

環球信貸集團有限公司 Global International Credit Group Limited

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(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:1669





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Corporate Information 公司資料

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors Ms. Wang Yao (*Chairman and Chief Executive*) Ms. Jin Xiaoqin Ms. Yip Lee Ying

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Tang, Warren Louis

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen *(Chairman)* Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Tang, Warren Louis

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick *(Chairman)* Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Tang, Warren Louis Ms. Wang Yao

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Ms. Wang Yao (*Chairman*) Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Tang, Warren Louis

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Yip Lee Ying

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Ms. Wang Yao Ms. Yip Lee Ying

董事會

執行董事 王瑤女士(*主席及總裁)* 金曉琴女士 葉莉盈女士

獨立非執行董事 吳麗文博士 文耀光先生 唐偉倫先生(別名:唐俊懿)

審核委員會

吳麗文博士(*主席)* 文耀光先生 唐偉倫先生

薪酬委員會

文耀光先生(*主席)* 吳麗文博士 唐偉倫先生 王瑤女士

提名委員會

王瑤女士(*主席)* 吳麗文博士 文耀光先生 唐偉倫先生

公司秘書

葉莉盈女士

授權代表

王瑤女士 葉莉盈女士

Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

REGISTERED OFFICE

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

Unit 01, 23/F World-Wide House 19 Des Voeux Road Central Hong Kong

註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

總部及主要營業地點

香港 德輔道中19號 環球大廈 23樓01室

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN 開曼群島主要 CAYMAN ISLANDS

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE IN HONG KONG

Boardroom Share Registrars (HK) Limited Room 2103B, 21/F 148 Electric Road North Point Hong Kong

開曼群島主要股份過戶登記處

Maples Fund Services (Cayman) Limited P.O. Box 1093 Boundary Hall Cricket Square Grand Cayman KY1-1102 Cayman Islands

香港股份過戶登記分處

寶德隆證券登記有限公司 香港 北角 電氣道148號 21樓2103B室 Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

LEGAL ADVISER

P. C. Woo & Co.

AUDITOR

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants Registered Public Interest Entity Auditors

PRINCIPAL BANKER

Bank of China (Hong Kong) Limited

STOCK CODE

1669

WEBSITE ADDRESS

www.gicl.com.hk

法律顧問

胡百全律師事務所

核數師

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師 註冊公眾利益實體核數師

主要往來銀行

中國銀行(香港)有限公司

股份代號

1669

網址

www.gicl.com.hk

Chairman's Statement 主席報告

Dear Shareholders:

On behalf of the board of directors (the "Board") of Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company" together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), I am delighted to present the annual report of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021").

Having experienced an unprecedented challenging year of 2020 due to the outbreak of coronavirus ("COVID-19"), the Group moved into 2021 with an expectation of a slow recovery of the general economy and the Group's business performance. Although the economy of Hong Kong was still affected by the on-going COVID-19 pandemic, the economy has gradually recovered from a low base in 2021. The gross domestic product of Hong Kong grew by 6.4% but remained 2% below the pre-recession level. During the year of review, the Group cautiously expanded its loan business with new loan transaction improved slightly from an extremely low level in 2020. Nevertheless, loan demand remained subdued under pandemic situation as the continuous imposition of travel restrictions constrained a full recovery of business and investment activities.

Starting from a low base in the beginning of 2021, despite the Group's gross loans receivable and repossessed assets increased by 5.3% from HK\$745.3 million as at 31 December 2020 to HK\$784.6 million as at 31 December 2021, the Group recorded a decline in revenue of HK\$17.3 million or 16.8% to HK\$86.0 million for FY2021 as compared to HK\$103.3 million in the prior year and inevitably recorded a decline in profit and total comprehensive income of HK\$11.7 million or 18.2% to HK\$52.5 million as compared to HK\$64.2 million in the prior year.

Moving to 2022, the hope of a continued recovery of the local economy is hindered by a crushing wave of Omicron as economic activities are once again being severally disrupted. The pace of economy recovery will then largely depend on how such rampant Omicron variant be contained and the Government's pandemic policy. Furthermore, the Russia-Ukraine conflict and inflationary pressure pose additional uncertainties to the global economy. Amid such challenges and uncertainties, the Group will continue to conduct its loan business cautiously. With years of effort in strengthening our risk management policy, we believe our Group is well positioned in facing the upcoming challenges and be ready to capture growth opportunities should they arise.

各位股東:

本人謹代表環球信貸集團有限公司(「本公 司」,連同其附屬公司,統稱為「本集團」)董 事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈本集團截至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度(「二零二一年財政年 度」)的年報。

爆發冠狀病毒(「COVID-19」)使本集團經歷了前 所未有具挑戰性的二零二零年,踏入二零二一 年,本集團預期整體經濟及本集團的業務表現 將緩慢復蘇。儘管香港經濟仍受COVID-19疫情 持續影響,惟經濟已從二零二一年的低位逐漸 恢復。香港本地生產總值增長6.4%,惟仍較衰 退前的水平低2%。於回顧年度,本集團謹慎擴 充貸款業務,新貸款交易從二零二零年的極低 水平略為改善。然而,由於持續實施旅遊限制 窒礙了商業及投資活動的全面復蘇,貸款需求 在疫情下仍然低迷。

從二零二一年初的低基數開始,儘管本集團的 應收貸款及收回資產總額由二零二零年十二 月三十一日的745,300,000港元增加5.3%至二零 二一年十二月三十一日的784,600,000港元,惟 本集團的收入卻較去年的103,300,000港元下降 17,300,000港元或16.8%至二零二一年財政年度 的86,000,000港元,溢利及全面收益總額無可避 免較去年的64,200,000港元減少11,700,000港元 或18.2%至52,500,000港元。

踏入二零二二年,在新一波Omicron衝擊下, 經濟活動再次受到嚴重干擾,窒礙了本地經濟 復蘇。經濟復蘇的步伐將在很大程度上取決於 如何遏制Omicron變種病毒的肆虐以及政府的 防疫政策。另外,俄烏衝突加上通貨膨脹壓力 亦對全球經濟帶來更多不確定性。在該等挑戰 及不確定性中,本集團將繼續謹慎進行貸款業 務。憑藉多年來在加強風險管理上的工作,我 們相信本集團能夠抵禦即將到來的挑戰,並準 備好在機會來臨時把握增長機會。

Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告(續)

I would like to express my heartfelt appreciation to all the senior management and staff of the Group for their commitment and contributions in upholding our service quality. I remain deeply grateful to my fellow Board members for their invaluable advice and contributions to the Group's direction of development and corporate governance. I also wish to offer sincere thanks to our customers, shareholders and business partners for their continuing loyalty and trust. We will continue with our endeavor to pursue growth of our business and create value for our shareholders.

To reward and thank our shareholders for their support, the Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK5.3 cents per share.

本人衷心感謝本集團全體高級管理層及員工對 維持我們的服務質素所作出的承諾及貢獻。本 人亦對董事會各位同仁於本集團的發展方向及 企業管治所提供的寶貴意見及貢獻深表謝意。 本人同時感謝我們的客戶、股東及業務夥伴一 直以來的忠誠支持和信任。我們將繼續致力取 得業務增長及為股東增值。

為報答及酬謝股東的支持,董事會建議派付末 期股息每股5.3港仙。

Wang Yao

Chairman of the Board

29 March 2022

董事會主席 **王瑤**

二零二二年三月二十九日

Management Discussion and Analysis

管理層討論及分析



BUSINESS REVIEW AND INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The Group is principally engaged in the money lending business focusing primarily on providing short-term and long-term property mortgage loans in Hong Kong under the Money Lenders Ordinance (Chapter 163 of the Laws of Hong Kong).

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021"), with the gradual easing of COVID-19, the economy of Hong Kong showed steady recovery from a deep recession in the previous 2 years with the gross domestic product for the year grown by 6.4% and unemployment rate declined from the peak of 7.2% in February 2021 to 3.9% in the last quarter of 2021. The property market in Hong Kong showed signs of rebound with an increasing number of property transactions and an increase of the residential property price index in December 2021 by 3.0% as compared to the corresponding figure in December 2020.

Although there was a general recovery of the economy, the overall economic activity in Hong Kong remained below the pre-recession level given the inbound tourism remained frozen and the investor sentiment remained weak. Loan demand revived from low level in previous year amid gradual recovery with HK\$327.7 million new loans granted by the Group in FY2021 as compared to HK\$203.6 million in the financial year ended 31 December 2020 ("FY2020"). The Group's gross loans receivable and repossessed assets increased slightly by HK\$39.3 million to HK\$784.6 million as at 31 December 2021 as compared to HK\$745.3 million as at 31 December 2020. Although the Group's gross loans receivable slightly increased in FY2021, the Group's interest income decreased by 16.7% or HK\$17.3 million to HK\$86.0 million for FY2021 due to the decrease in average gross loans receivable for FY2021 as compared to FY2020.

業務回顧及行業概覧

本集團根據香港法例第163章放債人條例於香港 主要從事貸款業務,主力提供短期及長期物業 按揭貸款。

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度 (「二零二一年財政年度」),隨著COVID-19疫情 逐漸緩和,香港經濟由前兩年的深度衰退中穩 步復甦,年內本地生產總值增長6.4%,失業率 由二零二一年二月高峰的7.2%回落至二零二一 年最後一季的3.9%。香港樓市出現回暖跡象, 樓市成交量上升,二零二一年十二月住宅物業 價格指數較二零二零年十二月的同期數字上升 3.0%。

儘管經濟普遍復甦,鑒於香港入境旅游仍封鎖 及投資者情緒依然疲弱, 整體經濟活動仍低於 衰退前的水平。貸款需求由上一年的低水平逐 步恢復,本集團於二零二一年財政年度新授出 的貸款為327,700,000港元,而截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止財政年度(「二零二零年財政 年度」)為203,600,000港元。本集團的應收貸款 總額及經收回資產由二零二零年十二月三十一 日的745,300,000港元微升39,300,000港元至二零 二一年十二月三十一日的784,600,000港元。儘 管本集團的應收貸款總額於二零二一年財政年 度輕微上升,由於本集團於二零二一年財政年 度的平均應收貸款總額較二零二零年財政年度 減少,因此本集團於二零二一年財政年度的利 息收入減少16.7%或17,300,000港元至86,000,000 港元。

With the pandemic persists and the overall economic environment remained challenging, the Group continued to conduct its mortgage loan business with stringent credit control to minimise associated credit risks. The Group strived to uphold the quality of its loan portfolio with the overall weighted average loan-to-value ratio as at 31 December 2021 managed at 53.7%.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Revenue

For FY2021, the Group's interest income from its money lending business was HK\$86.0 million, representing a decrease of HK\$17.3 million or 16.7% from interest income of HK\$103.3 million for FY2020. The decrease was primarily due to the decrease in average month-end balance of loans receivable during the year. The average month-end balance of aggregate loans receivable decreased by HK\$92.8 million or 11.0% from HK\$841.4 million for FY2020 to HK\$748.6 million for FY2021.

Other income

Other income decreased by HK\$1,327,000 from HK\$1,331,000 in FY2020 to HK\$4,000 in FY2021. The decrease is mainly due to the absence of the wage subsidies provided by the Hong Kong Government under the Employment Support Scheme in FY2021.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses incurred by the Group mainly comprised employee benefit expenses, advertising and marketing expenses, legal and professional fees, auditor's remuneration, depreciation of property, plant and equipment, depreciation of right-of-use assets and other administrative expenses. These expenses, which constitute 26.7% and 23.7% of the total revenue for FY2021 and FY2020, respectively, decreased from HK\$24.4 million in FY2020 to HK\$23.0 million in FY2021, representing a decrease of HK\$1.4 million or 5.7%.

Employee benefit expenses decreased by HK\$0.6 million or 5.3% from HK\$11.3 million in FY2020 to HK\$10.7 million in FY2021.

Advertising and marketing expenses decreased by HK\$0.6 million or 12.5% from HK\$4.8 million in FY2020 to HK\$4.2 million in FY2021. The decrease in advertising and marketing expenses in FY2021 was mainly due to fewer resources being devoted to television advertising.

疫情縈繞不散,整體經濟環境動蕩,本集團繼續以嚴格的信貸監控開展其按揭貸款業務,儘量減少相關的信貸風險。本集團努力維護其貸款組合的質量,截至二零二一年十二月三十一日,整體加權平均貸款對估值比率維持於53.7%。

財務回顧

收入

於二零二一年財政年度,本集團來自其貸款 業務的利息收入為86,000,000港元,較二零二 零年財政年度的利息收入103,300,000港元減少 17,300,000港元或16.7%。利息收入減少乃主要 由於年內的應收貸款的平均月底結餘減少。應 收貸款總額的平均月底結餘由二零二零年財 政年度841,400,000港元減少92,800,000港元或 11.0%至二零二一年財政年度748,600,000港元。

其他收入

其他收入由二零二零年財政年度的1,331,000港 元減少1,327,000港元至二零二一年財政年度的 4,000港元。減少乃主要由於二零二一年財政年 度缺乏香港政府根據「保就業計劃」提供的工資 補貼。

行政開支

本集團產生的行政開支主要包括僱員福利開 支、廣告及市場推廣開支、法律及專業費用、 核數師酬金、物業、廠房及設備折舊、使用權 資產折舊以及其他行政開支。該等開支分別佔 二零二一年財政年度及二零二零年財政年度總 收入的26.7%及23.7%,並由二零二零年財政年 度的24,400,000港元減少1,400,000港元或5.7%至 二零二一年財政年度的23,000,000港元。

僱員福利開支由二零二零年財政年度的 11,300,000港元減少600,000港元或5.3%至二零 二一年財政年度的10,700,000港元。

廣告及市場推廣開支由二零二零年財政年度的 4,800,000港元減少600,000港元或12.5%至二零 二一年財政年度的4,200,000港元。二零二一年 財政年度的廣告及市場推廣開支的減少主要由 於投放較少資源於電視廣告所致。

Excluding employee benefit expenses and advertising and marketing expenses mentioned above, administrative expenses decreased by HK\$0.2 million or 2.4% from HK\$8.3 million in FY2020 to HK\$8.1 million in FY2021. These expenses were comprised of mainly legal and professional fees of HK\$1.5 million (FY2020: HK\$1.0 million); auditor's remuneration of HK\$0.8 million (FY2020: HK\$1.1 million); depreciation of property, plant and equipment of HK\$0.3 million (FY2020: HK\$0.4 million); depreciation of right-of-use assets of HK\$3.7 million (FY2020: HK\$4.0 million); and other administrative expenses of HK\$1.8 million (FY2020: HK\$1.7 million).

Reversal of impairment losses – net

The Group recognised a reversal of provision for impairment losses on loans receivable and interest receivables of HK\$0.4 million in FY2021 (FY2020: HK\$1.5 million) netting off with a provision for repossessed assets of HK\$0.1 million (FY2020: Nil).

Finance costs

Finance costs decreased by HK\$4.7 million or 92.2% from HK\$5.1 million in FY2020 to HK\$0.4 million in FY2021 due to a decrease in average borrowings during the year.

Net interest margin

Net interest margin during the year refers to the interest income in respect of the Group's mortgage loans and personal loans less finance costs (excluding interest expenses on lease liabilities) divided by the average of month-end gross loans receivable balances of the corresponding loans during the year.

Net interest margin decreased from 11.7% for FY2020 to 11.5% for FY2021.

Income tax expenses

The Group's effective tax rate increased slightly from 16.2% for FY2020 to 16.5% for FY2021.

撇除上述僱員福利開支以及廣告及市場推廣 開支,行政開支由二零二零年財政年度的 8,300,000港元減少200,000港元或2.4%至二零 二一年財政年度的8,100,000港元。該等開支主 要包括法律及專業費用1,500,000港元(二零二 零年財政年度:1,000,000港元);核數師酬金 800,000港元(二零二零年財政年度:1,100,000 港元);物業、廠房及設備折舊300,000港元(二 零二零年財政年度:400,000港元);使用權資 產折舊3,700,000港元(二零二零年財政年度: 4,000,000港元);及其他行政開支1,800,000港元 (二零二零年財政年度:1,700,000港元)。

撥回減值虧損**-**淨額

本集團於二零二一年財政年度確認應收貸款及 應收利息減值虧損撥備撥回400,000港元(二零 二零年財政年度:1,500,000港元),扣除經收回 資產撥備100,000港元(二零二零年財政年度: 零港元)。

財務成本

財務成本由二零二零年財政年度5,100,000港元 減少4,700,000港元或92.2%至二零二一年財政 年度400,000港元,乃由於年內平均借款減少所 致。

淨息差

年內的淨息差指本集團按揭貸款及私人貸款的 利息收入減財務成本(不包括租賃負債的利息開 支)除以年內相應貸款的月底應收貸款結餘總額 平均值。

淨息差由二零二零年財政年度11.7%減少至二零 二一年財政年度11.5%。

利得税開支

本集團的實際税率由二零二零年財政年度的 16.2%輕微增加至二零二一年財政年度的16.5%。

Profit and total comprehensive income

As a result of the foregoing, the Group's profit and total comprehensive income for FY2021 was HK\$52.5 million, representing a decrease of HK\$11.7 million or 18.2% from profit and total comprehensive income of HK\$64.2 million for FY2020.

OUTLOOK

While there was a hope that Hong Kong will continue its path to economy recovery in 2022, the new wave of epidemic has disrupted the pace of economy recovery. The escalating outbreak of the Omicron variant has caused a heavy blow to the local economies. It is expected that the economy of Hong Kong will be severely affected in the first half of 2022. The recovery of the economy will then largely depend on the development of the pandemic situation and the Government's pandemic strategies in the second half of 2022.

Besides the local pandemic threat, the Russia-Ukraine conflict and the inflationary pressure on the United States of America bring further uncertainties on the global economy. With a view of an increasing threat of a rise of loan defaults and delinquent payments and a downward pressure on property price due to the worsening economic environment, the Group will continue to take active measures to review the repayment record of the customers and conduct comprehensive assessments on the related collaterals to manage the credit risk.

Looking ahead, the Group will remain cautious and sensibly uphold its risk management policies and credit review process to control the quality of the Group's loan portfolio. The Group will closely monitor the development of the property market to implement necessary timely measures in order to strike a balance between risk and return.

Although the Group does not have any detailed plans for material investments, capital assets or launching new products in a large scale in the coming year, it will continue to improve its existing products and services to enhance customer experience.

溢利及綜合收入總額

因上文所述,本集團於二零二一年財政年度 的溢利及綜合收入總額為52,500,000港元,較 二零二零年財政年度的溢利及綜合收入總額 64,200,000港元減少11,700,000港元或18.2%。

展望

當香港有望於二零二二年繼續其經濟復甦之際,新一波疫情擾亂了經濟復甦的步伐。奧密克戎(Omicron)變異體的幾何級爆發對本地經濟造成沉重打擊。預計香港的經濟將在二零二二年上半年受到嚴重影響。其後,經濟的復甦將主要取決於疫情形勢的進展及政府於二零二二年下半年的疫情策略。

除了本地的疫情威脅, 俄烏衝突及美國的通脹 壓力給全球經濟帶來進一步的不確定性。鑒於 經濟環境惡化導致的貸款違約及拖欠款項的威 脅上升以及房地產價格下行的壓力越來越大, 本集團將繼續採取積極措施, 審核客戶的還款 記錄, 並對相關抵押物進行全面評估, 以管理 信貸風險。

展望未來,本集團將繼續審慎而明智地維持其 風險管理政策及信貸審查流程,以控制本集團 貸款組合的質素。本集團將密切監察物業市場 的發展,務求及時採取必要的措施,以在風險 及收益之間取得平衡。

雖然本集團來年並無任何重大投資、資本資產 或大規模推出新產品的詳細計劃,但將繼續改 善現有產品及服務,以提升客戶體驗。

LIQUIDITY AND FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL STRUCTURE

During FY2021, the Group's operational and capital requirements were financed principally through retained earnings and loans from a bank.

Based on the Group's current and anticipated levels of operations, the Group's future operations and capital requirements will be mainly financed through loans from banks and other independent third party licensed money lenders, retained earnings and share capital. There were no significant commitments for capital expenditure as at 31 December 2021.

As at 31 December 2021, cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposits amounted to HK\$101.3 million, which were mainly denominated in Hong Kong dollars, representing a decrease of HK\$39.0 million as compared to the position as at 31 December 2020. The decrease was mainly attributable to an increase in gross loans receivable as at 31 December 2021.

As at 31 December 2021, interest-bearing bank loans amounted to HK\$35.9 million, which were all denominated in Hong Kong dollars, representing a decrease of HK\$12.8 million as compared to the position as at 31 December 2020.

As at 31 December 2021, all outstanding interest-bearing bank loans were repayable in one year and bore interest at variable rates. The bank loans were secured by (i) a floating charge on certain loans receivable of a subsidiary of the Company; (ii) a floating charge on certain bank accounts of a subsidiary of the Company; and (iii) a corporate guarantee executed by the Company.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, none of the Group's borrowing facilities were subject to any covenants relating to financial ratio requirements or any material covenants that restrict the Group from undertaking additional debt or equity financing. As at 31 December 2021, the unutilised facility available to the Group for drawdown amounted to HK\$14.1 million (2020: HK\$301.3 million).

流動資金及財務資源及資本結構

於二零二一年財政年度,本集團主要透過保留 盈利及來自一間銀行的貸款為經營及資本需求 提供資金。

基於本集團目前及預期的運營水平,本集團將 主要透過銀行及獨立第三方持牌放債人、保留 盈利及股本為日後經營及資本需求提供資金。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,概無任何重大 資本開支承擔。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,現金及現金等 價物以及已抵押存款為101,300,000港元(主要以 港元計值),較於二零二零年十二月三十一日 減少39,000,000港元。有關減少乃主要由於二零 二一年十二月三十一日的應收貸款總額增加。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,計息銀行貸款 為35,900,000港元(全部以港元計值),較二零二 零年十二月三十一日狀況減少12,800,000港元。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,所有尚未償還 的計息銀行貸款須於一年內償還並按浮動利率 計息。銀行貸款以下列項目作抵押:(i)本公司 一間附屬公司若干應收貸款的浮動押記:(ii)本 公司一間附屬公司若干銀行賬戶的浮動押記; 及(iii)本公司簽立的公司擔保。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團的借款融資並無受到有關財務比率要求的 任何契諾或限制本集團承擔額外債務或股本融 資的任何重大契諾所規限。於二零二一年十二 月三十一日,本集團的未動用可供提取融資 為14,100,000港元(二零二零年:301,300,000港 元)。

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

管理層討論及分析(續)

Current ratio

The Group's current ratio increased from 9.4 times as at 31 December 2020 to 9.5 times as at 31 December 2021.

Gearing ratio

The Group's gearing ratio was calculated by dividing net debts (being the total borrowings and lease liabilities less cash and cash equivalents and pledged deposit) by total equity. The Group was in a net cash position as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

Return on total assets and return on equity

The return on total assets decreased from 7.1% as at 31 December 2020 to 5.8% as at 31 December 2021. The return on equity decreased from 7.6% as at 31 December 2020 to 6.1% as at 31 December 2021.

SIGNIFICANT INVESTMENTS HELD, MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS

The Group did not have any significant investments held, material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures during the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's operations, financial conditions, operational results and growth prospects are affected by a number of risks and uncertainties as outlined below. These factors are not exhaustive and there may be other risks in addition to those shown below which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could become material in the future.

流動比率

本集團的流動比率由於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的9.4倍上升至於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的9.5倍。

資產負債比率

本集團的資產負債比率乃按負債淨額(即借款總 額及租賃負債減現金及現金等價物以及已抵押 存款)除以權益總額計算。本集團於二零二一年 及二零二零年十二月三十一日處於淨現金狀態。

資產總額回報率及股本回報率

資產總額回報率由於二零二零年十二月三十一 日的7.1%減少至於二零二一年十二月三十一日 的5.8%。股本回報率由於二零二零年十二月 三十一日的7.6%減少至於二零二一年十二月 三十一日的6.1%。

所持重大投資、重大收購及出售事項

本集團於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,概無持有任何重大投資,且並無有關附屬 公司、聯營公司及合營企業的重大收購或出售 事項。

主要風險及不確定因素

本集團的經營、財務狀況、經營業績及增長前 景受下文所列多項風險及不確定因素所影響。 該等因素並非詳盡無遺,除下文所列者外,仍 有其他本集團尚未知悉或目前並不重大但日後 可能成為重大的其他風險。

Financial risk

Financial risk factors include cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. As a licensed money lender in Hong Kong providing mainly mortgage loan financings to corporations and private individuals which are secured against real estate assets in Hong Kong, credit risk is regarded as the prime risk of the Group.

The Group generates revenue from interest received from the provision of loans to corporate and private individual customers. The Group's principal loan products are (i) first mortgage loans, which are secured by the first mortgage on the borrowers' real estates; and (ii) subordinated mortgage loans, which are secured by mortgages subordinated to the first mortgages charged on the borrowers' pledged properties. The Group only offers mortgage loan financings which are secured against real estate assets located in Hong Kong which include residential, commercial and industrial real estate assets. Unsecured loans accounted for less than 1% of the Group's total loan portfolio as at 31 December 2021.

The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. Approval for loan applications, together with the loan amount and corresponding interest rate, are determined based on a number of factors including, amongst others, the credit history and profile of the applicant, the property type, profile and valuation of the proposed property to be mortgaged and the prevailing market conditions. In the majority of the cases, the Group grants loan with a loan-to-value ratio of no more than 70%. As at 31 December 2021, the overall weighted average loan-to-value ratio of the Group's loan portfolio is managed at 53.7%.

財務風險

財務風險因素包括現金流及公平值利率風險、 信貸風險及流動資金風險。作為香港的一家持 牌貸款人,我們主要向企業及個人提供以香港 的物業資產作抵押的按揭貸款融資,信貸風險 被視為本集團的首要風險。

本集團自向公司及個人客戶提供貸款所得利息 產生收入。本集團的主要貸款產品為(i)物業一 按貸款,以借款人的一按物業作抵押;及(ii) 物業二按貸款,以借款人已作第一抵押的二按 物業作抵押。本集團僅提供以位於香港的物業 資產作抵押的按揭貸款融資,包括住宅、商用 及工業物業資產。於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,無抵押貸款佔本集團總貸款組合的少於 1%。

本集團已制訂信貸政策,並持續監察信貸風 險。貸款申請的審批以及貸款金額及相應利率 由我們根據多項因素決定,包括(其中包括)申 請人的信貸記錄及概況、建議將予抵押物業的 物業類型、概況及估值以及當時市況。在大多 數情況下,本集團授予貸款的貸款對估值比率 不超過70%。於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團貸款組合的整體加權平均貸款對估值比 率維持於53.7%。

The Group also establishes standard procedures and the credit department is responsible for on ongoing monitoring of loan recoverability, which include the repayment status and the market value of the underlying collateral, and loan collection.

The Group has a wide customer base, with outstanding loan size by customer ranging from approximately HK\$50,000 to HK\$ \$80,000,000 as at 31 December 2021. The largest customer of the Group accounted for approximately 7.7% of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021. Further terms of the loans granted to this largest customer are detailed on pages 17 to 18 to this annual report.

Further information on the internal control and risk management measures in relation to credit risk and other aforesaid financial risk factors of the Group are elaborated in Note 3.1 "Financial risk factors" to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report

Operational risk

Operational risk is defined as the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, human and system errors or from external events. Responsibility for managing operational risks basically rests with every function at departmental levels. Key functions in the Group are guided by their standard operating procedures, limits of authority and reporting framework. Management will identify and assess key operational exposures regularly so that appropriate risk response can be taken.

Market risk

Performance of the Group's business will be affected by various market factors in Hong Kong, including but not limited to economic conditions and the overall property market conditions in Hong Kong. A downturn in the economy and/or property market in Hong Kong may result not only in a decline in the number of real estate transactions, which may limit the growth of the Group's mortgage loan portfolio, but also a decline in the value of the underlying properties in respect of the Group's mortgage loans, which may increase the risk of impairment of the Group's mortgage loan portfolio. The Group has implemented polices to carry out continuous monitoring of the property market and the collateral value of the underlying mortgage loan portfolio so that appropriate risk response can be taken. 本集團亦設立標準程序,而信貸部門負責監察 貸款可收回性,包括還款狀況及相關抵押品的 市值以及追討欠款。

本集團擁有廣泛的客戶基礎,於二零二一年 十二月三十一日,客戶未償還貸款數額介乎約 50,000港元至80,000,000港元不等。截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團的最大 客戶佔本集團收入約7.7%。有關授予該名最大 客戶的貸款的進一步條款,詳見本年報第17至 18頁。

有關本集團信貸風險及其他上述財務風險因素的內部控制及風險管理措施的更多資料,於本 年報綜合財務報表附註3.1「財務風險因素」中闡 述。

操作風險

操作風險是指由不完善或不起效用的內控程 序、人員及系統失誤或外部事件導致損失的風 險。管理操作風險的責任基本落於各部門級別 的職能單位。本集團的主要職能單位設有標準 操作程序、權限及匯報架構作為指引。管理層 會定期識別及評估主要操作風險以便採取適當 的風險應對措施。

市場風險

本集團業務表現受香港多個市場因素影響,包括但不限於經濟狀況及香港整體樓市狀況。香 港經濟及/或樓市低迷不僅會導致房地產交易 量減少,限制本集團按揭貸款組合的發展,亦 會致使有關本集團按揭貸款的相關物業之價值 下降,進而可能加大本集團按揭貸款組合的減 值風險。本集團已採取政策持續監控樓市和相 關按揭貸款組合的抵押物價值,以應對相應風 險。

Reputational risk

The Group maintains a strong market position in the money lending business market in Hong Kong. One of the keys to its success is its reputation and recognition of the brand "GICL". Maintaining and promoting brand and reputation will depend on the Group's marketing efforts and service quality. If existing or potential customers lose confidence in "GICL", or in the industry in general, because of negative publicity, the Group's performance may be negatively impacted. To safeguard and manage the brand, the Group strives to uphold its brand value, corporate image, and maintain high business ethics.

Risk management

The Group has established and maintained sufficient risk management procedures to identify and control various types of risk within the organisation and the external environment with active management participation and effective internal control procedures in the best interest of the Group and its shareholders. Details of its risk management system are elaborated on pages 37 to 39 under section "Corporate Governance Report" of this annual report.

RELATIONSHIPS WITH KEY STAKEHOLDERS

The Group maintains strong and close relationships with its employees and customers and has enhanced cooperation with its business partners so as to ensure sustainable development.

The Group regards employees as one of the most valuable assets of the Group and regards the personal development of its employees as highly important. The Group (i) regularly reviews the remuneration package of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard; (ii) provides a safe working environment to its employees; and (iii) provides continuous training support to its employees in order to drive their personal development and improve their knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work.

The Group maintains a close relationship with its customers to fulfill their immediate and long-term financing needs. The Group has ongoing communication with customers through various channels, such as the Group's website, telephone, direct mail, marketing materials and social media.

聲譽風險

本集團佔據香港貸款業務市場穩固地位,聲譽 及「環球信貸」品牌的認知度乃成功要素之一。 品牌及聲譽的維持及發揚取決於本集團推廣力 度及服務質素。倘現有或潛在客戶因負面報導 而對「環球信貸」或整體行業失去信心,則會對 本集團業績有不利影響。為維護及管理品牌, 本集團力求提升品牌價值、企業形象及維持高 水準商業道德。

風險管理

本集團已建立及保持足夠風險管理程序,輔以 管理層之積極參與及有效之內部監控程序,以 找出及控制公司內部及外圍環境現存之多種風 險,符合本集團及其股東之最佳利益。有關風 險管理系統的詳情於本年報第37至39頁的「企業 管治報告」一節闡述。

與主要利益相關人士的關係

本集團與僱員及客戶維持穩健密切的關係,並 加強與業務夥伴合作,確保持續發展。

本集團視僱員為本集團最寶貴的資產之一,高 度重視僱員的個人發展。本集團(i)定期檢討僱 員的薪酬福利,因應市場標準作出必要調整; (ii)為僱員提供安全的工作環境;及(iii)為僱員提 供持續培訓支援,推動彼等個人發展及提升履 行工作職責的知識及技巧。

本集團與客戶維持密切關係,滿足彼等即時和 長期的融資需求。本集團通過本集團網站、電 話、郵寄宣傅單張、營銷材料及社交媒體等多 種途徑持續與客戶進行溝通。

EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed 20 full-time employees (2020: 22). The total employee benefit expenses (including directors' emoluments) of the Group for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 were HK\$10.7 million and HK\$11.3 million, respectively. The remuneration of its employees included salaries, overtime allowances, commissions and year end discretionary bonuses. The Group remunerates its employees mainly based on current market trends, individual performance and experience and conducts performance appraisals on an annual basis.

FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE

The business activities of the Group were denominated in Hong Kong dollars. The Directors did not consider the Group was exposed to any significant foreign exchange risks during the financial year ended 31 December 2021. As the impact from foreign exchange exposure was minimal, the Directors were of the view that no hedging against foreign currency exposure was necessary. In view of the operational needs, the Group will continue to monitor the foreign currency exposure from time to time and take necessary actions to minimise the exchange related risks.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, the Group had no material contingent liabilities.

PLEDGE OF ASSETS

As at 31 December 2020, certain properties mortgaged to a subsidiary of the Group by its customers were pledged to a licensed money lender to secure a loan facility granted to the Group. These properties, with a combined market value of HK\$238.9 million, were mortgaged to the Group for securing loans receivable of HK\$88.9 million. Such loan facility was expired on 31 December 2021.

As at 31 December 2021, certain loans receivable and bank accounts of a subsidiary of the Group with carrying value of HK\$94.8 million (2020: HK\$115.7 million) and HK\$19.0 million (2020: HK\$7.4 million), respectively, were charged to a bank to secure a loan facility granted to the Group. Those loan facilities granted to the Group were for the expansion of the Group's mortgage business.

僱員及薪酬

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團聘有20 名全職僱員(二零二零年:22名)。本集團截至 二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的僱員福利開支總額(包括董事薪酬)分別為 10,700,000港元及11,300,000港元。僱員薪酬包 括工資、加班津貼、佣金及年底的酌情花紅。 本集團主要根據現時市場趨勢、個人表現及經 驗向僱員發放薪酬,並每年進行績效評核。

外匯風險

本集團的業務活動以港元計值。董事認為,截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度,本 集團並無承受任何重大外匯風險。由於外匯風 險的影響極微,董事認為毋須為外匯風險作出 對沖。鑑於營運需要,本集團將繼續不時監察 外匯風險,並採取必要行動以降低匯兑相關風 險。

或然負債

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二月三十一日, 本集團並無重大或然負債。

資產抵押

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,客戶抵押予本 集團一間附屬公司之若干物業已抵押予一名 持牌放債人,以擔保本集團獲授的一筆貸款融 資。該等物業市值合計為238,900,000港元,乃 抵押予本集團以為88,900,000港元的應收貸款 作擔保。有關貸款融資於二零二一年十二月 三十一日到期。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團一間 附屬公司賬面值分別94,800,000港元(二零二零 年:115,700,000港元)及19,000,000港元(二零二 零年:7,400,000港元)的若干應收貸款及銀行賬 戶已抵押予一間銀行,以擔保本集團獲授一項 貸款融資。本集團獲授的該等貸款融資用作擴 展本集團的按揭業務。

ADVANCE TO AN ENTITY

As disclosed in the announcement of the Company dated 5 February 2021 (the "Announcement"), Global International Credit Limited ("GIC"), being an indirectly wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, as lender, entered into a loan agreement ("Loan Agreement A") with Mr. Wong Chee Yu (the "Borrower"), as borrower, on 5 February 2021, pursuant to which, GIC agreed to grant a mortgage loan in an amount of HK\$70 million to the Borrower for a term of 24 months. On 24 November 2021, GIC and the Borrower entered into a loan agreement ("Loan Agreement B"), pursuant to which, GIC agreed to grant a mortgage loan in an amount of HK\$10 million to the Borrower for a term of 24 months. Set out below are the principal terms of Loan Agreement A and Loan Agreement B (collectively, the "Loan Agreements") which are outstanding as at 31 December 2021:

給予實體的墊款

誠如本公司日期為二零二一年二月五日的公告 (「該公告」)所披露,本公司的間接全資附屬公 司環球信貸有限公司(「環球信貸」,作為放貸 人)與黃子羽先生(「借款人」,作為借款人)於 二零二一年二月五日訂立一貸款協議(「貸款協 講A」),據此,環球信貸同意向借款人發放為 期二十四個月的一項按揭抵押貸款70,000,000港 元。於二零二一年十一月二十四日,環球信貸 與借款人訂立一貸款協議(「貸款協議B」),據 此,環球信貸同意向借款人發放為期二十四個 月的一項按揭抵押貸款10,000,000港元。貸款協 議A及貸款協議B(統稱為「該等貸款協議」)(於 二零二一年十二月三十一日尚未完成)的主要條 款載列如下:

	Loan Agreement A 貸款協議A	Loan Agreement B 貸款協議B
Date of Agreement 協議日期	5 February 2021 二零二一年二月五日	24 November 2021 二零二一年十一月二十四日
Borrower 借款人	Mr. Wong Chee Yu 黃子羽先生	Mr. Wong Chee Yu 黃子羽先生
Loan amount 貸款額	HK\$70,000,000 70,000,000港元	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元
Interest rate 利率	9% per annum 年息9厘	8% per annum 年息8厘
Term 期限	24 months 24個月	24 months 24個月
Repayment 還款	Borrower shall repay the interests in 24 monthly installments and the principal amount at loan maturity 借款人須分24期(每期為一個月)償還貸款利息及 於貸款到期日償還本金	Borrower shall repay the interests in 24 monthly installments and the principal amount at loan maturity 借款人須分24期(每期為一個月)償還貸款利息及 於貸款到期日償還本金
Underlying property as collateral ⁽¹⁾ 用作抵押品的相關物業 ⁽¹⁾	A first legal charge/mortgage in respect of a residential property and a car parking space located in Mid- Levels Central 有關位於中半山的一項住宅物業及一個停車場車位的第一法律押記/按揭	
Approximate value of the underlying property as collateral ⁽²⁾ 用作抵押品的相關物業概約估值 ⁽²⁾	HK\$122,000,000 as conducted on 4 January 2021 122,000,000港元(於二零二一年一月四日進行)	HK\$130,000,000 as conducted on 1 November 2021 130,000,000港元(於二零二一年十一月一日進行)
Approximate aggregate loan-to-value ratio ⁽³⁾ 概約總貸款對估值比率 ⁽³⁾	57.4%	61.5%
Outstanding loan amount as at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日 未償還貸款金額	HK\$70,000,000 70,000,000港元	HK\$10,000,000 10,000,000港元

Notes:

(1) Loan Agreement A and Loan Agreement B are secured by the same property.

