

金輪天地控股有限公司 **GOLDEN WHEEL TIANDI HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED**

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(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) (incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) 股份代號 Stock Code: 1232

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公司資料 Corporate Information

董事會

執行董事

王欽賢先生(*主席*) 王錦輝先生(*副主席兼行政總裁*) 王錦強先生(*常務副總裁*) Tjie Tjin Fung先生(*副主席*) Janata David 先生

非執行董事

Suwita Janata先生 (*副主席)* Gunawan Kiky先生

獨立非執行董事

黃英來先生 李達生先生 黃楚基先生 李思強先生

公司秘書

李煒恩女士

授權代表

王錦輝先生 李煒恩女士

審核委員會

李思強先生(*主席*) 李達生先生 黃楚基先生

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Wong Yam Yin (Chairman) Mr. Wong Kam Fai (Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (Standing Vice President) Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung (Vice Chairman) Mr. Janata David

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Suwita Janata (Vice Chairman) Mr. Gunawan Kiky

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Ying Loi Mr. Lie Tak Sen Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie Mr. Li Sze Keung

COMPANY SECRETARY

Ms. Lee Wai Yan

AUTHORISED REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. Wong Kam Fai Ms. Lee Wai Yan

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Li Sze Keung *(Chairman)* Mr. Lie Tak Sen Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie

薪酬委員會

黃楚基先生(主席) 王錦輝先生 李達生先生

提名委員會

王欽賢先生(主席) 黃英來先生 李思強先生

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 執業會計師 根據財務匯報局條例註冊的 公眾利益實體核數師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

註冊辦事處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

中國總部及主要營業地點

中國 南京市 漢中路8號 金輪國際廣場33樓

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Kam Fai Mr. Lie Tak Sen

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Wong Yam Yin *(Chairman)* Mr. Wong Ying Loi Mr. Li Sze Keung

AUDITOR

KPMG Certified Public Accountants Public Interest Entity Auditor registered in accordance with the Financial Reporting Council Ordinance 8/F, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

REGISTERED OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

HEADQUARTERS AND PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS IN CHINA

33/F, Golden Wheel International Plaza No. 8, Hanzhong Road Nanjing China

香港營業地點

香港 炮台山 電氣道169號 理文商業中心18樓A室

主要往來銀行

中國銀行 中國銀行(香港) 江蘇銀行 恒生銀行有限公司 香港上海滙豐銀行有限公司

法律顧問

諾頓羅氏香港 香港 中環 康樂廣場1號 怡和大廈38樓

Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P. O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

主要股份過戶登記處

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PLACE OF BUSINESS IN HONG KONG

Unit A, 18/F, Lee & Man Commercial Center 169 Electric Road Fortress Hill Hong Kong

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Bank of China Bank of China (Hong Kong) Bank of Jiangsu Hang Seng Bank Limited Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation Limited

LEGAL ADVISORS

Norton Rose Fulbright Hong Kong 38/F Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Central Hong Kong

Conyers Dill & Pearman (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P. O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Conyers Trust Company (Cayman) Limited Cricket Square Hutchins Drive P.O. Box 2681 Grand Cayman KY1-1111 Cayman Islands

公司資料 Corporate Information

香港股份過戶登記處

香港中央證券登記有限公司 香港 灣仔 皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓 1712-1716室

投資者及公眾關係

IR@gwtd.com.hk

股份代號

1232

網站

www.gwtd.com.hk

HONG KONG SHARE REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited Shops 1712–1716 17/F, Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai Hong Kong

INVESTOR AND PUBLIC RELATIONS

IR@gwtd.com.hk

STOCK CODE

1232

WEBSITE

www.gwtd.com.hk



尊敬的各位股東:

本人謹代表金輪天地控股有限公司(「金輪天地」 或「本公司」)與其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)董 事(「董事」)會(「董事會」)欣然向各位股東提呈 金輪天地截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度(「年內」)的全年業績。

2020庚子年,這個人類歷史上特殊的一年,終 於悄然過去了。去年來勢洶湧的新型冠狀病毒 疫情,在短短不到一個月的時間席捲全球,給 中國乃致全球經濟運行和人民生活帶來了巨大 的創傷和災難。

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of Golden Wheel Tiandi Holdings Company Limited ("Golden Wheel" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group"), I am pleased to present the annual results of Golden Wheel for the year ended 31 December 2020 (the "Year") to our shareholders.

The year of 2020 is a special year in human history, as COVID-19 swept the world in less than a month, causing heavy losses and damage to the economic development and people's lives in China and the rest of the world.

在這個世界人民銘刻記憶深處的痛苦年份,金 輪公司同樣也受到巨大的沖擊,巨大的考驗, 以及付出了巨大的代價!

回想金輪天地走過的不平凡二十七年,我們有 喜悦也有擔憂,有成功也有過失,但是很可喜 的是由於我們有廣大股東們的無限信任和愛護, 有董事會的全力支持和關心,更重要的是我們 有一支優秀的團隊,發揮了智慧,奉獻了精力, 從而克服了一個個艱難險阻,使公司一步步走 到了今天的成功旅程。

在今後的2021以及2022的兩年,我們將以「改 革」、「實幹」、「突破」、「期望」為指導,扎扎實 實地努力執行這個目標。這真的是要有「雄關漫 道真如鐵,而今邁步從頭越」的氣魄和決心。這 是非常需要全體金輪團隊要有堅定的信心,堅 強拼博,盡心盡力,齊心協力,同舟共濟,榮辱 共享的精神,來實現公司這個艱巨而理想的目標。 In 2020, a year with hardships and memorable experiences for the people throughout the world, Golden Wheel has suffered a huge impact, faced severe challenges, and paid a heavy price.

Looking back on the extraordinary 27 years since the incorporation of Golden Wheel, we have joy and sorrow, as well as achievements and failures. But happily, we have overcome obstacles and reaped successes through down-to-earth efforts, thanks to the unlimited trust and care from our shareholders, the full support from the Board, and more importantly, our excellent teams with wisdom and dedication.

Looking into 2021 and 2022, guided by the principles of "reform", "solid work", "breakthrough" and "expectation", we will endeavor to achieve the objective, which essentially requires courage and determination, as entailed in the poem "the strong pass of the enemy is like a wall of iron, yet with firm strides, we are conquering its summit". To accomplish this tough and desirable objective, all teams of Golden Wheel should have strong belief, do the utmost, always keep solidarity, pull together in times of adversity, and share weal and woe.



株洲金輪津橋華府 Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu

主席報告 **Chairman's Statement**

我期望在兩年後的今天,重開總結會時,我們 公司金輪人能夠驕傲的看到公司「以人為本,穩 健進取,誠信務實,成就美好生活」的宗旨發出 了更加光輝燦爛,更加光彩絢麗的輝煌。

I hope that when we hold the summing-up meeting two years later, we all can be proud to recognize the track record achieved by Golden Wheel which embraces the management philosophy of "making life more enjoyable through people-oriented, enterprising and pragmatic development".

最後祝大家家庭幸福!事業進步!萬事順意!

Finally, I wish all of you a happy family life and a successful career, and may you have good luck in everything.

主席 王欽賢

Wong Yam Yin Chairman

二零二一年三月三十日

30 March 2021



Nanjing Golden Wheel Galaxy Center

南京 NANJING

已竣工物業 Completed properties

- •金輪國際廣場 Golden Wheel International Plaza
- •金輪華爾茲 Golden Wheel Waltz
- 金輪大廈 Golden Wheel Building
- •金輪翠庭園 Golden Wheel Green Garden
- •南京翡翠名園 Nanjing Jade Garden
- •金輪新都匯 Golden Wheel New Metro
- •金輪星光名座 Golden Wheel Star Plaza
- •金輪星立方Golden Wheel Star-cube
- •金輪津橋華府Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu
- •金輪雙子星廣場 Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza
- •南京時光山湖 Nanjing Shiguang Shanhu

開發中物業 Properties under development

- •南京金輪峰華名座 Nanjing Golden Wheel Romantic Tower
- •南京金輪水映華庭 Nanjing Golden Wheel Shuiying Hua Ting
- •南京金輪翠雍華庭 Nanjing Golden Wheel Cuiyong Hua Ting
- •南京金輪星際中心Nanjing Golden Wheel Galaxy Center

酒店營運及管理 Hotel operation and management

•南京金輪亞朵酒店Nanjing Golden Wheel Atour Hotel

- 地鐵租賃 Metro leasing
- •1個站點1 metro station

揚州 YANGZHOU

已竣工物業 Completed properties

- •揚州金輪星城 Yangzhou Golden Wheel Star City
- •揚州寶龍金輪廣場
- Yangzhou Powerlong Golden Wheel Plaza •揚州蝶翠園 Yangzhou Lakeside Emerald House

開發中物業 Properties under development

- •揚州萬科未來之光 Yangzhou Vanke Future Light
- •揚州金灣1號 Yangzhou No.1 Golden Bay
- •揚州開宸園 Yangzhou Kaichen Mansion

湖南 HUNAN



蘇州 SUZHOU

地鐵租賃 Metro leasing

• 5個站點 5 metro stations

無錫 WUXI

- 已竣工物業 Completed properties
- •無錫金輪星光名座 Wuxi Golden Wheel Star Plaza
- 無錫金輪湖曉蘭庭
- Wuxi Golden Wheel Lakeside Orchid Garden
- 開發中物業 Properties under development
- 無錫金輪星空間
- Wuxi Golden Wheel Starry Plaza

地鐵租賃 Metro leasing

 12個站點(8個站點尚未營運) 12 metro stations (8 metro stations not yet operated)

當州 CHANGZHOU

- 已竣工物業 Completed properties
- •常州君望甲第 Changzhou Junwang Jia Di

徐州 XUZHOU

地鐵租賃 Metro leasing

•1個站點(尚未營運)1 metro station (not yet operated)

連雲港 LIAN YUNGANG

開發中物業 Properties under development

- •金輪尚都時代天階 Golden Wheel Shangdu Age City Mansion
- •尚都峰璟 Shangdu Fengjing • 雲悦星宸 Galaxy Light

黄山 HUANGSHAN

- 開發中物業 Properties under development
- •港龍君望 Ganglong Majestic Mansion

香港 HONG KONG

- 已竣工物業 Completed properties
- •金輪天地 Golden Wheel Plaza

香港 HONG KONG

- 長沙 CHANGSHA
- 已竣工物業 Completed properties • 長沙金輪星光名座 Changsha Golden Wheel Star Plaza
- 地鐵租賃 Metro leasing
- •5個站點(尚未運營)5 metro stations (not yet operated)

株洲 ZHUZHOU

已竣工物業 Completed properties

- •金輪時代廣場 Golden Wheel Time Square
- •株洲金輪翡翠名園 Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jade Garden
- •株洲金輪津橋華府(一期) Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu (Phase I)

開發中物業 Properties under development

•株洲金輪津橋華府(二期) Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu (Phase II) 🥚

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XUZHOU 揚州 YANGZHOU 無錫 南京 WUXI NANJING 常州 蘇洲 CHANGZHOU

連雲港

LIAN YUNGANG

江蘇 **HANGSU**

徐州

SUZHOU



HUANGSHAN

湖南

HUNAN



業務回顧

整體概覽

自二零一九年十二月以來,新冠肺炎疫情已經 擴散到全中國以及全球。本集團的業務,尤其 是物業租賃及酒店營運受疫情影響尤為嚴重。 於二零二零年上半年,尤其是二零二零年第一 季度,為控制疫情的傳播,按照規定建築活動 及銷售活動相繼暫停,中國的房地產市場遭受 了嚴重挫折。

自二零二零年第二季度伊始,繼中國大部分城 市的疫情防控取得成功後,市場情緒逐步回升, 本集團加快推出其預售項目。因此,本集團於 年內的合約銷售額創歷史新高。截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度,本集團及其合營企 業及聯營公司的合約銷售總額及權益合約銷售 額分別達到人民幣4,081.0百萬元及人民幣3,234.4 百萬元,較二零一九年分別高出17.2%及25.7%。

於二零二零年上半年,COVID-19疫情的爆發對 本集團的物業租賃及酒店營運業務產生了重大 影響。本集團自願向承租人授出租金豁免,且 本集團於中國的酒店應當地政府部門要求亦臨 時停業數月。加之於二零一九年十二月出售香 港西九龍絲麗酒店,本集團的物業租賃及酒店 營運業務的收益不可避免地較二零一九年減少 11.7%。幸而業務在二零二零年第二季度逐步恢 復正常。因此,本集團認為COVID-19疫情的影 響正在減弱,我們的租賃及酒店業務能夠在二 零二一年及其後逐步擴展。

合約銷售

本集團現有13個在售項目。年內,本集團推出 三個新預售項目(即無錫金輪星空間、揚州金 灣1號及南京金輪星際中心)。截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度,本集團與其合營企業 及聯營公司實現合約銷售總額及合約銷售面積 分別達約人民幣40.8億元(二零一九年:人民 幣34.8億元)及約327,204平方米(二零一九年: 288,574平方米)。

BUSINESS REVIEW

Overall review

Since December 2019, the coronavirus outbreak has spread across China and worldwide. The Group's business, especially property leasing and hotel operation, has been significantly affected by the pandemic. During the first half of 2020, especially in the first quarter of 2020, China's property market suffered a critical setback as both construction activities and sales activities were required to be suspended in order to contain the spread of the pandemic.

Starting from the second quarter of 2020, after the successful containment of the pandemic in most of the cities in China, market sentiment has gradually improved, and the Group accelerated the launch of its pre-sales projects. As a result, the Group has achieved a record high contracted sales during the Year. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group and its joint ventures and associates achieved total contracted sales and attributable contracted sales amounting to RMB4,081.0 million and RMB3,234.4 million, respectively, which were 17.2% and 25.7% higher than the corresponding year of 2019, respectively.

Property leasing and hotel operation business of the Group have been largely affected by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic in the first half of 2020. The Group voluntarily granted rental waivers to its lessees and the Group's hotels in China were also temporarily closed for a few months as required by the local government authorities. Together with the disposal of the Silka West Kowloon Hotel in Hong Kong in December 2019, the Group's revenue in property leasing and hotel operation business had inevitably recorded a decrease of 11.7% when compared to the corresponding year of 2019. Fortunately, businesses have gradually resumed normal in the second half of 2020 and therefore, the Group believed that the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic is subsiding and our leasing and hotel businesses should be able to expand gradually in 2021 and beyond.

Contracted sales

The Group currently has 13 projects on sale. During the year, the Group has launched the pre-sale of three new projects, namely, Wuxi Golden Wheel Starry Plaza, Yangzhou No. 1 Golden Bay and Nanjing Golden Wheel Galaxy Center. For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group and its joint ventures and associates achieved total contracted sales value and contracted sales area of approximately RMB4.08 billion (2019: RMB3.48 billion) and approximately 327,204 sq.m. (2019: 288,574 sq.m.), respectively.

二零二零年的竣工項目

本集團原計劃於二零二零年竣工及交付四個新 項目。不幸受到COVID-19疫情影響,本集團僅 竣工及交付株洲金輪津橋華府(一期)及香港金 輪天地兩個項目。新竣工項目的可銷售總建築 面積(「建築面積」)約為124,219平方米。於二零 二零年十二月三十一日,該新竣工項目已出售 及交付,總建築面積約99,891平方米。

二零二零年於中國內地收購的新地塊

因受到COVID-19疫情影響,本集團於二零二零 年的地塊收購上採取更為審慎的方式。因此, 本集團並無收購任何新地塊,而是投資五家聯 營公司,資金約為人民幣350百萬元。該等五家 聯營公司的住宅項目獲得投資,可銷售總建築 面積為479,434平方米。本集團於該等合營企業 的股權介乎10%至37%。

本集團的土地儲備

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團總土地 儲備為約1,825,912平方米,其中包括約115,246 平方米已竣工但未售出物業、約12,842平方米 自用物業、約189,204平方米已竣工投資物業、 約788,195平方米開發中物業及約720,425平方米 合營企業及聯營公司開發物業。

下表載列本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日 的房地產項目概覽:

Projects completed during 2020

The Group originally planned to complete and deliver four new projects in 2020. Unfortunately, as affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group had only managed to complete and deliver two projects, namely, Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu Phase I and Golden Wheel Plaza in Hong Kong. Aggregate saleable gross floor area ("GFA") of the newly completed project amounted to approximately 124,219 sq.m. As at 31 December 2020, an aggregate GFA of approximately 99,891 sq.m. of this newly completed project was sold and delivered.

New land acquired during 2020 in mainland China

As affected by the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group adopted a more prudent approach in land acquisition during 2020. As a result, the Group did not acquire any new land but invested in five associates with a capital amount of approximately RMB350 million. These five associates all invested in residential projects with a total saleable GFA of 479,434 sq.m. The equity interests of the Group in these joint ventures ranged from 10% to 37%.

Land bank of the Group

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had a total land bank of approximately 1,825,912 sq.m., including approximately 115,246 sq.m. of completed but unsold properties, approximately 12,842 sq.m. of own used properties, approximately 189,204 sq.m. of completed investment properties, approximately 788,195 sq.m. of properties under development and approximately 720,425 sq.m. of properties developed by the joint ventures and associates.

The following table sets forth an overview of the Group's property projects as at 31 December 2020:

本集團附屬公司之項目	城市	地盤面積	實際/估計 建設 施工日期 Actual/ estimated	實際/估計 建設 竣工日期 Actual/ estimated	竣工比例	未售總 建築面積/ 總建築面積	持作本公司 自用的 建築面積	投資物業 建築面積
Projects by subsidiaries of the Group	City	Site area 平方米 sq.m.	construction commencement date 年/月 month/year	construction completion date 年/月 month/year	Percentage of completion	Total unsold GFA/ Total GFA 平方米 sq.m.	GFA held for Company's own use 平方米 sq.m.	Investment properties GFA 平方米 sq.m.
已竣工物業 Completed properties 金輪國際廣場 Golden Wheel International Plaza	南京 Nanjing	11,341	零四年七月 Jul-04	零九年一月 Jan-09	100%	2,022	2,535	33,197

本集團附屬公司之項目	城市	地盤面積	實際/估計 建設 施工日期 Actual/	實際/估計 建設 竣工日期 Actual/	竣工比例	未售總 建築面積/ 總建築面積	持作本公司 自用的 建築面積	投資物業 建築面積
			estimated	estimated				
Projects by subsidiaries of the Group	City	Site area 平方米 sq.m.	construction commencement date 年/月 month/year	construction completion date 年/月 month/year	Percentage of completion	Total unsold GFA/ Total GFA 平方米 sq.m.	GFA held for Company's own use 平方米 sq.m.	Investment properties GFA 平方米 sq.m.
金輪華爾茲	南京	2.046	零八年一月	一零年二月	100%			2.666
並 柵 半 闷 茲 Golden Wheel Waltz		2,046			100%	-	-	2,444
Golden Wheel Waltz 金輪大廈	Nanjing 南京	6010	Jan-08 零一年五月	Feb-10 零三年二月	1000			1 /5 /
		4,918			100%	-	-	1,454
Golden Wheel Building △ 齡 翌 房 周	Nanjing 南京	10.22/	May-01 零一年八月	Feb-03 零二年九月	1000			1.001
金輪翠庭園	南京	10,334			100%	-	-	1,021
Golden Wheel Green Garden	Nanjing HI Ju	01 (15	Aug-01 電力伝力日	Sep-02	10000	5 005		2.005
金輪星城	揚州	81,615	零八年八月	一四年三月	100%	5,985	-	3,995
Golden Wheel Star City	Yangzhou		Aug-08	Mar-14				
金輪時代廣場	株洲	13,501	零九年五月	一二年四月	100%	185	-	32,903
Golden Wheel Time Square	Zhuzhou		May-09	Apr-12				
南京翡翠名園	南京	7,212	一一年一月	一三年十二月	100%	-	-	3,436
Nanjing Jade Garden 金輪新都匯	Nanjing 南京	9,218	Jan-11 一一年八月	Dec-13 一三年十二月	100%	243	_	18,357
Golden Wheel New Metro	Nanjing		Aug-11	Dec-13				
金輪星光名座	南京	29,540	一一年十一月	一四年六月	100%	2,060	-	528
Golden Wheel Star Plaza	Nanjing		Nov-11	Jun-14				
株洲金輪翡翠名園	株洲	45,645	一四年十二月	一八年十二月	100%	9,324	-	2,396
Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jade Garden	Zhuzhou		Dec-14	Dec-18				
無錫金輪星光名座	無錫	31,981	一四年十二月	一六年十二月	100%	4,841	-	20,153
Wuxi Golden Wheel Star Plaza	Wuxi		Dec-14	Dec-16				
金輪星立方	南京	18,300	一四年十二月	一六年十二月	100%	403	-	2,731
Golden Wheel Star-cube	Nanjing		Dec-14	Dec-16				
金輪津橋華府	南京	46,228	一四年十二月	一七年十二月	100%	5,260	-	3,350
Golden Wheel JinQiao Huafu	Nanjing		Dec-14	Dec-17				
長沙金輪星光名座	長沙	37,152	一四年十二月	一七年十二月	100%	21,884	10,307	18,233
Changsha Golden Wheel Star Plaza	Changsha		Dec-14	Dec-17				
揚州蝶翠園	揚州	10,682	一七年六月	一九年五月	100%	12,086	-	626
Yangzhou Lakeside Emerald House	Yangzhou		Jun-17	May-19				
金輪雙子星廣場	南京	9,588	一四年十二月	一九年十二月	100%	481	-	44,380
Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza	Nanjing		Dec-14	Dec-19				
無錫金輪湖曉蘭庭	無錫	70,989	一七年十二月	一九年十二月	100%	26,478	-	-
Wuxi Golden Wheel Lakeside Orchid Garden	Wuxi		Dec-17	Dec-19				

本集團附屬公司之項目 Projects by subsidiaries of the Group	城市 City	地盤面積 Site area	實際/估計 建設 施工日期 Actual/ estimated construction commencement date	實際/估計 建設 竣工日期 Actual/ estimated construction completion date	竣工比例 Percentage of completion	未售總 建築面積/ 總建築面積 Total unsold GFA/ Total GFA	持作本公司 自用的 建築面積 GFA held for Company's own use	投資物業 建築面積 Investment properties GFA
		平方米 sq.m.	年/月 month/year	年/月 month/year		平方米 sq.m.	平方米 sq.m.	平方米 sq.m.
金輪天地	香港	322	一八年五月	二零年七月	100%	4,828	-	-
Golden Wheel Plaza	Hong Kong		May-18	Jul-20				
株洲金輪津橋華府 (一期) Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu (Phase I)	株洲 Zhuzhou	54,793	一八年五月 Mar-18	二零年十二月 Dec-20	100%	19,166	-	-
Endenoù Ooden wieer jingao maard (maach)	-			Dit-20				
小計 Subtoral	-	495,405	_			115,246	12,842	189,204
開發中物業 Properties under development 南京金輪峰華名座	南京	7 502	一七年十二月	二一年六月	05.04	20.244		
雨示立調呼半台座 Nanjing Golden Wheel Romantic Tower	雨亦 Nanjing	7,593	山中丁二万 Dec-17	— 十八万 Jun-21	95%	38,244	-	-
株洲金輪津橋華府(二期)	株洲	37,382	一八年三月	二二年六月	65%	170,596	-	-
Zhuzhou Golden Wheel JinQiao Huafu (Phase II) 南京金輪水映華庭	Zhuzhou 南京	32,927	Mar-18 一八年四月	Jun-22 二一年一月	99%	76,217	-	-
Nanjing Golden Wheel Shuiying Hua Ting 南京金輪翠雍華庭	Nanjing 南京	59,722	Apr-18 一九年四月	Jan-21 二一年十二月	80%	115,282	-	2,500
Nanjing Golden Wheel Cuiyong Hua Ting	Nanjing 4777 AH	27 (70	Apr-19 一九年五月	Dec-21	5000			45.00-
無錫金輪星空間 Wuxi Golden Wheel Starry Plaza	無錫 Wuxi	27,470	一九年五月 May-19	二二年六月 Jun-22	50%	99,039	-	15,097
南京金輪星際中心	南京	101,845	二零年二月	二二年十二月	10%	195,353	-	46,647
Nanjing Golden Wheel Galaxy Center 揚州金灣1號	Nanjing 揚州	19,890	Feb-20 二零年一月	Dec-22 二二年十二月	60%	29,220	_	_
Yangzhou No. 1 Golden Bay	Yangzhou		Jan-20	Dec-22				
小計 Subtotal	_	286,829	_			723,951	-	64,244
總計 Total		782,234				839,197	12,842	253,448

合營企業及聯營公司之項目	城市	地盤面積	實際/估計 建設 施工日期 Actual/ estimated	實際/估計 建設 竣工日期 Actual/ estimated	竣工比例	未售總 建築面積/ 總建築面積	持作本公司 自用的 建築面積	投資物業 建築面積
Projects by joint ventures and associates	City	Site area <i>平方米</i>	construction commencement date 年/月	construction completion date 年/月	Percentage of completion	Total unsold GFA/ Total GFA 平方米	GFA held for Company's own use 平方米	Investment properties GFA 平方米
		sq.m.	month/year	month/year		sq.m.	sq.m.	sq.m.
揚州寶龍金輪廣場	揚州	61,275	一四年十二月	一六年十二月	100%	44,404	-	65,400
Yangzhou Powerlong Golden Wheel Plaza ^{Noze 1} 南京時光山湖 ^{略註2}	Yangzhou 南京	14,338	Dec-14 一七年十月	Dec-16 一九年七月	100%	3,540	_	_
Nanjing Shiguang Shanhu ^{Nore 2} 常州君望甲第 ^{期註 3}	Nanjing 常州	67,225	Oct-17 一七年十二月	Jul-19 二零年五月	100%	42,800	-	_
Changzhou Junwang Jia Di ^{Note 3} 揚州萬科未來之光 ^{明註4}	Changzhou 揚州	47,137	Dec-17 一八年六月	May-20 二一年四月	80%	84,847	-	_
Yangzhou Vanke Future Light ^{Note 4} 金輪尚都時代天階 ^{用註5}	Yangzhou 連雲港	72,296	Jun-18 二一年一月	Apr-21 二四年十二月	0%	158,695	-	-
Golden Wheel Shangdu Age City Mansion ^{Noe.5} 尚都峰璟 ^{朋族6}	Lianyungang 連雲港	17,605	Jan-21 二零年四月	Dec-24 二三年十二月	20%	56,092	_	_
Shangdu Fengjing ^{Nore 6} 港龍君望 ^{期註7, 10}	Lianyungang 黄山	46,780	Apr-20 二零年十一月	Dec-23 二四年六月	1%	70,170	_	_
Ganglong Majestic Mansion ^{Note 7,10} 雲悦星宸 ^{明註8,10}	Huangshan 連雲港	41,478	Nov-20 二一年一月	Jun-24 二四年六月	0%	99,651	_	-
Galaxy Light ^{Noce 8,10} 揚州開宸園 ^{開註9}	Lianyungang 揚州	57,548	Jan-21 二一年二月	Jun-24 二三年十二月	0%	94,826	_	_
Yangzhou Kaichen Mansion Note 9	Yangzhou		Feb-21	Dec-23				
總計 Total		425,682				655,025	-	65,400
附註:	_		Notes:					
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1	該項目由本集團擁有49%股權之合營企業開發。
2	該項目由本集團擁有25%股權之聯營公司開發。
3	該項目由本集團擁有13.33%股權之聯營公司開發。
4	該項目由本集團擁有20%股權之合營企業開發。
5	該項目由本集團擁有37%股權之聯營公司開發。
6	該項目由本集團擁有10%股權之聯營公司開發。
7	該項目由本集團擁有20%股權之聯營公司開發。
8	該項目由本集團擁有12.58%股權之聯營公司開發。
9	該項目由本集團擁有24.5%股權之聯營公司開發。
10	該聯營公司正在辦理股權變更手續中。

The project is developed by a joint venture company in which the Group has a 49% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 25% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 13.33% interest. The project is developed by a joint venture company in which the Group has a 20% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 37% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 37% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 10% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 20% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 20% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 20% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 20% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 20% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 21.55% interest. The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 24.5% interest. The associate company is in the process of changing its equity shareholding. 二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有約 788,195平方米的土地儲備正在開發。於該等土 地當中,約285,687平方米、283,707平方米、 154,557平方米及64,244平方米分別作為住宅、 商業及辦公室、停車場以及投資物業用途。

物業銷售

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團來自物業銷售的收益達約人民幣1,144.5百萬 元,約132,373平方米的總建築面積已售出及交 付。該等已售物業的平均銷售價格達每平方米 約人民幣9,521元。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,未確認合約銷 售總額為人民幣32億元。該未確認合約銷售額 預期將於二零二一年及二零二二年相關項目完 工並交付時予以確認。

物業租賃

於二零二零年最後一個季度,一個總建築面積 15,774平方米的新購物中心-南京金輪雙子星 廣場開業。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,這 個新購物中心已將其可出租總面積的90%以上 租出。

由於COVID-19疫情的爆發,本集團自願免除其 承租人約一到三個月的租金,以緩解本集團客 戶的財務壓力及維繫客戶關係。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有已 竣工總建築面積約189,204平方米之投資物業。 本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日投資物業 之平均出租率約為80%。

地鐵租賃及營運管理業務

於二零二零年三月,本集團與無錫地鐵資源開 發有限公司成立了一間附屬公司無錫地鐵商業 發展有限公司。本集團於該附屬公司的股權為 60%。於年內,該附屬公司與當地政府部門就無 錫地鐵3號線及4號線八個站台的地下商業空間 訂立租賃及經營管理合約,期限為期10年。這 八個站台的總建築面積約為45,500平方米。 As at 31 December 2020, the Group had a land bank of approximately 788,195 sq.m. under development. Among these parcels of land, approximately 285,687 sq.m., 283,707 sq.m., 154,557 sq.m. and 64,244 sq.m. are for residential, commercial and office, car park and investment properties purposes, respectively.

Property sales

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's revenue from sales of properties amounted to approximately RMB1,144.5 million with an aggregate GFA of approximately 132,373 sq.m. being sold and delivered. The average selling price of these sold properties amounted to approximately RMB9,521 per sq.m.

As at 31 December 2020, there were total unrecognized contracted sales of RMB3.2 billion. The unrecognized contracted sales are expected to be recognized in 2021 and 2022 as and when the related projects are completed and delivered.

Property leasing

In the last quarter of 2020, a new shopping mall with a total GFA of 15,774 sq.m., namely, Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza, was opened. As at 31 December 2020, this new shopping mall has already leased out over 90% of its total leasable area.

As a result of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group had voluntarily granted rental waivers of around one to three months to its lessees with an aim to ease the financial pressure on the Group's customers and to maintain customer relationship.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had completed investment properties with a total GFA of approximately 189,204 sq.m. The average occupancy rate of the Group's investment properties as at 31 December 2020 was around 80%.

Metro leasing and operational management business

In March 2020, the Group has established a subsidiary, namely, Wuxi Metro City Commercial Management Company Ltd, with Wuxi Metro Resource Development Company. The Group's equity interest in the subsidiary is 60%. During the Year, the subsidiary had signed a leasing and operational management contract with the local authority in relation to the underground commercial space in eight stations on Wuxi Metro Lines 3 and 4 for a term of 10 years. The total GFA of these eight stations amounted to approximately 45,500 sq.m. 於二零二零年十二月,本集團成功中標徐州地 鐵1號線一個站點的附屬商業空間的租賃及營 運管理合約,期限為15年。該站台商業空間的 可租賃總建築面積為14,750平方米。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團於中國 五個城市(即南京、蘇州、無錫、長沙及徐州) 擁有24個地鐵站購物中心的租賃及營運管理合約,總建築面積超過128,150平方米。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,地鐵站購物中 心正在運營,整體出租率超過90%。

鑑於其巨大的增長潛力,本集團將繼續於不同 城市積極競投更多地鐵購物中心租賃及營運管 理合約,並樂觀認為本集團將於日後獲得更多 此類合約。

酒店營運

本集團於二零一九年十二月完成出售香港西九 龍絲麗酒店。年內,由於COVID-19疫情的爆發, 按照地方政府部門的規定,本集團於中國的酒 店經營臨時停業逾兩個月。因此,本集團截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的酒店收入 大幅減少。

本集團的新酒店,揚州金輪希爾頓歡朋酒店, 於二零二零年十月開業。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團營運 三間酒店,即南京金輪亞朵酒店、長沙金輪希 爾頓歡朋酒店及揚州金輪希爾頓歡朋酒店。 該三間酒店的房間總數為445間。該三間酒店 於二零二零年的平均客房入住率為80%。隨著 COVID-19疫情逐漸得到控制,平均客房入住率 於二零二零年十二月攀升至90%。 In December 2020, the Group succeeded in the bidding for the leasing and operational management contract in relation to the ancillary commercial space in one station on Xuzhou Metro Line 1 for a term of 15 years. The total leasable GFA of the commercial space of this station amounted to 14,750 sq.m.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had leasing and operational management contracts of 24 metro station shopping malls in five cities in China, namely, Nanjing, Suzhou, Wuxi, Changsha and Xuzhou. The Group had a total GFA of over 128,150 sq.m.

As at 31 December 2020, metro station shopping malls were under operations and the overall occupancy rate was over 90%.

In view of its potential higher growth, the Group will continue to actively bid for more leasing and operational management contracts of metro station shopping malls in different cities and is optimistic that the Group will obtain more contracts of this kind in the future.

Hotel operation

The Group completed the disposal of the Silka West Kowloon Hotel in Hong Kong in December 2019. During the Year, the Group's hotel operation in China was temporarily closed for more than two months as required by the local government authorities as a result of the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. As such, the Group's hotel income for year ended 31 December 2020 had reduced significantly.

The Group's new hotel, Golden Wheel Hampton by Hilton in Yangzhou, commenced operation in October 2020.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had three hotels under operation, namely, Nanjing Golden Wheel Atour Hotel in Nanjing, Golden Wheel Hampton by Hilton in Changsha and Golden Wheel Hampton by Hilton in Yangzhou. The total number of rooms for these three hotels amounted to 445. The average room occupancy rate of these three hotels in 2020 was 80%. As the COVID-19 pandemic became more contained, such rate climbed up to 90% in December 2020.

所持重大投資

本集團不時考慮符合本集團及股東之整體利益 的適宜投資機會。於二零二零年七月十四日, 本集團以每股3.93港元的認購價認購了港龍中 國地產集團有限公司(「港龍中國地產」)(股份代 號: 6968) 就於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交 所」)上市而發行的20,000,000股全球發售股份。 本集團支付的總代價約為79.393.000港元。由於 港龍中國地產為中華人民共和國(「中國」)著名 的物業開發商且本集團對中國物業市場增長持 樂觀態度,董事會認為港龍中國地產具備增長 潛力及前景, 並認為該項投資乃本集團進一步 投資中國物業市場之良機。於二零二零年十二 月三日及二零二一年三月二十五日,本集團分 別按每股4.01港元及每股4.48港元的平均價格 出售港龍中國地產的10,000,000股及4,500,000股 股份。出售的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二一 年三月二十五日的公告。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團擁有廈 門國際銀行股份有限公司的34百萬股非上市權 益股份及港龍中國地產的10百萬股上市權益股 份,賬面值分別為人民幣192.4百萬元及人民幣 39.0百萬元。

於香港的首個房地產開發項目

本集團於香港的首個商業項目已竣工並於二零 二零年七月取得佔用許可證。該項目鄰近港鐵 天后站,乃為總建築面積約51,975平方呎的商 業大廈。

COVID-19疫情的爆發對香港的經濟和商業活動 造成了嚴重的影響,導致寫字樓的空置率增加 及辦公室和零售店舖的租金收入減少。因此, 該項目於二零二零年下半年啟動,且本集團於 出租單位時面臨更大的困難。然而,通過我們 香港市場營銷團隊的努力,截至本年報日期, 該項目60%以上的單位已出租。

Significant investments held

The Group considers desirable investment opportunities from time to time, which are in the interests of the Group and its shareholders as a whole. On 14 July 2020, the Group subscribed for 20,000,000 shares of Ganglong China Property Group Limited ("Ganglong China Property") (Stock Code: 6968) at the subscription price of HK\$3.93 per share in its global offering for the purpose of listing on The Stock Exchange of the Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). The total consideration paid by the Group was approximately HK\$79,393,000. As Ganglong China Property is an established property developer in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") and the Group is optimistic about the growth of the PRC property market, the Board believed that Ganglong China Property would have growth potential and prospects and considered that the investment represented a good opportunity for the Group to further invest in the PRC property market. On 3 December 2020 and 25 March 2021, the Group disposed 10,000,000 shares and 4,500,000 shares of Ganglong China Property at an average price of HK\$4.01 per share and HK\$4.48 per share, respectively. Details of the disposals are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 25 March 2021.

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had 34 million unlisted equity shares of Xiamen International Bank Co., Ltd with a carrying value of RMB192.4 million and 10 million listed equity shares of Ganglong China Property with a carrying value of RMB39.0 million.

First property development project in Hong Kong

The Group's first commercial project in Hong Kong has been completed and the occupancy permit was obtained in July 2020. The project is located near the Tin Hau MTR station in Hong Kong and is a commercial building with a total GFA of approximately 51,975 square feet.

The outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic has caused severe disruptions to the economic and business activities in Hong Kong, resulting in an increase in vacancy of office buildings as well as a decrease in rental for offices and retail shops. As such, the project was launched in the second half of 2020, and the Group has faced much more difficulties in leasing out the units. Nevertheless, as a result of the hard work of the marketing team in Hong Kong, as of the date of this Annual Report, more than 60% of the project was leased out.

