

In Technical Productions Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立的有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號: 8446



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Corporate Information

公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis (Chairman)

Mr. Tam Chun Yu

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Kai Sing

Mr. Ma Tsz Chun

Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis

Audit Committee

Mr. Li Kai Sing (Chairman)

Mr. Ma Tsz Chun

Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Ma Tsz Chun (Chairman)

Mr. Li Kai Sing

Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis

Nomination Committee

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis (Chairman)

Mr. Li Kai Sing

Mr. Ma Tsz Chun

Authorised Representatives (For the Purposes of the GEM Listing Rules)

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis

Ms. Leung Yin Fai (HKICPA, ACCA, CPA Australia)

Compliance Officer

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Yin Fai (HKICPA, ACCA, CPA Australia)

Registered Office in Cayman Islands

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman,

KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

董事會

執行董事

楊浩廷先生(主席) 譚震宇先生

獨立非執行董事

李啟承先生

馬時俊先生

羅麗萍女士

審核委員會

李啟承先生(主席)

馬時俊先生

羅麗萍女士

薪酬委員會

馬時俊先生(主席)

李啟承先生

羅麗萍女士

提名委員會

楊浩廷先生(主席)

李啟承先生

馬時俊先生

授權代表(就GEM上市規則而言)

楊浩廷先生

梁燕輝女士(HKICPA、ACCA、CPA(澳洲))

合規主任

楊浩廷先生

公司秘書

梁燕輝女士(HKICPA、ACCA、CPA(澳洲))

開曼群島註冊辦事處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

Corporate Information (Continued) 公司資料(續)

Headquarters and Principal Place of Business in Hong Kong

Unit D2, 5/F, Hoi Bun Industrial Building, 6 Wing Yip Street, Kwun Tong, Kowloon, Hong Kong

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar

Tricor Investor Services Limited Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong

Cayman Islands Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Agent

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers
Certified Public Accountants
and Registered Public Interest Entity Auditor
22/F, Prince's Building,
Hong Kong

Legal Adviser

Sidley Austin 39/F, Two International Finance Centre, Central, Hong Kong

Principal Banker

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited 1 Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong

Company Website

www.intechproductions.com

Stock Code

8446

總部辦事處及香港主要營業地點

香港九龍 觀塘榮業街6號 海濱工業大廈5樓D2室

香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳證券登記有限公司 香港 皇后大道東183號 合和中心22樓

開曼群島股份過戶登記總處

Ocorian Trust (Cayman) Limited Windward 3, Regatta Office Park, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1108, Cayman Islands

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師 及註冊公眾利益實體核數師 香港 太子大廈22樓

法律顧問

盛德律師事務所 香港中環 國際金融中心二期39樓

主要往來銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司 香港中環皇后大道1號

公司網址

www.intechproductions.com

股份代號

8446

Chairman's Statement 主席報告書

To all shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Company, I am pleased to present the audited consolidated annual financial statements of In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together referred as the "Group") for the year ended 31 May 2021.

With the continuous attack of the COVID-19 pandemic carried over to the year under review, the business environment around the globe has not been recovered. Social distancing policy, quarantine order and travel restriction by all local government around the globe have greatly affected our business and our industry. Shows and events were still forced to postpone, reschedule or cancel due to the above-mentioned reasons. The Group recognized revenue of approximately HK\$12.3 million for the year ended 31 May 2021, representing a decrease of HK\$32.4 million or 72% compared with the year ended 31 May 2020. The gross loss of the Group of approximately HK\$22.5 million for the year ended 31 May 2021, compared with a gross profit of approximately HK\$2.7 million with the year ended 31 May 2020. The Group's net loss was approximately HK\$35.1 million representing an increase of approximately HK\$10.8 million or 44% compared to the year ended 31 May 2020.

Although the traditional shows and events were adversely affected our business during the year, the Group has started and successfully explored a new business opportunity which can utilized our existing visual display equipment. Business opportunity arose from the popular demand of streaming online concerts and extended reality (xR) shows/events which extensive usage of visual displays with visual effects, and the Group had explored this new technology and brought it into the entertainment or even the TV and filming industry.

With the vaccination progress around the globe, the Board strongly believed that the business can be resume to normal very soon. The Group will continue to strengthen the management's governance and open up more business opportunities to diversify the business, ultimately benefitting the shareholders in return.

各位股東:

本人謹代表本公司董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈In Technical Productions Holdings Limited(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度的經審核綜合年度財務報表。

隨著COVID-19疫情的不斷來襲持續至回顧年度,全球營商環境尚未復甦。全球各地政府實施的社交距離政策、隔離令及旅遊限制對我們的業務及行業造成重大影響。雖以原因,演出及活動仍被迫延期、改日,或取消。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團確認收益約12.3百萬港元,較少32.4百萬港元或72%。本集團截至二零二年五月三十一日止年度的毛損約為22.5百萬港元,而截至二零二年度的毛利約為2.7百萬港元。本集四十一日止年度的毛利約為35.1百萬港元,較截至二零年五月三十一日止年度增加約10.8百萬港元或44%。

儘管傳統演出及活動於年內對我們的業務 造成不利影響,本集團已開始並成功探索 可利用我們現有視像顯示設備的新業務機 會。業務機會來自網上串流演唱會及延展 實境(xR)演出/活動的殷切需求,該等活動 廣泛使用具有視覺效果的視像顯示,而本 集團已探索此項新技術並將其引入進娛樂 甚至影視行業。

鑑於全球疫苗接種的進展,董事會深信業務可盡快重回正軌。本集團將繼續加強管理層的管治,開拓更多業務機會以使業務多元化,最終令股東受惠。

Chairman's Statement (Continued) 主席報告書(續)

The Board would like to extend its sincere thanks to the shareholders of the Company and the Group, business partners and customers for their utmost support to the Group. The Group would also like to take this opportunity to thank all management members and staff for their hard work and dedication throughout the years.

董事會謹此對本公司及本集團股東、業務 夥伴及客戶致以衷心的感謝,感謝彼等對 本集團的鼎力支持。本集團亦藉此機會感 謝所有管理人員及員工多年來的辛勤工作 及奉獻。

Yeung Ho Ting Dennis

Chairman Hong Kong, 24 August 2021 主席

楊浩廷

香港,二零二一年八月二十四日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

Business Review

The Group is principally engaged in the provision of visual display solution service.

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group was engaged in 65 pop concert shows for Hong Kong and non-Hong Kong artists/bands (2020: 269).

The Group derived approximately 20.9% of its total revenue during the year ended 31 May 2021 from pop concerts (2020: 67.1%), the majority of which took place in Hong Kong, the PRC, Taiwan and Macau. The remainder of the Group's revenue was attributable to other live events, including corporate events, exhibitions, sports and recreational events and other live performances, as well as equipment rental.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group faced the following risks and uncertainties that might have affected the Group's financial condition, results of operations, business and prospects:

Financial risk

The Group's operations are exposed to various types of financial risks such as cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. Details of the aforesaid risk factors and the respective risk management measures are shown in note 3.1 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

Operational risk

The success of the Group's business is largely attributable to the Group's ability to keep pace with the latest development of visual display technology in the market in order to provide feasible and cost-effective visual display solutions to the Group's customers. The Group's executive directors and senior management are responsible for assessing the change in market trends and making decisions to invest in suitable visual display equipment to cope with the latest customer demands and specifications in a timely and cost-effective manner.

業務回顧

本集團主要從事提供視像顯示解決方案服 務。

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團獲委聘為香港及非香港藝人/樂隊的65場流行音樂演唱會(二零二零年:269場)提供服務。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團收益總額的約20.9%來自流行音樂演唱會(二零二零年:67.1%),其中大部分在香港、中國、台灣及澳門舉行。本集團餘下的收益則來自企業活動、展覽、體育及休閒活動以及其他現場表演等其他現場活動以及設備租賃。

主要風險及不確定性

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度, 本集團面臨以下風險及不明朗因素,可能 對本集團財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景 造成影響:

財務風險

本集團運營面對多種財務風險,如現金流量及公平值利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。有關上述風險因素及相關風險管理措施之詳情乃載於本年報綜合財務報表附註3.1。

經營風險

本集團業務取得成功很大程度上由於本集 團能夠與視像顯示科技市場的最新發展步 伐保持一致,向本集團客戶提供可行及高 性價比的視像顯示解決方案。本集團執行 董事及高級管理層負責評估市場趨勢變動 以及作出投資於適合視像顯示設備的決 定,力求以高性價比的方式及時滿足客戶 的最新需求以及規格。

Cyber risk and security

The Group's computer equipment and website are exposed to attack, damage or unauthorized access in this cyber era. Failure to protect the Group's computer equipment and website from any unauthorized access can result in reputational damage, financial loss and disruptions in operations.

The Group has installed appropriate anti-virus software and internet fire walls to protect the Group's computer equipment and website from any cyber-attacks. Trainings have been provided to the Group's staff to follow a security code setting procedures to minimize the likelihood of any unauthorized access to the Group's computer equipment.

Data fraud or theft

The Group's critical information is kept and managed by the Group's executive directors and key management. Failure to protect the Group's critical information from any data fraud or theft can result in financial loss and disruptions in operations.

Trainings have been provided to the Group's executive directors and key management for keeping and managing the Group's critical information to minimize the likelihood of any data fraud or theft.

Environment and social risks

For details of how the Group addresses to its environment and social risks, where applicable, please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report on pages 38 to 56 of this annual report.

Market risk

The Group's business performance and financial conditions may be affected by the state of economy in Hong Kong. As an international financial centre, the economy of Hong Kong is susceptible to material fluctuations, volatility, disruptions or downturn of broader global economic and financial environment, particularly to the developments in the PRC. The Group's executive directors are responsible for determining an overall market risk control framework, monitoring and assessing market conditions and devising refined policies in light of any adverse factors affecting the Group's performance and market position.

網絡風險及安全

在網絡時代,本集團電腦設備及網站面臨 攻擊、損害或非法登入等風險。倘未能防止 本集團電腦設備及網站遭非法登入,則可 能導致聲譽受損、財務損失及運營中斷。

本集團已安裝適當防毒軟件及互聯網防火 墻,以防止本集團電腦設備及網站遭受任 何網絡攻擊。本集團向員工提供培訓,以遵 從安全碼設定程序,降低任何非法登入本 集團電腦設備的可能性。

數據造假或盜竊

本集團重要資料由本集團執行董事及主要 管理層存放及管理。倘未能防止本集團的 重要資料發生數據造假或遭盜竊,則可能 導致財務損失及運營中斷。

本集團就存放及管理本集團重要資料向本 集團執行董事及主要管理層提供培訓,以 最大程度降低任何數據造假或盜竊的可能 性。

環境及社會風險

有關本集團如何應對其環境及社會風險(倘適用)的詳情,請參閱本年報第38至56頁的環境、社會及管治報告。

市場風險

本集團業務表現及財務狀況可能會受到香港經濟狀況影響。作為國際金融中心,香港經濟容易受到更廣泛的全球經濟和金融環境的重大動盪、波動、中斷或低迷所影響,尤其是易受中國的發展所影響。本集團執行董事負責根據任何影響本集團表現及市場地位的不利因素,決定整體市場風險控制框架,監察及評估市場狀況,並制定更完善的政策。

Financial Review

Revenue

The Group generates revenue from providing (i) visual display solutions to its customers in relation to pop concert shows and various other live events; and (ii) equipment rental.

The following table sets out a breakdown of the Group's revenue by source of income during the year ended 31 May 2021 with comparative figures for the year ended 31 May 2020.

財務回顧

收益

本集團從(i)為與流行音樂演唱會及多種其 他現場活動相關之客戶提供視像顯示解決 方案:及(ii)設備租賃產生收益。

下表載列於截至二零二一年五月三十一日 止年度本集團按收入來源劃分之收益明細 及截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度之 比較數據。

		Year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年 五月三十一日止年度 % of total HK\$'000 revenue 佔收益總額		Year ended 31 May 2020 截至二零二零年 五月三十一日止年度 % of to HK\$'000 reven 佔收益總	
		千港元 —————	的百分比	千港元	的百分比
Visual display solutions Equipment rental	視像顯示解決方案 設備租賃	12,022 327	97.4 2.6	44,403 312	99.3 0.7
Total	總計	12,349	100.0	44,715	100.0

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group principally derived its revenue from the provision of visual display solutions, which accounted for approximately 97.4% of the Group's total revenue (2020: 99.3%). The Group's revenue decreased from approximately HK\$44.7 million for the year ended 31 May 2020 to approximately HK\$12.3 million for the year ended 31 May 2021, representing a decrease of approximately 72%.

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團收益主要來自提供視像顯示解決方案,其佔本集團收益總額的約97.4%(二零二零年:99.3%)。本集團收益由截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度的約44.7百萬港元減少至截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度的約12.3百萬港元,減少約72%。

Visual display solutions

The following table sets out a breakdown of the Group's revenue from visual display solutions during the year ended 31 May 2021 with comparative figures for the year ended 31 May 2020. For the purpose of revenue breakdown presentation, other live events include corporate events, sports and recreation events, exhibitions and other live performances.

視像顯示解決方案

下表載列於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度本集團來自視像顯示解決方案之收益明細連同截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度之比較數據。就呈列收益明細而言,其他現場活動包括企業活動、體育及休閒活動、展覧及其他現場表演。

		Year ended 31 May 2021			Year ended 31 May 2020)		
		截至	二零二一年	五月三十一日	l止年度	截至	截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度			
				% of total				% of total		
				revenue	Average			revenue	Average	
				from visual	revenue			from visual	revenue	
		No. of	Revenue	display	per show	No. of	Revenue	display	per show	
		shows	(HK\$'000)	solutions	(HK\$'000)	shows	(HK\$'000)	solutions	(HK\$'000)	
				佔視像顯示	每場			佔視像顯示	每場	
				解決方案	演出的			解決方案	演出的	
		演出	收益	總收益的	平均收益	演出	收益	總收益的	平均收益	
		數目	(千港元)	百分比	(千港元)	數目	(千港元)	百分比	(千港元)	
Pop concerts	流行音樂演唱會	65	2,510	20.9	39	269	29,805	67.1	111	
Other live events	其他現場活動	1,163	9,512	79.1	7	778	14,598	32.9	19	
Total revenue from	視像顯示解決									
visual display	方案收益總額									
solutions		1,228	12,022	100.0	10	1,047	44,403	100.0	42	

The decrease in revenue from pop concerts was mainly attributable to decrease in average revenue per show for pop concerts from approximately HK\$111,000 for the year ended 31 May 2020 to approximately HK\$39,000 for the year ended 31 May 2021, and decrease in the number of shows affected by the COVID-19 during the year ended 31 May 2021.

The decrease in revenue from other live events was mainly attributable to the decrease of average revenue per show. The average revenue per show for other live events decreased from HK\$19,000 for the year ended 31 May 2020 to approximately HK\$7,000 for the year ended 31 May 2021. Although the number of shows increased from other live events, the increase was mainly due to long rental period of window display shop in a shopping mall.

流行音樂演唱會的收益減少乃主要由於每場流行音樂演唱會演出的平均收益由截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度約111,000港元降至截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度約39,000港元,以及由於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度受COVID-19影響,演出場次有所減少。

其他現場活動的收益減少主要由於每場演出平均收益減少。其他現場活動的每場演出平均收益由截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度的19,000港元減少至截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度的約7,000港元。儘管其他現場活動的演出數目有所增加,有關增加主要由於長期租賃一個購物商場的櫥窗展示商店。

Revenue analysis by geographical location

The following table sets out a breakdown of the revenue of the Group from pop concerts by geographical location during the year ended 31 May 2021 with comparative figures for the year ended 31 May 2020:

按地理位置劃分的收益分析

下表載列截至二零二一年五月三十一日止 年度本集團按地理位置劃分的流行音樂 演唱會收益明細及截至二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度之比較數據:

		Year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度			Year ended 31 May 2020 截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度				
				% of total	Average			% of total	Average
				revenue	revenue			revenue	revenue
		No. of	Revenue	from pop	per show	No. of	Revenue	from pop	per show
		shows	(HK\$'000)	concerts	(HK\$'000)	shows	(HK\$'000)	concerts	(HK\$'000)
				佔流行	每場演出			佔流行	每場演出
				音樂演唱會	的平均			音樂演唱會	的平均
		演出	收益	總收益的	收益	演出	收益	總收益的	收益
		數目	(千港元)	百分比	(千港元)	數目	(千港元)	百分比	(千港元)
1									
Pop concerts	流行音樂演唱會								
Hong Kong	香港	41	1,551	61.8	38	107	10,322	34.6	96
PRC	中國	6	393	15.7	66	117	13,802	46.3	118
Macau	澳門	3	110	4.4	37	37	4,801	16.1	130
Taiwan	台灣	15	456	18.1	30	5	495	1.7	99
Other	其他	_	_	_	_	3	385	1.3	128
Total revenue from	來自流行音樂演								
pop concerts	唱會的總收益	65	2,510	100.0	39	269	29,805	100.0	111

During the year ended 31 May 2021, most pop concerts were held in Hong Kong by local artists due to travel restrictions. As all concert tours were suspended during the year, the number of concert tours was not as concentrated as the last couple of years. During the year, the Group provided services to (i) a male Hong Kong talk show for total of 10 shows in Hong Kong, and (ii) a Taiwanese band for 15 concert shows in Taiwan.

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,由 於旅遊限制,大部分流行音樂會由本地藝 術家於香港舉辦。由於所有巡迴演唱會於 年內暫停,故巡迴演場會數目未如過去數 年般密集。年內,本集團為(i)於香港舉行合 共10場的港男脱口秀演出及(ii)於台灣舉行 15場演唱會演出的台灣樂隊提供服務。

The following table sets out a breakdown of the revenue of the Group from other live events by the geographical location during the year ended 31 May 2021 with comparative figures for the year ended 31 May 2020:

下表載列截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度本集團按地理位置劃分自其他現場活動獲得的收益明細連同截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度之比較數據:

		Year ended 31 May 2021			Year ended 31 May 2020					
		截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度				截至二	截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度			
				% of total	Average			% of total	Average	
				revenue	revenue			revenue	revenue	
		No. of	Revenue	from other	per show	No. of	Revenue	from other	per show	
		shows	(HK\$'000)	live events	(HK\$'000)	shows	(HK\$'000)	live events	(HK\$'000)	
				佔其他	每場演出			佔其他	每場演出	
				現場活動	的平均			現場活動	的平均	
		演出	收益	總收益的	收益	演出	收益	總收益的	收益	
		數目	(千港元)	百分比	(千港元)	數目	(千港元)	百分比	(千港元)	
Other live events	其他現場活動									
Hong Kong	香港	1,084	5,989	62.8	6	565	6,745	46.2	12	
PRC	中國	70	2,532	26.8	36	4	631	4.3	158	
Macau	澳門	9	991	10.4	110	209	7,222	49.5	35	
Total revenue from	來自其他現場									
other live events	活動的總收益	1,163	9,512	100.0	8	778	14,598	100.0	19	

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group continued to provide services for various events in Hong Kong, China and Macau. Although a lot of corporate events were either cancelled or rescheduled due to COVID-19 in Hong Kong, the Group had involved in some long term equipment rentals in Hong Kong which were used for long terms window display in a shopping mall. During the year, the Group also engaged in some car shows and product launch events in China, resulting in an increase of 301% in revenue compared to the year ended 31 May 2020. However there was a significant decrease in other live events in Macau during the year, but the average revenue per show increased by 214% compared to the year ended 31 May 2020, due to more equipment having been utilized.

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團繼續於香港、中國及澳門為各類提供服務。儘管香港有許多企業活動是代配。儘管香港有許多企集團。當或改期,但本集團也不是期設備租賃(其用作本集別設備租赁(其用作本集別設備租赁(其用作本集別的長期櫥窗展示)。年內,本籍到於中國參與若干專展及產五月門的多與若干零二零年內澳門更多等五月。然而,於動用更零年五月。對於職減少,較截至二零二十一日止年度增加214%。

Cost of services

The following table sets out the components of the cost of services of the Group during the year ended 31 May 2021 with comparative figures for the year ended 31 May 2020:

服務成本

下表載列截至二零二一年五月三十一日止 年度本集團服務成本的組成部分及截至二 零二零年五月三十一日止年度之比較數據:

		Year ended 31 截至二零:	二一年	Year ended 31 May 2020 截至二零二零年		
		五月三十一	日止年度 % of total	五月三十一	日止年度 % of total	
			cost of		cost of	
		HK\$'000	services	HK\$'000	services	
			佔服務 成本總額		佔服務 成本總額	
		千港元	成本總額 的百分比	千港元	成 本 總 領 的 百 分 比	
7/10						
Depreciation	折舊	19,200	55.1	19,560	46.6	
Direct labour costs	直接勞工成本	9,003	25.8	14,013	33.4	
Subcontracting charges	分包費	1,348	3.9	3,273	7.8	
Freight and logistics expenses	運費及物流費	780	2.2	3,452	8.2	
Cost of equipment and spare parts	設備及配件成本	431	1.2	476	1.1	
Rental expenses related to lease	與租賃設備有關之			1,0		
of equipment	租金開支	4,088	11.8	1,227	2.9	
				100		
Total	總計	34,850	100.0	42,001	100.0	

Depreciation

Depreciation recognised under the cost of services of the Group is related to the depreciation expenses for the visual display equipment of the Group for the provision of its services. For the year ended 31 May 2021, depreciation of visual display equipment represented approximately 55.1% of total cost of services (2020: approximately 46.6%).

Direct labour costs

Direct labour costs of the Group represent compensation and benefits provided to the Group's project managers, visual technicians, equipment development and maintenance staff and warehouse keepers employed by the Group. For the year ended 31 May 2021, direct labour costs represented approximately 25.8% of total cost of services (2020: approximately 33.4%).

折舊

本集團的服務成本項下確認的折舊與其提 供服務的本集團視像顯示設備的折舊開支 有關。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,視像顯示設備的折舊約佔總服務成本 的55.1%(二零二零年:約46.6%)。

直接勞工成本

本集團直接勞工成本指向由本集團僱用的 本集團項目經理、視像技術員、設備開發及 維護員工及倉管員提供的薪酬及福利。截 至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,直接 勞工成本約佔總服務成本的25.8%(二零二 零年:約33.4%)。

Subcontracting charges

Subcontracting charges of the Group primarily represent fees paid and payable to the human resource company which provided us with workers for installing and dismantling visual display equipment at pop concerts or other live events in Hong Kong, the PRC and Macau. For the year ended 31 May 2021, subcontracting charges represented approximately 3.9% of total cost of services (2020: approximately 7.8%).

Freight and logistics expenses

Freight and logistics expenses of the Group primarily represent transportation expenses for delivering the Group's visual display equipment to or from its warehouses to the designated venues of pop concerts and other live events or between different sites of pop concerts and other live events. For the year ended 31 May 2021, freight and logistics expenses represented approximately 2.2% of total cost of services (2020: approximately 8.2%).

Cost of equipment and spare parts

Cost of equipment and spare parts of the Group represents the expenses in relation to tools and consumables used for on-site installation and maintenance, or cost relating to the equipment that the customer opt to keep. For the year ended 31 May 2021, the cost of equipment and spare parts represented approximately 1.2% of total cost of services (2020: approximately 1.1%).

Rental expenses related to lease of equipment

Rental expenses of short-term leases in respect of equipment of the Group primarily represent rental charges for visual display equipment such as LED panels, projectors, video control units, and other equipment that was required for the pop concerts or other live events in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC (i) where the Group's own relevant equipment was fully occupied at the particular time or (ii) for cost effectiveness reason in view of the logistics expenses or (iii) due to different types of equipment which the Group does not own is being used. For the year ended 31 May 2021, rental expenses of short-term leases in respect of equipment represented approximately 11.8% (2020: 2.9%) of total cost of services.

Gross (loss)/profit and gross (loss)/profit margin

Gross loss of the Group for the year ended 31 May 2021 amounted to approximately HK\$22.5 million (2020: gross profit of approximately HK\$2.7 million), representing gross loss margin of approximately 182% (2020: gross profit margin of 6.1%).

分包費

本集團的分包費主要指已付及應付人力資源公司的費用,該等公司向我們派遺工人在香港、中國及澳門的流行音樂演唱會或其他現場活動安裝及拆卸視像顯示設備。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,分包費約佔總服務成本的3.9%(二零二零年:約7.8%)。

運費及物流費

本集團的運費及物流費主要指交付本集團的視像顯示設備至我們的倉庫或由其倉庫交付至流行音樂演唱會及其他現場活動的指定地點或流行音樂演唱會及其他現場活動不同地點之間的運輸費用。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,運費及物流費約佔總服務成本的2.2%(二零二零年:約8.2%)。

設備及配件成本

本集團的設備及配件成本指與現場安裝及維護所使用的工具及耗材有關的開支,或與客戶選擇保留的設備有關的成本。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,設備及配件成本約佔總服務成本的1.2%(二零二零:約1.1%)。

與租賃設備有關之租金開支

本集團有關設備之短期租賃之租金開支主要指香港、澳門及中國流行音樂演唱會會其他現場活動所需視像顯示設備(例如LED顯示屏、投影儀及視像控制單元)及其他設備的租賃費用:(i)當時本集團的自有相關設備在特定時間被完全佔用或(ii)由於使用本集團並無擁有的不同類型的設備。截至二十一日止年度,有關設備之短期租賃之租金開支約佔總服務成本的約11.8%(二零二零年:2.9%)。

(毛損)/毛利及(毛損)/毛利率

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團的毛損約為22.5百萬港元(二零二零年:毛利約為2.7百萬港元),毛損率約為182%(二零二零年:毛利率約為6.1%)。

Administrative expenses

The administrative expenses of the Group mainly include administrative staff costs, depreciation of right-of-use assets, rental expenses of shortterm leases in respect of rental premises and others. The Group's administrative expenses decreased by approximately 48.5% from approximately HK\$26.4 million for the year ended 31 May 2020 to approximately HK\$13.6 million for the year ended 31 May 2021. The decrease was mainly due to decrease in non-recurring professional service fee in respect of the transfer of listing preparation of HK\$7.2 million incurred during year ended 31 May 2020, decrease in administrative staff costs of HK\$1 million and other miscellaneous expenses.

Finance costs, net

The finance (cost)/income, net of the Group mainly consists of interests on bank borrowings which were all repayable within five years, interest expenses on obligations under finance lease and interest on lease liabilities. The Group's finance costs increase by approximately 7.2% from HK\$0.5 million for the year ended 31 May 2020 to approximately HK\$0.54 million for the year ended 31 May 2021 which was mainly due to the increase in bank borrowing.

Income tax credit

The Group is subject to income tax on an enterprise basis on profits arising in or derived from the jurisdictions in which members of the Group are domiciled and operate.

During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, all PRC subsidiaries of the Company were subject to the PRC Enterprise Income Tax rate of 25.0%.

The Hong Kong subsidiary of the Company was subject to Hong Kong profit tax at the rate of 16.5% on the estimated assessable profits during the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020.

The Macau subsidiary of the Company was subject to Macau complementary tax at the rate of 12.0% on the estimated assessable income exceeding MOP600,000 during the year ended 31 May 2021.

行政開支

本集團的行政開支主要包括行政僱員成 本、使用權資產折舊,有關租用物業之短期 租賃之租金開支以及其他。本集團的行政 開支由截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年 度之約26.4百萬港元減少約48.5%至截至二 零二一年五月三十一日止年度之約13.6百 萬港元。有關減少乃主要由於截至二零二 零年五月三十一日止年度就籌備轉板上市 而產生的非經常性專業服務費用減少7.2百 萬港元、行政僱員成本減少1百萬港元及其 他雜項開支減少。

財務成本淨額

本集團的財務(成本)/收入淨額主要包括 須於五年內全部償還的銀行借款利息、 融資租賃承擔利息開支及租賃負債利息。 本集團的財務成本由截至二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度之0.5百萬港元增加約7.2% 至截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度之 約0.54百萬港元,主要由於銀行借款增加。

所得税抵免

本集團須就產生或源自本集團成員公司所 處及經營所在司法權區的溢利繳納企業所 得税。

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,本公司的所有中國附屬 公司按25.0%税率繳納中國企業所得税。

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,本公司的香港附屬公司 按16.5%的税率就估計應課税溢利繳納香 港利得税。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 公司的澳門附屬公司估計應課税收入超過 600,000澳門元之部分須按12.0%税率繳納 澳門所得補充税。

During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, no Hong Kong profits tax, PRC corporate income tax and Macau complementary tax have been provided for as the Group did not generate any estimated assessable profit.

The effective income tax rate of the Group was 12.3% in the year ended 31 May 2021 (2020: 8.7%).

Loss for the year

As a result of the foregoing, the Group's loss was approximately HK\$35.1 million for the year ended 31 May 2021, representing an increase of approximately HK\$10.8 million as compared of approximately HK\$24.3 million for the year ended 31 May 2020. The increase in loss for the year ended 31 May 2021 was primarily attributable to (i) the significant decrease in the number of shows and events engaged during the year ended 31 May 2021; (ii) increase in the equipment rental charges; and (iii) the provision for impairment of trade receivables amount to HK\$5.6 million.

Business Update

The business of the Group was severely affected by the pandemic during the year ended 31 May 2021. The outbreak of COVID-19 have adversely affected our business and our industry. Shows and events were forced to postpone, reschedule or even cancel due to various epidemic prevention reasons, such as social distancing order and quarantine order imposed by the government, global travel restriction, closure of venues, etc, imposed by local governments globally. The Group has tried to minimize the cost of operation, such as no-pay leave for operating staffs in Hong Kong, Macau and China and rent reduction request to all landlords.

In addition to fighting for survival, the Group has been proactively seeking potential business opportunities and exploring the possibility to expand the application of the Group's visual display solutions to industries other than live events industry so as to broaden the sources of income of the Group and enhance value to the shareholders. During the lockdown of the entertainment business, the Group managed to explore new business idea utilizing our existing visual display equipment and bringing it into the TV/filming industry, the Group believes it will be a new business sector with great potential.

In the view of our management, our business will be back on track and even experience an explosive growth once the pandemic of COVID-19 is over.

於 截 至 二零 二 一 年 及 二零 二零 年 五 月 三十一日止年度,由於本集團並無產生任 何估計應課税溢利,故並無計提香港利得 税、中國企業所得税及澳門所得補充税撥 備。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 集團的實際所得税税率為12.3%(二零二零年:8.7%)。

年內虧損

於上文所述,本集團於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度之虧損為約35.1百萬港元,較截至二零二零年五月三十一日止年度利約24.3百萬港元增加約10.8百萬港元。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度之虧損增加乃主要由於(i)截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度的表演及活動數目大幅減少:(ii)設備租賃費用增加:及(iii)貿易應收款項減值撥備5.6百萬港元。

業務更新

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 集團的業務受疫情嚴重影響。COVID-19的 爆發對我們的業務及行業造成不利影響。 由於全球各地政府採取各種防疫措施, 政府頒佈的強制社交距離令和隔離令、世 界各地的旅行限制、場館關閉等,演出及活 動被迫延期、改期甚至取消。本集團已努力 盡量縮減營運成本,如香港、澳門及中國大 陸營運人員無薪休假以及向所有業主提出 減租要求。

除奮發圖存外,本集團一直積極尋求潛在 業務機會並在尋求將本集團的視像顯示解 決方案應用於現場活動行業以外的其他行 業,以拓寬本集團的收入來源及提升股東 價值。於娛樂業停擺期間,本集團覓得新的 業務理念,即利用現有視像顯示設備並將 其引入至電視/電影行業,本集團相信此將 成為具有巨大潛力的新業務分部。

管理層認為,我們的業務將回歸正軌,乃至在COVID-19疫情結束後迎來爆炸式增長。

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Financial Resources, Liquidity and Capital Structure

The Group finances its operations primarily through cash generated from operating activities, interest-bearing bank borrowings and finance leases. The Group recorded net current liabilities of approximately HK\$12.1 million as at 31 May 2021 (2020: net current assets approximately HK\$13.2 million).

As at 31 May 2021, the Group's current ratio was approximately 0.55 (2020: approximately 1.7) and the Group's gearing ratio calculated based on the total debt at the end of the year divided by total equity at the end of the year was approximately 21.2% (2020: approximately 6.8%).

As at 31 May 2021, the maximum limit of the banking facilities available to the Group was amounted to HK\$10 million (2020: HK\$4.4 million). The bank borrowings were denominated in Hong Kong dollars, repayable within eight year or on demand and interest-bearing from 2.75% to 3.75% per annum (2020: 5.5% to 5.9% per annum).

As at 31 May 2021, the capital structure of the Group consisted of equity attributable to owners of the Company of approximately HK\$71 million, comprising issued share capital and reserves.

There has been no change in the capital structure of the Group during the year ended 31 May 2021.

Foreign Currency Exposure Risks

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to certain purchases with United States dollars ("US\$") and Macau Patacas ("MOP") and certain sales with Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the group entities' functional currency. The Group however did not engage in any derivatives agreements and did not commit to any financial instrument to hedge its foreign exchange exposure during the year ended 31 May 2021.

流動資金及資本資源

財務資源、流動資金及資本架構

本集團主要通過經營活動產生的現金、計 息銀行借款及融資租賃為其經營提供資 金。本集團於二零二一年五月三十一日錄 得流動負債淨值約12.1百萬港元(二零二零 年:流動資產淨值約13.2百萬港元)。

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團的流 動比率約為0.55(二零二零年:約1.7)及本 集團的資產負債比率以年末債務總額除以 年末權益總額計算約為21.2%(二零二零 年:約6.8%)。

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團最大 限額銀行融資為10百萬港元(二零二零年: 4.4百萬港元)。銀行借款以港元計值,須於 八年內或按要求償還,年利率介乎2.75% 至3.75%(二零二零年:年利率介乎5.5%至 5.9%)。

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團資本 架構包括本公司擁有人應佔之權益約71百 萬港元(包括已發行股本及儲備)。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 集團資本架構概無變動。

外匯風險

本集團主要在香港經營,並面臨各種貨幣 風險所引起的外匯風險,主要指若干以美 元(「美元」)及澳門幣(「澳門幣」)進行之購 買事項及若干以人民幣(「人民幣」) 進行之 出售事項。當未來商業交易、確認資產及負 債以不是集團實體功能貨幣計值時,則會 出現外匯風險。然而,於截至二零二一年五 月三十一日止年度,本集團並未涉及任何 衍生工具協議及並無訂立任何金融工具以 對沖外匯風險。

Treasury Policies

The Group has adopted a prudent financial management approach towards its treasury policies and thus maintained a healthy liquidity position throughout the year ended 31 May 2021. The Group strives to reduce exposure to credit risk by performing ongoing credit assessments and evaluations of the financial status of its customers. To manage liquidity risk, the Board closely monitors the Group's liquidity position to ensure that the liquidity structure of the Group's assets, liabilities and other commitments can meet its funding requirements from time to time.

庫務政策

本集團對其庫務政策採取審慎的財務管理 方法,因此截至二零二一年五月三十一日 止年度整段期間保持了健康的流動資資 況。本集團力求通過持續的信貸評估及對 其客戶財務狀況進行評估以降低信貸 險。為管理流動性風險,董事會密切監察本 集團的流動資金狀況,確保本集團資產、負 債及其他承諾的流動性結構不時滿足其資 金需求。

Significant Investments, Material Acquisitions and Disposals of Subsidiaries

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group did not have any significant investments, material acquisitions nor disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies.

重大投資、重大收購及出售附屬公司

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度, 本集團並無任何重大投資、重大收購或出 售附屬公司及聯屬公司。

Capital Commitments

As at 31 May 2021, the Group had a total capital commitment of approximately HK\$1.5 million (2020: HK\$2.1 million), mainly comprising the related contracts of capital expenditure for visual display equipment.

資本承擔

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團資本 承擔總額約1.5百萬港元(二零二零年:2.1 百萬港元),主要包括有關就視像顯示設備 的資本開支合約。

Contingent Liabilities

As at 31 May 2021, the Group did not have any material contingent liabilities.

或然負債

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團並無 任何重大或然負債。

Pledge of Assets

As at 31 May 2021, the Group did not have any pledged short-term bank deposits as security for the Group's banking facilities (2020: approximately HK\$3.0 million).

資產抵押

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團並無任何已抵押短期銀行存款,作為本集團銀行融資之擔保(二零二零年:約3.0百萬港元)。

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

The Board is committed to establish and ensuring high standards of corporate governance and adopt sound corporate governance practices. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules. The Directors strongly believe that reasonable and sound corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding and enhancing shareholders' interests.

董事會致力建立並維持高標準的企業管治 並採取穩健的企業管治常規。本公司的企 業管治常規乃基於GEM上市規則附錄15所 載企業管治守則及企業管治報告(「企業管 治守則」)。董事深信合理及穩健之企業管 治常規為促進本集團增長以及保障與提升 股東利益的關鍵。

The Directors consider that since the Listing Date and up to the date of this report, except for the deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the Company has complied with all the applicable code provisions set out in the CG Code. Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis is the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company. In view of Mr. Yeung's role in day-to-day operations and management of the Group since April 2009, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Mr. Yeung taking up both roles for effective management and business development. Therefore, the Directors consider that the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code is appropriate in such circumstance and the Board is of the view that this management structure is effective for the Group's operations and sufficient checks and balances are in place.

董事認為,自上市日期起直至本報告日 期,除偏離企業管治守則之第A.2.1條守則 條文外,本公司已遵守企業管治守則所載 所有適用守則條文。企業管治守則之守則 條文第A.2.1條規定,主席與行政總裁的角 色應分離,不得由同一人擔任。楊浩廷先生 為本公司董事長兼行政總裁。鑒於楊先生 自二零零九年四月起在本集團擔任負責日 常營運及管理方面的職位,董事會認為讓 楊先生擔任負責有效管理及業務發展的角 色符合本集團最佳利益。因此,董事認為, 偏離企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條規 定在該情形下是適當的,董事會認為該管 理架構對本集團的運營有效,且有充足的 制衡。

Board of Directors

The key responsibilities of the Board include formulation of the Group's overall strategies, the setting of management targets and supervision of management performance. The management is delegated with the authority and responsibility by the Board for the management and administration of the Group. In addition, the Board has also delegated various responsibilities to the Board committees of the Company. Further details of the Board committees are set out below in this report.

董事會

董事會的主要職責包括制訂本集團的整體 策略、訂立管理目標,以及監察管理層的表 現。管理層獲董事會轉授有關本集團管理 及行政的授權及責任。此外,董事會亦已將 各職責轉授予本公司董事委員會。有關董 事委員會之進一步詳情載於本報告下文。

The Board is entrusted with the overall responsibility for promoting the success of the Company by the direction and supervision of the Company's business and affairs and the ultimate responsibility for day to day management of the Company which is delegated to the management. To this end, monthly financial and operational information are provided to the Board for assessing the performance of the Company and its subsidiaries. For significant matters that are specifically delegated by the Board, the management must report back to and obtain prior approval from the Board before making decisions or entering into any commitments on behalf of the Company. The management is responsible for the day-to-day management and operation of the Group and to provide the Board with updates in a timely manner, giving an assessment of the Company's performance and position to enable the Board to discharge its duties.

