovation and upgrade of the Ginwa Bell Tower and GCX which will position these two department stores in the high-end market where the Group will be capable of reaching out to a wider and more premium customer base after their grand re-openings. Management determined that the Ginwa Bell Tower will be re-opened in early 2023 and the GCX will be re-opened in the second half of 2022. Cash flows beyond the five-year period are extrapolated using an estimated growth rate of 3% (nine months ended 31 December 2020: 3%). The cash flows are discounted using discount rate of 16% (nine months ended 31 December 2020: 16%). The discount rates used are pre-taxed and reflect specific risks relating to the respective cash-generating units.

(ii) As a result of the above impairment test, impairment loss on goodwill of RMB37,000,000 were recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the current financial year which relates to the cash-generating unit of Ideal Mix Limited acquired in May 2011, and impairment loss on intangible assets of RMB35,000,000 were recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the current financial year which relates to the cash-generating unit of Ginwa Bell Tower acquired in August 2008.

#### 15 商譽(續)

載有商譽及無期限可使用年期之 無形資產之現金產生單位之減值 測試(續)

附註:(續)

#### (i) (續)

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃按 使用價值計算而釐定。有關計算乃 使用根據管理層批准的五年期間 財務預算為基準的現金流量預測。 該等現金流量預測乃根據本集團 就該等業務之歷史經驗採用年銷 售增長率為0%至5%(截至二零二 零年十二月三十一日止九個月: -10%至2%) 進行推算,並就每一 個現金產生單位特定之其他因素調 整,包括金花鐘樓及的翻新及升級, 此舉會將這兩間百貨商場提升至高 端市場定位,於重新盛大開業之後 本集團將能夠吸納更多高端客人。 管理層決定金花鐘樓將於二零二三 年初重新開業·GCX將於二零二二 年下半年重新開業。五年期間後的 現金流量使用估計增長率3%(截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個 月:3%)進行推算。現金流量採用 貼現率16%(截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止九個月:16%) 進行貼 現。所使用貼現率為除税前貼現率, 反映與各現金產生單位相關之特定 風險。

(ii) 經上述減值測試,商譽減值虧損人 民幣37,000,000元於本財政年度的 綜合損益表內確認,有關商譽與於 二零一一年五月收購的Ideal Mix Limited的現金產生單位有關,及無 形資產減值虧損人民幣35,000,000 元已於本財政年度之綜合損益表確 認,涉及於二零零八年八月收購有 關金花鐘樓之現金產生單位。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **15 GOODWILL** (continued)

# Impairment tests for cash-generating units containing goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite useful life (continued)

Notes: (continued)

#### (ii) (continued)

The key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations for the above three cash-generating units are as follows:

#### 15 商譽(續)

載有商譽及無期限可使用年期之 無形資產之現金產生單位之減值 測試(續)

附註:(續)

#### (ii) (*續*)

上述三項現金產生單位的使用價值計算所使用的關鍵假設概述如下:

	Key assumptions 關鍵假設	At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日
Ginwa Bell Tower 金花鐘樓	Annual sales growth rate for the first five-year period 首五年期間的年銷售增長率 Annual sales growth rate after the five-year period	0% - 5% 3%	-10% – 2% 3%
	五年期間後的年銷售增長率 Discount rate 貼現率	16%	16%
GCX	Annual sales growth rate for the first five-year period 首五年期間的年銷售增長率	0% - 5%	-10% – 2%
	自五千朔间列千朝告增長率 Annual sales growth rate after the five-year period 五年期間後的年銷售增長率	3%	3%
	Discount rate 貼現率	16%	16%
Ideal Mix Limited	Annual sales growth rate for the first five-year period 首五年期間的年銷售增長率	0%	-10% – 2%
	自五十朔间的牛朝吉墳及等 Annual sales growth rate after the five-year period 五年期間後的年銷售增長率	3%	3%
	Discount rate 貼現率	16%	16%

Any adverse change in the assumptions used in the calculation of recoverable amount of cash-generating units would result in further impairment losses.

計算現金產生單位的可收回金額時 所使用假設的任何不利變動將產生 進一步減值虧損。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **16 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

#### 16 投資附屬公司

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group.

下表僅載列主要影響本集團業績、資產或負債之附屬公司詳情。

### Proportion of ownership interest 擁有權權益比例

Name of companies	Place of establishment and operations	Particulars of registered and paid up capital	The Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by subsidiaries 由本公司	Principal activities	Legal form
公司名稱	成立及 營業地點	已註冊及 繳足股本資料	本集團之 實際權益	由本公司 持有	附屬公司 持有	主要業務	法律形式
Ginwa Bell Tower* 金花鐘樓	The PRC 中國	RMB 人民幣 235,500,000 元	83.88%	-	83.88%	Operation of department store in the PRC 在中國經營百貨商場	Limited liability company 有限責任公司
Xi'an Century Ginwa Saigo Shopping Mall Company Limited* 西安世紀金花賽高購物有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB 人民幣 30,000,000元	100%	-	100%	Operation of department store in the PRC 在中國經營百貨商場	Limited liability company 有限責任公司
Xi'an Century Ginwa Shopping Mall Company Limited* 西安世紀金花購物有限公司	The PRC 中國	HK <b>\$</b> 65,000,000 港元	100%	-	100%	Operation of department store in the PRC 在中國經營百貨商場	Limited liability company 有限責任公司
Xianyang Century Ginwa Trade and Commerce Company Limited* 咸陽世紀金花商貿有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB 人民幣 3,000,000元	100%	-	100%	Operation of department stores and supermarkets in the PRC 在中國經營百貨商場及 超級市場	Limited liability company 有限責任公司
Xi'an Yixin Property Management Company Limited* 西安億鑫物業管理有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB 人民幣 536,885,750元	100%	-	100%	Properties management in the PRC 在中國的物業管理	Limited liability company 有限責任公司
Shaanxi Qianhui Properties Company Limited* 陝西千匯置業有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB 人民幣 252,800,000元	100%	-	100%	Operation of shopping mall and properties management in the PRC 在中國經營購物中心及 物業管理	Limited liability company 有限責任公司
Xi'an Honghui Property Management Company Limited* 西安鴻輝物業管理有限公司	The PRC 中國	RMB 人民幣 124,000,000元	100%	-	100%	Properties management in the PRC 在中國的物業管理	Limited liability company 有限責任公司

<sup>\*</sup> The English translation of the names of these companies is for reference only. The official names of these companies are in Chinese.

<sup>\*</sup> 該等公司之英文譯名僅供參考。該 等公司之正式名稱以中文為準。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 16 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

#### (continued)

The following table lists out the information relating to Ginwa Bell Tower, the only subsidiary of the Group which has material non-controlling interests ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

#### 16 投資附屬公司(續)

下表載列本集團唯一擁有重大非控股權益(「非控股權益」)之附屬公司金花鐘樓有關之資料。下文呈列之財務資料摘要指並未納入任何公司間抵銷之金額。

	Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	7 7 7
Revenue	17,211	37,596
Loss for the year/period	(83,598)	(186,625)
Loss for the year/period attributable to NCI	(13,476)	(30,084)
Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	1,541,197 523,394 (444,000) (1,301,877)	1,437,511 532,182 (240,000) (1,415,581)
Net assets	318,714	314,112
Net assets attributable to NCI	51,377	50,635

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 17 PREPAYMENTS FOR ACQUISITIONS OF PROPERTIES AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

## **17** 收購物業及無形資產之預付款項

AL	Αι
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
於二零二一年	於二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	7 12 0 11 7 1 7 1
1,982,153	1,555,682 100,000

Prepayments for acquisitions of properties (see Note (a))
Prepayments for acquisition of trademarks (see Note 14)

收購物業之預付款項 (見附註(a))

收購事項商標之預付款項 (見附註14)

1,982,153

1,655,682

#### (a) Prepayments for acquisitions of properties

#### (a) 收購物業之預付款項

		RMB 000   人民幣千元
	W = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	4 405 405
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	1,485,125
Interest expense capitalised	已資本化之利息開支	70,557
	_	
At 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及	1,555,682
	二零二一年一月一日	
Additions (see Note 20(b))	添置(見附註20(b))	340,297
Interest expense capitalised	已資本化之利息開支	86,174
	_	
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,982,153
	_	

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

# 17 PREPAYMENTS FOR ACQUISITIONS OF PROPERTIES AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

(continued)

(a) Prepayments for acquisitions of properties (continued)

The amounts represent partial payments made by the Group for its intended acquisition of commercial properties under development that are situated in the PRC. On 4 December 2014, the Group, through Ginwa Bell Tower, entered into an acquisition agreement with Shanghai Huade Investment Company Limited ("Huade Investment"), pursuant to which Huade Investment agreed to procure a project company to develop the above properties in accordance with the requirements of Ginwa Bell Tower, and Ginwa Bell Tower agreed to purchase part of the above properties for an aggregate consideration of RMB1,651,112,750. The substantial construction of the commercial properties commenced in October 2016. These properties are intended to be used by the Group to expand its retail operations.

# 18 EQUITY INVESTMENTS

(a) Equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling)

# **17** 收購物業及無形資產之預付款項(續)

(a) 收購物業之預付款項(續)

#### 18 權益投資

(a) 指定為按公允價值計量且其變動計入其他全面收益(不可劃轉)之權益證券

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Listed equity securities

上市股本證券

255,900

167,700

These securities represent the 30,000,000 Ginwa Enterprise (Group) Inc. ("Ginwa Enterprise") A-shares listed in the Shanghai Stock Exchange.

