

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)
(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)
Stock Code 股份代號: 258

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## Corporate Information 公司資料

## **DIRECTORS**

### **Executive Directors**

Hsu Feng (Chairman and Managing Director)
Albert Tong (Vice-Chairman)
Tong Chi Kar Charles (Vice-Chairman)

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Lee Chan Fai Sean S J Wang

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Lee Yuen Han

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

# PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

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E-mail: mail\_box@tomson.com.hk

#### **AUDITOR**

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu

## 董事

## 執行董事

徐 楓*(主席兼董事總經理)* 湯子同*(副主席)* 湯子嘉*(副主席)* 

### 獨立非執行董事

張兆平 李燦輝 王少劍

## 公司秘書

李婉嫻

## 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

## 於香港之主要營業地點

香港

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電子郵箱: mail\_box@tomson.com.hk

### 核數師

德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行

### SHARE REGISTRAR IN HONG KONG

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 54, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Hong Kong

Telephone: (852) 2980-1333

### PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Fubon Bank (Hong Kong) Limited
China CITIC Bank International Limited
China CITIC Bank Corporation Limited
Bank of Communications Co., Ltd.
Hang Seng Bank Limited
The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

### **SOLICITORS**

Baker & McKenzie Global Law Office Zhong Lun Law Firm Vincent T.K. Cheung, Yap & Co. Woo Kwan Lee & Lo

### **SHARE LISTING**

The Company's shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

Stock Code: 258

### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

Please write to the Company at its principal place of business in Hong Kong, or by fax at (852) 2845-0341 or by email to ir@tomson.com.hk

Website: http://www.tomson.com.hk

## 於香港之股份過戶登記處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心54樓

電話: (852) 2980-1333

## 主要往來銀行

富邦銀行(香港)有限公司 中信銀行(國際)有限公司 中信銀行股份有限公司 交通銀行股份有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

## 律師

貝克·麥堅時律師事務所 環球律師事務所 中倫律師事務所 張葉司徒陳律師事務所 胡關李羅律師行

## 股份上市

本公司之股份於 香港聯合交易所有限公司主板上市

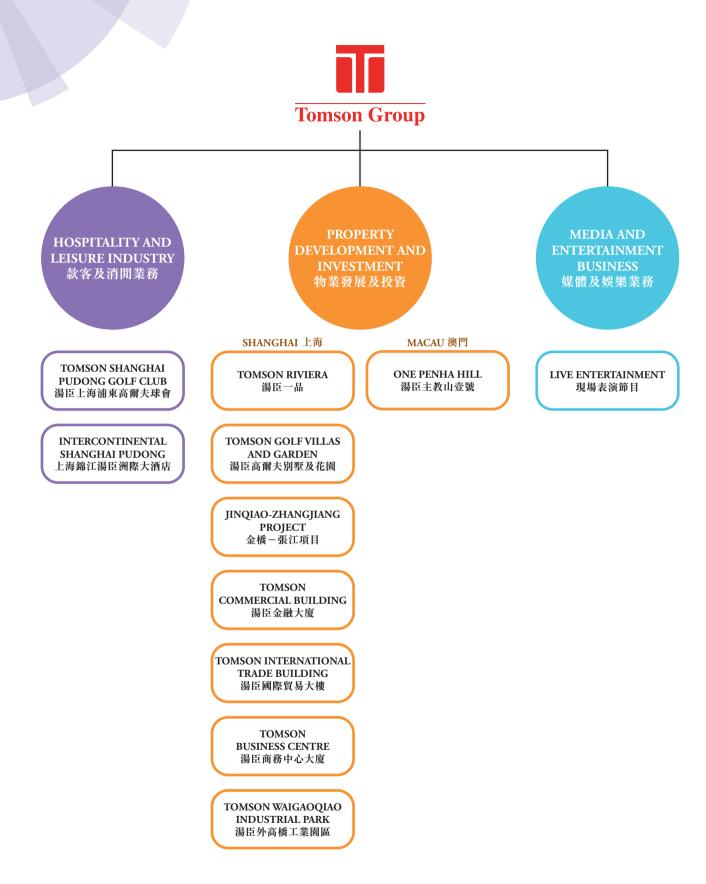
股份代號: 258

## 投資者關係

請致函本公司 於香港之主要營業地點 或傳真至 (852) 2845-0341 或電郵至 ir@tomson.com.hk

網址: http://www.tomson.com.hk

## Group Profile 集團組織圖



## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

### **GENERAL OVERVIEW**

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is pleased to present the audited consolidated annual results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2021. There was an increase in consolidated net profit of the Group for the year under review as compared with that of the corresponding period in 2020.

The improvement in results was mainly attributable to an increase in segment profit generated from property development and investment business to HK\$455,963,000 for the year under review (2020: HK\$268,854,000). A higher gross profit was generated from both of sale and leasing of the properties. In addition, an unrealized loss on fair value changes of the investment properties of the Group in Shanghai, the People's Republic of China ("China") of HK\$3,540,000 was recorded, lesser than that of HK\$12,329,000 for the year 2020, upon market valuation as at year end pursuant to applicable accounting standards.

For the year under review, the Group recorded a net gain on trading securities investment of HK\$12,838,000 (2020: net loss of HK\$7,070,000) while dividend receipts from the long-term equity investments of the Group amounted to HK\$23,209,000 (2020: HK\$26,046,000).

During the year 2021, there were decreases in the interest income and net exchange gain recognized while the administrative expenses and finance costs were also reduced.

As a result, excluding the changes in revaluation of the investment properties, the Group reported operating profit before taxation of HK\$591,250,000 for the year under review (2020: HK\$419,044,000). Taking account of taxation of HK\$297,027,000 (2020: HK\$226,639,000), it was reported a consolidated profit after taxation attributable to shareholders of the Company of HK\$283,448,000 (2020: HK\$174,993,000). Basic earnings per share amounted to 14.38 HK cents, an increase of approximately 62% as compared with that of 8.88 HK cents for the corresponding period in 2020.

## 概覽

本公司董事局(「董事局」) 欣然呈報本公司 及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」) 截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之已審核綜 合全年業績。本集團於回顧年度之綜合溢 利淨額較二零二零年同期有所增長。

業績改善主要歸因於在回顧年度內來自物業發展及投資業務之分類溢利增加至455,963,000港元(二零二零年:268,854,000港元)。物業銷售及租賃產生之毛利均有所增長。此外,本集團於年末根據適用之會計準則對位於中華人民共和國(「中國」)上海市之投資物業作出市場估值後錄得公平值變動所產生之未變現虧損3,540,000港元,較二零二零年度錄得的虧損12,329,000港元為低。

於回顧年度內,本集團錄得待售證券投資之收益淨額12,838,000港元(二零二零年:虧損淨額:7,070,000港元),而自本集團長期股本投資收取之股息為23,209,000港元(二零二零年:26,046,000港元)。

於二零二一年度內,已確認之利息收入及 匯兑收益淨額有所減少,而行政費用及融 資費用亦告減少。

因此,撇除投資物業重估價值之變動,本集團於回顧年度錄得除税前經營溢利591,250,000港元(二零二零年:419,044,000港元)。經計及稅項297,027,000港元(二零二零年:226,639,000港元),本集團錄得本公司股東應佔除稅後綜合溢利283,448,000港元(二零二零年:174,993,000港元)。每股基本盈利為14.38港仙,較二零二零年同期的8.88港仙增加約62%。

### **DIVIDEND**

The Board has declared an interim dividend of 5.50 HK cents per share for the year ended 31st December, 2021 (2020: 5.50 HK cents per share) payable to the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 13th June, 2022. The dividend is payable in cash and dividend warrants are expected for despatch on Wednesday, 22nd June, 2022.

### **OPERATIONS REVIEW**

The Mainland of China, particularly Shanghai, is the principal base of the Group's operations.

For the year ended 31st December, 2021, the property development and trading segment was the Group's primary profit maker by contributing a segment profit of HK\$277,287,000 (2020: HK\$139,885,000) which was attributable to the properties sales in Shanghai and the Macao Special Administrative Region ("Macau") of China.

The property investment segment was the secondary profit contributor of the Group and this generated a segment profit of HK\$178,676,000 (2020: HK\$128,969,000), which was derived from the rental and management income from the investment properties of the Group in Shanghai, however, it was partly offset by the unrealized loss on fair value changes of these investment properties upon revaluation at year end.

The operating results of leisure business improved and this segment ranked third in terms of profit contribution amongst the operating segments of the Group by delivering a segment profit of HK\$12,892,000 (2020: loss of HK\$14,745,000). The Group also shared a profit from its investment in the hotel operation.

Securities trading business reported a segment profit of HK\$12,580,000 (2020: loss of HK\$7,350,000).

The other business segment of the Group reported loss during the year under review.

## 股息

董事局宣佈向於二零二二年六月十三日 (星期一)名列本公司股東名冊之股東宣派 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之 中期股息每股5.50港仙(二零二零年:每股 5.50港仙)。股息將以現金支付及預期於二 零二二年六月二十二日(星期三)寄發股息 單。

## 業務回顧

中國內地(特別是上海市)為本集團營運之主要基地。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,物業發展及銷售分類為本集團之首要溢利來源,貢獻分類溢利277,287,000港元(二零二零年:139,885,000港元),此乃歸因於中國上海市及澳門特別行政區(「澳門」)之物業銷售所致。

物業投資分類為本集團之第二大溢利貢獻者,並產生分類溢利178,676,000港元(二零二零年:128,969,000港元),此乃來自本集團於上海市之投資物業之租金及管理費收入,惟部份收益已被於年末重估此等投資物業之價值後之公平值變動所產生之未變現虧損所抵銷。

消閒業務之經營業績有所改善,且於本集團營運分類中之溢利貢獻排名第三,實現分類溢利12,892,000港元(二零二零年:虧損14,745,000港元)。本集團亦於酒店業務投資中分佔溢利。

證券買賣業務錄得分類溢利12,580,000港元(二零二零年:虧損7,350,000港元)。

本集團其他業務分類於回顧年度錄得虧 損。

## **Property Development and Investment**

Property development and investment in Shanghai and Macau remained the core business and the principal source of profit of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2021 by contributing a total profit of HK\$455,963,000 (2020: HK\$268,854,000). Tomson Riviera was the prime source of operating profit of the Group.

This business segment generated total revenue of HK\$714,750,000 which accounted for approximately 90.82% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group for the year 2021. Projects in Pudong of Shanghai were the primary source of revenue and accounted for approximately 88.29% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group whereas the project in Macau accounted for approximately 2.53%. However, an unrealized loss on fair value changes of the investment properties of the Group in Shanghai of HK\$3,540,000 was recorded at the year end date.

### Tomson Riviera, Shanghai

Tomson Riviera is a notable high-rise residential development along the riverfront of Lujiazui of Pudong and right opposite the Bund. There are four residential towers and in order to maximize the return on investment, two residential towers are earmarked for sale while the other two towers are for leasing.

As at 31st December, 2021, the total residential gross floor area available for sale of Towers A and C was approximately 3,200 square meters while of the total residential gross floor area of Towers B and D of approximately 58,400 square meters, about 78% were leased.

For the year 2021, total revenue of HK\$573.65 million was recognized and this accounted for approximately 72.89% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. The revenue was principally attributable to sale proceeds with the rest derived from rental income and management fee. In addition, sale deposits of HK\$208.60 million have been received by the Group and such amount is expected to be recognized in 2022 upon delivery of the properties to the buyers. Nevertheless, the Group recorded an unrealized loss on fair value changes of this project of HK\$3.30 million in the annual results of the Group for the year 2021.

### 物業發展及投資

於上海市及澳門之物業發展及投資業務仍 為本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度之核心業務及主要溢利來源,貢 獻溢利總額455,963,000港元(二零二零年: 268,854,000港元)。湯臣一品為本集團之 首要經營溢利來源。

此業務分類產生總收入714,750,000港元, 佔本集團於二零二一年度之經營收益總額 約90.82%。位於上海市浦東之項目為首 要收入來源,佔本集團之經營收益總額約 88.29%,而位於澳門之項目佔約2.53%。 然而,於年結日錄得本集團於上海市之投 資物業公平值變動所產生之未變現虧損 3,540,000港元。

## 上海市湯臣一品

湯臣一品為一項著名的高樓住宅發展項目,聳立於浦東陸家嘴之江畔,對望外灘。該項目共有四棟住宅大樓,而為了對投資帶來最大回報,兩棟住宅大樓劃作銷售,而另外兩棟大樓則作租賃用途。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,A棟及C棟 大樓中約有總住宅樓面面積3,200平方米可 供出售,而B棟及D棟大樓之總住宅樓面面 積約58,400平方米中已租出約78%。

於二零二一年度,已確認總收入約為 573,650,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總 額約72.89%。收入主要來自銷售收益,其 餘則來自租金收入及管理費。此外,本集 團已收取銷售訂金約208,600,000港元,, 預計該款項將在向買家交付物業後於二零 二二年度確認入賬。然而,在本集團二零 二一年度之全年業績中,就此項目錄得公 平值變動所產生之未變現虧損約3,300,000 港元。



TOMSON RIVIERA 湯臣一品

### Commercial and Industrial Buildings, Shanghai

Rental income and management fee from the Group's commercial and industrial property portfolio in Pudong, which comprised, inter alia, Tomson Commercial Building, Tomson International Trade Building, Tomson Waigaoqiao Industrial Park, the commercial podium of Tomson Business Centre and the office premises on the entire 72nd Floor of Shanghai World Financial Center, provided a steady recurrent revenue of HK\$115.36 million to the Group and this accounted for approximately 14.66% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group for the year under review. The Group recorded an unrealized net loss on fair value changes of the aforesaid investment properties of HK\$0.24 million in the annual results of the Group for the year 2021.

### 上海市之商業及工業物業

來自本集團位於浦東之商業及工業物業組合(其中包括湯臣金融大廈、湯臣國際貿易大樓、湯臣外高橋工業園區、湯臣商務中心大廈之商場部份及上海環球金融中心72樓全層辦公室物業)之租金收入及管理費為本集團帶來穩定經常性收入約115,360,000港元,佔本集團於回顧年度內之經營收益總額約14.66%。本集團於二零二一年度之全年業績中,就上述投資物業額得公平值變動所產生之未變現虧損淨額約240,000港元。



## Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

### Miscellaneous Residential Developments in Shanghai

Tomson Golf Villas and Garden have been developed in phases around the periphery of Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club in Pudong since 1996 and there are now less than ten residential units and around one hundred car parking spaces available for sale. During the year under review, the project recognized revenue of HK\$4.69 million from sale of car parking spaces and leasing of the residential units and this represented approximately 0.60% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group.

The Group received management fee of Tomson Riviera Garden of HK\$1.10 million for the year under review and this accounted for approximately 0.14% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. Tomson Riviera Garden, which was developed by a 70%-owned subsidiary of the Company, is a low-density residential project adjacent to Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club and the Group has sold out all its interests in this project.

In addition, the Group holds less than ten car parking spaces at Xingguo Garden, the sole residential development of the Group in Puxi, for sale.

### 上海市之其他住宅發展項目

湯臣高爾夫別墅及花園自一九九六年起沿位於浦東之湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會周邊分期開發,現時僅餘不足十個住宅單位及約一百個停車位可供出售。於回顧年度內,該項目確認停車位出售及住宅單位租賃收入共約4,690,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約0.60%。

本集團於回顧年度收取湯臣湖庭花園之管理費約1,100,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約0.14%。湯臣湖庭花園為本公司持有70%權益之附屬公司所開發及毗鄰湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會之一項低密度住宅項目,而本集團已售出該項目的所有權益。

此外,本集團在唯一位於浦西之住宅發展項目-湯臣怡園中持有不足十個停車位待售。





TOMSON GOLF VILLAS AND GARDEN 湯臣高爾夫別墅及花園

### Jinqiao-Zhangjiang Project, Shanghai

As disclosed in the interim report of the Company for 2021, the Group holds three land lots with aggregate site area of approximately 328,687.5 square meters located in Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District of Pudong and to the north of a stream named Zhangjiabang for residential purpose. Real estate ownership certificates of the said land lots were obtained in June 2020. It is planned that the development of this project will be phased in over few years.

The first phase of the project is a low-density residential development with total gross floor area of approximately 25,900 square meters and the construction works are under way. Subject to the policies of and approval from the local government, it is expected to launch the first phase for sale by the end of 2022 or early 2023 and deliver the properties to the buyers in 2023. Construction of the next two phases of residential development of the project with total gross floor area of approximately 100,000 square meters is scheduled to commence within 2022.

### One Penha Hill, Macau

The Group holds a 70% interest in the development of a luxury residential condominium, namely One Penha Hill, at Penha Hill within a designated World Heritage Zone of Macau.

For the year ended 31st December, 2021, the project recognized sale proceeds of HK\$19.95 million and this accounted for approximately 2.53% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. As at 31st December, 2021, residential units with saleable area of approximately 6,700 square meters were available for sale.

### 上海市金橋-張江項目

誠如本公司於二零二一年度中期報告所披露,本集團持有位於浦東金橋一張江地區及一條名為張家浜之河流北面地區內總地塊面積約328,687.5平方米作住宅用途之三幅土地。上述地塊之不動產權證已於二零二零年六月取得,現計劃將該項目於數年內分期開發。

第一期項目為一項低密度住宅發展項目,總樓面面積約為25,900平方米,建築工程現正進行當中。視乎當地政府之政策及批覆,預期於二零二二年末或二零二三年初推售第一期項目,並於二零二三年向買方交付物業。本集團計劃將於二零二二年內動工興建總樓面面積約100,000平方米的下兩期住宅發展項目。

### 澳門湯臣主教山壹號

本集團持有座落於澳門被列為世界遺產區 內之主教山上之豪華住宅發展項目(即湯 臣主教山壹號)之70%權益。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,該項目確認銷售所得款項約19,950,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約2.53%。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,實用面積約6,700平方米之住宅單位可供出售。



## Hospitality and Leisure Industry

## Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club, Shanghai

Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club, situated in Pudong of Shanghai, generated revenue of HK\$63,487,000, being approximately 8.07% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group, and reported gross profit of HK\$38.53 million for the year ended 31st December, 2021. The revenue was mainly attributable to golfing activities of the Club and the annual membership fee was the secondary source of income. After making provision for depreciation of fixed assets, the Club reported a segment profit of HK\$12,892,000 for the year under review (2020: loss of HK\$14,745,000).

## 款客及消閒業務

### 上海市之湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會

位於上海市浦東之湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度產生收入63,487,000港元,佔本集 團經營收益總額約8.07%,並錄得毛利約 38,530,000港元。收入主要來自球會之高 爾夫球活動,而年度會籍費用則為次要收 入來源。經撥備固定資產之折舊後,該球 會於回顧年度錄得分類溢利12,892,000港 元(二零二零年:虧損14,745,000港元)。



TOMSON SHANGHAI PUDONG GOLF CLUB 湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會

### InterContinental Shanghai Pudong, Shanghai

InterContinental Shanghai Pudong hotel, situated in Lujiazui of Pudong, Shanghai, reported an average occupancy rate of approximately 51% in 2021. Owing to the alleviation of the COVID-19 pandemic in the Mainland of China during the year under review, there was improvement in the occupancy rate and operation profit though the results were below budget. As a result, the Group, which holds a 50% interest in the hotel, shared a net profit of HK\$1,342,000 from this investment for the year 2021 (2020: net loss of HK\$2,552,000). It is expected that the hotel operations remain to face challenges in 2022 subject to the travel restrictions imposed under the impact of the worldwide pandemic spreading. The hotel management will continue to focus on controlling operating costs, increasing marketing efforts on guest rooms operations and food and beverage operations to maintain the profitability of the hotel.

### 上海市之上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店

位於上海市浦東陸家嘴之上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店於二零二一年度錄得平均入住率約51%。由於在回顧年度內於中國內地,2019冠狀病毒病疫情放緩,入住率及經營溢利均有所改善,但業績遜預算。本集團持有該酒店50%權益,故於二零二一年度從該項投資分佔1,342,000港元之溢利淨額(二零二零年:虧損淨額2,552,000港元)。在全世界疫情蔓延所導致的出行限制下,預期酒店營運在二零二二年仍將面臨挑戰。該酒店管理層將繼續集中力量控制經營成本、加強客房業務及餐飲業務之推廣,以維持酒店之盈利。



INTERCONTINENTAL SHANGHAI PUDONG 上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店

## **Securities Trading**

For the year under review, the Group's securities trading business in Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") of China reported revenue of HK\$7,946,000 and this accounted for approximately 1.01% of the gross proceeds from operations of the Group. The revenue was mainly attributable to the dividend income from trading securities while gross proceeds from sale of those securities was the secondary source. After taking into account an unrealized gain on changes in fair value, a net gain on the trading securities investments held by the Group of HK\$12,838,000 (2020: net loss of HK\$7,070,000) was recorded.

As at 31st December, 2021, the aggregate fair value of the Group's securities investments held for trading amounted to HK\$101,593,000, representing approximately 0.49% of the Group's total assets. Those were mainly securities in the financial industry.

#### Media and Entertainment Business

The Group has participated in the production of live entertainment shows for years and also set up its film distribution business in 2011. Suffering from the COVID-19 pandemic, gross revenue received and receivable from this segment for the year ended 31st December, 2021 only amounted to HK\$829,000 and this accounted for approximately 0.10% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations. The revenue for the year under review was solely derived from investments in the production of live entertainment shows and a segment loss of HK\$622,000 (2020: HK\$3,526,000) was recorded. The Group intends to continue in participating in investments in various live performances under appropriate conditions in the future.





## 證券買賣

於回顧年度內,本集團於中國香港特別行政區(「香港」)之證券買賣業務錄得收入7,946,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約1.01%。收入主要來自待售證券之股息收入,其次是源自該等證券之銷售所得款項。經計及公平值變動所產生之未變現收益,本集團錄得待售證券投資之收益淨額12,838,000港元(二零二零年:虧損淨額7,070,000港元)。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之 待售證券投資之公平值總額為101,593,000 港元,佔本集團資產總值約0.49%。該等 主要是金融業之證券。

## 媒體及娛樂業務

本集團已參與現場表演節目製作多年,並在二零一一年開展電影發行業務。受制於2019冠狀病毒病之疫情,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,此分類之已收及應收總收入僅為829,000港元,佔本集團之經營收益總額約0.10%。於回顧年度內之收入僅來自現場表演節目製作之投資,並錄得分類虧損622,000港元(二零二零年:3,526,000港元)。本集團擬在未來適當的情況下繼續參與投資各類現場表演節目。

LIVE ENTERTAINMENT 現場表演節目

## **PVC Operations**

With the intention of capitalizing on the Group's established brand and goodwill in the industry, the Group had set up a wholly-owned subsidiary in Shanghai in mid-2013 to engage in export trade of PVC fittings and pipes. Owing to unfavourable market conditions, this business was closed down in 2020 to focus the Group's resources on its property development and investment business. No profit was recorded in 2021 (2020: loss of HK\$113,000) and the subsidiary was dissolved in the second half of 2021.

### **Investment Holding**

In addition to its own property development projects, as at 31st December, 2021, the Group held interests in Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd. as a long-term equity investment and the fair value of this investment amounted to HK\$293,452,000, representing approximately 1.43% of the Group's total assets.

#### Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd.

The Group holds a 13.483% interest in the registered capital of Shanghai Zhangjiang Micro-electronics Port Co. Ltd. ("SZMP"), an unlisted company established in Shanghai, and this company is principally engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai. Dividends of HK\$23,209,000 (2020: HK\$15,819,000) were received from SZMP during the year under review and an unrealized gain on change in fair value of such investment of HK\$26.56 million was credited to the investment reserve of the Group in 2021 (2020: loss of HK\$21.61 million) pursuant to applicable accounting standards.

### Rivera (Holdings) Limited

As at 1st January, 2021, the Group held a 9.8% interest in the issued shares of Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL"), a then listed company in Hong Kong. As stated in the interim report of the Company for the year 2021, RHL and Step Famous Investment Limited ("Step Famous") issued a joint announcement on 18th January, 2021 that a proposal for the privatisation of RHL by Step Famous (the "Proposal") by way of a scheme of arrangement under section 673 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (the "Scheme") would be put forward to the registered

### 塑膠業務

為了善用本集團在行業內已建立之品牌及商譽效益,本集團於二零一三年中在上海市成立了一家全資附屬公司從事塑膠配件及膠管出口貿易。由於市場環境不理想,該業務已於二零二零年結束,以將本集團之資源集中在其物業發展及投資業務上。在二零二一年並無錄得溢利(二零二零年:虧損113,000港元)及該附屬公司已於二零二一年下半年解散。

## 投資控股

除本集團本身之物業發展項目外,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團於上海張 江微電子港有限公司持有權益,作為長期 股本投資,此投資之公平值為293,452,000 港元,佔本集團之資產總值約1.43%。

### 上海張江微電子港有限公司

本集團持有上海張江微電子港有限公司 (「微電子港公司」)之註冊資本中13.483% 權益。微電子港公司為一家在上海市成 立之非上市公司,其主要業務為於上海 市從事物業發展及投資業務。於回顧年 度內,本集團從微電子港公司收取股息 23,209,000港元(二零二零年:15,819,000港 元),而該投資之公平值變動所產生之未 變現收益約26,560,000港元(二零二零年: 虧損21,610,000港元)根據適用之會計準則 於二零二一年記入本集團之投資儲備內。

#### 川河集團有限公司

於二零二一年一月一日,本集團持有川河 集團有限公司(「川河」,當時為一家香港 上市公司)之已發行股份中9.8%權益。誠 如本公司於二零二一年度中期報告所述, 川河與進譽投資有限公司(「進譽」)於二零 二一年一月十八日刊發聯合公告,進譽將 向並非由進譽及其一致行動人士(本集團 除外)所持有之川河股份(「計劃股份」)之 holders of the shares of RHL (other than those held by Step Famous and its concert parties (excluding the Group)) (the "Scheme Share(s)"). On 18th January, 2021, Step Famous entered into a rollover agreement (the "Rollover Agreement") with Best Central Developments Limited (the "Rollover Shareholder", a wholly-owned subsidiary of Shanghai Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park Development Co., Ltd. ("Zhangjiang Hi-Tech")) that Step Famous and the Rollover Shareholder agreed to remain as the shareholders of RHL after the Scheme becoming effective. In addition, there was a proposed transfer of approximately 10.503% interests in the registered capital of SZMP held by a wholly-owned subsidiary of RHL to Zhangjiang Hi-Tech (the "SZMP Transfer"). The arrangement between Step Famous and the Rollover Shareholder under the Rollover Agreement and the SZMP Transfer (collectively the "Special Deals") constituted special deals under the Hong Kong Code on Takeovers and Mergers (the "Takeovers Code").

RHL and Step Famous issued a composite document containing details of the Proposal, the Scheme and the Special Deals on 30th June, 2021.

On 23rd July, 2021, RHL and Step Famous issued a joint announcement that on the even date, a resolution was duly passed to approve the Scheme at a meeting of the registered holders of the Scheme Shares (the "Court Meeting") which was convened at the direction of the High Court of Hong Kong (the "High Court") and an ordinary resolution was passed by the then independent shareholders of RHL to approve the Special Deals at a general meeting of RHL and a special resolution to give effect to the Scheme, including the reduction of the share capital of RHL, was approved by the shareholders of RHL at such general meeting. Step Famous is wholly owned by Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (collectively "Tong Family"), the executive Directors and substantial shareholders of the Company. The Company was presumed under the Takeovers Code to be acting in concert with Step Famous and Tong Family, by virtue of the Company and Step Famous being controlled by Madam Hsu Feng and her close relatives. Hence, the Group abstained from voting at the Court Meeting and abstained from voting on the resolution on the Special Deals at the said general meeting of RHL.

On 19th August, 2021, RHL and Step Famous issued a joint announcement. The Scheme was sanctioned by the High Court without any modification or addition or condition on 17th August, 2021 and the reduction of the share capital of RHL involved in the Scheme was also confirmed by the High Court on the same day. All of the conditions of the Scheme were fulfilled and the Scheme became effective on 19th August, 2021. In this connection, all the RHL shares held by the Group,

登記持有人提呈,根據香港《公司條例》 第673條以計劃安排的方式(「該計劃」) 將 川河私有化之建議(「該建議」)。於二零 二一年一月十八日,進譽與 Best Central Developments Limited(「存續股東」,上海張 江高科技園區開發股份有限公司(「張江股 份」)之全資附屬公司)訂立存續協議(「《存 續協議》」),進譽與存續股東同意於該計 劃生效後仍為川河之股東。此外,張江股 份擬承讓川河一家全資附屬公司持有之 微電子港公司註冊資本中約10.503%權益 (「微電子港公司轉讓事宜」)。進譽與存續 股東根據《存續協議》之安排及微電子港公 司轉讓事宜(統稱為「特別交易」)構成香港 《公司收購及合併守則》(「《收購守則》」)項 下的特別交易事項。

川河及進譽於二零二一年六月三十日發出 綜合文件,當中載有該建議、該計劃及特 別交易的詳情。

於二零二一年七月二十三日,川河及進譽 刊發聯合公告,在同日,於按照香港高等 法院(「高等法院」)指示召開之計劃股份之 登記持有人會議(「法院會議」)上正式通過 批准該計劃之決議案,且於川河之股東大 會上獲川河當時之獨立股東通過批准特別 交易之普通決議案,並於該股東大會上獲 川河之股東贊成實施該計劃(包括削減川 河之股本)之特別決議案。進譽由本公司 執行董事及主要股東徐楓女士、湯子同先 生及湯子嘉先生(統稱「湯氏家族」)全資擁 有。本公司根據《收購守則》,藉本公司及 進譽受徐楓女士及其近親所控制,而被推 定為與進譽及湯氏家族一致行動。因此, 本集團已於法院會議上放棄投票及已於川 河的上述股東大會上就特別交易的決議案 放棄投票。

於二零二一年八月十九日,川河及進譽刊 發聯合公告。該計劃已於二零二一年八月 十七日在無任何修改或增補或附加條件之 情況下獲高等法院認許及高等法院亦於同 日確認削減川河中涉及該計劃之股本。該 計劃的所有條件已達成,並於二零二一年 八月十九日生效。因此,本集團所持有之 constituting a part of the Scheme Shares, were cancelled and extinguished on 19th August, 2021 and the Group ceased to have any interest in RHL. A total sum of HK\$166,190,000, representing the payment of the cancellation price of HK\$0.65 per Scheme Share under the Scheme from Step Famous, was received and a profit of HK\$85,652,000 was recognized and credited to the retained earnings of the Group during the year under review.

Apart from the said cancellation price, no income was generated from the equity investment in RHL during the year under review (2020: dividend of HK\$10,227,000).

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Liquidity and Financing Position

As at 31st December, 2021, total assets of the Group increased by approximately 0.72% to HK\$20,534,605,000 (2020: HK\$20,387,155,000). Equity attributable to owners of the Company was HK\$13,500,950,000 (2020: HK\$12,888,642,000) in total, or approximately HK\$6.85 (2020: HK\$6.54) per share, representing an increase of approximately 4.74% which was mainly attributable to appreciation in value of Renminbi during the year under review.

The Group's operations and investments for the year ended 31st December, 2021 were funded by cash on hand, revenue from operating and investing activities, and bank borrowings.

At the end of the reporting period, the cash and cash equivalents of the Group amounted to HK\$4,445,869,000 (2020: HK\$3,711,525,000), an increase of approximately 19.79%. During the year under review, the Group achieved net cash inflows of HK\$83,596,000 and HK\$1,435,748,000 from its operating and investing activities respectively. After taking into account net cash outflow of HK\$879,690,000 from its financing activities, the Group recorded a net increase in cash and cash equivalents of HK\$639,654,000 (2020: net decrease of HK\$70,841,000). The net cash inflow for the year under review was mainly attributable to the withdrawal of pledged bank deposits and the receipt of the cancellation price for the cancellation and extinguishment of the RHL shares held by the Group pursuant to the Scheme, but this was partly offset by the repayment of borrowings and the Company's dividend payment.

川河全部股份(構成計劃股份之一部份)已 於二零二一年八月十九日被註銷及終絕, 且本集團已不再持有川河之任何權益。本 集團已收到合共166,190,000港元(即進譽 根據該計劃支付每股計劃股份0.65港元的 註銷價)及確認溢利85,652,000港元,並於 回顧年度計入本集團之保留溢利。

除上述註銷價外,於回顧年度概無自於川河之股本投資產生收入(二零二零年:股息10,227,000港元)。

## 財務回顧

### 流動資金及財政狀況

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之總資產增加約0.72%至20,534,605,000港元(二零二零年:20,387,155,000港元)。本公司權益持有人應佔權益總額為13,500,950,000港元(二零二零年:12,888,642,000港元)或每股約6.85港元(二零二零年:6.54港元),增加約4.74%,主要原因為於回顧年度內人民幣升值。

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之業務及投資所需資金來自手頭現 金、經營業務及投資業務之收入,以及銀 行借款。

於報告期末,本集團之現金及現金等值項目為4,445,869,000港元(二零二零年:3,711,525,000港元),增加約19.79%。於回顧年度內,本集團分別從其經營業務及投資業務產生現金流入淨額83,596,000港元及1,435,748,000港元。經計及其融資活動之現金流出淨額879,690,000港元後,本集團錄得現金及現金等值項目淨額增加639,654,000港元(二零二零年:淨額減少70,841,000港元)。於回顧年度現金流入淨額主要歸因於提取已抵押銀行存款以及根據該計劃本集團持有之川河股份被註銷及終絕而收取之註銷價,惟部份金額被償還借款和本公司支付股息所抵銷。

## Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

Cash and cash equivalents of the Group are mainly denominated in the local currencies of the jurisdictions in which it operates. Hence, of the Group's cash and cash equivalents of HK\$4,445,869,000 as at 31st December, 2021, around 90.34% and 8.36% were denominated in Renminbi and Hong Kong Dollar respectively.

As at 31st December, 2021, excluding contract liabilities which represented the deposits received from sale of properties, of the liabilities of the Group of HK\$6,487,567,000 (2020: HK\$7,123,907,000), about 64.74% were taxation under current liabilities, about 19.25% were deferred tax liabilities, about 11.29% were trade and other payables and accruals, about 4.54% were borrowings and the remainder was lease liabilities. Details of the trade and other payables and accruals, lease liabilities, borrowings and deferred taxation are shown in Notes 23(d), 23(e), 26 and 27 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on pages 143 and 144, and pages 147 to 149 respectively.

The Group's borrowings as at 31st December, 2021 amounted to HK\$294,333,000 (2020: HK\$1,019,758,000), equivalent to approximately 2.18% (2020: 7.91%) of the equity attributable to owners of the Company at the same date. The Group did not employ any financial instruments for financing and treasury management. All of the borrowings were in Renminbi, under security and subject to floating interest rates. Of these borrowings, approximately 10% were due for repayment within one year from the end of the reporting period, approximately 10% were repayable more than one year but not exceeding two years from the end of the reporting period, approximately 30% were due for repayment more than two years but not exceeding five years from the end of the reporting period while the remaining 50% were repayable more than five years from the end of the reporting period.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had commitments in relation to expenditure on properties under development of HK\$428,732,000 (2020: HK\$224,499,000) which were contracted but not provided for. The Group anticipates that these commitments will be funded from its future operating revenue, bank borrowings and other sources of finance where appropriate.

As at 31st December, 2021, the Group recorded a current ratio of 2.15 times (2020: 1.94 times) and a gearing ratio (total liabilities to equity attributable to the owners of the Company) of 49.60% (2020: 55.64%). There was no significant change in the current ratio while the improvement in the gearing ratio resulted from the repayment of borrowings.

本集團之現金及現金等值項目主要為營運業務所在地之當地貨幣。因此,於二零二一年十二月三十一日,在本集團之現金及現金等值項目4,445,869,000港元中,分別約90.34%及8.36%為人民幣及港元。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除合約負債(指就銷售物業所收取之訂金)外,在本集團之負債6,487,567,000港元(二零二零年:7,123,907,000港元)中,約64.74%為流動負債項下之税項、約19.25%為遞延税項負債、約11.29%為應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提費用、約4.54%為借款,而其餘為租賃負債。應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及預提費用、租賃負債、借款及遞延税項之詳情分別載於第143及第144頁以及第147至第149頁本集團於回顧年度之綜合財務報表附註23(d)、附註23(e)、附註26及附註27。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團之借款為294,333,000港元(二零二零年:1,019,758,000港元),相等於同日之本公司權益持有人應佔權益之約2.18%(二零二零年:7.91%)。本集團在融資及財資管理方面並無採用任何金融工具。所有借款均以人民幣列值,為有抵押,及按浮動利率計息。在該等借款中,約10%須於報告期末起計一年內償還,約10%須於報告期末起計一年以上但不超過兩年內償還,約30%須於報告期末起計兩年以上但不超過五年內償還,而餘額50%則須於報告期末起計五年後償還。

於報告期末,本集團有關發展中物業支出之承擔為428,732,000港元(二零二零年:224,499,000港元),其為已訂約但尚未撥備。本集團預期將以日後之營運收入、銀行借款及其他適合之融資來源以應付該等承擔。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團錄得流動比率為2.15倍(二零二零年:1.94倍)及資本負債比率(即負債總額對本公司權益持有人應佔權益之比率)為49.60%(二零二零年:55.64%)。流動比率並無重大變動,而資本負債比率因償還借款而有所改善。

## Charge on Assets

As at 31st December, 2021, assets of the Group with an aggregate carrying value of HK\$544,173,000 (2020: HK\$1,573,082,000) were pledged for securing bank facilities of the Group of HK\$294,333,000 (2020: HK\$1,019,758,000). Details of the assets pledged are set out in Note 35 to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on page 170.

### Foreign Exchange Exposure

The majority of the Group's assets and liabilities are denominated in Renminbi, and the liabilities are well covered by the assets. Should there be a depreciation in value of Renminbi, there may be an adverse impact on the Group's results and net asset value. The other assets and liabilities of the Group are denominated in either Hong Kong Dollar or United States Dollar. Hence, the Group anticipates that the exchange risk exposure is manageable.

### **Contingent Liabilities**

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31st December, 2021 (2020: Nil).

### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's financial situation, operating results and business prospects may be directly or indirectly affected by a number of risks and uncertainties including business risks, operational risks, financial risks and changes of local laws and regulations in the jurisdictions in which it operates. Information on the estimation uncertainty, capital risk management and financial risks management is set out respectively in Notes 4, 28 and 29(b) to the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year under review on pages 113 and 114, and pages 149 to 162.

Property development and investment is the principal business segment of the Group and price fluctuation is a major risk that may affect the Group's results and asset value. The management holds a positive view of the potential demand from target customers for properties in Shanghai and Macau of China and will be cautious in formulating the Group's business plan and monitor closely the marketing and pricing strategies of the Group's property projects to maximize the return on investment.

## 資產抵押

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 賬面總值544,173,000港元(二零二零年: 1,573,082,000港元)之資產已予抵押,以作 為本集團銀行信貸294,333,000港元(二零 二零年:1,019,758,000港元)之擔保。資產 抵押之詳情載於第170頁本集團於回顧年 度之綜合財務報表附註35。

## 匯兑風險

本集團大部份資產及負債乃以人民幣列值,而資產可充份地償付負債。倘人民幣 貶值,可能對本集團之業績及資產淨值造 成不利影響。本集團其他資產及負債乃以 港元或美元列值。因此,本集團預期匯兑 風險可予控制。

## 或然負債

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無重大或然負債(二零二零年:無)。

## 主要風險及不明朗因素

本集團之財務狀況、經營業績及業務前景或會直接或間接地受眾多風險及不明朗因素影響,包括業務風險、營運風險、財務風險及營運業務所在地之當地法律及規例之變動。有關估計之不明朗因素、資本風險管理及財務風險管理之資料分別載於第113及第114頁以及第149至第162頁本集團於回顧年度之綜合財務報表附註4、附註28及附註29(b)。

物業發展及投資為本集團之主要業務分類,而價格波動為有可能影響本集團業績及資產價值之主要風險。管理層目前對於中國上海市及澳門之物業目標客戶之潛在需求抱持正面之看法,並將謹慎制訂本集團之業務計劃及密切監察本集團物業項目之市場推廣及價格策略,以為本集團之投資爭取最大回報。

## Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析

There may be other risks and uncertainties in addition to those stated above which are not known to the Group or which may not be imminent or material now but could turn out to be impending or significant in the future. 除上文提及者外,亦可能存在其他本集團 未知之風險及不明朗因素,或目前未必屬 於迫切或重大但日後可能變成迫在眉睫的 或重要之其他風險及不明朗因素。

### **PROSPECTS**

The spread of COVID-19 has inflicted serious blows and disruptions to economic, business and social activities worldwide. The recent military conflicts between Russia and Ukraine and the associated economic sanctions against Russia have further led to severe uncertainties in the financial and political situation of the whole world and even food and energy crises. The mid-term repercussions on the operations of the Group have yet to be assessed in light of the fluidity of the evolving situation. However, the Group remains optimistic about the economic situation of the Mainland of China and have confidence in the underlying demand for properties catering to a high-income middle class and high net-worth individuals in the Mainland in the long run.

The Group has built up its reputation as a developer of high-end residential properties in the Mainland of China. The Group will endeavour to maintain the momentum in its sale and leasing plans for the property portfolio in Shanghai and Macau. It is anticipated that Tomson Riviera and One Penha Hill will be the Group's principal sources of profit in the year 2022. At the same time, the Group is actively proceeding with the construction works of Jinqiao-Zhangjiang project in Pudong, Shanghai and this project will form an important component of the Group's property development and investment segment and will be the major profit contributor in next few years.

In light of volatility in the Hong Kong and global financial markets and economic conditions, the management will continue to adopt a conservative approach in managing the securities trading portfolio of the Group, with an emphasis on securities with steady recurrent yield.

Whilst property development and investment will remain the focus of the Group's business and investment strategies, the Group will continue to explore and evaluate prudently other potential investment opportunities. It will be the objective of the Group to maintain an optimum balance in the allocation of its resources both geographically and in different business segments.

## 展望

2019冠狀病毒病蔓延,已對環球經濟、商業及社交活動造成沉重打擊及干擾。近期俄烏之間的軍事衝突以及針對俄羅斯的關經濟制裁,進一步對整個世界的金融上,甚至整個世界的不穩定性,甚至是於源危機。鑒於不斷變更之形勢,甚至糧人。然而,本集團對中國內地的經濟狀況仍然感到樂觀,且長遠來看,本集團對內地高收入中產階層及高資產淨值人士之相關物業需求仍具信心。

本集團作為高端住宅物業的開發商已在中國內地建立名聲。本集團將努力保持其在上海市及澳門之物業組合之銷售及出租計劃勢頭。預期湯臣一品及湯臣主教山壹號將為本集團於二零二二年度之主要溢利來源。同時,本集團正積極推進位於上海市浦東的金橋一張江項目的建設工程,該項目將會成為本集團物業發展及投資分類的重要部署及未來數年的主要的溢利貢獻來源。

鑒於香港及全球金融市場及經濟環境波動,管理層將繼續採取保守方針管理本集團之證券買賣組合,並側重於具有穩定經常性收益之證券。

物業發展及投資仍將為本集團之業務及投資策略重心,本集團將繼續審慎地探索及評估其他潛在投資機會。本集團的目標旨在於地域上及不同業務分類間就資源分配維持最適當之平衡。

The COVID-19 pandemic may not end in the short term. The overall extent to which national and global economies and financial markets would be adversely impacted by the pandemic would be difficult to predict with any accuracy at this stage. Though the coronavirus variants are more infectious, it is cautiously optimistic that the economy will be recovered and the social activities will resume normal gradually with the development of various medication and increase in the vaccination rate all over the world. The Group will continue to monitor the situation closely and any financial impact on the operations of the Group, should this happen, would be reflected in the financial statements of the Group for the financial year 2022.