The Board is responsible for, among others, performing the corporate governance duties as set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code, which include:

- 董事會負責(其中包括)履行企業管治守則 守則條文第D.3.1條所載的企業管治職責, 包括:
- (a) to develop and review the Group's policies and practices on corporate governance and make recommendations;
- (a) 制定及檢討本集團的企業管治政策及 常規,並提出建議;
- (b) to review and monitor the training and continuous professional development of the Directors and senior management;
- (b) 檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- (c) to review and monitor the Group's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements;
- (c) 檢討及監察本集團在遵守法律及監管 規定方面的政策及常規;
- (d) to develop, review and monitor the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to the Directors and employees; and
- (d) 制定、檢討及監察適用於董事及僱員 的操守準則及合規手冊(如有);及
- (e) to review the Group's compliance with the CG Code and disclosure in the corporate governance report.
- (e) 檢討本集團遵守企業管治守則的情況 及在企業管治報告內的披露。

Board Composition

The Board comprises five Directors, two of whom are executive Directors and the other three are independent non-executive Directors. Details of their composition by category are as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis (Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Tam Chun Yu

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Kai Sing Mr. Ma Tsz Chun

Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis

All Directors have appropriate professional qualification or substantive experience and industry knowledge. The Board as a whole has achieved an appropriate balance of skills and experience. The composition of the Board satisfies the requirements of Rules 5.05 and 5.05A of the GEM Listing Rules. There are three independent non-executive Directors and at least one of them has accounting professional qualification. With more than one-third of the members of the Board are independent nonexecutive Directors, the Board has a fairly strong independence element in terms of its composition.

The participation of independent non-executive Directors in the Board brings a diverse range of expertise, skills and independent judgment on issues relating to the Group's strategies, performance, conflicts of interests and management process to ensure that the interests of all shareholders of the Company have been duly considered.

The details of Directors are set out in the section headed "Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management" on pages 75 to 80 of this annual report. There are no family or other material relationships among members of the Board.

董事會組成

董事會由五名董事組成,其中包括兩名執 行董事及其他三名獨立非執行董事。彼等 按類別劃分之組成詳情如下:

執行董事 楊浩廷先生(主席兼行政總裁) 譚震宇先生

獨立非執行董事 李啟承先生 馬時俊先生 羅麗萍女士

全體董事均擁有適當專業資格或實質經驗 及行業知識。董事會作為一個整體已經實 現技能與經驗的適當平衡。董事會乃根據 GEM上市規則第5.05及5.05A條的規定組 成。有三名獨立非執行董事,且其中至少有 一名擁有會計專業資格。董事會有超逾三 分之一的成員為獨立非執行董事,就其組 成而言,董事會體現充分的獨立性。

獨立非執行董事加入董事會能為有關本集 團策略、表現、利益衝突及管理過程的事 官帶來多元化的專業知識、技能及獨立判 斷,確保已妥為考慮本公司全體股東的利 益。

董事之詳情載於本年報第75至80頁「董事及 高層管理人員之簡歷」一節。董事會成員之 間概無存在親屬或其他重大關係。

Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance

The Board has established three committees, namely, the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"), on 19 May 2017 with delegated powers for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. Each of the committees of the Company has been established with written terms of reference.

The Board will conduct at least four regular meetings a year. The Directors can attend meetings in person or through other means of electronic communication in accordance with the Company's articles of association (the "Articles"). The chairman of the Board also meets with the independent non-executive Directors at least once a year without the presence of the executive Directors. Notices and agendas of regular Board meetings are served to all Directors at least 14 days before convening the Board meeting. For all other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given. All other schedules and the relevant information of each Board and committee meeting are generally made available to Directors or committee members at least three days in advance. The Board and each Director also have separate and independent access to the management whenever necessary.

會議次數及董事出席情況

董事會已於二零一七年五月十九日成立三個委員會,即審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會(「提名委員會」),各自擁有指定權限以監察本公司不同層面的事務。本公司各委員會於成立之時已書面訂明其職權範圍。

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Company held six Board meetings, four Audit Committee meetings, two Remuneration Committee meetings and one Nomination Committee meetings. All minutes of the Board meetings and meetings of Board committees were recorded in sufficient detail the matters considered by the Board and the decisions reached. Details of the attendance of Directors are as follows:

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 公司已舉行六次董事會會議、四次審核委 員會會議、兩次薪酬委員會會議及一次提 名委員會會議。董事會會議及董事委員會 之所有會議記錄,乃對董事會所考慮事項 及達致之決定作足夠詳細之記錄。董事出 席情況詳情如下:

Attendance/Number of meetings 出席次數/會議舉行次數

Name of Directors	董事姓名	Board Meeting (Note 1) 董事會會議 (附註1)	Audit Committee 審核委員會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬委員會	Nomination Committee 提名委員會	General meeting 股東大會
	エチルロ	(113 HZ =7	пихха	WINDE	ж 1 Д Д 1	MX / K / C II
Executive Directors: Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis Mr. Tam Chun Yu	執行董事 : 楊浩廷先生 譚震宇先生	6/6 4/6	Ξ	=	1/1	1/1 1/1
Independent Non-executive Directors:	獨立非執行董事:					
Mr. Li Kai Sing Mr. Ma Tsz Chun Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis	李啟承先生 馬時俊先生 羅麗萍女士	6/6 6/6 6/6	4/4 4/4 4/4	2/2 2/2 2/2	1/1 1/1 —	1/1 1/1 1/1

Note 1: Include a Board meeting where the Chairman met Non-executive and Independent Non-Executive Directors in the absence of the Executive Directors and management.

附註1:包括一次主席與非執行董事及獨立非執行董事 會面的董事會會議(執行董事及管理層並無出 席)。

The company secretary of the Company (the "Company Secretary") attended all the scheduled Board meetings to report matters arising from corporate governance, risk management, statutory compliance, accounting and finance.

本公司公司秘書(「公司秘書」)出席了所有 預定董事會會議,以報告有關企業管治、 風險管理、法例遵守、會計及財務方面的事 官。

Practice and Conduct of Meetings

Schedules and draft agenda of each meeting are normally made available to Directors in advance. At least 14 days' notice should be given for a regular Board meeting. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notices are generally given.

Minutes of all Board meetings recording sufficient details of matters considered and decisions reached are duly kept by the Company Secretary at the meetings and open for inspection by the Directors.

會議常規及進程

時間表及每次會議草擬議程一般會事先向 董事提供。常規董事會會議誦告最少於會 議日期前14天發出。其他董事會及委員會 會議,則一般給予合理時間之通知。

公司秘書已妥善保管記錄有會議所考慮事 宜及所作出決定之詳情的董事會會議記 錄,該等記綠可供董事查閱。

The Articles contain provisions requiring Directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such Directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

章程細則規定,有關董事於批准彼等或彼 等任何聯繫人擁有重大利益的交易時放棄 投票並不計入會議法定人數。

Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all Directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or Audit Committee meeting to keep the Directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions.

董事會文件連同所有合適、完整及可靠資料,最少於各董事會會議或審核委員會會議前3天送交全體董事,以便董事知悉本公司最新發展及財務狀況以作出知情決定。

Appointment and Re-election of Directors

The Articles provide that at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three (3), the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation and that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors has entered into an appointment letter with the Company. The appointment letter of each of the independent non-executive Directors is for a term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than one month's notice in writing served by either party on the other. The aforesaid appointment letters are subject to termination provisions therein and the retirement and reelection provisions in the Articles. Details of the appointment letters are summarised in the Report of the Board of Directors on page 59 of this annual report.

委任及重選董事

章程細則規定,在每屆股東週年大會上,當時為數三分之一的董事(或如董事人數並非三(3)的倍數,則為最接近但不少於三分之一之數目)須輪值退任,而每名董事須至少每三年在股東週年大會上輪值退任一次。

各獨立非執行董事與本公司已訂立委任函。各獨立非執行董事之委任函之年期為三年,可由一方向另一方發出不少於一個月的書面通知予以終止。惟上述委任函本身亦有關於終止的條款,並須遵守章程細則的退任及重選條文。委任函詳情概述於本年報第59頁董事會報告。

Directors' Continuous Training and Professional Development

To assist Directors' continuing professional development, the Company recommends Directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. This is to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Up to the date of this report, all Directors have participated in continuous professional development by attending training courses or reading relevant materials on the topics related to corporate governance and regulations. Records of the training received by the respective Directors are kept and updated by the Company Secretary.

董事之持續培訓及專業發展

為協助董事的持續專業發展,本公司建議 全體董事須參與持續專業發展以增進及更 新彼等之知識及技能。有關規定旨在確保 各董事在知情情況下向董事會作出切合需 要的貢獻。截至本報告日期,全體董事已出 席培訓課程或閱覽有關企業管治及規例之 資料,藉以參與持續專業發展。各董事的培 訓記錄由公司秘書保管及更新。

Independent Non-executive Directors

The Independent non-executive Directors are experienced professionals with expertise in respective areas of accounting, finance, industry knowledge and expertise. With their professional knowledge and experience, the independent non-executive Directors serve an important function of advising the senior management on strategy development and ensure that the Board maintains high standards in financial and other mandatory reporting as well as providing adequate checks and balances for safeguarding the interests of the shareholders and the Company as a whole; and independent non-executive Directors will participate in the Company's various committees including the Audit Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Nomination Committee

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors the written confirmation of his/her independence. The Company considers the independent non-executive Directors to be independent in accordance with Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Chairman and Executive Directors

The chairman of the Board provides leadership to the Board and is also responsible for the effective functioning of the Board in accordance with good corporate governance practice and is responsible for the overall corporate management of the business development strategies of the Group, The executive Directors are responsible for the implementation of the business strategies, policies and objectives set out by the Board and is accountable to the Board for the overall operations of the Group. These functions and responsibilities are currently being shared by the management team.

獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事均為經驗豐富的專業人 士,彼等具備會計、金融各個領域的專業 技能以及行業知識與專長。憑藉彼等的專 業知識及經驗,獨立非執行董事在就策略 發展向高級管理層提供意見方面扮演重要 角色,確保董事會維持高標準的財務及其 他強制申報以及提供充足檢查進行充分制 衡,以保障股東及本公司的整體利益;及獨 立非執行董事將參與包括審核委員會、薪 酬委員會及提名委員會在內的本公司各個 委員會。

各獨立非執行董事已就其對本公司的獨立 性發出書面確認函,本公司亦根據GEM上 市規則第5.09條規定確認其為獨立人士。

主席及執行董事

董事會主席負責領導董事會,並負責確保 董事會根據良好企業管治常規有效運作並 負責本集團業務發展策略的整體企業管 理。執行董事負責實施董事會所制定的業 務策略、政策及目標, 並就本集團整體營運 向董事會負責。該等職能及職責現由管理 專隊分擔。

Board Committee

Audit Committee

The Company established the Audit Committee on 19 May 2017 with written terms of reference in compliance with Rules 5.28 and 5.29 of the GEM Listing Rules. The full terms of reference setting out details of the authority, duties and responsibilities of the Audit Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

The Audit Committee comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Kai Sing, Mr. Ma Tsz Chun and Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis. Mr. Li Kai Sing is the chairman of the Audit Committee.

The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to assist the Board by providing an independent view of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process, risk management and internal control systems of the Group, to oversee the audit process, to develop and review the policies of the Group and to perform other duties and responsibilities as assigned by the Board. The full terms of reference setting out details of duties of the Audit Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

The Audit Committee is satisfied with their review of the auditors' remuneration, the independence of the auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers ("PwC"), and recommended the Board re-appoint PwC as the Company's auditors in the financial year ending 31 May 2022, which is subject to the approval of shareholders at the forthcoming AGM. The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2021.

According to the current terms of reference, meetings of the Audit Committee shall be held at least four times a year and the external auditor may request a meeting if they consider that one is necessary.

Details of the number of Audit Committee meetings held and Directors' attendance are set out in the section headed "Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance" on pages 21 to 22 of this annual report.

董事委員會

審核委員會

本公司根據GEM上市規則第5.28及5.29條於 二零一七年五月十九日成立審核委員會, 備有書面職權範圍。載有審核委員會的職 權、職責及責任詳情的全部職權範圍可於 GEM網站及本公司網站查閱。

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(即李啟承先生、馬時俊先生及羅麗萍女士)組成。 李啟承先生為審核委員會主席。

審核委員會之主要職責為透過提供有關本 集團財務申報程序、風險管理及內部監控 系統的有效性之獨立檢討以協助董事會、 監察審核流程、制定及檢討本集團的政策 並履行董事會指派的其他職責及責任。載 列審核委員會職責詳情的全部職權範圍可 於GEM網站及本公司網站查閱。

審核委員會信納對核數師薪酬及核數師羅 兵咸永道會計師事務所(「羅兵咸永道會計師事務所」)獨立性的審閱,並向董事會建 議續聘羅兵咸永道會計師事務所為本年司 截至二等五月三十一日止財政年 的核數師,惟須於應屆股東週年大會 過股東批准。審核委員會已審閱本集團截 至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度的經審 核綜合財務報表。

根據目前的職權範圍,審核委員會會議應至少每年舉行四次及外聘核數師在其認為必要情況下可能要求召開一次會議。

已舉行審核委員會會議次數及出席董事的 詳情乃列載於本年報第21至22頁所載「會議 次數及董事出席情況」一節。

Remuneration Committee

The Company established the Remuneration Committee in compliance with Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules, which comprises three independent non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Ma Tsz Chun, Mr. Li Kai Sing and Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis. Mr. Ma Tsz Chun is the chairman of the Remuneration Committee.

The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee include (but without limitation): (a) making recommendations to the Directors regarding the policy and structure for the remuneration of all the Directors and senior management of the Group and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing remuneration policies; (b) making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the Directors and senior management of the Group; (c) reviewing and approving the management's remuneration proposals with reference to the Board's corporate goals and objectives; and (d) considering and approving the grant of share options to eligible participants pursuant to the share option scheme conditionally adopted by the sole shareholder of the Company on 19 May 2017 (the "Share Option Scheme"). The full terms of reference setting out details of duties of the Remuneration Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

The Remuneration Committee determines Directors' remuneration by reference to the benchmarking of the market. The Company also looks into individual Director's competence, duties, responsibilities, performance and the results of the Group in determining the exact level of remuneration for each Director.

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Remuneration Committee, meeting shall be held at least once a year.

Details of the number of Remuneration Committee meeting held and Directors attendance are set out in the section headed "Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance" on pages 21 to 22 of this annual report.

薪酬委員會

本公司根據GEM上市規則附錄15成立薪酬 委員會,由三名獨立非執行董事(即馬時俊 先生、李啟承先生及羅麗萍女士)組成。馬 時俊先生為薪酬委員會主席。

薪酬委員會的主要職責包括(但不限於): (a)就本集團全體董事及高級管理人員的薪 酬政策及架構以及為制定薪酬政策設立正 式及具透明度的程序,向董事作出推薦建 議;(b)就本集團董事及高級管理人員的薪 酬待遇向董事會作出推薦建議;(c)檢討及 批准參考董事會的公司目標及目的而制定 的管理層薪酬方案;及(d)根據本公司於二 零一七年五月十九日本公司唯一股東有條 件通過之購股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),考慮 及批准向合資格參與者授出購股權。載列 薪酬委員會職責詳情的全部職權範圍可於 GEM網站及本公司網站香閱。

薪酬委員會通過參考市場基準釐定董事薪 酬。本公司亦考慮董事個人能力、職責、責 任、表現及本集團之業績釐定各董事之確 切薪酬水平。

根據薪酬委員會的職權範圍,每年應至少 舉行一次會議。

已舉行薪酬委員會會議次數及出席董事的 詳情乃列載於本年報第21至22頁所載「會議 次數及董事出席情況」一節。

Senior Management's remuneration

Senior Management's remuneration payment of the Group for the year ended 31 May 2021 falls within the following band:

高級管理層的薪酬

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團高級管理層的薪酬支付在以下範圍內:

Number of individuals

HK\$	港元	人數

Nil to HK\$1,000,000 0至1,000,000港元 4

Remuneration policy

The remuneration policy of the Group for the Directors and senior management was based on their experience, level of responsibility and general market conditions. Any discretionary bonus and other merit payments are linked to the performance of the Group and the individual performance of the Directors and senior management.

薪酬政策

本集團董事及高級管理層的薪酬政策乃根 據其資歷、職責及一般市況而釐定。任何酌 情花紅及其他獎勵付款與本集團業績及董 事及高級管理層的個別表現掛鈎。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee comprises one executive Director, namely Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis, and two independent non-executive Directors, Mr. Li Kai Sing and Mr. Ma Tsz Chun. Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis is the chairman of the Nomination Committee.

The primary function of the Nomination Committee is to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on regular basis; identify individuals suitably qualified to become Board members; assess the independence of independent non-executive Directors; and make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or re-appointment of Directors. The full terms of reference setting out details of the authority, duties and responsibilities of the Nomination Committee is available on both the GEM website and the Company's website.

提名委員會

提名委員會包括一名執行董事(即楊浩廷先生)及兩名獨立非執行董事(即李啟承先生及馬時俊先生)。楊浩廷先生為提名委員會主席。

提名委員會的主要職責為定期檢討董事會架構、規模及組成;物色適合且合資格成為董事會成員人選;評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性;以及就有關董事委聘或續聘的相關事宜向董事會提供推薦意見。載有提名委員會的職權、職責及責任詳情的全部職權範圍可於GEM網站及本公司網站查閱。

Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Nomination Committee, meeting can be called by the member of the Nomination Committee any time when it is necessary.

根據提名委員會的職權範圍,會議可由提 名委員會成員在其認為必要的情況下於任 何時候召開。

Nomination Procedures:

- The secretary should give the nomination committee member a membership list, listing out the current board members' name, position & duties at the organization.
- Each year, the nominating committee is to evaluate current board members to assess whether they are performing satisfactorily and should be considered for re-election. Evaluations may be performed by a subset of the nominating committee or an independent third party to ensure the fairness.
- Next step is to receive recommendations for new board members from management or current board members. The nomination committee should review the resumes of potential candidates. assessing their skills and experience to determine if they meet qualifications for the position. In reviewing candidate profiles, the committee should also consider criteria that includes:
 - Proven leadership
 - Previous board experience
 - Knowledge and experience
 - Diversity-including age, gender, ethnicity, race, disabilities,
 - Experience with large and complex organization
 - Skillset-including finance, legal, auditing, government affairs, public relations, community experience, and knowledge of the organizations
 - In case of nomination for independent non-executive directors, should consider why the candidate to be independent (should refer to relevant Listing Rules for independence)
- Give a list of candidates to the full committee for discussion and review

提名程序:

- 秘書應向提名委員會成員提供成員名 單,其中列明現任董事會成員姓名、 於組織內的職務及職責。
- 提名委員會每年評估現任董事會成 員,以評估彼等是否妥善履職及是否 應接受重選連任。評估可由提名委員 會小組或獨立第三方進行,以確保公 正性。
- 其後提名委員會將接收管理層或現任 董事會成員作出的新董事會成員推薦 意見。提名委員會將審閱潛在候選人 的簡歷,評估彼等的技能及經驗,以 釐定彼等是否符合崗位資歷要求。於 審核候選人履歷時,委員會亦考慮多 重標準,包括:
 - 卓越領導力
 - 過往董事會經驗
 - 知識及經驗
 - 多元化因素 一包括年齡、性別、 民族、種族、殘疾、地域
 - 在大型及綜合組織的任職經歷
 - 技能 一包括財務、法務、審計、 政府事務、公共關係、社區經驗 及組織知識
 - 倘為提名獨立非執行董事,則應 考慮候選人屬獨立原因(應參照 上市規則有關獨立性之條文)
- 向全體委員會成員發送候選人名單以 供討論及審閱。

- 5. The committee then makes contact with each candidate to make an assessment for a high level of personal and professional integrity, as well as to assess their level of commitment to the organization, and availability. This is often done by assigning one member of the nominating committee to one candidate, who will bring a candidate summary with recommendations back to the full committee. Additional interviews by the nominating committee and the CEO may be necessary to ensure due diligence interviews may be conducted with the assistance of a third party.
- The committee forms a final slate of recommended candidates to the full board for formal approval. Nominees should not be present at this meeting to allow for open discussion by the board.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and the Board diversity policy as well as discussing matters regarding the retirement and re-election of Directors.

Details of the number of Nomination Committee meeting held and Directors' attendance are set out in the section headed "Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance" on pages 21 to 22 of this annual report.

- 5. 其後委員會將與各名候選人聯繫,評估彼等的個人誠信及職業操守以及及到任情況。該程序通常以一名提名及員會委員對接一名候選人方式完成,並由該名委員向全體委員反饋候選人概況。於有需要時,提名委員會及行政總裁亦會在第三方協助下額,確保作出盡職調查訪談。
- 6. 委員會提列推薦候選人最終名單並提 交予全體董事會成員作正式審批。獲 提名人士不得出席相關會議,以方便 董事會成員自由發表意見。

提名委員會已檢討董事會的架構、規模及 組成以及董事會多元化政策,並討論有關 董事退任及重選的事宜。

已舉行提名委員會會議次數及出席董事的 詳情乃列載於本年報第21至22頁所載「會議 次數及董事出席情況」一節。

Accountability and Audit

Directors' and auditor's responsibilities for the consolidated financial statements

All Directors understand and acknowledge their responsibility for ensuring that the Group's consolidated financial statements for each financial year are prepared to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, the financial results and cash flows of the Group in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Companies Ordinance and the applicable accounting standards. In preparing the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2021, the Board has adopted appropriate and consistent accounting policies and made prudent, fair and reasonable judgments and estimates. The Directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which reflect with reasonable accuracy the state of affairs, operating results, cash flows and equity movement of the Group at any time. The Directors confirm that the preparation of the financial statements of the Group is in accordance with statutory requirements and applicable accounting standards.

問責性及審核

董事及核數師對綜合財務報表的責 任

The Directors also confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, information and belief, having made all reasonable enquiries, material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt upon the Group's ability to continue as a going concern are disclosed in note 2.1.1 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

董事亦確認,就彼等在作出一切合理查詢 後所知、所悉及所信,有關可能對本集團持 續經營能力構成重大疑問的事件或情況的 重大不確定性於本年報綜合財務報表附註 2.1.1披露。

The Directors are responsible for taking all reasonable and necessary steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities. The statement of auditor about their reporting responsibilities on the consolidated financial statements is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report.

董事負責採取所有合理必要步驟保障本集 團的資產,以及避免和偵測欺詐及其他違 規行為。有關核數師對綜合財務報表的申 報責任的聲明載於獨立核數師報告。

The reporting responsibilities of the Company's auditor, are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report on pages 81 to 89 of this annual report.

本公司核數師的申報責任載於本年報第81 至89頁的獨立核數師報告。

Auditor's Remuneration

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the remuneration for the audit service provided by the Company's auditor to the Group was HK\$900,000.

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Company's auditor did not provide any non-audit service to the Group.

核數師酬金

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度, 本公司核數師向本集團提供審計服務的酬 金為900,000港元。

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度, 本公司核數師沒有向本集團提供任何非審 計服務。

Corporate Governance Functions

No corporate governance committee has been established and the Board is responsible for performing the corporate governance functions such as developing and reviewing the Company's policies, practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of the directors and senior management, the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements, etc.

The Directors review the Group's corporate governance policies and compliance with the CG Code each financial year and comply with the "comply or explain" principle in the corporate governance report which is or will be included in the annual reports of the Company.

企業管治職能

由於本公司並無成立企業管治委員會,董 事會負責執行企業管治職能,如制定及檢 討本公司企業管治的政策及常規、為董事 及高級管理層提供培訓及持續專業發展、 確保本公司政策及常規符合法律及監管規 定等。

董事每個財政年度會檢討本集團的企業管 治政策及遵守企業管治守則的情況,並遵 守本集團的企業管治報告中所載的「遵守 或解釋]原則,其現已或將載入本公司的年

Board Diversity Policy

The Company has adopted a Board diversity policy in accordance with the requirement as set out in the CG Code, which is summarised as below:

The Board diversity policy of the Company specifies that in designing the composition the Board, Board diversity shall be considered from a number of aspects, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, skills and knowledge. All Board members' appointment will be based on meritocracy, and candidates will be considered against appropriate criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity of the Board. Selection of candidates for the Board will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, culture, ethnicity and educational background, professional experience, knowledge and skills.

The Company discloses the composition of the Board in corporate governance report every year and the Nomination Committee oversees the implementation of the Board diversity policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

Dividend Policy

The Company has adopted a dividend policy on 31 December 2018 which sets out the principles and measures on how the Company may propose a dividend.

The Board will account for the following factors when considering the payment of dividends:

- a. The general financial condition of the Group;
- b. The actual and future operations and liquidity positions of the Group;
- c. The future cash requirements and availability;
- d. Any restrictions on payments of dividends that may be imposed by the Group's lenders;
- e. The general market conditions; and
- f. Any other factor that the Board deem appropriate.

董事會成員多元化政策

本公司已根據企業管治守則所載規定採納 董事會成員多元化政策,政策摘要如下:

本公司多元化政策確定在設定董事會成員 組合時會從多個方面考慮董事會成員多元 化,包括但不限於性別、年齡、文化及教育 景、專業經驗、技能及知識。董事會人 委任均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人 時以適合條件顧及董事會成員多元化的 處。甄選董事會人選將按一系列多元化 廳為基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡 化、種族及教育背景、專業經驗、知識及技 能。

本公司每年在企業管治報告中披露董事會組成,提名委員會監察董事會成員多元 化政策的執行。提名委員會將會討論任何 或需作出的修訂,再向董事會提出修訂建 議,由董事會審批。

股息政策

本公司已於二零一八年十二月三十一日採納股息政策,當中載列有關本公司如何建 議派付股息的原則及計量方法。

考慮派付股息時,董事會將考慮以下因素:

- a. 本集團的一般財務狀況;
- b. 本集團的實際及未來營運以及流動資金狀況;
- c. 未來現金需要及可動用程度;
- d. 本集團貸款人可能對派付股息施加的 任何限制;
- e. 整體市況;及
- f. 董事會認為適當的任何其他因素。

Any declaration and payment of future dividends under the dividend policy will be subject to the Board's determination that the same would be in the best interests of the Group and the shareholders of the Company as a whole. In addition, the declaration and payment of dividends may be subject to legal restrictions or any applicable laws, rules and regulations and the Articles of Association of the Company.

根據股息政策宣派及派付任何未來股息須 由董事會確定其是否符合本集團及本公司 股東的整體最佳利益後方可作實。此外,宣 派及派付股息或會受法律限制或任何適用 法律、規則及法規以及本公司組織章程細 則所規限。

Securities Transactions by Directors

The Company has adopted Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules as its own code of conduct ("Code of Conduct") regarding securities transactions by the Directors. The Company has confirmed, having made specific enquiry of the Directors, that all the Directors have complied with the Code of Conduct throughout the year ended 31 May 2021 and up to the date of this annual report.

Communication with Shareholders

The Company endeavours to maintain an on-going dialogue with the shareholders and in particular, through annual general meetings or other general meetings to communicate with the shareholders and encourage their participation.

The Company will ensure that there are separate resolutions for separate issues proposed at the general meetings. All resolutions put forward at shareholder meetings will be voted on by poll pursuant to the GEM Listing Rules and poll results will be posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange in a timely manner after each shareholder meeting.

The Company will continue to maintain an open and effective investor communication policy and to update investors on relevant information on the Group's business in a timely manner, subject to relevant regulatory requirements.

General Meetings with Shareholders

The Company's forthcoming annual general meeting will be held on 2 November 2021.

董事進行證券交易

本公司已採納GEM上市規則第5.48條至第 5.67條作為其本身有關董事進行證券交易 之操守準則(「操守準則」)。經向董事作出特 定杳詢後,本公司已確認全體董事已於截 至二零二一年五月三十一日止整個年度及 直至本年報日期遵守操守準則。

與股東溝通

本公司致力與股東保持持續溝通,特別是 透過股東週年大會或其他股東大會與股東 溝通,並鼓勵股東參與其中。

本公司將確保就於股東大會提議的各事項 作出各決議案。根據GEM上市規則,所有於 股東大會上提呈的決議案將以投票方式進 行表決。投票結果將於各股東大會後及時 刊登於本公司及聯交所網站。

本公司將繼續維持公開及有效之投資者溝 通政策,並在遵守相關監管規定下適時向 投資者提供有關本集團業務之最新相關資 料。

與股東的股東大會

本公司的應屆股東週年大會將於二零二一 年十一月二日舉行。

Shareholders' Rights

(a) Convening of an extraordinary general meeting on requisition by shareholders

Pursuant to Articles, extraordinary general meetings shall be convened on the requisition of one or more Shareholders holding, at the date of deposit of the requisition, not less than one tenth of the paid up capital of the Company having the right of voting at general meetings. Such requisition shall be made in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary for the purpose of requiring an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition. Such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within 21 days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting, the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company. Shareholders also have the right to propose a person for election as a Director, the procedures are available on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

(b) Procedures for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

Shareholders are welcomed to put forward proposals relating to the operations and management of the Group to be discussed at shareholders' meetings. The proposals shall be sent to the Company Secretary by a written requisition. Shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedures set out in "Convening of an extraordinary general meeting on requisition by shareholders" above.

(c) Enquiries to the Board

Shareholders may put forward enquiries to the Board to the extent such information is publicly available to the Company Secretary who is responsible for forwarding communications relating to matters within the Board's purview to the executive Directors of the Company, communications relating to matters within a Board committee's area of responsibility to the chairman of the appropriate committee, and communication relating to ordinary business matters, such as suggestions, inquiries and consumer complaints, to the appropriate management of the Company, in writing to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong.

股東權利

(a) 應股東要求召開股東特別大會

根據章程細則,任何於遞呈要求日期 持有不少於本公司繳足股本(附有於 股東大會上表決的權利)十分之一的 任何一名或以上的股東,於任何時候 均有權透過向董事會或公司秘書發出 書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特別 大會,以處理有關要求中指明之任何 事項;且該大會應於遞呈該要求後兩 個月內舉行。倘於有關遞呈後二十一 日內,董事會未有召開該大會,則遞 呈要求人士可按相同方式召開大會, 遞呈要求人士由於董事會未能召開大 會而產生的所有合理費用將由本公司 報銷。股東亦有權提名一名人士膺選 董事,有關程序可於本公司及聯交所 網站查閱。

(b) 於股東大會提呈議案之程序

本公司歡迎股東提呈有關本集團業務及管理的建議於股東大會上討論。有關建議須透過書面要求寄交予公司秘書。擬提呈建議的股東應遵照上文「應股東要求召開股東特別大會」所載的程序召開股東特別大會。

(c) 向董事會做出查詢

股東有權以書面形式向董事會提出查詢(公司秘書負責將有關董事會報職責範圍內的事宜的通訊轉交本公司執行董事,將有關董事委員會職責範圍內之事宜的通訊轉交適當委員會之事宜的通訊(例如建議、查詢及顧客投訴)轉交本公司於香港之主要營業地點。

Investor Relations

The Company believes that maintaining a high level of transparency is a key to enhancing investor relations. It is committed to a policy of open and timely disclosure of corporate information to its shareholders and investment public. The Company updates its shareholders on its latest business developments and financial performance through its annual, interim and quarterly reports. The corporate website of the Company (http://www.intechproductions.com) has provided an effective communication platform to the public and the shareholders.

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Yin Fai, the Company Secretary, is responsible for advising the Board on corporate governance matters and ensuring that the Board policy and procedures, and the applicable laws, rules and regulations are followed. All Directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary to ensure that the Board procedures and all applicable laws are followed. Moreover, the Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating communications among Directors as well as with management.

The Company engages an external service provider, Ms. Leung Yin Fai, as its Company Secretary. Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis, chairman of the Board, executive director and chief executive officer of the Company, is the primary contact person whom Ms. Leung Yin Fai can contact.

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Company Secretary has undertaken more than 15 hours of relevant professional training in compliance with Rule 5.15 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Risk Management and Internal Control

The Board has overall responsibilities for establishing and maintaining appropriate and effective risk management and internal control systems of the Group. The Group's systems of risk management and internal control include a defined management structure with limits of authority, which is designed to help achieve business objectives, safeguard assets against unauthorised use or disposition, ensure the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication, and ensure compliance with relevant legislation and regulations. The systems are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss and to manage rather than eliminate risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

投資者關係

本公司相信,維持高透明度是提升投資者關係的關鍵,並致力保持向其股東及投資大眾公開及適時披露公司資料的政策。本公司透過年度、中期及季度報告向股東更新其最新業務發展及財務表現。本公司的公司網站(http://www.intechproductions.com)已為公眾人士及股東提供一個有效的溝通平台。

公司秘書

公司秘書梁燕輝女士負責就企業管治事宜 向董事會提供意見並確保遵守董事會政策 及程序、適用法例、規則及規例。所有董事 均可獲得公司秘書的建議及服務以確保董 事會進行議事程序及所有適用法律獲得遵 守。此外,公司秘書負責促進董事之間以及 管理層之間的溝通。

本公司聘請外部服務供應商梁燕輝女士出 任其公司秘書。董事會主席、本公司執行董 事兼行政總裁楊浩廷先生為梁燕輝女士之 主要聯絡人士。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,公司秘書已根據GEM上市規則第5.15條進行了超過15小時的相關專業培訓。

風險管理及內部監控

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

An organisational structure with operating policies and procedures, lines of responsibility and delegated authority has been established. The division/department head of each core operating division/department is accountable for the conduct and performance of such division/department within the agreed strategies, which are set by themselves and the Board together, and reports directly to the Board.

本集團已建立一套組織架構,訂明相關的 營運政策及程序、職責及權限。各核心運營 分部/部門的分部/部門主管根據彼等與董 事會共同制定的協定策略,對該分部/部門 的運作及表現負責,並直接向董事會報告。

In the course of conducting the business, the Group is exposed to various types of risks. During the year ended 31 May 2021, the following principal risks of the Group were identified and classified into strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks and compliance risks.

在開展本集團業務過程中,其面臨各種風險。於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團識別及將下列主要風險分類為戰略風險、營運風險、財務風險及合規風險。

Risk Areas 風險領域	Principal Risks 主要風險
Strategic Risks	Sensitivity to government policies; keeping up with new technologies and customers' taste; market
Strategic Misks	competition risk, reputation risk
戰略風險	對政府政策的敏感性・保持新技術及客戶品味・市場競爭風險・聲譽風險
Operational Risks 營運風險	Insufficient labour supply; workplace injury; disruption of IT system 勞動力供給不足,工傷,資訊科技系統中斷
Financial Risks	Liquidity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, inflation risk
財務風險	流動資金風險・信貸風險・利率風險・外匯風險・通脹風險
Compliance Risks	Risk related to occupation safety and health; risk of non-compliance with ordinances related to employment; change of listing rules and relevant company regulations and ordinances
合規風險	與職業安全和健康有關的風險,不遵守與就業有關的法例的風險,上市規則及相關公司規例及條例更改

The Board is ultimately responsible for the risk management of the Group and it has delegated to executive management to carry out the risk identification and monitoring procedures. The objectives of the risk management are to enhance the governance and corporate management processes as well as to safeguard the Group against unacceptable levels of risks and losses.

董事會最終負責本集團的風險管理,且其已授權行政管理層進行風險識別及監控程序。風險管理的目標是增強管治及企業管理程序,並保障本集團免遭不能接受的風險及損失。

The risk management process of the Group will involve, among others, (i) an annual risk identification and analysis exercise which involves assessment of the consequence and likelihood of risks and the development of risk management plans for mitigating such risks; and (ii) an annual review of the implementation of the risk management plans and fine tuning of the implementation plan when necessary.

本集團的風險管理程序將涉及(其中包括) (i)年度風險識別及分析,包括評估發生風險 的後果及可能性以及制定降低相關風險的 風險管理計劃;及(ii)年度審閱風險管理計 劃的執行情況及必要時完善執行方案。

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted review of both design and implementation effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering all material controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, with a view to ensuring that resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Group's accounting, internal audit and financial reporting functions are adequate. In this respect, the Audit Committee communicates any material issues to the Board.

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,董 事會透過審核委員會,檢討本集團風險管 理及內部監控系統的設計及實施成效,涵 蓋所有重大監控措施,包括財務、營運及合 規控制,以確保本集團的會計、內部審核及 財務報告職能均具備充足的資源、員工資 歷及經驗、培訓項目及預算。在此方面,審 核委員會向董事會通報任何重大事項。

The Company has hired an internal audit manager to review the Group's system of internal controls and risk management annually and further enhance the Group's internal control and risk management systems as appropriate.

本公司已聘請一名內部審核經理每年審閱 本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統,進一 步加強本集團的內部監控及風險管理系統 (如適用)。

Code of Conduct and Handling of Inside Information

行為守則及內部消息處理

The Group places utmost importance on the ethical, personal and professional standards of the Directors and employees of the Group. In addition to the various policies adopted and implemented by the Group imposing certain conduct requirements on Directors and employees, every employee is required to undertake to adhere to the Group's Code of Conduct, and is expected to achieve the highest standards of behavior including avoiding conflict of interest, discrimination or harassment and bribery and corruption. Employees are required to report any noncompliance with the Code of Conduct to management.

本集團極注重本集團董事和僱員的道德、 個人及專業準則。除本集團採納及實行的 多個政策向董事及僱員施加若干行為要求 外,各僱員須承諾堅持遵守本集團行為守 則,並預期達到最高行為標準(包括避免利 益衝突、歧視或騷擾及賄賂及貪污)。僱員 須向管理層報告任何不遵守行為守則的情 況。

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information published by the Securities and Futures Commission and the GEM Listing Rules, the Group has an obligation to disclose any inside information as soon as practicable after such information has come to the knowledge of the Board. The Company has developed its disclosure policy which provides a general guide to the Company's directors, officers, senior management and relevant employees in handling confidential information, monitoring information disclosure and responding to enquiries. Control procedures have been implemented to ensure that unauthorised access and use of inside information are strictly prohibited.

根據香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例,證 券及期貨事務監察委員會頒佈之內幕消息 披露指引及GEM上市規則,本集團有義務 於董事會知悉有關資料後按實際情況盡快 披露任何內幕消息。本公司已制定其披露 政策, 為本公司董事、行政人員、高級管理 層及相關僱員提供有關處理機密資料、監 察消息披露及回應查詢的一般指引。本公 司已實施監控程序,以確保嚴格禁止未經 授權獲取及使用內幕消息。

Corporate Governance Report (Continued) 企業管治報告(續)

In addition, if there occurs any significant risk events, the Group will report such risk events to the relevant authorities so that appropriate decisions and measures can be made by the Group in a timely manner to deal with such risk events.