融資

於二零二零年一月,本集團發行本金總額2億 美元於二零二二年三月到期的票面利率為每年 12.95%的優先票據。來自此次發行的所得款項 用於為本集團的現有債務再融資,包括回購本 集團發行的本金額4億美元於二零二一年一月 到期的票面利率為每年7%的優先票據的一部分。 票據發行的詳情載於本公司日期分別為二零二 零年一月六日、二零二零一月七日及二零二零 年一月十四日的公告。

於二零二零年七月,本集團發行本金總額1.7億 美元於二零二三年一月到期的票面利率為每年 14.25%的優先票據。來自此次發行的所得款項 用於為本集團的現有債務再融資,包括回購本 集團發行的本金額4億美元於二零二一年一月 到期的票面利率為每年7%的優先票據的一部分。 票據發行的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零年 六月三十日的公告。

展望未來

二零二零年,全球經濟受到COVID-19疫情的嚴 重衝擊。儘管疫苗於二零二零年底已上市,但 二零二一年全球經濟環境仍然充滿不確定性。 所幸的是,在中國政府的果斷控制措施下,疫 情自二零二零年下半年起在中國大陸基本得 到控制,中國是唯一在二零二零年實現正面經 **濟增長的國家。於二零二一年至二零二五年的** 「「十四五 | 規劃 | 時期,中國在制定有關經濟行 業的相關規定及法規時,將堅持[房住不炒]指 導方針。根據北京對未來五年的一系列工作規劃, 中國將密切監視房價,同時保持穩定的房產交易, 以提供更好的生活環境,不斷為國家經濟、城 市化、新就業以及整體價值鏈的穩定性作出貢獻。 中國二零二一年的國內生產總值目標為增長6%, 且由於房地產市場為中國經濟增長的中堅力量, 本集團對中國房地產市場於二零二一年仍將保 持穩定增長態勢持樂觀態度。

為確保本集團房地產開發業務的持續增長, 本集團的策略為擁有能支持本集團至少未來 三年穩定增長的土地儲備。於二零二零十二月 三十一日,本集團的土地儲備總建築面積約為 1,825,912平方米,應能滿足本集團未來三年開 發計劃的需求。於二零二一年,本集團將以審 慎的方式物色發展良機。預期將會與當地主要 房地產開發商展開更多合作。此外,本集團亦 將更為側重住宅項目,從而提高資金周轉率。

Financing

In January 2020, the Group issued senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of USD200 million, bearing coupon rate of 12.95% per annum and due in March 2022. Proceeds from this issue were applied in refinancing the existing indebtedness of the Group, including the repurchase of part of the senior notes in the principal amount of USD400 million issued by the Group, bearing coupon rate of 7% per annum and due in January 2021. Details of the note issuance are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 6 January 2020, 7 January 2020 and 14 January 2020, respectively.

In July 2020, the Group issued senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of USD170 million, bearing coupon rate of 14.25% per annum and due in January 2023. Proceeds from this issue were applied in refinancing the existing indebtedness of the Group, including the repurchase of part of the senior notes in the principal amount of USD400 million issued by the Group, bearing coupon rate of 7% per annum and due in January 2021. Details of the note issuance are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 30 June 2020.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The global economy in 2020 has been greatly hit by the COVID-19 pandemic. Although vaccines have come to the market since late 2020, the global economic environment in 2021 is still full of uncertainties. Fortunately, under the decisive control measures by the Chinese government, the epidemic has been largely contained since the second half of 2020 in mainland China. China was the only country that recorded a positive economic growth in 2020. In the 14th Five-Year Plan 2021-2025, China will stick to the general guideline that "houses are for living but not for speculation" when panning out its related rules and regulations regarding the economic sector. Based on Beijing's series of working plans for the next five years, China will keep a tab on the property prices while helping to maintain steady transaction for the sake of better living environment, consistent contribution to the national economy, urbanization, new jobs and the stability of the whole value chain. The GDP growth target of China in 2021 is 6% and since the property market is the backbone for the growth of China's economy, the Group is optimistic that China's property market will remain on track for a stable growth in 2021.

To ensure continuing growth in the Group's property development business, it is the strategy of the Group to have a land bank that can support the Group's stable growth for at least the next three years. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had a land bank with an aggregate GFA of approximately 1,825,912 sq.m., which should be able to meet the needs of the Group's new three-year development plan. In 2021, the Group will exercise extra caution when looking for good development opportunities. More co-operation with local major property developers will be expected. Moreover, the Group will also focus more on residential projects so as to achieve a faster capital turnover rate. 就租賃業務而言,本集團將繼續持有位於黃金 地段且具有增長潛力的已竣工物業以作長期租 賃用途。本集團的策略為繼續增加其投資物業 組合以保持其股東的穩定回報。

於二零一九年出售Double Advance Group Limited (該公司擁有位於香港的西九龍絲麗酒店)的全 部權益後,本集團將主要著重於中國大陸的酒 店業務。於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集 團營運三間酒店且擁有另外兩間開發中酒店。 該等開發中酒店均位於南京的黃金地段,預期 於二零二一年投入運營。

展望未來,本集團將繼續實施核心策略,即「重 點開發及營運鄰近地鐵站或其他交通樞紐的項 目」。加上本集團謹慎的財務管理,本集團相信, 我們可維持競爭力以於日後發展及擴張。

財務回顧

經營業績

收益

本集團的收益包括來自(i)銷售本集團的已開發 物業;(ii)物業租賃租金收入;及(iii)酒店營運之 收益。下表載列於所示年度本集團的收益及所 佔收益總額百分比的明細: For leasing business, the Group will continue to retain its completed properties with attractive locations and potential growth for long-term leasing purposes. The Group's strategy is to continue to build up its investment property portfolio so as to maintain a stable return to its shareholders.

After the disposal of its entire interest in Double Advance Group Limited, which owns the Silka West Kowloon Hotel in Hong Kong, in 2019, the Group will focus its hotel business mainly in mainland China. As at 31 December 2020, the Group had three hotels under operation and two other hotels under development. The hotels under development are located in prime locations in Nanjing and are expected to commence operation in 2021.

Looking ahead, the Group will continue to carry out its core strategy, that is, "focusing on the development and operation of projects that are physically connected to metro stations or other transportation hub". Together with the Group's prudent financial management, the Group believes it could maintain its competitive edge for further development and expansion.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Results of operations

Revenue

The Group's revenue consists of revenue derived from (i) sale of the Group's developed properties; (ii) rental income from property leasing; and (iii) hotel operation. The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's revenue and the percentage of total revenue for the years indicated:

			截至十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December					
			二零二零年二零一九年					
		2020		2019				
		人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	%			
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%			
房地產開發	Property development	1,144,467	82.4	1,328,197	82.7			
物業租賃	Property leasing	207,594	14.9	209,592	13.1			
酒店營運	Hotel operation	37,058	2.7	67,659	4.2			
總計	Total	1,389,119	100.0	1,605,448	100.0			

收益由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 的約人民幣1,605.4百萬元減少約13.5%至截至 二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的約人民幣 1,389.1百萬元,主要由於COVID-19疫情爆發導 致本集團年內的所有業務分部產生的收益減少。

Revenue decreased by approximately 13.5% from approximately RMB1,605.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately RMB1,389.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, primarily due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic resulting in a decrease in revenue generated from all business segments of the Group for the year.



按物業種類劃分之物業銷售 Property Sales in terms of Property Type



無錫金輸湖曉蘭庭 Wuxi Golden Wheel Lakeside Orchid Garden

• 房地產開發

房地產開發業務的收益由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的約人民幣1,328.2 百萬元減少13.8%至截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的約人民幣1,144.5百萬 元。該減少主要由於本集團物業項目的建 設於二零二零年第一季度因COVID-19疫 情爆發而受到嚴重影響,使得年內已售及 已交付總建築面積減少。因此,原定於二 零二零年完工的兩個項目延期至二零二一 年。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團錄得合約銷售額約人民幣4,081.0百 萬元(二零一九年:人民幣3,481.0百萬元)。

物業租賃

物業租賃業務的收益由截至二零一九年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣約209.6 百萬元略微減少1.0%至截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣約207.6 百萬元。於年內,儘管本集團總建築面積 為15,774平方米的新購物中心開業,但其 影響被因COVID-19疫情爆發導致租金收 入下跌所全數抵銷。年內,鑒於COVID-19 疫情持續爆發,本集團自願免除其租戶約 一至三個月的租金,旨在減輕本集團客戶 的財務壓力及維繫客戶關係。

• 酒店營運

酒店營運業務的收益減少45.2%至截至二 零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 37.1百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣67.7百萬 元)。該減少乃主要由於二零一九年十二 月出售香港西九龍絲麗酒店,而於上一年 度同期該酒店產生收益約人民幣25百萬 元。此外,因COVID-19疫情爆發,應當地 政府部門要求,本集團位於中國的酒店臨 時停業超過兩個月。

Property development

Revenue derived from property development business decreased by 13.8% from approximately RMB1,328.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately RMB1,144.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The decrease was primarily due to the decrease in the total GFA sold and delivered during the year as the constructions of the Group's property projects have been seriously affected during the first quarter of 2020 due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, two projects which were originally scheduled to be completed in 2020 were delayed to 2021.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group achieved contracted sales of approximately RMB4,081.0 million (2019: RMB3,481.0 million).

Property leasing

Revenue derived from property leasing business decreased slightly by 1.0% from approximately RMB209.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to approximately RMB207.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. During the year, although the Group had a new shopping mall with total GFA of 15,774 sq.m. launching operation, the effect was fully offset by the reduction in rental income due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic. During the year, the Group voluntarily granted rental waivers of around one to three months to its lessees in view of the on-going outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, with an aim to ease the financial pressure on the Group's customers and to maintain customer relationship.

Hotel operation

Revenue derived from hotel operating business decreased by 45.2% to RMB37.1 million (2019: RMB67.7 million) for the year ended 31 December 2020. The decrease was primarily due to the disposal of the Silka West Kowloon Hotel in Hong Kong in December 2019 which had generated a revenue of approximately RMB25 million for the corresponding period last year. In addition, due to the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, the Group's hotels in China were temporarily closed for more than two months as required by the local government authorities.

銷售成本

下表載列於所示年度本集團的銷售成本明細:

Cost of sales

The following table sets forth a breakdown of the Group's cost of sales for the years indicated:

		截至十二月三十一日止年度					
		For	For the year ended 31 December				
		二零二零年	F	二零一九	年		
		2020		2019			
		人民幣千元	%	人民幣千元	%		
		RMB'000	%	RMB'000	%		
房地產開發	Property development						
購地成本	Land acquisition costs	415,442	35.9	451,532	42.0		
建築成本	Construction costs	540,546	46.8	413,092	38.5		
資本化融資成本	Capitalised finance costs	135,030	11.7	137,981	12.8		
税項開支	Tax expenses	11,007	1.0	9,278	0.9		
小計	Subtotal	1,102,025	95.4	1,011,883	94.2		
物業租賃	Property leasing	21,234	1.8	22,020	2.1		
酒店營運	Hotel operation	32,718	2.8	40,185	3.7		
總計	Total	1,155,977	100.0	1,074,088	100.0		

本集團的銷售成本由截至二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度的人民幣1,074.1百萬元增至截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 1,156.0百萬元。該增加乃主要由於房地產開發 業務的銷售成本增加,其主要因建築成本增加 所致。 The Group's cost of sales increased from RMB1,074.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to RMB1,156.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2020. The increase was primarily due to the increase in cost of sales of the property development business which was mainly caused by the increase in construction costs.

本集團的平均購地成本除以平均售價所得之百分比由二零一九年的34.0%增加至二零二零年的36.3%。

The Group's percentage of average land acquisition costs over average selling price increased from 34.0% in 2019 to 36.3% in 2020.

毛利及毛利率

毛利由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣531.4百萬元減至截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度的人民幣233.1百萬元,乃主 要由於COVID-19疫情爆發導致本集團三個業務 分部產生的收益均有所減少所致。

毛利率由截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年 度的33.1%減至截至二零二零年十二月三十一 日止年度的16.8%,乃主要由於已開發物業銷售 及酒店運營的毛利率減少所致。

已開發物業銷售的毛利率由二零一九年的23.8% 減至二零二零年的3.8%,乃主要由於年內竣工 並交付的項目因其地理位置及組成(主要包括住 宅單位)而毛利率較低所致。

物業租賃之毛利率於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度維持在89.8%(二零一九年: 89.5%)。本集團在二零二零年第一季度向租戶 免租導致收取的租金收入減少。然而,該影響 被年內新購物商場的開張所抵銷,因此,本集 團能維持其租金收入。

酒店運營的毛利率由二零一九年的40.6%減少 至二零二零年的11.7%。該減少乃主要由於本集 團位於中國的酒店因COVID-19疫情臨時停業超 過兩個月。

投資物業公平值變動

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團錄得投資物業公平值收益人民幣92.0百萬元 (二零一九年:人民幣172.0百萬元)。公平值收 益主要源於新投資物業增加。投資物業公平值 收益減少乃主要由COVID-19疫情爆發導致,而 此對本集團目前經營的投資物業的租金收入產 生了不利影響。

本集團的投資物業由獨立物業估值師按市場價值基準重估。

Gross profit and gross profit margin

Gross profit decreased from RMB531.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to RMB233.1 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, primarily due to the decrease in revenue generated from all the three business segments of the Group which was mainly caused by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Gross profit margin decreased from 33.1% for the year ended 31 December 2019 to 16.8% for the year ended 31 December 2020, primarily due to a decrease in gross profit margin from the sales of developed properties and hotel operation.

The gross profit margin for the sales of developed properties decreased from 23.8% in 2019 to 3.8% in 2020, mainly because the projects completed and delivered during the Year had a lower gross profit margin due to their locations as well as their composition which mainly included residential units.

The gross profit margin for property leasing was 89.8% for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: 89.5%). Rental waivers were given to the lessees of the Group in the first quarter of 2020, resulted in a lesser amount of rental income received. Nevertheless, the effect was offset by the opening of new shopping mall during the Year and as a result, the Group was able to maintain its leasing income.

The gross profit margin for hotel operation decreased from 40.6% in 2019 to 11.7% in 2020. The decrease was mainly due to the temporary closure of hotels of the Group in China for more than two months as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Changes in fair value of investment properties

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group recorded a fair value gain on investment properties of RMB92.0 million (2019: RMB172.0 million). The fair value gain mainly arose from the addition of new investment properties. The decrease in fair value gain on investment properties was mainly caused by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic which has adversely affected the rental income generated by the Group's existing operating investment properties.

The Group's investment properties were revaluated on market value basis by an independent property valuer.

其他收入、開支、收益及虧損

本集團於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年 度錄得來自其他收入、開支、收益及虧損之收 益淨額人民幣318.1百萬元(二零一九年:人民 幣66.1百萬元)。於二零二零年的收益淨額乃主 要由於外匯收益淨額人民幣231.7百萬元(二零 一九年:外匯虧損淨額人民幣39.1百萬元)、利 息收入人民幣31.5百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣 18.0百萬元)及回購優先票據的收益人民幣37.0 百萬元(二零一九年:回購優先票據的虧損人民 幣20.2百萬元)所致。

融資成本

融資成本主要包括借款的利息開支(經扣減資本 化融資成本)。融資成本由截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度的人民幣186.3百萬元增至截 至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣 233.5百萬元,主要由於平均借款成本增加所致。 於年內,平均借款成本由二零一九年的7.8%增 至二零二零年的11.0%。

銷售及營銷開支

銷售及營銷開支主要包括廣告及促銷開支。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,銷售 及營銷開支約為人民幣81.4百萬元(二零一九年: 人民幣66.1百萬元),增幅約23.1%。該增加乃 主要由於本集團於二零二零年推出大量預售活 動,以致年內的銷售活動增加所致。

Other income, expenses, gains and losses

The Group had a net gain of RMB318.1 million for other income, expenses, gains and losses for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB66.1 million). The net gain in 2020 was mainly attributable to net foreign exchange gain of RMB231.7 million (2019: net foreign exchange loss of RMB39.1 million), interest income of RMB31.5 million (2019: RMB18.0 million) and gain on repurchase of senior notes of RMB37.0 million (2019: loss on repurchase of senior notes of RMB20.2 million).

Finance costs

Finance costs consisted primarily of interest expenses on borrowings net of capitalised finance costs. Finance costs increased from RMB186.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to RMB233.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 primarily due to an increase in the average cost of borrowings. During the year, the average cost of borrowings increased from 7.8% in 2019 to 11.0% in 2020.

Selling and marketing expenses

Selling and marketing expenses primarily consisted of advertising and promotional expenses.

Selling and marketing expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately RMB81.4 million (2019: RMB66.1 million), representing an increase of approximately 23.1%. The increase was primarily due to the fact that there were more sales activities carried out in 2020 as the Group launched a number of pre-sale activities during the Year.

行政開支

行政開支主要包括員工薪金及福利、折舊及攤銷、 辦公費用、差旅費、專業費用、水電費用及物 業税、土地使用税及印花税。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,行政 開支約為人民幣155.7百萬元(二零一九年:人 民幣175.3百萬元),較去年減少約11.2%。於年 內,本集團繼續維持嚴格的成本控制措施。因此, 儘管本集團擴大了其經營規模,但本集團仍能 進一步降低其總體管理費用。

分佔聯營公司的(虧損)/溢利

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度,本集 團分佔聯營公司的虧損為人民幣46.9百萬元(二 零一九年:溢利人民幣105.1百萬元)。於二零 一九年,本集團分佔其擁有33%股權之聯營公 司的溢利,該聯營公司在南京竣工並交付了一 個項目,毛利率為33.0%。於二零二零年,本集 團出售一間聯營公司的餘下股權,虧損為人民 幣62.2百萬元。

税項

本集團的所得税開支由截至二零一九年十二 月三十一日止年度的人民幣200.3百萬元減少 61.8%至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 的人民幣76.5百萬元。該減少乃主要由於已開 發物業銷售的溢利減少導致中國企業所得税及 土地增值税減少所致。

本公司權益股東應佔溢利

由於毛利及投資物業的重估收益主要因 COVID-19疫情爆發而減少,年內溢利由截至二 零一九年十二月三十一日止年度的人民幣252.5 百萬元減少至截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 止年度的人民幣50.2百萬元,減幅約為80.1%。

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses primarily include staff salaries and benefits, depreciation and amortisation, office expenses, traveling expenses, professional fees, utilities and property tax, land use tax and stamp duty.

Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2020 amounted to approximately RMB155.7 million (2019: RMB175.3 million), representing a decrease of approximately 11.2% as compared to last year. During the Year, the Group continued to maintain tight cost control policy. As a result, even though the Group has increased its operating scale, the Group was able to further reduce its overall administrative expenses.

Share of (losses)/profits of associates

The Group's share of losses of associates amounted to RMB46.9 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: profit of RMB105.1 million). In 2019, the Group shared the profits from its 33%-owned associate, which had completed and delivered a project in Nanjing with a gross profit margin of 33.0%. In 2020, the Group disposed the remaining equity interest of an associate with a loss of RMB62.2 million.

Taxation

The Group's income tax expenses decreased by 61.8% to RMB76.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2020 from RMB200.3 million for the year ended 31 December 2019. The decrease was mainly due to a decrease in PRC corporate income tax and land appreciation tax which resulted from a decrease in profit from the sales of developed properties.

Profit attributable to equity shareholders of the Company

Due to the decrease in gross profit and revaluation gain on investment properties which was mainly caused by the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, profit for the Year decreased from RMB252.5 million for the year ended 31 December 2019 to RMB50.2 million for the year ended 31 December 2020, representing a decrease of approximately 80.1%.

流動資金、財務及資本資源

現金狀況

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團銀行 存款及現金約為人民幣1,413.3百萬元(二零一九 年:人民幣1,753.6百萬元),包括受限制銀行存 款約人民幣564.2百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣 774.4百萬元)。現金及銀行結餘減少乃主要由 於受COVID-19疫情影響,自銷售物業收取的現 金及應收租金減少。

銀行及其他借款及資產負債比率

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團有未償 還的銀行及其他借款(包括優先票據)約人民幣 6,116.4百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣6,428.3百萬 元)。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的淨資 本負債比率為約95.6%(二零一九年:96.8%)。 本集團的淨資本負債比率以計息負債減銀行存 款及現金,再除以本公司總權益計算。

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的債務 資產比率(總債務減去合約負債除以總資產)為 約60.4%,而於二零一九年十二月三十一日為約 64.3%。

借款成本

本集團的平均借款成本(按相關年度已支付及應 付利息開支總額除以平均銀行及其他借款總額 計算)於二零二零年為約11.0%,而於二零一九 年則為約7.8%。

經營活動所得現金流量

經營活動所得現金主要來自預售及銷售已開發 物業、租金收入及酒店收入;而經營活動所用 現金乃來自購買土地的成本、開發物業的成本、 已竣工待售物業的經營成本及已付税項。

Liquidity, financial and capital resources

Cash position

The Group had bank deposits and cash of approximately RMB1,413.3 million as of 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB1,753.6 million), including restricted bank deposits of approximately RMB564.2 million (2019: RMB774.4 million). The decrease in cash and bank balances was mainly due to the decrease in cash collected from sales of properties as well as rental receivables as impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Bank and other borrowings and gearing ratio

The Group had outstanding bank and other borrowings (including senior notes) of approximately RMB6,116.4 million as at 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB6,428.3 million).

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's net gearing ratio was approximately 95.6% (2019: 96.8%). The net gearing ratio of the Group is calculated by dividing the interest-bearing liabilities net of bank deposits and cash by the total equity of the Company.

The Group's debt-to-asset ratio (total indebtedness minus contract liabilities divided by total assets) was approximately 60.4% as at 31 December 2020 versus approximately 64.3% as at 31 December 2019.

Cost of borrowings

The Group's average cost of borrowings (calculated by dividing total interest expenses paid and payable by the average total bank and other borrowings during the relevant year) was approximately 11.0% in 2020 as compared to approximately 7.8% in 2019.

Cash flows generated from operating activities

Cash generated from operating activities resulted primarily from pre-sales and sales of developed properties, rental income and hotel income; while cash used in operating activities resulted from our costs of land purchases, costs for the development of properties, costs of operating completed properties held for sale and taxes paid.

於年內,經營活動所得現金淨額為約人民幣 536.6百萬元,主要由於(i)開發中待售物業增加 約人民幣96.6百萬元;(ii)已竣工待售物業增加 約人民幣758.0百萬元,被(a)貿易及其他應付款 項增加約人民幣265.8百萬元;及(b)合約負債增 加約人民幣910.5百萬元之部分抵銷。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,經營 活動所得現金淨額為約人民幣198.1百萬元,主 要由於(i)開發中待售物業增加約人民幣354.7百 萬元;及(ii)已竣工待售物業增加約人民幣531.4 百萬元;被(a)貿易及其他應付款項增加約人民幣 540.0百萬元;及(b)合約負債增加約人民幣 479.6百萬元之部分抵銷。

投資活動(所用)/所得現金流量

投資活動所得現金主要來自出售金融資產、金 融資產已收利息及股息以及銀行存款,而投資 活動所用現金主要來自添置物業、廠房及設備、 收購附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司以及投資 於投資物業及金融資產。

於年內,投資活動所用現金淨額為約人民幣 408.5百萬元,主要由於(i)投資物業增加約人民 幣317.2百萬元;及(ii)購買金融資產淨額約人民 幣179.1百萬元。

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,投資 活動所得現金淨額為約人民幣502.4百萬元,主 要由於出售一間附屬公司約人民幣461.6百萬元。

融資活動所用現金流量

本集團融資活動所用現金淨額為約人民幣249.1 百萬元,主要由於(i)優先票據淨增加約人民幣 771.6百萬元;(ii)新造銀行借款所得款項約人民 幣468.7百萬元;被(iii)償還銀行借款約人民幣 1,274.2百萬元;(iv)利息付款約人民幣476.4百萬 元;及(v)股息付款約人民幣26.3百萬元部分抵銷。 For the Year, net cash generated from operating activities was approximately RMB536.6 million, which was mainly attributable to (i) an increase in properties under development for sale of approximately RMB96.6 million, (ii) an increase in completed properties for sale of approximately RMB758.0 million, which was offset by (a) an increase in trade and other payables of approximately RMB265.8 million; and (b) an increase in contract liabilities of approximately RMB910.5 million.

For the year ended 31 December 2019, net cash generated from operating activities was approximately RMB198.1 million, which was mainly attributable to (i) an increase in properties under development for sale of approximately RMB354.7 million, and (ii) an increase in completed properties for sale of approximately RMB531.4 million, which was offset by (a) an increase in trade and other payables of approximately RMB540.0 million; and (b) an increase in contract liabilities of approximately RMB479.6 million.

Cash flows (used in)/generated from investing activities

Cash generated from investing activities resulted primarily from disposal of financial assets, interest and dividend received from financial assets and bank deposits while cash used in investing activities was primarily driven by additions of property, plant and equipment, acquisition of subsidiaries, joint venture and associates, and investment in investment properties and financial assets.

For the Year, net cash used in investing activities was approximately RMB408.5 million, which was primarily attributable to (i) an increase of investment properties of approximately RMB317.2 million; and (ii) net purchases of financial assets of approximately RMB179.1 million.

For the year ended 31 December 2019, net cash generated from investing activities was approximately RMB502.4 million, which was primarily attributable to the disposal of a subsidiary of approximately RMB461.6 million.

Cash flows used in financing activities

The Group had net cash used in financing activities of approximately RMB249.1 million was primarily attributable to (i) net increase of senior notes of approximately RMB771.6 million; (ii) proceeds from new bank borrowings raised of approximately RMB468.7 million; partially offset by (iii) repayment of bank borrowings of approximately RMB1,274.2 million; (iv) interest payment of approximately RMB476.4 million; and (v) dividends payment of approximately RMB26.3 million.

截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度,融資 活動所用現金淨額為約人民幣298.2百萬元,主 要由於(i)優先票據淨減少約人民幣760.3百萬元; (ii)新造銀行借款所得款項約人民幣2,902.6百萬 元;被(iii)償還銀行借款約人民幣1,722.9百萬元; (iv)利息付款約人民幣387.3百萬元;(v)股息付 款約人民幣30.1百萬元;及(vi)存入銀行貸款質 押款人民幣380.0百萬元之部分抵銷;

流動資產淨值

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團的流 動資產淨值為約人民幣1,287.6百萬元,而截至 二零一九年十二月三十一日的流動資產淨值為 約人民幣2,159.6百萬元。

受限制銀行存款

本集團部分銀行存款的用途受限。該等存款為(i) 存放於中國若干銀行及其用途限定用於本集團 於中國的若干房地產開發項目,或(ii)抵押予多 家銀行作為本集團獲授若干銀行融資的擔保, 在此情況下,動用受限制銀行存款(須經銀行批 准)僅限於用作相關貸款協議內所載用途,或(iii) 作為我們的客戶獲授若干按揭貸款的擔保,在 此情況下,受限制銀行存款將於銀行自客戶收 到相關物業的房屋所有權證作為所獲授按揭貸 款的抵押後解除。截至二零二零年及二零一九 年十二月三十一日,本集團的受限制銀行存款 分別為約人民幣564.2百萬元及約人民幣774.4 百萬元。

營運資金

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日, 本集團的現金及現金等價物分別為約人民幣 849.1百萬元及約人民幣979.2百萬元。本集團主 要從預售物業、發行優先票據和債券以及項目 特定銀行貸款獲得現金流入。本集團獲准於獲 得相關預售許可證後預售其開發中物業。除預 售的現金流入外,當本集團獲得其項目或項目 階段的建築工程施工許可證時,本集團一般以 相關土地使用權及物業作為抵押品,獲得項目 特定銀行貸款。 For the year ended 31 December 2019, net cash used in financing activities of approximately RMB298.2 million, which was primarily attributable to (i) net decrease of senior notes of approximately RMB760.3 million; (ii) proceeds from new bank borrowings raised of approximately RMB2,902.6 million; partially offset by (iii) repayment of bank borrowings of approximately RMB1,722.9 million; (iv) interest payment of approximately RMB387.3 million; (v) dividends payment of approximately RMB30.1 million; and (vi) placement of deposits pledged for bank loans of RMB380.0 million;

Net current assets

The Group had net current assets of approximately RMB1,287.6 million as of 31 December 2020, and net current assets of approximately RMB2,159.6 million as of 31 December 2019.

Restricted bank deposits

A portion of the Group's bank deposits has restricted usage. These deposits are either (i) placed with certain banks in the PRC and the usage of which are restricted to certain of the Group's property development projects in the PRC, or (ii) pledged to banks as security for certain banking facilities granted to the Group, in which case the use of the restricted bank deposits, subject to the banks' approval, is restricted to the purposes as set out in the relevant loan agreements, or (iii) as security for certain mortgage loans granted to our customers, in which case the restricted bank deposits will be released upon receiving the building ownership certificates of the respective properties by the banks from the customers as security for the mortgage loans granted. As of 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group's restricted bank deposits were approximately RMB564.2 million and approximately RMB774.4 million, respectively.

Working capital

As of 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group's cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately RMB849.1 million and approximately RMB979.2 million, respectively. The Group receives cash inflows mainly from pre-sales of its properties, issue of senior notes and bonds and project-specific bank loans. The Group is permitted to pre-sell its properties under development when it obtains the relevant pre-sale permits. In addition to cash inflows from pre-sales, the Group typically obtains project-specific bank loans once it receives the work commencement permits for its projects or project phases, using the relevant land use rights and properties as security.

截至十二月三十一日

債務

Indebtedness

房地產開發要求大量資本投資進行土地收購及 建設,可能須數月或數年方能產生正現金流量。 本集團主要透過內部資金、銀行及其他方借 款、出售及預售已開發物業所得款項以及發行 債務及股本證券所得款項撥付其房地產開發所 需資金。截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團的尚未償還銀行及其他借款 如下: Property developments require substantial capital investment for land acquisition and construction and may take months or years before positive cash flow can be generated. The Group principally funds its property developments from internal funds, borrowings from banks and other parties, proceeds from sales and pre-sales of its developed properties and proceeds from issuance of both debt and equity securities. As of 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group had the following outstanding bank and other borrowings:

As of 31 December 二零二零年 二零一九年 2020 2019 人民幣千元 人民幣千元 RMB'000 RMB'000 無抵押銀行借款 Unsecured bank borrowings 不足一年 Within one year 92,640 82,957 有抵押銀行借款 Secured bank borrowings 不足一年(附註) Within one year (note) 1,739,215 2,310,060 一年以上但不足兩年 After one year but within two years 601,848 483,150 兩年以上但不足五年 After two years but within five years 865,626 377,803 2,718,866 3,658,836 總計 Total 2,811,506 3,741,793 優先票據及債券(不包括應付利息) Senior notes and bonds (Exclude interest payables) 3,304,885 2,686,511 總計 Total 6,116,391 6,428,304

附註: 包含按要求償還條款之銀行貸款乃計入上文到 期日分析之「不足一年」時間段。於二零二零年 十二月三十一日,該等銀行借款之本金總額為 人民幣1,319.6百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣562.5 百萬元)。本集團相信該等銀行借款將根據計劃 償還日期於一年後償還。

本集團之銀行借款以人民幣、美元及港元計值。 有關有抵押銀行借款的資產質押及擔保之詳情 載於綜合財務報表附註12、13、17、18、19、22 及27。 Note: Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "Within one year" time band in the above maturity analysis. As at 31 December 2020, the aggregate principal amounts of these bank borrowings amounted to RMB1,319.6 million (2019: RMB562.5 million). The Group believes that such bank borrowings will be repaid after one year in accordance with the scheduled repayment dates.

The Group's bank borrowings are denominated in RMB, US\$ and HK\$. Details of the assets pledged and guarantees for the secured bank borrowings are set out in notes 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 22 and 27 of the consolidated financial statements.

資本承擔

Capital commitments

下表載列截至所示日期本集團的合約承擔:

The following table sets forth the Group's contractual commitments as of the dates indicated:

		截至十二月三十一日		
		As of 31 I	December	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	
		2020	2019	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
就下列各項已訂約但未於	Commitments contracted for but not provided			
經審核綜合財務報表撥備的承擔:	in the audited consolidated financial statements			
	in respect of:			
建設開發中待售物業及開發中	Construction of properties under development for sale			
投資物業	and investment properties under development	713,110	614,385	
		713,110	614,385	

本集團的合約承擔即本集團就其項目的施工向 第三方建築公司作出的承諾。 The Group's contractual commitments represented its commitments to third party construction companies with respect to the construction of its projects.

資本開支

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日 止年度,本集團的資本開支主要與收購土地使 用權、建設物業以及購買物業、廠房及設備有關。 下表載列於所示年度本集團的資本開支明細:

Capital expenditures

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group's capital expenditures were primarily related to the acquisition of land use rights, the construction of properties, and purchase of property, plant and equipment. The following table sets forth a breakdown of its capital expenditures for the years indicated:

		截至十二月三十一日		
		As of 31 1	December	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	
		2020	2019	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	
收購土地使用權	Acquisition of land use rights	504,000	793,842	
建設物業	Construction of properties	982,544	814,176	
購買物業(包括轉撥自已竣工	Purchase of property (including transfer			
持作出售物業)、廠房及設備	from completed properties held for sale),			
	plant and equipment	47,762	47,419	
總計	Total	1,534,306	1,655,437	

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020 人民幣千元 RMB ⁻ 000	2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
本集團為其客戶向銀行提供的 按揭貸款擔保	Mortgage loan guarantees provided by the Group to banks in favour of its customers	268,605	317,790

Contingent liabilities

或然負債

該等擔保於銀行收到客戶向銀行提交相關物業 的物業所有權證作為批出按揭貸款的抵押品後 即會解除。董事認為,本集團該等財務擔保合 約初始確認的公平值並不重大,且董事認為本 集團物業買家的違約可能性甚低,故於二零二 零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日概無於擔保 合約訂立時確認價值。

資產負債表外承擔及安排

除本年報所披露者外,本集團並無訂立任何資 產負債表外擔保或其他承擔以為任何第三方的 付款責任提供擔保。本集團並無於任何向其提 供融資、流動資金、市場風險或信貸支援或與 其從事租賃或對沖或研發或其他服務的非綜合 實體中擁有任何權益。

本集團面臨的潛在風險及不確定因素

本集團的財務狀況、經營業績、業務及前景可 能受到若干風險及不確定因素影響。以下為本 集團已識別的主要風險及不確定因素。另外, 可能有其他本集團尚未發現或目前可能尚不重 大但日後可能屬重大的風險及不確定因素。

市場風險

本集團於日常業務過程中面臨各種市場風險, 包括匯率風險、利率風險、信貸風險、流動資 金風險及股本價格風險。本集團定期管理及監 控該等風險,以確保及時有效實施適當措施。 These guarantees will be released upon receiving the property ownership certificate of the respective properties by the banks from the customers as a pledge for security to the mortgage loans granted. In the opinion of the Directors, the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts of the Group at initial recognition are insignificant and the Directors consider that the possibility of default by the purchasers of the Group's properties is remote. Accordingly, no value has been recognised at the inception of the guarantee contracts as at 31 December 2020 and 2019.

Off-balance sheet commitments and arrangements

Save as disclosed in this Annual Report, the Group has not entered into any off-balance sheet guarantees or other commitments to guarantee the payment obligations of any third parties. It does not have any interest in any unconsolidated entity that provides financing, liquidity, market risk or credit support to it or engages in leasing or hedging or research and development or other services with it.

Possible risks and uncertainties facing the Group

The Group's financial condition, results of operations, businesses and prospects may be affected by a number of risks and uncertainties. The following are the key risks and uncertainties identified by the Group. There may be other risks and uncertainties which are not known to the Group or which may not be material now but could turn out to be material in the future.

Market risks

The Group is exposed to various types of market risks, including foreign exchange rate risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and equity price risk in the normal course of its business. It manages and monitors these exposures on a regular basis to ensure appropriate measures are implemented in a timely and effective manner.

匯率風險

我們大部分主要附屬公司經營所在的主要經濟 環境為中國,而其功能貨幣為人民幣。本集團 面臨外匯風險主要因為其以美元及港元計值之 債務及以外幣(主要為美元及港元)計值之銀行 存款。換算海外業務財務報表至本集團呈列貨 幣所產生之差額並不包括在內。截至二零二零 年及二零一九年十二月三十一日,本集團於各 報告日期以外幣計值之貨幣資產及貨幣負債如 下:

Foreign exchange rate risk

The primary economic environment in which most of our principal subsidiaries operate is the PRC and the functional currency is RMB. The Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk is principally due to its US\$ and HK\$ denominated debts and bank deposits in foreign currencies, mainly US\$ and HK\$. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded. As of 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at each reporting date are as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
資產	Assets		
美元	US\$	191,993	4,434
港元	HK\$	35,129	39,618
		227,122	44,052
負債	Liabilities		
美元	US\$	3,734,484	2,880,731
港元	HK\$	1,311,930	1,454,916
		5,046,414	4,335,647

人民幣兑美元及港元升值一般會導致本集團以 美元及港元計值的債務產生收益,但美元及港 元銀行存款則會出現虧損。人民幣兑美元及港 元貶值則產生相反效果。

匯率波動已對並將繼續對本集團的業務、財務 狀況及經營業績造成影響。本集團目前並無任 何外幣對沖政策,惟管理層密切監控外匯風險 及在必要時考慮對沖重大外幣風險。 Appreciation of RMB against US\$ and HK\$ generally results in a gain arising from the Group's US\$ and HK\$ denominated debts and a loss arising from its bank deposits in US\$ and HK\$. A depreciation of RMB against US\$ and HK\$ would have the opposite effect.

Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates have had and will continue to have an impact on the business, financial condition and results of operations of the Group. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy but the management monitors foreign exchange exposure closely and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

利率風險

本集團面臨的現金流量利率風險主要與其浮息 銀行借款、結構性銀行存款及銀行結餘有關。 本集團亦面臨公平值利率風險,該風險與定息 受限制銀行存款、銀行借款及優先票據以及債 券有關。本集團現時並無任何具體政策管理其 利率風險,惟將於日後密切監控利率風險。

信貸風險

由於對手方未履行責任而將令本集團面臨的最 高信貸風險而導致財務虧損產生於:

- (a) 於各報告期末在綜合財務狀況表內列賬 的各項已確認金融資產的賬面值;及
- (b) 有關本集團所提供財務擔保的或然負債 金額。

本集團並無有關貿易應收款項的重大信貸集中風險,風險分佈於中國眾多客戶。

本集團通常會就其客戶融資購買其物業的按揭 貸款向銀行提供擔保。倘買家於擔保期內拖欠 其按揭付款,銀行可能要求本集團償還貸款的 未償還金額及任何相關應計利息。在此情況下, 本集團可沒收客戶的按金及轉售物業以收回本 集團應向銀行支付的任何金額。就此而言,本 集團認為其信貸風險已大幅降低。

本集團的銀行結餘及受限制銀行存款有信貸 風險集中情況。截至二零二零年及二零一九年 十二月三十一日,約44%及34%的銀行結餘及 受限制銀行存款分別存放於三間及三間銀行, 即於每間銀行的存款結餘超過銀行結餘及受限 制銀行存款總額的10%。該等流動資金的信貸 風險有限,因為該等銀行為位於中國的國有銀 行或國際信貸評級機構評定為高信貸評級的銀行。

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to the variable rate bank borrowings, structured bank deposits and bank balances of the Group. The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to its fixed rate restricted bank deposits, bank borrowings and senior notes and bonds. The Group currently does not have a specific policy to manage its interest rate risk, but will closely monitor the interest rate risk exposure in the future.

Credit risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to it due to the failure in discharging an obligation by the counterparties is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position at the end of each reporting period; and
- (b) the amounts of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantee provided by the Group.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in respect of trade receivables, with exposure spread over a large number of customers in the PRC.

