

# 嘉 利 國 際 控 股 有 限 公 司

## Karrie International Holdings Limited

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司 Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability) 香港交易所上市編號 HKEx Listing Code (1050)



# 厅心◎鼎立◎致猿

Craftsmanship Spirit @ Triple Strengths @ Sustainable Growth

ANNUAL REPORT 年報 2020/21

匠心●鼎立●致遠 秉承堅守工匠精神,追求精益求精,專注極緻的精神

Craftsmanship Spirit • Triple-Strengths • Sustainable Growth
We inherit a craftsmanship spirit, attention to details, pursuit of excellence and
quest for the ultimate.



# 開立 Triple Strengths

三足鼎立的意思,包括(1)業務方面謀求變革,業務及客戶需 均衡且多元化發展;(2)生產基地需分域佈局,以「走出去」外 延產線增強實力,在東盟市場埋下長遠部署;(3)內地依然是 我們的重心,需繼續做好革新,保持領先的競爭力,投資新 綜合生產大樓,以「引進來」策略拓展內銷市場。

The company's three pillars of growth and stability include (1) Change and reform to achieve a well-balanced and diversified business and customer base; (2) Manufacturing base diversification to extend our production lines outwards with a "go global" strategy, enhance our capability and lay a long term foundation in ASEAN market; (3) Continuing our focus in Mainland China and keeping abreast of innovative development to maintain our competitive edge, and invest in a new production complex to expand our business into the China market with a "Bringing In" strategy.

# 致读

## Sustainable Growth

憑藉靈活多變策略,我們才可以立足不 敗之地,永續經營,成就百年基業。

By embracing a flexible and dynamic strategy, we seek to maintain an invincible position and operate our business in a sustainable manner.



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## **Corporate Information**

## 公司資料

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

### **HEAD OFFICE AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS**

9th Floor Southeast Industrial Building 611-619 Castle Peak Road Tsuen Wan New Territories Hong Kong

#### **WEBSITE**

http://www.karrie.com

#### **DIRECTORS**

Executive Directors

Mr. HO Cheuk Fai (Chairman & CEO)

Ms. CHAN Ming Mui, Silvia

Mr. ZHAO Kai Mr. CHAN Raymond

Non-executive Directors
Mr. HO Cheuk Ming

(Non-executive Director and Deputy Chairman)

Mr. HO Kai Man

**Independent Non-executive Directors** 

Mr. FONG Hoi Shing Mr. YAM Chung Shing Dr. LAU Kin Wah

(was appointed on 1 December 2020)

Mr. SO Wai Chun

(resigned on 1 December 2020)

### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. FONG Hoi Shing (Chairman)

(was re-designated as Chairman on 1 December 2020)

Mr. HO Cheuk Ming Mr. YAM Chung Shing Dr. LAU Kin Wah

(was appointed on 1 December 2020)

Mr. SO Wai Chun *(Chairman)* (resigned on 1 December 2020)

## 註冊辦事處

Clarendon House 2 Church Street Hamilton HM11 Bermuda

#### 總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港 新界 荃灣 青山公路611-619號 東南工業大廈 9樓

#### 網址

http://www.karrie.com

## 董事

執行董事 何焯輝先生(主席兼行政總裁) 陳名妹小姐 趙凱先生 陳毅文先生

非執行董事 何卓明先生 *(非執行董事兼副主席)* 何啟文先生

## 獨立非執行董事

方海城先生 任重誠先生 劉健華博士 (二零二零年十二月一日獲委任) 蘇偉俊先生 (二零二零年十二月一日辭任)

## 審核委員會

**番校安員** 方海城先生(主席) (於二零二零年十二月一日調任為主席) 何卓明先生 任重誠先生 劉健華博士 (二零二零年十二月一日獲委任) 蘇偉俊先生(主席) (二零二零年十二月一日辭任)

## **Corporate Information**

公司資料

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. YAM Chung Shing (Chairman)

(was re-designated as Chairman on 1 December 2020)

Mr. HO Cheuk Ming Dr. LAU Kin Wah

(was appointed on 1 December 2020)

Mr. SO Wai Chun (Chairman) (resigned on 1 December 2020)

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. TANG Wing Fai

#### **AUDITOR**

**KPMG** 

Certified Public Accountants

Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance

8th Floor Prince's Building

10 Chater Road

Central, Hong Kong

### **LEGAL ADVISER**

WINSTON & STRAWN

42nd Floor, Bank of China Tower

1 Garden Road

Central

Hong Kong

## PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Hang Seng Bank

The Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

The Bank of East Asia, Limited

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited

China Construction Bank (Asia)

Mizuho Bank, Ltd.

Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

4/F., North Cedar House

41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited

Rooms 1712–1716, 17th Floor

Hopewell Centre

183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

## 薪酬委員會

任重誠先生(主席)

(於二零二零年十二月一日調任為主席)

何卓明先生

劉健華博士

(二零二零年十二月一日獲委任)

蘇偉俊先生(主席)

(二零二零年十二月一日辭任)

### 公司秘書

鄧榮輝先生

#### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

於《財務匯報局條例》下的註冊公眾利

益實體核數師

香港中環

遮打道10號

太子大廈8樓

## 法律顧問

溫斯頓律師事務所

香港中環

花園道一號

中銀大廈

四十二樓

## 主要往來銀行

恒生銀行

東亞銀行有限公司

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司

中國建設銀行(亞洲)

瑞穗銀行

三井住友銀行

## 主要股份過戶登記處

MUFG Fund Services (Bermuda) Limited

4/F., North Cedar House

41 Cedar Avenue

Hamilton HM 12

Bermuda

#### 香港股份過戶登記分處

香港中央證券登記有限公司

香港灣仔

皇后大道東183號

合和中心

17樓1712-1716室

## **Key Information for Shareholders**

## 主要股東資料

**FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2021** 

**Financial Year End** 31 March 2021

Announcement of 2020/21 results

24 June 2021

Last day to register for the entitlement to attend and vote at the 2020/21 Annual General Meeting

17 August 2021

2020/21 Annual General Meeting

24 August 2021

Last day to register for 2020/21

**Final Dividends** 27 August 2021

2020/21 Final Dividend expected

**Payment Date** 15 September 2021

**SHARE CAPITAL** 

二零二一年財務年誌

財務年結日

二零二一年三月三十一日

二零二零年/二一年度業績公佈日期

二零二一年六月二十四日

享有參與二零二零年/二一年度

股東週年大會及投票之最後登記日期

二零二一年八月十七日

二零二零年/二一年股東週年大會

二零二一年八月二十四日

二零二零年/二一年度末期股息

最後登記日期

二零二一年八月二十七日

預計二零二零年/二一年度末期股息

派息日

二零二一年九月十五日

股本

As at

截至

31 March 2021 二零二一年

30 June 2021

二零二一年

三月三十一日

六月三十日

Authorised (HK\$) Issued (HK\$)

法定(港元) 已發行(港元) 400,000,000 201,243,920 400,000,000 201,583,920

## **Key Information for Shareholders**

主要股東資料

#### **MARKET CAPITALISATION**

As at 31 March 2021 (Closing Price: HK\$1.50) HK\$3,018,658,800

As at 30 June 2021 (Closing Price: HK\$1.74) HK\$3,507,560,208

#### **STOCK CODE**

The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange")
Main Board

1050

## **BOARD LOT**

2,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the "Share(s)")

### **SHAREHOLDER SERVICES**

Any matters relating to your shareholding, such as transfer of shares, change of name or address, and loss of share certificates should be addressed in writing to the Hong Kong branch share registrar of Karrie International Holdings Limited (the "Company"):

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Rooms 1712–16, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2862-8628 Fax: (852) 2529-6087

#### **INVESTOR RELATIONS**

For enquiries, please contact:

Ms. Isabella Lam Corporate Communications Manager Karrie International Holdings Limited 9th Floor, Southeast Industrial Building 611-619 Castle Peak Road Tsuen Wan, New Territories Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2411-0913 Fax: (852) 2415-1608 Email: ir@karrie.com

#### 市值

截至二零二一年三月三十一日

(收市價: **1.50港元**) 3,018,658,800港元

截至二零二一年六月三十日

(收市價: **1.74港元**) 3,507,560,208港元

## 股份編號

香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)

主板 1050

## 每手股數

2,000本公司普通股股份(「股份」)

## 股東服務

假若有任何關於 閣下股份之事宜,包括股份轉讓、更改姓名或地址、遺失股票等,請以書面聯絡嘉利國際控股有限公司(「本公司」)的香港股份過戶登記分處:

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心

17樓1712-16室

電話: (852) 2862-8628 傳真: (852) 2529-6087

### 投資者關係

如有任何垂詢,請聯絡:

林諾媛小姐 企業傳訊經理 嘉利國際控股有限公司 香港 新界荃灣 青山公路611-619號

東南工業大廈9樓 電話:(852) 2411-0913 傳真:(852) 2415-1608 電郵:ir@karrie.com

# Corporate Calendar 企業大事日誌

2020	8月 August	內地嘉安廠及嘉輝廠分別連續第四年及第三年榮獲「廣東省守合同重信用企業」 Caston Plant and Castfast Plant in the Mainland were awarded the "Guangdong Province Enterprise of Observing Contract and Valuing Credit" for the fourth and third consecutive year respectively 集團獲中銀香港企業環保領先大獎2019頒發「環保優秀企業 — 5年+參與環保先驅獎章」 Awarded the "EcoChallenger — 5 Years+ EcoPioneer Logo" under the Corporate Environmental Leadership Awards 2019 of Bank of China (Hong Kong) 集團獲香港工業總會舉辦「工業獻愛心2020」頒發企業組「最具踴躍投入獎」及「卓越關懷大獎」 Awarded "The Most Devoted Award" and "Outstanding Caring Award" of Enterprise Group under the Industry Cares Recognition Scheme 2020 held
	9月 September	by the Federation of Hong Kong Industries 集團獲香港中小型企業總商會有限公司頒發「2020友商有良」嘉許計劃 「友商有良5+」標誌 Received the "Partner Employer Awards 5 Years" logo under the Partner Employer Award 2020 held by the Hong Kong General Chamber of Small and Medium Businesses 集團主席兼行政總裁何焯輝師長榮獲2020年度「香港工業專業評審局」榮譽院士榮銜 Mentor Ho Cheuk Fai, the chairman and CEO of the Group, was conferred the Honorary Fellowship 2020 of the Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries
	11月 November	集團玉泉廠區B6嘉利工匠大樓舉行隆重奠基儀式 The Group held a grand groundbreaking ceremony for the Karrie Craftsmanship Building (嘉利工匠大樓) in site B6 of Yuquan Plant 集團獲香港生產力促進局舉辦「FITMI香港創新科技成就大獎2020」頒發「卓越製造業成就大獎」 Awarded the "Manufacturing Excellence Achievement Award" under the FITMI Hong Kong Innovation Technology Achievement Award 2020" held by the Hong Kong Productivity Council 集團獲香港董事學會頒發「2020年度傑出董事會獎(上市公司類別)」,今年度主題為『挑戰時刻,領導先峰』,突顯集團在不平凡的一年有傑出表現,意義重大 Awarded the "Directors of the Year Awards 2020 (Listed Companies Categories)" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors. The theme of this year is "Vanguard In Challenging Times", which demonstrates the Group's excellent performance in this extraordinary year and carries great importance
	12月 December	嘉輝豪庭四、五期項目舉行封頂儀式 The topping out ceremony for the Phases 4 and 5 of the Castfast Villas project 集團獲頒高新技術企業之國家級認証,彰顯集團自動化生產的成就 Awarded the national Certificate of High and New Technology Enterprise showing the achievement of the Group's automation

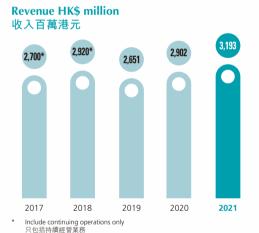
## Corporate Calendar 企業大事日誌

	2月 February	嘉輝豪庭第四期住宅項目中的1號及11號樓已領取建築工程竣工驗收備案證書 Buildings No. 1 and No. 11 of the Phase 4 resident project of Castfast Villas have obtained the Construction Works Completion Examination and Filing Certificate
2021	3月 March	集團榮獲「2020年度鳳崗鎮新冠肺炎疫情防控先進單位」 Awarded the "Leading Entity for COVID-19 Control and Prevention in Fenggang 2020"   落實於泰國增設自動化生產線,以開拓多元化生產基地 Established additional automated production lines in Thailand to develop a diversified production base
	5月 May	集團連續十五年獲香港社會服務聯會頒發「15年Plus商界展關懷」標誌 Received the "15 Years Plus Caring Company Logo" for the fifteen consecutive year from The Hong Kong Council of Social Service 集團獲中國通海投資者關係頒發「華富卓越投資者關係大獎2020(主板類別)」獎項 Awarded the "Quam IR Awards 2020 (Main Board Categories)" issued by China Tonghai IR

## **Financial Highlights**

## 財務概要











## **Financial Highlights**

財務概要

## Turnover percentage by Business 按業務劃分的營業額百分率

- Metal and Plastic Business 五金塑膠業務
- Electronics Manufacturing Services Business 電子專業代工業務
- Real Estate Business 房地產業務

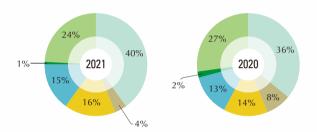


Turnover percentage by Geographical Location (based on the country in which the final destination of shipment is located or services are provided)

按產品所在地劃分的營業額百分率(根據最終付運目的地或服務提供所在國家分配)

- Japan 日本
- Hong Kong 香港
- Mainland China 中國內地
- Asia (excluding Japan, Hong Kong and Mainland China) 亞洲(不包括日本、香港及中國內地)
- North America 北美洲





		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年	% Changes 變動百分比
HK\$ million				
Revenue	收入	3,193	2,902	+10%
Gross profit	毛利	714	529	+35%
Operating profit	經營溢利	533	381	+40%
Profit for the year	年度溢利	365	250	+46%
Profit attributable to equity shareholders	權益持有人應佔溢利	365	250	+46%
Total assets	資產總值	3,651	3,019	+21%
Shareholders' equity	股東權益	1,431	1,176	+22%
In Million	百萬股			
Number of Shares	股份數目	2,012	1,994	+1%
Per Share Data	每股資料			
HK cents	港仙			
Basic earnings	基本溢利	18.3	12.6	+45%
Diluted earnings	攤薄後溢利	18.2	12.5	+46%
Total cash dividends	總現金股息	11.5	9.0	+28%
Net asset value per Share	每股資產淨值	71	59	+20%
Financial Ratios	財務比率			
Gross profit margin (%)	邊際毛利(%)	22.4	18.2	+23%
Net profit margin (%)	邊際純利(%)	11.4	8.6	+33%
Current ratio	流動比率	1.7	2.1	-19%
Quick ratio	速動比率	1.5	1.6	-6%
Net gearing ratio (%)	淨銀行借貸比率(%)	35.0	56.0	-38%
Interest coverage	利息涵蓋比率	78.9	18.1	+336%
Dividend payout (%)	派息比率(%)	62.8	71.4	-12%
Revenue to net bank borrowings	收入與淨銀行借貸比率	6.4	4.4	+45%
Non-current assets to total equity (%)	非流動資產與權益總值比率(%)	63.0	76.0	-17%

# Financial Highlights 財務概要

DEFINITIONS			定義			
Basic earnings per Share	Profit attributable to equity shareholders  Weighted average number of Shares	_	每股基本溢利	權益持有人應佔溢利 加權平均股數		
Diluted earnings	Profit attributable to equity shareholders	_	每股攤薄後溢利	權益持有人應佔溢利		
per Share	Diluted weighted average number of Shares		) IN IN- (1) IN III   1)	攤薄加權平均股數		
Net asset value	Net assets		左 00 次 文 河 仕	資產淨值		
per Share	Number of Shares as at year end	_	每股資產淨值	年底股數		
Gross profit	Gross profit	1000/	2自10次 デエルの/	毛利	1000/	
margin (%)	Revenue	- x 100%	邊際毛利(%)	收入	x 100%	
Net profit	Profit for the year	1000/	2自7枚 4式 壬(1/0/)	年度溢利	1000/	
margin (%)	Revenue	- x 100%	邊際純利(%)	收入	x 100%	
C	Current assets		次科贝安	流動資產		
Current ratio –	Current liabilities	_	流動比率	流動負債		
Ovideratio -	Current assets less inventories		速動比率	流動資產減存貨		
Quick ratio -	Current liabilities	_	述 <b> </b>	流動負債		
Net gearing ratio (%)	Bank borrowings less cash and bank deposits and restricted deposits	_	淨銀行借貸 比率(%)	銀行借貸減現金及銀行存款及 受限制存款		
τατιο (70)	Total equity		16 + (70)	權益總值		
Interest coverage	Earnings before interest expenses, tax, depreciation and amortisation		利息涵蓋比率	扣除利息支出、税項、 折舊及攤銷前溢利		
	Interest expenses			利息支出		
Dividend	Dividend per Share	1000/	运自从来(0/)	每股股息	1000/	
payout (%)	Earnings per Share	- x 100%	派息比率(%)	每股溢利	x 100%	
Dougnus to not	Revenue		收入與淨銀行	收入		
Revenue to net bank borrowings	Bank borrowings less cash and bank deposits and restricted deposits		收入無序數17 借貸比率	銀行借貸減現金及銀行存款及 受限制存款		
Non-current assets	Non-current assets		非流動資產與	非流動資產		
to total equity (%)	Total equity		權益總值比率(%	權益總值		

## Chairman's Statement 主 席 報 告

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND RESULTS

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group was principally engaged in:

- Metal and Plastic Business ("M&P"): providing mechanical engineering solutions, manufacturing and sales of metal and plastic parts, including moulds and the relevant plastic and metal parts products for information and communication technology industry, etc.;
- Electronic Manufacturing Services Business ("EMS"): manufacturing and sales of magnetic tape data storage, point-of-sale ("POS") system, and other computer peripherals, etc.; and
- Real Estate Business: urban renewal, residential real estate project investment and development.

## 主要業務及業績

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止,本集 團主要從事:

- 五金塑膠業務(「五金塑膠」):提供機械工程解決方案,製造及銷售金屬及塑膠部件,主要包括資訊及通訊科技產業之模具、相關塑膠與金屬部件產品等;
- 電子專業代工業務(「電子代工」): 製造及銷售磁帶機數據儲存器、 收銀機系統及其他電腦周邊產品 等;及
- 房地產業務:舊城改造、住宅房地 產項目投資及發展。



## 電子專業代工業務 ELECTRONIC MANUFACTURING SERVICES BUSINESS

存儲產品 STORAGE PRODUCT



POS SYSTEM

自動售賣機 AUTOMATIC VENDING MACHINE

## 主席報告

### (1) Business Review

#### I. Results

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the revenue of the Group was HK\$3,192,617,000 (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$2,902,208,000), which increased by approximately 10% when compared with the corresponding period last year. Profit for the year attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company amounted to HK\$365,281,000 (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$250,266,000), which increased by approximately 46% when compared with the corresponding period last year. The increase in profit was mainly attributable to the significant growth in our M&P Business, the increase in production efficiency of automated production, the delivery of units of real estate projects with revenue recognised, and the receipt of a oneoff concessions and expenses waivers from the Hong Kong and Mainland governments. It is gratifying to note that the Company has achieved outstanding results despite the epidemic haze.

The industrial business recorded an increase in revenue. It was mainly due to the excellent performance of the M&P Business as a result of the rising demand for cloud applications, online commerce and high performance computing, boosting the demand for servers. The revenue of the industrial business for the year ended 31 March 2021 increased by approximately 6% to HK\$2,793,374,000 when compared with the corresponding period last year (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$2,630,003,000). In light of the optimisation of product mix, the operating profit of such segments was up by approximately 25% to HK\$302,993,000 when compared with the corresponding period last year (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$242,947,000).

## (一)業務回顧

## I. 業績方面

截至二零二一年三月三十一 日止年度,本集團之收入為 3,192,617,000港 元(截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度: 2.902.208.000港元)較去年同 期增加約10%,而本公司權益 持有人應佔溢利為365,281,000 港元(截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度: 250,266,000 港元)較去年同期增加了約 46%。溢利增加主要是五金塑 膠業務增長良好、自動化生產 增加生產效率、房地產項目單 位交付入賬及獲得香港及內 地政府一次性優惠及支出減免 優惠。本公司業績在疫情陰霾 下,仍取得佳績,令人欣慰。

工業業務的收入均錄得上 升。主要是雲端應用、線上 商務、高效運算等需求持續 上升,帶動伺服器需求上升, 導致五金塑膠業務業績良 好。工業業務於截至二零二一 年三月三十一日止年度之收 入較去年同期上升了約6%至 2,793,374,000港元(截至二零 二零年三月三十一日止年度: 2,630,003,000港元)。鑑於在 優化組合產品的情況下,導致 有關分部之經營溢利較去年同 期上升約25%至302,993,000 港元(截至二零二零年三月 三十一日止年度: 242,947,000 港元)。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

The real estate business recorded a revenue of HK\$399,243,000 for the year (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$272,205,000), representing an increase of approximately 47% as compared with the corresponding period of last year. Such increase was mainly attributable to the completion of the delivery of the units of Phase 3 and the forthcoming Phase 4 of Castfast Villas (嘉輝豪庭) with revenue recognised. Accordingly, the operating profit of real estate business also surged 67% to HK\$230,138,000 (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$137,833,000). With the increasing maturity of our real estate business, it is expected there will be a greater profit contribution.

#### II. Industrial Business

Revenue for year 2020/21 increased by approximately 6% when compared with last year, which was primarily due to the followings:

- (a) the increase in the revenue of M&P for the year ended 31 March 2021 of approximately 16% to HK\$1,895,368,000 when compared with the corresponding period last year (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$1,632,236,000), mainly due to the continuous increasing demand for servers and the significant increase in orders from some key customers.
- (b) the revenue of EMS for the year ended 31 March 2021 dropped by 10% to HK\$898,006,000 when compared with the corresponding period last year (for the year ended 31 March 2020: HK\$997,767,000), mainly owing to overall lower demand for certain retail equipment and products resulting from the global epidemic.

#### Ⅱ. 工業業務方面

二零二零/二一年度收入較去年上升約6%,主要是:

- (a) 五金塑膠於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之收入較去年同期上升了約16%至1,895,368,000港元(截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度:1,632,236,000港元)。主要由於市場對伺服器的需求持續上升,以及部分重要客戶的訂單有明顯升幅等。
- (b) 電子代工於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之收入較去年同期下跌了約10%至898,006,000港元(截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度:997,767,000港元)。主要由於部分零售業設備之至球疫情影響而導致整體需求減少所致。

## 主席報告

- the Group has been committed to upgrading and renovating automation technology and optimising the management of production data and the research and development of technology. During the year, the Group applied 3D printing technology to the processing procedures of the specific parts and components of plastic moulds to enhance mould management standards; it also invested in an intelligent inspection system to improve product quality with a high-precision automated optical inspection (AOI) technology. In addition, a fully automated assembly production line was also put into operation, while together with the auxiliary bending system and the 3D visual automatic in-feed system implemented earlier, the Group's production efficiency continued to be optimised, strengthening our industrial foundation. Certain production technologies of the Group have also been granted patent certificates. In addition, the Group has been awarded the national Certificate of High and New Technology Enterprise, that further recognised the outstanding achievements of our automation technology.
- (d) at the same time, the Group attaches great importance to team building. Apart from comprehensively promoting cross-training of business skills and enhancing flexibility in manpower deployment, the Group also actively recruits talents and provides corresponding incentives to build up an excellent and diversified team of talents, which is the cornerstone of long-term development and heritage.

- 本集團一直致力於自動 (c) 化技術升級改造、優化 生產數據管理及技術研 發。年內,集團將3D打 印技術應用於塑膠模具 特定零部件加工程序, 以提升模具管理標準;另 投入智能化檢測系統, 以高精度自動光學檢測 (AOI) 技術完善產品質 量。此外,全自動裝配 生產線亦順利投入使用, 配合較早期投入的輔助 折彎系統及3D視覺自動 上料系統,集團的生產 效益得以持續優化,令 工業根基更為鞏固。集 團部分生產技術亦已取 得專利証書。此外,集 團於年內獲得高新技術 企業之國家級認證,進 一步肯定集團在自動化 製造領域的地位。
- (d) 同時,本集團重視團隊 建設,除了全面推動業務 交叉培訓技能,加強人手 調配的靈活性;亦積極廣 納人才,配合相應獎勵, 建立優秀且多元化的展 才梯隊,締造長遠發展 及承傳的基石。

- in order to continue to expand the scale of our business, the Group actively invested in strengthening our industrial capabilities despite the global impact of the epidemic. During the year, the Group utilised its own land and constructed an additional production complex named "Karrie Craftsmanship Building (嘉利工匠 大樓)". The building is located in Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, China, adjacent to our existing factory, with a gross floor area of approximately 44,500 sq.m. It will be equipped with stamping, welding, product assembly and large moulds manufacturing related equipment. The first phase of investment is expected to be completed in 2021, and the second phase will be completed and put into operation in 2022. Upon completion, the Karrie Craftsmanship Building will become the Group's new headquarter in Mainland, which will also be an important step for the Group to expand into the domestic market. The Group will continue to recruit talents and introduce production technologies and establish a sales team in Mainland China to meet the long-term business strategy of "bringing in".
- 為持續擴大業務規模, (e) 即使疫情對全球造成影 響,本集團仍然積極投 入資源以鞏固工業實力。 年內,本集團利用自有土 地增建一綜合生產大樓, 命名為「嘉利工匠大樓」。 大樓坐落於中國東莞市 鳳崗鎮毗鄰現有廠房, 建築面積約為44,500平 方米,將配置沖壓、焊 接、產品組裝及大型模 具製造相關設備,預計 二零二一年內完成第一期 投資,將於二零二二年完 成第二期建設,並正式 投入運作。落成後,嘉 利工匠大樓將成為本集 團於內地的新總部,亦 為拓展中國內銷市場定 下重要的一步。集團將 持續引入人才及引進生 產技術,並設立內地銷 售團隊,以迎合[引進來] 之長遠業務策略部署。



新建綜合生產大樓,為拓展中國內銷市場定 下重要的一步

A newly constructed production complex set an important step for the Group to expand into the domestic market



奠基儀式已於2020年11月隆重舉行 A grand groundbreaking ceremony is held in November 2020

## 主席報告

- in addition, the Group also made a strategic deployment to further expand its market share in server chassis. During the year, the Group commenced a plan to extend its production bases overseas, starting with the ASEAN market with addition automated production lines in Thailand, which will help the Group disperse its trade risks and meet the needs of different customers. Besides, through the close communication and cooperation with an automotive moulds and plastic injection manufacturer in Thailand in which the Group has a stake, it is expected that the Group's strategic layout in the automotive parts and components market will be further strengthened, thereby expanding its product portfolio.
- (g) meanwhile, the Group has also set up a design and research and development centre in Taiwan. Through a team of experienced professionals, we provide high value-added mechanical design solutions to customers, enhance product development, and provide engineering support in various aspects to foster our relationships with customer, with a view to meeting the increasing requirements of customers.
- 此外,本集團亦為進一 步擴大伺服器外殼的市 場份額而作出策略性的 部署,於年內展開計劃 伸延生產基地至海外地 區,率先佈局東盟市場, 在泰國增設自動化生產 線,將有助集團分散貿 易風險,以及滿足不同 客戶的需求。另外透過 與已入股之泰國汽車模 具及注塑製造商的緊密 溝通和合作,期望將進 一步加強本集團在汽車 零部件市場的戰略佈局, 從而擴大產品組合。

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Our Board of the Group awarded the "Directors of the Year Awards 2020-Listed Companies-Categories" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Directors

- in November 2020, the Group received the "Directors of The Year Awards 2020" awarded by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors under the theme of "Vanguard in Challenging Times" for the year. By focusing on corporate governance, building a diversified and balanced board management team and earnestly implementing internal control and risk management, the Group is able to formulate strategies in an objective and pragmatic manner to safeguard the interests of shareholders, and the benefits of all stakeholders. The Group's board of directors is honoured to receive such award at a time when the capital market is becoming increasingly demanding in terms of corporate governance.
- (i) Lastly, the Group has been fulfilling its corporate social responsibility over the years with a focus on sustainable development, covering areas such as environmental protection, caring for the community, caring for employees, training and development, product responsibility and corporate governance, details of which will be shared in the Group's Sustainability Report 2020/21.



- 本集團於二零二零年十一 月榮獲香港董事學會頒 發的[二零二零年度傑出 董事獎」,本屆的主題為 「挑戰時刻、領導先鋒」。 本集團注重企業管治、 構建多元化成員及均衡 董事會管理團隊,切實 執行內部監控及風險管 治,故能以客觀務實的 態度謀訂策略,維護股 東利益及各持份者的權 益。在資本市場日益嚴 厲要求企業管治時,本 集團董事會之獲獎,倍 感殊榮。

## 主席報告

#### III. Real Estate Business

The real estate business matures gradually and recorded revenue of HK\$399,243,000 for the year ended 31 March 2021, which included the successive delivery of units of the project of Phase 3 and Phase 4 of Castfast Villas, with the major projects as follows:

• Phase 3 of Castfast Villas ("Phase 3"), a joint residential project with our major shareholder, was completed during the financial year with the remaining units being delivered successively. For the year ended 31 March 2021, a revenue of HK\$280,181,000 was recorded for a total of 188 units were delivered (with a total area of over 19,500 square metres at an average selling price of approximately RMB27,200 per square metre) and revenue was recognised during the year.

## Ⅲ. 房地產業務方面

房地產業務日漸成熟,截至 二零二一年三月三十一日止年 度錄得收入為399,243,000港 元,其中包括嘉輝豪庭三期及 第四期項目單位相繼完成交 付,主要項目如下:

• 與大股東合作計劃之嘉 輝豪庭第三期項目」), 項目(「三期項目」),, 餘單位相繼交付。 意單位相繼交付。 一年度錄得收, 一年度錄得收, 共有188個單位交付 共有188個單位交付, 平 計19,500多平方米人 計19,500分 等價每平方米約 長 電 27,200元)並確認收入 賬。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

The residential project of Phases 4 of Castfast Villas, a wholly-owned development project under the Three Old Renovation Plan has delivered 41 units during the year and recorded a total revenue of HK\$119,062,000 (with a total of 3,900 square meters at an average selling price of approximately RMB29,000 per square meter). As of 27 May 2021, the residential project of Phase 4 and Phase 5 of Castfast Villas, with a total saleable floor area of approximately 120,000 square meters, has pre-sold approximately 260 units with a total of approximately 26,000 square meters at an average selling price of approximately RMB30,000 per square meter and is expected to be delivered in 2021 and 2022 successively.

全資擁有開發的三舊 改造住宅項目嘉輝豪庭 第四期,年內已交付41 個單位,共錄得收入為 119,062,000港 元(共 計 有3,900平方米,平均 售價為每平方米約人民 幣29,000元)。截至二零 二一年五月二十七日, 嘉輝豪庭第四、五期的 住宅項目總可售樓面面 積約120,000平方米,預 售約260個單位,共計約 26,000平方米,平均售 價為每平方米約人民幣 30,000元,預計在二零 二一及二零二二年陸續交 付。





嘉輝豪庭第四、五期 Phase 4 and Phase 5 of Castfast Villas







## 主席報告

developed residential development project, Castfast Mansion in Boluo County, Huizhou is on schedule with satisfactory progress. The project is expected to be completed in 2022 with a saleable floor area of approximately 30,000 square metres, which is now available for pre-sale.

• 另一自主開發的惠 州博羅縣嘉輝公郎 住宅項目工程如期 進展良好,預計二 零二二年竣工,可售 樓面面積約30,000 平方米,目前已開 始預售。

## Conclusion

Looking back to the past financial year, the Group's results are certainly gratifying. However, in the face of different challenges from fierce market competition, Renminbi appreciation and rising raw material prices, the Group will stay vigilant and seize the opportunities arising from the post-epidemic demand for digitalisation, cloud services, online commerce and social media, etc. We will actively expand our business competency and adopt practical measures of "recruiting talents, innovating research and development, diversifying products, extending the base of production and markets expansion" to meet the constant challenges and provide solutions to our customers with a view to achieving a win-win situation. Therefore, the Group shall adopt a vision of sustainable operation, and implement the craftmanship spirits of focus, professionalism, dedication, lean and innovation. Leveraging our three-pillars development strategies of balanced business and customer development, bringing in and going global, the Group will enhance its competitiveness and steadily move forward to its goal of building up a centennial business.

### 總結

回顧過去的財政年度,斐然的成績固然 令人欣喜,但面對劇烈的市場競爭、人 民幣升值及原材料價格上升等不同挑 戰,本集團仍會時刻居安思危,並把握 好後疫情對數據化、雲端服務、線上 商務及社交媒體等需求而迎來的機遇, 積極擴大業務實力,採納「廣納人才、 創新研發、多元產品、伸延產地、開 拓市場 | 的實際措施,以應對不斷的挑 戰,為客戶提供解決方案,共諦雙贏。 因此,本集團必須以致遠永續經營的思 維,以專注、專業、敬業、精益、及創 新的工匠精神確切執行,朝著業務及客 戶均衡發展、引進來及走出去的三足 鼎立發展方略,始能增強本集團的競爭 力,為構建百年基業的目標穩步前行。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

## (2) Dividend Policy

In the results announcement for the first quarter of year 2006/07, the Board announced the adoption of a new dividend policy, which outlines the factors that should be taken into account in determining the amount of dividend for distribution, such as the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company, cash flow and investment budgets. After careful consideration of the aforementioned factors, and for the purpose of maintaining the track record of consecutive annual payment of dividends since the listing, the Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK7.0 cents per share to all the shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 31 August 2021.

## (3) Geographical Distribution

The Group has adopted a diversified approach in product delivery and does not rely on one single market. Details of the Group's geographical distribution are set out in the paragraph headed "Segment Reporting" in note 5 to the Consolidated Financial Statements of this annual report.

## (二)股息政策

董事會於二零零六/零七年度第一季度業績公佈採納「新股息政策列出決定股息的派 新股息政策列出決定股息的派 金額時所須考慮的因素,如本流 強有人應佔溢利、現金 推資預算。董事會經 持有人應董事會經 持有人應 上述各項因素後,及維持上記 是 是 建議派發末期股息每股7.0港 是 當日名列於本公司股東名冊內的 東。

## (三)地域分佈

集團一向採取多元化模式付運產品,不會依賴單一市場。本集團地域分佈的詳情列於本年報之綜合財務報表附註5名為「分部報告」之段落內。

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## (4) Prospect

- The Group will continue to deepen its automated production, increasing its investment in production line and expanding the scope of application for its automation technology. For example, our goal is to make breakthrough in the automated assembly and production field, which is expected to commence stage by stage in 2021. We have also begun the research and development for professional technology and innovations in production process, especially moulds technology for vehicles and consumables, which serve as preparation in advance for new products and businesses, allowing for the establishment of smart plants featuring human-machine collaboration and moving towards the production model of Industry 4.0.
- The trend of replacing traditional vehicles with electric vehicles is irresistible. As governments of different countries implement policies to encourage and promote the use of electric vehicles, it is expected that the electric vehicle market will experience rapid growth in the future. Currently, the charging network for new energy vehicle is still at its initial development stage. There is huge room of growth for the market of charging station. Earlier, the Group has participated in orders related to the casings of electric vehicles charging piles, which lays the foundation for our electric vehicles charging piles business and facilitates its long-term development. The Group is actively exploring cooperation opportunities with different electric vehicle charging solution providers with an aim to achieve synergy, hoping to further deepen the development of charging station and electric vehicle accessory business.

## (四)展望

- (b) 電動 (b) 医 (c) E (c)

- The Group's Thailand Plant began ordering production equipment, and it is expected to commence production by the end of 2021. The Group believes that, with the support of free investment policy and tax concessions from the Board of Investment of Thailand, the Group can better utilize its strategic advantage of "Going Out" and diversify the customers base and product portfolio. On top of that, following the entering of the Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (the "RCEP"), establishing plants in Thailand can reduce the risk of trade barriers while allowing us to participate in the largest free trade and economic system of the world, which expand the Group's coverage within the Asia-Pacific region. The Group's Thailand Plant focuses on metal stamping technology and production. Through strategic cooperation with a Thai automotive parts and moulds manufacturer, we believe that their plastic injection and automotive parts manufacturing experience will create synergy effects with the Group, and lay down a foundation for the Group's long term deployment in the automotive parts market and China's domestic market.
- 本集團的泰國廠房已進行訂 (c) 購生產設備的階段,預計二零 二一年底 開始陸續投產。本 集團深信透過泰國投資促進 委員會予以的自由投資政策 及税務優惠支持下,本集團更 能發揮「走出去」的戰略優勢, 以實踐產品客戶多元化。加 上,隨着[區域全面經濟夥伴 協定」(「RCEP」)的簽訂,於泰 國設廠有利降低貿易壁壘風 險,並得以參與全球最大自貿 經濟體系,以擴充本集團於 亞太地區版圖。本集團位於 泰國的廠房專注於五金沖壓 技術及生產,我們相信誘過 與泰國汽車零部件及模具製 造商的策略合作,其塑膠注 塑技術及汽車零部件生產經 驗能夠與本集團產生協同效 應,為本集團在汽車零部件市 場及中國內銷市場的長遠佈 局奠定基礎。

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- In terms of industrial business, benefited from the new trend of working from home, the increasing demand for cloud service and online business, as well as the popularization of high-performance computing, Al application, computing ancillary infrastructure and 5G telecommunication and data center, it is expected that future demand for servers will stay strong. As a world leading supplier of server chassis, this is expected to bring positive effect to the Group. Moreover, through cooperation, we have gradually deepened the relationship with and trust of some new customers. It is expected more next generation products will be launched in the future, which also correspondingly drives the revenue from the mould business.
- In terms of the real estate business, as a participant of the urban renewal projects for cities in the Greater Bay Area, not only will the Group continue to conduct initial procedures for the change of land use of a land parcel in Yan Tien, but will also proactively identify quality land parcel to replenish our land reserves. In the future, the Group does not rule out any cooperation with other property developers to develop urban renewal projects in Guangdong, seizing the development potential of the Greater Bay Area. Furthermore, Phases 4 and 5 of Castfast Villas, a residential project wholly-owned by the Group, will continue to release new units for sale. Under the strong demand, both sales and average selling prices increase. The Group believes that the real estate business will bring significant revenue for the shareholders.

## Uphold the spirit and make a fresh start

"Establishing a centennial enterprise is a long and arduous task". This summarizes the mission for sustainable development upheld by the Group. 2020 is the 40th anniversary of the Group. Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, the founder of the Group, takes this opportunity to look back to the moulds for plum-shaped flower building blocks skillfully crafted 50 years ago to demonstrate the spirit of "willing to face challenge and make innovation" under the difficult environment back then. Through reviewing the craftsmanship at the time, we hope to uphold original spirit of craftsmanship and infuse elements such as "focus, professionalism, dedication, lean and innovation" into various aspects of the enterprise. By rebuilding the brand of flower-shaped art building blocks as a motivation to the team, we drive and guide the spirit of innovation, so that they can face different challenges as flexibly as building blocks, providing cohesion for the long-term development of the Group. Let us encourage each other in our endeavors.

#### **FINANCIAL RESOURCES**

### **Borrowings**

With the commencement of the real estate business, net interest-bearing borrowings\* as at 31 March 2021 were approximately HK\$500,438,000 and the net interest-bearing borrowings ratio (being the proportion of total net interest-bearing borrowings over total equity) was 35% (as at 31 March 2020: net interest-bearing borrowings were approximately HK\$658,820,000 and net interest-bearing borrowings ratio was 56%). The financial position of the Group remains healthy.

Net interest-bearing borrowings represents bank borrowings and lease liabilities less cash and bank deposits and restricted deposits.

## 秉持初心 重新出發

#### 財務資源

#### 借貸

隨著房地產業務發展,於二零二一年三月三十一日的淨計息借貸票約為500,438,000港元及淨計息借貸比率(即淨計息借貸總額相對權益總額之比例)為35%(於二零二零年三月三十一日:淨計息借貸約為658,820,000港元及淨計息借貸比率為56%),本集團財務狀況仍然非常健康。

淨計息借貸代表銀行借貸及租賃負債減 現金及銀行存款及受限制存款。

## 主席報告

# Non-current Assets to Shareholders' Fund Ratio maintaining at below 1

The non-current assets to total equity ratio as at 31 March 2021 maintained at the healthy level of 63% (as at 31 March 2020: 76%), which represents the Group's non-current assets, such as plant and machineries are using its stable total equity as a support.

## **Capital Expenditure ("CAPEX")**

The initial estimate of the CAPEX Budget for the financial year 2021/22 is approximately HK\$172,090,000. The CAPEX was mainly used for construction of factory, acquiring machinery and equipment and computer system.

## **Resources Available**

Currently, the total interest-bearing bank borrowings are approximately HK\$917,466,000. The Group is confident that with the cash in hand and bank deposits of approximately HK\$144,978,000 and the unutilised banking facilities of approximately HK\$905,520,000, it is able to meet its current operational and capital expenditure requirements and to make strategic investments when opportunities arise.

### **Exchange Rate Exposure**

Most of the Group's assets, liabilities and transactions are denominated in HKD, USD and RMB. Foreign currency risk arises from commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations that are denominated in a currency other than the Group's functional currency, which in turn exerts pressure on the Group's production cost. To mitigate the impact of exchange rate fluctuation of RMB on its business, the Group will actively communicate with its customers in order to adjust the selling prices of its products and may use foreign exchange forward contracts to hedge against foreign currency risk (if and when necessary).

非流動資產與股東資金比率維持低於1 之水平

於二零二一年三月三十一日,非流動資產與權益總額比率維持於63%之健康水平(於二零二零年三月三十一日:76%),代表集團之非流動資產如廠房及機器皆以穩定之權益總額所支持。

## 固定資產投資

初步估計二零二一/二二財政年度的固定資產投資約為172,090,000港元。固定資產投資主要是用作興建廠房、購買機械設備及電腦系統之使用。

## 可動用資源

現時計息銀行借貸總額約為917,466,000港元,而手持現金及銀行存款約為144,978,000港元與及銀行未動用借貸額約905,520,000港元,集團有信心足夠應付現時營運與及資本性開支及如機遇出現時的策略性投資的需要。

## 匯兑風險

本集團之大部分資產、負債及業務交易 均以港元、美元及人民幣計值。自外國 業務之商業交易、經確認資產及負債以 及淨投資產生之外匯風險均以本集團 功能貨幣以外之貨幣計值,繼而對本集 團之生產成本造成壓力。為了降低果 民幣匯率波動對其業務之影響,本集團 將積極與其客戶溝通,從而調整以對 品之售價及可能使用外匯遠期合約以對 沖外匯風險(如需要)。

## **Contingent Liabilities**

The Group has provided guarantees to banks to secure the mortgage arrangements of certain property buyers. As at 31 March 2021, the outstanding guarantees to the banks amounted to HK\$166,451,000 which will be released upon the completion of the transfer procedures with the property buyers in respect of the legal title of the properties.

The directors do not consider the Group will sustain a loss under these guarantees as the bank has the rights to sell the property and recovers the outstanding loan balance from the sale proceeds if the property buyers have default payment. The Group has not recognised any deferred income in respect of these guarantees as its fair value is considered to be insignificant.

#### **EMPLOYEES AND REMUNERATION POLICIES**

The Group had approximately 3,350 employees on average (an average of 3,500 employees in the corresponding period last year) during the year. With a good reputation in the local community, the Group has rarely encountered major difficulties in recruiting employees.

Employee remuneration packages are determined in accordance with prevailing market standards and the employee's performance and experience. The Group will also grant bonuses to employees with outstanding performance based on its own audited business performance and the appraisal and reward system. Other employee benefits include medical insurance and mandatory provident fund.

In addition, to cope with domestic development in Mainland and the actual need for talent-retaining, the Group establishes a "Cooperative Home" to encourage and finance potential elites settled down locally in buying a flat as a means to retain talents who may otherwise be lost in the competitive labour market.

## 或然負債

本集團已向銀行發出擔保,以擔保某些購房者之抵押安排。於二零二一年三月三十一日,尚未償還之銀行擔保總額為166,451,000港元,將在完成與房產購買者有關合法產權之轉讓手續後解除。

董事認為本集團將不會因這些擔保而蒙受損失,因為銀行有權出售該物業,並且如果購房者有違約付款,則可以從出售收益中收回未償還之貸款餘額。由於其公平值並非顯著,因此本集團並未就這些擔保確認任何遞延收入。

## 僱員及薪酬政策

本集團於本年度內平均聘有僱員約3,350 人(去年同期平均3,500人)。由於本集團 在當地建立了良好的信譽,故此於招聘 人員上並未遇到重大困難。

僱員薪酬乃根據一般市場標準及僱員之 表現及經驗釐定,本集團並會根據公司 已審核的業績透過獎賞評核政策,對 有良好表現的員工發放花紅。其他員工 福利包括醫療保險及強制性公積金。

此外,為配合內地發展及實際挽留人才需要,集團設有「合作置業計劃」,透過是項計劃,鼓勵及資助公司重點栽培人才於當地安居樂業,於競爭激烈的人才市場有效挽留人才。

## 主席報告

#### **Performance Based Incentives**

The Group adopted performance based bonus system and objective performance assessment. Employees with outstanding performance will now receive more bonus than before the new system was implemented.

#### **DIVIDEND**

The Board has recommended paying a final dividend of HK7.0 cents per share (2019/20 final dividend: HK5.0 cents per share), to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 31 August 2021. Together with the interim dividend of HK4.0 cents per share (2019/20 interim dividend: HK4.0 cents per share) and a special dividend of HK0.5 cent per share (2019/20 special dividend: nil), total dividend paid/payable for this year amounted to HK11.5 cents per share (2019/20: HK9.0 cents per share). The final dividend will be subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM") of the Company to be held on 24 August 2021.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

The Company has established an audit committee currently made up of one non-executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors whose duties include resolving issues in relation to audit such as reviewing and supervising the Company's financial reporting process and internal control systems. The audit committee and the management have reviewed the accounting principles and major policies adopted by the Group and have discussed the auditing, internal control and financial reporting in the current year with the external auditors. The audit committee has reviewed the consolidated annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2021.

### **APPRECIATION**

I would like to thank our customers, suppliers, bankers, shareholders and others who have extended their invaluable support to the Group, and my fellow Directors, managers and all staff for their considerable contributions to the Group.