此外,倘發生任何重大風險事項,本集團將 向有關當局呈報有關風險事項,以便本集 團能夠及時作出適當的決定及措施以應對 有關風險事項。

Looking Forward

The Group will keep on reviewing its corporate governance standards on a timely basis and the Board endeavours to take the necessary actions to ensure compliance with the required practices and standards including the provisions of the CG Code.

展望未來

本集團將繼續及時審閱其企業管治標準, 而董事會將竭力採取必要措施,以確保符 合規定常規及標準,包括企業管治守則的 條文。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report 環境、社會及管治報告

About This Report

Purpose and Objectives

This is the 5th Environmental, Social and Governance ("ESG") Report ("ESG Report") of In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (the "Company", together with its subsidiaries, the "Group"), which aims to give its stakeholders a better understanding of its visions, strategies and implementation of sustainability initiatives that be of interest to its various stakeholders.

Reporting Period and Scope

The reporting period for this ESG report is from 1 June 2020 to 31 May 2021, and the scope of this ESG Report covers the businesses in Hong Kong, Macau, and the PRC for the reporting period.

Reporting Standard

The report was prepared in accordance with the Environmental, Social, and Governance Reporting Guide (the "Guide") as set out in Appendix 20 of the GEM Listing Rules with contents that comply with the disclosure requirements and principles under the Guide.

Reporting Principles

The Report is prepared and presented based on the following reporting principles:

- Materiality: Key ESG issues of the Group were identified through materiality assessment and stakeholder engagement, which has been disclosed in the ESG Report.
- Quantitative: Information on the standards, methodologies, assumptions and/or calculation tools used, and source of conversion factors used, for the reporting of emissions/energy consumption (where applicable) has been disclosed in the ESG Report.
- Balanced: The ESG Report has provided an unbiased picture of the Group's performance and has not avoided any selections, omissions or presentation formats that may inappropriately influence a decision or judgment by the readers.

關於本報告

目的及目標

本報告為In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (「本公司」, 連同其附屬公司統稱 「本集團」)第五份環境、社會及管治(「環 境、社會及管治」)報告(「環境、社會及管治 報告」),旨在讓其持份者更了解其願景、策 略及各持份者感興趣的可持續發展措施的 實施情況。

報告期及範圍

本環境、社會及管治報告的報告期為二零 二零年六月一日至二零二一年五月三十一 日,而本環境、社會及管治報告的範圍涵蓋 報告期內於香港、澳門及中國的業務。

報告準則

本報告乃根據GEM上市規則附錄20所載環 境、社會及管治報告指引(「指引」)編製,內 容符合指引項下的披露規定及原則。

報告原則

本報告乃根據以下報告原則編製及呈列:

- 重要性:透過重要性評估及持份者參 與識別本集團的主要環境、社會及管 治議題,並已於環境、社會及管治報 告中披露有關議題。
- 量化:有關用於報告排放/能源消耗 (如適用)的標準、方法、假設及/或計 算工具以及所使用的轉換因素來源的 資料已於環境、社會及管治報告中披 露。
- 平衡:環境、社會及管治報告不偏不 倚地呈報本集團的表現,且已避免可 能會不恰當地影響讀者決策或判斷的 任何選擇、遺漏或呈報格式。

- Consistency: The ESG Report should present information on a consistent basis that stakeholders can analyze and evaluate changes in performance over time. The Group will disclose if there are any changes to the methods or KPIs used, or any other relevant factors affecting a meaning comparison in its subsequent Report.
- 一致性:環境、社會及管治報告應按 一致的基準呈列資料,以便持份者分 析及評估表現隨時間的變化。本集團 將於其隨後的報告中披露所採用的方 法或關鍵績效指標或影響作出有意義 比較的任何其他相關因素是否有任何 變動。

Approval

To the best of knowledge, belief and information of the board of directors of the Company (the "**Board**"), the Report addresses all relevant material issues and fairly presents the ESG performance of the Group. The Board confirms that it has reviewed and approved the Report.

Stakeholder Engagement

The Group strives to maintain supporting and trusting relationships with its stakeholders. Through diversified communication channels, the Group can effectively understand and respond to the expectations and requirements of different stakeholders. The following table summarises the main expectations and concerns of our key stakeholders and the corresponding management responses.

批准

就本公司董事會(「**董事會**」)所知、所信及所悉,本報告闡述所有相關重大事宜,並公平 呈列本集團的環境、社會及管治表現。董事 會確認其已審閱及批准本報告。

持份者參與

本集團致力與持份者維持支持及信任關係。透過多元化的溝通渠道,本集團能有效了解及回應不同持份者的期望及要求。下 表概述主要持份者的主要期望及關注事項以及相應的管理層回應。

Stakeholders 持份者	Expectations and Requirements 期望與要求	Communication Channels 溝通渠道
Investors and Shareholders	Corporate GovernanceReturnsCompany Values	 Annual General Meetings Announcements and Circulars Financial Reports ESG Reports
投資者及股東	企業管治回報公司價值	股東週年大會公告及通函財務報告環境、社會及管治報告
Suppliers	Code of ConductAssessment Criteria	Company WebsiteEmailsPhone calls and Meetings
供應商	行為守則評估準則	 公司網站 電郵 電話及會議
Customers	Service and Product QualityCustomer Services	Company WebsiteEmailsPhone calls and Meetings
客戶	服務及產品質量客戶服務	● 公司網站● 電郵● 電話及會議
Government	ComplianceEquality of EmploymentsOccupational Safety	NoticesEmailsESG Report
政府	合規僱傭平等職業安全	通知電郵環境、社會及管治報告
Employees	CompensationOccupational Health and SafetyCareer Development	TrainingsInternal MeetingsEmails and Notices
僱員	補償職業健康與安全職業發展	● 培訓● 內部會議● 電郵及通知
Community	Information Transparency	Company WebsiteAnnouncements
社區	● 信息透明度	公司網站公告

Environmental Protection

The Group attaches great importance to environmental protection and also implements sustainable initiatives in areas such as energy saving, water saving, waste management, air quality management into its daily operations so as to minimize the use of resources and reduce various emissions. The Group complied with applicable laws and regulations, including the Environmental Protection Law of PRC and Guideline on the Applicability of the Noise Control Ordinance in Hong Kong.

I. Emissions

Hazardous and Non-hazardous Waste

The Group is principally engaged in providing visual display solution, we consume limited natural resources to operate and therefore have a relatively low environmental impact, furthermore, the Group does not produce significant volume of hazardous waste from the daily business process. The major wastes are solid non-hazardous wastes such as office paper generated from the Group's operations.

Greenhouse Gas Emissions

The Group implemented a number of measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in order to alleviate the impacts to the environment. The Group also encourages employees to maximize the use of electronic communication and carry out general discussions and communication through long-distance telephone calls or other online communication tools in order to reduce non-essential business trips and avoid increasing the pollutants emitted by the use of transportation.

The major sources of air and greenhouse gas (GHG) emission that the Group associated are energy consumptions in regard to the purchased electricity used in the Group's offices and daily operation.

The total GHG generated by the Group during the reported period ended 31 May 2021 were 54,287 Kg CO_2 -eq, comprising direct emission from motor vehicle gasoline, indirect emission from purchased electricity and other indirect emission from fresh water usage.

環境保護

本集團高度重視環境保護,並將節能、節水、廢棄物管理、空氣質量管理等方面的可持續發展措施落實到日常營運中,以盡量減少資源的使用並減少各種排放物。本集團遵守適用法律及法規,包括《中華人民共和國環境保護法》及香港《噪音管制條例》的適用性指引。

I. 排放物

有害及無害廢棄物

本集團主要從事提供視像顯示解決 方案,我們的營運消耗有限的天然資 源,因此對環境的影響相對較低,此 外,本集團於日常業務過程中並無產 生大量有害廢棄物。主要廢棄物為本 集團營運所產生辦公室紙張等無害固 體廢棄物。

溫室氣體排放

本集團已實施多項措施減少溫室氣體 排放,以減輕對環境的影響。本集團 亦鼓勵僱員盡量使用電子通訊,透過 長途電話或其他線上通訊工具進行日 常討論及交流,以減少非必要的商務 出差,並避免使用交通工具所排放的 污染增加。

與本集團有關的廢氣及溫室氣體排放的主要來源為用於本集團辦公室及日常營運的已購買電力所涉及的能源消耗。

本集團於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止報告期間產生的溫室氣體總量為54,287千克二氧化碳當量,包括汽車汽油的直接排放、已購買電力的間接排放及淡水使用的其他間接排放。

II. Use of Resource

The Group is committed to conserving resources for the purposes of protecting the environment and enhancing operation efficiency. To pursue the Group's commitment of environmental protection, the Group has implemented multiple measures in enhancing energy efficiency, minimizing the use of paper, reducing water and energy consumption and driving behavioural changes of employees. Through active monitoring and managing the use of resources, the Group aims to reduce the Group's operating costs as well as our carbon footprint.

The following procedures and operation guideline were designed to conserve resources:

Energy

- Room lights and air conditioners must be switched off when they are not in use.
- Use of natural light is maximized as far as practical.
- Use separate light switches for different light zones.
- Air-conditioner filter and fan coil are cleaned regularly.

Water

- Water taps are constantly checked to avoid the water dipping.
- Leakage tests on concealing piping and checking for overflowing tanks are regularly carried out.

Other Office Consumable

- Stationaries are distributed on a needed basis and reusable stationaries are employed.
- Other than formal documents, paperless working environment is promoted in the Group.
- Recycled papers are encouraged to be used whenever possible when photocopy for internal documentation.
- Used ink cartridges are either recycled through public recycle bin or collected by suppliers.

資源使用

本集團致力於節約資源,以保護環境 及提高經營效率。為踐行本集團對 環境保護的承諾,本集團已實行多項 措施,以提高能源效率、減少紙張使 用、減少用水及能源消耗,並促使員 工行為轉變。透過積極監察及管理資 源使用,本集團致力減少本集團經營 成本及碳足跡。

以下程序及營運指引乃為節約資源而 設立:

能源

- 不使用時關閉室內照明及空調。
- 盡量增加使用自然光。
- 不同照明區使用獨立照明開關。
- 定期清洗空調過濾網及風扇盤 管。

水

- 經常檢查水龍頭以避免滴漏水情 況。
- 定期對隱蔽管道進行滲漏測試及 檢查儲水池是否溢滿。

其他辦公耗材

- 文具按需要分配,並使用可重複 使用的文具。
- 除正式文件外,本集團推行無紙 化辦公。
- 鼓勵盡可能在影印內部文件時使 用再造紙。
- 已使用墨盒通過公共回收箱回 收,或由供應商回收。

The Environmental and Natural Resources

The nature of the Group's business does not involve in any significant impacts on the environmental and natural resources. The relevant principles and policies on managing emission and use of resources are already disclosed above.

III. Environmental Performance Indicator

In accordance with the ESG Reporting Guide set out by the Stock Exchange, the data of the "Emission" and "Use of Resource" of the Group during the reporting period as follows.

Emission

環境及天然資源

本集團業務性質不涉及對環境及 天然資源產生任何重大影響。管 理排放及資源使用的相關原則及 政策已於上文中披露。

Ⅲ. 環境績效指標

根據聯交所所載環境、社會及管治報 告指引,本集團於報告期間的「排放 物」及「資源使用」數據如下。

排放物

			Year ended 31	Yea	ar ended 31
Energy use and emission	能源使用及排放	Units	May 2021		May 2020
			截至		截至
			二零二一年	_	二零二零年
			五月三十一日	五月]三十一日
	7 / 7 7 7 7 7	單位	止年度		止年度
Electricity	電力	kWh	63,607		57,409
		千瓦時			
Intensity of energy	能源密度	kWh/employee	848		630
		千瓦時/僱員			
Motor Vehicle Gasoline	汽車汽油	L	4,228		4,240
		升			
Intensity of energy	能源密度	L/employee	56		46
		升/僱員			
GHG	溫室氣體	Kg CO₂-eq	54,287		66,662
		千克二氧化碳當量			
Intensity of GHG	溫室氣體密度	Kg CO₂-eq/employee	724		733
		千克二氧化碳當量/			
		僱員			

資源使用

Resource use	資源使用	Units		
		單位	五月三十一日 止年度	五月三十一日止年度
Water	水	m³ 立方米	394	905
Intensity of water consumption	用水密度	m³/employee 立方米/僱員	5	10

Social

I. Employment and Labour Practice

The Group recognizes the Group's success and market leadership are closely linked to the support from our dedicated, hard-working and task-oriented employees. The Groups recognizes that employees are the Group's most valuable assets and vital to achieving the Group's sustainability and long-term growth.

The Group strictly abide by all applicable laws and regulations in locations where it operates, including but not limited to the "Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China", the "Law on Protection of Minors of the People's Republic of China", the "Law on Protection of Minors of the People's Republic of China", the "Law of Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases of the People's Republic of China" and Employment Ordinance (Cap 57 of the Laws of Hong Kong). We forbade all kinds of non-compliance employment, forced labour and child labour. During the reporting period, the Group was not aware of any material non-compliance concerning employment-related laws and regulations in all area of operation.

The Group is also committed to safeguarding the legitimate rights and interests of employees, maintaining their physical and mental health and providing various benefit, in addition to providing vast opportunities of career development for every employee, striving to match employee's personal and business development goals of the Group through a comprehensive training system, effective incentive mechanism and fair competition platform, so that the mutual benefits for employees and the enterprise can be achieved.

社會

I. 僱傭及勞工常規

本集團認為,本集團的成功及市場領先地位與我們僱員的奉獻、辛勤工作及任務至上給予的支持緊密相連。本集團認為,僱員乃本集團最寶貴的資產,對本集團持續及長期發展至關重要。

本集團嚴格遵守營運所在地的所有適用法律及法規,包括但不限於《中華於明中華人民共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國國法》、《中華人民共和國國法》、《中華人民共和國國民法》、《中華人民共和國國民法》、《中華人民代養法》及《僱傭條例》(香港、發力、發展,在實際,一個人。 57章)。我們禁止各類違規僱傭集團重定 57章)。我們禁止各類違規僱傭集團重定 57章)。

本集團亦致力保障員工的合法權益, 維護員工的身心健康,提供各種福利,同時為每一位員工提供廣闊的職 業發展機會,通過完善的培訓體系、 有效的激勵機制及公平競爭平台,努 力使員工個人與本集團企業發展目標 相匹配,實現員工與企業的互利共贏。

Employment Practice

The Group is committed to build a harmonious working atmosphere for employees through encouraging mutual respect which ultimately promotes work creativity, flexibility and commitment.

As at 31 May 2021, the Group had 75 (2020: 91) employees. In order to cope with the continuously growing of business scale, the Group acquires talents from different aspects and backgrounds to join the Group's globalized team. The Group strictly complies with the relevant laws and regulations in the Group's employment process, such as recruitment, dismissal, promotion and setting up of remuneration packages of employees regardless of where the Group operates. The legitimate rights and interests of employees are protected in accordance with laws and regulations.

Employment

- The Group attaches great importance to the basic rights and interests of the employees, the entering into of employment contracts with all employees, and the provision of relevant social insurances and employee's compensation insurance and medical insurance to all employees.
- The Group is an equal opportunities employer, committed to eliminating sex, age, race, disability and religious discrimination in employment and emphasizing on the performance and experience of the staffs in promotion or recruitment. A fair and structural staff performance assessment is set for making promotion and salary increment decisions. Staff appraisal will be conducted annually to assess work performance.

There was no non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other benefits and welfare noted in year ended 31 May 2021.

僱傭常規

本集團致力於透過鼓勵相互尊重,為 僱員建造和諧工作環境,從根本上提 高工作創造力、靈活性及承擔。

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團有75名(二零二零年:91名)僱員。為配合持續增長的業務規模,本集團的全球團隊內。無論本集團在何處對實際內。無論本集團在何處對實際,本集團在僱傭過程中,如明時嚴格遵守相關法律及法規。僱員的合法權益受相關法律及法規所保護。

僱傭

- 本集團高度重視僱員的基本權益,與所有僱員訂立僱傭合同,及為所有僱員提供有關社會保險,以及僱員補償保險及醫療保險。
- 本集團是奉行機會平等原則的僱主,致力於消除就業中的性別、 年齡、種族、殘障及宗教歧視, 並於晉升及招聘中強調員工表現 及經驗。本集團已針對晉升及加薪決策制定公平及結構化的員工 績效考核。每年將進行員工考評 以評核工作績效。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,概無違反有關補償及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時間、休息時間、機會平等、多元化、反歧視,以及其他利益及福利的法律及法規。

The following table sets out the workforce by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region and as at 31 May 2021 and the employee turnover rate by gender, employment type, age group and geographical region for the year ended 31 May 2021:

下表載列於二零二一年五月三十一日 按性別、僱傭類別、年齡組別及地理 區域劃分的勞動力以及截至二零二一 年五月三十一日止年度按性別、僱傭 類別、年齡組別及地理區域劃分的僱 員流失率:

		Workforce Headcount 勞動力總人數	Employee turnover rate% 僱員流失率%
	- Nach 1		
Gender	性別		
Male	男性	68	22.0
Female	女性	7	42.8
	4-12-11-1-1		
Employment type	僱傭類別		
Administrative staff	行政僱員	7	28.5
Operation staff	營運僱員	68	23.5
Age group	年齡組別		
30 and below	30歲及以下	29	34.4
31-40	31歲-40歲	36	13.8
41-50	41歲-50歲	8	37.5
Above 50	50歲以上	2	_
Geographical region	地理區域		
Hong Kong	香港	11	18.1
PRC	中國	54	20.3
Macau	澳門	10	50

Health and Safety

The Group is dedicated to providing a healthy and safe workplace to its employees. The promotion of occupational and health measures at workplace are regarded as essential to our businesses and operations of the Group. The Group committed to undertaking various occupational health and safety measures to relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Law of People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Occupational Diseases and Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance (Cap 509 of the Laws of Hong Kong). Appropriate occupational and health manuals relevant to the Group's businesses are adopted by the core business units. Risk assessments of workstations are conducted constantly to identify and assess the risks to the safety and health of the employees, and to decide whether existing measures are adequate.

健康與安全

本集團致力為其僱員提供一個健 康安全的工作場所。於工作場所 推廣職業健康措施視為本集團業 務及營運的重要環節。本集團承 諾根據相關法律及法規採取各種 職業健康與安全措施,包括但不 限於《中華人民共和國職業病防 治法》及《職業安全及健康條例》 (香港法例第509章)。各核心業 務單位已採納與本集團業務相關 的適用職業健康手冊,持續對業 務站點進行風險評估,以識別及 評估僱員安全及健康方面的風 險,並確定現有措施是否足夠。

- First aid kits are located at convenient locations and are properly maintained in the office, workshop(s) and warehouse(s).
- Workplace safety posters were display at prominent location in the warehouse(s) of the Group to remind the staff of safety.

There was no non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards noted in year 2020/21.

The following table sets out the number and rate of work-related fatalities of the Group for the year ended 31 May 2021:

- 於辦公室、車間及倉庫方便可得的位置放置急救包,並妥善維護。
- 於本集團倉庫的顯眼位置張貼工 作場所安全海報,提醒工作人員 注意安全。

於二零二零/二一年度,概無違反有關提供安全工作環境及保護僱員免受職業危害的相關法律及法規。

下表載列截至二零二一年五月三十一 日止年度本集團因工作關係而死亡的 人數及比率:

> Headcount Rate 總人數 比率

Work-related fatalities

因工作關係而死亡

For the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group has not incurred any lost days due to work injury.

Development and Training

- The Group believes that training is an important path to improve the overall work quality and offer comprehensive development to the employees. The Group encourages our employees to attend external or internal training courses to enhance their competence and job-related knowledge.
- Experienced/Senior employees will provide supervision to the newcomers/subordinates in order to enhance communication and team spirits within the Group, and to improve their technical skills and managerial capability.

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,本集團並無因工傷而損失工作日 數。

發展及培訓

- 本集團認為培訓是提高整體工作 質量及為僱員提供全面發展的重 要途徑。本集團鼓勵其僱員參加 外部或內部培訓課程以加強彼等 的能力及工作相關知識。
- 經驗豐富/高級僱員將對新入職員工/下屬提供指導監督,以加強本集團內部的溝通及團隊精神,並提高其技術技能及管理能力。

The following table sets out the percentage of employees trained by gender and employment type and the average training hours completed per employee by gender and employment type of the Group for the year ended 31 May 2021: 下表載列本集團截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度按性別及僱傭類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比及按性別及僱傭類別劃分的每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數:

		Percentage of	Average training hours
		employees trained	
			每名僱員完成受訓的
		受訓僱員百分比	平均時數
		%	Hour
		百分比	時數
Candlan	.h4+ □.l		
Gender	性別		
Male	男性	3	3
Female	女性	0	0
Employment type	僱傭類別		
Administrative staff	行政僱員	14.3	3
Operation staff	營運僱員	1.5	1.5

Labour Standard

• The Group respects human rights and has a zero-tolerance policy towards the employment of forced labour and child labour. Upon joining the Group, each staff is required to fill in a recruitment form. Should the staff provide false identity or false personal particulars, he/she would be considered to have committed serious breach of the Group's rules and regulations and his/her employment would be terminated immediately.

There was no non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to preventing child and forced labour noted in year ended 31 May 2021.

勞工準則

本集團尊重人權並對僱用強制勞工及童工採取零容忍政策。入職本集團時,每名員工須填寫一份招聘表格。倘員工提供虛假身份或虛假個人資料,將被視為嚴重違反本集團的規則及條例並立即終止僱傭關係。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,概無違反有關防止僱用童工及強 制勞工的相關法律及法規。

II. Operating Practice

Supply Chain Management

- The goods from the suppliers must be checked by the Group's qualified engineer for product quality and safety and will be stored in our warehouse.
- All parts suppliers of our electronic equipment must comply with national or international safety standard.
- If the suppliers fail to maintain the safety standard of their products, the Group will eliminate the aforesaid supplier from the approved supplier list.
- Annual supplier evaluation will be conduct by management.

Product Responsibility

- The Group poses a fair marketing concept that commits not making dishonest allegation of our competitors in order to mislead the customers during their decision-making. Moreover, the Group would not acquire confidential information of a competitor via espionage, the subordination of the competitor's employees or through any other improper means.
- The Group has committed to supply the goods and services that meet the reasonable expectations of our customers. We provide customers with effective mechanism to lodge complaints and manage such complaints with due care. Besides, the Group respects the confidentiality of our customers and their commercial information. We do not disclose such information to protect their privacy.

There was no non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to health, safety, advertising, bid-rigging and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress noted in year ended 31 May 2021.

Privacy Protection

- The Group strictly complied with The Personal Data (Privacy)
 Ordinance (Cap 486 of Laws of Hong Kong)
- The Group committed to upholding intellectual property rights. All employees were educated and expected to protect intellectual property rights and avoid any infringement.

Ⅱ. 營運慣例

供應鏈管理

- 供應商提供的貨物須經本集團合 資格工程師進行產品質量及安全 檢查,並存放於我們的倉庫中。
- 電子設備的所有零件供應商須符合國家或國際安全標準。
- 倘供應商未能保持產品安全標準,本集團會將上述供應商從經 批准供應商名單中剔除。
- 管理層每年對供應商進行評估。

產品責任

- 本集團秉持公平營銷的理念,不 會對競爭對手提出不實指控誤導 客戶決策。此外,本集團不會通 過間諜活動、僱用競爭對手的僱 員或任何其他不正當手段獲取競 爭對手的機密資料。
- 本集團承諾提供符合客戶合理期望的商品及服務。本集團設有有效的客戶投訴機制並妥善處理有關投訴。此外,本集團尊重客戶及其商業信息的保密性。我們不會披露此類信息,以保護彼等的私隱。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,概無違反有關提供產品及服務方面的健康、安全、廣告、招標及私隱事宜及補救措施的相關法律及法規。

私隱保護

- 本集團嚴格遵守《個人資料(私 隱)條例》(香港法例第486章)
- 本集團致力維護知識產權。全體 僱員均已接受教育,並期望僱員 將保護知識產權及避免任何侵權 行為。

Anti-corruption

- The Group strictly complied with applicable laws and regulations in relation to corruption, bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering, including but not limited to the Laws of Anti Competition of the People's Republic of China, the Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China and Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong.
- The Group refuses bribery, corruption, extortion and money laundering activities. Employees shall report any misconduct to its manager. A whistle-blowing email has been setup for reporting such incidents and senior management will be responsible for investigation if deem necessary.
- The Group is listed on the GEM of the Stock Exchange and has strict guidelines for directors and senior management for any disclosure of conflict of interest. Besides, directors or senior management are required to take certain hours of training each year.

There was no non-compliance with relevant laws and regulations relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering noted in year ended 31 May 2021.

III. COMMUNITY

Community Investment

- Social responsibility is one of the Group's cultures. We are committed to striving for the betterment of society and hold strongly the belief that a business organization should not detach itself from its social responsibility.
- The Group encourage its employee to participate in voluntary activities in order to give back to the society and people in need.

反貪污

- 本集團嚴格遵守有關貪污、賄 路、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的適用 法律及法規,包括但不限於《中 華人民共和國反競爭法》、《中華 人民共和國刑法》及香港《防止賄 將條例》。
- 本集團拒絕賄賂、貪污、勒索及 洗黑錢活動。僱員應向經理報告 任何不當行為。本集團已設立舉 報電郵以供報告有關事件,而高 級管理層將負責在必要時進行調
- 本集團於聯交所GEM上市,已針 對董事及高級管理層制定嚴格的 利益衝突披露指引。另外,董事 或高級管理層每年須接受一定時 數的培訓。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,概無違反有關賄賂、勒索、欺詐 及洗黑錢的相關法律及法規。

Ⅲ. 社區

社區投資

- 社會責任是本集團文化的其中一 部分。我們致力為改善社會獻力 並堅信企業組織不應脱離社會責 任。
- 本集團鼓勵僱員參與義工活動, 以回饋社會及有需要人士。

Index to the ESG Reporting Guide

《環境、社會及管治報告指引》內容索

Area: Environme Disclosure India 披露指標		範疇:環境	Section 章節
A1: Emissions	General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to air and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and non-hazardous waste.	Emission
A1:排放物	一般披露	有關廢氣及溫室氣體排放、向水及土地的排污、 有害及無害廢棄物的產生等的:(a)政策;及(b)遵 守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資 料。	排放物
	A1.1 A1.1	The types of emissions and respective emissions data. 排放物種類及相關排放數據。	Emission 排放物
	A1.2	Greenhouse gas emissions (in tonnes) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 溫室氣體總排放量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度	Environmental Performance Indicator 環境績效指標
	A1.Z	(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	场况 根 次 相 际
	A1.3	Total hazardous waste produced (in tons) and where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Emission
	A1.3	所產生有害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	排放物
	A1.4	Total non-hazardous waste produced (in tons) and, where appropriate, intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility)	Emission
	A1.4	所產生無害廢棄物總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	排放物
	A1.5	Description of measures to mitigate emissions and results achieved.	Emission
	A1.5	描述減低排放量的措施及所得成果。	排放物
	A1.6	Description of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, reduction initiatives and results achieved.	Emission
	A1.6	描述處理有害及無害廢棄物的方法、減低產生量 的措施及所得成果。	排放物

Disclosure Indicat 披露指標	tor		Section 章節
A2: Use of Resources A2:資源使用	General Disclosure 一般披露	Policies on the efficient use of resources, including energy, water and other raw materials. 有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策。	Use of Resource 資源使用
	A2.1 A2.1	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total (kWh) and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility) 按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(以千個千瓦時計算)及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Performance Indicator 環境績效指標
	A2.2 A2.2	Water consumption in total and intensity (e.g. per unit of production volume, per facility). 總耗水量及密度(如以每產量單位、每項設施計算)。	Environmental Performance Indicator 環境績效指標
	A2.3 A2.3	Description of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果。	Use of Resource 資源使用
	A2.4 A2.4	Description of whether there is any issue in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency initiatives and results achieved. 描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成果。	N/A 不適用
	A2.5	Total packaging materials used for finished products (in tons) and, where appropriate, with reference to per unit produced.	N/A
	A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(以噸計算)及(如適用)每生產單位佔量。	不適用
and Natural	General Disclosure	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural resources.	Emission
Resources A3:環境及 天然資源	一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的 政策。	排放物
	A3.1	Description of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural resources and the actions taken to manage them.	The Environmenta and Natural Resources
	A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動。	環境及天然資源

Area: Social		<i>範疇:社會</i>		
Disclosure Indica 披露指標	tor		Section 章節	
Employment and 僱傭及勞工準則	Labour Standard			
B1: Employment	General Disclosure	Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-	Employment and Labour Practice	
B1:僱傭	一般披露	discrimination, and other benefits and welfare. 有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視以及其他待遇及福利的政策,及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	僱傭及勞工常規	
	B1.1	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age	Employment	
	B1.1	group and geographical region. 按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員 總數。	Practice 僱傭常規	
	B1.2	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and	Employment	
	B1.2	geographical region. 按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率。	Practice 僱傭常規	
B2: Health and Safety	General Disclosure	Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees from occupational hazards.	Health and Safety	
B2:健康與安全	一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性 危害的政策,及遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關 法律及規例的資料。	健康與安全	
	B2.1 B2.1	Number and rate of work-related fatalities. 因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率。	Health and Safety 健康與安全	
	B2.2 B2.2	Lost days due to work injury. 因工傷損失工作日數。	Health and Safety 健康與安全	
	B2.3	Description of occupational health and safety measures adopted, how they are implemented and monitored.	Health and Safety	
	B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法。	健康與安全	

Disclosure Indica 披露指標	tor		Section 章節
B3: Development and Training	General Disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work. Description of	Development and Training
B3:發展及培訓	一般披露	training activities. 有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政 策。描述培訓活動。	發展及培訓
	B3.1	The percentage of employees trained by gender and employee category (e.g. senior management, middle management).	Development and Training
	B3.1	按性別及僱員類別(如高級管理層、中級管理層等)劃分的受訓僱員百分比。	發展及培訓
	B3.2	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category. 按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平	Development and Training 發展及培訓
		均時數。	
B4: Labour Standard	General Disclosure	Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour.	Labour Standard
B4:勞工準則	一般披露	有關防止童工或強制勞工的:(a)政策;及(b)遵守 對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	勞工準則
	B4.1	Description of measures to review employment practices to avoid child and forced labour.	Labour Standard
	B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工。	勞工準則
	B4.2	Description of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered.	Labour Standard
	B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟。	勞工準則
Operation Practio	ce		
營運慣例 B5: Supply Chain Management	General Disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain.	Supply Chain Management
B5:供應鏈管理	一般披露	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策。	供應鏈管理
	B5.1	Number of suppliers by geographical region.	The Group will provide this recommended disclosure next
	B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目。	year 本集團將於下年 度提供有關題 議披露資料

Disclosure Indica 披露指標	ator		Section 章節
	B5.2	Description of practices relating to engaging suppliers, number of suppliers where the practices are being implemented, how they are implemented and monitored.	Supply Chain Management
	B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣例的執行及監察方法。	供應鏈管理
B6: Product Responsibility	General Disclosure	Information on the policies and compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress.	Product Responsibility
B6:產品責任	一般披露	有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標 籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的政策,及遵守對發 行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	產品責任
	B6.1	Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons.	
	B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而 須回收的百分比。	
	B6.2	Number of products and service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with.	Product Responsibility
	B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法。	產品責任
	B6.3	Description of practices relating to observing and protecting intellectual property rights.	Privacy Protection
	B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例。	私隱保護
	B6.4	Description of quality assurance process and recall procedures.	
	B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程序。	
	B6.5	Description of consumer data protection and privacy policies, how they are implemented and monitored.	Privacy Protection
	B6.5	描述消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法。	私隱保護

Disclosure Indic 披露指標	cator		Section 章節
B7: Anti-corruption General Disclosure B7:反貪污 一般披露		Information on: (a) the policies; and (b) compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering. 有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的(a)政策;及(b)遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規	Anti-corruption 反貪污
		例的資料。	
	B7.1	Number of concluded legal cases regarding corrupt practices brought against the issuer or its employees during the reporting period and the outcomes of the cases.	Anti-corruption
	B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的 貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結果。	反貪污
	B7.2	Description of preventive measures and whistle- blowing procedures, how they are implemented and monitored.	Anti-corruption
	B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程序,以及相關執行及監察 方法。	反貪污
Community 社區			
B8: Community investment	General Disclosure	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of communities where the issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests.	Community
B8:社區投資	一般披露	有關以社區參與來了解營運所在社區需要和確 保其業務活動會考慮社區利益的政策。	社區
	B8.1	Focus areas of contribution (e.g. education, environmental concerns, labour needs, health,	Community
	B8.1	culture, sport) 專注貢獻範疇(如教育、環境事宜、勞工需求、健 康、文化、體育)。	社區
	B8.2	Resources contributed (e.g. money or time) to the	Community
	B8.2	focus area 在專注範疇所動用資源(如金錢或時間)。	社區

Report of the Board of Directors 董事會報告

The Directors are pleased to present their report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 May 2021.

董事欣然呈報截至二零二一年五月三十一 日止年度之董事會報告連同本公司經審核 綜合財務報表。

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are set out in note 25 to the audited consolidated financial statements. The Group is principally engaged in the provision of visual display solution services for concerts and events in Hong Kong, Macau, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Taiwan.

主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股。其附屬公司的主要業務載於經審核綜合財務報表附註25。本集團主要於香港、澳門、中華人民共和國(「中國」)及台灣為演唱會及活動提供視像顯示解決方案服務。

Results and Dividends

The financial performance of the Group for the year ended 31 May 2021 and the financial position of the Group as at that date are set out in the audited consolidated financial statements on pages 90 to 93 of this annual report.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 May 2021.

業績及股息

本集團截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度的財務表現以及本集團於該日的財務狀 況載於本年報第90至93頁之經審核綜合財 務報表。

董事不建議就截至二零二一年五月三十一 日止年度派付任何股息。

Financial Summary

A summary of the published results and of the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five years is set out on page 175 of this annual report.

財務摘要

本集團過往五年之已刊發業績以及資產及 負債概要載於本年報第175頁。

Significant Investments and Future Plans for Material Investments and Capital Assets

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group did not have any significant investments, material acquisitions nor disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint venture.

重大投資與重大投資及資本資產 的未來計劃

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團並無任何重大投資、重大收購或出售附屬公司、聯營公司及合營公司。

Property, Plant and Equipment

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year ended 31 May 2021 are set out in note 14 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

物業、廠房及設備

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團物業、廠房及設備的變動詳情載於經審核綜合財務報表附註14。

Bank Borrowings

Particulars of bank borrowings of the Group at 31 May 2021 are set out in note 21 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

Interest Capitalised

The Group has not capitalised any interest during the year ended 31 May 2021.

Share Capital

Details of movements in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 31 May 2021 are set out in note 18 to the audited consolidated financial statements

Reserves

Details of movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the year ended 31 May 2021 are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity in notes 19 and 33(a) to the audited consolidated financial statements respectively.

Distributable Reserves

As at 31 May 2021, the reserves of the Company available for distribution to shareholders amounted to HK\$55,343,193. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company may be applied for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of the Company's articles of association and provided that immediately following the payment of distributions or dividends, the Company shall be able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Purchase, Sale or Redemption of Listed Securities

The Company did not redeem its listed securities, nor did the Company or any of its subsidiaries purchase, cancel or sell any of such listed securities for the year ended 31 May 2021.

銀行借款

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團銀行 借款詳情載於經審核綜合財務報表附註21。

利息資本化

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 集團並無資本化任何利息。

股本

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 公司股本之變動詳情載於經審核綜合財務 報表附註18。

儲備

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 集團及本公司的儲備變動詳情分別載於綜 合權益變動表附註19及經審核綜合財務報 表附註33(a)。

可供分派儲備

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本公司可分 派予股東的儲備為55,343,193港元。根據開 曼群島公司法,本公司之股份溢價可能用 作本公司向股東作出分派或支付股息,惟 須受本公司組織章程細則條文所規限,且 本公司於緊隨作出有關分派或支付股息後 須有能力支付其於日常業務中到期之債務。

購買、出售或贖回上市證券

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 公司並無贖回其上市證券,本公司或其任 何附屬公司亦無購買、註銷或出售本公司 任何上市證券。

Directors

The Directors of the Company during the year ended 31 May 2021 and up to the date of this report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis (Chairman)

Mr. Tam Chun Yu

Independent Non-Executive Directors

Mr. Li Kai Sing

Mr. Ma Tsz Chun

Ms. Loh Lai Ping Phillis

Pursuant to article 108(a) of the Articles, at each annual general meeting, at least one-third of the Directors shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

Confirmation of Independence

Each independent non-executive Director has given the Company an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company considers that all the independent non-executive Directors are independent and meet the independent guidelines set out in Rule 5.09 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Directors' Service Contracts and Letters of Appointment

(a) Executive Directors

Each of the executive Directors entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than one month's notice served by either party on the other. The term of service of a Director is subject to retirement by rotation of Directors as set out in the Articles.

(b) Independent non-executive Directors

Each of the independent non-executive Directors signed a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years, which may be terminated by not less than one month's notice served by either party on the other. The term of service of a Director is subject to the provisions on retirement by rotation of Directors as set out in the Articles.

董事

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度及直至本報告日期,本公司董事如下:

執行董事

楊浩廷先生(主席) 譚震宇先生

獨立非執行董事

李啟承先生 馬時俊先生 羅麗萍女士

根據章程細則第108(a)條,於每屆股東週年 大會上,至少三分之一的董事須至少每三 年輪值退任一次。退任董事有資格膺選連 任。

獨立性確認書

各獨立非執行董事已根據GEM上市規則第5.09條向本公司發出有關獨立性之年度確認書。本公司認為,全體獨立非執行董事均獨立,且符合GEM上市規則第5.09條所載之獨立性指引。

董事之服務合約及委任函

(a) 執行董事

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,任期為三年,服務合約可經一方至少提前一個月向另一方送達通知予以終止。董事的服務期限亦須受章程細則所載董事輪值退任條文所規限。

(b) 獨立非執行董事

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司訂立委 任函,為期三年,可經一方至少提前 一個月向另一方送達通知予以終止。 董事的服務期限亦須受章程細則所載 董事輪值退任條文所規限。

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors has or is proposed to have a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries (other than contracts expiring or determinable by the Company or its subsidiaries, as applicable within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation).

除上文所披露者外,概無董事與本公司或 其任何附屬公司訂立或擬訂立任何服務合 約(於一年內屆滿或可由本公司或其附屬公 司(如適用)免付賠償(法定賠償除外)而終 止的合約除外)。

Emoluments of Directors and Five Highest Paid Individuals

The emolument of the Directors is recommended by the Remuneration Committee by reference to the benchmarking of the market. The Company also looks into individual Director's competence, duties, responsibilities, performance.