(2) The valuations were conducted by independent third party valuers.

(3) The loan-to-value ratios were calculated based on the valuation of the underlying property as collateral secured for the total outstanding loans.

The advances under the Loan Agreements were made based on the Group's credit assessments on (i) the financial strength and repayment ability of the Borrower; and (ii) the underlying properties as collaterals provided by the Borrower, which are at a prime site in Hong Kong. After taking into account the factors as disclosed above in assessing the risks of the relevant advances, the Group considers that the risks involved in the advance to the Borrower are acceptable to the Group. For further details, please refer to the Announcement, the circular of the Company dated 1 March 2021 and the announcement of the Company dated 5 January 2022.

附註:

- (1) 貸款協議A及貸款協議B的抵押品為同一物業。
- (2) 有關估值由獨立第三方估值師進行。
- (3) 貸款對估值比率按用作總未償還貸款抵押品的相關物 業的估值計算。

本集團根據(i)該借款人的財政實力和還款能 力;及(ii)該借款人提供的抵押品位於香港黃金 地段的情況下,從而決定作出有關該等貸款協 議的墊款。本集團於評估有關墊款風險的過程 中經考慮以上所披露的因素後,認為向該借款 人作出有關墊款涉及的風險對本集團而言屬可 接受。有關進一步詳情,請參閱該公告、本公 司日期為二零二一年三月一日之通函及本公司 日期為二零二二年一月五日的公告。

Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Ms. Wang Yao (王瑤), aged 38, is the Chairman and Chief Executive of the Company and was appointed as Director on 20 January 2014 and designated as an executive Director on 24 July 2014. Ms. Wang is a cofounder of the Group and is responsible for the overall management of the money lending business as well as strategic planning and development of the Group. In particular, she is responsible for developing the Group's overall business model and product portfolio as well as formulating its advertising and marketing strategy. Ms. Wang also serves as director to a number of subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Wang graduated from Macguarie University in Australia with a double bachelor's degree in applied finance and commerce accounting in November 2006 and a master of applied finance, also from Macquarie University, in July 2007. Ms. Wang is the daughter of Ms. Jin. Ms. Wang is also a director of Blossom Spring Global Limited, a company which has an interest in the shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under Division 2 and 3 of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance.

Ms. Jin Xiaoqin (金曉琴), aged 65, was appointed as Director on 9 April 2014 and designated as an executive Director on 24 July 2014. Ms. Jin is a co-founder of the Group and an experienced property investor. Between July 2006 and July 2008 she was the director of a privately held company in Hong Kong which, through its subsidiaries, was engaged in motorcycle manufacturing and trading business in the PRC. She is responsible for the overall management of the Group's business and operations and participating in monitoring of the Group's treasury functions. Ms. Jin is the mother of Ms. Wang.

Ms. Yip Lee Ying (葉莉盈), aged 38, was appointed as an executive Director on 28 August 2020. Ms. Yip joined the Group in February 2016 as chief financial officer and has also been appointed as the company secretary of the Company. Ms. Yip is principally responsible for overseeing the Group's financial management, internal control, company secretarial and corporate finance matters. Ms. Yip has over 10 years of experience in professional accounting and financial advisory services. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Yip worked at Deloitte Hong Kong from February 2007 to January 2016 and her last position held was Associate Director at Deloitte Advisory (Hong Kong) Limited. Ms. Yip became a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants in September 2010. She holds a Bachelor of Commerce degree in Accounting and Finance and a Master of Commerce degree in Funds Management from the University of New South Wales.

執行董事

王瑤女士,38歲,為本公司主席兼總裁,於二 零一四年一月二十日獲委任為董事,並於二 零一四年七月二十四日調任為執行董事。王女 士為本集團的共同創辦人,並負責貸款業務的 整體管理以及本集團的策略規劃及發展。尤其 彼負責發展本集團的整體業務模式及產品組 合,以及制訂廣告及市場推廣策略。王女士於 擔任本集團多間附屬公司的董事。王女士於二 零一年十一月畢業於澳洲麥格理大學,取得 應用財務及商業會計學雙學士學位,並於二零 應用財務及商業會計學雙學士學位,並於二零 個用財務及商業會計學雙學士學位,並於二零 志二本,該公司為金女士的女兒。王女士亦為 Blossom Spring Global Limited董事,該公司為根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部須向本公 司披露擁有本公司股份權益。

金曉琴女士,65歲,於二零一四年四月九日獲 委任為董事,並於二零一四年七月二十四日 調任為執行董事。金女士為本集團的共同創辦 人,並為資深物業投資者。二零零六年七月至 二零零八年七月期間,彼為香港一間私人公司 的董事,該公司透過其附屬公司在中國從事電 單車製造及買賣業務。彼負責本集團業務及營 運的整體管理,並參與監察本集團的庫務職 能。金女士為王女士的母親。

葉莉盈女士,38歲,於二零二零年八月二十八 日獲委任為執行董事。葉女士於二零一六年二 月加盟本集團擔任首席財務總監,並同時獲委 任為本公司的公司秘書。葉女士主要負責監管 本集團財務管理、內部監控、公司秘書及企業 融資事務。葉女士擁有逾10年專業會計及財務 顧問服務經驗。於加盟本集團前,葉女士於二 零零七年二月至二零一六年一月期間任職於德 勤香港,彼所擔任的最後職位為德勤咨詢(香 港)有限公司的副總監。葉女士於二零一零年九 月成為香港會計師公會會員,持有新南威爾士 大學會計及金融商學學士學位及資金管理商學 碩士學位。 Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen (吳麗文), aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 22 November 2014. She has about 30 years of experience in professional accounting and corporate finance in Hong Kong, the PRC, the United States and Europe. Dr. Ng is a practicing certified public accountant in Hong Kong, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, and The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. She is currently a director of Cosmos CPA Limited and Redwood Asset Management Limited, a company licensed with the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong. She received her Doctor of Business Administration Degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, Juris Doctor Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Master of Laws Degree in Corporate and Financial Laws from The University of Hong Kong, Master of Business Administration Degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Master of Professional Accounting Degree from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University and Master of Science in Global Finance from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology and Leonard N. Stern School of Business of New York University. Dr. Ng is currently an independent non-executive director of eSun Holdings Limited (stock code: 571) and Lion Rock Group Limited (stock code: 1127), all being listed companies in Hong Kong.

Mr. Tang, Warren Louis (唐偉倫), aged 45, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 22 November 2014. Mr. Tang was called to the Bar of Hong Kong in the High Court of Hong Kong in December 2001 and since then has been a practising barrister and a member of the Hong Kong Bar Association. Mr. Tang has been a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Arbitrators since 2019 and an arbitrator of the Guangzhou Arbitration Commission since 2020. Mr. Tang graduated from the University of Toronto in June 1998 with a bachelor of applied science major in computer engineering. He obtained the postgraduate diploma in English and Hong Kong law from Manchester Metropolitan University in July 2000 and the postgraduate certificate in laws from The University of Hong Kong in June 2001. Mr. Tang was also an independent non-executive director of Elegance Optical International Holdings Limited (stock code: 907), being a listed company in Hong Kong, from 15 July 2019 to 31 December 2019. In 2019, Mr. Tang was appointed as a deputy magistrate in Hong Kong at the West Kowloon Magistrates' Courts. In 2020, Mr. Tang was appointed as a deputy magistrate in Hong Kong at the Kowloon City Magistrates' Courts

獨立非執行董事

吴麗文博士,57歲,於二零一四年十一月 二十二日起獲委任為獨立非執行董事。彼於香 港、中國、美國及歐洲擁有約30年專業會計及 企業融資經驗。吳博士為香港執業會計師、香 港會計師公會、英國特許公認會計師公會以及 英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深會員。彼 目前為華恩會計師事務所有限公司及紅木林資 產管理有限公司(一間註冊在香港證券及期貨監 察委員會的持牌公司)的董事。彼擁有香港理工 大學工商管理博士學位、香港中文大學法律博 士學位、香港大學公司法與金融法法律碩士學 位、香港中文大學工商管理碩士學位、香港理 工大學專業會計學碩士學位及香港科技大學及 紐約大學史登商學院環球金融理學碩士。吳博 士現任豐德麗控股有限公司(股份代號:571)及 獅子山集團有限公司(股份代號:1127)的獨立 非執行董事,該等公司全部為香港上市公司。

唐偉倫先生(別名:唐俊懿),45歲,於二零 一四年十一月二十二日起獲委任為獨立非執行 董事。唐先生於二零零一年十二月成為香港高 等法院香港執業大律師,並自此為香港大律師 公會的執業大律師及會員。唐先生自二零一九 年成為香港仲裁司學會資深會員及自二零二零 年成為廣州仲裁委員會的仲裁員。唐先生於 一九九八年六月畢業於多倫多大學,取得應用 科學學士學位,主修電腦工程。彼於二零零零 年七月自曼徹斯特都市大學取得英國及香港法 律專業文憑及於二零零一年六月自香港大學取 得法學專業證書。唐先生亦於二零一九年七月 十五日至二零一九年十二月三十一日期間曾為 高雅光學國際集團有限公司(股份代號:907)的 獨立非執行董事,該公司為香港上市公司。唐 先生於二零一九年獲委任為香港西九龍裁判法 院的暫委裁判官。唐先生於二零二零年獲委任 為香港九龍城裁判法院的暫委裁判官。

Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高級管理層(續)

Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick (文耀光), aged 52, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 January 2016. Mr. Man is currently the managing director of the investment banking department of Guosen Securities (HK) Capital Co., Ltd.. Mr. Man has over 10 years of experience in the corporate finance field. Mr. Man obtained a Bachelor's Degree of Business Administration from Simon Fraser University, Canada in October 1993. He has been an associate member of Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants since January 2000 and a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants since September 2003.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Ng Yiu Lun (伍耀倫), aged 47, joined the Group in February 2009 and has been serving as the senior credit manager of the Group. Mr. Ng has over 10 years of experience in money lending business and is mainly responsible for managing the Group's business operation with a focus on credit and risk management functions. Mr. Ng was an executive Director of the Company from 30 July 2018 to 27 August 2020.

Ms. Chan Mei Chun (陳美珍), aged 43, joined the Group in February 2009 as senior relationship manager and is responsible for management of customer relationships.

文耀光先生,52歲,於二零一六年一月一日獲 委任為獨立非執行董事。文先生現為國信證券 (香港)融資有限公司投資銀行部門之董事總經 理。文先生擁有逾10年的企業融資經驗。文先 生於一九九三年十月畢業於加拿大西門菲莎大 學,取得工商管理學士學位。彼自二零零零年 一月起成為香港會計師公會會員及自二零零三 年九月起成為特許公認會計師公會資深會員。

高級管理層

伍耀倫先生,47歲,於二零零九年二月加盟本 集團,並擔任本集團的高級信貸經理。伍先生 在放債業務方面累積逾10年經驗,主要負責管 理本集團之業務營運,並專注於信貸及風險管 理職能。伍先生由二零一八年七月三十日至二 零二零年八月二十七日為本公司的執行董事。

陳美珍女士,43歲,於二零零九年二月加盟本 集團擔任高級客戶經理,負責管理客戶關係。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is pleased to present the corporate governance report of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 (the "Relevant Period"). The Company is committed to achieving and maintaining high standards of corporate governance consistent with the needs and requirements of its business and Shareholders to enable them to evaluate how the principles of corporate governance have been applied. The corporate governance principles of the Company emphasise a high quality Board, sound internal controls, and transparency and accountability to all Shareholders.

The Company has adopted and complied with the relevant code provisions as of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. During the Relevant Period, the Company has complied with the Code (the "Code") applicable as at 31 December 2021 except for the following deviations:

Pursuant to Code Provision A.2.1 of the Code, the role of chairman and the chief executive should be segregated and should not be performed by the same individual. However, the Company does not have a separate chairman and chief executive and Ms. Wang Yao currently performs these two roles. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive in the same position has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. A balance of power and authority between the Board and management can be ensured by the operation of the Board, whose members (including the three independent non-executive directors) are individuals with ample experience, such that the interests of shareholders can be safeguarded. Furthermore, the Directors had regular discussions in relation to major matters affecting the operations of the Group and the Group has an effective risk management and internal control systems in place for providing adequate checks and balances. The Board considers that the balance of power and authority for the present arrangement will not be impaired and this structure will enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board will continue to review and consider splitting the roles of chairman of the Board and chief executive of the Company at a time when it is appropriate and suitable by taking into account the circumstances of the Group as a whole.

Pursuant to Code Provision E.1.2 of the Code, the chairman of the Board should attend the annual general meeting ("AGM"). The chairperson of the Board, Ms. Wang Yao was unable to attend the Company's AGM held on 1 June 2021 due to other business commitments. Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick, an independent non-executive director of the Company, took the chair of the AGM, and other Directors including executive and independent non-executive Directors, attended the AGM to answer questions regarding activities of the Group.

In light of this situation, the Directors consider that the aforementioned does not have any material impact on the corporate governance of the Company during the Relevant Period.

The Directors will carry out a regular review on the Company's corporate governance policies and will propose any amendment, if necessary, to ensure compliance with the Code Provisions from time to time.

董事會欣然提呈本公司截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度(「相關期間」)的企業管治報 告。本公司致力達致及維持符合其業務及股東 需要及要求的高水平企業管治,讓股東評價企 業管治原則如何加以應用。本公司的企業管治 原則著重高質素的董事會、穩健的內部監控, 以及對全體股東保持透明度及向其負責。

本公司已採納及遵守上市規則附錄十四企業管 治守則(「守則」)之相關守則條文(於二零二一年 十二月三十一日適用)。於相關期間,本公司一 直遵守守則,惟以下偏離事項除外:

根據守則之守則條文A.2.1條,主席與總裁的角 色應有區分,不應由同一人士擔任。然而,本 公司的主席及總裁並無分開,王瑤女士目前身 兼兩職。董事會相信,主席及總裁的職務歸於 同一職位能確保本集團擁有一致的領導,並使 本集團的整體策略規劃更為有效及高效。董事 會之運作能確保董事會及管理層之間的權力和 授權分佈均衡,而董事會成員(包括三名獨立 非執行董事)均為經驗豐富的人士,從而可保障 股東利益。此外,董事定期討論影響本集團業 務的主要事宜,且本集團擁有有效的風險管理 及內部控制系統以提供充足的制約平衡。董事 會認為,目前的安排不會損害權力及權限的平 衡,而此架構將使本公司可即時及有效作出及 實施決策。董事會將於適當時候在考慮本集團 的整體情況後檢討及考慮分開董事會主席與本 公司總裁的職務。

根據守則之守則條文第E.1.2條,董事會主席須 出席股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)。董事會 主席王瑤女士由於其他公務未能出席本公司於 二零二一年六月一日舉行的股東週年大會。本 公司獨立非執行董事文耀光先生擔任股東週年 大會主席,且其他董事(包括執行及獨立非執行 董事)已出席股東週年大會,以回答有關本公司 業務的問題。

鑒於上述情況,董事認為上述情況對本公司於 相關期間的企業管治並無任何重大影響。

董事將定期檢討本公司的企業管治政策,並於 有需要時建議任何修訂,以確保遵守不時生效 的守則條文。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Board composition

Executive Directors:

The Board currently comprises six Directors, being three executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors, with a variety and a balance of skills and experience in accounting, business, finance, investment and legal profession. The current composition of the Board is as follows:

董事會

董事會成員

董事會目前由六名董事組成,即三名執行董事 及三名獨立非執行董事,彼等擁有多樣化的均 衡技術及經驗,涵蓋會計、商業、金融、投資 及法律專業。董事會現任成員列載如下:

Membership of Board Committee(s) 董事委員會成員職務

執行董事: Ms. Wang Yao (Chairman and Chief Executive) 王瑤女士(*主席及總裁*)

Chairman of the Nomination Committee 提名委員會主席 Member of the Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員

Ms. Jin Xiaoqin 金曉琴女士

Directors

董事

Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士

Independent Non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事:

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen 吳麗文博士

Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick 文耀光先生

Mr. Tang, Warren Louis 唐偉倫先生 Chairman of the Audit Committee 審核委員會主席 Member of the Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員 Member of the Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員

Chairman of the Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會主席 Member of the Audit Committee 審核委員會成員 Member of the Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員

Member of the Audit Committee 審核委員會成員 Member of the Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會成員 Member of the Nomination Committee 提名委員會成員

Save for Ms. Wang Yao who is the daughter of Ms. Jin Xiaoqin and Ms. Jin Xiaoqin who is the mother of Ms. Wang Yao, the Directors have no financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships with each other.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each of the independent non-executive Directors of his/her independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with the independence guidelines as set out in the Listing Rules.

The Code Provisions require directors to disclose to the issuer the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organisations and other significant commitments as well as the nature of such companies or organisations and the time involved in such offices. Each Director has agreed to disclose their commitments to the Company in a timely manner.

Pursuant to Rule 3.10(1) of the Listing Rules, every board of directors of a listed issuer must include at least three independent non-executive directors. In addition, pursuant to Rules 3.10A and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules, every listed issuer is required to have such number of independent non-executive directors representing at least one-third of the Board, and at least one of whom must have appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen who is a practicing certified public accountant in Hong Kong, a fellow member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants, The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom and The Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, is regarded as an appropriate person to fulfill this requirement. 除王瑤女士為金曉琴女士的女兒及金曉琴女士 為王瑤女士的母親外,各董事之間概無財務、 業務、家族或其他重大/相關關係。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事按照上市規則 第3.13條就其獨立性發出的年度確認書。根據 上市規則所載的獨立性指引,本公司認為,全 體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

守則條文規定董事應向發行人披露其於公眾公 司或組織擔任職位的數目及性質以及其他重大 承擔,亦應披露所涉及的公眾公司或組織的性 質以及其擔任有關職務所涉及的時間,各董事 已同意適時向本公司披露彼等的職務承擔。

根據上市規則第3.10(1)條,上市發行人的董事 會須包括至少三名獨立非執行董事。此外,根 據上市規則第3.10A條及第3.10(2)條,各上市發 行人的獨立非執行董事必須佔董事會成員人數 至少三分之一,且其中至少一名獨立非執行董 事必須具備適當專業資格,或具備適當會計或 相關財務管理專長。吳麗文博士為香港執業會 計師、香港會計師公會、英國特許公認會計師 公會以及英格蘭及威爾斯特許會計師公會資深 會員,因此被視為合符有關要求的合適人士。

The Board meets regularly and at least four times a year. During the Relevant Period, the Board has held five board meetings, and the AGM of the Company was held on 1 June 2021. The attendance of each Director at these meetings are stated as follows:

董事會定期舉行常規會議,且每年最少會面四次。於相關期間,董事會已舉行五次董事會 議,而本公司於二零二一年六月一日舉行了股 東週年大會。各董事出席該等會議之情況載列 如下:

Members of the Board 董事會成員	Attendance/ Number of Board meetings regularly held 出席次數/ 董事會常規會議舉行次數	Attendance/ Number of general meetings held 出席次數/ 股東大會舉行次數
Executive Directors:		
執行董事: Ms. Wang Yao (Chairman and Chief Executive) 王瑤女士(<i>主席及總裁)</i>	5/5	0/1
Ms. Jin Xiaoqin	2/5	0/1
金曉琴女士 Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士	5/5	1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors: 獨立非執行董事:		
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen	4/5	1/1
吳麗文博士 Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick	5/5	1/1
文耀光先生 Mr. Tang, Warren Louis 唐偉倫先生	5/5	1/1

RESPONSIBILITIES AND DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS

The Board is accountable to stakeholders for the activities and performance of the Group and its primary functions cover, among other things, the formulation of overall strategy, the review corporate and financial policies and the oversight of the management of the Group's business and affairs.

The management, consisting of the executive Directors along with other senior executives, is delegated with responsibilities for implementing the strategy and direction as adopted by the Board from time to time, and conducting the day-to-day operations of the Group. Executive Directors and senior executives meet regularly to review the performance of the businesses of the Group as a whole, co-ordinate overall resources and make financial and operational decisions. The Board also gives clear directions as to their powers of management including circumstances where management should report back, and will review the delegation arrangements on a periodic basis to ensure that they remain appropriate to the needs of the Group.

董事的責任及委派

董事會就本集團的活動及表現向利益相關人士 負責,其主要職能為(其中包括)制訂整體策 略,審閱企業及財務政策,以及監督本集團的 業務及事務的管理。

管理層(包括執行董事)連同其他高級行政人員 獲委派負責執行董事會不時採納的策略及指示 並進行本集團的日常營運。執行董事及高級行 政人員會定期會面,以檢討本集團整體業務表 現、調配整體資源及作出財務及營運決定。董 事會亦在彼等管理權力範圍內給予清晰指示, 包括管理人員應作報告的情況,亦會定期檢討 委派安排,以確保有關安排切合本集團的需要。

All Directors shall ensure that they carry out duties in good faith, in compliance with applicable laws and regulations, and in the interests of the Company and its Shareholders at all times.

During the year, a meeting of the Chairman and the independent nonexecutive Directors without the presence of other executive Directors was held to discuss the matters that they wish to raise.

In compliance with Code Provision A.6.5, the Group will arrange for, and provide funds for, all the Directors to participate in continuous professional development ("CPD") to help them refresh their knowledge, skills and understanding of the Group and its business or to update their skills and knowledge on the latest development or changes in the relevant statutes, the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices. The Company will also update the Directors of any material changes in the Listing Rules and corporate governance practices.

During the year, all the Directors have participated in CPD, by attending external training or seminars, attending in-house training, participating in e-learning and/or reading materials on various topics covering regulations, corporate governance, finance and business, to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills, which ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. The Directors have provided records of training to the Company with details as below:

全體董事須確保秉誠履行職責,遵守適用法例 及法規,並於任何時候均以本公司及其股東的 利益行事。

年內,主席與獨立非執行董事曾在其他執行董 事避席的情況下舉行一次會議,以討論彼等有 意提出的事宜。

根據守則條文第A.6.5條,本集團將撥資安排全 體董事參與持續專業發展(「持續專業發展」)幫 助彼等重溫知識、技能及對本集團與其業務的 理解,或緊貼法規、上市規則及企業管治常規 的最新發展或變動,增進技能及知識。本公司 亦不時向董事提供有關上市規則及企業管治常 規的任何重大變動的最新資料。

年內,全體董事已參與持續專業發展,包括參加外界培訓或研討會,參加內部培訓,參與網 上培訓及/或閱讀有關規管、企業管治、財務 及業務等各類議題的資料,發展並更新其知識 及技能,以確保其繼續在具備全面資訊及切合 所需的情況下對董事會作出貢獻。各董事已向 本公司提供彼接受培訓的記錄,有關細節如下:

	Type of CPD programmes 持續專業發展項目類型		
Directors 董事	Participating in e-learning Readin 參與網上培訓	ng materials or updates 閲讀材料或更新資料	
Executive Directors:			
執行董事: Ms. Wang Yao			
王瑤女士 Ms. Jin Xiaoqin			
金曉琴女士			
Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士	\checkmark		
Independent Non-executive Directors:			
獨立非執行董事:			
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen 吳麗文博士	\checkmark	\checkmark	
Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick 文耀光先生			
Mr. Tang, Warren Louis 唐偉倫先生		\checkmark	

APPOINTMENT, RE-ELECTION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

The terms of reference of Nomination Committee include a nomination procedure specifying the process and criteria for selection and recommendation of candidates for directorships of the Company.

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement or a letter of appointment with the Company regarding the appointment as an executive Director for a term of three years and shall be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at the AGM in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles"). Each of the service agreement and letter of appointment is renewable automatically upon the expiry of the then current term of appointment, unless terminated by either party in accordance with the terms thereof.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors, has signed a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years and shall be subject to retirement by rotation and re-election at annual general meetings in accordance with the Articles, unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the relevant letter of appointment. The annual remuneration payable by the Company to each of the independent nonexecutive Directors is HK\$240,000 according to the respective letter of appointment.

Pursuant to Article 16.2 of the Articles, the Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing Directors. Any Director so appointed shall hold office only until the next general meeting of the Company and shall then be eligible for re-election at that meeting.

Furthermore, pursuant to Article 16.18 of the Articles, at each AGM of the Company, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation. Every Director shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. The retiring Directors shall be eligible for re-election.

COMPLIANCE WITH THE MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted a code of conduct (the "Company's Code") regarding securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standards set out in the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules. Having made specific enquiries, the Company confirms that all the Directors have complied with the required standards as stated in the Model Code and the Company's Code throughout the Relevant Period.

委任、重選及罷免董事

提名委員會之職權範圍內包含一套提名程序, 列明甄選及推薦本公司董事候選人之程序標準。

各執行董事已就彼獲委任為執行董事與本公司 訂立任期為三年的服務協議或委任函,彼等須 根據本公司組織章程細則(「細則」)於股東週年 大會上輪值告退及膺選連任。各服務協議及委 任函在當時任期屆滿後自動續期,除非由任何 一方根據其條款予以終止。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司簽訂任期為三年 的委任函,除根據相關委任函的其他方式予以 終止外,彼等須根據細則於股東週年大會上輪 值告退及膺選連任。根據各自的委任函,本公 司應付各獨立非執行董事的年度薪酬為240,000 港元。

根據細則第16.2條,董事有權隨時及不時委任 任何人士出任董事,以填補現任董事的臨時空 缺或作為新增董事。按上述方式獲委任的任何 董事任期僅至本公司下屆股東大會舉行時止, 屆時將符合資格於會上重選連任。

此外,根據細則第16.18條,在本公司每屆股東 週年大會上,當時在任三分之一董事(倘董事人 數並非三之整數倍,則為最接近但不少於三分 之一之數目)須輪值退任。每名董事須最少每三 年輪值退任一次。該等退任董事將符合資格重 選連任。

遵守證券交易的標準守則

本公司已就董事進行證券交易採納一套操守準則(「公司準則」),而條款並不遜於上市規則附錄十所載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準 守則(「標準守則」)的規定準則。經作出具體查 詢後,本公司確認全體董事於相關期間,均一 直遵守標準守則及公司準則所載的規定準則。

BOARD COMMITTEES

The Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange and are available to Shareholders upon request.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee was established on 22 November 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with the Rule 3.21 of the Listing Rules and paragraph C.3 of the Code Provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee include, amongst other things:

- (i) to propose the appointment or removal of the external auditors and the effectiveness of the audit process;
- (ii) to discuss with the external auditor on the nature and scope of the audit work prior to commencement of the audit work;
- (iii) to review the Group's financial and accounting policies and procedures;
- (iv) to ensure co-ordination between the internal and external auditors and to ensure that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Group, and to review and monitor its effectiveness;
- (v) to review the Company's financial information and disclosure thereof, and to consider any significant or unusual items that are, or may need to be, reflected in the reports and accounts;
- (vi) to review and supervise the Group's financial controls, internal control and risk management systems and their implementation; and
- (vii) to review the arrangements for employees to raise concerns about financial reporting improprieties.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Audit Committee consisted of Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick and Mr. Tang, Warren Louis, all of whom are independent non-executive Directors. The chairman of the Audit Committee is Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen who holds the appropriate professional qualifications as required under Rules 3.10(2) and 3.21 of the Listing Rules.

This annual report has been reviewed by the Audit Committee.

董事委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,即審核委員會(「審 核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提 名委員會(「提名委員會」),以監督本公司特定 方面的事務。所有本公司的董事委員會已按明 確的書面職權範圍成立。董事委員會的職權範 圍已上載於本公司及聯交所的網站,並可按股 東要求以供查閱。

審核委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則第3.21條及上市規則附錄十四所載守則條文第C.3段於二零一四年十一 月二十二日成立審核委員會,並制訂書面職權 範圍。

審核委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- (i) 建議委任或罷免外聘核數師及審核程序的 有效性;
- (ii) 於審核工作開始前與外聘核數師討論審核工作的性質及範圍;
- (iii) 檢討本集團的財務及會計政策與程序;
- (iv) 確保內部及外聘核數師之間的協調,並確 保內部審核職能在本集團內獲得足夠資源 及適當支持,以及檢討及監察其成效;
- (v) 審閱本公司的財務資料及相關披露,以及 考慮於或可能需要於報告及賬目中反映的 任何重大或不尋常事項;
- (vi) 檢討及監督本集團的財務監控、內部監控及風險管理制度與其實施;及
- (vii)檢討僱員就財務申報的不當行為提出關注的安排。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,審核 委員會由吳麗文博士、文耀光先生及唐偉倫 先生組成,彼等均為獨立非執行董事。審核委 員會主席為吳麗文博士,彼擁有上市規則第 3.10(2)及3.21條所規定的合適專業資格。

本年報經由審核委員會審閱。

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During the year ended 31 December 2021, four meetings of the Audit Committee were held (with the attendance of the Company's external auditor in compliance with the Code Provisions and the Audit Committee's terms of reference), with the members' respective record of attendance as follows: 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,審核 委員會已舉行四次會議(本公司外聘核數師已出 席以符合守則條文及審核委員會職權範圍),成 員各自之出席記錄如下:

審 In	embers of the Audit Committee 核委員會成員 dependent Non-executive Directors:		Attendance/ Number of Audit Committee meeting held 出席次數/ 審核委員會會議舉行次數
Dr	立非執行董事: : Ng Lai Man, Carmen <i>(Chairman of Audit Committee)</i> 麗文博士(<i>審核委員會主席)</i>		4/4
Μ	r. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick 耀光先生		4/4
M	r. Tang, Warren Louis 律倫先生		3/4
	ing the Relevant Period, the Audit Committee has performed the owing work:	於林	目關期間,審核委員會已履行下列職責:
1.	reviewed the annual report and the annual results announcement for the year ended 31 December 2020, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;	1.	審閱截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度的年報及年度業績公告,並建議董事會 通過;
2.	reviewed the interim report and the interim results announcement for the six months ended 30 June 2021, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;	2.	審閱截至二零二一年六月三十日止六個月 的中期報告及中期業績公告,並建議董事 會通過:
3.	proposed and recommended to the Board the auditors' fee and the appointment of the Company's new independent external auditor;	3.	向董事會提議及建議核數師費用及新聘本 公司外聘獨立核數師;
4.	discussed with the external auditors on the nature and scope of the audit work prior to the commencement of the audit work;	4.	在開始審核工作前與外聘核數師商討審核 工作的性質及範圍;
5.	reviewed the internal control review report prepared by an independent external reviewer; and	5.	審閱外聘獨立審核員編製的內部監控審核 報告;及
6.	reviewed the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control and risk management system of the Group.	6.	檢討本集團內部監控及風險管理制度是否 充足及有效。

Auditor's remuneration

The Audit Committee of the Company is responsible for considering the appointment and re-election of our Company's external auditor and reviewing any non-audit functions performed by the external auditor, including whether such non-audit functions could lead to any potential material adverse effect to the Company. BDO Limited is the external auditor of the Company. For the year ended 31 December 2021, the external auditor received the following remuneration for audit and nonaudit services provided to the Group:

核數師的薪酬

本公司審核委員會負責考慮委任及重新聘任本 公司外聘核數師,以及審核外聘核數師履行 的任何非審核職能,包括有關非審核職能會否 導致本公司遭受潛在重大不利影響。香港立信 德豪會計師事務所有限公司為本公司外聘核數 師。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 外聘核數師就提供審核及非審核服務予本集團 而收取的酬金如下:

		HK\$′000 千港元
Audit services Non-audit services	審核服務 非審核服務	700
Interim review services	中期審閲服務	100
Total	總計	800

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee was established on 22 November 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph B.1 of the Code Provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The primary functions of the Remuneration Committee include, amongst other things:

- to make recommendations to the Board on the policy and structure for all Directors' and senior management's remuneration and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policy;
- (ii) to review and approve management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives;
- (iii) to consider and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages and overall benefits paid to the Directors and senior management;
- (iv) to review and approve compensation payable to executive Directors and senior management for any loss or termination of office or appointment; and
- (v) to review and approve compensation arrangements relating to dismissal or removal of Directors for misconduct.

薪酬委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則附錄十四所載守則條文 第B.1段於二零一四年十一月二十二日成立薪酬 委員會,並制訂書面職權範圍。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- (i) 就全體董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策及架構以及設立正規具透明度的薪酬政策制訂 程序,向董事會提出建議;
- (ii) 參照董事會的企業方針及目標檢討並批准 管理層的薪酬建議;
- (iii) 考慮支付予董事及高級管理層的薪酬待遇及整體福利並就此向董事會提出建議;
- (iv) 檢討及批准向執行董事及高級管理層就其 喪失或終止職務或委任而應付的補償;及
- (v) 檢討及批准因董事行為不當而解僱或罷免 有關董事所涉及的補償安排。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Remuneration Committee consisted of one executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors: Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick, Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Tang, Warren Louis and Ms. Wang Yao. The chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, one meeting of the Remuneration Committee was held with the member's respective record of attendance as follows: 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬 委員會由一名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 組成:文耀光先生、吳麗文博士、唐偉倫先生 及王瑤女士。薪酬委員會主席為文耀光先生。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,薪酬 委員會已舉行一次會議,成員各自之出席記錄 如下:

м	embers of the Remuneration Committee		Attendance/ Number of Remuneration Committee meeting held 出席次數/
薪	·酬委員會成員		薪酬委員會會議舉行次數
	dependent Non-executive Directors:		
М]立非執行董事: r. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick <i>(Chairman of Remuneration Committee)</i> :耀光先生(<i>薪酬委員會主席)</i>		1/1
D	r. Ng Lai Man, Carmen		1/1
M	.麗文博士 r. Tang, Warren Louis 偉倫先生		1/1
	kecutive Director: l行董事:		
	s. Wang Yao 瑤女士		1/1
	ing the Relevant Period, the Remuneration Committee has performed following work:	於木	目關期間,薪酬委員會已執行以下工作:
1.	reviewed and recommended to the Board on the remuneration packages of executive Directors and senior management based on their performance;	1.	按執行董事及高級管理層之表現檢討其薪 酬待遇並就此向董事會提出建議;
2.	reviewed and recommended to the Board on the Group's remuneration policy;	2.	檢討本集團薪酬政策並就此向董事會提出 建議;
3.	reviewed and recommended to the Board the terms of letter of appointment of independent non-executive Directors; and	3.	檢討獨立非執行董事委任書條款並就此向 董事會提出建議;及
4.	reviewed and recommended to the Board the level of remuneration for independent non-executive Directors and ensure that their level of remuneration are linked to their contribution in terms of time commitment and responsibilities undertaken.	4.	檢討獨立非執行董事的薪酬水平並就此向 董事會提出建議,以及確保彼等的薪酬水 平與彼等在時間投入及所承擔責任方面的 貢獻掛鈎。
	tails of the Directors' remuneration are set out in Note 31 to the solidated financial statements.	有關	獨董事的薪酬詳情載於合併財務報表附註31。

REMUNERATION OF THE MEMBERS OF THE SENIOR MANAGEMENT BY BAND

Pursuant to paragraph B.1.5 of the Code Provisions, the remuneration of the members of the senior management (as described under the section "Directors and Senior Management") by band for the year ended 31 December 2021 is set out below:

按等級劃分的高級管理層成員薪酬

根據守則條文第B.1.5段,截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度按等級劃分的高級管理層成 員(見「董事及高級管理層」一節所述)薪酬載列 如下:

Remuneration band 薪酬等級		Number of individuals 人數
HK\$1 to HK\$1,000,000	1港元至1,000,000港元	2

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee of the Company was established on 22 November 2014 with written terms of reference in compliance with paragraph A.5 of the Code Provisions as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules.

The primary duties of the Nomination Committee include, amongst other things:

- to review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board at least annually and to make recommendations on any proposed changes to the Board to complement the corporate strategy;
- to identify individuals suitably qualified to become members of the Board and select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorship;
- (iii) to assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and
- (iv) to consider and make recommendations to the Board regarding the re-appointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors, in particular the Chairman and the Chief Executive.

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Nomination Committee consisted of one executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors: Ms. Wang Yao, Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick and Mr. Tang, Warren Louis. The chairman of the Nomination Committee is Ms. Wang Yao.