該等證券指於上海股份交易所上市之30,000,000股金花企業(集團)公司(「金花企業」)A股。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **18 EQUITY INVESTMENTS** (continued)

#### (b) Financial assets measured at FVPL

#### 18 權益投資(續)

(b) 按公允值計量且其變動計入損 益之金融資產

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Unlisted investment fund at fair value 按公允值列賬之非上市投資基金

16,639

14,307

On 30 December 2020, the Group entered into a subscription agreement pursuant to which the Group has subscribed for the participating shares in an unlisted investment fund (the "Fund") for an aggregate amount of HK\$17,000,000 which was equivalent to RMB14,307,000. The investment objective of the Fund is to achieve steady and long-term returns through investment of commercial real estate projects in the PRC.

於二零二零年十二月三十日,本集團訂立認購協議,據此,本集團已就非上市投資基金(「基金」)之參與股份認購合共17,000,000港元,相等於人民幣14,307,000元。該基金的投資目標為透過在中國投資商業房地產項目取得穩定及長期回報。

#### 19 INVENTORIES

#### 19 存貨

		At	At
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於二零二一年	於二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Merchandises	商品	22,498	32,052
Low value consumables	低值易耗品	2,025	2,464
		24,523	34,516

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **19 INVENTORIES** (continued)

#### 19 存貨(續)

An analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss is as follows:

確認為開支並列入綜合損益表之存貨 金額分析如下:

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Carrying amount of inventories sold 已售存貨賬面值 **215,501** 161,264

#### **20 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

#### 20 應收賬款及其他應收款

		At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i>
Trade receivables from third parties, net of loss allowance (see Note 20(a)) Other receivables from third parties (see Note 20(b))	應收第三方賬款,扣除虧損撥備) (見附註20(a)) 其他應收第三方款項 (見附註20(b))	26,227 5,660	23,167 194,823
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之金融資產	31,887	217,990
Value added tax recoverable Deposits Prepayments	可退還增值税 按金 預付款項	12,044 15,664 30,072 89,667	2,692 16,748 21,805 259,235

Except for deposits of RMB1,782,000 (31 December 2020: RMB1,816,000), all of the trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expenses within one year.

除按金人民幣1,782,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣1,816,000元)外,所有應收賬款及其他應收款預期將於一年內收回或確認為支出。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **20 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

(continued)

#### (a) Ageing analysis

Included in trade and other receivables are trade receivables (net of loss allowance) with the following ageing analysis (based on the invoice date) as of the end of the reporting period:

## 20 應收賬款及其他應收款 (續)

#### (a) 賬齡分析

計入應收賬款及其他應收款之應收賬款(已扣除虧損撥備)於報告期末按發票日期之賬齡分析如下:

At

At

		2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i>	31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Less than 1 month  More than 1 month but  less than 3 months  More than 3 months	少於一個月 一個月以上 但少於三個月 三個月以上	4,138 7,020 15,069	8,993 102 14,072
		26,227	23,167

Trade receivables from third parties relate to credit card centres owned by financial institutions and tenants operating in the Group's department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets for whom there were no recent history of default and have a good track record with the Group. Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors are set out in Note 29(a).

#### (b) Other receivables from third parties

Included in the balance are receivables of RMB Nil at 31 December 2021 (31 December 2020: RMB185,922,000) due from a third party prepaid card management company (the "Prepaid Card Management Company").

應收第三方賬款與由財務機構擁有之信用卡中心及於本集團百貨商場、購物中心及超級市場經營之租戶有關,而該等機構及租戶並無近期違約記錄且與本集團有良好之往績記錄。有關本集團信貸政策及應收賬款產生之信貸風險之進一步資料載於附註29(a)。

#### (b) 其他應收第三方款項

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,結餘中包含應收第三方預付卡管理有限公司(「預付卡管理公司」)之應收款項人民幣0元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣185,922,000元)。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 20 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

(continued)

#### (b) Other receivables from third parties

(continued)

Certain subsidiaries of the Company (the "Relevant Subsidiaries") have begun cooperation with the Prepaid Card Management Company since 2009 for its provision of services in managing the issue and usage of Cash Coupon Card (single-use prepaid card) (the "Cash Coupon Card") for the Group's department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets (the "Relevant Stores"). Pursuant to the agreement entered into by the Relevant Subsidiaries and the Prepaid Card Management Company (the "Original Cooperation Agreement"), the Prepaid Card Management Company issues Cash Coupon Card for and provides related management services to Relevant Stores. The Relevant Subsidiaries shall pay the amount charged for the issue of Cash Coupon Card to the Prepaid Card Management Company, while the Prepaid Card Management Company shall settle the amount consumers have consumed in Relevant Stores using the Cash Coupon Card to the Relevant Subsidiaries.

Based on the assessment of the circumstances and prospect of such cooperation with the Prepaid Card Management Company, the Relevant Subsidiaries entered into a termination agreement with the Prepaid Card Management Company on 31 October 2019 to terminate the Original Cooperation Agreement and the cooperation with the Prepaid Card Management Company in respect of the Cash Coupon Card thereunder, pursuant to which no new Cash Coupon Card will be issued and sold by the Prepaid Card Management Company.

# 20 應收賬款及其他應收款 (續)

#### (b) 其他應收第三方款項(續)

本公司若干附屬公司(「相關附 屬公司」)自二零零九年開始與 預付卡管理公司進行合作,由其 就本集團的商場、購物中心及 超級市場(「相關門店」)內發行 及使用商聯卡(一種單用途預 付卡)(「商聯卡」)提供管理服 務。根據相關附屬公司與預付卡 管理公司訂立的協議(「原合作 協議」),預付卡管理公司為相關 門店發行商聯卡並提供相關管理 服務。相關附屬公司向預付卡管 理公司支付發行商聯卡所收取的 款項,預付卡管理公司向相關附 屬公司結算消費者使用商聯卡在 相關門店消費的金額。

根據對與預付卡管理公司合作情況和前景的評估,相關附屬公司於二零一九年十月三十一日與預付卡管理公司訂立終止協議,終止原合作協議及其項下與預付卡管理公司就商聯卡的合作,據此預付卡管理公司將不發行和銷售新的商聯卡。

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **20 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES**

(continued)

#### (b) Other receivables from third parties

(continued)

As of the end of the reporting period, the Group entered into an agreement with the Prepaid Card Management Company and Huade Investment. The final instalment of RMB414,000,000 for the acquisition of commercial properties under development not yet paid by the Group to Huade Investment will be paid by Prepaid Card Management Company to settle the creditor's rights of the Group in the corresponding receivables from the Prepaid Card Management Company. Based on the opinion of the Company's lawyer, the Company no longer has any obligation to Huade Investment upon the signing of the agreement. Accordingly, the amount due from the Prepaid Card Management Company of RMB340,297,000 as of 31 December 2021 had been settled.

Pursuant to the applicable PRC laws and regulations and the rules related to the Cash Coupon Card, consumers can still use the issued Cash Coupon Card for consumption in the Relevant Stores after the termination of the Original Cooperation Agreement, and the Prepaid Card Management Company remains obliged to repay the consumption amount of the abovementioned Cash Coupon Card to the Relevant Subsidiaries. In order to continue to abide by applicable laws and regulations and maintain normal business operation, the Relevant Stores continue to accept consumptions by Cash Coupon Card during the daily operations.

As of 31 December 2021, the total amount of the Cash Coupon Card issued but not yet consumed is approximately RMB535,050,000. After comprehensively considering the amount of Cash Coupon Card that is expected to be consumed in the future, as well as the economic benefit inflows that the guarantee and the above collection measures may bring, long-term provisions of RMB288,593,000 (31 December 2020: RMB288,593,000) had been recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31 December 2021.

## 20 應收賬款及其他應收款 (續)

(b) 其他應收第三方款項(續)

根據適用中國法律法規及商聯主程,消費者於原合作協議等。消費者於原告的協議等。 後仍可店消費,而預付金額門店消費的卡詢對於上述商聯大司還款的相關的一個對於可力, 有的有續遵守國門法律法規於 有的, 為持續選務經營,相關門費 經營過程中繼續 經營過程中繼續 商聯卡的消費。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,已發行但未消費之商聯卡總金額約為人民幣535,050,000元。本集團綜合考慮預計未來將予消費的商聯卡金額,以及保證不的經濟利益流入後,於二零年十二月三十一日之綜分。 一零年十二月三十一日:人民幣288,593,000元)。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 21 CASH AT BANK AND ON HAND

#### 21 銀行結存及手頭現金

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

(a) 現金及現金等值項目包括:

 At
 At

 31 December
 31 December

 2021
 2020

 於二零二一年
 於二零二零年

 十二月三十一日
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

Cash at bank and on hand in the consolidated statement of financial position
Less: restricted cash at bank

綜合財務狀況表項下銀行 結存及手頭現金

36,520

393,556

Less: restricted cash at bank (see Note (i))

減:受限銀行現金 (見附註(i))

**(6,277)** (288,590)

Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated cash flow statement

綜合現金流量表之現金及現金 等值項目

30,243

104,966

Note:

(i) Restricted cash at bank at 31 December 2021 mainly represented bank deposits of RMB1,012,000 (31 December 2020: RMB282,897,000) pledged to secure the Group's bank loans (see Note 24(c)).

The Group's operations of department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets in the PRC are conducted in RMB. RMB is not a freely convertible currency and the remittance of RMB out of Mainland China is subject to the relevant rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC government.