2019冠狀病毒病疫情可能無法在短期內結束。在現階段難以準確預測疫情整體上對各國及全球經濟以及金融市場的不利影響之程度。儘管變種冠狀病毒更具傳染性,但隨著開發各種藥物及世界各地的疫苗接種率提升,本公司審慎樂觀地認為經濟及社交活動將會逐步回復正軌。本集團將會持續密切監察形勢及如一旦對本集團營運產生任何財務影響,將會在本集團之二零二二財政年度財務報表中反映。

### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

As at 31st December, 2021, the Group engaged around 450 employees in total in its various offices including Hong Kong and Shanghai. Total emoluments paid to staff and directors of the Group during the year under review amounted to HK\$68,669,000. Remuneration and benefits packages are generally structured with reference to market terms and practice, as well as individual responsibilities, performance and qualifications. Discretionary bonus may be paid based on individual contribution. In addition, the Company has established a share option scheme pursuant to which the employees of the Group may be granted options to subscribe for shares of the Company as a performance incentive.

Taking this opportunity, the Board would like to express its gratitude to the management and all the staff members of the Group for their devotion and dedication over the years.

## 人力資源

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團於多個辦事處(包括香港及上海市)共僱用約450名員工。於回顧年度內,本集團支付予員工及董事之酬金總額為68,669,000港元。酬金及福利計劃一般參考市場條款及慣例,以及個人之職責、表現及資歷而發度,並按個別人士之貢獻而可能酌情發放花紅。此外,本公司已設立購股權計劃,據此,本集團之僱員可獲本公司授予購股權以認購本公司股份,作為表現獎勵。

董事局藉此機會向本集團管理層及全體員 工多年來之奉獻及勤勉表示謝意。

On behalf of the Board **Hsu Feng** *Chairman and Managing Director* 

Hong Kong, 25th March, 2022

代表董事局 主席兼董事總經理 徐 楓

香港, 二零二二年三月二十五日

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is committed to maintaining good corporate governance standards and procedures which emphasize management of high quality, transparency and accountability to all shareholders.

本公司董事局(「董事局」)致力堅持以強調優質管理、透明度及對所有股東問責的良好企業管治水平和程序。

### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company has applied the principles set out in the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") in force during the year ended 31st December, 2021 and has complied with the code provisions contained therein throughout the year, except that:

- (a) Madam Hsu Feng takes up both the posts of Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company. While this is a deviation from the CG Code, dual role leadership provides the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") with a strong and consistent leadership and allows for more effective operation of the business. The Board is of the view that adequate check and balance of power is in place. Responsibilities for the Company's daily business management are shared amongst Madam Hsu and other members of the executive committee of the Board. Besides, all major decisions are made in consultation with members of the Board or appropriate committees of the Board in accordance with the provisions of the code on risk management and internal control of the Group;
- (b) none of the existing independent non-executive Directors of the Company are appointed for a specific term, but they are subject to retirement and re-election at least once every three years at annual general meetings of the Company pursuant to the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles");

## 企業管治常規

本公司在截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度內已採納載列於年內生效的香港聯 合交易所有限公司《證券上市規則》(「《上 市規則》」)附錄十四之《企業管治守則》內 之原則並一直遵守有關守則條文,惟下文 所述者除外:

- (a) 由於徐楓女士同時擔任本公司董事局主席兼董事總經理兩職,故偏離《企業管治守則》之規定。然而,由同公司(統稱「本集團」)發揮強勢及一司(統稱「本集團」)發揮強勢及一致的領導效能,並可以更有效地愛管理之責任者,並其他成員共同分擔,且所有重大內之時,是所有重大內之。 定均根據本集團之《風險管理及內或其轄下之適當委員會商議後才作出,所以,董事局認為已有足夠的監察及權力平衡;
- (b) 本公司之現任獨立非執行董事並無指 定任期,惟彼等須根據本公司之《公 司組織章程細則》(「《章程細則》」)之 規定,於本公司股東週年大會上至少 每三年告退一次及經重選後,方可連 任;

- in accordance with the Articles, any Director of the Company appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy shall hold office until the next following annual general meeting of the Company instead of being subject to election by shareholders at the first general meeting of the Company after his/her appointment as stipulated in the CG Code. Such arrangement not only complies with Appendix 3 to the Listing Rules but also streamlines the mechanism of re-election of Directors so that both new Directors appointed by the Board (either for filling a causal vacancy or as an additional member) and existing Directors retiring by rotation shall be subject to re-election at the annual general meeting for the relevant year. Furthermore, extraordinary general meetings will be reserved for considering and approving notifiable/connected transactions or other corporate actions under the Listing Rules only, which should enhance efficiency in procedures for corporate matters; and
- (d) save as disclosed below, the Company has not established a nomination committee comprising a majority of independent non-executive Directors as stipulated in the CG Code. The Board has considered the participation of executive Directors indispensable when identifying individuals of the appropriate calibre and qualification to be Board members and when assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors, because it is necessary to have a thorough understanding of the structure, business strategy and daily operation of the Company. In 2021, the Board as a whole was responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition and for considering the nomination of Directors for re-election as well as assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors.

A nomination committee of the Board (the "Nomination Committee") has been established with effect from 31st December, 2021, details of which are set out in the sub-paragraph headed "Nomination Committee" in this Report.

- 根據《章程細則》之規定,任何就填補 董事局臨時空缺而獲董事局委任之本 公司董事,其任期直至本公司下一屆 股東週年大會為止,而並非根據《企 業管治守則》所要求,須在獲委任後 之本公司首次股東大會上接受股東選 舉。此安排除了確保遵守《上市規則》 附錄三外,獲董事局委任之新董事 (為填補臨時空缺或作為新增成員)與 輪值告退之現任董事將同於有關年度 之股東週年大會上進行重選,遂令重 選董事之運作更為順暢一致。此外, 股東特別大會將只會專注考慮及審批 《上市規則》項下之須予公佈的/關連 交易或其他企業行動,從而提升處理 企業事項程序時之效率;及
- (d) 除下文所披露者外,本公司並沒有根據《企業管治守則》之規定成立主要由獨立非執行董事組成之提名委員會,因董事局認為物色具備合適才幹及資格可擔任董事局成員的人士及評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性時,需清楚明瞭本公司之架構、業務策略及日常運作,故執行董事的參與至為重要。於二零二一年,董事局整體負責檢討董事局的架構、人數及組成,並審議提名董事競選連任事宜,且評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性。

董事局轄下之提名委員會(「提名委員會」)已於二零二一年十二月三十一日 起成立。提名委員會之詳情載於本報 告內標題為「提名委員會」之分節。

### THE BOARD

The Board commits itself to acting in the best interests of the Group and the shareholders of the Company. It is accountable to the shareholders for the long-term performance of the Group, while taking into consideration the interests of other stakeholders.

The Company recognizes that a diverse board is crucial to the Board's performance and development of the Company. The Board has adopted a board diversity policy which sets out the approach to achieve diversity on the Board. It believes that diversity should be viewed from its widest perspective. Accordingly, selection of candidates to the Board is based on a range of measurable objectives, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience and qualifications, skills, knowledge and length of service, having due regard to the Company's own business model and specific needs from time to time. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the candidates will bring to the Board with due regard to the benefits of diversity on the Board. During the year under review, the Board has conducted an annual review of its structure and composition at a regular meeting.

The Board is composed of six members, including three executive Directors, namely Madam Hsu Feng (Chairman and Managing Director), Mr Albert Tong (Vice-Chairman) and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (Vice-Chairman), and three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang. All the Directors have signed service contracts or letters of appointment with the Company which set out the key terms and conditions of their appointment. Biographical details of the Directors and relevant relationships among them together with their respective roles on the Board and its committees are set out in the Profile of the Directors and Officers on pages 38 to 42.

With the Board members coming from a variety of business and professional background and one out of the six Board members being female, the Company considers that the Board has an appropriate size and balanced structure and composition with diverse mix of skills, experience, expertise and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business and development. The Directors have disclosed to the Company the offices held in other public companies or organisations and the time involved and the Company has received confirmations from each Director that he/she has devoted sufficient time to perform his/her responsibilities as a Director and has given sufficient attention to the affairs of the Company during their tenure of office.

## 董事局

董事局承諾以本集團和本公司股東的最佳 利益行事。其就本集團之長期表現向股東 負責,亦會考慮其他持份者之利益。

董事局由六位成員組成,包括三位執行董事,即徐楓女士(主席兼董事總經理)、 湯子同先生(副主席)和湯子嘉先生(副主席),以及三位獨立非執行董事,即張兆平先生、李燦輝先生和王少劍先生。本公司已與所有董事簽訂載有有關委任的主要條款及條件的服務合約或委任書。有關董事的個人資料詳情和相互之間的關係,以及彼等在董事局及其轄下之委員會中的相關職責列載於第38至第42頁董事及高級行政人員簡介中。

鑒於董事局成員來自不同業務及專業背景,且六位董事局成員中一位為女性,本公司認為董事局擁有合適的人數及均衡之架構和組成比例,當中組合了不同之技能、經驗、專長及多元化觀點,以配合本公司業務及發展所需。董事已向本公司披露彼等於其他公眾公司或組織所擔任的職位及所涉及的時間,本公司亦已收到各董事於任內已投入了足夠時間履行董事的職責和充份關注本公司之事務之確認。

There are three independent non-executive Directors of the Company representing one-half of the Board and two of them have either appropriate professional accounting qualifications or related financial management expertise as required by the Listing Rules. The Company has received an annual written confirmation for the year 2021 from each of the independent non-executive Directors of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

The Board has reserved for its decision or consideration matters covering formulation of corporate strategy, approval of annual and interim results, changes of members of the Board and its committees, major acquisitions, disposals and capital transactions, and monitoring and controlling other significant operational and financial matters of the Group. The independent non-executive Directors have contributed valuable independent views and proposals for the Board's deliberation and decisions. In addition to the Nomination Committee, the Board has established an executive committee, an audit committee and a remuneration committee (collectively, together with the Nomination Committee, the "Board Committees"). There are clear written terms of reference of each of the Board Committees to oversee particular aspects of the Company's affairs and to assist in sharing the Board's responsibilities. The Board Committees report regularly to the Board on their decisions and recommendations.

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Group are delegated to the management and the management also provides support to the Board to formulate overall strategic direction, long-term objectives and business plans of the Group. Both the Board and the management have clearly defined authorities and responsibilities under various risk management, internal control and check-and-balance mechanisms. The management is responsible for implementing the strategies and plans adopted by the Board and the Board Committees and assumes full accountability to the Board for the operation of the Group.

本公司有三位獨立非執行董事,佔董事局中二分之一席位,且其中兩位具有《上市規則》規定的適當會計專業資格或相關財務管理專長。本公司已收到每一位獨立非執行董事根據《上市規則》第3.13條之規定就有關彼等之獨立性發出的二零二一年度書面確認,並認為全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

管理層獲委託管理本集團之日常運作、行政及營運,並在制定本集團之整體策略方向、長遠目標及業務計劃各方面向董事局提供協助。董事局及管理層在不同的風險管理、內部監控及制衡機制下均有清楚界定的權力及責任。管理層須負責落實董事局及董事委員會所採納的策略和計劃,並就本集團之營運向董事局負責。

## Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The Board meets regularly throughout the year and as and when required. Sufficient notices are given to all Directors at least 14 days before the regular Board meetings. All Directors are consulted whether to include any matters in the agenda. Agenda and accompanying board papers are given to all Directors in a timely manner before the appointed date of each regular Board meeting. Drafts and final versions of minutes are circulated to the Directors for comment and record respectively. During the year 2021, there were four regular Board meetings. Besides, a Vice-Chairman of the Board had an annual meeting in 2021 to exchange opinions with the independent non-executive Directors of the Company without the presence of the other Directors.

All members of the Board have been provided with monthly management updates to keep them up-to-date with material developments of the Group's operations, performance, financial position and prospects. The Board has agreed on a procedure to enable the Directors to seek independent professional advice whenever deemed necessary, at the Company's expense, to assist them to perform their duties.

The Company has arranged appropriate liability insurance to indemnify its Directors for their liabilities arising out of the discharge of their duties. The insurance coverage is reviewed on an annual basis.

### **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Company strives to attain and maintain high standards of corporate governance best suited to the needs and interests of the Group. Good corporate governance is crucial to an orderly and effective operational system, which will enhance operational efficiencies, thereby bolstering shareholder value. The Board is responsible for the corporate governance functions. During the year ended 31st December, 2021, the Board has discharged the following corporate governance duties:

(a) develop, review and revise the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance including, inter alia, establishment of the Nomination Committee with written terms of reference, formulation of anti-corruption policy, as well as revising board diversity policy, shareholders' communication policy and whistleblowing policy; 董事局在每一年度內定期及當有需要時舉行會議。本公司在董事局定期會議舉行日期前最少十四天向所有董事發出充足通知。所有董事均被諮詢是否提出任何商事項以列入議程中。議程及相關的董事局會議文件在各董事局定期會議之指產舉會議之作在各董事局定期會議之指之事。該等會議之事人內,董事局共舉行了四次定期會議。於二零二一年內進行了一次沒有其他董事在場的年度會議以交流意見。

管理層向董事局全體成員提供每月之更新 資料,以使彼等不時知悉有關本集團的營 運、表現、財務狀況及前景之重大發展之 最新資訊。董事局已協定程序以便董事可 無論何時在認為需要時尋求獨立專業意 見,以協助彼等履行其職責,有關費用由 本公司支付。

本公司已就彌償其董事因履行彼等職責所 產生的責任而安排適當的責任保險,並每 年檢討保險之保障範圍。

## 企業管治職能

本公司致力達至及維持高水平兼最切合本 集團之需要及利益之企業管治。良好企業 管治對一個有規律及有效的營運系統極為 重要,使其可提升營運效率,因而提高股 東價值。董事局負責履行企業管治職能。 於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 內,董事局已履行以下企業管治職責:

(a) 制定、檢討及修訂本公司的企業管治 政策及常規,其中包括成立以書面訂 明職權範圍之提名委員會,制定反貪 污政策,以及修訂董事會成員多元化 政策、股東通訊政策及《機密舉報制 度及指引》;

- (b) review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, including reviewing and revising the provisions of the code on risk management and internal control of the Group;
- review and monitor the Company's code of practice for securities transactions by the Directors and relevant employees (the "Code of Practice for Securities Transactions");
- review the Company's compliance with the code provisions of the CG Code and relevant disclosure in interim and annual reports;
   and
- (e) arrange seminars and briefings to the Directors, review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors, details of which are set out in the paragraph headed "Directors' Induction and Continuous Professional Development" in this Report.

- (b) 檢討及監察本公司在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規,包括檢討及 修訂本集團之《風險管理及內部監控 守則》之條文;
- (c) 檢討及監察本公司之董事及有關僱員 進行證券交易的守則(「《證券交易守 則》」);
- (d) 檢討本公司遵守《企業管治守則》的守 則條文的情況及在中期報告及年報內 的相關披露;及
- (e) 為董事安排培訓課程及簡報,並檢討 及監察董事的培訓及持續專業發展, 詳情載於本報告內標題為「董事之入 職指引及持續專業發展」一節。

### **Executive Committee**

An executive committee (the "Executive Committee") was established by the Board in June 2005 with specific written terms of reference. The Executive Committee is composed of all the executive Directors of the Company at all times, namely Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles. Madam Hsu Feng is the chairman of the Executive Committee. The Executive Committee may convene meetings as it considers necessary for reviewing and approving, inter alia, any matters concerning the day-to-day management of the business of the Company and any matters to be delegated to it by the Board from time to time.

## 執行委員會

董事局已於二零零五年六月成立了一個具有以書面訂明特定職權範圍的執行委員會(「執行委員會」)。執行委員會於任何時候均由本公司全體執行董事(即徐楓女士、湯子同先生和湯子嘉先生)組成,徐楓女士為執行委員會的主席。執行委員會可在認為需要時召開會議,以審議和批准(其中包括)有關本公司日常業務管理和不時由董事局委派其處理的任何事項。

#### **Audit Committee**

An audit committee (the "Audit Committee") was set up by the Board in April 1999 with specific written terms of reference. The Audit Committee is composed of all the independent non-executive Directors of the Company, namely Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang. The Audit Committee is chaired by Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar who possesses appropriate professional accounting qualifications as required under the Listing Rules.

## 審核委員會

董事局已於一九九九年四月成立了一個具有以書面訂明特定職權範圍的審核委員會 (「審核委員會」)。審核委員會由本公司全 體獨立非執行董事(即張兆平先生、李燦 輝先生和王少劍先生)組成。審核委員會 的主席張兆平先生擁有《上市規則》所規定 之適當會計專業資格。

## Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Under its terms of reference, the Audit Committee is required to monitor the integrity of the financial statements of the Company, to review significant financial reporting judgements, to evaluate the overall effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, and to oversee the relationship with the Company's auditor (the "Auditor"). The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are available on the Company's website.

During the year 2021, the Audit Committee held three meetings for reviewing the interim and annual financial statements as well as the accounting and financial reporting matters of the Group; evaluating the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, the significant risks faced by the Group and also the resource adequacy and effectiveness of internal audit function; reviewing the internal audit and enterprise risk assessment reports of the Group for approval by the Board; reviewing the whistleblowing policy and considering the engagement and scope of services of the Auditor.

The Audit Committee concluded that in 2021 the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and the internal audit function of the Company were implemented effectively. The Audit Committee was satisfied with the related resources of the internal audit function and the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and related budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions as well as the implementation, application and effectiveness of the whistleblowing policy.

In March 2022, the Audit Committee held a meeting to review the annual consolidated financial statements of the Group for 2021 and consider the re-appointment of the Auditor. On the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board resolved to submit the consolidated financial statements for review and to propose the re-appointment of the Auditor for approval by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of the Company for 2022.

根據審核委員會之職權範圍,審核委員會 須監察本公司財務報表的完整性,審閱財 務申報之重大意見,評估本集團之風險管 理及內部監控系統之整體效益,以及監督 與本公司核數師(「核數師」)的關係。審核 委員會之職權範圍書已載於本公司網站 上。

於二零二一年度內,審核委員會共舉行了 三次會議,以審閱本集團的中期和年度財 務報表以及審視會計和財務匯報事宜;檢 討本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統、本 集團所面對的重大風險以及內部審核功能 之資源足夠性及有效性;審閱本集團之內 部審核及企業風險評估報告以供董事局審 批;審視《機密舉報制度及指引》之安排以 及考慮核數師之委聘事宜及由核數師提供 的服務範疇。

審核委員會認為在二零二一年內本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統以及本公司的內部審核功能有效運作。審核委員會對本公司在內部審核功能之相關資源,和在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,彼等的培訓課程及有關預算,以及《機密舉報制度及指引》的執行、應用及有效性感滿意。

在二零二二年三月,審核委員會舉行了一次會議,以審閱本集團之二零二一年度綜合財務報表及考慮重新委任核數師。在審核委員會建議下,董事局議決於本公司之二零二二年度股東週年大會上提呈該綜合財務報表以供股東審閱及提議股東審批重新委任核數師。

### **Remuneration Committee**

A remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") was established by the Board in June 2005 with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee are available on the Company's website. The principal duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's policy and structure for all Directors and senior management's remuneration and the remuneration packages of individual Directors and senior management of the Company. Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang, being all independent non-executive Directors of the Company, and Mr Albert Tong, an executive Director of the Company, are members of the Remuneration Committee while Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar acts as the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

During the year 2021, a meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held for an annual review of the remuneration policy and packages for all the Directors and senior management of the Company. Details of the emoluments paid to the Directors and senior management of the Company for the year ended 31st December, 2021 are set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 124 and 125.

#### **Nomination Committee**

The Nomination Committee was established by the Board with effect from 31st December 2021 with specific written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Nomination Committee are available on the Company's website. The principal duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board, to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors and to make recommendations to the Board on the appointment or re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, Mr Lee Chan Fai and Mr Sean S J Wang, being all independent non-executive Directors of the Company, and Mr Albert Tong, an executive Director of the Company, are members of the Nomination Committee while Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar acts as the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

During the year ended 31st December, 2021, no Nomination Committee meeting was held.

## 薪酬委員會

董事局已於二零零五年六月成立了一個具有以書面訂明特定職權範圍的薪酬委員會 (「薪酬委員會」)。薪酬委員會的職權範圍書已載於本公司網站上。薪酬委員會之主要工作是向董事局就本公司全體董事及空糧,以及中國人員的薪酬政策及架構,以及本公司個別董事和高級管理人員的薪酬改善,以及共生、李燦輝先生和王少劍先生,以及執行董事湯子同先生為薪酬委員會成員,而張兆平先生擔任薪酬委員會主席之職。

在二零二一年度內,薪酬委員會舉行了一次會議,就本公司所有董事及高級管理人員的薪酬政策及待遇進行年度檢討。於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內支付予本公司董事及高級管理人員之酬金詳情已載於第124及第125頁綜合財務報表附註11。

## 提名委員會

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,提名委員會並無舉行會議。

## **Attendance Records at Meetings**

The attendance of individual Directors at general meeting, regular meetings of the Board and meetings of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee held during the year ended 31st December, 2021 is set out below and there was no meeting of the Nomination Committee in 2021:

## 會議出席記錄

個別董事於截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度內舉行之股東大會、董事局定期 會議,以及審核委員會和薪酬委員會會議 之出席率列載如下,而提名委員會於二零 二一年度並無會議:

## Number of meetings attended/held 已出席/舉行的會議數目

			<b>О</b> Щ/#/ ТТ	1 H 1 H H 1 X X H	
N of Directors	苯审量力	General Meeting	Board 董事局	Audit Committee 学校承具会	Remuneration Committee
Name of Directors	董事姓名	股東大會	里尹川	審核委員會	薪酬委員會
Executive Directors	執行董事				
Madam Hsu Feng	徐 楓女士	1/1	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
(Chairman of the Board and	(董事局主席兼				
Managing Director)	董事總經理)				
Mr Albert Tong	湯子同先生	1/1	4/4	N/A 不適用	1/1
(Vice-Chairman of the Board)	(董事局副主席)				
Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles	湯子嘉先生	1/1	4/4	N/A 不適用	N/A 不適用
(Vice-Chairman of the Board)	(董事局副主席)				
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事				
Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar	張兆平先生	1/1	4/4	3/3	1/1
(Chairman of the Audit Committee,	(審核委員會、				
the Remuneration Committee and	薪酬委員會及				
the Nomination Committee)	提名委員會主席)				
Mr Lee Chan Fai	李燦輝先生	1/1	4/4	3/3	1/1
Mr Sean S J Wang	王少劍先生	1/1	4/4	3/3	1/1

## Appointment and Re-election of Directors

In accordance with the Articles, new Directors could be elected by the Company or appointed by the Board. Any Director so appointed by the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting of the Company and the retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

### 董事之委任和重選

根據《章程細則》之規定,新董事可由本公司推選或由董事局委任。任何由董事局委任定董事,其任期將僅至本公司下一屆股東週年大會為止,而退任董事可競選連任。

The Board is responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience of its members), and identifying, selecting and considering any appointment or re-election of its own members. The Board is also responsible for assessing the independence of the independent non-executive Directors. The Board has adopted a director nomination policy to set out the approach to nominate candidates to the Board to ensure that the Board has a balance of skills, experience, expertise and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the requirements of the Company's business. After the establishment of the Nomination Committee on 31st December, 2021, the Nomination Committee has assumed responsibility for performing the aforesaid duties.

No new Board member was appointed during the year under review. Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Lee Chan Fai retired by rotation and were re-elected as Directors at the Company's annual general meeting for 2021.

An annual review of the Board structure and composition was made by the Board during the year under review and the Board resolved to keep the structure and composition of the Board unchanged.

In addition, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles and Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar shall retire by rotation at the Company's annual general meeting for 2022 pursuant to the Articles and being eligible, offer themselves for election. Having considered the selection criteria of the Company including the review of the overall contribution and service to the Company and a range of diversity perspectives concerning, inter alia, gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience and qualifications, skills, knowledge and business experience of the retiring directors, and upon the recommendation by the Nomination Committee after its meeting held in March 2022, the Board recommends that Mr Tong and Mr Cheung be re-elected as Directors at the annual general meeting for 2022.

董事局負責檢討其成員之架構、人數和組成(包括其成員之技能、知識和經驗方面),以及物色、選擇及考慮其任何成員的委任或重選連任事宜。董事局亦負責評估獨立非執行董事的獨立性。董事局是召董事人之方法,從而確保董事局提名董事候選人之方法,從而確保董事局是在技能、經驗、專長及多元化觀點各方面都長平衡以符合本公司業務所需。提名支會於二零二一年十二月三十一日成立後,已承擔上述職務。

本公司於回顧年度內並沒有委任新董事局 成員。徐楓女士、湯子同先生及李燦輝先 生於本公司之二零二一年度股東週年大會 上輪值退任,並獲重選連任為董事。

董事局於回顧年度內對董事局架構及組成 進行年度檢討,並決議董事局架構及組成 維持不變。

此外,根據《章程細則》,湯子嘉先生及張 兆平先生將於本公司之二零二二年度股東 週年大會上輪值退任及符合資格並願意競 選連任。經考慮本公司之甄選準則,包括 檢討退任董事對本公司的整體貢獻及 務,以及從多方面檢視多元化觀點(其中 包括性別、年齡、文化及教育背景、與 經驗及資歷、技能、知識及業務經驗), 以及經提名委員會於二零二二年三月舉行 之會議後建議,董事局推薦湯先生及張連 生於二零二二年度股東週年大會上重選連 任為董事。

# DIRECTORS' INDUCTION AND CONTINUOUS PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

On appointment to the Board, each of the new Directors of the Company is given a comprehensive orientation package, including the latest information of the Group, induction into their responsibilities and duties, terms of reference of the relevant Board Committees and other related regulatory requirements.

Throughout the course of their directorship, to keep them abreast of the latest developments in the legislative or regulatory environment, the Directors are regularly provided with updates and briefings on the Listing Rules and other applicable legal and regulatory requirements. Circulars or guidance notes issued by various regulatory authorities or organizations, where appropriate, are given to the Directors for reading and reference.

In order to assist the Directors to participate in continuous professional development, the Company encourages the Directors to enroll in a wide range of professional development seminars and conferences. During the year ended 31st December, 2021, the Company organized three in-house seminars on areas of money laundering, financing and financial risk management, and anti-corruption regulations so as to help the Directors refresh their knowledge and skills.

A summary of the continuous professional development in which the Directors participated during the year ended 31st December, 2021 is as follows:

## 董事之入職指引及持續專業發展

本公司每名新委任的董事,在其獲委任加入董事局時,獲送呈一套全面的簡介文件,包括本集團的最新資料、其責任和職權的介紹、相關董事委員會的職權範圍書,以及其他相關的規管要求的資料。

為使各董事在擔任董事期間能掌握於法律 或規管環境的最新發展,董事獲定期提供 《上市規則》及其他適用之法律及規管要求 之更新資料及簡介。由不同監管機構或組 織發出之通函或指引(如適用)會提供予董 事細閱及參考。

為了協助董事參與持續專業發展,本公司 鼓勵董事報名參加不同類型的專業發展培 訓講座及研討會。於截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度內,本公司舉辦了三次 內部培訓,內容有關洗黑錢、融資和財務 風險管理以及反貪污監管,以協助各董事 更新其知識及技能。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,董事所參與的持續專業發展摘要如 下:

### Continuous Professional Development 持續專業發展

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Types 種類	Subjects 主題
Name of Directors	里	1生規	工.医
Executive Directors	執行董事		
Madam Hsu Feng	徐 楓女士	1, 2	A, B
Mr Albert Tong	湯子同先生	1, 2	A, B
Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles	湯子嘉先生	1, 2	A, B
Independent Non-Executive Directors	獨立非執行董事		
Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar	張兆平先生	1, 2	A, B
Mr Lee Chan Fai	李燦輝先生	1, 2	A, B
Mr Sean S J Wang	王少劍先生	1, 2	A, B

### Types:

- 1: Attending in-house briefings/training, seminars, conference or forums
- 2: Reading relevant information and updates, and watching training webcasts

## 種類:

- 1: 出席內部簡報會/培訓、講座、研討 會或論增
- 2: 閱讀有關資料及更新資料,及觀看網 上培訓短片

## Subjects:

- A: Subjects relevant to the businesses of the Group
- B: Legal, regulatory, finance and general management updates

### 主題:

- A: 與本集團業務有關的主題
- B: 法律、規管、財務及一般管理之更新 資料

### SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted its own Code of Practice for Securities Transactions on terms no less exacting than the required standard of the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules (the "Model Code").

The Company has made specific enquiry of all Directors of the Company and each of the Directors has confirmed compliance with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Code of Practice for Securities Transactions throughout the year.

## 董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納其本身之《證券交易守則》, 而該交易守則之條文並不遜於《上市規則》 附錄十所載之《上市發行人董事進行證券 交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」) 所規定 之標準。

本公司已向其全體董事作出特定查詢,各董事均已確認於年度內彼等一直遵守載於《標準守則》及《證券交易守則》內所規定之標準。

### ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

### Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board acknowledges its responsibility for ensuring that proper risk management and internal control systems are maintained within the Group and for overseeing the effectiveness of these systems in order to safeguard the shareholders' investments and the Group's assets against misappropriation and to manage the operational risks. The Company has adopted a code applicable to the Group in respect of material internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management functions since 2005. The code on risk management and internal control is reviewed by the Company regularly and modified pursuant to operational requirements of the Group.

## 問責和審核

## 風險管理及內部監控

董事局承認其有責任確保本集團維持適當 之風險管理及內部監控系統和監察該等系統之有效性,藉以保障股東之投資及本集團之資產不會被不當挪用和藉以管理經營風險。本公司自二零零五年起就重要的內部監控範疇,包括財務、營運和合規監控,以及風險管理功能各方面採納了一套適用於本集團之守則。本公司對《風險管理及內部監控守則》定期作出檢討及按本集團的業務運作需要進行修訂。

## Corporate Governance Report

企業管治報告

The risk management and internal control systems are intended to manage, not eliminate, significant risks of failure to achieve the Group's business objectives, so they can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The operating units of the Group, as the risk owners, go through the following processes on an ongoing basis and report results to the management:

- (a) identify their own significant risks in the Group's operation environment and evaluate the impacts of those risks on the Group's business and financial position;
- (b) develop necessary measures to manage those risks; and
- (c) monitor and review the effectiveness of such measures.

The Group regulates the handling and dissemination of inside information as set out in the code on risk management and internal control to ensure that inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made.

The Board has authorized the Audit Committee to review the effectiveness of the systems of risk management and internal control of the Group regularly and the Audit Committee held a meeting in 2021 for that purpose. The Board, based on the review of the Audit Committee, considered that the Group's risk management and internal control systems had been adequate and effectively implemented and the Group had complied with the provisions on risk management and internal control as set out in the CG Code and the Group's code on risk management and internal control during the year ended 31st December, 2021.

An external service provider has been engaged for providing internal audit services to the Group during the year under review. The Board reviewed and approved, after a review made by the Audit Committee, the internal audit and enterprise risk assessment reports of the Group for 2021.

The Board also considered that, after a review made by the Audit Committee, the Group's internal audit function had been effectively implemented and adequately resourced with experienced external service provider in 2021 and the resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and related budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions were adequate.

風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成本集團業務目標的重大風險, 其只能就不會有重大的失實陳述或損失作 出合理但非絕對的保證。

本集團各營運單位(作為風險負責人)持續 執行以下程序,並向管理層匯報結果:

- (a) 自行識別其於本集團營運環境的重大 風險及評估該等風險對本集團業務和 財務狀況之影響;
- (b) 制定必要措施以管理該等風險;及
- (c) 監控及檢討有關措施的有效性。

本集團對《風險管理及內部監控守則》所載 的內幕消息的處理和發佈進行規範,以確 保內幕消息在披露前一直保密,並確保有 效及一致地發佈有關消息。

董事局授權審核委員會定期檢討本集團之風險管理及內部監控系統的有效性,及審核委員會就此於二零二一年舉行了一次會議。根據審核委員會之檢討,董事局認為於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統足夠及有效地運作,並已遵守載列於《企業管治守則》內有關風險管理及內部監控之條文,以及本集團之《風險管理及內部監控守則》。

於回顧年度內,本公司已委聘一家外聘服 務機構,為本集團提供內部審核服務。經 審核委員會審閱後,董事局審批本集團之 二零二一年度內部審核及企業風險評估報 告。

經審核委員會作出之檢討後,董事局亦認 為本集團的內部審核功能在二零二一年有 效地運作和相關資源已足夠,且外聘服務 機構經驗充足,以及本公司在會計及財務 匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗, 員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算已足 夠。

## Directors' and Auditor's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements

The Directors of the Company acknowledge that they are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for each financial period. In preparing the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2021, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently; have made judgements and estimates that were prudent and reasonable; and have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

The responsibilities of the Auditor to the shareholders are to form an independent opinion, based on the audit, on those consolidated financial statements and their opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2021 is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 60 to 66.

#### **Auditor's Remuneration**

The fee in respect of audit service provided to the Group by the Auditor for the year ended 31st December, 2021 amounted to HK\$3,045,000, and the Auditor did not provide any non-audit services during the year.

### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

The Company Secretary has day-to-day knowledge of the Company's affairs and supports the Board by ensuring board procedures are followed and board proceedings are efficiently and effectively conducted. The incumbent is also responsible for apprising the Board of all applicable law, rules, regulations and corporate governance developments. During the year under review, the Company Secretary has taken relevant professional training as required by Rule 3.29 of the Listing Rules.

### COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Board maintains a continuing dialogue with the Company's shareholders through various channels including the Company's annual general meetings. In 2021, all the Directors of the Company (including the Chairman of the Board and chairman of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee) attended the annual general meeting of the Company and answered questions from the shareholders. Representatives of the Auditor also attended that meeting to answer questions about the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2020.

### 董事和核數師對財務報表的責任

本公司董事承認彼等有責任編製及公平地 與真實地呈報本集團每個財務期間的綜合 財務報表。在編製本集團截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表 時,董事已貫徹選擇及採用合適的會計政 策;已作出審慎和合理的判斷和估算;並 已按照持續經營的基準編製綜合財務報 表。

核數師對股東的責任是根據審核工作的結果,對該等綜合財務報表發表獨立的意見,而彼等對本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度綜合財務報表的意見載於第60至第66頁的獨立核數師報告書中。

### 核數師的酬金

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,就核數師向本集團提供之審核服務需支付之費用為3,045,000港元,而核數師於年度內並無提供任何非審核服務。

### 公司秘書

公司秘書對本公司之日常事務有所認識及 支援董事局,以確保董事局程序予以遵守 及董事局會議有效率地及有效地進行。彼 亦負責通知董事局所有適用法律、規則、 規例,以及企業管治之發展。於回顧年度 內,公司秘書已經按照《上市規則》第3.29 條之要求參加了相關專業培訓。

## 與股東之溝通

董事局透過不同途徑(包括本公司之股東 週年大會)與本公司股東維持經常溝通。 在二零二一年,本公司全體董事(包括董 事局主席以及審核委員會及薪酬委員會 主席)出席了本公司之股東週年大會,並 回答股東之提問。核數師之代表亦出席該 大會,以回答有關本集團截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度之綜合財務報表之 問題。

#### Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

In order to further enhance communication with the shareholders of the Company and enable the Company's shareholders to have timely and updated information of the Group, the Company has set up its own website at http://www.tomson.com.hk where corporate information, interim and annual reports, environmental, social and governance reports, announcements, circulars, business development and other information of the Company are posted.

為了進一步加強與本公司股東之溝通及 讓本公司股東能適時獲得本集團之最 新資料,本公司已設立網站,網址為 http://www.tomson.com.hk,並於其上登載 本公司之企業資料、中期及年度報告、環 境、社會及管治報告、公告、通函、業務 發展及其他資料。

#### SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS

#### Procedures for Shareholders to Convene an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") and Put Forward Proposals at General Meetings

(a) Any three shareholders of the Company holding in aggregate not less than 5% of the total paid up capital of the Company and having the right to vote at general meetings of the Company have the right to ask the Board to convene an EGM by depositing a duly signed written requisition stating the general nature of business(es) to be transacted at the EGM or the objects of the EGM at the office of the Company in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") of the People's Republic of China at Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12, 15th Floor, Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong for the attention of the Company Secretary of the Company.

If within 21 days of deposit of a valid requisition (which has been duly verified with the share registrar of the Company) the Board does not proceed to duly convene an EGM, the requisitionists may themselves convene an EGM.

(b) The procedures for nomination of Directors by the shareholders of the Company are available on the Company's website at http://www.tomson.com.hk.

#### 股東權利

#### 股東召開股東特別大會及 於股東大會上提呈議案之程序

(a) 持有不少於本公司已繳足股本總額的 5%並有權於本公司股東大會上投票 的任何三位股東有權以投送一份已 妥為簽署的書面請求的方式以要求董 事局召開股東特別大會。請求書須列 明於股東特別大會上商討之議題之一般性質或大會之目的,並投送至本公司位於中華人民共和國香港特別行政區(「香港」)之辦事處(香港干諾道中 111號永安中心15樓1501-2及1507-12室),並註明收件人為本公司之公司 秘書。

如董事局在一份有效的請求書(請求 書已經本公司之股份過戶登記處核 實)投送日期起計二十一天內未有召 開股東特別大會,則該等請求者可自 行召開股東特別大會。

(b) 本公司股東提名董事之程序載列於本公司的網站上,網址為 http://www.tomson.com.hk。

#### Procedures for Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders can direct their enquiries about their shareholdings to the share registrar of the Company in Hong Kong, Tricor Secretaries Limited, at Level 54, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong.

To the extent that such information of the Group can be made available to the public, shareholders may at any time put forward enquiries to the Board through the Company Secretary in writing by mail to the office of the Company in Hong Kong at Rooms 1501-2 and 1507-12, 15th Floor, Wing On Centre, 111 Connaught Road Central, Hong Kong or by e-mail to ir@tomson.com.hk.

#### **DIVIDEND POLICY**

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, pursuant to which the Company aims at providing stable and sustainable returns to the shareholders of the Company. The dividend payout ratio shall be determined or recommended, as appropriate, by the Board at its absolute discretion after taking into account, inter alia, the Group's operation performance and business development plan, consolidated financial results, liquidity position and indebtedness, capital and investment requirements and any other factors that the Board may deem relevant, and subject to the statutory and regulatory restrictions under the Cayman Islands laws and the Company's Memorandum and Articles of Association. Besides, no dividend would be payable except out of the retained earnings and/or share premium of the Company.

#### ANTI-CORRUPTION POLICY

The Company has adopted an anti-corruption policy, pursuant to which the Company aims at setting out the basic standard of conduct expected of all directors of the Group and employees of all levels, and the Company's policy on acceptance of advantage and handling of conflict of interest when dealing with the business of the Group.

## SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

There was no change in the constitutional documents of the Company during the year ended 31st December, 2021.

#### 股東向董事局提出查詢之程序

股東可向本公司於香港之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183號合和中心54樓)提出有關其股份之查詢。

若所查詢之本集團資料可予公眾所知,股東可隨時透過公司秘書向董事局提出查詢及以書面形式郵遞至本公司位於香港干諾道中111號永安中心15樓1501-2及1507-12室的香港辦事處或電郵至ir@tomson.com.hk。

#### 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策,據此,本公司以提供穩定及可持續回報予本公司股東為目標。派付股息之比率將由董事局考慮(其中包括)本集團之經營表現及業務發展計劃、綜合財務業績、流動資金狀況及債務承擔、資本及投資需求,以及董事局認為可能相關的任何其他因素後全權酌情釐定或建議(視乎情況而定),並須受本公司之《公司組織章程大綱及細則》及開曼群島法律的法定及監管限制所規限。此外,股息只可從本公司之保留溢利及/或股份溢價賬中撥付。

#### 反貪污政策

本公司已採納反貪污政策,據此,本公司 旨在向本集團董事及所有級別的僱員列明 必須恪守的基本行為標準,以及在處理本 集團事務時應遵守之本公司有關收受利益 和申報利益衝突的政策。

#### 組織章程文件之重大變動

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司之組織章程文件並沒有變動。

#### **CORPORATE CITIZENSHIP**

The Group pledges itself to contribute to the well-being of the society. During the year under review, the Group has made charitable donations to various international and local charitable organizations, including World Vision Hong Kong and Orbis Hong Kong, to support their activities in the provision of relief against poverty and education, children sponsorship, health promotion and communal welfare.

The Company has participated in the "Heart to Heart Project" organized by The Hong Kong Federation of Youth Groups since its launch in 2005, to sponsor service projects proposed by volunteer groups of those schools enrolled under the project so as to encourage youth volunteers to serve the community and to promote the concept of mutual help among neighborhood.



#### 企業公民責任

本集團致力為促進社會福祉作出貢獻。於 回顧年度內,本集團已向多個不同國際及 本地慈善團體作出慈善捐贈,其中包括香 港世界宣明會及奧比斯香港,以支持彼等 在扶貧及教育、兒童福利、健康推廣以及 社會福利方面之活動。

自香港青年協會由二零零五年首次推出《有心計劃》起,本公司便參與該計劃,以 資助參加了該計劃的學校義工隊建議的服 務項目,從而鼓勵青年義工服務社會及發 揮鄰里守望相助精神。



On behalf of the Board **Albert Tong** *Vice-Chairman and Executive Director* 

Hong Kong, 25th March, 2022

代表董事局 *副主席兼執行董事* **湯子同** 

香港,二零二二年三月二十五日

## Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

#### **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Madam Hsu Feng, aged 71, has been a director of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") since January 1990 and now acts as an executive Director of the Company. She was appointed Managing Director of the Company in December 2001 and the chairman of the executive committee of the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") in June 2005. She was also elected as Chairman of the Board in December 2006.

Madam Hsu has over 10 years' experience in film production, and in property development and investment as well as retail industry in Taiwan. She has been engaged in the property development, and hospitality and leisure business in the Mainland of the People's Republic of China ("China") for nearly three decades. She is also the Honorary Consul of the Principality of Monaco in Shanghai, China.

Madam Hsu is the mother of Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, who are Vice-Chairmen of the Board and executive Directors of the Company. Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (collectively "Tong Family") are all directors of Step Famous Investment Limited ("Step Famous") and altogether hold the entire interests in the issued capital of Step Famous. Tong Family are also directors of Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL", formerly a listed company in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") of China until withdrawal of the listing of its shares with effect from 4:00 p.m. on 20th August, 2021) and altogether hold 70.1% interests in the issued capital of RHL. In addition, both Madam Hsu and Mr Albert Tong are directors of King China Holdings Limited ("King China") while Tong Family are all directors of E-Shares Investments Limited ("E-Shares"). Madam Hsu is the owner of King China and E-Shares. Mr Albert Tong, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, Step Famous, RHL and King China are substantial shareholders of the Company while E-Shares is a shareholder of the Company. All of them have notifiable interests in the Company under Part XV of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO").

As at the date of the Report of the Directors, pursuant to the SFO, Madam Hsu is interested and taken to be interested in a total of 908,001,416 issued shares of the Company.