Details of the emoluments of the Directors and the five highest paid individuals of the Group are set out in notes 9(a) and 34 to the audited consolidated financial statements.

董事及五名最高薪酬人士之薪酬

董事薪酬由薪酬委員會參考市場基準建議。本公司亦會考慮個別董事的能力、職 責、責任及表現。

本集團董事及五名最高薪酬人士之薪酬詳 情載於經審核綜合財務報表附註9(a)及34。

Directors' and Senior Management's Biographies

Biographical details of the Directors and the senior management of the Group are set out on pages 75 to 80 of this annual report.

董事及高級管理層人員之履歷

本集團董事及高級管理層之履歷詳情載於 本年報第75至80頁。

Directors' and Controlling Shareholders' Interests in Contracts

Save as disclosed in this annual report, none of the Directors or an entity connected with any of them had any material interest, whether directly or indirectly, in any transaction, arrangement or contract of significance in relation to the business of the Group to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries, parent company or subsidiaries of the parent company was a party and subsisting at any time during or at the end of the year ended 31 May 2021.

As at 31 May 2021, no contract of significance had been entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries and the controlling shareholders of the Company or any of their subsidiaries.

董事及控股股東於合約的權益

除本年報披露者外,概無任何董事或與彼等有關連的實體於本公司或其任何附屬公司、母公司或母公司的附屬公司於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度任何時間電年末訂立及存續的對本集團業務而言屬重大之任何交易、安排或合約中直接或間接擁有任何重大權益。

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本公司或其 任何附屬公司並無與本公司控股股東或彼 等的任何附屬公司訂立重大合約。

Director's Rights to Acquire Shares or Debt Securities

Save as disclosed in this annual report, at no time during the year ended 31 May 2021 was the Company or any of its subsidiaries, or any of its fellow subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors or chief executive of the Company (including their spouses or children under 18 years of age) to have any right to subscribe for securities of the Company or any of its specified undertakings as defined in the Companies (Directors' Report) Regulation or to acquire benefits by means of acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Management Contracts

As at 31 May 2021, the Company did not enter into or have any management and/or administration contracts in respect of the whole or any principal business of the Company.

Directors' and Controlling Shareholders' Interests in Competing Business

During the year ended 31 May 2021 and up to the date of this annual report, the Directors are not aware of any business and interest of the Directors nor the controlling shareholders of the Company nor any of their respective close associates (as defined in the GEM Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interests which any such person has or may have with the Group from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report.

董事購入股份或債券的權利

除本年報所披露者外,於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度任何時間,本公司或其任何同系附屬公司或其任何同系附屬公司主要行政人員(包括彼等的配偶或十八歲以至的子女)有權認購本公司或其任何指明企業時入本公司或任何其他法人團體的股份或債權證而獲取利益。

管理合約

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本公司並無 訂立或擁有與本公司全部或任何主要業務 的管理及/或行政管理有關的合約。

董事及控股股東在競爭業務中的 權益

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度及直至本年報日期,董事並不知悉董事或本公司控股股東或彼等各自的任何緊密聯繫人(定義見GEM上市規則)於上市日期起至本年報日期擁有任何對本集團業務構成或可能構成競爭的業務及權益,亦不知悉任何有關人士與本集團存在或可能存在任何其他利益衝突。

Compliance of Non-Competition Undertakings

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis, Mr. Chang Yu-shu, UCP Co., Ltd, Ms. Ching Hsiang-yun and Next Vision (the "Controlling Shareholders") entered into a deed of non-competition dated 22 May 2017 (the "Deed of Non-Competition") in favour of the Company (for itself and each of its subsidiaries), pursuant to which each of the Controlling Shareholders has, unconditionally and irrevocably, undertaken to the Company in the Deed of Non-Competition that he/she/it will not, and will procure his/her/its close associates (other than members of the Group) not to, for himself/ herself/itself or jointly with or acting for any other person, firm or company as shareholder(s), director(s), partner(s), agent(s), employee(s) or otherwise, and whether or not for profit, remuneration or other purpose, directly or indirectly be involved or engaged in or undertake any business (other than the business of the Group) that directly or indirectly competes, or may compete, with the Group's business or undertaking (the "Restricted Activity"), or hold shares or interest in any companies or business that compete directly or indirectly with the business engaged by the Group from time to time except where the Controlling Shareholders and/or his/ her/its close associates hold less than 5% of the total issued shares of any company (whose shares are listed on the Stock Exchange or other stock exchange) which is engaged in any business that is or may be in competition with any business engaged by any member of the Group and they do not control 10% or more of the composition of the board of directors of such company.

Further, each of the Group's Controlling Shareholders has undertaken that if any new business investment or other business opportunity relating to the Restricted Activity (the "Competing Business Opportunity") is identified by or made available to him/her/it or any of his/her/its close associates, he/she/it shall, and shall procure that his/her/its close associates shall, refer such Competing Business Opportunity to the Company on a timely basis.

For further details of the Deed of Non-Competition, please refer to the section headed "Relationship with Controlling Shareholders — Non-Competition Undertakings" in the Prospectus.

Each of the Controlling Shareholders has confirmed to the Company of his/her/its compliance with the Deed of Non- Competition from the Listing Date up to the date of this annual report. The independent non-executive Directors have reviewed the status of compliance and confirmed that all the undertakings under the Deed of Non-Competition have been complied by each of the Controlling Shareholders from the Listing Date to the date of this annual report.

遵守不競爭承諾

於二零一十年五月二十二日,楊浩廷先 生、張育書先生、UCP Co., Ltd、金祥雲女士 及Next Vision(「控股股東」)以本公司(為其本 身及其各附屬公司)為受益人訂立不競爭契 據(「不競爭契據」),據此各控股股東於不競 爭契據中向本公司作出無條件且不可撤回 承諾,彼不會且將促使其緊密聯繫人(惟本 集團成員除外)不會,為其自身或與他人聯 合或為任何其他人士、商號或公司擔任股 東、董事、合夥人、代理人,僱員或其他, 以及無論是否為利潤、酬金或其他目的, 直接或間接參與或從事或承擔任何直接或 間接與本集團業務或企業競爭或可能存在 競爭的業務(惟本集團業務除外)(「限制活 動」),或持有直接或間接與本集團不時從 事的業務競爭的任何公司或業務的股份或 權益,惟控股股東及/或彼之緊密聯繫人 持有任何公司(其股份於聯交所或其他證券 交易所上市)發行股份總數少於5%,該等 公司從事任何與本集團任何成員公司所從 事的業務存在或可能存在競爭的業務,且 彼等概無於該等公司的董事會組成中控制 10%或以上則除外。

此外,本集團各控股股東已承諾,倘任何有關限制活動的新業務投資或其他業務機會 (「競爭業務機會」)由其任何緊密聯繫人發 現或提供,彼將及時並促使彼之緊密聯繫 人及時向本公司轉介有關競爭業務機會。

有關不競爭契據的進一步詳情,請參閱招股章程「與控股股東的關係 — 不競爭承諾」 一節。

各控股股東均已向本公司確認彼自上市日期起直至本年報日期遵守不競爭契據。獨立非執行董事已審閱合規情況,並確認各控股股東於上市日期起直至本年報日期遵守不競爭契據項下的所有契諾事項。

Disclosure of Directors' Interests

(a) Interests and short positions of Directors and chief executive in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations

As at the date of this annual report, the interests and short positions of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part V of the SFO (including interests and short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register required to be kept therein; or (iii) pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange, were as follows:

(i) Interests in the Company

董事權益之披露

(a) 董事及主要行政人員於本公司 及其相聯法團的股份、相關股 份及債權證中的權益及淡倉

(i) 本公司權益

Name of Director	Capacity/Nature of interest		Number of Shares (Note 1) 股份數目	Percentage of shareholding
董事姓名 ————————————————————————————————————	身份/權益性質		(附註1)	持股百分比
Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis 楊浩廷先生	Interest in a controlled corporation (Note 2) 受控制法團權益(附註2)	60	0,000,000 (L)	75.0%
Notes:		附註	:	
1. The letter "L" denotes the	person's long position in the Shares.	1.	字母[L]代表相同好倉。	關人士於股份中的
•	owned by Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis as to Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis was deemed to neld by Next Vision.	2.	75%。根據證券	告廷先生實益擁有 及期貨條例,楊浩 ◇Next Vision持有的 。

(ii) Interest in associated corporation of the Company

(ii) 於本公司相聯法團中權益

Name of Director	Name of associated corporation	Capacity	Number of shares (Note 1) 股份數目	Percentage of shareholding
董事姓名	相聯法團名稱	身份	(附註1)	持股百分比
Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis 楊浩廷先生	Next Vision (Note 2) Next Vision (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	7,500 (L)	75%

Notes:

- The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.
- Next Vision held 75% of issued Shares and was therefore a holding company of the Company.

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this annual report, none of the Directors or the chief executive of the Company had any interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) which were required (i) to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part V of the SFO (including interests and/or short positions which they were taken or deemed to have under such provisions of the SFO); or (ii) pursuant to section 352 of the SFO, to be entered into the register required to be kept therein; or (iii) pursuant to Rules 5.46 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules relating to securities transactions by directors to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

附註:

- 1. 字母[L]代表相關人士於股份中的 好倉。
- 2. Next Vision持有已發行股份的75%, 因而為本公司之一家控股公司。

(b) Interests and short positions of the substantial shareholders and other persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

As at the date of this annual report, so far as it is known to the Directors, the following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had or were deemed to have interests or short positions in Shares or underlying Shares which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO, or which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

(b) 主要股東及其他人士於本公司 的股份及相關股份中的權益及 淡倉

於本年報日期,據董事所知,下列人士(本公司董事或最高行政人員除外)於股份或相關股份中擁有或被視為擁有須記存於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定須存置的登記冊,或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文而須予以披露的權益或淡倉。

Number of

Name of shareholder	Capacity/Nature of interest	Shares held/ Interested (Note 1) 持有/擁有 權益的 股份數目	Percentage of shareholding
股東名稱	身份/權益性質	(附註1)	持股百分比
Next Vision (Note 2) Next Vision (附註2)	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	600,000,000 (L)	75.0%

Notes:

- 1. The letter "L" denotes the person's long position in the Shares.
- Next Vision was beneficially owned by Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis as to 75%.
 By virtue of the SFO, Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis was deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Next Vision.

Save as disclosed above, as at the date of this annual report, the Directors have not been notified by any person who had interests or short positions in the Shares or underlying Shares as recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO, or which would fall to be disclosed under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO.

附註:

- 1. 字母[L]代表相關人士於股份中的好倉。
- Next Vision由楊浩廷先生實益擁有75%。 根據證券及期貨條例,楊浩廷先生被視為 於Next Vision的持有股份中擁有權益。

除上文披露者外,於本年報日期,概無任何人士已經知會董事於股份或相關股份擁有須記存於根據證券及期貨條例第336條規定存置的登記冊,或根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及3分部條文而須予以披露的權益或淡倉。

Share Option Scheme

The then sole shareholder of the Company conditionally adopted on 19 May 2017 the Share Option Scheme. A summary of the principal terms of the Share Option Scheme is set out as follows:

1. Purpose of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme prepared in accordance with Chapter 23 of the Listing Rules and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions that the Eligible Participants (as defined below) had or may have made to the Group. The Share Option Scheme will provide the Eligible Participants (as defined below) an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with the view to achieving the following objectives: (i) motivate the Eligible Participants (as defined below) to optimise their performance efficiency for the benefit of the Group; and (ii) attract and retain or otherwise maintain an on-going business relationship with the Eligible Participants (as defined below) whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long-term growth of the Group.

2. Participants of the Share Option Scheme

The Board may, at its discretion, offer to grant an option to the following persons (collectively the "Eligible Participants") to subscribe for such number of new Shares as the Board may determine: (i) any full-time or part-time employees, executives or officers of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; (ii) any directors (including non-executive directors and independent non-executive directors) of the Company or any of its subsidiaries; and (iii) any advisers, consultants, suppliers, customers, distributors and such other persons who, in the sole opinion of the Board, will contribute or have contributed to the Company and/or any of its subsidiaries.

購股權計劃

本公司之當時唯一股東於二零一七年五月 十九日有條件採納購股權計劃,購股權計 劃之主要條款概要載列如下:

1. 購股權計劃的目的

2. 購股權計劃參與者

3. Total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme and percentage of issued Shares

As at the Latest Practicable Date, no share option has been granted under the Share Option Scheme. The maximum number of Shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme and under any other share option schemes of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 80,000,000 Shares, representing 10% of the total number of Shares in issue as at the Latest Practicable Date.

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant under the Share Option Scheme

The total number of Shares issued and which may fall to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes of the Company (including both exercised and outstanding options) to each Eligible Participant in any 12-month period up to the date of grant shall not exceed 1% of the Shares in issue as at the date of grant. Any further grant of options in excess of this 1% limit shall be subject to: (i) the issue of a circular by the Company containing the identity of the Eligible Participant, the numbers of and terms of the options to be granted (and options previously granted to such participant), the information as required under Rules 23.02(2)(d) and the disclaimer required under 23.02(4) of the GEM Listing Rules; and (ii) the approval of the Shareholders in general meeting and/or other requirements prescribed under the Listing Rules from time to time with such Eligible Participant and his close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) (or his/her associates if the Eligible Participant is a core connected person) abstaining from voting.

3. 根據購股權計劃可供發行的股份總數及已發行股份百分比

於最後實際可行日期,概無根據購股權計劃授出任何購股權。根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃可能授出的購股權所涉及的股份數目上限合共不得超過80,000,000股股份,佔於最後實際可行日期已發行股份總數之10%。

4. 根據購股權計劃每名參與者的 配額上限

已發行及因於直至授出日期止任何12 個月期間根據購股權計劃及本公司任 何其他購股權計劃向每名合資格參與 者授出的購股權(包括已行使及尚未 行使的購股權)獲行使而可予發行的 股份總數不得超過於授出日期已發行 股份的1%。任何進一步授出超過該 1%限額的購股權須待:(i)本公司發 出通函,當中載列合資格參與者的身 份、將予授出購股權(及過往授予該參 與者的購股權)的數目及條款、GEM上 市規則第23.02(2)(d)條規定的資料及 第23.02(4)條規定的免責聲明;及(ii)經 股東在股東大會上批准及/或符合上 市規則不時訂明的其他規定,而有關 合資格參與者及其緊密聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)(或倘合資格參與者為核 心關連人士,則為其聯繫人)須放棄投 票。

The period within which an option must be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and performance target

An option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during a period to be determined and notified by the Directors to each grantee, but shall not be more than 10 years from the date upon which the option is deemed to be granted and accepted. A grantee may be required to achieve any performance targets as the Board may then specify in the grant before any options granted under the Share Option Scheme can be exercised.

The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

There is no minimum period for which an option granted must be held before it can be exercised except otherwise imposed by the Directors.

The basis of determining the exercise price 7.

The exercise price of a Share in respect of any particular option granted under the Share Option Scheme shall be such price as the Board in its absolute discretion shall determine, save that such price must be at least the higher of: (i) the official closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of grant, which must be a day on which the Stock Exchange is open for the business of dealing in securities; (ii) the average of the official closing prices of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of a Share.

須根據購股權計劃行使購股權 的期限及表現目標

購股權可於董事釐定並知會各承授人 的期限內根據購股權計劃的條款隨時 行使,惟該期限不得超過於購股權被 視為已授出並獲接納日期起計10年。 承授人可能須達到董事會在授出任何 購股權前指定的任何表現目標,方可 行使根據購股權計劃授出的任何購股 權。

購股權行使前須持有的最短期

概無規定已授出的購股權行使前須持 有的最短期限,惟董事另行規定者除 小。

7. 釐定行使價的基準

根據購股權計劃所授出任何特定購股 權所涉及股份的行使價須由董事會全 權酌情釐定,惟該價格須至少為下列 各項當中的最高者:(i)股份於授出日 期(須為聯交所開市買賣證券的日子) 於聯交所每日報價表所報的正式收市 價;(ii)緊接授出日期前五個營業日股 份於聯交所每日報價表所報的正式平 均收市價;及(iii)股份面值。

The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made or loans for such purposes must be repaid

The grantee shall pay HK\$1.00 to the Company by way of consideration for the grant on or before the relevant acceptance date of the option.

9. The remaining life of the Share Option Scheme

The Share Option Scheme, unless otherwise terminated or amended, will remain in force for a period of 10 years from the Adoption Date, i.e. 19 May 2017.

Since the adoption of the Share Option Scheme, no share options were granted, exercised or cancelled by the Company under the Share Option Scheme. There were no outstanding share options under the Share Option Scheme as at the date of this annual report.

Equity-Linked Agreements

Save for the Share Option Scheme as set out in the sub-section headed "Share Option Scheme" above, no equity-linked agreements were entered into by the Group, or existed during the year ended 31 May 2021.

Interests of the Compliance Adviser

In accordance with Rule 6A.19 of the GEM Listing Rules, the Company had appointed Shenwan Hongyuan Capital (H.K.) Limited ("SWHY") to be the compliance adviser since the listing of the Company. The appointment was terminated on 31 August 2020 after the publication of the Company's annual report for the year ended 31 May 2020. As informed by SWHY, neither SWHY nor any of its directors or employees or close associates had any interest in the share capital of the Company or any member of the Group (including options or rights to subscribe for such securities, if any) or otherwise in relation to the Company up to the date of the termination of the role as compliance adviser on 31 August 2020 which is required to be notified to the Company pursuant to Rule 6A.32 of the GEM Listing Rules.

8. 申請或接納購股權須付金額以 及須作出或可能作出付款或催 繳通知的期限或償還申請購股 權貸款的期限

於相關購股權獲接納日期或之前,承授人須向本公司支付1.00港元作為授出代價。

9. 購股權計劃的餘下年期

除非另行終止或修訂,購股權計劃將 於採納日期(即二零一七年五月十九 日)起計10年期間內有效。

自採納購股權計劃起,本公司並無根據購股權計劃授出、行使或註銷購股權。於本年報日期,並無購股權計劃項下的尚未行使購股權。

股權掛鈎協議

除上文「購股權計劃」分節所載購股權計 劃外,截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,本集團概無訂立或存在股權掛鈎協議。

合規顧問的權益

Compliance with the Relevant Laws and Regulations

As far as the Directors are aware, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group. During the year ended 31 May 2021, there was no material breach of or non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations by the Group.

Major Customers and Suppliers

For the year ended 31 May 2021, the aggregate amount of turnover attributed to the Group's largest and the five largest customers accounted for approximately 24.0% and 54.3% (2020: approximately 28.8% and 59.3%) of the total revenue of the Group, respectively. For the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group's purchase from the largest and the five largest suppliers of equipment accounted for approximately 50.5% and 97.5% (2020: approximately 56.7% and 89.7%) of the total purchases of the Group, respectively. At no time during the year ended 31 May 2021 did the Directors, their associates or any shareholder of the Company (which to the knowledge of the Directors, owns more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital) have any interest in the Group's major customers or suppliers as disclosed above.

Connected Transactions and Continuing Connected Transactions

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group did not enter into any transactions which need to be disclosed as connected transactions or continuing connected transactions pursuant to Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Details of the material related party transactions are set out in note 28 to the audited consolidated financial statements of this annual report. These related party transactions did not constitute connected transactions or continuing connected transactions pursuant to Chapter 20 of the GEM Listing Rules.

Remuneration to key management personnel of the Group, including Directors described in note 9(a) to the Group's audited consolidated financial statements are continuing connected transactions exempt from the connected transaction requirements under Rule 20.93 of the GEM Listing Rules.

遵守相關法例及規例

就董事所知悉,本集團在各重大方面已遵守對本集團業務及營運有重大影響的相關法例及規例。於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團概無嚴重違反或不遵守適用法例及規例的情況。

主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團最大及五大客戶所貢獻總營業額分別佔本集團總收益之約24.0%及54.3%(二零二零年:約28.8%及59.3%)。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團自最惠大設備供應商之採購分別佔本集團自最上,在大設備供應商之採購分別佔本集團的56.7%及89.7%)。於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度任何時間,概無本公司三十一日止年度任何時間,概無本公司三十一日止年度任何時間,概無本公司三十一日止年度任何時間,概無本公司三十十一日止年度任何時間,概無本公司主義行股本逾5%者)於上文所披露之本集團主要客戶或供應商中擁有任何權益。

關連交易及持續關連交易

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團並未訂立根據GEM上市規則第20章須披露為關連交易或持續關連交易的任何交易。

重大關聯方交易的詳情載於本年報經審核 綜合財務報表附註28。根據GEM上市規則 第20章,該等關聯方交易並不構成關連交 易或持續關連交易。

載於本集團經審核綜合財務報表附註9(a)的本集團主要管理人員(包括董事)之薪酬乃豁免遵守GEM上市規則第20.93條關連交易規定的持續關連交易。

Corporate Governance

The Company is firmly committed to maintaining and ensuring a high level of corporate governance standards and will review and improve the corporate governance practices and standards constantly. Except for the deviation from code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the Company has complied with the code provisions set out in the CG Code contained in Appendix 15 to the GEM Listing Rules from the Listing Date up to the date of this annual report. Code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis is the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company. In view of Mr. Yeung's role in day-to-day operations and management of the Group since April 2009, the Board believes that it is in the best interest of the Group to have Mr. Yeung taking up both roles for effective management and business development. Therefore, the Directors consider that the deviation from the code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code is appropriate in such circumstance and the Board is of the view that this management structure is effective for the Group's operations and sufficient checks and balances are in place.

Details of the corporate governance practices adopted by the Company are set out in the Corporate Governance Report on pages 18 to 37 of this annual report.

Sufficiency of Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors, as at the date of this annual report, the Company has maintained a sufficient public float as required under the GEM Listing Rules.

Pre-Emptive Rights

There are no provision for pre-emptive or similar rights under the laws of Caymans Islands or the Articles which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a pro-rata basis to the existing shareholders.

企業管治

本公司致力維持及確保高水平的企業管治 標準,並會不斷檢討及改善企業管治常規 及標準。除偏離企業管治守則之守則條文 第A.2.1條外,本公司自卜市日期起百至本 年報日期為止一直遵守GEM上市規則附錄 15所載企業管治守則的守則條文。企業管 治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條規定,主席 與行政總裁的角色應分離,不得由同一人 擔任。楊浩廷先生為本公司董事長兼行政 總裁。鑑於楊先生自二零零九年四月起在 本集團擔任負責日常營運及管理方面的角 色,董事會認為讓楊先生擔任負責有效管 理及業務發展的角色符合本集團的最佳利 益。因此,董事認為,在該等情況下,偏離 企業管治守則之守則條文第A.2.1條規定是 適當的,董事會認為該管理架構對本集團 的業務營運有效,且有充足的制衡。

本公司所採納之企業管治常規的詳情載於 本年報第18至37頁的企業管治報告。

充足公眾持股量

根據本公司可公開獲得的資料及就董事所知,於本年報日期,本公司已維持GEM上市規則所規定的充足公眾持股量。

優先購買權

開曼群島法律及章程細則概無就本公司須 按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份之優先 購買權或類似權利作出任何規定。

Permitted Indemnity Provision

Subject to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), every Director is entitled under the Company's Articles of Association to be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as he or she shall incur or sustain through their own fraud or dishonesty.

The Company has maintained a directors and officers liability insurance during the year ended 31 May 2021. To the extent as permitted by the Companies Ordinance, a directors' liability insurance is currently in place to protect the Directors against potential costs and liabilities arising from claims brought against the Directors.

Employees and Remuneration Policies

As at 31 May 2021, the Group had 75 employees (2020: 91 employees). The remuneration package of the Group offered to the Group's employees includes salary, bonuses and other cash subsidies. In general, the Group determines employees' salaries based on each employee's qualifications, position and seniority. The Group has designed an annual review system to assess the performance of the Group's employees, which forms the basis of the Group's decisions with respect to salary raises, bonuses and promotions.

Relationship with Stakeholders

The Group understands the importance of maintaining a good relationship with its key stakeholders, including its employees, customers and suppliers, to meet its immediate and long-term business goals. During the year ended 31 May 2021, there were no material and significant disputes between the Group and its employees, customers and suppliers.

獲准許的彌僧條文

根據公司條例(香港法例第622章),每名 董事均有權根據本公司組織章程細則,可 從本公司之資產獲得彌償,就各自之職務 或信託執行彼等職責或假定職責時因所作 出、發生之作為或不作為而招致或蒙受之 所有訴訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開 支,可獲確保免就此受任何損害,惟該等 (如有)由其招致或蒙受欺詐或不忠誠者除 外。

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本 公司已購買董事及行政人員責任保險。在 公司條例允許之情況下,目前已備有適當 的董事責任保險以保障董事在針對董事索 償時產生的潛在成本及責任。

僱員及薪酬政策

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團擁有 75名僱員(二零二零年:91名僱員)。本集團 向本集團僱員提供的薪酬組合包括薪金、 花紅及其他現金補貼。一般而言,本集團根 據各僱員的資歷、職位及年資釐定僱員薪 金。本集團已制定年度檢討機制以評估本 集團僱員的表現,此機制亦是本集團提升 薪金、花紅及升職決定的基準。

與利益相關者的關係

本集團了解維持與其主要利益相關者(包括 員工、客戶及供應商)保持良好關係以實現 其即時及長期的業務目標的重要性。截至 二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團 與其員工、客戶及供應商之間概無重大爭 議。

The Group recognises employees as one of its valuable assets and strictly complies with the labour laws and regulations and reviews regularly the existing staff benefits for improvement. Apart from the reasonable remuneration packages, the Group also offers other employee benefits, such as medical insurance. The Group provides good quality services to its customers and keeps a database for direct communications with recurring customers for developing a long-term trusted relationship. The Group also maintains effective communication and develops a long-term business relationship with the suppliers.

本集團確認員工為其寶貴的資產之一,並嚴格遵守勞動法律法規,定期檢討現有職工福利,以求發展。除了合理的薪酬制度外,本集團亦提供其他員工福利,如醫療保險。本集團為客戶提供優質的服務,並保留經常性客戶數據庫便於與其直接溝通,以發展長期信任關係。本集團亦與供應商保持有效的溝通,並建立長期業務關係。

Business Review

A fair review of the business of the Company as well as a discussion and analysis of the Group's performance during the year ended 31 May 2021 and the material factors underlying its results and financial position can be found in the management discussion and analysis set out on pages 6 to 17 of this annual report. These discussions form part of this report.

業務回顧

有關截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本公司業務的公平回顧及本集團表現的討論及分析,以及與業績及財務狀況有關的重大因素載列於本年報第6至17頁所載的管理層討論及分析。有關討論構成本報告一部分。

Environmental, Social and Governance Report

The environmental, social and governance report, which forms part of this report, is set out on pages 38 to 56 of this annual report.

環境、社會及管治報告

構成本報告一部分的環境、社會及管治報告載於本年報第38至56頁。

Annual General Meeting

The forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM") of the Company will be held on 2 November 2021, the notice of which shall be sent to the shareholders of the Company in accordance with the Articles, the GEM Listing Rules and other applicable laws and regulations.

股東週年大會

本公司將於二零二一年十一月二日召開應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」),大會通告將根據章程細則、GEM上市規則及其他適用法律及法規寄發予本公司股東。

Closure of Register of Members

In order to ascertain entitlements to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Thursday, 28 October 2021 to Tuesday, 2 November 2021, both days inclusive, during which period no transfer of Shares will be registered.

Shareholders are reminded to ensure that all completed share transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited, at Level 22, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 27 October 2021.

Events After the Reporting Period

Save as disclosed in this annual report, the Directors are not aware of any significant event requiring disclosure that has taken place subsequent to 31 May 2021 and up to the date of approval of this report.

Auditor

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2021 have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers, who shall retire at the forthcoming annual general meeting and, being eligible, offered themselves for re-appointment.

There was no changes in the Company's auditor during the past three years.

> By order of the Board In Technical Productions Holdings Limited Yeung Ho Ting Dennis Chairman

24 August 2021

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

為確定享有出席應屆股東调年大會及於會 上投票的資格,本公司將於二零二一年十 月二十八日(星期四)至二零二一年十一月 二日(星期二)(包括首尾兩日)暫停辦理股 份過戶登記手續,期間將不會辦理任何股 份猧戶登記。

股東務須確保所有填妥的股份過戶表格 連同相關股票,最遲須於二零二一年十月 二十七日(星期三)下午四時三十分前交回 本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處卓佳證券 登記有限公司(地址為香港皇后大道東183 號合和中心22樓)。

報告期後事項

除本年報所披露者外,據董事所知,於二零 二一年五月三十一日後及直至本報告獲批 准日期並無發生任何須予披露的重大事件。

核數師

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度的綜 合財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 審核,而其將於應屆股東週年大會上退任 並符合資格及願意膺選連任。

本公司於過往三年並無更換核數師。

承董事會命 In Technical Productions Holdings Limited 主席 楊浩廷

二零二一年八月二十四日

Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高層管理人員之簡歷

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis (楊浩廷), aged 48, was appointed as a Director on 4 November 2016 and was re-designated as an executive Director, chief executive officer and chairman of the Board on 10 November 2016. Mr. Yeung is also the founder, chief executive officer of the Group and a director of each of ITP (BVI), ITP (HK), Intechpro Macau Limited, and the executive director, general manager and legal representative of each of Shiji Tiansheng Cultural Communication (Shenzhen) Limited (世紀天盛文化傳播(深圳)有限公司) and Shanghai Yingtegao Stage Arts Limited (上海英特高舞台藝術有限公司). Mr. Yeung founded the Group in April 2009 and is primarily responsible for devising strategies to develop the Group and overseeing the business and financial performance of the Group. Throughout the years of serving the Group, Mr. Yeung led the Group to adopt a number of latest LED and projection technologies for creative applications for pop concerts, such as Mesh LED and transparent LED panels. Mr. Yeung has nearly 12 years of experience in video equipment rental and services. Prior to founding the Group, Mr. Yeung worked as a senior manager of I-MAG International Limited, a company which is principally engaged in video equipment rental business where he was responsible for customer accounts handling from April 2007 to May 2009. During the course of his promotion of video equipment rental service for I-MAG International Limited to its customers, Mr. Yeung acquired the relevant knowledge of the video equipment and visual display industry. From July 1999 to March 2007, Mr. Yeung worked in various companies and was responsible for sales of products and customer services.

Mr. Yeung obtained a Bachelor of Civil Engineering degree from Monash University, Clayton Campus in Australia in May 1998.

Mr. Tam Chun Yu (譚震宇), aged 44, was appointed as an executive Director on 10 November 2016. Mr. Tam joined the Group as an operation manager in June 2009 and is primarily responsible for planning, organising, coordinating and implementing visual display solutions of the Group. Mr. Tam has over 16 years of experience in video equipment rental and visual display solutions. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Tam worked as a technician of I-MAG International Limited from April 2007 to June 2009 and Cosmo Pro AV Co. from February 2002 to February 2006. Mr. Tam attended his secondary school education in Hong Kong from September 1990 to August 1993.

執行董事

楊浩廷先生,48歳,於二零一六年十一月 四日獲委仟為董事並於二零一六年十一月 十日調任為執行董事、行政總裁兼董事會 主席。楊先生亦為本集團創辦人及行政總 裁、ITP (BVI)、ITP (HK)及英特高澳門一人有 限公司的董事兼世紀天盛文化傳播(深圳) 有限公司及上海英特高舞台藝術有限公司 的執行董事、總經理及法定代表人。楊先生 於二零零九年四月創辦本集團並主要負責 制定本集團的發展策略以及監督本集團的 業務及財務表現。服務本集團多年以來, 楊先生帶領本集團採納多項最新的LED及 投射技術以創意方式應用於流行音樂會, 如網格LED及透明LED顯示屏。楊先生於視 頻設備租賃及服務方面擁有近12年經驗。 創辦本集團前,楊先生曾於二零零七年四 月至二零零九年五月任I-MAG International Limited的高級經理,該公司主要從事視頻設 備租賃業務,彼在該公司負責處理客戶賬 務。於彼為I-MAG International Limited向客戶 推廣視頻設備租賃服務期間,楊先生獲得 視頻設備及視像顯示行業的相關知識。於 一九九九年七月至二零零七年三月,楊先 生任職於多家公司,負責產品銷售及客戶 服務。

楊先生於一九九八年五月獲得澳大利亞克 萊頓校區蒙納什大學土木工程學士學位。

譚震宇先生・44歲,於二零一六年十一月十日獲委任為執行董事。譚先生於二零零九年六月加入本集團擔任營運經理,主要負責為本集團計劃、組織、協調及執行視覺顯示解決方案。譚先生於視頻設備租賃及視像顯示解決方案方面擁有逾16年經驗。於加入本集團之前,譚先生於二零零七年四月至二零零九年六月任I-MAG International Limited的技術員,於二零零二年二月至二零零六年二月期間任Cosmo Pro AV Co.的技術員。於一九九零年九月至一九九三年八月,譚先生於香港接受中學教育。

Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高層管理人員之簡歷(續)

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Li Kai Sing (李啟承), aged 59, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 19 May 2017 and the chairperson of the audit committee and a member of the remuneration committee and nomination committee of the Company on 19 May 2017. Mr. Li has over 19 years of experience in accounting and finance matters. Mr. Li has been an executive director of Focus Films Limited since September 2003. Mr. Li was the Chief Financial Officer of Team Work Corporation Limited from August 2000 to September 2003, the financial controller of China Star Entertainment Limited (stock code: 0326) from June 1999 to July 2000, an executive director of Interform Ceramics Technologies Limited (now known as Alibaba Pictures Group Limited) (stock code: 1060) from October 1995 to March 1999, and a vice president, finance of Leading Spirit (Holdings) Company Limited (subsequently known as Leading Spirit High-Tech (Holdings) Company Limited) (Hong Kong stock code: 0606) from July 1992 to December 1993, the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Li has been an independent non-executive director of BExcellent Group Holdings Limited (stock code: 1775), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, since June 2018.

Mr. Li was admitted as an associate of HKICPA in September 1988 and is currently a member of HKICPA. He was also admitted as an associate of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (formerly known as Chartered Association of Certified Accountants) in September 1988. Mr. Li was also a certified financial planner as recognised by the Institute of Financial Planners of Hong Kong in July 2004. Mr. Li obtained an Executive Master of Business Administration from The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology in November 2007 and a Bachelor of Social Science degree from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 1985.

Mr. Ma Tsz Chun (馬時後), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 19 May 2017 and the chairperson of the remuneration committee and a member of the audit committee and nomination committee of the Company on 19 May 2017. Mr. Ma has over 33 years of experience in accounting and finance matters. Mr. Ma has been a director of Andrew & Associates CPA Limited since November 2014, a director of Sino-Bridge China Consulting Ltd since October 2004. Mr. Ma has been an independent non-executive director of Chinese Estates Holdings Limited (stock code: 0127) since November 2008 and Lotus Horizon Holdings Limited (stock code: 6063) since March 2020, the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.

獨立非執行董事

李 啟 承 先 生,59歳,於二零一十年五月 十九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事及於二零 一七年五月十九日獲委任為本公司審核委 員會主席兼薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。李先生於會計及財務事宜擁有逾19年 經驗。於二零零三年九月起至今,李先生 擔任Focus Films Limited之執行董事。於二零 零零年八月至二零零三年九月,李先生擔 任Team Work Corporation Limited之 首席財 務官;於一九九九年六月至二零零零年七 月,彼擔任中國星集團有限公司(股份代 號:0326) 財務總監;於一九九五年十月至 一九九九年三月,擔任圓方陶瓷科技有限 公司(現稱為阿里巴巴影業集團有限公司) (股份代號:1060)執行董事;及於一九九二 年七月至一九九三年十二月,擔任東寧集 團有限公司(後稱為東寧高科技(控股)有限 公司)(香港股份代號:0606)財務副總裁, 該等公司股份於聯交所上市。李先生於二 零一八年六月至今擔任精英匯集團控股有 限公司(其股份於聯交所上市,股份代號: 1775)獨立非執行董事。

馬時俊先生、56歲,於二零一七年五月十九日獲委任為獨立非執行董事及於二零一十五十七會主席兼審核委員會及提名委員會成經之零一四年十一月至今擔任之內,與一四年十一月至今擔任之司董事。馬先生於二零一四年十一月至今擔任中國顧問有限公司董事。馬先生於二零四年十一月至今擔任華人置業集團有限公司(股份等股有限公司)獨立非執行董事,並於二零二份份等份號:6063)獨立非執行董事,該等公司股份於聯交所上市。

Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高層管理人員之簡歷(續)

Mr. Ma was admitted as an associate of HKICPA in September 1990 and a certified public accountant (practicing) of that organisation in January 2001. He was also admitted initially as an associate in October 1990 and subsequently as a fellow in November 1995 of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (formerly known as Chartered Associations of Certified Accountants).

Mr. Ma obtained a master's degree of science in China business studies from Hong Kong Polytechnic University in October 2009, a master's degree of science and a master's degree of business administration both from The Chinese University of Hong Kong in December 2003 and December 1997 respectively, and a professional diploma in accountancy in Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as Hong Kong Polytechnic University) in November 1987.

Ms. Loh Lai Ping, Phillis (羅麗萍), aged 56, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director on 19 May 2017 and a member of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company on 19 May 2017. Ms. Loh has accumulated extensive experience in the legal field since 1988. From September 1988 to July 1993, she served as a trainee solicitor initially and then a solicitor in Johnson Stokes & Master, a law firm, where she was responsible for various legal matters including litigation. Since January 1998, she has been a barrister in private practice responsible for litigation work. Ms. Loh has been an independent non-executive director of Chinese Estates Holdings Limited (stock code: 0127), the shares of which are listed on the Stock Exchange, since January 2006 and was an independent non-executive director of The Kwong Sang Hong International Limited (Former stock code: 0189), the shares of which were listed on the Stock Exchange for the period from April 2003 to February 2005.

Ms. Loh was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong in September 1990 and a barrister of the High Court of Hong Kong in January 1998. She was also admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of England and Wales in August 1991. She has also been a solicitor and a barrister of the Supreme Court of Australian Capital Territory in Australia since October 1991.

Ms. Loh was appointed as a member (January 2018 to December 2020) and then as a Deputy Chairman (since January 2021) of the Board of Review (Inland Revenue Ordinance), Deputy District Judge in the District Court of Hong Kong in June 2014 and January-February 2016, and Temporary Deputy Registrar in the High Court of Hong Kong in July 2018.