#### 附註:

(i) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 的銀行受限制現金主要指為 取得本集團銀行貸款而抵押 的銀行存款人民幣1,012,000 元(二零二零年十二月三十一 日:人民幣282,897,000元) (見附註24(c))。

本集團於中國之百貨商場、購物中心及超級市場經營業務乃以人民幣進行。人民幣為非自由兑換貨幣,故自中國內地匯出人民幣匯款須受中國政府頒佈的有關外匯管制規則及規例所規限。

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 21 CASH AT BANK AND ON HAND (continued)

#### 21 銀行結存及手頭現金(續)

(b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

(b) 融資活動產生之負債之對賬

Tinancing activities		Bank loans 銀行貸款 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 24) (附註24)	Other borrowings 其他借貸 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 24) (附註24)	Payables for interest expenses 應付利息開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 25) (附註25)	Total 合計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 1 January 2021	於二零二一年四月一日	1,615,455	1,500,000	10,283	80,942	3,206,680
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceeds from new bank loans Proceeds from new other borrowings Repayment of bank loans Repayment of other borrowings Other finance costs paid Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid	償還銀行貸款 償還其他借貸 其他已付融資成本 已付租金之資本部分 已付租金之利息部分	830,000 - (1,296,072) - - - - (466,072)	- 1,740,977 - (832,727) - - - 908,250	- - - - (210,578) - - (210,578)	- - - - (67,610) (9,442)	830,000 1,740,977 (1,296,072) (832,727) (210,578) (67,610) (9,442)
, , ,					(17/002)	
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(5,383)	-	270	-	(5,113)
Other changes: Interest expenses, bank charges and other finance costs (see Note 6(a)) Capitalised borrowing costs (see Note 6(a)) Increase in supplier financing Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the year	其他變動: 利息開支、銀行手續費及其他 融資成本(見附註6(a)) 資本化借貸成本 (見附註6(a)) 供應商融資增加 g 年內訂立新租約之租賃負債增加	-	- 58,812 -	154,482 86,174 -	9,442 - 270,570	163,924 86,174 58,812 270,570
Total other changes	其他變動總額	_	58,812	240,656	280,012	579,480
At 31 December 2021	□ 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 ■	1,144,000	2,467,062	40,631	283,902	3,935,595

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 21 CASH AT BANK AND ON HAND (continued) 21 銀行結存及手頭現金(續)

(b)	Reconciliation of liabilities arising from
	financing activities (continued)

(b)	融資活動產生之負債之對	振
	(	

financing activities (continued)		(D) <b>國</b> 負活動産生之貝負之到版 ( <i>續</i> )				
		Bank loans 銀行貸款 <i>RMB'000</i> 人 <i>民幣千元</i> (Note 24) (附註24)	Other borrowings 其他借貸 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元 (Note 24) (附註24)	Payables for interest expenses 應付利息開支 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 22) (附註22)	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 25) (附註25)	Total 合計 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2,558,452	148,951	62,954	85,109	2,855,466
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceeds from new bank loans Proceeds from new other borrowings Repayment of bank loans Repayment of other borrowings Other finance costs paid Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid	新增銀行貸款所得款項 新增其他借貸所得款項 償還其代借貸 其他已付證資成本 已付租金之利息部分 ————————————————————————————————————	717,984 - (1,645,862) - - - - - (927,878)	1,640,000 - (288,951) - - - 1,351,049	- - - (232,148) - - (232,148)	- - - - (21,644) (4,098)	717,984 1,640,000 (1,645,862) (288,951) (232,148) (21,644) (4,098)
Exchange adjustments	 <b>匯兑調整</b>	(15,119)		(598)	(23,142)	(15,717)
Other changes: Interest expenses, bank charges and other finance costs (see Note 6(a)) Capitalised borrowing costs (see Note 6(a)) Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the period		- -		109,518 70,557 –	4,098 - 17,477	113,616 70,557 17,477
Total other changes	其他變動總額	-	-	180,075	21,575	201,650
At 31 December 2020	— 於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,615,455	1,500,000	10,283	80,942	3,206,680

#### 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **21 CASH AT BANK AND ON HAND** (continued)

#### (c) Total cash outflow for leases

Amounts included in the consolidated cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

#### 21 銀行結存及手頭現金(續)

#### (c) 租賃之現金流出總額

計入綜合現金流量表之租賃金額 包括下列各項:

Nine months Year ended ended 31 December 31 December 2021 2020 截至 截至 二零二零年 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 止年度 止九個月 RMB'000 RMB'000 人民幣千元 人民幣千元

Within operating cash flows Within financing cash flows

經營現金流量內 融資現金流量內

47 77,052

781 25,742

77,099

26,523

These amounts relate to the following:

該等金額與以下各項有關:

Nine months Year ended ended 31 December 31 December 2020 2021 截至 截至 二零二一年 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 十二月三十一日 止年度 止九個月 RMB'000 RMB'000

Lease rentals paid

已付租金

77,099

人民幣千元

26,523

人民幣千元

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

### 22 應付賬款及其他應付款

		At 31 December	At 31 December
		2021	2020
		於二零二一年	於二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	
		RMB'000 人民幣千元	RMB'000 人民幣千元
		人以市「九	八八冊1九
Trade payables arising from:	應付賬款因以下各項產生:		
– Concession sales	一特許專櫃銷售	141,770	350,556
<ul> <li>Purchase of inventories</li> </ul>	一購買存貨	28,914	19,857
			270 442
		170,684	370,413
Amounts due to related parties	應付關連人士款項		
(see Note (i))	(見附註(i))	81,024	207,230
Other payables and accrued expenses:	其他應付款及應計費用:	•	,
<ul> <li>Payables for staff related costs</li> </ul>	一應付之員工相關費用	20,448	28,626
– Payables for interest expenses and	-應付利息支出及借貸之交易		
transaction costs on borrowings	成本	40,631	10,283
– Deposits from concessionaries and	一特許經營商及客戶按金		
customers	( Lpp (	26,836	26,826
– Dividends payables	一應付股息	3,661	3,661
<ul> <li>Amounts due to a third party (see Note (ii))</li> </ul>	一應付一名第三方之款項 (見附註(ii))		58,812
- Others	一其他	70,648	91,686
- Others		70,048	91,000
		162,224	219,894
Financial liabilities measured at	按攤銷成本計量之金融負債		
amortised cost		413,932	797,537
Other taxes payable	應付其他税項	2,564	14,585
		416,496	812,122
	ı		

All of the trade and other payables are expected to be settled or recognised as revenue or net income or in profit or loss within one year or are repayable on demand. 所有應付賬款及其他應付款預期將於 一年內償還或確認為收益或淨收入或 在損益中確認或按要求償還。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### **22 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES** (continued)

Notes:

- (i) The balances as at 31 December 2021 are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are expected to be settled in 2022.
- (ii) The amounts are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have been settled in 2021.

### **Ageing analysis**

Included in trade and other payables are trade payables with the following ageing analysis (based on the maturity date) as of the end of the reporting period:

## 22 應付賬款及其他應付款(續)

附註:

- (i) 於二零二一年十二月三十一日之結 餘為無抵押、免息以及預期於二零 二二年內結付。
- (ii) 該等款項為無抵押、免息已於二零 二一年內結付。

### 賬齡分析

計入應付賬款及其他應付款之應付賬 款於報告期末按到期日之賬齡分析如 下:

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Due within one month or on demand 於一個月內到期或按要求支付

170,684

At

370,413

At

#### **23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES**

### 23 合同負債

	31 December	31 December
	2021	2020
	於二零二一年	於二零二零年
	十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Contract liabilities in relation to customer loyalty programme	6,678	5,735
(see Note (i))	128,277	96,158
	134,955	101,893

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### **23 CONTRACT LIABILITIES** (continued)

The contract liabilities represented the aggregate amount of the transaction price allocated to the performance obligations that are unsatisfied as of the end of the reporting period. The Group expects the transaction price allocated to the unsatisfied performance obligations will be recognised as direct sales and gross revenue from concession sales when the Group transfers goods or services to the customer.

#### 認為

23 合同負債(續)

合約負債指於報告期末分配至未獲履 行之履約責任之交易價總額。本集團 預期,於向客戶轉讓貨品或服務時, 分配至未履行履約責任的交易價將確 認為直接銷售及特許銷售的總收益。

#### Note:

(i) Movements in contract liabilities in relation to prepayments from customers

附註:

(i) 有關預付客戶款項之合約負債變動

		At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 於二零二零年
Balance at 1 January/April Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year/period that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of	於一月/四月一日結餘 由於於年/期初計入合約 負債之年/期內確認收益, 合約負債減少	96,158	79,330
the year/period Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receipts in advance from customers during the period in respect of prepaid stored value cards	客戶款項而增加之合同負債	(88,875) 120,994	(55,518) 72,346
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日結餘	128,277	96,158

The unsatisfied performance obligations resulting from direct sales and gross revenue from concession sales expected to be recognised as revenue within one year or on demand.