#### 執行董事

徐楓女士,71歲,自一九九零年一月起出任本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之董事,並現為本公司之執行董事。彼於二零零一年十二月獲委任為本公司之董事總經理及於二零零五年六月獲委任為本公司董事局(「董事局」)轄下之執行委員會之主席。彼並於二零零六年十二月獲推選為董事局主席。

徐女士在電影製作,及就台灣的物業發展和投資以及零售業方面擁有逾十年之經驗。彼專注於中華人民共和國(「中國」)內地從事房地產開發,以及款客及消閒業務工作接近三十年。彼亦為摩納哥公國駐中國上海市之名譽領事。

徐女士乃董事局副主席兼執行董事湯子同 先生及湯子嘉先生之母親。徐楓女士、湯 子同先生及湯子嘉先生(統稱「湯氏家族」) 均為進譽投資有限公司(「進譽」)之董事 及合共持有進譽之已發行股本之全部權 益。湯氏家族亦為川河集團有限公司(「川 河」,原為中國香港特別行政區(「香港」) 上市公司,其上市地位已於二零二一年八 月二十日下午四時正起撤回)之董事及合 共持有川河之已發行股本70.1%權益。此 外,徐女士及湯子同先生兩人為錦華集團 有限公司(「錦華」)之董事,而湯氏家族均 為 E-Shares Investments Limited (「E-Shares」) 之董事。徐女士為錦華及 E-Shares 之持有 人。湯子同先生、湯子嘉先生、進譽、 川河及錦華為本公司之主要股東,而 E-Shares 為本公司之股東,彼等根據香港 《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券及期貨條例》」) 第XV部持有須具報之本公司權益。

於董事局報告書簽發日期,根據《證券及期貨條例》之詮釋,徐女士擁有及被視為擁有合共908,001,416股本公司已發行股份。

#### Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

Mr Albert Tong, aged 39, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company since December 2001 and a member of the executive committee and remuneration committee of the Board since June 2005. He was elected as Vice-Chairman of the Board in December 2006. He was also appointed to act as a member of the nomination committee of the Board with effect from December 2021. He has joined the Group and taken up directorships of the subsidiaries of the Company since March 2001. He has actively participated in the Group's business development, corporate management, property trading and securities investment for more than two decades.

Mr Albert Tong is a son of Madam Hsu Feng, Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, and the younger brother of Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, Vice-Chairman of the Board and executive Director of the Company. They all are directors of Step Famous and RHL and altogether hold the entire interests and 70.1% interests in the issued capital of Step Famous and RHL respectively. They are also directors of E-Shares. In addition, both Mr Albert Tong and Madam Hsu are directors of King China. Madam Hsu Feng is a controlling shareholder of the Company, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, Step Famous, RHL and King China are substantial shareholders of the Company while E-Shares is a shareholder of the Company. All of them have notifiable interests in the Company under Part XV of the SFO.

As at the date of the Report of the Directors, pursuant to the SFO, Mr Albert Tong is interested in 278,981,024 issued shares of the Company.

Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, aged 41, has been appointed an executive Director of the Company and a member of the executive committee of the Board since October 2008. He was also elected as Vice-Chairman of the Board in December 2010. He has joined the Group since December 2000 and has participated in property trading and business management of the Shanghai office of the Group. Mr Tong also acts as a director of a number of subsidiaries of the Company. He now principally engages in property development and trading business in the Mainland of China.

In addition, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles had been a member of the 13th Tianjin Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference during the period from January 2013 to January 2018.

**湯子同先生**,39歲,自二零零一年十二月 起獲委任為本公司之執行董事及自二零零 五年六月起獲委任為董事局轄下之執行委 員會及薪酬委員會之成員。彼於二零零六 年十二月獲推選為董事局副主席。彼並獲 委任於二零二一年十二月起為董事局轄下 之提名委員會之成員。彼自二零零一年三 月起加盟本集團及出任本公司附屬公司之 董事。彼一直積極參與本集團之業務發 展、企業管理、物業銷售及證券投資等工 作逾二十年。

湯子同先生為董事局主席兼董事總經理徐楓女士之子及董事局副主席兼執行董事湯子嘉先生之弟。三位均為進譽及川河之已發行股本之全部權益及70.1%權益。他們並為E-Shares之董事。此外,湯子同先生與徐女士兩人為錦華之董事。徐楓女士為本公司之控股股東,湯子嘉先生、進譽、川河及錦華為本公司之主要股東,而 E-Shares為本公司之股東,彼等根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部持有須具報之本公司權益。

於董事局報告書簽發日期,根據《證券 及期貨條例》之詮釋,湯子同先生擁有 278,981,024股本公司已發行股份。

**湯子嘉先生**,41歲,自二零零八年十月起 獲委任為本公司之執行董事及董事局轄下 之執行委員會之成員,並於二零一零年 十二月獲推選為董事局副主席。彼自二零 零零年十二月起加盟本集團,並參與本集 團上海辦事處之物業銷售及業務管理事 務。湯先生並出任本公司旗下多家附屬公 司之董事。彼現主力從事中國內地之物業 發展及銷售業務。

此外,湯子嘉先生曾於二零一三年一月至 二零一八年一月期間出任中國人民政治協 商會議天津市第十三屆委員會委員。 Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles is a son of Madam Hsu Feng, Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, and the elder brother of Mr Albert Tong, Vice-Chairman of the Board and executive Director of the Company. They all are directors of Step Famous and RHL and altogether hold the entire interests and 70.1% interests in the issued capital of Step Famous and RHL respectively. They are also directors of E-Shares. Madam Hsu Feng is a controlling shareholder of the Company, Mr Albert Tong, Step Famous and RHL are substantial shareholders of the Company while E-Shares is a shareholder of the Company. All of them have notifiable interests in the Company under Part XV of the SFO.

湯子嘉先生為董事局主席兼董事總經理徐 楓女士之子及董事局副主席兼執行董事湯 子同先生之兄長。三位均為進譽及川河之 董事並合共持有分別佔進譽及川河之已發 行股本之全部權益及70.1%權益。他們並 為 E-Shares 之董事。徐楓女士為本公司之 控股股東,湯子同先生、進譽及川河為本 公司之主要股東,而 E-Shares 為本公司之 股東,彼等根據《證券及期貨條例》第XV部 持有須具報之本公司權益。

As at the date of the Report of the Directors, pursuant to the SFO, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles is interested in 284,807,445 issued shares of the Company.

於董事局報告書簽發日期,根據《證券及期貨條例》之詮釋,湯子嘉先生擁有 284,807,445股本公司已發行股份。

#### INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

#### 獨立非執行董事

Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar, aged 57, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and the chairman of the audit committee of the Board since September 2004. He was also appointed a member of the remuneration committee of the Board in June 2005 and then was appointed as the chairman of this committee in April 2011. He was further appointed to act as the chairman of the nomination committee of the Board with effect from December 2021.

張兆平先生,57歲,自二零零四年九月起 獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事及董事 局轄下之審核委員會之主席。彼再於二零 零五年六月獲委任為董事局轄下之薪酬委 員會之成員及後於二零一一年四月獲委任 為該委員會之主席。彼並獲委任由二零 二一年十二月起出任董事局轄下之提名委 員會之主席。

Mr Cheung is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

張先生為英國特許公認會計師公會之資深 會員及香港會計師公會之會員。

He is practising as a certified public accountant in Hong Kong and is the sole proprietor of Oscar S. P. Cheung & Co..

彼現為香港之執業會計師及張兆平會計師 事務所之東主。

The annual director's fee of Mr Cheung has been increased from HK\$174,000 to HK\$177,000 with effect from 1st January, 2022, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2021 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

由二零二二年一月一日起,張先生享有之董事袍金由每年174,000港元增至177,000港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零二一年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議,並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

## Profile of the Directors and Officers 董事及高級行政人員簡介

Mr Lee Chan Fai, aged 59, has been appointed an independent nonexecutive Director of the Company and a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Board since December 2005. He was also appointed to act as a member of the nomination committee of the Board with effect from December 2021.

He graduated from Department of Architecture of The University of Hong Kong, is a member of The Hong Kong Institute of Architects and is qualified as a Registered Architect in Hong Kong and a First Class Registered Architect in the Mainland of China.

Mr Lee has acted as a director of Marco Asia Limited and J&P Architects Limited (李峻建築師有限公司) since the 1990's, and a director of J&P Architects Limited (上海李峻設計諮詢有限公司) since January 2015. He was a director of JSP Architects Limited during the period from 2008 to July 2012. He has extensive experience in architectural design.

The annual director's fee of Mr Lee has been increased from HK\$174,000 to HK\$177,000 with effect from 1st January, 2022, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2021 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

**Mr Sean S J Wang**, aged 58, has been appointed an independent non-executive Director of the Company and a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Board since April 2011. He was also appointed to act as a member of the nomination committee of the Board with effect from December 2021.

He graduated from Peking University and studied economics. He then went to the United States of America and obtained a bachelor of science degree from Hamline University in 1986 and a MBA degree from University of Minnesota in 1989. Mr Wang has in-depth and extensive experience in corporate management and funds operation. He has many years of experience in financial operation and project management at various multinational firms listed on the New York Stock Exchange, NASDAQ and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

李燦輝先生(別名:李峻),59歲,自二零零五年十二月起獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事以及董事局轄下之審核委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。彼亦獲委任於二零二一年十二月起為董事局轄下之提名委員會之成員。

彼畢業於香港大學建築學系,為香港建築 師學會之會員,並具備香港註冊建築師及 中國內地一級註冊建築師資格。

李先生自一九九零年代起出任馬高亞洲有限公司及李峻建築師有限公司之董事,並自二零一五年一月起出任上海李峻設計諮詢有限公司之董事。彼在二零零八年至二零一二年七月期間曾出任上海李孫建築設計諮詢有限公司之董事。彼在建築設計方面擁有豐富的經驗。

由二零二二年一月一日起,李先生享有之董事袍金由每年174,000港元增至177,000港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零二一年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議,並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

王少劍先生,58歲,自二零一一年四月起 獲委任為本公司之獨立非執行董事以及董 事局轄下之審核委員會及薪酬委員會之成 員。彼亦獲委任於二零二一年十二月起為 董事局轄下之提名委員會之成員。

彼畢業於北京大學及修讀經濟學。彼其後 赴美國並於一九八六年獲取哈姆萊大學理 學學士學位,及於一九八九年獲取明尼蘇 達大學工商管理碩士學位。王先生在企業 管理及基金營運方面擁有豐富及廣泛經 驗。彼在美國紐約證券交易所、納斯達克 股票交易所及香港聯合交易所有限公司上 市的多家跨國企業的財務營運及項目管理 方面累積多年經驗。 Mr Wang has held the positions of president and chief operating officer of Hurray! Holding Limited, a company listed on NASDAQ, a non-executive director of China Advanced Construction Materials Group, Inc., a company listed on NASDAQ, and an executive director and the chief financial officer of SOHO China Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong. He was awarded "CFO of the Year in China" in 2009. In addition, he was an executive director and the chief financial officer of China Huarong Energy Company Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong, during the period from October 2010 to October 2016, and was an executive director and the chief executive officer of ENN Energy Holdings Limited, a company listed in Hong Kong, during the period from March 2017 to January 2018. He now acts as chairman of the board of Shanghai E-Talent DigiTech Investment Company Limited subsequent to his post of senior vice president of ENN Group.

The annual director's fee of Mr Wang has been increased from HK\$174,000 to HK\$177,000 with effect from 1st January, 2022, which was approved by the Board, under the authorization of the shareholders at the 2021 annual general meeting of the Company and on recommendation of the remuneration committee of the Board with reference to his responsibilities and prevailing market conditions.

#### **OFFICERS**

**Ms Lee Yuen Han**, aged 55, joined the Group in 1991 and was appointed the Company Secretary of the Company in March 1998 and the Deputy General Manager of the Company in August 2005. She has become the Senior Deputy General Manager of the Company since March 2022.

She attained a bachelor's degree in economics and a master's degree in business studies, and is an associate of The Chartered Governance Institute established in England and The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute (formerly known as The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries).

**Mr Wong Chi Keung**, aged 45, joined the Group in 2008. He was appointed the Chief Accountant of the Company in February 2018 and has become the Financial Controller of the Company since March 2022. He is a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

王先生曾擔任華友世紀控股有限公司 (一家在納斯達克股票交易所上市之公 司)之總裁及營運主管, China Advanced Construction Materials Group, Inc.(一家在納 斯達克股票交易所上市之公司)之非執行 董事,及 SOHO 中國有限公司(一家在香 港上市之公司)之執行董事兼財務總裁。 彼於二零零九年榮獲「CFO of the Year in China | (中國首席財務官年度人物)獎項。 此外,彼在二零一零年十月至二零一六年 十月期間曾擔任中國華榮能源股份有限公 司(一家在香港上市之公司)之執行董事兼 首席財務官,及在二零一七年三月至二零 一八年一月期間曾擔任新奧能源控股有限 公司(一家在香港上市之公司)之執行董事 兼首席執行官。彼繼擔任新奧集團之高級 副總裁後,現為上海毅新數能投資發展有 限公司之董事長。

由二零二二年一月一日起,王先生享有之董事袍金由每年174,000港元增至177,000港元。此乃由董事局根據股東於本公司之二零二一年度股東週年大會上之授權及參照董事局轄下之薪酬委員會之建議,並參考彼之職責及現時市況而釐定。

#### 高級行政人員

李婉嫻女士,55歲,於一九九一年加盟本集團及於一九九八年三月獲委任為本公司之公司秘書,並於二零零五年八月獲委任為本公司之副總經理。彼自二零二二年三月起出任本公司之高級副總經理。

彼獲取經濟學學士和商貿管理碩士學位, 並為於英國設立之特許公司治理公會及香 港公司治理公會(前稱香港特許秘書公會) 之會士。

**王志强先生**,45歲,於二零零八年加盟本 集團。彼於二零一八年二月獲委任為本公 司之總會計,並於二零二二年三月起出任 本公司之財務總監。彼為香港會計師公會 之會員。

#### Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") is pleased to present its Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") for the year ended 31st December, 2021 and the Independent Auditor's Report thereon.

本公司董事局(「董事局」)欣然向各股東提呈本報告書,連同本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之經審核綜合財務報表及獨立核數師報告書。

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Group in the course of the year were property development and investment, hospitality and leisure business, securities trading, as well as operation of and investment in media and entertainment business.

During the year under review, the Company acted as an investment holding company and the principal activities and other particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are listed under Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 173 to 180.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

A review of the performance and position of the Group's business for the year ended 31st December, 2021, an indication of the future development of the Group's business as well as an analysis of the Group's principal risks and uncertainties are set out in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 20. This discussion forms part of this Report.

A discussion on the Group's environmental policies and performance as well as its compliance with laws and regulations, and an account of the Group's relationships with its employees, customers and suppliers are set out below in this Report.

Details of the Group's results for the year ended 31st December, 2021 and the Group's financial position as at the end thereof are set out on pages 67 to 182. An analysis by operating segments and geographical location is set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 117 to 121.

As at the date of this Report, the Board is not aware of any important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the year under review.

#### 主要業務

本集團在年度內之主要業務為物業發展及 投資、款客及消閒業務、證券買賣以及經 營及投資媒體及娛樂業務。

在回顧年度內,本公司為一家投資控股公司,而本公司各主要附屬公司之主要業務 及其他資料載於第173至第180頁綜合財務 報表附註38。

#### 業務審視

就截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 對本集團之業務表現及狀況之審視,其未 來業務發展之揭示,以及對本集團之主要 風險及不明朗因素之分析載於第4至第20 頁之管理層討論及分析內。該討論構成本 報告書之一部份。

有關探討本集團的環境政策及表現和遵守 法律及規例的情況,以及本集團與其僱 員、客戶及供應商的關係之說明列載於本 報告書內以後部份。

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之業績及於年結日之財務狀況詳情載於第67至第182頁。按營運分類及地區之分析載於第117至第121頁綜合財務報表附註6。

於本報告書簽發日期,董事局並不知悉在 回顧年度終結後發生並對本集團有影響之 任何重大事件。

#### **DIVIDEND**

The Board has declared an interim dividend of 5.50 HK cents per share for the year ended 31st December, 2021 (2020: 5.50 HK cents per share) to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Monday, 13th June, 2022. The dividend is payable in cash and dividend warrants are expected to be despatched on Wednesday, 22nd June, 2022.

#### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The Board has resolved to convene the annual general meeting of the Company for Friday, 17th June, 2022 (the "2022 AGM").

For the purpose of determining the shareholders who are entitled to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM and qualify for the interim dividend for 2021, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 13th June, 2022 to Friday, 17th June, 2022, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares of HK\$0.50 each in the capital of the Company (the "Share(s)") will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the 2022 AGM and qualify for the interim dividend, all transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with Tricor Secretaries Limited, the Company's share registrar in the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region ("Hong Kong") of the People's Republic of China ("China"), not later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 10th June, 2022 for registration.

#### MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

During the year under review, the Group's five largest customers contributed approximately 55.48% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations with the largest customer accounting for approximately 28.52% of the Group's gross proceeds from operations while approximately 96.39% of the Group's purchases were attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers with the largest supplier accounting for approximately 77.40% of the Group's purchases.

None of the Directors of the Company, their close associates or any shareholders (which to the knowledge of the Directors own more than 5% interest in the number of issued Shares) have any interest in the Group's five largest customers or suppliers.

#### 股息

董事局宣佈向於二零二二年六月十三日 (星期一)名列本公司股東名冊之股東宣派 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度之 中期股息每股5.50港仙(二零二零年:每股 5.50港仙)。股息將以現金支付及預期於二 零二二年六月二十二日(星期三)寄發股息 單。

#### 暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

董事局已議決於二零二二年六月十七日 (星期五)召開本公司之股東週年大會(「二 零二二年度週年大會」)。

為確定可出席二零二二年度週年大會並於會上投票之股東資格及釐定可享有二零二一年度之中期股息之股東名單,本公司將於二零二二年六月十三日(星期一)至三零二二年六月十七日(星期五)(包括首尾兩天)期間暫停辦理本公司股本中每股本中每股人「股份」)之過戶登記上續。為確保有權出席二零二二年度週年大會並在會上投票及享有中期股息,所有是與五)下午四時三十分送抵本公司於中華人民共和國(「中國」)香港特別行政區(「香港」)之股份過戶登記處卓佳秘書商務有限公司辦理登記手續。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

在回顧年度內,本集團之前五大客戶共 約佔本集團經營收益總額之55.48%,其 中最大客戶約佔本集團經營收益總額之 28.52%。而本集團之前五大供應商共約佔 本集團購貨額之96.39%,其中最大供應商 約佔本集團購貨額之77.40%。

本公司各董事及其緊密聯繫人或任何股東 (董事獲知其擁有已發行股份數目中5%以 上權益者)概無擁有該五大客戶或供應商 之任何權益。

#### **DONATIONS**

During the year ended 31st December, 2021, the Group donated approximately HK\$1,426,000 for charitable and other causes.

#### **FIXED ASSETS**

During the year ended 31st December, 2021, the Group added fixed assets amounting to HK\$9,542,000 (2020: HK\$102,332,000) while it disposed of and wrote off fixed assets with an aggregate net book value of HK\$664,000 (2020: HK\$4,911,000).

Movements in fixed assets of the Group during the year are shown in Notes 15 and 16 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 129 to 133.

A schedule of the principal properties held by the Group, either under development or for sale or investment purposes, is set out on pages 183 to 188.

#### **BORROWINGS AND DEBENTURES**

Details of borrowings of the Group as at 31st December, 2021 are set out in Note 26 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 147 and 148.

No debentures of any class were issued by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or were in issue, at any time during the year.

No interest expenses attributable to properties under development were capitalized by the Group during the year (2020: Nil).

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

As at 31st December, 2021, 1,971,025,125 Shares were in issue and fully paid. The Company did not issue any new Shares or buy back any Shares during the year under review. Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 24 to the consolidated financial statements on page 145.

#### 捐款

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本集團已捐款約1,426,000港元作慈善 及其他用途。

#### 固定資產

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本集團添置為數9,542,000港元(二零 二零年:102,332,000港元)之固定資產, 而出售及撇銷之固定資產總賬面淨值為 664,000港元(二零二零年:4,911,000港元)。

本集團於年度內之固定資產之變動情況載 於第129至第133頁綜合財務報表附註15及 附註16。

一項列有本集團持有之主要物業(在發展 中或作出售或投資用途)之附表載於第183 至第188頁。

#### 借款及債權證

本集團在二零二一年十二月三十一日之借款之詳情載於第147及第148頁綜合財務報表附註26。

本公司或其任何附屬公司於年度內任何時間概無發行或已發行任何類別之債權證。

本集團於本年度內並無將發展中物業之利 息支出資本化(二零二零年:無)。

#### 股本

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,共有 1,971,025,125股已發行及已繳足股份。於 回顧年度內,本公司並無發行任何新股份 或購回任何股份。本公司之股本詳情載於 第145頁綜合財務報表附註24。

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF LISTED SECURITIES

During the year ended 31st December, 2021, there was no purchase, sale or redemption made by the Company, or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed securities.

#### **EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Other than a share option scheme adopted by the Company in 2012 as disclosed in this Report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Company during the year under review or subsisted at the end of the year.

#### **RESERVES**

The retained earnings and share premium of the Company as at 31st December, 2021 amounted to HK\$992,615,000 (2020: HK\$1,085,727,000) and HK\$451,755,000 (2020: HK\$560,161,000) respectively. These reserves are available for distribution.

The Board recommends that the retained earnings of the Group as at 31st December, 2021 amounting to HK\$9,405,283,000 be carried forward.

Other movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are shown in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and Note 37 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 72 and 73, and page 172 respectively.

#### PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and financial position of the Group for the preceding five financial years is set out on pages 190 and 191.

#### 購買、出售或贖回上市證券

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無購買、 出售或贖回本公司之上市證券。

#### 股票掛鈎協議

除在本報告書內披露之本公司於二零一二 年採納之購股權計劃外,本公司於回顧年 度內並無訂立股票掛鈎協議,或於年度終 結時並無此類協議存在。

#### 儲備

本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日之保留溢利及股份溢價賬分別為數992,615,000港元(二零二零年:1,085,727,000港元)及451,755,000港元(二零二零年:560,161,000港元)。該等儲備可供分派。

董事局建議將本集團於二零二一年十二月 三十一日為數9,405,283,000港元之保留溢 利滾存至下年度。

年度內本集團及本公司之其他儲備變動情況分別載於第72及第73頁之綜合權益變動表以及第172頁之綜合財務報表附註37。

#### 優先購買權

本公司之《公司組織章程大綱及細則》及 《開曼群島公司法》中並無優先購買權之條 文。

#### 財務概要

本集團過往五個財政年度之業績及財務狀 況概要載於第190及第191頁。

#### **DIRECTORS**

The Directors of the Company as at the date of this Report and those who were in office during the year under review and up to the date of this Report are:

#### **Executive Directors**

Madam Hsu Feng (Chairman and Managing Director) Mr Albert Tong (Vice-Chairman) Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles (Vice-Chairman)

#### **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Mr Lee Chan Fai Mr Sean S J Wang

A profile of the Directors of the Company is shown on pages 38 to 42.

Information relating to emoluments paid to the Company's Directors during the year is set out in Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements on pages 124 and 125.

All Directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at annual general meetings of the Company in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company. Article 116 of the Articles of Association of the Company provides that at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors of the Company for the time being or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the nearest number to but not more than one-third shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The Directors to retire each year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election and are eligible for re-election. In this connection, Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles and Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar shall retire by rotation at the 2022 AGM. Being eligible, they offer themselves for re-election.

The re-election of the retiring Directors of the Company is subject to separate resolutions to be approved by the shareholders at the 2022 AGM and details of those retiring Directors will be disclosed in a circular of the Company to be despatched to the shareholders together with the notice of the 2022 AGM.

#### 董事

於本報告書簽發日期以及於回顧年度內至 本報告書簽發日期止期間在任之本公司董 事如下:

#### 執行董事

徐 楓女士 *(主席兼董事總經理)* 湯子同先生 *(副主席)* 湯子嘉先生 *(副主席)* 

#### 獨立非執行董事

張兆平先生 李燦輝先生 王少劍先生

本公司董事之簡介載於第38至第42頁。

有關於年度內支付予本公司董事之酬金之 相關資料載於第124及第125頁綜合財務報 表附註11。

根據本公司之《公司組織章程細則》之規 定,本公司所有董事均須於本公司之股東 週年大會上輪值退任。按本公司《公司組 織章程細則》第116條細則之規定,於每屆 股東週年大會上,本公司當時為數三分之 一(或如董事數目並非三或三之倍數 最接近但不多於三分之一之數目)之董事 須輪值退任,惟每位董事須至少每三年輪 值退任一次;而每年退任之董事須為,退 上次獲選擔任董事以來任期最長者;退任 董事均可重選連任。因此,湯子嘉先生及 張兆平先生將於二零二二年度週年大會 捷任。 彼等符合資格並願意競選 連任。

重選本公司退任董事連任一事須待股東以獨立決議案形式於二零二二年度週年大會上審議通過,有關該等退任董事之資料將於寄發予股東之本公司通函(連同二零二二年度週年大會通告)內披露。

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACT**

The Directors of the Company who are proposed for re-election at the 2022 AGM do not have any unexpired service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the employing company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company has taken out and maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance throughout the year under review, which provides appropriate cover for the directors and officers of the Group.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SECURITIES

As at 31st December, 2021, the interests and short positions of the Directors of the Company in shares, debentures and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (including interests and short positions which they were taken to have under Section 344 of the SFO) or which were required to be notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"), were as follows:

#### (I) The Company

Shares of HK\$0.50 each

#### 董事之服務合約

獲提名在二零二二年度週年大會上重選連任之本公司董事與本公司或其任何附屬公司並無任何尚未屆滿之服務合約,而聘用之公司於一年內不作出賠償(法定賠償除外)則不得終止者。

#### 獲准許的彌償條文

本公司於回顧年度內已購買及保持董事及 高級行政人員責任保險,為本集團董事及 高級行政人員提供適當的保障。

#### 董事之證券權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本公司各董事於本公司或其任何相聯法團(按香港《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券及期貨條例》」)第XV部之定義詮釋)之股份、債權證及相關股份中擁有須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第352條之規定記載入該條例所述的登記冊內(包括根據《證券及期貨條例》第344條彼等被視為擁有之權益及淡倉),或須遵照香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)《證券上市規則》(「《上市規則》」)之規定知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉如下:

#### (I) 本公司

每股面值0.50港元之股份

#### Number of Shares 股份數目

Name of Directors 董事姓名		Personal Interests 個人權益	Family Interests 家屬權益	Corporate Interests 公司權益	Other Interests 其他權益
Madam Hsu Feng Mr Albert Tong	徐 楓女士 (A) 湯子同先生 (A)	226,678,292 (B)(i) 278,981,024 (C)	Nil 無 Nil 無	681,323,124 <i>(B)(ii), (iii)</i> Nil 無 <i>(B)(iii)</i>	Nil 無 Nil 無
Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles	湯子嘉先生 (A)	284,807,445 (D)	Nil 無	Nil 無 (B)(iii)	Nil 無

#### (II) The Company's associated corporations

#### (II) 本公司之相聯法團

(1) China Boom Enterprises Limited ("China Boom")

(1) 昌華企業有限公司(「昌華」)

Shares of US\$1 each

每股面值1美元之股份

## Number of shares of China Boom 於昌華之股份數目

Name of Director 董事姓名	Personal Interests 個人權益	Family Interests 家屬權益	Corporate Interests 公司權益	Other Interests 其他權益
Madam Hsu Feng 徐 楓女士 (E)	716,800	Nil 無	563,200	Nil 無

(2) Tomson Entertainment Co. Limited ("Tomson Entertainment")

(2) 湯臣娛樂股份有限公司 (「湯臣娛樂」)

Shares of NTD10 each

每股面值新台幣10元之股份

## Number of shares of Tomson Entertainment 於湯臣娛樂之股份數目

Name of Director 董事姓名	Personal Interests 個人權益	Family Interests 家屬權益	Corporate Interests 公司權益	Other Interests 其他權益
Madam Hsu Feng 徐 楓女士 (F)	1,350,000	Nil 無	1,125,000	Nil 無

#### Notes:

- (A) Madam Hsu Feng is the mother of Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles. All of them are shareholders and directors of Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL").
- (B) Madam Hsu Feng was interested and deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 908,001,416 issued Shares, representing 46.067% interests in the total number of issued Shares, pursuant to the SFO in the following ways:
  - (i) She held in her capacity as a beneficial owner an interest in 226,678,292 issued Shares (being 11.500% of the total number of issued Shares);

#### 附註:

- (A) 徐楓女士為湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生之母親。彼等均為川河集團有限公司(「川河」)之股東及董事。
- (B) 根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐楓女士 以下列方式持有及被視為持有合共 908,001,416股已發行股份,佔已發行股 份總數之46.067%權益:
  - (i) 彼以其作為實益擁有人之身份持有 226,678,292股已發行股份(即已發 行股份總數之11.500%)之權益;

(ii) She held the entire interests in the issued capital of the following shareholders of the Company and was therefore deemed to have interest in 434,023,124 issued Shares (being 22.020% of the total number of issued Shares) which were beneficially held by these companies: (ii) 彼擁有下列本公司之股東之已發行股本之全部權益,因此被視為擁有由該等公司實益持有之434,023,124股已發行股份(即已發行股份總數之22.020%)之權益:

#### Name of companies 公司名稱

Number of Shares held 所持有股份之數目

King China Holdings Limited E-Shares Investments Limited 錦華集團有限公司

252,919,265 181,103,859

434,023,124

(iii) The following companies, being wholly-owned subsidiaries of RHL, beneficially held an aggregate of 247,300,000 issued Shares (being 12.547% of the total number of issued Shares):

(iii) 下列公司(均為川河之全資附屬公司)實益持有合共247,300,000股已發行股份(即已發行股份總數之12.547%):

#### Name of companies 公司名稱

Number of Shares held 所持有股份之數目

Forty Enterprises Company Limited Shine Trip Limited 富義企業有限公司 瑞展有限公司 16,909,030 230,390,970

247,300,000

Madam Hsu Feng was entitled to exercise 12.15% interests in the issued capital of RHL and control the exercise of 50.02% interests in the issued capital of RHL through Step Famous Investment Limited in which she controlled 66% interests. Pursuant to the SFO, Madam Hsu Feng was therefore deemed to be interested in the aforesaid Shares through corporations controlled by her.

徐楓女士可行使川河之已發行股本的12.15%權益,並透過其控制66%權益之進譽投資有限公司而控制行使川河之已發行股本的50.02%權益。根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐楓女士故被視為透過由彼控制之公司持有上述股份權益。

- (C) Mr Albert Tong held in his capacity as a beneficial owner an interest in 278,981,024 issued Shares (being 14.154% of the total number of issued Shares).
- (C) 湯子同先生以其作為實益擁有人之身份 持有278,981,024股已發行股份(即已發行 股份總數之14.154%)之權益。
- (D) Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles held in his capacity as a beneficial owner an interest in 284,807,445 issued Shares (being 14.449% of the total number of issued Shares).
- (D) 湯子嘉先生以其作為實益擁有人之身份 持有284,807,445股已發行股份(即已發行 股份總數之14.449%)之權益。

#### Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

- (E) Madam Hsu Feng held, in her capacity as a beneficial owner, a personal interest in 716,800 shares (being 56%) in the capital of China Boom. The Company held the balance of interest of 563,200 shares (being 44%) in the capital of China Boom through its wholly-owned subsidiary and Madam Hsu was (by virtue of her beneficial interest in the Company as disclosed in the above Note (B)) deemed to be indirectly interested in these shares through a corporation controlled by her pursuant to the SFO. In conclusion, Madam Hsu was interested and deemed to be interested in an aggregate of 1,280,000 shares (being 100%) in the capital of China Boom pursuant to the SFO.
- (F) Madam Hsu Feng held, in her capacity as a beneficial owner, a personal interest in 1,350,000 shares (being 54%) in the capital of Tomson Entertainment. The Company held an interest in 1,125,000 shares (being 45%) in the capital of Tomson Entertainment through its wholly-owned subsidiary and Madam Hsu was (by virtue of her beneficial interest in the Company as disclosed in the above Note (B)) deemed to be indirectly interested in these shares through a corporation controlled by her pursuant to the SFO. In conclusion, Madam Hsu was interested and deemed to be interested in a total of 2,475,000 shares (being 99%) in the capital of Tomson Entertainment pursuant to the SFO.
- Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors of the Company and their associates had any interests or short positions in the shares, debentures and underlying shares of the Company or any of its associated corporations as at 31st December, 2021, which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein (including interests or short positions which they were taken to have under Section 344 of the SFO) or which were required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Listing Rules.

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

The Company adopted a share option scheme (the "2012 Scheme") on 1st June, 2012. Under the 2012 Scheme, no options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed during the year ended 31st December, 2021, nor was there any option outstanding at the beginning or at the end of the year.

- (E) 徐楓女士以其作為實益擁有人之身份個人持有昌華股本中之716,800股股份(即56%)之權益。本公司透過其全資附屬公司持有餘下之昌華股本中之563,200股股份(即44%)之權益,而根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐女士因在上文附註(B)所披露彼於本公司之實益權益,被視為透過一家由彼控制之公司間接擁有該等股份權益。總括而言,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐女士持有及被視為持有昌華股本中合共1,280,000股股份(即100%)之權益。
- (F) 徐楓女士以其作為實益擁有人之身份個人持有湯臣娛樂股本中之1,350,000股股份(即54%)之權益。本公司透過其全資附屬公司持有湯臣娛樂股本中之1,125,000股股份(即45%)之權益,而根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐女士因在上文附註(B)所披露彼於本公司之實益權益,被視為透過一家由彼控制之公司間接擁有該等股份權益。總括而言,根據《證券及期貨條例》,徐女士持有及被視為持有湯臣娛樂股本中合共2,475,000股股份(即99%)之權益。

除上文所披露者外,於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,本公司各董事及彼等的聯繫人 概無於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、 債權證及相關股份中擁有須遵照《證券及 期貨條例》第352條之規定記載入該條例所 述的登記冊內(包括根據《證券及期貨條 例》第344條彼等被視為擁有的權益或淡 倉),或須遵照《上市規則》之規定知會本 公司及聯交所的任何權益或淡倉。

#### 購股權計劃

本公司於二零一二年六月一日採納了一項 購股權計劃(「二零一二年計劃」)。於截至 二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,在 二零一二年計劃下,並無購股權被授出、 獲行使、被註銷或失效,及在年度開始或 結束時,均無任何尚未行使之購股權。

#### Major terms of the 2012 Scheme

The purpose of the 2012 Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to selected persons for their contribution to any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest (the "Invested Entity").

The participants include, inter alia:

- (i) any employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, including any executive director of any of these companies; or
- (ii) any non-executive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (iii) any adviser or consultant or customer of, or any supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or
- (iv) any shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

As at the date of this Report, save as otherwise approved by the shareholders of the Company, the maximum number of Shares available for issue upon exercise of options which may be granted under the 2012 Scheme is 137,252,380, representing approximately 6.96% of the number of issued Shares.

The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant of options shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). If any further grant of options to a participant would result in the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options granted and to be granted to such person (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such further grant to be in excess of the Individual Limit, such further grant must be subject to the shareholders' approval in general meeting of the Company with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

#### 二零一二年計劃的主要條款

二零一二年計劃的目的為激勵或獎賞經甄 選之人士對本集團任何成員公司或本集團 任何成員公司持有任何股本權益之任何機 構(「所投資機構」)作出貢獻。

#### 參與者其中包括:

- (i) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機 構之任何僱員或準僱員(不論全職或 兼職),包括任何此等公司之任何執 行董事;或
- (ii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董事);或
- (iii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機 構之任何諮詢人或顧問或客戶,或向 該等公司或機構提供商品或服務之任 何供應商;或
- (iv) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何股東,或本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機構所發行之任何證券之任何持有人。

除另行獲本公司股東審批外,於本報告書簽發日期,在二零一二年計劃下,可授出之購股權予以行使時可發行之股份數目上限為137,252,380股,佔已發行股份數目約6.96%。

每位參與者在截至授出購股權當日止任何十二個月期間內,獲授及將獲授之購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使者)予以行使時而獲發行及將獲發行之股份總數,不得超過授出購股權當日之已發行股份數目之1%(「個別上限」)。倘向一位參與者再行授出購股權會導致在截至及包括再行授出購股權會導致在截至及包括再行授出購股權當日止十二個月內其獲授及將獲授之全部購股權(包括已行使、已被註銷及為養養行使者)予以行使時而獲發行及將獲發行之股份總數超逾個別上限,該再行授出購股權一事則須經股東在本公司股東大會上放棄投票權。

#### Report of the Directors 董事局報告書

The acceptance of an offer of granting an option must be made within 28 days from the date on which such offer is made with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company by way of a consideration for the grant thereof.

The subscription price per Share in respect of any option that may be granted shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of:

- (i) the closing price of the Shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day;
- (ii) the average of the closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and
- (iii) the nominal value of the Shares on the date of offer.

An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant of the option.

Save as determined by the Board and stated in the offer of the relevant options, there is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised under the 2012 Scheme.

The 2012 Scheme shall be valid and effective until 31st May, 2022 subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board. After the expiry of such valid period, no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the 2012 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ARRANGEMENTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Apart from the 2012 Scheme, at no time during the year nor at the end of the year ended 31st December, 2021 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

承授人須於提議授出購股權之日起計二十八日內,提出接納購股權,並向本公司支付1港元,作為獲授購股權之代價,此款項將不予退回。

可予授出之任何購股權項下之每股股份之 認購價將由董事局全權釐定,惟該認購價 不得低於下列三者之最高者:

- (i) 提議授出購股權當日(必須為營業日) 在聯交所每日報價表所列股份之收市 價;
- (ii) 緊接提議授出購股權日期前五個營業 日在聯交所每日報價表所列股份之收 市價之平均數;及
- (iii) 於提議授出購股權當日之股份面值。

購股權可於董事局釐定之期間內隨時行 使,惟該期間不得自授出購股權日期起計 超過十年。

除董事局另有決定及於提議授出有關購股權時所規定者外,根據二零一二年計劃,並無設有購股權行使之前必須持有的最短期限。

二零一二年計劃將有效至二零二二年五月 三十一日止,惟若本公司在股東大會上提 早終止或董事局提早終止計劃則除外。於 有效期限屆滿後將不會再行提議授予或授 出購股權,惟二零一二年計劃之條款在其 他各方面將仍全面有效。

## 董事於購買股份或債權證之安排 之利益

除二零一二年計劃外,於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度內任何時間或年度 終結日,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無參 與任何安排,致使本公司董事可透過購買 本公司或其他任何法人團體之股份或債權 證而獲益。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

Madam Hsu Feng, Chairman of the Board and Managing Director of the Company, along with Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles, being Vice-Chairmen of the Board and executive Directors of the Company, are directors and shareholders of RHL.

RHL is engaged in property development and investment in Shanghai of China, particularly in Zhangjiang Hi-Tech Park, Pudong New Area, through its subsidiaries and associated company. Property development and investment, with particular focus on Pudong New Area in Shanghai, is one of the principal businesses of the Group. The business of RHL in the property sector in Shanghai (the "Excluded Business") may therefore potentially compete with the Group's business.

In this connection, Madam Hsu, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles are considered to have interests in a business which may compete or is likely to compete, either directly or indirectly, with the business of the Group, other than that business where the Directors of the Company have been appointed or were appointed as directors to represent the interests of the Company and/or the Group, pursuant to the Listing Rules. Nevertheless, both the Group's business and the Excluded Business are managed by their respective independent management and administration. The target market segments of the Group's business are different from that of the Excluded Business. Besides, the independent non-executive Directors of the Company will be monitoring the operations of the Group. The Group is capable of carrying on its business independently of, and at arm's length from, the Excluded Business.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS

Save as the cancellation and extinguishment of the shares of RHL disclosed in the Management Discussion and Analysis on pages 14 to 16, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company or any entity connected with him (within the meaning of Section 486 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, were entered into during the year ended 31st December, 2021 or subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### 董事在競爭業務中之權益

本公司董事局主席兼董事總經理徐楓女士 以及董事局副主席兼執行董事湯子同先生 及湯子嘉先生均為川河之董事及股東。

川河透過其附屬公司及聯營公司於中國上海市(尤其於浦東新區張江高科技園區)從事物業發展及投資事務,而本集團其中一項主要業務為從事物業發展及投資,並以上海市浦東新區為重點。因此,川河於上海市之房地產業務(「除外業務」)或可能與本集團之業務構成潛在競爭。

因此,根據《上市規則》,徐女士、湯子同先生及湯子嘉先生除因已獲委任或曾獲委任為董事以代表本公司及/或本集團之權益之業務外,被視為於也許或可能與本集團之業務直接或間接地構成競爭之業務及除外難有權益。然而,本集團之業務及除外業務均由彼等各自獨立管理層及行政架構所管理。本集團之業務之目標市場分類有所不同。再者,本公司之獨立非執行董事將監察本集團之營運。本集團能夠獨立於除外業務,並基於各自利益經營其本身業務。

#### 董事於交易、安排及合約之利益

除於第14至第16頁之管理層討論及分析中所披露之註銷及終絕川河股份外,於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內,本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立就本集團之業務而言屬重要之交易、安排或合約,而本公司董事或任何與其有關連之實體(按香港《公司條例》第486條所載的定義)於當中直接或間接地擁有具相當份量的利益關係,且在年度終結日或年度內任何時間並無存在該等交易、安排或合約。

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts for the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of any business of the Group were entered into or subsisted during the year ended 31st December, 2021.

## RELATIONSHIPS WITH SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

The Group understands that it is important to maintain good relationship with its suppliers and customers to achieve its short-term and long-term goals. To maintain its competitive status, the Group aims at providing quality products and services to its customers.

#### **EMOLUMENT POLICY**

The Company recognizes that employees are one of the Group's valuable assets and the Group is conscious of the importance of an effective staff management and incentive structure. The Group provides competitive remuneration packages and makes regular review to attract and motivate the employees. Remuneration and benefits packages are generally structured by reference to market terms, individual responsibilities, performance and qualifications.

Directors' emoluments are determined with reference to their responsibilities and prevailing market conditions. The emoluments of the executive Directors of the Company for their services in management of the Group are determined by the Board on the recommendation of its remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee"). The fees of the independent non-executive Directors of the Company are fixed by the Board under the authorization of the shareholders of the Company and on the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

In addition, the Company has adopted the 2012 Scheme pursuant to which it may grant the directors and employees of the Group options to subscribe for Shares as a long-term incentive.

#### 管理合約

在截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度 內,概無訂立或存在任何涉及管理和處理 本集團全部或任何重大部份業務之合約。

#### 與供應商及客戶之關係

本集團明白與其供應商及客戶維持良好關係,對達致短期及長期目標十分重要。為維持競爭力,本集團致力向其客戶提供優質產品及服務。

#### 薪酬政策

本公司認同僱員為本集團寶貴資產之一, 且本集團一向著重具效益之僱員管理及獎勵計劃。本集團提供具競爭力之薪酬方案 並作出定期檢討,以吸引及激勵僱員。薪 酬及福利待遇乃參考市場條款、個別人士 所承擔之職責、表現及資歷而釐定。

董事之酬金乃參照彼等之職責及現時之市 況而釐定。本公司執行董事就管理本集團 業務而享有之酬金由董事局參照其轄下之 薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)之建議而釐 定。本公司獨立非執行董事之董事袍金則 由董事局根據本公司股東之授權及參照薪 酬委員會之建議而釐定。

此外,本公司已採納二零一二年計劃;據 此,本公司可授予本集團之董事及僱員購 股權以認購股份,以作為一項長期激勵措 施。

#### **PENSION SCHEMES**

The Company participates in a pension scheme, which was registered under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the "MPF Ordinance"), for all its employees in Hong Kong. The scheme is a defined contribution scheme effective from December 2000 and is funded by contributions from employer and employees in accordance with the provisions of the MPF Ordinance. If the employer makes any voluntary contributions for the employees under the scheme, forfeited contributions in this nature can be applied to reduce the amount of future voluntary contributions payable by the employer.

The employees of the Group in the Mainland of China are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local governments. The employers and the employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes.