馬先生於一九九零年九月獲認許為香港會計師公會會員,並於二零零一年一月獲認許為該組織的註冊會計師(執業)。彼亦於一九九零年十月首先獲認許為特許公認會計師公會(前稱為特許註冊會計師公會)會員,並其後於一九九五年十一月獲認許為資深會員。

馬先生於二零零九年十月於香港理工大學 取得中國商貿管理理學碩士學位、於二零 零三年十二月及一九九七年十二月於香港 中文大學分別取得科學碩士學位及工商管 理碩士學位以及於一九八七年十一月於香 港理工學院(現稱為香港理工大學)取得會 計學專業文憑。

羅麗萍女士,56歲,於二零一七年五月十九 日獲委任為獨立非執行董事及於二零一七 年五月十九日獲委任為本公司審核委員 會兼薪酬委員會成員。羅女士自一九八八 年以來已在法律領域積累了豐富經驗。於 - 九八八年九月至一九九三年七月, 彼先 後於孖士打律師行擔任見習律師及律師, 孖士打律師行為一家律師事務所,彼於該 公司負責包括訴訟在內的多項法律事宜。 自一九九八年一月起,彼成為負責訴訟工 作的私人執業大律師。於二零零六年一月 起至今,羅女士為華人置業集團有限公司 (其股份於聯交所上市,股份代號:0127) 之獨立非執行董事;及於二零零三年四月 至二零零五年二月期間,為The Kwong Sang Hong International Limited (其股份曾於聯交 所上市,前股份代號:0189)之獨立非執行 董事。

羅女士於一九九零年九月獲認許為香港最高法院律師,並於一九九八年一月獲認許為香港高等法院大律師。彼亦於一九九一年八月獲認許為英格蘭及威爾斯最高法院律師。彼亦自一九九一年十月起為澳洲首都特區最高法院律師兼大律師。

羅女士獲委任為稅務上訴委員會委員(二零一八年一月至二零二零年十二月)及副主席(自二零二一年一月起),於二零一四年六月及二零一六年一月至二月獲委任為香港區域法院之區域法院暫委法官,並於二零一八年七月獲委任為香港高等法院臨時副司法常務官。

Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高層管理人員之簡歷(續)

Ms. Loh obtained a degree of Bachelor of Laws and a Postgraduate Certificate in Laws from The University of Hong Kong in November 1987 and June 1988 respectively.

羅女士分別於一九八七年十一月及一九八八年六月於香港大學取得法學學士學位及法學碩士證書。

Senior Management

Ms. Ng Tsz Ning Loretta (吳紫鈴), aged 49, is an accountant of the Group. Ms. Ng joined the Group in June 2015 and is primarily responsible for overseeing the day-to-day operation of financial activities of the Group. Ms. Ng has over 24 years of experience in accounting and finance. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Ng was an accounting supervisor of ASB Biodiesel (HK) Limited from March 2014 to June 2015, an accountant of Team Success (Pacific) Limited from February 2012 to November 2013, an accounting manager of Jiawei Solarchina Company Limited from April 2011 to September 2011, an assistant accounting manager of Saraya Hong Kong Co. Ltd. from March 2010 to February 2011, an accounting manager of New Ocean Technology Limited from March 2003 to December 2009 and an accounting and administration manager of VK Holdings (HK) Limited from February 2000 to February 2003.

Ms. Ng obtained a bachelor degree in accountancy from University of South Australia by distance learning in April 2003.

Mr. Lau Kai Chu Kevin (劉佳柱), aged 48, is the internal audit manager of the Group. Mr. Lau joined the Group in October 2016 and is primarily responsible for company policy setting, performing internal audit, and monitoring internal control of operation. Mr. Lau has over 21 years of experience in accounting and internal audit. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Lau was a director of JR Corporate Services Limited from July 2013 to September 2016. He also worked in CCT Telecom (HK) Limited from April 2012 to December 2012, last served as an internal audit manager. He was also a regional manager, control and compliance of J.V. Fitness Limited from October 2008 to October 2010 and an internal auditor of Michel of HK from December 2006 to October 2008.

Mr. Lau was admitted as a certified internal auditor of the Institute of Internal Auditors in May 2006. Mr. Lau obtained his bachelor's degree of commerce from University of Manitoba in Canada in May 1996.

高層管理人員

吴紫鈴女士,49歲,為本集團會計師。吳女 士於二零一五年六月加入本集團,主要負 責監督本集團財務活動的日常運作。吳女 士於會計及財務領域擁有逾24年經驗。加 入本集團之前,於二零一四年三月至二零 一五年六月,吳女士擔任ASB Biodiesel (HK) Limited之會計主管、於二零一二年二月至 二零一三年十一月,擔任天成(太平洋)有 限公司會計師、於二零一一年四月至二零 一一年九月,擔任珈偉太陽能(中國)有限 公司會計經理、於二零一零年三月至二零 一一年二月,擔任莎羅雅香港有限公司助 理會計經理、於二零零三年三月至二零零 九年十二月,擔任新洋科技有限公司會計 經理;及於二零零零年二月至二零零三年 二月,擔任富輝集團(香港)有限公司會計 及行政經理。

吳女士透過遠程學習於二零零三年四月於 南澳大學取得會計學學士學位。

劉佳柱先生,48歲,為本集團內部審核經理。劉先生於二零一六年十月加入本集團內部審核經團,主要負責制定公司政策、進行內內會核及監管營運的內部控制。劉先生於一次會議與其一三年七月至二零一九月期間,劉先生擔任JR Corporate Services Limited之董事。彼於二零一二年四月(香港)有限公司工作,最後擔任內部審計經理。於二零零八年十月至二零一零年十月則局。與經理及於二零零六年十二月至二零,擔任Michel of HK之內部審計師。

劉先生於二零零六年五月獲認許為國際內部審計師協會的註冊內部審計師。劉先生於一九九六年五月獲得加拿大曼尼托巴大學商業學士學位。

Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高層管理人員之簡歷(續)

Mr. Xu Minghuan (徐明喚), aged 37, is the project supervisor of Shiji Tiansheng Cultural Communication (Shenzhen) Limited (世紀天盛文化傳 播(深圳)有限公司). Mr. Xu joined the Group in February 2009 and is primarily responsible for organising, coordinating and implementing visual display solutions in PRC. Mr. Xu has over 10 years of experience in visual display solutions and operating of visual equipment. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Xu served as a technical engineer at I-MAG International Limited, a company which was principally engaged in the business of video equipment rental, from May 2007 to June 2009, where he was primarily responsible for coordinating and implementing visual display solutions. From February 2004 to May 2007, Mr. Xu served as the technical director at Black Leopard Performance Equipment Limited (黑豹 演藝設備有限公司), a company which was principally engaged in the business of production of lighting and LED and rental of equipment, where he was primarily responsible for repair and installation of equipment.

Mr. Xu received his vocational secondary education regarding electrical and mechanical integration in Guangdong Mechanical & Electrical Polytechnic (廣東省機電學校) in July 2003.

Mr. Pei Mingzhong (裴明忠), aged 38, is the deputy general manager of Shenzhen Shiji Tiansheng Technology Limited (深圳市世紀天盛科技有限公司). Mr. Pei joined the Group in June 2013 and is primarily responsible for equipment development and maintenance. Mr. Pei has over eight years of experience in visual equipment development. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Pei was a technical director of research and development department of Shenzhen Zhongxiang Innovation Optoelectronics Limited (深圳中祥創新光電有限公司) from December 2012 to June 2013 and a manager of research and development department of Shenzhen Broad Horizon Optoelectronics Limited (深圳大眼界光電科技有限公司) from August 2008 to December 2012.

Mr. Pei received his tertiary education in mechatronics from Jiangxi Yuzhou Electronic Industrial College (江西渝州電子工業學院) in July 2003.

徐明喚先生,37歲,為世紀天盛文化傳播 (深圳)有限公司的項目主管。徐先生責家 零九年二月加入本集團,主要負責案 題組織、協調及執行視像顯示解決方備 先生於視像顯示解決方案及視像顯示解決 方面擁有逾10年經驗。加入本集團前, 生於二零零七年五月至二零制年主程 程I-MAG International Limited (一时主理程 規頻設備租賃業務的公司)的技術之要負責協調及執行視像顯示解決 主要負責協調及執行視像顯示解決 主要負責協調及執行視像顯示解五 主要負責協調及其方月間 主要負責協議及 於二零零四年二月至二零零七年一間 完全擔任黑豹演藝設備有限公設備租 生擔任黑豹演藝設備有限公設備租 是上擔任黑豹演藝設備有限公司 的技術總監,主要負責設備維修 安裝。

徐先生於二零零三年七月於廣東省機電學 校接受其有關電積分法及機械積分法的中 等職業教育。

裴明忠先生,38歲,為深圳市世紀天盛科技有限公司副總經理。裴先生於二零一至年六月加入本集團,主要負責設備開發產 維護。裴先生於視像設備開發方面擁有一及維護。裴先生於視像製備開發方二零發逾 年十二月至二零一三年六月,裴先生衛 深圳中祥創新光電有限公司一零生擔總 監及於二零零八年八月至二零一三任 別,擔任深圳大眼界光電科技有限公司研發部經理。

裴先生於二零零三年七月於江西渝州電子 工業學院接受其機械電子學高等教育。

Biographies of Board of Directors and Senior Management (Continued) 董事及高層管理人員之簡歷(續)

Company Secretary

Ms. Leung Yin Fai (梁燕輝), aged 56, was appointed as the Group's company secretary on 10 November 2016. Ms. Leung has been a director of K E Corporate Services Limited (a company secretarial services provider) since April 2016, the managing director of K E Management & Consultancy (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. since August 2015 and an independent non-executive director of Lotus Horizon Holdings Limited (Hong Kong Stock Code: 6063) since March 2020. Ms. Leung was a director of KCS Hong Kong Limited from August 2008 to October 2014 and an independent non-executive director of Green leader Holdings Group Limited (Hong Kong Stock Code: 0061) from April 2014 to January 2020.

Ms. Leung was admitted as a fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (currently known as Chartered Association of Certified Accountants) in the United Kingdom in July 1995. Ms. Leung was also admitted as a fellow member of the CPA Australia in May 2004 and is currently a member of HKICPA. Ms. Leung obtained a master's degree in commerce from the University of New South Wales, Australia in November 2002.

Some English names of Chinese laws and regulations, government authorities, departments, entities, institutions, natural persons, facilities, certificates, titles and the like for which no official English translation exists have been unofficially translated for identification purposes only. In the event of any inconsistency, the Chinese name will prevail.

公司秘書

梁燕輝女士,56歲,於二零一六年十一月十日獲委任為本集團公司秘書。梁女士自二零一六年四月一直為KE Corporate Services Limited (一間公司秘書供應商)之董事、自二零一五年八月為KE管理諮詢上海有限公司之常務董事及自二零二零年三月為智中內之常務董事。梁女士從二零零八年內戶至二零一四年十月間為KCS香港有限公司之董事及從二零一四年四月至二零年一月為綠領控股集團有限公司(香港股份代號:0061)之獨立非執行董事。

梁女士於一九九五年七月獲得英國特許註冊會計師公會(現為特許註冊會計師公會)的會員資格。梁女士亦於二零零四年五月獲得澳大利亞註冊會計師協會會員資格,現為香港會計師公會會員。梁女士於二零零二年十一月獲得澳大利亞新南威爾士大學商學碩士學位。

中國法律及法規、政府當局、部門、實體、機構、法人、設施、證書、職稱等英文名稱不存在官方英文譯文的英文名稱已經被非正式翻譯且僅供識別。如有不一致之處,以中文名稱為準。

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



To the Shareholders of In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Opinion

What we have audited

The consolidated financial statements of In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") set out on pages 90 to 175, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 May 2021;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the year then ended:
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

Our opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 May 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

羅兵咸永道

致In Technical Productions Holdings Limited 股東 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

我們已審計的內容

In Technical Productions Holdings Limited(以下簡稱「貴公司」)及其附屬公司(以下統稱「貴集團」)列載於第90至175頁的綜合財務報表,包括:

- 於二零二一年五月三十一日的綜合財務狀況表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合權益變動表;
- 截至該日止年度的綜合現金流量表:及
- 綜合財務報表附註,包括主要會計政 策概要。

我們的意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》真實而中肯地反映了 貴集團於二零二一年五月三十一日的綜合財務狀況及其截至該日止年度的綜合財務表現及綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條例》妥為擬備。

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Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 2.1.1 to the consolidated financial statements which states that the Group incurred a net loss of HK\$35,078,402 and net cash used in operating activities of HK\$7,973,659 for the year ended 31 May 2021. As at 31 May 2021, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$12,087,104 and maintained cash and cash equivalents of HK\$1,166,683. During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group's operations were adversely affected by the Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") pandemic, the COVID-19 restrictions and control measures. These conditions, along with the other matters explained in Note 2.1.1 to the consolidated financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

意見的基礎

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審 計準則》推行審計。我們在該等準則下承擔 的責任已在本報告「核數師就審計綜合財務 報表承擔的責任 | 部分中作進一步闡述。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 及適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

獨立性

根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《專業會計師道 德守則》(以下簡稱「守則」),我們獨立於 貴集團,並已履行守則中的其他專業道德 青仟。

與持續經營有關的重大不確定性

謹請注意綜合財務報表附註2.1.1,當中載 明 貴集團於截至二零二一年五月三十一 日止年度產生虧損淨額35,078,402港元及經 營活動所用現金淨額7,973,659港元。於二 零二一年五月三十一日, 貴集團的流動負 債淨額為12,087,104港元,並維持現金及現 金等價物1,166,683港元。截至二零二一年 五月三十一日止年度,本集團營運受到新 型冠狀病毒(「COVID-19」)疫情、COVID-19限 制及控制措施的不利影響。此等情況(連同 綜合財務報表附註2.1.1所闡釋的其他事項) 顯示存在重大不確定性,可能對 貴集團持 續經營的能力構成重大疑慮。就此而言,我 們並無修訂我們的意見。

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. In addition to the matter described in the Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern section, we have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report:

Key audit matters identified in our audit related to estimated useful lives of visual display equipment and the recoverability of trade receivables.

關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項是根據我們的專業判斷,認 為對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重要 的事項。這些事項是在我們審計整體綜合 財務報表及就此出具意見時進行處理的, 我們不會對這些事項提供單獨的意見。除 與持續經營有關的重大不確定性所述事項 外,我們已釐定下述事項為將於我們的報 告內溝通的關鍵審計事項:

我們在審計中識別的關鍵審計事項與視像 顯示設備的估計可使用年期及貿易應收款 項的可收回性有關。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

Estimated useful lives of visual display equipment: 視像顯示設備的估計可使用年期:

Refer to Note 2.6 in the summary of significant accounting policies, Note 4(a) in the critical accounting estimates and judgements and Note 14 to the consolidated financial statements for related disclosure.

請參閱主要會計政策概要附註2.6、關鍵會計估計及判斷附註4(a)及綜合財務報表附註14的相關披露。

As at 31 May 2021, the Group held visual display equipment of approximately HK\$74.1 million (2020: HK\$84.0 million). For the year ended 31 May 2021, depreciation of approximately HK\$19.2 million (2020: HK\$19.6 million) for the visual display equipment was recognised under "cost of services" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

於二零二一年五月三十一日,貴集團擁有視像顯示設備約74.1百萬港元(二零二零年:84.0百萬港元)。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,視像顯示設備於綜合全面收益表「服務成本」中已確認折舊約19.2百萬港元(二零二零年:19.6百萬港元)。

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Our procedures in relation to management's estimated useful lives of the visual display equipment included:

我們就管理層估計視像顯示設備的可使用年期所執行的 程序包括:

- We understood and evaluated the management's internal control and assessment process of estimation useful lives of visual display equipment and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud;
- 我們了解及評估管理層對視像顯示設備的估計可使用年期的內部控制及評估過程,並透過考慮估計不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性、變動及對管理層偏見或欺詐的敏感程度)水平,評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險;

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Depreciation of visual display equipment is calculated using a straight-line method to allocate the cost over their estimated useful lives of 8 years, except for the equipment which are custom made for a particular project or event and their cost is depreciated over the duration of the project or event.

視像顯示設備折舊乃採用直線法計算,在其預計可使 用年期為8年的情況下分配成本,但特定項目或活動定 制的設備除外及此類設備成本按項目或活動持續期間 折舊。

Management estimates useful lives of the visual display equipment with reference to the durability, expected repairs and maintenance and future demand of the equipment.

管理層乃經參考設備的耐用性、預期維修及維護以及未來需求,估計視像顯示設備的可使用年期。

Management also takes into account the industry practice and expectation on technical or commercial obsolescence arising from changes or improvements in the market relevant to their business.

管理層亦考慮行業慣例及因其業務相關市場變化或改 善導致技術或商業方面過時的預期。

We focused on this area because the carrying amount of visual display equipment is significant to the consolidated financial statements and the determination of estimated useful lives of visual display equipment, which has a direct impact on the calculation of depreciation, requires the use of significant judgements and estimates.

我們著重此領域是因為視像顯示設備的賬面值對綜合 財務報表意義重大,且釐定對折舊的計算構成直接影 響的視像顯示設備的估計可使用年期均須使用重大判 斷及估計。

- We assessed the reasonableness of the useful lives adopted by the Group by reviewing the historical usage of the equipment, discussing with management and making reference to, where available, independent research report on durability, expected repairs and maintenance and future demand of visual display equipment;
- 一 我們透過審閱設備過去用途、與管理層進行討論 及參照(倘有)有關視像顯示設備耐用性、預期維 修及維護及未來需求的獨立研究報告,評估 貴 集團所採納可使用年期的合理性;
- We tested on a sample basis, whether additions to visual display equipment have been recorded in proper categories for the calculation of depreciation; and
- 一 我們抽樣測試 貴集團於計算折舊時是否已將新 增視像顯示設備記錄於適當類別;及
- We observed the Group's physical count procedures on visual display equipment and the physical condition of the relevant assets to identify whether there is any damaged or obsolete visual display equipment.
- 一 我們核查 貴集團視像顯示設備的實際計算程序 及相關資產的實際狀況,以識別是否存在任何受 損或過時的視像顯示設備。

Based on the procedures described, we found the estimated useful lives of the visual display equipment were supportable by the available evidence.

基於上述程序,我們發現視像顯示設備的估計可使用年期有可得之憑證作為支持。

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項 How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

Recoverability of trade receivables: 貿易應收款項的可收回性:

Refer to Note 2.10 in the summary of significant accounting policies, Note 3.1(c) in financial risk management, Note 4(c) in critical accounting estimates and judgements and Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements for related disclosure.

請參閱主要會計政策概要附註2.10、金融風險管理附註3.1(c)、關鍵會計估計及判斷附註4(c)及綜合財務報表附註16的相關披露。

As at 31 May 2021, the Group had gross trade receivables of HK\$13,156,541 (2020: HK\$15,471,911), against which allowance for impairment of HK\$8,450,229 (2020: HK\$2,821,350) were recorded respectively.

於二零二一年五月三十一日, 貴集團有貿易應收款項總額13,156,541港元(二零二零年:15,471,911港元),已就此計提減值撥備8,450,229港元(二零二零年:2,821,350港元)。

The Group applied judgement and estimates to measure the expected credit losses allowance. The trade receivables were grouped based on similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for likelihood of recovery, taking into account the customers' ageing category and historical payment profiles. The expected credit loss rates were determined based on historical default rates and were adjusted to reflect current market conditions and forward-looking information in the macroeconomic environment that may affect the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

貴集團運用判斷及估計來計量預期信貸虧損撥備。貿易應收款項按照同類信用風險特徵進行分組,並計及客戶的賬齡類別及過往付款情況集體評估收回款項的可能性。預期信貸虧損率乃根據歷史違約率釐定,並作出調整以反映當前市況及可能影響客戶結算應收款項能力的宏觀環境的前瞻性資料。

Our procedures in relation to management's assessment on recoverability of trade receivables included:

我們就管理層評估貿易應收款項的可收回性所執行的程序包括:

- We understood and evaluated the management's internal control and assessment process of recoverability of trade receivables including its procedures on periodic review of aged receivables and assessment on expected credit losses allowance of receivables, and assessed the inherent risk of material misstatement by considering the degree of estimation uncertainty and level of other inherent risk factors such as complexity, subjectivity, changes and susceptibility to management bias or fraud;
- 一 我們了解及評估管理層對貿易應收款項可收回性的內部控制及評估程序,包括其定期審閱逾期應收款項及評估應收款項預期信貸虧損撥備的程序,並透過考慮估計不確定性的程度及其他固有風險因素(如複雜性、主觀性、變動及對管理層偏見或欺詐的敏感程度)水平,評估重大錯誤陳述的固有風險:
- We tested on a sample basis, the accuracy of the trade receivables ageing report;
- 我們抽樣測試貿易應收款項賬齡報告的準確性;
- We evaluated management's assessment of the historical credit loss rates by sample checking inputs in respect of the assumptions made, such as historical payment records and subsequent settlement records;
- 我們透過抽樣檢查所作假設的輸入數據,例如過 往付款記錄及後續結算記錄,評價管理層對過往 信貸虧損率的評估;及

Key Audit Matter 關鍵審計事項

How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter 我們的審計如何處理關鍵審計事項

We focused on this area in view of the magnitude of the trade receivables and the determination of the related expected credit losses allowance involved the use of judgement and estimation as described above.

我們關注此方面是因為貿易應收款項體量較大,且對相關預期信貸虧損撥備的釐定涉及運用判斷及估計(如上所述)。

- We evaluated the expected future changes in credit risks in management's assessment by sample checking the inputs to the assumptions to external data sources.
- 我們透過抽樣核對假設所用輸入數據與外部數據來源,評估管理層評估的信貸風險的預期未來變動。

Based on our work, we found the judgement and estimations adopted by management in respect of the recoverability of trade receivables were supportable by the available evidence. 基於我們的工作,我們發現管理層就貿易應收款項的可收回性採納的判斷及估計有可得之憑證作為支持。

Other Information

The directors of the Company are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all of the information included in the annual report other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

其他信息

貴公司董事須對其他信息負責。其他信息 包括年報內的所有信息,但不包括綜合財 務報表及我們的核數師報告。

我們對綜合財務報表的意見並不涵蓋其他 信息,我們亦不對該等其他信息發表任何 形式的鑒證結論。

結合我們對綜合財務報表的審計,我們的 責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中,考慮其 他信息是否與綜合財務報表或我們在審計 過程中所了解的情況存在重大抵觸或者似 乎存在重大錯誤陳述的情況。

基於我們已執行的工作,如果我們認為其 他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,我們需要報告 該事實。在這方面,我們沒有任何報告。

Responsibilities of Directors and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. We report our opinion solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

董事及治理層就綜合財務報表須 承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條例》擬備真實而中肯的綜合財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務報表的擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所需的內部控制負責。

治理層須負責監督 貴集團的財務報告過 程。

核數師就審計綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計的過程 中,我們運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑 態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜 合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風 險,設計及執行審計程序以應對這些 風險,以及獲取充足和適當的審計憑 證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐 可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虚 假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因 此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤 陳述的風險高於未能發現因錯誤而導 致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審計相關的內部控制,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對 貴 集團內部控制的有效性發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及 作出會計估計和相關披露的合理性。
- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰 當性作出結論。根據所獲取的審計憑 證,確定是否存在與事項或情況有 關的重大不確定性,從而可能導致 對貴集團的持續經營能力產生重 大疑慮。如果我們認為存在重大不確 定性,則有必要在核數師報告中提請 使用者注意綜合財務報表中的相關 披露,假若有關的披露不足,則我們 應當發表非無保留意見。我們的結論 是基於核數師報告日止所取得的審 計憑證。然而,未來事項或情況可能 導致 貴集團不能持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式、 結構和內容,包括披露,及綜合財務 報表是否中肯反映交易和事項。

Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chu Wang Hay.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 24 August 2021

就 貴集團內實體或業務活動的財務 信息獲取充足、適當的審計憑證,以 便對綜合財務報表發表意見。我們負 責集團審計的方向、監督和執行。我 們為審計意見承擔全部責任。

除其他事項外,我們與治理層溝通了計劃 的審計範圍、時間安排、重大審計發現等, 包括我們在審計中識別出內部控制的任何 重大缺陷。

我們還向治理層提交聲明,説明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關專業道德要求,並與 他們溝通有可能合理地被認為會影響我們 獨立性的所有關係和其他事項,以及在適 用的情況下,用以消除對獨立性產生威脅 的行動或採取的防範措施。

從與治理層溝通的事項中,我們確定哪些 事項對本期綜合財務報表的審計最為重 要,因而構成關鍵審計事項。我們在核數 師報告中描述這些事項,除非法律法規不 允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見的 情況下,如果合理預期在我們報告中溝通 某事項造成的負面後果超過產生的公眾利 益,我們決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告的審計項目合夥人 是朱宏曦。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港,二零二一年八月二十四日

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

			EX 1	H III 1/X
			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Note	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Revenue	收益	6(a)	12,349,103	44,714,984
Cost of services	服務成本	8	(34,849,638)	(42,001,030)
Gross (loss)/profit	毛(損)/利		(22,500,535)	2,713,954
Other income	其他收入	6(b)	1,735,315	259,759
Other gains/(losses), net	其他收益/(虧損)淨額	7	494,130	(139,359)
Administrative expenses	行政開支	8	(13,579,587)	(26,353,151)
Net impairment losses on trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值虧損淨額	16(a)	(5,628,879)	(2,821,350)
Operating loss	經營虧損		(20 470 EE6)	(26.240.147)
Operating loss Finance income	財務收入	10	(39,479,556) 2,022	(26,340,147) 211,088
Finance costs	財務成本	10	(540,771)	(504,599)
Finance costs, net	財務成本淨額	10	(538,749)	(293,511)
				1-15-4
Loss before income tax	所得税前虧損		(40,018,305)	(26,633,658)
Income tax credit	所得税抵免	11	4,939,903	2,328,472
Loss for the year	年度虧損		(35,078,402)	(24,305,186)
Attributable to:	以下人士應佔:			
— Owners of the Company	一本公司擁有人		(35,011,096)	(24,257,194)
— Non-controlling interests	一非控股權益		(67,306)	(47,992)
			(35,078,402)	(24,305,186)
Other comprehensive income/(loss):	其他全面虧損:			
Item that may be subsequently reclassified to	其後可能重新分類至損益			
profit or loss	的項目			
— Exchange difference on translation of	—換算海外業務的匯兑			
foreign operations	差額	4	110,280	(57,269)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	年度全面虧損總額		(34,968,122)	(24,362,455)
1			(= ,= ,= ,= =)	, , = = , . = 0)

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income (Continued) 綜合全面收益表(續)

For the year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 May

截至五月三十一日止年度

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Attributable to: — Owners of the Company — Non-controlling interests	以下人士應佔: 一本公司擁有人 一非控股權益	13	(34,905,044) (63,078)	(24,310,854) (51,601)
			(34,968,122)	(24,362,455)
Loss per share for loss attributable to owners of the Company during the year — Basic and diluted (HK cents)	年內本公司擁有人應佔虧損 的每股虧損 一基本及攤薄(港仙)	12	(4.38)	(3.03)

The above consolidated statement of comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合全面收益表應與隨附附註一併閱 讀。

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年五月三十一日

			As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年
			五月三十一日	五月三十一日
		Note	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
Assets	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	14	74,562,201	84,972,105
Right-of-use assets	使用權資產	15	5,095,179	3,453,938
Prepayments and deposits	預付款項及按金	16	6,613,378	10,396,660
			86,270,758	98,822,703
				30,022,703
Current assets	流動資產			
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	16	4,706,312	12,650,561
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及			
	其他應收款項	16	8,903,044	11,047,124
Amount due from the immediate holding company	應收直接控股公司款項	28	50,000	_
Pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款	17	_	3,000,001
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	17	1,166,683	4,547,631
·			14,826,039	31,245,317
Total assets	總資產		101,096,797	130,068,020
Equity	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable to the owners of the Company	本公司擁有人應佔股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	18	8,000,000	8,000,000
Share premium	股份溢價	18	56,496,624	56,496,624
Other reserves	其他儲備		1,410,906	1,304,854
Retained earnings	保留盈利		4,782,054	39,793,150
			70,689,584	105,594,628
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	13	(357,070)	(293,992)
Total equity	權益總額		70,332,514	105,300,636

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position (Continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年五月三十一日

		Note 附註	As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	
Liabilities	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	23	427,601	5,367,504
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	15	3,063,539	1,332,232
Contract liabilities	合約負債	6(a)	360,000	1,552,252
Current liabilities Other payables and accrued liabilities Lease liabilities	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計負債 租賃負債	20 15	3,851,140 13,792,475 2,343,377	6,699,736 10,033,337 2,276,959
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	21	9,508,427	3,592,488
Taxation payable	應付税項	21	1,268,864	2,164,864
			26,913,143	18,067,648
Total liabilities	總負債		30,764,283	24,767,384
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總額		101,096,797	130,068,020

The above consolidated statement of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合財務狀況表應與隨附附註一併閱

The consolidated financial statements on page 90 to 175 were approved by the Board of Director on 24 August 2021 and were signed on its behalf.

第90至175頁之綜合財務報表於二零二一年 八月二十四日獲董事會批准及代簽。

Yeung Ho Ting Dennis 楊浩廷 Director 董事

Tam Chun Yu 譚震宇 Director 董事

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度

Attributable to owners of the Company 本公司擁有人應佔

		Share capital (Note 18) 股本 (附註18) HK\$ 港元	股份溢價	Capital reserve (Note 19(a)) 資本儲備 (附註19(a)) HK\$ 港元		Statutory reserve (Note 19(b)) 法定儲備 (附註19(b)) HK\$ 港元	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) 保留盈利/ (累計虧損) HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 港元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 HK\$ 港元	Total equity 權益總額 HK\$ 港元
Balance at 1 June 2020	於二零二零年 六月一日的結餘	8,000,000	56,496,624	773,744	198,814	332,296	39,793,150	105,594,628	(293,992)	105,300,636
Loss for the year	年度虧損	_	_	_	_	_	(35,011,096)	(35,011,096)	(67,306)	(35,078,402)
Other comprehensive income: — Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	其他全面虧損: - 換算海外業務 的匯兑差額	_	_	_	106,052	_	_	106,052	4,228	110,280
Total comprehensive income/ (losses)	全面虧損總額	_	_	_	106,052	_	(35,011,096)	(34,905,044)	· · ·	(34,968,122)
Balance at 31 May 2021	於二零二一年五月 三十一日的結餘	8,000,000	56,496,624	773,744	304,866	332,296	4,782,054	70,689,584	(357,070)	70,332,514
Balance at 1 June 2019	於二零一九年 六月一日的結餘	8,000,000	56,496,624	773,744	252,474	332,296	64,050,344	129,905,482	(242,391)	129,663,091
Loss for the year	年度虧損	_	-	_	_	_	(24,257,194)	(24,257,194)	(47,992)	(24,305,186)
Other comprehensive losses: — Exchange difference on translation of foreign operations	其他全面虧損: 一換算海外業務的 匯兑差額	_		_	(53,660)	_		(53,660)	(3,609)	(57,269)
Total comprehensive losses	全面虧損總額	1-	_	_	(53,660)	ķ ,_	(24,257,194)	(24,310,854)	(51,601)	(24,362,455)
Balance at 31 May 2020	於二零二零年五月 三十一日的結餘	8,000,000	56,496,624	773,744	198,814	332,296	39,793,150	105,594,628	(293,992)	105,300,636

The above consolidated statement of changes in equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

以上綜合權益變動表應與隨附附註一併 閱讀。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		截至五月二十一日止午及		
			2021	2020
			二零二一年	二零二零年
		Note	HK\$	HK\$
		附註	港元	港元
		門這土	冷兀	/ 色儿
Cash flows from operating activities	經營活動所得現金流量			
-	經營虧損		(39,479,556)	(26,340,147)
	就下列各項作出調整:		(33,473,330)	(20,540,147)
			40 540 774	20 002 747
	物業、廠房及設備折舊		19,540,771	20,002,747
	使用權資產折舊		3,391,017	2,982,210
Provision for impairment of trade receivables	貿易應收款項減值撥備		5,628,879	2,821,350
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備的			
	收益		(157,318)	<u> </u>
	ᄤᄱᄱᄼᄻᆁᆚᇛᆒᆘᆂᄀᄆ		(44.075.007)	(533.040)
Operating loss before working capital changes	營運資金變動前經營虧損		(11,076,207)	(533,840)
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:			
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項		2,315,370	9,569,018
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	預付款項、按金及其他			
	應收款項		(1,871,069)	(1,194,856)
Contract liabilities	合約負債		360,000	
	其他應付款項及應計負債		3,194,248	871,211
- Differ payables and accrued flabilities	共他應門 		3,194,240	0/1,211
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	經營(所用)/所得現金		(7,077,658)	8,711,533
Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付香港利得税		(896,001)	(4,808,461)
The state of the s				
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	經營活動(所用)/所得現			
	金淨額		(7,973,659)	3,903,072
Cach flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金流量			
Cash flows from investing activities			2.022	244.000
Interest received	已收利息		2,022	211,088
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and	出售物業、廠房及設備的			
equipment	所得款項	14	530,001	KLUL K
Payment for acquisition of property, plant and	收購物業、廠房及			
equipment (Note a & b)	設備付款(附註a及b)		(929,164)	(21,885,156)
Advance to the immediate holding company	向直接控股公司墊款		(50,000)	

投資活動所用現金淨額

Net cash used in investing activities

(21,674,068)

(447,141)

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度

Year ended 31 May

+5			_		_	_
截至五	月二	+-	Ħ	止	牛	Ŀ

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金流量	26	0 500 427	
Proceed of bank borrowings	銀行借款所得款項	26	9,508,427	(2.140.110)
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借款 (常選銀行金	26	(3,592,488)	(3,149,118)
Payments of principal element of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債本金部分	26	(3,235,921)	(2,832,941)
Payments of interest element of lease liabilities	償還租賃負債利息部分	26	(286,212)	(198,038)
Bank loan interest paid	已付銀行貸款利息	26	(254,559)	(306,561)
Decrease in pledged bank deposits	已抵押銀行存款減少		3,000,001	16,285
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	融資活動所得/(所用)現金淨額		5,139,248	(6,470,373)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物减少			
	淨額		(3,281,552)	(24,241,369)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動的影響		(99,396)	(49,810)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物		4,547,631	28,838,810
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年末現金及現金等價物	17	1,166,683	4,547,631

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows (Continued) 綜合現金流量表(續)

For the year ended 31 May 2021 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度

Major non-cash transactions include:

- (a) During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group settled balances amounting to HK\$2,286,106 (2020: HK\$4,858,952) for the acquisition of certain visual display equipment with deposits for equipment rental, which represented non-cash transactions. For details, please refer to Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (b) During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group utilised prepayments for purchase of equipment amounting to HK\$5,796,378 (2020: HK\$1,536,227) to settle part of the considerations for the acquisition of certain visual display equipment, which represented non-cash transactions. For details, please refer to Note 16 to the consolidated financial statements.

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

主要非現金交易包括:

- (a) 於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團以設備出租按金結清購買若干視像顯示設備之結餘2,286,106港元(二零二零年:4,858,952港元),此乃代表非現金交易。有關詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註16。
- (b) 於截至二零二一年五月三十一日 止年度,本集團動用購買設備預付 款項5,796,378港元(二零二零年: 1,536,227港元),以償付收購若干視像 顯示設備的部分代價,此乃代表非現 金交易。有關詳情,請參閱綜合財務 報表附註16。

以上綜合現金流量表應與隨附附註一併閱 讀。

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements 綜合財務報表附註

1 General information

In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 4 November 2016 as an exempted company with limited liability under the Companies Law (as revised) of the Cayman Islands, as amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time. The address of its registered office is Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1008 Cayman Islands.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the provision of visual display solution services for concerts and events primarily in Hong Kong, Macau, the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and Taiwan (the "Business"). The Company's shares were listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") (the "Listing") on 14 June 2017.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$"), unless otherwise stated.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance Cap. 622. The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

1 一般資料

In Technical Productions Holdings Limited (「本公司」)於二零一六年十一月四日根據開曼群島公司法(經修訂)(經不時修訂、補充或以其他方式修改)在開曼群島註冊成立為獲豁免有限公司。其註冊辦事處地址為Clifton House, 75 Fort Street, P.O. Box 1350, Grand Cayman, KY1-1008 Cayman Islands。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事為香港、澳門、中華人民共和國(「中國」)及台灣的演唱會及活動提供視象顯示解決方案服務(「業務」)。本公司股份於二零一七年六月十四日於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)GEM上市(「上市」)。

除特別註明外,綜合財務報表以港元 (「港元」)列示。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製綜合財務報表所用的主要會計政 策載列如下。除非另有所指,否則該 等政策在所有呈列年度貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

本集團之綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則(「香港財務報告準則」)及香港公司條例(第622章)之披露規定妥為編製。綜合財務報表以歷史成本常規編製。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的綜合財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估計。管理層亦須在應用本集團的會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及高度的判斷或複雜性的範疇,或涉及對綜合財務報表有重大影響的假設及估計的範疇於附註4中披露。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.1 Going concern basis

The Group incurred a net loss of HK\$35,078,402 and net cash used in operating activities of HK\$7,973,659 for the year ended 31 May 2021. As at 31 May 2021, the Group had net current liabilities of HK\$12,087,104 and maintained cash and cash equivalents of HK\$1,166,683.

Since early 2020, the Group's business operations have been adversely affected by the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease ("COVID-19"), after a hit of months of social unrest and protests in Hong Kong. The outbreak of COVID-19 has resulted in significant decrease in commercial activities under the lockdown and a series of precautionary and control measures imposed in various cities where the Group operates, such as ban on social gathering of more than a limited headcount, execution of pandemic prevention requirements and restrictions and controls over inbound and outbound travelling. These have led to postponement and cancellation of pop concerts and live events during the year. In addition, subsequent to 31 May 2021, the number of infected cases caused by the COVID-19 variants such as Alpha and Delta have been increasing all over the world because they are highly contagious. The governments of the regions where the Group operates may tighten the control measures again which can seriously affect the Group's business. If the situation continues and the control measures are prolonged, the Group's business and cash flows will be adversely affected.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 持續經營基準

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,本集團產生虧損淨額35,078,402港元及經營活動所用現金淨額7,973,659港元。於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集團的流動負債淨額為12,087,104港元,並維持現金及現金等價物1,166,683港元。

於受到香港數月的社會動盪及抗議 活動的打擊之後,本集團的業務營 運自二零二零年初起受到新型冠狀 病毒(「COVID-19」)爆發的不利影響。 COVID-19爆發導致封鎖期間的商業 活動大幅減少,本集團經營所在的多 個城市採取一系列防控措施,如禁止 超過一定人數的社交聚會、執行疫情 預防要求以及對出入境旅行的限制及 控制,導致年內流行音樂會及現場活 動須推遲及取消。此外,於二零二一 年五月三十一日後,由於COVID-19變 種病毒(如Alpha及Delta)具有高度傳 染性,有關變種病毒導致的感染病例 數目在全球各地不斷上升。本集團經 營所在地區的政府可能會再次收緊控 制措施,此舉或會嚴重影響本集團的 業務。倘狀況持續,並且控制措施延 長,則本集團的業務及現金流量將受 到不利影響。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.1 Going concern basis (Continued)

The above conditions indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast a significant doubt about the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern.