因直接銷售及特許經營權銷售產生 之未履行履約責任及總收益預期將 於一年內或按要求償還。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 24 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

# (a) The Group's short-term bank loans and other borrowings are analysed as follows:

### 24 銀行及其他借貸

(a) 本集團之短期銀行及其他借貸 分析如下:

At	At
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
於二零二一年	於二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Bank loans:  - secured by the Group's bank deposits and guaranteed by the Company or a subsidiary of the Group  - secured by the Group's land and buildings and guaranteed by the Company and Qujiang Financial Holdings  - quaranteed by Qujiang Financial	銀行貸款: -以本集團之銀行存款 作抵押,並由本公司或 本集團一間附屬公司 擔保 -以本集團之土地及 樓宇作抵押,並由 本公司及曲江金融控股 擔保 -由曲江金融控股擔保	100,000	235,455
Holdings		30,000	30,000
		130,000	265,455
Other borrowings:  – unsecured and unguaranteed  – guaranteed by a subsidiary of the	其他借貸: 一無抵押及無擔保 一由本集團一間附屬公司擔保	1,411,486	-
Group (see Note 32(a))  – guaranteed by Qujiang Financial	(見附註32(a)) 一由曲江金融控股擔保	-	690,000
Holdings	_	_	110,000
		1,411,486	800,000
Add: current portion of long-term bank loans and other	加:長期銀行貸款及其他貸款 之即期部份		
borrowings (see Note 24(b))	(見附註24(b)) 	610,000	701,000
	_	2,151,486	1,766,455

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 24 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

## 24 銀行及其他借貸(續)

(continued)

(b) The Group's long-term bank loans and other borrowings are analysed as follows:

(b) 本集團之長期銀行及其他借貸 分析如下:

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Bank loans: 銀行貸款: - secured by the Group's investment —以本集團之投資物業與土地 property and land and buildings and future income rights and guaranteed by the Company and 先生擔保		
Mr. Wu Yijian	344,000	400,000
- guaranteed by a subsidiary of Qujiang Financial Holdings 公司擔保 - secured by the Group's bank deposits and/or land and buildings and guaranteed by the Company and/or a subsidiary of —由曲江金融控股一間附屬 公司擔保 - 以本集團之銀行存款及/或土地及樓字作抵押,並由 本公司及/或本集團一間	70,000	70,000
the Group and/or Mr. Wu Yijian 生擔保	600,000	880,000
	1,014,000	1,350,000
Other borrowings:  - unsecured and unguaranteed  - secured by the Group's land and buildings and guaranteed by Qujiang Financial Holdings and #集團附屬公司擔保	55,576	-
subsidiaries of the Group	1,000,000	700,000
Less: current portion of long-term 減:長期銀行貸款及其他貸款 bank loans and other 之即期部份 borrowings (see Note 24(a)) (見附註24(a))	(610,000)	(701,000)
	1,459,576	1,349,000

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 24 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(continued)

(b) The Group's long-term bank loans and other borrowings are analysed as follows: (continued)

The Group's long-term bank and other borrowings are repayable as follows:

### 24 銀行及其他借貸(續)

(b) 本集團之長期銀行及其他借貸 分析如下: (續)

> 本集團之長期銀行及其他借貸須 於下列期間償還:

> > At

At

		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		於二零二一年	於二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Within 1 year	一年內	610,000	701,000
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	844,000	465,000
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	511,576	704,000
After 5 years	五年後	104,000	180,000
		2.069.576	2.050.000

All of the non-current interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings are carried at amortised cost. None of the non-current interest-bearing bank loans and other borrowings is expected to be settled within one year.

(c) The following assets and their respective carrying values as at the end of the reporting period are pledged to secure the Group's bank and other borrowings:

所有非即期計息銀行貸款及其他 借貸均按攤銷成本入賬。概無非 即期計息銀行貸款及其他借貸預 期將於一年內清償。

(c) 下列資產及其各自之賬面值於 本報告期末已被抵押以作為本 集團之銀行及其他借貸之擔 保:

At	At
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
於二零二一年	於二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元
2,844,000	2,743,000
1,265,300	1,265,300
1,012	282,897

Property and equipment 物業及設備
Investment property 投資物業
Cash at bank (see Note 21(a)(i)) 銀行結存(見附註21(a)(i))

**4,110,312** 4,291,197

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 24 BANK AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(continued)

(d) Certain of the Group's bank and other borrowings are subject to the fulfilment of covenants commonly found in lending arrangements with financial institutions. If the Group were to breach the covenants, such borrowings would become repayable on demand. At 31 December 2021, none of the covenants relating to the bank and other borrowings had been breached.

### 24 銀行及其他借貸(續)

(d) 本集團若干銀行及其他借貸須滿足與金融機構之貸款安排中之常見契諾。倘本集團違反契諾,該等借貸將變成須按要求償還。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,概無違反有關銀行及其他借貸的契諾。

#### **25 LEASE LIABILITIES**

At 31 December 2021, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

### 25 租賃負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,租賃 負債的還款期如下:

AtAt31 December31 December20212020於二零二一年於二零二零年十二月三十一日RMB'000人民幣千元人民幣千元

Within 1 year	一年內	50,223	16,864
	- // /- <del></del>		
After 1 year but within 2 years	一年後但兩年內	68,770	12,057
After 2 years but within 5 years	兩年後但五年內	53,433	26,399
After 5 years	五年後	111,476	25,622
		233,679	64,078
		283,902	80,942

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 26 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

#### (a) Share award scheme

On 17 October 2014 (the "Adoption Date"), the directors of the Company adopted a share award scheme (the "Share Award Scheme") as a mean of rewarding and retaining employees of the Group and certain eligible participants and to attract suitable personnel for further development with the Group. A trust has been set up for the purpose of administering the Share Award Scheme.

Pursuant to the Share Award Scheme, the trust may purchase shares in the Company from the Stock Exchange with cash contributed by the Group, and to hold such shares until they are vested.

The directors of the Company may, from time to time, at its sole and absolute discretion, select any employee of the Group and eligible participants including suppliers, customers, shareholders, advisers and other service providers (other than those specifically excluded as stated in the Share Award Scheme) for participation in the Share Award Scheme and grant such number of awarded shares to any selected employee of the Group and eligible participants at nil consideration. The directors of the Company are entitled to impose any conditions (including a period of continued service within the Group after the award) with respect to the vesting of the awarded shares.

The Share Award Scheme came into effect on the Adoption Date, and shall terminate on the earlier of (i) the tenth anniversary date of the Adoption Date; and (ii) such date of early termination as determined by the directors of the Company.

On 18 May 2020, the directors of the Company resolved to terminate the Share Award Scheme and all shares under the Share Award Scheme have been sold by the Group.

### 26 按股權結算以股份支付之交易

#### (a) 股份獎勵計劃

於二零一四年十月十七日(「採納日期」),本公司董事採納股份獎勵計劃(「股份獎勵計劃」)作為獎勵及挽留本集團員工及若干合資格參與者,並為本集團進一步發展吸引合適人才。本公司已成立信託以管理股份獎勵計劃。

根據股份獎勵計劃,信託可在聯 交所以本集團支付的現金購買本 公司股份,並持有該等股票直至 其已歸屬。

股份獎勵計劃於採納日期起生效,並須於(i)採納日期起計滿十週年的日期:及(ii)由本公司董事釐定提前終止的該日期之較早者終止。

於二零二零年五月十八日,本公司董事決議終止股份獎勵計劃, 而本集團已出售股份獎勵計劃項 下之所有股份。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 27 INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Movements in current taxation in the consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

## 27 財務狀況表內之所得税

(a) 綜合財務狀況表內之本期税項 變動指:

		Year ended 31 December 2021 截至 二零二一年 十二月三十一日 止年度 RMB'000 人民幣千元	2020 截至 二零二零年 十二月三十一日 止九個月 RMB'000
Balance of income tax payable at 1 January/April Withholding tax on distributed earnings	於一月/四月一日 應付所得税結餘 分派盈利預扣税	36,632	34,337
Provision for income tax on the estimated taxable profits for the year/period (see Note 7(a))		22,950 4,354	1,668
(Over)/under-provision in respect of prior years (see Note 7(a)) Income tax (paid)/refunded during the year/period	過往年度(超額)/不足撥備 (見附註7(a)) 年/期內(已付)/ 退還所得税	(102) (27,663)	17 610
Balance of income tax payable at 31 December	於十二月三十一日應付之 所得税結餘	36,171	36,632

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 27 INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF **FINANCIAL POSITION** (continued)

27 財務狀況表內之所得税 (續)

(b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:

		Accrued expenses and deferred income 應計開支及 遞延收入 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 按公允值計量 且其變動以之 金融資產 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之金融資產之預期信貸虧損 RMB'000人民幣千元	Fair value adjustments on property and equipment, investment property and intangible assets and related depreciation 物業及 無形後資調整及無形值調整之公允值調整所養 RMB'000人民幣千元	Interest capitalisation on prepayment for acquisition of properties  收購物業 預付款項之 利息資本化 RMB'000 人民幣千元	<b>Net</b> <b>淨值</b> <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元
Deferred tax arising from:	因下列各項產生之遞延税項:						
At 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日	2,336	23,273	10,381	(577,094)	(62,150)	(603,254)
Effect on deferred tax balances resulting from a change in tax rate (see Note 7(a)) Credited/(charged) to the consolidated	税率變動對遞延稅項結餘的影響 (見附註7(a)) 計入/(扣自)綜合損益表	517	-	4,388	5,818	-	10,723
statement of profit or loss (see Note 7(a)) Charged to reserves (see Note 10)		86 	(23,273)	(3,732)	65,858 (25,682)	(17,639)	44,573 (48,955)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	2,939	-	11,037	(531,100)	(79,789)	(596,913)
Credited/(charged) to the consolidated statement of profit or loss (see Note 7(a)) Charged to reserves (see Note 10)	計入/(扣自)綜合損益表 (見附註7(a)) 於儲備扣除(見附註10)	(1,536)	-	(903) -	28,603 (26,177)	(21,543)	4,621 (26,177)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,403	-	10,134	(528,674)	(101,332)	(618,469)

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 27 INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(c) Reconciliation of deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

## **27** 財務狀況表內之所得税 (續)

(c) 於綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延 税項資產及負債對賬

 At
 At

 31 December
 31 December

 2021
 2020

 於二零二一年
 於二零二零年

 十二月三十一日
 RMB'000

 人民幣千元
 人民幣千元

Deferred tax assets recognised in the 於綜合財務狀況表確認之 consolidated statement of financial 遞延稅項資產 position

Deferred tax liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position **11,537** 13,976

**(630,006)** (610,889)

**(618,469)** (596,913)

#### (d) Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note 2(s), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of unused tax losses of RMB1,010,017,000 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB641,113,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The remaining unused tax losses at 31 December 2021 will expire on or before the financial period ending 31 December 2026.