Furthermore, the Group and its employees in the Macao Special Administrative Region ("Macau") of China shall make contributions of a fixed amount per quarter to the Social Security Fund under the obligation system pursuant to the laws of Macau.

During the year under review, the total amount contributed by the Group to the said schemes and charged to the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss amounted to HK\$5,182,000 (2020: HK\$1,156,000) and no contributions were forfeited.

## SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS

As at 31st December, 2021, the following shareholders (other than the Directors of the Company) were interested, directly or indirectly, in 5% or more of the number of issued Shares and underlying shares of the Company and those interests were required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SFO:

#### 退休金計劃

本公司為其所有於香港之僱員參與了一項 於香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》(「《強積 金條例》」)下註冊之退休金計劃。該退休 金計劃為界定供款計劃,並由二零零年 十二月起生效。該計劃乃根據《強積金條 例》之條款由僱主及僱員作出供款。如僱 主在該計劃下為僱員作出任何自願性之供 款,則此性質之已被沒收之供款可用作抵 銷僱主將來應付而未付之自願性供款款 額。

本集團在中國內地之僱員均為各自由地方 政府營辦之國家管理界定供款退休福利計 劃之成員。根據此等計劃之規則,僱主及 僱員均有責任按薪金之若干百分比作出供 款。

此外,本集團及其在中國澳門特別行政區 (「澳門」)之僱員須根據澳門法例向社會保 障基金每季定額繳納強制性制度項下之供 款。

於回顧年度內,本集團對上述計劃作出 之供款及記入綜合損益表之款項總額達 5,182,000港元(二零二零年:1,156,000港 元),且並無已被沒收之供款。

#### 股東之權益及淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,下列股東(本公司董事除外)直接或間接地擁有本公司之已發行股份及相關股份數目達5%或以上的權益,而該等權益須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定載錄於須予備存之登記冊內:

#### (I) Substantial Shareholders of the Company

#### (I) 本公司之主要股東

Number of Shares held (proportion to the number of issued Shares) 所持有股份之數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)

#### Name of shareholders

股東名稱

King China Holdings Limited Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL") Step Famous Investment Limited ("Step Famous") 錦華集團有限公司(a) 川河集團有限公司(「川河」)(b) 進譽投資有限公司(「進譽」)(c) 252,919,265 (12.832%) 247,300,000 (12.547%) 247,300,000 (12.547%)

#### (II) Other Person

#### (II) 其他人士

Number of Shares held (proportion to the number of issued Shares) 所持有股份之數目 (佔已發行股份數目之百分比)

Name of shareholder

股東名稱

E-Shares Investments Limited (a)

181,103,859 (9.188%)

#### Notes:

- (a) King China Holdings Limited and E-Shares Investments Limited were the beneficial owners of these Shares respectively. They were wholly owned by Madam Hsu Feng in her capacity as a beneficial owner. Pursuant to the SFO, their interests in these Shares therefore constituted part of the total interests of Madam Hsu Feng in the capital of the Company as disclosed in Note (B) to the above paragraph headed "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" in this Report.
- (b) RHL was deemed to have interests in these Shares through corporations under its control in accordance with the SFO. Details of these interests are set out in Note (B)(iii) to the above paragraph headed "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" in this Report. Pursuant to the SFO, these interests constituted part of the total interests of Madam Hsu Feng in the capital of the Company as disclosed in Note (B) to the above paragraph headed "Directors' Interests and Short Positions in Securities" in this Report.

#### 附註:

- (a) 錦華集團有限公司及 E-Shares Investments Limited 分別為該等股份之實益擁有人,而徐楓女士以實益擁有人身份全資擁有該等公司。因此,根據《證券及期貨條例》,該等公司擁有之股份權益構成本報告書內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節之附註(B)所披露之徐楓女士所持有之本公司股本中之權益總額之一部份。
- (b) 根據《證券及期貨條例》,川河透過由彼控制之公司被視為擁有該等股份之權益,有關該等權益之詳情載於本報告書內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節之附註(B)(iii)內。根據《證券及期貨條例》,該等權益構成本報告書內前述標題為「董事之證券權益及淡倉」一節之附註(B)所披露之徐楓女士所持有之本公司股本中之權益總額之一部份。

Amongst these Shares disclosed, 230,390,970 issued Shares were beneficially held by Shine Trip Limited, which was a wholly-owned subsidiary of Superwell Development Limited in which RHL held its entire equity interest. Therefore, Shine Trip Limited, Superwell Development Limited and RHL were interested or were taken to be interested in these Shares pursuant to the SFO.

(c) Pursuant to the SFO, Step Famous, which held 50.02% interests in the issued capital of RHL, was deemed to be interested in these Shares, details of which are set out in the above Note (b).

Save for the above interests, the Directors of the Company are not aware of any person (other than the Directors of the Company) who had, directly or indirectly, interests or short positions in the number of issued Shares and the underlying shares of the Company and those interests or short positions were required to be recorded in the register kept under Section 336 of the SFO as at 31st December, 2021.

#### SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this Report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as prescribed by the Listing Rules.

## ENVIRONMENT POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. It continually seeks to identify and manage environmental impacts attributable to its operation activities to minimize the impacts as far as possible. It adheres to the principle of recycling and reduction and implements green office practices such as double-sided printing and copying and reducing energy consumption by switching off idle lightings and electrical appliances.

The Group also seeks to reduce its material consumption and construction wastes in construction works. During the year under review, the Group added environmental protection measures in its operation control.

於該等披露之股份中,230,390,970股已發行股份由瑞展有限公司實益持有。瑞展有限公司為高賢發展有限公司之全資附屬公司,而川河持有後者之全部股本權益。因此,根據《證券及期貨條例》,瑞展有限公司、高賢發展有限公司及川河擁有或被視為擁有該等股份之權益。

(c) 根據《證券及期貨條例》, 進譽持有川河 之已發行股本之50.02%權益,被視為持 有該等股份之權益,詳情載於上文附註 (b)。

除上述權益外,據本公司董事所知,概無本公司董事以外的任何人士於二零二一年十二月三十一日直接或間接地擁有本公司之已發行股份及相關股份數目中之權益或淡倉,而該等權益或淡倉須遵照《證券及期貨條例》第336條之規定載錄於須予備存之登記冊內。

#### 足夠公眾持股量

本公司根據本報告書簽發日期之公開資料 及就各董事所知,本公司維持了《上市規 則》規定下之足夠公眾持股量。

#### 環境政策及表現

本集團致力達致於其經營業務所在之環境 及社區之長期可持續性。本集團持續辨識 及管理其經營活動對環境造成之影響,務 求盡可能將影響減至最少。本集團堅守循 環再用及減廢之原則,並實施各項綠色辦 公室措施,例如:雙面打印及影印並透過 關掉閒置的電燈及電器以減少耗能。

本集團並致力減少其於建築過程中的材料 消耗及建築廢料。本集團在回顧年度內於 業務運作監控中加入環境保護之措施。

## COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group commits itself to comply with the relevant laws and regulations including, inter alia, the Listing Rules, Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and other applicable local laws and regulations in various jurisdictions in which it operates. Furthermore, the Group, acting as a property developer, is subject to environmental protection law and regulations, including air and noise pollution and discharge of construction wastes and water in the Mainland and Macau of China. To the best knowledge of the Board, the Group has complied with all the relevant laws and regulations that have significant impact on the Group during the year under review.

#### **AUDITOR**

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31st December, 2021 have been audited by the Auditor of the Company, Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu and there was no change in the Auditor of the Company in the previous three financial years.

Messrs Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu have been registered with the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as a Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor.

They will retire at the conclusion of the 2022 AGM and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board **Albert Tong** *Vice-Chairman and Executive Director* 

Hong Kong, 25th March, 2022

#### 遵守法律及規例

本集團致力遵守相關法律及規例,其中包括《上市規則》、香港《公司條例》及本集團經營業務所在之不同司法管轄區適用之其他當地法律及規例。此外,本集團作為物業開發商,須要遵守中國內地及澳門的環保法律及規例,包括空氣及噪音污染,以及建築廢料和廢水的排放。據董事局所知,本集團在回顧年度內已遵守對本集團有重大影響之所有相關法律及規例。

#### 核數師

本集團截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合財務報表由本公司核數師一德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行審核。本公司於過往三個財政年度沒有更換核數師。

德勤·關黃陳方會計師行已向香港會計師 公會註冊為註冊公眾利益實體核數師。

該會計師行將於二零二二年度週年大會散 會時退任,惟符合資格並願意競選連任。

代表董事局 *副主席兼執行董事* **湯子同** 

香港,二零二二年三月二十五日

## Deloitte.

## 德勤

## TO THE MEMBERS OF TOMSON GROUP LIMITED

(incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Tomson Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group") set out on pages 67 to 182 which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31st December, 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31st December, 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### 致湯臣集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

#### 意見

本核數師(「我們」)已審計列載於第67至第 182頁的湯臣集團有限公司(「貴公司」)及 其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財 務報表,此等財務報表包括於二零二一年 十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表與截至 該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合損益及其 他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現 金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註,包括 主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》的披露要求妥為擬備。

#### 意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審計準則》進行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告書「核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任」部份中作進一步闡述。根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道德守則》(「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### Valuation of investment properties

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter due to the significance of the assets and involvement of the management judgement and estimation in determining the fair value.

The fair value of investment properties (which included commercial properties, residential properties and industrial properties in Shanghai of the People's Republic of China (the "Mainland China")) at 31st December, 2021 was HK\$8,598,847,000, with loss on fair value changes recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss of HK\$3,540,000 for the year then ended.

As disclosed in Notes 4 and 15 to the consolidated financial statements, in estimating the fair value of these investment properties, the Group engaged a professional independent valuer (the "Valuer") to establish and determine the appropriate valuation technique and inputs to the valuation. The valuation was arrived by capitalising the net rental income derived from existing tenancies with due allowance for reversionary income potential of the properties on a recurring basis. This involves making certain assumptions and the use of estimates in respect of the reversionary yield by the Valuer. A slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa.

#### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要的 事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合財 務報表及出具意見時進行處理的。我們不 會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。

#### 投資物業估值

我們識別投資物業的估值為關鍵審計事項,因其涉及的資產重大和涉及管理層的 判斷及估計來釐定其公平值。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,投資物業(包括位於中華人民共和國上海市(「中國內地」)的商用物業、住宅物業及工業物業)的公平值為8,598,847,000港元,在截至該日止年度的綜合損益表中確認的公平值變動時產生之虧損為3,540,000港元。

於綜合財務報表附註4及15中披露,在估計投資物業的公平值時, 貴集團聘請獨立專業估值師(「估值師」)以設立及釐定合適估值技術及估值之輸入數據。估值乃透過按經常性原則資本化來自現有租賃之租金收入淨額作出,並計入物業復歸收入之潛力。這涉及估值師作出若干假設及使用有關復歸收益率之估計。復歸收益率輕微上升將導致公平值大幅下跌,反之亦然。

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the valuation of investment properties included:

- Evaluating the competence, capabilities and objectivity of the Valuer;
- Obtaining an understanding of the valuation process and significant assumptions and critical judgement areas from the management to assess if the investment approach is appropriate for the respective properties and industry norms;
- Evaluating the appropriateness of the estimations used, in particular, the underlying assumptions and methodologies, based on our knowledge of the properties market of the relevant locations; and
- Assessing the reasonableness of the key inputs used by the Valuer in the valuation model, including the reversionary yield, net rental income derived from existing tenancies and annual unit market rental by comparing them against current market data and entity specific information on a sample basis.

#### Provision for land appreciation tax

We identified the provision for land appreciation tax ("LAT") calculations as a key audit matter since significant judgement and estimation are required in determining the amount of LAT to be paid by the Group within each of the property development projects.

The Group is subject to LAT in the Mainland China. As disclosed in Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements, the Mainland China LAT of HK\$198,781,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2021. The Group had provision for LAT payable amounted to HK\$4,097,002,000 as at 31st December, 2021.

LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions including land costs, borrowing costs and the relevant property development expenditures, which are the key inputs in the calculation of the LAT based on the management's best estimates.

#### 我們在審計中如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們就投資物業估值執行的程序包括:

- 評估估值師的資歷、能力及客觀性;
- 從管理層取得對估值過程、重大假設 及重要判斷的瞭解,以評估投資方式 是否符合相關物業及行業規範;
- 根據我們對相關地點的房地產市場的 知識,評估所用之估算的適當性,特 別是相關假設及方法;及
- 評估估值師在估值模型中所採用之關鍵輸入數據的合理性,包括復歸收益率、來自現有租賃之租金收入淨額及單位市場年度租金,並抽樣與目前市場數據及實體特定資料進行比較。

#### 土地增值税撥備

我們識別土地增值税撥備的計算為關鍵審計事項,因其涉及重大判斷及估計來釐定 貴集團在每一個物業發展項目中需要支付的土地增值税。

貴集團須繳納中國內地之土地增值税。於綜合財務報表附註12中披露,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的綜合損益表中確認的土地增值税為198,781,000港元。於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貴集團的應付土地增值稅撥備金額為4,097,002,000港元。

於計及根據管理層之最佳估計以計算土地 增值稅之關鍵輸入數據,即若干獲准扣減 項目(包括土地成本、借貸成本及相關物 業發展開支)後,已就增值部份按一系列 遞增稅率作出土地增值稅撥備。

#### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

#### How our audit addressed the key audit matter

Our procedures in relation to the provision for LAT included:

- Obtaining an understanding from the management of the Group about the basis adopted in arriving at the provision for LAT;
- Assessing the Group's provision for LAT computation prepared by the management of the Group with reference to relevant rules and regulations with the assistance of our tax specialists; and
- Checking the financial information, including land costs, borrowing costs and relevant development expenditures, used in the calculation of provision for LAT to the Group's historical financial data.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### 我們在審計中如何處理關鍵審計事項

我們就土地增值税撥備執行的程序包括:

- 從 貴集團管理層取得土地增值稅撥 備時所採納的依據;
- 参考相關的條例及規則及在我們之稅 務專家的協助下,評估 貴集團管理 層對土地增值稅撥備的計算;及
- 檢查計算土地增值稅撥備中所採用的 財務信息,包括土地成本、借款成本 和相關開發支出,與 貴集團的歷史 財務數據進行比較。

#### 其他信息

貴公司董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息 包括刊載於年報內的資料,但不包括綜合 財務報表及我們的核數師報告書。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑑證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,及在此過程中,考 慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在 審計過程中所瞭解的情況存在重大抵觸或 者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。基於我 們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其他信息 存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告該事 實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

# RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the

preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from

material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with our agreed terms of engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

#### 董事及管理層就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露要求擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的 擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大 錯誤陳述所需的內部監控負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意將 貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他實際的替代方案。

管理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

## 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤 療述取得合理保證,並按照我們商定的商定條款僅向全體股東出具包括我們商見的核數師報告書。除此以外,我們並不就我們並不就們並不可用作其他用途。我們並不就任何其他人士承擔任何表務。合理保證是高水準行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述存在時總 能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

#### Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告書

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the
  consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures,
  and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the
  underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair
  presentation.

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷 疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審計程式以應對這些風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述,或凌駕於內部監控之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 瞭解與審計相關的內部監控,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部監控的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生確大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大中提慮。如果我們認為存在重大中提慮,則有必要在核數師報告書所報表中的報訊。假若有關的披露不足,則我論是基於核數師報告書簽發日期止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,以及綜合財 務報表是否中肯反映相關交易和事 項。

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
 We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. 就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 資訊獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以 對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負 責 貴集團審計的方向、監督和執 行。我們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

除其他事項外,我們與管理層溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現 等,包括我們在審計中識別出內部監控的 任何重大缺陷。

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied. 我們還向管理層提交聲明,說明我們已符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況下,相關的防範措施。

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

從與管理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數 師報告書中描述這些事項,除非法律法規 不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見 的情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告書中 溝通某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公 眾利益,我們決定不應在報告書中溝通該 事項。

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in the independent auditor's report is Wan Wai Nga.

出具本獨立核數師報告書的審計項目合夥 人是温慧雅。

**Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu** 

Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong 25th March, 2022 德勤 • 關黃陳方會計師行 執業會計師

香港 二零二二年三月二十五日

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			2021	2020
		NT .	二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年
		Notes 附註	千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Gross proceeds from operations	經營收益總額	5 & 6	787,012	936,303
Revenue	收入	5	779,066	929,947
Cost of sales	銷售成本		(102,602)	(426,591)
Gross profit	毛利		676,464	503,356
Net gain (loss) on financial assets	按公平值計入損益之財務資產			
at fair value through profit or loss	之收益(虧損)淨額		12,838	(7,070)
Other income	其他收入	7	163,245	235,062
Other gains and losses	其他收益及虧損	8	10,960	16,817
Selling expenses	銷售費用		(120,368)	(143,393)
Administrative expenses	行政費用		(129,619)	(145,012)
Loss on fair value changes of	投資物業公平值變動時產生			
investment properties	之虧損	15	(3,540)	(12,329)
Finance costs	融資費用	9	(22,270)	(40,716)
			587,710	406,715
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司之業績		(552)	2,598
Share of result of a joint venture	應佔一家合資企業之業績		1,342	(2,552)
	カケイバ フケッパ イゴ		<b>700 700</b>	
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	10	588,500	406,761
Taxation	税項	12	(297,027)	(226,639)
Profit for the year	年度溢利		291,473	180,122
Profit for the year attributable to:	應佔年度溢利如下:			
Owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人		283,448	174,993
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		8,025	5,129
			291,473	180,122
Earnings per share (HK cents)	每股盈利(港仙)	14		
– Basic	-基本		14.38	8.88

# Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收益表

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		一令一 中 HK\$'000 千港元	一令一令十 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit for the year	年度溢利	291,473	180,122
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益		
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:	其後可重新分類至損益表之 項目:		
Exchange difference arising from translation of:  - subsidiaries  - a joint venture  - associates	換算時產生之匯兑差額: -附屬公司 -一家合資企業 -聯營公司	401,881 6,065 284	659,685 10,378 375
Item that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	將不會重新分類至損益表之 項目:		
Fair value gain on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (net of deferred tax)	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 股本工具之公平值收益 (經扣除遞延税項)	35,264	10,814
Other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他全面收益	443,494	681,252
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額	734,967	861,374
Total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔全面收益總額如下:	730 71 4	0// 020
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益	720,714 14,253	846,030 15,344
		734,967	861,374

### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	—◆二 <sup>-</sup> 年 HK\$'000 千港元	一令一令年 HK\$'000 千港元
	N. N. at March			
Non-Current Assets	非流動資產			
Fixed assets	固定資產 一投資物業	15	9 509 947	0.211.620
<ul><li>Investment properties</li><li>Property, plant and equipment</li></ul>	- 牧員初来 - 物業、廠房及設備	15 16	8,598,847 229,732	8,311,639 258,202
Goodwill	商譽	18	33,288	33,288
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	27	-	37,941
Interests in associates	於聯營公司之權益	19	13,962	14,225
Interest in a joint venture	於一家合資企業之權益	20	183,147	175,740
Club debentures	會所債券		515	515
Equity instruments at fair value through	按公平值計入其他全面收益之			
other comprehensive income	股本工具	21	293,452	408,816
Pledged bank deposit	抵押銀行存款	35	84,172	218,721
Other receivable	其他應收賬款		2,361	2,361
			0 420 476	0 //1 //0
			9,439,476	9,461,448
Current Assets	流動資產			
Properties under development	發展中物業	17	4,734,530	4,348,666
Properties held for sale	待售物業	1/	1,573,112	1,547,246
Trade and other receivables and	應收貿易賬款、其他應收賬款		_,,,,,	1,5 1, ,2 10
prepayments	及預付款項	23(a)	222,781	297,962
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之財務資產	(.,)	,	
profit or loss		22	101,593	90,302
Inventories	存貨	23(b)	3,754	4,212
Pledged bank deposits	抵押銀行存款	35	_	912,755
Bank deposit	銀行存款	23(c)	13,490	13,039
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	23(c)	4,445,869	3,711,525
			11,095,129	10,925,707
			11,0/3,12/	10,727,707
Current Liabilities	流動負債			
Trade and other payables and accruals	應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款			
1 -7	及預提費用	23(d)	709,464	732,465
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23(e)	7,536	7,645
Contract liabilities	合約負債	23(f)	208,603	46,874
Tax liabilities	税項負債		4,200,054	4,105,724
Borrowings	借款	26	29,433	735,263
			5,155,090	5,627,971
			2,122,070	7,02/,7/1
Net Current Assets	流動資產淨值		5,940,039	5,297,736
Total Assets Less Current Liabilities	總資產減流動負債		15,379,515	14,759,184

#### Consolidated Statement of Financial Position 綜合財務狀況表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
C v L In	次十五战胜			
Capital and Reserves	資本及儲備	0/	005 512	005.512
Share capital	股本	24	985,512	985,512
Share premium and reserves	股份溢價及儲備		12,515,438	11,903,130
	七八 司楼坐柱七 1 座儿楼坐			
Equity attributable to owners	本公司權益持有人應佔權益			
of the Company	W 15 mm mm 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		13,500,950	12,888,642
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益		337,485	327,732
Total Equity	總權益		13,838,435	13,216,374
Non-Current Liabilities	非流動負債			
Other payables	其他應付賬款	23(d)	23,194	12,541
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	23(e)	4,209	11,745
Borrowings	借款	26	264,900	284,495
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	27	1,248,777	1,234,029
			1,541,080	1,542,810
			15,379,515	14,759,184

The consolidated financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 25th March, 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

綜合財務報表已於二零二二年三月二十五 日經由董事局批准並授權刊發,並由下列 董事代表簽署:

Hsu Feng 徐 楓 Chairman 主席 Albert Tong 湯子同 Vice-Chairman 副主席

# Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益特有人應佔

Share   Sha							17	千石 马油 制订出入场口	三岛						
Share   Share   Share   Special redumpion remained and capital and premium reserved (b) reserved (c) reser						Capital	Foreign	Enterprises		Statutory			Total	Non-	
ury, 20,20         放三學學子用一目         PREADING READING			Share	Share		redemption	translation	expansion	Investment		Revaluation	Retained	capital and	controlling	Total
Reference for the year   程度を前に高き類   2000   Reference for the year   程度を可能を表現   2000   Reference for the year   2000   Reference for the year   程度を可能を表現   2000			capital	premium	reserves (a) 特別	reserve (b) 答本暗回	reserves	reserve (c) 企業發展	reserve	reserve (d) 決定盈餘	reserve	earnings (e) 保留	reserves	interests 非粹股	equity
uny, 2020         於学写字字字中月一目         HKS'000			股本	股份溢價	储備(a)	(P)	儲備	ボダル 儲備(c)	投資儲備	近 (P) 開催(q)	重估儲備	斯利(e)	は は 情 編 額	飛車権益	総 権 益
carriang from         換手序生之應是塞爾:         C 49,70         40,1473         27.387         8.866,526         12.59,425           carriang from         換手序生之應是塞爾:         C 49,70         C 49,70         C 49,70         C 49,70         C 49,70         C 49,70         C 49,470			HK\$'000 十海片	HK\$'000 千緒元	HK\$*000 千緒元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$*000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千緒元	HK\$'000 十稀儿	HK\$'000 千稀元	HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
cearising from         換算時產生之應兑差額:         C	Balance at 1st January, 2020	1	985,512	776,974	296,276	72,014	562,016	44,704	223,543	401,473	27,387	8,869,526	12,259,425	312,388	312,388 12,571,813
e         一家台資企業         -         -         -         649,470         -         <	Exchange difference arising from translation of:	換算時產生之匯兑差額:													
e         一家台資企業         - </td <td>– subsidiaries</td> <td>附屬公司</td> <td>I</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>1</td> <td>649,470</td> <td>ı</td> <td>1</td> <td>ı</td> <td>I</td> <td>I</td> <td>649,470</td> <td>10,215</td> <td>659,685</td>	– subsidiaries	附屬公司	I	1	1	1	649,470	ı	1	ı	I	I	649,470	10,215	659,685
cquity instruments at big by method comprehensive income for the year         性处平值計入其他全面收益之 (經扣除遷延稅項)         一	– a joint venture	——家合資企業	1	1	1	I	10,378	1	1	1	ı	ı	10,378	ı	10,378
gycytelly Lighteen ax Schriebersive leferred tax)         按公平值計人其他全面收益之         Acquity instruments are properly instruments at six value and recomprehensive income for the year are repaired to a comprehensive income for the year are re	– associates	-聯營公司	I	I	I	I	375	ı	I	ı	I	I	375	I	375
recerted tax)         件度溢利         -	Fair value gain on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 股本工具之公平值收益 (經知於遜茲報項)							71001				70001		, 10 OL
ive income for the year	income (net of deferred tax) Profit for the year	(近3年) (近3年) (元4年) (元4年) (元4年) (元4年) (元4年)	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	10,014	1 1	1 1	174.993	10,014	5.129	10,614
年度全面收益總額660,223-10,814174,993846,030B 本工具 派付二零一九年度股息(附註13)119(119)-於二零二零年十二月三十一日 之結餘985,512560,161296,27672,0141,222,23944,704234,476401,47327,3879,044,40012,888,642															
股本工具     -	Total comprehensive income for the year			I	I	I	660,223	I	10,814	I	I	174,993	846,030	15,344	861,374
派付二零一九年度股息(附註13) - (216,813) (216,813) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日 之結餘 234,476 401,473 27,387 9,044,400 12,888,642	through other comprehensive income		ı	I	I	I	I	ı	119	ı	1	(119)	ı	1	ı
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 之結餘 985,512 560,161 296,276 72,014 1,222,239 44,704 234,476 401,473 27,387 9,044,400 12,888,642	Dividend paid for 2019 (Note 13)	派付二零一九年度股息(附註13)	1	(216,813)	I	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	(216,813)	1	(216,813)
767,712 760,161 276,470 12,888,694 44,704 44,704 47,470 47,470 75,787 76,787 76,787 76,888,400 12,888,400	Balance at 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 > 4 4 %	200		720,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	, or	757766	77, 107	1000	007 77 00	67,000 61	100	75071001
		く温琴	215,686	560,161	796,2/0	72,014	1,222,259	44,/04	724,4/0	401,4/5	/95,/7	9,044,400	12,888,642	75/,/75	15,216,5/4

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity 綜合權益變動表

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司權益持有人應佔

		Share capital 股本 HK\$'000	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Special reserves (a) 特別 儲蓄(a) HKK\$'000 干港元	Capital redemption reserve (b) 資本撥回 儲備(b) HK\$'000	Foreign currencies translation reserves 外幣兑換 儲備 HKS'000	Enterprises expansion reserve (c) 企業發展 儲備(c) HK\$'000	Investment reserve 投資儲備 HK\$'000	Statutory surplus reserve (d) 法定盈餘 醋什(d) HK\$*000	autrory surplus Revaluation Retained serve (d) reserve earnings (e) (定盈餘 備值) 重估儲備 溢利(e) IK\$'000 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 F港元 千港元 千港元	reserve carnings (e) Regimed Reserve (e) Regimed Regi	Total capital and reserves 資本及 儲蓄體繳額 HKS'0000 千港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股 股東權益 HK\$'000	Total equity 總權益 HK\$'000
Balance at 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日 之結餘	985,512	560,161	296,276	72,014	72,014 1,222,239	44,704	234,476	401,473	27,387	9,044,400	9,044,400 12,888,642	327,732	327,732 13,216,374
Exchange difference arising from translation of:  - subsidiaries  - a joint venture  - asociates Fair value gain on equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (net of deferred tax) Profit for the year	換算時產生之匯兑差額:	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	395,653 6,065 284	1 1 1 1 1	35,264	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	283,448	395,653 6,065 284 35,264 283,448	6,228	401,881 6,065 284 35,264 291,473
Total comprehensive income for the year Cancellation and extinguishment of equity instrument at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 21)  Transfer from retained profits of a subsidiary to statutory surplus reserve Dividend paid for 2020 (Note 13)  Dividend paid to non-controlling shareholder	年度全面收益總額 註銷及終絶按公平值計入其他 全面收益之股本工具(附註21) 由附屬公司保留證利轉撥至 法定盈餘儲備 派付二零二零年度股息(附註13) 派付非控股股東股息	1 1 1 1	- (108,406)	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	402,002	1 1 1 1	35,264 (85,652)	8,217	1 1 1 1	283,448 85,652 (8,217)	720,714	14,253	734,967
Balance at 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之結餘	985,512	451,755	296,276	72,014	72,014 1,624,241	44,704	184,088	409,690	27,387	9,405,283	9,405,283 13,500,950	337,485	337,485 13,838,435

### Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

### 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

Notes:

- (a) The special reserves of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") arose from the difference between the aggregate amount of the then share capital and share premium account of Tomson Investment Limited, the former holding company of the Group, and the nominal amount of the Company's shares issued pursuant to a scheme of arrangement in 1989.
- (b) Capital redemption reserve arose from repurchase of shares. The amounts represent the nominal amount of the shares repurchased.
- (c) The enterprises expansion reserve is an appropriation from retained earnings in relation to tax concession granted by the relevant government authorities. This reserve is only used for the future development or expansion of that company where concession is granted.
- (d) The statutory surplus reserve ("SSR") is an appropriation from retained earnings by subsidiaries of the Company in the Mainland of the People's Republic of China ("Mainland China"). In accordance with the Company Law of the Mainland China, the Mainland China subsidiaries of the Company are required to allocate 10% of their profit after tax to the SSR until such reserve reaches 50% of the registered capital of that subsidiary. The SSR may be converted to increase capital subject to certain restrictions set out in the Company Law of the Mainland China.
- (e) Of the retained earnings of HK\$9,405,283,000 (2020: HK\$9,044,400,000), retained earnings of HK\$11,013,000 (2020: HK\$9,671,000) and accumulated losses of HK\$6,066,000 (2020: HK\$5,514,000) are attributable to a joint venture and associates of the Group respectively.

附註:

- (a) 本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)之 特別儲備為本集團先前之控股公司湯臣 投資有限公司之當時股本及股份溢價賬 總額與本公司於一九八九年根據一項協 議計劃發行股份之面值之差額。
- (b) 資本贖回儲備源自回購股份。該等金額 為購回的股份票面價值金額。
- (c) 企業發展儲備乃由有關政府機構給予稅 務優惠而撥自保留溢利。此儲備只用於 獲稅務優惠之公司作日後發展或擴展之 用。
- (d) 法定盈餘儲備是本公司在中華人民共和國內地(「中國內地」)的附屬公司從保留溢利提撥的款項。根據中國內地之公司法,本公司的中國內地附屬公司須分配除稅後溢利的10%至法定盈餘儲備,直至該儲備達到該附屬公司的註冊資本的50%。法定盈餘儲備可轉換,以提高資本,惟須遵照中國內地之公司法所載的若干限制。
- (e) 於保留溢利9,405,283,000 港元(二零二零年:9,044,400,000港元)中,本集團應佔一家合資企業之保留溢利及聯營公司之累計虧損分別為11,013,000 港元(二零二零年:9,671,000港元)及6,066,000港元(二零二零年:5,514,000港元)。

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		2021	2020
		二零二一年 HK\$'000	二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	經營業務		
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	588,500	406,761
Adjustments for:	經以下調整:		
Share of results of associates	應佔聯營公司之業績	552	(2,598)
Share of result of a joint venture	應佔一家合資企業之業績	(1,342)	2,552
Interest expenses	利息開支	22,270	40,716
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備折舊	42,346	45,044
Net impairment losses on trade and	(撥回)確認應收貿易賬款及		•
other receivables (reversed) recognised		(182)	822
Net (gain) loss on disposal/write off of	出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設備之	(7.0)	
property, plant and equipment	(收益)虧損淨額	(516)	4,854
Loss on fair value changes of investment properties	投資物業公平值變動時產生之 虧損	3,540	12,329
(Gain) loss on fair value changes of	按公平值計入損益之財務資產	3,510	12,32)
financial assets at fair value through	公平值變動時產生之(收益)		
profit or loss	虧損	(5,345)	13,426
Interest income	利息收入	(76,865)	(165,267)
Dividends from equity instruments	按公平值計入其他全面收益之		
at fair value through other	股本工具之股息收入	(22 200)	(26.046)
comprehensive income		(23,209)	(26,046)
Operating cash flows before movements	答軍資全緣動前之經營租全流		
in working capital	百足兵业交为的之社百元业加	549,749	332,593
			00-,570
Decrease in properties held for sale	待售物業減少	12,435	368,537
(Increase) decrease in trade and other	應收貿易賬款、其他應收賬款及	()	
receivables and prepayments	預付款項(增加)減少 按公平值計入損益之財務資產	(9,071)	23,508
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	增加	(5,946)	(103,728)
Decrease in inventories	存貨減少	603	76
Decrease in trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及		, -
and accruals	預提費用減少	(42,656)	(55,920)
Increase (decrease) in contract liabilities	合約負債增加(減少)	163,349	(246,879)
Increase in properties under	發展中物業增加	(235,468)	(70,690)
development		(233,408)	(70,690)
Cash from operations	經營業務產生之現金	432,995	247,497
Income taxes (paid) refunded	(已付)已退回所得税	(349,399)	74,200
4		(= 2,222)	
NET CASH FROM OPERATING	經營業務產生之現金淨額		
ACTIVITIES		83,596	321,697

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

### 綜合現金流量表

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
INVESTING ACTIVITIES	投資活動		
Withdrawal of pledged bank deposits	提取已抵押銀行存款	1,086,435	260,786
Withdrawal of time deposit with	提取原到期日三個月以上	_,,	
original maturity over three months	之定期存款	_	12,333
Placement of pledged bank deposits	裁造抵押銀行存款 2024年展刊#11月日   1911日   1911日	_	(134,280)
Placement of time deposit with	裁造原到期日三個月以上 2007年2月		(4.2.020)
original maturity over three months	之定期存款	(2.225)	(13,039)
Additions in investment properties	添置投資物業 際原五部供	(3,295)	(8,654)
Purchase of property, plant and	購置物業、廠房及設備	(6.2/5)	(=0.60=)
equipment	コルが白	(6,247)	(70,627)
Interest received	已收利息 按八亚体制 1 其他 2 至此关	168,281	76,848
Dividends from equity instruments at fair value through other	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 股本工具之股息收入		
comprehensive income		23,209	26,046
Dividend from a joint venture	收取一家合資企業之股息		ŕ
(net of withholding tax)	(已扣除扣繳税)	_	15,582
Proceeds on disposal of equity	出售按公平值計入其他全面收益		- ,-
instrument at fair value through	之股本工具之所得款項		
other comprehensive income		_	1,752
Receipt of cancellation price of	註銷及終絕按公平值計入		
cancellation and extinguishment of	其他全面收益之股本工具		
equity instrument at fair value through	所收取之註銷價		
other comprehensive income		166,190	_
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant	出售物業、廠房及設備之		
and equipment	所得款項	1,180	57
(Advance to) repayment from	一家聯營公司之(墊款)還款		
an associate		(5)	7
NET CASH FROM INVESTING	投資活動產生之現金淨額		
ACTIVITIES	<b>以貝山別座工~</b>	1,435,748	166,811

### Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

		Notes 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>副次</b> 还到			
	<b>融資活動</b> 新增借款	20		21/ 012
New borrowings raised	が 信 環 借款	30	(725 722)	216,813
Repayment of borrowings	已付利息	30 30	(735,733) (23,406)	(509,010)
Interest paid Cash dividend paid	已付現金股息	30	(108,406)	(42,381) (216,813)
Repayment of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債		(7,645)	(7,958)
Dividend paid to non-controlling	已付非控股股東股息		(/,01)	(7,770)
shareholder	11 7		(4,500)	_
0.000			(-)2)	
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING	融資活動所用之現金淨額			
ACTIVITIES	而其旧 <i>为</i> ////1人处亚伊 限		(879,690)	(559,349)
110111111111111111111111111111111111111			(0/7,070)	())),()
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN	現金及現金等值項目淨額			
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			639,654	(70,841)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於一月一日之現金及		037,074	(/0,041)
AT 1ST JANUARY	現金等值項目		3,711,525	3,654,035
EFFECT OF FOREIGN EXCHANGE			3,711,525	3,071,037
RATE CHANGES	The Later of the L		94,690	128,331
			,	,001
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	於十二月三十一日之現金及			
AT 31ST DECEMBER,	現金等值項目,			
represented by cash and bank balances			4,445,869	3,711,525
	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		=,==5,507	2,, 11,020

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in the Cayman Islands and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The addresses of the registered office and principal place of business of the Company are disclosed in the Corporate Information of the annual report.

The principal activities of the Group for the year were property development and investment, hospitality and leisure business, securities trading, as well as operation of and investment in media and entertainment business.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

# 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS ("HKFRSs")

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to HKFRSs issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the annual period beginning on or after 1st January, 2021 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKFRS 16

COVID-19 – Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2

In addition, the Group applied the agenda decision of the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretations Committee (the "Committee") of the International Accounting Standards Board issued in June 2021 which clarified the costs an entity should include as "estimated costs necessary to make the sale" when determining the net realisable value of inventories.

### 1. 一般資料

本公司為一家於開曼群島註冊成立之 公眾有限公司,其股份於香港聯合交 易所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。本公 司之註冊辦事處及主要營業地點之地 址已於年報之公司資料中披露。

本集團於本年度內之主要業務為物業 發展及投資、款客及消閒業務、證券 買賣以及經營及投資媒體及娛樂業 務。

綜合財務報表以港元呈列,其亦為本 公司的功能貨幣。

### 應用新訂《香港財務報告 準則》及其修訂本

本集團已於本年度內首次應用由香港 會計師公會頒佈並自二零二一年一月 一日或之後開始之年度期間強制生效 之《香港財務報告準則》之修訂本,以 編製本集團綜合財務報表:

《香港財務報告準則》 第16號(修訂本)

2019冠狀病毒 病-相關租 金優惠

《香港財務報告準則》 第9號、《香港會計 準則》第39號、《香港 財務報告準則》第7號、 《香港財務報告準則》 第4號及《香港財務報告 準則》第16號(修訂本)

利率基準改革-第2階段

此外,本集團應用了國際會計準則委員會轄下國際財務報告準則解釋委員會(「該委員會」)於二零二一年六月發佈之議程決議,釐清實體在釐定存貨的可變現淨值時應計入「銷售所需的估計成本」之成本。

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

Except as described below, the application of the amendments to HKFRSs in the current year had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

### Impacts on application of the agenda decision of the Committee – Cost necessary to sell inventories (HKAS 2 "Inventories")

The Group's accounting policy prior to the Committee's agenda decision was to determine the net realisable value of inventories taking into consideration incremental costs only. Upon application of the Committee's agenda decision, the Group changed its accounting policy to determine the net realisable value of inventories taking into consideration both incremental costs and other cost necessary to sell inventories. The new accounting policy has been applied retrospectively.

The application of the Committee's agenda decision has had no material impact on the Group's financial positions and performance.

### 2. 應用新訂《香港財務報告 準則》及其修訂本(續)

除了下文所述者外,於本年度應用 《香港財務報告準則》之修訂本對本集 團於本期間及過往期間之財務狀況及 表現及/或該等綜合財務報表所載之 披露並無重大影響。

### 應用該委員會之議程決議-銷售所需的估計成本(《香港 會計準則》第2號「存貨」)之影響

在該委員會的議程決議之前,本集團 的會計政策是在確定存貨可變現淨值 時只考慮增量成本。應用該委員會的 議程決議後,本集團改變確定存貨的 變現淨值的會計政策,同時考慮增量 成本及銷售存貨所需的其他成本。新 會計政策已追溯應用。

應用該委員會之議程決議對本集團的 財務狀況及表現並無重大影響。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HONG KONG FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

(Continued)

The Group has not early applied the following new HKFRS and amendments to HKFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

HKFRS 17	Insurance Contracts and the related Amendments <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture <sup>4</sup>
Amendments to HKFRS 16	COVID-19 – Related Rent Concessions beyond 30th June, 2021 <sup>1</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current and related amendments to Hong Kong Interpretation 5 (2020) <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transacton <sup>3</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract <sup>2</sup>
Amendments to HKFRSs	Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 <sup>2</sup>

- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st April, 2021.
- <sup>2</sup> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2022.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1st January, 2023.
- Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined.

The Directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all above new HKFRS and amendments to HKFRSs will have no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

### 2. 應用新訂《香港財務報告 準則》及其修訂本(續)

本集團尚未提早應用以下已頒佈但尚 未生效之新訂《香港財務報告準則》及 其修訂本:

《香港財務報告準則》 保險合約及相關修訂本<sup>3</sup> 第17號

《香港財務報告準則》 第3號(修訂本) 就概念框架之提述2

《香港財務報告準則》 第10號及《香港會計 準則》第28號(修訂本)

投資者與其聯營公司 或合資企業間資產出售 或投入<sup>4</sup>

华州/第28號(修司平 《香港財務報告準則》 第16號(修訂本)

2019冠狀病毒病 -於二零二一年六月三十 日後相關之租金優惠<sup>1</sup>

《香港會計準則》 分類負債為流動或非流動 第1號(修訂本) 及相關香港詮釋第5號 之修訂(二零二零年)3

《香港會計準則》第1號及 《香港財務報告準則》 實務報告第2號

會計政策披露3

實務報告第2號 (修訂本)

《香港會計準則》第8號 會計估計的定義3

《香港會計準則》第12號 (修訂本)

(修訂本)

與單一交易產生的資產及 負債相關的遞延税項<sup>3</sup>

Plant and Equipment – Proceeds 《香港會計準則》第16號 Intended Use<sup>2</sup> (修訂本)

《香港會計準則》第16號 物業、廠房及設備一擬定 (修訂本) 用途前之所得款項<sup>2</sup> 《香港會計準則》第37號 虧損性合約一履行合約之

(修訂本) 《香港財務報告準則》 成本<sup>2</sup> 對二零一八年至

(修訂本)

二零二零年週期《香港財務報告準則》的年度

改進2

- 於二零二一年四月一日或其後開始 之年度期間生效。
- <sup>2</sup> 於二零二二年一月一日或其後開始 之年度期間生效。
- 3 於二零二三年一月一日或其後開始 之年度期間生效。
- 4 於將釐定之日期或其後開始之年度 期間生效。

本公司董事預期應用以上所有新訂《香港財務報告準則》及其修訂本將對本集團於可見將來之綜合財務報表並 無重大影響。

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by HKICPA. For the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements, information is considered material if such information is reasonably expected to influence decisions made by primary users. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The Directors of the Company have, at the time of approving the consolidated financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for investment properties and certain financial instruments, which are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16 "Leases", and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 or value in use in HKAS 36 "Impairment of Assets".