In view of these circumstances, the directors of the Company have given careful consideration to the Group's financial position and performance, the liquidity requirements and its available sources of financing to assess whether the Group will have sufficient resources to fulfill its financial obligations. The Group has taken plans and implemented measures to alleviate the liquidity pressure which include, but not limited to, the following:

(i) With the launch of the vaccination programmes and the substantial decrease in the number of COVID-19 infected cases in 2021 compared to those in 2020 due to the good results of the control measures imposed by the respective governments of the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau where the Group primarily operates, there were signs that the COVID-19 situation has been easing in the regions. The economic activities resumed gradually and pop concerts and live events are permitted to be held since June 2021. The directors of the Company have been closely monitoring the development of the latest situation and have continuous discussion with the customers about their plans to resume the pop concerts and live events. The directors of the Company anticipate that the Group's business will resume gradually from July 2021 provide that COVID-19 situation is under control and distancing measure is easing.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 持續經營基準(續)

上述情況顯示有重大不確認性,可能 導致本集團之持續經營能力構成重大 疑慮。

鑒於該等情況,本公司董事已審慎考 慮本集團的財務狀況及表現,流動資 金要求及其可用的融資來源,以評估 本集團是否有足夠的資源履行其財務 責任。本集團已採取計劃並採取措施 減輕流動資金壓力,包括但不限於以 下各項:

隨著疫苗接種計劃推出,以及由 於本集團主要營運所在地中國、 香港及澳門各地政府實施的控制 措施取得良好成效,二零二一年 的COVID-19感染病例數目較二 零二零年大幅減少,顯示該等地 區的COVID-19疫情已有所緩和。 經濟活動已逐步恢復,而流行音 樂演唱會及現場活動獲准自二零 二一年六月起舉行。本公司董事 一直密切關注最新情況發展,並 持續與客戶討論其恢復流行音樂 演唱會及現場活動的計劃。本公 司董事預期,本集團的業務將自 二零二一年七月起逐步恢復,惟 前提是COVID-19疫情得到控制且 距離措施正在放寬。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- 2.1.1 Going concern basis (Continued)
- As at 31 May 2021, the Group had outstanding gross trade receivables of HK\$13,156,541, among which HK\$8,553,002 aged over 365 days. The Group has implemented measures to accelerate the collection by issuing reminders and letters of demand to its debtors, negotiating with the debtors on their respective repayment schedules and, where possible, entering into repayment agreements with them. The Group successfully collected settlement of trade receivables of HK\$2,336,643 subsequent to 31 May 2021.
- (iii) In July 2021, the Group obtained a new banking facility of HK\$3,000,000 from a commercial bank in Hong Kong which was secured by corporate guarantee of the Company, the pledge of a property and the personal guarantee of a director of the Company.
- (iv) When necessary, the Group will continue to adopt a series of measures to control the cash outflow by encouraging employees to take no-pay leave, negotiating with suppliers and creditors to extend the payment due dates, controlling capital expenditures, obtaining rent concessions from the landlords and tightening expenditures.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

- 2.1.1 持續經營基準(續)
- (ii) 於二零二一年五月三十一日, 本集團的未償還貿易應收款項 總額為13,156,541港元,其中 8,553,002港元的賬齡超過365 日。本集團已採取措施加快收款 速度,包括向債務人發出催款通 知書及償債函,與債務人就彼等 各自的還款時間表進行協商,並 在可能情況下與彼等訂立還款 協議。本集團於二零二一年五月 三十一日後成功收回貿易應收款 項2,336,643港元。
- (iii) 於二零二一年七月,本集團自香 港一間商業銀行取得新銀行融資 3,000,000港元,由本公司的公司 擔保、物業質押及本公司一名董 事的個人擔保作抵押。
- (iv) 如有需要,本集團將繼續採取一 系列措施控制現金流出,包括鼓 勵僱員放無薪假、與供應商及債 權人磋商延長付款到期日、控制 資本開支、從業主獲得和金寬免 以及緊縮開支。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.1 Going concern basis (Continued)

The directors of the Company have reviewed the Group's cash flow projections which cover a period of not less than twelve months from 31 May 2021. The directors are of the opinion that, having taken into account the anticipated operating cash flows of the Group as well as the possible changes in its operating performance and the availability of existing and new bank facilities, the Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due in the coming twelve months from 31 May 2021. Accordingly, the directors consider that the Group will be able to continue as a going concern and thus have prepared the consolidated financial statements on a going concern basis.

Notwithstanding the above, material uncertainty exists as to whether the Group is able to achieve its plans and measures as described above, which incorporate assumptions about future events and conditions that are subject to inherent uncertainties. Whether the Group will be able to continue as a going concern depends upon the Group's ability to generate adequate operating cash inflows through:

- (i) gradual resumption of business with further easing of controls measures related to COVID-19 and as anticipated by management to generate sufficient operating cash inflows;
- successful collection of overdue trade receivables in the expected timeframe;

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.1 持續經營基準(續)

本公司董事已審閱本集團自二零二一 年五月三十一日起不少於十二個月期 間的現金流量預測。董事認為,經計 及本集團的預期經營現金流量以及其 經營業績的可能變動,以及可用的現 有及新銀行融資,本集團將有足夠的 財務資源償還其於二零二一年五月 三十一日起未來十二個月到期的債 務。因此,董事認為,本集團將能夠 持續經營,從而能夠以持續經營基準 編製綜合財務報表。

儘管上文所述,本集團是否能夠實現 上述計劃及措施存在重大不確定性, 其中包括對受固有不確定性規限的未 來事件及狀況的假設。本集團能否持 續經營取決於本集團能否通過以下方 式產生足夠的經營現金流入:

- 如管理層預期COVID-19相關控制 措施進一步放寬,業務逐步恢復 以產生足夠的經營現金流入;
- 於預期時間表內成功收取逾期貿 易應收款項;

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

- 2.1.1 Going concern basis (Continued)
- (iii) successful in draw down of the banking facilities as and when needed; and
- successful implementation of various cost saving measures and control of capital expenditures when necessary.

Should the Group be unable to achieve the above plans and measures such that it would not be operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the carrying values of the Group's assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for financial liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities, respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

2.1.2 New and amended standards adopted by the Group The Group has applied the following standards and amendments for the first time for their annual reporting period commencing 1 June 2020:

Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8 香港會計準則第1號及香港會計準則第8號 (修訂本)

Amendments to HKFRS 3 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本) Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7

香港財務報告準則第9號、香港會計準則第39號 及香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)

Amendments to HKFRS 16 香港財務報告準則第16號(修訂本) Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting 2018

二零一八年財務報告概念框架

Definition of a Business

Definition of Material

重大的定義

業務的定義 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 1

利率基準改革-第一階段

Impact of COVID-19 on Related Rent Concessions COVID-19對相關租金寬免的影響 Revised Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting

經修訂財務報告概念框架

The amendments listed above did not have any significant impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

上述修訂本對過往期間確認的金額並 無任何重大影響,且預期不會對當前

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

- 2.1.1 持續經營基準(續)
- (iii) 在需要時成功提取銀行融資;及
- (iv) 在需要時成功實施多項節省成本 措施並控制資本支出。

倘本集團無法實現上述計劃及措施, 其將無法持續經營業務,須作出調整 以撇減本集團資產賬面值至其可收回 金額,就可能產生的金融負債計提撥 備,以及將非流動資產及非流動負債 分別重新分類為流動資產及流動負 債。此等調整的影響尚未於綜合財務 報表中反映。

2.1.2 本集團採納的新訂及經修訂準則 本集團已於二零二零年六月一日開始 的年度報告期間首次應用以下準則及 修訂本:

或未來期間造成重大影響。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.3 New standards and interpretations not yet adopted Certain new accounting standards and interpretations have been published that are not mandatory for 31 May 2021 reporting periods and have not been early adopted by the Group. These standards are not expected to have a material impact on the entity in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.3 尚未採納的新訂準則及詮釋 若干新訂會計準則及詮釋已頒佈但於 二零二一年五月三十一日報告期間 並未強制生效,且本集團並無提早採 納。預期該等準則於當前或未來報告 期間不會對實體及可預見未來交易造 成重大影響。

> Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始的年度期間生效

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform — Phase 2	1 January 2021
	二零二一年一月一日
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020	1 January 2022
香港財務報告準則二零一八年至 二零二零年之年度改進	二零二二年一月一日
Narrow-scope amendments 小範圍修訂	1 January 2022 二零二二年一月一日
Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations	1 January 2022
共同控制合併的合併會計法	二零二二年一月一日
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current	1 January 2023
負債分類為流動或非流動	二零二三年一月一日
Insurance Contract	1 January 2023
保險合約	二零二三年一月一日
Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower	1 January 2023
財務報表之呈列—借款人對包含 按要求償還條款之有期貸款之	二零二三年一月一日
75 771	
between an Investor and its	To be determined
投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業 之間的資產出售或注資	待定
J	和nual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018–2020 香港財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年之年度改進 Narrow-scope amendments 小範圍修訂 Merger Accounting for Common Control Combinations 共同控制合併的合併會計法 Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current 負債分類為流動或非流動 Insurance Contract 保險合約 Presentation of Financial Statements — Classification by the Borrower of a Term Loan that Contains a Repayment on Demand Clause 財務報表之呈列一借款人對包含按要求償還條款之有期貸款之分類 Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture 投資者與其聯營公司或合營企業

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

2.1.3 New standards and interpretations not yet adopted (Continued)

The Group has not early adopted the above new standard and amendments and is in the process of assessing the impact of those new standard and amendments on the Group's accounting policies and consolidated financial statements.

2.2 Consolidation

(a) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including a structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances, and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the transferred asset. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

(b) Change in ownership interests

The Group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the Group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and noncontrolling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interest and any consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to owners of the Group.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

2.1.3 尚未採納的新訂準則及詮釋(續)

本集團並無提早採納上述新訂準則及 修訂本,並正評估該等新訂準則及修 訂本對本集團會計政策及綜合財務報 表的影響。

2.2 綜合入賬

(a) 附屬公司

附屬公司指本集團對其具有控制權的 所有實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集 團承受或享有參與實體所得之可變回 報,且有能力透過其對實體活動之主 導權影響該等回報時,則本集團控制 該實體。附屬公司在控制權轉移至本 集團之日起全面綜合入賬。附屬公司 在控制權終止之日起停止綜合入賬。

公司間交易、結餘及集團公司間交易 的未變現收益予以對銷。未變現虧損 亦予以對銷,除非交易有證據顯示所 轉讓資產出現減值。於資產確認的公 司間交易產生的損益亦予以對銷。附 屬公司的會計政策已於必要時予以變 動,以確保與本集團採納的政策一致。

(b) 擁有權權益變動

本集團將不會導致失去控制權的非控 股權益交易視為與本集團權益擁有人 的交易。擁有權權益變動導致控股權 益與非控股權益賬面值之間的調整, 以反映彼等於附屬公司的相關權益。 非控股權益調整數額與任何已付或已 收代價之間的任何差額於本集團擁有 人應佔權益中的獨立儲備內確認。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(b) Change in ownership interests (Continued)

Non-controlling interests in the results and equity of subsidiaries are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position respectively.

2.3 Separate financial statements

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.4 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing the financial performance and position of the Group, has been identified as the executive directors that make strategic decisions.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合入賬(續)

(b) 擁有權權益變動(續)

業績中非控股權益及附屬公司之股權 分別於綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變 動表及綜合財務狀況表單獨呈列。

2.3 獨立財務報表

於附屬公司的投資按成本減減值入 賬。成本包括投資直接應佔成本。附 屬公司的業績乃由本公司按已收股息 及應收款項基準入賬。

倘股息超出附屬公司宣派股息期間全 面收益總額,或倘獨立財務報表中投 資賬面值超出綜合財務報表中投資對 象資產淨值(包括商譽)的賬面值,則 須於自該等投資收取股息時,對於附 屬公司的投資進行減值測試。

2.4 分部報告

經營分部按照與提供予最高經營決策 者的內部報告一致的方式報告。負責 分配資源及評估本集團財務表現及狀 况的最高經營決策者已被確認為作出 策略決策的執行董事。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in HK\$, which is the Company's functional currency and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at year end exchange rates are generally recognised in profit or loss.

All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a net basis within other gains/(losses), net.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of foreign operations (none of which has the currency of a hyper-inflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that consolidated statement of financial position;

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 外幣換算

(a) 功能及呈列貨幣

本集團各實體綜合財務報表中包括的 項目使用該實體經營所在主要經濟環 境下的貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜合 財務報表以本公司的功能貨幣及本集 **国的呈列貨幣港元呈列。**

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易按交易日期通行的匯率換算 為功能貨幣。因該等交易結算及按年 終匯率換算以外幣計值的貨幣資產及 負債引致的外匯收益及虧損一般於損 益中確認。

所有其他外匯收益及虧損按淨額基準 於綜合全面收益表的其他收益/(虧 損)淨額內呈列。

(c) 集團公司

功能貨幣有別於呈列貨幣的海外業務 (該等海外業務概無擁有嚴重通貨膨 脹經濟體的貨幣)的業績及財務狀況, 均按以下方式換算為呈列貨幣:

各呈列財務狀況表的資產及負債 乃按綜合財務狀況表日期的收市 匯率換算;

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.5 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

- Group companies (Continued)
- income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost or revalued amounts, net of their residual values, over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Visual display equipment 8 years or over the duration of the

event, where appropriate

Furniture and other equipment 4 years

Motor vehicles 3-5 years

Over the lease term Leasehold improvements

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 外幣換算(續)

- (c) 集團公司(續)
- 各全面收益表的收支乃按平均匯 率換算(除非該匯率並非在有關 交易日期當日通行匯率累積影響 的合理估計內,則在此情況下, 收支按交易日期換算);及
- 所有產生的匯兑差額均於其他全 面收益確認。

2.6 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按歷史成本減折舊 呈列。歷史成本包括收購該等項目直 接應佔的支出。

僅在與該項目有關的未來經濟利益可 能流向本集團及該項目的成本能夠 可靠計量的情況下,後續成本計入資 產的賬面值或確認為單獨資產(如適 當)。作為獨立資產入賬的任何組成部 分的賬面值於被取代時終止確認。所 有其他維修及保養費用於其產生的報 告期間自綜合全面收益表扣除。

折舊於其估計可使用年期內採用直線 法分配其成本或重估金額(扣除剩餘 價值)計算,詳情如下:

視像顯示設備 8年或於活動期內

(如適當)

傢俱及其他裝備 4年

汽車 3至5年

租賃裝修 於租期內

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount Note 2.7.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These are included in other losses, net in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets are tested for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cashgenerating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期於各報 告期末進行檢討及調整(如適用)。

倘資產的賬面值大於其預計可收回金 額,則該資產的賬面值將立即撇銷至 其可收回金額(附註2.7)。

出售事項的收益及虧損通過比較所得 款項與賬面值而釐定,計入綜合全面 收益表的其他虧損淨額。

2.7 非金融資產減值

當有事件出現或情況改變顯示賬面值 可能無法收回時,資產會進行減值測 試。減值虧損按資產賬面值超出其可 收回金額之差額確認。可收回金額為 資產公平值減出售成本與使用價值兩 者之較高者。就評估減值而言,資產 按獨立可識別現金流量的最低水平分 組,有關現金流量在很大程度上獨立 於其他資產或資產組別(現金產生單 位)的現金流入。已蒙受減值的非金融 資產(商譽除外)在各報告期末均就撥 回減值的可能性進行檢討。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.8 Financial assets

2.8.1 Classifications

The Group classifies its financial assets at amortised cost. The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

2.8.2 Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

2.8.3 Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Group classifies its debt instruments at amortised cost:

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產

2.8.1 分類

本集團按攤銷成本分類其金融資產。 分類取決於實體管理金融資產的業務 模式及現金流量的合約條款。

2.8.2 確認及終止確認

常規方式買賣的金融資產於買賣日期 (本集團承諾購買或出售資產的日期) 確認。倘接收金融資產的現金流量的 權利期滿或已被轉讓及本集團已大體 轉讓擁有權的所有風險及回報,金融 資產將終止確認。

2.8.3 計量

於初步確認時,本集團按其公平值加 (倘金融資產並非按公平值計入損益 (「按公平值計入損益」)) 收購金融資產 直接應佔的交易成本計量金融資產。

於確定附帶嵌入式衍生工具的金融資 產之現金流量是否僅為支付本金及利 息時,需從金融資產之整體進行考慮。

債務工具

債務工具的後續計量取決於本集 團管理資產的業務模式及資產的 現金流量特徵。本集團按攤銷成 本分類其債務工具:

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

2.8.3 Measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments (Continued)

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/(losses), net together with foreign exchange gains and losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2.8.4 Impairment

The Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost are subject to HKFRS 9's expected credit loss model. The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 3.1(c) sets out the details on how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by HKFRS 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of trade receivables. The provision matrix is determined based on historical observed default rates over the expected life of trade receivables with similar credit risk characteristics and is adjusted for current market conditions and forward-looking estimates. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the current market conditions and forward-looking estimates are analysed.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

2.8.3 計量(續)

債務工具(續)

為收取合約現金流量而持有,且 其現金流量僅為支付本金及利息 的資產按攤銷成本計量。該等金 融資產的利息收入採用實際利率 法計入財務收入。終止確認產生 的任何收益或虧損直接於損益確 認,並於其他收益/(虧損)淨額 與外匯收益及虧損呈列。減值虧 損於綜合全面收益表內作為單獨 項目呈列。

2.8.4 減值

本集團按攤銷成本計量的金融資產須 遵守香港財務報告準則第9號的預期 信貸虧損模式。本集團按前瞻性基準 評估與其按攤銷成本入賬的金融資產 相關的預期信貸虧損。所採用的減值 方法取決於信貸風險是否顯著增加。 附註3.1(c)載列有關本集團如何確定信 貸風險是否顯著增加的詳情。

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團採用香 港財務報告準則第9號允許的簡化方 法,其中要求確認自貿易應收款項初 始確認起的整個存續期的預期虧損。 撥備矩陣根據具有類似信貸風險特點 之貿易應收款項於預期年期內觀察所 得的歷史違約率確定,並就當前市況 及前瞻性估計進行調整。觀察所得的 歷史違約率於每個報告日期進行更 新,並對當前市況及前瞻性估計的變 動進行分析。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.8 Financial assets (Continued)

2.8.4 Impairment (Continued)

For deposits and other receivables, the Group measures the impairment as either 12-month expected credit losses or lifetime expected credit losses, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If a significant increase in credit risk of the other receivables has occurred since initial recognition, then impairment is measured as lifetime expected credit losses.

2.9 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts, and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Group has also entered into arrangements that do not meet the criteria for offsetting but still allow for the related amounts to be set off in certain circumstances, such as bankruptcy or the termination of a contract.

2.10 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at fair value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective of collecting the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at banks and bank overdrafts.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 金融資產(續)

2.8.4 減值(續)

就按金及其他應收款項而言,本集團 按12個月預期信貸虧損或全期預期信 貸虧損計量減值,視乎信貸風險自初 始確認後是否有大幅增加而定。倘其 他應收款項之信貸風險自初始確認起 大幅增加,減值乃按全期預期信貸虧 損計量。

2.9 抵銷金融工具

倘有依法可強制執行權利可抵銷已確 認金額,並有意圖按淨值基準結算或 同時變現資產及清償負債時,則金融 資產及負債可互相抵銷,並在綜合財 務狀況表呈報其淨額。本集團亦已訂 立不符合抵銷準則但仍允許在若干情 況下(如破產或終止合約)抵銷相關款 項的安排。

2.10 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項為就一般業務過程中所 履行服務而應收客戶的款項。倘貿易 及其他應收款項預期在一年或以內收 取,則被分類為流動資產,否則按非 流動資產呈列。

貿易及其他應收款項初步按無條件代 價金額確認,除非其包含重大融資組 成部分,則按公平值確認。本集團持 有貿易應收款項,旨在收取合約現金 流量,因此其後採用實際利率法按攤 銷成本計量。

2.11 現金及現金等價物

就綜合現金流量表呈列而言, 現金及 現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行現金 及銀行透支。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.13 Other payables

Other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.14 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated statement of financial position when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as finance costs, net.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.12股本

普诵股分類為權益。直接有關新股份 或購股權發行的增量成本於權益顯示 為所得款項的扣減(扣除税項)。

2.13其他應付款項

其他應付款項指財政年末前向本集團 提供貨品及服務而未獲支付的負債。 該等款項為無抵押及一般於確認後30 日內支付。其他應付款項呈列為流動 負債,除非款項並非於報告期後12個 月內到期。該等款項初步按公平值確 認,其後以實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。

2.14借款

借款初步按公平值扣除所產生的交 易成本確認。借款其後按攤銷成本計 量。所得款項(扣除交易成本)與贖回 金額之間的任何差額使用實際利率法 於借款期間在綜合全面收益表內確 認。在融資很有可能部分或全部提取 的情況下,就設立貸款融資支付的費 用確認為貸款的交易成本。在此情況 下,該費用將遞延至提取為止。在並 無跡象顯示融資將很有可能部分或全 部提取的情況下,有關費用會資本化 作為流動資金服務的預付款項,並於 其所涉及的融資期間內予以攤銷。

當合約中規定的責任解除、取消或到 期時,借款從綜合財務狀況表中剔 除。已消除或轉讓予另一方的金融負 債的賬面值與已付代價(包括任何已 轉讓非現金資產或所承擔負債)之間 的差額,於綜合全面收益表確認為財 務成本淨額。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.14 Borrowings (Continued)

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated and the entity issues equity instruments to a creditor to extinguish all or part of the liability (debt for equity swap), a gain or loss is recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income, which is measured as the difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability and the fair value of the equity instruments issued.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

2.15 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14借款(續)

如金融負債的條款重新商討,而實體 向債權人發行權益工具以消除全部或 部分負債(權益與債務掉期),則以金 融負債賬面值與已發行權益工具公平 值之間的差額計量的收益或虧損於綜 合全面收益表內確認。

除非本集團有無條件權利將負債的結 算遞延至報告期後至少十二個月,否 則借款分類為流動負債。

2.15 借款成本

直接歸屬於收購、興建或生產合資格 資產的一般及特定借款成本,在完成 及準備該資產作其擬定用途或銷售所 需的期間內資本化。合資格資產指必 須經過一段長時間方可作擬定用途或 銷售的資產。

其他借款成本於產生期間支銷。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2.17 Leases

Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group.

Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.16 撥 備

當本集團因禍往事件而須承擔現有法 律或推定責任,很可能需資源流出以 履行責任且金額能夠已可靠估計時, 本集團將確認撥備。不會就未來經營 虧損確認撥備。

倘出現多項類似責任,則履行責任導 致資源流出的可能性透過對責任類別 作整體考慮釐定。即使同類別責任中 任何一項導致資源流出的可能性或會 很低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備按管理層對於報告期末履行現有 責任所需開支的最佳估計的現值計 量。用於釐定現值的貼現率為反映當 前市場對貨幣時間價值及負債特定風 險的評估的税前利率。隨著時間過去 而增加的撥備確認為利息開支。

2.17租賃

租賃於本集團可使用租賃資產之日期 確認為使用權資產及相應負債。

租賃產生的資產及負債初步以現值基 準計量。租賃負債之定額付款(包括實 質定額付款),扣減任何應收租賃優惠 現值淨額。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.17 Leases (Continued)

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be readily determined, which is generally the case for leases of the Group, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, being the rate that the individual lessee would have to pay to borrow the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment with similar terms, security and conditions.

To determine the incremental borrowing rate, the Group:

- where possible, uses recent third-party financing received by the individual lessee as a starting point, adjusted to reflect changes in financing conditions since third party financing was received:
- makes adjustments specific to the lease, e.g. term, country, currency and security.

If a readily observable amortising loan rate is available to the individual lessee (through recent financing or market data) which has a similar payment profile to the lease, then the Group entities use that rate as a starting point to determine the incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments are allocated between principal and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17租賃(續)

根據合理確定續期選擇權而作出的和 賃付款亦納入負債計量之中。

租賃付款採用租賃所隱含利率予以貼 現。倘無法輕易釐定該利率(為本集團 租賃的一般情況),則使用承租人的增 量借款利率,即個別承租人在類似經 濟環境中按類似條款、抵押及條件借 入獲得與使用權資產價值類似的資產 所需資金而必須支付的利率。

為釐定增量借款利率,本集團:

- 在可能情況下,使用個別承租人 最近獲得的第三方融資為出發點 作出調整,以反映自獲得第三方 融資以來融資條件的變動;
- 對租賃進行特定調整,例如期 限、國家、貨幣及抵押。

倘個別承租人(透過近期融資或市場 數據)可獲得與租賃付款情況類似的 即時可觀察攤銷貸款利率,則本集團 實體使用該利率作為釐定增量借款利 率的起點。

租賃付款於本金及財務成本之間分 配。財務成本於租期內自綜合全面收 益表扣除,以計算出各期間負債結餘 的固定週期利率。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.17 Leases (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability and any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are generally depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis. If the Group is reasonably certain to exercise a purchase option, the rightof-use asset is depreciated over the underlying asset's useful life.

Payments associated with short-term leases are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less without a purchase option.

Equipment rental income

Equipment rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.18 Current and deferred income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate for each jurisdiction adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

(a) Current income tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and consider whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17租賃(續)

使用權資產按成本計量,包括和賃負 債的初步計量金額及於開始日期或之 前作出的任何租賃付款減任何已收租 賃優惠。

使用權資產一般以直線基準按資產的 可使用年期與租期中較短者折舊。倘 本集團合理確定將行使購買選擇權, 則使用權資產按相關資產的可使用年 期折舊。

與短期租賃相關的付款以直線基準於 綜合全面收益表內確認為開支。短期 租賃指租期為12個月或以下且並無購 買選擇權的租賃。

設備租賃收入

設備租賃收入於租期內以直線基準確

2.18即期及遞延所得税

期內所得税開支或抵免指根據各司法 權區的適用所得税率按即期應課税收 入計算的應付税項,有關税項會根據 暫時差額及未動用税項虧損產生的遞 延税項資產及負債變動作出調整。

(a) 即期所得税

即期所得税支出根據本集團營運所在 及產生應課税收入的國家於報告期末 已頒佈或實質頒佈的税務法例計算。 管理層就適用税務法例詮釋所規限的 情况定期評估報税表的狀況,並考慮 税務機關是否可能會接受不確定税務 處理。本集團乃按最有可能的金額或 預期價值(取決於何種方法能夠更好 地預測不確定性的解決方案)計量其 税項餘額。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income liabilities are not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of goodwill or from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences or losses.

Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are not recognised for temporary differences between the carrying amount and tax bases of investments in foreign operations where the company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税

對於資產及負債的税基與其在綜合 財務報表的賬面值之間的暫時性差 額,使用負債法計提全額遞延所得税 撥備。然而,若遞延所得稅負債來自 初步確認商譽或來自在交易(不包括 業務合併)中對資產或負債的初步確 認,而在交易時不影響會計或應課稅 損益,則不會入賬。遞延所得税乃以 於報告期末已頒佈或實質頒佈的税率 (及税法)釐定,並預期於變現相關遞 延所得税資產或償還遞延所得税負債 時應用。

遞延所得税資產僅在未來應課稅金額 將可用於動用該等暫時差異或虧損時 予以確認。

倘本公司能控制暫時差額的撥回時 間,且暫時差額不大可能在可見將來 撥回,則不會就海外業務投資賬面值 與税基之間的暫時差額確認遞延所得 税負債及資產。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.18 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

(b) Deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and where the deferred tax balance relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

2.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the rendering of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of discounts, valueadded tax and after eliminating sales within the Group.

If contracts involve the sale of multiple elements, the transaction price will be allocated to each performance obligation based on their relative stand-alone prices. If the stand-alone selling prices are not directly observable, they are estimated based on expected cost plus a margin or adjusted market assessment approach, depending on the availability of observable information.

Revenue is recognised when or as the control of the good or service is transferred to the customer. Depending on the terms of the contract and the laws that apply to the contract, control of the good or service may be transferred over time or at a point in time.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.18 即期及遞延所得税(續)

(b) 遞延所得税(續)

當有法定可執行權利將即期税項資產 與負債抵銷,且遞延税項結餘與同一 税務機關有關時,則可將遞延所得稅 資產與負債互相抵銷。

即期及遞延税項於損益確認,惟與於 其他全面收益或直接於權益確認的項 目有關者除外。在此情況下,税項亦 分別於其他全面收益或直接於權益確 認。

2.19 收益確認

收益按本集團一般業務過程中提供服 務的已收或應收代價的公平值計量。 收益於扣除折扣、增值税及對銷集團 內部銷售後列示。

倘合約涉及多方面銷售,交易價格將 根據其相對獨立價格分配至各履約責 任。倘獨立售價不可直接觀察,則會 根據預期成本加利潤或經調整市場評 估法進行估計,當中視乎是否有可觀 察資料而定。

收益於貨品或服務的控制權轉移至客 戶時確認。視平合約條款及適用於合 約的法律規定,貨品或服務的控制權 可能於一段時間內或於某一時間點轉

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.19 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Control of the good or service is transferred over time if the Group's performance:

- provides all of the benefits received and consumed simultaneously by the customer; or
- creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Group performs; or
- (iii) does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group and the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

If control of the good or service transfers over time, revenue is recognised over the period of the contract by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of that performance obligation. Otherwise, revenue is recognised at a point in time when the customer obtains control of the good or service. Specific criteria where revenue is recognised are described below.

The Group does not have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised services to the customers and the payment by the customer exceeds one year. Therefore, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 收益確認(續)

若本集團履約導致以下結果,則貨品 或服務控制權隨時間轉移:

- 提供客戶所收取並同時耗用的全 部利益;或
- 於本集團履約時產生並提升由客 戶控制的資產;或
- 並無產生對本集團而言具替代用 (iii) 途的資產,而本集團對當前已完 成之履約的付款有強制執行權。

倘對貨品或服務的控制權隨時間轉 移,則參考該履約責任完成履約的進 度於合約期間確認收益。否則,於客 戶獲得貨品或服務控制權的某一時間 點確認收益。確認收益的具體準則詳

本集團並無任何向客戶轉移承諾的服 務與顧客付款的期間相隔超過一年的 合約。因此,本集團未有就任何交易 價格調整貨幣時間值。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.19 Revenue recognition (Continued)

The Group incurs costs to fulfill contracts in providing visual display solution services. If these costs do not fall within the scope of relevant standards other than HKFRS 15, the Group capitalise these fulfillment costs as deferred costs in the Group's consolidated statement of financial position if they meet all of the following criteria:

- the costs relate directly to a contract or an anticipated contract that the Group can specifically identify;
- (b) the costs generate or enhance resources of the Group that will be used in satisfying (or in continuing to satisfy) performance obligations in the future; and
- (c) the costs are expected to be recovered.

If capitalised, these deferred costs are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the period in which the revenue that they relate is recognised. The Group has applied the practical expedient of directly recognising these fulfillment costs as expenses when incurred since the amortisation period of the assets that the Group otherwise would have recognised will be less than one year.

A contract asset is the Group's right to consideration in exchange for services that the Group has transferred to a customer, and is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to consideration. A right to consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 收益確認(續)

本集團就履行提供視像顯示解決方案 服務的合約產生成本。若該等成本不 屬除香港財務報告準則第15號外的相 關準則範圍,本集團於本集團綜合財 務狀況表內將該等履約成本資本化為 遞延成本,前提為該等成本符合下列 全部標準:

- 成本直接與本集團可明確識別的 合約或預期合約有關;
- (b) 成本產生或增進本集團日後用來 履行(或繼續履行)履約責任的資 源;及
- 預計可收回成本。 (c)

倘撥 充資本,該等遞延成本於與其有 關的收益被確認的期間在綜合全面收 益表確認。本集團應用實際權宜措施 直接於產生時確認履約成本為開支, 原因為本集團原應確認的資產攤銷期 將少於一年。

合約資產為本集團就本集團已向客戶 轉讓的服務而收取代價的權利,並於 本集團擁有無條件收取代價的權利 時確認。倘付款到期前僅須待時間過 去,則收取代價的權利為無條件。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.19 Revenue recognition (Continued)

If a customer pays consideration or the Group has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, before the Group transfers the promised services to the customer, the Group presents the contract as a contract liability when the payment is received or a receivable is recorded (whichever is earlier). A contract liability is the Group's obligation to transfer the promised services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer, and is recognised when a customer pays consideration or is contractually required to pay consideration and the amount is already due, before the Group recognises the related revenue.

Revenue is recognised when specific criteria have been met for each of the Group's activities as described below:

Revenue from visual display solution services

Revenue from visual display solution services is recognised over the show or event period of a project as customers have simultaneously received and consumed the benefits provided by the Group's services. Revenue is recognised using the output method by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation, which is directly measured by the value of each show or event being performed.

A performance obligation is a contractual promise to transfer a distinct good or service to a customer and is the unit of account under HKFRS 15. Contracts of the Group include various services which is integrated into a single deliverable and are therefore generally accounted for as a single performance obligation.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 收益確認(續)

倘於本集團將所承諾服務轉移至客戶 之前客戶支付代價或本集團有無條件 收取代價金額的權利,本集團於收到 付款或應收款項入賬(以較早者為準) 時,將合約呈列為合約負債。合約負 債為本集團因已自客戶收取代價(或 代價金額到期)而須向客戶轉讓所承 諾服務的責任,並在本集團確認相關 收益之前, 當客戶支付代價或按合約 要求須支付代價且金額已到期時確 認。

本集團於其各項活動已符合下文所述 特定標準時確認收益:

來自視像顯示解決方案服務的收 益

來自視像顯示解決方案服務的收益於 演出或項目活動進行的期間確認,因 為客戶同時取得並消耗本集團的服務 所提供的利益。收益乃參照完全履行 履約責任的進度使用輸出法確認,履 行履約責任的進度直接按所進行每場 演出或活動的價值計量。

履約責任為向客戶轉讓明確貨品或服 務之合約承諾, 並為香港財務報告準 則第15號項下之會計單位。本集團的 合約包括多種服務,其整合為單一可 交付成果,因此一般作為單一履約責 任入賬。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.19 Revenue recognition (Continued)

Revenue from visual display solution services (Continued)

The Group derives revenue primarily under fixed price contracts. If at any time the costs to complete the contract are estimated to exceed the remaining amount of the consideration under the contract, then a provision is recognized.

2.20 Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as part of finance costs, net.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For creditimpaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance)

2.21 Other income

Handling income, equipment repairment, technical consultancy and project management income are recognised when the services are performed.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 收益確認(續)

來自視像顯示解決方案服務的收 益(續)

本集團的收益主要來自固定價格合 約。倘於任何時間估計完成合約的成 本超過合約代價的剩餘金額,則確認 撥備。

2.20利息收入

採用實際利率法計算的按攤銷成本計 量的金融資產利息收入於綜合全面收 益表確認為財務成本淨額的一部分。

利息收入乃對一項金融資產賬面總值 應用實際利率予以計算,惟其後出現 信貸減值的金融資產除外。就出現信 貸減值的金融資產而言,實際利率應 用於金融資產的賬面淨值(經扣除虧 損撥備)。

2.21 其他收入

手續費收入,設備維修,技術諮詢及 項目管理收入於提供服務時確認。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.22 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

2.23 Employee benefits

Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by the employees up to the year end date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

(ii) Bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses, based on performance and taking into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.22 政府補助

當能夠合理地保證將可收取補助,而 本集團將會符合所有附帶條件時,政 府補助將按其公平值確認。與成本有 關的政府補助遞延入賬,並按擬補償 成本配合所需期間於綜合全面收益表 中確認。

2.23 僱員福利

僱員應享假期

僱員享有年假的權利於僱員應享有時 確認。已就截至年度結算日僱員所提 供服務產生的估計年假負債作出撥

僱員享有的病假及產假權利於休假時 方予確認。

(ii) 獎金計劃

本集團根據業績及考慮若干調整後歸 屬於本公司股東之溢利來確認負債及 獎金開支。本集團於承擔合約責任或 因以往慣例而產生推定責任時確認撥 備。

Summary of significant accounting policies 2 (Continued)

2.23 Employee benefits (Continued)

(iii) Pension obligation

The Group operates various defined contribution retirement benefit plans which are available to all relevant employees. These plans are generally funded through payments to schemes established by governments or trustee administered funds. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays contributions on mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee services in the current and prior periods. The Group's contributions to the defined contribution plans are expensed as incurred.

3 Financial risk management

This note explains the Group's exposure to financial risks and how these risks could affect the Group's future financial performance. Current year profit and loss information has been included where relevant to add further context.

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: cash flow and fair value interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

Management regularly manages the financial risks of the Group. Because of the simplicity of the financial structure and the current operations of the Group, no hedging activities are undertaken by management.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.23 僱員福利(續)

(iii) 退休金青仟

本集團營運多項全體有關僱員均可享 受的定額供款退休福利計劃。該等計 劃一般透過向政府設立的計劃或受託 人管理的基金供款作為資金來源。定 額供款計劃為一項退休金計劃,本集 團根據該計劃,按強制規定、合約或 自願基準向單獨實體供款。倘該基金 未能持有足夠的資產以向全部僱員支 付有關當前及過往期間僱員服務的福 利,本集團概無法律或推定責任作出 進一步供款。本集團向定額供款計劃 作出的供款於產生時支銷。

金融風險管理 3

本附計説明本集團面臨的財務風險及 該等風險如何影響本集團的未來財務 表現。已在相關情況下載入本年度損 益資料以作進一步補充。

3.1 金融風險因素

本集團的活動使其面對不同類型 的金融風險:現金流量及公平值 利率風險、外匯風險、信貸風險 及流動資金風險。本集團整體風 險管理計劃集中於金融市場的不 可預測性,並尋求盡量減低對本 集團財務表現的潛在不利影響。

管理層定期管理本集團金融風 險。由於本集團的財務結構及目 前營運簡單,故管理層並無進行 任何對沖活動。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk At 31 May 2021, the Group does not have any interestbearing financial assets or liabilities except for cash at banks at floating rates and bank borrowings at fixed rates, details of which are disclosed in Note 17 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. The Group's cash at banks earns interest at low interest rates, which are not significant. Hence, bank borrowings at fixed rates are what expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.

At 31 May 2020, the Group does not have any interestbearing financial assets or liabilities except for pledged bank deposits, cash at banks and bank borrowings at floating rate, details of which are disclosed in Note 17 and 21 to the consolidated financial statements respectively. The Group's cash at banks and pledged bank deposits earn interest at low interest rates, which are not significant. Hence, bank borrowings at floating rates are what expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk.

At 31 March 2021 and 2020, the directors of the Company consider that the interest rate risk in relation to the Group's pledged bank deposits, cash at banks and bank borrowings is not significant as the fluctuation of the interest rates are minimal.