## 表現為先

本集團採納表現掛勾的獎金制及較客 觀的表現評估,有超卓表現的員工則會 獲發比以往更為可觀的獎金。

## 股息

董事會已建議派發末期股息每股7.0港仙(二零一九/二零年度末期股息:每股5.0港仙)予所有於二零二一年八月三十一日當日名列於本公司股東名冊內的股東名冊內的股東自中期股息每股4.0港仙(二零一九/二零年度中期股息:每股4.0港仙)及零度特別股息:無),全年股息派發一度特別股息:無),全年股息派發零本度,每股9.0港仙(二零一九/二零年度:每股9.0港仙)。末期股息須待率日度:每股9.0港仙)。末期股息須待舉司股東於二零二一年八月二十四日舉司之應屆股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)上批准後方可作實。

## 審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,該委員會現由一位非執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事及三位獨立非執行董事組成。審核委員會負責處理審公員範圍內的事宜,包括審視及監督本公司之財務申報程序及內部監控。審核委員會及管理層已審閱本集團已採納數報之主要政策,並與外部核數報本年度之審計、內部監控及財務報關之審計就告責業績。

#### 感謝

本人謹向一直鼎力支持集團的所有客戶、供應商、銀行家、股東、以及所有給予本公司支持者致以衷心致謝。此外 更感謝一直為集團作出寶貴貢獻之董事、經理及員工們。

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

APPENDIX 1 附錄一

Dividend and Dividend Policy:

股息及股息政策:

An unbroken 25 years' record of dividend payment

二十五年以來派息從未間斷

The Group's policy to distribute 30% or more of its profits attributable to shareholders as dividend 本集團既定股息政策為股東應佔溢利30%或以上用作派息

All dividend paid shown below is in HK cents per Share

下列每股股份派發之股息全以港仙計算

	Interim Fina	Final Su	Subtotal	Interim Special 中期	Final Special 末期	Special Subtotal 特別	Total	Dividend Payout Ratio	
	中期	末期	小計	特別股息	特別股息	股息小計	合計	股息 派	發比率
								(excluding)* (不包括在內)*	(Including)* (包括在內) <i>*</i>
1996/97	Nil 無	5.40	5.40	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	5.40	24%	N/A 不適用
1997/98	Nil 無	1.00	1.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.00	13%	N/A 不適用
1998/99	2.00	2.00	4.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	4.00	58%	N/A 不適用
1999/00	2.20	2.20	4.40	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	4.40	77%	N/A 不適用
2000/01	1.10	3.80	4.90	Nil 無	6.20	6.20	11.10	69%	156%
2001/02	5.00	5.90	10.90	5.00	14.10	19.10	30.00	50%	138%
2002/03	8.00	11.00	19.00	Nil 無	5.00	5.00	24.00	60%	75%
2003/04	8.00	12.00	20.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	20.00	87%	N/A 不適用
2004/05	8.50	12.50	21.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	21.00	58%	N/A 不適用
2005/06	9.00	13.00	22.00	Nil 無	3.00	3.00	25.00	48%	55%
2006/07	8.50	3.00	11.50	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	11.50	38%	N/A 不適用
2007/08	0.75	Nil 無	0.75	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	0.75	27%	N/A 不適用
2008/09	Nil 無	1.50	1.50	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.50	39%	N/A 不適用
2009/10	Nil 無	1.00	1.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.00	45%	N/A 不適用
2010/11	Nil 無	1.10	1.10	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.10	32%	N/A 不適用
2011/12	Nil 無	1.00	1.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.00	38%	N/A 不適用
2012/13	Nil 無	1.20	1.20	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.20	61%	N/A 不適用
2013/14	Nil 無	1.00	1.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	1.00	58%	N/A 不適用
2014/15	0.50	1.80	2.30	Nil 無	1.00	1.00	3.30	61%	87%
2015/16	0.75	2.75	3.50	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	3.50	59%	N/A 不適用
2016/17	1.30	4.20	5.50	Nil 無	1.00	1.00	6.50	65%	77%
2017/18	1.60	4.75	6.35	2.55	Nil 無	2.55	8.90	69%	97%
2018/19	3.00	5.00	8.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	8.00	72%	N/A 不適用
2019/20	4.00	5.00	9.00	Nil 無	Nil 無	Nil 無	9.00	71%	N/A 不適用
2020/21	4.00	<b>7.00</b>	11.00	0.50	Nil 無	0.50	11.50	60%	63%

Remarks: \* Excludin

<sup>\*</sup> Excluding special dividend

<sup>#</sup> Including special dividend

備註: \* 不包括特別股息

<sup>#</sup>包括特別股息

## 主席報告

Debtor Turnover 應收賬週轉期

APPENDIX 2

## Inventory & Debtor Turnover 存貨及應收賬週轉期

附錄二



Inventory turnover (Base on year end inventory value/Cost of revenue) x 365 days

41

Debtor turnover (Base on year end debtors/Revenue) x 365 days

## Inventory Turnover 存貨週轉期

43

50

38

38

**75** 

(No. of days) (日數)	19/20	20/21	Change 變幅
Raw Materials原材料	24	17	-29%
Work-in-progress半製成品	8	8	_
Finished Goods製成品	49	33	-33%
Total合計	81	58	-28%

# Chairman's Statement 主席報告

APPENDIX 3 附錄三

# Gross Profit Margin & Net Profit Margin 邊際毛利及純利走勢圖



## 主席報告





Note: 附註:

\* Budget

\* 預算

# **Corporate Governance Report**

企業管治報告書

The Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") are committed to achieving high standards of corporate governance to safeguard the interests of shareholders of the Company (the "Shareholders") and to enhance corporate value and accountability.

為保障全體本公司股東(「**股東**」)權益及 提升企業價值和問責性,本公司及其附 屬公司(「**本集團**」)一向承諾恪守奉行最 嚴謹之企業管治。

For the years ended 31 March 2021 (the "Year") the Group has applied the principles of the recently promulgated Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and complied with the code provision (the "Code Provisions") of the CG Code; save for the deviation from Code Provisions A.2.1, A.4.1, A.4.2 and A.5 of the CG Code. This report describes our Group's corporate governance practices and explains the said deviations from the CG Code.

於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (「本年度」)內,本集團已應用最新頒佈 並載於香港聯合交易所有限公司證券 上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄十四之企業 管治常規守則(「企業管治守則」)所規定 之原則及遵守所有守則條文(「守則條 文」)(除了偏離企業管治守則之守則條 文 A.2.1、A.4.1、A.4.2及 A.5外),本報 告書詳述本集團之企業管治慣例,報 體釋企業管治守則之原則應用及偏離 企業管治守則的行為。

Code Provision A.2.1 of the CG Code stipulates that the roles of chairman and chief executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The Company does not segregate the roles of its Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai ("Mr. Ho") currently holds both positions.

企業管治守則之守則條文A.2.1規定應區分主席與行政總裁的角色,並不應由一人同時兼任。本公司並無區分主席與行政總裁的角色,何焯輝先生(「何先生」)目前兼任該兩個職位。

Being the founder of the Group, Mr. Ho has substantial experience in the manufacturing industry, as well as in the property development and cultural related business. At the same time, Mr. Ho has the appropriate management skills and business acumen that are the pre-requisites for assuming the role of the Chief Executive Officer. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer in the same person would provide the Group with strong and consistent leadership and allow the Group to be more effective and efficient in developing long-term business strategies and executing business plans. Hence, the Board considers that there is no need to segregate the roles of the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer and both roles should continue to be performed by Mr. Ho. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operation of the Board which comprises experienced and high calibre individuals with a sufficient number thereof independent non-executive Directors.

## **Corporate Governance Report**

## 企業管治報告書

According to Code Provision A.4.1 of CG Code, non-executive director should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming was redesignated as Non-executive Director on 1 June 2007 and he was appointed as Deputy Chairman on 1 May 2011 without a specific term. Mr. Ho Kai Man was re-designated as the Non-executive Director on 1 November 2012 without a specific term. Although Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming and Mr. Ho Kai Man are not appointed for a specific term, they are subject to retirement by rotation according to the Byelaws of the Company.

Moreover, Code Provision A.4.2 of CG Code stipulates that every director, including those appointed for a specific term, should be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years.

According to the Company's Bye-laws, at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being or, if their number is not 3 or a multiple of 3, the number nearest to one-third but not greater than onethird shall retire from office provided that notwithstanding anything in the Company's Bye-laws, the Chairman of the Directors and/or the Managing Director of the Company shall not, whilst holding such office, be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire in each year. Furthermore, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board should hold office only until the next following annual general meeting and would then be eligible for re-election. The Chairman and/ or the Managing Director of the Group will consider to voluntarily retire at the annual general meeting at least once every three years in line with Code Provision A.4.2 of the CG Code. As such, the Company considers that sufficient measures have been taken to ensure good corporate governance of the Company.

按照企業管治守則之守則條文A.4.1,非執行董事的委任應有指定任期,亦零重新選舉。何卓明先生於二零事及使有出零一一年五月一日獲委任為非執行董事及行董事人沒有指定任期。何啟非執生於二零一二年十一月一日調任為非免生於二零一二年十一月一日調任為非先生於二零一二年十一月一日調任為非先行董事,沒有指定任期。雖然何卓明,生及何啟文先生的委任沒有指定日期。但仍須根據本公司之細則輪值告退。

企業管治守則之守則條文A.4.2規定每名董事(包括有指定任期之董事)應至少每三年輪值退任一次。

企業管治報告書

According to Code Provision A.5 of the CG Code, the Company should establish a nomination committee, which is chaired by the chairman of the Board or an independent non-executive Director and comprises a majority of the independent non-executive Directors. The Company has not established a nomination committee due to the fact that the function of the nomination committee was assigned to the Board, which is responsible for reviewing its own structure, size and composition in accordance with the board diversity policy adopted by the Company (the "Policy") annually; considering the re-appointment of Directors; evaluating the Policy as well as assessing the independence of independent non-executive Directors. The Board has taken sufficient measures to avoid the conflict of interests in carrying out such functions. For instance, the relevant Director would abstain from voting for any resolution relating to his or her own reappointment. As such, the Board is of the view that the members of the Board possess the necessary experience and knowledge to discharge the functions of a nomination committee. The Board shall review the composition and operation of the Board from time to time and shall consider establishing a nomination committee if such need arises.

根據企業管治守則之守則條文A.5,本 公司應成立由本公司主席或獨立非執行 董事為主席之提名委員會,其大部份成 員,皆由獨立非執行董事組成。本公司 並未有成立提名委員會。由董事會執行 提名委員會的職能,皆因整體按本公司 採納的董事會成員多元化政策(「政策」) 負責每年檢討董事會的架構、人數及組 成, 並審議董事委任或重新委任事宜, 且評核獨立非執行董事的獨立性。董 事會已採取足夠措施在履行該功能時, 避免利益衝突。例如:相關董事就有關 委任他/她為董事之決議,將會棄權投 票。故此,董事會認為董事會成員有足 夠 經 驗 及 知 識 來 履 行 提 名 委 員 會 的 職 能。董事會不時審閱董事會的組成及 運作,並會考慮於須要時,成立提名委 員會。

The Company will continue to review its practices from time to time to achieve high standard of corporate governance.

本公司將繼續不時檢討其常規,以達至 高水平之企業管治。

#### A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 1. The Board of Directors
  - 1.1 As at 31 March 2021, the Board consisted of nine Directors, comprising Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai (Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia, Mr. Zhao Kai and Mr. Chan Raymond as executive Directors; Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming (Deputy Chairman) and Mr. Ho Kai Man as a non-executive Directors and Mr. Fong Hoi Shing, Mr. Yam Chung Shing and Dr. Lau Kin Wah as the independent non-executive Directors. The Board has the collective responsibility for the leadership and promotion of the success of the Group's business by directing and supervising the Group's affairs.

#### A. 董事會

### 1. 董事會

# 企業管治報告書

- 1.2 The Board is committed to the Group's objectives of enhancing the Shareholders' value and provision of superior products and services. The Board is collectively responsible for formulating the overall objective and strategy of the Group; monitors and evaluates its operating and financial performance and reviews the standard of corporate governance of the Group. It also makes decisions on matters such as approving the annual results, interim and quarterly results, connected transactions, appointment and re-appointment of Directors, declaring dividends and adopting accounting policies. The Board has delegated the authority and responsibility for implementing business strategies and management of the daily operations of the Group's businesses to the management.
- 1.2 董事會致力實現本集團有 關提升股東價值以及提 供優越產品與服務之目 標。董事會訂立集團之 整體目標及策略,並監 管及評估集團在營運與 財務上之表現,以及檢討 集團之企業管治水平。 董事會亦須決定各項事 宜,其中包括全年業績、 中期業績及季度營運狀 況、關連交易、董事聘 任或續聘、股息分派及 採納會計政策。董事會 已授權管理層負責推行本 集團商業策略及管理本 集團之日常業務運作。

- 1.3 The Board conducts regular scheduled meetings on a quarterly basis. Ad-hoc meetings are convened when circumstances require.
- 1.3 董事會每季舉行定期會 議,並於情況需要時召 開特別會議。

The Board had met four times for the Year and considered, reviewed and approved the Group's annual results for the year ended 31 March 2020, quarterly and interim results of the Group for the Year.

董事會於本年度內已舉 行四次會議,並已考慮、 審閱及批准集團截至二 零二零年三月三十一日之 全年業績及於本年度之 季度及中期業績。

# 企業管治報告書

The attendance records of Board meetings and general meeting held during the Year are set out below:

以下是本年度董事會會 議及股東大會的出席紀 錄:

Attendance of individual
Directors at Board meeting and
general meeting during
the Year
本年度董事會及股東大會會議
個別董事的出席率

Executive Directors	<i>執行董事</i>		
Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai	何焯輝先生	4/4	1/1
Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia	陳名妹小姐	4/4	1/1
Mr. Zhao Kai	趙凱先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Chan Raymond	陳毅文先生	4/4	1/1
Non-executive Directors	非執行董事		
Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming	何卓明先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Ho Kai Man	何啟文先生	4/4	1/1
Independent Non-executive Direct	tors 獨立非執行董事		
Mr. Fong Hoi Shing	方海城先生	4/4	1/1
Mr. Yam Chung Shing	任重誠先生	4/4	1/1
Dr. Lau Kin Wah*	劉健華博士*	1/1	0/0
Mr. So Wai Chun#	蘇偉俊先生#	3/3	1/1

<sup>\*</sup> was appointed on 1 December 2020

A list of Directors and their role and function was posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

董事名單及其角色及職 務刊載於本公司及聯交 所網站。

<sup>\*</sup> resigned on 1 December 2020

<sup>\*</sup> 於二零二零年十二月一 日獲委任

於二零二零年十二月一 日辭任

## 企業管治報告書

1.4 To maximize the effectiveness of the Board and to encourage active participation and contribution from Board members, the Board has established an audit committee and a remuneration committee. Detailed descriptions of each of these committees are set out below. All of these committees adopt, as far as practicable, the principles, procedures and arrangements of the Board in relation to the scheduling and proceeding of meetings, notice of meetings and inclusion of agenda items, records and availability of minutes.

The Board has devised its specific written terms of reference setting out its duties, responsibilities, powers and functions which include the following:

- developing and reviewing the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and making recommendations to the Board;
- reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management;
- taking responsibility for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the prevailing accounting standards and laws, approving the financial statements and appointing and liaising with the Group's external auditors;
- reviewing the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report in its annual report;

> 董事會制定其特定書面 職權範圍,載列職務、 職責、權力及職能,當中 包括以下各項:

- 制定及檢討本公司 的企業管治政策及 常規,並向董事會 提出建議;
- 省覽及監察董事及 高級管理層的培訓 及持續專業發展;
- 負責根據現行的會 計準則及法律編列 並真實公平地建呈 財務報表以及委 集團外聘核數 與其保持聯繫;
- 省覽本公司遵守守則的情況及在其年報的企業管治報告內的披露;

# 企業管治報告書

- overseeing management in the design implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems;
- liaising with all regulatory authorities and organisations on all matters relating to the Group, and monitoring changes in their policies relating to and affecting the Group; and
- ensuring accountability towards and sufficient communication with the Group's shareholders.

### 2 Board Composition

- 2.1 As at 31 March 2021, the Board comprises nine Directors: four executive Directors, two non-executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming, a non-executive Director, is the younger brother of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. Mr. Ho Kai Man, a non-executive Director, is the nephew of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and the son of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming, a non-executive Director and deputy chairman of the Company.
- 2.2 The attributes, skills and expertise among the existing Directors are considered appropriate so as to effectively lead, supervise and manage the Group, taking into account the scope and nature of the operations. The Directors have a mix of core competencies in areas such as accounting and finance, business and management, production and quality control techniques, supply chain management, industry knowledge and marketing strategies. Details of the experience and qualifications of Directors and Senior Management are set out in the section headed "Senior Management Profile" in this annual report.

- 監督管理層對風險 管理及內部監控系 統的設計、實施及 監察;
- 與所有監管機構及 組織協調有關本集 團的一切事務,並 監察與本集團相關 且影響本集團的政 策變動;及
- 確保向本集團股東 負責及保持足夠溝 涌。

### 2. 董事會組成

## 企業管治報告書

### 3 Board Diversity

Pursuant to Code Provision A.5.6 of the CG Code, the Company has adopted a board diversity policy, which sets out the purpose and principles regarding board diversity for the purpose of achieving the Company's strategic objectives of balanced diversity at the Board as for as practicable. Directors' appointment will be based on merit and candidates will be considered against measurable objectives, taking into account the Company's business and development.

Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity criteria, including but not limited to gender, age, cultural background and ethnicity, in addition to educational background, professional experience, skills, knowledge and length of service. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

During the Year, the Board reviewed the structure, size and composition of the Board and was of the opinion that the Board is well balanced and diversified, and with the appropriate structure, size and necessary skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives required for the business of the Group. The Board also reviewed and evaluated the board diversity policy.

On 25 March 2019, the Board adopted a separate Nomination Policy, which provides the key selection criteria and principles of the Board in making decisions in the appointment and reappointment of directors and succession planning of directors, to emphasise our commitment on transparent nomination process.

### 3 董事會成員多元化

根據企業管治守則之守則條 文A.5.6規定,本公司採納當事會多元化政策,目標 事會多元化政策,目標 可能均衡多元化的電子。 員盡可能均衡多元化的電子。 員盡可能均衡多元化的價及 員盡可能力數值, 以實現本公司的戰值 發展 基礎,根據可衡量的目標 後選人。

候選人的挑選將根據一系列 多元化標準,包括但不只限於 性別、年齡、文化背景及種族 成份、加上教育背景、專業經 驗、技能、知識及服務年限。 最終的決定將依據所挑選的 候選人能為董事會提供的價 值及作出的貢獻而定。

本年度內,董事會審閱董事會 之結構、大小及組成;並連 董事會仍均衡及多元化,連 合適的結構、大小及應有的 能、知識、經驗及本集團 能、知識、經驗及本集團 務前景多元化所需。董事 仍會審視及衡量董事多元化 政策。

董事會已於二零一九年三月 二十五日採納獨立的提名政 策,該政策提供董事會於委 任及重選董事繼任計劃時所 採用的主要甄選標準及原則, 以強調本集團致力落實具透 明度的提名程序。

## 企業管治報告書

- 4 Appointment, Re-election and Removal of Directors
  - 4.1 At each annual general meeting of the Company ("AGM"), one-third of the Directors are required to retire from office by rotation. The Directors, since his last election or appointment who has been the longest in office shall retire and be eligible for re-election at the AGM. Pursuant to the bye-laws of the Company, the Chairman and/or the Managing Director of the Group shall not, when holding such office, be subject to retirement by rotation or be taken into account in determining the number of Directors to retire in each year. To comply with Code Provision A.4.2 of the CG Code. the Chairman and/or the Managing Director of the Group will voluntarily retire at the AGM at least once every three years.
  - 4.2 As at 31 March 2021, non-executive Directors (except Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming and Mr. Ho Kai Man) including the independent non-executive Directors are appointed for a fixed term not exceeding three years and all non-executive Directors are subject to the requirements of retirement by rotation and re-election by Shareholders at the AGM in accordance with the Company's bye-laws.
  - 4.3 The names and biographical details of the Directors who will offer themselves for election or re-election at the forthcoming AGM are set out in the circular to Shareholders to assist Shareholders in making an informed decision on their elections.

- 4. 董事的委任、重選及罷免
  - 4.1 於每屆股東週年大會 (「股東週年大會」)上,三 分之一董事須輪席退任。 每年之退任董事須為彼 等自卜次獲選或重選以 來仟期為最長者並合資 格於股東週年大會上鷹 選連任。根據本公司細 則,擔任集團主席及/ 或董事總經理受制於輪 席退任或於釐定股東週 年大會上須輪席退任之 董事人數時,毋須計及。 然而,為遵守企業管治守 則之守則條文A.4.2,集 團主席及行政總裁將至 少每三年自願退任。
  - 4.2 於二零二一年三月三十一日,非執行董事(何卓明先生及何啟文先生除外)包括獨立非執行董事以固定任期委任,惟不董過三年,所有非執行董事並須根據本公司之公會上輪席退任並重選連任。
  - 4.3 將於應屆股東週年大會 上膺選連任董事之姓名 及履歷載於致股東之通 函內,以協助彼等於表 決時作出知情決定。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告書

4.4 Since the whole Board participates in the appointment of new Directors, the Company does not establish a nomination committee. In evaluating whether an appointee is suitable to act as a Director, the Board will consider the experience and skills of the appointee; as well as personal ethics, integrity and the willingness to commit time in the affairs of the Group. Where the appointee is appointed as an independent non-executive Director, the Board will also consider his/her independence. During the Year, the Board had also reviewed and made recommendations in respect of the reappointments of retiring Directors, which were approved by the Shareholders at the last AGM.

### 5 Liability Insurance for the Directors

The Company has in force appropriate insurance coverage on directors and officers' liabilities arising from the group's business. The Company reviews the extent of insurance coverage on an annual basis.

Directors' Continuous Professional Development
Every newly appointed Director will be given
an induction. As part of the ongoing process
of directors' training, the Company Secretary
continuously updates all directors on latest
developments regarding the Listing Rules and
other applicable regulatory requirements.
All Directors are encouraged to attend
external forum or training courses on relevant
topics which may count towards continuous
professional development training.

4.4 由於新董事之委任是由 董事會全體成員參議, 故本公司並無成立提名 委員會。在評估一名被 委任者是否適合出任本公 司董事時,董事會會考 盧其經驗、專長及其個 人操守及誠信,以及其 願意付出處理集團事務 之時間。當一名董事被 委任為公司的獨立非執 行董事時,董事會亦會 考慮其獨立性。於本年度 內董事會亦就上屆股東 週年大會通過重新委任 退任董事事宜上作出檢 討及建議。

### 5. 董事的責任保險

本公司已就董事及行政人員因 履行本集團業務而引起之責 任購買適當保險,本公司會按 年檢討保險所保障之範圍。

6. 董事之持續專業發展

每名新任董事將獲安排簡介。 作為對董事持續培訓之一體 所公司秘書不斷向全體 事更新有關上市規則及其他 適用監管規定之最新發展 對。董事會鼓勵全體董事 常外界舉辦有關課題之經 會或培訓課程,作為持續專 業發展培訓一部分。

## 企業管治報告書

For the Year, all Directors have participated in appropriate continuous professional development activities either by attending training courses, seminars, conferences and forums or by reading materials relevant to the Group's business and Directors' duties and responsibilities. Each of them has provided a record of training they received for the Year to the Company. A directors' training course was held on 1 March 2021 concerning Enforcement Bulletin, Further guidance on the disclosure of counterparties in transactions, Update on backdoor listings and continuing listing criteria one year after the Rules amendments and Corporate Transactions with relevant cases. The training each Director received for the Year is summarized as below:

本年度,全體董事均透過出 席培訓課程、研討會、會議 及論壇或閱讀本集團業務或 董事職能及職責相關資料之 方式參與合適之專業發展培 訓活動。本年度,每一位董事 提交予本公司所接受之培訓 記錄。於二零二一年三月一日 舉行了一個董事培訓課程,內 容關於《上市規則執行簡報》、 有關交易對手方的披露的進 一步指引、有關借殼上市及持 續上市準則於相關條文修訂 一年後的最新資訊及其相關 案例。本年度各董事接受培訓 之概要如下:

Attending training courses, seminars, Reading conferences materials and forums 出席培訓課、研討會、會議 閱覽相關資料 及論壇

Executive Directors Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia Mr. Zhao Kai Mr. Chan Raymond	<b>執行董事</b> 何焯輝先生 陳名妹小姐 趙凱先生 陳毅文先生	<i>y y y</i>	V V V
Non-executive Directors Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming Mr. Ho Kai Man	<b>非執行董事</b> 何卓明先生 何啟文先生	<i>V</i>	V
Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Fong Hoi Shing Mr. Yam Chung Shing Dr. Lau Kin Wah* Mr. So Wai Chun#	: <b>獨立非執行董事</b> 方海城先生 任重誠先生 劉健華博士* 蘇偉俊先生 <i></i>	<i>y y y y</i>	\ \ \ \

- \* was appointed on 1 December 2020
- \* resigned on 1 December 2020

- \* 於二零二零年十二月一日獲委任
- 於二零二零年十二月一日辭任

## 企業管治報告書

7 Corporate Governance and Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The Chairman should be responsible for ensuring that directors receive adequate, clear, complete and reliable information in a timely manner.

The chairman should:

- ensure that the board works effectively and performs its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by it in a timely manner;
- ensure that good corporate governance practices and procedures are established;
- encourage Directors with different views to voice their concerns, allow sufficient time for discussion of issues and ensure that board decisions fairly reflect board consensus;
- ensure that appropriate steps are taken to provide effective communication with shareholders and that their views are communicated to the board as a whole; and
- promote a culture of openness and debate by facilitating the effective contribution of non-executive directors in particular and ensuring constructive relations between executive and non-executive Directors.,

The Chief Executive Officer should be responsible for managing the Group's business including the implementation of strategy and initiatives with the support of executive Directors and senior management and within those authorities delegated by the Board.

7. 企業管治及主席及行政總裁

主席應負責確保董事及時收 到充分的資訊,而有關資訊亦 必須準確清晰及完備可靠。

#### 主席應:

- 確保董事會有效地運作, 且履行應有職責,並及時 就所有重要的適當事項 進行討論;
- 確保本公司制定良好的 企業管治常規及程序;
- 鼓勵持不同意見的董事均表達出本身關注的事宜、給予這些事宜充足時間討論,以及確保董事會的決定能公正反映董事會的共識;
- 確保採取適當步驟保持 與股東有效聯繫,以及 確保股東意見可傳達到 整個董事會;及
- 提倡公開、積極討論的 文化,促進董事(特別是 非執行董事)對董事會作 出有效貢獻,並確保執 行董事與非執行董事之 間維持建設性的關係。

行政總裁在其他執行董事及 高級管理人員的協助及董事 會授權範圍下,負責管理本集 團的業務,包括執行策略及 發展計劃。

# 企業管治報告書

### 8 Independent Non-executive Directors

Pursuant to Rules 3.10(1) and 3.10(2) of the Listing Rules, the Company has appointed three independent non-executive Directors and one of them has appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise. Pursuant to Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules, the number of independent non-executive Directors of the Company represents no less than one-third of the Board.

The Company has received from each of its independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules and the Company considers that all of the independent non-executive Directors are independent.

Any re-election of an independent non-executive director who has served the board for more than nine years, his further appointment should be subject to a separate resolution to be approved by shareholders.

### B. BOARD COMMITTEE

- 1. Remuneration Committee ("RC")
  - 1.1 The RC meets at least once a year. It is chaired by Mr. Yam Chung Shing and comprises two other members, namely Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming and Dr. Lau Kin Wah. All RC members, with the exception of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming (non-executive Director), are independent non-executive Directors. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business by the RC is two. The terms of reference of RC have been updated in March 2012 to comply with the new requirements set out in the CG Code and were posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange.

### 8. 獨立非執行董事

根據上市規則第3.10(1)條及第3.10(2)條,本公司已委任三名獨立非執行董事,而其中一位擁有合適專業資歷或會計或相關財務管理專長。根據上市規則第3.10A條,本公司獨立非執行董事數目已代表不少於董事會三分之一人數。

本公司已收到各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認書,而本公司繼續認為其全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人仕。

倘若重選服務董事會超過九 年的獨立非執行董事,其繼 續委任須以獨立決議案取得 股東批准。

### B. 董事委員會

- 1. 薪酬委員會

# 企業管治報告書

- 1.2 The principal responsibilities of RC include:
  - to formulate remuneration policy of the Group, review and make recommendations to the Board in respect of the remuneration policy;
  - to consider salaries paid by comparable companies, time commitment and responsibilities and employment conditions elsewhere in the Group;
  - to conform to any requirement, direction, and regulation that may from time to time be prescribed by the Board or contained in the constitution of the Company or imposed by the Listing Rules or any applicable law; and
  - to determine the remuneration and incentive scheme of the executive Directors and the senior management.

- 1.2 薪酬委員會主要職能包括:
  - 制定本集團薪酬政策,就薪酬政策作出檢討並向董事會作出建議;
  - 考慮同類公司支付的薪酬、須付出的時間及職責、以及集團內其他職位的僱用條件:
  - 符合董事會不時指 定或本公司組織主 程不時所載或上 規則或任何適用法 例不時所定的任何 要求、指示及規例; 及
  - 釐定執行董事及高 級管理層之薪酬及 獎勵計劃。

# 企業管治報告書

- 1.3 The RC met once during the Year and reviewed its terms of reference, the remuneration policy of the Group and the remuneration packages of Directors and senior management staff. It also assessed the performance of the Directors and evaluated the remuneration policy. The attendance record of the meeting of RC during the Year is set out below:

No. of attended/held 出席次數/ 會議次數

Mr. Yam Chung Shing (chairman of RC)	) 任重誠先生 <i>(薪酬委員會主席)</i>	
(was re-designated as chairman of	(於二零二零年十二月一日調任	
RC on 1 December 2020)	為薪酬委員會主席)	1/1
Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming	何卓明先生	1/1
Dr. Lau Kin Wah	劉健華博士	
(was appointed on	(於二零二零年十二月一日	
1 December 2020)	獲委任)	0/0
Mr. So Wai Chun (chairman of RC)	蘇偉俊先生(薪酬委員會主席)	
(resigned on 1 December 2020)	(於二零二零年十二月一日辭任)	1/1

# REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The particulars regarding Directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the Listing Rules are set out in note 29 to the consolidated financial statements in this annual report.

Pursuant to Code Provision B.1.5 of the CG Code, the remuneration of the members of the senior management by band for the Year is set out below:

### 董事及高級管理人員薪酬

根據上市規則附錄16須予披露有關董事酬金及五名最高薪酬僱員之進一步詳情載於本年報所載之綜合財務報表附註29。

根據企業管治守則之守則條 文B.1.5,本年度,按薪酬組 別劃分之高級管理人員薪酬 載列如下:

Remuneration bands (HK\$)	薪酬組別(港幣)	Number of persons 人數
1 to 1,000,000	1至1,000,000	1
1,000,001 to 2,000,000	1,000,001至2,000,000	4

# 企業管治報告書

- 2. Audit Committee ("AC")
  - 2.1 The AC's membership, with the exception of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming (non-executive Director), comprised the independent nonexecutive Directors as at 31 March 2021:

Mr. Fong Hoi Shing (chairman of AC)

Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming Mr. Yam Chung Shing

Dr. Lau Kin Wah

The Board is of the opinion that members of the AC have sufficient accounting and financial management expertise or experience to discharge their duties.

- 2.2 The operations of the AC are regulated by its terms of reference. The terms of reference have been updated in April 2016 to comply with the new requirements set out in the Revised Code. The updated terms of reference of the Audit Committee were posted on the websites of the Company and the Stock Exchange. The main duties of the AC include:
  - to review and supervise the Group's financial reporting process including the review of quarterly, interim and annual results of the Group;
  - to review the external auditors' appointment, remuneration and any matters relating to resignation or termination;
  - to examine the effectiveness of the Group's internal control which involves regular review in various corporate structures and business process;

### 2. 審核委員會

2.1 於二零二一年三月三十一 日,審核委員會(除何卓 明先生(非執行董事)外) 均為獨立非執行董事組 成:

> 方海城先生 *(審核委員會主席)* 何卓明先生 任重誠先生 劉健華博士

董事會認為,審核委員會成員擁有足夠會計及財務管理專業知識或經驗, 以履行彼等之職務。

- 2.2 審核委員會之運作受職權範圍規管。職權範圍規管。職權範圍已於二零一六年四月所則以符合經修訂守則所會不以符合經修訂守則會會不可以符合經濟國已刊載於五職權範圍已刊載於公司及聯交所之網頁本公司及聯交所之網更職者核委員會之主要職者包括:
  - 檢討及監控本集團 之財務報告程序, 包括審閱本集團的 季度、中期及年度 業績;
  - 檢討外聘核數師 的委任和批准其薪 酬及任何有關其辭 任或辭退之任何事 宜;
  - 檢討本集團內部監 控之有效性,包括 定期檢討各項有關 企業及業務的程 序;

# 企業管治報告書

- to realize corporate objective and strategy by taking into account the potential risk and the nature of its urgency in order to ensure the effectiveness of the Group's business operations. The scope of such reviews includes finance, operations, regulatory compliance, internal control systems and risk management; and
- to discuss the risk management and internal control systems with management to ensure that management has performed its duties to have effective systems.
- 2.3 The AC met two times during the Year and reviewed the interim results of the Group for the six months ended 30 September 2020 and the annual results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2020. The AC had also reviewed the Group's financial reporting system, internal control system, risk management system and associated procedures to ensure their adequacy and effectiveness. The Company Secretary of the Company keeps all minutes of the AC. The attendance record of the meeting of AC during the Year is set out below:

- 與管理層討論風險 及內部監控系統, 確保管理層已履行 職責建立有效的系 統。

No. of attended/held 出席次數/ 會議次數

方海城先生 <i>(審核委員會主席)</i>	
(於二零二零年十二月一日調任	
為審核委員會主席)	2/2
何卓明先生	2/2
任重誠先生	2/2
劉健華博士	
(於二零二零年十二月一日	
獲委任)	0/0
蘇偉俊先生 <i>(審核委員會主席)</i>	
(於二零二零年十二月一日辭任)	2/2
	為審核委員會主席) 何卓明先生 任重誠先生 劉健華博士 (於二零二零年十二月一日 獲委任) 蘇偉俊先生 <i>(審核委員會主席)</i>

## 企業管治報告書

#### C. SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

- 1.1 The Company has adopted a Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of the Group (the "Company's Model Code") on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") contained in Appendix 10 of the Listing Rules.
- 1.2 Having made specific enquiries to all Directors, they have confirmed that they had complied with the required standards set out in both the Company's Model Code and the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 March 2021.

### D. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

- 1. Financial Reporting
  - 1.1 The Board acknowledges its responsibility for preparing the Group's accounts which gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group on a going concern basis, with supporting assumption or qualification as necessary. In preparing the accounts for the Year, the Directors have selected suitable accounting policies and applied them consistently, made judgments and estimates that are prudent and reasonable.
  - 1.2 The management provides explanation and information to the Board as to enable the Board to make informed assessments of the financial and other information put before the Board for approval.

### C. 董事進行證券交易

- 1.1 本公司已採納本集團董事進 行證券交易的標準守則(「公司 標準守則」),其條款並不較上 市規則附錄10所載上市公司 董事進行證券交易的標準守則 (「標準守則」)之條款寬鬆。
- 1.2 經向全體董事作出具體查詢 後,彼等確認已於截至二零 二一年三月三十一日止年度期 間全面遵守標準守則及公司 標準守則所載之標準規定。

### D. 問責及審核

- 1. 財務滙報
  - 1.1 董事會知悉其責任乃編 製反映本公司及本集更 真實公平財政狀況之, 目(按持續經營基準及 在有需要時以假於編 程意見支援)。於編事已 程度之賬目時計政策 達度之 護適合之會計 選適所 理之判斷及估計。
  - 1.2 管理層向董事會提供該 等闡釋及資料,使董事 會對其須批准之財務及 其他資料能作出知情評 估。

## 企業管治報告書

1.3 The Board endeavours to ensure the making of balanced, clear and understandable assessments of the Group's position and prospects and extending the coverage of such information to include annual, interim and quarterly reports, price-sensitive announcements and financial disclosures as required under the Listing Rules, reports to regulators as well as any information that is required to be disclosed pursuant to statutory requirements.

#### 2. Internal Controls

The Board is responsible for the Group's system of internal controls and is committed to managing business risks and maintaining sound and effective internal control systems to safeguard the Shareholders' investment and the Group's assets.

During the Year, the Internal Audit Department under the supervision of the Board and the Audit Committee, has reviewed and reported on the adequacy of effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering financial, operational, compliance and risk management control functions annually. Based on the results of the review, the Group's risk management and internal control systems are still effective and adequate.

The Board adopted the risk management policy and three-year internal risk management audit plan, including structure and system of risk management of the Group. Internal Audit Department together with the Audit Committee will review the adequacy of the effectiveness of the risk management at least once a year.

The Board's annual review had considered the adequacy of resources, staff qualifications and experience, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function.

### 2. 內部監控

董事會負責本集團之內部監控系統,並致力管理經營風險及確保內部監控系統穩健 妥善且有效,以保障股東之投資及本集團的資產。

於本年度內部審計部,在董,在董事會及審核委員會的監督下內部監督上對本集團每年內部監控控度及風險管理之有效性進行檢討及匯報,範圍包括財務軍人自規監控及風險管理及風險管理及內部監控制度的然有效及充分。

董事會已採納風險管理政策及三年內部風險管理審計計劃,其中包括本集團的風險管理系統及結構。內部審計部連同審核委員會至少每年將就風險管理的有效性進行檢討。

董事會每年進行檢討時,已考 慮足夠的資源、員工資歷及經 驗、員工所接受的培訓課程、 本公司會計的預算及財務滙 報職能。

# Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告書

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance of no material misstatement or loss and to manage instead of eliminating risks of failure in operational systems and achievement of the Group's objectives.

The Internal Audit Department performs regular audit reviews and report of the risk and key controls of the Group to the Board and the Audit Committee. The responsible Department Heads will be notified of the control deficiencies noted for rectification. For the Year, the Internal Audit Department mainly conducted audit over process of manufacturing, procurement management, consumable material management as well as construction and operations management in real estate business and other items with high risk index. The audit results have been presented to the senior management, the Audit Committee and the Board.

For the purpose of handling and disseminating inside information pursuant to Rules 13.09 and 13.10 of the Listing Rules and Part XIVA of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong), the Group has taken various procedures and measures, including arousing the awareness to preserve confidentiality of inside information within the Group, signing of confidentiality agreement, sending blackout period and securities dealing restrictions notifications to the Directors and relevant employees regularly, disseminating information to specified persons on a need-toknow basis and observing the "Guidelines on Disclosure of Inside Information" issued by the Securities and Futures Commission in June 2012 stringently.

內部監控系統乃提供合理, 但非絕對地,確保沒有重大 錯誤陳述或損失,以及旨在 管理而非消除營運制度失當之 風險及達致本集團之目標。

## 企業管治報告書

### 3. Risk Management

### I. Risk Management System

The Company established an enterprise risk management system for ensuring the appropriate control and governance on the principal risks that are exposed to the Group, which includes:

- specifying the concept of risk management, and determining the scope of risk management.
- specifying the risk reporting process and establishing risk governance framework to identify and assess the possible impact on the Group.
- establishing risk governance control points for establishing relevant countermeasures against the main control matters involving risks.
- establishing monitoring plan in terms of priority, conducting monitoring and review twice a year.
- In face of novel coronavirus epidemic (the "Epidemic"), the Group quickly activated the emergency response mechanism for the Epidemic, fully utilized epidemic prevention resource resources, worked not the Epidemic emergency work plan, set up the Epidemic prevention working group and issued a series of administrative measures including the "Administrative Requirements on Epidemic Prevention Discipline". The Group adheres to properly manage both prevention and control of the Epidemic and regularly operation and production.

#### 3. 風險管理

### 一: 風險管理系統

本公司建立了企業風險 管理系統,確保能夠適 當地控制和治理本集團 所面對的主要風險,包 括:

- 明確風險管理理念,確定風險管理範圍。
- 明確風險彙報流程,建立風險治理架構,識別以及評估風險可能給公司造成的影響。
- 制定風險治理控制 點,對含有風險的 主要控制事項制定 相關的應對措施。
- 按主次順序制定監察計劃,每年兩次 實施監察及檢討。

## 企業管治報告書

### II. Risk Management Framework

The Board is playing the role as an overseer, and the Audit Committee is responsible for risk governance, report the effectiveness of the risk system of the Group to the Board and the actual risk executor is the person in charge of each department. The Board assigns the representative of Executive Committee the responsibility of being in charge of implementing the risk measures. The internal audit department of the Group will conduct an independent annual review on the risk management system of the Group according to the audit plan on risk management, and submit the report to the Board.

#### III. Risk Identification

The Group identifies risk through a mixture of top-down and bottom-up approaches, thereby conducting analysis and appraisal on risk, and identifying the source, type and index of risk.

For top-down approach, the representatives of Executive Committee and Risk Management Department have to conduct risk identification once every two years through questionnaires, and once every three years by way of workshop.

For bottom-up approach, the person-incharge of the risk will collect the risks from each department, complete the risk register under the assistance of risk executor, and submit to risk management department or report to respective management personnel.

### 二: 風險管理架構

董事會乃監督會事務,的實門風熱團會所委向風險風人施代部險對理司審的人施代部險對作人。的表審管公出交為人。的表審管公出統是,於大事責負計理司審的人。門計風,。

### 三: 風險識別

本集團採用自上而下和自 下而上的混合方式來識 別風險,從而進行風險 分析與評定,以辨認風 險根源、風險類別和風 險指數。

自上而下,執委會代表及 風險管理部須每兩年一次以問卷的形式,並以每 三年一次以工作坊形式進 行風險識別。

自下而上,風險負責人將各部門的風險進行整理, 在風險執行人的協助下完 成風險登記冊,提交到 風險管理部或上報相關 管理人員。

## 企業管治報告書

#### IV. Risk Assessment

The risk is classified into two levels, namely intrinsic risk and residual risk. The risk assessment calculates the risk index on these two levels according to the established methods in respect of the possible impact of each risk on the Group. It controls the sum of all risk indices on residual risk within the risk limit pre-set by the Group through taking control action and mitigation measures.

#### V. Risk Handling

The sum of risk indices shall at no time exceed the cap of risk preference of the Group. The control measures shall be taken to conduct risk governance on any risk with high risk index in a timely manner. The governance aims at reducing the possibility of occurrence or mitigating the impact of risk (and may not be fully eliminated). Each of the proposed risk management/countermeasure is assigned to a person in charge with an estimated date of completion, so as to enable the person-in-charge of risk to monitor the process of management easier to ensure risk countermeasures have come into force.

#### 4. Auditors' remuneration

During the Year, the fees paid to KPMG, the Group's external auditor HK\$5,355,000 for audit services of the Group and for non-audit related services approximately HK\$1,100,000, representing mainly taxation services and other non-audit service fees.

### E. COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

 The Company strives to convey to Shareholders pertinent information in a clear, detailed, timely manner and on a regular basis and to take into consideration their views and inputs, and to address the Shareholders' concerned. Their views are communicated to the Board comprehensively.

### 四: 風險評估

### 五: 風險處理

#### 4. 核數師酬金

於本年度內,支付予本公司外聘核數師畢馬威會計師事務所5,355,000港元為本集團提供核數服務及約1,100,000港元為非核數相關服務(主要為稅務服務及其他非審計服務費)。

### E. 與股東之溝通

1. 本公司致力向股東傳達明確、 詳盡、適時及定期之相關資料,並考慮彼等之意見及建議 以及處理股東關注之事宜。 彼等之意見會整體向董事會傳 達。

# 企業管治報告書

- 2. The Company adopted a Shareholders' Communication Policy and will review it on a regular basis to ensure its effectiveness. The purpose of this policy is to ensure the Shareholders are provided with prompt and equal access to information about the Company (including but not limited to its financial performance, corporate goals and strategies, significant developments, corporate governance and risk exposure), in order to enable the Shareholders to assess the Company's overall performance, exercise their rights in an informed manner and engage actively with the Company.
- 3. The Company communicates with the Shareholders through the publication of annual reports, interim reports, circulars, results announcements and releases. All communications to Shareholders are also available on the Company's website at www.karrie.com.
- 4. We had provided sufficient notice for Shareholders at all general meetings. The AGM provides a useful platform for Shareholders to exchange views with the Board. The Chairman of the Board and the Board members will make an effort to attend to answer Shareholders' questions. External auditor is also available at the annual general meeting to address shareholders' queries about the conduct of the audit.
- 5. Separate resolutions are proposed at general meetings on each substantially separate issue, including the election of individual Directors.
- 6. All votes of the Shareholders at a general meeting must be taken by poll according to the Listing Rules. The chairman of the meeting will therefore demand a poll for every resolution put to the vote of the AGM pursuant to bye-law 66 of the Bye-laws.

- 3. 公司透過刊發年報、中期報告、通函、業績公佈及新聞發報與股東溝通。所有與股東之通訊亦載於本公司網站www.karrie.com。
- 4. 各股東大會已有足夠通知提供予股東。股東週年大會已有足夠通知會於東東東華事會提供有用之交換意見平台。董事會主席及重事會成員將盡可能抽空出席回答股東之問題。外聘核數的亦於股東週年大會上回來解於審計操守的問題。
- 5. 每個實質上無關連之個別事項 (包括選舉個別董事),以獨立 決議案提呈於股東大會上。
- 6. 股東大會上的表決必須以投票形式進行。根據公司細則 第66條,大會主席會因此要求股東週年大會上的決議皆由投票形式表決。

企業管治報告書

#### F. INVESTOR RELATIONS

#### 1. Results announcement

The Board recognizes that effective communication with investors is the key to establish investor confidence and attract new investors.

Annual reports and interim reports are prepared and issued to all Shareholders within the prescribed period stipulated by the Listing Rules. All results announcements and reports are posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website. The Company can still provide the Shareholders and investors with an adequate degree of transparency and information of the financial position of the Company

# 2. Communication of media, analysts, institutional investors and individual investors

The Group endeavours to enhance the transparency. We have close communication with media, analysts and both institutional and individual investors after the release of the interim and final results by way of presentation, luncheons, meetings or telephone conferences etc. according to circumstances from time to time in order to share the performances of the Group during the Relevant period results and to report the new development and strategy of the Group's business. There is also ample opportunity for all parties to ask questions and to communicate with each other. Furthermore, the Group shall reply and handle rapidly, as we have received enquiries from media and individual Shareholders.

#### 3. Website

The Group regularly releases corporate information such as awards received, and the latest news of the Group's developments on its Company's website. The public are welcome to give their comments and make their enquiries through the Company's website, the management will give their prompt response.

### F. 投資者關係

#### 1. 業績公佈

董事會深知與投資者之有效 溝通,乃建立投資者信心及吸 引新投資者之關鍵。

本集團已於上市規則規定的 期間內編製年度及中期報告, 並刊發予全體股東。所有業 績公佈及報告均載於本公司網 站及聯交所網站。本公司仍 然能夠就本公司之財務狀況, 向股東及投資者提供足夠資 料及透明度。

### 2. 新聞界、分析員、機構及個人 投資者之交流

### 3. 網站

本集團定期於本公司網站公佈 公司資料,例如其所獲得獎 項及本集團發展之最新消息 等。本集團歡迎公眾人士透 過本公司網站提出意見及查 詢,管理層將會迅速跟進。

## 企業管治報告書

#### G. SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

 Procedures for Shareholders to convene a Special General Meeting

Pursuant to Section 74 of the Bermuda Companies Act, members holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than onetenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Secretary of the Company, to require a special general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of the voting rights of all of them, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition.

2. Procedures for which enquiries may be put to the Board

Shareholders may at any time send their enquiries to the Board in writing at the Company's head office and principal place of business or the Company's website.

#### G. 股東權利

1. 股東召開股東特別大會之程 序

> 根據百慕達公司法第74條,於 遞呈呈請日期持有不少於本公 司繳入股本(附有於本公司股 東大會表決權利)十分之一的 任何一名或以上的股東,有 權於任何時間透過向董事會 或公司秘書發出書面呈請,要 求董事會召開股東特別大會, 以處理有關呈請中指明的任 何事項;而有關大會須於寄交 呈請書後兩個月內舉行。如 董事會未有於呈請書遞交日期 起計二十一天內安排召開股 東特別大會,呈請人或佔全體 呈請人所持總股數一半以上 之呈請人,可自行召開會議, 但任何據此召開之會議,須於 呈請書遞交日期起計三個月內 舉行。

2. 向董事會提出查詢的程序

股東可隨時以書面透過本公司 總辦事處及主要營業地點或 本公司網站向董事會提出查 詢。

## 企業管治報告書

- 3. Procedures for putting forward proposals by shareholders at the shareholders' meeting
  Pursuant to Section 79 of the Bermuda
  Companies Act 1981, shareholders representing
  not less than one-twentieth of the total voting
  rights of all shareholders; or not less than 100
  shareholders may make requisition in writing to
  the head office and principal place of business of
  the Company:
  - (a) to give to shareholders of the Company entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting; and
  - (b) to circulate to shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than 1,000 words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.

Any enquires or suggestions by Shareholders can be sent in writing to the Board or the Company Secretary at our head office and principal place of business or email to the Company.

#### H. COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is an employee of the Company and has day-to-day knowledge of the Group's affairs and assists the Board in functionary effectively. All Directors also have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary. During the Year, the Company Secretary has confirmed that he has taken no less than 15 hours of relevant professional training.

### I. CONSTITUTIONAL DOCUMENTS

During the Year, there is no change in the Company's constitutional documents.