#### (d) 未確認之遞延税項資產

根據附註2(s)所載之會計政策,本集團並未確認有關未動用稅務虧損人民幣1,010,017,000元(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民項區外,原因為在有關稅務可法權來實體將不大可能會取得之餘。 應課稅溢利以動用虧損。於二十十二月三十十日之餘。 動用稅務虧損將於截至二零未 動用稅務虧損將於截至二數期間或 之前屆滿。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 27 INCOME TAX IN THE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

#### (e) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

At 31 December 2021, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of certain subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC amounted to RMB853,703,000 (31 December 2020: RMB1,465,807,000). Deferred tax liabilities of RMB42,685,000 (31 December 2020: RMB73,290,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that profits from these subsidiaries will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

### 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

#### (a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the reporting period are set out below:

## **27** 財務狀況表內之所得税 (續)

#### (e) 未確認之遞延税項負債

#### 28 資本、儲備及股息

#### (a) 權益部份變動

本集團綜合權益之各部份之期初 及期末結餘之對賬乃載於綜合權 益變動表。本報告期初至期末本 公司之各個權益部份之變動詳情 載列如下:

		Share capital  股本 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(c)) (附註28(c))	Share premium 股份溢價 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(i) (附註28(d)(i))	under share award scheme 根據股份獎勵計 劃持有之股份 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(ii)) (附註28(d)(ii))	Capital reserve 資本儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(iii)) (附註28(d)(iii))	Contributed surplus 織入盈餘 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(iv)) (附註28(d)(iv))	Exchange reserve 運兇儲備 RMB'000 人民幣千元 (Note 28(d)(viii)) (附註28(d)(viii))	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 RMB'000 人民幣千元	Total 合計 RMB'000 人民幣千元
Balance at 1 April 2020	於二零二零年四月一日結餘	199,369	1,136,595	(2,922)	8,907	995,255	356,324	(269,207)	2,424,321
Changes in equity for the period:	本期間權益變動:								
Total comprehensive income for the period Termination of share award scheme (see Note 26(a))	期內全面收益總額 終止股份獎勵計劃(見附註26(a))	-	-	2,922	(2,530)	-	(157,572)	(666,033)	(823,605) 392
Balance at 31 December 2020 and 1 January 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日及 二零二一年一月一日結餘	199,369	1,136,595	-	6,377	995,255	198,752	(935,240)	1,601,108
Changes in equity for the year:	本年度權益變動:								
Total comprehensive income for the year	本年度全面收益總額 -	-	-	-	-	_	(45,626)	574	(45,095)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日結餘	199,369	1,136,595	-	6,377	995,255	153,083	(934,666)	1,556,013

Charge hold

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

*(continued)* 

#### (b) Dividends

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company and holder of the convertible preference shares attributable to the period.

The directors of the Company do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB Nil).

(ii) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company and holder of the convertible preference shares attributable to the previous financial year, approved during the period.

No final dividend in respect of the previous financial year has been approved for the year ended 31 December 2021 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB Nil).

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

#### (b) 股息

(i) 本公司股東及可換股優先 股持有人應佔期內應付股 息

> 本公司董事並不建議派付 截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度之任何股 息(截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止九個月:人 民幣零元)。

(ii) 本公司股東及可換股優先 股持有人應佔上一財政年 度應付股息(於期內獲批 准)

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,並無批准上一財政年度的末期股息(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民幣零元)。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

- (c) Share capital
  - Issued share capital

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

股本 (c)

> (i) 已發行股本

Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年

Nine months ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日

十二月三十一日止年度

止九個月期間

Number of

shares 股份數目 '000

千股

5,000,000

Number of shares

千股

股份數目 RMB'000 '000

RMB'000 人民幣千元

Authorised: 法定:

Ordinary shares at HK\$0.1 each 每股0.1港元之普通股 15,000,000 135,168 15,000,000

45,056

103.602

人民幣千元

135,168

45,056

Ordinary shares, issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足普通股:

At 1 January/April and 31 December

At 1 January/April and 31 December

Preference shares at HK\$0.1 each

於一月/四月一日及十二月三十一日

1,149,695

1.149.695

5,000,000

103.602

Convertible preference shares, issued 已發行及繳足可換股優先股: and fully paid:

每股0.1港元之優先股

於一月/四月一日及十二月三十一日

95,767

1,177,068

95,767

Total share capital

股本總額

2,326,763

1,177,068

199,369 2,326,763 199,369

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

### (c) Share capital (continued)

#### (i) Issued share capital (continued)

Ordinary shares

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

#### Convertible preference shares

Convertible preference shares do not carry the right to vote. The holder of the convertible preference shares has the right, at any time and at the sole option of such holder, to convert the convertible preference shares in whole, or in any part, into fully paid ordinary shares in the Company. The conversion ratio is 1 convertible preference share to 1.1 ordinary shares. Holder of the convertible preference shares ranks pari passu with other holders of the ordinary shares in respect of its entitlement to dividend or other distribution of the Company. In the event of any liquidation, winding-up or dissolution of the Company, holder of the convertible preference shares shall receive an amount equal to HK\$1.60 per convertible preference share, plus all accrued but unpaid dividends in preference to the ordinary shareholders.

#### (d) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by Section 40 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

### (ii) Shares held under share award scheme

The amount represents the consideration paid for shares held under the share award scheme.

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

#### (c) 股本(續)

#### (i) 已發行股本(續)

普通股

普通股持有人有權收取不 時宣派之股息及有權於本 公司大會上每股投一票。 所有普通股於本公司之剩 餘資產方面均擁有同等地 位。

### 可換股優先股

可換股優先股不附帶投票 權。可換股優先股持有人 有權於任何時間及按該持 有人之絕對選擇權將可換 股優先股全部或任何部份 轉換為本公司之已繳足普 通股·轉換率為1股可換股 優先股轉成1.1股普通股。 可換股優先股持有人與其 他普通股持有人在有權享 有本公司股息或其他分派 方面具有同等地位。倘本 公司清盤、清算或解散,可 換股優先股持有人將較普 通股股東優先收取金額等 同於按每股可換股優先股 1.60港元,加上所有應計但 未付股息之款項。

#### (d) 儲備之性質及用途

#### (i) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬的應用由百慕 達一九八一年公司法第40 條監管。

### (ii) 根據股份獎勵計劃持有之 股份

金額指就根據股份獎勵計 劃持有之股份已支付之代 價。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

### (d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

#### (iii) Capital reserve

At 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, capital reserve comprises the following:

- the portion of the grant date fair value of unexercised share options granted to directors of the Company, and employees and service providers of the Group that has been recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for sharebased payments in Note 2(r)(ii);
- the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and the aggregate of the share capital and share premium of a subsidiary acquired through an exchange of shares pursuant to a group reorganisation took place on 28 September 2000;
- the difference between the carrying amounts and the principal amounts of the unsecured notes redeemed in 2011 and 2012; and
- the difference between the consideration paid on the acquisition of non-controlling interests and the carrying amount of the non-controlling interests.

#### (iv) Contributed surplus

The application of the contributed surplus account is governed by Section 54 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981.

#### (v) Property revaluation reserve

The property revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies adopted for land and buildings held for own use in Note 2(g).

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

#### (d) 儲備之性質及用途(續)

#### (iii) 資本儲備

於二零二一年十二月三十一日及二零二零年十二月三十一日,資本儲備包括以下各項:

- 授予本公司董事以及 本集團之僱員及服務 供應者之尚未行使購 股權於授出日期之公 允值部份,乃已根據 附註2(r)(ii)就以已採 納股份付款之會計政 策確認:
- 本公司根據於二零零零年九月二十八日進行之集團重組所發行普通股之面值與透過股份交換所收購之一間附屬公司之股本及股份溢價總額之間之差額;
- 於二零一一年及二零 一二年已贖回無抵押 票據之賬面值與本金 間之差額:及
- 收購非控股權益支付 之代價與非控股權益 賬面值之間之差額。

#### (iv) 繳入盈餘

繳入盈餘賬之應用受百慕 達一九八一年公司法第54 條監管。

#### (v) 物業重估儲備

物業重估儲備已設立並根據附註2(g)就持作自用之土地及樓宇採納之會計政策處理。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

#### (d) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

#### (vi) Fair value reserve

The fair value reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of other financial assets held at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Notes 2(f) and 2(k)(i).

#### (vii) Statutory reserves

In accordance with the articles of association of the subsidiaries of the Group established in the PRC, these subsidiaries were required to set up certain statutory reserves, which were non-distributable. The transfers of these reserves are at discretion of the directors of the respective subsidiaries. The statutory reserves can only be utilised for predetermined means upon approval by the relevant authority.

#### (viii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations into the presentation currency. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2(v).

### (e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for equity shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, by pricing products and services commensurately with the level of risk and by securing access to finance at a reasonable cost.

The Group actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure to maintain a balance between the higher shareholder returns that might be possible with higher levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position, and makes adjustments to the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions.