提名委員會

本公司已遵照上市規則附錄十四所載的守則條 文第A.5段於二零一四年十一月二十二日成立提 名委員會,並制訂書面職權範圍。

提名委員會的主要職責包括(其中包括):

- (i) 最少每年檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成
 (包括技能、知識及經驗),並向董事會提
 出任何建議變動的建議以配合我們的企業
 策略;
- (ii) 物色具備適當資格可擔任董事會成員的人士,並挑選個別人士提名出任董事或就挑選向董事會提出建議;
- (iii) 評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;及
- (iv) 考慮續聘董事及董事(尤其是主席及總裁)繼任計劃並就此向董事會提出建議。

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,提名 委員會由一名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 組成:王瑤女士、吳麗文博士、文耀光先生及 唐偉倫先生。提名委員會主席為王瑤女士。

During the year ended 31 December 2021, one meeting of the Nomination Committee was held with the member's respective record of attendance as follows: 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,提名 委員會已舉行一次會議,成員各自之出席記錄 如下:

	embers of the Nomination Committee :名委員會成員		Attendance/ Number of Nomination Committee meeting held 出席次數/ 提名委員會會議舉行次數
執 M:	Accutive Director: 行董事: s. Wang Yao (Chairman of Nomination Committee) 瑤女士(提名委員會主席)		1/1
獨 Dr 吳Mi 文Mi	dependent Non-executive Directors: 立非執行董事: Ng Lai Man, Carmen 麗文博士 r. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick 耀光先生 r. Tang, Warren Louis i偉倫先生		1/1 1/1 1/1
	ing the Relevant Period, the Nomination Committee has performed the owing work:	於札	目關期間・提名委員會已履行下列職責:
1.	reviewed the structure, size and composition (including skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board;	1.	檢討董事會的架構、規模及組成(包括技 能、知識及經驗);
2.	discussed and recommended to the Board the re-appointment of Directors;	2.	討論並向董事會建議續聘董事;
3.	reviewed and assessed the independence of independent non- executive Directors of the Company; and	3.	審視及評核本公司獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;及
4.	reviewed the diversity policy and nomination policy adopted.	4.	審視所採取的多元化政策及提名政策。

NOMINATION POLICY

The Group has adopted a nomination policy (the "Nomination Policy") to govern the criteria, procedures and process of nomination of Directors. The Nomination Policy sets out, inter alia, the selection criteria, the evaluation and procedures in nominating candidates to be appointed or re-appointed as Directors of the Company for ensuring that the Board has a balance of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives which are appropriate to the requirements of the Group's business.

Criteria for nomination and appointment of Directors

When identifying, assessing and recommending suitable candidates for directorship for the Board's consideration, the Nomination Committee will have regard to, but without limitation, the following criteria:

- skills, competence, experience, expertise, professional and educational qualifications, background and personal qualities of the candidate that will best complement the effectiveness and current composition of the Board;
- capability of the candidate to devote the necessary, sufficient time and commitment to carry out his duties. In this regard, the number and nature of offices held in public companies or organizations, other executive appointments or other significant commitments will be considered;
- potential conflicts of interest and assessment of the independence of the candidate; and
- other factors as the Nomination Committee may deem are in the best interests of the Company and its Shareholders.

If the candidate is proposed to be appointed as an independent nonexecutive director ("INED"), his or her independence shall be assessed in accordance with, among other things, the factors as set out in the Listing Rules. Where applicable, the totality of the candidate's education, qualifications and experience shall also be evaluated to consider whether he or she has the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise for filling the office of an INED with such qualifications or expertise as required under the Listing Rules.

提名政策

本集團已採納提名政策(「提名政策」)以管理董 事提名的準則、程序及過程。提名政策規定(其 中包括)獲委任或重新獲委任為本公司董事的提 名候選人的評選標準、評估及程序,以確保董 事會在技能、經驗及多樣性方面保持平衡,適 合本集團業務的要求。

提名及委任董事的標準

在確定、評估及推薦合適的董事候選人以供董 事會考慮時,提名委員會將考慮但不限於以下 標準:

- 將最有效地補充董事會的有效性及當前結構的候選人的技能、能力、經驗、專業知識、專業及教育資格、背景及個人素質;
- 一 候選人貢獻必要的、足夠的時間及承諾以 履行其職責的能力。在這方面,將考慮在 上市公司或組織擔任職位的數目及性質、 其他行政任命或其他重大承擔;
- 潛在的利益衝突及評估候選人的獨立性;
 及
- 提名委員會認為符合本公司及其股東的最 佳利益的其他因素。

倘候選人建議委任為獨立非執行董事(「獨立非 執行董事」),其獨立性須按照(其中包括)上 市規則所列因素進行評估。在適用的情況下, 根據上市規則規定,亦須評估候選人的教育程 度、資格和經驗等整體情況,以考慮是否備有 適當的專業資格或會計或相關的財務管理專業 知識,以填補獨立非執行董事的職位。

Nomination procedure and process

The Nomination Policy includes the following procedure and process in respect of the nomination of Directors, subject to the provisions of the Company's Articles:

- any member of the nomination committee or the Board may invite and nominate suitable candidates; and external recruitment agencies may be engaged to assist in identifying and selecting suitable candidates, if considered necessary;
- the Nomination Committee shall evaluate the nomination based on criteria set under the Nomination Policy and Board Diversity Policy and make recommendation to the Board, including the terms and conditions of the appointment, for its consideration and approval;
- in the context of re-appointment of retiring Directors, the Nomination Committee shall review the candidate's overall contribution and performance and make recommendations to the Board and/or the shareholders for consideration in connection with his/her re-election at general meetings; and
- for any person that is nominated by a shareholder for election as a director at the general meeting of the Company, the Nomination Committee and/or the Board should evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship.

The Nomination Policy is subject to review from time to time to ensure that it continues to be relevant to the needs of the Company and reflects current regulatory requirements and good governance practice.

提名程序及過程

提名政策包括以下有關董事提名的程序及過程,但須遵守本公司細則的規定:

- 提名委員會或董事會的任何成員可邀請及 提名合適的候選人;倘認為有必要,可聘 請外部招聘機構協助確定及選擇合適的候 選人;
- 提名委員會將根據提名政策及董事會多元 化政策規定的標準評估提名,並為董事會 提供建議,包括委任的條款及條件,供其 審議及批准;
- 在重新委任退任董事的情況下,提名委員 會須審查候選人的整體貢獻及表現,並向 董事會及/或股東提出建議,以供考慮彼 是否於股東大會上獲重選;及
- 就任何由股東提名參選本公司股東大會董 事的人士而言,提名委員會及/或董事會 應根據上述標準對該候選人進行評估,以 確定該候選人是否有資格成為董事。

提名政策將不時受到審查,以確保其繼續與本 公司的需求相關,並反映當前的監管要求及良 好的管治常規。

BOARD DIVERSITY

With a view to enhancing Board effectiveness and corporate governance, the Board should include a balanced composition of executive and nonexecutive Directors (including independent non-executive Directors) so that there is a strong independence element on the Board, which can effectively exercise independent judgement.

The Company has adopted a board diversity policy with measurable objectives. The Nomination Committee evaluates the balance and blend of skills, experience and diversity of perspectives of the Board. Selection of candidates is based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to age, cultural and educational background, professional and industry experience, skills, knowledge, ethnicity and other qualities essential to the Company's business, and merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board. The Board will review such measurable objectives from time to time to ensure their appropriateness and ascertain the progress made towards achieving those objectives.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FUNCTION

The Board recognises that corporate governance should be the collective responsibility of Directors and their corporate governance duties include:

- (i) to develop and review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
- (ii) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- (iii) to review and monitor the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (iv) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and
- (v) to review the Company's compliance with the Code Provisions and disclosure in the corporate governance report.

During the Relevant Period, the Board has performed the corporate governance duties in accordance with its terms of reference.

董事會多元化

為提升董事會的效益及企業管治水平,董事會 應具備執行與非執行董事(包括獨立非執行董 事)的均衡組合,使董事會保持獨立而可有效發 揮獨立的判斷能力。

本公司已採納董事會成員多元化政策並制訂可 計量目標。提名委員會就董事會在技能、經 驗及多樣的觀點方面取得平衡及得以結合而作 出評估。在甄選候選人時,將從多樣的觀點出 發,包括但不限於考慮年齡、文化及教育背 景、專業及行業經驗、技能、知識、種族及對 本公司業務不可或缺的其他素質,以及候選人 能為董事會帶來的優勢及貢獻。董事會將不時 檢討有關可計量目標,以確保其是否適合並確 定達成該等目標的進度。

企業管治職能

董事會確認企業管治應為董事的共同責任,而 彼等的企業管治職責包括:

- (i) 制訂及檢討本公司的企業管治政策及常 規,並作出建議;
- (ii) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓及持 續專業發展;
- (iii) 檢討及監察本公司遵守法律及監管規定的 政策及常規;
- (iv) 制訂、檢討及監察適用於僱員及董事的行為守則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (v) 檢討本公司遵守守則條文及在企業管治報告中作出披露的情況。
- 於相關期間,董事會已根據其職權範圍履行企 業管治職責。

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Financial reporting

Financial results of the Group are announced in a timely manner in accordance with all statutory requirements, particularly the timeframe stipulated in Rule 13.49(1) and (6) of the Listing Rules. All Directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Group on a going concern basis, with supporting assumptions or qualifications as necessary, for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the Group's financial affairs. The Directors are not aware of any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions which may cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The statement of the auditors about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements of the Group is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 73 to 78 of this annual report.

RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL

The Board acknowledges that it is its duty to monitor the risk management and internal control systems of the Group on an ongoing basis and review their effectiveness. Such systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

During the Relevant Period, the Board, through the Audit Committee, conducted review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

During the Relevant Period, the Group appointed SHINEWING Risk Services Limited to independently perform internal control review of the Group's internal control systems.

The results of the independent review and assessment were reported to the Audit Committee and the Board. Moreover, improvements in internal control measures as recommended by SHINEWING Risk Services Limited to enhance the internal control systems of the Group were adopted by the Board. No significant area of concern that may affect the financial, operational, compliance, control and risk management of the Group has been identified.

問責及審核

財務申報

本集團已按照所有法例規定,特別是上市規則 第13.49(1)及(6)條所訂明的時間表,及時公佈其 財務業績。全體董事確認彼等須承擔於每個財 政期間按持續經營基準並以所需假設或保留編 製本集團的財務報表的責任,以真實公平反映 本集團的財務事宜。董事並不知悉任何會嚴重 質疑本公司持續經營能力的重大不確定因素的 事件或情況。

本集團財務報表內有關核數師申報責任的聲明 載於本年報第73至78頁的獨立核數師報告。

風險管理及內部監控

董事會瞭解,持續監察本集團之風險管理及內 部監控系統以及檢討其成效為其職責。有關 系統旨在管理而非消除未能達成業務目標的風 險,並僅可就重大錯報或虧損提供合理但非絕 對之保證。

於相關期間,董事會透過審核委員會就設計及 落實本集團風險管理及內部監控系統之成效進 行檢討,內容涵蓋所有重大監控,包括財務、 經營及合規監控,以確保資源、員工資歷及經 驗、培訓課程及本集團之會計預算、內部審核 及財務報告職能充足。就此而言,審核委員會 就任何重大事項與董事會溝通。

於相關期間,本集團已委任信永方略風險管理 有限公司對本集團之內部監控系統進行獨立內 部監控審閱。

獨立審閱及評估之結果已向審核委員會及董事 會呈報。此外,董事會已採納信永方略風險 管理有限公司建議之內部監控改善措施,以加 強本集團之內部監控系統。概無識別出任何重 大關注範疇可能影響本集團的財務、營運、合 規、監控及風險管理。

The Group's risk management and internal control systems are designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss. The Board has the overall responsibility to maintain the adequacies of resources, staff qualifications and experience training programs and budget of accounting and financial reporting function. Based on the findings and recommendations of SHINEWING Risk Services Limited, reports from the Group's management as well as the comments of the Audit Committee, and the Board considered the internal control and risk management systems effective and adequate.

Enterprise Risk Management Framework

The Group has established its enterprise risk management framework in 2016. While the Board has the overall responsibility to ensure that sound and effective internal controls are maintained, management is responsible for designing and implementing an internal control system to manage all kinds of risks faced by the Group.

Through the risk identification and assessment processes, risks are identified, assessed, prioritised and allocated treatments. The Group's risk management framework follows the COSO Enterprise Risk Management – Integrated Framework, which allows the Board and management to manage the risks of the Group effectively. The Board receives regular reports through the Audit Committee that oversights risk management and internal audit functions.

Principal Risks

The principal risks and relevant measures taken by the Group is set out on pages 12 to 15 under the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report.

Our Risk Control Mechanism

The Group adopts a "three lines of defence" corporate governance structure with operational management and controls performed by operations management, coupled with risk management monitoring carried out by the finance team and independent internal audit outsourced to and conducted by SHINEWING Risk Services Limited. The Group maintains a risk register to keep track of all identified major risks of the Group. The risk register provides the Board, the Audit Committee, and management with a profile of its major risks and records management's action taken to mitigate the relevant risks. Each risk is evaluated at least annually based on its likelihood of occurrence and potential impact upon the Group. The risk register is updated by management as the risk owners with addition of new risks and/or removal of existing risks, if applicable, at least annually, after the annual risk evaluation has been performed. This review process can ensure that the Group proactively manages the risks faced by it in the sense that all risk owners have access to the risk register and are aware of and alert to those risks in their area of responsibility so that they can take follow-up action in an efficient manner.

本集團的風險管理及內部監控系統旨在管理而 非消除無法達致業務目標的風險,只可就重 大失實陳述或虧損提供合理但非絕對的保證。 董事會全權負責維持充足資源、員工資歷及經 驗培訓計劃以及會計預算及財務報告職能。基 於信永方略風險管理有限公司之調查結果及建 議、本集團管理層的報告以及審核委員會之意 見,董事會認為,內部監控及風險管理系統屬 有效及充足。

企業風險管理框架

本集團已於二零一六年建立其企業風險管理框架。董事會全面負責確保維持穩健及有效之內 部監控,而管理層負責設計及落實內部監控系 統,以管理本集團所面臨之所有類別風險。

透過風險辨識及評估程序,風險已得到辨識、 評估、優先處理及分配。本集團之風險管理框 架遵從COSO企業風險管理一綜合框架,令董事 會及管理層得以有效管理本集團之風險。審核 委員會監督風險管理及內部審核職能,而董事 會定期透過審核委員會接獲有關報告。

主要風險

本集團面臨之主要風險及採取之相關措施載於 本年報第12至15頁「管理層討論及分析」一節。

本集團之風險監控機制

本集團採納一套 [三道防線]企業管治架構, 以營運管理層進行營運管理及監控,加上財務 部進行之風險管理監督及外判予信永方略風險 管理有限公司進行之獨立內部審核。本集團存 有風險登記冊以追踪本集團所有已辨識之主要 風險。風險登記冊向董事會、審核委員會及管 理層提供其主要風險組合,並記錄管理層就減 低相關風險所採取之行動。根據風險發生之可 能性及對本集團之潛在影響,各風險至少每年 評估一次。於進行年度風險評估後,風險登記 冊由管理層(作為風險擁有人)通過加入新風險 及/或移除現有風險(倘適用)每年至少更新一 次。此審閱程序可確保本集團積極管理其面臨 之風險,令所有風險擁有人均可查閱風險登記 冊及於彼等所負責之範圍內知悉及察覺該等風 險,從而讓彼等能有效採取跟進行動。

Risk management activities of the Group are performed by management on an ongoing process. The effectiveness of the risk management framework will be evaluated at least annually, and periodic management meeting is held to update the progress of risk monitoring efforts. Management is committed to ensure that risk management forms part of the daily business operation processes in order to align risk management with corporate goals in an effective manner. The Board acknowledged that it had received a confirmation from the management on the effectiveness of the internal control and risk management framework of the Group.

There is currently no internal audit function within the Group. The Board has reviewed the need for an internal audit function and is of the view that in light of the size, nature and complexity of the business of the Group, it would be more cost effective to appoint external independent professionals to perform internal audit function for the Group in order to meet its needs. Nevertheless, the Board will continue to review at least annually the need for an internal audit function.

Inside Information

The Company has set up an information disclosure policy (the "Disclosure Policy") to ensure that the Company shall be in strict compliance with the disclosure obligation of inside information, that inside information remains confidential until the disclosure of such information is appropriately approved, and the dissemination of such information is efficiently and consistently made. The Company acknowledges its obligations under Chapter 13 of the Listing Rules and the principles of inside information as set forth in the Securities and Futures Ordinance. The Disclosure Policy stipulated responsibilities, guidelines and logistics in the assessment, approval and dissemination of inside information, strictly prohibited unauthorised use of confidential information and established procedures for responding to external enquires or rumours.

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Yip Lee Ying was appointed by the Board as the Company Secretary of the Company in April 2016 and she is also an executive Director and the chief financial officer of the Group. The Company Secretary supports the Chairman in promoting the highest standards of corporate governance and facilitates the effective functioning of the Board and its committees. All Directors have direct access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary reports to the Chairman on board governance matters, and is responsible for ensuring that board procedures are followed and for facilitating timely and appropriate information flows among directors. Ms. Yip has taken no less than 15 hours of the relevant professional training on review of Listing Rules and other compliance requirements during the year.

The biography of the Company Secretary is set out under the section "Directors and Senior Management" of this annual report.

本集團之風險管理活動由管理層按持續基準進 行。本集團會對風險管理框架之成效至少每年 評估一次,並定期舉行管理層會議,以更新風 險監控活動之進展。管理層致力確保風險管理 成為日常業務運營程序之一部分,令風險管理 有效達致企業目標。董事會確認已收到管理層 對本集團內部監控及風險管理架構的成效的確 認。

本集團目前並無內部審核職能。董事會已檢討 內部審核職能之需求,並認為鑒於本集團業務 之規模、性質及複雜性,委聘外聘獨立專業人 士代本集團履行內部審核職能以滿足其需要, 此舉更具成本效益。然而,董事會將繼續對內 部審核職能之需求至少每年檢討一次。

內幕消息

本公司已制訂消息披露政策(「披露政策」), 以確保本公司嚴格遵守內幕消息的披露責任, 且內幕消息在獲適當批准披露前一直保密,並 以有效及一致方式發佈有關消息。本公司知悉 其於上市規則第十三章以及證券及期貨條例所 載內幕消息原則項下的責任。披露政策訂明評 估、批准及散佈本公司內幕消息的責任、指引 及後勤總務,並嚴格禁止未經授權使用機密消 息,且就外界查詢及流言訂立回應程序。

公司秘書

葉莉盈女士已於二零一六年四月獲董事會委任 為本公司的公司秘書,而彼亦為本集團的執行 董事及首席財務總監。公司秘書協助主席提倡 最高標準的企業管治及推動董事會及其委員會 的有效運作。所有董事均可直接聯繫公司秘書 以取得其意見及服務。公司秘書向主席匯報董 事會管治事宜,並負責確保董事會程序獲得遵 守及董事之間的資訊交流適時且適當。年內, 葉女士已就審閱上市規則及其他合規規定接受 不少於15小時的相關專業培訓。

有關公司秘書的履歷載於本年報「董事及高級管 理層」一節。

COMMUNICATIONS WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTORS AND INVESTOR RELATIONS

The Company aims to promote and maintain effective communications with Shareholders and investors (both individuals and institutions) to ensure that the Group's information is disseminated to Shareholders and potential investors in a timely manner and enable them to have a clear assessment of the enterprise performance.

Extensive information on the Group's activities and financial position will be disclosed in the annual reports, interim reports, announcements, circulars and other corporate communications which will be sent to Shareholders and/or published on the websites of the Stock Exchange (www.hkexnews.hk) and the Company (www.gicl.com.hk).

DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy ("Dividend Policy"), pursuant to which the Company may distribute dividends to the shareholders of the Company by way of cash or shares. Any distribution of dividends shall be in accordance with the Articles.

The recommendation of the payment of any dividend is subject to the absolute discretion of the Board, and any declaration of final dividend will be subject to the approval of the Shareholders. In proposing any dividend payout, the Board shall also take into account, inter alia, the Group's earnings per share; financial conditions including its liquidity position and capital and debt level; long-term earning capacity; expected working capital requirements, capital expenditure requirement and future expansion plans; Shareholders' and investors' expectation and industry's norm; the market sentiment and circumstances; and any other factors that the Board considers relevant and appropriate.

The Dividend Policy will be reviewed from time to time and there is no assurance that a dividend will be proposed or declared in any specific periods.

與股東及投資者的溝通以及投資者關係

本公司旨在提倡及維持與股東及投資者(個別人 士及機構)的有效溝通,以確保本集團的資訊可 及時向其股東及潛在投資者傳達,並確保彼等 對企業表現擁有清晰評估。

有關本集團的活動及財務狀況的全面資料將於 年報、中期報告、公告、通函及其他公司資 訊渠道披露,並將向股東提呈及/或於聯交所 (www.hkexnews.hk)及本公司(www.gicl.com.hk) 網站內發佈。

股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策(「股息政策」),據此, 本公司可透過現金或股份方式向本公司股東派 發股息。任何股息分配均應符合細則。

支付任何股息之建議視乎董事會之絕對酌情權 而定,任何末期股息宣派須待股東批准後方可 作實。在提出任何股息支付時,董事會還應考 慮(其中包括)本集團之每股盈利;財務狀況 (包括其流動資金狀況以及資本及債務水平); 長期盈利能力;預期營運資金需求、資本支出 需求及日後擴展計劃;股東與投資者的預期及 行業規範;市場氣氛及情況;董事會認為相關 且適當的任何其他因素。

股息政策將不時進行審查,並不保證在任何特 定時期內會建議派付或宣派股息。

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS

General Meeting

The general meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the Shareholders and the Board. The Chairman of the Board as well as chairmen of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee, or in their absence, their duly appointed delegates are available to answer questions at the Shareholders' meetings. The auditor of the Company is also invited to attend the Company's AGM and is available to assist the Directors in addressing queries from Shareholders relating to the conduct of the audit and the preparation and contents of the Independent Auditor's Report. Separate resolutions are proposed at Shareholders' meetings on each substantial issue, including the election of individual Directors.

Notice of the AGM together with related papers are sent to the Shareholders at least 20 clear business days before the meeting, setting out details of each proposed resolution, voting procedures and other relevant information. All votes of Shareholders at the general meeting will be decided by poll, where appropriate, in accordance with Article 13.7. The Chairman will explain such rights and procedures during the AGM before voting on the resolutions. An independent scrutineer will be appointed to count the votes and the poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange after the AGM.

Shareholders can make a requisition to convene an extraordinary general meeting ("EGM") pursuant to Article 12.3 of the Articles. The procedures for the Shareholders to convene an EGM are as follows:

- 1. Any two or more Shareholders (the "Requisitionist") holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings shall have the right, by written notice, to require an EGM to be called by the directors for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition.
- 2. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board of the Company signed by the requisitionists and deposited at the following address:

Principal place of business of the Company

Address: Unit 01, 23/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

股東權利

股東大會

本公司的股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝通之 良機。董事會主席以及審核委員會、薪酬委員 會及提名委員會主席或(在其缺席時)其正式委 任的代表會在股東大會上解答提問。本公司核 數師亦獲邀出席本公司的股東週年大會,並可 協助董事解答股東有關審核及編製的行為以及 獨立核數師報告內容的提問。本公司將就各重 大議題(包括選舉個別董事)於股東大會提呈個 別決議案。

載列各建議決議案、表決程序及其他相關資料 的股東週年大會通告,連同相關文件會於大會 舉行前最少20個完整營業日向股東發送。於股 東大會的所有股東投票將根據細則第13.7條按 股數投票表決方式(如適用)決定。主席將於 股東週年大會表決決議案前解釋有關權利及程 序。一名獨立監票員將獲委任點算票數,而表 決結果將於股東週年大會後於本公司及聯交所 網站公佈。

股東可按細則第12.3條要求召開股東特別大會 (「股東特別大會」)。股東召開股東特別大會之 程序如下:

- 於投遞請求書之日持有賦予權利於股東大 會投票之本公司實繳股本不少於十分之一 的兩名或以上股東(「請求人」)有權以書面 通知要求董事召開股東特別大會,以處理 該要求書中指明之任何事項。
- 由請求人簽署的有關請求書須以書面方式 按以下地址向本公司董事會投遞:

本公司主要營業地點

地址: 香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈 23樓01室

3. If the Directors fail to proceed to convene such meeting within 21 days of such deposit, the Requisitionist(s) themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them may do so in the same manner which shall be held no later than the day which falls three months after the expiration of the said twenty-one day period, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the Requisitionist as a result of the failure of the Directors shall be reimbursed to the Requisitionist by the Company.

Procedures for Shareholders to direct enquiries to the Company

For matters in relation to the Board, Shareholders can contact the Company at the following:

Address:	Unit 01, 23/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central,
	Hong Kong
Email:	info@gic.com.hk
Tel:	(852) 2111 0998
Fax:	(852) 2111 0819

For share registration related matters, such as share transfer and registration, change of name or address, loss of share certificates or dividend warrants, the registered Shareholders can contact:

Hong Kong branch share registrar and transfer officeBoardroom Share Registrars (HK) LimitedAddress:Room 2103B, 21/F, 148 Electric Road, North Point, Hong KongTel:(852) 2153 1688Fax:(852) 3020 5058

 倘董事未能於該投遞起計21日內召開該大 會,請求人本身或佔其當中所有人的總投 票權多於一半的任何人士可以相同方式於 不遲於上述二十一日期間屆滿後三個月內 之任何一日召開大會,而請求人因董事未 能行事而產生之一切合理開支須由本公司 發還予請求人。

股東向本公司直接查詢的程序

凡有關董事會的事宜,股東可按以下方式聯繫 本公司:

地址:香港中環德輔道中19號環球大廈23樓01室

電郵:info@gic.com.hk 電話:(852)21110998 傳真:(852)21110819

凡有關股份登記相關事宜,如股份過戶登記、 更改名稱或地址、丢失股票或股息單,登記股 東可按以下方式聯繫本公司:

香港股份過戶登記分處 寶德隆證券登記有限公司 地址:香港北角電氣道148號21樓2103B室 電話:(852)21531688 傳真:(852)30205058

CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Relevant Period, there has been no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

Procedures for Shareholders to put forward proposals at Shareholders' meetings

To put forward proposals at a general meeting of the Company, a Shareholder should lodge a written notice of his/her proposal (the "Proposal") together with his/her detailed contact information at the Company's principal place of business in Hong Kong at Unit 01, 23/F, World-Wide House, 19 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong in the same manner as set out above.

The request will be verified by the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong and upon their confirmation that the request is proper and in order, the Board will be asked to include the Proposal in the agenda for the general meeting.

The notice period to be given to all the Shareholders for consideration of the Proposal raised by the Shareholder concerned at the general meeting varies according to the nature of the Proposal as follows:

- (a) At least 21 days' notice in writing if the Proposal requires approval by way of a special resolution of the Company in an EGM or resolution of the Company in an AGM.
- (b) At least 14 days' notice in writing if the Proposal requires approval in any other EGM.

憲章文件

於相關期間內,本公司憲章文件並無變動。

股東於股東大會上提呈建議的程序

為於本公司股東大會上提呈建議,股東須以書 面通告,連同詳細聯絡資料按上文所載同一方 式將該建議(「建議」)寄往本公司的香港主要營 業地點,地址為香港中環德輔道中19號環球大 廈23樓01室。

本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處會核實該要 求,於其確認該要求為恰當及適當後,將要求 董事會在股東大會的議程內加入有關建議。

向全體股東發出通知以供考慮相關股東於股東 大會上提呈的建議的期限會因建議的性質而有 所不同,分別如下:

- (a) 倘建議須於股東特別大會以本公司特別決 議案或於股東週年大會以本公司決議案 的方式獲批准,須發出最少21日的書面通 知。
- (b) 倘建議須於任何其他股東特別大會獲批 准,須發出最少14日的書面通知。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

ABOUT THIS REPORT

Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company" together with its subsidiaries (the "Group")) is pleased to issue the Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report for the year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021") which outlines its policies and practices in four aspects, namely environmental protection, human resources, operating practices and community involvement, with reference to the ESG Reporting Guide (the "ESG Guide") as set out in Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") for disclosures.

During FY2021, save as disclosed herein, the Group complied with the applicable provisions set out in the ESG Guide.

Unless otherwise stated, this report covers the Group's office in Hong Kong and all the operating subsidiaries of the Group.

Board Statement – ESG Governance Structure

As a responsible and caring corporate citizen, the Group upholds the principle that good business practices and corporate social responsibility are vital for the sustainability of its success. The Group has developed an effective governance structure to ensure quality ESG performance and reporting. Our ESG governance structure is divided into two components, namely the board of directors of the Company (the "Board") and the ESG working team. The Board is responsible for overseeing the Group's overall ESG strategy and reporting. An ESG working team, composing of core members across all functions, has been established to facilitate the Board to identify relevant ESG issues and to assess their materiality to the Group's business as well as the Company's stakeholders, through reviewing our operations and internal discussions.

The following governance structure shows the key roles with well-defined responsibilities for managing our ESG-related efforts:

The Board

- Identifies and evaluates ESG-related risks to ensure appropriate and effective ESG risk management and internal control systems are in place;
- provides strategic guidance to ensure the Group's social responsibility objectives are aligned with and go beyond the minimum legal requirements;

關於本報告

環球信貸集團有限公司(「本公司」,連同其附 屬公司統稱為「本集團」)欣然發表環境、社會 及管治(「環境、社會及管治」)報告,報告涵 蓋截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度(「二 零二一年財政年度」),當中概述我們於環境保 護、人力資源、營運慣例及社區參與等四個方 面的政策及實踐,並參考香港聯合交易所有限 公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄二十七所 載《環境、社會及管治報告指引》(「環境、社會 及管治指引」)作出披露。

於二零二一財政年度,除本年報所披露者外, 本集團遵守有關環境、社會及管治指引。

除另有指明者外,本報告涵蓋本集團於香港的 辦事處及本集團所有營運附屬公司。

董事會聲明-環境、社會及管治的 治理政策

本集團為盡責、關愛社會的企業公民,一直奉 行良好商規並履行企業社會責任,此乃本集團 取得持續成功的關鍵。本集團已建立一個有效 的治理架構,以確保高質量的環境、社會及管 治表現和報告。我們的環境、社會及管治結構 分為兩個部分,即本公司的董事會(「董事會」) 及環境、社會及管治工作小組。董事會負責監 督本集團的整體環境、社會及管治策略及 管治工作小組已告成立,以協助董事會透驗 治工作小組已告成立,以協助董事會透驗 社會及管治事宜及評估該等事宜對本集團業務及 本公司利益相關人士的重要性。

以下治理架構顯示管理我們的環境、社會及管 治相關工作的關鍵角色及明確的責任:

董事會

- 識別和評估與環境、社會及管治有關的風險,以確保建立適當和有效的環境、社會及管治風險管理和內部控制制度;
- 提供戰略指導,確保本集團的社會責任目標與最低的法律要求相一致,並超越該等要求;

- sets ESG-related goals in relation to the Group's businesses as well as management approach and strategy;
- oversees formulation and implementation of action plans by the ESG working team and the achievement of ESG-related goals and Key Performance Indicators ("KPIs"); and
- approves the ESG Report.

ESG working team

- Assists the Board and engages stakeholders to identify and prioritise material ESG-related aspects and KPIs that are relevant to the Group and its stakeholders;
- works through the KPIs and allocate the right tools and resources to handle the ESG issues;
- formulates and executes action plans and ensure execution by respective teams to achieve the ESG-related goals set by the Board;
- collects and analyses ESG data, monitoring and evaluating the Group's ESG performance and regularly report to the Board; and
- prepares the ESG Report.

Feedback

This report is designed to allow our stakeholders and the public to have a more comprehensive and profound understanding of the Group's corporate social responsibility and culture. We welcome feedback and comments on to this report and its contents which will lead us to create further common value. Please feel free to provide your comments by email to info@gic.com.hk.

- 設定與集團業務以及管理方法和戰略有關 的環境、社會及管治目標;
- 監督環境、社會及管治工作團隊行動計劃 的制定和實施,以及環境、社會及管治相 關目標及關鍵績效指標(「關鍵績效指標」) 的實現;及
- 批准環境、社會及管治報告。

環境、社會及管治工作小組

- 協助董事會並與利益相關人士接觸,以確 定和優先考慮與本集團及其利益相關人士 相關的重大環境、社會及管治方面和關鍵 績效指標;
- 通過關鍵績效指標,分配適當的工具和資源來處理環境、社會及管治問題;
- 制定和執行行動計劃,並確保各團隊的執行,以實現董事會設定的環境、社會及管治相關目標;
- 收集和分析環境、社會及管治數據,監察 和評估集團的環境、社會及管治表現,並 定期向董事會匯報;及
- 編製環境、社會及管治報告。

意見反饋

本報告旨在使利益相關人士及公眾更全面透徹 地了解本集團的企業社會責任及企業文化。我 們歡迎 閣下就本報告與其內容發表評論及意 見,此舉有助我們締造更多共同價值。請 閣 下將意見電郵至info@gic.com.hk。

STAKEHOLDERS ENGAGEMENT AND MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

The Group actively strives to better understand our stakeholders and engage them to ensure that improvements are implemented to our products and services. We strongly believe that our stakeholders would play a crucial role for sustaining the success of our business in the challenging market. The Group has identified key stakeholders that are important to our business and established various channels for communication. The following table provides an overview of the Group's key stakeholders, and various platforms and methods of communication are used to reach, listen and respond.

利益相關人士的參與及重大性評估

本集團積極致力更好地了解利益相關人士並徵 詢彼等意見,確保我們產品及服務有所改善。 我們深信,利益相關人士在業務於充滿挑戰的 市場持續取得成功方面扮演著至關重要的角 色。本集團已經識別對我們業務而言重要的關 鍵利益相關人士,並建立各種溝通渠道。下表 提供本集團關鍵利益相關人士概況,並使用各 種溝通平台及方法接觸、聆聽和回應。

Stakeholders 利益相關人士	Possible concerned issues 潛在相關事宜	Communication and responses 溝通與回應
HKEx 香港交易所	Compliance of listing rules, timely and accurate announcements 遵守上市規則,及時而準確地刊發公告	Meetings, training, workshops, programs, website updates and announcements 會議、培訓、研討會、計劃、網站更新及公告
Government 政府	Compliance of laws and regulations, preventing tax evasion, and social welfare 遵守法律法規、防止避税及提供社會福利	Interaction and visits, government inspections, tax returns and other information 互動及拜訪、政府視察、納税申報及其他刊物
Shareholders/ Investors	Corporate governance system, business strategies and performance, investment returns	Organising and participating in seminars, interviews, shareholders' meetings, financial reports or operation reports for investors, media
股東/投資者	企業管治制度、業務策略及表現、投資回報	and analysts 組織及參與為投資者、媒體及分析人員舉辦的 研討會、訪談、股東大會,為彼等編製財務報 告或營運報告
Media & Public	Corporate governance, environmental protection,	Issue of newsletters on the Group's website
媒體及公眾	human right 企業管治、環境保護、人權	本集團網站發佈通訊稿
Customers	Quality of loan services, repayment terms, handling time, reasonable interest costs, privacy	After-sales services, email and customer service hotline, visits and meetings
客戶	protection 貸款服務質素、償還條款、處理時間、合理利 息成本、私隱保障	售後服務、電郵及客戶服務熱線、拜訪及會議
Employees 僱員	Rights and benefits, employee compensation, training and development, work hours, working environment 權利及福利、僱員報酬、培訓與發展、工作時 間、工作環境	Trainings, interviews for employees, issuing employee handbooks, internal memos, employee suggestion boxes 培訓、與僱員進行面談、發放員工手冊、內部 備忘錄、設立僱員意見箱
Peer/Industry associations 同行/產業協會	Experience sharing and cooperation, fair competition 經驗分享與合作,公平競爭	Industry conference and seminars, site visits 行業會議及研討會,實地考察
Community	Community environment, employment and community development, social welfare	Developing community activities, employee voluntary activities and community welfare subsidies and donations
社區	社區環境、僱傭及社區發展、社會福利	組織社區活動、僱員志願活動以及社區福利補 貼及捐贈

Through general communication with stakeholders, the Group understands the expectations and concerns from stakeholders. The feedbacks obtained allow the Group to make more informed decisions, and to better assess and manage the resulting impact.

The Group has adopted the principle of materiality in the ESG reporting by understanding the key ESG issues that are important to the business of the Group.

The Group has evaluated the materiality and importance in ESG aspects through the following steps:

Step 1: Identification — Industry Benchmarking

- Relevant ESG aspects were identified through the review of relevant ESG reports of the local and international industry peers.
- The materiality of each ESG aspect was determined based on the importance of each ESG aspect to the Group through internal discussion of the ESG working team with reference to the recommendation of the ESG Guide.

Step 2: Prioritisation — Stakeholder Engagement

The ESG working team is responsible to discuss with and collect feedback from the key stakeholders on material ESG-related aspects identified above to ensure all the key aspects are covered.

Step 3: Validation — Determining Material Issues

Based on the assessment and recommendation from the ESG working team through step 1 and step 2 above, the Board is responsible to select and confirm all the related ESG-related aspects, which are significant to the Group's business and important to our stakeholders and in compliance with the ESG Guide, to be included in the ESG Report.

Based on the evaluation for FY2021, there are four major ESG-aspects identified, namely, i) environmental protection, ii) human resources, iii) operating practice and iv) community involvement which will be discussed in this ESG Report. The principles of materiality, quantitative and consistency as recommended by the ESG Guide have been applied. This ESG Report adopts methodologies for the calculation of key performance indicators that are consistent with previous years. There was no significant change in the ESG-aspects as there was no significant change in the Group's business scope.