3. 股東於股東大會上提呈議案 之程序

根據百慕達1981年公司法第79條,佔全體股東總投票權不少於二十分之一的股東或不少於一百名股東可向本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點提出書面呈請:

- (a) 向本公司有權收取下一屆 股東週年大會通告之股 東告知於該大會上任何 可能正式動議及擬動議 之決議案:及
- (b) 向有權獲發送任何股東 大會通告之股東傳閱不 超過1,000字之陳述書, 以告知於該大會上提呈 之決議案所述事宜或將 處理之事項。

倘股東如有查詢或建議,可 致函本公司總辦事處及主要 營業地點予董事會或公司秘 書或電郵至本公司。

#### H. 公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司僱員,對本集團 的日常事務有所認識並協助董事會 有效運作。全體董事均可聯絡公司 秘書及獲取其意見及服務。年內, 公司秘書已經確認,他已進行不少 於十五小時的相關專業培訓。

### I. 章程文件

本公司章程文件於年內概無任何 變動。

#### **DIRECTORS**

**Executive Directors** 

Mr. HO Cheuk Fai, aged 75, was appointed as a Director of the Company in October 1996 and is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company as well as the founder of the Group. He is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Prior to founding the Group in 1980, Mr. Ho had experience in factory management for several decades and in running operations specialised in manufacturing plastic, metal and electronic products. He is responsible for the Group's overall corporate strategies and objectives. He is also a director of New Sense Enterprises Limited and Honford Investments Limited, a corporate substantial shareholder of the Company, and the brother of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming, who is a non-executive Director and Deputy Chairman, the husband of Ms. Ho Po Chu, who is a member of management team and the uncle of Mr. Ho Kai Man, a non-executive Director of the Company.

### 董事

執行董事

Mr. Ho was appointed as member of the 10th Guangdong Provincial Committee of Political Consultative Conference in January 2008 and was reappointed as a member of the 11th Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province in January 2007. He was also awarded as the Honorable Citizen of Dongguan City and Honorable Citizen of Yixing City. The solid business knowledge and working experience gained by Mr. Ho throughout the years are recognized by the industries. He was awarded the Honorary Fellowship of the Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries in October 2020. He was also the Honorary Vice-Chairman of Hang Seng Management College - Foundation and the Honorary Director of Hong Kong CPPCC (Provincial) Members Association Foundation. Mr. Ho currently participates in affairs of different social and commercial associations, which include Former Guangdong Province CPPCC Members Association, Overseas Friendship Association of Dongguan, Former Dongguan City CPPCC Members Association, The Association of the Hong Kong Members of Dongguan's (Hong Kong & Macau) CPPCC, Guangdong Overseas Chinese Enterprises Association, Hong Kong Metals Manufacturers Association, World Dongguan Entrepreneurs, China Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment, Dongguan City Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment, Dongguan City Fenggang Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment, Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations, Hong Kong Fenggang (Dongguan) Natives Association Limited, The Hong Kong Chinese Importers' & Exporter's Association, Dongguan Foundation for the Disabled and Dongguan City Fenggang Industrial Development Association (東莞市鳳崗產業發展 促進會).

彼於二零零八年一月獲委任為廣東省第 十屆政協委員及於二零零七年一月續任 廣東省東莞市第十一屆政協委員,另分 別獲頒授東莞市榮譽市民及宜興市榮 譽市民。憑藉多年於商界的深厚經驗 及閱歷,得到了業界的肯定,於二零二 零年十月獲香港工業專業評審局授予榮 譽院士名銜。亦為恒生管理學院 — 基 金之榮譽副主席及港區省級政協委員 聯誼會基金名譽董事。同時亦積極參與 多個社會團體及商會事務,其中包括有 廣東省歷屆政協委員聯誼會、東莞市海 外聯誼會、東莞市歷屆政協委員聯誼 會、香港東莞政協(港澳)委員聯誼會、 廣東省僑商投資企業協會、香港金屬 製造業協會、世界莞商聯合會、中國外 商投資企業協會、東莞市外商投資企 業協會、東莞市鳳崗外商投資企業協 會、香港廣東社團總會、香港東莞鳳崗 同鄉會、香港中華出入口商會、東莞市 殘疾人福利基金會及東莞市鳳崗產業 發展促進會等。

Ms. CHAN Ming Mui, Silvia, aged 49, was appointed as an executive Director in November 2010, and is the General Manager — Human Resources and Administration of the Group and responsible for the overall operation of human resources, administration and IT department of the Group. Ms. Chan is one of the members of the Executive Committee and Internal Audit Committee of the Group. She is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Chan graduated from The City University of Hong Kong majoring in Public Administration and Management. She joined the Group in 1996 and has over 20 years' experience in administration and management.

Mr. ZHAO Kai, aged 46, was appointed as a Director of the Company in November 2012. He has been appointed as the General Manager and the Convener of Executive Committee of the Group with effect from 1 April 2013, responsible for overall manufacturing management and operation of the Group. Mr. Zhao graduated from Xihua University (formerly known as Sichuan Institute of Technology) in the PRC with a Bachelor Degree in Foundry Engineering. He had over 20 years' experience in metal plastic, mould engineering and project management and more than 15 years' experience in production management and operation. Mr. Zhao joined the Group in December

Mr. CHAN Raymond, aged 54, was appointed as an executive Director in June 2016. He is also the Marketing Executive General Manager and a member of the Executive Committee of the Group, responsible for the Group's marketing and business development. He is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. He joined the Group in 1985 and has over 25 years' experience in sales and marketing.

陳名妹小姐,四十九歲,於二零一零年十一月獲委任為執行董事,並為本集團人力資源及行政總經理,負責本集團人力資源、行政及電腦部之整體運作審出,與是本集團執行委員會及內部審計管理委員會之成員。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。陳小姐於香港城於一九九六年加入本集團,擁有逾二十年行政及管理經驗。

趙凱先生,四十六歲,於二零一二年十一月獲委任為本公司董事,彼於二零一三年四月一日獲委任為本集團總經理及執行委員會召集人,負責集團製造經濟人之整體營運及管理。趙先生持有與四川工業學院)鑄塑工程學士學位。彼擁有逾二十年五與生產管理及營運經驗,亦與衛士工程及項目管理經驗,亦與衛士工程及項目管理經驗,亦與衛士工程及項目管理經驗,亦以上於二零一一年十二月加入本集團。

陳毅文先生,五十四歲,於二零一六年 六月獲委任為執行董事,現時亦為本集 團市場執行總經理及執行委員會成員, 負責集團市場業務拓展。彼亦為本集團 若干附屬公司之董事。彼於一九八五年 加入本集團,擁有逾二十五年銷售及市 場推廣經驗。

2011.

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. HO Cheuk Ming, aged 67, was re-designated as a nonexecutive Director and Deputy Chairman of the Company with effect from 1 May 2011. He is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming was appointed as an executive Director of the Company from October 1996 to 31 May 2007, and was a Deputy Chairman and Chief Operation Officer as well as the Convener of the Executive Committee of the Group. He was re-designated as a non-executive Director of the Company with effect from 1 June 2007. He is responsible for the overall supervision of the Group's operation business. He joined the Group in 1980 and has over 20 years' experience in factory production. He is also the brother of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, who is one of the executive Directors, the Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, the brother-in-law of Ms. Ho Po Chu, who is a member of the senior management team and father of Mr. Ho Kai Man (one of the non-executive directors).

Mr. HO Kai Man, aged 40, was appointed as an executive Director from 12 July 2012 to 31 October 2012 and was re-designated as a non-executive Director in November 2012. He joined the Group in November 2005. He has been appointed as the Assistant Corporate Planning General Manager and Executive Committee member and is responsible for handling internal and external business and political contact, establishing of communication platform, promoting energy-saving, environment protection and cleaner production etc and maintaining the Group's sustainability. He is also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Ho graduated from Auckland University of Technology majoring in Computer Science. He had engaged in the works of various departments of the Group so that he has familiarized himself with the business operation of the Group. He is the nephew of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and is the son of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming, a non-executive director & deputy chairman of the Company.

### 非執行董事

何卓明先生,六十七歲,於二零一一年 五月一日起調任為本公司非執行董事兼 副主席。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之 董事。何卓明先生由一九九六年十月至 二零零七年五月三十一日期間為本公司 執行董事,並為本集團副主席兼營運 總裁及執行委員會召集人。彼於二零零 七年六月一日起獲調任為非執行董事。 彼負責本集團整體業務運作監督。彼 於一九八零年加入本集團,擁有逾二十 年工廠生產業務經驗。彼為何焯輝先生 (本公司之執行董事成員之一、主席兼 行政總裁)之弟、何寶珠女士(本公司高 級管理人員團隊成員)之小叔及何啟文 先生(本公司之非執行董事成員之一)之 父親。

**Independent Non-executive Directors** 

Mr. FONG Hoi Shing, aged 57, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director in December 2004. He has extensive experience in accounting, finance and management. He holds a master degree in professional accounting, a postgraduate diploma in corporate administration and a higher diploma in accountancy from The Hong Kong Polytechnic University. He is an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and an Associate of The Institute of Chartered Secretaries and Administrators.

Mr. YAM Chung Shing, aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of the Company in November 2015, is an Honorable President of Dongguan City Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment, the Honorable Citizen of Dongguan, Standing Committee of Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, Dongguan City and an Executive Vice President and Secretary of Association of the Hong Kong Members of Dongguan's (Hong Kong & Macau) Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference Committee. He has invested and developed several projects. He has extensive experience in business management and project investment.

Dr. LAU Kin Wah, IP, aged 61, has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company in December 2020. Dr. Lau has rich and extensive experience in business operation and management and is the founder, chairman and managing director of Hanville Co. Ltd. He holds a Doctor of Business Administration from Bulacan State University in Philippines and becomes a prominent figure in watch and clock industry. He graduated from the Lee Wai Lee Technical Institute in the 1980s. He was presented with the 20th Anniversary Award for Outstanding Graduate by the VTC in 2002. Also, he was an awardee of the Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong in 2004 and conferred the VTC Honorary Fellowship in 2013. On 1 July 2013 he was appointed a justice of the peace.

獨立非執行董事

方海城先生,五十七歲,於二零零四年十二月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。方先生於會計、財務及管理方面擁有豐富經驗。彼持有香港理工大學頒授的專業會計碩士、公司行政管理深造文憑內會計學高級文憑,彼為香港會計師公會會員,亦為英國特許秘書及行政人員公會會員。

任重誠先生,六十一歲,於二零一五年十一月獲委任為獨立非執行董事。為東莞市外商投資企業協會榮譽會長、東莞市榮譽市民,東莞市政協常委及香港東莞政協港澳委員聯誼會常務副會長兼秘書長,彼曾投資發展多個項目,於企業管理及項目投資擁有豐富經驗。

Dr. Lau is also a Vice-Convenor of The Employees Retraining Board Industry Consultative Networks (Business Services), a Member of Education Bureau Curriculum Development Council (CDC) Committee on Applied Learning, a Member of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University Intellectual Property Assessment Committee (IPAC), a Member of Hong Kong Productivity Council Hong Kong Watch & Clock Technology Centre Management Committee, an Advisor of Hong Kong Brand Development Council and a Specialist of The Hong Kong Council for Accreditation of Academic and Vocational Qualifications (HKCAAVQ).

劉博士亦為僱員再培訓局「商業服務業行業諮詢網絡」副召集人、教育局課程發展議會應用學習委員會委員、香港理工大學知識產權評估委員會委員、香港生產力促進局香港鐘錶科技中心管理委員會委員、香港品牌發展局顧問及香港學術及職業資歷評審局學科專家。

#### **MANAGEMENT**

Ms. HO Po Chu, aged 72, is the Director of Administration of the Group. She is also a director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Ms. Ho is one of the founding members of the Group in 1980. She is mainly responsible for supervising human resources and overall administration of the Group. She is also the wife of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, who is one of the executive Directors, the chairman and the chief executive officer of the Company, and sister-in-law of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming, who is a non-executive Director and Deputy Chairman.

Mr. HO Wai Hon, Brian, aged 31, is the Executive Assistant to Chairman, responsible for assisting the board's strategic planning for the Group's overall operation, investment and property development projects. He was also appointed as Head of Accounting and Finance on 1 November 2017, supervising and navigating the Group's finance, accounting and investor relations functions. He is a member of the Executive Committee of the Group and also the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group. Mr. Ho Wai Hon graduated from University of York, United Kingdom with a Bachelor Degree in Economics and a Master Degree in Finance and Investment Analysis at Aston Business School. He joined the Group in 2012 and strategically engages with the Group's financial planning and business development. He is the son of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, the executive Director, chairman and chief executive officer of the Company and nephew of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming, the non-executive director & deputy chairman of the Company. He also is the cousin of Mr. Ho Kai Man, the non-executive Director of the Company.

### 管理人員

何寶珠女士,七十二歲,本集團行政總監。彼亦為本集團若干附屬公司之董事。何女士為本集團於一九八零年成立時的創辦人之一。彼主要負責監督本集團之人力資源及整體行政工作。後為何焯輝先生(本公司執行董事成員可以主席兼行政總裁)之夫人及何卓明先生(本公司之非執行董事兼副主席)之大嫂。

何偉汗先生,三十一歲,主席行政助 理,負責協助本集團董事會整體營運、 投資及房地產發展項目之策略計劃。於 二零一七年十一月一日,彼亦獲委任為 財會部主管,負有監管及引領本集團財 務、會計及投資者關係之職能。彼為本 集團執行委員會成員及本集團若干附屬 公司之董事。何偉汗先生畢業於英國 約克大學,並持有經濟學士學位及持 有Aston Business School之財務及投資 分析碩士學位。彼於二零一二年加入本 集團,策略性參與本集團財務策劃及 業務發展。彼乃本公司執行董事及主 席兼行政總裁何焯輝先生之子及本公司 非執行董事兼副主席何卓明先生之姪 兒。彼亦為本公司非執行董事何啟文先 牛之堂弟。

Mr. LO Wai Kit, aged 51, is the Marketing General Manager of the Group and a member of the Executive Committee of the Group, responsible for the Group's business development and product management. Mr. Lo graduated from The Hong Kong Baptist University with a Bachelor of Arts (Honors) in Sociology. He had over 20 years' experience in Sales & Marketing.

Mr. CHAN Wah Ying, aged 56, is the Operation and Quality General Manager and a member of the Executive Committee of the Group. He is also the director of Karwin Thai Advanced Technology Industrial Limited. Mr. Chan graduated from The Hong Kong Polytechnic (now known as The Hong Kong Polytechnic University) with a higher certificate in Manufacturing Engineering. Mr. Chan joined the Group in 1992 and had over 30 years' experience in quality management, system integration and rich experience in international certification related to manufacturing.

Mr. HO Man Chung, Philip, aged 64, the director and general manager of Dongguan Karrie Properties Development Company Limited (東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and the director of certain subsidiaries of the Group, is responsible for the coordination and planning of real estate business for the Group. Mr. Ho Man Chung joined the Group in 2011. He had engaged in service business for more than 15 years and has over 20 years' experience in project planning, operation and management of hotel and property development. He possesses expertise in various projects development and management, especially in property development project.

**勞偉傑先生**,五十一歲,本集團市場總經理及執行委員會成員之一,負責本集團業務拓展及產品管理。勞先生畢業於香港浸會大學,持有社會學(榮譽)文學士學位。彼擁有逾二十年銷售及市場推廣經驗。

陳華英先生,五十六歲,本集團運作及品質總經理及執行委員會成員。彼亦為Karwin Thai Advanced Technology Industrial Limited之董事。陳先生畢業於香港理工學院(現稱香港理工大學),持有製造工程高級證書。彼於一九九二年加入本集團,擁有逾三十年品質管理、系統整合及豐富製造業相關國際認証經驗。

何文忠先生,六十四歲,為東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司(本公司之全資附屬公司)的董事兼總經理及本集團若干附屬公司之董事,負責統籌本集團房地產業務。何文忠先生於二零一一年加入本集團。彼曾從事服務行業工作逾十五年及擁有逾二十年酒店及地產發展之籌劃、經營及管理經驗。彼乃擅長於各樣項目發展及管理,尤其是有關物業發展項目。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The Board has the pleasure of presenting the report together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the year.

董事會謹此呈上本集團本年度之報告及 經審核財務報表。

### **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The Group is principally engaged in

- Metal and Plastic Business ("M&P"): providing mechanical engineering solutions, manufacturing and sales of metal and plastic parts, including moulds and the relevant plastic and metal parts products for information and communication technology industry, etc.;
- Electronic Manufacturing Services Business ("EMS"): manufacturing and sales of magnetic tape data storage, point-of-sale system, and other computer peripherals, etc.; and
- Real Estate Business: urban renewal, residential real estate project investment and development.

Further discussion and analysis of the Group's activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, an indication of likely future developments in the Group's business and an analysis using financial key performance indicators, can be found in Chairman's Statement on pages 11 to 32, in Report of the Directors in pages 67 to 93 and Financial Highlights on pages 8 to 10 of this annual report.

A discussion on the Group's compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Group is contained in Corporate Governance Report on pages 33 to 59 of this annual report.

The Group's turnover by principal product business segment and geographical locations for the Year are set out in Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements of this annual report.

### 主要業務

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,集團主 要從事

- 五金塑膠業務(「五金塑膠」):提供機械工程解決方案,製造及銷售金屬及塑膠部件,主要包括資訊及通訊科技產業之模具、相關塑膠與金屬部件產品等;
- 電子專業代工業務(「電子代工」): 製造及銷售磁帶機數據儲存器、 收銀機系統及其他電腦周邊產品 等:及
- 房地產業務:舊城改造、住宅房地 產項目投資及發展。

按(香港法律第622章)《公司條例》附表5之規定對本集團業務之進一步討論及分析(包括有關本集團面臨的主要風險及不明朗因素的討論、本集團業務的未來可能發展動向及使用主要財務業績指標作出之分析)可於本年報第11至32頁之主席報告、第67至93頁的董事會報告及第8至10頁的財務概要。

有關本集團之遵守對本集團有重大影響的有關法律及規例的情況之討論載於本年報第33至59頁之企業管治報告書。

本集團本年度之營業額按主要業務分部 及地區之分析詳載於本年報內綜合財 務報表附註5。

# **Report of the Directors**

## 董事會報告

#### **DIVIDENDS**

The Board has recommended to pay a final dividend of HK7.0 cents per share (2019/20 final dividend: HK5.0 cents per share), to shareholders whose names appear on the register of members of the Company on 31 August 2021. Together with the interim dividend of HK4.0 cents per share (2019/20 interim dividend: HK4.0 cents per share) and a special dividend of HK0.5 cent per share (2019/20 special dividend: nil), total dividend paid/payable for this year amounted to HK11.5 cents per share (2019/20: HK9.0 cents per share). The final dividend will be subject to the approval of the shareholders of the Company at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "AGM") of the Company to be held on 24 August 2021.

#### **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

Details of the Group's results for the Year are set out in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on pages 107 to 108 of this annual report.

### PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group and of the Company during the Year are set out in Note 6 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details of the share capital of the Company are set out in Note 19 to the consolidated financial statements.

### **RESERVES**

Movements in reserves of the Group and the Company during the Year are set out in Note 21 to the consolidated financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2021, the Company's reserves of approximately HK\$440,643,000 mainly representing the contributed surplus and retained earnings were available for distribution to the Company's shareholders.

#### **DONATIONS**

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the Year amounted to HK\$158,000.

### 股息

董事會已建議派發末期股息每股7.0港仙(二零一九/二零年度末期股息:每股5.0港仙)予所有於二零二一年八月三十一日當日名列於本公司股東名冊內的股東名冊內的股東同中期股息每股4.0港仙(二零一九/二零年度中期股息:每股4.0港仙)及特別股息每股0.5港仙(二零一九/二零年度特別股息:無),全年股息派發/應度特別股息:無),全年股息派發/應時別股息:無),全年股息派發/應時別股息(二零一九/二零年度:每股9.0港仙)。末期股息須待舉行之應屆股東周年大會(「股東周年大會」)上批准後方可作實。

### 業績與分派

本集團本年度之業績,詳載於本年報第 107至108頁之綜合損益表內。

### 物業、廠房及設備

本集團及本公司在本年度內之物業、廠 房及設備變動情況詳載於綜合財務報 表附註6。

#### 股本

本公司股本情況詳載於綜合財務報表 附註19。

### 儲備

本集團及本公司在本年度之儲備變動情 況載於綜合財務報表附註21。

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止,本公司可供分派予本公司股東的儲備約440,643,000港元,為繳入盈餘及保留溢利。

#### 捐款

本集團於本年度進行之慈善及其他捐款 達158,000港元。

# Report of the Directors 董事會報告

#### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

The Company has not redeemed any of its shares during the year. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased or sold any of the Company's shares during the Year.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES AND PERFORMANCE**

The Group has realized the importance of good utilization of resources long time ago and not to exploit the rights of using resources for the next generation. The Group adheres to the concept of Chairman Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, with heartfelt dedication in all details, and saves resources for the next generation. As such, the Group's production adheres to the concept of reducing energy or material consumption from the sources with the adoption of various environmental friendly measures and addition of energy-saving equipment. With the concept of green and cleaner production implemented in practice, the Group continues to formulate policies for green production and energy-saving policies, while introducing different kinds of environmentally friendly equipment to attain the objectives of cleaner production and environmental protection and to comply with relevant environmental regulations. It is of paramount importance to have effective communication and understanding between the Group and its stakeholders including shareholders, partners, employees, suppliers, regulators and the public in coming up with benchmarks and regarding key issues.

In accordance with Rule 13.91 and the Environmental, Social and Governance Report Guide contained in Appendix 27 of the Listing Rules, the Company's Sustainability Report will be available on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website within three months from the publication of this annual report.

#### **COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of noncompliance with such requirements. The Group has been implementing system and allocating staff resources to ensure ongoing compliance with rules and regulations.

### 購買、出售或贖回股份

本年度,本公司概無贖回任何股份。本公司及其附屬公司在本年度內概無購買或出售本公司任何股份。

#### 環境政策及表現

根據上市規則第13.91條及附錄27所載 之環境、社會及管治報告指引,本公司 之可持續發展報告將於刊發本年報後三 個月內於本公司及聯交所網站公佈。

#### 遵守法律及法規

本集團深明遵守監管規定的重要性及 違反該等規定的風險。本集團持續投 入系統及人手資源,確保一直遵守規則 及法規。

# **Report of the Directors**

# 董事會報告

The Group's operations are mainly carried out by the Company's subsidiaries in Hong Kong and Mainland China while the Company itself was incorporated in Bermuda and its shares are listed on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Our establishment and operations accordingly shall comply with relevant laws and regulations in Hong Kong, Bermuda and the PRC. The Group had complied with all relevant laws and regulations.

本集團的營運主要由本公司位於香港及中國內地的附屬公司進行,而本公司本身乃於百慕達註冊成立,其股份並於聯交所主板上市。因此,我們的成立及營運須遵守香港、百慕達及中國內地的有關法律及法規。本集團已遵守所有相關法律及法規。

# RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS

The Group ensures all staff are reasonably remunerated and it regularly reviews and improves its policies on remuneration and benefits, training, occupational health and safety.

The Group maintains good relationship with its customers. A customer complaint handling mechanism is in place to receive, analyse and study complaints and make recommendations on remedies with the aim of improving service quality.

The Group is in good relationship with its suppliers and conducts a fair and strict appraisal of its suppliers.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group adopts an integrated top-down and bottomup approach in identifying risks and thereby conducts risk analysis and assessment to identify the sources, categories and indicators of risks. The followings are the key part of the risks and uncertainties identified by the Group:

#### (1) Operation:

### (i) Concentration of clients

The customers in industrial business of the Group are mainly concentrated in global leading technology corporations. The Group may be unable to attract new customers if no new product has been developed. The concentration of customers and/or the concentration of geographical location that exceeds an acceptable level may increase the business risk and may reduce the market share of the Group. The Group may also be exposed to the risk of significant reduction in profit in case a few important clients are lost.

### 與僱員、顧客及供應商之關係

本集團確保給予所有員工合理待遇,並 定期檢討和完善,其薪酬福利、培訓、 職業健康與安全政策。

本集團與顧客關係良好。本集團已制定 客戶投訴處理機制,收集、分析及研究 投訴事件及提出改善意見,以不斷提高 服務質素。

本集團與供應商關係良好,並會對供 應商進行公平及嚴格審核。

#### 主要風險及不確定因素

本集團採用自上而下及自下而上的混合 方式來識別風險,從而進行風險分析與 評定,以辨認風險根源、風險類別和風 險指數。本集團已識別下列主要風險及 不確定因素:

#### (1) 營運:

#### (i) 客戶集中度高

本集團工業客戶主要集中於 國際領先科技企業,倘未開 發新的產品項目,或未能吸引 新的客戶,客戶的集中度和 或地理位置的集中度超過 接受水準,或會增加商 議受水準,可會增加商 險,而可能減低本集團市場份 額。倘喪失數個主要客戶會 導致利潤顯著減少的風險。

### (ii) Supplies of raw materials

Since market fluctuations may lead to delay, shortage and price fluctuation in raw materials supply, these may heighten the Group's risks in maintaining timely delivery to customers and a fall in profit.

The Group has already adopted the following corresponding measures to mitigate operational risks:

### (i) Concentration of clients:

The Group adopt practical measures of "recruiting talents, innovating research and development, diversifying products, extending the production bases and market expansion" and provide solutions to our customers so as to meet the constant challenges.

### (ii) Supplies of raw materials:

The Group will seek to stock up sufficient raw materials in accordance with market conditions and sales and production plan, in order to stay clear of short-term fluctuation in market supply and price.

The Group always values clients and suppliers as long-term close partners. The Group will timely communicate with upstream and downstream suppliers over the market status of the raw materials and will proactively search for solutions to achieve a win-win business partnership.

#### (ii) 原材料供應

因市場波動或會導致原材料 供應延誤、短缺或價格波動, 從而增加本集團向客戶準時 付運或利潤減少的風險。

本集團已採取下列相應措施以減輕營運風險:

### (i) 客戶集中度高:

本集團採納「廣納人才、創新研發、多元產品、伸延產品及開拓市場」的實際措施,為客戶提供解決方案,以應對不斷的挑戰。

### (ii) 原材料供應:

本集團根據市場情況及銷售 生產計劃備用足夠的原材料, 避免市場短期之供應或價格 波動。

本集團一直以來視客戶及供應 商為長期緊密之合作夥伴。並 會及時與上下游供應商溝通原 材料之市場情況,積極尋求 方案以實踐共締雙贏的商業 夥伴關係。

### 董事會報告

#### (2) Risk of the real estate business:

The central government has implemented certain macro-economic control measures in the real estate market in the PRC to curb the price hike in certain cities. These measures, such as purchase restriction, price restriction, credit control and the Three Red Lines, has put downward pressure on the real estate market in the PRC and may have an impact on the revenue of Karrie's real estate business.

To mitigate the risk of the new business, the Group has adopted the following initiatives in response:

- To better handle the opportunities and challenges posed by policy changes, the Group has established a professional team to maintain close communication with the relevant authorities and thoroughly study policy trends so as to adopt a more flexible approach to sales in response to such changes;
- To reduce costs, deliver quality properties at lower costs and compete effectively in the market, the professional management team closely monitors the quality, progress, safety and materials of the development projects;
- The macro-economic control measures will foster long-term development of the real estate market and prevent any crash. On the other hand, most of the Group's projects are "Old Town, Old Factory and Old Village Redevelopment" projects adjacent to Shenzhen in the Greater Bay Area with relatively low land costs. As such, the Group will launch its real estate projects in a confident manner in the stable PRC economic environment.

### (3) Finance

Foreign currency risks arising from dealings with customers and suppliers in foreign currencies are discussed in the Chairman's Statement of this annual report. Other financial risks and uncertainties are set out in note 3 to the consolidated financial statements.

### (2) 房地產業務風險:

中央政府對中國房地產市場展開 調控措施,以遏止部份城市房價 快速上漲,在限購、限價及三條 紅線等措施下,中國房地產市場存 在下行風險,對嘉利房地產業務收 益有可能受到影響。

本集團已採取下列相應措施,以減輕新業務風險:

- 為了更好應對政策變化所帶來的機遇及挑戰,本集團建立專業知識團隊,並與有關部門保持緊密溝通,並深入研究政策方向;因此,本集團能採納更靈活的銷售方式以應對;
- 專業管理團隊嚴格監管項目 開發過程中的質量、進度、安 全及材料等,務求降低成本, 成為「本低、質優」的房產,在 市場具競爭能力;
- 調控措施更有利房地產市場長遠發展,防止泡沫爆破。 且本集團項目大多是以「三舊改造」形式開發,土地成本較低,且地處大灣區,毗鄰深圳市,在穩定的中國經濟環境下,房地產銷售更具信心。

### (3) 財務

與客戶及供應商以外幣進行交易產生的外幣風險於本年報主席報告內討論。其他財務風險及不確定因素載於綜合財務報表附註3。

#### **SHARE OPTION SCHEME**

A share option scheme was adopted on 24 August 2012 (the "Share Option Scheme"). Details of the Share Option Scheme are summarized as below:

- (i) (a) The Share Option Scheme is a share incentive scheme and is established to recognise and acknowledge the contributions which the eligible participants have made or will make to the Group or invested entity (as defined in Share Option Scheme).
  - (b) The Share Option Scheme will provide the eligible participants with an opportunity to have a personal stake in the Company with a view to motivating the eligible participants to utilise their performance and efficiency for the benefit of the Group or invested entity; and attracting and retaining or otherwise maintaining an ongoing relationship with the eligible participants whose contributions are or will be beneficial to the long term growth of the Group or invested entity.
- (ii) The Board may at its discretion grant options to:
  - (a) any director (whether executive, non-executive or independent non-executive director), employee (whether full time or part time employee), consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner, joint venture partner or advisers of or contractor to the Group or invested entity; and
  - (b) any discretionary trust whose discretionary objects include any director (whether executive, non-executive or independent non-executive director), employee (whether full time or part time employee), consultant, customer, supplier, agent, partner, joint venture partner or adviser of or contractor to the Group or invested entity.
- (iii) The total number of shares that may be issued by the Company if all options granted under the Share Option Scheme have been exercised is 24,200,000 (15,000,000 share options were granted on 20 April 2021), which represents approximately 1.2% of the issued share capital of the Company as at 30 June 2021.

### 購股權計劃

購股權計劃於二零一二年八月二十四日 採納(「**購股權計劃**」),購股權計劃之詳 細摘要如下:

- (i) (a) 購股權計劃乃一項股份獎勵 計劃,設立之目的旨在表揚及 嘉許曾經或將對本集團或投 資實體作出貢獻的合資格參與 人士(按購股權計劃定義)。
- (ji) 董事會可酌情授出購股權予:
  - (a) 本集團或投資實體的任何董事 (執行、非執行或獨立非執行 董事)、僱員(全職或兼職)、 諮詢人員、客戶、供應商、 代理、合作夥伴、合營企業 夥伴、顧問或合約商;及
  - (b) 本集團或投資實體的任何全權信託對象,包括任何董事(執行、非執行或獨立非執行董事)、僱員(全職或兼職)、諮詢人員、客戶、供應商、代理、合作夥伴、合營企業夥伴、顧問或合約商。
- (iii) 根據購股權計劃已授出的所有購股權若然行使,本公司可發行之股份總數為24,200,000股(15,000,000 購股權於二零二一年四月二十日授出),相當於二零二一年六月三十日本公司已發行股本約1.2%。

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- (iv) The overall limit on the number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option schemes for the time being of the Company shall not, in aggregate, exceed such number of Shares equaling to 30% of the Shares in issue from time to time. No option may be granted under the Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of the Company if it will result in the above-mentioned 30% limit being exceeded.
- (v) The total number of Shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company must not, in aggregate, exceed 10% of the Shares in issue as at the date of approval of the Share Option Scheme by the Shareholders (the "Scheme Mandate Limit"), unless Shareholders' approval has been obtained. Options lapsed in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme or any other share option scheme of the Company will not be counted for the purpose of calculating the Scheme Mandate Limit.
- (vi) (a) Unless approved by Shareholders in a general meeting, no option may be granted to any eligible participant which, if exercised in full, would result in the total number of Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted or to be granted to such eligible participant (including exercised, cancelled and outstanding options) in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such new grant exceeding 1% of the Shares in issue as at the date of such new grant.
  - (b) Any grant of options to a director, chief executive or substantial shareholder of the Company or its subsidiaries or any of their respective associates under the Share Option Scheme must be subject to the prior approval of the independent nonexecutive Directors (excluding any independent non-executive Director who is a grantee of the relevant options).

- (iv) 根據購股權計劃及本公司當時任何 其他購股權計劃已授出但尚待行 使的所有尚未行使購股權獲行使 時可發行的股份數目之整體限額, 合共不得超過不時已發行股份之 30%,惟須以下列條件為前提。倘 有關授出將導致超過上述30%限 額,則概不可根據購股權計劃或本 公司任何其他購股權計劃授出購 股權。
- (v) 根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他 購股權計劃將予授出的所有購股權 獲行使而可能發行之股份總數,合 共不得超過於股東批准購股權計 劃日期已發行股份總數之10%(「計 劃授權限額」)。就計算計劃授權限 額而言,根據購股權計劃或本公司 任何其他購股權計劃之條款失效 之購股權將不予計算在內。
- - b) 根據購股權計劃向本公司或 其附屬公司董事、主要行政人 員或主要股東或任何彼等各 自之聯繫人士授出任何購股 權,均須經本公司獨立非執行 董事(惟任何身為有關購股權 之承授人之獨立非執行董事 除外)事先批准。

- shareholder or an independent non-executive director of the Company or any of their respective associates would result in the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of all options already granted and to be granted (including options exercised, cancelled and outstanding) to such person in the 12-month period up to and including the date of such grant:
  - (1) representing in aggregate over 0.1% of the Shares in issue, and
  - (2) having an aggregate value, based on the closing price of the Shares at the date of each grant, in excess of HK\$5,000,000.

then such further grant must be subject to the approval by Shareholders at a general meeting taken on a poll.

- (vii) The period within which the options must be exercised will be specified by the Company at the time of grant, but shall expire no later than 10 years from the relevant date of grant.
- (viii) At the time of grant of the options, the Company may specify any minimum period(s) for which an option must be held before it can be exercised. The Share Option Scheme does not contain any such minimum period.
- (ix) At the time of the grant of the options, the Company may specify any performance target(s) which must be achieved before the options can be exercised. The Share Option Scheme does not contain any performance targets.
- (x) A non-refundable remittance of HK\$10 by way of consideration for the grant of an option is refunded to be paid by each grantee upon acceptance of the opinion.

- (c) 倘向本公司主要股東或獨立 非執行董事或任何彼等各, 之聯繫人士授出購股權,將 導致已發行股份及因行使 截至及包括授出該購股權日 期止12個月期間內已向及將向 該人士授出的全部購股權(包 括已行使、註銷及尚未行使的 購股權)時將發行之股份:
  - (i) 合共佔已發行股份逾 0.1%;及
  - (ii) 根據股份於各授出日期 的收市價計算的總值超 過5,000,000港元。

則該進一步授出購股權須經股東以投票表決方式批准。

- (vii) 本公司將於授出時指定須行使購 股權之期間,但須自有關授出日期 起計不超過10年屆滿。
- (viii) 於授出購股權時,本公司可指定購股權可行使前必須持有的任何最短期限。購股權計劃並無列明任何最短期限。
- (ix) 於授出購股權時,本公司可指定購股權可行使前必須達到的任何表現目標。購股權計劃並無列明任何表現目標。
- (x) 獲授人在接納購股權時須支付10 港元作為獲授購股權之代價,款 項概不退回。

### 董事會報告

- (xi) Subject to adjustments made in a situation contemplated under the Share Option Scheme, the subscription price in respect of any option shall be at the discretion of the Board, provided that it shall not be less than the highest of:
  - (a) the closing price of a share as shown in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange on the date of grant (which must be a business day) in respect of such option;
  - (b) the average of the closing prices of the shares as shown in the daily quotations sheet of the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the relevant date of grant in respect of such option; and
  - (c) the nominal value of a share.

- (xi) 待根據購股權計劃所擬定情況作 出調整後,任何購股權的認購價 須按董事會的酌情權決定,但其 不得少於以下最高者:
  - (a) 聯交所於該購股權授出日期 (該日必須為營業日)發出的每 日報表所列股份收市價;
  - (b) 緊接有關該購股權授出日期前 五個營業日聯交所發出的每日 報表所列的股份平均收市價; 及
  - (c) 股份面值。

- (xii) Details of share option movements during the Year under the Share Option Scheme are as follows:
- (xii) 根據購股權計劃於本年度之購股權變動詳情如下:

Na	me	Date of Grant	Exercise Price per share	Exercise Period	Closing Price before date of grant	Price at exercise date of options	Number of options outstanding at 1 April 2020 二零二零年	Number of options granted during the year	Number of options exercised during the year	Number of options lapsed/ cancelled during the year	Number of options outstanding at 31 March 2021 二零二一年
姓名		授出日期	<b>每股行使價格</b> (HK\$) (港元)	行使期	於購股權 授出日前 之價格 (HK\$) (港元)	於購股權 行使日 之價格 (HK\$) (港元)	ーマー 四月一日 尚未行使 購股權數目 ('000)	於本年度 獲授予 購股權數目 (1000) (千)	於本年度 行使購股權 數目 ('000) (千)	於本年度 失效/取消 購股權數目 ('000) (千)	三月三十一日 尚未行使 購股權數目 ('000) (千)
(i)	Directors/Chief Executives 董事及最高行政人員										
	Mr. Zhao Kai 趙凱先生	11/08/2014	0.419	01/08/2015-	0.42	1.14	2,500	_	(2,500)	_	_
	<b>坦</b>	11/08/2014	0.419	10/08/2024 01/08/2017- 10/08/2024	0.42	1.1875*	5,000	_	(4,000)	_	1,000
	Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia 陳名妹小姐	27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2017- 26/10/2026	0.69	_	_	_	_	_	_
	W.H.W.I.YI	27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2018- 26/10/2026	0.69	1.14	1,000	_	(1,000)	_	_
		27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2019– 26/10/2026	0.69	1.16	2,000	_	(2,000)	_	-
	Mr. Chan Raymond 陳毅文先生	27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2017- 26/10/2026	0.69	1.19	500	_	(500)	_	_
	M 200 A 7.0 I	27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2018– 26/10/2026	0.69	1.19	1,500	_	(1,500)	_	_
		27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2019– 26/10/2026	0.69	1.19	2,000	-	(2,000)	_	-
	Mr. Yam Chung Shing 任重誠先生	27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2017- 26/10/2026	0.69	_	_	_	_	_	_
	正 ± ₩ / 0 工	27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2018– 26/10/2026	0.69	_	_	_	_	_	_
		27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2019– 26/10/2026	0.69	-	_	_	_	_	_
(i)	Other Eligible Participants 其他合資格參與者										
	Employees 僱員	11/08/2014	0.419	01/08/2015- 10/08/2024	0.42	1.43	4,000	_	(4,000)	_	_
	IL X	11/08/2014	0.419	01/08/2017- 10/08/2024	0.42	_	4,000	_	_	_	4,000
		27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2017- 26/10/2026	0.69	1.56	2,370	_	(600)	_	1,770
		27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2018– 26/10/2026	0.69	1.56	2,570	_	(400)	_	2,170
		27/10/2016	0.70	01/07/2019– 26/10/2026	0.69	1.13	3,760	-	(100)	_	3,660

<sup>\*</sup> Weighted Average 加權平均數

### 董事會報告

A professional actuarial firm has been engaged in the year 2014/15 and 2016/17 to perform a valuation of the share options granted under the share option scheme.

According to the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standard 2 ("HKFRS2"), the fair value of the share option on the date grant should be amortised in profit or loss as expenses over the period from the date of grant until they are exercisable by the grantee. The expense required to be reported for share options granted from 1 April 2014 to 31 March 2020 would be estimated as follows:

根據購股權計劃,一間專業估值 公司分別於二零一四/一五年度及 二零一六/一七年度獲聘請評估本 公司之購股權價值。

根據香港財務報告準則第二號(「香港財務報告準則2」),購股權於授出日期的公平值須於有關的權益期內攤銷(由授出日至獲授人可行使購股權),攤銷支出從損益賬戶扣除。有關於二零一四年四月一日至二零二零年三月三十一日授出的購股權所產生的支出遂評估如下:

		Financial Year 財政年度							
		2014/15 (Actual) 2014/15 (實際)	2015/16 (Actual) 2015/16 (實際)	2016/17 (Actual) 2016/17 (實際)	2017/18 (Actual) 2017/18 (實際)	2018/19 (Actual) 2018/19 (實際)	2019/20 (Actual) 2019/20 (實際)	Total 總計	
P&L expenses (HK\$'000)	損益賬支出(千港元)	1,267	1,020	2,561	2,908	1,186	230	9,172	

Employee share option expenses charged to the consolidated profit or loss are determined with the trinomial model valuation model based on the following assumptions:

於綜合損益表中扣除之僱員認股權費用乃根據以下假設及按三項式模型計算:

(1)	The	share	options	were	granted	on	11	August
	2014	ŀ:						

(-)	於二零一四年八月十一日授出
	之購股權:

Date of valuation	11 August 2014	估值日期	二零一四年 八月十一日
Date of grant	11 August 2014	授出日期	二零一四年 八月十一日
Option value	HK\$0.176- HK\$0.194	認股權價值	0.176港元- 0.194港元
Market price at date of grant	HK\$0.405	於授出日之 市場價值	0.405港元
Exercisable price	HK\$0.419	行使價	0.419港元
Risk-free interest rate	1.97%	無風險利率	1.97%
Life of options	10 years	認股權 有效年期	十年
Expected Volatility (120 months)	52.84%	預期波幅 (120個月)	52.84%
Expected Dividend yield	2.47%	預期每股股息	2.47%

### 董事會報告

The share options were granted on 27 October 2016:

(二) 於二零一六年十月二十七日授 出之購股權:

Date of valuation 27 October 2016 估值日期 二零一六年 十月二十七日

Date of grant 27 October 2016

二零一六年 授出日期

十月二十十日

Option value HK\$0.239認股權價值 0.239港元-0.271港元

Market price at date of grant

於授出日之 0.70港元

市場價值

HK\$0.70

HK\$0.271

Exercisable price HK\$0.70 行使價 0.70港元

Risk-free interest rate 1.00% 無風險利率 1.00%

Life of options 10 years 認股權 十年

有效年期

**Expected Volatility** 

預期波幅 (120個月) 51.27%

(120 months)

Expected Dividend yield

5.00%

51.27%

預期每股股息 5.00%

Note: The vesting of the share options is subject to the performance of the Group.

附註:授購股權取決於本集團之 業績。

There are several relevant measures that may be considered to assess the financial impact of the share option schemes, including the expense of share-based transactions under generally accepted financial reporting standards (e.g., HKFRS2). The expense of the share-based transactions is attributed over the period from the original transaction date (i.e., grant date) to the date when the recipient's entitlement to the payment has been fully realized (i.e., vested).

現時有數種計量方法可以考 慮用作評估購股權計劃對財 務報表的影響,包括於普遍 採納的財務報告標準(如香港 財務報告準則2)下以股份支付 的交易的有關支出。至於以股 份支付的交易的相關支出則會 於原定交易日(即授出日)至收 款人全數確認收取款項(即已 歸屬)期間攤銷。

The expected volatility is based on the historic volatility, adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility based on publicly available information. Change in the subjective input assumptions could materially affect the fair value estimate.

預期波動率是依據歷史波動 率,並且就按照可公開獲得 的資料預期未來波動率的任 何預期變化作出調整後得出。 主觀輸入假設的變動可能嚴 重影響所估計的公平值。

The result of the trinomial model can be materially affected by changes in these assumptions so an option's actual value may differ from the estimated fair value of the options due to limitations of the trinomial model.

In assessing the value of the share options granted during the Year and the expense of share-based transactions under HKFRS2 requirement, the trinomial option pricing model has been used. The trinomial model is one of the generally most accepted methods used to calculate the value of options and expense of share-based transactions.

The parameters of the trinomial model include the risk free rate, dividend yield, exit rate and trigger price multiple. The risk free rate has made reference to the yield of exchange fund notes as at the grant date. The dividend yield makes reference to the dividend history and it is assumed that the grantee will exercise the option in accordance with their sub-optimal exercise policy.

#### **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's Bye-laws and there was no restriction against such rights under the laws of Bermuda.

### **TAX RELIEF**

The Company is not aware of any relief from taxation available to the Shareholders by reason of their holding of the shares in the Company.

### **FIVE-YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

A summary of the results and the assets and liabilities of the Group for the last five financial years is set out on page 263 to 265 of this annual report.

#### **MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS**

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

倘上述假設出現變動,足以嚴重影響三項式模型的結果,故股權的實際價值可能因三項式模型的限制而有別於購股權的估計公平值。

香港財務準則2規定下在本年 度以股份支付的交易的相關支 出乃使用三項式模型評估。三 項式模型乃計算購股權價值 及股份支付的交易的有關支出 最為普遍接納之方法之一。

### 優先權

公司細則規定概無載有本公司須按比例 向現有股東發行新股之優先權條文,而 百慕達法例中亦無限制有關優先權之 條文。

### 税務寬減

本公司概不知悉股東因持有本公司股份 而享有任何税務寬減。

### 五年財務概要

本集團過去五個財政年度之業績及資產 與負債摘要載於本年報第263至265頁。

#### 管理合約

本年度內,本公司概無就整體業務或任 何重大業務之管理或行政工作訂立任何 合約,亦無存有此等合約。

### 董事會報告

#### PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Company's Bye-law provides that the Directors shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses as a result of any act or failure to act in carrying out their functions.

The Company has arranged directors' and officers' liability insurance cover in respect of legal action against the Directors during the year.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company are set out in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BANK BORROWINGS**

Particulars of bank borrowings of the Group as at 31 March 2021 are set out in Notes 23 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

The Directors who held office during the Year and up to the date of this report are:

### **Executive Directors**

Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai (Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)

Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia

Mr. Zhao Kai

Mr. Chan Raymond

#### **Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming (Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Ho Kai Man

#### **Independent Non-executive Directors**

Mr. Fong Hoi Shing

Mr. Yam Chung Shing

Dr. Lau Kin Wah

(was appointed on 1 December 2020)

Mr. So Wai Chun

(resigned on 1 December 2020)

### 獲准許彌償條文

本公司細則規定,董事均可從本公司資 產獲得彌償,以補償履行職務時因進行 或未進行任何行為而招致的任何訴訟、 成本、費用、損失、損害及支出。

本公司已安排就董事於年內面對的法律訴訟之董事及高級管理人員責任保險。

#### 附屬公司

本公司主要附屬公司之詳情,載於財務報表附註9。

#### 銀行借貸

本集團於二零二一年三月三十一日之銀 行借貸詳情列於財務報表附註23。

### 董事會

本年度內及截至本年報日期止,在任之 董事如下:

### 執行董事

何焯輝先生(主席兼行政總裁)

陳名妹小姐

趙凱先生

陳毅文先生

### 非執行董事

何卓明先生(副主席)

何啟文先生

#### 獨立非執行董事

方海城先生

任重誠先生

劉健華博士

(二零二零年十二月一日獲委任)

蘇偉俊先生

(二零二零年十二月一日辭任)

Mr. Fong Hoi Shing, Mr. Yam Chung Shing and Dr. Lau Kin Wah entered into an appointment letter with the Company for a term of one year with effect from 1 December 2020 subject to extension by mutual agreement and retirement by rotation and re-election at the annual general meeting of the Company as and when required under the Bye-laws.

In accordance with Article 87 of the Company's Bye-laws and paragraph A.4.2. of the Corporate Governance Code as set out in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules. Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, Mr. Zhao Kai, Mr. Chan Raymond and Dr. Lau Kin Wah will retire from office by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting. All such Directors, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

#### **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

None of the Directors who are proposed for re-election at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract with the Company which is not terminable by the Company within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTIONS, ARRANGEMENTS OR CONTRACTS

During the Year, no transactions, arrangements or contracts of significance to which any of the Group companies was a party and in which a Director was materially interested, either directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time.