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策

本綜合財務報表乃按照香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務報告準則》編製。 就編製綜合財務報表而言,倘有關資料合理預期會影響主要使用者作出的 決定,則有關資料被視為重大。此外,綜合財務報表亦載有聯交所《證券上市規則》(「《上市規則》」)及香港《公司條例》所規定之適用披露事項。

本公司董事在批准綜合財務報表時合 理地預期本集團有足夠的資源在可預 見的未來持續經營。因此,其繼續採 用持續經營的會計基準編製綜合財務 報表。

如下列會計政策所述,本綜合財務報表乃按照歷史成本基準編製,惟投資物業及若干金融工具按公平值計算除外。

歷史成本一般根據商品及服務交換所 得代價之公平值而釐定。

公平值為於計量日期市場參與者按 有序交易出售一項資產而將收取或 轉移一項負債而將支付之價格,而不 論該價格是否可直接觀察或須運用另 一種估值技術作出估計。倘市場參與 者於計量日期對資產或負債定價時會 考慮資產或負債之特點,則本集團於 估計資產或負債之公平值時將考慮該 等特點。此等綜合財務報表中作計量 及/或披露用途之公平值乃按此基準 釐定,惟屬於《香港財務報告準則》第 2號「股權支付」範圍之股權支付之交 易、根據《香港財務報告準則》第16號 「租賃」列賬之租賃交易,以及與公平 值有部份類似地方但並非公平值之計 量(如《香港會計準則》第2號之可變現 淨值或《香港會計準則》第36號「資產 減值」之使用價值)則除外。

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## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

非財務資產之公平值計量乃經計及一 名市場參與者透過使用其資產之最高 及最佳用途或透過將資產出售予將使 用其最高及最佳用途之另一名市場參 與者而能夠產生經濟利益之能力。

此外,就財務報告而言,按公平值計量之輸入數據之可觀察程度及公平值計量之輸入數據對其整體之重要性而定,公平值計量可分類為第一級、第二級或第三級,詳情如下:

- 第一級輸入數據乃實體於計量 日期可以取得之相同資產或負 債於活躍市場中之未經調整報 價;
- 第二級輸入數據乃除第一級計 入之報價外,就資產或負債可 直接或間接觀察之輸入數據;
   及
- 第三級輸入數據乃資產或負債 之非可觀察輸入數據。

主要會計政策載列如下。

### 綜合基準

綜合財務報表包括本公司及本公司所 控制實體及其附屬公司之財務報表。 本公司在下列情況下擁有控制權:

- 擁有對被投資方之權力;
- 因參與被投資方之營運而可獲 得或有權獲得可變回報;及
- 擁有對被投資方使用其權力影響其回報之能力。

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Basis of consolidation (Continued)

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. The results of subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date of the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each item of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Where necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with those used by the Group.

All significant inter-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

Non-controlling interests in subsidiaries are presented separately from the Group's equity therein, which represent present ownership interest entitling their holders to a proportionate share of net assets of the relevant subsidiaries upon liquidation.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 綜合基準(續)

倘有事實及情況顯示上述三項控制因 素中有一項或以上出現變動,則本集 團會重新評估其是否對被投資方擁有 控制權。

當本集團取得對附屬公司之控制權時開始對其綜合入賬,並當本集團喪失對附屬公司之控制權時對其終止綜合入賬。於年內收購或出售附屬公司之業績自本集團取得附屬公司控制權之日期起直至本集團不再控制附屬公司之日止於綜合損益表內列賬。

損益及每項其他全面收益會分配予本公司權益持有人及非控股股東權益。 附屬公司之全面收益總額由本公司權 益持有人及非控股股東權益應佔,即 使此舉將導致非控股股東權益結餘為 負數。

倘有需要,本集團會對附屬公司之財 務報表作出調整,使其會計政策與本 集團所採用者保持一致。

本集團內公司之間所有重要交易、結 餘、收入及開支均於綜合計算時撤 銷。

附屬公司中之非控股股東權益與本集 團於其中之權益分開呈列,而其指賦 予其持有人於相關附屬公司清盤時可 按比例分佔資產淨值之現時擁有權權 益。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of net assets and operations of another entity for which the agreement date is before 1st January, 2005 represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the relevant acquiree at the date of acquisition.

From 1st January, 2005 onward, the Group will carry goodwill at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is presented separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill arising from an acquisition is allocated to each of the relevant cash-generating units, or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the acquisition. A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. For goodwill arising on an acquisition in a financial year, the cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment before the end of that financial year. When the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit first, and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognised directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

On subsequent disposal of the relevant cash-generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill capitalised is included in the determination of the amount of profit or loss on disposal.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 商譽

因收購另一實體的淨資產及業務產生的商譽(收購之協議日期為二零零五年一月一日前),乃指收購成本於收購日超出本集團應佔有關被收購公司之可識別資產及負債的公平值權益的差額。

自二零零五年一月一日開始,本集團 將商譽按成本減去任何累計減值虧損 入賬。

收購業務所產生的商譽在綜合財務狀 況表單獨呈列。

就減值測試而言,因收購產生之商譽 會分配至預期自收購所產生協同效益 受惠之各有關現金產生單位或多個現 金產生單位。商譽所分配之現金產生 單位會每年進行減值測試,及於有 跡象顯示該單位可能出現減值時進行 減值測試。就於財政年度因收購產生 之商譽而言,商譽所分配之現金產生 單位會於該財政年度結束前進行減值 測試。倘現金產生單位之可收回數額 少於其賬面值,則減值虧損會先用作 減低任何分配至該單位之商譽之賬面 值,其後則按該單位內各項資產賬面 值之比例分配至該單位之其他資產。 任何商譽減值虧損乃直接於綜合損益 表內確認,商譽減值虧損不會於往後 期間撥回。

於往後出售相關現金產生單位時,其 應佔資本化商譽金額會計入以釐定出 售之損益金額。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Interests in associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The results and assets and liabilities of associates and joint ventures are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, investments in associates or joint ventures are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise the Group's share of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate or joint venture, less any identified impairment loss. When the Group's share of losses of an associate or a joint venture exceeds its interest in that associate or joint venture (which includes any long-term interests that, in substance, form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or joint venture), the Group discontinues recognising its share of further losses. Additional losses are recognised only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payment on behalf of that associate or joint venture.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 於聯營公司及合資企業之權益

聯營公司為一家本集團對其行使重大 影響力的實體。重大影響力乃有權參 與被投資公司之財務及經營政策之決 策而非控制或共同控制該等政策。

合資企業指一項合營安排,對安排擁 有共同控制權之訂約方據此對合營安 排之資產淨值擁有權利。共同控制權 指按照合約協定對一項安排所共有之 控制權,僅在相關活動必須獲得共同 享有控制權之各方一致同意方能決定 時存在。

聯營公司及合資企業之業績及資產與 負債以會計權益法計入此等綜合財務 報表內。根據權益法,於聯營公司或 合資企業之投資乃按成本於綜合財務 狀況表列賬,並於隨後作出調整, 以確認本集團應佔聯營公司或合資企 業之損益及其他全面收益減任何已識 別減值虧損。當本集團應佔聯營公司 或合資企業之虧損超出於該聯營公司 或合資企業之權益(包括任何實際為 本集團於該聯營公司或合資企業之淨 投資部份之任何長期權益)時,本集 團將終止確認其應佔之進一步虧損。 倘本集團須向聯營公司或合資企業承 擔法律或推定義務,或須代其支付款 項,方會確認額外虧損。

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### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Interests in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

The associate's and joint venture's financial statements used for the application of equity method of accounting are prepared using uniform accounting policies with the Group for transactions and events in similar circumstances.

The Group assesses whether there is an objective evidence that the interest in associates or joint ventures may be impaired. When any objective evidence exists, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment in accordance with HKAS 36 as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognised is not allocated to any asset, including goodwill, that forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognised in accordance with HKAS 36 to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. When a group entity transacts with an associate or a joint venture of the Group, profits or losses are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the relevant associate or joint venture.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 於聯營公司及合資企業之權益

應用會計權益法編製聯營公司及合資 企業之財務報表時,本集團在處理類 近情況下交易及事件時採用統一會計 政策。

本集團評估於聯營公司或合資企業之權益是否可能有減值之客觀證據。於存在任何客觀證據時,該項投資之全部賬則》第36號以單一資產的方法是比較其值測試,方法是比較其可收區者的較高者)與其賬面值。任何資產(包括商譽)。有關減值虧損不會分配至構成該產(包括商譽)。有關減值虧損的任何撥產(包內於該項投資之可收回金額其後增加的情況下根據《香港會計準則》第36號確認。

本集團應佔可識別資產、負債及或然 負債之公平淨值超出收購成本之差額 (重估後)即時於綜合損益表內確認。 當一集團實體與本集團聯營公司或合 資企業進行交易時,溢利或虧損會以 本集團於相關聯營公司或合資企業之 權益予以撤銷。

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Interests in associates and joint ventures (Continued)

When the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in the investee with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. When the Group retains an interest in the former associate or joint venture and the retained interest is a financial asset within the scope of HKFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", the Group measures the retained interest at fair value at that date and the fair value is regarded as its fair value on initial recognition. The difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture and the fair value of any retained interest, and any proceeds from disposing of the relevant interests is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal of the associate or joint venture. In addition, the Group accounts for all amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate or joint venture on the same basis as would be required if that associate or joint venture had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. Therefore, if a gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income by that associate or joint venture would be reclassified to profit or loss on the disposal of the related assets or liabilities, the Group reclassifies the gain or loss from equity to profit or loss (as a reclassification adjustment) upon disposal/partial disposal of the relevant associate or joint venture.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 於聯營公司及合資企業之權益

當本集團對聯營公司或合資企業不再 有重大影響時,則入賬列為出售該被 投資公司之全數權益,產生之收益或 虧損於損益中確認。當本集團保留於 前聯營公司或合資企業的權益及該保 留權益為一項《香港財務報告準則》第 9號「金融工具」範圍內之財務資產, 則本集團按於該日的公平值計量該保 留權益,而該公平值乃視為其首次確 認時的公平值。聯營公司或合資企業 之賬面值及任何保留權益之公平值與 任何出售相關權益所得款項之差額, 會於釐定出售該聯營公司或合資企業 之收益或虧損時計入。此外,本集團 會將先前在其他全面收益就該聯營公 司或合資企業確認之所有金額入賬, 基準與該聯營公司或合資企業直接出 售相關資產或負債所需基準相同。因 此,倘該聯營公司或合資企業先前已 於其他全面收益確認之收益或虧損, 會於出售相關資產或負債時重新分類 至損益。本集團會於出售/部份出售 相關聯營公司或合資企業時將收益或 虧損由權益重新分類至損益(作為重 新分類調整)。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when a group entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognised and derecognised on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value except for trade receivables arising from contracts with customers which are initially measured in accordance with HKFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers". Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at FVTPL are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating interest income and interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts and payments (including all fees paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial asset or financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具

財務資產及財務負債乃當集團實體成 為金融工具合約條文之訂約方時確 認。所有財務資產之日常買賣乃按交 易日基準確認及取消確認。日常財務 資產買賣指須根據市場規例或慣例確 立之時間內交付之資產。

實際利率法乃計算財務資產或財務負債之攤銷成本及按有關期間攤分利息收入及利息開支之方法。實際利率指按財務資產或財務負債預計可使用年期或較短期間(如適用),將估計日後現金收入及付款(包括所有所支付或所收取能構成整體實際利率之費用、交易成本及其他溢價或折讓)準確貼現至首次確認時之賬面淨值之利率。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets

### Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

All other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL, except that at initial recognition of a financial asset the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in fair value of an equity investment in other comprehensive income if that equity investment is not held for trading.

A financial asset is held for trading if:

- it has been acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term; or
- on initial recognition it is a part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that the Group manages together and has a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- it is a derivative that is not designated and effective as a hedging instrument.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產

### 財務資產之分類及其後計量

符合下列條件之財務資產其後按攤銷 成本計量:

- 根據商業模式以收取合約現金 流量為目的而持有之財務資 產;及
- 合約條款於指定日期產生之現 金流量僅為支付本金及未償還 本金之利息。

所有其他財務資產其後按公平值計入 損益計量,惟在首次確認財務資產之 日期,倘該股本投資並非持作買賣, 本集團可不可撤銷地選擇於其他全面 收益呈列股本投資公平值之其後變 動。

倘符合下列條件,則財務資產為待售:

- 其收購之主要目的為短期出售;或
- 於首次確認時其為本集團共同 管理之可識別金融工具組合之 一部份,並具有短期套利之近 期實際模式;或
- 其並非指定及作為有效之對沖 工具之衍生工具。

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## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(i) Amortised cost and interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method for financial assets measured subsequently at amortised cost. Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, except for financial assets that have subsequently become credit-impaired (see below). For financial assets that have subsequently become creditimpaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the amortised cost of the financial asset from the next reporting period. If the credit risk on the credit-impaired financial instrument improves so that the financial asset is no longer credit-impaired, interest income is recognised by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset from the beginning of the reporting period following the determination that the asset is no longer credit-impaired.

### (ii) Equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI")

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the investment reserve and are not subject to impairment assessment. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments, and will be transferred to retained earnings.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之分類及其後計量(續)

### (i) 攤銷成本及利息收入

其後按攤銷成本計量之財務資 產之利息收入乃按實際利率法 予以確認。利息收入乃對一項 財務資產賬面總值應用實際利 率予以計算,惟其後出現信 貸減值的財務資產除外(見下 文)。對於其後出現信貸減值之 財務資產,自下個報告期起, 利息收入乃按財務資產之攤銷 成本應用實際利率予以確認。 若信貸減值之金融工具的信貸 風險好轉,使財務資產不再有 信貸減值後,則自釐定有關資 產不再有信貸減值後之報告日 起,利息收入按財務資產之賬 面總值應用實際利率予以確認。

### (ii) 指定為按公平值計入其他 全面收益之股本工具

按公平值計入其他全面收益之 股本工具之投資其後按公平值 計量,其公平值變動所產生的 收益及虧損於其他全面收益中 確認及於投資儲備中累計及 須作減值評估。該累計收益或 虧損於出售股本投資時將不會 重新分類至損益,並將轉撥至 保留溢利。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Equity instruments designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income (Continued)

Dividends from these investments in equity instruments are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

### (iii) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or designated as FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL.

Financial assets at FVTPL are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period, with any fair value gains or losses recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss includes any dividend or interest earned on the financial asset.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

財務資產之分類及其後計量(續)

(ii) 指定為按公平值計入其他 全面收益之股本工具(續)

> 當本集團確認收取股息之權利 時,除該股息明確表示乃收回 部份投資成本外,該等來自投 資於股本工具之股息於綜合損 益表中確認。

### (iii) 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產

不符合按攤銷成本或指定為按 公平值計入其他全面收益準則 之財務資產按公平值計入損益 計量。

按公平值計入損益之財務資產 於各報告期末按公平值計量, 而任何公平值收益或虧損則在 綜合損益表中確認。在綜合損 益表中確認之收益或虧損淨額 包括財務資產所賺取之任何股 息或利息。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Impairment of financial assets

The Group performs impairment assessment under expected credit losses ("ECL") model on financial assets (including trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates, pledged bank deposits, bank deposit and bank balances) which are subject to impairment assessment under HKFRS 9. The amount of ECL is updated at each reporting date to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

Lifetime ECL represents the ECL that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of the relevant instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECL ("12m ECL") represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date. Assessment is done based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current conditions at the reporting date as well as the forecast of future conditions.

The Group always recognises lifetime ECL for trade receivables individually.

For other financial assets, the Group measures the loss allowance equal to 12m ECL, unless when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, in which case the Group recognises lifetime ECL. The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognised is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

### 財務資產之減值

本集團就根據《香港財務報告準則》第 9號須受減值評估規限之財務資產(包 括應收貿易賬款及其他應收賬款、聯 營公司欠款、抵押銀行存款、銀行存 款以及銀行結餘)使用預期信貸虧損 模式進行減值評估。預期信貸虧損款 項於各報告日期更新,以反映信貸風 險自首次確認以來之變動。

全期預期信貸虧損指相關工具於預計 年期內所有可能違約事件將產生之預 期信貸虧損。相反,12個月預期信貸 虧損指預計於報告日期後12個月內可 能發生之違約事件產生之部份全期預 期信貸虧損。評估乃根據本集團過往 信貸虧損經驗進行,並就債務人之特 定因素、一般經濟狀況以及對於報告 日期之當時狀況及未來狀況預測之評 估作出調整。

本集團一直就個別應收貿易賬款確認 全期預期信貸虧損。

就其他財務資產而言,本集團計量相 等於12個月預期信貸虧損之虧損撥 備,除非當信貸風險自首次確認以來 顯著增加,則本集團確認全期預期信 貸虧損。評估是否應確認全期預期信 貸虧損時,乃基於自首次確認以來發 生違約之可能性或風險顯著增加。

### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external (if available) or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread or the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

### 信貸風險顯著增加

於評估信貸風險自首次確認以來是 否顯著增加時,本集團對金融工具 於報告日期發生違約之風險與金融工 具於首次確認日期發生違約之風險作 比較。作出此評估時,本集團會考慮 具有合理及具支持性之定量及定性資 料,包括過往經驗及無需付出不必要 之成本或精力獲取之前瞻性資料。

具體而言,於評估信貸風險是否已顯 著增加時會考慮以下資料:

- 金融工具的外部(如有)或內部 信貸評級之實際或預期嚴重轉 差;
- 信貸風險之外部市場指標嚴重轉差(如債務人的信貸息差或信貸違約掉期價格顯著增加);
- 商業、金融或經濟情況目前或 預期有不利變動,預期將導致 債務人償還債項之能力顯著下 降;
- 實際或預期債務人經營之業績 嚴重轉差;及
- 債務人之監管、經濟或技術環境有實際或預期重大不利變動,導致債務人償還債項之能力顯著下降。

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### 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

### Definition of default

For internal credit risk management, the Group considers an event of default occurs when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above, the Group considers that default has occurred when the financial instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

#### 信貸風險顯著增加(續)

不論上述評估之結果,當合約付款已逾期超過30日,則本集團均假定信貸風險自首次確認以來顯著增加,除非本集團具有合理及具支持性之資料説明其他情況。

本集團定期監察就確定信貸風險是否 顯著增加所用標準之成效,並適時按 情況修訂有關標準,以確保其能夠於 款項逾期前發現信貸風險顯著增加。

### 違約之定義

就內部信貸風險管理而言,倘內部建立或自外部來源獲得之資料顯示債務 人不太可能向其債權人(包括本集團) 悉數付款(不考慮本集團持有之任何 抵押品),則本集團認為已發生違約 事件。

本集團認為,當金融工具已逾期超過 90日,則已經發生違約,除非本集團 具有合理及具支持性之資料説明更為 滯後之違約準則更為適用。

3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events of default that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- (a) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- (b) a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- (c) the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider; or
- (d) it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

### Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, for example, when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. A write-off constitutes a derecognition event. Any subsequent recoveries are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

#### 財務資產信貸減值

當發生一項或多項違約事件對該財務 資產的估計未來現金流量產生不利影 響時,該財務資產即為信貸減值。財 務資產信貸減值的證據包括可觀察到 的數據,例如下列事件:

- (a) 發行人或借款人的重大財務困 難;
- (b) 違反合約,如違約或逾期事件;
- (c) 向借款人作出貸款之貸款人出 於與借款人財政困難有關的經 濟或合約考慮,給予借款人在 其他情況下貸款人不會作出的 讓步;或
- (d) 借款人可能破產或進行其他財 務重組。

### 撤銷政策

當有資料顯示交易方陷入嚴重財政困難,且並無實際收回款項的可能時(例如交易方被清盤或進入破產程序),本集團會撤銷財務資產。經適當考慮法律意見後,已撤銷的財務資產可能仍可於本集團收回程序下被強制執行。撤銷構成取消確認事件。其後收回的任何款項於綜合損益表內確認。

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3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Measurement and recognition of ECL

The measurement of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data and forward-looking information. Estimation of ECL reflects an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights.

Generally, the ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition. For a lease receivable, the cash flows used for determining the ECL is consistent with the cash flows used in measuring the lease receivable in accordance with HKFRS 16.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost of the financial asset.

The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for all financial instruments by adjusting their carrying amount, with the exception of trade and other receivables and amounts due from associates where the corresponding adjustment is recognised through a loss allowance account.

3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

### 預期信貸虧損之計量及確認

預期信貸虧損之計量為違約概率、違約損失率(即出現違約時之損失幅度)及違約風險之函數。違約概率及違約損失率之評估乃根據過往數據及前瞻性資料進行。預期信貸虧損之估計反映無偏頗及概率加權之數額,其乃根據加權之相應違約風險而釐定。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃根據合約 到期支付予本集團之所有合約現金流 量與本集團預期收取之所有現金流量 之間之差異,並按首次確認時釐定之 實際利率貼現。對於租賃應收款項, 用於釐定預期信貸虧損的現金流量與 根據《香港財務報告準則》第16號計量 租賃應收款項時使用的現金流量一 致。

利息收入按財務資產的賬面總值計算,除非財務資產出現信貸減值,在 此情況下,利息收入按財務資產的攤 銷成本計算。

本集團透過調整所有金融工具之賬面 值於綜合損益表內確認該等工具之減 值收益或虧損,惟應收貿易賬款及其 他應收賬款以及聯營公司欠款則透過 虧損撥備賬確認相應調整。

## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

### Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

On derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Group has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investment reserve is not reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss, but is transferred to retained earnings.

#### Financial liabilities and equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by a group entity are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

財務資產(續)

#### 取消確認財務資產

僅當資產收取現金流量之合約權利已 屆滿,或本集團已將財務資產及當中 擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報轉讓予 另一實體時,本集團方會取消確認財 務資產。

於取消確認一項以攤銷成本計量之財 務資產時,該資產賬面值與已收及應 收代價總和之差額會於綜合損益表確 認。

取消確認一項本集團於首次確認時選擇按公平值計入其他全面收益計量之股本工具之投資時,先前於投資儲備內累計之累計收益或虧損不會重新分類至綜合損益表,但會轉撥至保留溢利。

### 財務負債及股本

由集團實體發行之債務及股本工具乃 根據已訂立合約安排之性質,與財務 負債及股本工具之定義分類。

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## 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial liabilities and equity (Continued)

### Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instrument is recognised and deducted directly in share capital for par value and in share premium for total amount paid in excess of par value. The same amount recognised in share capital will be transferred from share premium to capital redemption reserve. No gain or loss is recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities (including trade and other payables and borrowings) are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

### Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 金融工具(續)

財務負債及股本(續)

### 股本工具

股本工具乃任何可證明本集團資產中 擁有剩餘權益(經扣除其所有負債後) 之合約。由本公司發行之股本工具按 收取之款項扣除直接發行成本入賬。

購回本公司本身之股本工具乃直接於 股本按面值確認及扣除,並於股份溢 價按已付總額超出面值之差額確認及 扣除。於股本確認之同一金額將自股 份溢價轉撥至資本贖回儲備。購買、 出售、發行或註銷本公司本身股本工 具時不會於綜合損益表內確認盈虧。

#### 財務負債

所有財務負債(包括應付貿易賬款及 其他應付賬款,及借款)其後使用實 際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

#### 取消確認財務負債

本集團僅當責任獲解除、註銷或屆滿 時取消確認財務負債。獲取消確認之 財務負債之賬面值與已付及應付代價 之差額於綜合損益表內確認。

# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Investment properties**

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at fair values. Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of investment property are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the period in which they arise.

An investment property is derecognised upon disposal or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use or no future economic benefits is expected from its disposals. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the property (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which the property is derecognised.

### Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment, including leasehold land and buildings held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes other than construction work-in-progress, are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Construction work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. When the construction is completed and the asset is available for use, the related cost is transferred to appropriate category of property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the following policy.

If a property becomes an investment property because its use has changed as evidenced by end of owner-occupation, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of that item (including the relevant leasehold land classified as right-of-use assets) at the date of transfer is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation reserve. On the subsequent sale or retirement of the property, the relevant revaluation reserve will be transferred directly to retained earnings.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 投資物業

投資物業首次按成本(包括任何直接 應佔費用)計量。於首次確認後,投 資物業乃按公平值計量。在投資物業 公平值變動時產生之收益或虧損計入 其產生期間內之綜合損益表中。

投資物業於出售後或永久不再使用或 預期不能從出售中獲取未來經濟利益 時取消確認。取消確認物業時所產生 之任何損益(根據資產出售所得款項 淨額與賬面值之差額計算)會在該物 業取消確認之年度內計入綜合損益表 中。

### 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備包括就生產或供應 商品或服務或作行政用途而持有之租 賃土地及樓宇(在建工程除外),乃以 成本值減去累計折舊及累計減值虧損 (如有)列賬。

在建工程按成本值減去任何已識別之 減值虧損入賬。當工程完成後及該資 產可投入使用時,有關成本則按適當 類別撥入物業、廠房及設備,並按以 下政策作折舊撥備。

倘物業可證明其用途已不再自用而改變成為投資物業,該項目於轉撥日期之賬面值與其公平值之任何差額(包括分類為使用權資產的相關租賃土地)於其他全面收益內確認,並於重估儲備累計。倘資產其後出售或報廢,相關重估儲備將直接轉撥至保留溢利。

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# 3. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of assets other than construction work-in-progress less their residual values over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item) is included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which the item is derecognised.

### Ownership interests in leasehold land and building

When the Group makes payments for ownership interests of properties which includes both leasehold land and building elements, the entire consideration is allocated between the leasehold land and the building elements in proportion to the relative fair values at initial recognition.

To the extent the allocation of the relevant payments can be made reliably, interest in leasehold land that is accounted for as an operating lease is presented as "right-of-use assets" under property, plant and equipment in the consolidated statement of financial position except for those that are classified and accounted for as investment properties under the fair value model. When the consideration cannot be allocated reliably between non-lease building element and undivided interest in the underlying leasehold land, the entire properties are classified as property, plant and equipment.

### 3. 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 物業、廠房及設備(續)

除在建工程外,折舊採用直線法予以 確認,以便於其估計可使用年期撤銷 資產成本減去其估計剩餘價值。

物業、廠房及設備項目於出售或預期 持續使用該資產不會產生未來經濟利 益時,該項目會被取消確認。在取消 確認資產時所產生之任何盈虧(根據 項目出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之差 額計算)會在該項目被取消確認之年 度內計入綜合損益表中。

### 於租賃土地及樓宇的擁有權權益

當本集團就於物業的擁有權權益(包括租賃土地及樓宇成份)付款時,全部代價於租賃土地及樓宇成份之間按首次確認時的相對公平值的比例分配。

在能夠可靠分配有關付款的範圍內, 於租賃土地的權益作為經營租賃於綜 合財務狀況表呈列為物業、廠房及設 備項下的「使用權資產」,惟分類為投 資物業並以公平值模式列賬者除外。 當代價無法可靠分配租賃土地的非租 賃樓宇成份及未分割權益時,整項物 業分類為物業、廠房及設備。

### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Leases

### The Group as a lessee

The Group applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to leases of premises that have lease terms of 12 months or less from the commencement dates and do not contain purchase option. Lease payments on short-term leases are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components, including contract for acquisition of ownership interests of a property which includes both leasehold land and non-lease building components, unless such allocation cannot be made reliably.

The cost of right-of-use assets includes:

- the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs incurred by the Group; and
- an estimate of costs to be incurred by the Group is dismantling and removing the underlying assets, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to be condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Except for those that are classified as investment properties and measured under fair value model, right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃

#### 本集團作為承租人

本集團對租期自開始日期起為期12個 月或更短者且不包含購買選擇權的物 業租賃應用短期租賃確認豁免。短期 租賃之租賃款項於租期內按直線法確 認為費用。

倘合約包含租賃組成部份及一項或多 項額外租賃或非租賃組成部份,本集 團根據租賃組成部份之相對單獨價格 及非租賃組成部份之單獨價格總和將 合約代價分配至各租賃組成部份,包 括收購物業擁有權權益之合約(包括 租賃土地及非租賃樓宇部份),惟不 能可靠地作出相關分配時則作別論。

使用權資產的成本包括:

- 租賃負債的首次計量金額;
- 在開始日期或之前作出的任何 租賃付款減去已收到的任何租 賃優惠;
- 本集團產生之任何初始直接成 本;及
- 本集團將於拆除及移除相關資 產、復修相關資產位處之場址 或將相關資產復修至租賃條款 及條件規定之狀況時產生之估 計成本。

除該等被分類為投資物業並按公平值 模式計量的資產外,使用權資產按成 本減去任何累計折舊及減值虧損計 量,並就租賃負債之任何重新計量作 出調整。

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### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 3. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease terms.

The Group presents right-of-use assets in "property, plant and equipment", the same line item within which the corresponding underlying assets would be presented if they were owned.

Refundable rental deposits paid are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments and included in the cost of right-of-use assets.

At the commencement date of a lease, the Group recognises and measures the lease liability at the present value of lease payments that are unpaid at that date. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses the incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivables.

After the commencement dates of the leases, lease liabilities are adjusted by interest accretion and lease payments.

The Group remeasures lease liabilities (and makes a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use assets) when the lease term has changed, in such case the related lease liability is remeasured by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the date of reassessment. The Group presents leases liabilities as a separate line item on the consolidated statement of financial position.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產按直線基準於估計可使用 年期與租期之間之較短者計提折舊。

本集團在「物業、廠房及設備」(呈列 相關資產(如擁有)的相同項目)中呈 列使用權資產。

已付可退回租賃按金根據《香港財務 報告準則》第9號入賬,初始按公平值 計量。對首次確認之公平值的調整被 視為額外租賃款項,並計入使用權資 產成本。

於租賃開始日期,本集團按該日未償 付租賃款項的現值確認及計量租賃負 债。計算租賃款項的現值時,倘租賃 內含利率不易釐定,本集團則應用租 **賃開始日期的增量借款利率計算。租** 賃付款包括固定付款減任何應收租賃 優惠。

於租賃開始日期後,租賃負債按累計 利息及租賃款項作出調整。

倘租期有所變動,本集團會重新計量 租賃負債(並對相關使用權資產作出 相應調整)。在此情況下,相關租賃 負債透過使用重新評估日期的經修訂 貼現率貼現經修訂之租賃付款而重新 計量。本集團於綜合財務狀況表中單 獨呈列租賃負債。

### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

#### The Group as a lessee (Continued)

The Group accounts for a lease modification as a separate lease if the modification increases the scope of the lease by adding the right to use one or more underlying assets and the consideration for the leases increases by an amount commensurate with the stand-alone price for the increase in scope and any appropriate adjustments to that stand-alone price to reflect the circumstances of the particular contract.

For a lease modification that is not accounted for as a separate lease, the Group remeasures the lease liability based on the lease term of the modified lease by discounting the revised lease payments using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification.

The Group accounts for the remeasurement of lease liabilities by making corresponding adjustments to the relevant right-of-use asset. When the modified contract contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the modified contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components.

#### The Group as a lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset, and such costs are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term except for investment properties measured under fair value model.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為承租人(續)

倘租賃修訂捅過增加使用一項或多項 相關資產之權利擴大租賃範圍,以及 租賃代價增加,增加金額相當於範圍 擴大之單獨價格及對該單獨價格作出 可反映特定合約情況之任何適當調 整,本集團將該項修訂作為一項單獨 的租賃進行入賬。

就未作為一項單獨租賃入賬之租賃修 訂而言,本集團基於透過使用修訂生 效日期的經修訂貼現率貼現於經修改 租賃之租期的經修訂租賃付款重新計 量租賃負債。

於重新計量租賃負債時,本集團對相 關使用權資產作出相應調整。倘經修 訂合約包含租賃組成部份及一項或多 項額外租賃或非租賃組成部份,本集 團根據租賃組成部份之相對單獨價格 及非租賃組成部份之單獨價格總和將 經修訂合約代價分配至各租賃組成部 份。

### 本集團作為出租人

當租賃之條款實質上將相關資產擁有 權之所有重大部份風險和回報轉至承 租人,該租賃即歸類為融資租賃。其 他租賃全部列作經營租賃。

經營租賃的租金收入乃按有關租賃年 期以直線法於綜合損益表中確認。除 按公平值模式計量之投資物業外,協 商和安排經營租賃時發生的初始直接 費用計入租賃資產的賬面價值,並使 用直線法按租期確認為費用。

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### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 3. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Leases (Continued)

### The Group as a lessor (Continued)

Changes in considerations of lease contracts that were not part of the original terms and conditions are accounted for as lease modifications, including lease incentives provided through forgiveness or reduction of rentals.

Refundable rental deposits received are accounted for under HKFRS 9 and initially measured at fair value. Adjustments to fair value at initial recognition are considered as additional lease payments from lessees.

The Group accounts for a modification to an operating lease as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

#### Impairment losses on fixed assets

At the end of the reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the relevant asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

The recoverable amounts of its fixed assets are estimated individually. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount individually, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 租賃(續)

### 本集團作為出和人(續)

不屬於原定條款及條件一部份之租賃 合約代價變動作為租賃修訂入賬,包 括透過免租或減租所提供的租賃優 惠。

已收可退回租賃按金按《香港財務報 告準則》第9號入賬,並初始按公平值 計量。首次確認時對公平值的調整被 視為承租人的額外租賃付款。

本集團將經營租賃的修訂自修訂生效 之日期起作為新租賃入賬,並將與原 租賃有關的任何預付款或應計租賃付 款作為新租賃的租賃付款的一部份。

#### 固定資產減值虧損

於報告期末,本集團審核其固定資產 之賬面值以確定該等資產是否出現減 值虧損跡象。倘存在任何該等跡象, 則會估計相關資產之可收回金額,以 釐定減值虧損之程度(如有)。

固定資產之可收回金額單獨估計,當 無法單獨估計可收回金額時,本集團 將估計該資產所屬現金產生單位之可 收回金額。

### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Impairment losses on fixed assets (Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset (or a cash-generating unit) for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or a cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. For corporate assets or portion of corporate assets which cannot be allocated on a reasonable and consistent basis to a cashgenerating unit, the Group compares the carrying amount of a group of cash-generating units, including the carrying amounts of the corporate assets or portion of corporate assets allocated to that group of cash-generating units, with the recoverable amount of the group of cash-generating units. In allocating the impairment loss, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill (if applicable) and then to the assets on a pro-rata basis based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit or the group of cash-generating units. The carrying amount of an asset is not reduced below the highest of its fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable), its value in use (if determinable) and zero value. The amount of the impairment loss that would otherwise have been allocated to the asset is allocated pro rata to the other assets of the unit or the group of cash-generating units. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or a cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 固定資產減值虧損(續)

可收回金額為公平值減銷售成本與使 用價值兩者之較高者。在評估使用價 值時,估計未來現金流量採用税前貼 現率貼現至其現值,該税前貼現率反 映當前市場對貨幣時間價值及資產 (或現金產生單位)特定風險的評估, 就此而言未來現金流量的估計未經調 整。

若估計某項資產(或現金產生單位)之 可收回金額低於其賬面值時,則該項 資產(或現金產生單位)之賬面值將調 低至其可收回金額。就未能按合理一 致基準分配至現金產生單位的企業 資產或部份企業資產而言,本集團會 比較一組現金產生單位之賬面值(包 括已分配至該組現金產生單位之企業 資產或部份企業資產之賬面值)與該 組現金產生單位之可收回金額。於分 配減值虧損時,減值虧損首先分配至 減低任何商譽之賬面值(如適用),然 後按該單位或一組現金產生單位各項 資產的賬面值所佔比例分配至資產。 資產賬面值不得減少至低於其公平值 減出售成本(如可計量)、其使用價值 (如可釐定)及零價值之中的最高值。 已另行分配至資產的減值虧損金額按 比例分配至該單位或一組現金產生單 位的其他資產。減值虧損將即時於綜 合損益表中確認。

若隨後撥回減值虧損,則該項資產 (或現金產生單位)之賬面值將增至調 整後之估計可收回金額,惟此增加之 賬面值不得超過以往年度確認該項資 產(或現金產生單位)之減值虧損時已 釐定之賬面值。減值虧損撥回將於綜 合損益表內即時確認。

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### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 3. **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Properties held for sale/ properties under development (current asset)

Except for the leasehold land element which is measured at cost model in accordance with the accounting policies of right-ofuse assets, properties held for sale/properties under development (current asset) are stated at the lower of cost/deemed cost and estimated net realisable value. Cost is determined on a specific identification basis including allocation of the related development expenditure incurred and where appropriate, borrowing costs capitalised. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Costs necessary to make the sale include incremental costs directly attributable to the sale and non-incremental costs which the Group must incur to make the sale. No depreciation charge is made on the leasehold lands that included in the properties held for sale/properties under development (current asset). Properties under development which are intended for sale in the ordinary course of business upon completion are classified as current assets.

Properties under development are transferred to properties held for sale upon completion.

### **Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Any specific borrowing that remain outstanding after the related asset is ready for its intended use or sale is included in the general borrowing pool for calculation of capitalisation rate on general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 待售物業/發展中物業 (流動資產)

除租賃土地部份根據使用權資產之 會計政策按成本模式計量外,待售 物業/發展中物業(流動資產)以成本 值/視作成本值及估計可變現淨值兩 者中之較低者列賬。成本乃按特定識 別基準釐定,包括分配已產生的相關 開發支出及(如適用)資本化的借貸成 本。可變現淨值指估計售價減去所有 估計的完成成本及進行銷售所需的成 本。進行銷售所需的成本包括與銷售 直接相關的增量成本及本集團為進行 銷售必須產生的非增量成本。列入待 售物業/發展中物業(流動資產)中的 租賃土地不計提折舊。擬於竣工後作 日常業務中出售的發展中物業分類為 流動資產。

發展中物業於竣工後轉撥至待售物 業。

### 借貸成本

因收購、建築或生產合資格資產直 接產生之借貸成本(即需要一段頗長 時間始能投入其擬定用途或出售的資 產)會計入有關資產成本內,直至資 產大致上可作原定用途或銷售為止。

於相關資產可投入其擬定用途或出售 後仍未償還之任何特定借貸均計入-般借貸組合,以計算一般借貸之資本 化率。特定借貸用於合資格資產之前 作為短暫投資所賺取之投資收入於撥 作資本之借貸成本中扣除。

所有其他借貸成本均計入在其產生之 年度內的綜合損益表中。

### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when "control" of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer.

A performance obligation represents a goods or service (or a bundle of goods or services) that is distinct or a series of distinct goods or services that are substantially the same.

Control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's performance as the Group performs;
- the Group's performance creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- the Group's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to

Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the distinct goods or service.

A contract liability represents the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from customer.

### 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 來自客戶合約之收入

本集團於完成履約責任(或於履約), 即特定履約責任所涉商品之「控制權 | 或服務轉讓予客戶之時確認收入。

履約責任指某一獨特商品或服務(或 一批商品或服務)或一系列大致相同 之獨特商品或服務。

倘符合以下其中一項標準,控制權按 時間轉移,而收入乃經參考完全滿足 相關履約責任之進度按時間確認:

- 客戶於本集團履約時同時取得 及消耗本集團履約所提供之利
- 本集團之履約創造或提升客戶 於本集團履約時控制之資產; 或
- 本集團之履約並未產生對本集 團具有替代用途之資產,而本 集團有強制執行權收取迄今已 完成履約部份之款項。

否則,於客戶獲得獨特商品控制權或 服務時確認收入。

合約負債指本集團因收取客戶代價 (或到期應收取代價金額)而須向客戶 轉讓商品或服務之責任。

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### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 3. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Revenue from contracts with customers (Continued)

The progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured based on output method, which is to recognise revenue on the basis of direct measurements of the value of the goods or services transferred to the customer to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract, that best depict the Group's performance in transferring control of goods or services.

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained.

The Group recognises sales commissions as an asset if it expects to recover these costs. The asset so recognised is subsequently charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss when the Group transfers to the customer of the relevant goods to which the assets relate.

### Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual group entity, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency of that entity ("foreign currencies") are recorded in the respective functional currency (i.e. the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates) at the rates of exchanges prevailing on the dates of the transactions. At the end of the reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

# 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 來自客戶合約之收入(續)

完全滿足履約責任進度乃基於產出法 計量,即基於迄今為止向客戶轉讓之 商品或服務相對於合約下承諾之剩餘 商品或服務之價值直接計量,以確認 收入,此乃最佳反映本集團在轉讓商 品控制權或服務方面之履約責任。

本集團與客戶簽署合約所產生成本為 獲得合約之增量成本,如未能獲得合 約,則該成本不會產生。

倘本集團預期收回銷售佣金成本,則 將其確認為資產。已確認之資產當本 集團其後按相關商品轉讓予客戶時計 入綜合損益表。

### 外幣

於編製各集團實體之財務報表時,以 該實體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣(「外 幣」)進行之交易乃按交易日期之適用 匯率折算以相關功能貨幣(即該實體 經營業務之主要經濟環境之貨幣)記 錄。於報告期末,以外幣列值之貨幣 項目按該日期之適用匯率重新換算。

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# **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Foreign currencies (Continued)

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for exchange differences on monetary items receivable from or payable to a foreign operation for which settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur (therefore forming part of the net investment in the foreign operation), which are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to the consolidated statement of profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the Group's interest in associates/a joint venture.

For the purposes of presenting the consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency of the Group at the rate of exchange prevailing at the end of the reporting period, and their income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the year, unless exchange rates fluctuate significantly during the period, in which case, the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading of foreign currencies translation reserves (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate). Such exchange differences accumulated in equity in respect of that operations attributable to the owners of the Company are reclassified to the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which the foreign operation is disposed of.

# 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 外幣(續)

貨幣項目之匯兑差額乃於其產生期間 於綜合損益表確認,惟應收或應付海 外業務而結算並無計劃亦不可能發生 (因此構成海外業務投資淨額之一部 份)之貨幣項目之匯兑差額除外,該 等匯兑差額首次於其他全面收益內確 認,並於出售或部份出售本集團於聯 營公司/一家合資企業之權益時自權 益重新分類至綜合損益表。

就綜合財務報表呈列而言,本集團海 外業務資產及負債乃按於報告期末之 適用匯率換算為本集團之呈列貨幣, 而其收入及開支則按該年度之平均匯 率換算,除非於該期間之匯率大幅波 動則除外,於此情況下,則按各個交 易日所使用之適用匯率換算。產生之 匯兑差額(如有)乃於其他全面收益內 確認並於權益內之外幣兑換儲備累計 (由非控股股東權益應佔(如適用))。 由本公司權益持有人應佔有關該業務 累計於權益之匯兑差額於出售海外業 務之期間重新分類至綜合損益表。

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### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 3. CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Taxation

Taxation represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit before taxation because of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax base used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such deferred tax is not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and interests in associates and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

# 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 税項

税項指即期應付税項及遞延税項之總 和。

即期應付税項乃按年度之應課税溢利 計算。應課税溢利與除税前溢利有所 不同,乃由於在其他年度應課税收入 或可扣税之收入或開支項目,及無需 課税或不可作税項扣減之項目所致。 本集團即期稅項負債採用於報告期末 已頒佈或實際頒佈之税率計算。

遞延税項乃根據綜合財務報表內資產 及負債賬面值與計算應課税溢利所採 用相應税基之暫時差額確認。遞延税 項負債一般就所有應課税暫時差異予 以確認,而遞延税項資產則於可扣減 之暫時差異有可能用於抵銷應課稅溢 利時予以確認。若於一項交易中,因 商譽或因業務合併以外原因首次確認 其他資產及負債而引致之暫時差異既 不影響應課税溢利及會計盈利,則不 會確認該等遞延税項。

遞延税項負債乃按因於附屬公司之投 資、於聯營公司及合資企業之權益而 產生應課税暫時差異時確認,惟若本 集團可控制暫時差異之撥回及暫時差 異有可能未必於可見將來撥回之情況 除外。與該等投資及權益相關之可扣 税暫時差額所產生之遞延税項資產僅 於可能有足夠應課税溢利可以使用暫 時差額之得益且預計於可見將來可以 撥回時確認。

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# **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### Taxation (Continued)

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of the reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised, based on tax rate (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax assets and liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

For the purposes of measuring deferred taxes for investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the carrying amounts of such properties are presumed to be recovered entirely through sale, unless the presumption is rebutted. The presumption is rebutted when the investment property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment property over time. If the presumption is rebutted, deferred tax for such investment properties are measured in accordance with the general principles set out in HKAS 12 "Income Taxes" (i.e. based on the expected manner as to how the properties will be recovered).

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied to the same taxable entity by the same taxation authority.

Current tax and deferred tax are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised to other comprehensive income, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income.