The Group typically provides guarantees to banks in connection with its customers' mortgage loans to finance their purchases of properties. If a purchaser defaults on the payment of his mortgage during the term of guarantee, the bank may demand the Group to repay the outstanding amount of the loan and any accrued interest thereon. Under such circumstances, the Group is able to forfeit the customer's deposit and resell the property to recover any amounts payable by him to the bank. In this regard, the Group considers that its credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group has concentration of credit risk in respect of bank balances and restricted bank deposits. As of 31 December 2020 and 2019, approximately 44% and 34% of its bank balances and restricted bank deposits were deposited at three and three banks, respectively, representing deposits at each bank with a balance exceeding 10% of total bank balances and restricted bank deposits. The credit risk of these liquid funds is limited because these banks are State-owned banks located in the PRC or banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

流動資金風險

本集團已就短期融資及流動資金管理需求建立 合適的流動資金風險管理框架。本集團透過維 持銀行融資及持續監控預期及實際現金流量來 管理流動資金風險。

有關進一步詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註 32b。

有關本集團質押其資產及提供擔保的詳情,請 參閱綜合財務報表附註12、13、17、18、19、 22、27及34。

重大投資

於年內,本集團重大投資的詳情載於第297至 304頁的「主要物業表」一節。

Liquidity risk

The Group has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for short-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining banking facilities and continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows.

For further details, please refer to note 32b to the consolidated financial statements.

Please refer to notes 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 22, 27 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements for details of the pledges on the assets of, and guarantees provided by, the Group.

Significant investments

Details of the Group's significant investments during the Year are set out on pages 297 to 304 under the section headed "Schedule of Principal Properties".

環境、社會及管治報告 Environmental, Social and Governance Report

關於本報告

本集團欣然發佈《環境、社會及管治報告》(「本 報告」或「ESG報告」)以公開透明地披露本集 團在過去一年在環境、社會及管治方面的資訊 及表現。本報告根據聯交所證券上市規則附錄 二十七《環境、社會及管治指引》中的規定及 要求編制,涵蓋二零二零年一月一日至十二月 三十一日,與本集團財政年度一致。本報告闡 述了本集團在中國內地及香港各營運點的業務、 政策、措施及表現,而考慮到本集團業務立足 於南京,在南京的項目也相對上較多,對各持 份者來說有較大的影響,所以環境關鍵積效指 標主要涵蓋南京總部辨公室、香港辦公室、南 京金輪國際廣場新天地、南京金輪亞朵酒店及 金輪雙子星廣場,與去年報告相比,本報告覆 蓋的核心項目新增了一個,本集團會繼續收集 及監察環境及社會數據,並擴大披露範圍,致 力提高集團營運透明度。於本報告的編製過程 中,我們根據「重要性」、「量化」、「平衡」及「一 致性 | 的匯報原則概述了本集團在環境、社會及 管治方面的表現。

- 重要性: 本集團釐定有關環境、社會及管治 事宜會對投資者及其他持份者產生 的重要影響,並透過與持份者參與 流程及重要性評估流程進行重要性 評估。
- 量化: 本報告以量化方式披露關鍵績效指標,並根據聯交所提供的排放量和 能源耗用所用的標準、方法、假設 及計算工具。
- 平衡: 本報告不偏不倚地呈現,匯報了本 集團在環境、社會及管治方面的成 就及挑戰,避免可能會不恰當地影 響報告讀者決策或判斷的選擇、遺 漏或呈報格式。
- 一致性:本報告盡量使用一致的披露統計方法,並會就相對於去年所用方法出現的任何變動作出解釋。

ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Group is glad to issue this Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) Report to disclose the Group's ESG information and performance over the past year in an open and transparent manner. This report has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Appendix 27 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "ESG Guidelines"), covering the period from 1 January to 31 December 2020, which is consistent with the Group's financial year. This report describes the business, policies, measures and performance of the Group's operating units in mainland China and Hong Kong. Given that the Group's business is based in Nanjing and there are relatively more projects in Nanjing which have a greater impact on stakeholders, and the Environmental Critical Product Effectiveness Indicators mainly cover the Nanjing headquarters, Hong Kong office, Nanjing Golden Wheel International Plaza Xintiandi, Nanjing Golden Wheel Atour Hotel and Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza in Nanjing. Compared with last year's report, an additional core project is covered for this year. The Group will continue to collect and monitor environmental and social data and expand the scope of disclosure. In preparing this report, we provided an overview of the Group's ESG performance based on the reporting principles of "materiality", "quantification", "balance" and "consistency".

- Importance: The Group determines the significant impact of ESG matters on investors and other stakeholders and performs materiality assessment through stakeholder engagement process and materiality assessment process.
- Quantification: This report discloses the KPIs in a quantitative manner and is based on the standards, methods, assumptions and calculation tools used for emissions and energy consumption provided by the Stock Exchange.
- Balance: This report presents an unbiased view of the Group's ESG achievements and challenges and avoids choices, omissions or presentation formats that may unduly affect the decisions or judgments of the readers of the report.
- Consistency: Consistent disclosure statistics methods are used to the extent possible and explanations are provided for any changes to the methods used last year.
本報告內的披露資訊由各相關部門的管理人員 核對,並由集團的董事會審閱及批准。本報告 有中、英文版本,可以於聯交所網站或本公司 網站(https://www.gwtd.com.hk/)查閱本年度及過 往的環境、社會及管治報告。

前言

本集團業務佈局於國內兩省七市,包括江蘇省 的南京、揚州、無錫、蘇州、徐州及湖南省的 長沙和株洲,本集團一向秉承 [以人為本、穩健 進取、誠信務實、成就美好生活 | 的宗旨, 堅持 以豐富的專業知識為客戶提供高品質的產品及 服務,令客戶的生活質素能夠有所提升。本集 團專注於業務運營的同時,也關注行業發展及 熱心社會公益。本集團深明可持續發展的重要 性,可以提升本集團的能源使用效率及運營效 率,對於集團的長遠發展是不可缺少的,因此 集團致力推行及改善其環保政策及措施,而措 施亦有可見成效。與去年相比,集團於本年度 的溫室氣體密度減低了2.6%,耗水量密度減低 了6.9%。除此之外,本集團亦善用[金輪]這個 品牌的影響力,在社會上積極鼓勵大眾行善, 也為客戶及項目地區帶來優質的服務及正面影響。

本集團的管理層時常進行定期檢討及會議以修 訂更好的可持續發展及集團未來經營方針,展 望前景,本集團將繼續執行其核心策略,即:「重 點開發及營運鄰近地鐵站或其他交通樞紐的項 目」。另外也會投放更多資源於環境、社會及管 治方面,以更好地管理內部風險,強化集團架構, 有利維持競爭力以於日後發展及擴張。本集團 亦致力增加其環境、社會及管治的公開透明度, 將2020年度的環境績效指標數據收集範圍由四 個地產項目擴大至五個地產項目,持續提升集 團的自我監察能力以及本報告的質素。 Information disclosed in this report has been checked by managers of the relevant departments and reviewed and approved by the Board. This report is available in English and Chinese versions. This report and the ESG reports of the Group for the previous years are available on the websites of the Stock Exchange and the Company (https://www.gwtd.com.hk/).

INTRODUCTION

The Group's business is located in seven cities in two provinces in the PRC, including Nanjing, Yangzhou, Wuxi, Suzhou, Xuzhou in Jiangsu Province and Changsha and Zhuzhou in Hunan Province. Adhering to the management philosophy of "making life more enjoyable through people-oriented, enterprising and pragmatic development" the Group always insists on providing customers with high-quality products and services with rich professional expertise, so as to improve their quality of life. While focusing on business operations, the Group also pays close attention on industry development and is keen on social welfare. The Group is fully aware of the importance of sustainable development, which can enhance the Group's energy use efficiency and operating efficiency and is indispensable to the Group's long-term development. Therefore, the Group is committed to implementing and improving its environmental protection policies and measures, which have visible results. Compared with the last year, the Group's total greenhouse gas emission intensity for the Year has dropped by 2.6%, and the water consumption density has fallen by 6.9%. In addition, the Group also makes good use of the influence of the brand "Golden Wheel" to actively encourage the public to do good deeds in the society, and this measure brings quality service and positive influence to customers and project areas.

The Group's management, including the Board, regularly reviews and meets to revise the better sustainable development and the Group's future business direction. Looking ahead, the Group will continue to implement its core strategy of "focusing on the development and operation of projects adjacent to subway stations or other transportation hubs". It will also invest more resources in ESG to better manage internal risks and strengthen the Group structure, which is conducive to maintaining its competitiveness for future development and governance transparency by expanding the scope of environmental performance indicator data collection from four property projects to five property projects in 2020, and continuously improving the Group's self-monitoring capability and the quality of this report.

相關法律法規

RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS

本集團於年內,均嚴格地遵守當地的法律法規, 於年內並沒有發現任何重大違法違規事宜。

During the Year, the Group strictly complied with the local laws and regulations and there was no material violation during the Year.

層面	部分已採用之法律法規	本報告內對應章節
Aspects	Certain laws and regulations adopted	Chapter in this report
環境 Environment	✓ 《中華人民共和國環境保護法》 Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China	A. 環境 A. Environment
	 ✓ 《中華人民共和國大氣污染防治法》 Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Air Pollution 	
	✓ 《中華人民共和國水污染防治法》 Water Pollution Prevention Law of the People's Republic of China	
	 ✓ 《中華人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治法》 Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste 	
	✓ 《中華人民共和國噪聲污染防治法》 Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Noise Pollution	
	✓ 《中華人民共和國節約能源法》 Law of the People's Republic of China on Energy Conservation	
	✓ 《中華人民共和國環境影響評價法》 Environmental Impact Assessment Law of the People's Republic of China	
	✓ 《建設項目環境保護管理條例》 Regulations on the Administration of Environmental Protection of Construction Projects	
	✓ 《建設項目竣工環境保護驗收管理辦法》 Measures for the Administration of Environmental Protection Acceptance upon Completion of Construction Projects	
	✓ 《中華人民共和國土壤污染防治法》 Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention and Control of Soil Pollution	
	✓ 《土壤污染防治法》 Law on Prevention and Control of Soil Pollution	• • •

層面 部分已採用之法律法規		本報告內對應章節	
Aspects	Certain laws and regulations adopted	Chapter in this report	
僱傭	✔ 《中華人民共和國勞動法》	B1. 僱傭	
Employment	Labour Law of the People's Republic of China	B1. Employment	
	✔ 《中華人民共和國勞動合同法》		
	Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China		
	✔ 《中華人民共和國未成年人保護法》		
	Law of the People's Republic of China on Protection of		
	Minors		
	✔ 《禁止使用童工規定》		
	Regulations on Prohibition of Child Labour		
	✔ 香港《僱傭條例》		
	Employment Ordinance of Hong Kong		
	✔ 香港《僱員補償條例》		
	Employees' Compensation Ordinance of Hong Kong		
健康與安全	✔ 《中華人民共和國安全生產法》	B2. 僱員健康與安全	
Health and safety	Law of the People's Republic of China on Work Safety	B2. Employee health and safety	
	✔ 《中華人民共和國職業病防治法》		
	Law of the People's Republic of China on Prevention		
	and Control of Occupational Diseases		
產品責任	✔ 《中華人民共和國產品質量法》	B6. 產品責任及服務質素	
Product liability	Product Quality Law of the People's Republic of China	B6. Product responsibility and servic	
	✔ 《中華人民共和國建築法》	quality	
	Construction Law of the People's Republic of China		
	✔ 《中華人民共和國城市房地產管理法》		
	Law of the People's Republic of China on		
	Administration of Urban Real Estate		
	✓ 《中華人民共和國城市規劃法》		
	Urban Planning Law of the People's Republic of China		
	✓ 《中華人民共和國廣告法》		
	Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China		
反貪腐	✓ 《中華人民共和國刑法》	B7.反貪污	
Anti-corruption	Criminal Law of the People's Republic of China	B7. Anti-corruption	
	✓ 《中華人民共和國反不正當競爭法》		
	Anti-Unfair Competition Law of the People's Republic		
	of China		
	✓ 香港《防止賄賂條例》		
	Prevention of Bribery Ordinance of Hong Kong		

2020年度獎項及嘉許

本集團管理層和員工在2020年期間於可持續發 展方面的努力獲得社會各界的認同,主要成績 如下所示:

集團於2020年2月獲南京市消費者協會授予 「2019年全市消協系統先進集體」榮譽稱號。

AWARDS AND HONOURS IN 2020

The management and staff of the Group have achieved recognition from all sectors of the community for their sustainable development efforts during 2020 and the key achievements are as follows:

In February 2020, the Group was awarded the honorary title of "2019 Advanced Collective of the City's Consumer Association System" by Nanjing Consumer Association.



集團項目金輪新天地購物中心在2020年4月榮 獲「2019年度華僑路辦事處安全生產工作優秀單 位」稱號,顯示了集團在健康安全方面的政策受 到當地政府認可及表揚。

The Group's project, Golden Wheel Xintiandi Mall, was awarded the title of "Excellent Work Safety Unit of Huaqiao Road Office in 2019" in April 2020, indicating that the Group's health and safety policies are recognized and praised by the local government.



本集團副總朱玲於5月受邀參加鼓樓區工商聯(總 商會)第二屆五次執委會會議,並於會議上代表 本集團領獎,包括2017-2019年度「光彩事業先 進單位」和2020年度「抗疫防控先進單位」。

In May, Zhu Ling, deputy chief executive of the Group, was invited to attend the fifth meeting of the second executive committee of Gulou District Federation of Industry and Commerce (General Chamber of Commerce) and received awards which include the "Advanced Unit of Guangcai Enterprise" in 2017–2019 and the "Advanced Unit of Anti-epidemic Prevention and Control" in 2020 on behalf of the Group.



持份者溝通及重要性評估

本集團一直以來都十分重視與持份者之間的溝 通,制定與各持份者的溝通管道及計劃,鼓勵 在可持續發展事宜上的雙向討論,了解持份者 對可持續發展相關議題的意見及期望。其後, 集團內部會討論及查明相關議題的政策及表現, 並評估該等議題對本集團業務及持份者的重要 性,以有助推動集團的長遠發展。未來,集團 仍會不斷完善與各持份者溝通機制,主動了解 和回應他們的訴求,攜手實現可持續未來。

STAKEHOLDER COMMUNICATION AND IMPORTANCE ASSESSMENT

The Group has always attached great importance to communication with its stakeholders, and formulated communication channels and plans with stakeholders to encourage two-way discussions on sustainable development issues and to understand the stakeholders' views and expectations on sustainable developmentrelated issues. Thereafter, policies and performance of the relevant issues are discussed and identified within the Group and the significance of these issues to the Group's business and stakeholders is assessed to facilitate the Group's long-term development. In the future, the Group will continue to improve its communication mechanism with stakeholders, proactively understand and respond to their demands, and work with stakeholders to achieve a sustainable future.

持份者	關注議題	溝通管道及回應方式
Stakeholders	Concerns	Communication channels and methods of feedback
集團員工	▶ 員工權益待遇	▶ 直接交流
Group staff	Staff's interests	Direct communication
	▶ 安全的工作環境	▶ 員工熱線、手冊
	Work environment safety	Staff hotline and handbook
	▶ 職業健康及發展	▶ 員工培訓及活動
	Occupational health and	Staff training and activities
	development	
股東與投資者	▶ 回報及增長	▶ 股東大會
Shareholders and investors	Return and growth	General meeting of shareholders
	▶ 盈利能力	▶ 定期披露營運資訊
	Profitability	Regular disclosure of operating information
	▶ 公司營運資訊	▶ 公司公告/通函、年報及財務報表
	Company's operating information	Corporate announcements/circulars, annual reports
		and financial statements
		▶ 投資者路演
		Investor roadshows
租戶與業主	▶ 產品質素及服務	▶ 客戶滿意度調查
Tenants and property owners	Product qualities and services	Customer satisfaction survey
	▶ 產品維護	➤ 透過電話、微信群、電郵等保持緊密關係
	Product maintenance	Keep close relationship through phone calls,
		WeChat groups, e-mails, etc.
	▶ 安全設施	▶ 常規巡查
	Safety facilities	Routine inspections
	▶ 租金水平	> 提供專業的售後服務
	Rental level	Provide professional after-sale services

持份者	關注議題	溝通管道及回應方式
Stakeholders	Concerns	Communication channels and methods of feedback
承包商	▶ 招標方式	▶ 對投標單位進行技術及質量評定
Contractors	Tendering methods	Technique and quality assessment of tenderers
	▶ 及時付款	▶ 設有招聘標準及慣例,確保公平及公正
	Pay in time	Set hiring standards and practices to ensure fairnes
		and justice
供應商	➤ 採購方式	▶ 採用公開、公平、公正的招標程式
Suppliers	Mode of bidding	Open, impartial and fair tendering procedures
	▶ 遵守及履行合約	▶ 定期工作會議
	Observation and Performance of	Convene regular work meetings
	contracts	▶ 廠房考察
		Factory inspections
政府	▶ 遵守法律法規	▶ 執行及遵守國家政策
Government authorities	Compliance with laws and	Follow and abide by national policies
	▶ 依法納税	▶ 定時會議以檢查工作程序及相關法規
	Tax payment according to law	Hold regular meetings to review operating
		procedures and relevant regulations
	▶ 項目安全	▶ 設立綠色辦公、施工及建築政策
	Project security	Formulate green working, construction and
		building policies
社區	➤ 公益事業	▶ 積極參與社區事務
Communities	Public welfare	Get actively involved in community affairs
	➤ 社區聯繫	▶ 制定政策減少業務對環境及社區的影響
	Connections with communities	Set policies to minimize operation impact on the
		environment and community
	➤ 社區衛生情況	▶ 社區公益活動
	Community sanitation	Organise charity events
媒體	▶ 集團管治	> 定期披露資訊及發放新聞稿
Media	Group governance	Regular disclosure of information and news release
	▶ 盈利能力	▶ 採訪邀請
	Profitability	Visit invitation
	▶ 企業社會責任	▶ 投資者及公眾關係部分隨時歡迎媒體查詢
	Corporate social responsibility	Information on investor and public relations are
	(CSR)	provided for media organizations upon request
	▶ 營運透明度	
	Operational transparency	

集團按照《環境、社會及管治報告指引》的要求, 透過與不同持份者溝通以及內部討論,識別了 集團運營時所涉及的重大議題及其優先次序, 進行重要性評估,本年度的重要性評估過程如下:

- 本集團聘請了獨立第三方顧問協助我們進 行重要性評估,通過綜合考慮《環境、社 會及管治報告指引》、公司政策及管理策 略、行業對標、持份者過往意見等,共設 立了16個環境、社會及管治相關議題。
- 為了了解各持份者對相關議題的關注程度 及重要性,集團通過不同的溝通機制與集 團員工、供應商、客戶、媒體等交流,以 收集持份者的意外,進行外部重要性評估。

2.

3.

4.

- 通過管理層會議分析業務重點及政策,從 集團角度評估相關議題對集團的重要性。
- 根據已設立的環境、社會及管治議題對各 持份者的重要性和議題對本集團的重要性 兩個參數,按重要性排列,以矩陣形式進 行披露。

In accordance with the requirements of the ESG Guidelines, the Group identified major issues and priorities involved in the Group's operations through communication with different stakeholders and internal discussions, and conducted a materiality assessment. The materiality assessment process for the Year was as follows:

- The Group engaged an independent third-party consultant to assist it in the materiality assessment. A total of 16 ESG-related issues were established by taking into account the ESG Guidelines, corporate policies and management strategies, industry benchmarking and stakeholders' past comments, etc.
 - In order to understand the attention degree of stakeholders to relevant issues and the importance of these issues, the Group communicates with its staff, suppliers, customers, media, etc., through different communication mechanisms to collect stakeholders' opinions and conduct external importance assessment.
 - Analyze business priorities and policies through management meetings to assess the importance of relevant issues to the Group from a Group perspective.
 - Based on two parameters, i.e. the importance of the ESG issues established to each stakeholder and the importance of the issues to the Group, the issues are listed in order of importance and disclosed in matrix form.

環境、社會及管治議題重要性矩陣

ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE ISSUES IMPORTANCE MATRIX



基於集團的業務特性,本年度有較大的重要性 的議題為產品及服務質素、職業健康與安全、 僱傭平等、員工發展及培訓及投訴管理等,此 重要性議題矩陣為本集團今後的環境、社會及 管治戰略制定、目標設定與信息披露程度的重 要參考。 Based on the Group's business characteristics, issues of greater importance during the Year are product and service quality, occupational health and safety, employment equity, staff development and training, and complaint management, etc. This matrix of important issues is an important reference for the Group's future ESG strategy formulation, target setting and information disclosure.

A. 環境

本集團致力提升物業業務的可持續性,以 應對全球變暖所帶來的挑戰,同時降低業 務對於環境的影響。本集團於業務各個過 程,包括項目設計、開發建設、物業運營 等加入可持續理念,為客戶打造低碳、與 自然共生的產品及社區。集團通過不同的 綠色政策及內部指引,努力指導員工實踐 綠色建築、綠色施工及綠色辦公。

A1. 排放物

綠色政策以減少溫室氣體排放

本集團重視業務所產生的排放物以 及其管理方法,集團嚴格遵守國家 法律法規,對各部門的業務實施過 程均有進行定期檢討。在物業發展 的業務過程中,溫室氣體及其他空 氣污染物的排放難以避免,但集團 盡其最大努力,已經設立多項綠色 政策務求從源頭做好管理,減少排 放,並在多個項目中進行綠化及確 保綠化覆蓋率達至特定標準。

於年內,本集團的溫室氣體主要排 放自外購電力及汽油,因此集團一 向嚴格監管排放源,在可控範圍內 減低溫室氣體的產生。例如,本集 團有為資源使用制定了綠色政策以 確保員工有正確使用資源以減少不 必要的浪費。

A. ENVIRONMENT

The Group is committed to enhancing the sustainability of its property business to meet the challenges posed by global warming while reducing the environmental impact of the business. The Group has incorporated the concept of sustainability into all business processes, including project design, development and construction, property operation, etc., in order to create low-carbon and natural symbiotic products and communities for customers. Through different green policies and internal guidelines, the Group strives to guide its staff to practice green building, green construction and green office.

A1. Emissions

Developing green policies to reduce greenhouse gas emissions

The Group attaches importance to the emissions generated from its business and their management methods. The Group strictly complies with national laws and regulations and regularly reviews the business implementation process of each department. Emissions of greenhouse gases and other air pollutants are inevitable in the business process of property development. However, the Group has made its best efforts to set up a number of green policies to ensure good management from the source, reduce emissions, provide plant engineering for projects and ensure that the green coverage rate reaches specific standards.

During the Year, the Group's greenhouse gas emissions were mainly from outsourced electricity and gasoline, and therefore, the Group has been closely monitoring the emission sources to reduce the production of greenhouse gases within its controllable range. For example, the Group has a green policy for the use of resources to ensure its staff use resources correctly to reduce unnecessary waste.

電力使用

- 集團辦公室:行政部門會在每 日下班時段後,會負責檢查照 明燈、電腦、空調等機器是否 均已關閉;會議室使用完畢後, 及時關閉投影、電腦等設備。
- 商業項目:規定只在每年夏季 及冬季約5個月期間使用空調, 使用時夏季室內溫度不低於攝 氏26度,冬季室內溫度不高 於攝氏20度,以減少製冷劑 所排放的溫室氣體。

煤氣使用

酒店業務:用其他可再生能源
 來代替部分煤氣使用。

車輛使用

- ▶ 嚴格按照出車需求統一安排以 減少車輛的使用。
- 每個在建項目均會統一辦理地 鐵卡,鼓勵項目員工辦理項目 有關事項時多使用公共交通工 具。

Electricity usage

- Group offices: The administrative department will be responsible for checking whether the lights, computers, air conditioners and other machines are turned off after office hours; after the meeting room is used, the projector, computers and other equipment shall be shut down in time.
- Commercial projects: Air conditioners are required to be used only in summer and winter of each year for a period of approximately five months, with an indoor temperature of not less than 26 degrees Celsius in summer and not more than 20 degrees Celsius in winter to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from refrigerants.

Gas usage

Hotel business: Replace some of the gas to be used with other renewable energy.

Vehicle use

- Strictly and uniformly arrange according to demand for vehicles to reduce the use of vehicles.
- For each project under construction, staff will be provided with metro cards that are purchased collectively, and project staff will be encouraged to use public transport when handling project-related matters.

水資源管理

本集團在用水方面均是購自市政供 水機構,因此在求取適用水源上並 沒有任何問題,而在污水排放方面, 我們設立嚴謹的排放指引,致力將 環境損害減至最低。集團明白水資 源是寶貴的天然資源,故我們致力 提高用水效益,盡量將水資源循環 再用。在辦公室內,本集團會透過 標簽或海報,提醒員工要注意用水 及養成節約用水的良好習慣。同時, 根據集團的綠色政策,辦公區域一 向都使用省水的水龍頭及座便器, 而辦公室茶水問每天所剩的餘水都 會循環用於衛生打掃用水,珍惜可 用資源。

而在其他物業項目,本集團會按照 工程需要及當地環保要求使用水資 源。雖然在物業項目開發過程中都 無可避免會產生污水,但集團項目 工地會設置適當設施為地表徑流進 行沉砂,如沉砂池,淤泥收集器及 沉澱池,並定期進行維護,另外也 會實行雨污分流,確保污水排放至 市政污水管道,雨水排入市政雨水 管道,並設置排水管網並確保渠道 暢通,防止積水,工地內的沙井也 會一一蓋好並暫時密封,以免碎屑 進入排水系統。

集團對於建造承包商在污水排放方 面都有一定的要求,本集團位於香 港電氣道68-70號的金輪天地在維 多利亞港旁,屬於水質管制區,我 們確保承包商符合香港法例第358 章《水污染管制條例》第19條,取得 排污牌照並委託有資質的單位進行 廢水水質檢測。

Water resources management

The Group buys water from municipal water supply agencies, without any obstacles in obtaining suitable water sources. In terms of sewage discharge, we set strict discharge guidelines to minimize environmental damage. The Group understands that water resources are precious natural resources, so we strive to improve water efficiency and recycle water resources as much as possible. In the office, the Group will remind employees to pay attention to water usage and develop good habits of saving water through labels or posters. At the same time, according to the Group's green policy, water-saving faucets and toilets have always been used in office areas, the surplus water left in the office pantry every day will be recycled for cleaning water, and the available water resources will be cherished.

For other property projects, the Group uses water resources in accordance with engineering requirements and local environmental requirements. Although sewage will inevitably be generated during the development of property projects, the Group's project sites will be provided with appropriate facilities for sand settling of surface runoff, such as sand settling ponds, silt collectors and sedimentation tanks, which will be maintained regularly. In addition, rainwater and sewage will be separated to ensure that sewage will be discharged into municipal sewage pipes and rainwater will be discharged into municipal rainwater pipes. Drainage networks will be provided to ensure smooth channels to prevent water accumulation. Sand wells in the site will be covered one by one and temporarily sealed to prevent debris from entering the drainage system.

The Group has certain requirements for construction contractors in respect of sewage discharge. The Group's Golden Wheel Plaza, located at 68–70 Electric Road, Hong Kong, is located near Victoria Harbour and belongs to a water control zone. We ensure that the contractors comply with Section 19 of the Water Pollution Control Ordinance, Chapter 358 of the Laws of Hong Kong, obtain a sewage discharge license and entrust a qualified unit to carry out waste water quality testing.

固體廢物管理

除了溫室氣體、其他氣體排放物及 污水排放外,本集團嚴謹遵行《中 華人民共和國環境保護法》、《中華 人民共和國固體廢物污染環境防治 法》、《中華人民共和國清潔生產促 進法》和香港《廢物處置條例》,對 於固體廢物進行嚴格控制。集團會 在所有項目及辦公室僱用專業的回 收商處理有害和無害廢棄物,同時 進行回收工作。根據南京市2020年 11月1日正式施行的《南京市生活垃 圾管理條例》要求,當地公司也開始 嚴格執行垃圾分類,在辦公廢棄物 收集區設立更多收集設施。

Solid waste management

In addition to the emission of greenhouse gases, other gas emissions and sewage, the Group strictly complies with the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Prevention and Control of Environmental Pollution by Solid Waste, the Law of the People's Republic of China on Promotion of Cleaner Production and the Waste Disposal Ordinance of Hong Kong to strictly control solid waste. The Group employs professional recyclers in all projects and offices to deal with hazardous and non-hazardous wastes and recycle these wastes. According to the requirements of Nanjing Municipal Domestic Waste Management Regulations, which came into force on 1 November 2020, local companies are required to strictly implement waste classification and set up more collection facilities in the office waste collection area.



Waste separation facilities within the project

綠色施工

本集團在建造承包商協議中訂明條 款規定建造承包商會依照綠色施工 指引進行工程,包括會在施工過程 中會採用「三級廢物管理層次結構」, 遵循「先避免,再循環利用,後棄置」 的流程,先從一開始避免產生廢物, 再進行廢棄物處置。而所有化學製 品容器應按照廢物處置(化學廢物) (一般)規定的説明顯示清晰的標籤, 其並把化學廢物存放在不透水的地 板上,以防洩漏。在工地內會設置 垃圾池或活動式垃圾斗,妥善放置 所有固體廢物,並分類收集有害和 無害廢棄物,並依法處理。每個項 目均有指定員工負責廢棄物管理相 關事宜,主要有項目經理負責審批 廢棄物管理計劃;項目中介負責日 常廢棄物管理實施情況;一般工頭 負責監督工人遵守廢棄物管理指引; 及項目經理負責協調實際安排和記 錄工作。

綠色項目

本集團深明低碳環保概念對業務可 持續發展的重要性,在業務開展的 過程中,除了制定政策提高能源和 資源的使用效率外,我們亦還會採 取了更多不同元素,包括科技、設 計等全方位減少項目在施工前後對 環境及生態所造成的影響。

Waste sorting facilities within the project Green construction

The Group has stipulated in construction contractor agreements that construction contractors will carry out the works in accordance with the green construction guidelines, which include adopting a "threelevel waste management hierarchy" in the construction process, following the "avoid, recycle, and dispose" process, so as to avoid waste generation from the beginning so as to reduce the production and disposal of waste. All chemical containers should be clearly labeled in accordance with the waste disposal (chemical waste) (general) instructions, and chemical waste should be stored on a watertight floor to prevent leakage. A garbage pond or a movable garbage bucket will be set up at the site for properly placing all solid wastes. Hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are collected separately and disposed according to law. Each project has designated staff responsible for waste management related matters, and the project manager is mainly responsible for approving the waste management plan; the project intermediary is responsible for the implementation of daily waste management; the general foreman is responsible for supervising the workers' compliance with the waste management guidelines; and the project manager is responsible for coordinating the actual arrangement and recording.

Green project

The Group is fully aware of the importance of the concept of low carbon and environmental protection to the sustainable development of our business. In addition to formulating policies to improve the efficiency of the use of energy and resources, we will also adopt more different elements, including technology, design and other aspects to reduce the environmental and ecological impact of the project before and after construction. 本集團的房地產項目計劃方向都是 一向都是重點開發及營運鄰近地鐵 站或其他交通樞紐的項目,現時大 部分項見均是位於地鐵上蓋或高鐵 站附近。這個發展方向不但只考量 了盈利,實際上也是集團追求可持 續發展的體驗。在鄰近地鐵站或其 他交通樞紐的綜合體開發方針下, 客戶在小區及附近範圍內就可以滿 足各方面生活需求,包括購物、教育、 醫療等,無需出遠門,不但提升了 客戶生活的便利性, 還可以減少客 戶在日常生活中因交通而產生的溫 室氣體排放量。儘管有其他需要, 客戶都可以利用較環保及就近的公 共交通工具出行, 實現了可持續的 生活方式。

在這項目開發的大方針下,集團早 在施工前的選址及設計階段也已經 加入綠色概念,不僅嚴格根據項目 所在地的功能規劃要求,還在項目 選址時進行實地考察,了解當地的 生態及配套設施,而在項目正式執 行之前,集團都會依照法規進行項 目環境影響評價,主要對會被影響 的水、土壤、聲音等進行研究及評價。 集團會根據考察及評價結果進行會 議討論,按照各項目的特性採取相 關措施。 The Group's real estate project planning direction has always been to focus on the development and operation of projects adjacent to subway stations or other transportation hubs, and the most recent projects are located on the subway roof or near high-speed railway stations. This development direction does not only consider profit, but also shows the experience of the Group in pursuing sustainable development. Under the development policy of the complex adjacent to the subway station or other transportation hubs, all aspects of living needs of customers, including shopping, education, medical care, etc., within the residential area and nearby areas, can be met without traveling far away. This does not only improve the convenience of customers' lives, but also reduces greenhouse gas emissions generated by customers' transportation in daily life. For other needs, customers can use green and nearby public transportation means to achieve a sustainable lifestyle.

Under such general policy for project development, the Group has also added the green concept to the site selection and design period as early as before the construction, not only strictly complying with the functional planning requirements of the project site, but also conducting site visits during the site selection of the project to understand the local ecology and supporting facilities. Before the project is officially implemented, the Group will conduct project environmental impact assessment in accordance with the regulations, mainly conducting research and assessment on the water, soil, sound, etc., that will be affected. Based on the results of the inspection and evaluation, the Group will hold meetings and discussions and take relevant measures based on the characteristics of each project.

在項目執行及實施階段,本集團會 根據項目所在地地形及整體氣候環 境進行項目設計。設計團隊會仔細 考慮項目座向、自然通風、日照時 間還會按需求設立節能團隊,是前 設立水電消耗配額、制定獎懲規則 並監督節能工作計劃及目標的落開 的物料採購亦是本集團所注重的一 環,我們謹慎挑選供應商及只採用 高質量的物料,盡力會選用環保物 料,例如外牆保溫材料、高效節能 燈具等。

另外,本集團在不同階段中也有積 極使用節能節水措施和技術,在節 水方面,部分住宅項目設有雨水收 集池,使用雨水等非傳統水源用淤 綠化澆灌和道路沖洗以及採用滴 離 或噴灌等節水系統進。而商業項目 也有配子節水設備,如安裝減 属 及感應水龍頭。而節能方面,基本 上所有項目都採用附帶密封條的而 有效防止空氣對流帶來的熱傳導, 可以減低客戶使用暖氣的頻率,降 低項目整體的溫室氣體排放量。 During the project implementation phase, the Group designs the project based on the topography of the project site and the overall climate environment. The design team will carefully consider the project orientation, natural ventilation, sunshine time, etc., to set up the design scheme. In addition, the Group will also set up energy-saving teams based on demand, set up water and electricity consumption quotas in advance, formulate rewards and punishment rules and monitor the implementation of energy-saving work plans and targets to improve energy efficiency. Procurement of materials in the project design is also an important part of the Group's focus. We carefully select suppliers and use only high-quality materials and try our best to use environmental-friendly materials, such as external wall insulation materials and high-efficiency energy-saving lamps, etc.

In addition, the Group also actively uses energy-saving and water-saving measures and technologies at different stages. In terms of water saving, some residential projects are equipped with rainwater collection ponds to use non-traditional water sources such as rainwater for greening irrigation and road washing, and watersaving systems, for example, drip irrigation or sprinkler irrigation are also used. Commercial projects are also equipped with water-saving equipment, such as installation of pressure-reducing valves and induction taps. In terms of energy conservation, basically all projects adopt door and window products with sealing strips to enhance the air tightness of doors and windows, thus effectively preventing heat conduction caused by air convection, reducing the frequency of heating used by customers and reducing the overall greenhouse gas emissions of the project.



南京金輪亞朵酒店位為南京熱門住 宿選擇,我們在不影響服務水平之 下,採取多項措施以達到節能環保 經營,酒店管理層隔月會與過去同 期數據作出比較及檢討。酒店天台 利用太陽能板來取代部分天然氣使 用,向員工及住客提供能源。針對 酒店業務容易產生的廢棄物,集團 致力在保持環境衛生整潔的情況下, 最大程度上採取環保低碳的選擇。 因此集團在物質採購上有十分嚴格 的標準,我們會以生產過程碳足跡 低、沒有化學添加成分及容易分解 為準採購酒店用品,如無漂白、無 添加的廁紙及可降解一次性清潔用 擦布等。

Nanjing Golden Wheel Atour Hotel is a popular choice for accommodation in Nanjing. We have adopted several measures to achieve energy-saving and environment-friendly operation without affecting the service level. The hotel management will compare and review the data every other month with those of the same period in the past. The rooftop of the hotel uses solar panels instead of some natural gas to provide energy for staff and residents. In view of the waste easily generated from the hotel business, the Group strives to adopt the environmental protection and low-carbon option to the maximum extent while keeping the environment clean and tidy. As a result, the Group sets very strict standards in material procurement. We will purchase hotel supplies based on the criteria of "low carbon footprint, no chemical additives and easy decomposition" in the production process, such as no bleaching, no additive toilet paper and degradable disposable cleaning wipes, etc.