## CONNECTED TRANSACTION AND CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTION

During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group did not enter into any connected transaction or continuing connected transaction that are not exempted from annual reporting requirement under the Listing Rules. 方海城先生、任重誠先生及劉健華博士已簽訂為期一年的董事委任函,於二零二零年十二月一日生效。雙方同意延期除外及直至再次依章於股東週年大會上告退及膺選連任為止。

按照本公司章程細則第87條規定及上市規則附錄十四內的企業管治守則A.4.2段,何焯輝先生、趙凱先生、陳毅文先生及劉健華博士將於即將舉行之股東週年大會上輪席退任。所有該等董事為有資格,並願意膺選連任。

### 董事之服務合約

本公司並無與擬於股東週年大會上重 選連任之董事訂立任何不可於一年內由 本公司無償終止之服務合約(法定賠償 除外)。

### 董事於交易,安排或合約之利益

本年度內,本公司或其附屬公司於本年 度內任何時間概無簽訂涉及本公司之業 務而本公司董事直接或間接擁有重大 利益之重要交易,安排或合約。

#### 關連交易及持續關連交易

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團並無訂立任何上市規則項下年度 報告規定的不獲豁免之關連交易或持 續關連交易。

### 董事會報告

## DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE' S INTERESTS IN SHARES

#### As at 31 March 2021

The interests and short positions of the Directors and the chief executive of the Company in the shares and the underlying shares of the Company and any associated corporations (as defined in Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) (a) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO; or (b) as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Companies (the "Model Code") were as follows:

### 董事及最高行政人員之股份權益

### 於二零二一年三月三十一日

本公司各董事及最高行政人員在本公司及任何相聯法團(釋義見《證券及期貨條例》(「《證券條例》」)第XV部)的股份及相關股份中擁有的權益及淡倉,而該等權益及淡倉(a)根據《證券條例》第352條須予備存之登記冊所記錄者;或(b)依據領予備存之登記冊所記錄者;或(b)依據場上市公司董事進行證券交易的標準守則》(「《標準守則》」)通知本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」),如下:

### Interests in the Company

### 於本公司之權益

#### Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each 毎股面値0.1港元之普涌股數目

		母放闽恒0.1港九之首进放數日				
		Personal interests	Family interests	Corporate/ Other interests 法團權益或	Total interests	% of issued share capital
		個人權益	家屬權益	其他權益	合計權益	持股百分比
Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai	何焯輝先生	278,712,000 (Note 1) (附註一)	110,350,000 (Note 1) (附註一)	1,077,608,000 (Note 2) (附註二)	1,466,670,000	72.88
Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming	何卓明先生	11,400,000 (Note 3) (附註三)	_	817,608,000 (Note 2) (附註二)	829,008,000	41.19
Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia	陳名妹小姐	6,000,000 (Note 4) (附註四)	_	_	6,000,000	0.30
Mr. Zhao Kai	趙凱先生	12,300,000 (Note 5) (附註五)	_	_	12,300,000	0.61
Mr. Chan Raymond	陳毅文先生	5,000,000 (Note 6) (附註六)	_	_	5,000,000	0.25
Mr. Yam Chung Shing	任重誠先生	500,000 (Note 7) (附註七)	-	-	500,000	0.03
Mr. Fong Hoi Shing	方海城先生	4,000	_	_	4,000	0.00
Ms. Ho Po Chu	何寶珠女士	110,350,000 (Note 8) (附註八)	538,712,000 (Note 8) (附註八)	817,608,000 (Note 2) (附註二)	1,466,670,000	72.88

#### Notes:

- Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai's personal interest consists of 278,712,000 ordinary shares of the Company (the "Shares"). He is deemed to be interested in 110,350,000 Shares held by his spouse, Ms. Ho Po Chu, as beneficial owner.
- The 1,077,608,000 Shares comprised (i) 487,608,000 2. Shares held by New Sense Enterprises Limited ("New Sense"); and (ii) 330,000,000 Shares held by Castfast Properties Development Co., Limited ("Castfast Properties"), 87% of the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Honford Investments Limited ("Honford Investments"). New Sense and Honford Investments are each wholly-owned by TMF (BVI) Limited ("TMF") as trustee for a discretionary trust, The Ho Family Trust, and (iii) 260,000,000 Shares held by The Wedding City Co., Limited ("The Wedding City"), 90% and 10% of the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and Ms. Ho Po Chu, respectively. Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai is deemed to be interested in the 817,608,000 Shares in (i) and (ii) as founder of The Ho Family Trust and in 260,000,000 Shares in (iii) through The Wedding City. Ms. Ho Po Chu and Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming are the discretionary objects of The Ho Family Trust and are thus deemed to be interested in the 817,608,000 Shares held under The Ho Family Trust. Therefore, the interests of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, Ms. Ho Po Chu and Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming in the 817,608,000 Shares duplicate with each other.
- 3. The personal interests of Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming comprise 11,400,000 Shares.
- 4. The personal interests of Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia comprise 6,000,000 Shares.
- 5. The personal interests of Mr. Zhao Kai comprise 11,300,000 Shares and 1,000,000 outstanding share options.
- 6. The personal interests of Mr. Chan Raymond comprise 5,000,000 Shares.
- 7. The personal interests of Mr. Yam Chung Shing comprise 500,000 Shares.
- 8. The personal interests of Ms. Ho Po Chu comprise 110,350,000 Shares. Ms. Ho Po Chu is also deemed to be interested in (a) 278,712,000 Shares held and 260,000,000 Shares deemed to be held by her spouse, Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, and (b) 817,608,000 Shares referred to in Note 2 above.

#### 附註:

- 一、何 焯 輝 先 生 之 個 人 權 益 包 括 278,712,000股本公司普通股股份 (「股份」)。何焯輝先生被視為持有 其配偶何寶珠女士作為實益擁有 人持有之110,350,000股股份。
- 二、 1,077,608,000股 股 份 包 括 (i) 由 New Sense Enterprises Limited (「New Sense」) 持有之487,608,000 股股份;(ii)嘉輝房地產拓展有 限公司(「嘉輝房地產」)持有之 330,000,000股股份,其已發行股 本之87%乃由Honford Investments Limited ([Honford Investments]) 實益擁有。New Sense及Honford (「TMF」)作為全權信託The Ho Family Trust之受託人全資擁有及 (iii)婚紗城有限公司(「婚紗城」)持 有之260,000,000股股份,其發行 股本之90%及10%分別由何焯輝先 生及何寶珠女士實益擁有。何焯輝 先生作為The Ho Family Trust之創 立人,被視為於該等817,608,000 股股份中擁有(i)及(ii)及(iii)婚紗城 之260,000,000股股份之權益。何 寶珠女士及何卓明先生為The Ho Family Trust之全權受益人,故被 視為於The Ho Family Trust持有之 817.608.000股股份擁有權益。故 此,何焯輝先生、何寶珠女士及何 卓明先生於該等817,608,000股股 份之權益彼此重疊。
- 三、何卓明先生之個人權益由 11,400,000股股份組成。
- 四、陳名妹小姐之個人權益由 6,000,000股股份組成。
- 五、 趙凱先生之個人權益由11,300,000 股股份及1,000,000尚未行使之購 股權組成。
- 六、 陳 毅 文 先 生 之 個 人 權 益 由 5,000,000股股份組成。
- 七、 任重誠先生之個人權益由500,000 股股份組成。
- 八、何寶珠女士之個人權益由 110,350,000股股份組成。何寶 珠女士被視為持有(a)其配偶何 焯輝先生作為實益擁有人持有之 278,712,000股股份及260,000,000 股股份:及(b) 817,608,000股股份 之權益,被視為何寶珠女士(如附 註二所述)重疊之同一權益。

### 董事會報告

#### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN COMPETING BUSINESS**

As at 31 March 2021, Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and Ms. Ho Po Chu were interested in certain companies established in the PRC (the "Competing Companies") which are or are likely to, directly or indirectly, compete with the business of the Group. Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and Ms. Ho Po Chu are also the directors of these Competing Companies. Details of the interests of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and Ms. Ho Po Chu in the Competing Companies are as follows:

### 董事於競爭業務之權益

於二零二一年三月三十一日,何焯輝先生及何寶珠女士亦於其他中國成立之其他公司或可能與本集團業務構成直接或間接競爭之公司(「競爭性公司」)擁有權益。何焯輝先生及何寶珠女士亦為這些競爭性公司之董事。何焯輝先生及何寶珠女士於該等競爭性公司之權益詳情如下:

Name of Competing Company 競爭性公司名稱	Date and place of establishment 註冊成立日期及地點	Principal business 主要業務	Shareholdings 股權
Dongguan Castfast Door and Window Products Co., Ltd.	2 August 2001, the PRC	Property investment and provision of property management and	Castfast Properties: 95%
("Dongguan Castfast") 東莞嘉輝門窗製品有限公司 (「東莞嘉輝」)	二零零一年 八月二日,中國	consultancy services in the PRC 於中國進行物業投資及提供物業管 理及諮詢服務	嘉輝房地產:95%
Yixing Yongtai Electronic Technology Co. Ltd. ("Yixing Yongtai")	25 March 2008, the PRC	Property development in the PRC	Castfast Properties: 75%  Dongguan Karrie Resort  Limited: 25%
宜興永泰電子科技有限公司 (「 <b>宜興永泰</b> 」)	二零零八年三月二十五日, 中國	於中國進行物業開發	嘉輝房地產:75% 東莞嘉利渡假休閒有限公司:25%
東莞市嘉訊通電腦產品有限公司(「 <b>東莞嘉訊通</b> 」)	7 September 2000, the PRC	Property investment and development, manufacturing and sales of computer related	Kar Info Property Limited: 100%
東莞市嘉訊通電腦產品有限 公司(「 <b>東莞嘉訊通</b> 」)	二零零零年九月七日, 中國	electronic devices 物業投資及開發、生產及銷售電腦 相關電子設備	嘉訊通(香港)置業有限公司: 100%

As at 31 March 2021, Dongguan Castfast had developed a residential and commercial property project located at Dongguan, Guangdong, the PRC with a site area of approximately 48,600 sq.m. and a total gross floor area of approximately 233,700 sq.m. before 2009.

As at 31 March 2021, Yixing Yongtai had developed a commercial property project located in Yixing, Jiangsu, the PRC. This project occupied a site area of approximately 101,637 sq.m. and comprised offices, staff quarters and canteens.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,東莞嘉輝已於二零零九年前開發一處位於中國廣東省東莞之住宅及商用物業項目,佔地面積約為48,600平方米,而總樓面面積則約為233,700平方米。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,宜興永泰 已開發一處位於中國江蘇省宜興之商用 物業項目。該項目佔地面積約為101,637 平方米,並由寫字樓、員工宿舍及餐廳 構成。

From 2016, 東莞嘉訊通 cooperates with Massive Era Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company to develop a residential property project located in Dongguan, the PRC. This project occupied a site area of approximately 32,000 sq.m. with a total gross floor area of approximately 61,000 sq.m. and had been completed before 31 March 2021.

The power to make material business decisions for the Group is vested in the Board. Whenever the Board considers that there may be a conflict of interest between the Group and any Director, such Director will be required to abstain from voting. Therefore, the Board is capable of carrying on the Group's business independently of, and at arm's length, from the business of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and Ms. Ho Po Chu.

由二零一六年開始,東莞嘉訊通與 Massive Era Limited (本公司之全資附屬 公司)合作發展一處位於中國東莞住宅 物業,佔地面積約為32,000平方米,而 總樓面面積約為61,000平方米。該合作 項目已於二零二一年三月三十一日前完 成。

本集團之重大商業決定乃委予董事會, 無論何時,當董事會認為可能出現有董 事與本集團有利益衝突時,該名董事將 會放棄投票。因此,董事會便能獨立於 及公平於何焯輝先生及何寶珠女士的 業務而營運本集團之業務。

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

#### As at 31 March 2021

The interests or short positions of the persons (other than a Director or Chief Executive of the Company) in the shares or underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO are as follows:

#### 主要股東

### 於二零二一年三月三十一日

以下人士(不包括董事及本公司之最高 行政人員)於本公司股份及相關股份中 擁有根據本公司須按《證券條例》第336 條存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉:

## Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each 每股面值0.1港元之普通股數目

Name of Shareholders	Personal interests	Corporate/Other interests 法團權益或其他	Shareholding percentage	
股東名稱	個人權益	權益	持股百分比	
New Sense	487,608,000 (Note 1附註一)	_	24.23%	
Castfast Properties 嘉輝房地產	330,000,000 (Note 2附註二)	_	16.40%	
The Wedding City 婚紗城	260,000,000 (Note 3附註三)	_	12.92%	
Honford Investments	_	330,000,000 (Note 2附註二)	16.40%	
TMF	_	817,608,000 (Note 4附註四)	40.63%	

### 董事會報告

#### Note:

- The entire issued share capital of New Sense was owned by TMF as trustee for The Ho Family Trust.
- 2. 87% of the issued share capital of Castfast Properties is beneficially owned by Honford Investments. The entire issued share capital of Honford Investments was owned by TMF as trustee for a discretionary trust, The Ho Family Trust. The interests of Honford Investments duplicate with those of the Castfast Properties.
- 3. 260,000,000 Shares were beneficially held by The Wedding City. 90% and 10% of the issued share capital of which is beneficially owned by Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and Ms. Ho Po Chu, respectively. The interests of The Wedding City therefore duplicate with those of Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai referred to in Note 2 to the section "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares (A) Interests in the Company" above.
- 4. TMF is deemed to be interested in these Shares held by New Sense, Castfast Properties and Honford Investments by virtue of acting as the trustee for The Ho Family Trust.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 March 2021, no person, other than the Directors and chief executives of the Company, whose interests are set out in the section "Directors' and Chief Executive's Interests in Shares" above, had an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company that was required to be recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 336 of the SEO.

## UPDATES ON DIRECTORS' INFORMATION UNDER RULE 13.51B (1) OF THE LISTING RULES

Change of information of the Directors, which is required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B (1) of the Listing Rules are set out below:

Mr. So Wai Chun has resigned as an independent non-executive Director, the chairman of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 1 December 2020 due to his retirement.

#### 附 註:

- 一、 New Sense之全部已發行股本乃由TMF以信託代The Ho Family Trust持有。
- 二、嘉輝房地產已發行股本之87%乃由 Honford Investments實益擁有。Honford Investments之全部已發行股本乃由TMF 作為全權信託The Ho Family Trust之受 託人持有。Honford Investments之權益 與嘉輝房地產之權益重疊。
- 三、婚紗城實益持有260,000,000股股份。其已發行股本之90%及10%分別由何焯輝先生及何寶珠女士實益擁有。故此,婚紗城之權益被視為何焯輝先生於以上「董事及最高行政人員之股份權益—(甲)於本公司之權益」一節附註二所述之權益重疊。
- 四、 TMF被視為以The Ho Family Trust之受 託人身份於New Sense、嘉輝房地產及 Honford Investments所持有股份中擁有 權益。

除上文及董事及最高行政人員於「董事及最高行政人員之股份權益」中披露外,於二零二一年三月三十一日,並無人士擁有本公司之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉,而該等權益或淡倉需根據《證券條例》第336條須予備存之登記冊所記錄。

### 根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條作出之董事 資料更新

根據上市規則第13.51B(1)條須予披露之董事資料變動載列如下:

蘇偉俊先生由於榮休,已辭任本公司獨 立非執行董事、審核委員會主席及薪酬 委員會主席,自二零二零年十二月一日 生效。

Dr. Lau Kin Wah has been appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member of each of the audit committee and remuneration committee of the Company with effect from 1 December 2020.

Mr. Fong Hoi Shing has been re-designated from a member to the chairman of audit committee of the Company and his annual salary increased from HK\$120,000 to HK\$150,000 (excluding discretionary bonus) with effect from 1 December 2020.

Mr. Yam Chung Shing has been re-designated from a member to the chairman of remuneration committee of the Company and his annual salary increased from HK\$120,000 to HK\$150,000 (excluding discretionary bonus) with effect from 1 December 2020.

Save as disclosed above, there is no change in Director's information required to be disclosed pursuant to Rule 13.51B (1) of the Listing Rules since the publication of the Company's Annual Report 2019/20.

## DISCLOSURES PURSUANT TO RULE 13.21 OF THE LISTING RULES

(1) On 20 December 2016, Castfast Industrial (Yan Tien) Limited (a subsidiary of the Company) as borrower and the Company and Karrie International (B.V.I.) Limited (a subsidiary of the Company) as guarantors entered into a facility agreement with Hang Seng Bank Limited, whereby the bank agreed to make available to the above borrower a term loan facility up to HK\$240,000,000 for a term of 72 months from the date of such facility agreement.

The above facility agreement imposes, inter alia, conditions that each of the above borrower and the guarantors shall ensure and procure that (i) Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and his associates together have and will maintain not less than 51% direct or indirect shareholding in the Company; and (ii) Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and his associates will not create or permit to subsist (or agree to create) any security over any of their shares in the Company without the bank's prior written consent.

劉健華博士已獲委任為本公司獨立非執 行董事、審核委員會成員及薪酬委員會 成員,自二零二零年十二月一日生效。

方海城先生由本公司審核委員會成員已調任為審核委員會主席及年薪由120,000港元增加至150,000港元(不包括酌量花紅),自二零二零年十二月一日生效。

任重誠先生由本公司薪酬委員會成員已 調任為薪酬委員會主席及年薪由120,000 港元增加至150,000港元(不包括酌量花 紅),自二零二零年十二月一日生效。

除上文披露外,自本公司二零一九/二零年年報刊發以來,根據上市規則第 13.51B(1)條須予披露之董事資料並無任何變更

### 根據上市規則第13.21條作出之披露

(1) 於二零一六年十二月二十日,本公司之附屬公司雁田嘉輝塑膠五金廠有限公司(作為借款方)、本公司及本公司之附屬公司Karrie International (B.V.I.) Limited(作為擔保人)與恒生銀行有限公司訂立融資協議,據此該銀行同意向上述借款方提供最多達240,000,000港元之定期貸款融資,自該融資協議日期起計為期七十二個月。

上述融資協議訂明,(其中包括)條件為上述借款方及擔保人須各自確保及促使(i)何焯輝先生及其聯累人合共及將維持持有不少於本公司的51%直接或間接股權;及(ii)何焯輝先生及其聯繫人將不會在未經該銀行事先書面同意的情況下就彼等於本公司之股份增設任何抵押或允許其存在(或同意增設)。

### 董事會報告

(2) On 23 March 2017, Dongguan Karrie Properties Development Company Limited (東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司) (a subsidiary of the Company) as borrower and the Company, Castfast Industrial (Yan Tien) Limited and Karrie International (B.V.I.) Limited (a subsidiary of the Company) as guarantors entered into a facility agreement with Hang Seng Bank (China) Limited, whereby the bank agreed to make available to the above borrower a term loan facility up to RMB270,000,000 for a term of 72 months from the date of first draw down.

The above facility agreement imposes, inter alia, conditions that each of the above borrower and the guarantors shall ensure and procure that (i) Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and his associates together have and will maintain not less than 51% direct or indirect shareholding in the Company; and (ii) Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai and his associates will not create or permit to subsist (or agree to create) any security over any of their shares in the Company without the bank's prior written consent.

(3) On 12 November 2018, Karwin Engineering Company Limited and Karrie Technologies Company Limited (each of which is a subsidiary of the Company) as borrowers and the Company as guarantor entered into a facility agreement with The Bank of East Asia, Limited, whereby the bank agreed to make available to the above borrowers a term loan facility in an aggregate amount of HK\$150,000,000 for a term of three years from the date of such facility agreement. The facility will be used to refinance the above borrowers' existing indebtedness and to finance the corporate funding requirements of the Group.

The above facility agreement imposes, inter alia, conditions that each of the above borrowers and the Company shall ensure that (i) Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai shall be and remain the chairman of the Company; and (ii) Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, Ms. Ho Po Chu, Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming and/or The Ho's family shall beneficially own in aggregate more than 50% of the issued share capital of the Company.

(2) 於二零一七年三月二十三日,本公司之附屬公司東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司(作為借款方)、本公司及本公司之附屬公司雁田嘉輝塑膠五金廠有限公司及Karrie International (B.V.I.) Limited (作為擔保人)與恒生銀行(中國)有限公司訂立融資協議,據此該銀行同意向上述借款方提供最多達人民幣270,000,000元之定期貸款融資,自首次提款日起計為期七十二個月。

上述融資協議訂明,(其中包括)條件為上述借款方及擔保人須各自確保及促使(i)何焯輝先生及其聯累人合共及將維持持有不少於本公司的51%直接或間接股權:及(ii)何焯輝先生及其聯繫人將不會在未經該銀行事先書面同意的情況下就彼等於本公司之股份增設任何抵押或允許其存在(或同意增設)。

(3) 於二零一八年十一月十二日,嘉運機械工程有限公司及嘉利環球科技有限公司(各為本公司附屬公司)(作為借款方)及本公司(作為擔保人)與東亞銀行有限公司訂立融資協議,據此該銀行同意向上並遵禁融資,自融資協議日期三年。融資將用於再融資上並借款方現有債務及為本集團公司資金需求提供資金。

根據上述融資協議訂明,(其中包括)條件為上述借款方及本公司須各自確保(i)何焯輝先生擔任並留任本公司主席:及(ii)何焯輝先生、何寶珠女士、何卓明先生及/或何氏家族將合共實益擁有本公司已發行股本50%以上。

(4) On 18 March 2019, Karwin Engineering Company Limited (a subsidiary of the Company) as borrower (the "Borrower") and the Company and a number of its subsidiaries, namely, Castfast Industrial (Yan Tien) Limited, Hong Kong Hung Hing Metal Manufacturing Company Limited, Karrie Industrial Company Limited, Karrie Technologies Company Limited and Dongguan Feng Gang Castfast Metal & Plastics Company Limited (東莞鳳崗嘉輝塑膠五金有限公司) as guarantors (the "Guarantors") entered into a facility letter (the "Facility Letter") with Hang Seng Bank Limited (the "Bank"), whereby the Bank agreed to make available to the Borrower a term loan facility up to HK\$250,000,000 for a term of four years from the date of first drawdown.

The Facility Letter imposes, inter alia, the Borrower shall undertake and ensure that Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai shall not pledge the Company's shares without the Bank's prior written consent.

As at the date of this annual report, the above specific performance obligations by the controlling shareholders of the Company continue to subsist.

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

The percentages of purchases and sales for the year ended 31 March 2021 attributable to the Group's major suppliers and customers are as follows:

#### **Purchases**

The largest supplier	41%
Five largest suppliers combined	67%
Sales	
The largest customer	27%
Five largest customers combined	79%

None of the Directors, their associates, or any shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) had a beneficial interest in the Group's major suppliers or customers noted above.

(4) 於二零一九年三月十八日,本公司 之附屬公司嘉運機械工程有限公司 (作為借款方)(「借款方」)及本本 及其數間附屬公司,即雁田嘉與 膠五金廠有限公司、香港雄有限 屬製品有限公司、嘉利產公司 高嘉利環球科技有限公司(「該銀行」))訂立融資 有限公司(「該銀行」))訂立融資同信 有限公司(「該銀行」))訂立融資同 借款方提供最多達250,000,000港 元之定期貸款融資,自首次提取當 日起計為期四年。

> 融資函件訂明(其中包括),借款方 承諾及確保未經該銀行事先書面 同意前,何焯輝先生不得質押本公 司股份。

> 於本年報日期,本公司控股股東繼續履行上述具體義務。

#### 主要客戶及供應商

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度, 本集團在主要供應商及客戶之購買及銷 售百分比為:

#### 購買

最大供應商	41%
五大供應商共佔	67%
銷售	
最大客戶	27%
五大客戶共佔	79%

除上述外,各董事、彼等的聯繫人或以 董事所知擁有本公司股本超過5%之股 東並無擁有任何上述本集團主要供應 商及客戶之權益。

### 董事會報告

#### **DIVIDEND AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

Assuming that the final dividend is approved by the shareholders of the Company at the AGM, for the purposes of ascertaining the entitlement to the final dividend, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 30 August 2021 to Tuesday, 31 August 2021 (both dates inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the final dividend, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Wednesday, 27 August 2021. It is expected that the final dividend will be payable and issued to those entitled on or around Wednesday, 15 September 2021.

## ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

To ascertain the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM to be held on 24 August 2021, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 18 August 2021 to Tuesday, 24 August 2021 (both dates inclusive) during which period no transfer of shares will be registered. In order to qualify to attend and vote at the AGM, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 17 August 2021.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

As at the date of this annual report, based on public information available to the Company and to the best knowledge of the Directors, the Company maintained sufficient public float, being 25% of the issued share capital of the Company as required under the Listing Rules.

### 股息及暫停辦理過戶登記

假設末期股息於股東週年大會上獲本會上獲來之司股東批准,為確定享有末期月三年八月三十日(星期一)至二零二一年八月三十日(星期一)(包括首尾兩日)暫獲不會,所有其一時一時,所有關之股份轉,所有與一個人。 也是期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫獲,與一十日份股時,所有與一個人。 是期五)(包括首尾兩日)暫獲,與一十十日份股時,所有與一個人。 是與一人。 是與一人。 是與一人。 是期五)下午四時三十分分處, 是其一人。 是其一人。 大道東183號合和中心17域。 大道東183號合和中於或 大道東183號合和中於或 大道東183號合和中於或 大道東183號合和中於或 大道東183號合和中於 大道東183號合和中於 大道東184號 大道東184 大道東18

### 股東週年大會及暫停辦理過戶登記

為確定享有出席將於二零二一年八月二十四日舉行之股東週年大會並於會上投票之權利,本公司將由二零二一年八月十八日(星期三)(包括首尾兩日)暫理股份過戶登記手續。如欲享有出,與軍人會並於會上投票之資格之股份轉讓文件連同有關期之資格之股份轉讓文件連同有關期票,須於二零二一年八月十七日(星期元)下午四時三十分前送達本公司於香港內過戶登記分處:香港中央證券道東183號合和中心17樓1712至1716室。

#### 公眾持股量

於本年報刊發日期,根據本公司獲得的公開資料及據本公司董事知悉,本公司擁有足夠的公眾持股量,即不少於上市規則規定下本公司已發行股份的25%。

#### **AUDITORS**

The financial statements have been audited by Messrs. KPMG who shall retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment.

A resolution for their re-appointment as auditors of the Company will be proposed at the AGM.

On behalf of the Board

### Ho Cheuk Fai

Chairman

Hong Kong, 24 June 2021

### 核數師

本年度之賬目由畢馬威會計師事務所審 核:該核數師即將任滿,惟有資格並願 意膺選連任。

本公司將於股東週年大會上就彼等之重 新委任提呈決議案。

承董事會命

### *主席* 何焯輝

香港,二零二一年六月二十四日

### 獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)



## Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of Karrie International Holdings Limited

(Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

#### **OPINION**

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Karrie International Holdings Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 105 to 262, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2021, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **BASIS FOR OPINION**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the HKICPA. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the HKICPA's *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Bermuda, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### 致 嘉 利 國 際 控 股 有 限 公 司 全 體 股 東 之 獨 立 核 數 師 報 告

(於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

### 意見

吾等已審核列載於第105至第262頁嘉 利國際控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附 屬公司(稱「貴集團」)之綜合財務報表, 此綜合財務報表包括於二零二一年三月 三十一日之綜合財務狀況表及截至該日 止年度之綜合損益表、綜合損益及其 他全面收入表、綜合權益變動表及 合現金流量表,以及財務報表附註,包 括主要會計政策概要。

吾等認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據 香港會計師公會頒佈之《香港財務報告 準則》真實而公平地反映了貴集團於二 零二一年三月三十一日之綜合財務狀況 及截至該日止年度之綜合財務表現及 綜合現金流量,並已遵照香港《公司條 例》之披露要求妥為擬備。

#### 意見之基礎

獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Timing of revenue recognition in metal and plastic and electronic manufacturing services business
Refer to note 27 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policy note 2(w).

The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

Revenue from sales of the Group's metal and plastic products and electronic products accounted for over 87 percent of the Group's revenue for the year ended 31 March 2021. It is recognised when the goods are delivered

to the customer's designated location which is considered to be the point in time when the Group transfers the control over goods to the customers.

貴集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度銷售 五金及塑膠產品及電子產品之收入佔總收入超過 百分之八十七,其收入在產品送達客戶指定之地 點,即貴集團將產品控制權轉移給客戶時確認。

The Group's sales contracts with customers, which principally comprise of large-sized international technology corporations, have a variety of terms and conditions. Such terms may affect the timing of the recognition of sales to those customers. The Group evaluates the terms of each sales contract in order to determine the appropriate timing of revenue recognition.

貴集團與客戶(主要包括大型國際科技公司)訂立 之銷售合約設有一系列交易條款及條件。該等條 款可能會影響確認對這些客戶進行銷售之時間。 貴集團因應各銷售合約就風險轉移之有關條款去 釐定收入確認之適當時間。

### 關鍵審計事項

關鍵審計事項乃根據吾等之專業判斷,認為對本期綜合財務報表之審計最為重要之事項。此等事項是在吾等審計整體綜合財務報表及出具意見時進行處理。吾等不會對這些事項提供單獨之意見。

五金塑膠及電子專業代工業務之收入確 認時間

參閱綜合財務報表附註27及附註2(w)之會計政策。

How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等之審計如何處理該事項

Our audit procedures to assess the timing of revenue recognition included the following: 吾等處理收入確認之時間之審計程序包括以下:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of the Group's key internal controls in relation to revenue recognition;
- 一 了解及評估貴集團關於收入確認之關鍵內 部控制之設計、實施及運作之有效性;
- inspecting key customer contracts to identify terms and conditions relating to goods acceptance and assessing the Group's revenue recognition policies with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards;
- 一 檢查關鍵客戶合約以識別與貨物驗收有關 之條款及條件,以及參照現行會計準則之要 求評估貴集團之收入確認政策;

### 獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

Timing of revenue recognition in metal and plastic and electronic manufacturing services business (continued)

### 關鍵審計事項(續)

五金塑膠及電子專業代工業務之收入確認時間(續)

The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等之審計如何處理該事項

We identified the timing of revenue recognition in metal and plastic and electronic manufacturing services business as a key audit matter because each sales contract may have different terms and conditions which increases the risk of error in the recognition of revenue and because it is one of the key performance indicators of the Group and could be subject to manipulation to meet targets or expectations.

吾等把五金塑膠及電子專業代工業務之收入確認 之時間列為關鍵審計事項,因各銷售合約訂有不 同條款及條件,因而可能增加收入確認錯誤之風 險。同時,因收入是貴集團其中一項關鍵業績指 標,可能受到人為操縱以達成目標或期望。

- comparing, on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded before and after the financial year end date with goods delivery documents and underlying sales invoices to determine whether the revenue had been recognised in the appropriate financial period; and
- 抽樣比較在年末前後已入賬之具體收入交易與相關銷售憑證及商品交付文件,以釐定相關收入是否在適當之年期內予以確認;及
- inspecting underlying documentation for manual journal entries relating to revenue raised during the year which were considered to specific risk-based criteria.
- 一檢查符合特定風險標準且與收入有關之手動輸入會計分錄之相關文件。

獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

Valuation of inventories

Refer to note 15 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policy note 2(l)(i).

### 關鍵審計事項(續)

存貨估值

參閱綜合財務報表附註15及附註2(I)(i) 之會計政策。

### The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等之審計如何處理該事項

The Group is primarily involved in the manufacture and sale of metal and plastic products as well as electronic products.

貴集團主要從事製造及銷售五金及塑膠產品,以 及電子產品。

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The Group maintains its inventory levels based on customer orders and forecast demand.

存貨按成本與可變現淨值之間之較低者估值。貴 集團根據客戶訂單和預期需求維持其存貨水平。

A significant proportion of the Group's products are manufactured to meet specific customer requirements. There is a risk that inventories may be stated at more than their net realisable value if a customer experiences financial difficulty or there is a demand issue with a customer's product that includes a component manufactured by the Group.

貴集團的大部分產品是為滿足具體客戶之要求而 製造。如果客戶面臨財務困難,或客戶之產品(包 括由貴集團製造的組件)存在需求問題,則會形 成存貨可能以超過其可變現淨值列賬之風險。 Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of inventories included the following:

吾等就存貨估值之審計程序包括以下各項:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of the Group's key internal controls over the process for assessing provisions for inventories;
- 一 了解和評估貴集團有關評估存貨減值撥備之程序之關鍵內部控制之設計及實施;
- assessing whether the inventory items in the inventory ageing report were categorised in the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items therein with supplier invoices and other underlying documentation on a sample basis;
- 透過抽樣比較採購憑證及其他相關文件, 評估存貨賬齡報告內之存貨項目是否被歸 類於適當之賬齡框架;

### 獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

**KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

Valuation of inventories (continued)

關鍵審計事項(續) 存貨估值(續)

The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項 How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等之審計如何處理該事項

Management assesses the level provisions for inventories required at each reporting date after considering inventory ageing and other relevant factors. This assessment involves significant management judgement.

管理層在計及存貨之賬齡及其他相關因素後,於 每個報告日評估所需存貨準備之水平。該評估涉 及重大管理層判斷。

We identified the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter because the Group held significant inventories at the reporting date and because of the significant degree of management judgement involved in evaluating the provisions for inventories.

吾等把存貨估值列為關鍵審計事項,因為貴集團 於報告日持有大量存貨,以及在評價存貨準備時 涉及了重大管理層判斷。

- selecting inventory items, on a sample basis, at reporting date and comparing their carrying value to their subsequent selling prices as indicated in sales invoices subsequent to the reporting date;
- 抽樣選擇於報告日之存貨項目,比較其賬面 值與報告日後銷售憑證上之售價;
- obtaining an understanding of the Group's inventory write-down policy and assessing whether this policy appropriate with reference to the Group's current circumstances and the requirements of the prevailing accounting standards:
- 一 了解貴集團之存貨撇減和準備政策,並評估 該等政策是否仍然適用於貴集團之當前狀 況並符合現行會計準則的要求;
- comparing slow-moving inventories items with customers' orders and assessing the financial condition of key customers on a sampling basis; and
- 抽樣就客戶訂單與滯銷存貨項目進行比較,以及評估主要客戶之財務狀況:及
- assessing the historical accuracy of management's process for making provisions for inventories by examining the utilisation or release of the provisions for inventories made at the end of the previous financial year during the current financial year.
- 通過審查上一會計年度期末存貨減值撥備 之本年度之使用或轉回情況,評估過往管理 層計算之存貨減值撥備是否準確。

獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

# Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables Refer to notes 3(a)(iii) and 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies notes 2(k)(i) and 2(n).

### 關鍵審計事項(續)

貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧損撥備 參閱綜合財務報表附註3(a)(iii)及附註13 及附註2(k)(i)項及2(n)之會計政策。

### The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等之審計如何處理該事項

The Group generates revenue from sales of its products to customers in several different jurisdictions including Hong Kong, the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), North America, Western Europe and other Asian countries.

貴集團在包括香港、中華人民共和國(「**中國**」)、 北美、西歐及其他亞洲國家在內之多個不同司法 管轄區透過向其客戶銷售產品產生收入。

Customers located in different jurisdictions are subject to different local risks (including political, currency and interest rate risks) specific to those jurisdictions in addition to the effects of the global economic climate.

除全球經濟狀況之影響外,位於不同司法管轄區之客戶亦會面臨不同地區之特有風險(包括政治風險、貨幣風險及利率風險)。

Management assesses the loss allowance for trade receivables required at each reporting date at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses ("ECLs") after taking into account the ageing and historical loss rate of trade receivables, the repayment history of the customers of different risk characteristics, current market conditions, customer-specific conditions and forward-looking information. Such assessment involves significant management judgement and estimation.

管理層在考慮貿易應收賬款之賬齡及歷史虧損率、不同風險特徵之客戶還款記錄、當前市場環境、客戶之個別情況和前瞻性信息後,於每個報告日評估相等於預期信用損失率金額之必要之貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧損撥備。該類評估涉及管理層作出重要的判斷和估計。

Our audit procedures to assess the ECL allowance for trade receivables included the following: 吾等就貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧損撥備之審計程序包括以下各項:

- obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design and implementation of the Group's key internal controls over the credit control, collection of trade receivables, estimate of expected credit losses and making of loss allowance;
- 一 了解及評估貴集團有關信貸控制、貿易應收 賬款收回及預期信貸虧損之估計及作出虧 損撥備之關鍵控制之設計及實施;
- evaluating the Group's policy for estimating the loss allowance for trade receivables with reference to the requirements of the prevailing accounting standard;
- 一 參照現行會計準則之要求,評估貴集團就貿易應收賬款作出虧損撥備之政策;
- assessing whether items in the trade receivable ageing report were categorised in the appropriate ageing bracket by comparing individual items therein with sales invoices and other underlying documentation on a sample basis;
- 透過抽樣比較銷售發票及其他相關文件,評估貿易應收賬款賬齡報告內之項目是否被歸類於適當之賬齡框架;

### 獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTERS** (continued)

**Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables** *(continued)* 

### 關鍵審計事項(續)

貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧損撥備

### The key audit matter 關鍵審計事項

We identified the ECL allowance for trade receivables as a key audit matter because of the significance of trade receivables to consolidated statement of financial position and because of the significant degree of management judgement involved in evaluating the adequacy of the loss allowance for trade receivables.

吾等把貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧損撥備列為關鍵審計事項,因為貿易應收賬款對綜合財務狀況表之重大性,以及評價貿易應收賬款之虧損撥備之充足性涉及重大之管理層判斷。

## How the matter was addressed in our audit 吾等之審計如何處理該事項

- obtaining an understanding of the key data and assumptions used in the ECL model adopted by the management, including the basis of segmentation of trade receivables, the historical default data, and the assumptions involved in management's estimated loss rate; and
- 一 了解於管理層所應用之預期信貸虧損模型 中所使用之關鍵數據和假設,當中包括貿易 應收賬款之分類基礎、歷史違約率及管理 層就預期虧損率之假設;及
- assessing the appropriateness of management's estimates of loss allowance by examining the information used by management to derive such estimates, including testing the accuracy of the historical default data and evaluating whether the historical loss rates are appropriately adjusted based on current economic conditions, client specific conditions and forward-looking information.
- 通過審查管理層用於形成判斷資料,包括覆核歷史違約數據之準確性及評估歷史虧損率是否按照當前經濟狀況,客戶特定情況及前瞻性信息適當地調整,以評估管理層估計之虧損撥備之適當性。

獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

### 綜合財務報表及其核數師報告以外之 信息

董事需對其他信息負責。其他信息包括 刊載於年報內之全部信息,但不包括綜 合財務報表及吾等之核數師報告。

吾等對綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋 其他信息,吾等亦不對該等其他信息發 表任何形式之鑒證結論。

結合吾等對綜合財務報表之審計,吾等, 之責任是閱讀其他信息,在此過程中中, 考慮其他信息是否與綜合財務報表或等在審計過程中所了解之情況存在重大錯誤陳述之 抵觸或者似乎存在重大錯誤陳述之 況。基於吾等已執行之工作,如果吾 認為其他信息存在重大錯誤陳述,吾等 等需要報告該事實。在這方面,吾等沒 有任何報告。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表承擔之責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈 之《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條 例》之披露要求擬備真實而中肯之綜合 財務報表,並對其認為為使綜合財務 報表之擬備不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而 導致之重大錯誤陳述所需之內部控制 負責。

在擬備綜合財務報表時,董事負責評估 貴集團持續經營之能力,並在適用情況 下披露與持續經營有關之事項,以及使 用持續經營為會計基礎,除非董事有意 將貴集團清盤或停止經營,或別無其他 實際之替代方案。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督貴集團之財務報告過程之責任。

### 獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責 任

吾等之目標,是對綜合財務報表整體是 否不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致之重 大錯誤陳述取得合理保證,並出具包 括吾等意見之核數師報告。吾等是按 照百慕達1981年《公司法案》第90條之規 定,僅向整體股東報告。除此以外, 等之報告不可用作其他用途。吾等概 就本報告之內容,對任何其他人士負 或承擔法律責任。

合理保證是高水平之保證,但不能保證 按照《香港審計準則》進行之審計,在某 一重大錯誤陳述存在時總能發現。錯 誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起,如果合 理預期它們單獨或匯總起來可能影響 綜合財務報表使用者依賴財務報表所 作出之經濟決定,則有關之錯誤陳述可 被視作重大。

在根據《香港審計準則》進行審計之過程中,吾等運用了專業判斷,保持了專業懷疑態度。吾等亦:

- 一 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯錯誤陳, 並之風險,設計及執行審計程之風險,以及獲取充意以應對這些風險,作為吾等取 以應對這些風險,作為吾等謀之 和適當之審計憑證,作為吾等謀 之基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及申, 為造、蓄意遺漏、虚假陳述, 為造、蓄意遺漏、上, 為造、蓄意遺漏、上, 以及發現因此未能發現因欺詐而導致之重大錯誤而 致之重大錯誤陳述之風險。
- 一 了解與審計相關之內部控制,以 設計適當之審計程序,但目的並非 對貴集團內部控制之有效性發表 意見。

獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責 任(續)

- 一 評價董事所採用會計政策之恰當 性及作出會計估計及相關披露之 合理性。
- 評價綜合財務報表之整體列報方式、結構及內容,包括披露,以及綜合財務報表是否中肯反映交易及事項。
- 就貴集團內實體或業務活動之財務信息獲取充足、適當之審計憑證,以便對綜合財務報表發表意見。吾等負責貴集團審計之方向、監督和執行。吾等為審計意見承擔全部責任。

### 獨立核數師報告

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Yuen Man Ching.

### 核數師就審計綜合財務報表承擔之責 任(續)

除其他事項外,吾等與審核委員會溝 通了計劃之審計範圍、時間安排、重大 審計發現等,包括吾等於審計中識別 出內部控制之任何重大缺陷。

吾等還向審核委員會提交聲明,説明 吾等已符合有關獨立性之相關專業道 德要求,並與他們溝通有可能合理地被 認為會影響吾等獨立性之所有關係和 其他事項,以及在適用之情況下,採取 行動消除威脅或應用防範措施。

從與審核委員會溝通之事項中,吾等 確定哪些事項對本期綜合財務報審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計最為重要,因而構成關鍵審計項, 高等在核數師報告中描述這這項,除非法律法規不允許公開披露這些事項,或在極端罕見之情況下,項建 事項,或在極端罕見之情況下,項 理預期在吾等報告中溝通某事項 之負面後果超過產生之公眾利益, 等決定不應在報告中溝通該事項。

出具本獨立核數師報告之審計項目合夥 人是袁文正。

### **KPMG**

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

24 June 2021

#### 畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二一年六月二十四日

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

> 31 March 2021 2020 二零二一年 二零二零年 三月三十一日 三月三十一日 Note \$'000 \$'000 対計 チ元 チ元

		附註	千元 ——————	千元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	519,498	510,838
Investment properties	投資物業	7	317,420	294,800
Intangible assets	無形資產	8	6,350	7,893
Investment in an associate	於聯營公司之投資	10	19,266	16,538
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	14	26,401	19,629
Other non-current assets	其他非流動資產	13	10,849	38,300
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	25(b)	1,696	5,291
			901,480	893,289
Current assets	流動資產			
Inventories	存貨	15	391,072	528,865
Property development and contract	物業發展及合同成本			
costs	<b>郊日又西坡座ル町</b>	16	1,064,989	818,881
Trade and bills receivable	貿易及票據應收賬款 預付款、按金及	13	658,268	301,351
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables	其他應收賬款	13	02 502	62 720
Amounts due from related	應收關連公司賬款	13	83,583	63,728
companies	忘 X 例 任 A 可 款	35(b)	131,082	115,135
Current tax recoverable	本期可收回税項	25(a)	200	54
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	17	275,785	33,440
Cash and bank deposits	現金及銀行存款	18	144,978	264,042
			2,749,957	2,125,496
Total assets	資產總值		3,651,437	3,018,785
			2,00 1,101	0,010,00
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	19	201,244	199,384
Other reserves	其他儲備	21	272,066	193,400
Retained earnings	保留溢利	21	957,309	782,916
Total equity	權益總值		1,430,619	1,175,700
/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, -,	, , 0

### **Consolidated Statement of Financial Position**

### 綜合財務狀況表

	Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 三月三十一日 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 三月三十一日 \$'000 千元
負債			
流動負債			
貿易應付賬款 應計費用及其他	22	340,424	288,987
	22	803,798	492,221
			3,244
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	126,800
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,083
應付關建公司賬款 古# 第43375		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	632
本 期 應 付 柷 垻	25(a)	134,961	88,568
		1,588,488	1,004,535
非流動負債			
銀行借貸	23	616,456	824,837
租賃負債	24	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1,421
長期服務金準備	26	9,149	8,162
遞延税項負債	25(b)	5,584	4,130
		632,330	838,550
負債總值		2,220,818	1,843,085
權益及負債總值		3,651,437	3,018,785
流動資產淨值		1,161,469	1,120,961
資產總值減流動負債		2,062,949	2,014,250
	流 到應 租銀應應本 非 銀租長遞 負 權 流動 負 應費付負借聯關應 動 借負服稅 總 及 資	負債流動負債貿易應付賬款22應實付用賬款24銀應賃行付聯連付付關應23市付付關應35(b)25(a)非流動負債23非流動負債23投債24投債24長額25(b)	2021   二零二一年   三月三十一日   Note   \$'000   千元   Young   千元       負債

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 June 2021.

於二零二一年六月二十四日由董事會批 准及授權刊發。

31 March

31 March

Ho Cheuk Fai 何焯輝 Director 董事 Chan Ming Mui, Silvia 陳名妹 Director 董事

The notes on pages 115 to 262 form part of these financial statements.

第115至262頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

## 綜合損益表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

		(= p	2021	2020
		Note 附註	二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	二零二零年 \$'000 千元
			1 70	
Revenue	收入	27	3,192,617	2,902,208
Cost of revenue	收入成本	28	(2,478,560)	(2,372,714)
Gross profit	毛利		714,057	529,494
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售費用	28	(32,239)	(30,668)
General and administrative	一般及行政費用		(4-0, 4-0)	(100.100)
expenses		28	(152,472)	(120,129)
Other income/gains	其他收入/收益	27	2,601	4,444
Net valuation gain/(loss) on	投資物業估值收益/	7	4.404	(2.261)
investment properties	(虧損)淨額	7	1,184	(2,361)
Operating profit	經營溢利		533,131	380,780
Finance income	財務收入		4,613	4,462
Finance costs	財務成本		(7,975)	(24,858)
Finance costs, net	財務成本,淨額	30	(3,362)	(20,396)
Share of profits of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利	10	1,487	1,354
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利		531,256	361,738
Income tax	所得税	31	(165,975)	(111,472)
Profit for the year	年度溢利		365,281	250,266

## **Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss**

## 綜合損益表

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Earnings per share attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔每股溢利			
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本溢利 (港仙)	32	18.3	12.6
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents)	攤薄後每股溢利 (港仙)	32	18.2	12.5

The notes on pages 115 to 262 form part of these financial statements. Details of dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the profit for the year are set out in note 33.

第115至262頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分,屬於本年度溢利之應付本公司權益持有人之股息詳列於附註33。

## Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income 綜合損益及其他全面收入表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
Note	\$'000	\$'000
附註	千元	千元

Profit for the year	年度溢利		365,281	250,266
Other comprehensive income for the year:	年度其他全面收入:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:	不會重新分類至損益 之項目:			
Remeasurement of provision for long service payments	長期服務金準備之重 新計量	26(b)	(671)	(569)
Changes in fair value of other financial assets	其他金融資產公平值 之變動	21	(488)	_
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:	其後可能重新分類至 損益之項目:			
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of	換算香港以外業務財 務報表所產生之兑			
operations outside Hong Kong Transfer to profit or loss upon	換差異 出售其他金融資產	21	70,941	(62,629)
disposal of other finance assets	轉撥至損益	21	12	_
Changes in fair value of other financial assets	其他金融資產公平值 之變動	21	(9)	(121)
Other comprehensive income	年度其他全面收入			
for the year			69,785	(63,319)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年度全面收入總額		435,066	186,947

The notes on pages 115 to 262 form part of these financial statements.

第115至262頁之附註為本財務報表之一 部分。

## **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity**

## 綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

(Expressed in Florig Rollig dollars)	(や/ビノレッリカト)	Note 附註	Share capital 股本 (Note 19) (附註19) \$'000 千元	Other reserves 其他儲備 (Note 21) (附註21) \$'000 千元	Retained Earnings 保留溢利 (Note 21) (附註21) \$'000 千元	Total Equity 權益總值 \$'000 千元
Balance at 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日之結餘		199,183	254,217	713,460	1,166,860
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2020:	截至二零二零年三月三十一日 止年度權益變動:					
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年度溢利 其他全面收入		_ _	(62,750)	250,266 (569)	250,266 (63,319)
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額		<u> </u>	(62,750)	249,697	186,947
Dividends paid in respect of the previous year Dividends paid in respect of	已派上年度股息已派本年度股息	33(b)	_	_	(99,692)	(99,692)
the current year Equity settled share-based transactions Cancellation of shares	以股份支付之交易 註銷股份	33(a) 20(d) 21(c)		230	(79,754) —	(79,754) 230
Repurchase of shares Issuance of shares upon exercise of share options	回購股份 行使購股權後發行股份	(iv)&(v) 21(c)(iv)	(71) — 272	866 (795) 1,632	(795) —	(795) 1,904
Balance at 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日之 結餘	17	199,384	193,400	782,916	1,175,700
Balance at 1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日之結餘		199,384	193,400	782,916	1,175,700
Changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2021:	截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度權益變動:					
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	年度溢利 其他全面收入			<del></del>	365,281 (671)	365,281 69,785
Total comprehensive income	全面收入總額			70,456	364,610	435,066
Dividends paid in respect of the previous year	已派上年度股息	33(b)	_	_	(99,882)	(99,882)
Dividends paid in respect of the current year	已派本年度股息	33(a)	_	_	(90,335)	(90,335)
Issuance of shares upon exercise of share options	行使購股權後發行股份	19	1,860	8,210	_	10,070
Balance at 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日之 結餘		201,244	272,066	957,309	1,430,619

The notes on pages 115 to 262 form part of these financial statements.