通過與利益相關人士的基本溝通,本集團了解 到利益相關人士的期望和關注。獲得的反饋使 本集團能夠做出更明智的决定,並更好地評估 和管理由此產生的影響。

本集團在環境、社會及管治報告中採用重要性 原則,了解對本集團業務重要的關鍵環境、社 會及管治問題。

本集團通過以下步驟評估環境、社會及管治方 面的重要性:

步驟一:識別一行業基準

- 通過審閱當地及國際同業的相關環境、社 會及管治報告,識別出相關環境、社會及 管治範疇。
- 各項環境、社會及管治範疇的重要性乃通 過環境、社會及管治工作小組的內部討論 和參考環境、社會及管治報告指引的建 議,按照各項環境、社會及管治範疇對本 集團的重要性而釐定。

步驟二:優先考慮一利益相關人士參與

環境、社會及管治工作小組負責與關鍵利益相關人士就上述識別的關鍵環境、社會及管治範疇進行討論及收集回饋意見,以確保涵蓋所有關鍵層面。

步驟三:驗證一釐定重要事項

 根據環境、社會及管治工作小組通過上述 步驟1和步驟2作出的評估及建議,董事會 負責選擇和確認所有相關的環境、社會及 管治相關範疇。對本集團業務有重大意 義,對我們的利益相關人士有重要意義, 且符合環境、社會及管治指引的所有相關 方面,將被納入環境、社會及管治報告。

根據對二零二一年財政年度的評估,有四個主 要環境、社會及管治範疇,即:i)環境保護; ii)人力資源;iii)營運慣例;及iv)社區參與,將在 本環境、社會及管治報告中討論。本公司已應 用環境、社會及管治指引所建議的重要性、量 化及一致性的原則。本環境、社會及管治報告 採納與往年一致的關鍵績效指標的計算方法。 由於本集團的業務範圍並無重大變動,環境及 社會管理方面並無重大變動。

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

The Group is committed to leading by example, inspiring others to strive for environmental sustainability, and minimising our environmental impacts from operations. We have implemented eco-friendly measures to reduce carbon footprint in our business operations. During FY2021, there was no material non-compliance issue with relevant laws and regulations related to the environment.

Emission

As a provider of money lending services, the Group's operations do not have a material impact on the environment in relation to pollutant emissions. Nevertheless, the Group still indirectly generates greenhouse gas ("GHG") emission through our consumption of electricity and production of paper waste at the Group's office in Hong Kong, which occupies a gross floor area of 4,220 square feet. Several measures to reduce the Group's GHG emissions have been implemented to demonstrate the Group's determination of maintaining environmental sustainability. Those measures included promoting paperless office by usage of tablets, encouraging double-sided printing, and encouraging employees to switch off all idle appliances.

During FY2021, the Group's total GHG emissions was approximately 24.7 tonnes (FY2020: 24.8 tonnes) and the total GHG emission per average employee was 1.24 tonnes (FY2020: 1.13 tonnes).

環境保護

本集團致力以身作則,啟發其他公司為環境可 持續發展努力,將營運對環境造成的影響減至 最低。我們實施環保措施,以減低業務營運的 碳足印。於二零二一年財政年度,概無任何嚴 重違反與環境有關的相關法律及法規的事件。

排放

作為貸款服務供應商,就污染物排放而言,本 集團的營運對環境並無重大影響。然而,本集 團仍因其於香港的辦事處(佔地面積4,220平方 呎)耗用電力和產生廢紙而間接產生溫室氣體 (「溫室氣體」)。本集團已實行多項減少本集團 溫室氣體排放的措施,以彰顯本集團保持環境 可持續發展的決心。該等措施包括使用平板電 腦,提倡無紙辦公、鼓勵雙面列印及鼓勵僱員 關閉所有閒置電器。

於二零二一年財政年度,本集團的溫室氣體總 排放量約為24.7公噸(二零二零年財政年度: 24.8公噸),僱員人均溫室氣體總排放量為1.24 公噸(二零二零年財政年度:1.13公噸)。

		FY2021 二零二一年	FY2020 二零二零年
GHG emissions (in tonnes)	溫室氣體排放(以公噸計)	財政年度	財政年度
Indirect GHG emissions (Scope 2) – Electricity consumption (in tonnes) Other indirect GHG emissions (Scope 3)	間接溫室氣體排放(範圍2) 一耗電量(以公噸計) 其他間接溫室氣體排放(範圍3)	22.8	22.5
- Disposal of paper waste (in tonnes)	-處理廢紙量(以公噸計)	1.9	2.3
Total GHG emissions (in tonnes)	溫室氣體排放總量(以公噸計)	24.7	24.8
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	20	22
GHG emissions per average employee (in tonnes)	僱員人均溫室氣體排放量 (以公噸計)	1.24	1.13

Waste Management

The Group's operations do not produce any hazardous waste, which includes but not limited to chemical wastes, clinical wastes and hazardous chemicals. The non-hazardous waste produced by the Group was mainly paper waste. Measures for reducing and recycling paper waste were put in place. We encourage double-sided printing, as well as reuse of single side printed paper. A recycling company was engaged to collect and recycle our paper waste regularly. In FY2021, approximately 63% of our paper waste was recycled (FY2020: 51%). To further reduce the Group's non-hazardous waste, we have also purchased some electronic tablets so as to facilitate usage of electronic document and promote a paperless office.

廢物管理

本集團的營運並不產生任何有害廢物(包括但不限於化學廢料、醫療廢物及有害化學物質)。本 集團產生的無害廢物主要為廢紙。減少及回收 廢紙的措施經已實施。我們鼓勵雙面列印,以 及重複使用單面列印的紙張。我們已委聘一間 回收公司定期收集及回收我們的廢紙。於二零 二一年財政年度,我們約有63%的廢紙得以回 收(二零二零年財政年度:51%)。為求進一步減 少本集團的無害廢物,我們亦已購入若干平板 電腦,有助電子化文檔的利用及推廣無紙辦公。

Non-hazardous waste (in kg)	無害廢物(以公斤計)	FY2021 二零二一年 財政年度	FY2020 二零二零年 財政年度
Paper waste (in kg)	廢紙(以公斤計)	393	469
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	20	22
Paper waste per average employee (in kg)	僱員人均廢紙量(以公斤計)	19.7	21.3

Use of Resources

The Group is committed to upholding high environmental standards in order to promote environmental friendliness. As a provider of money lending services, the Group strives to minimise environmental impact by reducing energy and paper consumption and encouraging recycling of office supplies and other materials.

Energy Consumption

The electricity consumed by the Group's head office was the largest contributor to the greenhouse gas footprint. To reduce the Group's carbon and energy footprints, the Group has posted some energy conservation reminders in place. Computers and office lights are switched off during non-business hours to minimise light pollution and reduce energy consumption. The total electricity consumption increased slightly by approximately 1% in FY2021 when compared to FY2020 as working hours were longer in FY2021 as compared to FY2020 as working hours had been shortened during the several waves of Covid-19.

資源利用

本集團致力奉行高環保標準,以改善環境。本 集團為貸款服務的供應商,力求通過減少能源 及紙張消耗以及鼓勵循環再用辦公用品和其他 物品,將對環境所造成的影響降至最低。

能源消耗

本集團總部的電力消耗產生最大比重的溫室氣 體足印。為減少本集團的碳及能源足印,本集 團已於適當位置刊貼若干節能提示。非辦公時 段內會關閉電腦及辦公室的燈,藉此減低光污 染及減少能源消耗。較二零二零年財政年度而 言,二零二一年財政年度總耗電量略微增加約 1%,因為在幾波COVID-19疫情期間縮短工作時 間,導致二零二一年財政年度的工時較二零二 零年財政年度長。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

		FY2021 二零二一年 財政年度	FY2020 二零二零年 財政年度
Electricity consumption (in kWh)	耗電量(以千瓦時計)	28,873	28,514
Average number of employees	平均僱員數目	20	22
Electricity consumption per average employee (in kWh)	僱員人均耗電量(以千瓦時計)	1,444	1,296

Paper Usage

Efficiency in usage of paper has been promoted and communicated to our employees. Tablets were provided to employees to encourage reduction of usage of paper. The single-sided printings were collected for reuse. Paper usage increased by approximately 10% when compared with last year as the Group resumed its marketing campaigns on distributing leaflets to target customer while such activities were limited due to the weak economic environment in FY2020.

用紙

我們已將有效用紙的觀念推廣及傳達予我們的 僱員。我們向僱員提供平板電腦以減少用紙, 而單面列印的紙張亦得以收集重用。用紙量較 去年增加約10%,因為本集團恢復向目標客戶 派發傳單的營銷活動,而二零二零年財政年度 則因經濟環境疲弱而限制有關活動。

Average number of employees 平均僱員數目 20	
	22
Paper usage (in kg) 用紙量(以公斤計) 1,053	954
	Y2020 二零年 文年度

Water Consumption

The Group's water consumption comes from the daily business operations in the office. As the Group's office does not have a separate meter for water consumption measurement, the Group does not have any data on the amount of water consumed. Due to the nature of the Group's business, water consumption is not identified as a material issue relevant to the Group's operation. Nevertheless, as water is a precious resource, water conservation measures have been taken and encouraged throughout the office.

The Environment and Natural Resources

Due to the nature of our business, the Group does not have any direct and significant impact on the environment and natural resources in the course of its operations. By taking the above-mentioned green initiatives, the Group is committed to doing our part to mitigate our environmental impact and acting in a manner that is both environmentally and socially responsible.

耗水量

本集團的用水源自辦公室的日常業務營運。由 於本集團的辦公室並無一個單獨的水錶測量用 水量,本集團並無任何關於用水量的數據。由 於本集團的業務性質,耗水並無被界定為與本 集團的營運有關的重大事項。然而,由於水是 一種寶貴的資源,整個辦公室已經採取並鼓勵 節約用水的措施。

環境及天然資源

基於其業務性質,而本集團並無於其業務過程 中對環境及天然資源造成任何直接及重大影 響。透過採取上述環保措施,本集團致力紓緩 我們對環境造成的影響,並對環境及社會負責。

Climate Change Impact

Awareness over climate change continues to grow and is one of the most discussed topics among nations as rising temperatures and extreme weather are threatening the community and our business operations. Although the operations of the Group does not involve production, the Group is committed to managing the potential climate-related risks and to adopt environmental friendly operating measures to reduce GHG emissions. The Group has implemented risk management exercise in identifying and mitigating climate-related risks.

Physical risk – The increased frequency and severity of extreme weather events such as typhoons, storms, and heavy rains bring acute and chronic physical risks to the Group's business and the safety of our employees. To minimize the potential risks, the Group has established mitigation plans, including flexible working arrangements and precautionary measures during bad or extreme weather conditions.

Transition risk – More stringent policies and reporting requirements for corporate sustainability may expose enterprises to higher risks of claim and compliance costs. In response to the policy and legal risks, the Group constantly monitors any changes in laws or regulations to avoid cost increments, non-compliance fines or reputational risks. In addition, the Group will continue its efforts to control energy consumption and carbon emissions.

氣候變化的影響

由於氣溫上升及極端天氣正在威脅社區及我們 的業務運營,對氣候變化的認知持續增長,並 成為各國討論最多的話題之一。雖然本集團的 營運不涉及生產,但本集團致力管理潜在的氣 候相關風險,並採取環保的經營措施,減少溫 室氣體排放。本集團在識別及減輕氣候相關風 險方面實施風險管理。

物理風險一颱風、風暴及暴雨等極端天氣事件 的頻率及嚴重程度加劇,為本集團的業務及僱 員安全帶來嚴重和長期的物理風險。為了儘量 减少潜在的風險,本集團已建立緩解計劃,包 括在惡劣或極端天氣條件下的靈活工作安排和 預防措施。

過渡風險:對企業可持續發展更嚴格的政策及 報告要求可能使企業面臨更高的索賠風險和 合規成本。為應對政策和法律風險,本集團不 斷監察法律或法規的任何變化,以避免成本增 加、違規罰款或聲譽風險。此外,本集團將繼 續努力控制能源消耗及碳排放。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report (Continued)

環境、社會及管治報告(續)

Target and Achievement

With the Group's efforts in minimising its impacts on the environment, the Group has successfully achieved the following emission target and energy use efficiency targets, which were set with reference to the relevant data in FY2020, in FY2021:

目標及成果

本集團藉著減少環境影響所付出的努力,於二 零二一財政年度在排放目標及能源使用效能目 標(參考二零二零財政年度的相關數據而定下) 上成功取得以下成果:

Aspects 方面	Target 目標	Achievement 成果
GHG emissions 溫室氣體排放	Not more than 25 tonnes 不多於25噸	Slightly lower than the set target 略為低於所定目標
Waste production	Recycle at least 50% of our paper waste	Recycled approximately 63% of our paper waste
廢物製造	循環回收至少50%的廢紙	回收約63%的廢紙
Energy consumption	Not more than 30,000 kWh	Limited increase in energy consumption to 1.3% despite increase in overall working hours and within the set target
能源消耗	不多於30,000千瓦時	儘管整體工時增加,惟能源消耗只增加1.3%,並定於所定目標內
Paper usage	Not more than 1,100 kg	Limited increase in total paper usage to 10% despite increase in marketing activities from business recovery and within the set target
用紙	不多於1,100公斤	儘管業務恢復下營銷活動增加,惟總用紙量只增加10%,並定於所定 目標內

Having considered the nature of the Group's business and its continuous efforts in minimising its impacts on environment, unless there is a material change of the Group's business scope and business scale, the Group has set emission targets of the total GHG emission, non-hazardous waste, and use of resources to be maintained at a similar level of FY2021 for the next 3–5 years.

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Group regards employees as one of the most valuable assets of the Group and regards the personal development of its employees as highly important. The Group has a set of HR management policies and procedures in place to set out the Group's standard of staff recruitment, remuneration, work periods, rest periods as well as termination of employment and compensation matters. The Group strictly complies with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (Chapter 485 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other relevant laws and regulations which cover all employment and protection (including the provision of a safe working environment and protection of employees from occupational hazards) and benefits. 考慮到本集團的業務性質及其在儘量减少對環 境影響方面的持續努力,除非本集團的業務範 圍和業務規模發生重大變化,否則本集團已設 定在未來三至五年內將溫室氣體排放總量、無 害廢物及資源使用維持在與二零二一年財政年 度類似水平的排放目標。

人力資源

本集團視僱員為本集團最寶貴的資產之一,高 度重視僱員的個人發展。本集團制訂一套人力 資源管理政策及程序,當中載列本集團有關僱 員招聘、薪酬、受僱期、休息時間及終止僱傭 與補償事宜的準則。本集團嚴格遵守涵蓋所有 僱傭保障(包括提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避 免職業性危害)與福利的香港法例第57章僱傭條 例、香港法例第485章強制性公積金計劃條例以 及其他相關法律及法規。

Employment

As at 31 December 2021, the Group employed 20 full-time employees (2020: 22) which are all located in Hong Kong. The Group has a diverse workforce in terms of gender and age, generating creative opinions and different level of capabilities. The following table sets forth the number and breakdown of our full-time employees as at 31 December 2021:

僱傭

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團僱用20 名全職僱員(二零二零年:22名),彼等均受僱 於香港。本集團有不同性別及年齡的多元化員 工團隊,各員工提供富有創意的見解,並具備 不同程度的能力。下表載列我們於二零二一年 十二月三十一日的全職僱員數目及明細:

	Age 30 or below 三十歲或以下	Age 31 to 40 三十一至四十歲	Above 40 四十歲以上	Total 總計
Male 男性	1	5	5	11
テロ Female 女性	0	6	3	9
入 Total 總計	1	11	8	20

Note: All the employees of the Group are full-time employees.

Remunerations of the employees of the Group are determined with reference to the prevailing market standard as well as the competency, qualifications and experience of individual employees. Discretionary bonuses based on financial results of the Group as well as individual performance will be paid to the employees as recognition of their contribution to the Group annually. The Group regularly reviews the remuneration package and promotion opportunities of employees and makes necessary adjustments to conform to the market standard in order to retain talents. To increase the employees' sense of belonging, the Group also offer various welfare incentives to employees, including insurance schemes, over-time allowance, various paid leaves and holiday gifts.

The Group adopts equal employment opportunity policies and treats all the employees equally, and their employment, remuneration and promotion will not be affected by their social identities such as ethnicity, race, nationality, gender, religion, age, sexual orientation, political faction and marital status. 附註:本集團全部僱員為全職僱員。

本集團僱員薪酬乃參考現時市場標準以及個別 員工的能力、資歷與經驗而釐定。本集團將根 據其財務業績及個人表現每年向僱員分派酌情 花紅,以表彰彼等對本集團的貢獻。本集團定 期檢討僱員的薪酬待遇及晉升機會,並為留聘 人才而作出符合市場標準的必要調整。為提升 僱員的歸屬感,本集團亦向僱員提供多項福利 獎勵,包括保險計劃、加班津貼、各類有薪假 期與節日禮品。

本集團採納平等就業務機會政策及公平對待全 體僱員,而彼等的僱用、薪酬與晉升不會受 到彼等的社會身份所影響,如民族、種族、國 籍、性別、宗教、年齡、性取向、政黨及婚姻 狀況。

The management believes that employees are important assets of the Group, and remains committed to attracting and retaining talent with diverse backgrounds for achieving sustainable growth and maintaining a stable turnover rate. The turnover rates of the Group's workforce for FY2021 are as below:

管理層認為,僱員是本集團的重要資產,故繼 續致力吸引及保留具有不同背景的人才,以實 現可持續增長及保持穩定的離職率。本集團僱 員於二零二一年財政年度的流失率如下:

Turnover rate (%)	流失率(%)		FY2020 二零年 政年度
Overall	整體	20.0%	4.5%
By gender Male Female 	按性別 ・男性 ・女性	20.0% 20.0%	0.0% 8.3%
By age groupAge 30 or belowAge 31 to 40Above 40	按年齢組別 ・30歳或以下 ・31歳至40歳 ・40歳以上	100.0% 10.0% 12.5%	0.0% 0.0% 11.1%

Note: All the employees of the Group are located in Hong Kong.

Health and Safety

The Group is committed to providing a safe and healthy working environment to its employees, and encourages them to achieve a balance between work and a healthy life. Air purifiers are placed in the workplace to improve air circulation. We take a systematic approach to safeguard the health and safety of our employees by reducing the likelihood of safety risks occurrence in the office so we aim at training employee's responsiveness to emergencies. Over the past three years, i.e., for the year ended 31 December 2019 to 2021, there was no instance of injury reported nor work-related fatalities occurred within our Group. The Group provides medical insurance for employees and the coverage of insurance includes hospital and surgical service, dental services and out-patient fees. The Group complies with the relevant occupational health and safety laws and regulations.

In light of the outbreak of COVID-19, the Group has implemented timely precautionary measures to safeguard the health of its employees. The Group has actively sourced surgical masks and other prevention materials for distributing to employees and has also provided subsidies to employees to purchase epidemic prevention materials. More air purifiers are purchased and placed in various locations in the workplace. Employees are required to wear a mask as far as feasible and keep appropriate social distance with others when in common facilities of the workplace. The Group has also implemented certain contingency measures during the multiple waves of infections, including flexible working hours, working from home and split team arrangements. Employees are also encouraged to receive COVID-19 vaccines with paid leave and subsidies offered.

附註:本集團全體僱員皆位於香港

健康及安全

本集團致力為其僱員提供安全及健康的工作環 境,並鼓勵僱員達致工作及健康生活的平衡。 我們於工作場所放置空氣淨化機以改善空氣流 通。我們採取有系統的方法以保障僱員的健康 及安全,為降低辦公室出現的安全風險的可能 性,我們旨在訓練僱員對突發事件的應變能 力。於過去三年(即截至二零一九年至二零二一 年十二月三十一日止年度),本集團概無已上報 的受傷事件,亦無發生工作相關的死亡事故。 本集團為僱員提供醫療保險,保險涵蓋範圍包 括住院及外科服務、牙科保健服務及門診費 用。本集團遵守相關職業健康及安全的法例及 法規。

鑒於COVID-19疫情爆發,本集團及時採取防範 措施,保障員工健康。本集團積極採購外科口 罩等防疫物資發放予員工,並對員工購買防疫 物資進行補貼。本集團購入更多空氣清新機及 放置於工作場所的多個位置。員工在工作場所 的公共設施中,須儘量佩戴口罩,並與他人保 持適當的社交距離。在多波疫情期間,本集團 亦實施若干應急措施,包括彈性工作時間、在 家工作及分組工作安排。我們亦鼓勵員工接種 COVID-19疫苗,並提供帶薪假期及補貼。

In addition, preventive measures have also been taken at the Group's office building by the property management company, including installing infrared temperature sensors at the entrance of the lobby to prevent possible infected person entering the office building. The Group has also enhanced the cleaning of the workplace where frequently touched surfaces were cleaned and disinfected regularly, in order to maintain a clean working environment.

Training and Development

The Group encourages employees to participate in on-the-job training and continuing education to create opportunities for career development.

In order to help employees acclimatise to the volatile business environment, the Group provides continuous updates in relation to market and industry trends as well as updates on relevant regulations to its employees. In addition, the Group also encourages continuous personal development of its employees by implementing an educational reimbursement program.

The Group also invites directors and senior management to attend training in relation to updates on the Listing Rules, corporate governance, relevant laws and regulations so as to maintain sustainable professional development and refresh their knowledge.

The detailed breakdown of the percentage of employees trained and the average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category was as follows:

此外,物業管理公司亦在本集團的辦公樓採取 預防措施,包括在大廳入口處安裝紅外線溫度 感應器,以防止潛在患者進入辦公大樓。本集 團亦加強工作場所內的清潔工作,對經常接觸 的表面進行定期清潔和消毒,以保持潔淨的工 作環境。

培訓及發展

本集團鼓勵僱員參加在職培訓並持續進修,為 職業發展創造機會。

為協助僱員應對波動的業務環境,本集團持續 向其僱員提供有關市場及業界趨勢以及相關法 規的最新資訊。除此之外,本集團亦透過推行 教育補助計劃,推動其僱員的持續個人發展。

本集團亦邀請董事及高級管理層參與有關上市 規則、企業管治、相關法律及法規最新動態的 培訓,以維持持續專業發展並讓彼等溫故知新。

按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比及每 名僱員平均完成的培訓時數的詳情如下:

		Average training hours (hours/employee) 平均培訓時數 (小時/僱員)		(hours/employee)trained (%)平均培訓時數(小時/僱員)受訓僱員百分比(%)		I (%) 分比(%)
		FY2021 二零二一年	FY2020 二零二零年	FY2021 二零二一年	FY2020 二零二零年	
		—————————————————————————————————————	一令一令午 財政年度	—————————————————————————————————————	一令一令午 財政年度	
Overall	整體	3.2	2.5	55.0%	50.0%	
By gender	按性別					
• Male	• 男性	1.3	0.5	63.6%	30.0%	
• Female	・女性	5.6	4.3	44.4%	66.7%	
By employment category	按僱員類別					
Senior management	• 高級管理層	5.2	5.0	60.0%	80.0%	
 Middle management 	• 中級管理層	4.7	3.7	50.0%	57.1%	
General staff	 一般員工 	1.1	0.5	55.6%	30.0%	

Labour Standards

The Group is committed to comply, with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and associated guidelines. Every act of employment is subject to a stringent internal review process that involves a well-defined monitoring procedure designed to verify a candidate's personal information in order to avoid misrepresentation and any form of child and forced labour. During FY2021, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance with the Employment Ordinance (Chapter 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong) and other laws and regulations relating to employment and labour practices (FY2020: Nil).

OPERATING PRACTICES

Customer Care

Customer care is one of the core values of the Group. The Group is committed to provide customers with thoughtful and consistently high standard of service and strive to treat customers fairly at all stages of its business relationship. With a "Clients First" principal, the Group emphasises a one-on-one personal approach to service and provides a variety of highly flexible loan solutions to its customers.

Front-line employees are well-trained with adequate and update knowledge on relevant regulations to ensure the services provided are complied with all relevant regulations. The Group also acknowledges the increasing use of social media and electronic applications, and strives to enhance its service delivery through the development of mobile applications and incorporating various value-added features to improve customer experience. Complaint system has been set up for customers to address comments and complaints. Our service pledge is to follow up and resolve complaints in a responsive manner. During FY2021, no written complaints from customers were reported (FY2020: Nil)

Customer education is also another topic that we have been working on as we value the well-being of our customers and society. The Group communicates the latest market information to customers through its social media channels, such as news relating to fraud cases commenced by illegal financial intermediates and tips for prevention from being cheated, in order to increase customer's awareness.

勞工標準

本集團致力遵守香港法例第57章僱傭條例及相 關指引。所有僱員行為均須遵守嚴格的內部審 閱過程,其中涉及用於核查求職者個人資料的 明確監控程序,以避免失實陳述及任何形式的 童工及強迫勞工。於二零二一年財政年度,本 集團並不知悉任何嚴重違反香港法例第57章僱 傭條例以及與僱傭及勞工慣例相關的其他法律 及法規的事件(二零二零年財政年度:無)。

營運慣例

關懷客戶

關懷客戶為本集團的核心價值之一。本集團致 力向客戶提供周全及持續的高質素服務,務求 於其業務關係的所有階段公平對待客戶。本集 團秉持「客戶第一」的服務原則,著重以一對一 的私人方式服務客戶,並為其提供多項高靈活 度的貸款方案。

前線員工訓練有素,充份理解相關法規,並掌握最新資訊,以確保所提供的服務符合所有相關法規。本集團亦明瞭社交媒體及電子產品的使用日漸普及,致力透過開發流動應用程式加強服務傳送,並揉合各種增值功能以改善客戶體驗。我們已設立投訴系統,供客戶提出意見及投訴。我們的服務保證積極迅速地跟進及解決投訴。於二零二一年財政年度,並無報告客戶的書面投訴(二零二零年財政年度:無)。

由於我們重視客戶及社會的福祉,故教導客戶 為我們正著手處理的另一個主題。為提升客戶 的意識,本集團透過其社交媒體渠道向客戶傳 達最新市場資訊,如與非法財務中介的欺詐案 件有關的新聞及防止遭詐騙的提示。

Product Responsibility and Customer Privacy

The Group values the trust of its customers and as a provider of money lending services, the Group has access to significant personal data of its customers and therefore ensuring the privacy of customer information is one of the issues the Group cares about the most.

The Group is committed to the full implementation and has complied with the Six Data Protection Principles and the requirements of the Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486, Laws of Hong Kong) (the "PDPO"). The Group has formulated a set of privacy principles regarding collection, retention, use, security, openness and accessibility of personal information to ensure customer information received is only for its intended purpose and to prevent information leakage, such as:

- requiring employees not to retain or disclose any confidential information about the Group's business activities and other sensitive confidential data to any third parties;
- requiring customers to acknowledge their rights under the PDPO, the purpose of collecting their personal data upon completion and signing of the application forms;
- ensuring that confidential personal data is not obtained through telephone conversations; and
- ensuring that customer files are kept in a locked cabinet.

Employees are also invited and encouraged to attend the training courses organised by the Privacy Commissioner for Personal Data to increase awareness and understanding of the PDPO. The Group will continue to monitor, review and, when necessary, update its privacy principles and policies to ensure they are in compliance with the PDPO.

The Group also understands that our computer systems may be prone to hackers' attacks due to increasing hacker activities, therefore, the Group regularly conducts IT control reviews to update the security system.

Protection of Intellectual Property

The Group protects its intellectual property rights by the use and registration of domain names and trademarks. The Group's trademarks and domain names are constantly monitored, and renewed prior to their expiration.

The Group also prohibits the installation or copying of any unlicensed software onto computers of the Group.

產品責任及客戶私隱

本集團重視客戶對我們的信任。作為貸款服務 供應商,本集團可獲取其客戶的重要個人資 料,因此,保障客戶資料的私隱乃本集團最為 關注的議題之一。

本集團致力全面實施並遵守六項保障資料原 則及個人資料(私隱)條例(香港法例第486章) (「個人資料(私隱)條例」)的規定。本集團已制 訂一套有關收集、保留、使用、保安措施、透 明度及查閱個人資料的私隱原則,以確保所獲 取的客戶資料僅供其作擬定用途,並防止資料 外洩,該私隱原則如下:

- 規定員工不得保留或向任何第三方披露有 關本集團業務活動的機密資料及其他敏感 機密資料;
- 要求客戶於填寫及簽署申請表格時知悉彼
 等於個人資料(私隱)條例項下的權利及收
 集其個人資料的目的;
- 確保機密個人資料不得透過電話交談方式 獲取;及
- 確保客戶的檔案存置於上鎖的文件櫃內。

本集團亦邀請並鼓勵僱員參與由個人資料私隱 專員公署所舉辦的培訓課程,以提升對個人資 料(私隱)條例的意識及認知。本集團將持續監 督、檢討並於必要時更新其私隱原則及政策, 以確保其遵守個人資料(私隱)條例。

本集團亦明白電腦系統可能因日益增加的黑客 活動而受到黑客入侵,因此,本集團定期進行 資訊科技監控審閱,更新保安系統。

保護知識產權

本集團通過對域名及商標的使用和註冊保護其 知識產權。本集團的商標及域名一直受到監 控,並在到期前重續。

本集團亦禁止在本集團電腦上安裝或複製任何 未經授權的軟件。

Supply Chain Management

As a money lending service provider, while there is no major procurement involved in our business, the Group mainly engages third party services providers to provide services such as information technology services, advertising services and legal and consulting services. The Group has set up a procurement policy with defined criteria and procedure in the selection of suppliers, our evaluation criteria include factors such as price, service or product quality, stability, capability, and experience. Preference will also be given to potential suppliers that demonstrate their commitment to the environment. Besides, to ensure competitive fairness, we will obtain quotations from two or more potential suppliers for any new supplier engagement with a defined approval mechanism. An annual review on the existing suppliers will also be performed to ensure a consistent performance.

As there is no major procurement involved in the Group's business, the Board considers the number of suppliers in not a material ESG issue to be reported.

Compliance with Laws and Regulations

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and during the Reporting Period, the Group has complied, to the best of its knowledge, with applicable laws and regulations that have significant impact on the business of the Group, including but not limited to:

- Money Lenders Ordinance (Cap. 163, Laws of Hong Kong) ("MLO")
- Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Ordinance (Cap. 615, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Competition Ordinance (Cap. 619, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Employment Ordinance (Cap. 57, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Personal Data (Privacy) Ordinance (Cap. 486, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Prevention of Bribery Ordinance (Cap. 201, Laws of Hong Kong)
- Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571, Laws of Hong Kong)
- The Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited

In particular, as a money lenders license holder, the Money Lenders Ordinance ("MLO") constitutes a significant influence to the Group's money lending business. The credit approval policy and process adopted by the Group has been designed to ensure that the Group's business operates in accordance with the MLO. The Group also regularly monitors, reviews and, when necessary, updates the existing policy to ensure the money lending business is strictly in compliance with the MLO.

供應鏈管理

作為一個放債服務供應商,雖然我們的業務並 無涉及重大採購,但本集團主要聘請第三方 服務供應商提供服務,如資訊科技服務、廣告 服務以及法律和諮詢服務。本集團已制定一項 採購政策,在選擇供應商時有明確的標準及 了,我們的評估標準包括價格、服務或產品 了確保競爭的公平性,對於任何 進商的參與,我們將向兩個或以上的 潜在供應 商取得報價,並設有明確的審批機制。我們還 現 個 的供應商進行年度檢討,以確保其表 現穩定。

由於本集團並無涉及重大採購,董事會認為供 應商的數量並不是須報告的重大環境、社會及 管治問題。

遵守法例及法規

本集團深知遵守監管規定的重要性。就本集團 所深知,本集團於報告期間一直遵守對本集團 業務有重大影響的適用法律及法規,包括但不 限於:

- 放債人條例(香港法例第163章)(「放債人 條例」)
- 打擊洗錢及恐怖分子資金籌集條例(香港 法例第615章)
- 公司條例(香港法例第622章)
- 競爭條例(香港法例第619章)
- 僱傭條例(香港法例第57章)
- 個人資料(私隱)條例(香港法例第486章)
- 防止賄賂條例(香港法例第201章)
- 證券及期貨條例(香港法例第571章)
- 香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則

具體而言,就持牌放債人而言,放債人條例 (「放債人條例」)對本集團的貸款業務構成重 大影響。本集團採納的信貸審批政策和程序旨 在確保本集團的業務按照放債人條例營運。本 集團亦定期監察、檢討及在必要時更新現行政 策,以確保貸款業務嚴格遵守放債人條例。

Anti-corruption and Anti-money Laundering

In order to uphold the highest ethical standards, all management and staff of the Group are required to strictly follow the Group's Code of Conduct and to sign acknowledgements that they understand and agree to the Code of Conduct adopted by the Group. With the purpose of preventing potential bribery, extortion and fraud, the Group's Code of Conduct clearly states that:

- Employees shall not accept gifts or other benefits that are beyond common business hospitality, or the head of department or the chief executive shall be consulted.
- Under no circumstances should an employee offer bribes to any person or company for the purpose of obtaining or retaining business.
- Employees should always avoid any situation involving a conflict, or that could be perceived by others as a conflict, between their personal interests, or those of their close relatives, and the performance of their official duties.
- If a potential conflict exists, employees should make prompt and full disclosure to the management.

The Group has also adopted a whistleblowing policy and procedures for all levels under the Group. The Group's whistleblowing policy encourages all internal staff to report actual or suspected improper conduct, in confidence, to the Group's executive directors or the Group's Audit Committee if the suspected improper conduct involves the Group's executive directors.

During FY2021, there were no concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the Group or our employees (FY2020: Nil).

反貪腐及反洗黑錢

為了維持最高道德標準,本集團內所有管理層 及員工均須嚴格遵守本集團的行為守則,並 簽署確認彼等理解並同意本集團採納的行為守 則。為防止潛在賄賂、勒索及詐騙,本集團的 行為守則明確規定:

- 員工不得接受超出一般業務接待範圍的禮 品或其他福利,或須諮詢部門主管或總裁 的意見。
- 在任何情況下,員工不得賄賂任何人士或 公司,藉以取得或保留業務。
- 員工應避免牽涉任何與其個人或近親及履行公務時產生的利益衝突或其他人士所認定的利益衝突。
- 倘可能出現衝突,員工應迅速向管理層全 面披露。

本集團還採用針對本集團所有級別的舉報政策 及程序。本集團的舉報政策鼓勵所有內部員工 以保密方式向本集團的執行董事或本集團的審 核委員會(倘涉嫌不當行為涉及本集團執行董 事)舉報實際或涉嫌的不當行為。

於二零二一年財政年度,並無任何針對本集團 或我們的僱員的貪污行為的已結案法律案件(二 零二零年財政年度:無)。

To prevent and detect money laundering and terrorist financing, the Group follows the "Guideline on Compliance of Anti-Money Laundering and Counter-Terrorist Financing Requirements for Licensed Money Lenders" ("AML/CTF Guideline") issued by the Companies Registry and has incorporated policies and procedures in our operation and credit guidelines and policies, which include procedures for customer due diligence, reporting of suspicious transactions, record-keeping, and staff training. The Group's policies and procedures in respect of prevention and detection of money laundering and terrorist financing activities include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Check loan applicants against the sanctioned countries, firms, entities and individuals from database provided by professional compliance firm.
- Conduct customer due diligence based on result of risk assessment on each potential customer.
- Carry out know-your-client procedures by verifying the applicant's identity using reliable and independent source documents.
- All loan repayments from customers are made by cheque, bank transfer or autopay with their own bank accounts.
- The Group will report any suspicious transactions to the Joint Financial Intelligence Unit using the standard form or the e-channel "STREAMS".
- The Group maintains all essential information of our customers, with the PDPO.
- The Group encourages and supports its employees to maximise their potential and to seek practical and professional training, when available, on matters related and relevant to their roles and responsibilities, the money lending business and current legislation and practices.

The Group also engages an independent third party to perform independent reviews on the Group's policies to ensure compliance with the AML/CTF Guideline.

During FY2021, the Group did not identify any non-compliance related to anti-money laundering (FY2020: Nil).

為防止及偵測洗黑錢及恐怖分子集資活動,本 集團遵守公司註冊處頒佈的《持牌放債人打擊洗 錢和恐怖主義資金籌集指引》(「打擊洗錢和恐 怖主義資金籌集指引」)及已在營運及信貸指引 及政策中引入相關政策及程序,當中載有與客 戶盡職審查、報告可疑交易、儲存記錄及員工 培訓有關的程序。本集團防止及偵測洗黑錢及 恐怖分子集資活動的政策及程序包括但不限於 以下各項:

- 將貸款申請人與專業合規公司所提供數據 庫中的受制裁國家、商號、實體及個別人 士對照檢查。
- 基於對各潛在客戶的風險評估結果對客戶 進行盡職調查。
- 利用可靠且獨立的原始文件核實申請人的 身份以展開「審查客戶」程序。
- 客戶須使用其本身的銀行賬戶以支票、銀 行轉賬或自動轉賬形式償還所有貸款。
- 本集團會使用標準格式或透過電子渠道 「可疑交易報告管理系統」(STREAMS)向聯 合財富情報組報告任何可疑交易。
- 本集團根據個人資料(私隱)條例備存客戶 的所有必要資料。
- 本集團鼓勵及支持僱員盡最大潛能並致力
 參與與彼等的職務及職責、貸款業務及現
 行法例及實務相關的實用及專業培訓(倘
 於可行情況下)。

本集團亦聘請獨立第三方對本集團的政策進行 獨立審閱,以確保符合打擊洗錢/恐怖主義資 金籌集指引。

於二零二一年財政年度,本集團並無發現任何 有關反洗黑錢的違規事件(二零二零年財政年 度:無)。

COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT

The Group is committed to honoring its corporate social responsibility for the benefit of the society by participating in a variety of charitable events and cultivating the concept of corporate social responsibility throughout the organisation. The Group has been awarded the "Caring Company Award" for over ten consecutive years by the Hong Kong Council of Social Service in recognition of our commitment in serving the community and caring for our employees. The Group participates in a variety of charitable events every year and the followings summarised the Group's contribution during the year:

 Made donations of HK\$99,000 to support the Urban Peacemaker Evangelistic Fellowship, World Wide Fund for Nature HK, Médecins Sans Frontières, Orbis, World Vision, Po Leung Kuk, Children's Cancer Foundation and The Red Cross Hong Kong (FY2020: HK\$73,000).