相關環境績效指標數據

Relevant environmental performance indicator data

廢氣排放物種類**	2020年	2019年	百分比變化*
Types of exhaust emissions**	2020	2019	Percentage change*
硫氧化物(千克)			
Sulphur oxides (kg)	0.4	0.4	0%
氮氧化物(千克)			
Nitrogen oxides (kg)	178.4	148.4	20.2%
顆粒物(千克)			
Particulate matter (kg)	16.9	14.1	19.9%
溫室氣體排放	2020	2019	百分比變化*
Greenhouse gas emission	2020年	2019年	Percentage change*
(一)直接溫室氣體排放及減除(千克)			
(I) Direct greenhouse gas emissions and			
reduction (kg)	63,998	64,646	-1.0%
(二)能源間接溫室氣體排放(千克)			
(II) Energy indirect greenhouse gas emissions			
(kg)	1,902,275	1,552,362	22.5%
(三)其他間接溫室氣體排放(千克)			
(III) Other indirect greenhouse gas emissions			
(kg)	14,460	78,791	-81.6%
溫室氣體排放總量(千克)		1 (25 200	16000
Total greenhouse gas emissions (kg)	1,980,733	1,695,800	16.8%
溫室氣體密度			
(二氧化碳當量(千克)/每名員工)			
Greenhouse gas emissions intensity (CO2e (kg)/			
per employee)	2,401	2,465	-2.6%
r	2,101	2,109	2.070

廢棄物類別 Waste category	2020年 2020	2019年 2019	百分比變化* Percentage change*
有害廢棄物 (噸)			
Hazardous waste (tonne)	0	0	0%
有害廢棄物密度(噸/每名員工)			
Hazardous waste density (in tonnes/per			
employee)	0	0	0%
無害廢棄物 (噸) ***			
Non-hazardous waste (ton)***	31.9	11.3	182.3%
無害廢棄物密度(噸/每名員工)			
Non-hazardous waste density (in tonnes/per			
employee)	0.039	0.016	143.8%
水資源使用	2020年	2019年	百分比變化*
Use of water resources	2020	2019	Percentage change*
耗水量(噸)			
Total water consumption (tonne)	26,872	24,018	11.9%
耗水量密度(噸/每名員工)			
Water consumption density (in tonnes/per			
employee)	32.6	35	-6.9%

註:

- 2019年度環境績效指標數據收集範 圍共有四個地產項目,包括南京總 部辨公室、香港辦公室、南京金輪 國際廣場新天地及南京金輪亞朵酒 店。
- 2. 2020年度績效指標數據收集範圍共 有五個地產項目,包括去年數據收 集範圍內的南京總部辨公室、香港 辦公室、南京金輪國際廣場新天地、 南京金輪亞朵酒店,金輪雙子星廣 場在今年亦被列入收集範圍內。
- 由於集團主要業務為房地產開發、
 商業管理、金融投資及酒店,因此
 並不涉及使用包裝物料。
- * 百分比變化為2019年度的四個收集 數據項目與2020年的比較,包括新 增的金輪雙子星廣場。

Notes:

- There are four real estate projects in the scope of environmental performance indicators in 2019, including Nanjing head office, the Hong Kong office, Nanjing Golden Wheel International Plaza and Nanjing Golden Wheel Atour Hotel.
- 2. There are five real estate projects in the scope of performance indicator data collection in 2020, including the headquarters in Nanjing, the Hong Kong office, Nanjing Golden Wheel International Plaza Xintiandi and Nanjing Golden Wheel Atour Hotel in the scope of data collection last year, and Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza was also included in the scope of data collection this year.
- The Group's main businesses are property development, business management, financial investment and hotels, which do not involve the use of packaging materials.
 - The percentage change is a comparison between the four data collection items in 2019 and the data collections items in 2020, including the newly added Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza.
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- ** 在新冠肺炎的影響下,員工主要以 車輛代步,同時大幅減少了乘搭飛 機的次數,因此在今年度主要由汽 車所引致的廢氣排放物排放量有所 上升,而乘搭飛機所引致的其他間 接溫室氣體排放則大福減少。
- *** 無害廢棄物的計算方法在本年度作 出了微調,較2019年考慮了更多因 素,例如員工數目,上班時數及日 子等等,令數據更為精準,故此兩 個年度的數據有較大的差別。

A2. 資源使用

綠色辦公室

集團的綠色辦公室不只控制溫室氣 體排放,也包含了其他資源使用、 辦公室採購以至於辦公室廢棄物的 處置。現時本集團在南京及香港物設 有辦事處,辦公室的主要廢棄物設 一般生積極向員工進行宣導,鼓勵 員工減少使用一次性及過度更求員工 品。在打印文件時,我們要求員工 品。在打印文件時,我們要求員工 相紙可以重複使用打印紙,所有包 裝物、辦公用紙等廢棄物會統一由 集團指定回收商回收。本集團全體 上下所有員工已經遵從內部的《綠色 辦公室管理指引》,包括:

- ➤ 為員工配備低耗能電腦;
- 要求員工於離開物業前關閉照 明裝置、空調及設備;
- ▶ 辦公室內全面使用高效節能照 明系統及LED燈具;
- ➤ 合理使用及訂購辦公室用品;
- > 鼓勵員工使用雙面列印及再使 用僅單面列印的紙張以減少紙 張消耗;

- ** Impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, our employees primarily used motor vehicles for transportation and significantly reduced their air traveling, resulting an increase in exhaust emissions primarily from motor vehicles, and a significant reduction in indirect greenhouse gas emissions from air travel.
- *** The methodology for calculating hazardous waste was fine-tuned this year to take into account additional factors to enhance data accuracy, such as number of employees, hours and days of work, etc., resulting in a larger difference between 2019 and 2020.

A2. Use of Resources

Green office

The Group's green office does not only control greenhouse gas emissions, but also includes other resources, office procurement and disposal of office waste. At present, the Group has offices in Nanjing and Hong Kong, and the main wastes in the offices are general domestic waste and used paper. We have actively advocated to our staff to encourage them to reduce the use of disposable and overpackaged goods. As for printing documents, we require our staff to use environmental protection paper under normal circumstances, and the printing paper can be reused for internal use. All waste such as packaging materials and office paper will be recycled by the Group's designated recycler. All staff within the Group have complied with the internal Green Office Management Guidelines, including:

- Equipping staff with low-energy computers;
- Requiring staff to turn off lighting fixtures, air conditioners and equipment before leaving the property;
- Full use of energy-efficient lighting system and LED lamps in the office;
- ➤ Reasonable use and ordering of office supplies;
- Employees are encouraged to use double-sided printing and reuse the unused side of the printing paper to reduce paper consumption;

- 於辦公室放置收集設施,回收
 玻璃、紙盒、紙料、金屬等;
- 聘請專業回收商處理有可能危 害環境的廢棄物,例如燈管、 墨盒及電池;
- ▶ 推行視頻會議或電話會議以替 代出差;
- ▶ 提倡無紙化辦公;及
- 進行項目營銷時,多使用網絡 宣傳方式代替紙質宣傳刊物及 單張。

節約用水

由於集團業務涉及到商場及酒店運 營,因此會有一定數量的用水設施 及耗水量,集團會透過物業管理系 統去監察水資源的使用情況。由於 酒店業務的用水量在集團內為最高, 我們特別為酒店業務實施一系列節 約用水措施,包括工程部會定期檢 查及保養水管以防止滲漏、安裝節 水龍頭控制出水量。

在其他物業項目中,無論室內外, 集團都有針對節約水資源而去作出 特別措施。在室內,集團工程部門 負責控制景觀造型及公共區域用水, 主要使用循環用水,工程部門也需 要定期進行考察以了解實際情況及 探勘可以節約用水的部分。而在室 外設計方面,集團於不同項目應用 到雨水回收系統及海綿城市設計, 具有防洪兼有生態環保功能,包括 了雨水花園、下凹式綠地、透水路面、 雨水收集池等設計,提高水循環效 率,例如集團項目金輪雙子星廣場 也已經設有雨水回收系統。

- Recycling facilities are provided in the premises to recycle glass, carton, paper, metal, ink box and battery collection;
- Engaging professional recyclers to deal with wastes that may harm the environment, such as lamp tubes, ink cartridges and batteries;
- People are encouraged to use video conferencing and teleconferencing as an alternative to business trips;
- Paperless office; and
- Replacing printed publicity leaflets with internet-based advertising for project marketing.

Water conservation

As the Group's business involves the operation of shopping malls and hotels, there will be a certain amount of water facilities and consumption, and the Group will monitor the use of water resources through the property management system. As water consumption of the hotel business is the highest in the Group, we have implemented a series of water saving measures for the hotel business, including regular inspection and maintenance of water pipes by the engineering department to prevent leakage and installation of water-saving faucet to control water output.

In other property projects, both indoor and outdoor, the Group has taken special measures to save the use of water resources. For indoor areas, the Group's engineering department is responsible for controlling water use of landscape modeling and public areas mainly use recycled water. The engineering department also needs to conduct regular inspections to understand the actual situation and explore areas for which water-saving measures can be taken. In terms of outdoor design, the Group has applied the rainwater recovery system and the design of "Sponge City" in different projects. "Sponge City" is a design of a city model with both flood control and ecological and environmental protection functions, including the design of rainwater gardens, concave green spaces, permeable pavement, rainwater collection ponds, etc., which can improve the efficiency of water circulation. For example, the Group's project, Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza, has been equipped with a rainwater recovery system.



金輪雙子星廣場為零售、酒店式公寓及酒店項目,早在設計階段已經加入雨水收集池設施, 以收集雨水用於室外植物灌溉、清洗車道等,善用水資源。

Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza is a retail, service apartment and hotel project . As early as at the design stage, rainwater collection pond facilities have been provided to collect rainwater for outdoor plant irrigation, driveway cleaning, etc., to make good use of water resources.

按排放源類別劃分的能源使用量

Usage amount of energy by emission source

能源使用量(千個千瓦時) Energy Consumption ('000 kWh)	2020年 2020	2019年 2019
汽油	201	223
Petrol		
柴油	25	11
Diesel		
煤氣	243	204
Towngas		
電力	3,029	2,836
Electric power		
能源總耗總量	3,498	4,241
Total energy consumption		

A3. 環境及自然資源

本集團的業務運營對環境及天然資 源造成的影響主要涉及辦公及施工 過程中對電力、水資源、建築材料 及辦公用品的耗用,我們也透過一 系列減排及減耗環境保護措施,並 推行綠色建築以減少業務運營對環 境及自然資源的影響。

在施工過程中,集團主要根據《中華 人民共和國環境保護法》等相關要求 管理建築揚塵問題,在所有工地現 場建立全套噴淋系統,通過工地內 移動霧炮車和定時開啟霧化水噴淋 系統降低空中粉塵。為了更有效地 降低工地揚塵,工地必須達到周邊 圍擋、施工道路硬化、裸土及物料 堆放覆蓋、土石方開挖和拆除工程 濕法作業、出入車輛清洗、渣土車 倆密閉運輸的要求。

除此以外,集團也非常關注對於項 目附近居民的影響,在施工過程中, 會時常留意工程造成的噪音有否控 制在相關標準內,同時也嚴格遵守 項目當地的合法施工時間。而集團 商場外墻顯示屏發出的光線有可能 會對附近住戶造成影響,故此我們 每天晚上十點會關閉螢幕的照明系 統減低光污染。

A3. Environment and Natural Resources

The impact of the Group's business operations on the environment and natural resources mainly relates to the consumption of electricity, water resources, building materials and office supplies during the office and construction process. We have also taken a series of environmental protection measures to reduce emissions and consumption, and implemented green buildings to reduce the impact of business operations on the environment and natural resources.

During the construction process, the Group mainly manages the construction dust issue in accordance with the relevant requirements such as the Environmental Protection Law of the People's Republic of China, establishes a complete set of spraying systems at all construction sites, and reduces the air dust by driving mist cannon trucks and regularly turning on the atomizing water spraying system at the construction sites. In order to effectively reduce the dust emission from the construction site, the construction site must meet the requirements for the following: surrounding enclosure, hardening of construction roads, covering of bare soil and material stacking, wet operation of earthwork excavation and demolition works, cleaning of vehicles entering and leaving the site, and airtight transportation of slag cars.

In addition, the Group is also very concerned about the impact on the residents near the project. During the construction process, the Group will always pay attention to whether the noise generated by the project is controlled to meet the relevant standards and strictly observe the legal construction time in the project area. As the light emitted from the display screen on the external wall of the shopping mall may affect nearby residents, we will turn off the lighting system of the screen at 10 p.m. every day to reduce light pollution.

A4. 氣候變化

本集團留意到氣候變化所帶來的風 險,管理層已經識別並明白其對我 們業務布可能造成的機遇及風險, 而且積極應對、管理及監督氣候變 化相關風險。氣候變化所帶來的極 端天氣對我們在物業開發、投資、 酒店運營等方面都會直接帶來實體 風險,例如暴雨、颱風等極端天氣 事件可能會影響到供應物料的運送 時期以導致工程延期,直接影響到 集團的正常運營。所以集團要著手 採取相關政策,包括供應鏈管理、 綠色設計等以加強集團業務及項目 的適應力,減低集團在短中期的氣 候變化相關風險。而對於氣候變化 有可能帶來的長期風險為社會轉型 風險,集團也已經在管冶層面採取 適應和抗禦氣候變化的措施去應對。

A4. Climate change

The Group is aware of the risks arising from climate change. The management has identified and understood the possible opportunities and risks to our business and actively responds to, manages and monitors the risks associated with climate change. Extreme weather brought about by climate change will directly bring physical risks to our property development, investment, hotel operation and other aspects. For example, extreme weather events such as rainstorm and typhoon may affect the delivery period of the supplied materials, causing project delay and directly affecting the normal operation of the Group. Therefore, the Group should adopt relevant policies, including supply chain management and green design, to strengthen the adaptability of the Group's business and projects and reduce the short and medium term risks associated with climate change. As for the long-term risk that climate change may bring, which is the risk of social transformation, the Group has also adopted measures to adapt to and resist climate change at the regulatory level.

B. 社會

秉持以人為本的理念,本集團致力為員工 營造一個和諧、健康的工作環境。我們非 常尊重員工的權益外,亦重視員工的個人 成長、集團的供應鏈管理及產品質素。本 年度我們從集團和員工的切身利益出發, 繼續完善我們的相關政策,為客戶、國家 提供高質量的產品項目。

B1. 僱傭

一直以來集團視員工為本集團的最 大財富。因此集團嚴格遵循《中華人 民共和國就業促進法》、《中華人民 共和國勞動法》、《中華人民共和國 勞動合同法》、《中華人民共和國婚 姻法》及其他相關法律法規,亦制定 員工手冊,定立對於薪酬、解僱等 都方面的規定。例如全體僱員均需 簽訂僱傭合約,當中列明工資、福 利及終止合同等事宜。集團尊重及 包容不同文化。於招聘新員工時, 不論其身份、性別、宗教信仰、殘疾、 國籍等,均能擁有相同的應徵機會。 在應徵的過程中,人力資源部門會 要求應徵者出示身份証明文件,如 應徵者無法出示任何合規文件,集 團則不會考慮讓該應徵者進入下一 步的聘請步驟,避免童工及強制勞 工的情況出現。而無論在應徵或業 務過程中,集團都有相關的防止歧 視及騷擾政策,包括《性別歧視條例》 等,界定了歧視及騷擾的定義,讓 持分者清晰了解到相關定義,如遇 到相關情況,可以即時透過溝通管 道舉報。而集團亦重視人才及能力 培訓,我們每年會與員工進行年度 表現評核,並設有清晰的晉升階梯, 根據表現評核的結果及相應的資格 和能力,所有員工都能擁有一樣的 晉升機會。

B. SOCIAL

Upholding the people-oriented concept, the Group is committed to creating a harmonious and healthy working environment for its staff. We highly respect the rights and interests of our staff, and also attach importance to their personal growth, the Group's supply chain management and quality assurance. During the Year, we continued to improve our relevant policies to provide high-quality products to our customers and our country based on the interests of the Group and our staff.

B1. Employment

The Group has always valued its staff as the Group's greatest asset. As a result, the Group strictly complies with the Employment Promotion Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Labour Contract Law of the People's Republic of China, the Marriage Law of the People's Republic of China and other relevant laws and regulations, and has formulated staff handbooks and set down regulations on remuneration and dismissal. For example, all employees are required to sign an employment contract, which sets out matters such as wages, benefits and termination of the contract. The Group respects and embraces different cultures. When we recruit new staff, all applicants, regardless of their identity, gender, religion, disability, nationality, etc., can have the same recruitment opportunities. During the recruitment process, the human resources department will require applicants to show their identification documents. If an applicant cannot show any compliance documents, the Group will not consider allowing the applicant to proceed to the next recruitment step to avoid the employment of child labour and forced labour. The Group has relevant anti-discrimination and anti-harassment policies in both recruitment and business processes, including the Anti-sex Discrimination Policy, which defines discrimination and harassment so that stakeholders can clearly understand the relevant definitions. In case of any relevant situation, staff can immediately report through communication channels. The Group also attaches importance to the training of talents and abilities. We conduct annual performance appraisal with our staff every year and have a clear promotion ladder. All staff have the same promotion opportunities according to the results of the performance appraisal and the corresponding qualifications and abilities.

集團部分的僱傭政策如下:

The Group's employment policies are as follows:

僱傭政策範疇	具體規定
Employment Policy	Specific Provisions
工作時數 Working Hours	員工一周工作時數一般為四十小時,如有加班需要,集團亦會視情況支付加到 費用或批准調休。 The working hours of employees are generally 40 hours per week. Where overtime work required, the Group will offer overtime pay or grant or approve leave in lieu as appropriate.
薪酬待遇 Salary and Remuneration	本集團根據市場工資費率、職責、工作複雜程度及工作表現等因素向僱員提供 具競爭力的薪酬,並及時足額支付。除此之外,集團會根據員工經營業績及何 人工作表現授出花紅。
	The Group offers competitive remuneration packages to its employees based on factors such as market wages, responsibilities, job complexity and work performance. Staff remuneration is always paid in full as scheduled. The Group also pays discretionary bonuses to qualifier employees based on operation results and individual performance.
假期 Vacation	員工根據《中華人民共和國勞動法》規定可享有產假、婚假及其他假期,並有 申請其他臨時事假。集團女員工可按照需要申請每個月1日的生理假期。 Employees are entitled to maternity leave, marriage leave and other leave, and may apply fo other casual leave in accordance with the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China. Th Group's female staff can apply for physiological leave of one day each month according to their physical conditions.
員工福利 Employee Benefits	集團為員工提供國家規定的社會保險基金繳納、提供工作餐補貼、定期身體檢查 員工活動、旅遊等福利。員工參加培訓和相關職業資格考試,集團會額外提供 考試假期並承擔相關培訓費用。香港員工亦享有醫療保險及強制性公積金。 團亦採納一項購股權計劃以表彰及回報僱員為本集團增長及發展所作出的貢獻 The Group pays contributions to the social insurance fund for its employees, and offer working meal allowance, regular physical examination, employee activities, travel allowance and other benefits stipulated by the state. If employees take training and relevant vocationar qualification examinations, the Group will provide additional leave for examination an bear relevant training expenses. Hong Kong-based employees are also entitled to medicat insurance and the mandatory provident fund. The Group has also introduced a share option scheme to reward employees who make outstanding contributions to the growth an development of the Group.

類別 Categories	2020年底總員工人數 Total Number of Employees	流失員工人數 Number of Lost Employees	流失員工佔該類別員工人數比率 The Percentage of Lost Employees in the Category
			按地區劃分 By Regior
香港	6	1	17%
Hong Kong			
南京	422	81	19%
Nanjing			
株州	122	21	17%
Zhuzhou			
無錫	107	62	58%
Wuxi			
其他地區	168	64	38%
Other regions			
			按年齡劃分
14			By Age Group
1830歲	262	111	429
18-30			
31-50歲	459	107	23%
31–50			
51歲以上	104	11	10%
51 and Above			
			按僱傭類別劃分
			By Employment Category
基層	596	189	32%
General			
中層	220	36	16%
Middle			
高層	9	4	44%
Senior			
			按性別劃分
			By Gende
男性	418	105	25%
Male			
女性	407	124	30%
Female			
總數	825	229	289
Total			

B2. 僱員健康與安全

確保安全及健康的工作環境才能讓 員工安心工作,提高員工的工作效 率。我們因此嚴格執行相關法律法 規,包括但不限於《中華人民共和國 勞動法》、《中華人民共和國安全生 產法》、香港的《職業安全及健康條 例》》、《工傷保險條例》、《中華人民 共和國消防法》等。另外更會細心聆 聽員工的意見,改進安全設施、提 升安全意識及改善工作環境的安全 管理原則。集團亦為每位員工繳納 工傷保險。同時,也要求項目的總 包商為建築工人購買相關保險,致 力以員工健康為首位。

為了令員工避免職業性危害,集團 會定期進團定期組織職業安全培訓 和健康講座,宣傳健康生活的理念 及方式,提醒員工注意自身的健康 狀況。本集團同樣重視員工的人身 安全及防火意識,為了提高全員消 防安全意識及增加員工及商戶在緊 進行消防安全培訓及演習使每個員 工掌握一定的消防知識,令員工能 自覺保持走火通道暢通、具備撲救 初起火災及引導人員疏散的能力。

B2. Occupational Health and Safety

Only ensuring a safe and healthy working environment can make staff feel at ease and work more efficiently. We therefore strictly implement relevant laws and regulations, including but not limited to the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China, the Law of the People's Republic of China on Work Safety, the Occupational Safety and Health Ordinance of Hong Kong, the Industrial Injury Insurance Ordinance and the Fire Prevention Law of the People's Republic of China, etc. In addition, we listen to the opinions of the staff carefully and improve safety facilities, safety awareness and the safety management principles of working environment. The Group also pays work injury insurance for each staff. At the same time, the general contractor of the project is also required to purchase relevant insurance for the construction workers and put staff health on first place.

In order to prevent employees from occupational hazards, the Group regularly organizes occupational safety training and health lectures to publicize the concept and methods of healthy living and remind staff to pay attention to their own health conditions. The Group also attaches great importance to staff personal safety and fire prevention awareness. In order to improve fire safety awareness of all staff and increase the emergency response ability of staff and merchants, the Group regularly conducts fire safety trainings and drills to enable staff to master certain fire prevention knowledge, so that staff can consciously keep the fire escape unblocked, and have the ability to put out initial fires and guide people to evacuate.





金輪南京總部及金輪新天地購物中心於2020年6月12日舉辦逃生疏散演習及滅火演練 Nanjing Golden Wheel Headquarters and Golden Wheel Xintiandi Mall held evacuation drills and fire fighting drills on 12 June 2020

此外,人力資源部門每年度會統一 進行數據統計與資料滙集,而行政 人事部每月都會進行例會,彙報和 跟進相關工作。於年內,並無重大 工傷案例及因公身故事故的個案, 而因工傷損失工作日數為0。 In addition, the human resources department conducts statistics and data collection on a unified basis every year, while the Administration and human resources department conducts regular monthly meetings to report and follow up relevant work. During the Year, there was no serious occupational injury accident, and the number and rate of injury case/death case in the line of duty was zero. The number of working days lost due to work-related injury was zero.

集團也重視項目施工現場的職業安 全,項目工程師會就項目安全委員 會,並每月舉行一次會議以監督項 目安全計劃的執行情況,並修訂該 項目的健康和安全績效。而集團管 理人員亦會定期到現場對施工環境, 包括易燃易爆及各類危險品的安全 保護,對臨時用電及高空落物等進 行例行檢查及記錄。

The Group also attaches importance to occupational safety at the construction site of the project. Project engineers hold monthly meetings with the Project Safety Committee to monitor the implementation of the project safety plan and revise the health and safety performance of the project. The management of the Group will also regularly visit the site to carry out routine inspection and record of the construction environment (including the safety protection for inflammable and explosive and dangerous goods, temporary electricity consumption and high falling objects).



2020年3月1日-南京金輪峰華名座項目視察 1 March 2020–Inspection of Nanjing Golden Wheel Romantic Tower Project

集團協助員工之間建立融洽、健康 的人際關係,提倡互助互望、相互 關懷。我們認為這樣的工作環境不 但能培養團隊精神,更幫助集團整 體營運效率更上一層樓。集團為此 定期舉行員工活動,包括生日會、 節日慶祝活動、團建活動日等,拉 近員工之間的距離,營造和諧的工 作氣氛,讓員工愉快地工作。

The Group assists staff to establish harmonious and healthy interpersonal relationships and advocates mutual support and care. We believe that such a working environment is able to not only cultivate team spirit, but also help increasing the overall operating efficiency of the Group. For this purpose, the Group regularly holds staff activities, including birthday parties, festival celebrations and group construction activities days, etc., to narrow the gap between staff and create a harmonious working atmosphere so that staff can work happily.



2020年1月15日,金輪天地控股 2019年度工作總結表彰會議暨2020 迎新春晚會在南京金陵飯店崑崙廳 順利召開。會上回顧了集團26年的 發展歷程、2019年整體情況,同時 也發佈了集團四大板塊未來的發展 方向、戰略目標、新一年的工作計 劃與任務。此外,為了感謝員工對 集團的付出,我們向優秀管理者、 優秀員工、長期服務員工進行了表 彰和頒獎。 On 15 January 2020, the work summary and commendation meeting of Golden Wheel Tiandi Holdings for 2019 and the 2020 Spring Festival Evening Party were successfully held in the Kunlun Hall of Nanjing Jinling Hotel. During the meeting we reviewed the Group's 26-year development process and the overall situation in 2019. We also released the future development direction, strategic objectives, work plans and tasks for the Group's four major segments in the coming year. In addition, in order to appreciate the staff for their contribution to the Group, we have commended and presented awards to excellent managers, excellent staff and long-serving staff.

B3. 發展及培訓

本集團在堅持提供最優質的產品及 服務予顧客。而保持卓越品質的背 後便是專業的員工及與時俱進的行 業知識。因此,集團內部會定期針 對不同崗位的發展需求為員工組織 培訓,包括崗前、消防演練、建築 工程及服務活動的培訓。

所有新員工進入公司時均須參加人 事部提供的崗前入職培訓,知悉集 團的發展史、組織架構、公司規章 制度、辦公自動化系統基本操作、 各項政策等,以確保其熟悉本集團 的價值觀及目標,並瞭解其在本集 團所扮演的角色。

B3. Development and Training

The Group is committed to providing the best quality products and services to our customers. Professional staff and up-to-date industry knowledge are behind maintaining excellent quality. As a result, the Group regularly organizes trainings for its staff according to the development requirements for different positions, including training for pre-job, fire drill, construction engineering and service activities.

After entering the company, all new staff are required to attend prejob induction training provided by the human resources department to learn about the history of the Group, organizational structure, company rules and regulations, basic operation of office automation system, various policies, etc., to make sure that they are familiar with the values and objectives of the Group and understand their roles in the Group.



2020年7月4日-南京總部新一期員工入職培訓 4 July 2020 – New phase of staff induction training at Nanjing Headquarters

除此之外,反貪污培訓也是集團的 重點培訓項目,其培訓內容員工手 冊中已有明確的相關規定。其中公 司與第三方簽訂的工程合同、租賃 合同及內含的單獨反貪污條款,以 防止任何貪污事件發生。由於疫情 關係,今年度集團員工的職業培訓 員工百分比的統計數據,集團會將 於未來加強數據統計及管理。集團 研討會,並提供考試假期及承擔相 關培訓費用,以支持員工的職業發展。

金輪天地控股董事局副主席兼總裁 王錦輝先生參與了2020年5月14-17 日在杭州舉辦的百富產業領袖課程 首期班第七次課程,體驗互聯網前 沿科技與創新文化,交流經營觀點, 為日後企業發展作好準備。 In addition, anti-corruption training is also a key training program of the Group, and its training contents have been clearly stipulated in the staff manual. Engineering contracts, lease contracts and separate anti-corruption clauses signed by the Company and third parties are included in the manual to prevent any corruption. Due to the epidemic situation, vocational trainings for the Group's staff during the Year were mainly personal trainings. No specific statistics on the average number of training hours and the percentage of trained staff can be provided for the Year, and the Group will strengthen its data statistics and management in the future. The Group also strongly encourages its staff to participate in external training or seminars, and provides examination leave and bears relevant training expenses to support staff's career development.

Mr. Wong Kam Fai, the vice chairman and president of the board of directors of Golden Wheel Tiandi Holdings, participated in the seventh session of the first class of the Fortune 100 Industry Leadership Course held in Hangzhou from 14 to 17 May 2020 to experience the cutting-edge technology and innovation culture of the internet, exchange business and prepare for future enterprise development.





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2020年4月10日,集團總部綜合管 理中心副總經理朱玲帶領物業管理、 行政工作組前往揚州金輪公司考察、 交流、學習,並就物業管理和資產 管理方面工作召開了專題會議,並 參觀了星光名座和湖曉蘭庭兩個項 目,集團認為這樣的考察及交流可 以互相分享知識,加深對不同地區 及範疇的知識。

On 10 April 2020, Zhu Ling, deputy general manager of the integrated management center of the Group's headquarters, led the property management and administration working group to Yangzhou Golden Wheel Company for inspection, exchange and study, held a special meeting on the work of property management and asset management, and visited two projects, Star Plaza and Lakeside Orchid Garden. The Group believed that such inspection and exchange can make staff share knowledge with each other and deepen their understanding for different regions and areas.



B4. 勞工準則

年內,本集團嚴格遵守《中華人民共 和國勞動法》及《中華人民共和國未 成年人保護法》等有關禁用童工及強 制勞工的法規。本集團所有員工均 由人力資源部門經既定標準招募而 來,以確保一切應徵者合乎聘用資 格。根據應徵者提交的相關資料, 人力資源部門會進行嚴密的身份證 明核查及其他資歷證明文件查核, 確保符合法定最低工作年齡。另外, 本集團亦堅決抵制強制勞工情況發 生,所有員工在獲聘時必須簽定僱 傭合同,與員工簽訂僱傭合約或協 議時,必定充分準確地傳達工作地 點、時間、勞動報酬等條款,保障 員工明白其職責及受到公平的待遇。 如需超時工作,我們會考慮員工是 否得到適當休息,加班後會安排調 休或提供加班費,確保員工得到合 法合理的補償。另外,我們會每季 度進行分析,加強人力資源規劃、 精簡工作流程以避免不必要的加班。 於年內,本集團沒有任何違反中國 内地《中華人民共和國勞動法》或其 他與防止兒童或強制勞工有關之法 律及規例的情況。即使發現任何違 規情況時,人力資源部門會依照既 定程序馬上上報管理層,再由管理 層進行內部會議及委任負責人以跟 進及嚴懲相關違規情況。

B4. Employment Standards

During the Year, the Group strictly complied with the Labor Law of the People's Republic of China and the Law of the People's Republic of China on the Protection of Minors and other regulations on the prohibition of child labour and forced labour. All employees of the Group are recruited by the human resources department following established standards and procedures, so as to ensure that all candidates are able to meet the qualifications for employment. Based on the relevant information submitted by the candidates, the human resources department makes rigorous check and verification on the identity and professional qualifications of candidates, so as to ensure that the legal minimum working age is met and avoid any child labour. In addition, the Group has cracked down on forced labour. All employees must sign employment contracts upon commencement of employment, which contain detailed information on work requirements and wages, so that employees fully understand their responsibilities and the Group's expectations. If overtime work is required, we will consider whether employees are given proper rest time. After overtime work, we will arrange time off or provide overtime pay to ensure that employees receive legal and reasonable compensations. In addition, we will conduct analysis quarterly to strengthen human resource planning and streamline working processes to avoid unnecessary overtime work. During the Year, the Group did not commit any violation of the Labour Law of the People's Republic of China or other laws and regulations related to the prevention of child labour or forced labour in mainland China. However, if any violation is found, the human resources department will immediately report it to the management according to the established procedures, and then the management will hold an internal meeting and appoint a person in charge to follow up the violations and give relevant severe punishments.

B5. 供應鏈管理

本集團深信完善、可持續發展的供 應鏈方能保持產品的良好質量。我 們與多間供應商維持穩定的合作關 係,除了共同促使業務發展外,我 們亦期望透過有效的供應鏈管理, 供應商能與我們共同肩負起構建高 質量項目和社會的遠景。

本集團在選擇工程供應商時,會進 行公開、透明、客觀的招投標,在 供應商甄選過程中,所有員工要按 照內部標準流程由各部門提交詢價 結果及在相關部門批准後,相關供 應商才會成為集團合資格的供應商。 對於首次與本集團合作的供應商, 本集團將審閱供應商的投標文件及 該供應商提供的資料,包括營業執 照、專業資質證書、安全生產許可 證及其他管理體系的認可證書、業 務介紹等,以確認供應商的合法性、 經營業績、資質及背景等,以及是 否符合集團標準及要求。供應商的 可持續發展效能也是集團的考慮之 一,供應商提供的營運資料如低碳 生產、環保材料使用與綠色經營等, 都會是合約部重點考慮的項目。同 等條件下,基本上會優先選擇同區 域供應商,以減少運輸所產生的溫 室氣體排放。

B5. Management of Supply Chain

The Group firmly believes that a sound and sustainable supply chain can maintain good quality of the products. We maintain stable cooperative relationship with various suppliers. Apart from jointly promoting business development, we also hope that through effective supply chain management, suppliers can shoulder the vision of building high-quality projects and society together with us.

When selecting engineering suppliers, the Group conducts open, transparent and objective bidding. During the supplier selection process, all staff members are required to submit the inquiry results by each department in accordance with the internal standard process and obtain an approval from the relevant department before the relevant supplier becomes a qualified supplier of the Group. For a supplier that cooperates with the Group for the first time, the Group will review the supplier's bidding documents and the data provided by the supplier, including business license, professional qualification certificate, safety production license and other management system approval certificate, business introduction, etc., to confirm the supplier's legitimacy, business performance, qualifications and background, and its compliance with the Group's standards and requirements. The sustainability of suppliers is also one of the Group's considerations. The operation data provided by suppliers, such as low-carbon production, use of environment-friendly materials and green operation, will be the key items considered by the contract department. Generally, under the same conditions, suppliers within the same region will be selected preferentially to reduce the greenhouse gas emissions from transportation.
在規範採購和招標過程中,我們會 評估供應商的環境及社會風險,並 以公平公正評估原則確保供應商符 合我們的質量及環保要求。我們每 年對合作供應商進行績效評估,以 監察和評估其工作進度和質量及其 可持續發展績效,對於績效評估不 合格的供應商,例如違反法律、法規、 不良經營等,將會被列入集團的黑 名單,甚至考慮永不錄用以確保集 團項目質素。現時本集團報告範圍 內的供應商有63間。

B6. 產品責任及服務質素

在提供高質量的房地產項目的同時, 集團亦致力落實各項措施,因此我 們對於項目管理及內部管控都一向 有嚴謹的標準。對於集團項目的每 一個細節都一絲不苟,除了所有施 工都嚴格遵守國務院的《建設工程 質量管理條例》及聘用合資格且優 秀的承包商外,集團設計、成本、 項目管理等部門都必須根據集團的 標準化工程管理流程去進行項目策 劃、採購、施工、監理、驗收、保修 等方面的工作要求。集團所有項目 專案開發都一定會按照法律法規要 求向政府管理部門報備,並獲取相 應的許可證。完工後亦需經過相關 政府部門現場檢查才可領取竣工備 案證明,以保障工程可以安全交付。 另外針對項目設計方面,設計部員 工會定期檢查市場上有沒有侵犯本 集團的知識產權,而本集團的設計 都是員工的原創設計。在項目中所 採用的產品,我們都會確認其知識 產權,以維護及保障知識產權。集 團對於工程的標準化要求不但可以 減少內部管理風險,亦可以保證項 目質素的一致性。於年內,已售產 品因安全或健康理由而須回收的百 分比為零。

In regulating the procurement and tendering process, we will assess the environmental and social risks of our suppliers and ensure that our suppliers meet our quality and environmental protection requirements based on the principles of fair and equitable assessment. We conduct annual performance evaluation on our cooperative suppliers to monitor and evaluate their work progress and quality as well as their sustainable development performance. The suppliers that fail the performance evaluation, such as violation of laws or regulations, and bad operations, will be blacklisted by the Group, or even considered never to be hired to ensure the quality of the Group's projects. Currently, the Group has 63 suppliers within the scope of its reports.

B6. Product Liability and Quality of Services

While providing high-quality real estate projects, the Group is also committed to implementing various measures, so we always have strict standards for project management and internal control. Every detail of the Group's projects is meticulous. All construction work is conducted strictly in accordance with the Regulations on the Quality Management of Construction Projects issued by the State Council, and all contractors recruited conform to stringent qualification requirements. Departments involved in project design, cost control and project management must carry out project planning, procurement, construction, supervision, acceptance and warranty according to the Group's standardised project management process. All the Group's projects are filed with the competent government authorities in compliance with the requirements of laws and regulations, and relevant licenses are obtained. After the completion of a project, an on-site inspection conducted by the relevant authorities of the government is required before receiving the completion record certification to ensure the safe delivery of the project. In addition, as for project design, the staff of the design department regularly checks whether there is any infringement of the Group's intellectual property rights in the market, and the Group's design is the original design of our staff. The Group confirms that the intellectual property rights of the products are used in the projects to maintain and protect the intellectual property rights. The Group's standardisation requirements for projects not only can reduce internal management risks, but also ensure the consistency of project quality. During the Year, the percentage of products sold to be recycled for safety or health reasons was zero.

本集團非常重視與客戶之間的關係, 會透過不同的溝通管道與客戶建立 緊密的關係,本集團有獨有的企業 資源計劃系統用以統計有關消費者 資訊。由於系統中載有客戶個人資 訊,集團為了保護消費者私隱,根 據《中華人民共和國民法通則》及其 他保障個人資料使用權及私隱的法 例法規,規定只有相關及指定的銷 售人員才進行系統填列和維護,未 經管理層批准,不得將客戶數據轉 交予其他部門或第三方使用,減低 客戶私隱泄露風險。而在項目營銷 過程中,集團深明資訊準確的重要 性,根據《房地產廣告發佈規定》及 《中華人民共和國廣告法》要求,各 客戶提供真實、合法、準確的房地 產廣告訊息,避免任何虛假、引人 誤解或誤導消費者的內容,減低客 戶風險。另外,集團也為所有商業 物業都購買了公共責任險以保障客 戶的權益。如客戶對產品或服務有 任何不滿,可以透過電話、電郵、 微言等方式投訴,集團會馬上有員 工跟進投訴事項,並必須在指定時 間內就事件進行報告,確保能及時、 有效處理,提升客戶滿意度和維護 公司商譽及形象。年內,集團並沒 有接獲任何有關產品或服務的重大 投訴。

The Group attaches great importance to customer relations and has fostered close relationships with customers through various communication channels. The Group has an enterprise resource planning system for statistics of relevant consumer information. In light of the personal information of customers contained in the system and for the purpose of protecting the privacy of consumers, the Group, in accordance with the General Principles of the Civil Law of the People's Republic of China and other laws and regulations related to protection of the right to use personal data and privacy, requires that the data inputting and system maintaining should be only carried out by related and authorised salespersons, and customer data should not be transferred to other departments or third parties without the approval of the management to reduce the risk of customer privacy leakage. In the process of project marketing, the Group is fully aware of the importance of accurate information. According to the requirements of the Regulations on the Release of Real Estate Advertising and the Advertising Law of the People's Republic of China, each customer shall be provided with real, legal and accurate real estate advertising information to avoid any false, misleading or inductive contents for customers, so as to reduce customer's risk. In addition, the Group has also purchased the public liability insurance for all commercial properties to protect the rights and interests of customers. If a customer is dissatisfied with a product or service, he/ she can lodge a complaint by telephone, e-mail or WeChat. The Group will immediately assign an employee to follow up on the complaint, and the case must be reported within the specified time limit, so as to ensure that it can be handled in a timely and effective manner, and improve customer's satisfaction and maintain the Company's goodwill and image. During the Year, the Group has not received any major complaint about the products or services.

B7. 反貪污

為保持誠信、廉潔的企業文化,本 集團建立了完整的管治架構和全面 的風險評估管理及內部控制體系向 所有董事、員工及供應商提供清晰 的商董事、員工及供應商提供清晰 自工可以在參考內部的《廉政誠信管 理條例》,了解集團對員工的廉政利 行為的定義等。全體員工要自動對 禮品或禮金等物品主動報備並上繳, 而受到業務邀請時,亦需要事先獲 得總經理批准。新入職員工必須參 加廉潔自律課程,提高員工的廉潔 意識及防腐拒變能力。

除此之外,本集團亦建立了多種反 貪污舉報渠道,包括電話、郵箱、 微信公眾號等,所有有關指稱貪污 個案的投訴均可以記名或匿名方式 進行舉報,當收到舉報後,集團記 律部門及內部審計處會在本集團副 主席的指引下對該等投訴進行調查 及處理。於年內,本集團沒有違反 任何與反貪污、壟斷經營及不當收 受利益有關的法律處分員工。

B7. Anti-Corruption

In order to maintain a corporate culture of honesty and integrity, the Group has established a complete governance structure and comprehensive risk assessment management and internal control systems to provide clear principles and guidelines of business ethics to all Directors, staff members and suppliers. All staff members of the Group can learn about the Group's requirements on honesty and integrity of the staff, reporting system, definition of staff corruption, etc, by referring to the internal honesty and integrity management regulations. All staff members are required to spontaneously report and hand in presents, cash gifts, and other items, and when invited for business purposes, they are also required to obtain the approval of the General Manager in advance. New recruits are required to attend integrity and self-discipline courses to enhance their integrity awareness and anti-corruption ability.