# 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 税項(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值乃於報告期末 進行檢討, 並予以相應扣減, 直至並 無足夠應課税溢利可供全部或部份遞 延税項資產可予應用為止。

遞延税項資產及負債乃按預期於負債 獲償還或資產獲變現期間適用之税率 (以報告期末已生效或實質上已生效 之税率(及税法)為基準)計算。

遞延税項資產及負債之計量反映按照 本集團預期於報告期末可收回或結算 其資產及負債之賬面值方式計算而得 出之税務結果。

就計量使用公平值模式計量之投資物 業之遞延税項而言,有關物業之賬面 值乃假定為透過出售獲悉數收回(除 非此假定被推翻)。當投資物業為可 折舊的並通過時間推移消耗投資物業 所含絕大部份經濟利益為目標之商業 模式持有投資物業時,則此假定被推 翻。倘此假定被推翻,有關投資物業 之遞延税項則根據《香港會計準則》第 12號「所得税」所載之一般原則(即根 據該等物業被收回之預期方式)計量。

倘有法定可行使權利將即期税項資產 及即期税項負債抵銷,且兩者與同 税務機關向統一課税實體徵收之所得 税有關,則可抵銷遞延税項資產及負 債。

即期及遞延税項於綜合損益表內確 認,倘該税項涉及於其他全面收益確 認之項目,則即期及遞延税項亦會於 其他全面收益中確認。

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### **BASIS OF PREPARATION OF** 3. **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL** STATEMENTS AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### **Inventories**

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method.

### Share-based payment transactions

The fair value of share-based payments determined by reference to the fair value of equity instruments granted at the grant date is recognised as an expense in full at the grant date when the share options granted vest immediately, with a corresponding increase in share option reserve. If a director or an employee chooses to exercise options, the related share option reserve is transferred to share premium. When the share options are forfeited after the vesting date or are still not exercised at the expiry date, the related share option reserve is transferred directly to retained earnings.

### Retirement benefit cost

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as expenses when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions.

### Short-term employee benefits and termination benefits

Short-term employee benefits are recognised at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid as and when employees rendered the services. All the short-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense unless another HKFRS requires or permits the inclusion of the benefit in the cost of an asset.

# 綜合財務報表編製基準及 主要會計政策(續)

### 存貨

存貨乃按成本值及可變現淨值兩者中 之較低者入賬。成本以加權平均法計 算。

# 股權支付交易

倘於購股權授出日即時歸屬,則參考 購股權授出日的股本工具公平值而釐 定之股權支付公平值將悉數確認為開 支,並在購股權儲備中作出相應增 加。倘董事或僱員選擇行使購股權, 則相關購股權儲備轉撥至股份溢價。 倘購股權於歸屬日期後被沒收或於屆 滿日期仍未行使,則相關購股權儲備 直接轉撥至保留溢利。

# 退休福利成本

對界定供款退休福利計劃之供款於僱 員提供服務而符合領取供款資格時列 為費用。

### 短期僱員福利及離職福利

短期僱員福利在僱員提供服務期間按 預期就服務所支付的福利未貼現金額 確認。所有短期僱員福利確認為開 支,除非另一項《香港財務報告準則》 規定或許可將福利計入資產成本中。

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# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 3, the Directors of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below), that the Directors of the Company have made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

### Deferred taxation on investment properties

For the purposes of measuring deferred tax arising from investment properties that are measured using the fair value model, the Directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's investment property portfolios and concluded that the certain Group's investment properties are held under a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the investment properties over time. Therefore, in measuring the Group's deferred taxation on investment properties, the Directors of the Company have determined whether the presumption that the carrying amounts of investment properties measured using the fair value model are recovered entirely through sale is rebutted and the Group has recognised deferred tax on changes in fair value of investment properties on the basis that the deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects at the end of the reporting period to recover the carrying amount of the investment properties. Deferred taxation on changes in fair value of investment properties please refer to Note 27.

# 重要會計判斷及 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

於應用載於附註3之本集團會計政策 時,本公司董事須對未能依循其他途 徑顯易地取得之資產及負債賬面值作 出判斷、估計及假設。估計及相關假 設乃根據過往經驗及其他被認為相關 之因素作出。實際結果可能有別於此 等估計。

本集團持續檢討估計及相關假設。倘 修訂會計估計僅影響某一期間,則於 修訂有關估計之期間內確認修訂,或 倘修訂影響本期間及未來期間,則於 作出修訂之期間及未來期間確認有關 修訂。

### 應用會計政策的重要判斷

以下為本公司董事於應用本集團會計 政策過程中所作出而對於綜合財務報 表確認之金額具有最重大影響之重要 判斷(涉及估計者除外(見下文))。

### 投資物業之遞延稅項

就計量使用公平值模式計量之投資物 業產生之遞延税項而言,本公司董事 已審閱本集團之投資物業組合,認為 本集團乃以通過時間推移消耗若干投 資物業所含之絕大部份經濟利益為目 標之商業模式持有投資物業。因此, 於計量本集團之投資物業之遞延税項 時,本公司董事已測定,使用公平 值模式計量之投資物業賬面值可透過 出售而獲悉數收回之假定是否已被推 翻。故此,本集團確認投資物業之公 平值變動時產生之遞延税項,基於遞 延税項將跟從本集團預期於報告期末 收回投資物業賬面值之方式反映税務 影響。投資物業公平值變動之遞延税 項請參閱附註27。

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### 4. **CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS** AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION **UNCERTAINTY** (Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumption concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the date of reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

### Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT")

The Group is subject to LAT in the Mainland China. However, the implementation and settlement of the tax vary amongst different jurisdictions in various cities in the Mainland China and Certain subsidiaries of the Group have not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with local tax authorities in the Mainland China. Accordingly, significant judgement is required in determining the amount of the LAT and its related income tax provisions. LAT has been provided at ranges of progressive rates of the appreciation value, with certain allowable deductions including land costs, borrowing costs and the relevant property development expenditures, which are the key inputs in the calculation of the LAT, the Group recognised the LAT based on the management's best estimates. The final tax outcome could be different from the amounts that were initially recorded, and these differences will have impact on the income tax provisions in the periods in which such tax is finalised with local tax authorities. The carrying amount of Group's LAT provision at 31st December, 2021 was HK\$4,097,002,000 (2020: HK\$4,049,949,000).

### 4. 重要會計判斷及 估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

### 估計不明朗因素之主要來源

對於未來之主要假設及報告日估計不 明朗因素之其他主要來源(涉及導致 下個財政年度資產及負債之賬面值出 現大幅調整之重大風險)討論如下。

### 土地增值税

本集團須繳納中國內地之土地增值 税。然而,中國內地各個城市不同 税務管轄區的税務實施及結算方式有 所差異,而本集團若干附屬公司尚未 與中國內地地方税務部門最終確定土 地增值税之計算及支付。因此,於釐 定土地增值税金額及其相關所得税撥 備時須作出重大判斷。本集團根據管 理層之最佳估計確認土地增值税,乃 以土地增值税之若干獲准扣減項目 之關鍵輸入數據(包括土地成本、借 貸成本及相關物業發展開支),已就 增值部份按一系列遞增税率作出土地 增值税撥備計算。最終的税務結果或 會與首次列賬之金額有所不同,而 此等差異將影響與地方稅務部門於 確定該等税項之期間內之所得税撥 備。於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團之土地增值税撥備之賬面值 為4,097,002,000港元(二零二零年: 4,049,949,000港元)。

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# 4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (Continued)

### Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

### Valuation of investment properties

Investment properties are carried in the consolidated statement of financial position at 31st December, 2021 at their fair values, details of which are disclosed in Note 15. The fair value of the investment properties was determined by reference to valuations conducted on these properties by an independent firm of qualified professional valuers (the "Valuer") using investment approach which is reflective of current market conditions. Property valuation techniques involve key inputs including reversionary yield, net rental income derived from existing tenancies and annual unit market rentals. This involves making certain assumptions and the use of estimates in respect of the reversionary yield by the Valuer.

The Group considers these valuations are the best estimates. Changes to these assumptions may result in changes in the fair value of the Group's investment properties and corresponding adjustments to the changes in fair value reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. The carrying amount of Group's investment properties at 31st December, 2021 was HK\$8,598,847,000 (2020: HK\$8,311,639,000).

### Valuation of unlisted equity instruments

Unlisted equity instruments are measured at fair values being determined based on valuation techniques that involve unobservable inputs with reference to the market capitalisation of listed entities in similar industries with consideration of marketability discount of 25% and adjustment of idle cash. Judgements and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. The Group considers these valuations are the best estimates. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could affect the reported fair values of the instruments. The carrying amount of Group's unlisted equity instruments at 31st December, 2021 was HK\$293,452,000 (2020: HK\$257,967,000).

# 重要會計判斷及 估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

# 估計不明朗因素之主要來源 (續)

### 投資物業之估值

投資物業按公平值於二零二一年十二 月三十一日之綜合財務狀況表內列 賬,有關詳情於附註15披露。投資物 業之公平值乃參考獨立合資格專業估 值師(「估值師」)採用反映市場現況之 投資法對該等物業所進行之估值而釐 定。物業估值技術涉及關鍵輸入數 據,包括復歸收益率、來自現有租賃 之租金收入淨額及單位市場年度租 金。這涉及估值師作出若干假設及使 用有關復歸收益率之估計。

本集團認為該等估值為最佳估計。該 等假設之變動可能導致本集團投資物 業之公平值變動及對於綜合損益表內 呈報之公平值變動作出相應調整。於 二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 之投資物業之賬面值為8,598,847,000 港元(二零二零年:8,311,639,000港 元)。

### 非上市股本工具之估值

非上市股本工具乃按公平值計量, 即基於涉及不可觀察數據(參考類似 行業上市實體的市值並考慮25%的 市場流通性折讓及閒置現金調整)之 估值技術釐定。於設立有關估值技 術及其相關輸入數據時要求作出判 斷及估計。本集團認為該等估值為 最佳估計。與該等因素有關之假設 變動可能影響該等工具之已呈報公 平值。於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團之非上市股本工具之賬面 值為293,452,000港元(二零二零年: 257,967,000港元)。

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# 5. GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS AND REVENUE

Revenue represents the aggregate of revenue under the following headings:

### (i) Property investment

represents revenue from property management and rental income

### (ii) Property development and trading

represents gross revenue received and receivable from sale of properties

### (iii) PVC operations

represents the gross revenue from sale of PVC pipes and fittings

### (iv) Leisure

represents the income from golf club operations and its related services

### (v) Media and entertainment

 represents the gross revenue received and receivable from investment in the production of live entertainment shows, film distribution and related income

Gross proceeds from operations include the gross proceeds from sale of and dividend income received and receivable from financial assets at FVTPL under the business of securities trading, in addition to the above aggregated revenue.

# 5. 經營收益總額及收入

收入指以下各項收入總額:

### (i) 物業投資

- 指物業管理收入及租金收入

### (ii) 物業發展及銷售

- 指物業銷售之已收及應收 總收益

### (iii) 塑膠業務

指銷售之膠管及配件所得 總收益

### (iv) 消閒業務

指經營高爾夫球會業務及 其相關服務收入

### (v) 媒體及娛樂業務

指投資製作現場表演節目、電影發行及相關收入 之已收及應收總收益

除以上收入總額外,經營收益總額亦 包括證券買賣業務中按公平值計入損 益之財務資產之出售收益總額及其已 收及應收之股息收入。

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# GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS AND REVENUE (Continued)

# 5. 經營收益總額及收入(續)

Revenue and gross proceeds from each type of business consist of the following:

各類業務之收入及經營收益總額包括 下列各項:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	一令一令十 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
		, , , , ,	
Revenue from sale of properties	銷售物業之收入	435,487	647,698
Revenue from sale of goods	銷售商品之收入	_	353
Revenue from rendering of services from	高爾夫球會業務提供服務之		
golf club operations	收入	63,487	42,315
Revenue from property management fee	物業管理費收入	40,723	37,008
Revenue from media and entertainment	媒體及娛樂業務之收入		
business		829	3,244
Revenue from contracts with customers	來自客戶合約之收入	540,526	730,618
Revenue from lease payments that are fixed	固定租賃付款收入	238,540	199,329
. ,			
Total revenue	總收入	779,066	929,947
Gross proceeds from sale of and dividend	按公平值計入損益之財務資產之		
income from financial assets at FVTPL	出售收益總額及其股息收入	7,946	6,356
Gross proceeds from operations	經營收益總額	787,012	936,303

The Group's revenue from contracts with customers are mainly derived from the Mainland China except for revenue from media and entertainment business which are derived in Hong Kong and certain properties sales derived in Macau as disclosed in Note 6.

本集團來自客戶合約之收入主要來自 中國內地,惟來自香港的媒體及娛樂 業務收入及澳門若干物業銷售除外 (如附註6所披露)。

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### 5. **GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS** AND REVENUE (Continued)

### Performance obligation for contracts with customers

Revenue from property management fee is recognised over time as income when the services and facilities are provided. Other revenue from contracts with customers are recognised at a point in time when customer obtains control of the distinct goods and services. For the revenue from sale of properties, the payment term is less than one year upon signing the sales and purchase agreement.

# Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

Except for the revenue from property management fee, all other revenue from contracts with customers are contracted for periods of one year or less.

Contracts for property management services typically have more than one year non-cancellable term in which the Group bills a fixed amount each month according to the terms.

### **SEGMENT INFORMATION**

The Group's operating and reportable segments are based on information reported to the chief operating decision makers, the Executive Directors of the Company, for the purposes of resources allocation and performance assessment. In addition to those set out in Note 5(i) to (v), the Group's operating segments under HKFRS 8 "Operating Segments" include securities trading segment which is dealing in financial assets at FVTPL.

# 經營收益總額及收入(續)

# 客戶合約的履約責任

來自物業管理費的收益於提供服務及 設施時隨時間確認為收入。來自客戶 合約的其他收益於客戶獲得獨特商品 的控制權及服務時於某個時間點確 認。對於銷售物業之收入,付款期限 為由簽訂買賣協議時起少於一年。

# 分配到客戶合約餘下履約責任 的交易價格

除來自物業管理費的收益外,來自客 戶合約的其他所有收益均訂立一年或 以內的合約期。

物業管理服務合約通常訂立一年以上 不可撤銷期限,本集團根據條款每月 開出固定金額賬單。

# 6. 分類資料

本集團之營運及報告分類乃按就資源 分配及業績評估目的而向主要營運決 策者(即本公司執行董事)所報告之資 料而劃分。除附註5(i)至(v)外,本集 團根據《香港財務報告準則》第8號「營 運分類」界定之營運分類還包括買賣 按公平值計入損益之財務資產之證券 買賣分類。

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# 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# 6. 分類資料(續)

		Property Investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property Development and Trading 物業發展 及銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	PVC Operations 塑膠業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Leisure 消閒業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Media and Entertainment 媒體及 娛樂業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities Trading 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
2021	二零二一年							
GROSS PROCEEDS FROM OPERATIONS - SEGMENT REVENUE	經營收益總額 -分類收入	279,263	435,487	_	63,487	829	7,946	787,012
		2//)200	103,107		00,107	<u> </u>	7,7.10	7 07 3012
RESULTS Segment profit (loss)	<b>業績</b> 分類溢利(虧損)	178,676	277,287	-	12,892	(622)	12,580	480,813
Other unallocated income Unallocated expenses Finance costs	其他不予分類收入 不予分類開支 融資費用						-	173,507 (44,340) (22,270)
								587,710
Share of results of associates Share of result of a joint venture	應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔一家合資企業之業績						_	(552) 1,342
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利							588,500
2020	二零二零年							
GROSS PROCEEDS FROM	經營收益總額							
OPERATIONS - SEGMENT REVENUE	-分類收入	236,337	647,698	353	42,315	3,244	6,356	936,303
RESULTS Segment profit (loss)	業績 分類溢利(虧損)	128,969	139,885	(113)	(14,745)	(3,526)	(7,350)	243,120
Other unallocated income Unallocated expenses Finance costs	其他不予分類收入 不予分類開支 融資費用						-	257,555 (53,244) (40,716)
								406,715
Share of results of associates Share of result of a joint venture	應佔聯營公司之業績 應佔一家合資企業之業績						_	2,598 (2,552)
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利							406,761

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#### **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (Continued) 6.

Except for the presentation of segment revenue which is different from the reported revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 3. For details of revenue from each type of business and reconciliation of segment revenue to the Group's revenue of HK\$779,066,000 (2020: HK\$929,947,000), please refer to Note 5.

Segment profit (loss) represents the results by each segment without allocation of central administration costs, directors' salaries, share of results of associates and a joint venture, other non-recurring income and expenses and finance costs.

This is the measure reported to the Executive Directors for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

Segment assets and liabilities are not presented as the chief operating decision makers review the consolidated financial position of the Group as a whole to assess their performance. The management focuses more on the results of the Group.

In October 2020, the Group commenced to liquidate a subsidiary, which engaged in sale of PVC pipes and fittings and represented the whole PVC operations segment of the Group. That subsidiary was dissolved in September 2021.

### 6. 分類資料(續)

除分類收入與綜合損益表中的報告收 入之呈列方式不同外,營運分類之會 計政策與附註3所載的本集團之會計 政策相同。各分類業務收入的詳情 及分類收入與本集團收入779,066,000 港元(二零二零年:929,947,000港元) 之對賬詳情載於附註5。

分類溢利(虧損)指各分類的業績,並 沒有計入中央行政成本、董事薪酬、 應佔聯營公司及一家合資企業之業 績、其他非經常性收入及開支以及融 資費用。

此乃向執行董事呈報資源分配及業績 評估之計量。

主要營運決策者審閱本集團之綜合財 務狀況以評估資產及負債整體的表 現,故並無呈列分類資產及負債。管 理層較為專注本集團之業績。

於二零二零年十月,本集團開始對一 家從事銷售膠管及配件之附屬公司 (即本集團整個塑膠業務分類)進行清 算。該附屬公司於二零二一年九月解 散。

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# SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued)

# 分類資料(續)

### Other Information

# 其他資料

Amounts included in the measure of segment profit or loss:

計量分類損益之金額包括:

		Property Investment 物業投資 HK\$'000 千港元	Property Development and Trading 物業發展 及銷售 HK\$'000 千港元	PVC Operations 塑膠業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Leisure 消閒業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Media and Entertainment 媒體及 娛樂業務 HK\$'000 千港元	Securities Trading 證券買賣 HK\$'000 千港元	Unallocated 不予分類 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
2021	二零二一年								
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Impairment losses on trade and other receivables recognised	物業、廠房及設備 折舊 確認(撥回)應收貿易 賬款及其他應收賬款	7,100	6,119	-	20,908	-	-	8,219	42,346
(reversed)	之減值虧損	274	-	-	-	(456)	-	-	(182)
Loss on fair value changes of investment properties Gain on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL	投資物業公平值變動時 產生之虧損 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產公平值	3,540	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,540
maneta assets at 1 v 11 2	變動時產生之收益	-	-	-	-	-	5,345	-	5,345
2020	二零二零年								
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Impairment losses on trade and other receivables recognised	物業、廠房及設備 折舊 確認(撥回)應收貿易 賬款及其他應收賬款	7,080	9,350	6	20,298	122	-	8,188	45,044
(reversed)  Loss on fair value changes of	之減值虧損 投資物業公平值變動時	(1,230)	-	-	-	2,052	-	-	822
investment properties  Loss on fair value changes of financial assets at FVTPL	產生之虧損 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產公平值	12,329	-	-	-	-	-	-	12,329
manda assess at 1 + 11 D	變動時產生之虧損	-	-	-	-	-	13,426	-	13,426

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#### SEGMENT INFORMATION (Continued) 6.

### Information about major customers

For the year ended 31st December, 2021, revenue from two single customers in property development and trading segment amounted to HK\$224,435,000 and HK\$179,729,000 which contributed to approximately 28.81% and 23.07% respectively, of the Group's total revenue.

For the year ended 31st December, 2020, revenue from three single customers in property development and trading segment amounted to HK\$203,437,000, HK\$201,179,000 and HK\$182,338,000 which contributed to approximately 21.88%, 21.63% and 19.61% respectively, of the Group's total revenue.

### Geographical Information

The Group's operations are located in Hong Kong, Macau and Mainland China.

The Group's revenue from external customers based on the location of the operations and information about its non-current assets (excluding deferred tax assets, amounts due from associates and a joint venture, club debentures, other receivable, pledged bank deposits and equity instruments at FVTOCI) by geographical location of the assets are detailed below:

### 6. 分類資料(續)

### 有關主要客戶之資料

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,於物業發展及銷售分類中來自兩 位單一客戶之收入分別為224,435,000 港元及179,729,000港元,分別佔本集 團之總收入貢獻約28.81%及23.07%。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度,於物業發展及銷售分類中來自三 位單一客戶之收入分別為203,437,000 港元、201,179,000港元及182,338,000 港元,分別佔本集團之總收入貢獻約 21.88%、21.63%及19.61%。

## 地區分類資料

本集團之業務位於中國內地、香港及 澳門。

按經營地點列示本集團源自對外客戶 之收入及按資產地理位置列示有關其 非流動資產(不包括遞延税項資產、 聯營公司及一家合資企業欠款、會所 **債券、其他應收賬款、抵押銀行存款** 及按公平值計入其他全面收益之股本 工具)的資料詳述如下:

		F	Revenue from				
		ext	ernal o	customers	Non-current assets		
		源自	對外領	客戶之收入	非流動資產		
			2021	2020	2021	2020	
		二零二	一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年	
		HK\$	<b>'000</b>	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千	港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Hong Kong	香港		829	3,244	52,733	59,629	
Macau	澳門	19	,949	33,840	_	_	
The Mainland China	中國內地	758	,288	892,863	8,996,229	8,722,171	
		779	,066	929,947	9,048,962	8,781,800	

Analysis of Group's revenue by each type of business is set out in Note 5.

本集團各類業務收入之分析載於附 註5。

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### 7. OTHER INCOME

# 7. 其他收入

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Other income included:	其他收入包括:		
Interest income	利息收入	76,865	165,267
Dividends from equity instruments	按公平值計入其他全面收益之		
at FVTOCI	股本工具之股息收入		
– listed	一上市	_	10,227
– unlisted	一非上市	23,209	15,819

### 8. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

# 8. 其他收益及虧損

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Net impairment losses on trade and other receivables reversed (recognised)  Net gain (loss) on disposal/write off of	撥回(確認)應收貿易賬款及其他 應收賬款之減值虧損淨額 出售/撇銷物業、廠房及設備	182	(822)
property, plant and equipment	之收益(虧損)淨額	516	(4,854)
Net exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額	10,262	22,493
		10,960	16,817

# 9. FINANCE COSTS

# 9. 融資費用

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Interest on borrowings	借款利息	21,791	40,204
Interest on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息	479	512
		22,270	40,716

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# 10. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

# 10. 除税前溢利

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before taxation has been arrived at after charging:	除税前溢利已扣除:		
Staff costs	員工成本	63,487	67,500
Retirement benefits scheme contributions	退休福利計劃供款	5,182	1,156
Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments)	總員工成本(包括董事酬金)	68,669	68,656
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	3,045	2,978
Depreciation of property, plant	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
and equipment		42,346	45,044
Cost of inventories recognised as expenses	確認為費用之存貨成本	45,128	367,604
and after crediting:	並已計入:		
Gross rental income from investment	投資物業租金收入總額		
properties		238,540	199,329
Less: direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated	減:年內產生租金收入之 投資物業之直接		
rental income during the year	營運費用	(27,105)	(19,410)
Net rental income from investment	投資物業租金收入淨額		
properties		211,435	179,919

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# 11. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' **EMOLUMENTS**

# 11. 董事及僱員酬金

The emoluments paid or payable to Directors of the Company as follows:

已付或應付予本公司董事之酬金如 下:

HKS'000	Name of Director	董事姓名	Fees 袍金	Salaries, allowances and other benefits (Note (i)) 薪金、津貼 及其他福利 (附註(i))	Employer's contribution to pension scheme 僱主之 退休計劃 供款	Total emoluments 酬金總額
Nation		里ず灶石	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 千港元
Madam Hsu Feng (Managing Director) (董事總經理)	2021	二零二一年				
Directors   Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar   張兆平先生   174	Madam Hsu Feng (Managing Director) Mr Albert Tong	徐 楓女士 (董事總經理) 湯子同先生	Ē	3,720		15,155 3,738 8,234
Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar	*	獨立非執行董事				
Executive Directors   執行董事	Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Mr Lee Chan Fai	李燦輝先生	174	- - -	- - -	174 174 174
Executive Directors       執行董事         Madam Hsu Feng       徐 楓女士         (Managing Director)       (董事總經理)       - 14,875       - 14,88         Mr Albert Tong       湯子同先生       - 3,704       18 3,7.         Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles       湯子嘉先生       - 8,228       18 8,2.         Mr Yeung Kam Hoi (retired)       楊錦海先生(卸任)       - 2,384       - 2,384         Independent Non-Executive Directors       獨立非執行董事         Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar       張兆平先生       171       11         Mr Lee Chan Fai       李燦輝先生       170       11         Mr Sean S J Wang       王少劍先生       170       11			522	27,091	36	27,649
Madam Hsu Feng   徐 楓女士   (董事總經理)	2020	二零二零年				
DirectorsMr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar張兆平先生17117Mr Lee Chan Fai李燦輝先生17017Mr Sean S J Wang王少劍先生17017	Madam Hsu Feng (Managing Director) Mr Albert Tong Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles	徐 楓女士 (董事總經理) 湯子同先生 湯子嘉先生	- - - -	3,704 8,228	18	14,875 3,722 8,246 2,384
Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar       張兆平先生       171       -       -       17         Mr Lee Chan Fai       李燦輝先生       170       -       -       17         Mr Sean S J Wang       王少劍先生       170       -       -       17	-	獨立非執行董事				
	Mr Cheung Siu Ping, Oscar Mr Lee Chan Fai	李燦輝先生	170	- - -	- - -	171 170 170
511 29,191 36 29,7.			511	29,191	36	29,738

Other benefits include the market rentals of directors' Note (i): quarters occupied by Madam Hsu Feng, Mr Albert Tong and Mr Tong Chi Kar Charles as their residence.

附註(i): 其他福利包括徐楓女士、湯 子同先生及湯子嘉先生居住 的董事住所的市場租金。

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# 11. DIRECTORS' AND EMPLOYEES' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

No Director waived any emoluments for both years.

There has been no inducement for Directors to join the Group or compensation for the loss of office for both years.

The Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were for their services in connection with the management of the affairs of the Group. The Independent Non-Executive Directors' emoluments shown above were their remuneration as Directors of the Company.

Senior management only comprises the Executive Directors listed above, so no separate disclosure for remuneration of senior management is presented.

During the year, the five highest paid individuals of the Group included three (2020: four) Executive Directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emolument of the remaining two (2020: one) highest paid fell within the band from HK\$1,000,000 to HK\$1,500,000 are as follows:

### 11. 董事及僱員酬金(續)

於兩個年度內概無董事放棄任何酬 金。

於兩個年度內概無對董事加入本集團 提供任何獎勵或對失去董事職位提供 任何補償。

上述執行董事之酬金是就彼等有關管 理本集團事務所提供的服務而支付。 上述獨立非執行董事之酬金是就彼等 擔任本公司董事的報酬。

高級管理人員僅包括上文載列之執行 董事,故並無獨立披露高級管理人員 之薪酬。

年內,本集團五名最高薪酬人士包括 三名(二零二零年:四名)執行董事, 彼等之酬金已於上文分析中反映。餘 下兩名(二零二零年:一名)最高薪 酬人士之酬金介乎1,000,000港元至 1,500,000港元範圍, 詳情如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Salaries, allowances and other benefits Retirement benefits scheme contributions	薪金、津貼及其他福利 退休福利計劃供款	2,478 36	1,451 18
		2,514	1,469

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### 12. TAXATION

# 12. 税項

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
The charge (credit) comprises:	支出(抵免)包括:		
Mainland China Enterprise Income Tax	中國內地企業所得稅		
("EIT")		132,544	122,357
Mainland China LAT	中國內地土地增值稅	198,781	301,892
Macau Complementary Tax	澳門所得補充税	820	1,459
Dividend withholding tax	股息扣繳税	3,659	820
Overprovision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備		
– Mainland China EIT	- 中國內地企業所得税	(35,658)	(5,028)
– Macau Complementary Tax	- 澳門所得補充税	_	(500)
– Dividend withholding tax	一股息扣繳稅	_	(42,536)
		300,146	378,464
Deferred tax credit (Note 27)	遞延税項抵免(附註27)	(3,119)	(151,825)
Total tax charges for the year	年度税項開支總額	297,027	226,639

The Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated at 16.5% (2020: 16.5%). No provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax has been made since the assessable profit is wholly absorbed by tax losses brought forward (2020: there was no assessable profit for the year).

香港利得税所應用之税率為16.5%(二零二 零年:16.5%)。由於應課税溢利由承前税 項虧損全面抵銷(二零二零年:年內並無 應課税溢利),因此並無為香港利得税作 出撥備。

The Macau Complementary Tax is levied at 12% (2020: 12%) on the taxable income for the year.

年內澳門所得補充税乃以應課税收入之 12%(二零二零年:12%)徵收。

The income tax rate of the subsidiaries in the Mainland China is 25% (2020: 25%).

在中國內地之附屬公司所得税税率為25% (二零二零年:25%)。

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# 12. TAXATION (Continued)

# 12. 税項(續)

The charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit before taxation per the consolidated statement of profit or loss as follows:

年度支出與綜合損益表之除税前溢利 之對賬如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before taxation (excluding share of results of associates and a joint venture)	除税前溢利(不包括應佔聯營 公司及一家合資企業之業績)	587,710	406,715
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 25% (2020: 25%) (Note)  Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	按當地所得税税率25%(二零二零年:25%)計算之税項(附註)未確認税項虧損之税務影響釐定應課税溢利時不可作扣税	146,928 3,387	101,679 1,169
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit  Tax effect of income that is not assessable	開支之税務影響 釐定應課税溢利時毋須作課税	38,652	20,138
in determining taxable profit Utilisation of tax losses previously not recognised	收入之税務影響 動用先前未確認之税項虧損	(6,054) (2,698)	(17,919)
Effect of tax rate in different jurisdiction Overprovision of income taxes in prior years Effect on Mainland China LAT	不同司法權區之税率影響 過往年度所得税超額撥備 中國內地土地增值税之影響 股息扣繳税	202 (35,658) 148,609 3,659	(539) (48,064) 169,355 820
Dividend withholding tax  Tax charges for the year	年度税項開支	297,027	226,639

Details of deferred taxation are set out in Note 27.

遞延税項之詳情載於附註27。

Note:

The domestic income tax rate is the income tax rate of the jurisdiction where the major operations of the Group are based.

附註:

當地所得税税率為本集團主要業務所處 之司法權區之所得税税率。

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### 13. DIVIDEND

In 2021, a dividend of approximately HK\$108,406,000 (2020: HK\$216,813,000) in aggregate was paid to shareholders in respect of the interim dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2020 (2020: interim dividend for the year ended 31st December, 2019).

Subsequent to the end of reporting period, the Directors have declared payment of an interim dividend of 5.50 HK cents per share (2020: 5.50 HK cents per share) amounting to approximately HK\$108,406,000 (2020: HK\$108,406,000) for the year ended 31st December, 2021.

### 13. 股息

於二零二一年內已派付截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股息 (二零二零年:已派付截至二零一九 年十二月三十一日止年度之中期股 息)合共約108,406,000港元(二零二零 年:216,813,000港元)予股東。

於報告期末後,董事宣派截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之中期 股息每股5.50港仙(二零二零年:每 股5.50港仙),金額約為108,406,000 港元(二零二零年:108,406,000港 元)。

### 14. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic earnings per share attributable to the owners of the Company is based on the following data:

# 14. 每股盈利

本公司權益持有人應佔每股基本盈利 乃根據以下資料計算:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Earnings  Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company for the purposes of basic earnings per share	<b>盈利</b> 年內用以計算每股基本盈利之 本公司權益持有人應佔溢利	283,448	174,993
Number of shares Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share	<b>股份數目</b> 計算每股基本盈利之普通股 加權平均數	1,971,025,125	1,971,025,125

No diluted earnings per share is presented as there was no potential ordinary share in issue during both years.

由於兩個年度均無潛在普通股發行, 故並無呈列每股攤薄後盈利。

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### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

# 15. 投資物業

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
AT FAIR VALUE	公平值		
At 1st January	於一月一日	8,311,639	7,846,533
Additions	添置	3,295	8,654
Loss on fair value changes	公平值變動時產生之虧損	(3,540)	(12,329)
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	287,453	468,781
At 31st December	於十二月三十一日	8,598,847	8,311,639

The Group's investment properties are held outside Hong Kong and are held under operating leases.

The fair value hierarchy of investment properties is Level 3.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 3 during the year.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at 31st December, 2021 has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation as at that date carried out by the Valuer not connected with the Group. The valuation was arrived by capitalising the net rental income derived from existing tenancies with due allowance for reversionary income potential of the properties on a recurring basis. This involves making certain assumptions and the use of estimates in respect of the reversionary yield by the Valuer. As a result of the valuation, an unrealised loss on property valuation of approximately HK\$3,540,000 (2020: HK\$12,329,000) was charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31st December, 2021.

In estimating the fair value of the properties, the highest and best use of the properties is their current use.

The Group's property interests held under operating leases to earn rentals or for capital appreciation purposes are measured using the fair value model and are classified and accounted for as investment properties.

本集團的投資物業於香港境外持有, 並按經營租賃持有。

投資物業公平值等級為第三級。

年內,並無轉入第三級或自第三級轉 出。

本集團之投資物業於二零二一年十二 月三十一日之公平值乃按與本集團概 無關連的估值師進行的當日估值為 基準入賬。估值乃透過按經常性原 則資本化來自現有租賃之租金收入 淨額作出,並計及物業復歸收入的 潛力。此涉及估值師作出若干假設 及使用有關復歸收益率之估計。根 據估值之結果,物業估值之未變現 虧損約3,540,000港元(二零二零年: 12,329,000港元)已於截至二零二一年 十二月三十一日止年度之綜合損益表 中扣除。

估計物業之公平值時,物業之最高及 最佳使用為其目前用途。

本集團按經營租賃持有,以賺取租金 或作資本增值用途的物業權益乃按公 平值模式計算,並分類及列作為投資 物業。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 15. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

# 15. 投資物業(續)

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in determination of the fair values of the investment properties:

下表顯示用於釐定投資物業公平值之 估值技術:

Fair value 公平值					nary yield 收益率
Description 説明	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	Valuation techniques 估值技術	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
и <b>л. 1</b> 71	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	10 16.32 7/9	<b>→</b> �→ +	<b>一令一令</b> 十
	千港元	千港元			
Commercial properties - not developed by the Group 商用物業 - 並非由本集團發展	361,786	348,506	Investment approach 投資方式	2.75%	2.75%
Commercial properties  — developed by the Group 商用物業 —由本集團發展	1,472,529	1,418,800	Investment approach 投資方式	6.25% – 8.50%	6.25% – 8.50%
Residential properties 住宅物業	6,193,279	5,986,249	Investment approach 投資方式	0.75%	0.75%
Industrial properties 工業物業	571,253	558,084	Investment approach 投資方式	6.75%	6.75%
	8,598,847	8,311,639			

### Notes:

- The key inputs of investment approach are: (a) reversionary yield; (b) net rental income derived from existing tenancies; and (c) annual unit market rental.
- Reversionary yield takes into account annual unit market rental and unit market value of the comparable properties and adjustment factors for location and other individual factors such as road frontage, size of property and facilities.
- (iii) The slight increase in the reversionary yield would result in a significant decrease in fair value, and vice versa.
- The increase in net rental income derived from existing tenancies or annual unit market rental would result in an increase in fair value, and vice versa.

### 附註:

- 投資方式之主要輸入數據為: (a)復 歸收益率; (b)來自現有租賃之租 金收入淨額;及(c)單位市場年度租 金。
- 復歸收益率已計及可比較物業的單 位市場年度租金及單位市場價值, 以及所在地的調整因素及其他個別 因素(如臨街道路、物業大小及設 施規模)。
- (iii) 復歸收益率的輕微上升將導致公平 值大幅下跌,反之亦然。
- (iv) 現有租賃協議所產生之租金收入淨 額或單位市場年度租金上升將導致 公平值上升,反之亦然。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT 16. 物業、廠房及設備

		Leasehold land and buildings 租賃土地 及樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Plant and equipment 廠房及設備 HK\$7000 千港元	Construction work-in- progress 在建工程 HK\$'000 千港元	Furniture, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles 傢俱、裝置與離板及車輛 HK\$'000	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
At cost At 1st January, 2020  Additions Written off Disposals Exchange adjustments	<b>按成本</b> 於二零二零年 一月一日 添置 撇銷 出售 題兑調整	624,085 73,371 (24,804) - 38,060	25,619 11 - (414) 1,530	4,540 - (4,811) - 271	115,727 20,296 (7,304) (717) 6,018	769,971 93,678 (36,919) (1,131) 45,879
At 31st December, 2020  Additions Written off Disposals Exchange adjustments	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 添置 撤銷 出售 匯兑調整	710,712 - (662) - 25,089	26,746 8 - (1,038) 925	- - - - -	134,020 6,239 (3,245) (2,361) 4,166	871,478 6,247 (3,907) (3,399) 30,180
At 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	735,139	26,641	-	138,819	900,599
Accumulated depreciation and impairment At 1st January, 2020  Provided for the year Eliminated on written off Eliminated on disposals Exchange adjustments	累計折舊及減值 於二零年 一月備 中內撥時對銷 售後送調整	457,100 30,048 (24,804) - 28,014	22,268 228 - (372) 1,330	- - - -	88,228 14,768 (7,304) (659) 4,431	567,596 45,044 (32,108) (1,031) 33,775
At 31st December, 2020  Provided for the year Eliminated on written off Eliminated on disposals Exchange adjustments	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 年內撥備 撤銷時對銷 售後對銷 匯兑調整	490,358 31,692 (662) - 18,015	23,454 211 - (934) 811	- - - -	99,464 10,443 (2,920) (2,126) 3,061	613,276 42,346 (3,582) (3,060) 21,887
At 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	539,403	23,542	_	107,922	670,867
Carrying values At 31st December, 2021	<b>賬面值</b> 於二零二一年 十二月三十一日	195,736	3,099	-	30,897	229,732
At 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	220,354	3,292	-	34,556	258,202

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

The Group's leasehold land is situated outside Hong Kong.

Depreciation of the above property, plant and equipment except for construction work-in-progress, is provided to their cost less residual values over their estimated useful lives by equal annual instalments at the following rates per annum:

Leasehold land and 2% to 4% or over buildings relevant leases.

shorter

Plant and equipment Furniture, fixtures and

arniture, fixtures and equipment and motor vehicles

2% to 4% or over the terms of the relevant leases, whichever is the

9% to 13% 18% to 40%

6,037

The Group as lessee

Depreciation charge

Right-of-use assets (included in the property, plant and equipment)

## 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

本集團之租賃土地位於香港境外。

除在建工程以外,上述物業、廠房及 設備乃按其估計可使用年期,以每年 相等的數額就其估計殘值分期計提折 舊,年率如下:

租賃土地及樓宇 2%至4%或有關

租賃之年期(以較短者為

準)

廠房及設備 9%至13% 傢俱、裝置與 18%至40%

設備及車輛

本集團作為承租人

使用權資產(計入物業、廠房及設備)

equipment)		15× 114 /		
		Leasehold lands 租賃土地 HK\$'000 千港元	Leasehold buildings 租賃樓宇 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總額 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日			
Carrying amount	賬面值	12,336	11,816	24,152
As at 31st December, 2020 Carrying amount	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日 賬面值	17,855	19,610	37,465
For the year ended 31st December, 2021	截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度			
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	6,296	7,794	14,090
For the year ended 31st December, 2020	截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度			

折舊開支

13,776

7,739

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 16. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(Continued)

### The Group as lessee (Continued)

Right-of-use assets (included in the property, plant and equipment) (Continued)

### 16. 物業、廠房及設備(續)

# 本集團作為承租人(續)

使用權資產(計入物業、廠房及 設備)(續)

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total cash outflow for leases	租賃之現金流出總額	8,124	8,470
Addition to right-of-use assets	添置使用權資產	-	23,051

For both years, the Group leases office and director's quarter for its operations. Lease contracts are entered into for fixed terms from one to three years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis with different terms and conditions. In determining the lease term and assessing the length of the non-cancellable period, the Group applies the definition of a contract and determines the period for which the contract is enforceable.

In addition, lease liabilities of HK\$11,745,000 (2020: HK\$19,390,000) were recognised with related right-of-use assets of HK\$11,816,000 (2020: HK\$19,610,000) as at 31st December, 2021. The lease agreements did not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that were held by the lessors. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

於兩個年度,本集團就其營運租用辦 公室及董事宿舍。租賃合約為固定租 期一至三年。租賃條款乃按多種不同 條款及條件分別磋商。於釐定租期及 評估不可撤銷期間之長度時,本集團 採用合約之定義並釐定可強制執行合 約之期間。

此外,於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,已確認與使用權資產11,816,000 港元(二零二零年:19,610,000港元) 相關之租賃負債11,745,000港元(二零 二零年:19,390,000港元)。租賃協議 並無施加任何契諾,惟出租人所持有 之租賃資產之抵押權益除外。租賃資 產不得作為借款擔保。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 17. PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

### 17. 發展中物業

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
At 1st January, at cost	於一月一日,按成本	4,348,666	3,388,166
Additions	添置	235,468	70,690
Transfer from deposit paid for land use right	轉移自土地使用權之已付訂金	_	391,039
Transfer from prepayment (Note 23(a))	轉移自預付款項(附註23(a))	_	296,349
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	150,396	202,422
At 31st December, at cost	於十二月三十一日,按成本	4,734,530	4,348,666

Properties under development under current assets of approximately HK\$4,734,530,000 (2020: HK\$4,348,666,000) are not expected to be completed within twelve months from the end of reporting period.

During the year ended 31st December, 2020, the real estate ownership certificates of the land use rights of land lots located in Pudong New Area, Shanghai, the Mainland China had been obtained, therefore the deposit paid for land use rights of HK\$391,039,000 was reclassified to properties under development. Details are disclosed in Note 34(a).

流動資產內的發展中物業約 4,734,530,000港元(二零二零年: 4,348,666,000港元)預計不會於報告 期末起計十二個月內落成。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度內,位於中國內地上海市浦東新 區之地塊之土地使用權之不動產權證 已經取得,故土地使用權之已付訂金 391,039,000港元已重新分類至發展中 物業。詳情於附註34(a)中披露。

### 18. GOODWILL

### 18. 商譽

HK\$'000 千港元

### Cost and carrying value

### 成本及賬面值

and 31st December, 2021

At 1st January, 2020, 31st December, 2020 於二零二零年一月一日、二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零二一年十二月三十一日

33,288

Goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating unit of a wholly owned subsidiary which is engaged in property development and trading activities.

During the years ended 31st December, 2021 and 2020, the management of the Group determined that there was no impairment of the cash-generating unit containing goodwill.

商譽分配至一家全資附屬公司的現金 產生單位,該公司從事物業發展及銷 售業務。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團管理層認為 並無現金產生單位有商譽減值。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 18. GOODWILL (Continued)

The recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit was measured based on fair value less costs to disposal calculation by reference to observable market price using market comparable approach for similar properties, adjusted for location and other individual factors such as road frontage and size. It was determined by the management's past experience, based on the estimated gross profit from selling of properties, taking into the consideration prevailing market price.