社區參與

本集團通過參與各種慈善活動及在企業範圍內 灌輸企業社會責任的概念,致力為社會的福祉 履行企業社會責任。本集團連續超過十年獲香 港社會服務聯會頒發「商界展關懷」標誌,表揚 我們致力服務社區及關懷僱員。本集團每年均 參與各類慈善活動,以下概述本集團於本年度 的貢獻:

捐贈99,000港元予城市睦福團契有限公 司、世界自然基金會香港分會、無國界醫 生、奧比斯、世界宣明會、保良局、兒童 癌病基金及香港紅十字會(二零二零年財 政年度:73,000港元)。



The Board of Directors (the "Board") presents their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 16 to the financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 79.

FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board recommends the payment of a final dividend of HK5.3 cents per ordinary share, totalling HK\$21,200,000 payable to the Shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on Friday, 10 June 2022. The proposed final dividend will be paid on or about Friday, 24 June 2022 following approval at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

No arrangement under which a shareholder has waived or agreed to waive any dividends was made by the Company.

DONATIONS

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$99,000 (2020: HK\$73,000).

DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES

Distributable reserves of the Company at 31 December 2021 available for distribution to Shareholders amounted to HK\$569,344,000 (2020: HK\$570,528,000).

董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈報告連同本集團截 至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度經審核財 務報表。

主要業務

本公司主要業務為投資控股。附屬公司的業務 載列於財務報表附註16。

業績及分配

本集團的年度業績載列於第79頁的合併綜合收 益表。

末期股息

董事會建議向於二零二二年六月十日(星期五) 名列本公司股東名冊的股東派付末期股息每股 普通股5.3港仙,合共為21,200,000港元。建議 末期股息將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上獲批 准後,於二零二二年六月二十四日(星期五)或 前後派付。

本公司並無作出股東據此放棄或同意放棄任何 股息之安排。

捐款

年內,本集團作出慈善及其他捐款為99,000港 元(二零二零年:73,000港元)。

可分派儲備

本公司於二零二一年十二月三十一日可向股東 分派的可分派儲備為569,344,000港元(二零二零 年:570,528,000港元)。

SHARE CAPITAL AND DEBENTURES

No new shares or debentures were issued by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2021.

Details of the share capital of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Articles of Association or the laws of the Cayman Islands which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to existing Shareholders.

TAXATION RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Company is not aware of any tax relief or exemption available to Shareholders by reason of their holding of the Shares.

FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

A summary of the results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 160 of this annual report.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither our Company nor any of our subsidiaries purchased, sold or redeemed any of our Company's listed securities during the year.

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

The share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") was adopted and approved pursuant to a written resolution of the sole Shareholder passed on 22 November 2014 and its refreshment of the scheme mandate limit was approved at an extraordinary general meeting held on 11 November 2015. The terms of the Share Option Scheme are in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 17 of the Listing Rules.

股本及債權證

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度內本公 司並無發行新股份或債權證。

本公司股本於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度之詳情載於合併權益變動表及合併財務 報表附註27。

優先購買權

本公司的組織章程細則或開曼群島法律並無有 關本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份 的優先購買權規定。

税務寬減及豁免

本公司並不知悉股東因持有股份而享有任何税 務寬減或豁免。

五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度的業績以及資產及負 債概要載列於本年報第160頁。

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

本公司或本公司任何附屬公司於年內期間概無 購買、出售或贖回任何本公司的上市證券。

購股權計劃

本公司根據二零一四年十一月二十二日唯一股 東通過的書面決議案採納及批准購股權計劃 (「購股權計劃」),其計劃授權限額已於二零 一五年十一月十一日所舉行的股東特別大會上 獲批准更新。購股權計劃的條款根據上市規則 第十七章的條文釐定。

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives and to recognise and acknowledge the contributions which the Eligible Participants (defined in paragraph below) have made or may make to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants with the opportunity to own a personal stake in the Company with a view to motivating the Eligible Participants and/or attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining on-going relationship with the Eligible Participants whose contributions are, will be or are likely to be beneficial to the long term growth of the Group.

The Directors (which include a duly authorised committee thereof) may, at its absolute discretion, invite any person belonging to any of the following classes of participants ("Eligible Participants"), to take up options (the "Options") to subscribe for the ordinary shares of the Company ("Shares"):

- any Director (whether executive or non-executive or independent non-executive), employee (whether full-time or part-time), officer, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to the Group or any entity in which the Company or any subsidiary holds any interest ("Invested Entity");
- (ii) any discretionary trust the discretionary objects of which include any Director (whether executive or non-executive or independent non-executive), employee (whether full time or part time), officer, consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner or adviser of or contractor to the Group or any Invested Entity; and
- (iii) any corporation wholly-owned by any person mentioned in clause (i) above.

Under the terms of the Share Option Scheme, the maximum number of Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of all options available to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed the Scheme Mandate Limit (i.e. 10% of the Shares in issue as at 11 November 2015 being the date of approval of the refreshed limit by the Shareholders). The Company had 400,000,000 Shares in issue as at 11 November 2015, the refreshed Scheme Mandate Limit allows the Company to issue under the Share Option Scheme a maximum of 40,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the issued shares as at the date of this annual report.

Notwithstanding the above, the total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. 購股權計劃旨在獎勵、肯定及表彰合資格參與 者(定義見下一段)對本集團已作出或將作出的 貢獻。購股權計劃將為合資格參與者提供個人 擁有本公司股權的機會,藉以激勵合資格參與 者及/或吸引及挽留合資格參與者,或與令本 集團長期發展受惠或將令或可能令本集團長期 發展受惠的合資格參與者一直保持良好關係。

董事(包括獲其正式授權的董事委員會)可全權 酌情邀請屬於下列任何類別參與者(「合資格參 與者」)的任何人士接納購股權(「購股權」)以認 購本公司普通股(「股份」):

- (i) 本集團或本公司或任何附屬公司持有任何 權益的任何實體(「投資實體」)的任何董 事(不論為執行或非執行或獨立非執行董 事)、僱員(不論全職或兼職)、職員、諮 詢人、客戶、供應商、代理、合夥人或顧 問或承辦商;
- (ii) 任何全權信託,其全權信託受益人包括本 集團或任何投資實體的任何董事(不論為 執行或非執行或獨立非執行董事)、僱員 (不論全職或兼職)、職員、諮詢人、客 戶、供應商、代理、合夥人或顧問或承辦 商;及
- (iii) 上述第(i)條所述任何人士全資擁有的任何 公司。

根據購股權計劃條款,於所有根據購股權計劃 及本公司任何其他購股權計劃將予授出的購股 權獲行使時可予發行的股份最高數目不得超過 計劃授權限額的總額(即二零一五年十一月十一 日(股東批准經更新限額之日)已發行股份的 10%)。二零一五年十一月十一日,本公司已發 行400,000,000股股份,經更新計劃授權限額使 本公司根據購股權計劃可發行最多40,000,000股 股份,佔於本年報日期已發行股份的10%。

儘管如此,於所有根據購股權計劃及本公司任 何其他購股權計劃已授出但未行使的購股權獲 行使時可予發行的股份總數不得超過不時已發 行股份的30%。

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The total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all Options granted to an Eligible Participant (including exercised and outstanding Options) in any 12-month period must not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue from time to time, unless approved by the Shareholders in general meeting.

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the board of directors to each grantee, which period may commence on a day after the date upon which the offer for the grant of options is made but shall end in any event not later than 10 years from the date of grant of the option. No further options may be granted more than 10 years after 22 November 2014.

The Share Option Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years from 22 November 2014, the date on which the Share Option Scheme was adopted.

The subscription price per share under the Share Option Scheme (the "Subscription Price") shall be a price determined by the Directors, but shall not be less than the highest of:

- the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of the offer of grant, which must be a Business Day;
- (ii) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet for the five Business Days immediately preceding the date of the offer of grant; and
- (iii) the nominal value of a share.

For the purpose of calculating the Subscription Price, where the Company has been listed for less than five Business Days, the new issue price shall be used as the closing price for any Business Day falling within the period before listing.

A nominal consideration of HK\$1.0 is payable on acceptance of the grant of an option within 21 days from the date of the offer of grant of the option.

There were no outstanding options at the beginning and at the end of FY2021. No share options under the Share Option Scheme were granted, exercised, lapsed or cancelled during the year.

於任何十二個月期間根據授予合資格參與者的 全部購股權(包括已獲行使及尚未行使之購股 權)獲行使時已發行及將予發行的股份總數不得 超過不時已發行股份的1%,除非經股東於股東 大會批准。

購股權可於董事會釐定並知會各承授人的期限 內隨時根據購股權計劃條款獲行使,該期間自 提呈授出購股權日期翌日開始,惟無論如何須 於授出購股權日期起計十年內終止。二零一四 年十一月二十二日後不會再授出十年以上之購 股權。

購股權計劃自二零一四年十一月二十二日(採納 購股權計劃當日)起計十年內有效。

購股權計劃規定的每股股份認購價(「認購價」) 由董事釐定,價格不得低於下列各項的最高者:

- (i) 於授出要約日期(必須為營業日)聯交所每 日報價表所列的股份收市價;
- (ii) 緊接授出要約日期前五個營業日聯交所每 日報價表所列的股份平均收市價;及
- (iii) 股份面值。

就計算認購價而言,如本公司上市少於五個營 業日,則新發行價將採用上市前期間任何一個 營業日的收市價。

提呈授出購股權日期起21日內,須就接納授出 的購股權支付象徵式代價1.0港元。

於二零二一財政年度開始及結束時,並無尚未 行使的購股權。年內,概無購股權根據購股權 計劃獲授出、行使、失效或註銷。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors:

Ms. Wang Yao *(Chairman and Chief Executive)* Ms. Jin Xiaoqin Ms. Yip Lee Ying

Independent non-executive Directors:

Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Mr. Tang, Warren Louis

Pursuant to Article 16.18 of the Articles, Ms. Wang Yao and Mr. Tang, Warren Louis shall retire from office by rotation at the next annual general meeting and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election.

The Company has received, from each of the independent non-executive Directors, an annual confirmation of their independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS AND LETTER OF APPOINTMENT

Each of the executive Directors has entered into a service agreement with the Company regarding her appointment as executive Director for a term of three years and shall continue thereafter unless terminated by not less than six months written notice or otherwise in accordance with the service agreement.

None of the executive Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract that is not determinable by the Company within one year without the payment of compensation (other than statutory compensation).

According to the terms of the service agreements entered into between the Company and the executive Directors, each of the executive Directors will receive a monthly salary which is subject to annual review by the Board and the Remuneration Committee. Each of the executive Directors is also entitled to a discretionary performance bonus as may be determined by the Board upon the recommendation of the Remuneration Committee.

The emoluments of Directors have been determined with reference to the skills, knowledge, involvement in the Company's affairs and the performance of each Director, and to the profitability of the Company and prevailing market conditions during the year.

董事

年內及截至本報告日期的董事如下:

執行董事: 王瑤女士(*主席及總裁)* 金曉琴女士 葉莉盈女士

獨立非執行董事:

吳麗文博士 文耀光先生 唐偉倫先生(別名:唐俊懿)

根據細則第16.18條,王瑤女士及唐偉倫先生將 於下屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,惟彼等均有 資格並願意膺選連任。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13條發出的年度獨立確認書。本公司認為 所有獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

董事服務合約及委任函

執行董事各自就其獲委任為執行董事與本公司 訂立為期三年的服務協議,其後將繼續有效, 直至透過發出不少於六個月的書面通知或按照 服務協議終止為止。

執行董事概無已訂立或擬訂立本公司將於一年 內在毋須作出賠償(法定賠償除外)下不得終止 的服務合約。

根據本公司與執行董事訂立的服務協議條款, 各執行董事將可收取月薪,該等薪金須由董事 會及薪酬委員會進行年度審閱。在薪酬委員會 推薦下,各執行董事亦有權享有董事會可能釐 定的酌情表現花紅。

董事酬金已根據個別董事之才識、知識水平及 參與公司事務之程度及表現,並參照年內公司 之盈利狀況及市場環境而釐定。

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Each of our independent non-executive Directors, Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen, Mr. Tang, Warren Louis and Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick has signed a letter of appointment with the Company and were appointed for a three-year term unless otherwise terminated in accordance with the relevant letter of employment.

DIRECTORS' MATERIAL INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS AND CONTRACTS THAT ARE SIGNIFICANT IN RELATION TO THE COMPANY'S BUSINESS

Save as disclosed in the related party transactions as disclosed in Note 29 of the consolidated financial statements, no other transactions, arrangements and contracts of significance to which the Company's subsidiaries or its parent company was a party and in which a Director and a Director's connected party had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

As at the date of this annual report, none of the Directors nor their respective associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had interests in businesses, which compete or are likely to compete either directly or indirectly, with the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries as required to be disclosed pursuant to the Listing Rules.

Each of Blossom Spring Global Limited ("Blossom Spring") and Ms. Jin Xiaoqin ("Ms. Jin") has provided annual confirmations in respect of the compliance with non-competition undertaking (the "Undertaking") given by them.

The independent non-executive Directors have also reviewed the compliance by each of Blossom Spring and Ms. Jin with the Undertaking during the year ended 31 December 2021. The independent non-executive Directors have confirmed that, as far as they can ascertain, there is no breach by any of Blossom Spring and Ms. Jin of the Undertaking given by them.

各獨立非執行董事(吳麗文博士、唐偉倫先生及 文耀光先生)已與本公司簽訂委任函,任期為三 年,除根據相關委任函的其他方式予以終止外。

董事於對本公司業務屬重大之交易、 安排及合約中的重大權益

除合併財務報表附註29所披露有關關聯方交易 外,董事及其關連方概無於本公司附屬公司或 其母公司所訂立於年終或年內任何時間仍生效 的任何重大交易、安排及合約中擁有直接或間 接重大權益。

董事於競爭業務的權益

於本年報日期,董事及彼等各自的聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)並無於直接或間接與本公司及其附 屬公司業務競爭或可能競爭的業務中擁有根據 上市規則須予披露的權益。

Blossom Spring Global Limited(「Blossom Spring」) 及金曉琴女士(「金女士」)已各自就遵守其所作 出的不競爭承諾(「承諾」)提供年度確認。

獨立非執行董事亦已審閲截至二零二一年十二 月三十一日止年度,Blossom Spring及金女士各 自遵守承諾的情況。獨立非執行董事確認,就 彼等所能確定而言,Blossom Spring及金女士均 並無違反其作出的承諾。

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief biographical details of Directors and senior management are set out on pages 19 to 21 to this annual report.

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE'S INTERESTS AND/OR SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES OF THE COMPANY OR ANY SPECIFIED UNDERTAKING OF THE COMPANY OR ANY OTHER ASSOCIATED CORPORATION

As at 31 December 2021, the interests and short positions of each Director and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of the Securities and Futures Ordinance ("SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 352 of Part XV of the SFO were as follows:

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情

董事及高級管理層簡歷載列於本年報第19至 21頁。

董事及總裁於本公司或本公司任何指 定業務或任何其他相聯法團股份、相 關股份及債權證的權益及/或淡倉

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,董事及總裁各 自於本公司及其相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條 例(「證券及期貨條例」)的股份、相關股份及債 權證中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第352條置存之登記冊的權益或淡 倉載列如下:

於本公司的權益

Name of Director	Capacity	Nature of interest	Number of ordinary shares held	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份	權益性質	所持普通股數目	股本百分比
Ms. Jin 金女士	Interest in a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾ 受控法團權益 ⁽¹⁾	Long position 好倉	300,000,000	75%

Note

Interest in the Company

(1) Blossom Spring is the registered and beneficial owner of these shares. The entire issued share capital of Blossom Spring is held by Ms. Jin. Therefore, Ms. Jin is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Blossom Spring for the purposes of the SFO.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year did the Directors or chief executive of the Company (including their spouse and children under 18 years of age) have any interest in, or had been granted or exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares (or warrants or debentures, if applicable) of the Company, and its other associated corporations which required to be disclosed pursuant to the SFO.

附註:

(1) Blossom Spring 為該等股份的註冊及實益擁有人。 Blossom Spring的全部已發行股本由金女士持有。因此,就證券及期貨條例而言,金女士被視為於Blossom Spring持有的全部股份中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,年內本公司董事或總裁(包 括彼等的配偶及未成年子女)概無於本公司或其 他相聯法團的股份(或認股權證或債權證,如適 用)中擁有根據證券及期貨條例須予披露的任何 權益或獲授或行使可認購股份(或認股權證或債 權證,如適用)的任何權利。

EQUITY-LINKED AGREEMENT

Save for the Share Option Scheme of the Company as set out in this annual report, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year ended 31 December 2021.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2021, so far as is known to the Directors or chief executive of the Company, the following persons other than a Director or chief executive of the Company had an interest or a short position in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of Part XV of the SFO:

權益相關協議

除本年報載列的本公司購股權計劃外,截至二 零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團並無 訂立,亦不存在任何權益相關協議。

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份的 權益

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,據本公司董事 或總裁所知悉,除本公司董事或總裁外,下列 人士於本公司股份及相關股份中,擁有須登記 於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第336條 置存的登記冊的權益或淡倉:

公司董事或總裁外,概無其他人士於本公司股

份或相關股份中,擁有須登記於本公司根據證

券及期貨條例第336條置存的登記冊的權益或淡

倉。

Name of Director	Capacity	Nature of interest		Number of ordinary shares held	% of issued share capital of the Company 佔本公司已發行
董事姓名	身份	權益性質		所持普通股數目	股本百分比
Blossom Spring ⁽¹⁾	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	Long positi 好倉	on	300,000,000	75%
Mr. Wong Tai Wai ⁽²⁾ 王大威先生 ⁽²⁾	Interest of spouse 配偶權益	Long positi 好倉	on	300,000,000	75%
Notes:			附註	E :	
	(1) The entire issued share capital of Blossom Spring is held by Ms. Jin. By virtue of the SF Ms. Jin is deemed to be interested in all the shares held by Blossom Spring.		(1)	Blossom Spring的全部已發行. 證券及期貨條例,金女士被移 的全部股份中擁有權益。	
	e spouse of Ms. Jin. By virtue of the SFO, d in the same number of shares in which M		(2)	王大威先生為金女士的配偶 王大威先生被視為於金女士补 目股份中擁有權益。	
Save as disclosed herein, as at 31 December 2021, there was no other person so far known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company				本年報所披露者外,於 十一日,據本公司董事或	

person so far known to the Directors or chief executives of the Company, other than the Directors or chief executives of the Company as having an interest or a short position in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under section 336 of the SFO.

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

Save for employment contracts, no contracts concerning the management and administrative of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the year.

MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's top five customers accounted for approximately 20.6% of total revenue and the Group's single largest customer accounted for approximately 7.7% of total revenue.

All the Group's top five customers were independent third parties. To the best of their knowledge, information and belief, none of the Group, its Directors, members of senior management, and their respective associates and Shareholders who own more than 5% of the issued shares, had any interest in or financial or business relationship with any of the Group's top five customers during the year.

The Group had no major supplier due to the nature of principal activities of the Group.

CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

The related party transactions entered into by the Group during the year ended 31 December 2021 as disclosed in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements constituted fully exempted connected transactions under the Listing Rules.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDER'S INTEREST IN CONTRACTS

No contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which the Group's controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

There were no contract of significance for the provision of services to the Company or any of its subsidiaries by the Company's controlling shareholder or any of its subsidiaries during the year.

管理合約

除僱傭合約外,年內,本公司並無就其整體或 任何重要部分業務的管理及行政事宜訂立或訂 有任何合約。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團五大客戶佔總收入約20.6%及本集團的單一最 大客戶佔總收入約7.7%。

本集團五大客戶均為獨立第三方。據彼等所 知、所悉及所信,於年內,本集團、董事、高 級管理層成員及彼等各自的聯繫人及擁有本公 司5%以上已發行股份的股東概無於本集團任何 五大客戶中擁有任何權益或與其擁有任何財務 或業務關係。

由於本集團主要業務的性質,本集團並無主要 供應商。

關連交易

合併財務報表附註29所披露本集團於截至二零 二一年十二月三十一日止年度之關聯方交易構 成根據上市規則之全面豁免關連交易。

控股股東於合約的權益

本集團控股股東或其任何附屬公司概無於本公 司或其任何附屬公司所訂立於年終或年內任何 時間仍生效且與本集團業務有關的任何重大合 約中擁有直接或間接重大權益。

年內並無就本公司的控股股東或其任何附屬公 司向本公司或其任何附屬公司提供服務而訂立 任何重要合約。

PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

Appropriate Directors' liability insurance has been arranged to indemnify the Directors for liabilities arising out of corporate activities. The coverage and the sum insured under the policy are reviewed annually. Further, the Company's Articles of Association provide that Directors are entitled to be indemnified out of the Company's assets against claims from third parties in respect of certain liabilities.

The Company has taken out and maintained appropriate insurance cover in respect of potential legal actions against its Directors and officers.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, it is confirmed that there is sufficient public float of at least 25% of the Company's issued shares as at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this annual report (being 20 April 2022).

BUSINESS REVIEW

Additional information of business review and the relationship between the Group and key stakeholders is set out on pages 7 to 18 under the section "Management Discussion and Analysis" of this annual report, which forms part of this directors' report.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE

The Group is committed to strive for environmental sustainability, and minimising its environmental impact from operations.

Further information on the Group's environmental issues are detailed in the "Environmental, Social and Governance Report" on pages 44 to 61 to this annual report.

經批准彌償撥備

本公司已為各董事購買適當之董事責任保險, 以保障彼等因企業經營活動而引起之賠償責 任,有關保障範圍及投保金額會每年進行檢 討。此外,本公司組織章程細則規定,倘董事 就若干責任遭第三方提出申索,彼等有權自本 公司資產中獲得彌償。

本公司已就有關其董事及高級人員的潛在法律 訴訟安排及維持適當的保險。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可取得的公開資料及據董事所知, 確認本公司於本年報刊發前的最後實際可行日 期(即二零二二年四月二十日)擁有佔本公司已 發行股份最少25%的充足公眾持股量。

業務回顧

業務回顧及本集團與主要利益相關人士的關係 的其他資料載於年報第7至18頁構成本董事會報 告一部分的「管理層討論及分析」一節。

環境政策及表現

本集團致力於環境可持續發展,並盡量減少營 運對環境的影響。

有關本集團環境事宜的進一步資料詳見本年報 第44至61頁的「環境、社會及管治報告」。

Report of the Directors (Continued) 董事會報告(續)

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

As far as the Board and management are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Subsequent to the end of the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and up to the date of this annual report, there was no other significant or important event that affects the business of the Group.

AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PWC") has resigned as the auditor of the Company with effect from 10 August 2021 as the Company was unable to reach an agreement with PWC on the audit fee for FY2021. BDO Limited was appointed as the auditor of the Company with effect from 10 August 2021 to fill the casual vacancy following the resignation of PWC and to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company.

The financial statements for FY2021 have been audited by BDO Limited. A resolution to re-appoint BDO Limited as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

On behalf of the Board Wang Yao Chairman Hong Kong, 29 March 2022

遵守法律及法規

就董事會及管理層所知,本集團已於各重大方 面遵守對本集團業務及營運造成重大影響的相 關法律及法規。

報告期後事項

於截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止財政年度 結束後及直至本年報日期,概無任何其他影響 本集團業務的重大或重要事項。

核數師

由於本公司與羅兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵 咸永道」)未能就二零二一財政年度的審核費用 達成協議,羅兵咸永道已辭任本公司核數師, 自二零二一年八月十日起生效。香港立信德豪 會計師事務所有限公司已獲任為本公司核數 師,自二零二一年八月十日起生效,以填補羅 兵咸永道辭任後的臨時空缺,並會一直出任, 直至本公司下屆股東週年大會為止。

二零二一財政年度的財務報表已由香港立信德 豪會計師事務所審計。本公司擬於應屆股東週 年大會上提呈一項決議案,以續聘香港立信德 豪會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

代表董事會 主席 王瑤 香港,二零二二年三月二十九日

環球信貸集團有限公司 2021 年報

Independent Auditor's Report

獨立核數師報告



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TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GLOBAL INTERNATIONAL CREDIT GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively the "Group") set out on pages 79 to 159, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (the "HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the "HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" (the "Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

25th Floor Wing On Centre 111 Connaught Road Central Hong Kong

香港干諾道中111號 永安中心25樓

致環球信貸集團有限公司股東

(於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司)

意見

我們已審計環球信貸集團有限公司(以下簡稱 [貴公司])及其附屬公司(以下統稱[貴集團]) 列載於第79至159頁的合併財務報表,包括:於 二零二一年十二月三十一日的合併財務狀況表 及截至該日止年度的合併綜合收益表、合併權 益變動表及合併現金流量表以及合併財務報表 附註,包括主要會計政策概要。

我們認為,合併財務報表已根據香港會計師公 會(「香港會計師公會」)所頒佈的《香港財務報 告準則》(「香港財務報告準則」)真實而中肯地 反映了貴集團於二零二一年十二月三十一日的 合併財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的合併財務 表現及合併現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條 例》的披露規定妥為擬備。

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的《香港審計 準則》(「香港審計準則」)進行審計。我們在該 等準則下承擔的責任已在本報告「核數師就審 計合併財務報表承擔的責任」部分中作進一步闡 述。根據《香港會計師公會專業會計師道德守 則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於貴集團, 並已履行守則中的其他專業道德責任。我們相 信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足及適當地為 我們的審計意見提供基礎。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables

Refer to summary of significant accounting policies in Note 2.12, critical estimates, judgements and errors in 4.1(a), disclosure of loans receivable in Note 18 and interest receivables in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's net loans and interest receivables amounted to HK\$774.1 million and HK\$5.6 million, respectively. Provision for impairment assessments of loans and interest receivables under the expected credit loss ("ECL") model amounted to HK\$3.0 million and HK\$0.1 million, respectively.

Management assessed the provision for impairment of loans and interest receivables based on the estimation of ECL under a "three-stage" model. In developing the loss allowance of loans and interest receivables, management use judgement in making the assumptions about the probability of default and loss given default with reference to the historical delinquency ratio of loans portfolio, collateral values and current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors.

We have identified impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables as a key audit matter due to the carrying amount of loans and interest receivables is significant to the consolidated financial statements and the management's impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables require the use of significant judgements and estimates.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認為對 本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要的事項。這 些事項是在我們審計整體合併財務報表及出具 意見時進行處理的。我們不會對這些事項提供 單獨的意見。

應收貸款及利息的減值評估

請參閱合併財務報表附註2.12的重大會計政策 概要、附註4.1(a)的關鍵估計、判斷及錯誤、附 註18的應收貸款披露資料及附註19的應收利息。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,貴集團的應 收貸款及利息淨額分別為774,100,000港元及 5,600,000港元。根據預期信貸虧損(「預期信貸 虧損」)模式,就貸款及應收利息的減值評估作 出撥備分別3,000,000港元及100,000港元。

管理層根據「三階段」模型下的預期信貸虧損估 計評估該等應收款項的減值撥備。在編製應收 貸款及利息的虧損撥備時,管理層經參考貸款 組合的過往拖欠比率、抵押品價值及有關宏觀 經濟因素的現有及前瞻性資料,使用判斷對違 約概率及違約損失率程度作出假設。

我們將應收貸款及利息的減值評估識別為一項 關鍵審計事項乃由於應收貸款及利息的賬面值 對合併財務報表屬重大,而管理層對應收貸款 及利息的減值評估須運用重大判斷及估計。

Our response:

Our procedures in relation to management's impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables included:

- understood, evaluated and validated the control over impairment assessment of loans and interest receivables, which related to management's identification of events that triggered the significant increase in credit risk of loans and interest receivables and events of default;
- carried out procedures, on a sample basis, to test the existence and accuracy of the aging of loans and interest receivables as at the reporting date;
- checked the valuation methodology and approach adopted by management in the ECL assessment;
- evaluated the appropriateness of the key assumptions, such as delinquency ratio and collateral values used in assessing the ECL based on the historical data as well as market economic data; and
- re-performed management's calculation of loss allowance under ECL model which grouped together all the receivables with similar risk characteristics and based on the probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default.

OTHER MATTER

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements on 30 March 2021.

OTHER INFORMATION IN THE ANNUAL REPORT

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

我們的回應:

我們就管理層對應收貸款及利息的減值評估的 程序包括:

- 瞭解、評估並核證對應收貸款及利息減值
 評估的控制,其涉及管理層所確認觸發應
 收貸款及利息信貸風險大幅增加的事項以
 及違約事項;
- 以抽樣方式執行程序,以測試應收貸款及 利息於報告日期的賬齡存續及準確性;
- 檢查管理層於預期信貸虧損評估中所使用
 的估值方法;
- 評估主要假設的適當性,如基於過往數據
 以及市場經濟數據評估預期信貸虧損所用
 拖欠率及抵押品價值;及
- 重新執行管理層對預期信貸虧損模式下虧 損撥備的計算方法,其將所有風險特徵相 近的應收款項組合一起並根據違約概率、 違約風險及違約損失率程度進行。

其他事項

貴集團截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 的合併財務報表由另一核數師審計,該核數師 於二零二一年三月三十日就該等報表發表未經 修訂意見。

年報其他資料

董事須對其他資料負責。其他資料包括貴公司 年報內的所有資料,但不包括合併財務報表及 我們的核數師報告。

我們對合併財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他資料,我們亦不對該等其他資料發表任何形式的 鑒證結論。

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard. 結合我們對合併財務報表的審計,我們的責任 是閱讀其他資料,在此過程中,考慮其他資料 是否與合併財務報表或我們在審計過程中所了 解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤 陳述的情況。基於我們已執行的工作,如果我 們認為其他資料存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要 報告該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are also responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process. The Audit Committee assists the directors in discharging their responsibility in this regard.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

董事就合併財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會所頒佈的《香港 財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》的披露規定 擬備真實而中肯的合併財務報表,並對其認為 為使合併財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯 誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

在擬備合併財務報表時,董事負責評估貴集團 持續經營的能力,並在適用情況下披露與持續 經營有關的事項,以及使用持續經營為會計基 礎,除非董事有意將貴集團清盤或停止經營, 或別無其他實際的替代方案。

董事亦須負責監督貴集團的財務報告過程。審 核委員會須負責協助董事監督貴集團的財務報 告過程。

核數師就審計合併財務報表承擔的責任

我們的目標,是對合併財務報表整體是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取 得合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報 告。本報告是根據聘用條款,僅向整體股東報 告。除此以外,本報告不可用作其他用途。我 們概不就本報告的內容,向任何其他人士負責 或承擔法律責任。

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香 港審計準則進行的審計,在某一重大錯誤陳述 存在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤 引起,如果合理預期它們單獨或滙總起來可能 影響合併財務報表使用者依賴合併財務報表所 作出的經濟決定,則有關的錯誤陳述可被視作 重大。

在根據香港審計準則進行審計的過程中,我們 運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。我們 亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致合併財 務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及 執行審計程序以應對這些風險,以及獲取 充足和適當的審計憑證,作為我們意見的 基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄 意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之 上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯 誤陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導致 的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
 - 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審計程序,但目的並非對貴集團內部控 制的有效性發表意見。
 - 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及作出 會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者注意合併財務報表中的相關披露。假若有關的披露不足,則我們應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能導致貴集團不能持續經營。

- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

- 評價合併財務報表的整體列報方式、結構 和內容,包括披露,以及合併財務報表是 否中肯反映交易和事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務資料獲 取充足、適當的審計憑證,以便對合併財 務報表發表意見。我們負責貴集團團審計 的方向、監督和執行。我們為審計意見承 擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與負責管治人員溝通了計 劃的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何重大 缺陷。

我們還向負責管治人員提交聲明, 説明我們已 符合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求, 並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立 性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適用的情況 下, 相關的防範措施。

從與負責管治人員溝通的事項中,我們確定哪 些事項對本期合併財務報表的審計最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數師報告中 描述這些事項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露 這些事項,或在極端罕見的情況下,如果合理 預期在我們報告中溝通某事項造成的負面後果 超過產生的公眾利益,我們決定不應在報告中 溝通該事項。

BDO Limited Certified Public Accountants

Tsui Ka Che, Norman Practising Certificate No.: P05057

Hong Kong, 29 March 2022

香港立信德豪會計師事務所有限公司 執業會計師

徐家賜 執業證書編號:P05057

香港,二零二二年三月二十九日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

合併綜合收益表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		Notes 附註	截至 <u>十一月三十</u> - 2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元	-日正年度 2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Revenue	收入	6	85,981	103,277	
Other income	其他收入	6	4	1,331	
Administrative expenses	行政開支	7	(23,002)	(24,449)	
Reversal of impairment losses – net	撥回減值虧損-淨額	8	280	1,523	
Finance costs	財務成本	10	(355)	(5,092)	
Profit before income tax	除利得税前溢利		62,908	76,590	
ncome tax expense	利得税開支	11 _	(10,388)	(12,425)	
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable to owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔年內 溢利及綜合收入總額	-	52,520	64,165	
Earnings per share attributable to owners of the Company – Basic and diluted	本公司擁有人應佔每股盈利 一基本及攤薄				
(expressed in HK cents per share)	(以每股港仙呈列)	12	13.1	16.0	

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併綜合收益表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

合併財務狀況表

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
			2021	2020	
			二零二一年	二零二零年	
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		附註	千港元	千港元	
ASSETS	資產				
Non-current assets	非流動資產				
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	354	270	
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15(a)	7,915	1,362	
Loans receivable	應收貸款	18	454,246	357,652	
Deferred income tax assets	遞延利得税資產	23	620	676	
Deposits	按金	21 _	1,480	-	
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	_	464,615	359,960	
Current assets	流動資產	10		204227	
Loans receivable	應收貸款	18	319,863	384,237	
Interest receivables	應收利息	19	5,554	7,143	
Repossessed assets	經收回資產 至付款項 - 坎会及其他應收	20	7,293	-	
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他應收 款項	21	6,841	7,315	
Pledged deposit		21 22(b)	18,962	7,313	
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	22(D) 22(a)	82,330	132,835	
Cash and Cash equivalents	坑亚闪坑亚寸俱彻	ZZ(d)	02,330	152,033	
Total current assets	流動資產總值	_	440,843	538,964	
Total assets	資產總值	_	905,458	898,924	
EQUITY	權益				
Equity attributable to owners	^准 血 本公司擁有人應佔權益				
of the Company					
Share capital	股本	27	4,000	4,000	
Reserves	儲備	28	851,461	837,341	
Total aquity	權益總額		055 461	041 741	
Total equity	惟血総祖	-	855,461	841,341	

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued) 合併財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	
		Notes	—————— HK\$′000	— '₹' — '₹' + HK\$'000	
		附註	千港元	千港元	
LIABILITIES Non-current liability	負債 非流動負債				
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15(a)	3,448	_	
Total non-current liability	非流動負債總額	-	3,448	-	
Current liabilities	流動負債				
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	24	3,435	3,277	
Tax payable	應付税項		2,615	4,169	
Bank loans	銀行貸款	25	35,900	48,700	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15(a)	4,599	1,437	
Total current liabilities	流動負債總額	_	46,549	57,583	
Total liabilities	負債總額	_	49,997	57,583	
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		905,458	898,924	

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

上述合併財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。

The consolidated financial statements on pages 79 to 159 were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2022 and were signed on its behalf.