In addition, the Group has also established various anti-corruption reporting channels, including telephone, email, WeChat official account, etc. All complaints about alleged corruption cases can be reported anonymously or non-anonymously. Upon receipt of a report, the Group's legal department and the internal audit office will investigate and handle the complaints under the guidance of the Group's vice chairman. During the Year, the Group did not violate any laws or regulations relating to anti-corruption, monopolization and improper receipt of benefits, and did not dismiss or take disciplinary action against any staff member for corruption incidents.

B8. 社區投資

本集團主動承擔社會責任,一直以 來以各種方式進行公益,如捐贈、 設立基金會、組織員工進行公益獻 血,未來會繼續進行以往的社區投 資服務,年內,本集團繼續主要貢 獻在教育範疇內,運用資源為社會 培育明日精英,本集團在各方面的 社區投資工作總共捐贈了超過100 萬人民幣。

支援教育

集團旗下的無錫翡翠金輪置業有限 公司,在無錫斥資1,560萬人民幣建 設了菁英幼稚園,於2020年12月31 日交付政府。

B8. Community Investment

To fulfill its social responsibility as a listed company, the Group is always committed to repaying the society by playing an active role in charity events such as donations, establishment of foundation and blood donation by staff. In the future, the Group will continue to provide the previous community investment services. During the Year, the Group continued to make major contributions to education and make use of resources to cultivate tomorrow's elites for the society. During the Year, the Group has donated a total amount of over RMB1 million in various community investment activities.

Supporting education

Wuxi Jade Golden Wheel Real Estate Co., Ltd., a subsidiary of the Group, invested RMB15.6 million to build an elite kindergarten in Wuxi, which was delivered to the government on 31 December 2020.



集團致力在教育事業上作出貢獻, 在項目地區為當地居民帶來更多高 質素的教育資源,體現了房地產企 業的社會責任感。集團本次興建的 無錫菁英幼稚園規模近4,000平方米, 可以供12個班級使用,為無錫馬山 區域的學童增添了一個舒適及良好 的學習地點。

The Group is committed to contributing to the education cause by bringing more high-quality education resources to the local residents in the project area, which reflects the social responsibility of real estate enterprises. The elite kindergarten built by the Group in Wuxi, with a scale of nearly 4,000 square meters, can be used by 12 classes, providing a comfortable and good learning place for children in the Mashan area of Wuxi.



另外,集團發起建立的金輪天地關 愛基金,至今已捐贈三期善款,每 期善款都會經過審慎的甄選和討論 才決定捐贈機構,以往的善款曾用 於華僑大學的校園基礎建設項目及 直接幫助社會困難群體。

In addition, the Golden Wheel Tiandi Care Fund initiated by the Group has made three donations so far. Each donation will be carefully selected and discussed before the donation institution is decided. The previous donations were used for the campus infrastructure projects of Huaqiao University and direct assistance to the socially disadvantaged groups.

扶貧攻堅、賑災幫困

集團董事局執行董事、常務副總裁、 湖南省政協委員、湖南省僑聯常委、 廣東省僑聯常委、株洲僑商聯合會 副會長王錦強先生帶領全體員工多 行公益,不但捐款大力支持教育事 業,還在醫療衛生、扶貧攻堅、賑 災幫困等各個方面積極奉獻愛心。 集團在中國各地區捐建醫療設施, 包括湖南懷化通道縣的大高坪苗族 鄉金輪僑心衛生院、長沙市岳麓區 含浦街道官埠口村金輪僑心衛生站 等。扶貧賑災作為王先生最重視的 善行工作之一,在捐款之餘亦不忘 親身力行,了解受惠地區的需要及 轉變,例如,他於2020年5月再訪 早年前已經開始扶貧的桂東縣漚江 镇青竹村,得知其中一戶受惠的家 庭已徹底脱貧。

Helping the poor and the needy in poverty alleviation and disaster relief

Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry, an executive Director and the Standing Vice President of the Group, a member of the Hunan Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference, a member of the Hunan Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Federation, a member of the Guangdong Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Federation and a Vice President of the Zhuzhou Federation of Overseas Chinese Merchants, has led all the staff members in various public welfare undertakings. He has not only made donations to support the education cause, but also actively contributed his care to medical and health care, poverty alleviation, disaster relief and other aspects. The Group has donated and built medical facilities in various regions of China, including the Golden Wheel Qiaoxin Health Center in the Miao Township of Dagaoping in Tongdao County, Huaihua City, Hunan Province, and the Golden Wheel Qiaoxin Health Station in Guanbukou Village, Hanpu Street, Yuelu District, Changsha City. As one of Mr. Wong's most important benevolent work, he does not forget to personally practise while donating money, with a view to understanding the needs and changes of the beneficiary areas. For example, he re-visited Qingzhu Village, Oujiang Town, Guidong County in May 2020 and learned that one of the beneficiary families had been completely lifted out of poverty.



共建和諧社會

於2020年5月21日,本集團人力部 副總監楊暘參加了以「傳遞關愛共建 和諧社會」為主題的社會公益活動。 鼓樓區工商聯、華僑路街道商會、 金陵匯新的社會階層人士聯合會共 同展開此次公益活動,旨在聚集各 位企業家一起送溫暖、送真情、送 關懷、共建文明和諧家園公益行動, 集團日後定會繼續積極參與這些有 意義的公益活動。

Building a Harmonious Society

On 21 May 2020, Yang Yang, Deputy Director of the human resources department of the Group, participated in a social welfare event with the theme of "Delivering Care in the COVID-19 Combat and Building a Harmonious Society". Gulou District Federation of Industry and Commerce, Huaqiao Road Sub-district Chamber of Commerce and Jinling Huixin Social Stratum People's Federation jointly launched the public welfare initiative, aiming to gather all entrepreneurs together for the public welfare activities of delivering warmth, true feeling and care to build a civilized and harmonious home. The Group will certainly continue to take active participation in such meaningful public welfare activities in the future.



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共同應對疫情

2020年新冠肺炎疫情擴散到全中國 以及全球多個國家。本集團的業務, 尤其是物業租賃及酒店營運受疫情 影響尤為嚴重。但集團依然努力為 社會貢獻,以不同形式支援社會各 界以一起應對疫情。於2020年上半 年,集團響應國家號召,暫停建築 及銷售活動以控制疫情傳播。集團 明白及考慮到承租人的財務壓力, 主動向所有租戶授出2至3個月的租 金豁免。同時,本集團亦有籌募抗 疫物資,如口罩、消毒用品等,給 予有需要的人士,解決他們的燃眉 之急, 攜手抗疫。後來在復工復產 的過程中,集團亦不敢鬆懈,逐步 安排員工復工復產,並規定員工要 每天進行體溫檢查及保持社交距離, 在環境衛生方面,加強辦公室及項 目的清潔消毒頻率,讓客戶及員工 感到安心。集團在年內作出的抗疫 措施獲得所在社區的一致好評, 並 獲全聯房地產商會及全聯房地產商 會黨建工委頒發「抗擊新冠肺炎疫情 突出貢獻會員企業|獎項。

Joint response to the COVID-19 epidemic

In 2020, the COVID-19 epidemic spread to China and many other countries in the world. The Group's businesses, especially property leasing and hotel operations, were particularly affected by the epidemic. However, the Group still strived to contribute to the society and supported various sectors of the society in different forms to combat the epidemic together. In the first half of 2020, the Group responded to the national call to suspend construction and sales activities for the purpose of controlling the spread of the epidemic. The Group understood and took into account the financial pressure of tenants and voluntarily granted rent exemption for two to three months to all tenants. At the same time, the Group also raised antiepidemic materials, such as masks and disinfection supplies, and gave such materials to the needy to solve their urgent needs and join hands to fight the epidemic. Later, in the process of returning to work and resuming production, the Group did not relax on measurements and gradually arranged for the staff to return to work and resume production. The staff were required to conduct daily temperature check-ups, keep social distance, and increased the frequency of cleaning and disinfection of offices and projects to reassure customers and the staff regarding the hygiene of the environment. The anti-epidemic measures taken by the Group during the Year were well accepted by the communities in which the Group is located, and were awarded the "Outstanding Contribution Member Enterprise in Combating the COVID-19 Epidemic" by the All-China Real Estate Association and the Party Construction Committee of the All-China Real Estate Association.

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本集團捐贈抗疫物資 The Group donated anti-epidemic materials

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	 the policies; and 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料 compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to exhaust gas and greenhouse gas emissions, discharges into water and land, and generation of hazardous and nonhazardous wastes 				
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A1.2	/每名員工) Greenhouse gas emissions in total (kg CO2e) and Greenhouse gas intensity ((kg CO2e)/per employee).3所產生有害廢棄物總量 (噸)及密度 (噸/每名員工)				
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M 1. <i>)</i>	Total hazardous waste produced (in tonnes) and intensity (in tonnes/per employee)	Emissions			
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A1.0	油远處建有苦及無苦廢棄初即方為一國國產主重的追應及所待成未 Descriptions of how hazardous and non-hazardous wastes are handled, waste reduction	Emissions			
	measures implemented and results achieved	Liiiissioiis			
A2 一般披露	有效使用資源(包括能源、水及其他原材料)的政策	A2. 資源使用			
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General disclosure	rollers on the effective use of resources, merdeling chergy, water and other raw materials	Use of Resources			
A2.1	按類型劃分的直接及/或間接能源(如電、氣或油)總耗量(千個千瓦時)及能 源耗量密度(千個千瓦時/每名員工)	A2. 資源使用 Use of			
	Direct and/or indirect energy consumption by type (e.g. electricity, gas or oil) in total ('000 kWh) and intensity ('000 kWh/per employee)	Resources			
A2.2	總耗水量(噸)及耗水密度(噸/每名員工)	A2. 資源使用			
	Water consumption(in tonnes) in total and intensity(in tonnes/per employee)	Use of Resources			
A2.3	描述能源使用效益計劃及所得成果	A2. 資源使用			
	Descriptions of energy use efficiency initiatives and results achieved	Use of Resources			
A2.4	描述求取適用水源上可有任何問題,以及提升用水效益計劃及所得成果	A2. 資源使用			
	Descriptions of issues (if any) in sourcing water that is fit for purpose, water efficiency	Use of			
	initiatives and results achieved	Resources			
A2.5	製成品所用包裝材料的總量(噸)	A2. 資源使用			
	Total packaging material used for finished products (tonne)	Use of			
		Resources			

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主要範疇	内容	對應章節
Category	Content	Section
A3 一般披露	減低發行人對環境及天然資源造成重大影響的政策	A3. 環境及自然
General disclosure	Policies on minimizing the issuer's significant impact on the environment and natural	資源
	resources	Environment
		and Natural
		Resources
A3.1	描述業務活動對環境及天然資源的重大影響及已採取管理有關影響的行動	A3. 環境及自然
	Descriptions of the significant impacts of activities on the environment and natural	資源
	resources and the actions taken to manage them	Environment
		and Natural
		Resources
A4 一般披露	識別及應對已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜的政策	A4. 氣候變化
General disclosure	Policies on identifying and responding to significant climate-related matters that have and	Climate
	may have an impact on the issuer	Change
A4.1	描述已經及可能會對發行人產生影響的重大氣候相關事宜及應對行動	A4. 氣候變化
	Descriptions of significant climate-related issues and responses that have and may have an	Climate
	impact on the issuer	Change
B1 一般披露	有關薪酬及解僱、招聘及晉升、工作時數、假期、平等機會、多元化、反歧視	B1. 僱傭
General disclosure	以及其他待遇及福利的	Employment
	Information on:	
	(a) 政策;及	
	the policies; and	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料。	
	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the	
	issuer relating to compensation and dismissal, recruitment and promotion, working	
	hours, rest periods, equal opportunity, diversity, anti-discrimination, and other	
	benefits and welfare	
B1.1	按性別、僱傭類型、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員總數	B1. 僱傭
	Total workforce by gender, employment type, age group and region	Employment
B1.2	按性別、年齡組別及地區劃分的僱員流失比率	B1. 僱傭
	Employee turnover rate by gender, age group and region	Employment

環境、社會及管治報告 Environmental, Social and Governance Report

主要範疇	内容	對應章節
Category	Content	Section
B2 一般披露	有關提供安全工作環境及保障僱員避免職業性危害的:	B2. 僱員健康與
General disclosure	Information on:	安全
	(a) 政策;及	Occupational
	the policies; and	Health and
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	Safety
	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the	
	issuer relating to providing a safe working environment and protecting employees	
	from occupational hazards	
B2.1	因工作關係而死亡的人數及比率	B2. 僱員健康與
	Number and rate of work-related fatalities	安全
		Occupational
		Health and
		Safety
B2.2	因工傷損失的工作日數	B2. 僱員健康與
	Lost days due to work injury	安全
		Occupational
		Health and
		Safety
B2.3	描述所採納的職業健康與安全措施,以及相關執行及監察方法	B2. 僱員健康與
	Descriptions of occupational health and safety measures adopted, and how they are	安全
	implemented and monitored	Occupational
		Health and
		Safety
B3 一般披露	有關提升僱員履行工作職責的知識及技能的政策;描述培訓活動	B3. 發展及培訓
General disclosure	Policies on improving employees' knowledge and skills for discharging duties at work.	Development
	Descriptions of relevant training activities	and Training
B3.1	按性別及僱員類別劃分的受訓僱員百分比	B3.發展及培訓
	The percentage of employee trained by gender and employee category	Development
		and Training
B3.2	按性別及僱員類別劃分,每名僱員完成受訓的平均時數	B3. 發展及培訓
	The average training hours completed per employee by gender and employee category	Development
		and Training

主要範疇	内容	對應章節
Category	Content	Section
B4 一般披露	有關防止童工或強制勞工的	B4. 勞工準則
General disclosure	Information on:	Employment
	(a) 政策;及	Standards
	the policies; and	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the	
	issuer relating to preventing child and forced labour	
B4.1	描述檢討招聘慣例的措施以避免童工及強制勞工	B4. 勞工準則
	Descriptions of measures adopted to review employment practices to avoid child and forced	Employment
	labour	Standards
B4.2	描述在發現違規情況時消除有關情況所採取的步驟	B4. 勞工準則
	Descriptions of steps taken to eliminate such practices when discovered	Employment
		Standards
B5 一般披露	管理供應鏈的環境及社會風險政策	B5. 供應鏈管理
General disclosure	Policies on managing environmental and social risks of the supply chain	Management
		of Supply
		Chain
B5.1	按地區劃分的供應商數目	B5. 供應鏈管理
	Number of suppliers by region	Management
		of Supply
		Chain
B5.2	描述有關聘用供應商的慣例,向其執行有關慣例的供應商數目、以及有關慣	B5. 供應鏈管理
	例的執行及監察方法	Management
	Descriptions of established practices of supplier recruitment, number of suppliers where the	of Supply
	practices are being implemented, and how they are implemented and monitored	Chain
B5.3	描述有關識別供應鏈每個環節的環境及社會風險的慣例,以及相關執行及監	B5. 供應鏈管理
	察方法	Management
	Descriptions of the practices for identifying environmental and social risks at each stage of	of Supply
	the supply chain and the related implementation and monitoring methods.	Chain
B5.4	描述在挑選供應商時促使多用環保產品及服務的慣例,以及相關執行及監察	B5. 供應鏈管理
	方法	Management
	Descriptions of practices to promote the use of environment-friendly products and services	of Supply
	when selecting suppliers, and related implementation and monitoring methods	Chain

主要範疇	内容	對應章節	
Category	Content	Section	
B6 一般披露 General disclosure	 有關所提供產品和服務的健康與安全、廣告、標籤及私隱事宜以及補救方法的 Information on: (a) 政策;及 the policies; and (b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料 compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the issuer relating to health and safety, advertising, labelling and privacy matters relating to products and services provided and methods of redress 	B6. 產品責任及 服務質素 Product Liability and Quality of Services	
B6.1	已售或已運送產品總數中因安全與健康理由而須回收的百分比 Percentage of total products sold or shipped subject to recalls for safety and health reasons	B6. 產品責任及 服務質素 Product Liability and Quality of Services	
B6.2	接獲關於產品及服務的投訴數目以及應對方法 Number of product/service-related complaints received and how they are dealt with	B6. 產品責任及 服務質素 Product Liability and Quality of Services	
B6.3	描述與維護及保障知識產權有關的慣例 Descriptions of established practices of intellectual property right maintenance and protection	B6. 產品責任及 服務質素 Product Liability and Quality of Services	
B6.4	描述質量檢定過程及產品回收程式 Descriptions of quality assurance process and recall procedures	B6. 產品責任及 服務質素 Product Liability and Quality of Services	
B6.5	描述對消費者資料保障及私隱政策,以及相關執行及監察方法 Descriptions of consumer data protection and privacy policies, and how they are implemented and monitored	B6. 產品責任及 服務質素 Product Liability and Quality of Services	

主要範疇	内容	對應章節
Category	Content	Section
B7 一般披露	有關防止賄賂、勒索、欺詐及洗黑錢的	B7.反貪污
General disclosure	Information on:	Anti-
	(a) 政策;及	Corruption
	the policies; and	
	(b) 遵守對發行人有重大影響的相關法律及規例的資料	
	compliance with relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the	
	issuer relating to bribery, extortion, fraud and money laundering	
B7.1	於匯報期內對發行人或其僱員提出並已審結的貪污訴訟案件的數目及訴訟結	B7.反貪污
	果	Anti-
	Number of closed corruption lawsuits filed against the issuer or its employees during the	Corruption
	Reporting Period, and the outcomes of the cases	
B7.2	描述防範措施及舉報程式,以及相關執行及監察方法	B7.反貪污
	Descriptions of preventive measures and whistleblowing procedures, and how they are	Anti-
	implemented and monitored	Corruption
B7.3	描述向董事及員工提供的反貪污培訓	B7.反貪污
	Descriptions of anti-corruption trainings provided to the directors and staff	Anti-
		Corruption
B8 一般披露	有關以社區參與來瞭解營運所在社區需要和確保其業務活動會考慮社區利益	B8. 社區投資
General disclosure	的政策	Community
	Policies on community engagement to understand the needs of the communities where the	Investment
	issuer operates and to ensure its activities take into consideration the communities' interests	
B8.1	專注貢獻範疇	B8. 社區投資
	Focus areas of contribution	Community
		Investment
B8.2	在專注範疇所動用的資源	B8. 社區投資
	Resources contributed to the focus area	Community
		Investment

企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

本公司致力維持高水平的企業管治常規,以保 障股東的利益,提升本集團的業績表現。董事 會不時檢討及改善企業管治常規,以確保董事 會有效領導本公司,從而為股東帶來理想回報。

作為一家負責任的商業企業,本公司之企業管 治標準建基於獨立、問責、透明度及誠信之原則。

(A) 企業管治常規

本公司致力於維持高水平的企業管治。董 事會深信,以透明負責的方式開展本集團 業務及遵守良好企業管治常規符合本集團 及股東的長期利益。本公司已採納香港聯 合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規 則」)附錄十四所載的企業管治守則及企業 管治報告(「企業管治守則」)的守則條文作 為其本身的守則以規管其企業管治常規。

董事認為,本公司於年內已採納、應用及 遵守企業管治守則所載守則條文(「**守則條** 文」)。

董事會將繼續檢討及監控本公司的常規, 以維持及改進其高水平的企業管治常規。 The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance practices to safeguard the interests of the shareholders and enhance the performance of the Group. The Board reviews and improves the corporate governance practices from time to time to ensure that the Company is under the leadership of an effective board to optimise return for the shareholders.

As a responsible business enterprise, the corporate governance standards of the Company are built on the principles of independence, accountability, transparency and honesty.

(A) CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Company is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. The Board firmly believes that conducting the Group's business in a transparent and responsible manner and following good corporate governance practices serve its long-term interests and those of shareholders. The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report (the "Corporate Governance Code") contained in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") as its own code to govern its corporate governance practices.

In the opinion of the Directors, during the Year, the Company has adopted, applied and complied with the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") contained in the Corporate Governance Code.

The Board will continue to review and monitor the practices of the Company with an aim to maintain and improve its high standard of corporate governance practices.

(B) 董事的證券交易

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載上市發 行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準 守則」)作為其董事進行證券交易的行為守 則。經作出具體查詢後,全體董事均確認 彼等於年內已遵守標準守則。

(C) 董事會

年內,董事會成員如下:

執行董事
王欽賢先生(主席)
王錦輝先生(副主席兼行政總裁)
王錦強先生(常務副總裁)
Tjie Tjin Fung先生(副主席)
Janata David先生

非執行董事 Suwita Janata先生 *(副主席)* Gunawan Kiky先生

獨立非執行董事 黃英來先生 李達生先生 黃楚基先生 李思強先生

王欽賢先生為洪素玲女士的丈夫、執行董 事王錦輝先生及執行董事王錦強先生的 父親及Julia Oscar女士(非執行董事Suwita Janata 先生的太太)的胞兄。Suwita Janata 先 生為執行董事Janata David 先生的父親以及 執行董事王錦輝先生及執行董事王錦強先 生的姑父。

(B) DIRECTORS' SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules as its code of conduct regarding Directors' securities transactions. Upon specific enquiry, all Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code during the Year.

(C) BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board members for the Year were:

Executive Directors Mr. Wong Yam Yin (Chairman) Mr. Wong Kam Fai (Vice Chairman and Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (Standing Vice President) Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung (Vice Chairman) Mr. Janata David

Non-executive Directors Mr. Suwita Janata (Vice Chairman) Mr. Gunawan Kiky

Independent Non-executive Directors Mr. Wong Ying Loi Mr. Lie Tak Sen Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie Mr. Li Sze Keung

Mr. Wong Yam Yin is the husband of Ms. Hung So Ling, the father of Mr. Wong Kam Fai (an Executive Director) and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (an Executive Director), and the brother of Ms. Julia Oscar (the wife of Mr. Suwita Janata, a Non-executive Director). Mr. Suwita Janata is the father of Mr. Janata David (an Executive Director), and the uncle of Mr. Wong Kam Fai (an Executive Director) and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (an Executive Director). 董事會目前共由11名董事組成,即五名執 行董事、兩名非執行董事及四名獨立非執 行董事。上市規則第3.10A條規定,獨立 非執行董事人數須佔董事會超過三分之一 席位。董事履歷載於本年報第101至110頁。

本公司組織章程細則(「組織章程細則」)規 定,於各股東週年大會上,當時三分之一 的董事須輪值退任,惟各董事(包括以指 定任期委任之董事)須最少每三年輪值退 任一次。此外,根據組織章程細則,任何 獲委任填補臨時空缺或作為董事會新增成 員的董事分別須於本公司下屆股東大會或 下屆股東週年大會上膺選連任。

董事會會議至少每年定期舉行四次。董事 會將於有需要時召開特別會議。年內,董 事會合共召開八次會議。 The Board currently comprises a total of 11 Directors, with five Executive Directors, two Non-executive Directors, and four Independent Non-executive Directors. The number of Independent Non-executive Directors represents more than one-third of the Board as required by Rule 3.10A of the Listing Rules. The biographies of the Directors are set out on pages 101 to 110 of this Annual Report.

The Articles of Association of the Company (the "Articles of Association") provides that at each annual general meeting, one-third of the Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation, provided that every Director (including those appointed for a specific term) shall be subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years. Also, pursuant to the Articles of Association, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board is subject to re-election at the next following general meeting or next following annual general meeting of the Company respectively.

Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year. Special meeting of the Board will be convened whenever necessary. The Board convened a total of eight meetings for the Year. 年內,董事於董事會會議、董事委員會會 議及股東大會之出席記錄詳情如下:

Details of the directors' attendance at the Board meetings, Board committee meetings and the general meetings during the Year were as follows:

			出席/舉行會議次數 Meeting Attended/Held 股東			股東	
		全體董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	週年大會 Annual	特別大會 Extraordinary
			Audit	Remuneration	Nomination	General	General
董事姓名	Name of Director	Full Board	Committee	Committee	Committee	Meeting	Meeting
執行董事	Executive Directors						
王欽賢	Wong Yam Yin	8/8	-	-	2/2	1/1	0/0
王錦輝	Wong Kam Fai	8/8	-	2/2	-	1/1	0/0
王錦強	Wong Kam Keung, Barry	8/8	-	-	-	1/1	0/0
Tjie Tjin Fung	Tjie Tjin Fung	8/8	-	-	-	1/1	0/0
Janata David	Janata David	8/8	-	-	-	1/1	0/0
非執行董事	Non-executive Directors						
Suwita Janata	Suwita Janata	8/8	-	-	-	1/1	0/0
Gunawan Kiky	Gunawan Kiky	8/8	-	-	-	1/1	0/0
獨立非執行董事	Independent Non-executive Directors						
黃英來	Wong Ying Loi	8/8	-	-	2/2	1/1	0/0
李達生	Lie Tak Sen	8/8	3/3	2/2	-	1/1	0/0
黃楚基	Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie	8/8	3/3	2/2	-	1/1	0/0
李思強	Li Sze Keung	8/8	3/3	-	2/2	1/1	0/0

董事會負責有效領導本公司,並須向股東 負責。其負責制定本公司策略及管理政策, 批准本公司的策略目標,並確保具備必要 之財務資源及其他資源,足以應付有關目 標。董事會亦持續監察及檢討本公司的規 管及規則。董事須忠誠謹慎地履行彼等之 職責,並為本公司及其股東之整體最佳利 益行事。

再者,董事會亦負責就本公司之表現及前 景呈報清晰及持平的評估,編製真實公平 地反映本公司按持續經營基準的財務狀況 之賬目及披露其他內幕資料。 The Board is accountable to the shareholders for leading the Company in a responsible and effective manner. It is responsible for formulating strategies and management policies of the Company, approving the strategic objectives of the Company and ensuring the availability of necessary financial and other resources to meet such objectives. The Board also constantly supervises and reviews the Company's regulations and rules. The Directors perform their duties in a faithful and diligent manner and act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders as a whole.

Moreover, the Board is also responsible for presenting a clear and balanced assessment of the Company's performance and prospects, preparing accounts that give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position on a going concern basis and disclosing other inside information. 管理層負責執行董事會釐定的政策及策略, 以及獲授權處理本公司的日常管理、營運 及行政事宜。

本公司有四名獨立非執行董事(「**獨立非執** 行董事」),而根據上市規則,其中至少有 一名獨立非執行董事擁有適當的財務管理 專業知識。

本公司已接獲全體獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則第3.13條發出的年度獨立性確認書。 董事會認為,根據上市規則,全體獨立非 執行董事均屬獨立。

董事培訓

本公司會向每名新任董事提供必要之就職 指引及資料,確保彼已充分了解本公司的 營運及業務,以及彼於相關法例、法律、 規則及法規的責任。公司秘書及法律顧問 亦不時就上市規則及其他相關法律及法規 規定的最新發展及變動向董事提供最新資 訊。

本公司鼓勵全體董事參與持續專業發展, 以建立及更新彼等的知識及技能。年內, 本公司已安排內部培訓,讓董事更新及重 溫彼等的相關知識。

所有董事,即王欽賢先生、王錦輝先生、 王錦強先生、Tjie Tjin Fung先生、Janata David先生、Suwita Janata先生、Gunawan Kiky先生、黄英來先生、李達生先生、黄 楚基先生及李思強先生,已確認彼等透過 參加持續專業發展,於年內或其在年內的 任期內一直遵守企業管治守則之守則條文 A.6.5 條。

本公司已安排為董事及本公司之高級職員 購買適當之董事及高級職員責任保險。 The management is responsible for implementing the policies and strategies as determined by the Board, and is delegated with the daily management, operations and administration of the Company.

The Company has four Independent Non-executive Directors ("Independent Non-executive Directors"), at least one of whom has appropriate financial management expertise in compliance with the Listing Rules.

The Company has received annual confirmation of independence from all the Independent Non-executive Directors in accordance with Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Board is of the view that all the Independent Nonexecutive Directors are independent in accordance with the Listing Rules.

Directors' training

Each newly appointed Director is provided with necessary induction and information to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company's operations and businesses as well as his/her responsibilities under the relevant statues, laws, rules and regulations. The Company Secretary and our legal advisors also provide the Directors with updates on latest development and changes in the Listing Rules and other relevant legal and regulatory requirement from time to time.

All of the Directors are encouraged to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills. The Company has arranged in-house trainings for the Directors to update and refresh their relevant knowledge during the Year.

All of the Directors, namely Mr. Wong Yam Yin, Mr. Wong Kam Fai, Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry, Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung, Mr. Janata David, Mr. Suwita Janata, Mr. Gunawan Kiky, Mr. Wong Ying Loi, Mr. Lie Tak Sen, Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie and Mr. Li Sze Keung had confirmed that they had complied with the Code Provision A.6.5 of the Corporate Governance Code during the Year or his tenure during the Year by participating in continuous professional development.

The Company has arranged appropriate directors' and officers' liabilities insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Company.

(D) 主席及行政總裁

主席王欽賢先生在制定政策及業務方針方 面須承擔履行責任,以及負責帶領董事會。 彼確保董事會有效運作,並履行其責任, 且已及時就所有重大及恰當事宜通過董事 會進行討論。彼亦確保全體董事已充分知 悉將於董事會會議上討論之事宜。行政總 裁王錦輝先生負責監管本集團業務的日常 管理。王欽賢先生為王錦輝先生的父親。

(E) 非執行董事

各非執行董事及獨立非執行董事均與本公 司訂立正式委任函,為期一年或兩年,受 當中終止條文規限及須根據組織章程細則 輪值退任。

(F) 董事會委員會

本公司目前設立三個委員會,各自承擔不同的責任,即審核委員會(「審核委員會」)、 薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)及提名委員會 (「提名委員會」)。所有董事會委員會均獲 董事會根據其職權範圍賦予權力,該職權 範圍已登載於本公司及香港聯合交易所有 限公司網站。

審核委員會

本公司已成立審核委員會,其書面職權範 圍符合上市規則。審核委員會的主要職責 為檢討及監督本公司財務匯報過程、半年 及全年業績、風險管理以及內部監控制度、 本集團內部審計部門所進行內部審計職能 的有效性並向董事會提供建議及意見。審 核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事組成,即 李思強先生(主席)、李達生先生及黃楚基 先生,彼等合共擁有足夠的會計及財務管 理專業知識及業務經驗以履行彼等的職責。

(D) CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The Chairman, Mr. Wong Yam Yin, has executive responsibilities and provides leadership to the Board in terms of establishing policies and business directions. He ensures that the Board works effectively and discharges its responsibilities, and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely manner. He also ensures that all Directors are properly briefed on issues to be discussed at Board meetings. Mr. Wong Kam Fai, the Chief Executive Officer, is responsible for overseeing the day-to-day management of the Group's business. Mr. Wong Yam Yin is the father of Mr. Wong Kam Fai.

(E) NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Each of Non-executive Directors and the Independent Non-executive Directors has entered into a formal letter of appointment with the Company for a term of one year or two years, subject to termination provisions therein and retirement by rotation in accordance with the Articles of Association.

(F) BOARD COMMITTEES

The Company currently has established three committees with respective responsibilities, namely the audit committee (the "Audit Committee"), the remuneration committee (the "Remuneration Committee") and the nomination committee (the "Nomination Committee"). All Board committees are empowered by the Board under their terms of reference which have been posted on the websites of the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Audit committee

The Audit Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Audit Committee are to review and supervise the Company's financial reporting process, half-yearly and annual results, risk management and internal control systems, effectiveness of the internal audit function performed by the internal audit department of the Group and provide advice and comments to the Board. The Audit Committee consists of three Independent Non- executive Directors, namely Mr. Li Sze Keung (Chairman), Mr. Lie Tak Sen and Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie, who together have sufficient accounting and financial management expertise and business experience to carry out their duties. 年內,審核委員會舉行三次會議,以審閱 中期業績及年度業績,並就本公司之風險 管理及內部監控制度作出推薦建議。審核 委員會全體成員均已出席會議。財務總監 及本公司外部核數師之代表亦已出席會議。

薪酬委員會

本公司已成立薪酬委員會,其書面職權範 圍符合上市規則。薪酬委員會的主要職責 為就本公司全體董事及高級管理人員的薪 酬政策及架構,及就設立正規而具透明度 的程序以制訂薪酬政策向董事提出建議; 評估各執行董事的表現;就各執行董事及 高級管理人員的具體薪酬待遇條款向董事 會作出推薦建議(採納守則條文B.1.2(c)(ii) 項下的方式),以及參考董事不時議決的 企業方針及目標,檢討及批准與表現掛鈎 的薪酬。薪酬委員會由兩名獨立非執行董 事黃楚基先生(主席)及李達生先生以及 一名執行董事王錦輝先生組成。

年內,薪酬委員會舉行兩次會議,以評估 執行董事之表現、檢討執行董事服務合約 項下之薪酬及本公司之薪酬政策,並向董 事會作出推薦建議。薪酬委員會全體成員 均已出席會議。

提名委員會

本公司已成立提名委員會,其書面職權範 圍符合上市規則。提名委員會的主要職責 為定期檢討董事會的架構、人數及組成; 就任何建議變動向董事會提出建議;物色 及甄選提名出任董事的人選或就此向董事 會提出建議;評核獨立非執行董事的獨立 性;以及就董事委任或重新委任以及董事 繼任計劃的相關事宜向董事會提出建議。 提名委員會由執行董事王欽賢先生(主席) 與兩名獨立非執行董事黃英來先生及李思 強先生。 During the Year, the Audit Committee held three meetings to review the interim results and annual results and provide recommendation on the Company's risk management and internal control systems. All members of the Audit Committee attended the meetings. The Chief Financial Officer and the representatives of the external auditor of the Company also attended the meetings.

Remuneration committee

The Remuneration Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Remuneration Committee are to make recommendations to the Directors on the Company's policy and structure for all remuneration of the Directors and senior management and on the establishment of a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on such remuneration; to assess performance of each Executive Director; to recommend to the Board on the terms of the specific remuneration package of each Executive Director and senior management (adopted the approach under Code Provision B.1.2(c)(ii)); and to review and approve performance-based remuneration by reference to corporate goals and objectives resolved by Directors from time to time. The Remuneration Committee consists of two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely, Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie (Chairman) and Mr. Lie Tak Sen, and an Executive Director, Mr. Wong Kam Fai.

During the Year, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings to assess the performance of the Executive Directors, review the remuneration of the Executive Directors under their service contracts and the remuneration policies of the Company, and made recommendations to the Board. All members of the Remuneration Committee attended the meetings.

Nomination committee

The Nomination Committee was established with written terms of reference in compliance with the Listing Rules. The primary duties of the Nomination Committee are to review the structure, size and composition of the Board on a regular basis; to make recommendations to the Board regarding any proposed changes; to identify, select or make recommendations to the Board on the selection of individuals nominated for directorships; to assess the independence of the Independent Non-executive Directors; and to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to the appointment or reappointment of Directors and succession planning for Directors. The Nomination Committee consists of an Executive Director, Mr. Wong Yam Yin (Chairman), and two Independent Non-executive Directors, namely Mr. Wong Ying Loi and Mr. Li Sze Keung. 提名委員會已採納董事會多元化政策,制 定方針令董事會多元化。本公司相信真正 多元化的董事會將包含及善用董事會成員 的不同技能、地區及行業經驗、背景、種 族、性別及其他質素。候選人的甄選將基 於一系列多元化觀點,包括性別、年齡、 文化和教育背景、專業經驗、地區和行業 經驗、技能、知識及其他質素。本公司將 於釐定董事會的最適合組成時考慮該等觀 點,並於可能情況下保持適當平衡的一方 為多元化的觀點時,本公司將不時根據本 身的商業模式和特別需要事宜作考慮。最 終決定將以選定的候選人將對董事會帶來 的功績和貢獻為基礎。

提名委員會亦已採納提名政策,載列提名 及委任董事填補董事會臨時空缺或擔任現 時董事會新增成員的方針。候選人的甄選 將基於品格與誠信、資歷等標準、為達致 董事會成員多元化而採納的任何可計量目 標、候選人可為董事會帶來的任何潛在貢 獻以及候選人是否願意及是否能夠投放足 夠時間履行職責。提名委員會在收到委任 新董事的建議及候選人的履歷資料(或相 關詳情)後,將根據上述標準評估該候選 人,以判斷該候選人是否合資格擔任董事。 倘過程涉及一名或多名合意的候選人,則 提名委員會將根據本公司需要排列彼等的 優先次序並向董事會提出建議。

年內,提名委員會舉行兩次會議,以評估 獨立非執行董事之獨立性,就董事於應屆 股東週年大會之重新委任事宜作出推薦建 議並檢討提名委員會實施之政策。提名委 員會全體成員均已出席會議。 The Nomination Committee has adopted a board diversity policy, setting out the approach to diversity on the Board. It is believed that a truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, regional and industrial experience, background, race, gender and other qualities of members of the Board. Selection of candidates will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, which include gender, age, cultural and educational background, professional experience, regional and industry experience, skills, knowledge and other qualities. The Company will take these perspectives into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board which, when possible, should be balanced appropriately. In informing its perspective on diversity, the Company will also take into account factors relating to its own business model and specific needs from time to time. The ultimate decision will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates will bring to the Board.

The Nomination Committee has also adopted a nomination policy, setting out the approach for nominating and appointing a Director either to fill a casual vacancy on the Board, or as an addition to the existing Board. Selection of candidates will be based on criteria including character and integrity, qualifications, any measurable objectives adopted for achieving diversity on the Board, any potential contributions that the candidate can bring to the Board and the candidate's willingness and ability to devote adequate time to discharge his/her duties. Upon receipt of the proposal on appointment of new Director and the biographical information (or relevant details) of the candidate, the Nomination Committee will evaluate such candidate based on the criteria as set out above to determine whether such candidate is qualified for directorship. If the process yields one or more desirable candidates, the Nomination Committee will rank them by order of preference based on the needs of the Company and recommend to the Board.

During the Year, the Nomination Committee held two meetings to assess the independence of Independent Non-executive Directors, recommend the re-appointment of Directors at the forthcoming annual general meeting and review the policies implemented by the Nomination Committee. All members of the Nomination Committee attended the meetings.