第115至262頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

	2021	2020
	二零二一年	二零二零年
Note	<b>\$'000</b>	\$'000
附 註	千元	千元

	PI) pI	1 76	1 76
經營活動之現金流量			
除税前溢利		531,256	361,738
應佔聯營公司溢利	10	(1,487)	(1,354)
物業、廠房及設備之			
折舊及攤銷	6	88,245	62,971
無形資產之攤銷	8	1,543	1,504
以股份支付之交易			
	20	_	230
出售物業、廠房及			
設備之(收益)/			
虧損	27	(271)	1,327
出售其他金融資產之			
虧損	27	690	
s長期服務金準備	26	318	283
投資物業估值(收益)			
/虧損淨額	7	(1,184)	2,361
利息支出	30	7,975	24,858
利息收入	30	(4,613)	(4,462)
外幣匯兑虧損		3,355	7,823
營運資金變動前之 		625 827	457,279
	除應物 無以 出 出 長投 利利外税估業折形股 售設虧售虧期資/息息幣前聯、舊資份 物備損其損服物虧支收匯 業之 他 務業損出入兑 職益 資 備收 融 準值額 損 獨 人 產 金估淨 虧損	除税前避利 10 物	除税前溢利 10 (1,487) 物業、廠房及設備之

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以たた)	J/N/		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	\$ <b>'000</b> 千元	- * - * · · \$′000 千元
Operating profit before working capital changes brought	承前營運資金變動前 之經營溢利			
forward			625,827	457,279
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	存貨之減少/(増加)		137,793	(193,374)
Increase in property development Increase in trade and bills	物業發展之增加 貿易及票據應收賬款		(198,512)	(321,736)
receivable Decrease/(increase) in prepayments, deposits and other	之增加 預付款、按金及		(358,160)	(24,154)
receivables (Increase)/decrease in amount due	減少/(增加) 應收關連公司賬款之		1,375	(18,712)
from related companies Increase in trade payables	(增加)/減少 貿易應付賬款之		(158,123)	18,569
Increase in accruals and other	增加 應計費用及其他應付		49,151	136,778
payables (Decrease)/increase in amount due			396,366	43,455
to an associate Increase in amount due to related	(減少)/增加 應付關連公司賬款之		(2,414)	4,048
companies	增加 受限制存款之增加		3,400	238
Increase in restricted deposits	又似 削 什 赦 之 垍 加		(239,913)	(33,440)
Net cash generated from	經營產生之淨現金			
operations			256,790	68,951
Hong Kong Profits Tax paid	已付香港利得税		(22,589)	(13,505)
Hong Kong Profits Tax refunded	退還香港利得税		_	4
PRC tax paid	已付中國利得税		(15,597)	(2,402)
Long service payments paid	已付長期服務金	26	(58)	(269)
Long service payments refunded	退還長期服務金	26	56	191
Net cash generated from	經營活動產生之			
operating activities	淨現金		218,602	52,970

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Note	<b>\$′000</b>	\$′000
附註	千元	千元

Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動之現金流量			
Payment for the purchase of	購買物業、廠房及			
property, plant and equipment	設備之付款		(72,454)	(120,156)
Payment for additions to investmen properties	t 添置投資物業之付款	7	_	(101)
Proceeds from disposal of property				
plant and equipment	設備之所得款		440	430
Proceeds from disposal of other	出售其他金融資產之			
financial assets	所得款		6,116	_
Payment for acquisition of other	購買其他金融資產之		(40 = 6=)	
financial assets	付款		(13,767)	_
Payment for acquisition of	購置無形資產之付款	0		(220)
intangible assets Interest received	已收利息	8	4,190	(229) 4,037
	1- 1- 1- 1- 1			
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用之 淨現金		(75,475)	(116,019)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動之現金流量			
Interest paid	已付利息	18(b)	(36,991)	(49,493)
Payment for the repurchase of	回購股份之付款			
shares		21(c)	_	(795)
Proceeds from new bank	新銀行借貸之			
borrowings	所得款	18(b)	322,557	473,162
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	18(b)	(372,552)	(135,480)
Capital element of lease rental	已付租賃租金之			
paid	資本部份	18(b)	(3,985)	(3,206)
Interest element of lease rental	已付租賃租金之	10/1)	(210)	(215)
paid	利息部份	18(b)	(219)	(215)
Dividends paid Proceeds from issuance of shares	已派股息		(190,217)	(179,446)
upon exercise of share options	行使購股權後發行 股份之所得款	19	10,070	1,904
apon exercise of stidle options	(기 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 기 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 I 시 전 I	1 3	10,070	1,504
Net cash (used in)/generated from				
financing activities	產生之淨現金		(271,337)	106,431

## 綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2021 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物之 淨(減少)/增加		(128,210)	43,382
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	年初之現金及 現金等價物		264,042	224,030
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外幣匯率變動之影響		9,146	(3,370)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	年底之現金及 現金等價物	18	144,978	264,042

The notes on pages 115 to 262 form part of these financial statements.

第115至262頁之附註為本財務報表之一部分。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Karrie International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in

- Metal and Plastic Business ("M&P"): providing mechanical engineering solutions, manufacturing and sales of metal and plastic parts, including moulds and the relevant plastic and metal parts products for information and communication technology industry, etc.;
- Electronic Manufacturing Services Business ("EMS"): manufacturing and sales of magnetic tape data storage, point-of-sale system, and other computer peripherals, etc.; and
- Real Estate Business: urban renewal, residential real estate project investment and development.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda on 29 October 1996. The address of its registered office is Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda.

The shares of the Company have been listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") since 16 December 1996.

These consolidated financial statements are presented in unit of Hong Kong dollars ("**HK\$**"), unless otherwise stated.

### 1 一般資料

嘉利國際控股有限公司(「本公司」) 及其附屬公司(合稱「本集團」)主要 從事

- 五金塑膠業務(「五金塑膠」): 提供機械工程解決方案,製 造及銷售金屬及塑膠部件, 主要包括資訊及通訊科技產 業之模具、相關塑膠與金屬 部件產品等;
- 電子專業代工業務(「電子代工」):製造及銷售磁帶機數據儲存器、收銀機系統及其他電腦周邊產品等;及
- 房地產業務:舊城改造、住宅 房地產項目投資及發展。

本公司於一九九六年十月二十九 日於百慕達註冊成立之有限責任 公司,辦事處地址是Clarendon House, 2 Church Street, Hamilton HM11, Bermuda。

本公司之股份於一九九六年十二月 十六日於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「**聯交所**」)主板上市。

除非另有説明,此綜合財務報表以 港元(「元」)呈報。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## (a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange ("Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

### 2 重要會計政策

### (a) 遵例聲明

香港會計師公會已頒佈多項香港財務報告準則之修訂,並於本集團及本公司之本會計期間首次生效或可供提早採納。附註2(c)提供因最初應用該等與本集團有關並已反映於本集團有關並已會計期間及過往會計期間及過往會計期間及過往會計數份報表內之會計政策變動之資料。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021 comprise the Group and its interest in an associate. The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except for investment properties, other financial assets and employee benefit assets/liabilities which have been measured at fair value.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 4.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表之編製基準 截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表包括 本集團及其聯營公司權益。本 財務報表採用歷史成本法為 計量基準編製,惟投資物業、 其他金融資產及員工福利資 產/負債皆以公平值計量。

> 此等估計及基本假設會持續檢討。若已修改之會計估計只影響相關期間,其修改於該期間確認,或若修改影響現時及未來期間,其修改則會於現時及未來期間確認。

管理層因應用香港財務報告 準則而作出對本財務報表有 重大影響之判斷之不確定性 主要來源已於附註4討論。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# (c) Changes in accounting policies The HKICPA has issued a number of amendments to HKFRSs that first effective for the current accounting period of the Group.

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's result and financial position for the current or prior periods have prepared or presented in this financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period.

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests
Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the
Group. The Group controls an entity when it is
exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from
its involvement with the entity and has the ability
to affect those returns through its power over the
entity. When assessing whether the Group has
power, only substantive rights (held by the Group
and other parties) are considered.

An investment in subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-Group balances, transactions and cash flows, and any unrealised profits arising from intra-Group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-Group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

### (c) 會計政策變動

香港會計師公會已頒佈多項 於本集團之本會計期間首次 生效之香港財務報告準則之 修訂。

該等發展對於本財務報告本 期或以往期間所編製或呈列 之本集團業績及財務狀況並 無重大影響。本集團並無採 納任何於本會計期間尚未生 效之任何新準則或詮釋。

## (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司是指由本集團控制之實體。當本集團處於豐東東國處於豐東東國體之可變回報,並能運用其權之可變國報等回報,則本集團是否有控制權。在評別大事實質權利(本集團及其他方所持有者)為考慮因素。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

若本集團於附屬公司之權益 變動不構成失去控制權,則 按權益交易入賬,於綜合權 益之控股權益及非控股權益 將會被調整,以反映相關權 益之變動,但不會調整商譽 及確認收益或虧損。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate (see note 2(e)).

#### (e) Associates

An associate is an entity in which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

An investment in an associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method. Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see note 2(k)(ii)). Any acquisitiondate excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

### (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

### (e) 聯營公司

聯營公司是指本集團可以對其 管理層產生重大影響,包括 參與財務及經營決策,但非 控制或共同控制其管理層之 實體。

於聯營公司之投資乃按權益 法於綜合財務報表入賬。按 照權益法,投資最初按成本 記錄,及就本集團佔該承資 公司可識別淨資產於收購日之 公平值超出該項投資成本之 數額(如有)作出調整。其後, 就本集團佔該承資公司淨資 產於收購後之變動及與該項 投資有關之任何減值虧損作 出調整(見附註2(k)(ii))。任何 於收購日超逾成本之差額、本 集團所佔承資公司於收購後 之除税後業績及年內任何減 值虧損於綜合損益表確認, 而本集團於收購後所佔承資 公司除税後之其他全面收入 項目則於綜合損益及其他全 面收入表確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (e) Associates (continued)

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate, the Group's interest is reduced to \$nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method together with the Group's long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate.

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investees, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture, retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2(f)).

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (e) 聯營公司(續)

本集團與各聯營公司間之交 易所產生之未變現損益之權 集團於承資所佔之現 其 上率抵證據證明 提供證據 達 其 則時於損益確認。

倘於聯營公司之投資變成合營企業投資,則保留權益不予重新計量,而該投資繼續按權益法入賬。

在所有其他情況下,當本集團不再對聯營公司擁有資公司擁有資公司辦事會公司辦事會公司的主任,則按出售於該承資公司重大影響以及,於失,任權之。 資公司重大影響以公司,之權, 資公司重大影響以一之權, 資公司重大影響以一之權, 然持有確認,而該金額 公平值(見附註2(f))。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(f) Other investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's and the Company's accounting
policies for investments in debt and equity
securities, other than investments in subsidiaries
and associates, are as follows:

Investments in debt and equity securities are initially stated at fair value, which is their transaction price unless it is determined that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and that fair value is evidenced by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability or based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets. Cost includes attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL") for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss and where indicated otherwise below. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

## (i) Investments other than equity investments

Non-equity investment held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

— Amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represents solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method (see note 2(w)(iv)).

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

(f) 其他債務及股權證券投資 本集團及本公司就債務及股 權證券投資(附屬公司及聯營 公司之投資除外)之會計政策 如下:

### (i) 股權投資以外之投資

本集團持有之非股權投 資歸入以下其中一個計量 類別:

一 按攤銷成本,倘持 有投資之目的為量之 取合約現金流量本 即純粹為支付本金 及利息。投資所得 利息收入乃使用實 際利率法計算(見附 註2(w)(iv))。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (f) Other investments in debt and equity securities (continued)
  - (i) Investments other than equity investments (continued)
    - Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (recycling), if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
    - FVPL, if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling). Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (f) 其他債務及股權證券投資 (續)
  - (i) 股權投資以外之投資 (續)
    - 按公平值計入其他 全面收入(可轉回), 倘投資之合約現金 流量僅包括本金及 利息付款,且投資 乃於其目的為同時收 取合約現金流量及 出售之業務模式中 持有。公平值變動 於其他全面收益確 認,惟預期信貸虧 損、利息收入(使用 實際利率法計算)及 匯兑收益及虧損於 損益確認。當投資 被取消確認,於其 他全面收益累計之 金額從權益劃轉至 損益。
    - 一 按公平值計入損益,倘投資不量的 按辦銷成本計入其一 按公平值計入轉回 全面收入(可轉型) 計量之標準動(包括 利息)於損益確認。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (f) Other investments in debt and equity securities (continued)

## (ii) Equity investments

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (nonrecycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the other financial assets revaluation reserve until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the other financial assets revaluation reserve is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, if any, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income.

#### (g) Investment properties

Investment properties are land and buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see note 2(i)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

(f) 其他債務及股權證券投資 (續)

## (ii) 股權投資

股權證券投資分類為按 公平值計入損益,除非 股權投資並非持作買賣 目的,且於初次確認投 資時,本集團選擇不可變 更之指定投資為按公平 值計入其他全面收入(不 可轉回),以致公平值之 後續變動於其他全面收 入確認。有關選擇乃按 工具個別作出,惟僅當 發行人認為投資符合權 益定義時方可作出。當 作出有關選擇後,於其 他全面收入累計之金額 繼續保留於其他金融資 產之重估儲備,直至投 資被出售為止。出售時, 於其他金融資產之重估 儲備累計之金額轉撥至 保留溢利,而非劃轉至 損益。來自股權證券投 資之股息不論分類為按 公平值計入損益或按公 平值計入其他全面收入 與否,均於損益表確認 為其他收入。

## (g) 投資物業

投資物業是指為賺取租金收入及/或為資本增值並按租賃權益(見附註2(i))擁有或持有之土地及樓宇,當中包括尚未確定未來用途之土地,以及正在建造或發展以供日後作投資物業用途之物業。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### (g) Investment properties (continued)

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss.

## (h) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (including rightof-use assets and land use rights) are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation and impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are expensed in profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Gain or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (g) 投資物業(續)

投資物業乃按公平值列賬, 除非投資物業於報告期末仍 在興建或開發過程中,且當時 其公平值不能可靠計量則作 別論。投資物業公平值之變 動,或報廢或出售投資物業 所產生之任何收益或虧損 於損益確認。

### (h) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備(包括使用權資產及土地使用權)按歷史成本減去累計折舊或攤銷及減值虧損列賬。歷史成本包括收購該項目直接應佔之費用。

後續成本僅當可能為本集團 帶來與該項目有關之未來經 濟利益,同時該項目之成本能 可靠計量時,才包括於資產之 賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如 適用),其取替部分之淨值將 不在計算之列。所有其他維修 及保養費用於產生之財務期 間內於損益支銷。

因物業、廠房及設備項目報廢或出售而產生之收益或虧損, 乃該項目出售收益淨額與賬 面值之差額,並於該項目報 廢或出售日於損益確認。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (h) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Construction-in-progress represents buildings, plant and machinery under construction and pending installation and is stated at cost. Cost includes the costs of construction of buildings, the costs of plant and machinery, installation, testing and other direct costs. No depreciation is made on construction-in-progress until such time as the relevant assets are completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to other property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated in below.

Depreciation and amortisation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. The annual rates used for the calculation of depreciation are:

<ul> <li>Land use rights and</li> </ul>	Over the lease term
leasehold land	

— Buildings 2% to 4%

Fixtures and leasehold 8% to 33.33% improvements

— Machinery 6.67% to 20%

— Tools and equipment 15%

Furniture and computer 15% to 33.33% equipment

Properties leased for Over the lease term owned use

Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (h) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目乃使 用直線法按照其估計可用年 期撇銷其成本計算折舊及攤 銷。用以計算折舊之年率為:

## 土地使用權及 租賃期租賃土地

— 樓宇 2%至4%

— 裝置及 8%至 物業裝修 33.33%

— 機器 6.67%至 20%

— 工具及設備 15%

— 傢俬及電腦設 15%至 備 33.33%

— 租賃物業 租赁期 自用

資產之可用年期及其剩餘價值(如有)皆每年檢討。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (i) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

#### (i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

### (i) 租賃資產

訂立合約時,本集團評估合約 是否為租賃或包含租賃電租時或包含約賦予權利於一段問題 控制已識別資產之用途質的 致制已識別該合約為有權的 会租賃。在客戶既有權有經 是 證該用途獲得幾乎所有權已 報 利益之情況下,則控制權已 移。

### (i) 作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃組成部 分及非租賃組成分拆租賃組成分 车集團已選擇不分斯 租賃組成部分及 個租賃組成部分及 個租關之非租賃組成 相關之非租賃組 作為一項單一之租賃 部分進行會計處理。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (i) Leased assets (continued)
  - (i) As a lessee (continued)

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-ofuse assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 2(h) and 2(k)(ii)).

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (i) 租賃資產(續)
  - (i) 作為承租人(續)

若租賃被資本化,則租 賃負債以租賃期內應付 租賃付款之現值進行初 始確認,並使用該項租 賃之內含利率折現;或如 果內含利率無法輕易釐 定,則使用相關之增量 借款利率。初始確認後, 租賃負債以攤銷成本計 量,且利息費用則採用實 際利率法計算。不取決 於指數或利率之可變租 賃付款並不包含於租賃 負債之計量中,並因此 於其產生之會計期間自 損益扣除。

租賃資本化時已確認之 使用權資產按成本進行 初始計量,其中包括租 賃負債之初始金額加上 任何於開始日或之前作 出之租賃付款,以及產 生之任何初始直接成本。 在適用之情況下,使用權 資產之成本亦包括將拆 卸、搬移相關資產或復 原相關資產或資產所在 地點之成本估算折現至 其現值,減去已收到之 租賃優惠。使用權資產 隨後按成本減去累計折 舊及減值虧損列賬(參閱 附註2(h)及2(k)(ii))。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (i) Leased assets (continued)
  - (i) As a lessee (continued)

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and presents lease liabilities separately in the statement of financial position.

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Group classified leases as finance leases if the leases transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group. Leases which did not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group were classified as operating leases.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (i) 租賃資產(續)
  - (i) 作為承租人(續)

本集團於財務狀況表中之「物業、廠房及設備」項目列示不符合投資物業定義之使用權資產,並單獨列示租賃負債。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (i) Leased assets (continued)

#### (i) As a lessee (continued)

Where the Group had the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases were charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis was more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received were recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals were charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they were incurred.

### (ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with note 2(w)(iii).

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

### (i) 租賃資產(續)

### (i) 作為承租人(續)

倘得據租間益基資則激認組其損本資租賃內中準產除勵為成產生門之蓋額惟楚之賃在付或計經過一次,清生租均淨。會對權付之分倘反收所損款總期間,列能所外措租的淨。會大經濟,會計在其租模及中額金內支。

## (ii) 作為出租人

倘合約包含租賃組成部, 本集團根據相對獨立代 價基準將合約中之代。 營租賃之租金收入 營租賃之租金收。 附註2(w)(iii)確認。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### (j) Intangible assets

Other intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses (see note 2(k)(ii)). Operating rights acquired in a business combination are recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Amortisation of intangible assets is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives.

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

### (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets

## (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and bank deposits, restricted deposits, trade and bills receivables and prepayments, deposits and other receivables);
- contract assets as defined in HKFRS 15 (see note 2(o)); and
- debt securities measured at FVOCI (recycling).

Financial assets measured at fair value, including debt securities and equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling), are not subject to the ECL assessment.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

### (j) 無形資產

本集團購入之其他無形資產 按成本減去累計攤銷及減值 虧損(見附註2(k)(ii))列賬。在 業務合併中購入之經營權按 購買日之公平值確認。無形資 產之攤銷以直線法按估計使 用年期於損益支銷。

攤銷期及方法均每年作出檢討。

### (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值

(i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損

> 本集團就下列各項之預 期信貸虧損確認虧損撥 備:

- 按攤銷成本計量之 金融資產(包括現金 及銀行存款、受易 制存款、賬款及 據應收賬款及預付 款、按金 收賬款);
- 香港財務報告準則第15號定義之合約資產(見附註2(o)):及
- 按公平值計入其他 全面收入(可轉回) 計量之債務證券。

按公平值計量之金融資產(包括指定為按公平值計入其他全面收入(不可轉回)之債務證券及股權證券)無須進行預期信貸虧損評估。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
  - (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
    - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued) Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are probability-weighted estimates of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present values of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
- variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate.

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損計量 預期信貸虧損乃以概率 加權估計之信貸虧損以所有預期現 信貸虧損以所有預期現 金短缺(即根據合約應付 予本集團 之現金流量及 本集團預期收取之現 流量之間之差額)之現值 計量。

倘貼現影響屬重大,預 期短缺現金將使用以下貼 現率貼現:

- 一 固定利率金融資產 以及貿易及其他應 收款項:初始確認 釐定時之實際利率 或其近似值;
- 浮動利率金融資產: 當前實際利率。

於估計預期信貸虧損時 考慮之最長期間為本集 團承受信貸風險之最長 合約期間。

於計量預期信貸虧損時, 本集團考慮合理及有理 據而毋須付出不必要之 成本或努力獲得之資料, 包括過去事件、當前狀 況及未來經濟狀況預測 等資料。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
     Measurement of ECLs (continued)
     ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:
    - 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
    - lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損(續) 預期信貸虧損計量(續) 預期信貸虧損基於下列 其中一個基準計量:
    - 一 十二個月預期信貸 虧損:預期於報告日 期後十二個月內可能 發生之違約事件而 導致之虧損;及
    - 整個存續期之預期 信貸虧損:預期信貸虧損 採用預期信貸虧損 模式之項目在預期 年限內所有可能發 生之違約事件而導 致之虧損。

## 財務報表附註

(i)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
  - (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
    - Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued) Significant increases in credit risk In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held) or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

 failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractual due dates;

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險大幅上升 評估金融工具之信貸風 險自初始確認以來有否 大幅上升時,本集團會 比較於報告日期及於初 始確認日期評估之金融 工具發生違約之風險。 作出該重新評估時,本 集團認為,當(i)借款人不 大可能在本集團無追索 權採取變現抵押(如持有) 等行動之情況下向本集團 悉數支付其信貸承擔;或 (ii) 金融資產已逾期九十 日。本集團會考慮合理可 靠之定量及定性資料, 包括過往經驗及於無需 付出過多成本或努力下即 可獲得之前瞻性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險 自初始確認以來有否大幅 上升時會考慮以下資料:

一 未能按合約到期 日期支付本金或利息;

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
  - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
     Significant increases in credit risk (continued)
    - an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
    - an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
    - existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are Grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損(續) 信貸風險大幅上升(續)
    - 一 金融工具外部或內 部信貸測評之實際 或預期顯著惡化(如 有);
    - 債務人經營業績之 實際或預期顯著惡 化:及
    - 科技、市場、經濟或法律環境之目前或預期變動對債務人履行其對本集團責任之能力有重大不利影響。

取決於金融工具之性質,信貸風險大幅上升之性質,估乃按個別基準進行。倘評出其時間,至其其則按其同之信以及工具則按共同之信以及工具則按共同之信以及組,對於於對人人。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

- 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
  - (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)
    - (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
       Significant increases in credit risk (continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

Basis of calculation of interest income Interest income recognised in accordance with note 2(w)(iv) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Groups assess whether a financial asset is credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

- 2 重要會計政策(續)
  - (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)
    - (i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損(續) 信貸風險大幅上升(續)

預期信貸虧損於各報告 日期進行重新計量以反 映金融工具自初始確認 以來之信貸風險變動。 預期信貸虧損金額之任 何變動均於損益中確認 為減值收益或虧損。本 集團就所有金融工具確 認減值收益或虧損,並 通過虧損撥備賬對彼等 之 賬面值作出相應調整, 惟於按公平值計入其他 全面收入(可轉回)計量之 債務證券之投資除外。 有關投資之虧損撥備於 其他全面收入內確認並 於公平值儲備(可轉回)中 累計。

利息收入之計算基準 根據附註2(w)(iv)確認之 利息收入按金融資產之 賬面總值計算,除適 金融資產出現信貸減值, 於此等情況下,利息收入 按金融資產之已攤銷換 本(即賬面總值減虧損撥 備)計算。

於各報告日期,集團評估金融資產是否出現信貸減值。當發生一項或多項對金融資產估計未要現金流量有不利影響之現金流量有不利影響之等 供時,金融資產出現信貸減值。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (i) Credit losses from financial instruments and contract assets (continued)
   Basis of calculation of interest income (continued)
   Evidence that a financial asset is creditimpaired includes the following observable events:
  - significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
  - a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
  - it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
  - significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

### Write-off policy

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)
  - (i) 金融工具及合約資產之 信貸虧損(續) 利息收入之計算基準 (續) 金融資產出現信貸減值 之證據包括以下可觀察事 件:
    - 債務人出現重大財 務困難;
    - 一 違反合約,例如不 履行或拖欠還本付 息;
    - 一 債務人很有可能破 產或進行其他財務 重組;或
    - 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境出現重大變動而對債務人產生負面影響。

### 撇銷政策

隨後收回先前已撇銷之 資產於收回期間在損益 內確認為減值回撥。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets
  Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:
  - property, plant and equipment;
  - intangible assets; and
  - investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of the recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest Group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash generating unit).

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)

### (ii) 其他資產之減值

內部及外來資料來源於每個報告期末進行檢討,以辨識下列資產是否有可能減值之跡象,或之前所確認之減值虧損是否已不再存在或可能已經減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 無形資產;及
- 一 於本公司財務狀況 表內之於附屬公司 投資。

若有任何跡象顯示上述 情況,則需估計該資產 之可收回價值。

> 可收回價值之計算 方法 資產之可收回價值 為其公平值減去出 售成本或使用價值 之間之較高者。在 衡量使用價值時, 估計未來現金流 量將按除稅前貼現 率計算貼現值,以 反映市場目前對金 錢之時間值及該資 產之特定風險之評 估。倘某項資產所 賺取之現金流量並 非大致上獨立於其 他資產之現金流, 則按獨立賺取現金 流之最小一組資產 組合(即一個現金生 產單位)釐定可收回 之價值。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
  - Recognition of impairment losses An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cashgenerating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cashgenerating unit (or Group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or Group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).
  - Reversals of impairment losses
     An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)

## (ii) 其他資產之減值(續)

- 減值虧損之確認 倘資產或其所屬現 金生產單位之 賬面 值 超 逾 其 可 收 回 價 值,則於損益確認 其減值虧損。為現 金生產單位而確認 之減值虧損,將首 先用以撇減該現余 生產單位(或一組單 位)之任何商譽之賬 面值,然後按比例 減少單位(或一組單 位)內其他資產之賬 面值,但資產之賬 面值不可減至低於 其減去出售成本後 之公平值(如能計量) 或使用值(如能確 定)。
- 減值虧損之回撥 倘據以釐定可收回 價值之估計基準出 現有利之變化,則 減值虧損會被回 撥。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (continued)

## (iii) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Listing Rules, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with HKAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 2(k)(i) and 2(k)(ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of other financial assets are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates. Consequently, if the fair value of another financial asset increases in the remainder of the annual period, or in any other period subsequently, the increase is recognised in other comprehensive income and not profit or loss.

#### (l) Inventories

Inventories are assets which are held for sale in the ordinary course of business, in the process of production for such sale or in the form of materials or supplies to be consumed in the production process.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產之減值(續)

## (iii) 中期財務報告及減值

按資虧撥間時導認一融餘其加非成產損。有進致輕樣資時期於不動開在只財值虧損此公或開門其之確往在政評損,,平於加全認度與年估或情倘值其,面全調間期結不會亦他年任該入地之,增他確認,實別,面。

#### (1) 存貨

存貨是指在日常業務過程中, 在此類銷售之生產過程中或 在生產過程中消耗之材料或 供應形式持有之資產。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

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#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

### (I) Inventories (continued)

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value as follows:

### (i) Manufacturing

Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method and comprise all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sales.

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

## 重要會計政策(續)

### (I) 存貨(續)

以成本值及可變現淨值兩者 之較低者入賬之存貨如下:

## (i) 製造業

成本利用先進先出法釐 定及其中包括所有採購 成本,加工成本及將存 貨運至目前地點及使其 達至現狀所產生之其他 成本。

可變現淨值為在日常業 務過程中之估計銷售價, 減估計達成銷售所需之 成本計算。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (I) Inventories (continued)
  - (ii) Property development

    Cost and net realisable values are determined as follows:
    - Property under development for sale The cost of properties under development for sale comprises specifically identified cost, including the acquisition cost of land, aggregate cost of development, materials and supplies, wages and other direct expenses and an appropriate proportion of overheads. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in selling the property.
    - Completed property held for resale In the case of completed properties developed by the Group, cost is determined by apportionment of the total development costs for that development project, attributable to the unsold properties. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the property.

The cost of completed properties held for sale comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

### 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (I) 存貨(續)
  - (ii) 物業發展 成本與可變現淨值之釐 定如下:

待沽物業之成本包 括所有採購成本以及將 貨運至目前地點 使其達至現狀所產 生之其他成本。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

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#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (I) Inventories (continued)
  - (ii) Property development (continued)
    - Completed property held for resale (continued)

When inventories are sold, the carrying amount of those inventories is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

The amount of any write-down of inventories to net realisable value and all losses of inventories are recognised as an expense in the period the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of inventories is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

#### (iii) Other contract costs

Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are those costs that the Group incurs to obtain a contract with a customer that it would not have incurred if the contract had not been obtained (for example, an incremental sales commission). Incremental costs of obtaining a contract are capitalised when incurred if the costs relate to revenue which will be recognised in a future reporting period and the costs are expected to be recovered. Other costs of obtaining a contract are expensed when incurred.

## 重要會計政策(續)

- (I) 存貨(續)
  - (ii) 物業發展(續)
    - 一 待沽物業(續)

存貨出售時,其賬 面值會在相關收入 確認期間被確認為 支出。

## (iii) 其他合同成本

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (I) Inventories (continued)

## (iii) Other contract costs (continued)

Costs to fulfil a contract are capitalised if the costs relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract; generate or enhance resources that will be used to provide goods or services in the future; and are expected to be recovered. Costs that relate directly to an existing contract or to a specifically identifiable anticipated contract may include direct labour, direct materials, allocations of costs, costs that are explicitly chargeable to the customer and other costs that are incurred only because the Group entered into the contract (for example, payments to sub-contractors). Other costs of fulfilling a contract, which are not capitalised as inventory, property, plant and equipment or intangible assets, are expensed as incurred.

Capitalised contract costs are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Impairment losses are recognised to the extent that the carrying amount of the contract cost asset exceeds the net of (i) remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the asset relates, less (ii) any costs that relate directly to providing those goods or services that have not yet been recognised as expenses.

Amortisation of capitalised contract costs is charged to profit or loss when the revenue to which the asset relates is recognised. The accounting policy for revenue recognition is set out in note 2(w).

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (I) 存貨(續)

## (iii) 其他合同成本(續)

履行合約之成本資本化; 產生或增強將來用於提 供商品或服務之資源;預 計將被收回。與現有合 約或特定可識別預期合約 直接相關之成本可能包 括直接人工,直接材料, 成本分配,明確向客戶 收取之成本以及僅因本 集團訂立合約而產生之 其他成本(例如,向分包 商付款)。履行合約之其 他成本(未作為存貨,物 業,廠房和設備或無形 資產資本化)在發生時計 入費用。

已資本化合約成本攤銷 於確認資產相關收入時 從損益內扣除。收入確 認之會計政策載於附註 2(w)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (m) Joint operation

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

When a Group entity undertakes its activities under a joint operation, the Group as a joint operator recognises in relation to its interest in the joint operation:

- its share of any assets held jointly;
- its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- its share of revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and
- its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the HKFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

When a Group entity transacts with a joint operation in which a Group entity is a joint operator (such as a sale or contribution of assets), the Group is considered to be conducting the transaction with the other parties to the joint operation, and gains and losses resulting from the transactions are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of other parties' interests in the joint operation.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (m) 聯合營運

聯合營運為一項共同安排,據此,對該安排擁有共同安排,權之各方,對該安排相關之資產擁有權利及對其負債協承責任。共同控制指合約協權,可與指令控制權之控制權力。共同擁有控制權之各方一致同意之情況下出現。

倘一個集團實體進行聯合營 運之活動時,本集團作為聯 合營運者就其於聯合營運之 權益確認以下各項:

- 其分佔共同持有之任何 資產;
- 其分佔共同產生之任何 負債;
- 其分佔來自聯合營運銷 售所產生之營業收入;及
- 其分佔共同產生之任何 開支。

本集團根據適用於特定資產、 負債、收入及支出之香港財 務報告準則就其於聯合營運 之權益所佔之資產、負債、收 入及支出入賬。

倘一個集團實體與其為聯合營 運者之聯合營運進行交易( 會被視作與該聯合營運之 會被視作與該聯合營運之 他相關方進行交易,而交 生之收益及虧損於本集團之 綜合財務報表確認,惟 此相關方於該聯合營運之權 益為限。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (n) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see note 2(o)).

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 2(k)(i)).

#### (o) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 2(w)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for ECLs in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(k)(i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 2(n)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2(w)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2(n)).

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

#### (n) 貿易及其他應收賬款

應收賬款於本集團擁有無條件權利可收取代價時予以確認。 倘代價僅隨時間推移即會成為到期應付,則收取代價之權 利為無條件。倘收益已於本 集團有權無條件收取代價之 前已確認,則該金額呈列為 合約資產(見附註2(o))。

應收賬款使用實際利率法減信貸虧損撥備按攤銷成本列 賬(見附註2(k)(i))。

## (o) 合約資產及合約負債

在本集團有權無條件獲取合約所載付款條款代價前確認收入(見附註2(w))時確認合約資產。合約資產根據附註2(k)(i)所載政策評估預期信貸虧損,並於收取代價之權利成為無條件時重新分類為應收賬款(見附註2(n))。

倘客戶於本集團確認相關收入前支付代價,即確認合約負債(見附註2(w))。倘本集團擁有無條件權利可於本集團確認相關收入之前收取代價,亦將確認合約負債。在此情況下,亦將確認相應之應收賬款(見附註2(n))。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

# (o) Contract assets and contract liabilities (continued)

For a single contract with the customers, either a new contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 2(w)).

## (p) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expenses is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 2(y)).

#### (g) Trade and other payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers.

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (o) 合約資產及合約負債(續)

就與客戶之單一合約而言,呈 列合約資產淨值或合約負債 淨額。就多份合約而言,不相 關合約之合約資產及合約負債 不會按淨額基準呈列。

倘合約包括重大融資部分,則 合約餘額包括按實際利率法計 算之應計利息(見附註2(w))。

## (p) 帶息借貸

帶息借貸最初按公平值減交易成本確認,其後則按攤銷成本從實際利率法列賬。利息支出按本集團之會計政策確認為借貸成本(見附註2(y))。

## (q) 貿易及其他應付賬款 貿易應付賬款指於日常業務 過程中從供應商購買貨品或 服務而應支付之義務。

貿易及其他應付賬款最初按公 平值確認,其後則按攤銷成 本列賬,除非貼現影響輕微, 於此情況下則按成本列賬。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (r) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for ECL in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(k)(i).

## (s) Employee benefits

## (i) Employee leave entitlement

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (r) 現金及現金等價物

## (s) 僱員福利

## (i) 僱員享有假期之權利

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (s) Employee benefits (continued)

## (ii) Pension obligations

Group companies operate a defined contribution plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due and are not reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

# (iii) Defined benefit retirement plan — Long service payments

The Group's net obligation in respect of long service payments to its employees upon the termination of their employment or retirement when the employee fulfils certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance is the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (s) 僱員福利(續)

## (ii) 退休金責任

本集團公司實行定額供 款計劃,於該計劃下本集 團 以 強 制 、 合 約 或 自 願 基準作出定額供款予一 獨立實體。倘基金並無 持有足夠資產向所有僱 員就當期及以往期間之 僱員服務支付福利,本集 團並無定期或推定責任 作出進一步供款。供款 將會於到期支付時確認 為僱員福利費用,且不會 全數歸屬供款前離開計 劃之僱員所放棄之供款 扣減。預付供款按照現 金退還或扣減未來付款 時確認為資產。

# (iii) 界定福利退休計劃 — 長期服務金

本集團根據香港僱員條 例在若干情況下終止聘用 僱員或退休而支付之責 期服務金所衍生之責任 淨額是指僱員現時及以 往提供服務所賺取之未 來福利。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (s) Employee benefits (continued)
  - (iii) Defined benefit retirement plan Long service payments (continued)

The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to its present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group. The discount rate is the yield at the end of the reporting period on high quality corporate bonds which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. The actuarial gains or losses are credited or charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the current period.

## (iv) Other compensations

Other directors' and employees' compensations are recorded as a liability and charged to profit or loss when the Group is contractually obliged or when there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation and the associated services are rendered by the employees.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (s) 僱員福利(續)
  - (iii) 界定福利退休計劃 長期服務金(續)

## (iv) 其他補償

當本集團有合約責任,或 依據過往做法產生推定 責任及由僱員提供相關 服務,董事及僱員之其他 補償則記錄為負債及於 損益支銷。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (t) Share-based payments

The Company operated an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, under which the Company received services from employees in return for the granting of equity instruments (options) of the Company. The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- excluding the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. The total expense is recognised over the vesting period, which is the period over which all of the specified vesting conditions are to be satisfied. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing vesting conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to the original estimates, if any, in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (t) 以股份支付報酬

- 包括任何市場表現條件;
- 一 不包括任何服務及非市場表現之授予條件(例如盈利能力、銷售增長目標及在某特定時期留任為實體之僱員)之影響;及
- 一 不包括任何非授予條件 (例如僱員儲蓄之規定) 之影響。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (t) Share-based payments (continued)

The cash received for the shares issued when the options are exercised is credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium, net of any directly attributable transaction costs.

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to employees of a subsidiary in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in the subsidiary, with a corresponding credit to equity.

#### (u) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (t) 以股份支付報酬(續)

在購股權行使時,認購發行股份之現金撥入股本(面值)及股本溢價,並扣除任何直接歸屬交易費用。

本公司向本集團附屬公司之僱 員授予其權益工具之購股權 被視為出資。收取僱員服務 之公平值乃按歸屬日之公平 值計量,並在歸屬期內確認 為增加於附屬公司之投資,並 相應計入權益。

## (u) 所得税

本年度所得税包括本期税項 及遞延税項資產及負債項項 動。本期税項和遞延税項項 產及負債之變動於損益確認 但倘與於其他全面收入 接於權益確認之項目有關之 有關之稅項分別於其他全 收入或直接於權益確認。

本期税項乃按報告期末已頒 佈或基本上已頒佈之税率計 算之預期應付税項,及就以往 年度之應付税項作出之任何 調整。

遞延税項資產及負債乃分別 源自資產及負債項目於用於財 務報告之賬面值及其税項基 礎值所產生之可扣税及應課 税之暫時性差異。遞延税項 資產亦會來自尚未使用之税 務虧損及税務抵免。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (u) Income tax (continued)

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (u) 所得税(續)

除若干有限度之特殊情況外, 所有遞延税項負債均予確認, 而遞延税項資產則應在預期 出現應課税溢利抵銷之情況 下,予以確認。用以支持確 認源自可扣税暫時性差異之 遞 延 税 項 資 產 之 未 來 應 課 税 溢利包括因回撥現有應課税 暫時性差異時所產生者,惟 這些時差必須與同一稅務機 關及同一應税實體有關,並 預期會在預期回撥可扣稅暫 時性差異之同一期間或引至 遞 延 税 項 資 產 之 税 務 虧 損 可 向後期或前期結轉之期間回 撥。在釐定現有應課税暫時 性差異是否支持確認未使用 之税務虧損及抵免所產生之 遞延税項資產時,會採用上 述同一標準,即倘該些差異 與同一税務機關及同一應稅 實體有關,並預期會在可使用 上述税務虧損或抵免之期間 內回撥,上述由稅務虧損或抵 免所產生之遞延税項資產便 需確認。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (u) Income tax (continued)

Where investment properties are carried at their fair values in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(g), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

#### (u) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產之賬面值於每個報告期末進行檢討,若預期沒有足夠應課税溢利以供稅務扣減,則需減低遞延稅項資產額。倘日後有可能獲得足夠之應課稅溢利,則該扣減將被回撥。

因派息引致之額外所得税於確認有關股息之派付責任時 予以確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (u) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (u) 所得税(續)

本期税項結餘、遞延稅項結 餘與兩者之變動分開列報, 會互相抵銷。在本公司或和期稅 會產抵銷本期稅項負債, 會以本期稅項資產抵銷本期稅 會以本期稅項資產抵銷項 會以本期稅項資產抵稅項 會以本期稅項資產抵稅項 養抵銷遞延稅項負債:

- 一 就本期稅項資產及負債 而言,本公司或本集團計 劃以淨額結算本期稅項 資產及負債,或變現資 產並即時抵償負債;或
- 一 就遞延税項資產及負債 而言,倘與同一稅務機關 對以下其中一種情況所徵 收之所得稅有關:
  - 同一課稅實體;或
  - 一 不同課稅 實體 親親預期相項期相項期相項期間 負間 結及 以資產 劃稅 項負債 即稅 人。 資計 期稅 項產 , 本期 現債 值。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (v) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

#### (w) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product is transferred to the customer, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes Value-added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (v) 準備及或然負債

#### (w) 收入及其他收入

於本集團業務之日常業務過程 中,收入於本集團按其出售貨 品或其他人使用本集團之租 賃資產所產生之收入分類為 收入。

當產品之控制權轉移給客戶時,按照本集團預期有權獲得之承諾代價金額確認收入,不包括代表第三方收取之金額。收入不包括增值税或其他銷售税,並扣除任何貿易折扣。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (w) Revenue and other income (continued)

Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the customer for more than 12 months, revenue is measured at the present value of the amount receivable, discounted using the discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction with the customer, and interest income is accrued separately under the effective interest method. Where the contract contains a financing component which provides a significant financing benefit to the Group, revenue recognised under that contract includes the interest expense accreted on the contract liability under the effective interest method. The Group takes advantage of the practical expedient in paragraph 63 of HKFRS 15 and does not adjust the consideration for any effects of a significant financing component if the period of financing is 12 months or less.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

#### (i) Sales of manufacturing goods

Revenue from the sales of goods is recognised when the customer takes possession of and accepts the products. Any advance payments received from customers prior to delivery of goods are recorded as contract liabilities (see note 2(o)).

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (w) 收入及其他收入(續)

如果合約中包含之融資成分為 客戶提供超過十二個月之重 大融資利益,則收入按應收 金額之現值計量,並使用與 單獨融資交易中反映之貼現 率貼現。客戶和利息收入按 實際利率法單獨計提。倘合 約包含為本集團提供重大融 資利益之融資成分,則根據 該合約確認之收益包括按實 際利率法計算之合約負債所產 生之利息開支。本集團利用香 港財務報告準則第15號第63 段之實際權宜之計,倘融資 期為十二個月或以下,則不會 就重大融資成分之任何影響 調整代價。

有關本集團收入及其他收入確認政策之進一步詳情如下:

## (i) 製造貨品銷售

當客戶擁有並接受貨品,銷售貨品所產生之收入才確認。客戶於送貨前預付之款項記錄為合約負債(見附註2(o))。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- (w) Revenue and other income (continued)
  - (i) Sales of manufacturing goods (continued)
    In the comparative period, revenue from sales of manufacturing goods was recognised when the goods are delivered to the customer, the customer has accepted the products and the related risks and rewards of ownership and collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured.

## (ii) Sales of properties

Revenue arising from the sale of properties developed for sale in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the property is accepted by the customer, or deemed as accepted according to the contract, whichever is earlier, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the statement of financial position under contract liabilities (see note 2(o)).

If any advance payments received from the buyers are regarded as providing a significant financing benefit to the Group, interest expense arising from the adjustment of time value of money will be accrued by the Group during the period between the payment date and the completion date of legal assignment. This accrual increases the balance of the contract liability during the period of construction, and therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer. The interest is expensed as accrued unless it is eligible to be capitalised under HKAS 23, Borrowing costs, in accordance with the policies set out in note 2(y).

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (w) 收入及其他收入(續)
  - (i) 製造貨品銷售(續)

## (ii) 物業銷售

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (w) Revenue and other income (continued)

# (iii) Rental income from operating leases Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset.

#### (iv) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling) that are not creditimpaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 2(k)(i)).

## (v) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expenses.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (w) 收入及其他收入(續)

## (iii) 經營租賃之租金收入 經營租賃之租金收入按 經營租賃之租金收入按 租約期涉及之期間平均 攤分並於損益確認,倘 有其他基準更清楚地反 映使用租賃資產所產生 之收益模式則除外。

## (iv) 利息收入

利息收入以資產之實際 利率,按照將金融資產 之預計使用年限內之估 計未來現金收入與金融 資產之賬面總值準確折 現 之 利 率 計 算 確 認。 就 信貸並無減值並按攤銷 成本或按公平值計入其 他全面收入(可轉回)計量 之金融資產而言,實際利 率用於該資產之賬面總 值。就信貸出現減值之 金融資產而言,實際利率 用於該資產之攤銷成本 (即賬面總值減去虧損撥 備)(見附註2(k)(i))。

## (v) 政府資助

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (x) Translation of foreign currencies

# Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Group initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (x) 外幣換算

## (i) 功能及列賬貨幣

本集團各個實體之財務 報表所列項目均主要經營運所在之主要 環境之貨幣計量(「功能 貨幣」)。綜合財務報本 貨幣」力能及列報貨幣 司之功能及列報貨幣。

## (ii) 交易及結餘

本年度內以外幣結算之交 易按交易日之匯率換算。 以外幣為單位之貨幣性 資產及負債則按報告期 末之匯率換算。兑換收 益及虧損於損益確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (x) Translation of foreign currencies (continued)

## (ii) Transactions and balances (continued)

The results of operations with functional currency other than Hong Kong dollars are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items are translated into Hong Kong dollar at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the translation reserve.

On disposal of an operation with functional currency other than Hong Kong dollars, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

#### (y) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (x) 外幣換算(續)

## (ii) 交易及結餘(續)

於出售非以港元為功能貨幣之業務時,與該項業務有關之累計兑換差異於確認出售損益時,由權益重新分類至損益。

## (v) 借貸成本

直接因收購、興建或生產一項須花一段很長時間始能投入擬定用途或出售之資產之借貸成本會被資本化為該資產成本之一部份。其他借貸成本乃於產生期間支銷。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (y) Borrowing costs (continued)

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

## (z) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - (i) The entity and the Group are members of the same Group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a Group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

(y) 借貸成本(續)

## (z) 有關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,則該人士 或該人士之近親與本集 團有關連:
  - (i) 擁有本集團之控制 權或共同控制權;
  - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響;或
  - (iii) 為本集團或本集團 母公司之管理層成 員。
- (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則 一實體與本集團有關連:
  - (i) 該實體與本集團屬 同一集團之成員公司 (即各母公司、附屬 公司及同系附屬公 司彼此間有關連)。
  - (ii) 一實體為另一實體 之聯營公司或合營 企業(或一實體為集 團旗下成員公司之聯 營公司或合營企集 而另一實體為集團 成員公司)。
  - (iii) 兩間實體均為同一 第三方之合營企 業。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 2 **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

- (z) Related parties (continued)
  - (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies: *(continued)* 
    - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
    - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
    - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
    - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
    - (viii) The entity, or any member of a Group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

- (z) 有關連人士(續)
  - (b) 倘符合下列任何條件,則 一實體與本集團有關連: (續)
    - (iv) 一實體為第三方實體之合營企業,而 器一實體為該第三 方實體之聯營公司。
    - (v) 該實體為本集團或 為本集團有關連之 實體之僱員而設之 退休福利計劃。
    - (vi) 實體受於(a)所識別 之人士控制或受共 同控制。
    - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士 對實體有重大影響 力或屬該實體(或該 實體之母公司)主要 管理層成員。
    - (viii) 該實體或該實體所屬集團之任何成員公司為本集團或本集團之母公司提供主要管理人員服務。

該人士之家庭近親成員是指 在與實體往來之過程中,預 期可影響該人士或受其影響 之家庭成員。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

## 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## (aa) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

## 2 重要會計政策(續)

## (aa) 分部報告

營運分部及財務報表中各分 部項目之金額,均見於定期向 本集團最高行政管理人員匯 報之財務資料以對本集團內 不同部門及地區作出資源分 配及評估其表現。

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值

#### (a) 財務風險因素

本集團業務承受多種財務風險:外幣風險、利率風險、信貸風險及流動資金風險。本集團之整體風險管理計劃,注於財務市場之難預測性,並尋求儘量減低對本集團財務表現之潛在不利影響。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

## (a) Financial risk factors (continued)

Risk management is carried out by the Group's Finance and Accounting department ("Group F&A") under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group F&A identifies, evaluates and mitigates financial risks in close co-operation with the Group's operating units. The Board is responsible for overall risk management which covers currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and cash management.