## 18. 商譽(續)

現金產生單位的可收回金額乃根據可 觀察市場價格就類似物業以市場比較 法作參考,就所在地及其他個別因素 (如臨街道路及其大小)作調整後以公 平值減出售成本計算而計量。其由管 理層的過往經驗決定,根據物業銷售 的預計毛利計算,計及當時的市價。

### 19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

### 19. 於聯營公司之權益

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Cost of unlisted investments in associates Share of post-acquisition losses, net of	於非上市聯營公司之投資成本 應佔收購後虧損,已扣除	8,356	7,071
dividend received	已收股息	(6,066)	(5,514)
Exchange difference arising from translation	換算聯營公司時產生之		
of associates	匯兑差額	2,171	1,887
		4,461	3,444
Amounts due from associates	聯營公司欠款	9,501	10,781
		13,962	14,225

The amounts due from associates are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed repayment terms.

In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the amounts due from associates will not be repayable within twelve months from the end of the reporting period and accordingly, the amounts have been classified as non-current assets. The amount of HK\$1,285,000 was capitalised as investment in an associate.

Details of principal associates at 31st December, 2021 are included in Note 38.

聯營公司欠款乃無抵押、免息及無固 定還款期。

本公司董事認為,聯營公司欠款不會 於報告期末十二個月內償還。因此, 該款項已列作非流動資產。1,285,000 港元已資本化作為於聯營公司之投 資。

主要聯營公司於二零二一年十二月 三十一日之詳情載於附註38。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

### 19. INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

# Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's associates that are not individually material is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The associates are accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

# 19. 於聯營公司之權益(續)

有關本集團不屬於個別重大之聯營公 司的財務資料概要載列如下。以下財 務資料概要乃指聯營公司根據《香港 財務報告準則》編製的財務報表所示 金額。

本綜合財務報表將聯營公司以權益法 入賬。

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Total assets	總資產	39,626	40,383
Total liabilities	總負債	(32,839)	(35,216)
			<del></del> ;
Net assets	淨資產	6,787	5,167
Group's share of associates' net assets	本集團應佔聯營公司之淨資產	4,461	3,444
Revenue	收入	6,714	5,788
(Loss) profit for the year	年度(虧損)溢利	(2,001)	9,638
, , , ,			
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	961	1,136
		, , ,	1,130
Group's share of associates' (loss) profit	本集團年度應佔聯營公司之		
for the year	(虧損)溢利	(552)	2,598
Group's share of associates' other	本集團年度應佔聯營公司之	(332)	2,770
comprehensive income for the year	其他全面收益	284	375
,			
Group's share of associates' total	本集團年度應佔聯營公司之		
comprehensive (expense) income	全面(開支)收益總額		
for the year		(268)	2,973

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE

# 20. 於一家合資企業之權益

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cost of unlisted investments in a joint venture Share of post-acquisition profits, net of	於一家非上市合資企業之 投資成本 應佔收購後溢利,已扣除	130,185	130,185
dividend received  Exchange difference arising from translation of a joint venture	已收股息 換算一家合資企業時產生之 匯兑差額	11,013 41,436	9,671 35,371
Amount due from a joint venture	一家合資企業欠款	182,634 513	175,227 513
		183,147	175,740

The amount due from a joint venture is unsecured, interest free and has no fixed repayment terms.

In the opinion of the Directors of the Company, the amount due from a joint venture will not be repayable within twelve months of the end of the reporting period and accordingly, the amount has been classified as non-current assets.

Details of a joint venture at 31st December, 2021 are included in Note 38.

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's joint venture is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the joint venture's financial statements prepared in accordance with HKFRSs.

The joint venture is accounted for using the equity method in these consolidated financial statements.

一家合資企業欠款為無抵押、免息及 無固定還款期。

本公司董事認為,一家合資企業欠款 將不會於報告期末十二個月內獲償 還,因此,該款項已分類為非流動資 產。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日的一家 合資企業詳情載於附註38。

有關本集團合資企業的財務資料概要 載列如下。以下財務資料概要乃指合 資企業根據《香港財務報告準則》編製 的財務報表所示金額。

本綜合財務報表將合資企業以權益法 入賬。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 20. 於一家合資企業之權益(續)

# Shanghai Jinjiang Tomson Hotel Co., Ltd.

# 上海錦江湯臣大酒店有限公司

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
-		, ,5/5	
Current assets	流動資產	329,356	313,632
Non-current assets	非流動資產	74,645	82,336
Current liabilities	流動負債	38,733	45,515

The above amounts of assets and liabilities include the following:

### 上述資產及負債金額包括下列各項:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	308,680	295,345
Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and other payable and accruals)	流動財務負債(不包括應付 貿易賬款、其他應付賬款及 預提費用)	661	406
Revenue	收入	115,911	92,646
Profit (loss) for the year	年度溢利(虧損)	2,684	(5,104)
Other comprehensive income for the year	年度其他全面收益	12,131	20,755
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收益總額	14,815	15,651
Dividend received from a joint venture	收取一家合資企業之股息	_	16,402

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 20. INTEREST IN A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 20. 於一家合資企業之權益(續)

# Shanghai Jinjiang Tomson Hotel Co., Ltd. (Continued)

上海錦江湯臣大酒店有限公司 (續)

The above profit for the year includes the following:

上述年度溢利包括下列各項:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Depreciation	折舊	9,191	8,846
Interest income	利息收入	9,547	9,439
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	-	67

Reconciliation of the above summarised financial information to the carrying amount of the interest in the joint venture recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

上述財務資料概要與於綜合財務報表 內確認之合資企業之權益的賬面值之 對賬:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net assets	淨資產	365,268	350,453
Proportion of the Group's	本集團之擁有權權益比例		
ownership interest		50%	50%
Carrying amount of the Group's interest	本集團權益之賬面值	182,634	175,227

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# 21. EQUITY INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

# 21. 按公平值計入其他全面收益 之股本工具

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Equity instruments at FVTOCI (Note (i)):  Equity securities listed in Hong Kong (Note (ii))  Unlisted equity investment (Note (iii))	按公平值計入其他全面收益之 股本工具(附註(i)): 於香港上市之股本證券 (附註(ii)) 非上市股本投資(附註(iii))	- 293,452	150,849 257,967
		293,452	408,816

Notes:

- (i) The above equity investments are not held for trading, instead, they are held for long-term strategic purposes. The Directors of the Company have elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI.
- The Group held 9.80% equity interest in Rivera (Holdings) Limited ("RHL"), a then listed company in Hong Kong, as equity instrument at FVTOCI. The privatisation of RHL by way of a scheme of arrangement under Hong Kong Companies Ordinance became effective on 19th August, 2021. The RHL shares held by the Group were cancelled and extinguished at a cancellation price of HK\$0.65 per share and cash in aggregate of HK\$166.19 million was paid to the Group.
- (iii) The unlisted equity investment represent investment in private entities incorporated in the Mainland China mainly engaging in property investment business. The valuation techniques and assumptions used in the determination of the fair value is set out in Note 29(c).

# 22. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets at FVTPL represented equity securities held for trading which are listed in Hong Kong.

### 附註:

- 上述股本投資並非持作買賣,而是 持作長期策略目的。本公司董事已 選擇將該等投資指定為按公平值計 入其他全面收益之股本工具。
- 本集團持有川河集團有限公司(「川 (ii) 河」,一家當時於香港上市之公司) 之9.80%權益,以作為按公平值計 入其他全面收益之股本工具。根據 香港《公司條例》以計劃安排方式將 川河私有化已於二零二一年八月 十九日生效。本集團持有之川河股 份已被註銷及終絕,註銷價每股股 份0.65港元及本集團已獲得現金合 共約166,190,000港元。
- (iii) 非上市股本投資為投資於中國內地 註冊成立及主要從事物業投資業務 的私人企業。釐定公平值所採用之 估值技術及假設載於附註29(c)。

# 22. 按公平值計入損益之財務 資產

按公平值計入損益之財務資產指於香 港上市之待售股本證券。

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### 23. NET CURRENT ASSETS

### (a) Trade and other receivables and prepayments

The general credit term of the Group given to trade customers is 60 days. A longer credit period may be granted to customers with long business relationship. The Group seeks to maintain strict control over its outstanding receivables to minimise credit risk.

Included in trade and other receivables and prepayments are trade receivables, net of allowance for credit losses and their aged analysis based on invoice date as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

## 23. 流動資產淨值

## (a) 應收貿易賬款、其他應收 賬款及預付款項

本集團給予其貿易客戶之一般 信貸期為六十日。本集團或會 給予有長期業務關係之客戶較 長之信貸期。本集團會對逾期 未付的應收賬作出嚴謹監控以 減低信貸風險。

在應收貿易賬款、其他應收賬 款及預付款項內包括應收貿易 賬款(經扣除信貸虧損撥備), 其於報告期末根據發票日期之 賬齡分析如下:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
364	52

零至三個月 0 - 3 months

Movement in the allowance for credit losses on trade receivables:

應收貿易賬款之信貸虧損撥備 之變動:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
		<b>一</b>	
Balance at beginning of the year Impairment losses recognised Impairment losses reversed Exchange adjustments	年初結餘 已確認之減值虧損 已撥回之減值虧損 匯兑調整	4,832 92 (613) 62	2,715 2,053 (45) 109
Balance at end of the year	年終結餘	4,373	4,832

Details of impairment assessment of other receivables are set out in Note 29(b).

Included in the other receivables and prepayments of HK\$48,086,000 (2020: HK\$46,479,000) related to prepaid sale tax.

其他應收賬款之減值評估詳情 載於附註29(b)。

其他應收賬款及預付款項包括 48,086,000港元(二零二零年: 46,479,000港元) 乃有關預付銷 售税。

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### 23. NET CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

## (a) Trade and other receivables and prepayments (Continued)

During the year ended 31st December, 2020, the real estate ownership certificates of the property project had been obtained as disclosed in Note 17, therefore the prepayment of HK\$296,349,000 related to the development cost was reclassified to properties under development.

### (b) Inventories

Details of inventories are as follows:

Packaging materials and accessories

# 23. 流動資產淨值(續)

### (a) 應收貿易賬款、其他應收 賬款及預付款項(續)

誠如附註17中披露,截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日止年度 內,物業項目之不動產權證已 經取得,故與發展成本相關之 預付款項296,349,000港元已重 新分類至發展中物業。

### (b) 存貨

存貨詳情如下:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
千港元	千港元
3,754	4,212

# (c) Bank deposit and cash and bank balances

Bank deposit comprised the time deposit with an original maturity over three months.

Included in cash and bank balances are the following amounts denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entities to which they relate:

# (c) 銀行存款以及現金及銀行 結餘

銀行存款包括原到期日三個月 以上的定期存款。

在現金及銀行結餘內,有關實 體之功能貨幣以外之貨幣為:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
United States Dollars ("USD")	美元	57,399	57,577
Renminbi ("RMB")	人民幣	19,002	45,846

包裝材料及配件

Details of impairment assessment of bank deposit and bank balances are set out in Note 29(b).

銀行存款以及銀行結餘之減值 評估詳情載於附註29(b)。

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## 23. NET CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

#### (d) Trade and other payables and accruals

Included in trade and other payables and accruals are trade payables and their aged analysis based on invoice date as at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

#### 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 HK\$'000 HK\$'000 千港元 千港元 0 - 3 months 零至三個月 24,929 8,533 4-6 months 四至六個月 83 181 七至十二個月 7 - 12 months 38 485 一年以上 Over 1 year 84,635 107,131 109,685 116,330

The credit period on purchases is 90 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are settled within the credit timeframe.

Included in the other payables and accruals of HK\$275,941,000 (2020: HK\$268,926,000) and HK\$177,959,000 (2020: HK\$172,011,000) related to the refundable deposit for golf course and accrued land use tax respectively.

Other payables of HK\$80,838,000 (2020: HK\$69,501,000) represent the refundable rental deposits received and out of which HK\$23,194,000 (2020: HK\$12,541,000) is included in non-current other payables.

# 23. 流動資產淨值(續)

# (d) 應付貿易賬款、其他應付 賬款及預提費用

在應付貿易賬款、其他應付賬 款及預提費用內包括應付貿易 賬款,其於報告期末根據發票 日期之賬齡分析如下:

購貨之信貸期為九十天。本集 團已制訂財務風險管理政策以 確保所有應付賬款均於信貸期 內繳清。

其他應付賬款及預提費用中 包括275,941,000港元(二零二 零年: 268,926,000港元)及 177,959,000港元(二零二零年: 172,011,000港元) 乃分別有關高 爾夫球場之可退還押金及預提 土地使用税。

其他應付賬款80,838,000港元 (二零二零年:69,501,000港元) 乃已收可退回租賃按金,其中 23,194,000港元(二零二零年: 12,541,000港元) 計入非流動其 他應付賬款。

#### 23. NET CURRENT ASSETS (Continued)

## 23. 流動資產淨值(續)

#### (e) Lease liabilities

## (e) 租賃負債

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Lease liabilities payable: Within one year Within a period more than one year but not exceeding two years	應付之租賃負債: 一年內 一年以上但不超過 兩年之期間	7,536 4,209	7,645
Within a period more than two years but not exceeding five years	兩年以上但不超過 五年之期間	11,745	4,209

The weighted average incremental borrowing rates applied to lease liabilities was 3.02% (2020: 2.94%) per annum.

租賃負債所應用之加權平均增 量借款年利率為3.02厘(二零二 零年:2.94厘)。

#### Contract liabilities **(f)**

Contract liabilities of HK\$208,603,000, HK\$46,874,000 and HK\$277,192,000 represented the deposits received from sales of properties as at 31st December, 2021, 31st December, 2020 and 1st January, 2020 respectively.

The Group receives 20% to 30% of the contract value as deposits from customers when they signed the sale and purchase agreement. The deposits will be recognised as revenue when the customer obtains control of the completed property.

During the year ended 31st December, 2021, the amount of HK\$46,874,000 (2020: HK\$277,192,000) included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of the year was recognised as revenue.

#### 合約負債 **(f)**

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日、二零二零年十二月三十一 日及二零二零年一月一日,合 約負債金額分別為208,603,000 港 元 、 46,874,000 港 元 及 277,192,000港元,乃銷售物業 收取之訂金。

本集團於客戶簽訂買賣協議時 向彼等收取合約價值之20%至 30%作為訂金。該等訂金將於客 戶獲得已竣工物業之控制權時 確認為收入。

於截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,包括在年初 合約負債之結餘金額46,874,000 港元(二零二零年:277,192,000 港元)已確認為收入。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

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#### 24. SHARE CAPITAL

## 24. 股本

		Number of shares 股份數目		Amount 金額	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
				HK\$'000	HK\$'000
				千港元	千港元
Ordinary shares of HK\$0.50 each  Authorised  - Balance as at 1st January and 31st December	每股面值0.50港元之普通股 <b>法定</b> 一於一月一日及於十二月 三十一日之結餘	3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
Issued and fully paid	已發行及已繳足				
- Balance as at 1st January and	-於一月一日及於十二月				
31st December	三十一日之結餘	1,971,025,125	1,971,025,125	985,512	985,512

#### 25. 股權支付交易 25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS

A share option scheme was adopted by the Company pursuant to a resolution passed on 1st June, 2012 (the "2012 Scheme"). The 2012 Scheme was set up for the primary purpose to provide incentives or rewards to selected persons for their contribution to any member of the Group or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest ("Invested Entity"). Subject to earlier termination by the Company in general meeting or by the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board"), the 2012 Scheme shall be valid and effective until 31st May, 2022. After the expiry of such valid period, no further options will be offered or granted but in all other respects the provisions of the 2012 Scheme shall remain in full force and effect.

Under the 2012 Scheme, the Board may grant options to (i) any employee or proposed employee (whether full time or part time) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity, including any executive director of these companies; or (ii) any nonexecutive director (including independent non-executive director) of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (iii) any adviser, consultant or customer of or supplier of goods or services to any member of the Group or any Invested Entity; or (iv) any 本公司根據於二零一二年六月一日通 過的決議案採納一項購股權計劃(「二 零一二年計劃」)。設立二零一二年計 劃的主要目的是為就經甄選之人士對 本集團任何成員公司或本集團任何成 員公司持有任何股權之任何機構(「所 投資機構」)之貢獻作出激勵或獎賞。 倘本公司並無在股東大會中提早終止 或本公司董事局(「董事局」)並無提早 終止該計劃,二零一二年計劃將有效 至二零二二年五月三十一日止。於有 效期屆滿後將不會再行提議賦予或授 出購股權,惟二零一二年計劃的條款 在各方面將繼續全面有效。

根據二零一二年計劃,董事局可向 以下人士授出購股權:(i)本集團任何 成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何 僱員或準僱員(不論全職或兼職),包 括此等公司之任何執行董事;或(ii) 本集團任何成員公司或任何所投資機 構之任何非執行董事(包括獨立非執 行董事);或(iii)本集團任何成員公司

#### 25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS 25. 股權支付交易(續)

(Continued)

shareholder of any member of the Group or any Invested Entity or any holder of any securities issued by any member of the Group or any Invested Entity.

The maximum number of shares of the Company in respect of which options may be granted under the 2012 Scheme is 141,452,380 shares, representing 10% of the Company's issued share capital at the date of adoption of the 2012 Scheme, save as otherwise approved by shareholders of the Company. The total number of shares of the Company issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted and to be granted to each participant or grantee (including exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the shares of the Company in issue at the date of grant (the "Individual Limit"). Any further grant of options in excess of the Individual Limit must be subject to shareholders' approval in general meeting with such participant and his or her associates abstaining from voting.

The acceptance of an offer of granting an option must be made within 28 days from the date on which such offer is made with a non-refundable payment of HK\$1 from the grantee to the Company by way of consideration for the grant thereof. An option may be exercised at any time during a period as the Board may determine which shall not be more than 10 years commencing from the date of grant of option. Save as determined by the Board and provided in the offer of the relevant options, there is no minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised under the 2012 Scheme. The subscription price per share of the Company in respect of any option granted under the 2012 Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price will not be less than the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares as stated in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of offer of the option, which must be a business day; (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets on the 5 business days immediately preceding the date of offer of the option; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares on the date of offer.

或任何所投資機構之任何諮詢人、顧 問或客戶或向該等公司或機構提供商 品或服務之供應商;或(iv)本集團任 何成員公司或任何所投資機構之任何 股東,或本集團任何成員公司或任何 所投資機構發行任何證券之任何持有 人。

除非另行獲本公司股東之批准,根 據二零一二年計劃可授出之購股權 而發行之本公司股份最高限額總數為 141,452,380股,即本公司於採納二零 一二年計劃當日已發行股本的10%。 每名參與者或承授人在截至授出購股 權當日止任何十二個月內,獲授及 將獲授之購股權(包括已行使及尚未 行使者)予以行使時而發行及將發行 之本公司股份總數,不得超過授出購 股權當日之本公司已發行股份數目之 1%(「個別上限」)。倘向參與者再行 授出超逾個別上限之購股權,則須經 股東在股東大會上批准, 而有關參與 者及其聯繫人士均須放棄投票權。

承授人須於提議授出購股權之日起計 二十八日內提出接納購股權,並向本 公司支付1港元,作為獲授購股權之 代價,此款項將不可退回。購股權 可在董事局釐定的期間內隨時行使, 惟該期間不得自授出購股權日期起計 超過十年。根據二零一二年計劃,除 董事局另有決定及根據有關購股權授 出時所規定者外,並無設有購股權行 使之前必須持有的最短限期。根據二 零一二年計劃所授出的任何購股權而 言,本公司每股股份的認購價將由董 事局全權釐定,惟該認購價不得低於 以下三者之最高者:(i)提議授出購股 權當日(必須為營業日)在聯交所每日 報價表所列股份之收市價;(ii)緊接提 議授出購股權日期前五個營業日在聯 交所每日報價表所列股份之平均收市 價;及(iii)於提議授予購股權當日的 股份面值。

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#### 25. SHARE-BASED PAYMENT TRANSACTIONS 25. 股權支付交易(續)

(Continued)

Under the 2012 Scheme, 4,200,000 shares of the Company were issued upon exercise of share options in 2013. Under the 2012 Scheme, no option was granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed in 2021. Therefore, the maximum number of shares available for issue under the 2012 Scheme as at 31st December, 2021 was 137,252,380 representing approximately 6.96% of the Company's issued share capital at the end of the reporting period. There are no outstanding options granted under the 2012 Scheme during 2020 and 2021.

根據二零一二年計劃,4,200,000股 本公司股份於二零一三年行使購股 權後獲發行。根據二零一二年計劃, 於二零二一年,概無已授出、行使、 註銷或失效的購股權。因此,於二零 二一年十二月三十一日,根據二零 一二年計劃可予發行之股份數目上限 為137,252,380股, 佔本公司於報告期 末之已發行股本約6.96%。 根據二零 一二年計劃,於二零二零年及二零 二一年度內,概無尚未行使購股權。

#### 26. BORROWINGS

#### 26. 借款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Short-term borrowings, secured Current portion of long-term borrowings, secured	短期借款,有抵押 長期借款之即期部份,有抵押	29,433	216,813
Total amount due within one year shown under current liabilities	於流動負債下列示於一年內 到期之總金額	29,433	735,263
Amounts shown under non-current liabilities	於非流動負債下列示之金額	264,900	284,495
		294,333	1,019,758
Carrying amount repayable:  Within one year  Within a period more than one year  but not exceeding two years  Within a period more than two year	須償還之賬面值: 一年內 一年以上但不超過兩年 之期間 兩年以上但不超過五年	29,433 29,433	735,263 28,450
but not exceeding five years  More than five years	之期間 五年以上	88,300 147,167	85,348 170,697
		294,333	1,019,758

The borrowings were secured by assets of the Group as disclosed in Note 35.

本集團用作借款抵押之資產於附註35 中披露。

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#### 26. BORROWINGS (Continued)

# 26. 借款(續)

Borrowings were floating-rate borrowings of HK\$294,333,000 (2020: HK\$1,019,758,000) which carried interest rates at 5.39% (2020: 1.53% to 5.39%) per annum.

借款為浮動利率借款294,333,000港元 (二零二零年:1,019,758,000港元), 年利率5.39厘(二零二零年:1.53厘至 5.39厘)。

#### 27. DEFERRED TAXATION

# 27. 遞延税項

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速 税項折舊 HK\$'000 千港元	Revaluation of properties 重估 物業價值 HK\$'000 千港元	LAT 土地 增值税 HK\$*000 千港元	Exchange difference recognition 匯兑 差額確認 HK\$'000 千港元	Dividend withholding tax 股息 扣缴税 HK\$'000 千港元	Tax losses 税項虧損 HK\$'000 千港元	Others 其他 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance as at 1st January, 2020 (Charge) credit to consolidated	於二零二零年一月一日 之結餘 於本年度綜合損益表	(146,756)	(1,909,154)	871,281	(47,019)	-	7,604	(59,467)	(1,283,511)
statement of profit or loss for the year	(扣減)撥回	(12,936)	138,747	48,647	-	-	(8,058)	(14,575)	151,825
Credit to other comprehensive expense	計入其他全面開支	_	-	_	-	-	_	5,402	5,402
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(8,768)	(102,909)	48,486	(2,810)	-	454	(4,257)	(69,804)
Balance as at 31st December, 2020 (Charge) credit to consolidated statement of profit or loss	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日之結餘 於本年度綜合損益表 (扣減)撥回	(168,460)	(1,873,316)	968,414	(49,829)	-	-	(72,897)	(1,196,088)
for the year	於其他全面開支扣減	(13,709)	1,956	3,367	-	(1,091)	-	12,596	3,119
Charge to other comprehensive expense Exchange adjustments	<b>正</b> 成共他主国用又和 <b>國 正</b> 的 <b>正</b> 的 <b>正</b> 的 <b>正</b> 的 <b>正</b> 的	(5,827)	- (73,573)	- 34,418	- (1,725)	-	-	(6,641) (2,460)	(6,641) (49,167)
Balance as at 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日之結餘	(187,996)	(1,944,933)	1,006,199	(51,554)	(1,091)	-	(69,402)	(1,248,777)

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of financial position, certain deferred tax assets and liabilities have been offset. The following is the analysis of the deferred tax balances for financial reporting purposes:

就呈列綜合財務狀況表而言,若干遞 延税項資產及負債已予抵銷。以下為 就財務報告用途的遞延税項結餘分 析:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	_	37,941
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	(1,248,777)	(1,234,029)
		(1,248,777)	(1,196,088)

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#### 27. DEFERRED TAXATION (Continued)

At 31st December, 2021, the Group had unused tax losses of HK\$478.29 million (2020: HK\$499.37 million) available for offset against future profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of such losses for both years due to the unpredictability of future profit streams. Included in unrecognised tax losses are losses of HK\$40.46 million (2020: HK\$75.09 million) which will expire within five years. Other losses may be carried forward indefinitely.

At 31st December, 2021, except the amount of distributable earnings of HK\$21.82 million (2020: Nil), the aggregate amount of distributable earnings of the Group's Mainland China subsidiaries in respect of which the Group has not provided for dividend withholding tax amounted to approximately HK\$5,938.35 million (2020: HK\$5,318.27 million). No deferred tax has been recognised in respect of these amounts because the Group is in a position to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that such differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### 28. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to shareholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings disclosed in Note 26 and equity attributable to owners of the Company, comprising issued share capital, share premium, reserves and retained earnings.

The Directors of the Company review the capital structure periodically by considering the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. When necessary, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buy-backs as well as the issue of new debt or the repayment of existing debt.

#### 27. 遞延税項(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集 團可用作抵銷未來溢利之未動用税項 虧損約為478,290,000港元(二零二零 年:499,370,000港元)。由於未來溢 利流的不可預測性,故於兩個年度概 無就該等虧損確認遞延税項資產。未 確認税項虧損中,約40,460,000港元 (二零二零年:75,090,000港元)之虧 損將於五年內屆滿。其他虧損可無限 期結轉。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,除 可分派盈利約21,820,000港元(二零 二零年:無)外,本集團尚未就其中 國內地附屬公司之可分派盈利總額 約5,938,350,000港元(二零二零年: 5,318,270,000港元),作出股息扣繳 税撥備。由於本集團有能力控制撥回 暫時差額之時間及該等差額可能不會 於可見未來撥回,因此並無就該等款 項確認遞延税項。

# 28. 資本風險管理

本集團之資本管理目的為確保本集團 內之實體均可持續經營,同時透過優 化債務及權益結餘為股東謀求最大回 報。本集團之整體策略與過往年度維 持不變。

本集團之資本架構包括債務(當中包 括借款(於附註26披露))及本公司權 益持有人應佔權益(包括已發行股 本、股份溢價、儲備及保留溢利)。

本公司董事定期檢討資本結構,當中 包括考慮資本成本及與各資本類別所 附帶之風險。如有需要,本集團將透 過派付股息、發行新股及股份回購 以及發行新債務或償還現有債務以平 衡其整體資本結構。

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#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 29. 金融工具

#### (a) Categories of financial instruments

#### (a) 金融工具之類別

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Financial assets Financial assets at FVTPL Financial assets at amortised cost Equity instruments at FVTOCI	財務資產 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產 按攤銷成本計量之財務資產 按公平值計入其他全面收益 之股本工具	101,593 4,690,982 293,452	90,302 5,087,029 408,816
Financial liabilities At amortised cost	<b>財務負債</b> 按攤銷成本	806,190	1,516,794

# (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include equity instruments at FVTOCI, financial assets at FVTPL, trade and other receivables, amounts due from associates, pledged bank deposits, bank deposit, bank balances, trade and other payables and borrowings. Details of these financial instruments are disclosed in the respective notes. The risks associated with these financial instruments and the policies on how to mitigate these risks are set out below. The management manages and monitors these exposures to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner. There has been no significant change to the Group's exposure to financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

## (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

本集團之主要金融工具包括按 公平值計入其他全面收益之股 本工具、按公平值計入損益之 財務資產、應收貿易賬款及其 他應收賬款、聯營公司欠款、 抵押銀行存款、銀行存款、銀 行結餘、應付貿易賬款及其他 應付賬款以及借款。該等金融 工具之詳情已於相關附註內披 露。下文載列該等金融工具有 關之風險及如何減低該等風險 之政策。管理層管理及監控該 等風險,以確保能及時和有效 地採取合適的措施。本集團面 臨之財務風險或其管理及計量 風險之措施並無重大變動。

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#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Market risks

#### (*i*) Currency risk

Certain bank balances of the Group are denominated in USD and RMB which are foreign currencies other than functional currency (i.e. HKD) of the relevant group entities (see Note 23(c)). The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to currency risk at the end of the reporting period.

No analysis is presented on HKD against USD as HKD is pegged to USD and the management of the Company believes the foreign exchange exposure is insignificant.

The following details the Group's sensitivity to a 5% (2020: 5%) appreciation/depreciation in HKD against RMB.

Profit for the year ended 31st December, 2021 would decrease/increase by HK\$950,000 (2020: HK\$2,292,000).

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 市場風險

#### 貨幣風險 (i)

本集團若干銀行結餘乃以 美元及人民幣(為外幣)而 非各相關集團實體的功能 貨幣(即港元)列值(見附註 23(c))。本集團目前並無採 取外幣對沖政策。然而, 管理層會監控外匯風險, 並將於有需要時考慮對沖 所面對的重大外幣風險。

#### 敏感度分析

下列之敏感度分析乃以於 報告期末之貨幣風險為基 準而釐定。

由於港元與美元掛鈎,故 並無呈列港元兑換美元之 分析,且本公司管理層相 信並無重大外匯風險。

下列詳載本集團對港元兑 人民幣升值/貶值5%(二 零二零年:5%)的敏感度。

本集團截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止 年度之溢利將減少/ 增加950,000港元(二 零二零年: 2,292,000 港元)。

#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to bank deposit, lease liabilities, and pledged bank deposits (see Notes 23(c), 23(e) and 35 respectively for details). The Group is also exposed to cash flow interest rate risk in relation to bank deposit, bank balances and variable-rate borrowings (see Note 26 for details of these borrowings). It is the Group's policy to keep its borrowings at variable-rate of interest so as to minimise the fair value interest rate risk. The Group currently does not have an interest rate hedging policy. However, the management monitors interest rate exposure and will consider hedging significant interest rate exposure should the need arise.

The Group's cash flow interest rate risk is mainly concentrated on the fluctuation of the market deposit rate and the Mainland China official lending rate and Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate arising from the Group's RMB borrowings and HKD borrowings respectively.

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates risks for pledged bank deposits, bank balances and variable-rate borrowings. The analysis is prepared on the balances at the end of reporting period. 100 basis points (2020: 50 or 100 basis points) increase or decrease is used which represents the management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

## (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險

本集團因銀行存款、租賃 負債及抵押銀行存款(詳 情分別見附註23(c)、23(e) 及35)而須承受公平值利 率風險。本集團亦因銀行 存款、銀行結餘及浮息借 款(此等借款詳情見附註 26) 而須承受現金流利率風 險。本集團之政策為維持 浮息借貸以減低公平值利 率風險。本集團目前並無 利率對沖政策。然而,管 理層監察利率風險,倘有 需要時將會考慮對沖顯著 的利率風險。

本集團之現金流利率風險 主要集中在市場存款利率 浮動以及本集團人民幣借 款及港元借款分別因中國 內地官方貸款利率及香港 銀行同業拆息浮動之風險。

#### 敏感度分析

以下的敏感度分析乃根據 抵押銀行存款、銀行結餘 及浮息借款之利率風險 為基準而釐定。此項分析 基於報告期末之結餘而編 製。採用100基點(二零二 零年:50或100基點)的增 加或減少為管理層對有關 利率變動可能性的合理估 計。

#### 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

#### (ii) Interest rate risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis (Continued)

In relation to the Group's exposure to interest rates risk on bank balances, if interest rates had been 100 basis points (2020: 50 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31st December, 2021 would increase/decrease by HK\$27,331,000 (2020: HK\$15,222,000).

Furthermore, in relation to the Group's exposure to interest rates risk on its variable-rate borrowings, if interest rates had been 100 basis points (2020: 100 basis points) higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the Group's profit for the year ended 31st December, 2021 would decrease/increase by HK\$2,208,000 (2020: HK\$8,249,000).

#### (iii) Equity price risk

The Group is exposed to equity price risk through its equity instruments measured at FVTPL and FVTOCI quoted in the Stock Exchange. For equity instruments measured at FVTPL quoted in the Stock Exchange, the management intends to manage this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. In addition, the Group also invested in certain unquoted equity instruments for long term strategic purposes which had been designed as FVTOCI. The Directors of the Company closely manage the price risk by regularly reviewing the performance of the unquoted equity instruments.

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

#### (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

市場風險(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險(續)

#### 敏感度分析(續)

有關本集團面對銀行結餘 利率風險,倘利率上升/ 下跌100基點(二零二零 年:50基點),而所有其 他可變因素維持不變, 則本集團截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年 度之溢利將增加/減少 27,331,000港元(二零二零 年:15,222,000港元)。

此外,有關本集團面對其 浮息借款利率風險,倘利 率上升/下跌100基點(二 零二零年:100基點),而 所有其他可變因素維持不 變,則本集團截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止 年度之溢利將減少/增加 2,208,000港元(二零二零 年:8,249,000港元)。

#### (iii) 股本價格風險

本集團因其於聯交所上市 的按公平值計入損益及按 公平值計入其他全面收益 之股本工具而須承受股本 價格風險。就按公平值計 入損益,並於聯交所上市 之股本工具,管理層擬透 過維持一個涉及不同風險 程度之投資組合來控制有 關風險。此外,本集團亦 投資於若干作長期策略目 的並已指定為按公平值計 入其他全面收益之非上市 股本工具。本公司董事定 期審閱非上市股本工具之 表現,密切管理價格風險。

#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

Market risks (Continued)

#### (iii) Equity price risk (Continued)

#### Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of reporting period for equity instruments. Sensitivity analysis for unlisted equity securities with fair value measurement categorised within Level 3 is disclosed in Note 29(c).

If the prices of the respective equity instruments had been 10% (2020: 10%) higher/lower:

- profit for the year ended 31st December, 2021 would increase/decrease by HK\$10,159,000 (2020: HK\$9,030,000) as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL; and
- for the year ended 31st December, 2020, other comprehensive income would increase/decrease by HK\$15,085,000 for the Group as a result of the changes in fair value of listed equity instruments at FVTOCI.

In the management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is not representative of the Group's equity price risk as it only reflects the impact of equity price changes to equity securities held at the year end but not the exposure during the year.

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

市場風險(續)

#### (iii) 股本價格風險(續)

#### 敏感度分析

下列之敏感度分析乃根據 於報告期末之股本工具之 股本價格風險為基準而 釐定。公平值計量歸類為 第三級的非上市股本證券 之敏感度分析披露於附註 29(c) °

倘有關股本工具之價格上 升/下跌10%(二零二零 年:10%),則:

- 截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度之 溢利將因按公平值計 入損益之財務資產公 平值變動而增加/減 少10,159,000港元(二 零二零年:9,030,000 港元);及
- 截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度, 本集團之其他全面收 益將因按公平值計入 其他全面收益之上 市股本工具公平值 變動而增加/減少 15,085,000港元。

管理層認為,由於敏感度 分析僅能反映於年底持有 之股本證券因股本價格變 動帶來之影響,而非反映 年內之風險,因此敏感度 分析未能代表本集團全面 之股本價格風險。

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#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event of counterparties' failure to perform their obligations in relation to each class of recognised financial assets in the carrying amount of those assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position. In order to minimise the credit risk, the management will monitor the payment status of customers and perform necessary procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts.

The credit risk on bank balances, pledged bank deposits and bank deposit with original maturity over three months is limited because the counterparties are banks with good reputation. The Group use 12m ECL to perform the assessment under ECL model individually. The impairment yet to be recognised are insignificant. Other than concentration of credit risk on bank balances, pledged bank deposits and bank deposit with original maturity over three months which are deposited with several banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies, the Group does not have any other significant concentration of credit risk.

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

## (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估

可導致本集團蒙受財務虧損的 最大信貸風險是由於綜合財務 狀況表內所列各項已確認之財 務資產的賬面值因交易對手無 法履行責任所致。為了減低信 貸風險,管理層將會監察客戶 的償還狀況,實施所需的程 序,以確保已採取適當的跟進 行動收回逾期未付的債務。

因為交易方是信譽良好的銀 行,故銀行結餘、抵押銀行存 款及原到期日三個月以上的銀 行存款的信貸風險有限。本集 團根據預期信貸虧損模式使用 12個月預期信貸虧損進行個別 評估。尚未確認的減值並不重 大。除存放於若干國際信貸評 級機構確定之高信貸評級銀行 之銀行結餘、抵押銀行存款及 原到期日三個月以上的銀行存 款之集中信貸風險外,本集團 並無任何其他重大集中信貸風 險。

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#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The Directors of the Company regularly reviewed and assessed the gross amount of the Group's trade receivables of HK\$4,737,000 (2020: HK\$4,884,000) for impairment under lifetime ECL using reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort in accordance with requirements of HKFRS 9. Since the balances of the trade receivables are insignificant, no further disclosure on the impairment were disclosed.

For other receivables and amounts due from associates, the Directors of the Company regularly reviewed and assessed the credit quality of the counterparties. The Group performs impairment assessment under ECL model individually. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider the exposure of credit risk, historical settlement and other forward-looking information. The losses under lifetime ECL of HK\$340,000 (2020: Nil) are recognised.

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

## (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

本公司董事根據《香港財務報告 準則》第9號的規定,使用無需 付出不必要的成本或精力下獲 得合理的及具支持性的資料對 本集團的應收貿易賬款賬面總 值4,737,000港元(二零二零年: 4,884,000港元)之減值按全期預 期信貸虧損定期作出檢討並評 估。鑑於應收貿易賬款結餘甚 微,概無就減值作出進一步披 露。

就其他應收賬款及聯營公司欠 款,本公司董事定期作出檢討 並評估交易對手的信貸質素。 本集團根據預期信貸虧損模式 進行個別減值評估。就此而 言,本公司董事考慮信貸風 險、過往結算記錄及其他前瞻 性資料。已確認全期預期信貸 虧損下的虧損340,000港元(二零 二零年:無)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

信貸風險及減值評估(續)

The Group's internal credit risk grading assessment comprises the following categories:

本集團的內部信貸風險評級評 估包括以下類別:

		Amounts due from
Internal credit		associates and
rating	Description	other receivables
		聯營公司欠款及
內部信貸評級	説明	其他應收賬款
Low risk	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts	12m ECL
低風險	交易方的違約風險低,且並無任何逾期款項	12個月預期信貸虧損
Watch list	Debtor usually settles after due date	12m ECL
監察名單	债務人經常於到期日後償付 「大學」	12個月預期信貸虧損
Doubtful	There have been significant increases in credit risk since	Lifetime ECL
	initial recognition through information developed internally or external resources	(not credit-impaired)
存疑	透過內部建立的資料或外部資源顯示自首次確認以來	全期預期信貸虧損
	信貸風險顯著增加	(未作信貸減值)
Loss	There is evidence indicating that the asset is credit-impaired	Lifetime ECL
		(credit-impaired)
虧損	有證據顯示資產出現信貸減值	全期預期信貸虧損
		(已作信貸減值)
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe	Amount is written off
	financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic	
Jak Poli	prospect of recovery	↑ 중로 크 W.L MV
撇銷	有證據顯示債務人有嚴重財務困難及本集團並無實際	金額已撇銷
	可收回之展望	

#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

The tables below detail the credit risk exposures of the Group's pledged bank deposits, bank deposit and bank balances, amounts due from associates and other receivables, which are subject to ECL assessment:

下表詳述本集團須接受預期信 貸虧損評估之抵押銀行存款、 銀行存款以及銀行結餘、聯營 公司欠款及其他應收賬款之信 貸風險:

	External credit rating	Internal credit rating	12m or lifetime ECL	Gross carryin 賬面編	
	外部	內部	12個月或全期	2021	2020
	信貸評級	信貸評級	預期信貸虧損	二零二一年	二零二零年
				HK\$'000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
				一	
Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本計量之 財務資產					
Other receivables 其他應收賬款	N/A 不適用	Low risk 低風險	12m ECL 12個月預期信貸虧損	2,899	94,852
		Watch list	12m ECL	113,139	110,726
		監察名單	12個月預期信貸虧損		
		Doubtful	Lifetime ECL		
		±: N₹	(not credit-impaired)	21,548	14,578
		存疑	全期預期信貸虧損 (未作信貸減值)		
		Loss	Lifetime ECL		
			(credit-impaired)	4,024	3,579
		虧損	全期預期信貸虧損		
			(已作信貸減值)		
				141,610	223,735
Amounts due from	N/A	Watch list	12m ECL		
associates				9,501	10,781
聯營公司欠款	不適用	監察名單	12個月預期信貸虧損		
Pledged bank deposits,	BB+ or above	N/A	12m ECL		
bank deposit and					
bank balances				4,543,531	4,856,040
抵押銀行存款、	BB+或以上	不適用	12個月預期信貸虧損		
銀行存款以及					
銀行結餘					

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#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Credit risk and impairment assessment (Continued)

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for other receivables:

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 信貸風險及減值評估(續)

下表列示就其他應收賬款確認 之虧損撥備之對賬:

> Lifetime ECL (credit-impaired) 全期預期 信貸虧損 (已作信貸減值) HK\$'000 千港元

於二零二零年一月一日	4,599
於二零二零年一月一日確認之	
財務工具所導致之變動:	
-已撥回之減值虧損	(1,186)
一匯兑調整	166
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	3,579
於二零二一年一月一日確認之	
財務工具所導致之變動:	
- 已確認之減值虧損	340
-已撥回之減值虧損	(1)
一匯兑調整	106
於二零二一年十二月三十一日	4,024
	於二零二零年一月一日確認之 財務工具所導致之變動: 一已撥回之減值虧損 一匯兑調整 於二零二零年十二月三十一日 於二零二一年一月一日確認之 財務工具所導致之變動: 一已確認之減值虧損 一已撥回之減值虧損 一匹分調整

In accordance with HKFRS 9, the management has assessed the impairment in relation to pledged bank deposits, bank deposit, bank balances, the amounts due from associates and other receivables which are categorised under 12m ECL and lifetime ECL (not credit impaired). The impairment yet to be recognised is insignificant.

根據《香港財務報告準則》第9 號,管理層已就抵押銀行存 款、銀行存款、銀行結餘、聯 營公司欠款及其他應收賬款評 估減值,其分類為根據12個月 預期信貸虧損及全期預期信貸 虧損(未作信貸減值)。尚未確 認之減值之金額甚微。

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#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

## (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk

The Group is not exposed to any significant liquidity risk as it has sufficient funds to meet its financial obligations when they fall due.

In the management of the liquidity risk, the Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents generated from operations which are deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The Group will consider to raise bank borrowings when it is necessary.

#### Liquidity risk table

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate at the end of the reporting period.