企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治職責,其中包括 制定、檢討及批准本公司的企業管治政策 及常規;檢討及監察董事及高級管理層的 培訓及持續專業發展;檢討及監察本公司 在遵守法律及監管規定方面的政策及常規; 制定、檢討及監察僱員及董事的操守準則 及合規手冊(如有);及審核本公司企業管 治報告內已遵守的企業管治守則及披露要 求。

年內,董事會已舉行會議檢討本公司之企 業管治政策及常規,並履行上述的所有職 責。

(G) 核數師酬金

董事會負責就本集團的表現及前景作出平 衡及清晰的評核。董事知悉其責任乃以持 續經營的基礎編製賬目,以提供本集團真 實及公正的財政狀況及其他須予披露的財 務資料。本公司管理層向董事會提供所有 有關資料,讓董事會成員獲得其執行職務 所需的充足説明及資料。本公司核數師的 申報責任聲明載於本年報獨立核數師報告 一節內。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度, 就畢馬威會計師事務所提供的服務支付/ 應付的總費用為人民幣2.5百萬元,包括 審核服務費人民幣1.4百萬元及非審核服 務費人民幣1.1百萬元。

Corporate governance function

The Board is responsible for performing corporate governance duties which include developing, reviewing and approving the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance; reviewing and monitoring the training and continuous professional development of Directors and senior management; reviewing and monitoring the Company's policies and practices on compliance with legal and regulatory requirements; developing, reviewing and monitoring the code of conduct and compliance manual (if any) applicable to employees and Directors; and reviewing the Company's compliance with the Corporate Governance Code and disclosure in the Corporate Governance Report.

During the Year, the Board held meetings to review the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance and perform all duties as set out above.

(G) AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced and clear assessment of the Group's performance and prospects. The Directors acknowledged their responsibility for preparing the accounts that give a true and fair view on the Group's financial position on a going-concern basis and other financial disclosures. Management of the Company provides all relevant information to the Board, giving its members sufficient explanation and information that they need to discharge their responsibilities. A statement by the auditor of the Company in respect of their reporting responsibilities is set out in the Independent Auditor's Report section contained in this Annual Report.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the total fee paid/payable in respect of service provided by KPMG were RMB2.5 million, comprising fee for audit service of RMB1.4 million and for non-audit service of RMB1.1 million.

(H) 公司秘書

公司秘書為本公司全職僱員,熟知本公司 日常事務。公司秘書向董事會匯報,負責 就管治事宜向董事會提供意見。

於二零一九年四月一日,李煒恩女士(為 本公司全職僱員並熟知本公司日常事務) 已獲委任為公司秘書。李女士已確認於年 內,彼已接受不少於15個小時之相關專業 培訓。有關李女士的履歷詳情載於本年報 第111頁。

(I) 股東權利

開曼群島公司法(經修訂)並無條文允許 本公司股東於股東大會上提呈新決議案。 然而,組織章程細則規定:

股東召開股東特別大會之程序

任何一位或以上於提請要求當日持有不少 於本公司繳足股本(賦有權利在本公司股 東大會投票)十分之一的股東(「合資格股 東」),可隨時向董事會或本公司之公司秘 書發出書面要求,要求董事會召開股東特 別大會,以處理有關要求所指明的任何業 務交易;且須於提請該要求後兩(2)個月 內董事會未有召開大會,則提請要求的人 士可自行以相同方式召開大會,而本公司 須向提請要求的人士補償因董事會未有召 開大會而自行召開大會所產生的所有合理 開支。

(H) COMPANY SECRETARY

The Company Secretary is a full time employee of the Company and has dayto-day knowledge of the Company's affairs. The Company Secretary reports to the Board and is responsible for advising the Board on governance matters.

Ms. Lee Wai Yan who is a full time employee of the Company and has dayto-day knowledge of the Company's affairs was appointed as the Company Secretary on 1 April 2019. Ms. Lee has confirmed that for the Year, she has taken no less than 15 hours relevant professional training. The biographical details of Ms. Lee are set out on page 111 of this Annual Report.

(I) SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHT

There are no provisions allowing shareholders of the Company to propose new resolutions at the general meetings under the Cayman Islands Companies Law (Revised). However, pursuant to the Articles of Association, it provides that:

Procedure for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting

Any one or more shareholders holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company (the "Eligible Shareholders") shall at all times have the right, by written requisition to the Board or the Company Secretary of the Company, to require an extraordinary general meeting to be called by the Board for the transaction of any business specified in such requisition; and such meeting shall be held within two (2) months after the deposit of such requisition. If within twenty-one (21) days of such deposit the Board fails to proceed to convene such meeting the requisitionist(s) himself (themselves) may do so in the same manner, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionist(s) as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to the requisitionist(s) by the Company.

向董事會作出提議之程序

提議須以書面形式作出並隨附提議人士之 詳細聯繫資料, 遞交至本公司香港之主要 營業地點(地址為香港炮台山電氣道169 號理文商業中心18樓A室)予董事會或公 司秘書。本公司將竭誠及時作出回應。

於股東大會上提呈議案之程序

擬於將召開之股東大會上提呈議案之合資 格股東須提呈議案的書面通知,連同其詳 細聯絡資料,遞交至本公司香港之主要營 業地點(地址為香港炮台山電氣道169號 理文商業中心18樓A室)予董事會或公司 秘書。根據組織章程細則,有意提呈議案 之股東應根據上文「股東召開股東特別大會。

股東提呈人選於股東大會上推選為 董事之程序

如一名股東有意提呈人選於任何股東大 會上推選為董事,其必須簽署通知(「該通 知」),列明其有意提選該名人士。該通知 必須包括上市規則第13.51(2)條規定的擬 參選者個人資料及由擬參選者簽署的同意 書,列明其願意獲推選,並已遞交至本公 司香港之主要營業地點(地址為香港炮台 山電氣道169號理文商業中心18樓A室) 或本公司香港股份過戶登記分處香港中 央證券登記有限公司(地址為香港灣仔皇 后大道東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716 室),並給予最少(7)天通知。如於寄發處 理有關選舉的股東大會通知後呈交該通知, 則遞交該通知期間應自寄發處理有關選舉 的股東大會通知該日起至不遲於有關股東 大會日期前七(7)天。

Procedures for making enquiries to the Board

The enquiries must be in writing with the detailed contact information of the requisitionist(s) and deposited to the Board or the Company Secretary at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong located at Unit A, 18 Floor, Lee & Man Commercial Center, 169 Electric Road, Fortress Hill, Hong Kong. The Company will endeavour to respond in a timely manner.

Procedures for putting forward proposals at shareholders' meetings

Eligible shareholder who wishes to put forward proposal(s) at shareholders' meeting which is to be held, should submit a written notice of the proposal with his/her detailed contact information to the Board or the Company Secretary at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong located at Unit A, 18/F, Lee & Man Commercial Center, 169 Electric Road, Fortress Hill, Hong Kong. Pursuant to the Articles of Association, shareholders who wish to put forward a proposal should convene an extraordinary general meeting by following the procedure set out in "Procedure for shareholders to convene an extraordinary general meeting" above.

Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director at a general meeting

If a shareholder intends to propose a person for election as a Director at any general meeting, he must sign a notice (the "Notice") stating his intention to propose such person for election. The Notice which includes the personal information of the proposed person as required by Rule 13.51(2) of the Listing Rules and a letter of consent signed by the proposed person stating his willingness to be elected shall be lodged with the Company at its principal place of business in Hong Kong located at Unit A, 18/F, Lee & Man Commercial Center, 169 Electric Road, Fortress Hill, Hong Kong; or the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, located at Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong, with at least (7) days' notice given. If the Notices are submitted after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election, the period for lodgment of such Notice(s) shall commence on the day after the dispatch of the notice of the general meeting appointed for such election and end no later than seven (7) days prior to the date of such general meeting.

(J) 投資者關係

本公司的管理層相信,與投資者建立有效 及適當的關係對締造股東價值、提高公司 透明度及建立市場信心有重要作用。就此, 本公司已採納一套嚴謹的內部監控系統, 以確保真實、準確、完整及及時地披露相 關資料,以確保全體股東以及公眾人士同 等地獲得資料。本公司管理層已積極及將 繼續採取下列措施,以確保有效的股東溝 通及透明度:

- 透過不同渠道(如會議、電話及電郵)
 恆常與股東及投資者保持聯繫;
- 透過在本公司網站上的投資者關係
 一欄定期更新本公司的消息及發展;
- 安排潛在投資者及調查分析人員對 本集團的項目進行實地探訪。

本公司透過上述措施盡心竭力與投資界溝 通,並向其提供本集團及中國房地產業的 最新發展。

本公司根據上市規則披露資料,及根據有 關法律及法規向公眾定期刊發報告及公告。 本公司盡力確保準時披露資料,而有關資 料披露屬及時、公正、準確、真實及完整, 務求使股東、投資者及公眾能作出合理知 情決定。

此外,股東及投資者可藉:a)郵寄至本公司香港之主要營業地點,b)傳真至(852) 2566 3070或c)電郵至IR@gwtd.com.hk,直接向董事會提交書面查詢。

(J) INVESTOR RELATIONS

The management of the Company believes that effective and proper investor relations play a vital role in creating shareholders' value, enhancing the corporate transparency as well as establishing market confidence. As such, the Company has adopted a stringent internal control system to ensure true, accurate, complete and timely disclosure of information in order to ensure all shareholders as well as the public have equal access to information. The management of the Company has proactively taken and will continue to take the following measures to ensure effective shareholders' communication and transparency:

- Maintain frequent contacts with shareholders and investors through various channels such as meetings, telephone and emails;
- Regularly update the Company's news and developments through the investor relations section of the Company's website;
- Arrange on-site visits to the Group's projects for potential investors and research analysts.

Through the above measures, the Company endeavors to communicate with the investment community and provide them with the latest development of the Group and the PRC real estate industry.

The Company discloses information in compliance with the Listing Rules, and publishes periodic reports and announcements to the public in accordance with the relevant laws and regulations. The primary focus of the Company is to ensure information disclosure is timely, fair, accurate, truthful and complete, thereby enabling shareholders, investors as well as the public to make rational and informed decisions.

In addition, shareholders and investors are welcome to write their enquires directly to the Board a) by mail to the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong, b) by fax on (852) 2566 3070 or c) by email at IR@gwtd.com.hk.

(K) 風險管理及內部監控制度

董事會負責本集團風險管理及內部監控, 並審閱及維持其系統之有效性。本集團已 設立程序以保護資產免遭未獲授權使用或 處置、保存適當賬目記錄以提供內部用途 或供刊發的可靠財務資料,以及遵守適用 法律、規則及法規。

執行董事已按持續經營基準審閱及評估風 險管理及內部監控制度,且董事會每年會 進行進一步審閱及評核,以確保制度行之 有效且充足。

年內,本集團的內部審計部就本集團風險 管理及內部監控制度進行有效性評估,且 評估結果為正面。

年內,董事會透過審核委員會對本集團風 險管理及內部監控制度之有效性進行年度 檢討,涵蓋金融、經營、合規及風險管理 方面。該等制度被視為充足有效。

除董事會之監督責任外,本公司已制定風 險管理流程,以識別、評估及管理重大風 險及解決重大內部監控缺陷(如有)。高級 管理層透過本公司內部審核部門負責年度 風險申報流程。內部審核部門成員與各高 級管理層成員會晤,以檢討及評估風險並 商討方案解決重大內部監控缺陷(如有), 包括有關特定年度的任何變動。對風險進 行匯總、評級並制定減輕風險的計劃。風 險評估由高級管理層若干成員檢討並呈交 至審核委員會及董事會以供審閱。

董事會及高級管理層根據(i)風險對於本公 司財務業績影響之嚴重程度;(ii)發生風險 之可能性;及(iii)風險可能發生之時間長 短或速度對風險進行評估。

(K) RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

The Board is responsible for the risk management and internal control of the Group and for reviewing and maintaining its effectiveness of the systems. Procedures have been designed for safeguarding assets against unauthorised use or disposition, the maintenance of proper accounting records for the provision of reliable financial information for internal use or for publication and the compliance of applicable laws, rules and regulations.

The risk management and internal control systems are reviewed and assessed on an on-going basis by the Executive Directors, and are further reviewed and assessed by the Board on an annual basis to ensure that the systems in place are effective and adequate.

During the Year, the internal audit department of the Group has conducted an assessment on the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group and the assessment result was positive.

During the Year, the Board, through the Audit Committee, has conducted an annual review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control systems of the Group, covering financial, operational, compliance and risk management aspects. The systems were considered effective and adequate.

In addition to the Board's oversight responsibilities, the Company has developed a risk management process to identify, evaluate and manage significant risks and to resolve material internal control defects (if any). Senior management, through the Company's internal audit department, is responsible for the annual risk reporting process. Members of the internal audit department meet with various members of the senior management to review and assess risks and discuss solutions to address material internal control defects (if any), including any changes relevant to a given year. Risks are compiled, ratings are assigned and mitigation plans are documented. The risk assessment is reviewed by certain members of senior management and presented to the Audit Committee and the Board for their review.

Risks are evaluated by the Board and senior management based on (i) the severity of the impact of the risk on the Company's financial results; (ii) the probability that the risk will occur; and (iii) the velocity or speed at which a risk could occur.

本集團之風險管理框架包括以下部分:

- 識別本集團經營環境之重大風險及 評估該等風險對本集團業務之影響;
- 制定管理該等風險之必要措施;
- 監察及檢討有關措施之有效性。

風險管理制度中設立之監控乃為管理而非 消除本集團業務環境之重大風險。

內部監控制度之目的乃為提供合理(但非 絕對)保證。該制度旨在消除或以其他方 式管理未能達致本公司所訂目標之風險。

內部審核部門直接向審核委員會匯報內部 審核計劃及結果。

審核委員會協助董事會領導管理層並監督 其設計、執行及監察風險管理及內部監控 制度。

本公司已制定內幕消息政策,為處理內幕 消息提供指引。

(L) 股息政策

本公司已採納股息政策,載列本公司就宣 派、派付或分派其純利予本公司股東作為 股息時擬應用的原則及指引。為達致可持 續的均衡發展,本公司視制定股息分派制 度為支持其達到戰略目標及維持可持續發 展的關鍵元素。根據開曼群島公司法及組 織章程細則規定以外作出的股息分派由董 事會酌情決定,本公司預期會考慮財務 續 、股東權益、整體業務狀況及策略、資 本要求、有關本公司向其股東或本公司附 務考慮因素及對信用的潛在影響、法定及 監管限制。本公司擬於各財政年度將其不 高於可分派純利的50%作為股息分派予其 股東,惟須受上文所載的條件及因素規限。 The Group's risk management framework includes the following elements:

- identify significant risks in the Group's operation environment and evaluate the impacts of those risks on the Group's business;
- develop necessary measures to manage those risks;
- monitor and review the effectiveness of such measures.

The controls built into the risk management system are intended to manage, not eliminate, significant risks in the Group's business environment.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance. The system aims to eliminate, or otherwise manage, risks of failure in achieving the Company's objectives.

The internal audit department reports the internal audit plan and results to the Audit Committee directly.

The Audit Committee assists the Board in leading the management and overseeing their design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Company have formulated an inside information policy providing guideline on handling inside information.

(L) DIVIDEND POLICY

The Company has adopted a dividend policy, setting out principles and guidelines that the Company intends to apply in relation to the declaration, payment or distribution of its net profits as dividends to the shareholders of the Company. With a view to achieving a sustainable and balanced development, the Company sees developing a dividend distribution system as an essential element in supporting the attainment of its strategic objectives and its sustainable development. The declaration of dividends, in addition to the Companies Act of the Cayman Islands and the Articles of Association, is subject to the discretion of the Board, which the Company expects will take into account the financial results, shareholders' interests, general business conditions and strategies, capital requirements, contractual restrictions on the payment of dividends by the Company to its shareholders or by the Company's subsidiaries to the Company, taxation considerations and possible effects on creditworthiness, statutory and regulatory restrictions. The Company intends to distribute not more than 50% of its net distributable profits as dividends to its shareholders for each financial year, subject to the conditions and factors as set out above.

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

本集團現任董事及高級管理人員的履歷載列如下。

Below are biographies of the current Directors and senior management of the Group.

執行董事

王欽賢先生,79歲,執行董事、董事會主席及 提名委員會主席。王先生為本集團創辦人之一, 亦是我們的控股股東之一。彼負責我們的整體 策略、業務及投資規劃。王先生於二零一二年 四月二十六日獲委任為董事。

王先生於商業管理方面擁有逾30年經驗。彼於 一九八三年在香港成立金輪貿易有限公司,從 事五金貿易業務。彼與其太太洪素玲女士、長 子王錦輝先生及二子王錦強先生於一九九四年 成立本集團,從事房地產開發業務。

除於本集團擔任的職務外,王先生參與多個組織, 包括擔任:

- 中華全國歸國華僑聯合會顧問;
- 中國海外交流協會常務理事;
- 中國僑商聯合會常務副會長;
- 香港僑界社團聯會主席兼永久名譽會長;
- 香港僑友社永久榮譽會長;
- 香港僑愛基金主席兼董事長;
- 香港福建社團聯會常務會董;
- 香港廣東社團總會常務會董;及
- 株洲金輪僑心學校名譽校長。

EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Yam Yin (王欽賢), aged 79, is an Executive Director and the Chairman of our Board and our Nomination Committee. Mr. Wong is one of the founders of our Group and our controlling shareholders. He is responsible for our overall strategy, business and investment planning. Mr. Wong was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012.

Mr. Wong has over 30 years of experience in business management. He established Golden Wheel Trading Company Limited (金輪貿易有限公司) in 1983 in Hong Kong to engage in metal trading business. He, together with his wife Ms. Hung So Ling, his elder son Mr. Wong Kam Fai and his younger son Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry, established our Group in 1994 to engage in real estate development business.

Other than his role in our Group, Mr. Wong is involved in various associations, including being:

- a consultant of All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a Standing Council Member of China Overseas Exchange Association*;
- a Standing Deputy Chairman of China Federation of Overseas Chinese Entrepreneurs*;
- a Chairman and Permanent Honorary President of Hong Kong Federation of Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a Permanent Honorary President of Hong Kong Chiao Yao Association*;
- a Chairman & CEO of Hong Kong Qiao Ai Foundation Limited*;
- a Standing Director of Hong Kong Federation of Fujian Associations*;
- a Standing Director of Federation of Hong Kong Guangdong Community Organisations*; and
- the Honorary Principal of Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Qiaoxin School*.

王先生榮獲多個獎項以表彰其對社會的貢獻, 包括於二零零四年獲香港政府頒發「行政長官社 區服務獎狀」、於二零一零年獲中華全國歸國華 僑聯合會頒發「援建北川中學特殊貢獻獎」、於 二零一零年獲中華全國工商聯五金機電商會頒 發「二零一零年誠信製造商」、於二零一四年獲 全球傑出華人協會及中國文獻出版社聯聯合頒 發的「全球傑出華人獎」及於二零一四年獲國務 院僑務辦公室會評定為「服務華社榮譽人仕」。 於二零一九年獲中國華僑公益基金會頒發「僑愛 慈善之星」。

王先生於一九六七年取得華僑大學的物理學學 士學位。

王欽賢先生為洪素玲女士的丈夫、執行董事王 錦輝先生及執行董事王錦強先生的父親及Julia Oscar女士(非執行董事Suwita Janata先生的太太) 的胞兄。

王先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第xv部條文 須予披露之權益載於本年報「董事會報告-董事 及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的 權益及淡倉」一節。

王錦輝先生,50歲,執行董事、董事會副主席、 本集團行政總裁兼薪酬委員會成員。王先生為 本集團創辦人之一,亦是我們的控股股東之一。 王先生於完成其學士學位後即在本集團先後擔 任多項職務。彼分別自一九九四年五月一日及 二零零二年七月一日起擔任南京金輪房地產開 發有限公司及南京翡翠金輪置業有限公司的總 經理。王先生負責我們的整體業務營運及管理。 王先生於二零一二年四月二十六日獲委任為董 事。王先生在房地產行業擁有逾20年經驗。 Mr. Wong received various awards in recognition of his contribution to society, including the "Chief Executive's Commendation for Community Service (行政 長官社區服務獎狀)" by the Hong Kong government in 2004, the "Prize for Outstanding Contribution to Beichuan Middle School*" by All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*, the "Manufacturer with Honesty and Integrity of 2010" by All-China Federation of Industry and Commerce, Hardware and Electromechanical Chamber in 2010, the "Award of Outstanding Chinese" jointly held by Global Outstanding Chinese Association and Chinese Literature Publishing House in 2014, and the "Honor of Serving Chinese Society" by Overseas' Chinese Office of the State Council* in 2014. In 2019, Mr. Wong was also awarded the "Overseas Chinese Charity Star".

Mr. Wong received his bachelor's degree in physics from Huaqiao University in 1967.

Mr. Wong Yam Yin is the husband of Ms. Hung So Ling, the father of Mr. Wong Kam Fai (an Executive Director) and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (an Executive Director), and the brother of Ms. Julia Oscar (the wife of Mr. Suwita Janata, a Non-executive Director).

The discloseable interests of Mr. Wong in the shares and underlying shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO") are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Annual Report.

Mr. Wong Kam Fai (王錦輝), aged 50, is an Executive Director, a Vice Chairman of our Board, the Chief Executive Officer of our Group and a member of our Remuneration Committee. Mr. Wong is one of the founders of our Group and our controlling shareholders. Mr. Wong held several positions within our Group immediately after completion of his bachelor's degree. He has been the General Manager of Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate Development Company Limited since 1 May 1994 and Nanjing Jade Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited since 1 July 2002, respectively. Mr. Wong is responsible for our overall business operation and management. Mr. Wong was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012. Mr. Wong has over 20 years of experience in the real estate industry.

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

王先生參與多個組織,包括擔任:

- 中國人民政治協商會江蘇省委員會委員;
- 中華全國歸國華僑聯合會委員;
- 香港僑界社團聯會副主席;
- 香港江蘇社團總會副主席;
- 香港僑愛基金有限公司主席兼董事;
- 江蘇省工商業聯合會常委;
- 江蘇省工商聯房地產商會會長;
- 江蘇省海外交流協會副會長;及
- 南京市僑商投資企業協會常務副會長。

王先生於一九九四年六月獲得澳洲新南威爾士 大學計算機科學學士學位。

王錦輝先生為執行董事王欽賢先生及洪素玲女 士的長子及執行董事王錦強先生的胞兄。

王先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第xv部條文須予披露之權益載於本年報「董事會報告-董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節。

Mr. Wong is involved in various associations, including being:

- a member of Jiangsu Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference*;
- a member of All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a Deputy Chairman of Hong Kong Federation of Overseas Chinese Associations*;
- a Deputy Chairman of Federation of HK Jiangsu Community Organisation*;
- a Chairman and Director of Hong Kong Qiao Ai Foundation Limited;
- a standing committee member of All-China Federation of Industry & Commerce of Jiangsu Province*;
- Chairman of Real Estate Chamber of Jiangsu Provincial Federation of Industry & Commence*;
- a Deputy Chairman of Jiangsu Provincial Overseas Exchange Association*; and
- a Standing Deputy Chairman of Nanjing Overseas Chinese Chamber of Commerce*.

Mr. Wong received his bachelor's degree in computer science from The University of New South Wales of Australia in June 1994.

Mr. Wong Kam Fai is the elder son of Mr. Wong Yam Yin (an Executive Director) and Ms. Hung So Ling, and the elder brother of Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (an Executive Director).

The discloseable interests of Mr. Wong in the shares and underlying shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Annual Report.

王錦強先生,47歲,執行董事兼本集團常務副 總裁。彼亦為我們的控股股東。彼負責於湖南 省的行政、人力資源管理及項目開發。王先生 於一九九六年加入本集團。王先生分別自二零 零四年八月一日及二零一零年二月一日起擔任 株洲金輪房地產有限公司及株洲金輪商業管理 有限公司的總經理。王先生於二零一二年四月 二十六日獲委任為董事。彼在房地產行業擁有 逾20年經驗。

王先生參與多個組織,包括擔任:

- 中國人民政治協商會湖南省委員會委員;
- 中華全國歸國華僑聯合會青年委員會委員;
- 廣東省歸國華僑聯合會常委;
- 深圳市歸國華僑聯合會副會長;
- 湖南省僑商聯合會副會長;
- 香港僑界社團聯會董事;
- 湖南省歸國華僑聯合會常委;
- 長沙市海外聯誼會常委;及
- 南京市海外聯誼會常委。

Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (王錦強), aged 47, is an Executive Director and the Standing Vice President of our Group. He is also one of our controlling shareholders. He is responsible for administration, human resources management and projects development in Hunan province. Mr. Wong joined our Group in 1996. Mr. Wong has been the General Manager of Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Real Estate Limited since 1 August 2004 and Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Business Management Limited since 1 February 2010, respectively. Mr. Wong was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012. He has over 20 years of experience in the real estate industry.

Mr. Wong is involved in various associations, including being:

- a member of Hunan Provincial Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference*;
- a member of Youth Committee of All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a standing committee member of Guangdong Provincial Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a Deputy Chairman of Shenzhen Returned Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a Deputy Chairman of Hunan Provincial Federation of Overseas Chinese Entrepreneurs*;
- a Director of Hong Kong Federation of Overseas Chinese Associations*;
- a standing committee member of Hunan Provincial Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*;
- a standing committee member of Changsha Overseas Fraternal Association*; and
- a standing committee member of Nanjing Overseas Fraternal Association*.

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

王先生於一九九三年完成Unisearch Limited (現稱 為New South Innovations Pty Limited,為新南威爾 士大學控制的實體)的基礎研究證書課程。

王錦強先生為執行董事王欽賢先生及洪素玲女 士的幼子及執行董事王錦輝先生的胞弟。

王先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第xv部條文須予披露之權益載於 本年報「董事會報告-董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節。

Tjie Tjin Fung先生,70歲,執行董事兼董事會 副主席。Tjie先生負責監督本集團的營運及制訂 本集團的投資策略。彼於二零零二年加入本集 團。Tjie先生於二零一二年四月二十六日獲委任 為董事。

Tjie先生為印尼華僑。彼為一名企業家,於二十 世紀七十年代在印尼建立其本身的製造業務。

Tjie 先生參與多個組織,包括擔任:

- 印尼萬隆渤良安福利基金會輔導委員會委員;
- 印尼萬隆客屬聯誼會主席;
- 印尼萬隆國際獨立獅子會創會會長;
- 印尼廣東社團聯合總會名譽主席;
- 印尼客屬聯誼總會榮譽主席;
- 印尼梅州會館名譽主席;及
- 印尼華裔總會名譽主席。

Mr. Wong completed the Foundation Studies Certificate Course of Unisearch Limited (now known as New South Innovations Pty Limited, an entity controlled by the University of New South Wales) in 1993.

Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry is the younger son of Mr. Wong Yam Yin (an Executive Director) and Ms. Hung So Ling, and the younger brother of Mr. Wong Kam Fai (an Executive Director).

The discloseable interests of Mr. Wong in the shares and underlying shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Annual Report.

Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung, aged 70, is an Executive Director and a Vice Chairman of our Board. Mr. Tjie is responsible for overseeing our Group's operation, and formulating our Group's investment strategies. He joined our Group in 2002. Mr. Tjie was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012.

Mr. Tjie is an Indonesian Chinese. Being an entrepreneur, he established his own manufacturing business in Indonesia in the 1970s.

Mr. Tjie is involved in various associations, including being:

- a counselling committee member of Indonesia Kota Bandung Social Welfare Fund*;
- a Chairman of Indonesia Bandung Hakka Chinese Association*;
- a Charter President of Indonesia Bandung Lions Clubs International*;
- an Honorary Chairman of Guangdong Provincial Federation of Indonesian Social Institutes*;
- an Honorary Chairman of Indonesia Hakka Chinese Association*;
- an Honorary Chairman of Indonesia Mei Zhou Club*; and
- an Honorary Chairman of Indonesia Chinese Association*.

Tjie先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根據證券及期貨條例第xV部條文須予披露之權益載於本年報「董事會報告-董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節。

Janata David先生,39歲,執行董事。彼負責 管理我們的投資者關係。彼於二零零五年加 入本集團。Janata David先生於二零一二年四月 二十六日獲委任為董事。

Janata David先生為印尼華僑。彼亦於二零一零 年至二零一一年在經營位於印尼峇里的渡假村 酒店的公司The Royal Beach Seminyak Bali擔任總 經理。彼與其家族成員於二零零九年八月在印 尼成立PT Golden及Mitra Property,在印尼從事 房地產開發業務。

Janata David先生於二零零二年十二月獲得澳洲 蒙納什大學的商學學士學位,於二零零四年 十二月獲得同一間大學的商業系統碩士學位。

Janata David 先生為非執行董事 Suwita Janata 先生及 Julia Oscar 女士的兒子。Julia Oscar 女士為執行 董事王欽賢先生的胞妹。因此, Janata David 先 生為王欽賢先生的外甥。

非執行董事

Suwita Janata先生,70歲,非執行董事兼董事 會副主席。彼於二零零二年加入本集團。Suwita Janata先生於二零一二年四月二十六日獲委任為 董事。

Suwita Janata先生為印尼華僑。彼於二十世紀 七十年代成立其本身的貿易公司開展其企業 家事業。Suwita Janata先生與其家族成員於二 零零九年八月在印尼成立PT Golden及Mitra Property,在印尼從事房地產開發業務。 The discloseable interests of Mr. Tjie in the shares and underlying shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Annual Report.

Mr. Janata David, aged 39, is an Executive Director. He is responsible for managing our investors' relationship. He joined our Group in 2005. Mr. Janata David was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012.

Mr. Janata David is an Indonesia Chinese. He also served as a general manager of The Royal Beach Seminyak Bali, a company running a resort hotel in Bali, Indonesia, from 2010 to 2011. He and his family members established PT Golden and Mitra Property in Indonesia in August 2009 to engage in property development business in Indonesia.

Mr. Janata David received his bachelor's degree in business from Monash University in Australia in December 2002 and his master's degree in business systems from the same university in December 2004.

Mr. Janata David is the son of Mr. Suwita Janata (a Non-executive Director) and Ms. Julia Oscar who is the sister of Mr. Wong Yam Yin (an Executive Director). Therefore, Mr. Janata David is a nephew of Mr. Wong Yam Yin.

NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Suwita Janata, aged 70, is a Non-executive Director and a Vice Chairman of our Board. He joined our Group in 2002. Mr. Suwita Janata was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012.

Mr. Suwita Janata is an Indonesian Chinese. He commenced his career as an entrepreneur by establishing his own trading company in the 1970s. Mr. Suwita Janata and his family members established PT Golden and Mitra Property in Indonesia in August 2009 to engage in property development business in Indonesia.

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

Suwita Janata先生現/曾參與多個組織,包括擔任:

- 印尼工商會館中國委員會西爪哇分會前任 執行主席;
- 印尼西爪哇工商會館商業部前主任;
- 印尼萬隆渤良安福利基金會顧問;及
- 印尼萬隆閩南公會監事會成員。

Suwita Janata 先生為執行董事 Janata David 先生的 父親及 Julia Oscar 女士的丈夫,而 Julia Oscar 女士 為執行董事王 針賢 先生的胞妹以及執行董事王 錦輝先生及執行董事王錦強的姑媽。

Suwita Janata先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁 有根據證券及期貨條例第 XV 部條文須予披露之 權益載於本年報「董事會報告-董事及主要行政 人員於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」 一節。

Gunawan Kiky先生,73歲,非執行董事。彼於 二零零二年加入本集團。Gunawan先生於二零 一二年四月二十六日獲委任為董事。

Gunawan 先生為印尼華僑。於二十世紀八十年代, 彼建立其本身的貿易業務。

Gunawan先生於一九八九年加入印尼萬隆國際獨 立獅子會。於二零零零年,Gunawan先生創立印 尼萬隆客屬聯誼會,並一直為該聯誼會的財務 主管。

Gunawan先生於本公司股份及相關股份中擁有根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部條文須予披露之權益 載於本年報「董事會報告-董事及主要行政人員 於股份、相關股份及債權證的權益及淡倉」一節。 Mr. Suwita Janata is/has been involved in various associations, including being:

- the former Executive Chairman of Chinese Committee of Indonesia Chamber of Commerce (West Java)*;
- the former head of the Indonesia Chamber of Commerce (West Java), Commerce Division*;
- an advisory council member of Indonesia Bandung Yayasan Dana Welfare Foundation*; and
- a member of the supervisory committee of Indonesia Bandung Minnan Gonghui*.

Mr. Suwita Janata is the father of Mr. Janata David (an Executive Director) and the husband of Ms. Julia Oscar. Ms. Julia Oscar is the sister of Mr. Wong Yam Yin (an Executive Director) and the aunt of Mr. Wong Kam Fai (an Executive Director) and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (an Executive Director).

The discloseable interests of Mr. Suwita Janata in the shares and underlying shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Annual Report.

Mr. Gunawan Kiky, aged 73, is a Non-executive Director. He joined our Group in 2002. Mr. Gunawan was appointed as a Director on 26 April 2012.

Mr. Gunawan is an Indonesian Chinese. In the 1980s, he established his own trading business.

Mr. Gunawan joined Indonesia Bandung Lions Clubs International* in 1989. In 2000, Mr. Gunawan founded Indonesia Bandung Hakka Chinese Association* and has been a financial supervisor of the association.

The discloseable interests of Mr. Gunawan in the shares and underlying shares of the Company under the provisions of Part XV of the SFO are set out in the section headed "Directors' Report – Directors' and Chief Executives' Interests and Short Positions in Shares, Underlying Shares and Debentures" in this Annual Report.
獨立非執行董事

黃英來先生,76歲,獨立非執行董事兼提名委 員會成員。黃先生於二零一二年十二月十日獲 委任為董事。黃先生在商業管理方面擁有逾20 年經驗。彼自二十世紀八十年代起一直經營其 本身的貿易及製造業務。

黄先生參與多個組織,包括擔任:

- 香港僑友社會長;
- 中國人民政治協商會議湖北省委員會第九、 十屆委員;及
- 中華全國歸國華僑聯合會榮譽委員。

黄先生於一九六八年七月獲得華僑大學的英語 文憑。

李達生先生,72歲,獨立非執行董事、審核委 員會兼薪酬委員會成員。李先生於二零一二年 十二月十日獲委任為董事。李先生擁有逾20年 業務管理經驗。彼自一九九零年起經營其本身 的貿易業務。

李先生參與多個組織,包括擔任:

• 中華全國歸國華僑聯合會前任委員;及

• 北京市歸國華僑聯合會顧問。

INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Wong Ying Loi (黃英來), aged 76, is an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of our Nomination Committee. Mr. Wong was appointed as a Director on 10 December 2012. Mr. Wong has over 20 years of experience in business management. He has been operating his own trading and manufacturing business since the 1980s.

Mr. Wong is involved in various associations, including being:

- the Chairman of Chiao Yao Association Limited*;
- a member of the Ninth and Tenth sessions of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Committee of, Hubei province*; and
- an honorary member of All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*.
- Mr. Wong obtained a diploma in English from Huaqiao University in July 1968.

Mr. Lie Tak Sen (李達生), aged 72, is an Independent Non-executive Director and a member of our Audit Committee and our Remuneration Committee. Mr. Lie was appointed as a Director on 10 December 2012. Mr. Lie has over 20 years of experience in business management. He has been operating his own trading business since 1990.

Mr. Lie is involved in various associations, including being:

- a former member of All-China Federation of Returned Overseas Chinese Association*; and
- a consultant of Beijing Returned Overseas Chinese Federation*.

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

黃楚基先生,53歲,獨立非執行董事、薪酬委 員會主席兼審核委員會成員。黃先生於二零 一七年八月一日獲委任為董事。黃先生於業務 策略及企業管理方面具有逾10年經驗。

黄先生現/曾參與多個組織,包括擔任:

- 中國人民政治協商會議第13屆全國委員 會委員;
- 中國人民政治協商會議廣州市第11、12及 13屆委員;
- 香港僑界社團聯會會長;
- 香港石油、化工、醫藥同業商會常董;及
- 百仁基金副會長。

黃先生現時為華孚石油有限公司(業務包括石油 及石油產品批發分銷)之董事總經理。黃先生主 要負責監督該公司之財務表現及實施業務策略。

彼亦為泉昌有限公司(經營專有中藥、食品及茶 的貿易及批發)之董事,彼參與釐定該公司之策 略目標及政策並全面監督實施。彼亦為亞勢備 份軟件開發有限公司(從事透過互聯網為客戶提 供線上備份軟件解決方案業務,並於香港聯合 交易所有限公司GEM上市(股份代號:8290)) 之獨立非執行董事。

黃先生分別於一九九零年五月及一九九一年八 月獲得美國波士頓大學生物醫學工程理學學士 學位及美國康奈爾大學電氣工程學碩士學位。 Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie (黄楚基), aged 53, is an Independent Non-executive Director, the Chairman of our Remuneration Committee and a member of our Audit Committee. Mr. Wong was appointed as a Director on 1 August 2017. Mr. Wong has over 10 years of experience in business strategies and corporate management.

Mr. Wong is/has been involved in various associations, including being:

- a member of the 13th National Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference*;
- a member of the 11th, 12th and 13th Guangzhou Municipal Committee of the Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference*;
- a President of Hong Kong Federation of Overseas Chinese Associations;
- a standing committee member of Hong Kong Petroleum, Chemicals and Pharmaceutical Materials Merchants Association; and
- a vice president of Centum Charitas Foundation.

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Mr. Wong is currently a managing director of Wah Fu Petroleum Company Limited, the business of which includes the wholesale distribution of petroleum and petroleum products. Mr. Wong is mainly responsible for overseeing the financial performance and implementing business strategies of that company.

He is also a director of Chuan Chiong Company, Limited, which is involved in the trading and wholesale of proprietary Chinese medicine, food product and tea, where he is involved in the determination of that company's strategic objectives and policies and monitoring its overall achievement. He is also an independent nonexecutive director of Ahsay Backup Software Development Company Limited which is engaged in the provision of online backup software solutions to clients via the internet, and listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited with stock code 8290.