列載於第79至159頁的合併財務報表已由董事會 於二零二二年三月二十九日批准刊發,並由以 下董事代表簽署。

Ms. Wang Yao 王瑤女士 *Director 董事*

Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

合併權益變動表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔				
			Share capital 股本 HK\$'000 千港元	Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2020 Total comprehensive	於二零二零年一月一日的結餘 年度綜合收入總額		4,000	122,176	390,621	269,579	786,376
income for the year			-	-	-	64,165	64,165
Transactions with owners Final dividend relating to 2019	與擁有人的交易 有關二零一九年的末期股息	13	-	-	-	(9,200)	(9,200)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額, 直接於權益確認	_	-	-	-	(9,200)	(9,200)
Balance at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日的結餘	_	4,000	122,176	390,621	324,544	841,341
Balance at 1 January 2021 Total comprehensive	於二零二一年一月一日的結餘 年度綜合收入總額		4,000	122,176	390,621	324,544	841,341
income for the year			-	-	-	52,520	52,520
Transactions with owners	與擁有人的交易						
Final dividend relating to 2020	有關二零二零年的末期股息	13	-	-	-	(25,600)	(25,600)
Special dividend relating to 2020	有關二零二零年的特別股息		-	-	-	(12,800)	(12,800)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額 [,] 直接於權益確認	_	-	-	-	(38,400)	(38,400)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日的結餘		4,000	122,176	390,621	338,664	855,461

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in 上述合併權益變動表應與隨附附註一併閱覽。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

合併現金流量表

For the year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度

			Year ended 31 D 截至十二月三十-	
			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Notes	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		附註	千港元	千港元
	<u> </u>	113 8		1,2,0
Cash flows from operating activities Cash (used in)/ generated from operations	經營活動現金流量 經營業致(低田)/低斎仕田今	26(a)	(59,198)	181,408
Loan interest received	已收貸款利息	20(a)	87,619	102,615
Interest paid	已仅貢派內念 已付利息		(75)	(4,877)
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid, net	已付香港利得税淨額		(11,886)	(29,147)
Hong Kong Hones Tax para, her		-	(11)000)	(20,117)
Net cash generated from	經營活動所產生現金淨額			
operating activities	社员们到川庄工艺业厅限		16,460	249,999
- p - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-	,	,
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動現金流量			
Purchase of property, plant and	購買物業、廠房及設備			
equipment			(352)	(8)
Bank interest received	已收銀行利息		4	36
		-		
Net cash (used in)/generated from	投資活動所(用)/產生現金			
investing activities	淨額		(348)	28
		-		
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動現金流量			
Proceeds from bank and other borrowings			122,900	48,700
Repayment of bank and other borrowings			(135,700)	(176,891)
Lease payments	租賃付款		(3,889)	(4,281)
Increase in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款增加		(11,528)	(5,721)
Dividend paid to the equity holders	已付當時權益持有人股息	-	(38,400)	(9,200)
	动次活动的田田人河南			(4.47.202)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額	-	(66,617)	(147,393)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and	現金及現金等價物			102 (24
cash equivalents	(減少)/增加淨額		(50,505)	102,634
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	年初現金及現金等價物			
of the year			132,835	30,201
		-		
Cash and cash equivalents at end	年末現金及現金等價物			
of the year			82,330	132,835
,			-	

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in 上述合併現金流量表應用隨附附註一併閲覽。 conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 合併財務報表附註

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Global International Credit Group Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 20 January 2014 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law, Cap 22 (Law 3 of 1961, as consolidated and revised), of the Cayman Islands. The address of the Company's registered office is P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands.

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are principally engaged in the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong.

The immediate holding company of the Company is Blossom Spring Global Limited ("Blossom Spring"), a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands ("BVI"). The directors of the Company (the "Directors") regard Blossom Spring as the ultimate holding company of the Company.

The Company has its listing on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$'000"), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors for issue on 29 March 2022.

1 一般資料

環球信貸集團有限公司(「本公司」)於二零 一四年一月二十日根據開曼群島法律第22 章《公司法》(一九六一年第三號法例,經 綜合及修訂)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁 免有限公司。本公司的註冊辦事處地址為 P.O. Box 309, Ugland House, Grand Cayman, KY1-1104, Cayman Islands。

本公司及其附屬公司(「本集團」)主要於香 港從事提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款的貸 款業務。

本公司直接控股公司為Blossom Spring Global Limited(「Blossom Spring」,為於英 屬處女群島(「英屬處女群島」)註冊成立 的公司。本公司董事(「董事」)視Blossom Spring為本公司的最終控股公司。

本公司在香港聯合交易所有限公司上市。

除另有註明者外,此等合併財務報表以千 港元(「千港元」)呈列。此等合併財務報表 於二零二二年三月二十九日獲董事會批准 刊發。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

This note provides a list of the significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated. The consolidated financial statements are for the Group consisting of Global International Credit Group Limited and its subsidiaries.

2.1 Basis of preparation

(i) Compliance with HKFRS and HKCO

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") and requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622 ("HKCO").

(ii) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared on a historical cost basis.

(iii) Relevant amendments to existing standards adopted by the Group

The Group has applied the following amendments to standards for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 January 2021:

- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39, HKFRS 7, HKFRS 4 and HKFRS 16, interest rate benchmark reform – phase 2
- Amendment to HKFRS 16, Covid–19 related rent concessions beyond 30 June 2021

2 重大會計政策概要

本附註提供編製該等合併財務報表時所採納之主要會計政策清單。除另有説明外, 該等政策於所有呈報年度貫徹應用。合併 財務報表乃為本集團(由環球信貸集團有 限公司及其附屬公司組成)編製。

2.1 編製基準

(i) 遵守香港財務報告準則及香港公 司條例

本集團之合併財務報表乃根據香 港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告 準則」)及香港公司條例(第622 章)(「香港公司條例」)的規定編 製。

(ii) 歷史成本法 本集團之合併財務報表已按歷史 成本基準編製。

(iii) 本集團採納的現有準則的相關修 訂

本集團於其自二零二一年一月一 日開始的年度報告期間首次應用 下列準則的修訂本:

- 香港財務報告準則第9號、
 香港會計準則第39號、香港財務報告準則第7號、香港財務報告準則第4號及香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本),利率基準改革一第2階段
- 香港財務報告準則第16號 (修訂本),二零二一年六月 三十日之後的Covid-19相關 租金寬減

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(iii) Relevant amendments to existing standards adopted by the Group (Continued)

The amendments listed above did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

(iv) New and amended standards and interpretations not yet adopted

Certain new and amended accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 December 2021 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group. These new and amended standards and interpretations are not expected to have a material impact on the Group in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2.2 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group (refer to Note 2.3).

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group. 重大會計政策概要(續)

大影響。

2.1 編製基準(續)

2

- (iii) 本集團採納的現有準則的相關修 訂(續) 上述羅列的修訂本對過往期間所 確認的金額並無任何影響,且預 計不會對當前或未來期間產生重
- (iv) 尚未採納的新訂及經修訂準則及 詮釋

本集團尚未提早採納並非於二零 二一年十二月三十一日報告期間 強制執行的已公佈若干新訂及經 修訂會計準則及詮釋。該等新訂 及經修訂準則及詮釋預期將不會 於目前或未來報告期間對本集團 及對可見未來的交易造成重大影響。

2.2 綜合原則及權益會計法 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團對其有控制權的所 有實體(包括結構性實體)。本集團對 實體有控制權,是指本集團因參與該 實體的營運而獲得或有權享有其可變 回報,並能夠運用其指導實體活動的 權力影響上述回報。附屬公司在控制 權轉移至本集團當日悉數合併入賬。 附屬公司在控制權終止之日起停止合 併入賬。

本集團的業務合併使用收購會計法入 賬(參照附註2.3)。

集團內公司間交易、結餘及集團公司 間交易的未變現收益均予以抵銷。未 變現虧損亦會對銷,除非該交易有證 據顯示所轉讓資產出現減值則作別 論。附屬公司的會計政策已按需要變 更,以確保與本集團所採納政策貫徹 一致。

2

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Business combinations

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for all business combinations, regardless of whether equity instruments or other assets are acquired. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the:

- fair values of the assets transferred
- liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquired business
- equity interests issued by the Group
- fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement; and
- fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

2.4 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

2.5 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decisionmaker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive Directors of the Company that make strategic decisions.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.3 業務合併

所有業務合併均以收購會計法入賬, 無論所收購者為權益工具或其他資 產。收購一間附屬公司所轉讓的代價 包括:

- 所轉讓資產的公平值
- 所收購業務先前擁有人產生的負債
- 本集團發行的股權
- 或然代價安排產生的任何資產或 負債的公平值,及
- 任何先前存在的附屬公司股權的 公平值。

除有限例外情況外,於業務合併收購 的可識別資產以及承擔的負債及或然 負債,初步按收購日期的公平值計 量。

收購相關成本於產生時支銷。

2.4 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本值扣除減值 入賬。成本包括投資的直接應佔成 本。附屬公司的業績在本公司賬目內 按已收及應收股息入賬。

2.5 分部報告

經營分部的呈報方式與向主要經營決 策者所提供的內部呈報一致。主要經 營決策者負責分配資源及評估經營分 部表現,並已被確定為本公司的執行 董事,制訂策略性決策。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.6 Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), which is Global International Credit Group Limited's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. They are deferred in equity if they relate to qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges or are attributable to part of the net investment in a foreign operation.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, within finance costs.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on these non-monetary items are recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of the fair value gain or loss.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.6 外幣換算

(i) 功能及呈列貨幣 本集團各實體的財務報表所包括 的項目,乃按有關實體經營所在 的主要經濟環境的貨幣(「功能貨 幣」)計量。合併財務報表以環球 信貸集團有限公司的功能及呈列 貨幣港元(「港元」)呈列。

(ii) 交易及結餘

外幣交易以交易當日之匯率換算 為功能貨幣。結算該等交易及按 年末匯率換算以外幣計值之貨幣 資產及負債所產生之匯兑盈虧一 般於合併綜合收益表內確認。倘 彼等與合資格現金流量對沖及合 資格投資淨額對沖有關,或歸屬 於境外業務投資淨額的一部分, 則於權益遞延。

與借貸有關之匯兑盈虧於合併綜 合收益表內「財務成本」呈列。

以公平值計量並以外幣計值之非 貨幣性項目採用公平值確定日期 的匯率換算。該等非貨幣性項目 之匯兑差異於合併綜合收益表內 確認作部分公平值收益或虧損。

2

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.7 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

 Furniture, fixtures and 	4–5years
equipment	
 Leasehold improvements 	Shorter of remaining lease

terms or useful lives

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.8).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.7 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減折舊 列賬。歷史成本包括直接因收購該等 項目而產生的開支。

其後成本僅在本集團可能獲得與該項 目有關的未來經濟利益及該項目的成 本能可靠計量時,計入資產賬面值或 確認為獨立資產(如適用)。作為獨立 資產入賬的任何部分的賬面值於替換 時取消確認。所有其他維修及保養會 於其產生的財政期間在合併綜合收益 表中扣除。

折舊乃使用直線法計算,以於其估計 可使用年期內,分配其成本至剩餘價 值:

- -傢具、裝置及 4至5年 設備
- -租賃物業裝修 餘下租賃期限或可 使用年期兩者中較 短者

資產剩餘價值及可使用年期於各報告 期末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

倘資產賬面值高於其估計可收回金 額,則該資產的賬面值即時撇銷至可 收回金額(附註2.8)。

出售盈虧以比較所得款項及賬面值的 方式釐定。其計入合併綜合收益表。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflow which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.9 Investments and other financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income ("OCI") or through profit or loss); and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or OCI. For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.8 非金融資產減值

當有事件發生或情況變動顯示資產賬 面值可能無法收回時,資產須進行減 值測試。減值虧損按資產賬面值超出 其可收回金額的差額確認。可收回金 額為資產公平值減出售成本和使用價 值兩者之中較高者。就評估資產減值 而言,本集團按個別可識別現金流入 (通常獨立於其他資產或資產組別(現 金產生單位)之現金流入)的最低水平 劃分資產類別。除商譽外,已蒙受減 值的非金融資產在各報告期末就是否 可以撥回減值進行檢討。

2.9 投資及其他金融資產

(i) 分類

本集團按以下的計量類別將其金 融資產分類:

- 其後按公平值計量(不論計 入其他綜合收益(「其他全 面收益」)或計入損益);及
- 按攤銷成本計量。

分類取決於公司管理金融資產的 業務模式及現金流量的合約年 期。

就按公平值計量的資產而言,收 益及虧損將於損益或其他全面收 益列賬。就並非持作買賣的股本 工具投資而言,將取決於本集團 是否於初始確認時作出不可撤回 選擇,將股本投資以按公平值計 入其他綜合收益計量(「按公平值 計入其他綜合收益」)入賬。

本集團當且僅當管理該等資產的 業務模式改變時重新分類債務投 資。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

(iii) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

 Amortised cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(ii) 確認及終止確認

常規購入及出售的金融資產於交 易日期(即本集團承諾買賣該資 產之日期)予以確認。倘從金融 資產收取現金流量之權利已到期 或經已轉讓,而本集團已將其擁 有權之絕大部分風險及回報轉讓 時,則會終止確認金融資產。

(iii) 計量

初始確認時,本集團按金融資產 之公平值加(倘並非按公平值計 入損益(「按公平值計入損益」)之 金融資產)直接歸屬於收購金融 資產之交易成本計量。按公平值 計入損益列賬之金融資產之交易 成本於損益內支銷。

債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於本集 團管理資產之業務模式及該等資 產的現金流量特徵。本集團將其 債務工具分類為三種計量類別:

 攤銷成本:倘持有資產旨 在收取合約現金流量,而 該等資產的現金流量純粹 為本金及利息付款,量。 資產按攤銷成本計量。 按攤銷成本訂量。 按攤銷成本訂量。 資產其後採用實際利率法。 當資產終止確認、 當資時,收益及虧損於損 益確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

- FVOCI: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/(losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/(losses) and impairment gains or losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.
- FVPL: Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/(losses) in the period in which it arises.

The Group's financial assets held during the year are all debt instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, pledge deposits, loans receivable, interest receivables, deposit and other receivables which are all being classified as to be measured at amortised cost. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續) *債務工具(續)*

按公平值計入其他綜合收 益: 倘持有資產目的為收 取合約現金流量及銷售金 融資產,且資產的現金流 量純粹為本金及利息付 款,則按公平值計入其他 综合收益計量。賬面值變 動計入其他全面收益,惟 減值收益或虧損、利息收 入及匯兑收益或虧損於損 益中確認。於終止確認金 融資產時,先前於其他全 面收益確認的累計收益或 虧損自權益重新分類至 損益並於其他收益/(虧 損)確認。該等金融資產 所產生利息收入乃使用實 際利率法計入財務收入。 匯兑收益及虧損於其他收 益/(虧損)呈列,而減值 損益在合併全面收益表中 呈列為獨立項目。

 按公平值計入損益:不符 合攤銷成本或按公平值計 入其他綜合收益標準的資 產乃以按公平值計入損益 計量。隨後按公平值計入 損益的債務投資的損益於 其產生期間在損益中確認 並在其他收益/(虧損)中 呈列為淨值。

本集團於年內持有的金融資產均 為債務工具,包括現金及現金等 價物、已抵押存款、應收貸款、 應收利息,按金及其他應收款 項、均分類為按攤銷成本計量。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iii) Measurement (Continued)

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in OCI, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value. Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognised in other gains/(losses) in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as applicable.

(iv) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit loss ("ECL") associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost.

The Group recognises a loss allowance for such losses at each reporting date. The measurement of ECL reflect:

- An unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- The time value of money; and
- Reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iii) 計量(續)

股本工具 本集團隨後就所有股本投資按公 平值計量。當本集團管理層已選 擇於其他全面收益呈列股本投資 的公平值收益及虧損,公平值收 益及虧損於終止確認投資後不會 重新分類至損益。該等投資的股 息於本集團收取款項的權利確立 時繼續於損益確認為其他收入。

按公平值計入其他綜合收益計 量的股本投資的減值虧損(及減 值虧損撥回)不會因公平值其他 變動而分開列報。按公平值計 入損益的金融資產公平值變動 於合併全面收益表確認為其他收 益/(虧損)(按適用情況)。

(iv) 減值

本集團對有關其按攤銷成本列賬 之債務工具的預期信貸虧(「預期 信貸虧損」)損進行前瞻性評估。

本集團於各報告日期確認該等虧 損的虧損撥備。預期信貸虧損的 計量反映:

- 經評估一系列可能結果而
 釐定的公正及概率加權金
 額;
- 貨幣時間價值;及
- 於報告日期毋須付出不必 要的成本或工作而可獲得 有關過往事件、目前狀況 及未來經濟狀況預測的合 理及支持資料。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.9 Investments and other financial assets (Continued)

(iv) Impairment (Continued)

Note 3.1(b) provides more details of how the ECL allowance is measured.

Loans receivable and interest receivables of the Group are classified as debt investments carried at amortised cost and are subject to the ECL model.

While cash and cash equivalents, pledged deposit and deposits and other receivables are also subject to the impairment assessment requirements of HKFRS 9, the identified impairment loss was immaterial.

2.10 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair value.

2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the consolidated statement of financial position where the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Company has also entered into arrangement that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amount to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.9 投資及其他金融資產(續)

(iv) 減值(續)

附註3.1(b)提供更多有關預期信 貸虧損如何計量的詳情。

本集團的應收貸款及應收利息分 類為按攤銷成本列賬的債務投 資,並須採用預期信貸虧損模 式。

儘管現金及現金等價物、已抵押 存款以及按金及其他應收款項亦 須遵守香港財務報告準則第9號 的減值評估規定,但已識別減值 虧損並不重大。

2.10 衍生金融工具

衍生工具初步按衍生合約訂立當日之 公平值評估確認,隨後按其公平值重 新計量。

2.11 抵銷金融工具

當本公司目前擁有法定可執行權力抵 銷已確認金額,並有意按淨額基準結 算或同時變現資產和結算負債時,金 融資產與負債可互相抵銷,並在合 併財務狀況表呈報其淨額。本公司亦 已就不符合抵銷條件但在若干情況下 (例如破產或終止合約)仍獲准抵銷相 關金額之工具訂立安排。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.12 Loans and interest receivables

Loans and interest receivables are property mortgage loans and personal loans granted to customers in the ordinary course of business. If collection of loans and interest receivables are expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Loans and interest receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. The gross carrying amount is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written-off are recognised in "reversal of impairment losses – net" in profit or loss.

2.13 Prepayments, deposits and other receivables

Prepayments, deposits and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment.

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

2.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.16 Other payables

Other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.12 應收貸款及利息

應收貸款及利息為日常業務過程中授 予客戶的物業按揭貸款及私人貸款。 倘應收貸款及利息預期於一年或以內 可收回,則分類為流動資產,否則呈 列為非流動資產。

應收貸款及利息初始按公平值確認, 其後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本減減 值撥備計量。倘合理預期無法收回 時,本集團會部分或全面撇銷總賬面 值。其後收回先前已撇銷之款項於損 益「撥回減值虧損-淨額」內確認。

2.13 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項初始 按公平值確認,其後使用實際利率法 按攤銷成本減減值撥備計量。

2.14 現金及現金等價物

就於合併現金流量表呈列而言,現金 及現金等價物包括手頭現金及於銀行 的活期存款。

2.15 股本

普通股分類為權益。發行新股份直接 應佔的新增成本於權益中呈列為所得 款項扣減(扣除税項)。

2.16 其他應付款項

其他應付款項呈列為流動負債,除非 付款並非於報告期末後12個月內到期 則作別論。其初步按公平值確認,隨 後採用實際利率法按攤銷成本計量。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.17 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.18 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete the asset for its intended use or sales. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sales.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.17 借款

借款初始按公平值扣除所產生的交易 成本確認。借款其後按攤銷成本計 量。所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回 價值之間的任何差額以實際利率法在 借款期間於合併綜合收益表中確認。

在融資可能被部分或全部提取的情況 下,設立貸款融資所支付的費用乃確 認為貸款交易成本。在此情況下,該 費用將遞延至提取貸款發生時。倘並 無跡象顯示可能將部分或全部提取有 關融資,則該費用資本化為流動資金 服務的預付款項,並於其相關融資期 間內予以攤銷。

除非本集團有權無條件將負債結算日 期遞延至報告期末後最少12個月,否 則借款將被劃分為流動負債。

2.18 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、建設或生產合資格 資產之一般及特定借款成本於資產完 成其預定用途或銷售所需的期間撥充 資本。合資格資產指需要經過相當長 時間才能達到預定用途或銷售狀態的 資產。

其他借款成本於產生期間支銷。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable or refundable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company's subsidiaries and associates operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.19 即期及遞延利得税

本期間之利得税開支或抵免指就本期 間應課税收入按各司法權區之適用利 得税税率支付或可退回之税項(就暫 時性差額及未動用税項虧損應佔之遞 延税項資產及負債變動作出調整)。

即期利得税

即期利得税支出根據本公司附屬公司 及聯營公司營運所在及產生應課税收 入的國家於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒 佈的税務法例計算。管理層定期就可 予詮釋的適用税務法規涉及的情況, 評估報税表狀況,並考慮税務機關是 否有可能接受未能確定的税收待遇。 本集團根據最有可能出現的金額或預 期價值(視乎何者能更準確預測不確 定因素的解決方案而定),計量其税 收餘額。

遞延利得税

對於資產及負債的税基與其在合併財 務報表的賬面值之間的暫時性差額, 使用負債法就遞延利得税悉數計提撥 備。然而,若遞延税項負債來自初步 確認商譽,則不予確認。若遞延利得 税來自在交易(不包括業務合併)中對 資產或負債的初步確認,而在交易 不影響會計損益或應課税損益,則 以於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒佈的税 率(及税法)釐定,並預期於變現相關 遞延利得税資產或償還遞延利得税負 債時應用。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.19 Current and deferred income tax (Continued) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

(i) Investment allowances and similar tax incentives

Companies within the Group may be entitled to claim special tax deductions for investments in qualifying assets or in relation to qualifying expenditure. The Group accounts for such allowances as tax credits, which means that the allowance reduces income tax payable and current tax expense. A deferred tax asset is recognised for unclaimed tax credits that are carried forward as deferred tax assets. 重大會計政策概要(續)

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2.19 即期及遞延利得税(續) *遞延利得税(續)*

僅於可能出現可使用該等暫時性差額 及虧損之未來應課税金額時,方會確 認遞延税項資產。

倘實體能夠控制撥回暫時性差額之時 間,且該等差額可能不會於可見將來 撥回,則不會於海外業務之投資賬面 值與税基之間之暫時性差額確認遞延 税項負債及資產。

倘有法定可強制執行權利抵銷即期税 項資產及負債,以及遞延税項結餘與 同一税務機關相關,則抵銷遞延税項 資產及負債。倘實體擁有法定可強制 執行權利抵銷及擬按淨額基準償付或 變現資產及同時償付負債,則抵銷即 期税項資產及税項負債。

除與於其他綜合收益或直接於權益確 認的項目相關外,即期及遞延税項於 損益內確認。於此情況下,税項亦分 別於其他綜合收益或直接於權益確 認。

(i) 投資津貼及類似税務獎勵

本集團旗下公司或有權就合資格 資產或就合資格開支申索特別税 務減免。本集團將該等津貼入賬 為税務抵免,即表示該津貼降低 應付利得税及即期税項開支。遞 延税項資產就作為遞延税項資產 轉結之未申索税務抵免而予以確 認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.20 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The Group has a defined contribution plan for its employees. The Group pays contributions to trusteeadministered pension funds on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employment costs when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(b) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

(c) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.20 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任 本集團為其僱員參與界定供款計 劃。本集團按強制、合約或自願 基準向受託人管理的退休金支付 供款。本集團於支付供款後再無 其他付款責任。供款於到期時確 認為僱傭成本。預付供款確認為 資產,惟以退回現金或可扣減日 後付款金額為限。

(b) 花紅計劃 本集團按計及經若干調整後的本

公司股東應佔溢利的公式確認花 紅負債及開支。本集團就合約責 任或產生推定責任的過往慣例確 認撥備。

(c) **僱員假期權利** 僱員享有的年假乃於向僱員提供

> 年假時確認。已就截至報告期未 因僱員提供的服務所產生年假的 估計負債計提撥備。僱員病假及 產假權利於請假時方予以確認。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the management's best estimate of expenditures required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.21 撥備

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倘本集團現時因過往事件而涉及法律 或推定責任,而可能須以資源流出履 行責任,且能夠可靠地估計金額的情 況下,則確認撥備。概不會就未來經 營虧損確認撥備。

倘有多項類似責任,會整體考慮責任 類別以釐定履行責任時將須耗用的資 源。即使在同一責任類別所涉及任何 一個項目相關流出可能性較低,仍須 確認撥備。

撥備按管理層於報告期末就結算現有 責任所需開支之最佳估計計量。用以 釐定現值之貼現率為反映當時市場對 該負債特有之貨幣時間值及風險之評 估的除税前比率。隨時間流逝而產生 的撥備增加確認為利息開支。

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2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.22 Repossessed assets

There are two types of repossessed assets:

In the recovery of credit-impaired loans and interest receivables, the Group takes ownership and control of the collateral assets (e.g. through court proceedings) for release of the obligations of the borrower. Repossessed assets are classified as noncurrent assets held for sale when they meet the definition of non-current assets held for sale and the recognition criteria under HKFRS 5. Non-current assets held for sale are measured at the lower of fair value less costs of disposal and the carrying amount. The related loans and interest receivables together with the impairment allowances are derecognised from the consolidated statement of financial position upon the recognition of these repossessed assets.

In situation where the Group obtains rights to rent or sell of the underlying collateral assets in the recovery of creditimpaired loans and interest receivables (e.g. through court proceedings) but does not obtain ownership and control of the underlying collateral assets, repossessed assets represent these credit-impaired loans and interest receivables that are not derecognised and continue to be measured at amortised cost less provision for impairment under HKFRS 9.

重大會計政策概要(續)

2.22 經收回資產

收回資產分為兩類:

在收回已信貸減值應收貸款及利息 時,本集團取得抵押資產的所有權及 控制權(例如透過法院訴訟)以解除借 款人的責任。當收回資產符合持作出 售非流動資產的定義及香港財務報告 準則第5號的確認標準時,則分類為 持作出售的非流動資產。持作出售的 非流動資產按公平值減出售成本及賬 面值(以較低者為準)計量。相關應收 貸款及利息連同減值撥備於確認該等 收回資產後於綜合財務狀況表中終止 確認。

在本集團在收回已信貸減值應收貸款 及利息(例如透過法院訴訟)時獲得相 關抵押資產出租或出售之權利但並無 獲得相關抵押資產的所有權及控制權 的情況下,收回資產指未終止確認並 繼續根據香港財務報告準則第9號按 攤銷成本減去減值撥備計量之已信貸 減值應收貸款及利息。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.23 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities.

The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised and accrued using the effective interest method. When a loan and receivable is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loan and receivables is recognised using the original effective interest rate.

2.24 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. The Group allocates the consideration in the contract to the lease and non-lease components based on their relative standalone prices. However, for leases of real estate for which the Group is a lessee, it has elected not to separate lease and nonlease components and instead accounts for these as a single lease component.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.23 收入確認

收入包含本集團日常業務過程中銷售 服務的已收或應收代價的公平值。

本集團於收入金額能夠可靠地計量, 未來經濟利益可能流入實體並已符合 下述本集團各活動的特定條件時確認 收入。

利息收入

利息收入以實際利率法確認及累算。 倘貸款及應收款項出現減值,則本集 團將其賬面值減至可收回金額,即估 計未來現金流量按工具的原實際利率 折現,並繼續解除折現為利息收入。 已減值貸款及應收款項利息收入按原 實際利率確認。

2.24 租賃

租賃於租賃資產可供本集團使用當日 確認為使用權資產及相應負債。

合約可能包含租賃及非租賃部分。本 集團按照租賃及非租賃部分相應的獨 立價格,將合約代價分配至租賃及非 租賃部分。然而,就本集團為承租人 的房地產租賃而言,其選擇將租賃及 非租賃部分視為單一租賃部分,並無 將兩者區分。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.24 Leases (Continued)

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the following lease payments:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable;
- variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable by the Group under residual value guarantees;
- the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option; and
- payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases in the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-ofuse asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions. 2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.24 租賃(續)

租約產生的資產及負債初步以現值計 量。租賃負債包括以下租賃付款的淨 現值:

- 固定付款(包括實質固定付款)減
 任何應收租賃優惠;
- 取決於指數或利率的可變租賃付款(初始於開始日期利用指數或利率計量);
- 本集團根據餘值擔保預期應付的 金額;
- 在本集團合理確定行使採購選擇 權的情況下採購選擇權的行使 價;及
- 支付終止租賃的罰款(倘租賃條款反映本集團正行使該權利)。

根據合理確定延續選擇權支付的租賃 付款亦計入負債計量之內。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含的利率予以 貼現。倘無法釐定該利率(本集團的 租賃一般屬此類情況),則使用承租 人遞增借款利率,即個別承租人在類 似經濟環境中按類似條款、抵押及條 件借入獲得與使用權資產價值類似的 資產所需資金必須支付的利率。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.24 Leases (Continued)

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received; and
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

The Group is exposed to potential future increases in variable lease payments based on an index or rate, which are not included in the lease liability until they take effect. When adjustments to lease payments based on an index or rate take effect, the lease liability is reassessed and adjusted against the right-of-use asset.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the following:

- the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability;
- any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received;
- any initial direct costs; and
- restoration costs.

- 2 重大會計政策概要(續)
 - 2.24 租賃(續)

為釐定遞增借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別承租人 最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點 作出調整以反映自獲得第三方融 資以來融資條件的變動;及
- 進行特定於租約的調整,例如期
 限、國家、貨幣及抵押。

本集團未來可能根據指數或利率增加 可變租賃付款,而有關指數或利率在 生效前不會計入租賃負債。當根據指 數或利率對租賃付款作出的調整生效 時,租賃負債根據使用權資產進行重 新評估及調整。

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間作出 分配。財務成本在租賃期間於損益扣 除,藉以令各期間的負債餘額的期間 利率一致。

使用權資產按成本計量,包括以下各 項:

- 初始計量租賃負債的金額;
- 在開始日期或之前作出的任何租 賃付款減任何已收租賃優惠;
- 任何初步直接成本;及
- 復原成本。

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.24 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life. While the Group revalues its land and buildings that are presented within property, plant and equipment, it has chosen not to do so for the right-of-use buildings held by the Group.

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment and vehicles and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise IT equipment and small items of office furniture.

2.25 Dividend distribution

Provisions is made for the amount of any dividend declared being appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Group, on or before the end of the reporting period but not distributed at the end of the reporting period.

2.26 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate. Note 6 provides further information on how the Group accounts for government grants.

2 重大會計政策概要(續)

2.24 租賃(續)

使用權資產一般按直線基礎以資產可 使用年期或租期(以較短者為準)計 算折舊。倘本集團合理確定行使採購 選擇權,則使用權資產於相關資產的 可使用年期內予以折舊。本集團在對 其土地及樓宇(於物業、廠房及設備 內呈列)重新估值時,已選擇不就本 集團所持有的使用權樓宇行使有關權 利。

與設備及車輛的短期租賃及所有低價 值資產租賃相關的付款以直線法於損 益確認為開支。短期租賃為租賃期12 個月或以下的租賃。低價值資產包括 資訊科技設備及小型辦公家具。

2.25 股息分派

就於報告期間或報告期間結束之前已 宣派但於報告期間結束時尚未分派的 已宣派任何股息(已適當授權及不再 由本集團酌情決定)的款項作出撥備。

2.26 政府補助

政府補助按公平值入賬倘能合理保證 本集團將會收到政府補貼且本集團將 符合所有附帶條件,則有關補助按公 平值確認。

與成本相關的政府補助在有必要使其 與擬補償的成本相符的期間於損益遞 延及確認。附註6列載本集團申請政 府補助的進一步資料。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to various types of financial risks: market risk (including cash flow and fair value interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

(a) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's interest rate risk arises from its loans receivable (Note 18), repossessed assets (Note 20), pledged deposit and cash and cash equivalents (Note 22) and bank loans (Note 25). Pledged deposit, cash and cash equivalents and bank loans are interest bearing at variable rates, and expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk, loans receivable and repossessed assets are interest bearing at fixed rates and expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

As at 31 December 2021, if market interest rates had been 1% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profits would have been approximately HK\$546,000 higher/lower (2020: HK\$765,000 higher/ lower), respectively. 3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

- 本集團的經營令其面臨多項財務風 險:市場風險(包括現金流量及公平 值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動資金 風險。本集團整體風險管理計劃專注 於金融市場的不可預測性,並致力盡 量減低對本集團財務表現的潛在不利 影響。
 - (a) 現金流量及公平值利率風險 於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 本集團的利率風險產生自應收貸 款(附註18)、經收回資產(附註 20)、已抵押存款與現金及現金 等價物(附註22)以及銀行貸款 (附註25)。已抵押存款、現金及 現金等價物以及銀行貸款按浮動 利率計息並為本集團帶來現金流 量利率風險,應收貸款及經收回 資產按固定利率計息並為本集團 帶來公平值利率風險。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日, 倘市場利率上升/下降1%而所 有其他變數保持不變,除税後溢 利將分別增加/減少約546,000 港元(二零二零年:增加/減少 765,000港元)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group's main income generating activity is lending to customers and therefore credit risk is a principal risk.

The Group's credit risk arises from pledged deposit, cash and cash equivalents, loans receivable, interest receivables and deposits and other receivables. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to credit risk are monitored on an ongoing basis. The carrying amounts of these balances represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets which are stated as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險

信貸風險是指客戶或交易對方未 能履行合同義務而導致本集團產 生財務損失的風險。本集團的主 要創收活動是向客戶提供貸款, 因此信貸風險為主要風險。

本集團信貸風險產生自已抵押存 款、現金及現金等價物、應收貸 款、應收利息以及按金及其他應 收款項。管理層已制訂信貸政 策,持續監察該等信貸風險。相 關結餘賬面值即本集團就下述金 融資產而面臨的最大信貸風險:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivable (Note 18) Interest receivables (Note 19) Deposits and other receivables	應收貸款(附註18) 應收利息(附註19) 按金及其他應收款項	774,109 5,554	741,889 7,143
(Note 21)	(附註21)	6,121	6,538
Pledged deposit (Note 22(b)) Cash and cash equivalents (Note 22(a))	已抵押存款(附註22(b)) 現金及現金等價物	18,962	7,434
	(附註22(a))	82,330	132,835
		887,076	895,839

As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all of the Group's pledged deposit and cash at bank are deposited in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, which the Group's management believes are of high credit quality.

於二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日,本集團所有已抵押 存款和銀行現金存於香港的大型 金融機構,本集團管理層相信該 等機構信貸質素優良。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Credit risk management

The Group manages and analyses the credit risk for each of its new and existing customers before standard payment terms and conditions are offered. In particular, the Group manages its credit risk by:

- Ensuring that the Group has appropriate credit risk practices, including an effective system of internal control, to consistently determine adequate allowances in accordance with the Group's stated policies and procedures, HKFRS and relevant supervisory guidance.
- Creating credit policies to protect the Group against the identified risks including the requirements to obtain collateral from borrowers, to perform robust ongoing credit assessment of borrowers and to continually monitor exposures against internal risk limits.
- Limiting concentrations of exposure by type of asset, counterparties, credit rating, geographic location etc..
- If there is no independent rating, risk control assesses the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors.
- Establishing a robust control framework regarding the authorisation structure for the approval and renewal of credit facilities.
- Developing and maintaining the Group's processes for measuring ECL including monitoring of credit risk, incorporation of forward-looking information and the method used to measure ECL.
- Ensuring that the Group has policies and procedures in place to appropriately maintain and validate models used to assess and measure ECL.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續) (i) 信貸風險管理

- 於提供標準的付款條款及條件之 前,本集團會管理及分析其各新 客戶及現有客戶的信貸風險。特 別是,本集團通過以下方式管理 其信用風險:
 - 確保本集團進行恰當的信 用風險管控(包括有效的內 部控制系統在內),根據本 集團規定的政策和程序, 香港財務報告準則及相關 監管指引持續準確的計提 撥備。
 - 制定信貸政策,包括從借款人獲取抵押品,對借款人進行持續信貸評估,以及持續管控內部風險限額風險敞口等,保護本集團免受已識別風險的影響。
 - 按資產類別、交易對手、
 信用評級、地理位置等限
 制風險敞口。
 - 若無獨立評級,則風險控 制會評估客戶信貸質素, 考慮客戶的財務狀況、過 往表現及其他因素。
 - 建立對有關批准及更新貸 款的授權架構的管控體系。
 - 制定和維護本集團計量預 期信貸虧損的流程,包括
 監控信貸風險,納入前瞻
 性資料及衡量預期信貸虧
 損的方法。
 - 確保本集團已制定適當的 政策和程序,得以恰當地 保持並驗證用於預期信貸 虧損的評估及計量模型。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Measurement of ECL

The Group measures loss allowance under HKFRS 9 ECL model. The measure of ECL is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e., the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information.

Generally, the ECL is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at the effective interest rate determined at initial recognition.

Interest income is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on amortised cost of the financial asset.

The key inputs used for measuring ECL are:

- Probability of default (PD);
- Loss given default (LGD); and
- Exposure at default (EAD)

These figures are generally derived from internally developed statistical models and other historical data and they are adjusted to reflect probability-weighted forwardlooking information.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

- **(b)** 信貸風險(續)
- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量
 - 本集團根據香港財務報告準則第 9號預期信貸虧損模式計量虧損 撥備。預期信貸虧損之計量值為 違約概率、違約損失率程度(即 倘發生違約之虧損程度)與違約 風險敞口。違約概率及違約損失 率程度之評估乃根據經前瞻性資 料的過往數據作出調整。

一般而言,預期信貸虧損乃根據 合約應付本集團之所有合約現金 流量與本集團預期收取之所有現 金流量之間的差額估算,並按初 始確認時釐定之實際利率貼現。

利息收入乃根據金融資產之賬面 總值計算,除非該金融資產已作 信貸減值,則在此情況下利息收 入乃根據金融資產之攤銷成本計 算。

用於計量預期信貸虧損的關鍵輸 入數據包括:

- 違約概率(PD);
- 違約損失率(LGD);及
- 違約風險敞口(EAD)

該等數據通常來自內部制定的統 計模型及其他歷史數據,其會進 行調整以反映概率加權的前瞻性 資料。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued) Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- The Group's estimation of probabilities of default to individual group;
- The Group's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a lifetime ECL basis and the qualitative assessment;
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs over determination of the period over which the entity is exposed to credit risk based on the behavioural life of the credit exposures, loss given default and collateral recovery of the credit exposures;
- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as delinquency ratios and collateral values, and the effect on probabilities of default, exposures at default and losses given default; and
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models.