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(a) 現金流量及公平值利率風險 於二零二一年五月三十一 日,除按浮動利率計息的銀 行現金及按固定利率計息 的銀行借款外,本集團並 無任何計息金融資產或負 債,有關詳情分別於綜合財 務報表附註17及21披露。 本集團的銀行現金按較低 利率賺取利息,並不重大。 因此,按固定利率計息的銀 行借款使本集團面臨公平 值利率風險。

> 於二零二零年五月三十一 日,除已抵押銀行存款、銀 行現金及以浮動利率計息 銀行借款外,本集團並無任 何計息金融資產或負債,詳 情分別於綜合財務報表附 註17及21披露。本集團之 銀行現金及已抵押銀行存 款按並不重大的低利率賺 取利息。因此,按浮動利率 計息的銀行借款使本集團 面對現金流量利率風險。

> 於二零二一年及二零二零 年三月三十一日,本公司董 事認為,有關本集團已抵押 銀行存款、銀行現金及銀 行借款的利率風險並不重 大,原因為利率波動微不足 道。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Foreign exchange risk

The Group operates mainly in Hong Kong and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from various currency exposures, primarily with respect to United States dollars ("US\$"), Macau Patacas ("MOP") and Renminbi ("RMB"). Foreign exchange risk arises when future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not the Group entities' functional currency.

In the opinion of the directors, US\$ is reasonably stable with HK\$ under the Linked Exchange Rate System, and accordingly, the Group considers the foreign exchange risk is low and no sensitivity analysis is performed relative to US\$.

At 31 May 2021 and 2020, if RMB had weakened/ strengthened by 5% against HK\$ with all other variables held constant, loss for the year ended 31 May 2021 would have been approximately HK\$245,871 (2020: HK\$216,005) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange gains on translation of payables denominated in RMB.

Credit risk

The carrying amounts of cash at banks, trade receivables, deposits and other receivables and amount due from the immediate holding company included in the consolidated statement of financial position represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to its financial assets.

The Group has two types of financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss models:

- Trade receivables; and
- Other financial assets carried at amortised cost.

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(b) 外匯風險

本集團主要在香港營運, 並面對多種貨幣所產生的 外匯風險,主要與美元(「美 元」)、澳門幣(「澳門幣」)及 人民幣(「人民幣」)有關。外 匯風險於未來商業交易、已 確認資產及負債的計值貨 幣並非集團實體功能貨幣 時產牛。

董事認為,在聯繫匯率制度 下,港元對美元合理穩定, 因此,本集團認為與美元有 關的外匯風險較低且並無 進行敏感度分析。

於二零二一年及二零二零 年五月三十一日,倘人民幣 兑港元贬值/升值5%,而 所有其他變量保持不變, 截 至二零二一年五月三十一 日止年度的虧損將分別減 少/增加約245,871港元(二 零二零年:216,005港元), 這主要是由於換算以人民 幣計值的應付款項的外匯 收益所致。

信貸風險

計入綜合財務狀況表的銀行現 金、貿易應收款項、按金及其他 應收款項以及應收直接控股公司 款項的賬面值代表本集團就其金 融資產所承擔的最大信貸風險。

本集團有兩類金融資產須遵守預 期信貸虧損模式:

- 貿易應收款項;及
- 按攤銷成本計量的其他金 融資產。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables

Trade receivables of the Group represent amounts due from reputable companies in the entertainment industry. The Group has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

The Group applies the HKFRS 9 simplified approach to measure expected credit losses which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance for all trade receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The Group measures the expected credit losses on a combination of both individual and collective basis

Measurement of expected credit loss on collective basis

Expected credit losses also estimated by grouping the receivables based on similar credit risk characteristics and collectively assessed for likelihood of recovery, taking into account the customers' ageing category and historical payment profiles, and applying the expected credit loss rates to the respective gross carrying amounts of the receivables.

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險

貿易應收款項

本集團的貿易應收款項為 應收娛樂行業中信譽良好 公司的款項。本集團已設有 一套信貸政策並對有關信 貸風險進行持續監察。

本集團應用香港財務報告 準則第9號之簡化方法計量 預期信貸虧損,為所有貿易 應收款項使用全期預期虧 損撥備。為計量預期信貸虧 損,貿易應收款項已根據共 同信貸風險特徵及逾期天 數分組。本集團結合個別及 共同基準計量預期信貸虧 損。

按共同基準計量預期信貸

預期信貸虧損銹鍋根據相 似信貸風險特徵對應收款 項進行分組後估計,以及整 體評估收回的可能性,當中 已考慮客戶的賬齡類別及 歷史支付概況,並將預期信 貸虧損率應用於應收款項 的賬面總值。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3 金融風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

The expected credit loss rates were determined based on historical default rates and were adjusted to the effects of current market conditions as well as forwardlooking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

The following table presents the gross carrying amount and the provision for impairment in respect of collectively assessed trade receivables as at 31 May 2021 and 2020:

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

預期信貸虧損率乃根據歷 史違約率釐定,並根據當前 市況的影響及影響客戶結 算應收款項能力的宏觀經 濟因素的前瞻性資料作出 調整。

下表列示於二零二一年及 二零二零年五月三十一日 共同評估貿易應收款項的 總賬面值及減值撥備:

		Expected credit loss rate 預期信貸 虧損率	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 HK\$ 港元	Impairment loss allowance 減值 虧損撥備 HK\$ 港元
As at 31 May 2021 Current (not yet due)	於二零二一年五月三十一日 即期(尚未到期)	27%	3,030,420	814,343
1–90 days past due	逾期1至90日	43%	545,660	234,570
91–180 days past due	逾期91至180日	49%	1,027,460	506,497
> 1 year past due	逾期超過1年	81%	8,553,001	6,894,819
	VALUE OF	64%	13,156,541	8,450,229
		Expected credit loss rate 預期信	Gross carrying amount	Impairment loss allowance 減值
		貸虧損率	賬面總值 HK\$ 港元	虧損撥備 HK\$ 港元
			/ 1000	冷兀
As at 31 May 2020	於二零二零年五月三十一日			
Current (not yet due)	即期(尚未到期)	0%	192,410	
1–90 days past due 91–180 days past due	逾期1至90日 逾期91至180日	4% 15%	6,265,000 3,818,001	250,600 572,700
181–365 days past due	逾期181至365日	30%	3,001,000	900,300
> 1 year past due	逾期超過1年	50%	2,195,500	1,097,750
		17%	15,471,911	2,821,350

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Impairment losses on trade receivables are presented as "net impairment loss on trade receivables" within operating loss. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Other financial assets carried at amortised cost

The Group's other financial assets carried at amortised cost include cash and cash equivalents, deposits and other receivables and amount due from an immediate holding company in the consolidated statement of financial position. The impairment loss of other financial assets carried at amortised cost is measured based on the 12-month expected credit loss. The 12-month expected credit loss is the portion of lifetime expected credit loss that results from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within twelve months after the reporting date. However, when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since origination, the allowance will be based on the lifetime expected credit loss.

Management considered the credit risk of deposits and other receivables and amount due from an immediate holding company as low as the counterparties have the capacity to meet their contractual cash flow obligations in the near term.

The majority of the Group's cash and cash equivalents are deposited in major financial institutions located in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC which are of high credit rating. Management does not expect any losses arising from non-performance by these financial institutions.

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

貿易應收款項(續)

貿易應收款項的減值虧損 於經營虧損內呈列為「貿易 應收款項減值虧損淨值」。 當應收款項無法收回時,該 金額在應收款撥備賬中撇 銷。其後收回先前已撇銷的 金額則撥入綜合全面收益 表。

按攤銷成本列賬的其他金 融資產

本集團按攤銷成本列賬的 其他金融資產包括綜合財 務狀況表內的現金及現金 等價物、按金以及其他應收 款項及應收一間直接控股 公司款項。按攤銷成本列 賬的其他金融資產的減值 虧損乃基於12個月預期信 貸虧損計量。12個月預期 信貸虧損為於報告日期後 十二個月內可能發生的金 融工具違約事件導致的部 分全期預期信貸虧損。然 而,倘信貸風險自初始以來 大幅增加,則將基於全期預 期信貸虧損計提撥備。

由於交易對手有能力於近 期履行其合約現金流量責 任,管理層認為按金及其他 應收款項及應收一間直接 控股公司款項的信貸風險 較低。

本集團大部分現金及現金 等價物乃存放於位於香 港、澳門及中國的具有高信 貸評級的大型金融機構。管 理層預期不會出現任何因 該等金融機構不履約而產 生的虧損。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Other financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

The majority of the Group's rental deposits are placed with various landlords in Hong Kong, Macau and the PRC, and are due to refund upon the expiry of the tenancy agreements and handover of the leased premises. The Group has not experienced any defaults by the landlords.

The majority of the Group's rental deposits for equipment are placed with various reputable companies in Hong Kong and the PRC, and are due to refund upon the termination of equipment rental contracts and return of the leased visual display equipment. The Group has not experienced any defaults by the counterparties.

Therefore, the Group has assessed that the expected credit losses for these financial assets carried at amortised costs were close to zero under 12-month expected losses method, and therefore no provision was recognised.

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. The Group's primary cash requirements have been for additions of machinery and equipment and payment for purchases and operating expenses. The Group mainly finances its working capital requirements through internal resources and bank borrowings.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash and cash equivalents considered adequate by the directors to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. The directors monitor the utilisation of bank borrowings to ensure adequate unutilised banking facilities and compliance with loan covenants.

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(c) 信貸風險(續)

按攤銷成本列賬的其他金 融資產(續)

本集團大部分租賃按金乃 存放於香港、澳門及中國的 多名業主,並可於租賃協議 到期及移交租用物業時退 還。本集團並無經歷任何業 主違約的事件。

本集團大部分設備租賃按 金乃存放於香港及中國的 多間信譽良好的公司,並可 於終止設備租賃合約及歸 還租賃視像顯示設備時退 還。本集團並無經歷任何交 易對手違約的事件。

因此,本集團已根據12個 月預期虧損方法評估該等 按攤銷成本列賬的金融資 產的預期信貸虧損為近乎 零,因此並無已確認撥備。

(d) 流動資金風險

審慎的流動資金風險管理 指維持充足的現金及現金 等價物以及可透過充足的 承諾信貸額度融資取得資 金。本集團的主要現金需求 用於機器及設備的添置、採 購及營運開支的付款。本集 團主要透過內部資源及銀 行借款為其營運資金需求 提供資金。

本集團監察及維持董事認 為就為本集團營運提供資 金及減低現金流量波動影 響而言屬充足的現金及現 金等價物水平。董事監察銀 行借款動用情況,以確保有 效利用未動用銀行融資及 符合貸款契諾。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the year end date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續) 下表根據年度結算日至合 約到期日的餘下期間,將本 集團的金融負債分析為相 關到期組別。下表所披露 的金額指合約未貼現現金 流。由於貼現影響不大,故 於十二個月內到期的結餘 等於其賬面值。

		Within 1 year/ repayable on demand 1年內/ 按要求償還 HK\$ 港元	Between 1 and 2 years 1至2年 HK\$ 港元	Between 2 and 5 years 2至5年 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 港元
A4 24 May 2024	₩ - = - /				
At 31 May 2021	於二零二一年 五月三十一日				
Other payables and	其他應付款項及				
accrued liabilities	應計負債	13,268,104	_	_	13,268,104
Lease liabilities Bank borrowings	租賃負債 銀行借款(附註)	2,644,616	2,034,942	962,262	5,641,820
(Note)	班门目水(川正)	9,508,427	_	_	9,508,427
		25,421,147	2,034,942	962,262	28,418,351
At 31 May 2020	於二零二零年				
	五月三十一日				
Other payables and	其他應付款項及				
accrued liabilities	應計負債	10,033,337		_	10,033,337
Lease liabilities Bank borrowings	租賃負債 銀行借款(附註)	2,349,060	1,104,445	340,032	3,793,537
(Note)	越1) 恒	3,592,488	- / -		3,592,488
	0-0-0-0				
		15,974,885	1,104,445	340,032	17,419,362

Note: The maturity analysis of the bank borrowings is disclosed with reference to the agreed repayment schedules as set out in the relevant agreements, taking into account the clause of repayable on demand.

附註:銀行借款的到期分析乃參考相關協議內所 載的協定還款計劃並經計及按要求還款條 文後予以披露。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(d) Liquidity risk (Continued) Without taking into account the clause of repayable on demand, the maturity analysis of the bank borrowings is analysed as follows:

金融風險管理(續)

3.1 金融風險因素(續)

(d) 流動資金風險(續) 倘並無計及按要求還款條 文,銀行借款的到期分析乃 分析如下:

		Within 1 year/ repayable on demand 1年內/	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years	Total
		按要求償還 HK\$ 港元	1至2年 HK\$ 港元	2至5年 HK\$ 港元	起過5年 HK\$ 港元	總計 HK\$ 港元
At 31 May 2021	於二零二一年五 月三十一日	2,825,657	3,242,808	3,763,114	314,582	10,146,161
At 31 May 2020	於二零二零年五 月三十一日	2,594,059	1,153,678			3,747,737

3.2 Capital Management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

3.2 資本管理

本集團管理資本的目標為保障本 集團持續營運的能力,從而為股 東提供回報,並為其他利益相關 者提供利益及維持最佳資本架構 以減低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本架構,本集團 可調整向股東派付的股息金額、 向股東退還資本、發行新股或出 售資產以減少債務。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.2 Capital Management (Continued)

The capital structure of the Group consists of shareholders' equity and total borrowings. Capital is managed so as to maximise the return to shareholders while maintaining a capital base to allow the Group to operate effectively in the marketplace and sustain future development of the business. The Group monitors capital on the basis of gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (including "lease liabilities" and "bank borrowings" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position) less cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as "equity" as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position plus net debt.

The gearing ratio at 31 May 2021 was as follows:

金融風險管理(續)

3.2 資本管理(續)

本集團的資本架構包括股東權益 及借款總額。資本受管理以將股 東回報最大化並維持資本基礎以 使本集團能夠在市場上有效經營 及持續進行未來業務發展。本集 團根據資產負債比率監控資本。 該比率按淨債務除以資本總額 計算。淨債務按借款總額(包括 綜合財務狀況表列示的「租賃負 債」及「銀行借款」)減現金及銀行 結餘計算。資本總額按綜合財務 狀況表列示的「權益」加淨債務計 算。

於二零二一年五月三十一日的資 產負債比率如下:

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日
		HK\$ 港元
Lease liabilities Bank borrowings	租賃負債銀行借款	5,406,916 9,508,427
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	減:現金及現金等價物	14,915,343 (1,166,683)
Net debt Total equity	債務淨額 權益總額	13,748,660 70,332,514
Net debt to equity ratio	債務淨額與權益比率	20%

As at 31 May 2020, the gearing ratio is not applicable due to net cash position.

於二零二零年五月三十一日,由 於處於現金淨額狀況,資產負債 比率並不適用。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation

The carrying value of financial assets and liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair value. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires the use of accounting estimates which, by definition, will seldom equal the actual results. Management also needs to exercise judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the entity and that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation charge for its property, plant and equipment. The estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions, the durability, the expected repairs and maintenance and the future demand of equipment. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated useful lives. It will write off or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore affect the depreciation charge in future periods.

金融風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計

金融資產及負債的賬面值為其公 平值的合理約數。用以披露的金 融負債公平值透過按本集團就類 似金融工具可得的當時市場利率 將未來合約現金流量貼現予以估 計。

關鍵會計估計及判斷

編製綜合財務報表須使用會計估計, 根據定義,該等估計將很少等於實際 結果。管理層亦須於應用本集團會計 政策時作出判斷。

估計及判斷乃根據過往經驗及其他因 素(包括對可能對實體造成財務影響 及在有關情況下相信屬合理的未來事 件的預期)持續評估。

(a) 物業、廠房及設備的可使 用年期

管理層釐定其物業、廠房及設備 的估計可使用年期及相關折舊費 用。估計乃基於有關類似性質及 功能的物業、廠房及設備的實際 可使用年期、耐用性、預期維修 及維護費用及設備未來需求的過 往經驗而作出。管理層將於可使 用年期較過往估計的可使用年期 短時增加折舊費用。其將撇銷或 撇減已報廢或出售的技術陳舊或 非策略性資產。實際經濟年期可 能與估計可使用年期不同。定期 審閱會使折舊年期出現變動,並 因此影響未來期間的折舊費用。

Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(b) Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets including property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on higher of value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs of disposals. These calculations require the use of judgements and estimates.

Management judgement is required in the area of asset impairment particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset value may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of asset can be supported by the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs of disposals and value-in-use; and (iii) the appropriate key assumptions to be applied in preparing cash flow projections including whether these cash flow projections are discounted using an appropriate rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in assessing impairment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial condition and results of operations.

If there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and the resulting future cash flow projections, it may be necessary to take an impairment charge to profit or loss.

關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(b) 非金融資產減值

倘發生事件或情況變化顯示非金 融資產(包括物業、廠房及設備) 賬面值未必可收回時,則須進行 減值檢討。可收回金額乃按使用 價值計算法或公平值減出售成本 (以較高者為準)而釐定。該等計 算法需要使用判斷及估計。

釐定資產減值須運用管理層判 斷,尤其為評估:(i)是否已出現 顯示有關資產可能無法收回的事 件;(ii)可收回數額(即公平值減 出售成本及使用價值的較高者) 可否支持資產賬面值;及(iii)編製 現金流量預測時所用的適當主要 假設,包括該等現金流量預測是 否以適當利率折現。管理層所挑 選用作評估減值的假設(包括折 現率或現金流量預測所用的增長 率假設)若有變化,可能會對減 值測試所用的現值淨值帶來重大 影響,從而影響本集團財務狀況 及經營業績。

若預計表現及有關未來現金流量 預測出現重大不利變動,則可能 須在損益中扣除減值開支。

Critical accounting estimates and judgements (Continued)

(c) Impairment of receivables

The Group's management determines the provision for impairment of trade and other receivables based on an assessment of the expected credit losses of these receivables. The assessment is based on the historical default rates and is adjusted to reflect the effects of current market conditions and forward-looking information in the macroeconomic environment that may affect the ability of the customers to settle the receivables, which requires the use of judgements and estimates. Management reassesses the provision at each reporting date.

The loss allowance for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses significant judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on the Group's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period. Details of the key assumptions and inputs used are disclosed in Note 3.1(c).

(d) Current and deferred taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions and calculations during the ordinary course of business for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to certain temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management considers it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences or tax losses can be utilised. When the expectation is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax assets and taxation charges in the period in which such estimate is changed.

關鍵會計估計及判斷(續)

(c) 應收款項減值

本集團管理層根據貿易及其他應 收款項預期信貸虧損的評估,釐 定該等應收款項的減值撥備。評 估乃基於過往違約率,並作出調 整以反映可能影響客戶償付應收 款項能力的當前市況及宏觀經濟 環境的前瞻性資料的影響,當中 需要使用判斷及估計。管理層於 各報告日期重新評估有關撥備。

金融資產虧損撥備乃根據有關違 約風險及預期虧損率的假設。於 各報告期末,本集團於作出該等 假設及選擇減值計算的輸入數據 時,根據本集團的過往記錄、當 前市況及的前瞻性估計作出重大 判斷。所用主要假設及輸入數據 的詳情於附註3.1(c)披露。

(d) 即期及遞延税項

本集團須繳納多個司法權區的所 得税。於釐定所得税撥備時須作 出重大判斷。日常業務過程中存 在最終税項釐定並不確定的交易 及計算。倘該等事宜的最終税務 結果與初步記錄的金額不同,有 關差額將影響作出釐定的期間內 的所得税及遞延税項撥備。

倘管理層認為未來應課税溢利將 很可能用作抵銷暫時性差額或税 項虧損可予動用,則會確認與若 干暫時性差額有關的遞延所得税 資產及税項虧損。倘預期與原先 的估計不同,有關差額將會對有 關估計出現變動的期間內遞延所 得税資產及税費的確認造成影 響。

5 **Segment information**

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the chief operating decision-maker that are used to make strategic decisions. These reports are prepared on the same basis as these consolidated financial statements.

The chief operating decision-maker is identified as the executive directors of the Company. The executive directors review the Group's consolidated financial statements mainly from a single business perspective as the Group is mainly engaged in the provision of visual display solution services.

During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, all of the Group's revenue was from contracts with customers and was recognised over time.

The Group's revenue is attributable to the following geographical markets:

分部資料

管理層已根據主要經營決策者審議並 用於制訂策略性決策的報告釐定經營 分部。該等報告根據與該等綜合財務 報表相同的基準編製。

主要經營決策者為本公司執行董事。 由於本集團主要從事提供視像顯示解 決方案服務,故執行董事主要從單一 業務角度審閱本集團的綜合財務報 表。

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,所有本集團收益均 來自客戶合約及隨時間確認。

本集團的收益來自以下地區市場:

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Hong Kong	香港	7,752,243	17,326,598
PRC	中國	3,000,096	14,484,956
Macau	澳門	1,140,764	12,023,430
Taiwan	台灣	456,000	495,000
Others	其他	<u> </u>	385,000
		12,349,103	44,714,984

5 **Segment information (Continued)**

5 分部資料(續)

The Group's total non-current assets were located in the following regions based on the countries/place of domicile of the companies comprising the Group:

本集團非流動資產總值根據本集團旗 下公司所在國家/位置位於下列地區:

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Non-current assets: Hong Kong PRC Macau	非流動資產: 香港 中國 澳門	80,451,033 5,157,808 661,917	89,879,021 7,165,591 1,778,091
		86,270,758	98,822,703

For the year ended 31 May 2021, there was 1 customer (2020: 2 customers) who individually contributed over 10% of the Group's total revenue. Revenue contributed from each of these customers is as follows:

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,有1名客戶(二零二零年:2名客 戶)貢獻了本集團總收益的逾10%。該 等客戶各自之貢獻收益如下:

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		PA = -/3 - 1	7 - 1
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Customer I	客戶I	2,958,333	N/A
Customer II (Note)	客戶Ⅱ(附註)	N/A	12,775,179
Customer III (Note)	客戶Ⅲ(附註)	N/A	4,802,000
		2,958,333	17,577,179

Note: Revenue from Customer II and Customer III did not exceed 10% of total revenue during the year ended 31 May 2021. (2020: Customer I)

附註:於截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度, 來自客戶Ⅱ及客戶Ⅲ的收益不超過總收益 的10%(二零二零年:客戶I)。

Revenue and other income

收益及其他收入

(a) Revenue

(a) 收益

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Revenue from visual display solution	視像顯示解決方案服務收益		
services		12,022,452	44,403,026
Equipment rental income	設備租賃收入	326,651	311,958
		12,349,103	44,714,984

Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities:

As at 31 May 2021, contract liabilities amounted to HK\$360,000 (2020: Nil). No revenue was recognised during the year ended 31 May 2021 relates to carried-forward contract liabilities (2020: Nil). The amount is expected to be recognised as revenue within 3 years and the amount does not include variable consideration which is constrained.

就合約負債確認的收益:

於二零二一年五月三十一日,合約負 債為360,000港元(二零二零年:無)。 截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,概無就結轉合約負債確認收益(二 零二零年:無)。有關款項預期將於3 年內確認為收益,且有關款項不包括 受限制的可變代價。

(b) Other income

(b) 其他收入

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Handling income Government grants (Note) Equipment repairment, technical	手續費收入 政府補助(附註) 設備維修、技術諮詢及項目管理	130,690 995,625	259,759 —
consultancy and project management income	收入	609,000	_
		1,735,315	259,759

Note: Government grants represented subsidies obtained from the Employment Support Scheme of the Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region and subsidies obtained from the local governments in Mainland China and Macau to subsidise the operating costs of the Group's subsidiaries. There were no unfulfilled conditions attached to these grants as at the end of the year.

附註:政府補助指自香港特別行政區政府 「保就業」計劃獲得的補貼及自中國 內地及澳門地方政府獲得的補貼,以補貼本集團附屬公司的經營成 本。於年末,該等補助並無附帶未 達成條件。

Other gains/(losses), net

7 其他收益/(虧損)淨額

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Exchange gains/(losses), net Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	匯兑收益/(虧損)淨額 出售物業、廠房及設備的收益	336,812 157,318	(139,359) —
	A A	494,130	(139,359)

8 **Expenses by nature**

8 按性質劃分的開支

The following expenses are included in cost of services and administrative expenses:

以下開支計入服務成本及行政開支:

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
		78.70	7878
A 19 /	1-> #L 6T +5 TIII	004.272	4 227 404
Auditors' remuneration	核數師薪酬	904,272	1,227,184
Consultancy and technician fees	諮詢及技術費	277,832	209,718
Cost of equipment and spare parts	設備及配件成本	431,925	475,917
Depreciation of property, plant and	物業、廠房及設備折舊		
equipment (Note 14)	(附註14)	19,540,771	20,002,747
Depreciation of right-of-use assets (Note 15)	使用權資產折舊(附註15)	3,391,017	2,982,210
Employee benefit expenses (Note 9)	僱員福利開支(附註9)	13,098,628	19,033,326
Rental expenses of short-term leases in respect	有關租用物業及設備之短期		
of rental premises and equipment (Note 15)	租賃之租金開支(附註15)	4,719,557	2,159,715
Freight and logistics expenses	運費及物流費	779,780	3,451,576
Legal and professional expenses	法律及專業費用	1,009,145	1,584,593
Professional service fees in respect of transfer	有關籌備轉板上市的		
listing preparation	專業服務費		7,167,000
Sub-contracting charges	分包費	1,347,500	3,272,786
Travelling expenses	差旅費	563,135	1,616,992
Others	其他	2,365,663	5,170,417
Total cost of services and administrative	服務成本及行政開支總額		
expenses	MI WIN Y III NA EL VI. L. NAI WE YIII	48,429,225	68,354,181

Employee benefit expenses

僱員福利開支

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Wages, salaries and allowances, excluding directors' emoluments	工資、薪金及津貼	0.469.404	14 942 550
Directors' emoluments (Note 33) Pension costs — contributions to defined	(不包括董事薪酬) 董事薪酬(附註33) 退休金費用一向界定供款計劃	9,468,404 2,503,590	14,842,550 2,778,074
contribution plans (Note)	供款(附註)	1,126,634	1,412,702
	V 27 24 1	13,098,628	19,033,326

Note:

The Group has arranged for its employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, In Technical Productions Limited (the employer) and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme generally at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. The monthly contributions of each of the employer and the employees are subject to a maximum contribution of HK\$1,500 per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary. The Group has no further obligations for post-retirement benefits beyond the contributions.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to stateadministered retirement plans for employees in the PRC. For the PRC, the employees contribute up to 10% of their basic salaries, while the Group contributes approximately 23% to 27% (2020: 19% to 24%) of such salaries. The Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond these contributions. The state-administrated retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to the retired employees.

There were no forfeited contributions to defined contribution plans for the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020.

附註:

本集團已安排其僱員參加強制性公積金計劃 (「強積金計劃」),該計劃為一項由一名獨立受 託人管理的界定供款計劃。根據強積金計劃,In Technical Productions Limited (僱主)及其僱員均須 按月向該計劃供款,而根據強制性公積金法例, 供款金額一般為僱員收入的5%。各僱主及僱員 的每月供款上限為每月1,500港元,超出上限的 供款屬自願供款。除供款外,本集團並無其他有 關退休後福利的責任。

根據中國規例及法規的規定,本集團就其中國僱 員向國家管理的退休計劃供款。在中國,僱員最 多按其基本薪金的10%作出供款,而本集團則按 有關薪金的約23%至27%(二零二零年:19%至 24%)作出供款。除該等供款外,本集團並無其 他有關實際支付退休金或退休後福利的責任。國 家管理的退休計劃負責承擔應付退休僱員的全部 退休金責任。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月三十一日止年 度,概無遭沒收界定供款計劃供款。

9 **Employee benefit expenses (Continued)**

(a) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year ended 31 May 2021 include two directors (2020: two directors). The emoluments paid/payable to the five highest paid individuals are as follows:

僱員福利開支(續)

(a) 五名最高薪酬人士

本集團於截至二零二一年五月 三十一日止年度的五名最高薪 酬人士包括兩名董事(二零二零 年:兩名董事)。已付/應付五名 最高薪酬人士的酬金如下:

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Salaries, other allowances and benefits 薪金、其他津貼及福利 Pension costs — contributions to defined 退休金費用一向界定供款 contribution plans 計劃供款	3,421,140 85,183	4,120,415 92,136
	3,506,323	4,212,551

The emoluments fell within the following bands:

酬金介於以下範圍:

Number of individuals 僱員人數

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

19712		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Emolument bands	酬金範圍		0000
Nil to HK\$1,000,000	零至1,000,000港元	4	4
HK\$1,500,001 to HK\$2,000,000	1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	1	1
		5	5

During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the directors or other members of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join, upon joining the Group, leaving the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年 五月三十一日止年度,本集團概 無向任何董事或五名最高薪酬人 士中的其他成員支付酬金,作為 吸引其加入本集團、加入本集團 後、離開本集團的獎勵或作為離 職補償。

10 Finance costs, net

10 財務成本淨額

	Y	ea	r e	nc	led	3	1 ľ	Иa	У	
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		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Finance income Bank interest income	財務收入 銀行利息收入	2,022	211,088
Finance costs Interest on bank borrowings Interest on lease liabilities	財務成本 銀行借款利息 租賃負債利息	(254,559) (286,212)	(306,561) (198,038)
		(540,771)	(504,599)
Finance costs, net	財務成本淨額	(538,749)	(293,511)

11 Income tax credit

During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, no Hong Kong profits tax has been provided for as the Group did not generate any estimated assessable profit (2020: Same).

The companies of the Group established in the PRC are subject to the PRC corporate income tax at the rate of 25% for the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020. Companies incorporated and operating in Macau are subject to Macau complementary tax, under which taxable income of up to MOP600,000 is exempted from taxation with amounts beyond this amount to be taxed at a fixed rate of 12% for the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020. During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, no PRC corporate income tax and Macau complementary tax have been provided for as the Group did not generate any estimated assessable profit (2020: same).

Taxes on profits assessable elsewhere have been calculated at the applicable rates of tax prevailing in the jurisdictions in which the Group operates, based on existing legislation, interpretations and practices in respect thereof.

11 所得税抵免

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,由於本集團並無產 生任何估計應課税溢利,故並無計提 香港利得税撥備(二零二零年:相同)。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,本集團在中國設立 之公司須按25%之税率繳納中國企 業所得税。在澳門註冊成立及營運的 公司須繳納澳門所得補充税,據此, 於截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,最多澳門幣600,000 元的應課税收入獲豁免繳税,超出此 數額的金額則按固定税率12%繳税。 截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,由於本集團並無產 生任何估計應課税溢利,故並無就中 國企業所得税及澳門所得補充税計提 撥備(二零二零年:相同)。

其他地方應課税溢利的税項乃按本集 團經營所在司法權區現行的適用税 率,根據其現有法律、詮釋及慣例計 算。

11 Income tax credit (Continued)

11 所得税抵免(續)

The amounts of taxation credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represent:

計入綜合全面收益表的税項金額指:

Year ended 31 May

截至五月三十一日止年度

		似土 五 万 一 1	日正千皮
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	_	(107,255)
Deferred income tax (Note 23)	遞延所得税(附註23)	(4,939,903)	(2,221,217)
		(4,939,903)	(2,328,472)

The taxation on the loss before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

所得税前虧損的税項有別於使用香港 税率計算所得理論金額,如下所示:

Year ended 31 May

截至五月三十一日止年度

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Loss before income tax	所得税前虧損	(40,018,305)	(26,633,658)
	VIII III III III III III III III III II		
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5%	按税率16.5%計算	(6,603,020)	(4,394,554)
Effect of different tax rates for different	不同國家的不同税率影響		
countries		309,005	388,615
Income not subject to taxation	毋須繳税收入	(25,961)	(28,264)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	不可扣税開支	197,304	1,570,082
Tax losses not recognised	未確認税項虧損	1,182,769	400,451
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	動用先前未確認税項虧損	A .	(157,547)
Over-provision in prior years	過往年度超額撥備	_	(107,255)
Taxation credit	税項抵免	(4,939,903)	(2,328,472)

12 Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the loss attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020.

12 每股虧損

於截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日 1 年度,每股基本虧損乃按 本公司股權持有人應佔虧損除以已發 行普通股加權平均數計算。

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		A 73 - 1	7 - 1 /2
		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Loss attributable to owners of the Company (in HK\$)	本公司擁有人應佔虧損 (按港元計)	(35,011,096)	(24,257,194)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	已發行普通股加權平均數	800,000,000	800,000,000
Basic loss per share (HK cents)	每股基本虧損(港仙)	(4.38)	(3.03)

As there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share.

由於截至二零二一年及二零二零年五 月三十一日止年度並無發行尚未行使 的已攤薄潛在普通股,故已攤薄每股 虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

13 Non-controlling interests

The total comprehensive loss for the year ended 31 May 2021 attributable to non-controlling interests amounted to HK\$63,078 (2020: HK\$51,601) which are attributable to two individual shareholders of Shenzhen Shiji Tiansheng Technology Limited ("SSTTL"). SSTTL mainly incurred operating expenses of approximately HK\$1,001,407 (2020: HK\$1,451,240) for the year ended 31 May 2021, and it did not contribute significant revenue, total assets and total liabilities to the Group.

13 非控股權益

非控股權益應佔截至二零二一年五月 三十一日止年度的全面虧損總額為 63,078港元(二零二零年:51,601港 元),乃歸屬於深圳市世紀天盛科技 有限公司(「深圳世紀天盛科技」)的兩 名個人股東。於截至二零二一年五月 三十一日止年度,深圳世紀天盛科技 主要產生經營開支約1,001,407港元 (二零二零年:1,451,240港元),且並 無對本集團收益、總資產及總負債作 出重大貢獻。

14 Property, plant and equipment

14 物業、廠房及設備

		Visual display equipment 視像顯示設備 HK\$ 港元	Furniture and other equipment 傢俱及 其他設備 HK\$ 港元	Motor vehicles 汽車 HK\$ 港元	Leasehold improvements 租賃裝修 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 港元
At cost: At 1 June 2019 Additions Exchange difference	按成本: 於二零一九年六月一日 添置 匯兑差額	163,531,616 28,062,577 (158,483)	1,332,988 62,079 (1,397)	2,219,462 — —	1,538,668 — (2,200)	168,622,734 28,124,656 (162,080)
At 31 May 2020	於二零二零年 五月三十一日	191,435,710	1,393,670	2,219,462	1,536,468	196,585,310
At 1 June 2020	於二零二零年六月一日	191,435,710	1,393,670	2,219,462	1,536,468	196,585,310
Additions Disposals Exchange difference	添置 出售 匯兑差額	8,956,006 — 534,797	81,616 — 3,144	— (972,215) —	106,626 — 4,950	9,144,248 (972,215) 542,891
At 31 May 2021	於二零二一年 五月三十一日	200,926,513	1,478,430	1,247,247	1,648,044	205,300,234
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 June 2019,	累計折舊: 於二零一九年六月一日	87,952,474	1,133,497	1,336,059	1,243,418	91,665,448
Charge for the year Exchange difference	年內支出 匯兑差額	19,559,736 (51,879)	89,188 (911)	252,843 —	100,980 (2,200)	20,002,747 (54,990)
At 31 May 2020	於二零二零年 五月三十一日	107,460,331	1,221,774	1,588,902	1,342,198	111,613,205
At 1 June 2020	於二零二零年六月一日	107,460,331	1,221,774	1,588,902	1,342,198	111,613,205
Charge for the year Disposals (Note) Exchange difference	年內支出 出售(附註) 匯兑差額	19,199,859 — 175,934	100,341 — 2,705	107,011 (599,532) —	133,560 — 4,950	19,540,771 (599,532) 183,589
At 31 May 2021	於二零二一年五月 三十一日	126,836,124	1,324,820	1,096,381	1,480,708	130,738,033
Net book value: At 31 May 2021	賬面淨值: 於二零二一年 五月三十一日	74,090,389	153,610	150,866	167,336	74,562,201
At 31 May 2020	於二零二零年 五月三十一日	83,975,379	171,896	630,560	194,270	84,972,105

14 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation expenses were charged to cost of services and administrative expenses as follows:

14 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊開支計入服務成本及行政開支如 下:

Year ended 31 May

截至五月三十一日止年度

		截 王 五 万 一 1	日止十反
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
/			
Cost of services	服務成本	19,199,859	19,559,736
Administrative expenses	行政開支	340,912	443,011
Depreciation charge for the year	年內折舊費用	19,540,771	20,002,747

Note: Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment for the year ended 31 May 2021 were HK\$530,001 (2020: Nil). Gain on disposal amounting to HK\$157,318 (2020: Nil) have been credited to other gains/(losses), net.

附註:截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年度,出 售物業、廠房及設備所得款項為530,001 港元(二零二零年:無)。出售事項收益 157,318港元(二零二零年:無)已計入其他 收益/(虧損)淨額。

15 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

(a) The Group's leasing activities and how these are accounted for

The Group leases various offices, warehouses and office equipment. Rental contracts are typically made for fixed periods of 1 to 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants other than the rental deposits in the leased assets that are held by the lessors. Leased assets were not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

15 使用權資產及和賃負債

(a) 本集團之租賃活動及其入 賬處理的方法

本集團租賃各類辦公室、倉庫及 辦公設備。租賃合約固定期限一 般設為1年至3年。租賃條款按單 獨基準協商,且包含多種不同條 款及條件。除出租人所持租賃資 產的租賃按金外,租賃協議並無 施加任何契諾。租賃資產不得用 作借款抵押。

15 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (Continued) 15 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(b) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position

The consolidated statement of financial position shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(b) 於綜合財務狀況表內確認 的金額

綜合財務狀況表列示有關租賃之 金額如下:

		31 May 2021 二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	31 May 2020 二零二零年 月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Right-of-use assets (Note)	使用權資產(附註)		
Premises	物業	5,092,459	3,434,898
Office equipment	辦公設備	2,720	19,040
		5,095,179	3,453,938
Lease liabilities	租賃負債		
Non-current	非流動	3,063,539	1,332,232
Current	流動	2,343,377	2,276,959
		5,406,916	3,609,191

Note: During the year ended 31 May 2021, the Group entered into new leases on premises and recognised right-of-use assets of approximately HK\$4,986,013 (2020: HK\$2,019,808).