Mr. Wong obtained a Bachelor of Science in Biomedical Engineering from Boston University, the United States, and a Master of Engineering (Electrical) from Cornell University, the United States, in May 1990 and August 1991 respectively. 李思強先生,42歲,為獨立非執行董事、審核 委員會主席以及提名委員會成員。李先生為香 港會計師公會之執業會計師。

李先生於二零零一年十一月獲得香港城市大學 會計專業工商管理(榮譽)學士學位。李先生於 二零零四年六月加入羅兵咸永道會計師事務所, 擔任税務部高級顧問,並於二零零七年十月擢 升為經理。彼於二零零九年二月離開羅兵咸永 道會計師事務所,加入中瑞岳華(香港)會計師 事務所,擔任税務服務部經理並於二零一零年 一月至二零一一年十月成為税務服務部高級經 理。李先生於二零一一年十二月至二零一二年 五月於安永會計師事務所擔任税務部高級經理。 李先生自二零一二年起擔任君和商業有限公司 董事。

李先生於為本地及跨國企業提供税務諮詢及合 規服務方面擁有逾15年經驗。李先生於服務貿 易公司及金融或專業服務公司等廣泛類別客戶 方面擁有豐富經驗。彼於各類税務諮詢及投資 項目擁有豐富經驗,並定期代表客戶處理税務 相關事宜。

高級管理層

姚智文先生為本集團之財務總監。姚先生負責 監督本集團之財務管理及合規情況。彼擁有約 20年審計及顧問服務之經驗,曾為多間上市公 司及跨國企業(尤其是房地產及金融服務行業) 提供審計及顧問服務。

姚先生於二零一三年加入本集團。於加入本集 團前,姚先生為畢馬威中國會計師事務所之合 夥人。

姚先生於一九九三年於香港理工大學獲取會計 學文學士學位。姚先生為特許公認會計師公會 資深會員,及香港會計師公會會員。 Mr. Li Sze Keung (李思強), aged 42, is an Independent Non-executive Director, the Chairman of our Audit Committee and a member of our Nomination Committee. Mr. Li is a Certified Public Accountant of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Mr. Li obtained his Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours) degree in Accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong in November 2001. Mr. Li joined PricewaterhouseCoopers as Senior Consultant of the Tax Department in June 2004 and was promoted to the position of Manager in October 2007. He left PricewaterhouseCoopers in February 2009 to join RSM Nelson Wheeler as Manager of the Tax Services Department, and became a Senior Manager of the Tax Services Department from January 2010 to October 2011. Mr. Li was a Senior Manager of the Tax Department in Ernst & Young from December 2011 to May 2012. Mr. Li has been the director of The Concord Consulting Service Limited since 2012.

Mr. Li has over 15 years of experience in providing tax advisory and compliance services to local and multinational corporations. Mr. Li has wide experience in serving a wide spectrum of clients including trading companies and financial or professional services firms. He has extensive experience in various tax advisory and investment projects, and regularly represents clients in handling tax-related matters.

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Mr. Yiu Chi Man (姚智文) is the Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Yiu is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial management and regulatory compliance. He has approximately 20 years' experience of providing audit and advisory services to listed companies and multinational companies with a focus on properties and financial services industries.

Mr. Yiu joined the Group in 2013. Before joining the Group, Mr. Yiu was a partner of KPMG China.

Mr. Yiu obtained his Bachelor of Arts degree in accountancy from Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 1993. Mr. Yiu is a fellow member of Chartered Association of Certified Public Accountants, and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

董事及高級管理層履歷詳情 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

李煒恩女士為本集團之公司秘書。李女士負責 監督本集團之企業管治、監管合規及投資者關係。

李女士於二零一八年三月加入本集團。於加入 本集團前,李女士為一間香港聯合交易所有限 公司主板上市公司之公司秘書。

李女士取得香港城市大學會計學工商管理(榮譽) 學士學位,並於二零一零年通過國際專業知識 評審考試,獲認可成為特許秘書。彼為特許公 司治理公會(「特許公司治理公會」)及香港特許 秘書公會(「香港特許秘書公會」)的會員。彼於 二零一八年九月獲特許公司治理公會及香港特 許秘書公會頒授特許管治專業人員資格。

陶康先生,本集團副總裁。陶先生負責監督項 目管理。陶先生於二零零六年加入本集團。於 加入本集團前,陶先生曾在不同公司任職,包 括擔任南京科技會堂的副主任。

陶先生於一九九四年獲得東南大學工業與民用 建築學位文憑學位。陶先生於二零零七年獲得 高級工程師資格,並為國家註冊監理工程師與 國家一級註冊建造師。

孫惠紅女士,本集團助理副總裁,負責財務管理。 孫女士於二零零九年加入本集團。在加入本集 團前,孫女士曾在不同公司任職,包括擔任信 士(南京)紡織有限公司財務總監及任天華中興 會計師事務所江蘇分公司核數主管。

彼於二零零一年獲得註冊會計師資格。

Ms. Lee Wai Yan (李煒恩) is the Company Secretary of the Group. Ms. Lee is responsible for overseeing the corporate governance, regulatory compliance and investor relations of the Group.

Ms. Lee joined the Group in March 2018. Before joining the Group, Ms. Lee was the company secretary of a company listed on the main board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited.

Ms. Lee obtained her Bachelor of Business Administration (Honours) degree in Accountancy from the City University of Hong Kong and was admitted as a Chartered Secretary by completing the International Qualifying Scheme in 2010. She is an associate member of both The Chartered Governance Institute (the "CGI"), and The Hong Kong Institute of Chartered Secretaries (the "HKICS"). She was awarded the Chartered Governance Professional qualification from the CGI and the HKICS in September 2018.

Mr. Tao Kang (陶康) is the Vice President of the Group. Mr. Tao is responsible for overseeing our project management. Mr. Tao joined the Group in 2006. Before joining the Group, Mr. Tao worked at various companies, including being the Deputy Director of Nanjing Science and Technology Hall*.

Mr. Tao obtained his diploma degree in industrial and civil construction from the Southeast University* in 1994. Mr. Tao obtained his senior engineer qualification in 2007 and is a Registered Supervision Engineer and a Certified Constructor.

Ms. Sun Hui Hong (孫惠紅) is the Assistant Vice President of the Group. She is responsible for financial management. Ms. Sun joined the Group in 2009. Before joining the Group, Ms. Sun worked at various companies, including being the financial controller of Xinshi (Nanjing) Textile Co., Ltd* and the audit supervisor of Ren Tianhua Zhongxing CPA, Jiangsu Branch*.

In 2001, she obtained her certified public accountant qualification.

陳鋼先生,本集團常務副總經理,負責財務管理。 陳先生於二零一二年加入本集團。在加入本集 團前,陳先生曾在不同公司任職,包括擔任江 蘇集群集團財務總監及應泰集團財務經理。

陳先生於一九九九年取得河海大學經濟管理專 業學位文憑學位。彼於二零零零年獲得中級會 計師資格,於二零一三年獲得高級會計師資格。

孫揚先生,本集團副總經理。孫先生負責監督 我們的銷售及營銷。孫先生於二零零八年加入 本集團。於加入本集團前,孫先生曾在不同公 司任職,包括擔任南京好利意置業顧問有限公 司的銷售主管及副總裁。

孫先生持有全國房地產行業培訓中心頒發的房 地產銷售人員證書。

孫先生於二零零二年六月獲得揚州市職業學校 的房地產營運及物業管理文憑。

谷曉芳女士,金輪時代廣場的總經理。谷女士 負責監督金輪時代廣場的營運。谷女士於二零 一零年加入本集團。於加入本集團前,谷女士 曾在不同公司任職,包括擔任株洲市大江物業 管理有限責任公司的總經理助理兼營銷經理及 金帝物業管理公司的副總經理。

谷女士為湖南省服裝行業協會女裝專業委員會 委員。

谷女士於一九九六年七月獲得湖北廣播電視大 學的工商管理學位文憑學位。

蔣健女士,本集團助理副總裁。蔣女士負責監 督金輪新天地購物中心的營運。蔣女士於二零 零六年加入本集團。彼在管理大型購物商場方 面擁有逾15年經驗。於加入本集團前,蔣女士 曾在不同公司任職,包括擔任南京商貿百貨的 副總經理及中南控股集團有限公司(下屬商業公 司)的總監。 **Mr. Chen Gang** (陳鋼) is the Standing Deputy General Manager of the Group. He is responsible for financial management. Mr. Chen joined the Group in 2012. Before joining the Group, Mr. Chen worked at various companies, including being the Financial Controller of Jiangsu Joyque Information Industry Co., Ltd* and the financial manager of Intech Group*.

Mr. Chen obtained his diploma degree in economic management from Hehai University in 1999. In 2000, he obtained his middle level accountant qualification. In 2013, he obtained his advanced level accountant qualification.

Mr. Sun Yang (孫揚) is the Deputy General Manager of the Group. Mr. Sun is responsible for overseeing our sales and marketing. Mr. Sun joined the Group in 2008. Before joining the Group, Mr. Sun worked in various companies including being the sales supervisor and vice president of Nanjing Haoliyi Real Property Consultancy Company Limited*.

Mr. Sun holds the Real Estate Sales Qualification granted by the Training Center of National Real Estate Trade*.

Mr. Sun obtained his diploma in real estate operation and property management from Yangzhou Polytechnic College* in June 2002.

Ms. Gu Xiaofang (谷曉芳) is the General Manager of Golden Wheel Time Square. Ms. Gu is responsible for overseeing the operation of Golden Wheel Time Square. Ms. Gu joined the Group in 2010. Prior to joining the Group, Ms. Gu worked at various companies, including being the assistant to the general manager and marketing manager of Zhuzhou Dajiang Property Service Management Company Limited* and a deputy general manager of Jindi Property Management Company*.

Ms. Gu is a member of Hunan Province Apparel Industry Association Ladies Apparel Committee*.

Ms. Gu obtained her diploma degree in business management from Hubei Radio and TV University* in July 1996.

Ms. Jiang Jian (蔣健) is the Assistant Vice President of the Group. Ms. Jiang is responsible for overseeing the operation of Golden Wheel Xintiandi Mall. Ms. Jiang joined the Group in 2006. She has over 15 years of experience in the management of large scale shopping mall. Before joining the Group, Ms. Jiang worked at various companies, including being the vice general manager of Nanjing Shangmao Shopping Center* and the general supervisor of Zhongnan Holdings Group Company Limited (subsidiary commercial company).

For identification purposes only

董事會報告 Directors' Report

董事會欣然呈報本集團於年內的年報及經審核 綜合財務報表。

主要業務

本公司為一家投資控股公司,而其在中國成立 的附屬公司則主要從事房地產開發、物業租賃 及酒店營運。本公司附屬公司的活動及詳情資 料載於綜合財務報表附註14。有關本集團按主 要業務劃分的年內收益及經營溢利分析載於本 年報「管理層討論與分析」一節以及綜合財務報 表附註4。

業績及溢利分配

本集團於年內的業績載於本年報第145至146頁 的綜合損益及其他全面收益表。

派付末期股息

董事會不建議派付截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度的末期股息。 The Board is pleased to present the Annual Report together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the Year.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is an investment holding company, and its subsidiaries established in the PRC are primarily engaged in property development, property leasing and hotel operation. The activities and particulars of the Company's subsidiaries are shown under note 14 to the consolidated financial statements. An analysis of the Group's revenue and operating profit for the Year by principal activities is set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this Annual Report and note 4 to the consolidated financial statements.

RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS

The results of the Group for the Year are set out in the Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income on page 145 to 146 of this Annual Report.

PAYMENT OF FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board does not recommed the payment of any final dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020.

暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續

釐定出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的 資格

本公司將於二零二一年五月十七日(星期一)至 二零二一年五月二十一日(星期五)(包括首尾兩 天)期間暫停辦理股份過戶登記手續,期內將不 會辦理本公司股份過戶登記手續。為釐定有權 出席股東週年大會並於會上投票的股東身份, 所有股份過戶文件連同有關股票最遲須於二零 二一年五月十四日(星期五)下午四時三十分前 送達本公司的香港股份過戶登記分處香港中央 證券登記有限公司,地址為香港灣仔皇后大道 東183號合和中心17樓1712-1716室,以辦理登 記手續。

有關目的之記錄日期為二零二一年五月二十一 日(星期五)。

物業、廠房及設備

有關本集團於年內的物業、廠房及設備變動詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註12。

股本

有關本公司於年內的股本變動詳情載於綜合財 務報表附註31。

CLOSURE OF THE REGISTER OF MEMBERS

For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the AGM

The register of members of the Company will be closed from Monday, 17 May 2021 to Friday, 21 May 2021 (both days inclusive), during which period no transfer of shares of the Company will be effected. In order to determine the identity of members who are entitled to attend and vote at the AGM, all share transfer documents accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrar and transfer office in Hong Kong, Computershare Hong Kong Investor Services Limited, at Shops 1712–1716, 17th Floor, Hopewell Centre, 183 Queen's Road East, Wan Chai, Hong Kong for registration no later than 4:30 p.m. on Friday, 14 May 2021.

The record date for such purposes is Friday, 21 May 2021.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of the movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the Year are set out in note 12 to the consolidated financial statements.

SHARE CAPITAL

Details of the movements in share capital of the Company during the Year are set out in note 31 to the consolidated financial statements.

發行優先票據

於二零二零年一月六日,本公司要約發行本金 總額為200百萬美元及票面利率為每年12.95% 的優先票據(「二零二二年美元票據」)。二零 二二年美元票據以美元計值並於二零二零年一 月十五日在聯交所及新加坡證券交易所有限公 司(「新加坡證交所」)上市。二零二二年美元票 據按票面利率每年12.95%計息且須以後付方式 每半年支付,並將於二零二二年三月十四日到期。 發行二零二二年美元票據旨在進行本集團現有 債務再融資,包括下文「購買、出售或贖回本公 司上市證券」一節進一步詳述就於二零二零年一 月十七日、二零二零年三月二十三日及二零二 零年六月十七日購回部分本金額為400百萬美元、 票面利率為每年7%及於二零二一年一月到期的 優先票據(「二零二一年美元票據」)付款。二零 二二年美元票據的詳情分別載於本公司日期為 二零二零年一月六日及二零二零年一月七日的 公告。

於二零二零年七月九日,本公司發行本金總額 為170百萬美元及票面利率為每年14.25%的優 先票據(「二零二三年美元票據」)。二零二三年 美元票據以美元計值並於二零二零年七月十三 日在新加坡證交所上市。二零二三年美元票據 按票面利率每年14.25%計息且須以後付方式每 半年支付,並將於二零二三年一月九日到期。 發行二零二三年美元票據旨在進行本集團現有 債務再融資,包括下文「購買、出售或贖回本公 司上市證券」一節所述就自二零二零年七月至 十二月購回部分二零二一年美元票據付款。二 零二三年美元票據的詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二零年六月三十日的公告。

ISSUANCE OF SENIOR NOTES

On 6 January 2020, the Company offered to issue senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of USD200 million with a coupon rate of 12.95% per annum (the "USD 2022 Notes"). The USD 2022 Notes are denominated in United States dollars and were listed on the Stock Exchange and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "Singapore Exchange") on 15 January 2020. The USD 2022 Notes carry interest at a coupon rate of 12.95% per annum, payable semiannually in arrears, and will mature on 14 March 2022. The purpose of the issue of the USD 2022 Notes is to refinance the existing indebtedness of the Group, including payment in connection with the repurchase of part of the senior notes in the principal amount of USD400 million with a coupon rate of 7% per annum and due in January 2021 (the "USD 2021 Notes") on 17 January 2020, 23 March 2020 and 17 June 2020, further details of which are described under the section headed "Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities" below. Details of the USD 2022 Notes are set out in the announcements of the Company dated 6 January 2020 and 7 January 2020, respectively.

On 9 July 2020, the Company issued senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of USD170 million with a coupon rate of 14.25% per annum (the "USD 2023 Notes"). The USD 2023 Notes are denominated in United States dollars and were listed on the Singapore Exchange on 13 July 2020. The USD 2023 Notes carry interest at a coupon rate of 14.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and will mature on 9 January 2023. The purpose of the issue of the USD 2023 Notes is to refinance the existing indebtedness of the Group, including payment in connection with the repurchase of part of the USD 2021 Notes from July to December 2020 as described under the section headed "Purchase, sale or redemption of the Company's listed securities of the Company" below. Details of the USD 2023 Notes are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 30 June 2020.

成立與重大收購及出售附屬公司以及 聯屬公司

於年末,本公司已成立及/或收購合共69間附 屬公司,有關詳情載於綜合財務報表附註14。

除上文所披露者外,本公司於年內並無任何重 大收購或出售附屬公司及聯屬公司。

儲備

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本公司的可分 派儲備合計為人民幣364.0百萬元。

有關本集團及本公司於年內的儲備變動詳情分 別載於綜合權益變動表及綜合財務報表附註31 及36。

借款

有關借款的詳情載於本年報「管理層討論與分析」 一節及綜合財務報表附註27及28。

SETTING UP AND MATERIAL ACQUISITIONS AND DISPOSALS OF SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATED COMPANIES

As at the end of the Year, the Company had set up and/or acquired a total of 69 subsidiaries, the details of which are set out in note 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

Save as disclosed above, the Company did not have any material acquisitions or disposals of subsidiaries and affiliated companies during the Year.

RESERVES

As at 31 December 2020, the aggregate amount of the distributable reserves of the Company was RMB364.0 million.

Details of the movement in the reserves of the Group and of the Company during the Year are set out in Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and note 31 and 36, respectively, to the consolidated financial statements.

BORROWINGS

Details of the borrowings are set out in the section headed "Management Discussion and Analysis" in this Annual Report and note 27 and 28 to the consolidated financial statements.

購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證券

於二零二零年一月十七日及二零二零年七月 十三日,本公司通過要約收購成功購回本金總 額分別為43.353.000美元及119.992.000美元的一 部分二零二一年美元票據。自二零二零年一月 至十月,本公司亦於市場購回本金總額分別為 43,085,000美元、17,500,000美元、20,000,000美 元及18,496,000美元的二零二一年美元票據。 經註銷所有購回的二零二一年美元票據後, 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,二零二一年美 元票據的未償還本金總額為137,574,000美元。 二零二一年美元票據於二零二一年一月十八日 (「到期日」)到期,直至到期日(不包括該日), 本公司悉數贖回本金總額為137.574.000美元的 發行在外二零二一年美元票據連同應計未付利 息4,815,090美元。本公司根據相關債務條款於 到期日支付的贖回價總額為142,389,090美元。 更多詳情請參閱本公司日期為二零二一年一月 十九日的公告。

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司或其任何附屬公司概 無購買、出售或贖回本公司任何上市證券。

税項減免及豁免

董事並無知悉股東因持有本公司證券而獲得任 何税項減免及豁免。

優先購買權

組織章程細則或開曼群島(即本公司註冊成立的 司法權區)法律概無有關優先購買權的條文規定 本公司須按比例向現有股東提呈發售新股份。

本集團資產質押

有關本集團資產質押及本集團所提供擔保的詳 情載於綜合財務報表附註12、13、17、18、19、 22、27及34。

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

On 17 January 2020 and 13 July 2020, the Company, through tender offers, successfully repurchased part of the USD 2021 Notes in an aggregate principal amount of USD43,353,000 and USD119,992,000, respectively. From January to December 2020, the Company also repurchased the USD 2021 Notes in the market in an aggregate principal amount of USD43,085,000, USD17,500,000, USD20,000,000 and USD18,496,000, respectively. After cancellation of all the repurchased USD 2021 Notes, the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the USD 2021 Notes as at 31 December 2020 was USD137,574,000. The USD 2021 Notes matured on 18 January 2021 (the "Maturity Date") and the Company has completed the redemption of the outstanding USD 2021 Notes in full in an aggregate principal amount of USD137,574,000 together with accrued and unpaid interest of USD4,815,090 up to but excluding the Maturity Date. The total redemption price paid by the Company on the Maturity Date in accordance with the terms of the relevant indenture was USD142,389,090. Please refer to the announcement of the Company dated 19 January 2021 for more details.

Save as disclosed above, there was no purchase, sale or redemption of any of the Company's listed securities by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the year ended 31 December 2020.

TAX RELIEF AND EXEMPTION

The Directors are not aware of any tax relief and exemption available to the shareholders by reason of their holding of the Company's securities.

PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS

There are no provisions for pre-emptive rights under the Articles of Association, or the law of Cayman Islands, being the jurisdiction in which the Company is incorporated, under which would oblige the Company to offer new shares on a prorata basis to existing shareholders.

CHARGES ON GROUP ASSETS

Details on the charges of the Group's assets and guarantees provided by the Group are set out in notes 12, 13, 17, 18, 19, 22, 27 and 34 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事

於年內及直至本年報日期的董事為:

王欽賢先生(*主席*) 王錦輝先生(*副主席兼行政總裁*) 王錦強先生(*常務副總裁*) Tjie Tjin Fung先生(*副主席*) Janata David先生

非執行董事

Suwita Janata先生 *(副主席)* Gunawan Kiky先生

獨立非執行董事

黃英來先生 李達生先生 黃楚基先生 李思強先生

根據組織章程細則,三分之一的董事須在股東 週年大會上輪值退任,並可膺選連任。此外, 任何獲委任為填補臨時空缺或擔任董事會新增 成員的董事分別須於下屆股東大會或下屆股東 週年大會上接受重選。

因此,王欽賢先生、王錦強先生、Tjie Tjin Fung 先生及Gunawan Kiky先生須在股東週年大會上 退任,並可於該股東週年大會上膺選連任。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市規則 第3.13 條作出的年度獨立性確認。本公司認為 全體獨立非執行董事均屬獨立。

DIRECTORS

The Directors during the Year and up to the date of this Annual Report are:

Mr. Wong Yam Yin (Chairman) Mr. Wong Kam Fai (Vice Chairman, Chief Executive Officer) Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry (Standing Vice President) Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung (Vice Chairman) Mr. Janata David

Non-executive Directors

Mr. Suwita Janata (Vice Chairman) Mr. Gunawan Kiky

Independent Non-executive Directors

Mr. Wong Ying Loi Mr. Lie Tak Sen Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie Mr. Li Sze Keung

In accordance with the Articles of Association, one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at AGM and be eligible for re-election. Also, any Director appointed to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board is subject to reelection at the next following general meeting or next following AGM, respectively.

Accordingly, Mr. Wong Yam Yin, Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry, Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung and Mr. Gunawan Kiky shall retire from office at the AGM and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the AGM.

The Company has received from each of the Independent Non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all of the Independent Non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事的服務合約

各執行董事已與本公司訂立服務合約,自上市 日期起為期兩年,其後可由訂約各方協議並根 據組織章程細則及適用法律的規定續期兩年。 本公司或執行董事可隨時透過向另一方發出不 少於三個月之書面通知終止服務合約。

各非執行董事已與本公司簽署委任函,自上市 日期起為期兩年,其後可根據組織章程細則及 適用法律的規定續期兩年。本公司或非執行董 事可隨時透過向另一方發出不少於三個月之書 面通知終止委任函。

各獨立非執行董事已與本公司簽署委任函,自 上市日期起為期一年,其後可根據組織章程細 則及適用法律的規定續期一年。黃英來先生及 李達生先生之任期自上市日期起計。黃楚基先 生及李思強先生之任期分別自二零一七年八月 一日及二零一九年六月十四日起計。本公司或 獨立非執行董事可隨時透過向另一方發出不少 於一個月之書面通知終止委任函。

除上文所披露者外,於應屆股東週年大會上建 議推選或膺選連任的董事概無與本公司訂立不 可於一年內終止而毋須支付賠償的服務合約/ 委任函。

DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS

Each of our Executive Directors has entered into a service contract with the Company for a term of two years commencing from the listing date, and may thereafter be renewed for a term of two years by agreement between the parties and in accordance with our Articles of Association and the applicable laws. Either the Company or the Executive Director may terminate the service contract at any time by giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

Each of our Non-executive Directors has signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of two years commencing from the listing date and may thereafter be renewed for a term of two years in accordance with our Articles of Association and the applicable laws. Either the Company or the Non-executive Director may terminate the appointment letter at any time by giving not less than three months' notice in writing to the other.

Each of our Independent Non-executive Directors has signed an appointment letter with the Company for a term of one year, and may be renewed for a term of one year in accordance with our Articles of Association and the applicable laws. The term of the appointment letters of Mr. Wong Ying Loi and Mr. Lie Tak Sen commenced from the listing date. The term of the appointment letters of Mr. Wong Cho Kei, Bonnie and Mr. Li Sze Keung commenced on 1 August 2017 and 14 June 2019, respectively. Either the Company or the Independent Non-executive Director may terminate the appointment letter at any time by giving not less than one month's notice in writing to the other.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors who are proposed for election or reelection at the forthcoming AGM has a service contract/appointment letter with the Company which is not determinable within one year without payment of compensation.

董事及高级管理层報酬

截至二零二零及二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,支付予董事的薪酬(包括袍金、薪金及其 他福利、退休福利計劃供款)合共分別約為人民 幣15.9百萬元及人民幣20.0百萬元。

截至二零二零及二零一九年十二月三十一日止 年度,支付予本集團五名最高薪酬人士的薪酬(包 括薪金及其他福利以及退休福利計劃供款)合共 分別約為人民幣19.6百萬元及人民幣22.9百萬元。

於年內,本集團概無向任何董事或任何五名最 高薪酬人士支付任何酬金,作為加入或於加入 本集團時的獎勵或作為離職補償。於截至二零 二零年十二月三十一日及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,概無董事放棄收取任何酬金。

除上文所披露者外,於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度, 本集團概無向任何董事或代表任何董事支付或 應付任何其他款項。

給予董事的貸款或貸款擔保

年內,本集團概無直接或間接向董事、高級管 理層、其控股股東或彼等各自的緊密聯繫人提 供任何貸款或貸款擔保。

董事履歷詳情及高級管理層簡介

本集團現任董事及高級管理層的履歷載於本年 報「董事履歷詳情及高級管理層簡介」一節。

COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

The remuneration (including fees, salaries and other benefits, retirement benefit scheme contribution) paid to our Directors in aggregate for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 were approximately RMB15.9 million and RMB20.0 million, respectively.

The remuneration (including salaries and other benefits, retirement benefit scheme contribution) paid to our Group's five highest paid individuals in aggregate for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 was approximately RMB19.6 million and RMB22.9 million, respectively.

For the Year, no emoluments were paid by our Group to any Director or any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining our Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the Directors has waived any emoluments for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019.

Save as disclosed above, no other payments have been made or are payable, for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, by our Group to or on behalf of any of the Directors.

LOAN OR GUARANTEE FOR LOAN GRANTED TO THE DIRECTORS

During the Year, the Group had not made any loan or provided any guarantee for any loan, directly or indirectly, to the Directors, senior management, its controlling shareholders or their respective close associates.

BIOGRAPHICAL DETAILS OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Brief profiles of the current Directors and senior management of the Group are set out in the section headed "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" of this Annual Report.

購股權計劃

根據本公司於二零一二年十二月十日採納的購 股權計劃(「購股權計劃」),董事可邀請參與人 士(包括本公司或其任何附屬公司或聯屬公司的 任何執行、非執行或獨立非執行董事或任何僱 員(無論全職或兼職)或本公司董事全權酌情認 為已為或將為本集團作出貢獻之任何其他人士) (「參與者」)按董事會釐定的價格接納購股權, 惟該價格不得低於下列最高者:(a)本公司向承 授人作出要約當日香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯 交所」)每日報價表所列本公司股份(「股份」)的 收市價,該日須為營業日(「要約日期」);(b)緊 接要約日期前五個營業日,聯交所每日報價表 所列本公司股份的平均收市價;及(c)股份面值。

購股權計劃旨在就參與者向本集團作出之貢獻 向參與者提供激勵或獎勵及/或使本集團招聘 及挽留高素質僱員並吸引對本集團及本集團持 有任何股權的實體而言屬寶貴的人力資源。

購股權計劃由二零一二年十二月十日起計十年 期間有效。

根據購股權計劃及本公司任何其他購股權計劃 將予授出的所有購股權獲行使後可能發行的股 份總數,除非本公司取得股東新批准以更新上限, 否則合共不得超過180,000,000股股份,即緊隨 本公司首次公開發售完成後已發行股份總數的 10%。

除股東於本公司股東大會上另行批准外,於任 何12個月期間內,每位參與者因行使其根據購 股權計劃獲授的購股權(包括已行使及尚未行使 購股權)而獲發行及將予發行的股份總數上限, 不得超過已發行股份總數的1%。

SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to the share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") adopted by the Company on 10 December 2012, the Directors may invite participants (including any executive, non-executive or independent non-executive Directors or any employees (whether full-time or part-time) of the Company, or any of its subsidiaries or associated companies or any other person whom the Directors consider, in their sole discretion, has contributed or will contribute to the Group) (the "Participants") to take up options at a price determined by the Board provided that it shall be at least the highest of (a) the closing price of the shares of the Company (the "Shares") as stated in the daily quotations sheet of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") on the date on which an offer is made by the Company to the grantee (which date must be a business day, "Offer Date"); (b) a price being the average of the closing prices of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the 5 business days immediately preceding the Offer Date; and (c) the nominal value of a Share.

The purpose of the Share Option Scheme is to provide incentives or rewards to the Participants for their contribution to the Group and/or to enable the Group to recruit and retain high caliber employees and attract human resources that are valuable to the Group and any entity which the Group holds any equity interest.

The Share Option Scheme will remain effective for a period of ten years commencing from 10 December 2012.

The total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all options to be granted under the Share Option Scheme and any other share option scheme of the Company shall not in aggregate exceed 180,000,000, being 10% of the total number of Shares in issue immediately following the completion of the initial public offering of the Company, unless the Company obtains a fresh approval from the shareholders to refresh the limit.

In respect of the maximum entitlement for each Participant, the total number of the Shares issued and to be issued upon exercise of the options granted under the Share Option Scheme to each participant (including both exercised and outstanding options) in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the total number of Shares in issue unless otherwise approved by the shareholders at a general meeting of the Company.

購股權要約將於參與者簽署接納書以及於董事 會可能釐定的期間內按要約函規定向本公司匯 款1港元作為授出購股權之代價時被視為獲參 與者接納。

承授人可根據購股權計劃條款在董事會於提呈 要約時釐定及知會的購股權期間的任何時間內 行使購股權,惟該期間於授出日期起計10年後 屆滿。

年內,購股權計劃項下概無任何購股權獲授出、 行使、註銷或失效。購股權計劃項下有8,700,000 份購股權尚未行使。

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度及本年 報日期,本公司根據購股權計劃可發行的股份 總數為171,300,000股,佔已發行股份的約9.5%。

有關購股權計劃及其項下已授出購股權之進一步詳情,請參閱綜合財務報表附註29。

Offer of an option shall be deemed to have been accepted by any Participant who accepts the offer by signing the letter of acceptance together with a remittance in favour of our Company of HK\$1 as consideration for the grant of the option within such period as our Board may determine and specify in the offer letter.

The option may be exercised in accordance with the terms of the Share Option Scheme at any time during the option period which may be determined and notified by the Board to the grantee at the time of making an offer which shall not expire later than 10 years from the grant date.

During the Year, no share options were granted, exercised, cancelled or lapsed under the Share Option Scheme. There were 8,700,000 share options outstanding under the Share Option Scheme.

As at the year ended 31 December 2020 and the date of this Annual Report, the total number of Shares available for issue under the Share Option Scheme was 171,300,000 shares, representing approximately 9.5% of the issued Shares.

For further details of the Share Option Scheme and the share options granted thereunder, please refer to note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

董事及主要行政人員於股份、相關股 份及債權證的權益及淡倉

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事及本公司 主要行政人員於本公司或其任何相聯法團(定義 見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第 XV部) 股份、相關股份及債權證中,擁有已記錄於本 公司根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定須予存 置的登記冊內的權益及淡倉,或須根據香港上 市規則附錄十所載的的上市發行人董事進行證 券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」另行知會本公司 及聯交所的權益及淡倉如下:

於本公司股份及相關股份的權益: 好倉

DIRECTORS' AND CHIEF EXECUTIVES' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES, UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES

As at 31 December 2020, the interests and short positions of the Directors and chief executives of the Company in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")), as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules, were as follows:

Interests in shares and underlying shares of the Company: Long positions

董事姓名 Name of Director	身份/權益性質 Capacity/Nature of interest		份或相關股份總數 Aggregate number of shares or underlying shares	佔本公司 已發行股本權益 概約百分比 ⁽¹⁾ Approximate % of interest in the issued share capital of the Company ⁽¹⁾
王欽賢四	受控法團權益		706,785,600	39.21%
Wong Yam Yin ⁽²⁾ 王錦輝	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾		706,785,600	39.21%
Wong Kam Fai	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾		24,972,000	1.39%
		總計Total:	731,757,600	40.60%
王錦強 Wong Kam Keung, Barry	受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾		706,785,600	39.21%
wong run reeng, burry	實益擁有人(3)		24,972,000	1.39%
	Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾	總計Total:	731,757,600	40.60%
Tjie Tjin Fung ⁽⁴⁾	受控法團權益		80,268,950	4.45%
Suwita Janata ⁽⁵⁾	Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益/配偶權益		128,539,400	7.13%
Gunawan Kiky ⁽⁶⁾	Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of 受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation	spouse	86,360,950	4.79%

附註:

Notes:

- (1) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日本公司已發行股份 總數(為1,802,456,000股)乃用於計算概約百分比。
- (2) 王欽賢先生、洪素玲女士、王錦輝先生及王錦強 先生擁有的股份包括由王欽賢先生及其家族(「王 氏家族」)控制的公司金輪置業有限公司持有的 706,785,600股股份。王欽賢先生與洪素玲女士為 夫妻。王錦輝先生及王錦強先生為王欽賢先生與 洪素玲女士的兒子。
- (3) 股份乃由王錦輝先生及王錦強先生聯合擁有。
- (4) Tjie Tjin Fung先生擁有的股份包括由Tjie Tjin Fung 先生及其家族擁有的公司晉鴻投資有限公司持有 的80,268,950股股份。
- (5) Suwita Janata 先生擁有的股份包括(i)由 Suwita Janata 先生全資擁有的公司金時代永恒控股有限公司 持有的80,268,950股股份,及(ii)Julia Oscar女士全 資擁有的公司金欣悦永恒控股有限公司持有的 48,270,450股股份。Suwita Janata先生為Julia Oscar 女士的丈夫及王欽賢先生的妹夫。
- (6) Gunawan Kiky先生擁有的股份包括(i) Gunawan先 生及其家族擁有的公司火耀控股有限公司持有的 80,268,950股股份,及(ii) Gunawan Kiky先生持有的 6,092,000股股份。

- The total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2020 (that was, 1,802,456,000 shares) had been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage.
- (2) Shares owned by Mr. Wong Yam Yin, Ms. Hung So Ling, Mr. Wong Kam Fai and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry consist of 706,785,600 shares held by Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited, a company controlled by Mr. Wong Yam Yin and his family (the "Wong Family"). Mr. Wong Yam Yin and Ms. Hung So Ling are husband and wife. Mr. Wong Kam Fai and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry are sons of Mr. Wong Yam Yin and Ms. Hung So Ling.
- (3) Shares are jointly owned by Mr. Wong Kam Fai and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry.
- (4) Shares owned by Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung consist of 80,268,950 shares held by Chun Hung Investments Limited, a company owned by Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung and his family.
- (5) Shares owned by Mr. Suwita Janata consist of (i) 80,268,950 shares held by Golden Era Forever Holding Company Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Suwita Janata, and (i) 48,270,450 shares held by Golden Joy Forever Holding Company Limited, a company wholly owned by Ms. Julia Oscar. Mr. Suwita Janata is the husband of Ms. Julia Oscar and a brother-in-law of Mr. Wong Yam Yin.
- (6) Shares owned by Mr. Gunawan Kiky consist of (i) 80,268,950 shares held by Fire Spark Holdings Limited, a company owned by Mr. Gunawan Kiky and his family, and (ii) 6,092,000 shares held by Mr. Gunawan Kiky.

於本公司債權證的權益:

Interests in debentures of the Company:

			已購買	於同一類 債權證中發行
股東名稱/姓名	身份/權益性質	債權證貨幣	債權證總數	債權證數目
			Aggregate	Amount of
		Cumponers of	amount of debentures	debentures in same class
Name of shareholder	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Currency of Debentures	bought	in same class in issue
Name of shareholder	Capacity/Ivature of Interest	Debentures	bought	III Issue
王欽賢	受控法團權益	美元	900,000	137,574,000
Wong Yam Yin	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	受控法團權益曲	美元	1,000,000	200,000,000
	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	受控法團權益(1)	美元	1,920,000	170,000,000
	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾ 雷兴協方人(2)	USD 美一	2 000 000	200,000,000
	實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾	美元 USD	3,000,000	200,000,000
	實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾	JSD 美元	4,000,000	170,000,000
	Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾	USD	4,000,000	170,000,000
	Denencial Owner	合計: Total:	10,820,000	
			10,020,000	
王錦輝	受控法團權益	美元	900,000	137,574,000
Wong Kam Fai	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	受控法團權益	美元	1,000,000	200,000,000
	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	受控法團權益曲	美元	1,920,000	170,000,000
	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	實益擁有人(2)	美元	3,000,000	200,000,000
	Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾	USD	(1=0.000.000
	實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾	美元	4,000,000	170,000,000
	Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾	USD 合計 : Total:	10,820,000	
			10,820,000	
王錦強	受控法團權益⑴	美元	900,000	137,574,000
Wong Kam Keung, Barry	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	受控法團權益	美元	1,000,000	200,000,000
	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	受控法團權益曲	美元	1,920,000	170,000,000
	Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽¹⁾	USD		
	實益擁有人(2)	美元	3,000,000	200,000,000
	Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽²⁾	USD 主 一	6000.000	170 000 000
	員 血 摊 有 八 ⁽²⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽²⁾	美元 USD	4,000,000	170,000,000
	Deneticial Owner	OSD 合計: Total:	10,820,000	
		ы нг. 10tai.	10,620,000	
Suwita Janata	實益擁有人	美元	200,000	170,000,000
	Beneficial owner	USD 🛑		,,

董事會報告 Directors' Report

股東名稱/姓名	身份/權益性質	債權證貨幣	已購買 債權證總數 Aggregate	於同一類 債權證中發行 債權證數目 Amount of
			amount of	debentures
		Currency of	debentures	in same class
Name of shareholder	Capacity/Nature of Interest	Debentures	bought	in issue
Gunawan Kiky	實益擁有人	美元	3,900,000	137,574,000
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	USD 美元	1,000,000	200,000,000
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	USD 美元	600,000	170,000,000
	Beneficial owner	USD	000,000	170,000,000
		合計:Total:	5,500,000	
李達生	實益擁有人	美元	2,000,000	137,574,000
Lie Tak Sen	Beneficial owner	USD		
黄英來 Wang Ving Lai	實益擁有人 Beneficial owner	美元	400,000	137,574,000
Wong Ying Loi	Denencial Owner	USD		

附註:

Note:

該等金額為3,820,000美元的債權證由王氏家族控制的公司金輪置業持有。

(2) 該等債權證由王氏家族共同擁有。

除上文所披露者外,據董事所深知,於二零二 零年十二月三十一日,董事或本公司最高行政 人員概無登記擁有根據證券及期貨條例第352條 須予記錄,或須根據上市規則附錄十所載的標 準守則另行知會本公司及聯交所的本公司或其 任何相聯法團(定義見證券及期貨條例第XV部) 股份、相關股份或債權證的權益或淡倉。 These debentures in a sum of USD3,820,000 are held by Golden Wheel Realty, a company controlled by the Wong Family.

(2) These debentures are jointly owned by the Wong Family.