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

#### (d) 儲備之性質及用途(續)

#### (vi) 公允值儲備

公允值儲備包含於報告期 末持有其他金融資產的公 允值累計變動淨額及根據 載於附註2(f)及2(k)(i)的會 計政策處理。

#### (vii) 法定儲備

#### (viii) 匯兑儲備

匯兑儲備包括所有因將經營業務財務報表換算為呈列貨幣所產生的匯兑差額。儲備已根據附註2(v)所載之會計政策處理。

#### (e) 資本管理

本集團管理資本主要旨在保障本 集團的持續經營能力,以便可透 過與風險水準對等地為產品及服 務定價及按合理成本取得融資而 繼續為股東帶來回報及為其他利 益相關者帶來利益。

本集團積極及定期檢討及管理其資本架構,在維持較高借貸水準而可能帶來較高股東回報與取得穩健資金狀況所帶來的裨益及保障之間作出平衡,並就經濟環境的轉變對資本架構進行調整。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(continued)

#### (e) Capital management (continued)

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of an adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose, adjusted net debt is defined as total debt (which includes bank and other borrowings and lease liabilities), plus unaccrued proposed dividends, less cash at bank on hand. Adjusted capital comprises all components of equity less unaccrued proposed dividends.

In order to improve the Group's capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, raise new debt financing or sell assets to reduce debt.

#### (f) Capital management

The adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 are as follows:

Adjusted net debt-to-capital ratio 經調整淨債項與資本比率

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

#### (e) 資本管理(續)

本集團以經調整淨債項對資本比 率為基準而監察其資本結構。就 此而言,經調整淨債項乃界定為 債項總額(其包括銀行及其他借 貸及租賃負債)加未計擬派股息 減銀行手頭現金。經調整資本包 括所有權益部份減未計擬派股

為改善本集團之資本架構,本集 團可調整支付予股東的股息金 額、發行新股份、籌集新的債務 融資或出售資產以減少債務。

#### (f) 資本管理

於二零二一年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年十二月三十一日,經 調整淨債項對資本比率如下:

At **31 December** 31 December

At

		2021	2020
		於二零二一年	於二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元 	人民幣千元
	\\ \tau_1 \in \tau_2		
Current liabilities:	流動負債:		
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	2,151,486	1,766,455
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	50,223	16,864
Non-current liabilities:	非流動負債:		
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	1,459,576	1,349,000
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	233,679	64,078
Total debt	<b>債務總額</b>	3,894,964	3,196,397
Less: cash at bank and on hand	減:銀行及手頭現金	(36,520)	(393,556)
Adjusted net debt	經調整淨債項	3,858,444	2,802,841
	(m) km str Na -L		2 027 072
Adjusted capital	經調整資本	1,808,260	2,037,972

世紀金花商業控股有限公司

213%

138%

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 28 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (continued)

#### (f) Capital management (continued)

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

The Group is not exposed to significant currency risk as most of the transactions are denominated in the same currency as the functional currency of the operations in which they relate. Exposure to credit, liquidity and interest rate arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from its equity investment in another entity.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### (a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place, and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

Cash is deposited with financial institutions with acceptable credit quality. Management does not expect any of these financial institutions with fail to meet their obligations

Except for the financial guarantees given by the Group as set out in Note 31, the Group does not provide any other guarantees which would expose the Group or the Company to credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of these financial guarantees at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 31.

### 28 資本、儲備及股息(續)

#### (f) 資本管理(續)

本公司及其任何附屬公司概不受 外界施加之資本規定規限。

### 29 財務風險管理及公允值

由於大部分交易以與相關經營的功能貨幣相同的貨幣計值,本集團並無面臨重大貨幣風險。於本集團之正常業務過程中會產生信貸、流動資金及利率風險。本集團亦面對權益價格風險,其來自本集團於其他實體之權益投資。

本集團所承受之該等風險及本集團用 以管理該等風險之財務風險管理政策 與慣例載述如下。

#### (a) 信貸風險

本集團之信貸風險主要由應收賬 款及其他應收款所產生。管理層 已制訂信貸政策,並持續監控須 承受的該等信貸風險。

現金存置於信貸質素可獲接納之 金融機構。管理層預期該等金融 機構概不會不履行其責任。

除附註31所載本集團提供之財務擔保外,本集團並無提供使本集團或本公司面臨信貸風險之任何其他擔保。於報告期末與該等財務擔保相關之最高信貸風險披露於附註31。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (continued)

#### Credit risk arising from trade receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each debtor rather than the industry in which the debtors operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual debtors. At the end of the reporting period 18% (2020: 19%) and 43% (2020: 43%) of the total trade receivables was due from the Group's largest debtor and the five largest debtors, respectively.

In respect of trade receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all debtors requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the debtor's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the debtor as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the debtor operates. Trade receivables are generally due within 3 months from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from debtors.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. Trade receivables are mainly due from credit card centres owned by state-owned financial institutions in the PRC and tenants operating in the Group's department stores, shopping mall and supermarkets, and accordingly, the management of the Group considers the concentration and credit risks to be low. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

#### 其他貿易賬款產生之信貸風險

就應收賬款而言,本集團對要求 一定金額以上信貸額之所有 持額之付額 注重債務人過往到期付款歷務 當期之付款能力,並計及 情務人過往到期付款歷務 當期之付款能力,並計及 情有關資料。應收賬款一般一 境有關資料。應收賬款一般 完工 時,本集團不會要求債務 抵押品。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk (continued)

## **Credit risk arising from trade receivables** (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables:

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

#### (a) 信貸風險(續)

## 其他貿易賬款產生之信貸風險(續)

下表載列本集團面臨之信貸風險及應收賬款之預期信貸虧損之資料:

## 

		於二零二一年十二月三十一日			
		Gross			
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	carrying amount 總賬面值 <i>RMB'000</i>	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 <i>RMB'000</i>	
		70	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
Current (not past due)	即期(未逾期)	0.5%	11,215	56	
Less 3 months past due	逾期不超過三個月	1.2%	15,251	183	
Over 3 months past due	逾期超過三個月	100%	_		
		_	26,466	239	

#### At 31 December 2020

於一	零一	零年-	$\vdash$ $\vdash$ $\vdash$	= -	+-F

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	Gross	
Expected loss	carrying	
rate	amount	Loss allowance
預期虧損率	總賬面值	虧損撥備
%	RMB'000	RMB'000
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
逾期) 0.5%	8,720	44
過三個月 1.2%	14,666	175
三個月 100%	-	_
	23,386	219
刀口	Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 % *逾期) 0.5% 超過三個月 1.2%	Expected loss rate amount 總賬面值 %

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience over the past 3 years. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historic data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損率乃根據過去三年之實際虧損經驗得出。該等比率會作出調整以反映歸集過往數據期間之經濟狀況、當前狀況與本集團對應收款項預期年期內經濟狀況之觀點之差異。



## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

(a) Credit risk (continued)

## **Credit risk arising from trade receivables** (continued)

Movement in the loss allowance account in respect of trade receivables during the period is as follows:

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

## 其他貿易賬款產生之信貸風險(續)

其他貿易賬款產生之信貸風險 期內,應收賬款之虧損撥備賬變 動如下:

Nine months

			Mille months
		Year ended	ended
		31 December	31 December
		2021	2020
		截至	截至
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		止年度	止九個月期間
		RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Balance at 1 January/April	於一月/四月一日結餘	219	9,284
Amounts written-off during the	年內/期內撇銷之款項		
year/period		_	(9,132)
Impairment losses recognised during	年內/期內確認之減值虧損		` ' '
the year/period		20	67
Balance at 31 December	於十二月三十一日結餘	239	219
Daidified at 3 i December		233	213

# Credit risk arising from other receivables from third parties

The Group measures loss allowance for other receivables at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

## 來自第三方之其他應收款項產生之信貸風險

本集團按相等於十二個月預期信貸虧損之金額計量其他應收款項之虧損撥備。該等金融資產之預期信貸虧損乃根據本集團之過往信貸虧損經驗估計,並根據債務人特有之因素進行調整,同時對報告日當前及預測之整體經濟狀況進行評估。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for the short-term investments of their cash surpluses, where the raising of financings is centrally managed by the head office of the Group to cover expected cash demands. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor its liquidity requirements and its compliance with lending covenants, to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term.

At 31 December 2021, the Group had net current liabilities of RMB2,638,621,000. The Group has undertaken and will continue to undertake various measures in order to further improve its liquidity position in the short and longer term. Further details are set out in Note 2(b).

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the end of the reporting period) and the earliest dates the Group can be required to pay.