It has been the Group's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary. 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 本集團使用被視為會計判斷及估 計作出的判斷包括:
 - 本集團估計違約機會率分 配予個別組別;
 - 本集團評估信貸風險是否
 已顯著增加致使金融資產
 的撥備應按全期預期信貸
 虧損基準計量及定性評估
 的條件;
 - 制定預期信貸虧損模型,
 包括根據信貸風險行為週期、違約虧損率及收回信貸風險抵押品的情況,釐定公司面對信貸風險的期間所用的多種算式及輸入值選擇;
 - 釐定宏觀經濟情況與經濟 輸入值(如失業水平與抵押 品價值)之間的聯繫性,以 及違約可能性的影響、違 約風險及違約損失;及
 - 選出前瞻性宏觀經濟情況
 及彼等發生的可能性比
 重,將經濟輸入值導入預
 期信貸虧損模型當中。
 - 本集團政策為在實際虧損經驗的 情況下定期檢視其模式,並於有 需要時作出調整。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

The Group categorises the credit quality of its loans receivable and interest receivables according to 3 different stages under the ECL model:

- Stage 1: financial assets without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition where loss allowance is calculated based on 12-month ECL
- Stage 2: financial assets with significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition where loss allowance is calculated based on lifetime ECL
- Stage 3: credit impaired assets where loss allowance is calculated based on lifetime ECL

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 根據預期信貸虧損模型,本集團 根據三個不同階段對應收貸款及 應收利息的信貸質素進行分類:
 - 第一階段:自初始確認後 信貸風險並無顯著增加的 金融資產,其虧損撥備根 據12個月預期信貸虧損計 算
 - 第二階段:自初始確認後 信貸風險顯著增加的金融 資產,其虧損撥備根據全 期預期信貸虧損計算
 - 第三階段:信貸減值資 產,其虧損撥備根據全期 預期信貸虧損計算

信貸風險顯著增加

於評估信貸風險是否自初始確認 以來大幅增加時,本集團比較金 融工具於報告日期發生違約之風 險與該金融工具於初始確認日期 發生違約之風險。在進行有關評 估時,本集團會考慮合理有據之 定世資料,包括過往經驗 及毋須花費過大成本或精力即可 獲得之前瞻性資料。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued) Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly:

- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant decrease in credit rating of the debtor;
- existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtors' ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise. 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

- (ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續)
 信貸風險顯著增加(續)
 具體而言,評估信貸風險是否大
 幅增加時會考慮下列資料:
 - 信貸風險的外界市場指標 之重大惡化,例如債務人 之信貸評級大幅下跌;
 - 預期導致債務人在履行其 債務責任之能力大幅下降 的業務、財務或經濟狀況 之現有或預測不利變動;
 - 債務人經營業績之實際或 預期重大倒退;及
 - 導致債務人在履行其債務 責任之能力大幅下降的監
 管、經濟或技術環境之實
 際或預期重大不利變動。

不論上述評估結果如何,本集團 假定當合約逾期超過30天,則信 貸風險乃自初始確認以來已大幅 增加,除非本集團擁有合理有據 之資料顯示並非如此,則作別 論。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group monitors all financial assets that are subject to impairment requirements to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If there has been a significant increase in credit risk, the Group will measure the loss allowance based on lifetime rather than 12-month ECL.

The Group collects performance and default information about its credit risk exposures and analyses all data collected using statistical model and estimates the remaining lifetime PD of exposures and how these are expected to change over time. The factors taken into account in this process include macro-economic data such as delinquency rate on residential mortgage and residential property price index. The Group generates a 'base case' scenario of the future direction of relevant economic variables as well as a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. The Group then uses these forecasts, which are probability-weighted, to adjust its estimates of PDs.

The Group uses different criteria to determine whether credit risk has increased significantly and the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group has monitoring procedures in place to make sure that the criteria used to identify significant increases in credit are effective, meaning that significant increase in credit risk is identified before the exposure is defaulted or when the asset becomes 30 days past due. The Group performs periodic back-testing of its ratings to consider whether the drivers of credit risk that led to default were accurately reflected in the rating in a timely manner.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 信貸風險顯著增加(續) 本集團對符合減值要求的所有金 融資產進行監控,以評估初始確 認後信貸風險是否顯著增加。倘 信貸風險顯著增加,本集團將根 據全期預期信貸虧損而非12個月 預期信貸虧損進行損失撥備。

> 本集團收集有關其信貸風險敞口 的表現及違約資料,並分析使用 統計模型收集的所有數據以及估 計如何隨時間而變化。在此過程 中考慮的因素包括宏觀經濟嬰 中考處的因素包括宏觀經濟數 來,如住房按揭的拖欠率及住 物業價格指數。本集團生成相關 境,以及其他可能的預測情境的 代表性範圍。本集團其後使用該 等概率加權預測調整其對違約概 率的估計。

> 本集團使用不同的標準釐定信貸 風險是否已顯著增加,且本集 團假設當合約付款逾期超過30日 時,金融資產的信貸風險已自初 始確認以來顯著增加,除非本集 團有合理可作為依據的資料顯示 並非如此則作別論。

> 本集團已制定監控程序,以確保 用於識別信貸顯著增加的標準屬 有效,這意味著在違約風險或資 產到期30天之前可識別信貸風險 的顯著增加。本集團定期對其評 級進行回溯測試,以考慮導致違 約的信貸風險驅動因素是否及時 準確反映於評級中。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Measurement of ECL (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

The Group has controls and procedures in place to identify when the credit risk of an asset improves and the definition of significant increase in credit risk is no longer met. When this is the case the asset may move back to stage 1 from stage 2, subject to payments being up to date and the ability of the borrower to make future payments on time.

Default and credit-impaired

The Group considers that default has occurred when the instrument is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate. In particular, the following qualitative indicators are taken into account in determining the risk of default occurring:

- probable bankruptcy entered by the borrowers; and
- death of the debtor.

Incorporation of forward-looking information

The Group uses forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort in its assessment of significant increase of credit risk as well as in its measurement of ECL. The Group uses internal and external information to generate a 'base case' scenario of future forecast of relevant economic variables along with a representative range of other possible forecast scenarios. The external information used includes economic data and forecasts published by governmental bodies and monetary authorities.

The Group uses multiple scenarios to model the nonlinear impact of assumptions about macroeconomic factors on ECL. The Group applies probabilities to the forecast scenarios identified.

In applying the forward-looking information and probabilities to the forecast scenario identified for assessing the expected credit losses as at 31 December 2021, the Group has taken into account the possible impacts associated with the pandemic and the overall change in economic environment. 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(ii) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 信貸風險顯著增加(續) 本集團已制定監控措施及程序, 以識別資產的信貸風險何時改善 及不再符合信貸風險大幅增加的 定義。於此情況下,資產可能會 由第二階段返回至第一階段,視 乎付款是否截至該日止及借款人 能否按時支付未來款項的能力而 定。

違約及信貸減值

本集團認為,倘有關工具逾期超 過90天,則違約已經發生,除非 本集團擁有合理有據之資料顯示 一項更滞後之違約標準更為合 適,則另作別論。具體而言,於 釐定發生違約的風險時,已考慮 以下定性指標:

- 借方可能破產;及
- 債務人身故。

納入前膽性資料

本集團使用包括無須過多成本或 精力即可獲得的前瞻性資料評估 信貸風險的顯著增加以及預期信 貸虧損的計量。本集團使用外部 和內部資料生成相關經濟變量未 來方向「基本」情境,以及其他 可能的預測情境的代表性範圍。 使用的外部資料包括政府機構和 金融管理局公佈的經濟數據及預 測。

本集團使用多種情境模擬宏觀經 濟因素假設對預期信貸虧損的非 線性影響。本集團將概率應用於 所識別的預測情境。

在對就評估二零二一年十二月 三十一日之預期信貸虧損確定之 預測情境應用前瞻性資料及可能 性時,本集團已考慮疫情及整體 經濟環境變化可能帶來之影響。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk exposure

The credit quality classification of loans receivable and their respective interest receivables and repossessed assets using the Group's ECL model is set out in the table below:

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iii) 信貸風險敞口

根據本集團預期信貸虧損模型, 應收貸款及其各自應收利息以及 經收回資產的信貸質素分類載列 於下表:

		As at 31 December 2021 於二零二一年十二月三十一日			
		Stage 1 12-month ECL 第一階段	Stage 2 Lifetime ECL	Stage 3 Lifetime ECL	Total
		12個月 預期 信貸虧損 HK′000 千港元	第二階段 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$′000 千港元	第三階段 全期預期 信貸虧損 HK\$ [′] 000 千港元	總計 HK\$′000 千港元
Loans receivable Impairment allowance	應收貸款 減值撥備	682,526 (1,311)	87,502 (1,228)	7,079 (459)	777,107 (2,998)
Loans receivable – net of impairment allowance	應收貸款 一扣除減值撥備	681,215	86,274	6,620	774,109
Interest receivables Impairment allowance	應收利息 減值撥備	2,568 (10)	1,853 (25)	1,225 (57)	5,646 (92)
Interest receivables – net of impairment allowance	應收利息 一扣除減值撥備	2,558	1,828	1,168	5,554
Repossessed assets Impairment allowance	經收回資產 減值撥備	-	-	7,486 (193)	7,486 (193)
Repossessed assets – net of impairment allowance	經收回資產 一扣除減值撥備	_	-	7,293	7,293

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED) 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(iii) Credit risk exposure (Continued)

3.1 財務風險因素(續) (b) 信貸風險(續)

(iii) 信貸風險敞口(續)

			As at 31 December 2020 於二零二零年十二月三十一日		
		Stage 1 12-month	Stage 2 Lifetime	Stage 3 Lifetime	
		ECL 第一階段	ECL	ECL	Total
		12個月 預期	第二階段 全期預期	第三階段 全期預期	
		信貸虧損 HK\$′000	信貸虧損 HK\$′000	信貸虧損 HK\$′000	總計 HK\$′000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Loans receivable Impairment allowance	應收貸款 減值撥備	641,510 (1,569)	76,714 (1,104)	27,087 (749)	745,311 (3,422)
Loans receivable – net of impairment allowance	應收貸款 一扣除減值撥備	639,941	75,610	26,338	741,889
Interest receivables Impairment allowance	應收利息 減值撥備	2,326 (17)	2,518 (36)	2,440 (88)	7,284 (141)
Interest receivables – net of impairment allowance	應收利息 一扣除減值撥備	2,309	2,482	2,352	7,143

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(iv) Sensitivity analysis

The allowance for credit losses is sensitive to the inputs used in internally developed models, macroeconomic variables in the forward-looking forecasts, economic scenario weighting and other factors considered when applying management judgment. Changes in these inputs, assumptions and judgments impact the assessment of significant increase in credit risk and the measurement of ECLs.

The following table shows the impact on ECL allowance on loans receivable, interest receivables and repossessed assets as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 by changing individual input.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(iv) 敏感性分析 信貸虧損準備金的計量對內部制 定的模型中使用的參數、前瞻性 預測的宏觀經濟變量、經濟場景 權重以及應用管理層判斷時考慮 的其他因素等是敏感的。該等參 數、假設及判斷的變動將對信貸 風險顯著增加及預期信貸虧損計 量產生影響。

> 下表顯示通過改變個別參數對截 至二零二一年及二零二零年十二 月三十一日的應收貸款、應收利 息及經收回資產的預期信貸虧損 準備金的影響。

Change in input on ECL model	Impact on ECL allowance on loans receivable, interest receivables and repossessed assets 對有關應收貸款、應收利息及經收回資產的
預期信貸虧損模型中的參數變動	預期信貸虧損準備金影響
 Assuming a further 10% weighting added to the probability of the optimistic scenario and a corresponding 10% weighting reduction in the base scenario 假設在樂觀情境的概率進一步增加10%的權重及 於基本情境相應減少10%的權重 	 Decrease by HK\$1,000 (2020: Decrease by HK\$1,000) 減少1,000港元(二零二零年:減少1,000 港元)
 Assuming a further 10% weighting added to the probability of the pessimistic scenario and a corresponding 10% weighting reduction in the base scenario 假設在悲觀情境的概率進一步增加10%的權重及 於基本情境相應減少10%的權重 	 Increase by HK\$779,000 (2020: Increase by HK\$459,000) 増加779,000港元(二零二零年:增加 459,000港元)
 Assuming no significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition was identified (i.e., all the financial assets in Stage 2 moved to Stage 1) 假設確定初始確認後信貸風險並無顯著增加(即第二階段的所有金融資產轉移至第一階段) 	 Decrease by HK\$556,000 (2020: Decrease by HK\$414,000) 減少556,000港元(二零二零年:減少 414,000港元)
 Assuming the forecast collateral value increase by 10% 假設預測抵押品價值上升10% 	 Decrease by HK\$507,000 (2020: Decrease by HK\$725,000) 減少507,000港元(二零二零年:減少 725,000港元)
 Assuming the forecast collateral value decrease by 10% 假設預測抵押品價值下降10% 	 Increase by HK\$610,000 (2020: Increase by HK\$859,000) 増加610,000港元(二零二零年:増加 859,000港元)

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

(v) Collateral held as security

The Group holds collateral against certain loans receivable in the form of mortgages over property. As at 31 December 2021, except for HK\$1,230,000 gross loans receivable of the Group were unsecured, all the gross loans receivable of the Group were secured by mortgages over property. Majority of the collateral are residential properties, commercial properties and industrial properties and all of the collateral are located in Hong Kong.

In the majority of cases, the Group grants loans with a loan-to-value ratio of no more than 70% of the value in the valuation report of the property for first property mortgages, and where it is a subordinated property mortgage, the aggregate lending (Group's loan aggregated with all prior mortgage loans) of no more than 70% of the value of the underlying property. Approval from a director of the subsidiary of the Company, a credit manager and a credit officer is needed for loans granted with a loan-to-value ratio that exceeds 70%. The directors and senior management of the Company meet regularly to review the loan-to-value ratio and when (1) there is a significant change in the property price index in Hong Kong; or (2) when loans are renewed. The directors and senior management of the Company consider that the credit risk arising from the loans and interest receivables is significantly mitigated by the property held as collateral, with reference to the market value of the property which were valued by independent third party valuers as at the end of the reporting period.

(vi) Concentration on credit risk

Revenue from the top five customers constituted approximately 20.6% (2020: 19.4%) of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 December 2021. They accounted for approximately 25.7% (2020: 25.7%) of the gross mortgage loans receivable balances as at 31 December 2021.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

(v) 持有作為擔保的抵押品 本集團以物業按揭形式就若干應 收貸款持有抵押品。於二零二一 年十二月三十一日,除1,230,000 港元本集團應收貸款總額無抵押 外,本集團全部應收貸款總額以 物業按揭作抵押。大部分抵押品 為住宅物業、商業物業及工業物 業,而所有抵押品均位於香港。

> 在大多數情況下,對於第一物業 按揭,本集團授予貸款的按揭成 數不超過物業估值報告內價值的 70%;倘為第二物業按揭,則借 貸總額(本集團貸款與之前所有 按揭貸款的總額)不得超過相關 物業價值的70%。授出按揭成數 超過70%的貸款須經本公司附屬 公司董事、信貸經理及信貸專員 批准。當(1)香港物業價格指數 發生顯著變動;或(2)當貸款獲 續期時,本公司董事及高級管理 層會定期舉行會議,檢討按揭成 數。經參考獨立第三方估值師所 估計於報告期末的物業市值,本 公司董事及高級管理層認為,源 自應收貸款及應收利息的信貸風 險乃由持作抵押品的物業大幅緩 解。

(vi) 信貸集中風險

截至二零二一年十二月三十一 日止年度,五大客戶收入佔本 集團收入約20.6%(二零二零年: 19.4%),佔二零二一年十二月 三十一日的應收按揭貸款結 餘總額約25.7%(二零二零年: 25.7%)。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facility. Cash flow forecasting is performed by management. The Group monitors its rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance, compliance with internal financial position ratio targets and, if applicable external regulatory or legal requirements.

The Group has undrawn borrowing facilities of HK\$14,100,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: HK\$301,300,000). Such undrawn borrowing facilities expire within one year and are annual facilities subject to review every year.

The Group's primary cash requirements, apart from granting loans to customers, are for payment of bank and other borrowings and payment for interest and operating expenses.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險

於二零二一年十二月三十一 日,本集團的未提取借款融資 為14,100,000港元(二零二零年: 301,300,000港元)。該未提取借 款融資於一年內屆滿,且屬須在 每年檢討的年度融資。

本集團的主要現金需求(向客戶 授出貸款除外)用於銀行及其他 借款還款以及利息及經營開支付 款。

3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting year to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. 3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動資金風險(續) 下表分析根據報告年末至合約到

期日的剩餘期間劃分本集團的金 融負債至有關到期組別。表中所 披露金額為合約未折現現金流 量。

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2021	2020	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Within one year	一年內			
Other payables (Note 24)	其他應付款項(附註24)	742	792	
Bank loans (Note 25)	銀行貸款(附註25)	35,900	48,700	
Lease liabilities (Note 15(a))	租賃負債(附註15(a))	4,599	1,437	
One to two years	一至兩年			
Lease liabilities (Note 15(a))	租賃負債(附註15(a))	3,448	-	
		44,689	50,929	

3.2 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns to the shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debts.

3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資本的目標為保障其持續 經營的能力,致使其能夠繼續為股東 提供回報並為其他利益相關人士提供 利益,以及維持最佳的資本架構以減 低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團或會 調整支付予股東的股息金額、向股東 退還資本、發行新股份或出售資產以 減低債務。

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3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

3.2 Capital management (Continued)

The Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total equity. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including 'bank loans' and 'lease liabilities' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less pledged deposit and cash and cash equivalents. Total equity is calculated as 'equity' as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. The Group's strategy remains unchanged, which was to maintain the gearing ratio within 100%, and the gearing ratios and net cash/debt position of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.2 資本管理(續)

本集團以資產負債比率為基準監察資本。該比率按債務淨額除以股本總額 計算。債務淨額按借款總額(包括合 併財務狀況表所示的「銀行貸款」及 「租賃負債」)減已抵押存款和現金及 現金等價物計算。權益總額按合併財 務狀況表所示的「權益」計算。本集團 的策略維持不變,資產負債比率維持 在100%以內;而本集團於二零二一 年及二零二零年十二月三十一日的資 產負債比率及現金/債務狀況淨額如 下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Bank loans (Note 25) Lease liabilities (Note 15(a)) Less: pledged deposit and cash and cash equivalents (Note 22)	銀行貸款(附註25) 租賃負債(附註15(a)) 減:已抵押存款與現金及現金 等價物(附註22)	35,900 8,047 (101,292)	48,700 1,437 (140,269)	
Net cash	現金淨額	(57,345)	(90,132)	
Total equity	權益總額	855,461	841,341	
Gearing ratio	資產負債比率	Not applicable 不適用	Not applicable 不適用	

4 CRITICAL ESTIMATES, JUDGEMENTS AND ERRORS

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

4.1 Critical accounting estimates

(a) Estimation of recoverability of loans and other receivables

The Group assesses provision for impairment of loans and other receivables based on an estimate of the recoverability of these receivables. Provisions are applied to loans and other receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of impairment of loans and other receivables under HKFRS 9 requires the use of estimates and judgement. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying amount of receivables and provision for impairment losses in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

The Group uses judgement in making assumptions and selecting the inputs to its ECL calculation, based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3.1.

(b) Critical judgement in income tax

The Group is subject to income tax in Hong Kong. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities in the period in which such determination is made.

4 關鍵估計、判斷及錯誤

編製財務報表需要使用會計估計,顧名思 義,該等估計很少等同實際情況。管理層 應用本集團之會計政策時亦需要作出判 斷。

估計及判斷乃持續評估。其以過往經驗及 其他因素為基礎,包括對可能影響實體之 財務狀況及在有關情況下被認為合理之未 來事件之預測。

4.1 關鍵會計估計

(a) 貸款及其他應收款項可收回性之 估計

> 本集團根據貸款及其他應收款項 的可回收性估計評估該等應收款 項的減值撥備。當有事件或情況 變化顯示貸款及其他應收款項結 餘未必能收回時,則應用撥備。 根據香港財務報告準則第9號確 認貸款及其他應收款項減值須建 用估計及判斷。倘預期有別於最 初估計時,則有關差額將會影響 有關估計變動期內應收款項及減 值虧損撥備賬面值。

> 於各報告期末,本集團根據其歷 史違約率、現時市況以及前瞻性 估計,通過判斷作出該等假設及 選擇其預期信貸虧損計算的輸入 數據。關鍵假設及所需的輸入數 據的詳情於附註3.1披露。

(b) 利得税的關鍵判斷

本集團於香港須繳納利得税。釐 定利得税撥備時須作出重大判 斷。多項交易及計算最終税項釐 定並不明確。本集團根據其他税 項是否到期的估計就預期税項審 計事宜確認負債。倘該等事宜的 最終税項結果與初步錄得金額有 別,有關差額將影響作出有關税 項釐定期間的即期及遞延利得税 資產及負債。

5 SEGMENT INFORMATION

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, all of the Group's revenue was generated from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong. Revenue represents interest income earned from loans offered to the Group's customers. Information reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker, for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of the Group's performance, is focused on the operating results of the Group as a whole as the Group's resources are integrated and no discrete financial information is available. Accordingly, no segment analysis or information about the Group's products and services are presented.

All of the Group's revenue from external customers and assets was generated from and located in Hong Kong during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

6 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

Revenue represents the interest income earned from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong. Revenue and other income recognised during the year are as follows:

5 分部資料

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團的收入產生自於 香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸款的貸款 業務。收入即自授予本集團客戶的貸款所 賺取的利息收入。就本集團資源分配及表 現評估而言,呈報予本集團主要經營決策 者的資料集中於已整合本集團資源且不可 獲得獨立財務資料情況下的本集團整體經 營業績。因此,並無呈列有關本集團產品 與服務的分部分析或資料。

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團來自外部客戶的 所有收入及資產均產生自及位於香港境 內。

6 收入及其他收入

收入指自於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人 貸款的貸款業務所賺取的利息收入。於年 內已確認的收入及其他收入如下:

			Year ended 31 截至十二月三十	
			2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Revenue Interest income	收入 利息收入		85,981	103,277
Other income Bank interest income Government grants (Note (a))	其他收入 銀行利息收入 政府補助(附註(a))	-	4 -	36 1,295
			4	1,331
(a) Being wage subsidies provided by t	he Hong Kong Government	(a) 即	截至二零二零年十二	二月三十一日止

- (a) Being wage subsidies provided by the Hong Kong Government under the Employment Support Scheme during the year ended 31 December 2020. There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attaching to these grants.
- (a) 即截至二零二零年十二月二十一日止 年度,香港政府根據「保就業」計劃提 供的工資補貼。該等補助概無未達成 條件或其他或然事項。

7 ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

7 行政開支

		Year ended 31 截至十二月三十	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支		
(including directors' emoluments) (Note 9)	(包括董事薪酬)(附註9)	10,734	11,310
Advertising and marketing expenses	廣告及市場推廣開支	4,156	4,843
Legal and professional fees	法律及專業費用	1,532	1,045
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金		
– Audit services	一審核服務	700	800
– Non-audit services	一非審核服務	100	263
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊(附註14)		
equipment (Note 14)		268	424
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊(附註15(b))		
(Note 15(b))		3,666	4,026
Other administrative expenses	其他行政開支	1,846	1,738
		23,002	24,449

8 REVERSAL OF IMPAIRMENT LOSSES – NET

8 撥回減值虧損一淨額

				December 202 二月三十一日止	
		12 months expected credit loss (Stage 1) 12個月預期	Lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2) 非信貸減值 的全期預期	Lifetime expected credit loss credit impaired (Stage 3) 信貸減值 的全規預期	Total
		信貸虧損 (第一階段)	信貸虧損 (第二階段)	信貸虧損 (第三階段)	總計
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Net reversal of/(charge for) provisions for impairment assessment on loans receivable Net reversal of provisions for	應收貸款減值評估 撥備撥回/(開支) 淨額 應收利息減值評估	258	(124)	201	335
impairment assessment on interest receivables	撥備撥回淨額	7	11	12	30
Provisions for impairment assessment on repossessed	經收回資產減值 評估撥備	,		12	50
assets			-	(85)	(85)
		265	(113)	128	280

			Year ended 31 [二零二零年十二		
			Lifetime expected	Lifetime expected	
		12 months expected credit loss	credit loss not credit impaired	credit loss credit impaired	
		(Stage 1) 12個月預期	(Stage 2) 非信貸減值 的全期預期	(Stage 3) 信貸減值 的全期預期	Total
		信貸虧損 (第一階段) HK\$'000 千港元	信貸虧損 (第二階段) HK\$'000 千港元	信貸虧損 (第三階段) HK\$'000 千港元	總計 HK\$'000 千港元
provisions for impairment assessment on loans receivable Net reversal of/(charge for) provisions for impairment	應收貸款減值評估 撥備撥回/(開支) 淨額 應收利息減值評估 撥備撥回/(開支)	2,197	(847)	191	1,541
assessment on interest receivables	淨額	24	(28)	(14)	(18)
		2,221	(875)	177	1,523

9 **EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING** DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS)

9 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)

			ed 31 December 引三十一日止年度
		202 二零二一 HK\$′00 千港	年 二零二零年 00 HK\$'000
Salaries, benefits and bonus Pension costs – defined contribution plans (Note)	薪金、福利及花紅 退休金成本-界定供款計劃 (附註)	10,42 31	24 10,976 10 334
		10,73	34 11,310
Note: The Group participates in a Mandatory Provider Scheme") in accordance with the Mandatory Providen Hong Kong. Under the rules of the MPF Scheme, the in Hong Kong are each required to contribute 5% o ceiling of HK\$1,500 per month to the MPF Scheme Group with respect to the MPF Scheme is to make under the Scheme. No forfeited contribution i contribution payable in future year.	It Fund Scheme Ordinance of employer and its employees f their gross earnings with a . The only obligation of the the required contributions	強制性公積金計劃 積金計劃規則,香 盈利總額的5%(每 金計劃供款。在強	論制性公積金計劃條例》參與 (「強積金計劃」)。根據強 巷僱主及其僱員各自須按其 月上限為1,500港元)向強積 積金計劃內,本集團的責任 所需供款。概無已沒收供款 夏應付供款。

Contributions totalling HK\$53,000 (2020: HK\$58,000) were payable to the fund at the year-end date.

Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group include 3 (2020: 4) directors for the year ended 31 December 2021, whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis shown in Note 31. The emoluments payable to the remaining 2 (2020: 1) individual for the year ended 31 December 2021 are as follows:

截至年結日應付基金供款合共為53,000港元 (二零二零年:58,000港元)。

五名最高薪酬人士

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團內五名最高薪酬人士包括3名(二零 二零年:4名)董事,其薪酬已反映於附 註31所示分析內。截至二零二一年十二月 三十一日止年度,應付予餘下2名(二零二 零年:1名)最高薪酬人士的薪酬如下:

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Salaries, benefits and other remuneration Discretionary bonus Pension costs – defined contribution plans	薪金、福利及其他酬金 酌情花紅 退休金成本-界定供款計劃	1,587 102 36	542 100 18	
		1,725	660	

9 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES (INCLUDING DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS) (CONTINUED)

9 僱員福利開支(包括董事薪酬)(續)

上述最高薪酬人士的薪酬範圍如下:

The above individuals with the highest emoluments are within the following bands:

		Year ended 31 截至十二月三十	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Emoluments bands HK\$500,001 – HK\$1,000,000	薪酬範圍 500,001港元至1,000,000港元	2	1

During the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, no emoluments had been paid by the Group to the directors or the five highest paid individuals referred above as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as a compensation for loss of office. 截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本集團並無向董事或上 述五名最高薪酬人士支付任何薪酬作為加 入或加入本集團後的獎勵或作為離職補償。

10 FINANCE COSTS

10 財務成本

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Finance costs Interest expenses on secured bank loans Interest expenses on secured	財務成本 有抵押銀行貸款利息開支 有抵押其他借款利息開支	75	512
other borrowings		-	4,365
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	租賃負債利息開支	280	215
		355	5,092

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided for at the rate of 8.25% for the first HK\$2,000,000 estimated assessable profits and 16.5% for estimated assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000 for the group entity qualified for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime introduced pursuant to the Inland Revenue (Amendment) (No. 7) Bill 2017. For group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided for at a flat rate of 16.5%.

11 利得税開支

根據二零一七年税務(修訂)(第7號)條例 草案引入利得税税率兩級制,合資格集團 實體的首2,000,000港元估計應課税溢利按 8.25%作出撥備,2,000,000港元以上的估計 應課税溢利按16.5%作出撥備。就未符合 兩級制利得税資格的集團實體而言,香港 利得税以税率16.5%的統一税率作出撥備。

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

11 利得税開支(續)

The amount of income tax charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

計入合併綜合收益表的利得税金額指:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Current tax – Current tax on profits for the year – Over-provision in prior years	即期税項 一年內即期利得税 一往年超額撥備	10,352 (20)	12,260 (20)
Total current tax	即期税項總額	10,332	12,240
Deferred tax (Note 23) – Decrease in deferred income tax assets	遞延税項(附註23) 一遞延利得税資產減少	56	185
Income tax expense	利得税開支	10,388	12,425

The tax on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise as follows:

按本集團的除利得税前溢利計算的税項與 理論金額不同,現載列如下:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Profit before income tax	除利得税前溢利	62,908	76,590
Calculated at Hong Kong Profits Tax rate of 8.25% or 16.5% (2020: 8.25% or 16.5%) Over-provision in prior years Income not subject to taxation	按香港利得税税率8.25%或16.5% 計算(二零二零年:8.25%或 16.5%) 往年超額撥備 毋須課税收入	10,215 (20)	12,472 (20) (220)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	不可扣税開支 未確認暫時差額的税務影響	201	214
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses now recognised to reduce current tax	動用先前未確認税項虧損現 確認至可減少即期税項 -	(11)	(22)
Income tax expense	利得税開支	10,388	12,425

11 INCOME TAX EXPENSE (CONTINUED)

During the year ended 31 December 2017, the Hong Kong Inland Revenue Department (the "IRD") has issued enquiries and a letter to the Company disagreeing with certain interest income received by the Company during the years of assessment 2015/16 and 2016/17 being claimed as capital and offshore in nature.

Notices of assessment of HK\$129,000 and HK\$3,058,000 were issued by IRD to the Company for the years of assessment 2015/16 and 2016/17, respectively. The Company has lodged objection against the tax assessments with IRD considering that valid technical grounds are available in claiming the said interest income as capital and offshore in nature. IRD agreed to hold over the tax claim subject to the purchase of tax reserve certificates of HK\$3,187,000, which was purchased by the Company during the year ended 31 December 2018. During the year ended 31 December 2020, a notice of assessment of HK\$1,310,000 was further issued by the IRD to the Company for the year of assessment 2017/18 on the said interest income. The Company has lodged an objection against the tax assessment 2017/18 with the IRD on the same technical grounds and has purchased an additional tax reserve certificate of HK\$1,310,000 for holding over the tax claim during the year ended 31 December 2020. As at 31 December 2021, the case is referred to the Appeals Section for the Commissioner's determination.

As the ultimate outcome cannot presently be determined and with a view of probable outflow with resources, a tax provision of HK\$4,522,000 in respect of the tax enquiries has been provided in prior year and the Company considered that adequate provision has been made in the Group's consolidated financial statements.

11 利得税開支(續)

截至二零一七年十二月三十一日止年度, 香港税務局(「税務局」)向本公司發出 查詢及函件,表示不同意本公司於二零 一五/一六年及二零一六/一七年評税年 度收取之若干利息收入申報為資本及離岸 性質。

税務局向本公司就二零一五/一六年及二 零一六/一七年評税年度發出評税通知金 額分別為129,000港元及3,058,000港元。 本公司考慮到存在有效技術理據聲稱前述 利息收入為資本及離岸性質後向税務局提 出反對税項評税。税務局同意暫緩税項申 索,前提須購買儲税券3,187,000港元,本 公司已於截至二零一八年十二月三十一 日止年度內購買。截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度,税務局因應上述利 息收入進一步向本公司就二零一七/一八 年評税年度發出評税通知金額為1.310.000 港元。本公司按相同技術理據向税務局提 出反對二零一七/一八年的税項評税,而 本公司已於截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度購買額外儲税券1,310,000港元, 以暫緩税項申索。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,該個案已轉介予上訴組供專員 決定。

由於最終結果現時未能釐定及考慮到有資 源外流的可能性,於上一年度就有關税項 查詢作出税項撥備4,522,000港元,且本公 司認為已就本集團的合併財務報表作出了 充足撥備。

12 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company of HK\$52,520,000 (2020: HK\$64,165,000) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year of 400,000,000 (2020: 400,000,000 shares).

12 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利按本公司擁有人應佔 溢利52,520,000港元(二零二零年: 64,165,000港元)除以年內已發行普通 股加權平均數400,000,000股(二零二 零年:400,000,000股)計算。

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Profit attributable to owners of the Company (HK\$'000)	本公司擁有人應佔溢利 (千港元)	52,520	64,165
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for basic earnings per share ('000)	就計算每股基本盈利所用的 已發行普通股加權平均數 (千股)	400,000	400,000
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	13.1	16.0

(b) Diluted earnings per share

There were no potential dilutive ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020 and hence the diluted earnings per share is the same as the basic earnings per share.

13 DIVIDEND

A final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2021 of HK5.3 cents per share, totalling HK\$21,200,000 is to be proposed at the upcoming annual general meeting. These consolidated financial statements do not reflect this dividend payable.

(b) 每股攤薄盈利

截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無發行在外且具 潛在攤薄的普通股,因此每股攤薄盈 利與每股基本盈利相同。

13 股息

本公司將於應屆股東週年大會上建議派付 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度的 末期股息每股5.3港仙(合共21,200,000港 元)。此等合併財務報表並無反映此應付 股息。

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Proposed final dividend of HK5.3 cents (2020: HK6.4 cents) per share Proposed special dividend of Nil cents (2020: HK\$3.2 cents) per share	建議派付末期股息每股5.3港仙 (二零二零年:6.4港仙) 建議派付特別股息每股零港仙(二 零二零年:3.2港仙)	21,200	25,600 12,800

		Furniture, fixtures and equipment 傢具、 裝置及設備 HK\$'000	Leasehold improvements 租賃物業裝修 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 31 December 2019 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊及減值	2,805	2,793 (2,735)	5,598 (4,912)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	628	58	686
Year ended 31 December 2020 Opening net carrying amount Additions Depreciation	截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 折舊	628 8 (366)	58 - (58)	686 8 (424)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	270	_	270
As at 31 December 2020 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊及減值	2,811 (2,541)	2,793 (2,793)	5,604 (5,334)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	270	-	270
Year ended 31 December 2021 Opening net carrying amount Additions Depreciation	截至ニ零ニー年 十 ニ月三十一日止年度 年初賬面淨值 添置 折舊	270 352 (268)		270 352 (268)
Closing net carrying amount	年末賬面淨值	354	_	354
As at 31 December 2021 Cost Accumulated depreciation and impairment	於二零二一年 十 二月三十一日 成本 累計折舊及減值	3,156 (2,802)	2,793 (2,793)	5,949 (5,595)
Net carrying amount	賬面淨值	354	-	354

14 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

14 物業、廠房及設備

15 LEASES

15 租賃

(a) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(a) 於合併財務狀況表內確認的款項

合併財務狀況表反映以下有關租賃的 款項:

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2021	2020	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	
		HK\$′000	HK\$'000	
		千港元	千港元	
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產			
Land and buildings	土地及樓宇	7,915	1,362	
Lease liabilities	租賃負債			
Current	流動	4,599	1,437	
Non-current	非流動	3,448	_	
		8,047	1,437	

Additions to the right-of-use assets during the year ended 31截至二零December 2021 were HK\$10,219,000 (2020: Nil).度添置使

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度添置使用權資產為10,219,000港元 (二零二零年:零港元)。

15 LEASES (CONTINUED)

15 租賃(續)

(b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(b) 於合併綜合收益表內確認的款 項

合併綜合收益表以下有關租賃的款 項:

			Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Notes 附註	HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$′000 千港元
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊費用			
Land and buildings	土地及樓宇	7	3,666	4,026
Interest expense (included in finance cost)	利息開支(計入融資成本)	10	280	215

The total cash outflow for leases during the year ended 31 December 2021 was HK\$3,889,000 (2020: HK\$4,281,000).

(c) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases an office and a warehouse. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 2 to 3 years.

Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the security interests in the leased assets that are held by the lessors. Leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes. 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,租賃的現金流出總額為3,889,000 港元(二零二零年:4,281,000港元)。

(c) 本集團的租賃活動及其入賬的 方式

本集團租賃辦公室及倉庫。租賃合約 一般以2至3年為固定期限下訂立。

租期按個別基準磋商,且包含各種不 同條款及條件。除出租人持有的租賃 資產中的擔保權益外,租賃協議不施 加任何其他契據。租賃資產不得用於 借款擔保。

16 SUBSIDIARIES

16 附屬公司

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021:

以下為於二零二一年十二月三十一日的主 要附屬公司列表:

Name	Place of incorporation and kind of legal entity 註冊成立地點及	Principal activities and place of operation	Share capital	Group's equi	ity interest
名稱	法律實體類型	主要業務及營運地點	股本	本集團的腳	设本 權益
				2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Directly owned: 直接擁有:					
GIC (Overseas) Holdings Limited ("GIC Overseas") GIC (Overseas) Holdings Limited (「GIC Overseas」)	British Virgin Islands limited liability company 英屬處女群島有限公司	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港投資控股	201 ordinary shares US\$nil 201股普通股 零美元	100%	100%
GITI (Overseas) Limited ("GITI (Overseas)") GITI (Overseas) Limited ([GITI (Overseas)])	British Virgin Islands limited liability company 英屬處女群島有限公司	Investment holding in Hong Kong 於香港投資控股	101 ordinary shares US\$nil 101股普通股 零美元	100%	100%
Indirectly owned: 間接擁有:					
Global International Credit Limited ("GIC")	Hong Kong limited liability company	Money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in	10,100 ordinary shares HK\$391,000,000		1000/
環球信貸有限公司(「環球信貸」)	香港有限公司	Hong Kong 於香港提供物業按揭貸款及 私人貸款的貸款業務	10,100股普通股 391,000,000港元	100%	100%
Global International Finance Limited ("GIF")	Hong Kong limited liability company	Money lending business of providing property mortgage loans in Hong Kong	1,000 ordinary shares HK\$1,000	100%	100%
環球貸款有限公司(「環球貸款」)	香港有限公司	於香港提供物業按揭貸款的 貸款業務	1,000股普通股 1,000港元	100/0	10070
Global Property Finance Limited ("GPF")	Hong Kong limited liability company	Money lending business of providing personal loans in Hong Kong	10,000 ordinary shares HK\$10,000	100%	100%
環球物業按揭有限公司(「GPF」)	香港有限公司	於香港提供私人貸款的貸款業務	10,000股普通股 10,000港元		

17 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

17 按類別劃分的金融工具

		As at 31 De 於十二月三	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Financial assets Financial assets at amortised cost	金融資產 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產		
Loans receivable (Note 18)	應收貸款(附註18)	774,109	741,889
Interest receivables (Note 19)	應收利息(附註19)	5,554	7,143
Repossessed assets (Note 20)	經收回資產(附註20)	7,293	-
Deposits and other receivables (Note 21)	按金及其他應收款項(附註21)	6,121	6,538
Pledged deposit (Note 22(b))	已抵押存款(附註22(b))	18,962	7,434
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 22(a))	現金及現金等價物(附註22(a)) –	82,330	132,835
Total	總計	894,369	895,839
Financial liabilities	金融負債		
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	按攤銷成本列賬的金融負債		
Other payables (Note 24)	其他應付款項(附註24)	742	792
Bank loans (Note 25)	銀行貸款(附註25)	35,900	48,700
Lease liabilities (Note 15(a))	租賃負債(附註15(a)) –	8,047	1,437
Total	總計	44,689	50,929

18 LOANS RECEIVABLE

18 應收貸款

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Loans receivable Less: Provision for impairment assessment of loans receivable	應收貸款 減: 應收貸款減值評估撥備	777,107	745,311
– Stage 1 – Stage 2	- 第一階段 - 第二階段	(1,311) (1,228)	(1,569) (1,104)
– Stage 3	一第三階段	(459)	(749)
		(2,998)	(3,422)
Loans receivable, net of provision Less: non-current portion	扣除撥備後的應收貸款 減:非流動部分	774,109 (454,246)	741,889 (357,652)
Current portion	流動部分	319,863	384,237

The Group's loans receivable, which arise from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Except for loans receivable of HK\$1,230,000 (2020: HK\$1,178,000), which are unsecured, interest-bearing and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with customers, all loans receivable are secured by collaterals provided by customers, interest-bearing and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk at each of the reporting dates is the carrying amount of the loans receivable mentioned above.

本集團於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人貸 款的貸款業務所產生的應收貸款以港元計 值。

除為數1,230,000港元(二零二零年: 1,178,000港元)的無抵押、計息並須於與 客戶議定的固定期限內償還的應收貸款 外,所有應收貸款以客戶提供的抵押品作 為抵押、計息並須於與客戶議定的固定期 限內償還。於各報告日期所面臨的最大信 貸風險為上文所述應收貸款賬面值。

18 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2021, loans receivable of HK\$74,542,000 (2020: HK\$59,421,000) were past due but not credit-impaired. As at 31 December 2021, all overdue loans receivable were secured property mortgage loans. These were related to a number of third-party customers and that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that these overdue loans receivable were fully secured by the collateral. Accordingly, these balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

The aging analysis of these past due but not impaired loans receivable is as follows:

18 應收貸款(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,為數 74,542,000港元(二零二零年:59,421,000港 元)的應收貸款已逾期但尚未信貸減值。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,全部已逾 期應收貸款為已抵押物業按揭貸款。該等 貸款與多個獨立第三方客戶有關,本公司 董事認為該等逾期應收貸款由抵押品全數 擔保。因此,該等餘額仍被視為可全數收 回。

該等已逾期但尚未減值的應收貸款的賬齡 分析如下:

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
0–30 days 31–90 days Over 90 days	0至30日 31至90日 超過90日	1,171 9,085 64,286 74,542	7,684 5,910 45,827 59,421	

Further analysis on credit quality of loans receivable are set out in Note 3.1(b).

應收貸款的信貸質素的進一步分析載於附 註3.1(b)。

18 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

18 應收貸款(續)

Movements on the Group's impairment of loans receivable are as follows:

本集團的應收貸款減值變動如下:

		 Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$′000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	1,569	1,104	749	3,422
New loans originated	來自新貸款	719	1,007	-	1,726
Loans recovered or repaid during the year	年內已收回或償還的貸款	(419)	(943)	(85)	(1,447)
Provisions transferred to repossessed assets during the year	年內轉移至經收回資產的 撥備	-	_	(89)	(89)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime expected	轉移至12個月預期信貸 虧損(第一階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	31	(31)	-	-
credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime expected credit	(未信貸減值)(第二階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	(25)	25	-	-
loss credit impaired (Stage 3)	(已信貸減值)(第三階段)	-	-	-	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險對年末預期 信貸虧損的影響	6	(6)	-	-
stages during the year		(31)	(5)	-	(36)
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(533)	71	(116)	(578)
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	1,311	1,228	459	2,998

18 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

18 應收貸款(續)

		Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	3,766	257	940	4,963
New loans originated	來自新貸款	21	-	-	21
Loans recovered or repaid	年內已收回或償還的貸款				
during the year		(1,250)	(36)	(462)	(1,748)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1)	轉移至12個月預期信貸 虧損(第一階段)	22	(22)	_	-
Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss not credit impaired (Stage 2)	轉移至全期預期信貸虧損 (未信貸減值)(第二階段)	(296)	296	_	
Transfer to lifetime expected credit	轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	(290)	250	_	
loss credit impaired (Stage 3)	(已信貸減值)(第三階段)	(119)	(129)	248	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險對年末預期	(393)	145	248	-
of exposures transferred between stages during the year	信貸虧損的影響	(22)	807	23	808
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(553)	(69)	-	(622)
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	1,569	1,104	749	3,422

18 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

In general, loans receivable are considered as default when the loans receivable or its related installments are overdue by over 90 days. As at 31 December 2021, loans receivable of HK\$7,079,000 (2020: HK\$27,087,000) was default under lifetime ECL and a provision of HK\$459,000 (2020: HK\$749,000) was provided.

For loans that are not credit-impaired without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition "Stage 1", ECL is measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified ("Stage 2") but not yet deemed to be credit impaired, ECL is measured based on lifetime ECL. In general, when loans receivable or its related installments are overdue by 30 days, there are significant increase in credit risk. During the year ended 31 December 2021, total provision of HK\$134,000 (2020: HK\$1,350,000) under Stage 1 and Stage 2 was released to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income based on assessment from ECL model.

A maturity profile of the loans receivable as at the end of the reporting period, based on the maturity date, net of provision, is as follows:

18 應收貸款(續)

一般而言,倘應收貸款或其相關分期付款 逾期超過90天,則應收貸款被視為違約。 於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收貸款 7,079,000港元(二零二零年:27,087,000港 元)於全期預期信貸虧損下已違約,並已 計提459,000港元(二零二零年:749,000港 元)的撥備。

對於非信貸減值且自初始確認為以來信貸 風險並無顯著增加(「第一階段」)的貸款, 預期信貸虧損按等於未來12個月內可能發 生的違約事件引致的全期預期信貸虧損的 比例計量。倘自初始確認後已識別信貸虧 個 續減值,則預期信貸虧損按全期預期信貸虧損計量。一般而言,倘應收貸款或 相關分期付款逾期30天,信貸風險已大幅 增加。截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止 年度,根據預期信貸虧損模型的評估,第 一階段及第二階段的總撥備134,000港元 (二零二零年:1,350,000港元)已於合併綜 合收益表中撥回。

根據到期日,應收貸款(扣除撥備)於報告 期末的到期情況如下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Current Over 1 year and within 5 years Over 5 years	即期 超過一年及五年以內 超過五年	319,863 275,423 178,823 774,109	384,237 172,156 185,496 741,889	

As at 31 December 2021, loans receivable with carrying amount of HK\$94,751,000 (2020: HK\$115,699,000) were charged to a bank to secure a bank loan facility granted to a subsidiary of the Company (Note 25).

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,賬面值為 94,751,000港元(二零二零年:115,699,000 港元)的應收貸款已質押予銀行,以為本 公司一間附屬公司獲授銀行貸款融資作擔 保(附註25)。

18 LOANS RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2020, certain properties mortgaged to a subsidiary of the Company for loans granted to its respective customers were pledged to an independent third party licensed money lender to secure a loan facility granted to a subsidiary of the Company. These properties, with market value of HK\$238,880,000, were mortgaged to the Group for securing loans receivable of HK\$88,923,000. Such loan facility was expired on 31 December 2021.

18 應收貸款(續)

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,各客戶為 獲授貸款而抵押予本公司一間附屬公司之 若干物業已抵押予一名獨立第三方持牌放 債人,以為本公司一間附屬公司獲授貸款 融資作擔保。該等物業市值238,880,000港 元,乃抵押予本集團以為88,923,000港元 的應收貸款作擔保。有關貸款融資於二零 二一年十二月三十一日到期。

19 應收利息

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Interest receivables	應收利息	5,646	7,284	
Less:	減:			
Provision for impairment assessment of interest receivables	應收利息的減值評估撥備			
– Stage 1	一第一階段	(10)	(17)	
– Stage 2	一第二階段	(25)	(36)	
– Stage 3	一第三階段	(57)	(88)	
		(92)	(141)	
Interest receivables, net of provision	扣除撥備後的應收利息	5,554	7,143	

The Group's interest receivables, which arise from the money lending business of providing property mortgage loans and personal loans in Hong Kong, are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

Except for interest receivables of HK\$12,000 (2020: HK\$15,000), which are unsecured and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers, all interest receivables are secured by collaterals provided by customers and are repayable with fixed terms agreed with the customers. The maximum exposure to credit risk at each of the reporting dates is the carrying amount of the interest receivables mentioned above.

本集團自於香港提供物業按揭貸款及私人 貸款的貸款業務所產生的應收利息以港元 計值。

除為數12,000港元(二零二零年:15,000港元)的無抵押並須於與客戶議定的固定期 限內償還的應收利息外,所有應收利息以 客戶提供的抵押品作擔保,並須於與客戶 議定的固定期限內償還。於各報告日期所 面臨的最大信貸風險為上文所述應收利息 賬面值。

19 INTEREST RECEIVABLES

19 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

As at 31 December 2021, interest receivable of HK\$3,275,000 (2020: HK\$5,010,000) were past due but not credit-impaired. As at 31 December 2021 and 2020, all overdue interest receivables were interest derived from secured property mortgage loans. These were related to a number of third-party customers and that the directors of the Company are of the opinion that these overdue interest receivables and the respective loans receivable were fully secured by the collateral. Accordingly, these balances are still considered to be fully recoverable.

The ageing analysis of these past due but not impaired interest receivables is as follows:

19 應收利息(續)

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,應收利息 3,275,000港元(二零二零年:5,010,000港 元)已逾期但尚未信貸減值。於二零二一 年及二零二零年十二月三十一日,全部已 逾期應收利息為來自已抵押物業按揭貸款 的利息。該等利息與多名獨立第三方客戶 有關,本公司董事認為該等逾期應收利息 及相應應收貸款由抵押品全數擔保。因 此,該等餘額仍被視為可全數收回。

該等已逾期但未減值之應收利息的賬齡分 析如下:

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元		
0–30 days 31–90 days Over 90 days	0至30日 31至90日 超過90日	1,400 914 961	1,684 1,870 1,456		
		3,275	5,010		

Further analyses on credit quality of interest receivables are set out in Note 3.1(b).

應收利息的信貸質素的進一步分析載於附 註3.1(b)。

19 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

19 應收利息(續)

本集團應收利息減值變動如下:

Movements on the Group's impairment on interest receivables are as follows:

		Year ended 31 December 2021 截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$′000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$′000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$′000 千港元
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	17	36	88	141
New loans originated	新發貸款	4	18	-	22
Loans recovered or repaid during the year	年內已收回或償還的貸款	(3)	(30)	(3)	(36)
Provisions transferred to repossessed assets	轉移至經收回資產的撥備	-	-	(19)	(19)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	轉移至12個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	1	(1)	-	-
not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss credit impaired (Stage 3)	 (未信貸減值)(第二階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損 (已信貸減值)(第三階段) 	_	-	-	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between stages	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險 對年末預期信貸虧損的影響	1	(1)	-	-
during the year		(1)	-	-	(1)
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(8)	2	(9)	(15)
At at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	10	25	57	92

19 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

19 應收利息(續)

		Year ended 31 December 2020 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度			
		Stage 1 第一階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 2 第二階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Stage 3 第三階段 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
As at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	41	8	74	123
Loans recovered or repaid during the year	年內已收回或償還的貸款	(12)	(1)	(17)	(30)
Transfer to 12-month expected credit loss (Stage 1) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	轉移至12個月預期信貸虧損 (第一階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	-	-	_	-
not credit impaired (Stage 2) Transfer to lifetime expected credit loss	(未信貸減值)(第二階段) 轉移至全期預期信貸虧損	(2)	2	-	-
credit impaired (Stage 3)	(已信貸減值)(第三階段)	(1)	(4)	5	-
Total transfer between stages Impact on year end expected credit loss of exposures transferred between stages	各階段內轉移總計 年內各階段轉移風險 對年末預期信貸虧損的影響	(3)	(2)	5	
during the year		-	34	26	60
Movements due to changes in credit risk	信貸風險變更引致的變動	(9)	(3)	-	(12)
At at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	17	36	88	141

In general, interest receivables are considered as default when they are overdue by over 90 days. As at 31 December 2021, interest receivables of HK\$1,225,000 (2020: HK\$2,440,000) was default under lifetime ECL and a provision of HK\$57,000 (2020: HK\$88,000) was provided. 一般而言,應收利息逾期超過90天時,應 收利息被視為違約。於二零二一年十二月 三十一日,應收利息1,225,000港元(二零 二零年:2,440,000港元)於全期預期信貸虧 損下已違約,並已計提57,000港元(二零二 零年:88,000港元)的撥備。

19 INTEREST RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

For loans that are not credit-impaired without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition "Stage 1", ECL is measured at an amount equal to the portion of lifetime ECL that result from default events possible within the next 12 months. If a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition is identified ("Stage 2") but not yet deemed to be credit impaired, ECL is measured based on lifetime ECL. In general, when loans receivable or its related installments are overdue by 30 days, there are significant increase in credit risk. During the year ended 31 December 2020, total provision of HK\$18,000 (2020: a charge of HK\$4,000) under Stage 1 and Stage 2 was released to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income based on assessment from ECL model.

All the interest receivables as at the end of the reporting period, based on the maturity date, are current.

20 REPOSSESSED ASSETS

The nature and carrying amount of these assets held as at 31 December are summarised as follows:

19 應收利息(續)

對於非信貸減值且自初始確認以來信貸風 險並無顯著增加(「第一階段」)的貸款,預 期信貸虧損按等於未來12個月內可能發生 的違約事件引致的全期預期信貸虧損的管 個自初始確認後已識別信貸虧損的險 顯著增加(「第二階段」)惟並未視為已信貸 減值,則預期信貸虧損按全期預期信貸虧 損計量。一般而言,倘應收貸款或其相關 分期付款逾期30天,信貸風險大幅增加。 截至二零年十二月三十一日止年度 根據預期信貸虧損模型的評估,第一階段 及第二階段撥回的總撥備18,000港元(二零 二零年:扣除4,000港元)已於合併綜合收 益表中撥回。

根據到期日,於報告期末的所有應收利息 均屬即期。

20 經收回資產

於十二月三十一日所持該等資產的性質及 賬面值概述如下:

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Repossessed properties – residential properties Less: provision for impairment assessment	經收回物業 一住宅物業 減:減值評估撥備	7,486 (193)	-
Repossessed assets, net of provision	扣除撥備後的經收回資產	7,293	_

Repossessed assets represent the underlying collateral assets in which the Group has the rights to rent or sell in the recovery of the credit impaired loans and interest receivable (e.g. through court proceedings) but does not obtain ownership and control of the underlying collateral assets. They are classified as debt investments carried at amortised cost and are subject to the expected credit loss model. The estimated market value of such repossessed assets as at 31 December 2021 was HK\$18,800,000.

收回資產指本集團在收回已信貸減值應收 貸款及利息(例如透過法院訴訟)時獲得出 租或出售之權利但並無獲得相關抵押資產 的所有權及控制權的相關抵押資產。該等 分類為按攤銷成本列賬之債務投資,並受 限於預計信貸損失模型。該等收回資產於 二零二一年十二月三十一日之估計市值為 18,800,000港元。

21 PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES 21 預付款項、按金及其他應收款項

			As at 31 Dec 於十二月三	
			2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元
Prepayments Deposits Tax reserve certificate Other receivables	預付款項 按金 儲税券 其他應收款項	-	2,200 1,609 4,497 15	777 2,026 4,497 15
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Less: non-current portion	預付款項、按金及其他應 減:非流動部分	收款項 -	8,321 (1,480)	7,315
Current portion	流動部分		6,841	7,315
The Group's deposits and other receivables are Kong dollars.	denominated in Hong	本集團 值。	的按金及其他應收	款項以港元計
All deposits and other receivables are neither p	bast due nor impaired.	所有按: 減值。	金及其他應收款項均	同既無逾期亦無

22 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND PLEDGED DEPOSIT

22 現金及現金等價物和已抵押存款

(a) Cash at bank and on hand

(a) 銀行及手頭現金

		As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日		
	2021	2020		
	二零二一年	二零二零年		
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000		
	千港元	千港元		
銀行及手頭現金	82,330	132,835		
	銀行及手頭現金	<mark>於十二月三</mark> 2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元		

The carrying amounts of the Group's cash at bank and on hand are denominated in the following currencies:

本集團銀行及手頭現金的賬面值按以 下貨幣計值:

82,330

132,835

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Hong Kong dollars	港元	82,300	132,808
Renminbi	人民幣	30	27

(b) Pledged deposit

(b) 已抵押存款

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 エザーー	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 工进一
Pledged deposit held at bank	已抵押銀行存款	千港元 18,962	千港元 7,434

As at 31 December 2021, HK\$18,962,000 (31 December 2020: HK\$7,434,000) pledged deposit held at a bank was used to secure a bank loan facility (Note 25). The Group's pledged deposit is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,已抵 押銀行存款18,962,000港元(二零二零 年十二月三十一日:7,434,000港元)用 作銀行貸款融資之擔保(附註25)。本 集團已抵押存款以港元計值。

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

All deferred income tax assets of the Group are expected to be recovered after more than 12 months.

The movement in deferred income tax assets during the year, without taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, is as follows:

23 遞延利得税資產

預期本集團所有遞延利得税資產將於超過 十二個月後收回。

遞延利得税資產於年內的變動(並未計及 同一税務司法權區內的結餘抵銷)如下:

		Accelerated tax depreciation 加速税項折舊 ^{HK\$'000} 千港元	Provisions for collective impairment of loans receivable 應收貸款 共同減值撥備 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 總計 HK\$'000 千港元
At 1 January 2020 Credited/(charged) to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	於二零二零年一月一日 於合併綜合收益表計入/(扣除)	216 30	645 (215)	861 (185)
At 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月三十一日	246	430	676
At 1 January 2021 Charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income	於二零二一年一月一日 於合併綜合收益表扣除	(37)	430 (19)	676 (56)
At 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月三十一日	209	411	620

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through future taxable profits is probable.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$226,000 (2020: HK\$237,000) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$1,369,000 (2020: HK\$1,435,000) that can be carried forward indefinitely against future taxable income.

倘有可能透過日後應課税溢利變現有關税 項優惠,則就可扣減暫時差額確認遞延利 得税資產。

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,本集團 並無就可無限期結轉並可抵銷未來應課 税收入的虧損1,369,000港元(二零二零 年:1,435,000港元)確認遞延利得税資產 226,000港元(二零二零年:237,000港元)。

24 ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

24 應計費用及其他應付款項

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日	
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Accruals Other payables	應計費用 其他應付款項	2,693 742	2,485 792	
Total	總計	3,435	3,277	

Accruals and other payables are denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

25 BANK LOANS

As at 31 December 2021, secured bank loans of HK\$35,900,000 (2020: HK\$48,700,000), were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, repayable in one year and bore interest rate of 4.26% (2020: 4.36%) per annum. The bank loans were obtained from an independent third party bank and were secured by (i) a floating charge on certain loans receivable of a subsidiary of the Company with carrying value of HK\$94,751,000 (2020: HK\$115,699,000); (ii) a floating charge on certain bank accounts of a subsidiary of the Company with carrying value of HK\$18,962,000 (2020: HK\$7,434,000); and (iii) a corporate guarantee from the Company.

應計費用及其他應付款項以港元計值。

25 銀行貸款

於二零二一年十二月三十一日,有抵押 銀行貸款35,900,000港元(二零二零年: 48,700,000港元)以港元計值、須於一年 內償還及按年利率4.26%(二零二零年: 4.36%)計息。該銀行貸款乃向獨立第三 方銀行取得,並以下列項目作抵押:(i)本 公司一間附屬公司賬面值為94,751,000港 元(二零二零年:115,699,000港元)的若 干應收貸款浮動押記;(ii)本公司一間附 屬公司賬面值為18,962,000港元(二零二零 年:7,434,000港元)的若干銀行賬戶浮動押 記;及(iii)本公司的公司擔保。

26 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

26 現金流量資料

(a) Cash generated from operations

(a) 經營業務所產生現金

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元
Profit before income tax Adjustments for:	除利得税前溢利 就下列各項作出調整:	62,908	76,590
Loan interest income (Note 6)	貸款利息收入(附註6)	(85,981)	(103,277)
Bank interest income (Note 6)	銀行利息收入(附註6)	(4)	(36)
Depreciation on property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 7)	(附註7)	268	424
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	使用權資產折舊(附註7)		
(Note 7)		3,666	4,026
Interest expenses	利息開支	355	5,092
Reversal of impairment losses – net	撥回減值虧損-淨額(附註8)		
(Note 8)		(280)	(1,523)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:		
Loans receivable	應收貸款	(31,796)	203,386
Repossessed assets	經收回資產	(7,486)	-
Prepayments, deposits and	預付款項、按金及		
other receivables	其他應收款項	(1,006)	(1,220)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	158	(2,054)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	經營業務(所用)/所產生現金	(59,198)	181,408

26 CASH FLOW INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

26 現金流量資料(續)

- (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities
- (b) 融資活動所產生負債的對賬

		Bank loans / Bank and other borrowings Note (i) 銀行貸款/	Dividend payable	Lease liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
		銀行及其他借款 附註(i) HK\$'000	應付股息 HK\$′000	租賃負債 HK\$'000	融資活動 負債總額 HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
As at 1 January 2020	於二零二零年一月一日	176,891	-	5,503	182,394
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceeds from bank and other borrowings	融資現金流量變動: 銀行及其他借款 所得款項	48.700			48 700
Repayment of bank and other borrowings Dividend paid Lease payment	川(母叔頃) 償還銀行及其他借款 已付股息 租賃付款	48,700 (176,891) –	(9,200)	_ (4,281)	48,700 (176,891) (9,200) (4,281)
		(120.101)	(0.200)		
Total change from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(128,191)	(9,200)	(4,281)	(141,672)
Other changes: Dividend declared Interest on lease liabilities	其他變動: 已宣派股息 租賃負債利息	-	9,200	_ 215	9,200 215
Total other changes	其他變動總額		9,200	215	9,415
As at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	48,700	-	1,437	50,137
As at 1 January 2021	於二零二一年一月一日	48,700	-	1,437	50,137
Changes from financing cash flows: Proceeds from bank loans Repayment of bank loans Dividend paid Lease payment	融資現金流量變動: 銀行貸款所得款項 償還銀行貸款 已付股息 租賃付款	122,900 (135,700) _ _	- - (38,400) -	- - (3,889)	122,900 (135,700) (38,400) (3,889)
Total change from financing cash flows	融資現金流量變動總額	(12,800)	(38,400)	(3,889)	(55,089)
Other changes: Dividend declared New leases Interest on lease liabilities	其他變動: 已宣派股息 新租賃 租賃負債利息	- - -	38,400 _ _	- 10,219 280	38,400 10,219 280
Total other changes	其他變動總額	_	38,400	10,499	48,899
As at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年十二月 三十一日	35,900	-	8,047	43,947
Note:		註:			

For the year ended 31 December 2021, interest paid is classified as
operating cash flows and recorded in cash used in operating activities
of approximately HK\$77,000 (2020: generated from operating activities
of approximately HK\$513,000) for the year ended 31 December 2021,
respectively.(i)截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年度,已付利息歸
類為經營現金流,並在截至二零二一年十二月三十一
日止年度經營活動所用現金記賬約77,000港元(二零二
零年:經營活動產生約513,000港元)。 (i)

27 SHARE CAPITAL

27 股本

法定股本

已發行股本

面值。

Authorised share capital

		Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目		Equivalent nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股等同面值 HK\$ 港元
At 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一日、 二零二一年一月一日及 二零二一年十二月三十一日	10,000,000,000	0.01	100,000,000

Issued share capital

				Number of issued shares 已發行股份數目	Amount 金額 HK\$ 港元
At 31 December 2020, 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	於二零二零年十二月三十一 二零二一年一月一日及 二零二一年十二月三十一			400,000,000	4,000,000
RESERVES		28	儲備		
The amount of the Group's reserve and t for the current and prior years are present statement of changes in equity on page	ted in the consolidated]本年度及過往年度的 於財務報表第82頁的 [。]	

statement of changes in equity on page 82 of the financial statements. The Group capital reserve represents the excess of the fair value of

the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the reorganisation prior to the Listing of the Company's share, over the nominal value of the Company's share issued in exchange thereof.

本集團之資本儲備指根據本公司股份上市 前重組本公司收購之附屬公司資產淨值公 平值超過本公司已發行作為交換之股份之

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29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Group is controlled by Blossom Spring (incorporated in BVI), which is the ultimate holding company of the Group and owns 75% of the Company's shares. The remaining 25% of the shares are widely held. The ultimate controlling party is Ms. Jin Xiaoqin.

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in this consolidated financial statement, the following is a summary of the significant transactions carried out between the Group and its related parties in the ordinary course of business during the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

29 關聯方交易

本集團由Blossom Spring(於英屬處女群島 註冊成立)控制,Blossom Spring為本集 團最終控股公司,並擁有本公司75%的股 份。其餘25%股份則由多方持有。最終控 制方為金曉琴女士。

除本合併財務報表其他部分所披露的交易 及結餘外,下文概述本集團與其關聯方 於截至二零二一年及二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度在日常業務過程中進行的 重大交易。

29 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

29 關聯方交易(續)

(a) Key management compensation

The remuneration of executive Directors of the Company and other members of key management is shown below:

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬

本公司執行董事及其他主要管理人員 之薪酬如下所示:

		Year ended 31 December 截至十二月三十一日止年度		
		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	
Salaries, benefits and other remuneration Discretionary bonus Pension costs	薪金、福利及其他酬金 酌情花紅 退休金成本	4,133 272 81 4,486	4,049 268 90 4.407	

(b) Remuneration paid to a related party

(b) 支付予關聯方之薪酬

		Year ended 31 截至十二月三十	
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$′000 千港元	HK\$'000 千港元
Salaries and pension costs paid to the spouse of a director of the Company	向一名本公司董事之配偶 所支付之薪金及退休金成本	252	252

30 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY

Statement of Financial Position of the Company

本公司財務狀況表

30 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動

			As at 31 December 於十二月三十一日			
			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年		
		Notes 附註	—————— HK\$′000 千港元			
ASSETS Non-current assets Investments in subsidiaries Amount due from subsidiaries	資產 非流動資產 於附屬公司的投資 應收附屬公司款項	_	444,795 147,840	444,795 149,026		
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	_	592,635	593,821		
Current assets Prepayment and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 預付款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	_	4,650 143	4,646 145		
Total current asset	流動資產總值	_	4,793	4,791		
Total assets	資產總值	_	597,428	598,612		
EQUITY Equity attributable to owners of the Company	權益 本公司擁有人應佔權益					
Share capital Other reserves Retained earnings	股本 其他儲備 保留盈利	(a) (a)	4,000 566,591 2,753	4,000 566,591 3,937		
Total equity	權益總額	_	573,344	574,528		
LIABILITIES Non-current liability Amount due to subsidiaries	負債 非流動負債 應付附屬公司款項	_	19,554	19,554		
Total non-current liability	非流動負債總額	_	19,554	19,554		
Current liabilities Tax payable Accruals	流動負債 應付税項 應計費用	_	4,522 8	4,522 8		
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值	_	4,530	4,530		
Total liabilities	負債總額	_	24,084	24,084		
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額	_	597,428	598,612		

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Directors on 29 March 2022 and was signed on its behalf.

本公司財務狀況表獲董事會於二零二二年 三月二十九日批准刊發並由以下人士代為 簽署。

Ms. Wang Yao王瑤女士 Director董事 Ms. Yip Lee Ying 葉莉盈女士 Director董事

30 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

30 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued) Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company

本公司財務狀況表(續) 附註(a) 本公司儲備變動

		Share premium 股份溢價 HK\$'000 千港元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$'000 千港元	Retained earnings 保留盈利 HK\$'000 千港元	Total 合計 HK\$'000 千港元
Balance at 1 January 2020 Total comprehensive income	於二零二零年一月一日之結餘 年內綜合收入總額	122,176	444,415	5,193	571,784
for the year Transactions with owners Dividend paid relating to 2019	與擁有人的交易 有關二零一九年已付股息		_	7,944 (9,200)	7,944 (9,200)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額 (直接於權益確認)		-	(9,200)	(9,200)
Balance at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	3,937	570,528
Representing Reserves Proposed final dividend Proposed special dividend	佔以下項目 儲備 建議末期股息 建議特別股息	122,176 _ _	406,015 25,600 12,800	3,937 - -	532,128 25,600 12,800
Balance at 31 December 2020	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	3,937	570,528
Balance at 1 January 2021 Total comprehensive income	於二零二一年一月一日之結餘 年內綜合收入總額	122,176	444,415	3,937	570,528
for the year Transactions with owners Dividend paid relating to 2020	與擁有人的交易 有關二零二零年已付股息	-	-	37,216 (38,400)	37,216 (38,400)
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	與擁有人的交易總額 (直接於權益確認)		-	(38,400)	(38,400)
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	2,753	569,344
Representing Reserves Proposed final dividend	佔以下項目 儲備 建議末期股息	122,176	423,215 21,200	2,753	548,144 21,200
Balance at 31 December 2021	於二零二一年 十二月三十一日之結餘	122,176	444,415	2,753	569,344

30 STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESERVE MOVEMENT OF THE COMPANY (CONTINUED)

Statement of Financial Position of the Company (Continued)

Note (a) Reserve movement of the Company (Continued)

The Company's capital reserve represents the excess of the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiaries acquired by the Company pursuant to the reorganisation prior to the listing of the Company's share, over the nominal value of the Company's share issued in exchange therefor.

Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, a company may make distributions to its shareholders out of the capital reserves in certain circumstances.

31 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments

The remuneration of every director and the chief executive of the Company is set out below:

For the year ended 31 December 2021:

30 本公司財務狀況表及儲備變動(續)

本公司財務狀況表(續)

附註(a) 本公司儲備變動(續)

由重組產生的本公司資本儲備指於本公司股 份上市前,本公司根據重組收購附屬公司的 資產淨值的公平值超出本公司為換取上述附 屬公司而發行的股份面值之數額。

根據開曼群島公司法,公司可於若干情況下 自資本儲備向其股東作出分派。

31 董事福利及利益

(a) 董事及總裁的薪酬

本公司每名董事及總裁的酬金載列如下:

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日 止年度:

			Emoluments paid or receivable in respect of a person's services as a dire whether of the company or its subsidiary undertaking 作為董事為本公司或附屬公司業務提供個人服務的已付或應收酬金 Discretionary Pension Other				
		Fees 袍金	Salary 薪金	bonuses 酌情花紅	costs 退休金成本	benefits 其他福利	Total 總計
		^{祂亚} HK\$′000 千港元	新亚 HK\$′000 千港元	的间化缸 HK\$′000 千港元	^{返 ₩ 亚 风 本} HK\$′000 千港元	^{兵他袖利} HK\$′000 千港元	⊷≣ HK\$′000 千港元
Executive Directors	執行董事						
Ms. Wang Yao	王瑤女士	600	-	-	18	-	618
Ms. Jin Xiaoqin	金曉琴女士	600	-	-	9	-	609
Ms. Yip Lee Ying	葉莉盈女士		1,347	170	18	-	1,535
		1,200	1,347	170	45	-	2,762
Independent non-executive Directors	獨立非執行董事						
Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick	文耀光先生	240	-	-	-	-	240
Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen	吳麗文博士	240	-	-	-	-	240
Mr. Tang, Warren Louis	唐偉倫先生	240	-	-	-	-	240
		720	-	-	-	-	720

31 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

(a) Directors' and chief executive's emoluments (Continued)

During the year, no director has waived any emoluments (2020: Nil).

For the year ended 31 December 2020:

31 董事福利及利益(續)

(a) 董事及總裁的薪酬(續)

年內,概無董事放棄任何酬金(二零 二零年:無)。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度:

				f the company o		services as a dire ndertaking 的已付或應收酬約 Other benefits 其他福利 HK\$'000 千港元	
Executive Directors Ms. Wang Yao Ms. Jin Xiaoqin Mr. Ng Yiu Lun (i) Ms. Yip Lee Ying (ii)	執行董事 王瑤女士 金曉琴女士 伍耀倫先生(i) 葉莉盈女士(ii)	600 600 - -	- 640 449	- - 168	18 18 12 6	- - -	618 618 652 623
		1,200	1,089	168	54	-	2,511
Independent non-executive Directors Mr. Man Yiu Kwong, Nick Dr. Ng Lai Man, Carmen Mr. Tang, Warren Louis	獨立非執行董事 文耀光先生 吳麗文博士 唐偉倫先生	240 240 240	- - -	- -	- -	- -	240 240 240
		720	-	-	-	-	720

Note:

(i) Mr. Ng Yiu Lun resigned as an executive director with effect from 28 August 2020. Salaries and pension costs of approximately HK\$326,000 paid to him in relation to his employment with the Group from 28 August 2020 to 31 December 2020 had not been included in the above table.

(ii) Ms. Yip Lee Ying has been appointed as an executive director with effect from 28 August 2020. Salaries and pension costs of approximately HK\$910,000 paid to her in relation to her employment with the Group from 1 January 2020 to 27 August 2020 had not been included in the above table. 附註:

- (i) 伍耀倫先生已辭任執行董事,自二零二零 年八月二十八日起生效。就其於二零二 零年八月二十八日至二零二零年十二月 三十一日受僱於本集團而向其支付的薪金 及退休金成本約326,000港元尚未計入上 表。
- (ii) 葉莉盈女士已獲委任為執行董事,自二零 二零年八月二十八日起生效。就其於二零 二零年一月一日至二零二零年八月二十七 日受僱於本集團而向其支付的薪金及退休 金成本約910,000港元尚未計入上表。

31 BENEFITS AND INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS (CONTINUED)

(b) Directors' retirement benefits and termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits or termination benefits during the year (2020: Nil).

(c) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year ended 31 December 2021, no consideration was provided to or receivable by third parties for making available director's services (2020: Nil).

(d) Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There are no loans, quasi-loans or other dealings in favour of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2020: Nil).

(e) Directors' material interests in transactions, arrangements or contracts

Save as disclosed in Note 29, no significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Group's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2020: Nil).

31 董事福利及利益(續)

(b) 董事退休與離職福利

並無董事於本年度內收取或將會收取 任何退休福利和離職福利(二零二零 年:無)。

(c) 因董事服務向第三方提供的代 價

截至二零二一年十二月三十一日止年 度,並無因董事服務向第三方提供 代價,第三方亦無應收代價(二零二 零:無)。

(d) 關於以董事、受控制法人團體 及與該等董事有關連之實體為 受益人的貸款、準貸款及其他 交易資料

截至本年度末或於年內任何時間並無 以董事、受控制法人團體及該等董事 有關連之實體為受益人的貸款、準貸 款及其他交易(二零二零年:無)。

(e) 董事於交易、安排或合約之重 大權益

除附註29所披露外,截至本年度末或 於年內任何時間,本公司並無訂立任 何與本集團業務有關且本公司董事擁 有重大權益(無論直接或間接)的重 大交易、安排及合約(二零二零年: 無)。

Five Year Financial Summary 五年財務概要

RESULTS

		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
Revenue	收入	85,981	103,277	121,737	124,277	103,479
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year attributable	擁有人應佔的年度溢利及 綜合收入總額					
to owners		52,520	64,165	62,500	68,413	63,006

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

資產及負債

業績

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$′000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$'000 千港元	2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總值 負債總額	905,458 49,997	898,924 57,583	995,177 208,801	1,105,430 359,954	799,045 100,730
Total equity	權益總額	855,461	841,341	786,376	745,476	698,315



環球信貸集團有限公司 Global International Credit Group Limited (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

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