The Group's exposure to the aforesaid risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

## (i) Currency risk

The Group operates primarily in Hong Kong and the PRC and most of its business transactions, assets and liabilities are denominated in HK\$, United States dollars ("US\$") and Renminbi ("RMB"). Currency risk arises from commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities and net investments in foreign operations that are denominated in a currency that is not the entity's functional currency. As HK\$ are pegged against US\$, management considers that the Group is mainly exposed to foreign currency risk with respect to Renminbi. Management will continue to monitor foreign exchange exposure and will take measures to minimise the currency translation risk. The conversion rate of Renminbi to foreign currencies is subject to the rules and regulations of foreign exchange control promulgated by the PRC Government.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

## (a) 財務風險因素(續)

本集團面對上述風險以及本 集團用於管理該等風險之財 務風險管理政策如下所述。

## (i) 外幣風險

本集團主要在香港及中國 經營,大部份業務交易, 資產及負債以港元、美 元及人民幣為單位。外 幣風險來自非以本實體 功能貨幣為單位之商業 交易、已確認之資產及 負債及於海外營運之投 資淨額。由於港元與美 元掛鈎,管理層認為本 集團主要面對人民幣外 匯風險。管理層將持續 監控外匯風險, 並會採 取措施減低外幣換算風 險。人民幣對外幣之兑換 率受制於中國政府所頒 佈之外匯管制條例及規 則。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (i) Currency risk (continued)

The following table details the currency portfolio of the Group's monetary assets/ (liabilities) denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the portfolio are expressed in HK\$, translated using the spot rate at the end of the reporting period:

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (i) 外幣風險(續)

下表詳列本集團以相關實體功能貨幣以外其他貨幣為單位之貨幣性資產/(負債)之貨幣組合。為列賬用途,此組合之金額以報告期末即期匯率兑換,並以港元列示:

At 31 March 2021 二零二一年三月三十一日

		Note 附註	Carrying value 賬面值 \$'000 千元	HK\$ 港元 \$'000 千元	US\$ 美元 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	RMB 人民幣 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	Others 其他 \$'000 千元
Trade and bills receivable and	貿易及票據應收賬款及						
other receivables	其他應收賬款	13	675,883	1,928	638,195	35,728	32
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	14	26,401	_	18,956	_	7,445
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	17	275,785	_	_	275,785	_
Cash and bank deposits	現金及銀行存款	18	144,978	31,385	79,078	33,645	870
Amounts due from related	應收關連公司賬款						
companies		35	131,082	1,059	_	130,023	_
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	22	(340,424)	(51,615)	(247,915)	(40,817)	(77)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付						
	賬款	22	(803,798)	(87,665)	(81,994)	(634,139)	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	23	(917,466)	(681,936)	_	(235,530)	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	24	(3,735)	_	_	(3,735)	_
Amount due to an associate	應付聯營公司賬款	35	(1,669)	_	_	(1,669)	_
Amounts due to related	應付關連公司賬款						
companies		35	(4,032)	(466)	_	(3,566)	_

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (i) Currency risk (continued)

- 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
  - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
    - (i) 外幣風險(續)

At 31 March 2020 二零二零年 = 月 = 十一日

			—令一令十二月二 Ⅰ 日				
		Note 附註	Carrying value 賬面值 \$'000 千元	HK\$ 港元 \$′000 千元	US\$ 美元 \$′000 千元	RMB 人民幣 <b>\$</b> ′000 千元	Others 其他 \$′000 千元
Trade and bills receivable and	貿易及票據應收賬款及						
other receivables	其他應收賬款	13	331,914	1,111	293,199	37,544	60
Other financial assets	其他金融資產	14	19,629	_	19,629	_	_
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	17	33,440	_	_	33,440	_
Cash and bank deposits	現金及銀行存款	18	264,042	32,555	95,692	134,924	871
Amounts due from related	應收關連公司賬款						
companies		35	115,135	_	_	115,135	_
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	22	(288,987)	(55,109)	(186,045)	(47,832)	(1)
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付						
	賬款	22	(492,221)	(51,589)	(44,317)	(396,315)	_
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	23	(951,637)	(735,250)	_	(216,387)	_
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	24	(4,665)	_	_	(4,665)	_
Amount due to an associate	應付聯營公司賬款	35	(4,083)	_	_	(4,083)	_
Amounts due to related	應付關連公司賬款						
companies		35	(632)	_	_	(632)	_

At 31 March 2021, if HK\$ had weakened/strengthened by 5% against the RMB with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year and retained earnings would have decreased/increased approximately \$2,197,000 (2020: \$9,709,000 decreased/increased), mainly as a result of the net foreign exchange gains/losses on translation of Renminbi-denominated trade and other receivables, cash and bank deposits, trade and other payables and bank borrowings.

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (i) Currency risk (continued)

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained earnings) and other components of equity that would arise assuming that the change in foreign exchange rate of HK\$ against the RMB had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to foreign currency risk, including inter-company payables and receivables with the Group which are denominated in a currency other than the functional currencies of the lender or the borrower. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

#### (ii) Interest rate risk

Monetary assets/liabilities acquired at variable rates and at fixed rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk and fair value interest rate risk respectively. The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings and bank deposits which are primarily issued at variable rates.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (i) 外幣風險(續)

#### (ii) 利率風險

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

    The following table details the interest rate profile of the Group's interest-bearing assets and liabilities at the end of the reporting period:
- 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
  - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
    - (ii) 利率風險(續)

下表詳列於報告期末本 集團帶息資產及負債利 率之概況:

	At 31 Marc 二零二-		At 31 March 二零二零	
	三月三十	一日	三月三十	目
	<b>Effective</b>		Effective	
	interest		interest	
Note	rate %	\$'000	rate%	\$'000
	實際利率		實際利率	
附註	%	千元	%	千元

Fixed rate interest-bearing assets/(liabilities):	固定利率帶息資產/(負債):					
Deposits with banks with 3 months or less to	三個月或更短到期 之銀行存款					
maturity when placed		18	0.14%	8,432	_	_
Key management insurance	重要管理層保險合約					
contracts		14	2.01%	18,956	2.22%	19,629
Lease liabilities	租賃負債	24	4.32%	(3,735)	3.81%	(4,665)
Variable rate interest-	浮動利率帶息					
bearing assets/ (liabilities):	資產/(負債):					
Restricted deposits	受限制存款	17	1.61%	275,785	0.01%	33,440
Cash and bank deposits	銀行存款		0.01%	134,991	0.01%	263,061
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	23	3.51%	(917,466)	4.61%	(951,637)

At 31 March 2021, with all other variables held constant, if the interest rate had increased/decreased by 50 basis points, the corresponding increase/decrease in interest expenses on bank borrowings and interest income from bank deposits at variable rates will result in a net decrease/increase in the Group's post-tax profit by approximately \$1,777,000/\$2,438,000 (2020: decrease/increase by \$2,491,000/\$3,943,000).

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (ii) Interest rate risk (continued)

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained earnings) and other components of equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained earnings) and other components of equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2020.

#### (iii) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group and is managed on a Group basis. The Group's credit risk mainly arises from financial assets and deposits with banks and financial institutions, as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding trade and other receivables. For banks and financial institutions, only independent parties with high credit rating are accepted.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (ii) 利率風險(續)

從以上敏感度分析顯示, 假設於報告期末利率發 生變動,而需重新計量 本集團持有之面臨公平值 利率風險之金融工具,本 集團除税後溢利(及保留 溢利)及部分權益之其他 組成部分將會產生即時 變動。對於本集團於報 告期末持有之浮動利率 非衍生工具產生之現金 流量利率風險而言,對本 集團除税後溢利(及保留 溢利)及權益之其他組成 部分)之影響乃基於該等 利率之改變對年度利息 支出或收入之影響而進 行估計。二零二零年之分 析以相同之基準進行。

## (iii) 信貸風險

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (iii) Credit risk (continued)

Trade receivables and contract assets The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry or country in which the customers operate and therefore significant concentrations of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. There is a concentration of credit risk in respect of trade and bills receivable as the Group's sales are made primarily to a few key customers. At 31 March 2021, the trade and bills receivable from five largest customers accounted for approximately 91% (2020: 86%) of the total trade and bills receivable.

Individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 90 days from the date of billing. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (iii) 信貸風險(續)

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (iii) Credit risk (continued)

    Prepayment, deposits and other receivables

Credit risk in respect of other receivables, the Group monitors the exposures and manages them based on historical settlement records and past experience, current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions.

Amounts due from related parties

Credit risk in respect of amounts due from related parties are limited given that the Group assesses and closely monitors their financial conditions and the related parties have sufficient reserves of resources to settle the amount as they fall due.

Cash and bank deposits (including restricted deposits)

The credit risk on cash at banks (including restricted deposits) is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies. Transactions in relation to derivative financial instruments, if any, are only carried out with financial institutions of high reputation. The Group has policies that limit the amount of credit exposure to any one financial institution.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (iii) 信貸風險(續)

預付款、按金及其他應 收賬款

有關其他應收賬款之信貸風險,本集團根據追往還款記錄及經驗、當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測,監察及管理其風險。

應收關連公司賬款 應收關連公司賬款之信 貸風險有限,因本集團 評估及密切監察關連公司 之財務條件及有充足儲 備資源支付到期賬款。

現金及銀行存款(包括受限制存款)

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
  - (iv) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities. The Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available at all times.

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities classified into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within twelve months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

- (a) 財務風險因素(續)
  - (iv) 流動資金風險

## Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 会同未折現現金流出

		合同未折現現金流出				
		Carrying amount 賬面值 \$'000 千元	Less than 1 year 少於一年 \$'000 千元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 \$'000 千元	Between 2 and 5 years 二至五年 \$'000 千元	Total 合共 \$'000 千元
At 31 March 2021	於二零二一年 三月三十一日					
Trade payables Accruals and other	貿易應付賬款 應計費用及其他應付	340,424	340,424	_	_	340,424
payables Amounts due to related	應計費用及其他應刊 賬款 應付關連公司賬款	803,798	749,954	_	_	749,954
companies	心门	4,032	4,032	_	_	4,032
Lease liabilities Bank borrowings - without repayable on	租賃負債 銀行借貸 - 沒有按要求償還	3,735	2,690	1,006	167	3,863
demand clause  - with repayable on	條款 - 附有按要求償還	895,558	307,401	628,850	3,770	940,021
demand clause	條款	21,908	8,300	8,151	6,015	22,466
		2,069,455	1,412,801	638,007	9,952	2,060,760

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

- 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
  - (a) Financial risk factors (continued)
    - (iv) Liquidity risk (continued)

- 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
  - (a) 財務風險因素(續)
    - (iv) 流動資金風險(續)

Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合同未折現現金流出

		合同未折現現金流出				
		Carrying amount 賬面值 \$'000 千元	Less than 1 year 少於一年 \$'000 千元	Between 1 and 2 years 一至兩年 \$'000 千元	Between 2 and 5 years 二至五年 \$'000 千元	Total 合共 \$'000 千元
At 31 March 2020	於二零二零年 三月三十一日					
Trade payables Accruals and other	貿易應付賬款 應計費用及	288,987	288,987	_	_	288,987
payables Amounts due to related	其他應付賬款 應付關連公司賬款	492,221	428,862	_	_	428,862
companies		632	632	_	_	632
Lease liabilities Bank borrowings without repayable on demand	租賃負債 沒有按要求償還條款 之銀行借貸	4,665	3,363	1,439	_	4,802
clause		951,637	178,004	271,069	600,210	1,049,283
		1,738,142	899,848	272,508	600,210	1,772,566

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

## (b) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for equity shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the net gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total bank borrowings and lease liabilities less cash and bank deposits (including restricted deposits). Total capital is calculated as the total equity as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position.

The Group's strategy, which is unchanged from prior year, is to maintain an acceptable net gearing ratio. The net gearing ratios at 31 March 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

## (b) 資金風險管理

本集團資金管理之目標為保障本集團按持續經營基準繼續營運之能力,為權益持有人帶來回報,同時兼顧其他利益相關者之利益,並維持最佳之資本結構。

為維持或調整資本結構,本 集團或會調整支付予股東之 股息、退還予股東之股本、發 行新股或出售資產以減低債 務。

與業內其他公司一樣,本集團 利用淨銀行借貸比率按照淨借貸 資本。此比率按照淨借貸貸 除以總資本計算。淨借貸貸 為銀行借貸總額及租賃負赁 減現金及銀行存款(包括受 制存款)。總資本為權益總 (如綜合財務狀況表所列)。

本集團之策略與往年不變,即 秉承維持可接受之淨銀行借 貸比率。於二零二一年及二零 二零年三月三十一日之淨銀行 借貸比率如下:

2024

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Total bank borrowings Lease liabilities Less: Cash and bank deposits Restricted deposits	銀行借貸總額 租賃負債 減:現金及銀行存款 受限制存款	917,466 3,735 (144,978) (275,785)	951,637 4,665 (264,042) (33,440)
Net borrowings	淨借貸	500,438	658,820
Total equity	權益總值	1,430,619	1,175,700
Net gearing ratio	淨銀行借貸比率	35%	56%

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

## 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (c) Fair value estimation

The carrying value less ECL for trade and bills receivable, other receivables and trade and other payables are a reasonable approximation of their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Group for similar financial instruments.

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The Group has a team headed by the Assistant Accounting Director performing valuations for the insurance contracts which are categorised into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. A valuation report with analysis of changes in fair value measurement is prepared by the team at each interim and annual reporting date, and is reviewed and approved by the Chief Financial Officer. Discussion of the valuation process and results with the Chief Financial Officer is held twice a year, to coincide with the reporting dates.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

#### (c) 公平值估計

下表利用估值法分析按公平 值入賬之金融工具。不同層 級之定義如下:

- 相同資產或負債在活躍市場之報價(未經調整)(第一層)。
- 一 除了第一層所包括之報價 外,該資產或負債之可觀 察之數據,可為直接(即 例如價格)或間接(即源 自價格)(第二層)。
- 並非依據可觀察市場數據之資產或負債之數據 (即非可觀察數據)(第三層)。

本集團設有由副會計總監所帶領之團隊,對分類為公平值層級第三層之保險合約進行估值。載有公平值變動計量分析之估值報告乃由該團隊於每次中期及年度報告日編製,並由首席財務官審閱及批准的為配合報告日,每年與首席財務官討論估值過程及結果兩次。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

- (c) Fair value estimation (continued)

  The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis at 31 March 2021:
- 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
  - (c) 公平值估計(續) 於二零二一年三月三十一日, 本集團以經常性基礎公平值 計量呈報之金融資產如下:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元

Assets:	資產:		
Level 1	第一層		
<ul> <li>Listed equity securities</li> </ul>	—上市股權證券		
(note 14)	(附註14)	7,445	_
Level 3	第三層		
<ul> <li>Key management insurance</li> </ul>	—重要管理層保險		
contracts (note 14)	合約(附註14)	18,956	19,629
		26.401	19.629

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry Group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

#### (c) Fair value estimation (continued)

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, overthe counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments.
- The fair value of structured foreign exchange forward products is determined using Monte Carlo simulation, taking into account of observable market parameters such as forward exchange rates, volatility and interest rates at the reporting date.
- Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis including dividend growth model, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

There were no transfers of financial assets/ liabilities between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 fair value hierarchy classifications.

## 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

## (c) 公平值估計(續)

沒有在活躍市場買賣之金融工具(例如場外衍生工具)之。之之。 中值利用估值技術產量利用可觀察定 值技術儘量利用可觀察賴 之特定估計。倘計算一 工具之公平值所需之所 大數據為可觀察數據,則 金融工具列入第二層。

如一項或多項重大數據並非 根據可觀察市場數據,則該 金融工具列入第三層。

用以估值金融工具之特定估值 技術包括:

- 一 同類型工具之市場報價 或交易商報價。
- 結構性外匯遠期產品之公平值利用蒙地卡羅模擬法釐定,已考慮到可觀察之市場參數,例如於報告日之遠期匯率、波幅及利率。
- 其他技術,例如貼現現金流量分析,包括股息增長模式,用以釐定其餘金融工具之公平值。

第一、第二與第三層公平值層 級分類之間並無金融資產/ 負債之轉撥。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

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- (c) Fair value estimation (continued)
  Information about Level 3 fair value
  measurements
- 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
  - (c) 公平值估計(續) 有關第三層公平值計量資料

	Valuation techniques 估值技術	unobservable inputs 非可觀察重大數據	Range 範圍	Weighted average 加權平均數
	D:	D'	0.00/.0.040/	0.040/
Key management	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate	2.0%-2.01%	2.01%
insurance contracts	model		(2020: 2.0%-2.65%)	(2020: 2.22%)
重要管理層保險合約	貼現現金流量法	貼現率	2.0%-2.01%	2.01%
			(二零二零年:	(二零二零年:
			2.0%-2.65%)	2.22%)

01 101 4

The fair value of insurance contracts is determined using the discounted cash flow model. The duration of the cash flows and the specific timing of inflows and outflows are determined by conditions in accordance with the terms of the respective insurance contracts. The periodic cash flow is estimated as gross redemption value and interest income less surrender charges. The series of periodic net income for the contracting periods is then discounted. The fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the discount rate. As at 31 March 2021, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, a decrease/increase in discount rate by 1% would have increased/ decreased the Group's other comprehensive income by \$2,796,000 (2020: \$2,542,000).

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外·以港元列示)

- 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)
  - (c) Fair value estimation (continued)
    Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

The movement during the year in the balance of these Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

- 3 財務風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
  - (c) 公平值估計(續) 有關第三層公平值計量資料 (續)

年內該等第三層公平值計量 之結餘變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Key management insurance contracts	重要管理層 保險合約		
Beginning of the year	年初	19,629	19,325
Additions	添置	5,833	_
Disposal	出售	(6,794)	_
Interest income recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之 利息收入	423	425
Exchange loss recognised in profit or loss	於損益確認之 匯兑虧損	(126)	_
Fair value losses recognised in other comprehensive	年內於其他全面收入 確認之公平值虧損		
income during the year		(9)	(121)
End of the year	年底	18,956	19,629

There were no fair value losses or gains for the years included in profit or loss for these assets held at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

於二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日所持有資產並沒有 公平值收益或虧損包括於損 益內。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 4 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates may be different from the actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in future years are discussed below.

# (a) Expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables

The Group maintains a loss allowances of trade receivables measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL of receivables stated at amortised cost. The loss allowance is estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factor that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date. If there is a change in the financial condition of the debtors, actual write-offs would be higher or lower than estimated.

### (b) Write-down of inventories

Inventories are written down to the net realisable value based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Write-downs on inventories are recorded where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be realised. The identification of write-downs requires the use of judgement and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value and write-downs of inventories.

### 4 會計判斷及估計

估計及判斷根據過往經驗及其他 因素(包括在有關情況下相信對未 來事件之合理預測)被持續進行評 估。

本集團對未來作出估計及假設。所得之會計估計很少與其實際結果相同。很大機會導致未來年度之資產及負債之賬面值作出重大調整之估計及假設討論如下。

### (a) 貿易應收賬款之預期信貸虧 損撥備

### (b) 存貨撇減

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 5 SEGMENT REPORTING

The Group's chief operating decision-maker ("Management") reviews the Group's internal reports periodically in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

The Group is organised on a worldwide basis into three (2020: three) major operating segments. They are (i) metal and plastic business; (ii) electronic manufacturing services business; and (iii) real estate business.

Management considers the business from both a geographic and products and services perspective. From a products and services perspective, management assesses the performance of metal and plastic business, electronic manufacturing services business and real estate business. In addition, there is further evaluation on a geographic basis (Japan, Hong Kong, Mainland China, Asia (excluding Japan, Hong Kong and Mainland China), North America and Western Europe). Management assesses the performance of the operating segments based on operating profit. Segment information provided to management for decision making is measured in a manner consistent with that in the financial statements.

A measurement of segment assets and liabilities is not provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management and accordingly, no segment assets or liabilities information is presented.

### 5 分部報告

本集團首席營運決策者(「**管理層**」) 定期審閱本集團之內部報告,以 評估業績及分配資源。管理層以 該些報告為基礎決定營運分部。

本集團遍及世界各地之業務分為 三(二零二零年:三)大主要營運分 部,分別是(i)五金塑膠業務:(ii)電 子專業代工業務:及(iii)房地產業 務。

分部資產及負債之計量並無定期 提供予本集團之最高級執行管理 層,因此,並無呈列分部資產或負 債資料。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

5

The segment results for the year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows:

### 5 分部報告(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度之分部業績如下:

			202 <sup>-</sup> 二零二		
			— ⇒ — Electronic	Т	
		Metal and	manufacturing		
		plastic	services	Real estate	
		business	business	business	Total
		五金塑膠	電子專業	房地產	
		業務	代工業務	業務	合共
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Segment revenue	分部收入				
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收入	1,895,368	898,006	399,243	3,192,617
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	25,539	_	_	25,539
Reportable segment revenue	報告分部收入	1,920,907	898,006	399,243	3,218,516
-					
Gross profit	毛利	404,628	48,024	261,405	714,057
Distribution and selling expenses and general	分銷及銷售費用及一般及	(400.040)	(46 =00)	(0.4.7.5)	(10.1 = 1.1)
and administrative expenses	行政費用	(133,212)		(34,767)	(184,711)
Other (losses) and income/gains	其他(虧損)及收入/收益	(2,588)	1,689	3,500	2,601
Net valuation gain on investment properties	投資物業估值收益淨額	1,184	_	_	1,184
Operating profit	經營溢利	270,012	32,981	230,138	533,131
Operating profit includes:	經營溢利包括:				
Depreciation and amortisation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊及				
plant and equipment	攤銷	84,850	2,341	1,054	88,245
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷	1,543	_	_	1,543
Write-down/(reversal of write-down) of obsolete	陳舊及滯銷存貨撇減/				
and slow-moving inventories	(撇減之撥回)	1,286	(1,286)	_	_
(Reversal of)/recognition of loss allowance for	貿易及票據應收賬款				
trade and bills receivable	虧損撥備之(撥回)/確認	(4)	4	_	_

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 5 **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

# The segment results for the year ended 31 March 2020 are as follows:

### 5 分部報告(續)

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年 度之分部業績如下:

> 2020 二零二零年

			Electronic		
		Metal and plastic	manufacturing services	Real estate	
		business	business	business	Total
		五金塑膠	電子專業	房地產	Total
		業務	代工業務	業務	合共
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Segment revenue	分部收入				
Revenue from external customers	來自外部客戶之收入	1,632,236	997,767	272,205	2,902,208
Inter-segment revenue	分部間收入	32,823	_	_	32,823
Reportable segment revenue	報告分部收入	1,665,059	997,767	272,205	2,935,031
Gross profit	毛利	331,023	43,637	154,834	529,494
Distribution and selling expenses and general	分銷及銷售費用及一般及行政				
and administrative expenses	費用	(114,570)	(17,542)	(18,685)	(150,797)
Other income/gains	其他收入/收益	2,658	102	1,684	4,444
Net valuation loss on investment properties	投資物業估值虧損淨額	(2,361)	_	_	(2,361)
Operating profit	經營溢利	216,750	26,197	137,833	380,780
Operating profit includes:	經營溢利包括:				
Depreciation and amortisation of property,	物業、廠房及設備之折舊及攤				
plant and equipment	銷	60,250	1,743	978	62,971
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷	1,504	_	_	1,504
$(Reversal\ of\ write-down)/write-down\ of\ obsolete$					
and slow-moving inventories	撥回)/撇減	(2,145)	2,145	_	_
Recognition of loss allowance for trade and bills					
receivable	撥備之確認	92	_	_	92

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

5

### 5 分部報告(續)

A reconciliation of operating profit to profit before taxation is provided as follows:

經營溢利調節至除稅前溢利如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Operating profit	經營溢利	533,131	380,780
Finance income Finance costs Share of profits of an associate	財務收入 財務成本 應佔聯營公司溢利	4,613 (7,975) 1,487	4,462 (24,858) 1,354
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	531,256	361,738

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, investment properties, intangible assets and investment in an associate ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of revenue is based on the country in which the final destination of shipment is located or services are provided and properties are located. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset, in the case of property, plant and equipment, investment properties and the location of the operations to which they are allocated, in the case of intangible assets and investment in an associate.

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

5 **SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

5 分部報告(續)

		The Group's		Specified n	on-current
		revenue		ass	ets
		本集團	之收入	指定非流動資產	
		2021	2020	2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年	二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Hong Kong (place of domicile)	香港(所在地)	759,928	795,907	41,136	42,561
Japan	日本	38,213	61,237	_	_
Mainland China	中國大陸	1,271,197	1,047,503	821,389	787,494
Asia (excluding Japan, Hong Kong	亞洲(不包括日本、香港及				
and Mainland China)	中國大陸)	138,699	214,263	_	_
North America	北美洲	496,699	415,834	9	14
Western Europe	西歐	487,881	367,464	_	
Sub-total	小計	2,432,689	2,106,301	821,398	787,508
		3,192,617	2,902,208	862,534	830,069

The Group's customer base includes three (2020: three) customers with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenue. For the year ended 31 March 2021, the total revenue from sales of merchandise in the metal and plastic business and electronic manufacturing services business, including sales to entities which are known to the Group to be under common control with these customers, amounted to approximately \$2,196,185,000 (2020: \$2,234,127,000) and arose in all geographical regions in which the businesses are active. Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from these customers are set out in note 3(a)(iii).

The Group's sales are made primarily to a few key customers. For the year ended 31 March 2021, the revenue derived from five largest customers accounted for approximately 79% (2020: 83%) of the Group's total revenue.

本集團有三名(二零二零年:三名)客戶之交易量超過本集團收入之10%。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,來自銷售五金塑膠品大会會對了一個人。 務及電子專業代工業務之商品數學與 務及電子專業代工業務之商品數學 大(包括向就本集團所知受到該等 等戶共同控制之實體之銷售額)約 為2,196,185,000元(二零二零年 2,234,127,000元),並於有關 活躍之所有地理區域產生。高度 集中信貸風險主要源自此客戶之詳 情載於附註3(a)(iii)。

本集團之銷售主要是由幾名關鍵客戶組成。截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,收入來自五大客戶佔本集團總收入約79%(二零二零年:83%)。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

### 6 物業、廠房及設備

		Land use rights and leasehold land 土地使用權 及租賃土地 \$'000 千元	Buildings 樓宇 \$'000 千元	Properties leased for own use 租賃 物業自用 \$'000 千元	Construction- in-progress 在建工程 \$'000 千元	Fixtures and leasehold improvements 裝置及 物業裝修 \$'000 千元	Machinery 機器 \$'000 千元	Tools and equipment 工具 及設備 \$'000 千元	Furniture and computer equipment 傢俬及電腦設備 \$'000	Total 合共 \$'000 千元
Cost:	成本:									
At 1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日	25,277	331,634	7,786	1,478	102,967	513,562	52,105	102,093	1,136,902
Additions	添置	_	_	2,748	6,880	10,708	28,571	12,108	21,389	82,404
Disposals	出售	_	_	_	_	(377)	(12,852)	(4,516)	(1,235)	(18,980)
Exchange adjustments	兑換調整 ————————————————————————————————————	_	_	638	287	7,884	21,265	3,791	4,256	38,121
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	25,277	331,634	11,172	8,645	121,182	550,546	63,488	126,503	1,238,447
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses:	累計折舊、攤銷及 減值虧損:									
At 1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日	8,823	80,015	3,253	_	48,468	381,690	25,133	78,682	626,064
Charge for the year	年度扣除	499	6,474	4,133	_	7,364	49,754	6,834	13,187	88,245
Written back on disposals	因出售之撤回	_	_	_	_	(345)	(12,838)	(4,402)	(1,226)	(18,811)
Exchange adjustments	兑換調整	_	_	344	_	5,567	12,259	1,705	3,576	23,451
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	9,322	86,489	7,730	_	61,054	430,865	29,270	94,219	718,949
Net book value: At 31 March 2021	<b>賬面淨值</b> : 二零二一年三月三十一日	15,955	245,145	3,442	8,645	60,128	119,681	34,218	32,284	519,498

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued) 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

		Land use				F:			e s 1	
		rights and leasehold		Properties	Construction-	Fixtures and leasehold		Tools and	Furniture and computer	
		land 土地使用權	Buildings	own use 租賃		improvements 裝置及	Machinery	equipment 工具	equipment 傢俬及	Total
		及租賃土地	樓宇	物業自用	在建工程	物業裝修	機器	及設備	電腦設備	合共
		\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元
Cost:	成本:									
At 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日	25,277	331,611	7,703	192	86,941	506,826	45,740	89,139	1,093,429
Additions	添置		-		1,357	28,186	53,719	11,770	18,780	113,812
Transfers	轉撥	_	23	_	(31)	8	_	_	_	_
Disposals	出售	_	_	_	_	(7,644)	(25,276)	(2,283)	(1,898)	(37,101)
Adjustments due to modifications	因修改之調整	_	_	621	_	_	_	_	_	621
Exchange adjustments	兑換調整	_	_	(538)	(40)	(4,524)	(21,707)	(3,122)	(3,928)	(33,859)
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	25,277	331,634	7,786	1,478	102,967	513,562	52,105	102,093	1,136,902
Accumulated depreciation, amortisation and impairment losses:	累計折舊、攤銷及 減值虧損:									
At 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日	8,323	73,045	_	_	53,821	384,863	23,932	74,527	618,511
Charge for the year	年度扣除	500	6,970	3,341	_	4,565	33,496	4,846	9,253	62,971
Written back on disposals	因出售之撇回	_	_	_	_	(7,576)	(23,709)	(2,177)	(1,882)	(35,344)
Exchange adjustments	兑換調整	_	_	(88)	_	(2,342)	(12,960)	(1,468)	(3,216)	(20,074)
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	8,823	80,015	3,253	_	48,468	381,690	25,133	78,682	626,064
Net book value:	賬面淨值:									
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	16,454	251,619	4,533	1,478	54,499	131,872	26,972	23,411	510,838

Depreciation and amortisation expense of \$81,143,000 (2020: \$59,604,000), \$7,102,000 (2020: \$3,367,000) has been charged to cost of revenue, general and administrative expenses, respectively.

折舊及攤銷費用中81,143,000元 (二零二零年:59,604,000元)及7,102,000元(二零二零年:3,367,000元)分別計入收入成本、一般及行政費用。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

### (a) Right-of-use assets

The Group's interests in right-of-use assets at their net book values are analysed as follows:

### 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

### (a) 使用權資產

本集團在使用權資產之權益 按其賬面淨值分析如下:

	2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong, held on leases between 10 to 50 years (note (i))  Land use rights and buildings in the PRC, held on leases between 10 to 50 years  Moreover 10 to 50 years	1,873	1,978
(note (ii))	259,227	266,095
	261,100	268,073
Properties leased for own use 租賃物業自用之	3,442	4,533
	264,542	272,606

### (i) Leasehold land and buildings in Hong Kong held for own use

The Group holds several buildings for its office and warehouses. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the whole or part of undivided share in the underlying land. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease, other than payments based on rateable values set by the relevant government authorities. These payments vary from time to time and are payable to the relevant government authorities.

### (i) 持有香港租賃土地及樓 宇作自用

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

- 6 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)
  - (a) Right-of-use assets (continued)
    - (ii) Land use rights and buildings in the PRC held for own use

The Group holds several buildings for its factories. The Group is the registered owner of these property interests, including the underlying land use rights. Lump sum payments were made upfront to acquire these property interests from their previous registered owners, and there are no ongoing payments to be made under the terms of the land lease.

(iii) Properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties as its warehouses through tenancy agreements. The leases typically run for an initial period of 2 to 3 years with no extension options. None of these leases includes variable lease payments.

(b) Buildings leased out under operating leases

The Group leases out an insignificant portion of factories located in PRC under operating leases.

The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 year. None of the leases includes variable lease payments. Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in the coming year is \$nil (2020: \$84,000).

- 6 物業、廠房及設備(續)
  - (a) 使用權資產(續)

    - (iii) 持有租賃物業作自用 本集團已透過租賃協議 獲得物業作為其倉庫之 使用權利。租期最初通 常為期兩年至三年及無 續租選擇權。概無租賃 包括可變動租賃付款。
  - (b) 根據經營租賃出租之樓宇 本集團以經營租賃之方式出 租位於中國之一小部分工廠。 租期最初通常為期一年。概 無租賃包括可變動租賃付款。 本集團於報告日已發生之不可 撤銷經營租賃下之來年未折現 租賃應收租金為無(二零二零 年:84,000元)。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

### 7 投資物業

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Beginning of the year	年初	294,800	318,600
Additions Exchange differences Fair value adjustment	添置 兑換差異 公平值調整	— 21,436 1,184	101 (21,540) (2,361)
End of the year	年底	317,420	294,800

The investment properties are under construction and located in the PRC under lease terms of 40 years expiring in August 2050 to January 2051.

Fair value measurement of properties

### (a) Fair value hierarchy

As at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, the fair value measurement of the Group's investment properties is categorised into Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy as defined in HKFRS 13, *Fair value measurement*.

During the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

在中國之在建中投資物業乃根據 為期四十年(於二零五零年八月至 二零五一年一月到期)之租賃期而 持有。

### 物業之公平值計量

### (a) 公平值層級

於二零二一年三月三十一日及 於二零二零年三月三十一日, 本集團投資物業之公平值計 量是按香港財務報告準則第 13號,「公平值計量」之定義分 類為第三層公平值層級。

截至二零二一年及二零二零年 三月三十一日止年度內,第一 與第二層級之間並無轉撥, 而第三層級亦無轉出或轉入。 本集團之政策是於報告期末 確認公平值層級間發生之轉 移。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

### 7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value measurement of properties (continued)

### (a) Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The valuation of the Group's investment properties as at 31 March 2021 was conducted by RHL Appraisal Limited, an independent professional valuer, which has among its staff members of Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors. The investment properties were valued on the basis that it would be developed and completed in accordance with the Group's latest development proposals. The Chief Financial Officer has discussion with the independent professional valuer in the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at each interim and annual reporting date.

Fair value adjustment of investment properties is recognised in the line item "net valuation gain/ (loss) on investment properties" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# (b) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements

### 7 投資物業(續)

物業之公平值計量(續)

### (a) 公平值層級(續)

投資物業之公平值調整乃於 綜合損益表上之「投資物業估 值收益/(虧損)淨額」一項確 認。

### (b) 有關第三層級公平值計量之 資料

	Valuation techniques 仕店共振	Unobservable inputs 不可想察之數據	Range
	估值技術 	不可觀察之數據	估計範圍 ———————
Investment properties	Market comparison	Adjustment factor	-36%25%
— land in the PRC	approach .	on size and	(2020:
		location of the	-21% - 6%)
		properties	
投資物業 — 於中國	市場比較法	物業面積及位置之	-36%25%
之土地		調整因素	(二零二零年:
			-21% - 6%)
Investment properties	Residual method	Adjustment factor	-52%3%
<ul><li>property under</li></ul>		on size and	(2020:
development in the		location of the	-31%15%)
PRC		properties	
投資物業 — 於中國	剩餘法	物業面積及位置之	-52%3%
之在建物業		調整因素	(二零二零年:
			-31%15%)

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 7 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

Fair value measurement of properties (continued)

(b) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

The fair value of land that in the PRC classified as investment properties is determined using the market comparison approach by making reference to the comparable sales transactions as available in the relevant market was adopted. The adjustment factors used have been adjusted for the size and location of the properties. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the adjustment factors on size and location of the properties.

The fair value of property under development in the PRC classified as investment properties is determined using the residual method by making reference to the comparable transactions or asking cases as available in the relevant market and it had taken into account the construction costs that will be expended to complete the development to reflect the quality of the completed development. The adjustment factors used have been adjusted for the size and location of the properties. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the adjustment factors on size and location of the properties.

### 7 投資物業(續)

物業之公平值計量(續)

(b) 有關第三層級公平值計量之 資料(續)

於中國分類為投資物業之土地之公平值乃使用市場比較結構之可比較銷售交易。使用之調整因素已按物業之面積之面,與物業面積及位置進行調整。公平值計型與物業面積及位置之調整。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

8 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

8 無形資產

**Computer software** 

		電腦軟件
		千元
Cost:	成本:	
At 1 April 2020 and	二零二零年四月一日及	
at 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	14,412
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷︰	
At 1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日	(6,519)
Charge for the year	年度扣除	(1,543)
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	(8,062)
Net Book Value:	賬面淨值:	
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	6,350
61	<del>-1. *</del> •	
Cost:	<b>成本:</b> 二零一九年四月一日	14 102
At 1 April 2019 Additions	一令一儿午四月一日 添置	14,183 229
Additions	/水 且	229
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	14,412
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷:	
At 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日	(5,015)
Charge for the year	年度扣除	(1,504)
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	(6,519)
Net Book Value:	賬面淨值:	
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日	7,893

Amortisation of \$1,543,000 (2020: \$1,504,000) was included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2021.

截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度,1,543,000元攤銷(二零二零年:1,504,000元)包括在綜合損益表中一般及行政費用。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 9 SUBSIDIARIES

9 附屬公司

Particulars of the principal subsidiaries of the Company as at 31 March 2021 are:

本公司於二零二一年三月三十一日 主要附屬公司之資料:

Name 名稱	Place of incorporation/ establishment and types of legal entity 註冊/成立地點及法定實體類別	Principal activities and place of operation 主要業務及營運地點	Particulars of issued/ paid-up capital 已發行/已繳股本	Interest held 所持股權
Karrie Industrial Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Sale of server casings, office automation products, visual accessories, plastic and metal parts, metal stamping dies and plastic injection moulds and provision of management services, Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of \$1,000 Non-voting deferred shares of \$5,000,000 (i)	100%
嘉利產品有限公司	香港有限責任公司	銷售伺服器外殼、辦公室文儀產品、影視 組件、塑膠及金屬部件、金屬沖壓模 具及注塑模具及提供管理服務,香港	普通股1,000元 無投票權遞延股5,000,000元(i)	
Karrie Technologies Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Manufacturing and sales of plastic parts, sales of metal stamping dies and plastic injection moulds, provision of electronic manufacturing services and investment haldings. Hope Young	Ordinary shares of \$30,000,000	100%
嘉利環球科技有限公司	香港有限責任公司	investment holdings, Hong Kong 製造及銷售塑膠部件、金屬沖壓模具及 注塑模具、提供電子專業代工服務及 投資控股,香港	普通股30,000,000元	
Karwin Engineering Company Limited	Hong Kong, limited liability company	Design, manufacture and sale of server casings, office automation products and visual accessories; sale of plastic and metal parts, metal stamping dies, plastic injection moulds and investment holdings, Hong Kong	Ordinary shares of \$10 Non-voting deferred shares of \$100 (i)	100%
嘉運機械工程有限公司	香港有限責任公司	設計、製造及銷售伺服器外殼、辦公室 文儀產品及影視組件;銷售塑膠及金 屬部件、金屬沖壓模具、注塑模具及 投資控股,香港	普通股10元 無投票權遞延股100元(i)	

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

9 **SUBSIDIARIES** (continued)

9 附屬公司(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ establishment and types of legal entity 註冊/成立地點及	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued/ paid-up capital	Interest held
名稱	法定實體類別	主要業務及營運地點	已發行/已繳股本	所持股權
東莞鳳崗嘉輝塑膠五金 有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Manufacture of server casings, office automation products and metal parts, the PRC	Paid-up capital \$174,755,000 (ii)	100%
	中國有限責任公司	製造伺服器外殼、辦公室文儀產品及金 屬部件,中國	已繳資本174,755,000元(ii)	
東莞鳳崗嘉安塑膠五金有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Manufacture of server casings, office automation products, visual accessories, moulds and plastic parts; provision of electronic manufacturing services, the PRC	Paid-up capital \$128,510,000 (iii)	100%
	中國有限責任公司	製造伺服器外殼、辦公室文儀產品、影 視組件、模具及塑膠部件;提供電子專 業代工服務,中國	已繳資本128,510,000元(iii)	
東莞嘉寶電子實業 有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Property holding, the PRC	Paid-up capital \$428,000,000 (iv)	100%
13182-1	中國有限責任公司	持有物業,中國	已繳資本428,000,000元(iv)	
宜興嘉利商務大廈開發 有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Property development and management, the PRC	Paid-up capital US\$20,000,000 (v)	100%
	中國有限責任公司	物業發展及管理,中國	已繳資本20,000,000美元(v)	
宜興海洋置業有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Property holding, the PRC	Paid-up capital US\$16,000,000 (vi)	100%
	中國有限責任公司	持有物業,中國	已繳資本16,000,000美元(vi)	
東莞嘉創房地產開發 有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Property development, the PRC	Paid-up capital US\$43,700,000 (vii)	100%
	中國有限責任公司	物業發展,中國	已繳資本43,700,000美元(vii)	
博羅縣嘉盈利房地產開發 有限公司	The PRC, limited liability company	Property development, the PRC	Paid-up capital RMB97,501,000 (viii)	100%
	中國有限責任公司	物業發展,中國	已繳資本人民幣97,501,000元(viii)	

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 9 **SUBSIDIARIES** (continued)

### 9 附屬公司(續)

### Notes:

- (i) The non-voting deferred shares have no voting rights, are not entitled to dividends, and are not entitled to distributions upon winding up unless a sum of \$200,000,000,000 has been distributed by the relevant companies to holders of the ordinary shares.
- (ii) 東莞鳳崗嘉輝塑膠五金有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 15 years up to 19 May 2026.
- (iii) 東莞鳳崗嘉安塑膠五金有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 15 years up to 24 May 2026.
- (iv) 東莞嘉寶電子實業有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 25 years up to 18 February 2030.
- (v) 宜興嘉利商務大廈開發有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 40 years up to 2 December 2049.
- (vi) 宜興海洋置業有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 40 years up to 22 March 2051.
- (vii) 東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with an operating period of 20 years up to 17 September 2033.
- (viii) 博羅縣嘉盈利房地產開發有限公司 is a wholly-owned foreign enterprise established in the PRC with a long-term operating period.

### 附註:

- (i) 無投票權遞延股份並非由本集團 所擁有。此等股份無投票權,亦無 權分享股息。除非相關公司在清盤 時向其普通股東派發之總額超過 200,000,000,000元;否則該等股 份無權分享任何分派。
- (ii) 東莞鳳崗嘉輝塑膠五金有限公司乃 一於中國成立全資擁有外資企業, 其營業期限為十五年,於二零二六 年五月十九日屆滿。
- (iii) 東莞鳳崗嘉安塑膠五金有限公司乃 一於中國成立全資擁有外資企業, 其營業期限為十五年,於二零二六 年五月二十四日屆滿。
- (iv) 東莞嘉寶電子實業有限公司乃一於 中國成立全資擁有外資企業,其營 業期限為二十五年,於二零三零年 二月十八日屆滿。
- (v) 宜興嘉利商務大廈開發有限公司 乃一於中國成立全資擁有外資企 業,其營業期限為四十年,於二零 四九年十二月二日屆滿。
- (vi) 宜興海洋置業有限公司乃一於中國成立全資擁有外資企業,其營業期限為四十年,於二零五一年三月二十二日屆滿。
- (vii) 東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司乃 一於中國成立全資擁有外資企業, 其營業期限為二十年,於二零三三 年九月十七日屆滿。
- (viii) 博羅縣嘉盈利房地產開發有限公司乃一於中國成立全資擁有外資企業,其營業期限為長期。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 10 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE

### 10 於聯營公司之投資

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元 —————	千元
Share of net assets	應佔資產淨值		
Beginning of the year	年初	16,538	16,327
Share of profits of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利	1,487	1,354
Exchange difference		1,241	(1,143)
End of the year	年底	19,266	16,538
Balances with an associate	與聯營公司之結餘		
Amount due to an associate (note 35(b))	應付聯營公司賬款 (附註35(b))	1,669	4,083

The outstanding balances due to an associate are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand, and are denominated in RMB.

Particulars of the associate of the Group is as follows:

該些聯營公司尚未償還應付之賬 款為無抵押,不計利息,並在要求 時償還,及以人民幣為單位。

本集團聯營公司之詳細情況如下:

Name of associate	Place of establishment and types of legal entity 成立地點及	Principal activities and place of operation	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital	Proportion of inter 持有權達 Group's effective interest	est
聯營公司名稱	法定實體類別	主要業務及營運地點	已發行/已繳股本	本集團權益	持有
廣東翠峰機器人科技股份 有限公司("Cuifeng")	The PRC, limited liability company	Research, sales of industrial robots and robot peripheral automation equipment, and	Ordinary shares of RMB10,000,000	30%	30%
廣東翠峰機器人科技股份 有限公司(「 <b>翠峰</b> 」)	中國有限責任公司	provision of automation solution, the PRC 研究、銷售工業機器人及機器人周邊自動設 備,及提供自動化解決方案,中國	普通股人民幣 10,000,000元		

Cuifeng is a listed corporate entity on the National Equities Exchange and Quotations of the PRC whose quoted market price is not available.

翠峰於中華人民共和國全國中小企業股份轉讓系統掛牌,並沒有市場報價。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 10 INVESTMENT IN AN ASSOCIATE (continued)

# Summarised financial information of the associate adjusted for any differences in accounting policies and reconciled to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statement are disclosed below:

### 10 於聯營公司之投資(續)

根據會計政策之任何差異調整後 之聯營公司財務資料概要,並與 綜合財務報表之賬面值進行對賬, 披露如下:

Cuifona

		Cuifeng 翠峰		
		2021	2020	
		二零二一年	二零二零年	
		<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元	
Gross amounts of the associate	聯營公司之總額	175	175	
Current assets	流動資產	48,289	60,016	
Non-current assets	非流動資產	5,167	6,098	
Current liabilities	流動負債	(11,399)	(31,649)	
		( a ay = = = y	( / /	
Net assets/equity	資產淨值/權益	42,057	34,465	
D	Il <del>la</del> 3	F0 206	F7.064	
Revenue	收入	50,206	57,864	
Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for	年度溢利 年度全面收入總額	4,956	4,512	
the year	十反王四收八総領	4,956	4,512	
Reconciled to the Group's interests in the associate	調節至本集團於聯營 公司之權益			
Gross amounts of net assets of the associate		42,057	34,465	
Fair value adjustments on identifiable intangible assets	收購中體現之可辨認 無形資產公平值調整			
upon acquisition		31,034	28,930	
Capital injection by the Group	本集團注資	(14,160)	(13,200)	
		E9 021	EO 10E	
Group's effective interest	本集團之實際權益	58,931 30%	50,195 30%	
Group's effective interest	个	30 /0	3070	
Group's share of net assets of the	本集團應佔聯營公司			
associate	資產淨值	17,679	15,058	
Goodwill	商譽	4,077	3,970	
Impairment losses recognised	減值虧損確認	(2,490)	(2,490)	
Carrying amount in the	於綜合財務報表中			
consolidated financial	賬面值			
statements		19,266	16,538	

# 財務報表附註

Location

the PRC

位置

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 11 INTERESTS IN A JOINT OPERATION IN RESPECT OF A PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT

On 1 August 2016, the Group entered into a cooperation agreement (the "Agreement") with Kar Info International Property Limited ("Kar Info"), a related company of the Group, regarding a real estate development project (the "Project") in the PRC. According to the Agreement, an area of land held by 東莞市嘉訊通電腦產品有限公司 (the "Project Company", a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kar Info), would be used for construction of residential suites and public amenities. The Group agreed to participate in the Project by making an investment in the amount of \$140,000,000 in consideration to Kar Info of it being entitled to a share of profit from the Project through selling the properties in the future. The transaction contemplated under the Agreement constitutes a connected transaction under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. The Agreement was expired on 22 March 2021 in accordance with the agreed terms.