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

#### (b) 流動資金風險

本集團內個別經營實體負責彼等 現金盈餘之短期投資,而管理以短期 集則由本集團總部集中管理之 為定期監察其流動資金需求。 為定期監察其流動資金需確 遵守借貸契諾之情況,以及資 集團維持充足現金儲備足夠資金 集團維機構承諾提供之流動資金需 求。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之流動負債淨額為人民幣2,638,621,000元。本集團已承諾及將繼續採取多項措施以進一步改善其短期及長期之流動資金狀況。進一步詳情載列於附註2(b)。

下表載有本集團之非衍生金融負債於報告期末之餘下合約到期情況,有關情況乃根據合約未貼現現金流量(包括使用合約利率計算,或如屬浮動利率,則根據於報告期末之利率計算之利息付款)以及本集團可能被要求還款之最早日期得出。

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合約未貼現現金流出

		口别不知先先亚加山 ————————————————————————————————————					
				More than			
			More than	2 years but			Carrying
		Within 1 year	1 year but less	less than	More than		amount at
		or on demand	than 2 years	5 years	5 years	Total	31 December
							於
		一年內	超過一年	超過兩年			十二月三十一日
		或按要求	但少於兩年	但少於五年	超過五年	合計	之賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
Trade and other payables	按攤銷成本計量之應付賬款						
measured at amortised cost	及其他應付款	469,508	-	-	-	469,508	469,508
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	70,515	85,441	85,950	137,157	379,063	283,902
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	2,328,248	917,639	568,207	111,034	3,925,128	3,611,062
		2,868,271	1,003,080	654,157	248,191	4,773,699	4,364,472

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

### (b) 流動資金風險(續)

As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日 Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合約末貼現現金流出

				ロップングラウクの水がに	4		
			More than	More than			Carrying
		Within 1 year	1 year but less	2 years but less	More than		amount at
		or on demand	than 2 years	than 5 years	5 years	Total	31 December
							於
		一年內	超過一年	超過兩年			十二月三十一日
		或按要求	但少於兩年	但少於五年	超過五年	合計	之賬面值
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
rada and other navables	拉撒丝氏太红具为施什服物						
rade and other payables measured at amortised cost	按攤銷成本計量之應付賬款 及其他應付款	797,537	_	_	_	797,537	797,537
ease liabilities	租賃負債	21,890	13,473	31,707	39,649	106,719	80,942
Bank and other borrowings	銀行及其他借貸	1,918,622	558,078	793,862	202,419	3,472,981	3,115,455
,	-		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
		2,738,049	571,551	825,569	242,068	4,377,237	3,993,934

#### (c) Interest rate risk

Le

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from interest-bearing borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively.

#### (i) Interest rate profile

The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period.

#### (c) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要來自計息 借貸。按可變利率及按固定利率 發行之借貸使本集團分別承受現 金流量利率風險及公允值利率風 險。

#### (i) 利率概况

下表詳列本集團計息借貸於報告期末之利率概況。

		At 31 December 2021		At 31 Decei	mber 2020
		於二零二一年十	一月三十一日	於二零二零年十	一月三十一日
		Effective		Effective	
		interest rate		interest rate	
		實際利率		實際利率	
		%	RMB'000	%	RMB'000
			人民幣千元		人民幣千元
Fixed rate borrowings:	固定利率借貸:				
Other borrowings	其他借貸總額	7.2%	2,167,062	7.5%	1,500,000
Bank loans	銀行貸款	6.7%	544,000	6.8%	500,000
			2,711,062		2,000,000

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

- (c) Interest rate risk (continued)
  - (i) Interest rate profile (continued)

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

- (b) 流動資金風險(續)
  - (i) 利率概況(續)

At 31 December 2021	At 31 Decem	nber 2020
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	於二零二零年十	二月三十一日
Effective	Effective	
interest rate	interest rate	
實際利率	實際利率	
% RMB'000	%	RMB'000
人民幣千元		人民幣千元

 Variable rate borrowings:
 可變利率借貸:

 Other borrowings
 其他借貸總額
 7.9%
 300,000

 Bank loans
 銀行貸款
 5.8%
 600,000
 6.2%
 1,115,455

 900,000
 1,115,455

Total borrowings 借貸總額 **3,611,062** 3,115,455

Fixed rate borrowings as a percentage of total borrowings

固定利率借貸佔借貸總額之百分比

tal borrowings

### (ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB9,000,000 (31 December 2020: RMB8,366,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate borrowings held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact of which on the Group's loss after tax and retained profits is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### (ii) 敏感性分析

**75**%

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,在所有其他可變動因素保持不變之情況下,估計利率一般增加或減少100基點將減少或增加本集團稅後溢利及保留溢利約人民幣9,000,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣8,366,000元)。

64%

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

### (d) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price changes arising from other financial assets (see Note 18).

The Group's investments in other financial assets are listed on the Shanghai Stock Exchange. The performance of these equity securities is regularly monitored.

At 31 December 2021, it is estimated that an increase/decrease of 10% in the relevant stock price with all other variables held constant, would have increased/decreased the Group's other comprehensive income by RMB25,590,000 (31 December 2020: RMB16,770,000).

The sensitivity analysis indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's other comprehensive income that would arise assuming that the changes in the stock price had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure this financial instrument held by the Group which exposes the Group to equity price risk at the end of the reporting period. It is also assumed that none of the Group's other financial assets would be considered impaired as a result of the decrease in the relevant stock price, and that all other variables remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for the year ended 31 December 2020.

#### (e) Fair value measurement

## (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

#### (d) 權益價格風險

本集團面臨其他金融資產產生之 權益價格變動風險(見附註18)。

本集團於其他金融資產之投資於 上海證券交易所上市。該等權益 證券之表現已獲定期監控。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,估計有關股票價格上漲/下跌10%,在所有其他可變動因素保持不變之情況下,本集團之其他全面收益將增加/減少人民幣25,590,000元(二零二零年十二月三十一日:人民幣16,770,000元)。

此敏感度分析預示假設股價變動已於報告期末發生並且已用於報告期末發生並自己無關持有之該金融出資本集團有之該金融股份。 人於報告期末令本集團面他時況下本集團之其他益將發生之即時變動。 假設本集團之其他金融資過之下 假設本集團之下跌而, 人及假設所有其他可 大人。 上零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度之相同基準執行。

### (e) 公允值計量

### (i) 按公允值計量之金融資產 及負債

公允值層級

下表呈列本集團於報告期末根據香港財務報告準則第13號「公允值計量」所界定性基準計量並分類為三性基準計量並分類為三位。將公允值計量分類之公類之值。將公允值計量分類方法的形別數據之可觀察性後釐定:

世紀金花商業控股有限公司 二零二一年年報



## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement (continued)
  - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs, i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date.
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs, i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available.
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs.

The Group has a team headed by the finance manager performing valuations for the financial assets measured at FVPL. The team reports directly to the chief financial officer and the audit committee. A valuation report with analysis of changes in fair value measurement is prepared by the team at each interim and annual reporting date, and is reviewed and approved by the chief financial officer. Discussion of the valuation process and results with the chief financial officer and the audit committee is held twice a year, to coincide with the reporting dates.

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

- (e) 公允值計量(續)
  - (i) 按公允值計量之金融資產 及負債(續)

公允值層級(續)

- 第一級估值:僅使用 第一級輸入數據(即 於計量日同類資產或 負債於活躍市場之未 經調整報價)計量之 公允值。
- 第二級估值:使用第二級輸入數據(即未能達到第一級之可觀察輸入數據)且並索輸入數據計量之前。不可觀察輸入數據是共下之輸入數據。
- 第三級估值:使用重 大不可觀察輸入數據 計量之公允值。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement (continued)
  - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

- (e) 公允值計量(續)
  - (i) 按公允值計量之金融資產 及負債(續)

公允值層級(續)

Fair value measurements as at 31 December 2021 categorised into

Fair value at 31 December	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之公允值計量分類為			
2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
於二零二一年				
十二月三十一日				
公允值	第一級	第二級	第三級	
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	

Recurring fair value measurements	經常性公允值計量				
Financial assets:	金融資產:				
Equity securities designated at FVOCI	指定為按公允值計量且其				
(see Note 18 (a))	變動計入其他全面收益				
	(不可劃轉)之權益證券				
	(見附註18(a))	255,900	255,900	-	-
Financial assets measured at FVPL	按公允值計量且其變動				
(see Note 18 (b))	計入損益之金融資產				
	(見附註18(b))	16,639	-	-	16,639

	Fair value measurements as at						
	31 December 2020 categorised into						
Fair value	於二零	於二零二零年十二月三十一日					
at 31 December	之公允值計量分類為						
2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3				
於二零二零年							
十二月三十一日							
公允值	第一級	第二級	第三級				
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000				
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元				

Enir value measurements as at

Recurring fair value measurements	<b>您</b> 学性小允估针是				
Financial assets:	全融資產:				
Equity securities designated at FVOCI					
(see Note 18 (a))	變動計入其他全面收益				
	(不可劃轉)之權益證券				
	(見附註18(a))	167,700	167,700	-	-
Financial assets measured at FVPL	按公允值計量且其變動				
(see Note 18 (b))	計入損益之金融資產				
	(見附註18(b))	14,307	-	-	14.307

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement (continued)
  - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3 (nine months ended 31 December 2020: Nil). The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

## Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

The fair value of financial assets measured at FVPL is determined by the share of net assets when a recent property valuation is available according to the International Private Equity and Venture Capital Valuation Guidelines. A 10% increase/decrease in net assets would result in a RMB1,664,000 increase/decrease in the fair value of the financial assets and would have increased/decreased the Group's profit by RMB1,664,000.

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

- (e) 公允值計量(續)
  - (i) 按公允值計量之金融資產 及負債(續)

公允值層級(續)

#### 第三級公允值計量資料

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement (continued)
  - (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (continued)

Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

The movements during the year in the balance of the Level 3 fair value measurements are as follows:

## 29 財務風險管理及公允值 (續)

- (e) 公允值計量(續)
  - (i) 按公允值計量之金融資產 及負債(續)

第三級公允值計量資料(續)

年內第三級公允值計量之 結餘變動如下:

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月期間
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Unlisted investment fund at fair 按公允值列賬之非上市投資 value: 基金: Balance at 1 January/April 於一月/四月一日之餘額 14,307 14,307 Additions 添置 Changes in fair value recognised 年/期內於損益確認之 in profit or loss during the year/ 公允值變動(見附註5) period (see Note 5) 2,332 於十二月三十一日之餘額 Balance at 31 December 14,307 16,639

## (ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost are not materially different from their fair values at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

### (ii) 並非按公允值列賬之金融 資產及負債之公允值

於二零二一年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年 十二月三十一日,本集團 以成本或攤銷成本列賬之 金融工具之賬面值與其公 允值並無重大差別。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### **30 COMMITMENTS**

At 31 December 2021, the outstanding capital commitments of the Group not provided for in the consolidated financial statements were as follows:

### 30 承擔

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 團未在綜合財務報表中撥備之未付資 本承擔如下:

At	At
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
於二零二一年	於二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Commitments in respect of purchase of property and equipment and investment property

contracted for

authorised but not contracted for

購買物業及設備以及 投資物業之承擔

一已訂約

一已授權但未訂約

**249,452** 414,601 **200,000** –

**449,452** 414,601

At 31 December 2021, capital commitments in respect of purchase of property and equipment and investment properties are for leasehold improvements to be installed in the Group's department store and supermarket operations and for the renovation and upgrade of the 2 department stores and a shopping mall.