附註:截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,本集團已就物業訂立新租賃並 確認使用權資產4,986,013港元(二 零二零年:2,019,808港元)。

15 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (Continued)

15 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(c) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income

The consolidated statement of comprehensive income shows the following amounts relating to leases:

(c) 於綜合全面收益表內確認 的金額

綜合全面收益表列示有關租賃之 金額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Premises Office equipment	使用權資產折舊 物業 辦公設備	3,374,697 16,320	2,965,890 16,320
		3,391,017	2,982,210
Interest on leases liabilities (Note 10)	租賃負債之利息(附註10)	286,212	198,038
Rental expenses of short-term leases in respect of rental premises and equipment (Note 8)	有關租用物業及設備之短期租賃之租金開支(附註8)	4,719,557	2,159,715

15 Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities (Continued) 15 使用權資產及租賃負債(續)

(d) Amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of cash flows

During the year ended 31 May 2021, the total cash outflows for leases were analysed as follows:

(d) 於綜合現金流量表內確認 的金額

於截至二零二一年五月三十一日 止年度,租賃之現金流出總額分 析如下:

	2021 二零二一年 HK\$	HK\$
	港元 —————	港元
Cash flows from operating activities 經營活動所得現金流量(附註) (Note)		
Payments for short-term leases in respect 有關租用物業及設備之短期租 of rental premises and equipment 賃之付款	4,719,557	2,159,715
Cash flows from financing activities 融資活動所得現金流量		
Payments of interest element of lease	286,212	198,038
Payments of principal element of lease 償還租賃負債本金部分 liabilities	3,235,921	2,832,941
	3,522,133	3,030,979

Note: Payments for short-term leases were not shown separately, but included in the line of "operating loss" in respect of the net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities using the indirect method.

(e) Extension and termination options

There are no extension and termination options included in the lease contracts.

附註:短期租賃付款並無單獨列示,惟以 間接方式包括於有關經營活動(所 用)/所得現金淨額的「經營虧損」 項目內。

(e) 延長及終止選擇權

租賃合約並無包含延長及終止選 擇權。

16 Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits

16 貿易及其他應收款項、預付款項及按金

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
	貿易應收款項 或: 貿易應收款項減值撥備	13,156,541 (8,450,229)	15,471,911 (2,821,350)
Prepayments for purchase of equipment Deposits for equipment rental 説	貿易應收款項淨額(附註a) 購買設備預付款項 投備出租按金 其他應收款項、預付款項及 按金(附註b)	4,706,312 6,316,794 6,498,861 2,700,767	12,650,561 10,159,809 8,631,337 2,652,638
		20,222,734	34,094,345
Less: Non-current portion Prepayments for purchase of equipment Prepayments and rental deposits	或: 非流動部分 購買設備預付款項 預付款項及租賃按金	(6,316,794) (296,584)	(10,159,809) (236,851)
Current portion 満	·····································	(6,613,378)	(10,396,660)

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the year end date is the carrying amount of each class of receivables and deposits mentioned above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair value.

於年度結束日期的最大信貸風險為上 述各類應收款項及按金的賬面值。本 集團並無持有任何抵押品作抵押。

貿易及其他應收款項的賬面值與其公 平值相若。

16 Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits were denominated in the following currencies:

16 貿易及其他應收款項、預付款項及按金(續)

本集團貿易及其他應收款項、預付款 項及按金的賬面值以下列貨幣計值:

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
HK\$ US\$ RMB MOP	港元 美元 人民幣 澳門幣	5,276,567 12,400,481 2,455,740 89,946	13,300,457 16,726,733 4,053,418 13,737
		20,222,734	34,094,345

(a) Trade receivables

The Group's trade receivables are generally settled by cash on delivery or credit period of 90 days after provision of services. As at 31 May 2021 and 2020, the Group's ageing analysis of the gross trade receivables based on invoice date is as follows:

(a) 貿易應收款項

本集團的貿易應收款項一般在交 貨時或提供服務後90天的信用期 內以現金結算。於二零二一年及 二零二零年五月三十一日,本集 團基於發票日期的總貿易應收款 項賬齡分析如下:

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	
0–30 days 31–60 days 61–90 days Over 90 days	0至30天 31至60天 61至90天 超過90天	996,167 755,000 1,279,253 10,126,121	48,440 21,565 122,405 15,279,501
		13,156,541	15,471,911

As at 31 May 2021 and 2020, trade receivables of HK\$10,126,121 and HK\$15,279,501 were past due respectively, and impairment of trade receivables of HK\$8,450,229 (2020: HK\$2,821,350) have been provided for. See Note 3.1(c) for information of trade receivables and the Group's exposure to credit risk.

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,分別為10,126,121港 元及15,279,501港元的貿易應收 款項已逾期,並已計提貿易應收 款項減值撥備8,450,229港元(二 零二零年:2,821,350港元)。有 關貿易應收款項及本集團信貸風 險的資料見附註3.1(c)。

16 Trade and other receivables, prepayments and deposits (Continued)

(a) Trade receivables (Continued)

Movement on the provision for impairment of trade receivables is as follows:

16 貿易及其他應收款項、預付 款項及按金(續)

(a) 貿易應收款項(續)

貿易應收款項減值撥備的變動如 下:

			As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
At beginning of the year Provision for impairment for the year	年初 年內減值撥備	2,821,350 5,628,879	— 2,821,350
At end of the year	年末	8,450,229	2,821,350

(b) Other receivables, prepayments and deposits

Other receivables, prepayments and deposits mainly represent rental and utility deposits and prepayments for insurance and maintenance

During the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020, the Group settled balances amounting to HK\$2,286,106 and HK\$4,858,952, respectively, for acquisition of certain visual display equipment with deposits for equipment rental of the same amount.

(b) 其他應收款項、預付款項 及按金

其他應收款項、預付款項及按金 主要指租金及公用服務按金及保 險及維護預付款項。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年五 月三十一日止年度,本集團以同 等金額的設備租賃按金結清購買 若干視像顯示設備之結餘分別為 2,286,106港元及4,858,952港元。

17 Cash and bank balances

(a) Pledged bank deposits

As at 31 May 2021, no bank deposits were pledged to financial institutions based in Hong Kong to secure the banking facilities (2020: HK\$3,000,001) (Note 24). The weighted average effective interest rate of the Group's pledged bank deposits was 0.001% for the year ended 31 May 2020.

The Group's pledged bank deposits were denominated in HK\$.

17 現金及銀行結餘

(a) 已抵押銀行存款

於二零二一年五月三十一日, 概無銀行存款抵押予一間位於 香港的金融機構,以獲取銀行融 資(二零二零年:3,000,001港元) (附註24)。截至二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,本集團已抵押 銀行存款的加權平均實際利率為 0.001% •

本集團的已抵押銀行存款均以港 元計值。

17 Cash and bank balances (Continued)

17 現金及銀行結餘(續)

(b) Cash and cash equivalents

(b) 現金及現金等價物

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Cash on hand Cash at banks	手頭現金 銀行現金	84 1,166,599	78 4,547,553
		1,166,683	4,547,631
Maximum exposure to credit risk	最大信貸風險	1,166,599	4,547,553
Cash and cash equivalents were deno currencies:	ominated in the following	見金及現金等價物 計值:	勿乃按以下貨幣
		As at 31 May 2021	As at 31 May 2020

		As at	As at
		31 May 2021	31 May 2020
		於二零二一年	於二零二零年
		五月三十一日	五月三十一日
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
HK\$	港元	1,015,380	4,052,360
RMB	人民幣	140,189	461,584
Others	其他	11,114	33,687
	10000	1,166,683	4,547,631

Cash at banks earned interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates. The Group's cash and cash equivalents denominated in RMB were deposited with banks in Hong Kong and the PRC. The conversion of the RMB denominated balances into foreign currencies and the remittance of funds out of the PRC is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the Government of the People's Republic of China.

銀行現金根據每日銀行存款利 率,按浮動利率賺取利息。本集 團以人民幣計值的現金及現金等 價物乃存放於香港及中國銀行 內。人民幣計值的結餘兑換外幣 以及中國境外匯款須遵守中華人 民共和國政府出台的外匯管制之 規則及法規。

18 Share capital and share premium

18 股本及股份溢價

Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目

Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值

HK\$ 港元

Authorised: 法定:

Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each as at 31 May 於二零二零年五月三十一日、 2020, 1 June 2020 and 31 May 2021

二零二零年六月一日及二零

二一年五月三十一日每股面

值0.01港元之普通股

3,000,000,000

30,000,000

Number of ordinary shares 普通股數目

Nominal value of ordinary shares 普通股面值

Share premium 股份溢價

HK\$ 港元

HK\$ 港元

Issued and fully paid: At 31 May 2020 and 31 May 2021 已發行及繳足: 於二零二零年五月

三十一日及二零二一

年五月三十一日

800,000,000

8.000.000

56.496.624

Note: The Company operates a share option scheme (the "Scheme") which became effective on 19 May 2017. Eligible participants of the Scheme include the Group's directors and employees, etc. During the year ended 31 May 2021, no options were granted (2020: same).

附註:本公司經營一項購股權計劃(「該計劃」), 於二零一七年五月十九日起生效。該計劃 的合資格參與者包括本集團董事及僱員 等。截至二零二一年五月三十一日止年 度,本公司並無授出任何購股權(二零二 零年:相同)。

19 Reserves

- The Company was incorporated on 4 November 2016 and the group reorganisation in connection with the Listing was completed on 24 November 2016. The capital reserve as at 31 May 2021 and 2020 primarily represented the aggregate amount of share capital of the companies now comprising the Group after elimination of the inter-company investment costs.
- The Macau Commercial Code number 377 requires that companies incorporated in Macau should set aside a minimum of 25% of their respective profit after income tax to the legal reserve until the balance of the reserve reaches a level equivalent to 50% of their capital.

儲備

- 本公司於二零一六年十一月四日 註冊成立,有關上市之集團重組 於二零一六年十一月二十四日完 成。於二零二一年及二零二零年 五月三十一日的資本儲備主要指 本集團現時旗下公司的股本總額 (經對銷公司間投資成本後)。
- 澳門商法典第377號規定,在澳 門註冊成立的公司應將各自除所 得税後利潤最少25%撥入法定儲 備,直至儲備結餘達致相等於股 本的50%水平為止。

19 Reserves (Continued)

(b) (Continued)

The PRC laws and regulations require companies registered in the PRC to provide for certain statutory reserves, which are to be appropriated from the profit after income tax (after offsetting accumulated losses from prior years) as reported in their respective statutory financial statements, before profit distributions to equity holders. All statutory reserves are created for specific purposes. A PRC company is required to appropriate an amount of not less than 10% of statutory profits after income tax to statutory surplus reserves, prior to distribution of its post-tax profits of the current year. A company may discontinue the contribution when the aggregate sum of the statutory surplus reserve is more than 50% of its registered capital. The statutory surplus reserves shall only be used to make up losses of the company, to expand the company's operations, or to increase the capital of the company. In addition, a company may make further contribution to the discretional surplus reserve using its posttax profits in accordance with resolutions of the board of directors

19 儲備

(b) (續)

中國法律及法規規定,在中國許 冊的公司須為若干法定儲備計提 撥備,該等儲備須由未計及股權 持有人分配利潤前各自法定財務 報表所呈報除所得税後利潤(抵 銷過往年度累計虧損後)調撥。 所有法定儲備乃為特定目的設 立。中國公司須在分派目前年度 税後利潤前,將除所得税後法定 利潤不少於10% 撥入法定盈餘儲 備。當法定盈餘儲備的總額超過 其註冊資本50%,則公司可停止 注入資金。法定盈餘儲備僅可用 於沖銷公司虧損、擴充公司業務 或增加公司資本。此外,公司可 根據董事會決議案使用其税後利 潤向任意盈餘儲備進一步注入資 金。

20 Other payables and accrued liabilities

20 其他應付款項及應計負債

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Payables for equipment purchases Equipment rental payable Other accruals and payables	採購設備應付款項 應付設備租金 其他應計費用及應付款項	5,129,930 2,342,992 6,319,553	4,628,524 529,492 4,875,321
		13,792,475	10,033,337

20 Other payables and accrued liabilities (Continued) 20 其他應付款項及應計負債(續)

As at 31 May 2021 and 2020, the Group's ageing analysis of the payables for equipment based on invoice date is as follows:

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,本集團基於發票日期的設 備應付款項的賬齡分析如下:

			As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	
0–30 days Over 90 days	0至30天 逾90天	4	132,600 4,997,330	— 4,628,524
			5,129,930	4,628,524
The carrying amounts of the liabilities were denominated in	Group's other payables and accrued the following currencies:]其他應付款項及 下列貨幣計值:	後應計負債的賬

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
RMB	人民幣	5,477,603	5,152,873
HK\$	港元	7,592,617	4,224,810
US\$	美元	586,005	609,405
MOP	澳門幣	136,250	46,249
		13,792,475	10,033,337

The carrying amounts of all short-term payables and accrued liabilities approximated their fair value due to their short maturities.

由於所有短期應付款項及應計負債的 期限較短,故賬面值與其公平值相若。

21 Bank borrowings

21 銀行借款

As at 31 May 2021 and 2020, bank borrowings were repayable as follows:

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,須償還的銀行借款如下:

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Bank borrowings, secured:	銀行借款,有抵押:		
Balances repayable within one year classified as current liabilities	須於一年內償還、分類為流動 負債的結餘	2,561,507	2,457,914
Balances repayable after one year, with clause of repayable on demand classified as current	須於一年後償還、包含按要求 償還條款及分類為流動負債		
liabilities	的結餘	6,946,920	1,134,574
		0.500.427	2 502 400
		9,508,427	3,592,488

The above bank borrowings bear interests ranging from 2.75% to 3.75% per annum for the year ended 31 May 2021 (2020: 5.5% to 5.9%).

As at 31 May 2021 and 2020, the fair value of current bank borrowings approximated their carrying amount, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

As at 31 May 2021 and 2020, the Group's bank borrowings based on the scheduled repayment dates as set out in the loan agreements and ignoring the effect of any repayment on demand clause were repayable as follows:

以上銀行借款於截至二零二一年五月 三十一日止年度之年利率介乎2.75% 至3.75%(二零二零年:5.5%至5.9%)。

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,由於貼現影響不大,當期 銀行借款的公平值與其賬面值相若。

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,本集團銀行借款須於以下 期限償還(根據貸款協議所載計劃還 款日期,忽略任何按要求還款條款的 影響):

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Within 1 year Between 1 and 2 years	1年內	2,561,507	2,457,914
	1至2年	3,066,101	1,134,574
Between 2 and 5 years	2至5年	3,575,109	DOO'T
Over 5 years	超過5年	305,710	
		9,508,427	3,592,488

The bank borrowings were denominated in HK\$ (2020: HK\$).

銀行借款均以港元(二零二零年:港 元)計值。

21 Bank borrowings (Continued)

The Group's bank borrowings as at 31 May 2021 were secured by guarantees under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme by HKMC Insurance Limited ("HKMCI"), corporate guarantee and director's personal guarantee. The Group's borrowings as at 31 May 2020 were secured by a guarantee relating to the working capital loans by the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region, corporate guarantee and director's personal guarantee (Note 24) and a bank deposit of HK\$3,000,001. (Note 17)

The Group has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facilities during the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020.

21 銀行借款(續)

本集團於二零二一年五月三十一日 的銀行借款由香港按證保險有限公 司(「香港按證保險」)根據中小企融 資擔保計劃提供的擔保、公司擔保及 董事個人擔保作抵押。本集團於二零 二零年五月三十一日的借款由香港特 別行政區政府就營運資金貸款提供的 擔保、公司擔保及董事個人擔保(附 註24) 及銀行存款3,000,001港元作抵 押。(附註17)

截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,本集團已遵守其借 款融資的財務契諾。

22 Balance with related party

22 與關聯方的結餘

		Maximum amount	Maximum amount		
		outstanding	outstanding		
		during the	during the		
		year ended	year ended	As at	As at
		31 May	31 May	31 May	31 May
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		截至二零二一年	截至二零二零年		
		五月三十一日止	五月三十一日止		
		年度的最高	年度的最高	於二零二一年	於二零二零年
		未償還金額	未償還金額	五月三十一日	五月三十一日
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元	港元	港元
Amount due from the immediate holding	應收直接控股 公司款項				
company		50,000	4	50,000	_

23 Deferred taxation

The deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The net amounts are as follows:

23 遞延税項

當存在依法可強制執行的權利將即 期税項資產與即期税項負債抵銷時, 以及當遞延所得税涉及同一財政機 關時,遞延所得稅資產及負債予以抵 銷。淨額如下:

	As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	於二	As at I May 2020 二零二零年 月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
Deferred income tax liabilities	 (427,601)		(3,514,821) (1,852,683)
	(427,601)		(5,367,504)

The movement on net deferred income tax (liabilities)/asset is as follows:

遞延所得税(負債)/資產淨額的變動 如下:

Year ended 31 May

		截至五月三十-	- 日止年度
		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
At beginning of the year	年初	(5,367,504)	(7,588,721)
Credited to profit or loss (Note 11)	計入損益(附註11)	4,939,903	2,221,217
At end of the year	年末	(427,601)	(5,367,504)

23 Deferred taxation (Continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction is as follows:

抵銷同一税務司法權區內結餘前遞延 所得税資產及負債的變動如下:

Deferred income tax liabilities/(assets)

遞延所得税負債/(資產)

		Accelera depred 加速税	iation	Provision impairmen receiva 貿易應收款 ³	t of trade ables	Tax lo 税項		Right-of-u and lease 使用權資產	liabilities	Tor 總	
		2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
		ー等ー ^ー 年 HK\$ 港元	—◆—◆牛 HK\$ 港元	二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	_ ◆ _ ◆ + HK\$ 港元	——等——— HK\$ 港元	_ ◆ _ ◆ + HK\$ 港元	ー 等 ー ー 年 HK\$ 港元	—◆—◆+ HK\$ 港元	— ♥ — [—] HK\$ 港元	_ 令 _ 令 + HK\$ 港元
At 1 June (Credited)/charged to	於六月一日 (計入損益)/	8,258,492	7,588,721	(375,796)	_	(2,492,171)	_	(23,021)	1/4-	5,367,504	7,588,721
profit or loss	自損益扣除	(1,179,366)	669,771	(615,043)	(375,796)	(3,100,560)	(2,492,171)	(44,934)	(23,021)	(4,939,903)	(2,221,217)
At 31 May	於五月三十一日	7,079,126	8,258,492	(990,839)	(375,796)	(5,592,731)	(2,492,171)	(67,955)	(23,021)	427,601	5,367,504

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses carriedforward to the extent that the realisation of the related tax benefit through the future taxable profits is probable. As at 31 May 2021, the Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of approximately HK\$2,230,866 (2020: HK\$1,048,097) in respect of accumulated tax losses of the PRC and Macau subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$8,538,318 (2020: HK\$4,602,673) that can be carried forward against future taxable income. The tax losses of these PRC subsidiaries will expire within 5 years, while the tax losses of the Macau subsidiary do not have an expiry date.

因結轉税務虧損而確認的遞延所得税 資產,僅限於通過未來應課税利潤實 現相關税務利益存在可能的情況下 確認。於二零二一年五月三十一日, 本集團並未就中國及澳門附屬公司 之累計税務虧損約8,538,318港元(二 零二零年:4,602,673港元)確認可結 轉至未來應課税收入之遞延所得税 資產約2,230,866港元(二零二零年: 1,048,097港元)。該等中國附屬公司之 税項虧損將於5年內屆滿,而澳門附屬 公司之税項虧損並無屆滿日期。

24 Banking facilities

As at 31 May 2021, the Group had total banking facilities of HK\$10,000,000 (2020: HK\$4,392,488), of which HK\$9,508,427 (2020: HK\$3,592,488) were utilised. The Group's banking facilities were secured by the following:

- (i) as at 31 May 2021, the issue of guarantees under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme by HKMCI which is wholly owned by the government of Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to the extent of HK\$9,600,000;
- as at 31 May 2021 and 2020, corporate guarantee by the Company and the personal guarantee by a director of the Company;
- (iii) as at 31 May 2020, the issue of a guarantee relating to the working capital loans by the government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region to the extent of HK\$2,500,000; and
- Pledged bank deposits of HK\$3,000,001 as at 31 May 2020.

24 银行融資

於二零二一年五月三十一日,本集 團的銀行融資總額為10.000.000港 元(二零二零年:4,392,488港元), 其中9,508,427港元(二零二零年: 3,592,488港元)已動用。本集團的銀行 融資以下列各項作抵押:

- 於二零二一年五月三十一日,香 港按證保險(由香港特別行政區 政府全資擁有)根據中小企融資 擔保計劃發出最多9,600,000港元 的擔保;
- 於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,本公司提供的公司擔 保及本公司一名董事提供的個人 擔保;
- (iii) 於二零二零年五月三十一日,香 港特別行政區政府就營運資金貸 款發出最多2,500,000港元的擔 保;及
- (iv) 於二零二零年五月三十一日,已 抵押銀行存款3,000,001港元。

25 Subsidiaries

25 附屬公司

Particulars of the subsidiaries held by the Group as at 31 May 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

本集團於二零二一年及二零二零年五 月三十一日持有的附屬公司的詳情如

Name 名稱	Place and date of incorporation 註冊成立地點及 日期	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本詳情	於五月三十一日		Principal activities 主要活動
Directly held 直接持有					
In Technical Productions (B.V.I.) Limited ("ITP (BVI)")	The BVI, 9 November 2016	US\$100	100%	100%	Investment holding in Hong Kong
In Technical Productions (B.V.I.) Limited (「ITP (BVI)」)	英屬處女群島, 二零一六年 十一月九日	100美元			於香港投資控股
Indirectly held 間接持有					
ITP (HK)	Hong Kong, 10 March 2009	HK\$10,000	100%	100%	Provision of video display solution services for concerts and events in Hong Kong, Macau, the PRC and Taiwan
ITP (HK)	香港,二零零九年 三月十日	10,000港元			為香港、澳門、中國及台灣的 演唱會及活動提供視像顯示 解決方案服務
Shiji Tiansheng Cultural Communication (Shenzhen) Limited* (世紀天盛文化傳播 (深圳)有限公司)	The PRC, 4 July 2012	RMB3,500,000	100%	100%	Provision of video display solution services for concerts and events in the PRC
世紀天盛文化傳播 (深圳)有限公司	中國,二零一二年 七月四日	人民幣3,500,000元			為中國的演唱會及活動提供視 像顯示解決方案服務

25 Subsidiaries (Continued)

25 附屬公司(續)

Name 名稱	Place and date of incorporation 註冊成立地點及日期	Particulars of issued and paid up capital 已發行及 繳足股本詳情	Percentage of as at 31 於五月三 所持權益 2021 二零二一年	I May 十一日 百分比 2020	Principal activities 主要活動
Shanghai Yingtegao Stage Arts Limited* (上海英特高舞臺藝術有限公司) 上海英特高舞臺藝術 有限公司	The PRC, 14 October 2014 中國·二零一四年 十月十四日	RMB1,000,000 人民幣1,000,000元	100%	100%	Provision of stage design and equipment installation services in the PRC 在中國提供舞台設計及設備安裝服務
Shenzhen Shiji Tiansheng Technology Limited [#] (深圳市世紀天盛科技	THE PRC, 11 July 2013	RMB500,000	70%	70%	Import and export and wholesale of video equipment and parts and related support services in
有限公司) 深圳市世紀天盛科技 有限公司	中國,二零一三年 七月十一日	人民幣500,000元			the PRC 在中國進口及出口及批發視像 設備及部件以及相關支持服 務
InTechPro Macau Limited (英特高澳門一人 有限公司) 英特高澳門一人 有限公司	Macau, 27 November 2017 澳門,二零一七年 十一月二十七日	MOP500,000 澳門幣500,000元	100%	100%	Provision of video display solution services for concerts and events in Macau 為澳門的演唱會及活動提供視像顯示解決方案服務

The company is established as a wholly foreign-owned enterprise in the PRC.

Note: The English names of certain subsidiaries referred to above represent the best effort by management of the Company in translating their Chinese names as they do not have official English names.

The company is established as a limited liability company in the PRC.

該公司為於中國成立的外商獨資企業。

該公司為於中國成立的有限責任公司。

26 Note to the consolidated statement of cash flows

26 綜合現金流量報表附註

Reconciliation of liabilities arising from cash flows from financing activities:

融資活動所得現金流量產生之負債對 賬如下:

		Lease liabilities 租賃負債 HK\$ 港元	Bank borrowings 銀行借款 HK\$ 港元
At 1 June 2019	於二零一九年六月一日	4,497,779	6,741,606
Cash flows	現金流量		
— Payments of principal element of lease liabilities	一償還租賃負債 本金部分	(2,832,941)	5.60 E- <u></u>
— Payments of interest element of	一償還租賃負債	(2,032,341)	7
lease liabilities	利息部分	(198,038)	<u> </u>
— Repayment of bank borrowings	一償還銀行借款		(3,149,118)
— Bank loan interest paid	一已付銀行貸款利息	/ -/	(306,561)
Non-cash movements	非現金變動		
— Acquisition of leases	一收購租賃	2,019,808	———
 Interest on lease liabilities 	一租賃負債利息	198,038	
— Exchange difference	一匯兑差額	(75,455)	
— Bank loan interest	一銀行貸款利息	_ /- // - _	306,561
At 31 May 2020	於二零二零年五月三十一日	3,609,191	3,592,488
Cash flows	現金流量		
— Payments of principal element of	一租賃負債本金部分付款		
lease liabilities		(3,235,921)	
— Payments of interest element of	一租賃負債利息部分付款		
lease liabilities		(286,212)	_
 Proceeds of bank borrowings 	一銀行借款所得款項	_	9,508,427
— Repayment of bank borrowings	一償還銀行借款		(3,592,488)
— Bank loan interest paid	一已付銀行貸款利息		(254,559)
Non-cash movements	非現金變動		
— Acquisition of leases	一收購租賃	4,986,013	
— Interest on lease liabilities	一租賃負債利息	286,212	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
— Exchange difference	一匯兑差額	47,633	_
— Bank loan interest	一銀行貸款利息		254,559
At 31 May 2021	於二零二一年五月三十一日	5,406,916	9,508,427

27 Commitments

Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for but not yet incurred as at 31 May 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

27 承擔

資本承擔

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日已訂約但尚未產生的資本開 支如下:

		As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年 五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	1,450,717	2,109,896

28 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party, has joint control over the party or exercises significant influence over the other party in making financial and operation decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control.

The ultimate controlling individual of the companies now comprising the Group is Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis for the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020.

(a) Balance with a related party

28 關聯方交易

倘一方能夠直接或間接控制另一方、 共同控制另一方或對另一方財務及經 營決策施加重大影響,則雙方視為有 關聯。倘雙方受共同控制,亦視為有 關聯。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日止年度,本集團現時旗下公 司最終控制人為楊浩廷先生。

(a) 與一名關聯方的結餘

As at 31 May 於五月三十一日

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
HK\$	HK\$
港元	港元

應收直接控股公司款項 Amount due from the immediate holding company 50,000

The balance is non-trade related, unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

有關結餘為非貿易相關、無抵 押、免息及須按要求償還。

28 Related party transactions (Continued)

(b) Key management compensation

Key management includes directors and other key management of the Group. The compensation paid or payable to key management for employee services is shown below:

28 關聯方交易(續)

(b) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員包括本集團的董事 及其他主要管理人員。就僱員服 務而已付或應付主要管理人員薪 酬列示如下:

Year ended 31 May 截至五月三十一日止年度

		H II IX
	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
	HK\$	HK\$
	港元	港元
Salaries, other allowances and benefits 薪金、其他津貼及福利 Pension costs — contributions to defined 退休金費用 — 向界定供款計劃	4,059,608	4,625,374
contribution plans 供款	176,213	183,143
	4,235,821	4,808,517

29 Financial instruments by categories

29 按類別劃分的金融工具

Financial assets at amortised cost 按攤銷成本之金融資產

		2021 二零二一年 HK\$ 港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$ 港元
Assets as per consolidated statement of	綜合財務狀況表所列資產		
financial position	M 日 利 加 M M 化 M 为		
Trade receivables	貿易應收款項	4,706,312	12,650,561
Deposits and other receivables	按金及其他應收款項	8,099,156	10,752,063
Amount due from the immediate holding	應收直接控股公司款項		
company		50,000	<u> </u>
Cash and bank balances	現金及銀行結餘	1,166,683	7,547,632
Total	總計	14,022,151	30,950,256

29 Financial instruments by categories (Continued)

29 按類別劃分的金融工具(續)

Financial liabilities at amortised cost 按攤銷成本之金融負債

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		HK\$	HK\$
		港元	港元
Liabilities as per consolidated statement of	綜合財務狀況表所列負債		
financial position			
Other payables and accrued liabilities	其他應付款項及應計負債	13,268,104	9,527,305
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	5,406,916	3,609,191
Bank borrowings	銀行借款	9,508,427	3,592,488
Total	總計	28,183,447	16,728,984

30 Contingencies

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at 31 May 2021 and 2020.

30 或然負債

於二零二一年及二零二零年五月 三十一日,本集團並無重大或然負債。

31 Dividend

No dividend has been paid or declared by the Company during the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020.

31 股息

本公司截至二零二一年及二零二零年 五月三十一日止年度並無支付或宣派 股息。

32 Statement of financial position of the **Company**

32 本公司財務狀況表

			As at 31 May 2021 於二零二一年	As at 31 May 2020 於二零二零年
		Note 附註	五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元	五月三十一日 HK\$ 港元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current asset Investment in a subsidiary	非流動資產 於一間附屬公司投資		44,709,149	44,709,149
Current assets	流動資產			
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項		135,432	153,980
Amount due from a subsidiary Cash and cash equivalents	應收一間附屬公司款項 現金及現金等價物		21,150,174 58,378	22,511,336 59,037
			21,343,984	22,724,353
Total assets	總資產		66,053,133	67,433,502
EQUITY	權益			
Share capital	股本	18	8,000,000	8,000,000
Share premium Reserves	股份溢價 儲備	18 32(a)	56,496,624 (1,153,431)	56,496,624 381,038
	-713			
Total equity	總權益 		63,343,193	64,877,662
LIABILITY	負債			
Current liability Other payables and accrued liabilities	流動負債 其他應付款項及應計負債		2,709,940	2,555,840
Total liability	總負債		2,709,940	2,555,840
Total equity and liability	權益及負債總額		66,053,133	67,433,502

The statement of financial position of the Company was approved by the Board of Director on 24 August 2021 and were signed on its behalf.

> **Yeung Ho Ting Dennis** 楊浩廷 Director

董事

本公司財務狀況表由董事會於二零 二一年八月二十四日批准,並代為簽 署。

> Tam Chun Yu 譚震宇 Director 董事

32 Statement of financial position of the **Company** (Continued)

32 本公司財務狀況表(續)

(a) Movement of reserves

(a) 儲備變動

		Capital reserve 資本儲備 HK\$ 港元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 HK\$ 港元	Total 總計 HK\$ 港元
As at 1 June 2019	於二零一九年六月一日	32,709,141	(22,747,533)	9,961,608
Loss for the year	年度虧損	<u> </u>	(9,580,570)	(9,580,570)
As at 31 May 2020	於二零二零年五月三十一日	32,709,141	(32,328,103)	381,038
Loss for the year	年度虧損	<u></u>	(1,534,469)	(1,534,469)
As at 31 May 2021	於二零二一年五月三十一日	32,709,141	(33,862,572)	(1,153,431)

33 Benefits and interests of directors

33 董事福利及權益

(a) Directors' emoluments

The emoluments of the directors of the Company paid or payable by the Group during the years ended 31 May 2021 and 2020 are set out below:

Year ended 31 May 2021

(a) 董事薪酬

本集團截至二零二一年及二零二 零年五月三十一日止年度已付 或應付的本公司董事薪酬情況如

截至二零二一年五月三十一日止

		Fee 袍金 HK\$	Salaries, other allowances and benefits 薪金、其他 津貼及福利 HK\$	Discretionary bonuses 酌情花紅 HK\$	Defined contribution pension costs 界定供款 養老金費用 HK\$	Total 總計 HK\$
Name	姓名	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Executive directors: Mr. Yeung Ho Ting Dennis (Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Tam Chun Yu	執行董事 : 楊浩廷先生 <i>(行政總裁)</i> 譚震宇先生	_	1,224,240 512,400	300,000 —	18,000 16,950	1,542,240 529,350
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事:					
executive directors:						
Mr. Li Kai Sing	李啟承先生	144,000	_	_	_	144,000
Mr. Ma Tsz Chun	馬時俊先生	144,000	_	_	_	144,000
Ms. Loh Lai Ping, Phillis	羅麗萍女士	144,000	_	_	_	144,000
		432,000	1,736,640	300,000	34,950	2,503,590

33 Benefits and interests of directors (Continued)

33 董事福利及權益(續)

(a) Directors' emoluments (Continued)

Year ended 31 May 2020

(a) 董事薪酬(續)

截至二零二零年五月三十一日止 年度

			Salaries,			
			other			
			allowances		Defined	
			and	Discretionary	contribution	
		Fee	benefits 薪金、其他	bonuses	pension costs 界定供款	Total
		袍金	津貼及福利	酌情花紅	養老金費用	總計
		HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$	HK\$
Name	姓名	港元	港元	港元	港元	港元
Executive directors:	執行董事:					
Mr. Yeung Ho Ting	楊浩廷先生					
Dennis (Chief	(行政總裁)					
Executive Officer)		_	1,197,407	300,000	18,000	1,515,407
Mr. Tam Chun Yu	譚震宇先生	_	626,250	96,417	18,000	740,667
Independent non-	獨立非執行董事:					
executive directors:						
Mr. Li Kai Sing	李啟承先生	174,000	_		_	174,000
Mr. Ma Tsz Chun	馬時俊先生	174,000	_	_	_	174,000
Ms. Loh Lai Ping, Phillis		174,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	174,000
	NA NA	522,000	1,823,657	396,417	36,000	2,778,074

(b) Directors' retirement benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any retirement benefits during the year (2020: Nil).

(c) Directors' termination benefits

None of the directors received or will receive any termination benefits during the year (2020: Nil).

(b) 董事退休福利

年內概無董事收到或將收到任何 退休福利(二零二零年:無)。

(c) 董事終止福利

年內概無董事收到或將收到任何 終止福利(二零二零年:無)。

33 Benefits and interests of directors (Continued)

(d) Directors' waived emoluments

None of the directors waived or agreed to waive any emoluments during the year (2020: Nil).

(e) Consideration provided to third parties for making available directors' services

During the year, the Company did not pay consideration to any third parties for making available directors' services (2020:

Information about loans, quasi-loans and other dealings in favor of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors

There were no loans, guasi-loans and other dealings in favor of directors, controlled bodies corporate by and connected entities with such directors during the year (2020: Nil).

(g) Directors' material interests in transactions. arrangements or contracts

No significant transactions, arrangements and contracts in relation to the Company's business to which the Company was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year (2020: Nil).

33 董事福利及權益(續)

(d) 董事放棄酬金

年內並無董事放棄或同意放棄任 何酬金(二零二零年:無)。

(e) 就獲提供董事服務而給予 第三方之代價

於年內,本公司概無就獲董事服 務向任何第三方支付代價(二零 二零年:無)。

(f) 有關以董事、該等董事之 受控制法團及關連實體為 受益人之貸款、準貸款及 其他交易之資料

年內概無有關以董事、該等董事 之受控制法團及關連實體為受 益人之貸款、準貸款及其他交易 (二零二零年:無)。

(a) 董事於交易、安排或合約 方面的重大利益

於年末或年內任何時間,本公司 並無參與本公司董事直接或間接 擁有重大權益而有關本公司業 務之重大交易、安排及合約存續 (二零二零年:無)。

34 Events occurring after the reporting period

Save as disclosed elsewhere in these consolidated financial statements, the following events took place subsequent to 31 May 2021:

With the launch of the vaccination programmes and the substantial decrease in the number of COVID-19 infected cases in 2021 compared to those in 2020 due to the good results of the control measures imposed by the respective governments of the PRC, Hong Kong and Macau where the Group primarily operates, there were signs that the COVID-19 situation has been easing in the regions. The economic activities resumed gradually and pop concerts and live events were permitted to be held.

However, uncertainties exist due to the number of infected cases caused by the COVID-19 variants such as Alpha and Delta have been increasing all over the world because they are highly contagious. The governments of the regions where the Group operates may tighten the control measures again which can seriously affect the Group's business.

The directors of the Company have been closely monitoring the development of the latest situation and have continuous discussion with the customers about their plans to resume the pop concerts and live events. In addition, the Group raised new banking facility in July 2021 to alleviate the liquidity pressure and has taken plans and implemented measures to enhance the Group's cash flows by accelerating the collection of trade receivables and reducing the operating costs.

34 報告期後事項

除該等綜合財務報表其他部分所披露 者外,於二零二一年五月三十一日後 發生了以下事項:

隨著疫苗接種計劃推出,以及由於本 集團主要營運所在地中國、香港及澳 門各地政府實施的控制措施取得良好 成效,二零二一年的COVID-19感染病 例數目較二零二零年大幅減少,顯示 該等地區的COVID-19疫情已有所緩 和。經濟活動已逐步恢復,而流行音 樂演唱會及現場活動獲准舉行。

然而,不確定情況仍然存在,此乃由 於COVID-19變種病毒(如Alpha及Delta) 具有高度傳染性,有關變種病毒導致 的感染病例數目在全球各地不斷上 升。本集團經營所在地區的政府可能 會再次收緊控制措施,此舉或會嚴重 影響本集團的業務。

本公司董事一直密切關注最新情況的 發展,並持續與客戶討論彼等恢復流 行音樂演唱會及現場活動的計劃。此 外,本集團於二零二一年十月籌集新 銀行融資以緩解流動資金壓力,並已 採取計劃及實施措施,透過加快收回 貿易應收款項及降低經營成本以改善 本集團的現金流量。

Financial Summary 財務摘要

Result 業績

For the year ended 31 May

截至五月三十一日止年度

		2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
		二零一七年	二零一八年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零二一年
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
		千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元	千港元
					1	
Revenue	收益	66,820	83,607	94,273	44,715	12,349
Cost of services	服務成本	(32,908)	(41,463)	(48,135)	(42,001)	(34,850)
Gross profit/(loss)	毛利/(毛損)	33,912	42,144	46,138	2,714	(22,501)
Profit/(loss) for the year	年度溢利/(虧損)	(663)	17,928	22,536	(24,305)	(35,078)

Assets and Liabilities

資產及負債

As at 31 May

於五月三十一日

		2017 二零一七年 HK\$'000 千港元	2018 二零一八年 HK\$′000 千港元	2019 二零一九年 HK\$'000 千港元	2020 二零二零年 HK\$'000 千港元	2021 二零二一年 HK\$'000 千港元
Non-current assets	非流動資產	64,941	82,002	90,475	98,823	86,271
Current assets	流動資產	37,843	67,598	69,977	31,245	14,826
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	29,010	8,339	7,589	6,699	3,851
Current liabilities	流動負債	49,161	34,115	23,200	18,068	26,913
Net current (liabilities)/	流動(負債)/資產					
assets	淨額	(11,318)	33,483	46,777	13,177	(12,087)
Net assets	資產淨值	24,613	107,146	129,663	105,301	70,333

The summary above does not form part of the audited consolidated financial statements.

上述摘要並不構成經審核綜合財務報表之 一部分。