The details of the joint operation are as follows:

Phase 3, Castfast Villas, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, **Land Use** 

土地用途

Residential

# 中國廣東省東莞市鳳崗鎮嘉輝豪庭三期 住宅 The Group's assets held in relation to the joint operation include the investment cost contributed by the Group and the related construction costs capitalised. The balance is shown on the consolidated statement of financial position as property development (note 16). As at 31 March 2021, the

carrying amount of property development in respect

of the joint operation was \$nil (2020: \$148,996,000).

11 於有關物業發展之聯合營運之權 益

> 於二零一六年八月一日,本集團 就有關於中國房地產開發項目 (「該項目」)與本集團關連公司Kar Info International Property Limited (「Kar Infol) 訂立合作協議(「**該協** 議一。根據該協議,由東莞市嘉 訊通電腦產品有限公司(「項目公 司」, Kar Info之全資附屬公司)持 有之一幅土地將用於建造住宅套 房及公共設施。本集團同意投資 140,000,000元作為支付予Kar Info 之代價參與該項目,以分享日後透 過向外部客戶銷售該等物業而自該 項目獲得之溢利。根據上市規則第 14A章,該協議項下擬進行之交易 構成一項關連交易。於二零二一年 三月二十二日該協議根據協議條款 而終止。

有關聯合營運之詳情如下:

Total gross floor area (m²) 總樓面面積 (平方米)	Completion date (calendar year) 竣工日期 (曆年)
60,911	2018/2019
60,911	二零一八/ 二零一九年

本集團就聯合營運持有之資產包括本集團注入之投資成本及資本化之有關建造成本。餘額於綜合財務狀況表中列作物業發展(附註16)。於二零二一年三月三十一日,有關聯合營運之物業發展之賬面值為無(二零二零年:148,996,000元)。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 11 INTERESTS IN A JOINT OPERATION IN RESPECT OF A PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT (continued)

As at 31 March 2021, there was an amount due from Kar Info in relation to the joint operation amounting to \$129,171,000 which is unsecured, non-interest bearing and with no fixed repayment terms (2020: \$113,833,000). The amount consists of the share of profits through selling the properties and expenses incurred for the Project throughout the agreement term.

### 11 於有關物業發展之聯合營運之權 益(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,就聯合營運應收Kar Info之款項129,171,000元為無抵押、不計利息及無固定還款期限(二零二零年:113,833,000元)。該金額包括透過出售物業獲得之溢利份額及項目產生之開支。

### 12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES

### 12 按類別分類之金融工具

Other

		at amortis 以攤銷 計量金酮 2021	成本	financial 其他金屬 2021		Tota 合 <del>/</del> 2021	
		二零二一年 <b>\$</b> ′000	二零二零年 \$'000	二零二一年 \$'000	二零二零年 \$'000	二零二一年 \$'000	二零二零年 \$'000
		千元	<b>千元</b>	千元	<b>千元</b>	千元	<b>千元</b>
Assets	資產						
Trade, bills and other receivables	貿易、票據及其他應收賬款						
(note 13)	(附註13)	675,594	331,595	_	_	675,594	331,595
Prepayments (note 13)	預付款(附註13)	58,997	42,016	_	_	58,997	42,016
Deposits (note 13)	按金(附註13)	18,109	29,768	_	_	18,109	29,768
Other financial assets (note 14)	其他金融資產(附註14)	_	_	26,401	19,629	26,401	19,629
Restricted deposits (note 17)	受限制存款(附註17)	275,785	33,440	_	_	275,785	33,440
Cash and bank deposits (note 18)	現金及銀行存款(附註18)	144,978	264,042	_	_	144,978	264,042
Amounts due from related companie	es 應收關連公司賬款						
(note 35(b))	(附註35(b))	131,082	115,135	_	_	131,082	115,135
		1,304,545	815,996	26,401	19,629	1,330,946	835,625

Financial assets measured

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 12 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORIES 12 按類別分類之金融工具(續)

(continued)

		2021 二零二一年 \$′000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Liabilities	負債		
Trade payables, accruals and other payables (note 22)	貿易應付賬款、 應計費用及其他		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	應付賬款(附註22)	1,144,222	781,208
Bank borrowings (note 23) Amount due to an associate	銀行借貸(附註23) 應付聯營公司賬款	917,466	951,637
(note 10) Amounts due to related	(附註10) 應付關連公司賬款	1,669	4,083
companies (note 35(b))	(附註35(b))	4,032	632
		2,067,389	1,737,560

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 13 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

### 13 貿易及票據應收賬款、預付款、 按金及其他應收賬款

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元
		十九	十九
Trade and bills receivable	貿易及票據應收賬款	658,557	301,670
Other receivables	其他應收賬款	17,326	30,244
		675,883	331,914
Less: Loss allowance for trade and	】減:貿易及票據應收	,	,
bills receivable	賬款虧損撥備	(289)	(319)
		675,594	331,595
Prepayments	預付款	58,997	42,016
Deposits	按金	18,109	29,768
		752,700	403,379
Less: Other non-current assets	減:其他非流動資產	732,700	403,373
(Note)	(附註)	(10,849)	(38,300)
		741,851	365,079
Representing:	代表:		
kepresenting.	1012.		
Trade and bills receivable, net of	貿易及票據應收賬款,		
allowance Prepayments, deposits and other	扣除撥備 預付款、按金及其他應	658,268	301,351
receivables	收賬款	83,583	63,728
		741 051	265.070
		741,851	365,079

Note: Other non-current assets represent deposits paid for the purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets amounted to approximately \$10,849,000 (2020: \$19,160,000), and a government grant receivable from Jiangsu Yixing Economic Development Zone Investment and Development Company Limited amounted to \$nil (2020: \$19,140,000) in relation to the acquisition of a piece of land in Yixing, Jiangsu, the PRC. During the year ended 31 March 2021, the government grant receivables of \$20,100,000 (2020: \$nil) was written off and recorded in other income/gains (note 27).

附註:其他非流動資產代表購買物業、 廠房及設備之已付按金金額約 為10,849,000元(二零 二零 年 19,160,000元)及中國江蘇宜興經 收購土地之應收江蘇宜興經經 開發區投資發展有限公司之政 府資助金額為無(二零二零二一 年三月三十一日止年度,應收政 府資助金額20,100,000元(二零二 零年:無)已撇減並計入其他收入 /收益(附註27)。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 13 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The Group generally grants credit periods ranging from 30 to 90 days, except for four (2020: three) of the customers who is granted a credit period over 90 days. An ageing analysis of trade and bills receivable, based on invoice date, is as follows:

### 13 貿易及票據應收賬款、預付款、按 金及其他應收賬款(續)

除其中四位(二零二零年:三位)客 戶之數期超過90日外,本集團一般 給予客戶之數期由30日至90日。貿 易及票據應收賬款按發票日期計 算之賬齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
0 to 90 days	0至90日	651,073	291,397
91 to 180 days	91至180日	5,098	8,972
181 to 360 days	181至360日	2,386	954
Over 360 days	360日以上	_	347
		658,557	301,670

The carrying amounts of trade and bills receivable, prepayments, deposits and other receivables approximate their fair values.

The receivables are expected to be recovered within one year. Any amounts not expected to be recovered within one year are not included in current assets.

The Group measures loss allowances for trade and bills receivable at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs, which is calculated using a provision matrix. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not indicate significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer bases.

貿易及票據應收賬款、預付款、按 金及其他應收賬款之賬面值與其 公平值相近。

該些應收賬款預期在一年內收回, 任何金額預期不會在一年內收回 則不包括於流動資產內。

本集團貿易及票據應收賬款之虧 損撥備計量為等於整個存續期信貸虧損之金額,該虧損撥 備使用撥備矩陣計算。由於本集團 之歷史信貸虧損經驗並未表明 同客戶群之損失模式存在顯著 異,因此基於過期狀態之虧損撥 備不會進一步區分本集團之不同客 戶群。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 13 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

The following table provides information about the Group's exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade and bills receivable as at 31 March:

### 13 貿易及票據應收賬款、預付款、按 金及其他應收賬款(續)

下表資料提供有關本集團貿易及 票據應收賬款信貸風險及預期信 貸虧損於三月三十一日:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年		
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 \$'000 千元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 \$'000 千元
Current (not past due) 1 to 90 days past due 91 to 180 days past due	當前(未逾期) 逾期1至90日 逾期91至180日	0.00 0.33 0.92	585,295 65,739 7,523	220 69
			658,557	289
			2020 二零二零年	
		Expected loss rate 預期虧損率 %	Gross carrying amount 賬面總值 \$'000 千元	Loss allowance 虧損撥備 \$′000 千元
Current (not past due) 1 to 90 days past due 91 to 180 days past due 181 to 360 days past due Over 360 days past due	當前(未逾期) 逾期1至90日 逾期91至180日 逾期181至360日 逾期360日以上	0.02 0.09 2.71 9.34 100.00	280,711 18,290 1,320 1,254 95	55 16 36 117 95
			301,670	319

Expected loss rates are based on actual loss experience in the past. These rates are adjusted to reflect differences between economic conditions during the period over which the historical data has been collected, current conditions and the Group's view of economic conditions over the expected lives of the receivables.

預期虧損率基於過去之實際虧損經驗。此等利率經調整以反映收集歷史數據期間之經濟狀況,當前狀況和本集團對應收賬款預期年期之經濟狀況看法之間之差異。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 13 TRADE AND BILLS RECEIVABLE, PREPAYMENTS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

Movement in loss allowance account in respect of trade and bills receivables is as follows:

### 13 貿易及票據應收賬款、預付款、按 金及其他應收賬款(*續*)

有關貿易及票據應收賬款之虧損 撥備變動如下:

		2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Beginning of the year		319	3,329
Recognition of allowance during	期內虧損撥備之		3,323
the year	確認	_	92
Written-off of trade and bills	貿易及票據應收		
receivables	賬款撇銷	(30)	(3,102)
End of the year	年底	289	319

The recognition of allowance for impaired receivables is included in general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired related to a number of independent customers that had a good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believed that no impairment allowance was necessary in respect of these balances as there had been no significant change in credit quality and the balances were still considered fully recoverable.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period is the carrying value of trade and bills receivable, deposits and other receivables stated above. The Group does not hold any collateral as security.

The credit quality of the Group's trade and bills receivable, deposits and other receivables that are past due but not impaired has been assessed by reference to the historical information about counterparty default rates. The existing counterparties do not have significant defaults in the past.

對已減值應收賬款撥備之確認已 包括於綜合損益表中一般及行政 費用。

已逾期但未減值之應收賬款與若干與本集團有良好往績記錄之獨立客戶有關。根據過往經驗,管理層認為毋須就該等結餘作出減值撥備,因為信貸質素並無重大變動且餘額仍被視為可全數收回。

於報告期末,信貸風險之最大風險為上述貿易及票據應收賬款,按金及其他應收賬款之賬面值。本集團並無持有任何作為質押之抵押品。

根據過往客戶拖欠率,對本集團已 到期而尚未減值之貿易及票據應 收賬款、按金及其他應收賬款之 信貸質素作出評估,現時之客戶在 過去沒有重大之拖欠記錄。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 14 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

### 14 其他金融資產

		2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Financial assets measured at FVOCI (recycling)  — Key management insurance contracts (unlisted investments) (note (i))	按公平值計入其他 全面收入(可轉回) 計量之金融資產 一重要管理層 保險合約(非上市 投資)(附註(i))	18,956	19,629
Equity securities designated at FVOCI (non-recycling)  — Equity securities listed outside Hong Kong (note (ii))	股權證券計入其他全面 收入(不可轉回) 香港以外上市股權證 券(附註(ii))	7,445	
		26,401	19,629

### Notes:

(i) At 31 March 2021, the insurance contracts represented life insurance plans with investment elements relating to two key management personnel of the Group. The total sum insured is US\$7,081,000 (approximately \$54,878,000) (2020: US\$4,681,000 (approximately \$36,512,000), with an annual minimum guaranteed return of 2.0% to 4.2% for the first 10 years and 2.0% for the years afterwards.

At 31 March 2021, if the Group terminated the insurance contracts, the account value, net of a surrender charge of US\$2,117,000(approximately \$16,407,000) (2020: US\$2,215,000 (approximately \$17,275,000)), would be refunded to the Group. The amount of surrender charge decreases over time and is no longer required from the 19th year of contract conclusion onwards.

(ii) The listed equity securities outside Hong Kong are shares in T.Krungthai Industries Public Co., Ltd. ("TKT"), an automotive parts and components and moulds manufacturer in Thailand. The Group designated its investment in TKT at FVOCI (non-recycling), as the investment is held for strategic purposes. No dividends were received on this investment nor disposal of investment was made during the year ended 31 March 2021.

### 附註

(i) 於二零二一年三月三十一日,該保險合約為本集團二名主要管理層人員之有投資成份之人壽保險,總保額為7,081,000美元(約54,878,000元)(二零二零年:4,681,000美元(約36,512,000元)),首十年最低保證回報率為每年2.0%至4.2%及其後每年2.0%。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,若本集團終止該保險合約,保險賬戶扣除退保費用後為2,117,000美元(約16,407,000元)(二零二零年:2,215,000美元(約17,275,000元))全數退回予本集團。退保收費隨時間而減少及於該合約簽定後第十九年起不用收取。

(ii) 香港以外上市股權證券為 T.Krungthai Industries Public Co., Ltd (「TKT」)之股份,於泰國製造汽車零件、組件及模具。由於策略性持有該投資,本集團指定TKT投資為按公平價計入其他全面收入 (不可轉回)。截至二零二一年三月三十一日年度內,並無收取股息或出售該投資。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 15 INVENTORIES

- 15 存貨
- (a) Inventories in the consolidated statement of financial position comprise:
- (a) 於綜合財務狀況表之存貨包 括:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Raw materials	原材料	114,302	156,602
Work-in-progress	半製成品	52,916	54,484
Finished goods	製成品	223,854	317,779
		391,072	528,865

- (b) The analysis of the amount of inventories recognised as an expense and included in "cost of revenue" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (note 28) is as follows:
- (b) 存貨之金額已確認為支出及 已包括於綜合損益表內「收入 成本」(附註28)分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Carrying amount of inventories sold	已售存貨之 賬面值	1,969,902	1,905,388

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 16 PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND CONTRACT COSTS 16 物業發展及合同成本

			2021 二零二一年 \$'000	2020 二零二零年 \$'000
			千元	千元
Property under development	待沽在建物業			
for sale			1,002,708	668,407
Completed property held for sale	待沽物業 ————————————————————————————————————		58,907	150,474
			1,061,615	818,881
Contract costs	合同成本		3,374	
			1,064,989	818,881
(a) The analysis of carrying value property development for sale		(a)	待沽物業發展 分析如下:	土地之賬面值
			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
			\$'000	\$'000
			千元	千元
Outside Hong Kong — Less than 50 years	在香港以外 — 少於五十年		117,523	110,455

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 16 PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND CONTRACT COSTS 16 物業發展(續)

(continued)

- (b) The analysis of the amount of properties recognised as an expense and included in "cost of revenue" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss (note 28) is as follows:
- (b) 物業之金額已確認為支出及 已包括於綜合損益表內「收入 成本」(附註28)分析如下:

2021	2020
二零二一年	二零二零年
\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元

Carrying amount of properties sold

已售物業之 賬面值

137,838

117,371

- (c) At 31 March 2021 and 2020, certain of the Group's property under development for sale were pledged for bank borrowings as disclosed in note 23 to the financial statements.
- (d) Contract costs

Contract costs capitalised as at 31 March 2021 relate to the incremental sales commissions paid to property agents whose selling activities resulted in customers entering into sale and purchase agreements for the Group's properties which are still under construction at the reporting date. Contract costs are recognised as part of "selling expenses" in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which revenue from the related property sales is recognised. Contract costs of \$868,000 (2020: \$nil) were recognised in profit or loss during the year ended 31 March 2021. No impairment was identified for the contract costs as at 31 March 2021 (2020: \$nil).

- (c) 於二零二一年及二零二零年三 月三十一日,本集團若干待 沽在建物業已抵押作銀行借 貸,於本財務報表附註23中披 霧。
- (d) 合同成本

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 17 RESTRICTED DEPOSITS

The balance represents pre-sale proceeds to secure the future payments of the Group's property development projects. Such restricted deposits will be released for the payments for construction costs of the related property development projects or upon completion of the construction.

# 17 受限制存款

結餘代表預售物業之所得款項以 保證日後支付本集團物業發展項 目。該等受限制存款僅可用於支付 有關物業項目之建築成本或竣工 後得以解除。

### 18 CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS

(a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

### 18 現金及銀行存款

(a) 現金及現金等價物包括:

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Cash at bank and in hand Deposits with banks with 3 months or less to maturity	銀行存款及現金 三個月或更短到期之 銀行存款	136,546	264,042
when placed		8,432	
		144,978	264,042

The Group's pledged deposit amounting to \$nil (2020: \$55,000,000) to secure the Group's banking facilities, details of which are set out in note 23.

本集團之質押存款為無(二零二零年:55,000,000元)以保證本集團之銀行融資,詳情載於附註23。

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

### (b) 融資活動所產生之負債調節

下表詳述集團來自融資活動之 負債變動,包括現金及非現 金變動。融資活動產生之負 債為其現金量於過去或未 在本集團綜合現金流量表來 歸類為融資活動所產生現金 流量之負債。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 18 CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS (continued)

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

# 18 現金及銀行存款(續)

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債調節 (續)

		Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 (Note 23) (附註23) \$'000 千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (Note 24) (附註24) \$'000 千元	Total 合共 \$'000
		十九	十九	千元
At 1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日	951,637	4,665	956,302
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動:			
Proceeds from new bank borrowings Repayment of bank	新銀行借貸之 所得款 償還銀行借貸	322,557	_	322,557
borrowings		(372,552)	_	(372,552)
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease	已付租賃租金之 資本部分 已付租賃租金之	_	(3,985)	(3,985)
rentals paid Interest paid	利息部分已付利息	— (36,991)	(219)	(219) (36,991)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之 變動總值	(86,986)	(4,204)	(91,190)
Exchange adjustments	兑換調整	15,824	307	16,131
Other changes:	其他變動:			
Increase in lease liabilities Interest expenses (note 30) Capitalised borrowing costs (note 30)	租賃負債之增加 利息支出(附註30) 資本化借貸成本 (附註30)	7,756 29,235	2,748 219	2,748 7,975 29,235
			2.067	
Total other changes	其他變動總值	36,991	2,967	39,958
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年 三月三十一日	917,466	3,735	921,201

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 18 CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS (continued)

# (b) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities (continued)

### 18 現金及銀行存款(續)

(b) 融資活動所產生之負債調節 (續)

		Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 (Note 23) (附註23) \$'000 千元	Lease liabilities 租賃負債 (Note 24) (附註24) \$'000 千元	Total 合共 \$′000 千元
At 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日	620,342	7,703	628,045
Changes from financing cash flows:	融資現金流量之變動:			
Proceeds from new bank borrowings Repayment of bank	新銀行借貸之 所得款 償還銀行借貸	473,162	_	473,162
borrowings		(135,480)	_	(135,480)
Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease	已付租賃租金之 資本部分 已付租賃租金之	_	(3,206)	(3,206)
rentals paid	利息部分	_	(215)	(215)
Interest paid	已付利息	(49,493)		(49,493)
Total changes from financing cash flows	融資現金流量之 變動總值	288,189	(3,421)	284,768
Exchange adjustments	兑換調整	(6,387)	(453)	(6,840)
Other changes:	其他變動:			
	因修改之租賃負債			
due to modifications Interest expenses (note 30)	增加 利息支出(附註30)	<u> </u>	621 215	621 24,858
Capitalised borrowing costs	資本化借貸成本	4 <del>4</del> ,043	213	44,030
(note 30)	(附註30)	24,850	_	24,850
Total other changes	其他變動總值	49,493	836	50,329
At 31 March 2020	二零二零年 三月三十一日	951,637	4,665	956,302

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 18 CASH AND BANK DEPOSITS (continued)

### (c) Total cash outflow for leases Amounts included in the cash flow statement for leases comprise the following:

### 18 現金及銀行存款(續)

(c) 租賃現金流出總額 包含在現金流量表內之租賃 金額如下述:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Within operating cash flows	於經營業務現金流量		
8	之內	4,938	3,848
Within financing cash flows	於融資現金流量之內	4,204	3,421
		9,142	7,269

The amounts solely relate to the lease rental paid during the year.

該金額僅與本年度已付租賃 租金有關。

2020

### 19 SHARE CAPITAL

### 19 股本

2021

		二零二	二零二一年		二零二零年	
		Number of shares 股份數目 '000 千	Nominal value 面值 \$'000 千元	Number of shares 股份數目 '000	Nominal value 面值 \$′000 千元	
Authorised:	法定股本:					
Ordinary shares of HK10 cents each	普通股每股面值10港仙	4,000,000	400,000	4,000,000	400,000	
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及已繳足股本:					
Ordinary shares of HK10 cents each:	普通股每股面值10港仙:					
Beginning of the year	年初	1,993,840	199,384	1,991,834	199,183	
Issuance of shares under share	購股權計劃下發行股份	, ,	,	, ,	,	
option schemes		18,600	1,860	2,720	272	
Cancellation of shares	註銷股份	_	_	(714)	(71)	
End of the year	年底	2,012,440	201,244	1,993,840	199,384	

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **19 SHARE CAPITAL** (continued)

During the year ended 31 March 2021, share option have been exercised to subscribe for 18,600,000 ordinary shares (31 March 2020: 2,720,000) in the Company at a consideration of \$10,070,000 (2020: \$1,904,000) of which \$1,860,000 (2020: \$272,000) was credited to share capital and the balance of \$8,210,000 (2020: \$1,632,000) was credited to the share premium. \$3,749,000 (2020: \$708,000) has been transferred from share-based compensation reserve to the share premium in accordance with policy set out in note 2(t).

#### 20 SHARE OPTIONS

The Company adopted a share option scheme on 24 August 2012 (the "Scheme") under which it may grant options to employees of the Group (including executive directors of the Company) and other third parties to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to a maximum of 30% of the nominal value of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time excluding for this purpose any shares issued on the exercise of options. The exercise price will be determined by the Company's board of directors and shall at least be the highest of (i) the closing price of the Company's shares on the date of grant of the options, and (ii) an average closing price of the Company's shares for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the options.

### 19 股本(續)

截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度內,購股權已獲行使, 以代價10,070,000元(二零二零 年:1,904,000元)認購本公司 18,600,000股普通股(二零二零年:2,720,000股),其中1,860,000 元(二零二零年:272,000元)已 計入股本,餘額8,210,000元(二零二零年:1,632,000元)已計 股份溢價。根據附註2(t)所載政策,3,749,000元(二零二零年:208,000元)已由以股份支付。 酬金儲備轉撥至股份溢價。

### 20 購股權

本公司於二零一二年八月二十四日採用一項購股權計劃,可據此向本集團之僱員(包括本公司之執行講事)及第三者授出購股權以便認司之股份,惟最多以本公司之股份,惟最多以本公司之股份的30%為因不時已發行股本面值(不包括因行使購股權而發行之股份)30%為因限之下,以(i)本公司股份於對於大學的方面。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **20 SHARE OPTIONS** (continued)

On 11 August 2014, a total of 18,000,000 share options (the "2014 Share Options") were granted to certain qualified participants of the Group (including an executive director of the Company) under the Scheme. The 2014 Share Options entitle the grantees to subscribe for a total of 18,000,000 new shares of \$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company. Depending on the financial performance of the Group and other conditions of the 2014 Share Options, not more than 50% of the 2014 Share Options will be vested on 1 August 2015 and not more than 50% of the 2014 Share Options will be vested on 1 August 2017. The exercise price of the 2014 Share Options is \$0.419 per share, which represents the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company of \$0.405 per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company of \$0.419 per share as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company of \$0.10 per share. All the 2014 Share Options were accepted by the grantees.

On 27 October 2016, the Company granted a total of 24,700,000 share options (the "2016 Share Options") to certain qualified participants of the Group (including executive directors of the Company) under the Scheme. The 2016 Share Options entitle the grantees to subscribe for a total of 24,700,000 new shares of \$0.10 each in the share capital of the Company. The exercise price of the 2016 Share Options is \$0.70 per share, which represents the highest of (i) the closing price of the shares of the Company of \$0.70 per share as stated in the daily quotation sheet issued by the Stock Exchange on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the shares of the Company of \$0.656 per share as stated in the daily quotation sheets issued by the Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date of grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the shares of the Company of \$0.10 per share. All the 2016 Share Options were accepted by the grantees.

### 20 購股權(續)

二零一四年八月十一日共有 18.000.000份購股權(「二零一四購 股權」)已授予本集團若干合資格之 參與者(包括本公司之執行董事)。 二零一四購股權賦予承授人認購每 股面值為0.10元之公司之股本合共 18,000,000新股。根據集團財務業 績及其他二零一四購股權條件,不 超過50%之二零一四購股權將於二 零一五年八月一日被歸屬,及不超 過50%之二零一四購股權將於二零 一十年八月一日被歸屬。二零一四 購股權行使價為每股0.419元,以 (i)本公司股份於購股權授予日之收 市價每股0.405元;(ii)緊接授予購 股權日前五個交易日本公司股份之 平均收市價每股0.419元;及(iii)本 公司股份之每股面值0.10元,三者 以較高者為準。所有二零一四購股 權是由承授人接納。

# 財務報表附註

**Expiry date** 

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

Number of

options

### **20 SHARE OPTIONS** (continued)

### 20 購股權(續)

(a) The terms and conditions of the Share Options are as follows:

(a) 購股權之條款及條件如下:

**Vesting condition** 

		每股 行使價格	購股權 數目	授予條件	到期日期
Options granted to directors:	購股權授予董事:				
— on 11 August 2014	— 於二零一四年 八月十一日	\$0.419	5,000,000	Not more than 5,000,000 options will vest on 1 August 2015*	10 August 2024
				不多於5,000,000份 購股權將於二零一五年 八月一日歸屬*	二零二四年 八月十日
— on 11 August 2014	— 於二零一四年 八月十一日	\$0.419	5,000,000	Not more than 5,000,000 options will vest on 1 August 2017*	10 August 2024
				不多於5,000,000份 購股權將於二零一七年 八月一日歸屬*	二零二四年 八月十日
— on 27 October 2016	— 於二零一六年 十月二十七日	\$0.70	3,150,000	Vesting on 1 July 2017	26 October 2026
				於二零一七年 七月一日歸屬	二零二六年 十月二十六日
— on 27 October 2016	<ul><li>一於二零一六年</li><li>十月二十七日</li></ul>	\$0.70	3,150,000	Vesting on 1 July 2018	26 October 2026
				於二零一八年 七月一日歸屬	二零二六年 十月二十六日
— on 27 October 2016	— 於二零一六年 十月二十七日	\$0.70	4,200,000	Vesting on 1 July 2019	26 October 2026
				於二零一九年 七月一日歸屬	二零二六年 十月二十六日

**Exercise price** 

per share

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **20 SHARE OPTIONS** (continued)

### 20 購股權(續)

Number of

- (a) The terms and conditions of the Share Options are as follows: *(continued)*
- (a) 購股權之條款及條件如下: (續)

		per share 每股 行使價格	options 購股權 數目	Vesting condition 授予條件	Expiry date 到期日期
Options granted to employees:	購股權授予員工:				
— on 11 August 2014	— 於二零一四年 八月十一日	\$0.419	4,000,000	Vesting on 1 August 2015 於二零一五年 八月一日歸屬	10 August 2024 二零二四年 八月十日
— on 11 August 2014	— 於二零一四年 八月十一日	\$0.419	4,000,000	Vesting on 1 August 2017 於二零一七年 八月一日歸屬	10 August 2024 二零二四年 八月十日
— on 27 October 2016	— 於二零一六年 十月二十七日	\$0.70	4,260,000	Vesting on 1 July 2017 於二零一七年 七月一日歸屬	26 October 2026 二零二六年 十月二十六日
— on 27 October 2016	— 於二零一六年 十月二十七日	\$0.70	4,260,000	Vesting on 1 July 2018 於二零一八年 七月一日歸屬	26 October 2026 二零二六年 十月二十六日
— on 27 October 2016	— 於二零一六年 十月二十七日	\$0.70	5,680,000	Vesting on 1 July 2019 於二零一九年 七月一日歸屬	26 October 2026 二零二六年 十月二十六日
Total number of share options	購股權總數		42,700,000		

**Exercise price** 

<sup>\*</sup> The vesting of the Share Options granted to an executive director of the Company is subject to the performance of the Group and other conditions.

<sup>\*</sup> 向本公司執行董事授予之購股權 之歸屬取決於本集團之業績及其 他條件。

## 財務報表附註

2020

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

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### **20 SHARE OPTIONS** (continued)

# (b) The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

### 20 購股權(續)

(b) 購股權數目及加權平均行使 價如下:

		202		2020		
		二零二	一年	_零_	零年	
		Weighted		Weighted		
		average		average		
		exercise	Number of	exercise	Number of	
		price	options	price	options	
		加權平均	購股權	加權平均	購股權	
		行使價	數目	行使價	數目	
			′000		′000	
			千		千	
Outstanding at the beginning	於年初尚					
of the year	未行使	\$0.56	31,200	\$0.57	33,920	
Exercised during the year	於年內行使	\$0.54	(18,600)	\$0.70	(2,720)	
Outstanding at the end of the	於年底尚未行使					
year		\$0.59	12,600	\$0.56	31,200	
Exercisable at the end of the	於年底可行使					
year		\$0.59	12,600	\$0.56	31,200	

The Share Options outstanding as of 31 March 2021 had an exercise price of \$0.419 or \$0.70 (2020: \$0.419 or \$0.70) per share and a weighted average remaining contractual life of 4.70 years (2020: 5.48 years). No share options have lapsed during the year ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020.

於二零二一年三月三十一日, 尚未行使之購股權之行使價 格每股0.419元或0.70元(二零 二零年:0.419元或0.70元)及 加權平均行使合約年期4.70年 (二零二零年:5.48年)。截至 二零二一年三月三十一日及二 零二零年三月三十一日止年度 內,沒有購股權失效。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **20 SHARE OPTIONS** (continued) (continued)

# (c) Fair value of the Share Options and assumptions

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted is measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The estimate of the fair value of the 2014 Share Options and 2016 Share Options granted was measured based on the Trinomial Model, after taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. The contractual life of the share option and expectations of early exercise were incorporated into the Trinomial Model. The significant assumptions and inputs used in the valuation model are as follows:

Fair value of and assumptions for 2014 share options

Fair value at measurement date	\$0.176 to
	\$0.194
Share price	\$0.405
Exercise price	\$0.419
Risk-free interest rate	1.97%
Expected volatility	52.84%
Expected dividend yield	2.47%
Expected exercise multiple	2.2 to 2.8

Fair value of and assumptions for 2016 share options

Fair value at measurement date	\$0.239 to
	\$0.271
Share price	\$0.70
Exercise	\$0.70
Risk-free interest rate	1.00%
Expected volatility	51.27%
Expected dividend yield	5.00%
Expected exercise multiple	1.8 to 4.0

### 20 購股權(續)

### (c) 購股權之公平值及相關假設

二零一四購股權公平值及相 關假設

於計量日之公平值	\$0.176至
	\$0.194
市場價值	\$0.405
行使價格	\$0.419
無風險利率	1.97%
預期波幅	52.84%
預期股息收益率	2.47%
預期行使倍數	2.2至2.8

二零一六購股權公平值及相 關假設

於計量日之公平值	\$0.239至
	\$0.271
市場價值	\$0.70
行使價格	\$0.70
無風險利率	1.00%
預期波幅	51.27%
預期股息收益率	5.00%
預期行使倍數	1.8至4.0

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **20 SHARE OPTIONS** (continued) (continued)

# (c) Fair value of the Share Options and assumptions (continued)

Risk-free interest rate is based on the yields of the Hong Kong Exchange Fund Notes at the grant date. Expected volatility is based on the historical volatility (calculated based on the weighted average remaining life of the share options). Expected dividend yield is based on historical dividend trend of the Company and expected future dividend policy determined by management.

The vesting of the share options granted are subject to the performance of the Group and other conditions. Such non-market conditions have not been taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the share options. There are no market conditions associated with the share options granted.

The Trinomial Model is subject to certain fundamental limitations because of the subjective nature of and uncertainty relating to the assumptions and inputs to the model as well as certain inherent limitations of the model itself. Any changes in the above assumptions or inputs may materially affect the fair value estimation.

(d) The total expense recognised in profit or loss for the year ended 31 March 2021 in respect of the Share Options is \$nil (2020: \$230,000) (note 29(a)).

### 20 購股權(續)

(c) 購股權之公平值及相關假設 (續)

無風險利率是根據香港外匯基金債券在授出日之收益率。預計波幅是根據歷史波幅(根據開股權之加權平均剩餘期限計算)。預期股息率是基於公司之股息歷史記錄及管理層預計未來股息政策。

授出之購股權之歸屬取決於 本集團之業績及其他條件。 此非市場條件在該購股權授 出日尚未考慮到公平值之計 量。現在沒有與授出購股權 相關之市場價值可供參考。

三項式模型受某些基本限制, 因主觀之性質及有關假設及 數據之不確定性,以及若干固 有模式本身之局限性。上述假 設或數據有任何變化可能對 公平值估計產生重大影響。

(d) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日 止年度,於損益已確認之有關 購股權總費用為無(二零二零 年:230,000元)(附註29(a))。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 21 OTHER RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS 21 其他儲備及保留溢利

(a) Group

(a) 本集團

					(	Other reserves 其他儲備					
	-					Capital	Share-based	Other financial assets			
		Share premium	Treasury share	Capital reserve	Merger reserve	redemption reserve	compensation reserve	revaluation reserve	Translation reserve	Total other reserve	Retained earnings
		premium	Share	reserve	reserve	TESCITE	reserve	其他金融	reserve	reserve	curings
						資本贖回	以股份支付	資產之		其他儲備	
		股份溢價	庫存股	資本儲備	合併儲備	儲備	之酬金儲備	重估儲備	換算儲備	總額	保留溢利
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Balance at 1 April 2020	二零二零年										
·	四月一日之結餘	282,512	-	2,608	(38,000)	1,753	6,701	169	(62,343)	193,400	782,916
Profit for the year	年度溢利	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	365,281
Remeasurement of provision for	長期服務金準備										
long service payment	重新計量										
(note 26(b))	(附註26(b))	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(671)
Dividends paid in respect of the	已派上年度股息										
previous year		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(99,882)
Dividends paid in respect of	已派本年度股息										
current year		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(90,335)
Currency translation differences		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	70,941	70,941	_
Reclassification of other	出售其他金融資產										
financial assets revaluation to	轉撥至損益										
profit or loss upon disposal	# // A = \% -> a =	_	_	_	_	_	_	12	_	12	_
Fair value losses on other	其他金融資產公平										
financial assets (non-	值之變動(不可轉										
recycling)		_	_	_	_	_	_	(488)	_	(488)	_
Fair value losses on other	其他金融資產公平值									(4)	
financial assets (recycling)	之變動(可轉回)	_	_	_	_	-	_	(9)	_	(9)	-
Issuance of share upon exercise		44.050					A =			0.040	
of share options (note 19)	股份(附註19)	11,959	_	_		_	(3,749)	_	_	8,210	
Balance at 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月										
	三十一日之結餘	294,471	_	2,608	(38,000)	1,753	2,952	(316)	8,598	272,066	957,309

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 21 OTHER RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

21 其他儲備及保留溢利(續)

(continued)

(a) Group (continued)

(a) 本集團(續)

Other reserves
甘丛辟崖

	_										
		Share premium	Treasury share	Capital reserve	Merger reserve		Share-based compensation reserve	Other financial assets revaluation reserve 其他金融	Translation reserve	Total other reserve	Retained earnings
						資本贖回	以股份支付	資產之		其他儲備	
		股份溢價	庫存股	資本儲備	合併儲備	儲備	之酬金儲備	重估儲備	換算儲備	總額	保留溢利
		\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 ~ -	\$'000 	\$'000 	\$'000 
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Balance at 1 April 2019	二零一九年										
·	四月一日之結餘	280,172	_	2,608	(38,000)	1,682	7,179	290	286	254,217	713,460
Profit for the year	年度溢利	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	250,266
Remeasurement of provision for long service payment	重新計量										
(note 26(b))  Dividends paid in respect of the	(附註26(b)) 已派上年度股息	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(569)
previous year		_	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	(99,692)
Dividends paid in respect of current year	已派本年度股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(79,754)
Currency translation differences		_	_	-	-	_	_	-	(62,629)	(62,629)	_
Equity settled share-based transactions (note 20(d)) Fair value losses on other	以股份支付之交易 (附註20(d)) 其他金融資產公平值	_	_	_	-	-	230	_	_	230	_
financial assets (recycling)	之虧損(可轉回)	_	_	_	_	-	-	(121)	_	(121)	_
Cancellation of shares (note 21(c)(iv)&(v))	註銷股份(附註21(c) (iv)及(v))	_	795	_	_	71	_	_	_	866	(795)
Issuance of share upon exercise of share options (note 19)	股份(附註19)	2,340	_	_	_	_	(708)	_	_	1,632	_
Repurchase of shares (note 21(c)(iv))	回購股份 (附註21(c)(iv))	_	(795)	_	_	_	_	_	_	(795)	_
"	****									. /	
Balance at 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月 三十一日之結餘	282,512	_	2,608	(38,000)	1,753	6,701	169	(62,343)	193,400	782,916

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

21 OTHER RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS 21 其他儲備及保留溢利(續)

(continued)

(b) Company

(b) 本公司

		Other reserves 其他儲備						
		Share premium	Capital redemption reserve	Contributed surplus	Share-based	Other financial assets revaluation reserve	Total Other reserve	Retained earnings
		股 <b>份溢價</b> <b>\$'000</b> 千元	合併儲備 \$′000 千元	資本 贖回儲備 \$′000 千元	以股份支付之 酬金儲備 \$′000 千元	其他金融 資產儲 重估儲備 \$'000 千元	其他儲備 總額 \$'000 千元	保留溢利 \$'000 千元
Balance at 1 April 2020	二零二零年 四月一日之結餘	282,512	1,753	193,185	6,701	169	484,320	255,690
Profit for the year	年度溢利	_	_	_	_	_	-	182,009
Remeasurement of provision for long service payment	長期服務金準備重新計量	_	_	_	_	_	_	(24)
Dividend paid in respect of the previous year	已派上年度股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	(99,882)
Dividend paid in respect of current year	已派本年度股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	(90,335)
Reclassification of other financial asset revaluation to profit or loss upon disposal	ts 出售其他金融資產轉癈至損益					12	12	
Fair value losses on other	其他金融資產公平值	_	_	_	_	12	12	_
financial assets (recycling)	之虧損(可轉回)	-	_	_	-	(9)	(9)	_
Issuance of share upon exercise of share								
options (note 19)	(附註19)	11,959	_	_	(3,749)	-	8,210	_
Balance at 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日之結餘	294,471	1,753	193,185	2,952	172	492,533	247,458

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 21 OTHER RESERVES AND RETAINED EARNINGS

21 其他儲備及保留溢利(續)

(continued)

(b) Company (continued)

(b) 本公司(續)

0t	he	rr	es	er	ve
	其.	他	儲	備	

		共心 開 用							
		Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000	Treasury share 庫存股 \$'000	Capital redemption reserve	Contributed surplus 資本 贖回儲備 \$'000	Share-based compensation reserve 以股份支付之 酬金儲備 \$'000	Other financial assets revaluation reserve 其他金融 資產之 重估儲備	Total Other reserve 其他儲備 總額 \$'000	Retained earnings 保留溢利 \$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Balance at 1 April 2019	二零一九年 四月一日之結餘	280,172	-	1,682	193,185	7,179	290	482,508	215,949
Profit for the year Remeasurement of provision for	年度溢利 長期服務金準備重新計量	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	220,023
long service payment  Dividend paid in respect of the	已派上年度股息	_	-	_	_	-	_	_	(41)
previous year		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(99,692)
Dividend paid in respect of current year	已派本年度股息	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(79,754)
Equity settled share-based transactions (note 20(d)) Fair value losses on other	以股份支付之交易 (附註20(d)) 其他金融資產公平值	-	_	-	-	230	-	230	_
financial assets (recycling) Repurchase of shares	之虧損(可轉回)	_	-	-	-	-	(121)	(121)	_
(note 21(c)(iv)) Cancellation of shares	(附註21(c)(iv)) 註銷股份	_	(795)	_	_	_	_	(795)	_
(note 21(c)(iv)&(v)) Issuance of share upon exercise	(附註21(c)(iv)及(v)) 行使購股權後發行股份	_	795	71	_	-	_	866	(795)
of share options (note 19)	(附註19)	2,340	_	_	_	(708)	_	1,632	_
Balance at 31 March 2020	二零二零年三月三十一日								
	之結餘	282,512	_	1,753	193,185	6,701	169	484,320	255,690

Under the Bermuda Companies Act 1981, contributed surplus is distributable to shareholders, subject to the condition that the Company cannot declare or pay a dividend, or make a distribution out of contributed surplus if (i) it is, or would after the payment be, unable to pay its liabilities as they become due, or (ii) the realisable value of its assets would thereby be less than the aggregate of its liabilities and its issued share capital and share premium account.

根據百慕達一九八一年公司法案,繳入盈餘可供分派不公司法則,總在支付股息後(i)本公司,但若支付別期負債,或(ii)其資產之可變現價值將會因而及其已發行與人對,與份溢價之合計總額,則或從份過不可宣佈、支付股息,或從繳入盈餘作出分派。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **21 OTHER RESERVES** (continued)

### **(b)** Company (continued)

At 31 March 2021, the aggregate amount of reserves available for distribution to equity shareholders of the Company was \$440,643,000 (2020: \$448,875,000). After the end of the reporting period, the directors proposed a final dividend of HK7.0 cents per ordinary share (2020: final dividend of HK5.0 cents per ordinary share), amounting to \$140,871,000 (2020: \$99,692,000) (note 33(a)). This dividend has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

#### (i) Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of entities outside Hong Kong. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(x).

### (ii) Merger reserve

The merger reserve comprises the difference between the investment cost and share capital of an acquired entity.

(iii) Other financial assets revaluation reserve The other financial assets revaluation reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of other financial assets held at the end of the reporting period and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(f).

### 21 其他儲備(續)

### (b) 本公司(續)

於二零二一年三月三十一日,可供分配給公司權益持有人之儲備總額為440,643,000元(二零二零年:448,875,000元)。報告期末後,董事會建議派發末期股息每股普通股7.0港仙(二零二零年:末期股息每股普通股5.0港仙),金額為140,871,000元(二零二零年:99,692,000元)(附註33(a))。此股息於報告期末並未確認為負債。

#### (c) 儲備之性質及目的

### (i) 換算儲備

換算儲備包括自換算香港以外實體財務報表而產生之所有外匯差異。 有關儲備乃根據附註2(x)載列之會計政策處理。

### (ii) 合併儲備

合併儲備包括投資成本與購入實體股本之差 異。

(iii) 其他金融資產重估儲備 其他金融資產重估儲備 包括於報告期末持有之 其他金融資產公平值之 累計變動淨額,並根據 附註2(f)載列之會計政策 處理。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 21 OTHER RESERVES (continued)

### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

### (iv) Treasury share

The Group did not repurchase of the Company's shares during the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: 714,000 shares). In last year, the total consideration paid to repurchase these shares was \$795,000, which has been deducted from equity attributable to the owners of the Company. During the year ended 31 March 2020, 714,000 shares were cancelled. Accordingly, the premium of \$795,000 paid on the repurchase of shares was charged to retained earnings.

### (v) Capital redemption reserve

During the year ended 31 March 2020, upon cancellation of 714,000 shares, an amount equivalent to the par value of the shares cancelled of \$71,000 was transferred from share capital to the capital redemption reserve.

### 21 其他儲備(續)

### (c) 儲備之性質及目的(續)

### (iv) 庫存股

### (v) 資本贖回儲備

截至二零二零年三月三十一日止年度內,已註銷714,000股份後,相當於已註銷股份面值71,000元之金額已由股本轉換至資本贖回儲備。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 22 TRADE PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES

### 22 貿易應付賬款、應計費用及其他應 付賬款

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Trade payables	貿易應付賬款	340,424	288,987
Accruals for short-term lease	應計短期租金		
expenses		7,289	9,730
Accruals for purchase of property,	應計購買物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備	21,689	22,798
Salaries and staff welfare payable	應付薪金及員工福利	190,897	156,905
Accruals for properties under	應計在建物業		
development		7,358	41,154
Other payables and accruals	其他應付賬款及		
	應計費用	105,596	103,086
Receipts in advance (see note (a)	預收賬款		
below)	(見下列附註(a))	470,969	158,548
		803,798	492,221
		1,144,222	781,208

The carrying amounts of trade payables, accruals and other payables approximate their fair values. All trade payables, accruals and other payables as at 31 March 2021 and 2020 are expected to be settled within one year.

貿易應付賬款、應計費用及其他應 付賬款之賬面值與公平值相近。 於二零二一年及二零二零年三月 三十一日之所有貿易應付賬款、應 計費用及其他應付賬款預期於一 年內清付。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 22 TRADE PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

Trade payables ageing analysis, based on invoice date, is as follows:

### 22 貿易應付賬款、應計費用及其他應 付賬款(續)

貿易應付賬款按發票日期計算之賬 齡分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
0 to 90 days	0至90日	322,729	220,453
91 to 180 days	91至180日	16,097	67,198
181 to 360 days	181至360日	1,434	695
Over 360 days	360日以上	164	641
		340,424	288,987

### (a) Receipts in advance

Typical payment terms which impact on the amount of contract liabilities recognised are as follows:

### Manufacturing segment

When the Group receives a deposit before the production activity commences, this will give rise to contract liabilities at the start of a contract, until the revenue recognised on the project exceeds the amount of the deposit. The amount of deposit is negotiated on a case by case basis with customers.

### Property development

The Group receives receipts in advance from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreement. These receipts in advance are recognised as contract liabilities until the properties are completed and legally assigned to/accepted by customers.

### (a) 預收賬款

影響已確認合約負債金額之通常付款條款如下:

#### 一 製造業分部

當本集團在生產活動開始前收到按金時,這將在合約開始時產生合約負債,直到已確認項目收入超過按金金額為止。按金金額根據具體情況與客戶協商。

#### 一 物業發展

本集團於簽訂買賣協議 時預先收到客戶付款。 這些預收賬款於法定轉 讓/客戶接受已落成之 物業之前確認為合約負 債。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 22 TRADE PAYABLES, ACCRUALS AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

(a) Receipts in advance (continued)

Movements in contract liabilities:

- 22 貿易應付賬款、應計費用及其他應 付賬款(續)
  - (a) 預收賬款(續) 合約負債之變動:

		2021 二零二一年 \$′000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Beginning of the year	年初	158,548	115,854
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning	於年內確認計入 年初合約負債之 營業收入導致 合約負債減少		
of the year		(142,845)	(92,718)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of receiving receipts in	收取預付賬款導致 合約負債增加		
advances		440,111	139,152
Exchange difference	兑換差異	15,155	(3,740)
End of the year	年底	470,969	158,548

As at 31 March 2021, the amount of receipts in advance expected to be recognised as revenue after more than one year are \$6,692,000 (2020: \$100,038,000).

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to its sales contracts for manufacturing products and properties development such that information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations that had an original expected duration of one year or less need not to be disclosed.