#### 31 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

A guarantee provided by Ginwa Bell Tower in respect of a payable for acquisition of a property by Ginwa Investments in August 2005. Ginwa Investments has defaulted repayment of the above payable. As at the end of the reporting period, the directors of the Company do not consider it is probable that a claim will be made against the Group under the guarantee. The maximum liability of the Group at the end of the reporting period under the guarantee issued is the outstanding amount of the liability of RMB9,500,000 plus accrued interest (nine months ended 31 December 2020: RMB9,500,000).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,有關購買物業及設備以及投資物業之資本承擔乃與將於本集團之百貨商場及超級市場業務安裝之租賃裝修及2間百貨商場及購物中心之裝修及升級有關。

#### 31 或然負債

金花鐘樓就金花投資於二零零五年八月收購一項物業之應付款項而提供的款項。金花投資已拖欠償還上述應付款項。於報告期末,本公司董事集團大可能會根據擔保而對本集團根據出索償。於報告期末,本集團根據已發出擔保承擔之最高負債為負債之未償還金額人民幣9,500,000元加應計利息(截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止九個月:人民幣9,500,000元)。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions.

(a) Transactions with equity shareholders and their affiliates, and a director of the Company

### 32 重大關連人士交易

除該等財務報表其他部份所披露之結 餘外,本集團亦進行以下重大關連人 士交易。

(a) 與本公司股東及彼等聯屬人士 以及一名董事進行之交易

	Nine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月期間
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Guarantees provided by Qujiang Financial Holdings or its subsidiary for the Group's bank and other borrowings at the end of the	曲江金融控股或其附屬公司 於報告期末就本集團銀行 及其他借貸提供之擔保		
reporting period		1,200,000	910,000
Net (decrease)/increase in advances	來自曲江金融控股之墊款淨		
received from Qujiang Financial	(減少)/增加(見附註(i))		
Holdings (see Note (i))		(130,372)	207,201
Other borrowings from Qujiang	曲江金融控股之其他借貸		
Financial Holdings (see Note 24(a))	(見附註24(a))	1,221,486	_
Entrusted loans from Qujiang	曲江金融控股委託貸款		
Financial Holdings		_	690,000
Repayment of entrusted loans to	償還曲江金融控股委託貸款		
Qujiang Financial Holdings		(690,000)	-

Note:

(i) The advances are unsecured, non-interest bearing and have no fixed terms of repayment.

(i) 該墊款為無抵押、免息及並無

固定還款期。

附註:

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

#### (b) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in Note 8 and the highest paid employees as disclosed in Note 9, is as follows:

### 32 重大關連人士交易(續)

#### (b) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員之薪酬(包括附註 8所披露已付予本公司董事之款 項及附註9所披露已付予若干最 高薪酬僱員之款項)如下:

Nine menths

7,509

193

	Mine months
Year ended	ended
31 December	31 December
2021	2020
截至	截至
二零二一年	二零二零年
十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
止年度	止九個月期間
RMB'000	RMB'000
人民幣千元	人民幣千元

Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind

Retirement scheme contributions

薪金、津貼及其他實物福利

退休計劃供款

9,951 519

**10,470** 7,702

Total remuneration is included in "staff costs" (see Note 6(b)).

### (c) Leasing arrangement

In November 2021, the Group entered into a two-year lease in respect of certain leasehold properties from a related party for the operation of a shopping mall. The total amount of rent payable by the Group under the lease is RMB95,724,000, which was determined with reference to amounts charged by the related party to third parties. At the commencement date of the lease, the Group recognised an investment property and a lease liability of RMB82,498,000 (see Note 13).

薪酬總額計入「員工成本」內(見附註6(b))。

#### (c) 租賃安排

於二零二一年十一月,本集團就經營商場而向關連人士租用若干租賃物業訂立為期兩年之租約。本集團根據租賃應付租金總額為人民幣95,724,000元,乃參考關連方向第三方收取的金額釐定。於租賃開始日,本集團確認一項投資物業及一項租賃負債人民幣82,498,000元(見附註13)。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## **32 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS** (continued)

## (d) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

Certain of the related party transactions disclosed in Note 32(a) above constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. However, those transactions are exempt from the disclosure requirements in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules as they are conducted on normal commercial terms or better and not secured by the assets of the Group.

## 33 COMPANY LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

### 32 重大關連人士交易(續)

### (d) 上市規則就關於關連交易之適 用性

上述附註32(a)所披露之若干關連人士交易構成上市規則第14A章所界定之關連交易或持續關連交易。然而,由於該等交易按一般商業條款或更佳條款進行且並非以本集團資產作抵押,故獲豁免遵守上市規則第14A章之披露規定。

### 33 公司層面財務狀況表

		Note 附註	At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日 <i>RMB'000</i> 人民幣千元	2020 於二零二零年
Non-current assets Interests in subsidiaries Financial assets measured at FVPL	非流動資產 於附屬公司之權益 按公允值計量且其變動 計入損益之金融資產		1,777,318	1,831,453 14,307
Current assets	流動資產		1,793,957	1,845,760
Other receivables Cash at bank and on hand	其他應收款銀行結存及手頭現金		29,469 108	30,181 6,285
Current liabilities	流動負債		29,577	36,466
Other payables	其他應付款		267,521	281,118
Net current liabilities	流動負債淨額		(237,944)	(244,652)
NET ASSETS	資產淨額		1,556,013	1,601,108

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

## 33 COMPANY LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

### 33 公司層面財務狀況表(續)

			At 31 December 2021 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020 於二零二零年 十二月三十一日
		Note 附註	RMB'000	RMB'000
			人氏带十元	人民幣千元
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	股本及儲備	28		
Share capital	股本		199,369	199,369
Reserves	儲備		1,356,644	1,401,739
TOTAL EQUITY	權益總額		1,556,103	1,601,108

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 31 March 2022.

Huang Shunxu 黃順緒 Chairman 主席 經董事會於二零二二年三月 三十一日批准及授權刊發。

Qin Chuan 秦川 Director 董事

財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

#### 34 IMPACTS OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC

By the end of 31 December 2021, the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the outbreaks in some provinces in the PRC has brought additional uncertainties in the Group's operating environment and has impacted the Group's operations and financial position.

The Group has been closely monitoring the impact of the developments on the Group's business and has put in place contingency measures. In view of the pandemic-driven economic downturn, the Group assessed the situation and adhered to the principles of reducing costs and enhancing operational efficiency.

As a result of the measures that were implemented to control the spread of COVID-19, the shopping habits of the general public have changed, resulting in the business operation of the Group being significantly impacted and it is expected that it will take time for the Group's business operation to fully recover, which may result in additional impairment losses on goodwill and intangible assets. The directors of the Company believe that the consumption and economy in the PRC will gradually recover as the pandemic calms down. The new normal in consumption derived from COVID-19, on the other hand, will change the operating principles and landscape of the retail industry in the long run. To maintain the freshness of the businesses, the Group will remain vigilant at all times, stay close to market trends and timely adjust our operating model. The Group will continue to closely monitor the situation and implement contingency measures, where necessary in a view to reduce the impacts from the COVID-19 pandemic.

### 34 新冠肺炎疫情的影響

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,持續的新冠肺炎疫情及中國部分省份爆發疫情為本集團經營環境帶來額外不明朗因素,並影響本集團的營運及財務狀況。

本集團一直密切關注事態發展對本集 團業務的影響,並已制定應急措施。 面對疫情帶來的經濟逆轉,本集團審 時度勢並堅守降本提效原則。

## 財務報表附註

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in RMB unless otherwise indicated) (除非另有指明,否則以人民幣呈列)

### 35 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments, and a new standard, HKFRS 17, *Insurance contracts*, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2021 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the group.

## 35 已頒佈但尚未於截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度生效 之新訂準則及詮釋之潛在影響

截至刊發該等財務報表日期,香港會計師公會已頒佈多項尚未於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度生效且尚未於該等財務報表採納的修訂及新準則,以及新準則香港財務報告準則第17號「保險合約」。該等進程包括下列可能與本集團相關者。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始的會計期間生效

Amendments to HKFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework 香港財務報告準則第3號 (修訂本)提述概念框架	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use 香港會計準則第16號(修訂本),物業、廠房及設備:預定用途前的收益	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 37, Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract 香港會計準則第37號(修訂本),有償合約-履行合約成本	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle 香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年週期的年度改進	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of liabilities as current or non-current 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本),將負債分類為流動或非流動	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, Disclosure of accounting policies 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則第2號,會計政策的披露	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 8, Definition of accounting estimates 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本),重大之定義	1 January 2023 二零二三年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 12, Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction	1 January 2023

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

香港會計準則第12號(修訂本),與單一交易產生之資產及負債有關之遞延稅項

本集團正在評估該等進程於首次 應用期間預期造成的影響。迄今 為止,本集團認為採納上述修訂 不大可能對綜合財務報表構成重 大影響。

二零二三年一月一日