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

## (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

#### 流動資金風險

由於本集團持有充裕資金足以 於到期日償付有關財務債項, 故本集團面對之流動資金風險 並不重大。

在管理流動資金風險時,本集 團會監察及維持從營運所得的 現金及現金等值項目至管理層 視為充足的水平以應付本集團 營運所需及減低現金流量波動 影響。本集團將在有需要時考 慮向銀行借貸。

#### 流動資金風險表

下表詳列本集團的非衍生財務 負債之餘下合同到期情況。此 表乃根據本集團於可能被要求 償還財務負債的最早日期之財 務負債未貼現現金流量而制 訂。此表包括利息及本金之現 金流量。在利息流量為浮動利 率之前提下,未貼現數額乃以 報告期末之利率得出。

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# 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

(b) 財務風險管理目標及政策 (續)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

流動資金風險(續)

#### Liquidity risk table (Continued)

流動資金風險表(續)

		Weighted average effective interest rate 加權平均 實際利率	On demand or less than 3 months 應要求或 三個月以內 HK\$'000 千港元	3 months to 6 months 三個月至 六個月 HK\$'000	7 months to 1 year 七個月 至一年 HK\$'000	Over 1 year 一年以上 HK\$'000 千港元	Total undiscounted cash flows 未貼現現金 流量總額 HK\$'000 千港元	Total carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$'000
As at 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日							
Non-derivative financial	非衍生財務負債							
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他							
To the today.	應付賬款	- 2.020/	488,663	- 446	-	23,194	511,857	511,857
Leases liabilities	租賃負債	3.02%	2,124	1,416	4,248	4,248	12,036	11,745
Borrowings – variable rate	借款-浮息	3.49%	4,334	3,961	36,988	379,126	424,409	294,333
			495,121	5,377	41,236	406,568	948,302	817,935
	₩ → # → # F   → D							
As at 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日							
Non-derivative financial liabilities	非衍生財務負債							
Trade and other payables	應付貿易賬款及其他 應付賬款	_	484,495	_	_	12,541	497,036	497,036
Leases liabilities	租賃負債	2.94%	2,268	1,560	4,296	12,036	20,160	19,390
Borrowings – variable rate	借款-浮息	3.52%	7,666	713,843	36,518	422,504	1,180,531	1,019,758
			494,429	715,403	40,814	447,081	1,697,727	1,536,184

#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (b) Financial risks management objectives and policies (Continued)

#### **Liquidity risk** (Continued)

#### Liquidity risk table (Continued)

The above undiscounted cash flows amounts could change if there are movements in floating interest rates subsequent to the reporting period.

#### (c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

Some of the Group's financial instruments are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period on a recurring basis. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial instruments are determined (in particular, the valuation techniques and inputs used).

Fair value

395,045

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

# (b) 財務風險管理目標及政策

#### 流動資金風險(續)

#### 流動資金風險表(續)

倘於報告期後浮息變動,則上 述未貼現現金流量數額將會變 動。

#### (c) 金融工具之公平值計量

本集團部份金融工具於各報告 期末按經常性基準以公平值計 量。下表提供有關如何釐定該 等金融工具之公平值(特別是所 使用的估值技術及輸入數據)的 資料。

		December 一日之公平值	Fair value	
Financial assets	2021	2020	hierarchy 公平值	Valuation techniques and key inputs 估值技術及
財務資產	二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	等級	主要輸入數據
Financial assets at FVTPL 按公平值計入損益之財務資產	101,593	90,302	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in an active market 於活躍市場之報價
Equity instruments at FVTOCI 按公平值計入其他全面收益之 股本工具				
– Listed equity investment 上市股本投資	-	150,849	Level 1 第一級	Quoted prices in an active market 於活躍市場之報價
– Unlisted equity investments 非上市股本投資	293,452	257,967	Level 3 第三級	Market approach for business enterprises valuation with reference to the market capitalisation of listed entities in similar industries with consideration of marketability discount of 25% and adjustment of idle cash 多考類似行業的上市實體的市值並考慮25%市場流通性折讓及閒置現金調整後對商業企業進行估值的市場方法
				)) IA

499,118

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (c) Fair value measurements of financial instruments

(Continued)

Note:

A slight increase in the marketability discount used in valuation would result in a significant decrease in the fair value measurement of the private equity investments, and vice versa.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had no Level 2 fair value measurements financial instruments.

There were no transfers into or out of Level 1 and Level 3 during the year.

#### Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements

#### Unlisted equity investments measured at FVTOCI

#### 29. 金融工具(續)

# (c) 金融工具之公平值計量 (續)

#### 附註:

估值使用的市場流通性折讓略微增 加將導致私募股權投資的公平值計 量顯著減少,反之亦然。

於報告期末,本集團並無第二級公 平值計量金融工具。

年內,概無轉入第一級及第三級或 自第一級及第三級轉出。

#### 第三級公平值計量之對賬

#### 按公平值計入其他全面收益 之非上市股本投資

HK\$'000

		千港元
As at 1st January, 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	264,117
Disposal of equity instruments at FVTOCI	出售按公平值計入其他全面收益之	
	股本工具	(1,752)
Fair value loss recognised in other	於其他全面收益確認之公平值虧損	
comprehensive income		(20,159)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	15,761
As at 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	257,967
Fair value gain recognised in other	於其他全面收益確認之公平值收益	
comprehensive income		26,564
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響	8,921
As at 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	293,452

Except the financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis, the Directors of the Company consider that financial assets and financial liabilities carried at amortised cost recognised in the consolidated financial statements approximate their fair values.

除按經常性基準以公平值計量 之財務資產外,本公司董事認 為,於綜合財務報表內確認之 按攤銷成本列賬之財務資產及 財務負債值與其公平值相若。

# **30. RECONCILIATION OF LIABILITIES** ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES

# 30. 融資活動產生之負債對賬

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing are those from which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

下表詳列本集團融資活動產生之負債 變動,包括現金及非現金變動。融資 活動產生之負債乃指其現金流量或未 來現金流量於本集團綜合現金流量表 中分類為融資活動產生之現金流量之 負債。

			Lease	Interest payable (included in trade and other payables	
		Borrowings	liabilities	and accruals) 應付利息(計入 應付貿易賬款、 其他應付賬款及	Total
		借款 HK\$'000 千港元	租賃負債 HK\$'000 千港元	預提費用) HK\$'000 千港元	合計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1st January, 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	1,293,510	4,297	2,801	1,300,608
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(292,197)	(8,470)	(41,869)	(342,536)
New lease entered	新訂租賃	-	23,051	_	23,051
Interest expenses Effect of foreign exchange	利息開支 外匯匯率變動之影響	-	512	40,204	40,716
rate changes	-	18,445	-	-	18,445
At 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,019,758	19,390	1,136	1,040,284
Financing cash flows	融資現金流量	(735,733)	(8,124)	(22,927)	(766,784)
Interest expenses	利息開支	(/ 053// 05)	479	21,791	22,270
Effect of foreign exchange	外匯匯率變動之影響		-,,	,,, > -	,_, ,
rate changes	-	10,308	-	_	10,308
At 31st December, 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	294,333	11,745	_	306,078

#### 綜合財務報表附註

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#### 31. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

# At the end of the reporting period, the Group had no material contingent liabilities for both years.

## 31. 或然負債

32. 承擔

於報告期末,本集團於兩個年度均並 無重大或然負債。

#### 32. COMMITMENTS

At the end of the reporting period, the Group had the following material commitments:

於報告期末,本集團之主要承擔如

(a) Commitments in relation to expenditure on properties under development:

有關發展中物業支出之承擔: (a)

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties under development  – Contracted but not provided for	發展中物業 一已訂約但未撥備	428,732	224,499

(b) Operating lease arrangements:

#### 經營租賃安排: (b)

#### The Group as lessor

The properties held have committed tenants from the majority of one year up to the maximum of nine years (2020: ten years).

Undiscounted lease payments receivable on leases are as follows:

# 本集團作為出租人

所持物業之承租人之承諾租期 大多為一年,最長為九年(二零 二零年:十年)。

租賃之未貼現應收租金如下:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Within one year	一年內	197,199	131,096
In the second year	第二年	67,988	45,989
In the third year	第三年	27,787	28,482
In the fourth year	第四年	16,274	21,050
In the fifth year	第五年	7,268	12,801
After five years	五年後	9,557	15,276
		326,073	254,694

#### 33. RETIREMENT BENEFITS SCHEMES

The Group participates in a Mandatory Provident Fund ("MPF") Scheme established under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance in December 2000. The assets of the MPF Scheme are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of an independent trustee. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the employer and the employees are obliged to make contributions at the specified rate under the scheme.

The contributions arising from the MPF Scheme charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss represent contributions paid and payable to the fund by the Group at rates specified in the rules of the scheme.

The employees in the Mainland China are members of respective state-managed defined contribution retirement benefits schemes operated by the local governments. The employers and the employees are obliged to make contributions at a certain percentage of the payroll under rules of the schemes. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit schemes is to make the specified contributions.

# 34. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY **TRANSACTIONS**

The Group had the following significant transactions with related and connected parties:

On 10th January, 2020, Shanghai Tomson Real Estate Investment & Development Co., Ltd., ("Tomson Real Estate") and Tomson Golf (Shanghai) Limited, both being wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, entered into a conditional agreement (the "Supplemental Framework Agreement") with Shanghai Pudong Land Holding (Group) Co. Ltd. ("SPLH"), a substantial shareholder of Shanghai Tomson Pudong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. which is an indirect 70% owned subsidiary of the Company.

#### 33. 退休福利計劃

本集團於二零零零年十二月根據香港 《強制性公積金計劃條例》參與一項強 制性公積金(「強積金」)計劃。強積金 計劃之資產與本集團之資產分開持 有,並以基金形式由一獨立信託人管 理。根據強積金計劃之規則,僱主及 僱員均有責任按計劃訂明的比率作出 供款。

於綜合損益表扣除之就強積金計劃產 生之供款,指本集團按計劃規則訂明 之比率已付及應付予基金之供款。

中國內地僱員乃各自由地方政府營辦 之國家管理界定供款退休福利計劃之 成員。根據計劃規則,僱主及僱員均 有責任按薪金之若干百分比作出供 款。本集團對於退休福利計劃之僅有 責任為作出訂明供款。

# 34. 關連方及關連人士交易

本集團與關連方及關連人士有以下重 大交易:

於二零二零年一月十日,上海 (a) 湯臣房地產開發有限公司(「湯 臣房地產」)及湯臣高爾夫(上 海)有限公司(均為本公司之全 資附屬公司)與上海浦東土地控 股(集團)有限公司(「土控」,本 公司間接持有70%股權之附屬公 司上海湯臣浦東房地產開發有 限公司之主要股東)訂立有條件 協議(「《補充框架協議》」)。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 34. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

Pursuant to the principal terms of the Supplemental Framework Agreement:

- there was an adjustment of the land lots entitled by (i) Tomson Real Estate and land lots with aggregate site area of approximately 328,687.50 square meters in Pudong New Area, Shanghai, the Mainland China (the "Revised Portions") were adjusted to Tomson Real Estate. There was a slight decrease of 298.70 square meters in aggregate in site area as compared with the original aggregate site area of approximately 328,986.20 square meters.
- Certain land lots (including the land lot of which prepayment of development costs had been included in trade and other receivables and prepayments) have been planned and varied as land for public welfare and will be resumed by the local government and will be developed by the relevant government authorities and/ or any entity authorised by the government authorities of the Mainland China. The said land lot was not delivered to Tomson Real Estate.
- (iii) The total consideration payable for the land lots remains unchanged at RMB2,951 million and has already been paid.

During the year 2020, the real estate ownership certificates of the Revised Portions had been obtained, therefore the deposit paid for land use right and related prepayment included in trade and other receivables and prepayments were reclassified to properties under development (see Notes 17 and 23(a)).

# 34. 關連方及關連人士交易(續)

#### (續) (a)

根據《補充框架協議》之主要條 款:

- (i) 湯臣房地產享有之土地已 作出調整,位於中國內地 上海市浦東新區之總地塊 面積約328,687.50平方米之 土地(「經修訂用地」)已調 整予湯臣房地產。與原總 地塊面積約328,986.20平方 米相比,總地塊面積輕微 減少298.70平方米。
- (ii) 若干土地(包括已計入應收 貿易賬款、其他應收賬款 及預付款項之已預付開發 成本之土地)已被規劃並修 改為公益性用地,將由當 地政府收回,並由中國內 地相關政府機構及/或中 國內地政府機構授權之任 何實體進行發展。因此, 上述土地並不交付予湯臣 房地產。
- (iii) 該等土地之應付總代價約 人民幣2,951,000,000元保 持不變並已經支付。

二零二零年內,經修訂用地之 不動產權證已經取得,因此, 土地使用權已付訂金及計入應 收貿易賬款、其他應收賬款及 預付款項之相關付款已重新分 類至發展中物業(見附註17及 23(a)) °

## 34. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

#### (a) (Continued)

The Company executed a guarantee (the "Guarantee") in favour of SPLH on 10th January, 2020 to guarantee the tax indemnification obligation of Tomson Real Estate under the Supplemental Framework Agreement and undertake not to dispose of the shares of Tomson Real Estate and not to transfer any rights in relation to the Revised Portions. The Company complied with the requirements under the Guarantee during the year.

The Supplemental Framework Agreement and the Guarantee had been approved by the Board. More details are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 10th January, 2020 and 24th January, 2020.

SPLH is a connected person of the Company at the subsidiary level and the transaction therefore constituted a connected transaction for the Company under the Listing Rules.

A substantial shareholder of RHL together with her close family members control the Company and that shareholder has significant influence over RHL. Accordingly, RHL is considered as a related party of the Company. The Company agreed to share administrative resources and office premises with RHL and its subsidiaries in Hong Kong, and in return, RHL is required to share an attributable portion of the administrative expense of the Company on a cost basis. During the year ended 31st December, 2021, the administrative expense of the Company shared by RHL amounted to HK\$4,656,000 (2020: HK\$4,992,000). As at 31st December, 2021 and 2020, no outstanding balance was owed by RHL.

The above transaction constitutes a continuing connected transaction of the Company but is exempted from disclosure and independent shareholders' approval requirements under the Listing Rules.

# 34. 關連方及關連人士交易(續)

#### (a) (續)

本公司以土控為受益人於二零 二零年一月十日簽訂《保證函》 (「《保證函》|),就湯臣房地產 於《補充框架協議》項下之稅款 補償義務提供保證,並承諾不 得出售湯臣房地產之股份及不 得轉讓有關經修訂用地之任何 權利。本公司在本年內遵守《保 證函》之規定。

《補充框架協議》及《保證函》已 獲董事局批准。更多詳情已載 列於本公司日期為二零二零 年一月十日及二零二零年一月 二十四日之公告。

土控乃本公司在附屬公司層面 之關連人士,故根據《上市規 則》,交易事項構成本公司一項 關連交易。

**(b)** 本公司由川河一位主要股東及 其近親控制,而該名股東對川 河有重大影響力。故此,川河 被視為本公司之關連方。本公 司同意於香港與川河及其附屬 公司共同使用行政資源及辦公 室,而川河須按成本基準分擔 本公司行政費用之應佔部份。 截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,川河分擔本公司之 行政費用為4,656,000港元(二零 二零年:4,992,000港元)。於二 零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日,川河並無欠付本公 司任何未償還結餘。

> 以上交易構成本公司之持續關 連交易,惟獲豁免遵守《上市規 則》之披露及獨立股東批准之規 定。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 34. RELATED AND CONNECTED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

year was as follows:

#### 主要管理人員之酬金 (c) Compensation of key management personnel (c)

The remuneration of Directors of the Company during the

年內本公司董事之薪酬如下:

34. 關連方及關連人士交易(續)

		二零-	<b>2021</b> 二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Н	₹\$'000	HK\$'000
		=	千港元	千港元
Short-term benefits Post-employment benefits	短期福利 退休福利	2	27,613 36	29,702 36
		2	27,649	29,738

The remuneration of Directors is determined by the Board (or under the authorisation of the shareholders of the Company as the case may be) by reference to market terms, individual responsibilities and performance, and recommendation from the remuneration committee of the Board.

> (d) 於報告期末之應收聯營公司及 一家合資企業結餘已分別載於 附註19及20。

(d) The balances due from associates and a joint venture at the end of the reporting period are set out in Notes 19 and 20 respectively.

> 上述交易已根據本集團與各關 連方雙方同意之條款進行。

董事薪酬乃由董事局(或根據本

公司股東之授權,視情況而定)

參考市場薪酬水平、個別人士

之職責及表現,以及董事局轄 下之薪酬委員會之建議而釐定。

The above transactions were conducted in accordance with terms mutually agreed between the Group and the respective related parties.

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 35. PLEDGE OF ASSETS

## 35. 資產之抵押

Assets with the following carrying amounts have been pledged to secure the Group's borrowings of HK\$294.33 million (2020: HK\$1,019.76 million):

下列賬面值之資產已就擔保本集團借 貸額約為294,330,000港元(二零二零 年:1,019,760,000港元)作抵押:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Properties held for sale	待售物業	460,001	441,606
Pledged bank deposits (Note)	抵押銀行存款(附註)	84,172	1,131,476
		544,173	1,573,082

Note:

The deposits of HK\$84,172,000 (2020: HK\$218,721,000) have been pledged to secure long-term borrowings and were therefore classified as non-current assets. For the year ended 31st December, 2020, deposits amounting to HK\$912,755,000 had been pledged to secure short-term borrowings and were therefore classified as current assets. The pledged bank deposits pledged to secure the Group's borrowings carry interest at rate of 0.30% (2020: 0.30% to 3.85%) per annum.

#### 附註:

存款 84,172,000港元(二零二零年: 218,721,000港元)已作抵押,以擔保長期 借款,因此被歸類為非流動資產。截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,存 款912,755,000港元已作抵押,以擔保短 期借款,因此被歸類為流動資產。為擔 保本集團借款而抵押的已抵押銀行存款 按年利率0.30厘(二零二零年:0.30厘至 3.85厘)計息。

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# **36. FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF** THE COMPANY

# 36. 本公司之財務資料

The Company's Statement of Financial Position is as follows:

本公司之財務狀況表如下:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千进元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
	一	
非流動資產		
		597,404
		1,724,735
		19,280 315
		2,361
7. 12/18/12/14/19/	2,301	2,301
	2,819,428	2,344,095
)		
	206 416	/25.705
	*	435,705 1,357
		816,423
OF TE OCON 14 WH MI	217,001	010,123
	606,795	1,253,485
		533,304
		14,159
但貝貝頂	/,530	7,313
	592,473	554,776
<b>学型加拿加</b>	1/100	<b></b>
流男貨産浄伹	14,322	698,709
總資產減流動負債	2,833,750	3,042,804
資本及儲備		
股本	985,512	985,512
股份溢價及儲備	1,844,029	2,045,547
總權益	2,829,541	3,031,059
非流動負債		
租賃負債	4,209	11,745
	2,833,750	3,042,804
	附應使會其 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其現 流應其程 流應其程 流。總 資產 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於 於	#流動資産 附屬公司投資 應收附屬公司款項 使用權資產 會所債券 其他應收賬款

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 37. COMPANY'S SHARE PREMIUM AND **RESERVES**

# 37. 本公司股份溢價及儲備

			Capital			
		Share	redemption	Contributed	Retained	
		premium	reserve	surplus	earnings	Total
			資本			
		股份溢價	贖回儲備	繳入盈餘	保留溢利	合計
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Balance at 1st January, 2020	於二零二零年一月一日					
	之結餘	776,974	72,014	327,645	1,150,942	2,327,575
Loss for the year	年度虧損	_	_	_	(65,215)	(65,215)
Dividend paid for 2019	派付二零一九年度					
•	股息	(216,813)	_	_	_	(216,813)
Balance at 31st December, 2020	於二零二零年十二月					
,	三十一日之結餘	560,161	72,014	327,645	1,085,727	2,045,547
Loss for the year	年度虧損	_	_	_	(93,112)	(93,112)
Dividend paid for 2020	派付二零二零年度				(-, ,	( - , ,
1	股息	(108,406)	_	_	_	(108,406)
		. , ,				
Balance at 31st December, 2021	於一零一一年十一日					
Datance at J1st December, 2021	三十一日之結餘	451,755	72,014	327,645	992,615	1,844,029
		1,11,7,7,7	/ 2,017	J2/,01)	772,017	1,011,027

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE

# 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業

# Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

# 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 普通股股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of issued share capital/voting power/effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行 股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Charlesville Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$100 100美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Classic Era Limited 復新有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Cosmos Success Development Limited 國勝發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Inactive 無業務
Farskill Development Limited 恒藝發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Garland Limited 嘉地有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Grand Lion Limited 浩君有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Grand View Property Management (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ( <i>Note</i> (1))	Mainland China	US\$500,000	-	100	Property management
中觀物業管理(上海)有限公司(附註(1))	中國內地	500,000美元			物業管理
Humphreys Estate (Strawberry Houses) Limited	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$200 200港元	_	100	Securities trading 證券買賣
Ideal Movement Limited 思序有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Property holding 物業持有
Island Sky Limited 銓瑋有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$1 1港元	-	100	Inactive 無業務

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

# Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

(Continued)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 普通股股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of issued share capital/voting power/effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行 股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Jentime Limited 震時有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Providing property services to the Group 為本集團提供物業服務
Kuto Limited 固滔有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Maxi Charm Holdings Ltd.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
MHK (Penha Hill) Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$30,000 30,000美元	-	70	Property development 物業發展
Model Year Limited 日範有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Multiclassic Investments Inc.	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$40,200,000 40,200,000美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Owina Limited 奥詠有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Shanghai Cheng Qi Technology Limited (Note (1))	Mainland China	US\$15,000,000	-	100	Property development
上海城其科技有限公司(附註(1))	中國內地	15,000,000美元			物業發展
Shanghai Tomson Huangpu Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ( <i>Note (1))</i>	Mainland China	US\$18,500,000	-	100	Property development
上海湯臣黃浦房地產開發有限公司(附註(1))	中國內地	18,500,000美元			物業發展

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 一家合資企業(續)

38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及

# Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

(Continued)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 普通股股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of issued share capital/voting power/effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行 股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Shanghai Tomson Investment Management Co. Limited ( <i>Note</i> (3))	Mainland China	RMB1,000,000	-	100	Investment holding
上海湯臣投資管理有限公司(附註(3))	中國內地	人民幣1,000,000元			投資控股
Shanghai Tomson Pudong Real Estate	Mainland China	US\$46,000,000	-	70	Property development
Development Co., Ltd. ( <i>Note (2)</i> ) 上海湯臣浦東房地產開發有限公司 ( <i>附註(2)</i> )	中國內地	46,000,000美元			物業發展
Shanghai Tomson Real Estate Investment & Development Co., Ltd. ( <i>Note</i> (1))	Mainland China	US\$100,000,000	-	100	Property development and investment holding
上海湯臣房地產開發有限公司(附註(1))	中國內地	100,000,000美元			物業發展及投資控股
Toben Limited 濤邦有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment 投資業務
Tomson Administration Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	-	Providing administrative services to the Group
	香港	10,000港元			and property holding 向本集團提供行政服務 及物業持有
Tomson (China) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100	Investment holding
湯臣(中國)有限公司	香港	2港元			投資控股
Tomson Corporate (I.P.) Limited 湯臣(知識產權)有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	100	_	Trademark holding 商標持有
Tomson Corporation	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$1 1美元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

# Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

(Continued)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/registered capital 繳足已發行普通股股本/註冊資本	Proportion of issued share capital/voting power/effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行 股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Tomson Empire View Co. Limited 湯臣帝景控股有限公司	British Virgin Islands 英屬維爾京群島	US\$65,010,000 65,010,000美元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Tomson Financial Investment Limited 湯臣財經投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股
Tomson Golf (Shanghai) Limited (Note (1)) 湯臣高爾夫(上海)有限公司(附註(1))	Mainland China 中國內地	US\$40,000,000 40,000,000美元	-	100	Golf course and club operation, and property development 高爾夫球場及會所經營,
					以及物業發展
Tomson Group Garland (Shanghai) Housing & Estate Ltd. ( <i>Note (1))</i> 湯臣集團嘉地(上海) 房地產有限公司 <i>(附註(1))</i>	Mainland China 中國內地	US\$16,000,000 16,000,000美元	-	100	Property development 物業發展
Tomson Group (Nominees) Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20	-	100	Providing nominee services to the Group
湯臣集團(代理人)有限公司	香港	20港元			為本集團提供代理人服務
Tomson Group (Nominees) No. 2 Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$20	-	100	Providing nominee services to the Group
湯臣集團第二(代理人)有限公司	香港	20港元			為本集團提供代理人服務
Tomson Haijing Garden (Shanghai Pudong New Area) Co., Ltd. ( <i>Note (1))</i> 湯臣海景花園(上海浦東新區)有限公司 <i>(附註(1))</i>	Mainland China 中國內地	US\$58,200,000 58,200,000美元	-	100	Property development 物業發展

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

# Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

(Continued)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

Name of subsidiary 附屬公司名稱	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 繳足已發行 普通股股本/ 註冊資本	Proportion of issued share capital/voting power/effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行 股本/投票權/註冊資本實際權益比率		Principal activities 主要業務
			Directly 直接	Indirectly 間接	
			%	%	
Tomson International Entertainment Company Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$2	-	100	Investment holding and investment in live entertainment shows business
湯臣國際娛樂有限公司	香港	2港元			投資控股及投資現場表演 節目業務
Tomson International Entertainment Distribution Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$1	-	100	Film distribution
湯臣國際娛樂發行有限公司	香港	1港元			影片發行
Tomson International Trade Building (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. ( <i>Note</i> (4))	Mainland China	US\$16,800,000	-	100	Property development
湯臣國貿大廈(上海)有限公司(附註(4))	中國內地	16,800,000美元			物業發展
Tomson Investment Limited 湯臣投資有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3 3港元	100	-	Investment holding 投資控股
TPR Secretarial Services Limited	Hong Kong	HK\$10,000	100	-	Providing secretarial services to the Group and
	香港	10,000港元			investment holding 提供秘書服務予本集團及 投資控股
Yamako Limited 欣文有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$2 2港元	-	100	Investment holding 投資控股

# 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

# Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

(Continued)

Notes:

For those subsidiaries established in the Mainland China, their classification of establishment is as follows:

- (1) limited liability company (solely funded by Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau corporate)
- (2) limited liability company (Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau and domestic equity joint venture)
- (3) limited liability company solely funded by a foreign invested enterprise
- (4) limited liability company (Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau equity joint venture)

There have been no material changes on the details of the principal subsidiaries for both years 2020 and 2021.

None of the subsidiaries had any debt securities outstanding at the end of the year, or at any time during the year.

# 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

附註:

於中國內地成立的附屬公司,其成立分 類為:

- (1) 有限責任公司(台港澳法人獨資)
- (2) 有限責任公司(台港澳與境內合資)
- (3) 外商投資企業法人獨資有限責任公司
- (4) 有限責任公司(台港澳合資)

在二零二零年及二零二一年兩個年度 內主要附屬公司的詳情並無重大變 動。

各附屬公司於年結日或年內任何時間 概無任何尚未償還之債務證券。

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

#### Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

(Continued)

Summarised financial information in respect of the Group's nonwholly owned subsidiary that has material non-controlling interest is set out below. The summarised financial information below represents amounts before intergroup eliminations.

#### 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

#### 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

有關本集團有重大非控股股東權益之 非全資附屬公司之財務資料概要載列 如下。以下財務資料概要乃指集團間 對銷前金額。

#### MHK (Penha Hill) Limited

#### MHK (Penha Hill) Limited

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Properties held for sale	待售物業	457,230	465,821
Other current assets	其他流動資產	54,706	58,309
Total current assets	總流動資產	511,936	524,130
Non-current assets	非流動資產	_	_
Current liabilities	流動負債	(22,610)	(23,545)
Equity attributable to owner of the Company	本公司權益持有人應佔權益	342,528	350,409
Non-controlling interest	非控股股東權益	146,798	150,176
Revenue Expenses	收入 開支	20,094 (16,353)	33,840 (17,933)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	3,741	15,907
Profit and total comprehensive income attributable to:	應佔溢利及全面收益 總額如下:		
Owner of the Company Non-controlling interest	本公司權益持有人 非控股股東權益	2,619 1,122	11,135 4,772
		3,741	15,907

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

#### Principal subsidiaries as at 31st December, 2021

(Continued)

MHK (Penha Hill) Limited (Continued)

#### 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之主要附屬公司(續)

MHK (Penha Hill) Limited(續)

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Net cash inflows (outflows) from operating	經營業務現金流入(流出)		
activities	淨額	11,384	(52,289)
Net cash inflows from investing activities	投資活動現金流入淨額	13	36
Net cash outflows from financing activities	融資活動現金流出淨額	(15,000)	_
Net cash outflows for the year	年度現金流出淨額	(3,603)	(52,253)

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that a complete list of the particulars of all subsidiaries would be of excessive length and therefore the above list contains only the particulars of those subsidiaries which significantly affect the results or assets of the Group.

本公司董事認為完整載列所有附屬公 司之資料會導致篇幅過於冗長,故上 表僅列出該等對本集團業績或資產構 成重大影響之附屬公司之資料。

#### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

#### 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

#### Associates and a joint venture as at 31st December, 2021

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之聯營公司及一家合資企業

Name of associate/ joint venture 聯營公司/ 合資企業名稱	Form of business structure 業務結構形式	Place of incorporation and operation 註冊成立及經營地點	Paid up issued ordinary share capital/ registered capital 缴足已發行普通股股本/註册資本	Proportion of issued share capital/voting power/ effective interest in registered capital held by the Company 本公司持有已發行股本/投票權/註冊資本 實際權益比率		Principal activities 主要業務
				Directly 直接 %	Indirectly 間接 %	
Associates 聯營公司						
Abundance Tomson Management Limited	Incorporated	Hong Kong	HK\$2,663,990	-	50	Under liquidation
豐盛湯臣演藝人 有限公司	註冊成立	香港	2,663,990港元			清盤中
China Boom Enterprises Limited	Incorporated	British Virgin Islands	US\$1,280,000	-	44	Investment holding
昌華企業有限公司	註冊成立	英屬維爾京 群島	1,280,000美元			投資控股
Roma Era Limited 遠代有限公司	Incorporated 註冊成立	Hong Kong 香港	HK\$3,935,206 3,935,206港元	-	26.7	Investment holding 投資控股
Tomson Entertainment Co. Limited	Incorporated	Taiwan	NTD25,000,000	-	45	Investment in film, television and entertainment businesses
湯臣娛樂股份有限公司	註冊成立	台灣	25,000,000新台幣			投資電影、電視及 娛樂業務

For the year ended 31st December, 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

#### 38. PRINCIPAL SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND A JOINT VENTURE (Continued)

Associates and a joint venture as at 31st December, 2021 (Continued)

#### 38. 主要附屬公司、聯營公司及 一家合資企業(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日 之聯營公司及一家合資企業 (續)

			Paid up	Proportion	of issued	
			issued ordinary	share capital/v	oting power/	
	Form of	Place of	share capital/	effective i	nterest in	
Name of associate/	business	incorporation	registered	registere	d capital	
joint venture	structure	and operation	capital	held by the	Company	Principal activities
			繳足已發行	本公司持有已	<b>L發行股本</b> /	
聯營公司/		註冊成立及	普通股股本/	投票權/	註冊資本	
合資企業名稱	業務結構形式	經營地點	註冊資本	實際權益比率		主要業務
				Directly	Indirectly	
				直接	間接	
				%	%	

#### Joint Venture

#### 合資企業

Shanghai Jinjiang Tomson Hotel Co., Ltd.	Limited liability company (Taiwan, Hong Kong or Macau and domestic	Mainland China	US\$24,340,000	-	50	Hotel owning and operation
上海錦江湯臣大酒店 有限公司	equity joint venture) 有限責任公司 (台港澳與 境內合資)	中國內地	24,340,000美元			擁有及經營酒店

There have been no material changes on the details of the associates and a joint venture for both years 2020 and 2021.

在二零二零年及二零二一年兩個年度 內聯營公司及一家合資企業的詳情並 無重大變動。

## **Schedule of Principal Properties** 主要物業表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

#### PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP

#### 本集團持有之物業

#### **Investment Properties**

#### 投資物業

Description	Lot Number	Term of Lease	Approximate Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積	Use	Group's Interest
詳情	地段編號	租期	(平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
The whole of basement level 1, part of the level 1 and the whole of level 2 to 5 of the commercial podium and 141 car parking spaces of Tomson Commercial Building, 710 Dongfang Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 2-2-1 Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone	Medium term	19,521 for offices and podium; 7,594 for car parks	Commercial	100%
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區東方路710號 湯臣金融大廈 地庫第1層全層、 商場第1層之部份及第2至第5層全層 及141個泊車位	陸家嘴金融貿易區 2-2-1號地段	中期	辦公樓及商場 19,521平方米; 泊車位 7,594平方米	商業	100%
The whole of level 1 to 3 of the commercial podium, 4/F., 9/F. to 12/F., 17/F. to 25/F. and part of 7/F. to 8/F., 12A/F. and 14/F. of the office tower and 105 car parking spaces of Tomson International Trade Building, No.1 Jilong Road, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot C3-001 Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone	Medium term	36,082 for offices and podium; 4,299 for car parks	Commercial	100%
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 外高橋保稅區基隆路1號 湯臣國際貿易大樓 商場第1至第3層全層、 辦公大樓4樓、9樓至12樓、 17樓至25樓全層 及7樓至8樓、12A樓與14樓之部份 及105個泊車位	外高橋保税區 C3-001號地段	中期	辦公樓及商場 36,082平方米; 泊車位 4,299平方米	商業	100%

#### **Schedule of Principal Properties** 主要物業表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

#### PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

#### 本集團持有之物業(續)

#### Investment Properties (Continued)

#### 投資物業(續)

			Approximate Gross		Group's
Description	Lot Number	Term of Lease	Floor Area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積	Use	Interest
詳情	地段編號	租期	(平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
Whole of level 1 to 4 of the commercial podium and 136 car parking spaces of Tomson Business Centre, 158, 188, 228 Zhangyang Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai,	Lot 1/1, 244 Street, Weifangxincunjiedao, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone	Medium term	11,903 for offices and podium; 5,054 for car parks	Commercial	100%
People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 張楊路158、188、228號 湯臣商務中心大廈 商場第1至第4層全層及 136個泊車位	陸家嘴金融貿易區 濰坊新村街道, 244街坊1/1丘	中期	辦公樓及商場 11,903平方米; 泊車位 5,054平方米	商業	100%
Tower B, Tomson Riviera, 28 Huayuanshiqiao Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot No. 1, 17 Jiefang, Meiyuan Road	Long-term	35,423	Residential	100%
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 花園石橋路28弄 湯臣一品B棟	梅園路17街坊1號地段	長期	35,423	住宅	100%

## **Schedule of Principal Properties**

主要物業表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

## PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

## 本集團持有之物業(續)

#### Investment Properties (Continued)

#### 投資物業(續)

Description	Lot Number	Term of Lease	Approximate Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.) 概約總樓面面積	Use	Group's Interest
詳情	地段編號	租期	(平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
Tomson Waigaoqiao Industrial Park, No. 381, 383, 1 Futexi Road, 27 & 29 Huashen Road, 358 Futebei Road, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1/1 & 1/4, 19 Jiefang, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone	Medium term	108,561	Industrial	100%
中華人民共和國 上海市浦東新區 外高橋保税區 富特西路1路381及383號、 華申路27及29號、 富特北路358號 湯臣外高橋工業園區	外高橋保税區 19街坊1/1丘 及1/4丘	中期	108,561	工業	100%
72/F., Shanghai World Financial Center, No. 100, Century Avenue, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 1, 20 Jiefang, Meiyuan Xincun Jiedao, Pudong New Area	Medium term	3,222	Commercial	100%
中華人民共和國 上海市浦東新區 世紀大道100號 上海環球金融中心72樓	浦東新區 梅園新村街道 20街坊1丘	中期	3,222	商業	100%

#### **Schedule of Principal Properties** 主要物業表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

#### PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

#### 本集團持有之物業(續)

**Golf Course** 高爾夫球場

		Approximate		
		Gross Floor Area		Group's
Description	Term of Lease	(Sq.m.)	Use	Interest
		概約總樓面面積		
詳情	租期	(平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
Tomson Shanghai Pudong Golf Club,	Medium term	12,652 for Club houses, driving range	An 18-hole golf	100%
No. 1 Long Dong Avenue,		and maintenance room	course	
Pudong New Area, Shanghai,		with site area of 952,154		
People's Republic of China				
中華人民共和國	中期	會所、高爾夫球練習場及	18洞高爾夫	100%
上海市浦東新區龍東大道1號		機房為12,652平方米	球場	
湯臣上海浦東高爾夫球會		(地盤面積為952,154平方米)		

#### Properties under Development

#### 發展中物業

		Gross	Approximate Gross				
Description	Lot Number	Site Area (Sq.m.)	Floor Area (Sq.m.)	Use	Group's Interest	Stage of Completion	Estimated Date of Completion
•		地盤總面積	概約總樓面面積			-	•
詳情	地段編號	(平方米)	(平方米)	用途	本集團之權益	完成階段	估計之完成日期
Three land lots near the junction of Loushan Road and Long Dong Avenue, Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China 位於中華人民共和國	A2-04, A2-02 and A2-21 Jinqiao-Zhangjiang District 金橋一張江區	328,687 328,687	230,081	Residential 住宅	100%	The land lots will be developed in phases. Superstructure for Phase I and original Phase VIII was topped out in December 2014 該等土地將分數期	Phase I – 2023 第一期 –
上海市浦東新區 金橋-張江區 接近羅山路及龍東大道 交界之三幅土地	A2-04地塊, A2-02地塊及 A2-21地塊					發展。第一期及 原第八期已於 二零一四年十二月 結構封頂	二零二三年

#### **Schedule of Principal Properties**

主要物業表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

## PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

## 本集團持有之物業(續)

#### **Properties Held for Sale**

#### 待售物業

Description	Lot Number	Term of Lease	Approximate Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.)	Use	Group's Interest
詳情	地段編號	租期	概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
Part of 6/F. to 7/F., 10/F., 11/F., 17/F. of Tomson Commercial Building, 710 Dongfang Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai,	Lot 2-2-1 Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone	Medium term	3,039	Commercial	100%
People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 東方路710號 湯臣金融大廈 6至7樓、10樓、11樓及17樓之部份	陸家嘴金融貿易區 2-2-1號地段	中期	3,039	商業	100%
Part of 5/F., 6/F., 15/F., and 16/F. of Tomson International Trade Building, No. 1 Jilong Road, Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai,	Lot C3-001 Waigaoqiao Free Trade Zone	Medium term	4,035	Commercial	100%
People's Republic of China 中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 外高橋保税區 基隆路1號 湯臣國際貿易大樓 5樓、6樓、15樓及16樓之部份	外高橋保税區 C3-001號地段	中期	4,035	商業	100%
Part of Towers A & C and Tower D, Tomson Riviera, 28 Huayuanshiqiao Road, Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone, Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot No. 1 17 Jiefang, Meiyuan Road	Long-term	28,322	Residential	100%
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 陸家嘴金融貿易區 花園石橋路28弄 湯臣一品 A棟及C棟之部份以及D棟	梅園路 17街坊1號地段	長期	28,322	住宅	100%

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

#### PROPERTIES HELD BY THE GROUP (Continued)

#### 本集團持有之物業(續)

#### Properties Held for Sale (Continued)

#### 待售物業(續)

Description	Lot Number	Term of Lease	Approximate Gross Floor Area (Sq.m.)	Use	Group's Interest
詳情	地段編號	租期	概約總樓面面積 (平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
N 113	→C 1人 Mill Wi	ши	(141)	/11/65	<b>一</b>
Phases VI, VIII & IX,  Tomson Golf Villas,  1 Long Dong Avenue,  Pudong New Area, Shanghai,  People's Republic of China	Lot 23/10 Tong Le Cun, Hua Mu Xiang	Long-term	1,741	Residential	100%
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 龍東大道1號 湯臣高爾夫別墅 第六、第八及第九期	花木鄉 同樂村23/10丘	長期	1,741	住宅	100%
Part of Block B & F and 131 car parking spaces of Tomson Golf Garden, 1 Long Dong Avenue (2 of North District), Pudong New Area, Shanghai, People's Republic of China	Lot 47/1, Zhangbang Cun, Jinqiaozhen, Pudong New Area	Long-term	363 for residential; 3,702 for car parks	Residential	100%
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區 龍東大道1號(北2區) 湯臣高爾夫花園 B及F座之部份, 以及131個泊車位	浦東新區 金橋鎮張濱村 47/1丘	長期	住宅 363平方米; 泊車位 3,702平方米	住宅	100%
Part of One Penha Hill,  Travessa do Colégio No. 7 e Calcada do Bom Parto No. 2,  Macao Special Administrative Region, People's Republic of China	No. 22356 folio 100, Book B16K	Long-term	9,240 for residential; 3,244 for car parks	Residential	70%
中華人民共和國 澳門特別行政區 學校巷7號及灰爐斜巷2號 湯臣主教山壹號之部份	B16K簿冊 第100頁 註冊編號22356	長期	住宅 9,240平方米; 泊車位 3,244平方米	住宅	70%

## **Schedule of Principal Properties**

主要物業表

At 31st December, 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

#### PROPERTIES HELD BY A JOINT VENTURE

## 一家合資企業持有之物業

#### **Properties Held for Investment**

#### 持作投資之物業

			Approximate		
			Gross Floor Area		Group's
Description	Lot Number	Term of Lease	(Sq.m.)	Use	Interest
			概約總樓面面積		
詳情	地段編號	租期	(平方米)	用途	本集團之權益
					_
InterContinental Shanghai Pudong hotel,	Lot 12 Zhangyang	Medium term	52,622	Hotel	50%
777 Zhangyang Road,	Road Commercial				
Lujiazui Finance and Trade Zone,	District				
Pudong New Area, Shanghai,					
People's Republic of China					
中華人民共和國上海市浦東新區	張楊路	中期	52,622	酒店	50%
陸家嘴金融貿易區	商業區12號地段				
張楊路777號					
上海錦江湯臣洲際大酒店					

# Five-Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS**

#### 綜合損益表

#### Year Ended 31st December

截至-	十二月	三十	一日	止年度
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		似主丁二月二十一日止千尺					
		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	
		二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	
Gross proceeds from	經營收益總額						
operations		2,167,464	684,829	938,057	936,303	787,012	
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	2,400,505	700,722	391,398	406,761	588,500	
Taxation	税項	(1,055,840)	(313,244)	(160,855)	(226,639)	(297,027)	
Profit for the year	年度溢利	1,344,665	387,478	230,543	180,122	291,473	
Attributable to:	應佔如下:						
Owners of the Company	本公司權益持有人	1,255,486	407,681	172,513	174,993	283,448	
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	89,179	(20,203)	58,030	5,129	8,025	
		1,344,665	387,478	230,543	180,122	291,473	

#### **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**

#### 綜合財務狀況表

#### At 31st December 於十二月三十一日

	_					
		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Fixed assets	固定資產	8,287,655	8,176,159	8,048,908	8,569,841	8,828,579
Lease premium for land	土地租賃費用	30,410	22,753	_	_	_
Film distribution rights	影片發行權	4,942	150	_	_	_
Goodwill	商譽	33,288	33,288	33,288	33,288	33,288
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	281,729	273,982	35,503	37,941	_
Interests in associates and	於聯營公司及					
a joint venture	一家合資企業之權益	201,581	196,809	195,575	189,965	197,109
Other receivable	其他應收賬款	_	_	_	2,361	2,361
Available-for-sale investments	可供出售投資	189,228	_	_	_	_
Equity instruments at fair	按公平值計入其他					
value through other	全面收益之					
comprehensive income	股本工具	_	436,031	389,399	408,816	293,452
Club debentures	會所債券	_	515	515	515	515
Pledged bank deposits	抵押銀行存款	941,848	798,733	627,778	218,721	84,172
Net current assets	流動資產淨值	5,473,479	5,792,887	5,359,329	5,297,736	5,940,039
	-					
		15,444,160	15,731,307	14,690,295	14,759,184	15,379,515
Equity attributable to owners	本公司權益持有人					
of the Company	應佔權益	13,224,128	13,027,057	12,259,425	12,888,642	13,500,950
Non-controlling interests	非控股股東權益	296,461	256,316	312,388	327,732	337,485
, and the second	-					
Total equity	總權益	13,520,589	13,283,373	12,571,813	13,216,374	13,838,435
Other payables and	其他應付賬款及	10,020,000	13,203,575	12,57 1,015	13,210,571	
lease liabilities	租賃負債	_	_	14,166	24,286	27,403
Borrowings	借款	345,780	944,673	785,302	284,495	264,900
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	1,577,791	1,503,261	1,319,014	1,234,029	1,248,777
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		15,444,160	15,731,307	14,690,295	14,759,184	15,379,515
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## Tomson Group Limited 湯臣集團有限公司