於二零二一年三月三十一日, 預收賬款6,692,000元(二零二 零年:100,038,000元)預計將 於一年後確認為收入)。

本集團已將香港財務報告準則第15號第121段之可行權宜方法應用於其製造業及房處所於其製造業及房此關於本集團將享有當其符合原於本集團將享有當其符下之關於不無數,其符之相關收入,其資餘履約責任之相關收入,其資料不需要作出披露。

2021

### 財務報表附註

2020

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 23 BANK BORROWINGS

### 23 銀行借貸

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元
Portion of bank borrowings	一年內償還並分類	175	175
repayable within one year and	為流動負債之		
classified as current liabilities	銀行借貸之部份	201 010	126 900
classified as current habilities	————————————————————————————————————	301,010	126,800
Portion of bank borrowings	一年後償還並分類		
repayable after one year and	為非流動負債之		
classified as non-current	銀行借貸之部份		
liabilities			
After 1 year but within 2 years	1年後但於2年內	612,706	226,180
After 2 years but within 5 years	2年後但於5年內	3,750	598,657
		616,456	824,837
Total bank borrowings	銀行借貸總額	917,466	951,637
Representing:	代表:		
Secured	有抵押	439,530	420,387
Unsecured	無抵押	477,936	531,250
Total bank borrowings	銀行借貸總額	917,466	951,637

As at 31 March 2021, banking facilities of \$516,700,000 (2020: \$499,900,000) were secured by the pledged deposits of \$nil (2020: \$55,000,000), property under development for sale of \$151,977,000 (2020: \$585,356,000) and the share capital of the two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, Castfast Industrial (Yan Tien) Limited and 東莞嘉創 房地產開發有限公司, such facilities were utilised to extent of \$439,530,000 as at 31 March 2021 (2020: \$420,387,000).

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團銀行融資額516,700,000元(二零二零年:499,900,000元),以質押存款零元(二零二零年:55,000,000元),待沽在建物業151,977,000元(二零二零年:585,356,000元)及本公司兩間全資附屬公司,雁田嘉輝塑膠五金廠有限公司及東莞嘉創房地產開發有限公司之股本作抵押,而於二零二一年三月三十一日已被動用之融資額為439,530,000元(二零二零年:420,387,000元)。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 23 BANK BORROWINGS (continued)

At 31 March 2021, borrowings totaling \$301,010,000 (2020: \$126,800,000) have a contractual maturity within one year or are subject to repayment on demand clauses. Some of the Group's banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's statement of financial position ratios. If the Group were to breach the covenants, the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. As at 31 March 2021 and 2020, none of the covenants relating to drawn down facilities had been breached.

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair values.

#### **24 LEASE LIABILITIES**

At 31 March 2021, the lease liabilities were repayable as follows:

### 23 銀行借貸(續)

銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相 近。

### 24 租賃負債

於二零二一年三月三十一日之租賃 負債償還如下:

		<b>2021</b> 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年	
		一零 - Present value of	Present		- 苓 午
		the lease payments 租賃付款 之現值 \$'000 千元	Total lease payments 租賃 付款總額 \$'000 千元	value of the lease payments 租賃付款 之現值 \$'000 千元	Total lease payments 租賃 付款總額 \$'000 千元
Within 1 year	1年內	2,594	2,690	3,244	3,363
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years	1年後但於2年內 2年後但於5年內	974 167	1,006 167	1,421 —	1,439
		1,141	1,173	1,421	1,439
		3,735	3,863	4,665	4,802
Less: total future interest expense	s 減:未來利息開支總額		(128)		(137)
Present value of lease liabilities	租賃負債之現值		3,735		4,665

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 25 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 25 於綜合財務狀況表中稅項 FINANCIAL POSITION

(a) Current taxation

(a) 本期税項

		2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		\$ <b>′000</b> 千元	- * - * - * * '000 千元
5 11 ( 11 1/	左京王 # 11/月17 <b>-</b>		
Provision for Hong Kong	年度香港利得税之		
Profits Tax for the year	準備	23,869	20,461
Provisional Hong Kong Profits	s已付暫繳香港		
Tax paid	利得税	(14,665)	(13,501)
		9,204	6,960
Balance of Hong Kong Profits	以前年度香港利得税	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,
Tax provision relating to	準備之結餘		
prior years		_	1,753
Provision for PRC taxes	中國所得税之準備	125,557	79,801
Trovision for the taxes	T 图 // 1寸 /// 之 午 闸	123,337	7 9,001
		134,761	88,514
		134,701	00,314
Current tax recoverable	本期可收回税項	(200)	(54)
Current tax recoverable	本期應付税項	134,961	88,568
Current tax payable		134,501	00,300
		134,761	88,514

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 25 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 25 於綜合財務狀況表中税項(續) FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) Deferred taxation

(b) 遞延税項

			Fair value		
			gain of	Capitalisation	
		Accelerated	investment	of loan	
		depreciation	properties	interests	Total
			投資物業		
			公平值	貸款利息	
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	加速折舊	之收益	資本化	合共
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Haasa					0 = 44
At 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日	2,647	2,650	4,414	9,711
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	於損益支銷/(計入)	1,544	(591)	4,067	5,020
Exchange difference	<b>兑换差</b> 異		(164)	_	(164)
At 31 March 2020 and	二零二零年三月三十一日及				
1 April 2020	二零二零年四月一日	4,191	1,895	8,481	14,567
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	於損益(計入)/支銷	(74)	297	3,710	3,933
Exchange difference	兑換差異		146		146
			2.222	40.404	10.646
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	4,117	2,338	12,191	18,646

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 25 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 25 於綜合財務狀況表中税項(續) FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

(b) Deferred taxation (continued)

(b) 遞延税項(續)

			Temporary		
			difference		
			for property		
		Tax losses	development	Others	Total
			物業發展之		
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	税項虧損	暫時差異	其他	合共
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
At 1 April 2019	二零一九年四月一日	(4,841)	(5,643)	(555)	(11,039)
Credited to profit or loss	於損益計入	(2,568)	_	(2,121)	(4,689)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April	二零二零年三月三十一日及				
2020	二零二零年四月一日	(7,409)	(5,643)	(2,676)	(15,728)
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	於損益(計入)/支銷	(361)	_	1,331	970
At 31 March 2021	二零二一年三月三十一日	(7,770)	(5,643)	(1,345)	(14,758)

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 25 TAXATION IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF 25 於綜合財務狀況表中税項(續) FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

#### (b) Deferred taxation (continued)

The deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same tax jurisdiction. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the consolidated statement of financial position:

#### (b) 遞延税項(續)

當有法定權利可將遞延稅項資產與遞延稅項負債抵銷,而遞延所得稅涉及同一稅務機關,則可將遞延稅項資資區與遞延稅項負債互相抵銷。於計入適當抵銷後,下列金額於綜合財務狀況表內顯示:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項資產 遞延税項負債	(1,696) 5,584	(5,291) 4,130
		3,888	(1,161)

At 31 March 2021, in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(u), the Group had unrecognised deferred tax assets of approximately \$25,283,000 (2020: \$18,423,000) primarily representing the tax effect of cumulative tax losses (subject to agreement by relevant tax authorities) which can be carried forward against future taxable income, of which, tax losses of \$153,230,000 (2020: \$108,839,000) can be carried forward indefinitely.

於二零二一年三月三十一日,按照載於會計政策附註2(u),本集團未確認遞延税項資產約25,283,000元(二零二零年:18,423,000元),主要代表實計稅項虧損之稅項影響(須金計稅項虧損之稅項影等(金,可與未來繳稅收入抵銷而稅項虧損約153,230,000元(二零二零年:108,839,000元)可無限期結轉。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **26 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS**

### (a) Defined contribution plans

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme (the "MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group and its employees makes monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the Group's and the employees' mandatory contributions are subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$30,000 and thereafter, contributions are voluntary.

As stipulated by rules and regulations in the PRC, the Group contributes to state-sponsored retirement plans for its employees in the PRC. The Group's annual contributions to these plans represent defined contributions, and the Group has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or post-retirement benefits beyond the annual contributions. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

# (b) Defined benefit retirement plan — Long service payments

Provision for long service payments represents the Group's obligations for long service payments to its employees in Hong Kong on cessation of employment in certain circumstances under the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance.

The obligation is calculated using the projected unit credit method, discounted to its present value and reduced by entitlements accrued under the Group's retirement plans that are attributable to contributions made by the Group. Such long service payment obligations are valued by BMI Appraisals Limited, an independent qualified actuary valuer.

### 26 退休福利責任

### (a) 界定供款計劃

根據中國法律規定,本集團須向為中國僱員而設置之。本集團須資助退休計劃作出供款。本界國門,及而對其任何實際退大,及而對其任何實際退大。以此,以此或退休後福利則毋以出任何承擔。退休僱員之作出任何承擔。退休僱員之資所有退休金支出一概由國家資助之退休計劃負責。

# (b) 界定退休福利計劃 — 長期服務金

長期服務金準備乃本集團根 據香港僱傭條例在若干情況 下終止聘用僱員而支付之長期 服務金所衍生之責任。

該責任是以預計單位信貸法 計算,並計算貼現值及扣除本 集團退休計劃下本集團供款所 佔之應計權益。該長期服務 金責任由獨立合資格精算師中 和邦盟評估有限公司估值。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **26 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

# (b) Defined benefit retirement plan — Long service payments (continued)

The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position are determined as follows:

### 26 退休福利責任(續)

(b) 界定退休福利計劃 — 長期服務金(續)

於綜合財務狀況表確認之金 額按下列方式釐定:

Present value of unfunded obligations and liability in the consolidated statement of financial position

未注資責任之現值及 於綜合財務狀況表內 之負債

9,149

8,162

A portion of the above liability is expected to be paid after more than one year. However, it is not practicable to segregate this amount from the amounts payable in the next twelve months, as future contributions will also relate to future services rendered and future changes in actuarial assumptions and market conditions. The Group expects to pay \$nil in contributions to defined benefit retirement plan for the year ending 31 March 2022 (2021: \$nil).

上述負債之一部分預期將於超過一年後支付。然而,將此金額與於未來十二個月應付之金額分開並不可行,原因為未來供款亦涉及未來提供之限,本集算假設及市場信之改變。截至二零二二年三月三十一日止年度內,本集團割支付供款(二零二一年:無)。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **26 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

# (b) Defined benefit retirement plan — Long service payments (continued)

The amounts recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income are as follows:

### 26 退休福利責任(續)

(b) 界定退休福利計劃 — 長期服務金(續)

於綜合損益及其他全面收入表確認之金額如下:

		2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Current service cost	本期服務成本	242	160
Interest on obligation	責任利息	76	123
Total amounts recognised in profit or loss (note 29(a)) Net actuarial losses recognised in other comprehensive income	於損益已確認之總金額 (附註29(a)) 於其他全面收入 已確認之精算 淨虧損	318 671	283 569
Total	總值	989	852

The current service cost and the net interest on obligation were included in the "general and administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

本期服務成本及責任利息已 包括於綜合損益表中一般及 行政費用內。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **26 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

# (b) Defined benefit retirement plan — Long service payments (continued)

Movements in the provision for long service payments of the Group are as follows:

### 26 退休福利責任(續)

(b) 界定退休福利計劃 — 長期服 務金*(續)* 

本集團長期服務金準備變動 如下:

End of the year	年底	9,149	8,162
Interest cost	利息成本	76	123
Current service cost	本期服務成本	242	160
year		56	191
year Refund received during the	年內收到退款	(58)	(269)
Payments made during the	年內已付供款	(50)	(2.5.0)
		671	569
adjustment	)C 11171 PS 17/	704	1,683
<ul> <li>Actuarial losses arising from experience</li> </ul>	<ul><li>由經驗調整所產生</li><li>之精算虧損</li></ul>		
arising from changes in financial assumptions	所產生之精算 (收益)/虧損	(1,029)	520
assumptions — Actuarial (gains)/losses	(收益) — 由財務假設改變	996	(1,634)
Remeasurements:  — Actuarial losses/(gains)  arising from demographic	重新計量: — 由人口假設所產生 : 之精算虧損/		
Beginning of the year	年初	8,162	7,388
		173	170
		千元	千元
		二零二一年 \$'000	二零二零年 \$'000
		2021	2020

The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 9.6 years (2020: 10.0 years).

界定福利責任之加權平均期限為9.6年(二零二零年:10.0年)。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### **26 RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS** (continued)

# (b) Defined benefit retirement plan — Long service payments (continued)

Significant actuarial assumptions and sensitivity analysis are as follows:

### 26 退休福利責任(續)

(b) 界定退休福利計劃 — 長期服 務金(續)

重要精算假設及敏感度分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年 Per annum 每年	2020 二零二零年 Per annum 每年
Discount rate Expected rate of future salary	貼現率	2.09%	0.93%
increases	不 新 斯 之 預 期 增 長 率	3.00%	2.00%

The below analysis shows how the defined benefit retirement plan — long service payments as at 31 March 2021 and 2020 would have increased/(decreased) as a result of 0.50% change in the significant actuarial assumptions:

於二零二一及二零二零年三月三十一日,重要精算假設增加 /(減少)0.50%對界定福利退 休計劃 — 長期服務金之影響 分析如下:

		2021 二零二一年		2020 二零二零年	
		Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
		in 0.50%	in 0.50%	in 0.50%	in 0.50%
		增加	減少	增加	減少
		0.50%	0.50%	0.50%	0.50%
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元
Discount rate Expected rate of future	貼現率 未來薪酬之	(414)	445	(389)	418
salary increases	預期增長率	11	(21)	20	(19)

The above sensitivity analysis is based on the assumption that changes in actuarial assumptions are not correlated and therefore it does not take into account the correlations between the actuarial assumptions.

以上敏感度分析是基於假定 改變精算假設之間沒有互相 關聯,因此沒有計算彼此相 互關聯之影響。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 27 REVENUE, OTHER INCOME/GAINS

### 27 收入及其他收入/收益

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Revenue from contracts with customers within the scope of HKFRS 15	香港財務報告準則 第15號範圍內與客戶 之合約收入		
Sales of merchandise  — Metal and plastic business  — Electronic manufacturing	商品銷售 — 五金塑膠業務 — 電子專業代工業務	1,895,368	1,632,236
services business		898,006	997,767
		2,793,374	2,630,003
Sale of properties	物業銷售	399,243	272,205
		3,192,617	2,902,208
Other income/gains:	其他收入/收益:		
Fixed rental income Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	固定租金收入 出售物業、廠房及 設備之收益/	3,980	3,998
	(虧損)	271	(1,327)
Loss on disposal of other financial assets	山台共祀立熙貝座之 虧損	(690)	_
Government grants received (note (i))	獲得之政府資助金 (附註(i))	9,194	
Written off of other receivables	其他應收賬款撇銷	(20,010)	_
Others (note (ii))	其他(附註(ii))	9,856	1,773
		2,601	4,444

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 27 REVENUE, OTHER INCOME/GAINS (continued)

Notes:

(i) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group successfully applied for and received funding support of \$6,029,000 from the Employment Support Scheme under the Anti-epidemic Fund, set up by the Hong Kong SAR Government. The purpose of the funding is to provide financial support to enterprises to retain their employees who would otherwise be made redundant. Under the terms of the grant, the Group is required not to make redundancies during the subsidy period and to spend all the funding on paying wages to the employees.

The Group also received subsidies of \$2,570,000 from the PRC government. The purposes of these subsidies are to encourage the use of high-technologies machineries, promote the development of human resources and to provide financial support to enterprise during the COVID-19 pandemic.

(ii) During the year ended 31 March 2021, the Group successfully applied for and received refund of Value-added Tax ("VAT") of \$6,624,000 from the VAT refund mechanism introduced by the China's State Council in effective from 1 April 2019.

As at 31 March 2021, the aggregated amount of the transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations under the Group's existing contracts is \$818,923,000 (2020: \$446,908,000). These amounts represent revenue expected to be recognised in the future from pre-completion sales contracts for properties under development. The Group will recognise the expected revenue in future when the properties are accepted by the customer, or deemed as accepted according to the contract, whichever is earlier and is expected to occur from 12 to 24 months from the contract date.

The Group has applied the practical expedient in paragraph 121 of HKFRS 15 to revenue such that the above information does not include information about revenue that the Group will be entitled to when it satisfies the remaining performance obligations under the contracts for sales of merchandise that had an original expected duration of one year or less.

27 收入及其他收入/收益(續) 附註:

> (i) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日年度 內,本集團成功申請由香港特區 政府成立之防疫抗疫基金下之保就 業計劃及收取6,029,000元基金支 援。該資助之目的是為企業提供 財務支援,以保留可能會被遣散之 僱員。根據資助之條款,本集團被 要求在補貼期間不得裁員,並將所 有資助用於支付員工工資。

> > 本集團亦收取2,570,000由中國政府之補貼,該補貼之目的是鼓勵使用高科技機器、提升人才培訓及由2019冠狀病毒病疫情間之財務支援。

(ii) 截至二零二一年三月三十一日年度 內,本集團成功申請由國務税提倡 由二零一九年四月一日起生效之增 值税期末留抵税額退税及收取退 回增值税金額6,624,000元。

於二零二一年三月三十一日,現有合約下分配至剩餘履約責任之累計交易額為818,923,000元(二零二零年:446,908,000元)。該金額代表在未來確認之預售在建物業銷售合約之預計收入。本集團將確認未來預計收入,當客戶接受該物業早根據合同被視為已接受時,以較早者為準及預計此會由合同日期起12至24個月發生。

由於本集團已對其收入應用香港財務報告準則第15號第121段之實際權宜方法,因此上述資料並不包括有關倘本集團根據原預期年期為一年或以下達成剩餘履行商品銷售責任而將有權收取之收入之資料。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### **28 EXPENSES BY NATURE**

### 28 按性質分類之費用

		2021	2020
		二零二一年	二零二零年
		\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元
Carrying amount of inventories	已售存貨之賬面值		
sold (note 15(b))	(附註15(b))	1,969,902	1,905,388
Carrying amount of properties sol		1,000,002	.,,,,,,,,,
(note 16(b))	(附註16(b))	137,838	117,371
Depreciation and amortisation of	物業、廠房及設備之	107,7000	,57.
property, plant and equipment	折舊及攤銷(附註6)		
(note 6)	)   E3 // JAP 3] (11) HZ 0/	88,245	62,971
Amortisation of intangible assets	無形資產之攤銷	00,213	02,37
(note 8)	(附註8)	1,543	1,504
Employee benefit expenses	僱員福利開支	1,5 15	1,301
(including directors'	(包括董事酬金)		
remuneration) (note 29(a))	(附註29(a))	385,772	360,080
Rental expenses of short-term	短期租賃租金	303,772	300,000
leases	/32 /41 III 92 III 32	4,938	3,848
Net exchange gain	匯兑收益淨額	(2,483)	(6,814)
Auditors' remuneration	核數師酬金	4,287	3,844
Recognition of loss allowance for		4,207	3,044
trade and bills receivables	損撥備之確認		
(note 13)	(附註13)	_	92
Other expenses	其他支出	73,229	75,227
Опист схреньев	<b>六尼文</b> 田	73,223	73,227
		2,663,271	2,523,511
Representing:	代表:		
Cost of revenue	收入成本	2,478,560	2,372,714
Distribution and selling expenses	分銷及銷售費用	32,239	30,668
General and administrative	一般及行政費用	32,233	30,000
expenses		152,472	120,129
		,	
		2,663,271	2,523,511

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES — INCLUDING **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

29 僱員福利支出 — 包括董事酬金

- (a) Employee benefit expenses during the year are (a) 年內僱員福利支出如下: as follows:

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$′000 千元
Wages and salaries	薪酬及工資	378,696	342,228
Contributions to defined contribution retirement	界定供款退休計劃 之供款		
plans		6,758	17,339
Provision for long service	長期服務金準備		
payments (note 26(b))	(附註26(b))	318	283
Share option expenses	購股權支出		
(note 20(d))	(附註20(d))	_	230
		385,772	360,080

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES — INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

### (b) Directors' remuneration

Directors' remuneration disclosed pursuant to section 383 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies Ordinance (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation is as follows:

# 29 僱員福利支出 — 包括董事酬金 (續)

### (b) 董事酬金

根據香港《公司條例》第383章 及公司條例之第二部份(有關 董事福利之披露資料)規例之 董事酬金披露如下:

2	UZ	L	
雴	=	_	年

				二零二一年		
Name of director	董事名稱	Fees 袍金	Salary 薪金	Discretionary bonuses 酌情發放 之花紅	Employer's contributions to retirement plans 退休金計劃	Total 合共
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Executive directors	執行董事					
Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai	何焯輝先生	_	4,736	3,293	_	8,029
Mr. Zhao Kai	趙凱先生	_	1,224	3,110	10	4,344
Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia	陳名妹小姐	_	890	1,686	18	2,594
Mr. Chan Raymond	陳毅文先生	_	1,032	1,947	18	2,997
Non-executive directors	非執行董事					
Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming	何卓明先生	244	_	40	_	284
Mr. Ho Kai Man	何啟文先生	_	476	163	18	657
Independent non-executive directors	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Fong Hoi Shing	方海城先生	130	_	_	_	130
Mr. Yam Chung Shing	任重誠先生	130	_	_	_	130
Mr. So Wai Chun (resigned on	蘇偉俊先生(二零二零年					
1 December 2020)	十二月一日辭任)	90	_	_	_	90
Dr. Lau Kin Wai (was appointed on	劉健華博士(二零二零年					
1 December 2020)	十二月一日獲委任)	50	_	_	_	50

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES — INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

(b) Directors' remuneration (continued)

29 僱員福利支出 — 包括董事酬金

(b) 董事酬金(續)

2	02	0	
- 零	_	零	年

					- < - < 1			
		Fees	Salary	Discretionary bonuses	Employer's contributions to retirement plans	Sub-total	Share- based payments (note) 以股份	Total
				酌情發放	退休金計劃		支付報酬	
Name of director	董事名稱	袍金	薪金	之花紅	之僱主供款	小計	(附註)	合共
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
		千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
Executive directors	執行董事							
Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai	何焯輝先生	_	4,736	2,810	_	7,546	_	7,546
Mr. Zhao Kai	趙凱先生	_	1,393	2,608	15	4,016	_	4,016
Ms. Chan Ming Mui, Silvia	陳名妹小姐	_	885	1,235	18	2,138	47	2,185
Mr. Chan Raymond	陳毅文先生	_	1,026	1,447	18	2,491	47	2,538
Non-executive directors	非執行董事							
Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming	何卓明先生	220	_	40	_	260	_	260
Mr. Ho Kai Man	何啟文先生	_	464	145	18	627	_	627
Independent non- executive directors	獨立非執行董事							
Mr. So Wai Chun	蘇偉俊先生	120	_	_	_	120	_	120
Mr. Fong Hoi Shing	方海城先生	120	_	_	_	120	_	120
Mr. Yam Chung Shing	任重誠先生	120	_	_	_	120	5	125

Note: These represent the estimated value of share options granted to the directors under the Company's share option scheme. The value of these share options is measured according to the Group's accounting policies for share-based payments as set out in note 2(t). The details of these share options, including the principal terms and number of options granted, are disclosed in note 20 to the financial statements.

附註:此代表根據本公司購股權計劃授予董事之估計購股權價值。此等購股權價值是根據本集團載於附註2(t)以股份支付報酬之會計政策計算。此等購股權之詳情,包括主要條款及授股權數量,於本財務報表附註20中披露。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 29 EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES — INCLUDING DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION (continued)

### (c) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include four (2020: four) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining one (2020: one) individuals during the year are as follows:

# 29 僱員福利支出 — 包括董事酬金

### (c) 五名最高薪酬人士

本年度集團五名最高薪酬之 人士包括四名(二零二零年: 四名)董事,其酬金已載於上 文分析。於年內其餘一名(二 零二零年:一名)最高薪人士 之應付酬金如下:

		2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Basic salaries and allowances	基本薪金及津貼	869	864
Discretionary bonus	酌情發放之花紅	782	631
Contributions to retirement	退休計劃之供款		
plans		18	18
Share-based payment	以股份支付報酬	_	20
		1,669	1,533

The emoluments fell within the following band:

該等酬金在下列組合範圍內:

### **Number of individuals**

人士數目 2021

2020 二零二零年

1 1

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

### 30 FINANCE COSTS, NET

### 30 財務成本,淨額

		<b>2021</b> 一 雨 一   左	2020
		二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Finance costs	財務成本		
<ul> <li>Interest expense from financial liabilities measured at</li> </ul>			
amortised cost		36,991	49,493
— Interest expenses on lease	— 租賃負債之利息支出		
liabilities Less: interest expenses capitalised into property under development for sale	減:待沽在建物業 利息支出資本化 (附註)	219	215
(note)		(29,235)	(24,850)
		7,975	24,858
Finance income  — Interest income from financial assets measured at amortised	財務收入 — 按攤銷成本計量之金 融資產利息		
cost  — Other interest income from financial assets measured at FVOCI (recycling)	收入 — 按公平價計入其他全 面收益(可轉回)之 金融資產	(4,190)	(4,037)
	其他利息收入	(423)	(425)
		(4,613)	(4,462)
Finance costs, net	財務成本,淨額	3,362	20,396

Note: The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 4.13% (2020: 5.16%) per annum.

附註:借貸成本以年利率4.13%(二零二零年:5.16%)被資本化。

### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 31 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

The amount of taxation charged to consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

### 31 於綜合損益表中所得税

於綜合損益表支銷之稅項如下:

2020

2021

		二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Current taxation	本期税項		
Hong Kong Profits Tax	香港利得税		
— Current year	— 本年度	23,869	20,461
— (Over)/under provision in prior	— 往年之(超額)/		
years	不足準備	(787)	22
PRC taxes	中國税項		
— Corporate Income Tax	— 企業所得税	24,182	14,381
— Land Appreciation Tax	— 土地增值税	113,808	76,277
Deferred taxation (note 25(b))	遞延税項(附註25(b))	4,903	331
		165,975	111,472

Hong Kong Profits Tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2020: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the year for all Group companies incorporated in Hong Kong.

The Group's operations in the PRC are subject to Corporate Income Tax Law of the PRC at the standard tax rate of 25%. Land Appreciation Tax is levied on properties in Mainland China developed by the Group for sale, at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, which under the applicable regulations is calculated based on the revenue from sale of properties less deductible expenditure including lease charges of land use rights, borrowing costs and all property development expenditure.

所有於香港成立之集團公司乃根 據本年之估計應課税溢利按16.5% (二零二零年:16.5%)之税率計提 香港利得税準備。

本集團於中國之業務須遵守中國企業所得稅法按標準稅率25%納稅。本集團於中國內地開發作銷售用途之物業需按土地增值金額以累進稅率30%至60%基準繳交土地增值稅。按照適用法例,土地增值金額乃根據物業銷售收入減可扣減項目(包括土地使用權租賃費用、借貸成本及所有物業發展開支)而釐定。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 31 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (continued)

Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

#### 31 於綜合損益表中所得稅(續)

所得税支出與按適用税率計算之 會計溢利之調節:

		2021	2020
		二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b>	二零二零年 \$'000
		<b>第000</b> 千元	<b>第</b> 000 千元
		1 70	1 70
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	531,256	361,738
Less: Land Appreciation Tax	減:土地增值税	(113,808)	(76,277)
Profit before Hong Kong Profits	除香港利得税及		
Tax and Corporate Income Tax	企業所得税前溢利	417,448	285,461
Notional tax calculated at	按適用税率計算之		
applicable income tax rate	假設税項	95,563	67,275
Associate's results reported net of	聯營公司業績,		
tax	扣除税項	(245)	(223)
Income not subject to taxation	無須課税之收入	(98,227)	(87,621)
Expenses not deductible for	不可扣税之支出		
taxation purposes		56,517	55,934
Temporary difference not	未確認之暫時差異		
recognised		(677)	(446)
(Over)/under provision for Hong	往年之香港税項之	, ,	, ,
Kong taxation in prior years	(超額)/不足準備	(787)	22
Utilisation of previously	使用往年未確認税項	(1 01)	
unrecognised tax losses	虧損	(110)	(159)
Unused tax losses not recognised	未確認之未使用税項	(110)	(133)
onused tax losses not recognised	新疆	133	413
Hong Kong Profits Tax and	香港利得税及		
Corporate Income Tax	企業所得税	52,167	35,195
Land Appreciation Tax	土地增值税	113,808	76,277
Income tay evpence	所得税支出	165 075	111 470
Income tax expense	// 时 / 及 以	165,975	111,472

#### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 32 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company by weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue after adjusting the potential dilutive effect of the outstanding options during the year.

#### 32 每股溢利

每股基本溢利乃根據本公司權益 持有人應佔溢利除以年內已發行之 普通股加權平均數計算。

攤薄後每股溢利乃根據本公司權益 持有人應佔溢利除以年內已發行之 普通股加權平均數及調整潛在攤 薄影響之尚未行使購股權計算。

	2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
Profit attributable to equity 本公司權益持有	ī Å	
shareholders of the Company 應佔溢利		
(\$'000) (千元)	365,281	250,266
Weighted average number of 已發行普通股之	,加權	
ordinary shares in issue (in 平均數		
thousand shares) (千股計)	1,999,077	1,993,066
Effect of outstanding share options 尚未行使購股權	之影響	
(in thousand shares) (千股計)	12,860	15,558
Weighted average number of 已發行普通股( ordinary shares (diluted) in issue 加權平均數 (in thousand shares) (千股計)	難薄)之	
	2,011,937	2,008,624
Basic earnings per share (HK cents) 每股基本溢利(	港仙) 18.3	12.6
0 1		
Diluted earnings per share 攤薄後每股溢利	IJ	
(HK cents) (港仙)	18.2	12.5

## 財務報表附許

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 33 **DIVIDENDS**

(a) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the year

#### 股息 33

(a) 屬於本年度應付本公司權益 持有人之股息

	2021 二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Interim dividend declared and paid of HK4.0 cents per ordinary share (2020: HK4.0 cents per ordinary share) 已宣佈及已派發中期股息每普通股4.0港仙 (二零二零年:每普通股4.0港仙)	80,298	79,754
Special dividend declared 已宣佈及已派發特別股 and paid of HK0.5 cent per ordinary share (2020: nil) に零二零年:無)	10,037	
Final dividend proposed after 於報告期末後擬派末期 the end of the reporting 股息每普通股7.0港仙 period of HK7.0 cents per ordinary share (2020: 股5.0港仙)		
HK5.0 cents per ordinary share)	140,871	99,692
	231,206	179,446

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period have not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

於報告期末後擬派之末期股 息於報告期末並未確認為負 倩。

(b) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

(b) 屬於上一財政年度,並於年內 批准及派發之應付本公司權 益持有人之股息

Final dividend in respect of the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year, of HK5.0 cents per ordinary share (2020: HK5.0 cents per ordinary share)

就上一財政年度, 已批准及已於年內 派發之末期股息 每普通股5.0港仙 (二零二零年:每普通

股5.0港仙)

99,882

99,692

#### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外, 以港元列示)

#### 34 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Group had the following significant commitments and contingent liabilities which were not provided for in the consolidated financial statements:

#### (a) Capital commitments

The Group had the following authorised and contracted capital commitments at 31 March 2021:

#### 34 承擔及或然負債

本集團有以下未有於本綜合財務報 表上計提準備之重要承擔及或然 負債:

#### (a) 資本承擔

於二零二一年三月三十一日, 本集團有以下已授權及簽約之 資本承擔:

Purchase of property, plant and equipment

購買物業、廠房及 設備

25,972

23,648

#### (b) Planned expenditure

At 31 March 2021, the Group has contracted for further property development expenditure and the related costs of internal fixtures and fittings amounted to \$135,904,000 (2020: \$331,506,000).

#### (c) Guarantees

(i) At 31 March 2021, the Company has given guarantees totaling approximately \$1,455,509,000 (2020: \$1,294,780,000) to financial institutions in connection with the banking facilities granted to its subsidiaries. Such banking facilities utilised as at 31 March 2021 amounted to approximately \$917,466,000 (2020: \$951,637,000).

#### (b) 計劃支出

於二零二一年三月三十一日,本集團已訂約進一步物業發展開支及相關內部裝置及配件成本為135,904,000元(二零二零年:331,506,000元)。

#### (c) 擔保

(i) 於二零二一年三月三十一日,本公司給予財務機構有關提供銀行融資予其他附屬公司之總擔保金額約為1,455,509,000元(二零二零年:1,294,780,000元)。於二零二一年三月三十一日,已使用之銀行融資約為917,466,000元(二零二零年:951,637,000元)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 34 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (continued)

#### (c) Guarantees (continued)

(ii) The Group has provided guarantees to banks to secure the mortgage arrangements of certain property buyers. At 31 March 2021, the outstanding guarantees to the banks amounted to \$166,451,000 (2020: \$4,378,000) which will be released upon the completion of the transfer procedures with the property buyers in respect of the legal title of the properties.

The directors do not consider the Group will sustain a loss under these guarantees as the bank has the rights to sell the property and recovers the outstanding loan balance from the sale proceeds if the property buyers have default payment. The Group has not recognised any deferred income in respect of these guarantees as its fair value is considered to be insignificant.

#### 34 承擔及或然負債(續)

#### (c) 擔保(續)

(ii) 本集團已向銀行提供擔保,以擔保若干購房者之按揭安排。於二零二一年三月三十一日,總額之銀行擔保總和166,451,000元(二零二零年:4,378,000元),將於完成與房產購買者有關合法產權之轉讓手續後解除。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 35 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS 35 主要關連人士交易

(a) Transactions with related parties

(a) 與關連人士之交易

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Sales of goods:	銷售貨物:		
Sales of finished goods to related companies	向關連公司銷售 製成品	157	248
Others:	其他:		
Rental income from an	向聯營公司收取		
associate	租金收入	271	288
Consultancy fee charged by	支付顧問費予聯營公司		
an associated company	上 / / fp A 录 Bp + a ¬	690	848
Rental charged by a related	支付租金予關連公司	2.00	2.070
company	<b>占服炒乙司啡四米</b> 四	3,935	2,870
Purchase of machinery from	向聯營公司購買機器	14 504	20.069
an associate Repair and maintenance	支付維修及保養費予	14,504	30,068
charged by an associate	聯營公司	4,838	3,878
Rental income from a related	向關連公司收取	4,030	3,070
company	租金收入	206	411
Management fee income from			
related companies	管理費收入	3,601	960

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 35 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### 35 主要關連人士交易(續)

(continued)

(b) Balances with related parties

#### (b) 與關連人士之結餘

		2021 二零二一年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$′000 千元
Amount due to an associate (note 10)	應付聯營公司賬款 (附註10)	1,669	4,083
Amounts due to related companies	應付關連公司賬款	4,032	632
Amount due from the Kar Info	o 應收Kar Info賬款		
(note 11) Amounts due from other	(附註11) 應收其他關連公司	129,171	113,833
related companies	賬款	1,911	1,302
Amounts due from related companies	應收關連公司賬款	131,082	115,135

The amounts due from/(to) an associate and related companies are unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

應收/(應付)聯營公司及關連公司賬款為無抵押,不計利息,並在要求時償還。

#### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 35 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### (continued)

# (c) Key management personnel remuneration Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 29(b) and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 29(c), is as follows:

#### 35 主要關連人士交易(續)

(c) 主要管理層職員酬金 本集團之主要管理人員薪酬, 包括支付予本公司董事之款項 於附註29(b)披露,而若干最 高薪酬僱員之薪酬則於附註 29(c)披露,載列如下:

		2021 二零二一年 \$'000 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
Short-term employee benefits	短期僱員福利	25,570	23,633
Post-employment benefits	離職福利	136	141
Share-based payment	以股份支付報酬	_	176
		25,706	23,950

Total remuneration is included in "employee benefit expenses" (see note 29(a)).

總酬金包括在「僱員福利支出」 內(見附註29(a))。

(d) Applicability of the Listing Rules relating to connected transactions

Except for the rental charged by a related company and the rental income and management fee income from related companies as disclosed in note 35(a) that constitute connected transactions, none of the related party transaction mentioned above falls under the definition of connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

(d) 與關連交易有關之上市規則 之適用性

除了於附註35(a)所載之支付租金予關連公司,向關連公司收取租金收入及管理費收入構成關連交易外,以上提及之關連人士交易並無列入上市規則第14A章所界定之關連交易或持續關連交易。

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

# 36 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### 36 公司層面之財務狀況表

			2021 二零二一年	2020 二零二零年
		Note 附註	<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元
ASSETS	資產			
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Investments in subsidiaries Other financial assets	於附屬公司之投資 其他金融資產		851,401 13,123	827,419 19,629
			864,524	847,048
Current assets	流動資產			
Amount due from a subsidiary	應收附屬公司賬款		101,000	120,000
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables Current tax recoverable	預付款、按金及其他 應收賬款 本期可收回税項		1,312	1,221
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物		157 11,984	49 1,244
			114,453	122,514
Total assets	資產總值		978,977	969,562
EQUITY	權益			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司權益持有人 應佔股本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	19	201,244	199,384
Other reserves Retained earnings	其他儲備 保留溢利	21 21	492,533 247,458	484,320 255,690
Total equity	權益總值		941,235	939,394

# 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

36 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL 36 公司層面之財務狀況表(續) **POSITION** (continued)

		Note 附註	2021 二零二一年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2020 二零二零年 \$'000 千元
LIABILITIES	負債			
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Provision for long service payments	長期服務金準備		782	742
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付 賬款		36,960	29,426
Total liabilities	負債總值		37,742	30,168
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總值		978,977	969,562
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		77,493	93,088
Total assets less current liabilities	資產總值減流動 負債		942,017	940,136

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 24 June 2021.

於二零二一年六月二十四日由董事 會批准及授權刊發。

Ho Cheuk Fai 何焯輝 Director 董事

Chan Ming Mui, Silvia 陳名妹 Director 董事

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

#### 37 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 March 2021, the directors regard TMF (B.V.I.) Limited, which beneficially owns 40.63% of the Company's equity interests, to be the immediate and ultimate controlling party of the Company. Mr. Ho Cheuk Fai, Ms. Ho Po Chu, and Mr. Ho Cheuk Ming are the beneficial owners of TMF (B.V.I.) Limited. TMF (B.V.I.) Limited is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands and does not produce financial statements available for public use.

# 38 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a number of amendments and a new standards, HKFRS 17, Insurance contracts, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 March 2021 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

#### 37 直接及最終控制人士

於二零二一年三月三十一日,董事認為TMF (B.V.I.) Limited,實益擁有本公司40.63%股份利益,並為本公司之直接及最終控制人士。何焯輝先生、何寶珠女士及何卓明先生為TMF (B.V.I.) Limited之實益擁有人。TMF (B.V.I.) Limited於英屬處女群島成立及沒有公開其財務報表。

#### 38 已頒佈但尚未於截至二零二一年三 月三十一日止年度生效之修訂、新 準則及詮釋可能構成之影響

直至本財務報表發表當日,香港會計師公會頒佈了多項於截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年度尚未生效之修訂及新準則,香港財務報告 準則第17號,「保險合同」,而並未於本財務報表內採納。下列為其中可能與本集團有關。

Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於以下日期或之後開始之會計期間生效

Amendments to HKFRS 3, <i>Reference to the Conceptual Framework</i> 香港財務報告準則第3號(修訂本), <i>「引用概念框架」</i>	1 January 2022 2022年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended use 香港會計準則第16號(修訂本),「物業、廠房及設備:擬定用準則之所得款項」	1 January 2022 2022年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 37, <i>Onerous Contracts</i> — <i>Cost of Fulfilling a contract</i> 香港會計準則第37號(修訂本), <i>「虧損性合約 — 約成本」</i>	1 January 2022 2022年1月1日
Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle 香港財務報告準則2018至2020年之年度改進	1 January 2022 2022年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 1, Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current 香港會計準則第1號(修訂本),「負債歸類為流動或非流動」	1 January 2023 2023年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKFRS Practice Statement 2, <i>Disclosure of Accounting Policies</i> 香港會計準則第1號及香港財務報告準則實務報表第2號,「會計政策披露」	1 January 2023 2023年1月1日
Amendments to HKAS 8, Definition of Accounting Estimates 香港會計準則第8號(修訂本),「會計估計之定義」	1 January 2023 2023年1月1日

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (除另有説明外,以港元列示)

38 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021 (continued)

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

38 已頒佈但尚未於截至二零二一年三 月三十一日止年度生效之修訂、新 準則及詮釋可能構成之影響(續)

> 本集團正在評估這些修訂及新準 則在初次應用期間之影響。截至 目前,已確定若干方面可能對綜合 財務報表並無產生重大影響。

# Five-year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

The results of the Group for the last five financial years ended 31 March 2021 and the assets and liabilities of the Group as at 31 March 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020 and 2021 are as follows:

本集團截至二零二一年三月三十一日止 五個財政年度之業績,於二零一七年、 二零一八年、二零一九年、二零二零年 及二零二一年三月三十一日之資產及負 債如下:

#### **CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

#### 綜合業績

#### Year ended 31 March 截至三月三十一日止年度

2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
二零二一年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
千元	千元	千元	千元	千元
				(Restated)
				(已重列)
				Note 1
				附註1

D	ult 3	2 102 (17	2 002 200	2 (51 1(0	2.010.000	2 (00 020
Revenue	收入	3,192,617	2,902,208	2,651,169	2,919,880	2,699,838
Operating profit	經營溢利	533,131	380,780	315,837	264,191	220,469
Finance income	財務收入	4,613	4,462	2,743	1,542	1,058
Finance costs	財務成本	(7,975)	(24,858)	(19,187)	(14,883)	(11,579)
Share of profits of an associate	應佔聯營公司溢利	1,487	1,354	693	872	247
Profit before taxation	除税前溢利	531,256	361,738	300,086	251,722	210,195
Income tax	所得税	(165,975)	(111,472)	(78,700)	(34,015)	(20,642)
Profit for the year from	年度溢利來自持續					
continuing operations	經營業務	365,281	250,266	221,386	217,707	189,553
Loss for the year from	年度虧損來自已終止					
discontinued operations	經營業務		_		(35,414)	(21,341)
Profit for the year	年度溢利	365,281	250,266	221,386	182,293	168,212
Attributable to:	應佔:					
Equity shareholders of the	本公司權益持有人					
Company		365,281	250,266	221,386	182,563	168,333
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	_	_	_	(270)	(121)
		365,281	250,266	221,386	182,293	168,212

# Five-year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

- Note 1: The disposal of subsidiaries for the year ended 31 March 2018 constituted discontinued operations. In accordance with HKFRS 5, Non-current Assets Held for Sales and Discontinued Operations, the Group has re-presented the comparative information in 2017 in this regard.
- Note 2: The Group adopted HKFRS 9, Financial instruments, from 1 April 2018. As a result, the Group has changed its accounting policies in relation to financial instruments. As allowed by HKFRS 9, the Group has not restated information relating to prior years. Differences in the carrying amounts of the financial assets resulting from the adoption of HKFRS 9 were recognised in retained earnings and reserves at 1 April 2018. There was no difference in the carrying amounts of the financial liabilities. Prior to 1 April 2018, figures were stated in accordance with the policies applicable in those years.
- Note 3: The Group adopted HKFRS 16, *Leases*, with effect from 1 April 2019. As a result, the Group has changed its accounting policies in respect of the lessee accounting model. In accordance with the transitional provisions of the standard, the changes in accounting policies were adopted by way of opening balance adjustments to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 April 2019. After initial recognition of these assets and liabilities, the Group as a lessee was required to recognise interest expenses accrued on the outstanding balance of the lease liability, and the depreciation of the right-of-use asset, instead of the previous policy of recognising rental expenses incurred under operating leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Figures in years earlier than 2019 were stated in accordance with the policies applicable in those years.

- 附註1: 截至二零一八年三月三十一日止年度 出售附屬公司構成已終止經營業務。 根據香港財務報告準則第5號「銷售非 流動資產及已終止經營業務」,本集 團已就此於二零一七年重新呈列比較 資料。
- 附註2:本集團自二零一八年四月一日起採納香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」。因此,本集團已更改有關金融工具之會計政策。根據香港財務報告準則第9號之規定,本集團並無重列有關過往年度之資料。採納香港財務報告準則第9號產生之金融資產賬面值差異於二零一八年四月一日之前,資料繼續根據以往應用準則呈報。

# Five-year Financial Summary 五年財務摘要

#### **CONSOLIDATED ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

#### 綜合資產及負債

		At 31 March 於三月三十一日				
		2021	2020	2019 二零一九年	2018 二零一八年	2017 二零一十年
		<b>\$′000</b> 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元	\$′000 千元
ASSETS	資產					
Non-current assets Current assets	非流動資產 流動資產	901,480 2,749,957	893,289 2,125,496	867,636 1,596,282	900,492 1,743,125	853,555 1,482,949
Total assets	資產總值	3,651,437	3,018,785	2,463,918	2,643,617	2,336,504
		3,031,437	3,010,703	2,403,310	2,043,017	2,330,304
EQUITY	權益					
Share capital Reserves	股本 儲備	201,244 1,229,375	199,384 976,316	199,183 967,677	199,456 988,826	199,620 878,883
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益	1,430,619	1,175,700	1,166,860	1,188,282	1,078,503 (1,750)
Non-controlling interests	<u> </u>					(1,730)
Total equity	權益總值	1,430,619	1,175,700	1,166,860	1,188,282	1,076,753
LIABILITIES	負債					
Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	非流動負債 流動負債	632,330 1,588,488	838,550 1,004,535	564,815 732,243	502,588 952,747	504,875 754,876
Total liabilities	負債總值	2,220,818	1,843,085	1,297,058	1,455,335	1,259,751
Total equity and liabilities	權益及負債總值	3,651,437	3,018,785	2,463,918	2,643,617	2,336,504

# **Properties Held by the Group**

# 本集團持有之物業

As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

#### PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

#### 待沽在建物業

	Location 地點	Site area 土地面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	Lease expiry 租賃限期	Stage of Completion 發展進度	Percentage holding 持有百分比
1	No.47-1, Jiahui Lu, Youganpu Da Long Industrial District, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, The People's Republic of China (note 1) 中國廣東省東莞市鳳崗鎮 油甘埔大龍工業區嘉輝路47號-1 (附註1)	61,864	2085 二零八五年 (residential purpose) (住宅用地) 2055 二零五五年 (commercial purpose) (商業用地)	Under Construction 在建中	100%
2	Jin San Jiao Development Zone, Dongping Village, Zhangning Town, Boluo County, Huizhou City, Guangdong Province, The People's Republic of China (note 2) 中國廣東省惠州市博羅縣 長寧鎮東平村金三角開發區內地段 (附註2)	4,798	2087 二零八七年 (residential purpose) (住宅用地) 2057 二零五七年 (commercial purpose) (商業用地)	Under Construction 在建中	100%

#### Notes:

- Block 1 & 11 of Phase 4 of Castfast Villas were completed during the year ended 31 March 2021 and the remaining construction is expected to be completed in the fourth quarter of 2021.
- 2. The construction is expected to be completed in the first quarter of 2022.
- 附註:
- 高輝豪庭第四期之一號及十一號樓已於 截至二零二一年三月三十一日止年內竣 工,而其他工程預計於二零二一年第四 季竣工。
- 2. 工程預計於二零二二年第一季竣工。

# Properties Held by the Group 本集團持有之物業 As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

#### **COMPLETED PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE**

#### 待沽物業

	Location 地點	Unsold area 未售面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	Gross floor area 樓面面積 (sq.m.) (平方米)	Lease expiry 租賃限期	Percentage holding 持有百分比
1	Unit 25B, Sunlight Court, Castfast Villas, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, The People's Republic of China 中國廣東省東莞市鳳崗鎮 嘉輝豪庭日輝閣25樓B號	165	165	2062 二零六二年	100%
2	Unit 16A, Twilight Court, Castfast Villas, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, The People's Republic of China 中國廣東省東莞市鳳崗鎮 嘉輝豪庭彩輝閣16樓A號	148	148	2062 二零六二年	100%
3	Unit 25C, Skylight Court, Castfast Villas, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, The People's Republic of China 中國廣東省東莞市鳳崗鎮 嘉輝豪庭雲輝閣25樓C號	143	143	2062 二零六二年	100%
4	Block 1 & 11, Phase 4, Castfast Villas, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province, The People's Republic of China中國廣東省東莞市鳳崗鎮嘉輝豪庭第四期「逸峯」 一號及十一號樓	7,090	11,033	2085 二零八五年 (residential purpose) (住宅用地) 2055 二零五五年 (commercial purpose) (商業用地)	100%

# **Properties Held by the Group**

# 本集團持有之物業

As at 31 March 2021 於二零二一年三月三十一日

#### **PROPERTIES HELD FOR INVESTMENT**

#### 物業持作投資

	Location 地點	Existing use 用途	Percentage holding 持有百分比
1	East of Jingyi Road and South of Wenzhuang Road, Yixing Economic Development Zone, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, The People's Republic of China 中國江蘇省無錫市 宜興經濟開發區文莊路南側 荊邑路東側	idle 空置	100%
2	Wenzhuang Road, Yixing Economic Development Zone, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, The People's Republic of China 中國江蘇省無錫市 宜興經濟開發區文莊路	idle 空置	100%

Note:The above properties are either freehold, held on long or 附註:以上物業為租賃土地、長期契約及中 medium-term leases or have no specified lease term.

期契約持有或沒有指定租賃期。