Save as disclosed above and to the best knowledge of the Directors, as at 31 December 2020, none of the Directors or chief executive of the Company had registered an interest or short position in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the SFO) that was required to be recorded pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

主要股東及其他人士於股份及相關股 份的權益

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,於本公司股份 及相關股份中,擁有已記錄於本公司根據證券 及期貨條例第336條規定存置的登記冊,或須根 據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部向本 公司及聯交所披露的權益及/或淡倉的人士如下:

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' AND OTHER PERSONS' INTERESTS IN SHARES AND UNDERLYING SHARES

As at 31 December 2020, the interests and/or short positions of the persons in the shares and underlying shares of the Company as recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company pursuant to Section 336 of the SFO or which would fall to be disclosed to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO were as follows:

於本公司股份及相關股份中的好倉

Long positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company

身份/權益性質		股份或相關 股份總數	佔本公司 已發行股本權益 概約百分比 ⁽¹⁾ Approximate percentage of
Capacity/Nature of Interest		Aggregate number of shares or underlying shares	interest in the issued share capital of the Company ⁽¹⁾
受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation		706,785,600	39.21%
受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation		706,785,600	39.21%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾		706,785,600	39.21%
實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾		24,972,000	1.39%
	總計Total:	731,757,600	40.60%
受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾		706,785,600	39.21%
實益擁有人(3)		24,972,000	1.39%
Beneficial owner ³⁷	總計Total:	731,757,600	40.60%
受控法團權益/配偶權益 Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of	spouse	128,539,400	7.13%
受控法團權益/配偶權益 Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of	spouse	128,539,400	7.13%
實益擁有人 Beneficial owner		706,785,600	39.21%
	Capacity/Nature of Interest 受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾ 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾ 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 實益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾ 受控法團權益/配偶權益 Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of 受控法團權益/配偶權益 Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of 受控法團權益/配偶權益	Capacity/Nature of Interest 受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 資益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽³⁾ (約) (1) (1) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (2) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3) (3	身份/權益性質 股份總數 Aggregate number of shares or underlying shares Aggregate number of shares or underlying shares 受控法團權益 Interest of a controlled corporation 706,785,600 反控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 706,785,600 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 706,785,600 資益擁有人 ⁽³⁾ Beneficial owner ⁽⁵⁾ 24,972,000 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 24,972,000 愛拉法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 706,785,600 受控法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 24,972,000 愛拉法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation ⁽²⁾ 24,972,000 警許Total: 731,757,600 愛拉法團權益 ⁽²⁾ Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of spouse 128,539,400 愛拉法團權益 / 配偶權益 Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of spouse 128,539,400 愛拉法團權益 / 配偶權益 Interest of a controlled corporation/Interest of spouse 128,539,400 資益擁有人 128,539,400 資益擁有人 128,539,400

附註:

Notes:

- (1) 於二零二零年十二月三十一日本公司已發行股份 總數(為1,802,456,000股)乃用於計算概約百分比。
- (2) 王欽賢先生、洪素玲女士、王錦輝先生及王錦強 先生擁有的股份包括由王氏家族控制的公司金輪 置業有限公司持有的 706,785,600股股份。王欽賢 先生與洪素玲女士為夫妻。王錦輝先生及王錦強 先生為王欽賢先生與洪素玲女士的兒子。
- (3) 股份乃由王錦輝先生及王錦強先生聯合擁有。
- (4) Suwita Janata 先生擁有的股份包括(i)由 Suwita Janata 先生全資擁有的公司金時代永控股有限公司持有 的80,268,950股股份,及(ii)Julia Oscar女士全資擁 有的公司金欣悦永控股有限公司持有的48,270,450 股股份。Suwita Janata先生為Julia Oscar女士的丈夫 及王欽賢先生的妹夫。
- (5) Julia Oscar女士擁有的股份包括(i)由Julia Oscar女 士全資擁有的公司金欣悦永控股有限公司持有 的48,270,450股股份,及(ii)由Suwita Janata先生 全資擁有的公司金時代永控股有限公司持有的 80,268,950股股份。Julia Oscar女士為Suwita Janata 先生的妻子及王欽賢先生的妹妹。

除上文所披露者外及就董事所深知,於二零二 零年十二月三十一日,概無人士於本公司股份 或相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第 xv 部第2及3分部的條文須向本公司披露的權益或 淡倉,及概無人士直接或間接擁有附帶權利可 在任何情況下在本公司或屬本集團成員公司的 任何其他公司的股東大會上投票的任何類別股 本面值5%或以上的權益,或於該等股本的任何 購股權中擁有權益。

- The total number of issued shares of the Company as at 31 December 2020 (that was, 1,802,456,000 shares) had been used for the calculation of the approximate percentage.
- (2) Shares owned by Mr. Wong Yam Yin, Ms. Hung So Ling, Mr. Wong Kam Fai and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry consist of 706,785,600 shares held by Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited, a company controlled by the Wong Family. Mr. Wong Yam Yin and Ms. Hung So Ling are husband and wife. Mr. Wong Kam Fai and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry are sons of Mr. Wong Yam Yin and Ms. Hung So Ling.
- (3) Shares are jointly owned by Mr. Wong Kam Fai and Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry.
- (4) Shares owned by Mr. Suwita Janata consist of (i) 80,268,950 shares held by Golden Era Forever Holding Company Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Suwita Janata, and (ii) 48,270,450 shares held by Golden Joy Forever Holding Company Limited, a company wholly owned by Ms. Julia Oscar. Mr. Suwita Janata is the husband of Ms. Julia Oscar and a brother-in-law of Mr. Wong Yam Yin.
- (5) Shares owned by Ms. Julia Oscar consist of (i) 48,270,450 shares held by Golden Joy Forever Holding Company Limited, a company wholly owned by Ms. Julia Oscar, and (ii) 80,268,950 shares held by Golden Era Forever Holding Company Limited, a company wholly owned by Mr. Suwita Janata. Ms. Julia Oscar is the wife of Mr. Suwita Janata and the younger sister of Mr. Wong Yam Yin.

Save as disclosed above and to the best knowledge of the Directors, as at 31 December 2020, no person had an interest or a short position in the shares or the underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of the Part XV of the SFO and no person was, directly or indirectly interested in 5% or more of the nominal value of any class of share capital carrying rights to vote in all circumstances at general meetings of the Company, or of any other company which is a member of the Group, or in any options in respect of such share capital.

管理合約

年內,本公司並無就整體業務或任何重要業務 部分的管理及行政工作簽訂或存在任何合約。

購買股份或債權證的安排

除於二零一二年十二月十日採納的購股權計劃 及載於本年報「購買、出售或贖回本公司上市證 券」一節的債權證贖回外,本公司、其控股公司 或其任何附屬公司於年內任何時候概無訂立任 何安排,致使董事藉收購本公司或任何其他法 團的股份或包括債權證在內的債務證券而獲益。

董事於重大交易、安排或合約中的權 益

於年底時或年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附 屬公司均無訂立或存有任何重大交易、安排或 合約(定義見上市規則附錄十六附註15.2)而本 公司董事直接或間接於其中擁有重大權益。

獲准許之彌償

根據組織章程細則、適用法律及法規,各董事 將獲以本公司資產及溢利作為彌償保證,並確 保其不會因彼等或彼等任何一方於執行彼等於 有關職位之職責時,可能招致或遭受的一切訴 訟、費用、收費、損失、損害及開支而受損。該 獲准許之彌償條文已於本年度實施。本公司已 安排為董事及本集團之高級職員購買適當之董 事及高級職員責任保險。

MANAGEMENT CONTRACTS

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company were entered into or existed during the Year.

ARRANGEMENTS TO PURCHASE SHARES OR DEBENTURES

Other than the Share Option Scheme as adopted on 10 December 2012 and the redemption of debentures as stated under the section headed "Purchase, Sale or Redemption of the Company's Listed Securities" of this Annual Report, at no time during the Year was the Company, its holding company, or any of its subsidiaries, a party to any arrangement to enable the Directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities including debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN TRANSACTION, ARRANGEMENT OR CONTRACT OF SIGNIFICANCE

No transaction, arrangement or contract of significance (as defined under note 15.2 of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rule) to which the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a Director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

PERMITTED INDEMNITY

Pursuant to the Articles of Association, the applicable laws and regulations, every Director shall be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets and profits of the Company against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them may incur or sustain in the execution of their duties in their offices. Such permitted indemnity provision has been in force throughout the Year. The Company has arranged appropriate Directors' and officers' liability insurance coverage for the Directors and officers of the Group.

董事於競爭業務的權益

年內,概無董事或彼等各自的緊密聯繫人(定義 見上市規則)在與本公司及其附屬公司的業務構 成競爭或可能構成競爭的業務中擁有任何權益。

請參閱日期為二零一二年十二月十日的不競爭 契約(「不競爭契約」),詳情載於本公司日期為 二零一二年十二月三十一日的招股章程中「與控 股股東的關係一不競爭契約」一節。於二零二零 年十二月三十一日,不競爭契約項下仍屬本公 司控股股東及/或本公司任何控股股東聯繫人 及/或本集團任何成員公司董事之各契諾人(即 王欽賢先生、王錦輝先生、王錦強先生、洪素 玲女士、金輪置業有限公司、Tjie Tjin Fung先生、 晉鴻投資有限公司、Gunawan Kiky先生、火耀控 股有限公司、Suwira Janata先生、金時代永恒控 股有限公司、Julia Oscar女士及金欣悦永恒控股 有限公司、Julia Oscar女士及金欣悦永恒控股 有限公司、Julia Oscar女士及金欣悦永恒控別 有限公司、Julia Ascar女士及金欣悦永恒控別

控股股東於重大合約中的權益

於年末或年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬 公司均無訂立或存有任何重大合約或有關服務 條文的重大合約(定義見上市規則附錄十六附註 15.2)而本公司控股股東直接或間接於其中擁有 重大權益。

主要供應商及客戶

年內,本集團向最大單一供應商的採購金額佔 本集團採購總額的比例約為3.9%,而本集團向 五大供應商的採購金額合共佔本集團採購總額 的比例為15.7%。本集團五大客戶合共應佔本集 團總營業額的比例為1.4%。據董事全悉及所信, 概無董事、彼等的緊密聯繫人及擁有本公司股 份超過5%權益的股東於上述供應商及客戶中擁 有任何權益。

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN COMPETING BUSINESS

During the Year, none of the Directors or their respective close associates (as defined in the Listing Rules) had any interest in a business that competed or might compete with the businesses of the Company and its subsidiaries.

Reference is made to the non-competition deed (the "NCD") dated 10 December 2012, the details of which are set out in the section headed "Relationship with our Controlling Shareholders – Non-Competition Deed" of the prospectus issued by the Company dated 31 December 2012. As at 31 December 2020, each of the covenanters under the NCD who or which remained to be a controlling shareholder of the Company and/or associate of any controlling shareholder of the Company and/or director of any member of the Group, being Mr. Wong Yam Yin, Mr. Wong Kam Fai, Mr. Wong Kam Keung, Barry, Ms. Hung So Ling, Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited, Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung, Chun Hung Investments Limited, Mr. Gunawan Kiky, Fire Spark Holdings Limited, Mr. Suwita Janata, Golden Era Forever Holding Company Limited, Ms. Julia Oscar and Golden Joy Forever Holding Company Limited, the relevant undertakings and has not noticed any non-compliance incident.

CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS OF SIGNIFICANCE

No contract of significance or contract of significance for the provision of services (as defined under note 15.2 of Appendix 16 to the Listing Rule) to which the Company, nor any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a controlling shareholder of the Company had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the Year or at any time during the Year.

MAJOR SUPPLIERS AND CUSTOMERS

During the Year, purchases from the Group's single largest supplier accounted for approximately 3.9% of the Group's total purchases, and the percentage of purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers combined was 15.7% of the Group's total purchases. The percentage of turnover attributable to the Group's five largest customers combined was 1.4% of the Group's total turnover. To the Director's best knowledge and belief, none of the Directors nor his close associates and none of the shareholders interested in over 5% of the shares of the Company has any interest in the above-mentioned suppliers and customers.

僱員

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團於香 港及中國聘有合共約825名(二零一九年:688名) 全職僱員。本集團與其僱員訂立僱傭合約,訂 明職位、僱用年期、工資、僱員福利及違約責 任以及終止理由等條款。本集團僱員的薪酬包 括基本薪金、津貼、退休金、績效獎金、購股 權及其他僱員福利。薪酬乃經參考有關僱員表現、 技能、資質、經驗以及現行行業慣例釐定。

本集團根據僱員表現、工作經驗及現行市場工 資水平給予僱員薪酬。僱員薪酬總額包括基本 薪金、現金花紅及股份獎勵。

本集團僱員的薪酬政策乃由董事會根據其貢獻、 資歷及能力制訂。

董事及本集團高級管理層的薪酬乃由薪酬委員 會參考本集團的經營業績、個人表現及可資比 較市場統計數據釐定。

年內,僱員成本總額(包括董事酬金)約為人民幣130.8百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣145.1百萬元)。

關聯方交易及關連交易

於年內,綜合財務報表附註35所載關聯方交易 概不符合上市規則第14A章「關連交易」或「持續 關連交易」的定義。此外,概無其他交易構成本 公司於上市規則第14A章項下之關連交易或持 續關連交易。

除綜合財務報表附註中附註35所列「關聯方交易」 一段所披露者外,概無董事於本集團訂立並於 年內仍然有效且對本集團業務屬重大的合約中 擁有直接或間接重大權益。

EMPLOYEES

As of 31 December 2020, the Group had a total of approximately 825 (2019: 688) full-time employees in Hong Kong and China. The Group's employment contracts with its employees cover terms such as position, term of employment, wage, employee benefits and liabilities for breaches, and grounds for termination. Remuneration of the Group's employees includes basic salaries, allowances, pensions, performance bonus, share options and other employee benefits. Remuneration is determined with reference to the performance, skills, qualifications, experience of the employee concerned and the prevailing industry practice.

The Group remunerates its employees based on their performance, work experience and the prevailing market wage level. The total remuneration of the employees consisted of basic salary, cash bonus and share-based incentives.

The emolument policy for the employees of the Group is set up by the Board on the basis of their merit, qualification and competence.

The emoluments of the Directors and senior management of the Group are decided by the Remuneration Committee, having regard to the Group's operating results, individual performance and comparable market statistics.

Total employee costs for the Year, including directors' emoluments, amounted to approximately RMB130.8 million (2019: RMB145.1 million).

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

During the Year, none of related party transactions set out in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements fall under the definition of "connected transaction" or "continuing connected transaction" under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules. In addition, there were no other transactions which constituted connected transaction(s) or continuing connected transaction(s) for the Company under Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules during the Year.

Save as disclosed under the paragraph headed "Related Party Transactions" stated in note 35 of the Notes to the consolidated financial statements, no contract of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Group was a party and in which a Director had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted during the Year.

包含控股股東須履行特別責任之條款 之貸款協議

根據上市規則第13.21條之披露規定,本公司於 年內訂立及/或於年末存續並載有規定本公司 控股股東須履行特別責任之條款的定期貸款融 資之詳情載列如下:

於二零一八年七月十日,本集團訂立融資協議 以獲得一筆708百萬港元之定期貸款融資。該融 資協議載有若干條件,規定王氏家族須直接或 間接維持至少擁有本公司實益權益之30%,否 則將構成融資協議之違約事項。定期貸款融資 自提取最多為200百萬港元之貸款當日起計為 期2年及自提取最多為508百萬港元之貸款當日 起計為期2.5年。

充足公眾持股量

根據於本年報刊發前的最後實際可行日期本公 司公開可得之資訊及就董事所知,本公司一直 維持上市規則規定的公眾持股量。

遵守法律及法規

本集團設有合規政策及程序,以確保遵守適用 的法律、法規及規則,尤其是該等對本集團具 有重大影響的法律、法規及規則。本集團將向 其法律顧問尋求專業意見,以確保本集團將予 進行的交易及業務符合適用的法律及法規。於 年內,本集團並無知悉任何對其具有重大影響 的相關法律及法規的不合規情況。

企業管治

董事會及本公司管理層致力於維持高水平的企 業管治。董事會深信,以透明負責的方式開展 本集團業務及遵守良好企業管治常規符合本集 團及股東的長期利益。本公司已採納上市規則 附錄十四所載的企業管治守則及企業管治報告 的守則條文作為其本身的守則以規管其企業管 治常規。

LOAN AGREEMENT WITH COVENANTS RELATING TO SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE OBLIGATIONS OF THE CONTROLLING SHAREHOLDERS

In accordance with the disclosure requirements under Rule 13.21 of the Listing Rules, set out below are details of the Company's term loan facility entered into during the Year and/or subsisting at the end of the Year, which contains covenants requiring specific performance obligations of the Company's controlling shareholders:

On 10 July 2018, the Group entered into a facility agreement for a HK\$708 million term loan facility. The facility agreement includes certain conditions requiring the Wong family to maintain, directly or indirectly, at least 30% of the beneficial interest of the Company. Failing to do so would constitute an event of default under the facility agreement. The term loan facility has a term of two years from drawdown of the loan of up to HK\$200 million and a term of two and a half years from the drawdown of the loan of up to HK\$508 million.

SUFFICIENCY OF PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors at the latest practicable date prior to the issue of this Annual Report, the Company has maintained the public float as required by the Listing Rules.

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS

The Group has compliance policies and procedures in place to ensure adherence to applicable laws, rules and regulations, in particular, those have a significant impact on the Group. The Group would seek professional advice from its legal advisers to ensure transactions and business to be performed by the Group are in compliance with the applicable laws and regulations. During the Year, the Group was not aware of any non-compliance with any relevant laws and regulations that had a significant impact on it.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Board and management of the Company are committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. The Board firmly believes that conducting the Group's business in a transparent and responsible manner and following good corporate governance practices will serve its long-term interests and those of shareholders. The Company has adopted the code provisions set out in the Corporate Governance Code and Corporate Governance Report contained in Appendix 14 to the Listing Rules as its own code to govern its corporate governance practices.

請參閱本年報第87至100頁的本公司「企業管治 報告」。

捐款

本集團於年內作出捐款人民幣126,000元。

環境政策

本集團致力於推廣有助於實現環境可持續發展 的意識及決定。本集團將全面遵守所有適用的 環境法律及法規,以高效節能的方式利用燃料、 水資源及其他自然資源。我們深知這將是一個 持續改進的過程,且我們將積極尋求環保的方 案並於適當可行的情況下執行環保措施。

請參閱本年報第35至86頁的本公司「環境、社 會及管治報告」。

與僱員、客戶及供應商以及其他人士 的主要關係

僱員乃獲得公平及具競爭力的薪酬。本公司向 彼等提供持續培訓及發展機會以令他們能夠發 揮最佳表現及實現企業目標。於年內,除必須 的反貪腐、安全及健康意識培訓外,我們的僱 員亦持續培訓及尋求職業發展。彼等亦工作於 論功行賞的薪酬及回報福利的機制下,並獲提 供一個無煙、健康及安全的工作環境。

本集團可透過客戶溝通渠道考慮客戶的反饋及 建議。

本集團採用能反映其價值觀及承諾的供應商。 本集團設有政策及程序以選擇與吾等擁有相同 社會、環境及僱員標準的供應商及承包商,亦 採取適當措施以確保我們的合作夥伴及供應商 不會聘用童工或侵犯人權。 Please refer to the Corporate Governance Report of the Company on pages 87 to 100 of this Annual Report.

DONATION

Donation made by the Group during the Year amounted to RMB126,000.

ENVIRONMENTAL POLICIES

The Group is committed to promoting awareness and decisions that contribute to achieving environmentally sustainable development. The Group will comply fully with all applicable environmental laws and regulations. We will use fuel, water and other natural resources efficiently and conservatively. We recognise this to be a continuous process of improvement and we seek to actively look for environmentally-friendly options and carry out environmentally-friendly practices whenever appropriate and possible.

Please refer to the Environmental, Social and Governance Report of the Company on pages 35 to 86 of this Annual Report.

KEY RELATIONSHIPS WITH EMPLOYEES, CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS AND OTHERS

Employees are remunerated equitably and competitively. Continuing training and development opportunities are provided to equip them to deliver their best performance and achieve corporate goals. During the Year, our staff continually pursue training and career development through our policy on top of mandatory training on anti-corruption, safety and health awareness. They also work under motivating remuneration and reward schemes and were provided with a smoke-free, healthy and safe working environment.

Customers' feedback and advice could be taken into account via customer communication channel.

The Group uses suppliers that reflect its values and commitment. The Group has policies and procedures to select suppliers and contractors who share our social, environmental and labour practice standards. Appropriate steps are taken to ensure that our partners and suppliers do not employ child labour or abuse human rights.

報告期完結後事項

本公司有以下報告期完結後的重要事項:

於二零二一年一月六日,本公司發行本金總額 為85百萬美元、票面利率為每年14.25%及於 二零二三年一月到期的額外優先票據(「額**外**票 據」)。額外票據已經整合併與二零二三年美元 票據歸為一類,且已獲納入新加坡交易所正式 名單。本公司擬將額外票據所得款項用作其現 有債務之再融資。額外票據的詳情載於本公司 日期為二零二一年一月六日的公告。

業務回顧

香港法例第622章香港公司條例附表5所規定的 本公司業務之公平審閱及本集團業務的進一步 討論及分析,包括本集團所面對的主要風險及 不明朗因素的討論、年末後發生且會對本集團 構成影響的重大事件,以及本集團業務日後的 可能發展,分別載於本年報第6至8頁的「主席 報告」、第9至34頁的「管理層討論與分析」及第 87至100頁的「企業管治報告」內。

此外,本集團對本公司構成重大影響有關環保、 僱員、客戶及供應商以及遵守相關法律及法規 之事宜分別載於本年報第35至86頁的「環境、 社會及管治報告」及第87至100頁的「企業管治 報告」內。該等論述構成本董事會報告之一部分。

有關重大投資之未來計劃及預期資金 來源

除「主席報告」及「管理層討論與分析」章節所披 露者外,本集團於本年報日期並無有關重大投 資之未來計劃。

EVENTS AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Company had the following important events after the end of the reporting period:

On 6 January 2021, the Company issued additional senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of USD85 million with coupon rate of 14.25% per annum and due in January 2023 (the "Additional Notes"). The Additional Notes were consolidated and formed a single class with the USD 2023 Notes and have been admitted to the official list of the Singapore Exchange. The Company intends to use the proceeds from the Additional Notes to refinance its existing indebtedness. Details of the Additional Notes are set out in the announcement of the Company dated 6 January 2021.

BUSINESS REVIEW

A fair review of the business of the Company and further discussion and analysis of the Group's activities as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance (Cap. 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong), including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group, important events affecting the Group that have occurred since the end of the Year, and an indication of likely future developments of the Group's business, can be found in the Chairman's Statement, the Management Discussion and Analysis and the Corporate Governance Report set out on pages 6 to 8, pages 9 to 34 and pages 87 to 100 of this Annual Report, respectively.

In addition, the Group's environmental, employee, customer and supplier matters and compliance with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the Company can be found in the Environmental, Social and Governance Report and the Corporate Governance Report set out on pages 35 to 86 and pages 87 to 100 of this Annual Report, respectively. These discussions form part of this Directors' Report.

FUTURE PLANS FOR MATERIAL INVESTMENTS AND EXPECTED SOURCES OF FUNDING

Save as disclosed under the sections headed "Chairman's Statement" and "Management Discussion and Analysis", the Group had no future plans for material investments as at the date of this Annual Report.

董事會報告 Directors' Report

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所獲委任為本公司之核數師, 彼等將任職至應屆股東週年大會結束。本公司 將於決應屆股東週年大會上提呈一項決議案, 以續聘畢馬威會計師事務所為本公司核數師。

KPMG was appointed as the auditor of the Company and will hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM. A resolution will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM to re-appoint KPMG as the auditor of the Company.

代表董事會

On behalf of the Board

AUDITOR

主席 王**欽**賢

Wong Yam Yin Chairman

香港,二零二一年三月三十日

Hong Kong, 30 March 2021

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report



致金輪天地控股有限公司股東的 獨立核數師報告 (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

意見

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第 145至295頁金輪天地控股有限公司(「貴公司」) 及其附屬公司(統稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表, 包括於二零二零年十二月三十一日的綜合財務 狀況表及截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合 損益及其他全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜 合現金流量表,以及綜合財務報表附註(包括重 大會計政策概要)。

我們認為,綜合財務報表已根據國際會計準則 委員會(「國際會計準則委員會」)頒佈之國際財 務報告準則(「國際財務報告準則」)真實而公平 地反映貴集團於二零二零年十二月三十一日的 綜合財務狀況及貴集團截至該日止年度的綜合 財務表現及其綜合現金流量,並已按照香港公 司條例的披露規定妥為編製。

意見基準

我們已根據香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」) 頒佈之香港核數準則(「香港核數準則」)進行審 核。我們於該等準則項下之責任乃於我們報告 中核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的責任一 節進一步闡述。我們根據香港會計師公會制定 的專業會計師職業道德守則(「守則」)以及與我 們對開曼群島綜合財務報表的審核相關的道德 要求獨立於貴集團,我們亦已根據守則達致我 們之其他道德責任。我們認為我們所獲得的審 核憑證已充足及適當地為我們之意見提供基準。 INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GOLDEN WHEEL TIANDI HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

OPINION

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Golden Wheel Tiandi Holdings Company Limited ("the Company") and its subsidiaries ("the Group") set out on pages 145 to 295, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020, the consolidated statement of profit or loss, the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2020 and of its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standard Board ("IASB") and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing ("HKSAs") issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA)'s Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants ("the Code") together with any ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Cayman Islands, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

獨立核數師報告 Independent Auditor's Report

關鍵審核事項

關鍵審核事項為就我們之專業判斷而言,對我 們審核本期間之綜合財務報表最為重要的事項。 我們在審核整體綜合財務報表及就此達致意見 時處理此等事項,而不會就此等事項單獨發表 意見。

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

> 於審核中的處理方法 How the matter was addressed in our audit

投資物業的估值

The Key Audit Matter

關鍵審核事項

Valuation of investment properties

請參閱綜合財務報表附註13及第162頁的會計政策。 Refer to note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 162.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,貴集團投資物業包括於中國 內地的已竣工物業、開發中物業以及使用權資產。該等投資 物業根據獨立合資格估值師行(「估值師」)作出的估值(合計 人民幣66.3億元)以彼等公平值列賬。

在釐定適當的估值方法及估計關鍵假設時,估值過程涉及重 大判斷及估計,包括經調整市場價格、資本化率、單位日租 及預算成本。估值對所採用的關鍵假設極其敏感。

As at 31 December 2020, the Group's investment properties comprise completed properties, properties under development and right-of-use assets in the Mainland China. These investment properties are stated at their fair values based on valuations performed by an independent firm of qualified valuers (the "Valuer") at an aggregate amount of RMB6.63 billion.

The valuation process involves significant judgement and estimation in determining the appropriate valuation methodology and in estimating the key assumptions, including adjusted market price, capitalisation rate, daily unit rent and budgeted cost. The valuations are highly sensitive to key assumptions applied.

我們對投資物業的估值進行評估的審核程序包括:

- 了解及評估與投資物業估值有關的管理層主要內部控制的設計、實施及運行有效性;
- 取得並檢查由管理層委聘的估值師所編製且作為董事 對投資物業的公平值作出評估的基準的估值報告;
- 評估估值師對所估值物業的資歷、經驗和專業知識, 並考慮其客觀性和獨立性;
- 在我們的內部物業估值專家協助下,與估值師討論其 估值方法以及估值採用的關鍵估計和假設;

Our audit procedures to assess the valuation of investment properties included the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of management's key internal controls in relation to the valuation of investment properties ;
- Obtaining and inspecting the valuation reports prepared by the Valuer engaged by management and on which the directors' assessment of the fair values of investment properties was based ;
- Assessing the Valuer's qualifications, experience and expertise in the properties being valued and considering its objectivity and independence ;
- With the assistance of our internal property valuation specialists, discussing with the Valuer its valuation methodology and the key estimates and assumptions adopted in its valuations ;

關鍵審核事項(續)

KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)

 關鍵審核事項
 於審核中的處理方法

 The Key Audit Matter
 How the matter was addressed in our audit

投資物業的估值(續)

Valuation of investment properties (continued) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註13及第162頁的會計政策。 Refer to note 13 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 162.

鑒於投資物業對貴集團總資產的重要性及由於釐定投資物 業的公平值涉及重大程度判斷及管理層傾向,我們將投資物 業的估值確定為一項關鍵審核事項。

We identified the valuation of investment properties as a key audit matter because of the significance of investment properties to the Group's total assets and because determining the fair values of investment properties involves a significant degree of judgement and may be subject to management bias.

- 評估估值方法並以抽樣方式通過與現有市場數據及/ 或政府發佈的市場統計數據進行比較,對估值中採用 的關鍵估計和假設(包括經調整市價、資本化率及每日 單位租金)提出質疑;
- 以抽樣方式實地走訪發展中投資物業項目,以觀察發展進度,並參照與估計建設成本有關的市場統計數據, 已簽署的建設合約及/或貴集團新近完工項目的單位 建造成本,對最新預測中反映的管理層的發展預算進 行評估;及
- 以抽樣方式將租賃信息,包括承諾的租金和入住率, 與貴集團提供給估值師的基礎合同和相關文件進行對比。
- Evaluating the valuation methodology and challenging the key estimates and assumptions (including adjusted market price, capitalisation rate, and daily unit rent) adopted in the valuations, on a sample basis, by comparison with available market data and/or government produced market statistics;
- Conducting site visits to investment properties under development, on a sample basis, to observe the development progress and evaluating management's development budgets reflected in the latest forecasts with reference to market statistics about estimated construction costs, signed construction contracts and/or unit construction costs of recently completed projects ; and
- Comparing tenancy information, including committed rents and occupancy rates, provided by the Group to the Valuer with underlying contracts and related documentation, on a sample basis.

關鍵審核事項(續)	KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)		
關鍵審核事項	於審核中的處理方法		
The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit		

評估開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業的可變現淨值

Assessing the net realizable value of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale $if \otimes listical graph is listical graph in the sale of the sale$

Refer to notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 174 to 175.

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,開發中待售物業及已竣工待 售物業的賬面值總計為人民幣71.6億元,佔貴集團於該日的 總資產的42%。貴集團開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業主 要為主要位於中國內地及香港的住宅及零售項目,且以成本 與可變現淨值的較低者列賬。

對開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業的可變現淨值進行評 估涉及重大管理層判斷,尤其是在預計預測開發成本及預測 銷售價格時。由於市場條件的變化,預測開發成本和銷售價 格本質上具有不確定性。

The carrying amount of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale totalled RMB7.16 billion as at 31 December 2020, which accounted for 42% of the Group's total assets as at that date. Properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale of the Group are primarily residential and retail projects, located mainly in Mainland China and Hong Kong, and are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

The assessment of the net realizable value of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale involves the exercise of significant management judgement, particularly in estimating forecast development costs and forecast selling prices. Forecast development costs and selling prices are inherently uncertain due to changes in market conditions. 我們對開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業的可變現淨值進 行評估的審核程序包括:

- 了解及評估與管理層對開發成本預測的編製及監控有 關的管理層主要內部控制的設計、實施及運行的有效性;
- 以抽樣方式實地走訪開發中待售物業項目,以觀察發展進度,並參照與估計建設成本有關的市場統計數據, 已簽署的建設合約及/或貴集團新近完工項目的單位 建造成本,對最新預測中反映的管理層的發展預算進 行評估;
- 對比本年度實現的實際銷售價格和過往年度的預測值, 評估管理層以往關於銷售價格的預測的準確性;及

Our audit procedures to assess the net realizable value of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale included the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of and assessing the design, implementation and operating effectiveness of management's key internal controls in relation to the preparation and monitoring of management forecasts of development costs ;
- Conducting site visits to properties under development for sale, on a sample basis, to observe the development progress and evaluating management's development budgets reflected in the latest forecasts with reference to market statistics about estimated construction costs, signed construction contracts and/ or unit construction costs of recently completed projects ;
- Assessing the accuracy of management's historical forecasts of selling prices by comparing the actual selling prices achieved in the current year with forecasts prepared in previous years ; and

關鍵審核事項(續)	KEY AUDIT MATTERS (continued)		
關鍵審核事項	於審核中的處理方法		
The Key Audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit		

評估開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業的可變現淨值(續)

Assessing the net realizable value of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale (continued) 請參閱綜合財務報表附註18及19以及第174至175頁的會計政策。

Refer to notes 18 and 19 to the consolidated financial statements and the accounting policies on page 174 to 175.

鑒於開發中待售物業和已竣工待售物業對貴集團總資產的重要性,及由於評估開發中待售物業和已竣工待售物業的可變 現淨值(本質上具有不確定性)需要作出重大程度的管理層 判斷,這可能存在錯誤或管理層傾向,我們將開發中待售物 業和已竣工待售物業的可變現淨值的評估列為關鍵審計事項。

We identified the assessment of the net realizable value of the Group's properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale as a key audit matter because of the significance of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale to the Group's total assets and because the inherent uncertainties involved in assessing the net realizable value of the properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale that require a significant degree of management judgement which could be subject to error or management bias.

- 評估管理層就評估開發中待售物業和已竣工待售物業 的可變現淨值而採納的估值方法,及將估值中所採用 的關鍵估計及假設(包括與平均淨銷售價格有關的估 計及假設)與可用市場數據及貴集團的銷售預算計劃 進行對比。
- Evaluating the valuation methodology adopted by management for assessing the net realizable value of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale and comparing the key estimates and assumptions adopted in the valuations, including those relating to average net selling prices, with market available data and the sales budget plans maintained by the Group.

综合财务报表及就此所作核数师报告 以外的资料

董事對其他資料負責。其他資料包括年報所載 之所有資料,惟不包括綜合財務報表及我們就 此發表之核數師報告。

我們有關綜合財務報表之意見並不涵蓋其他資 料,我們亦並不就此發表任何形式之核證結論。

就我們對綜合財務報表之審核而言,我們之責 任是閱讀其他資料,從而考慮其他資料是否與 綜合財務報表或我們在審核過程中獲悉的資料 存在重大不符,或似乎存在重大錯誤陳述。

倘若我們基於已完成的工作認為其他資料出現 重大錯誤陳述,我們須報告此一事實。我們就 此並無須報告事項。

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據國際會計準則委員會頒佈之國 際財務報告準則及香港公司條例之披露規定編 製及真實而公平地列報該等綜合財務報表,並 對其認為就確保綜合財務報表之編製不存在由 於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述所必需之 有關內部控制。

在編製綜合財務報表時,董事須負責評估貴集 團持續經營的能力,並披露與持續經營有關的 事項(如適用)。除非董事有意將貴集團清盤, 或停止營運,或除此之外並無其他實際可行的 辦法,否則董事須採用以持續經營為基礎的會 計法。

審核委員會協助董事履行監督貴集團的財務報 告過程的責任。

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the information included in the annual report, other than the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with IFRSs issued by the IASB and the disclosure requirement of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are assisted by the Audit Committee in discharging their responsibilities for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任

我們的目標,是對整體綜合財務報表是否不存 在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述取得 合理保證,並出具包括我們意見的核數師報告。 我們僅向整體股東作出報告。除此以外,我們 的報告不作其他用途。我們不就此報告的內容, 對任何其他人士負責或承擔任何責任。

合理保證是高水平的保證,但不能保證按照香 港核數準則進行的審核在某一重大錯誤陳述存 在時總能發現。錯誤陳述可以由欺詐或錯誤引起, 倘合理預期彼等個別或匯總起來可能影響該等 綜合財務報表使用者所作出的經濟決策,則有 關的錯誤陳述可被視作重大。

我們根據香港核數準則進行審核的工作之一, 是運用專業判斷,在整個審核過程中抱持職業 懷疑態度。我們亦:

- 識別和評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險,設計及執行審核程序以應對該等風險,以及取得充足和適當的審核憑證,作為我們意見的基礎。由於欺詐可能涉及串謀、偽造、蓄意遺漏、虛假陳述,或凌駕於內部控制之上,因此未能發現因欺詐而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險高於因錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述的風險。
- 了解與審核相關的內部控制,以設計適當 的審核程序,但目的並非對貴集團內部控 制的效能發表意見。
- 評價董事所採用會計政策的恰當性及所作 出會計估計和相關披露資料的合理性。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HKSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HKSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.

核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

- 對董事採用持續經營會計基礎的恰當性作 出結論。根據所得的審核憑證,決定是否 存在與事件或情況有關的重大不確定性, 而可能對貴集團持續經營的能力構成重大 疑慮。倘我們認為存在重大不確定性,則 有必要在核數師報告中提請使用者對綜合 財務報表中的相關披露資料的關注。倘有 關的披露資料不足,則發表非無保留意見。 我們的結論乃基於截至核數師報告日期止 所取得的審核憑證。然而,未來事件或情 況可能導致貴集團不能繼續持續經營。
- 評價綜合財務報表(包括披露資料)的整
 體列報方式、結構及內容,以及綜合財務
 報表是否公允反映有關交易和事項。
- 就貴集團中實體或業務活動的財務資料獲 取充分及適當的審核證據,以對綜合財務 報表發表意見。我們負責指導、監督及執 行集團審核。我們僅對我們之審核意見承 擔責任。

我們與審核委員會溝通了(其中包括)計劃的審 核範圍、時間安排、重大審核發現等事項,包 括我們在審核期間識別出內部控制的任何重大 缺陷。

我們亦向審核委員會提交聲明,説明我們已符 合有關獨立性的相關職業道德要求,並與彼等 溝通所有可能合理地被認為會影響我們獨立性 的關係及其他事項,以及相關防範措施(倘適用)。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the Audit Committee regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Audit Committee with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.
核數師就審核綜合財務報表須承擔的 責任(續)

從與審核委員會溝通的事項中,我們決定哪些 事項對本期間綜合財務報表的審核最為重要, 因而構成關鍵審核事項。我們會在核數師報告 中描述這些事項,惟法律法規不允許對某件事 項作出公開披露,或在極端罕見的情況下,若 有合理預期在我們的報告中溝通某事項而造成 的負面後果將會超過其產生的公眾利益,我們 將不會在此等情況下在報告中溝通該事項。

本獨立核數師報告的審核工作合夥人為陳定元。

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

From the matters communicated with the Audit Committee, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Chan Ting Yuen.

執業會計師

香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零二一年三月三十日

Certified Public Accountants

8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

30 March 2021

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

			二零二零年	二零一九年
			2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
14.24	_	,		
收益	Revenue	4	1,389,119	1,605,448
銷售成本	Cost of sales		(1,155,977)	(1,074,088)
毛利	Gross profit		233,142	531,360
投資物業公平值變動	Changes in fair value of investment properties	13(a)	91,971	171,958
其他收入、開支、收益及虧損	Other income, expenses, gains and losses	5	318,124	66,069
銷售及營銷開支	Selling and marketing expenses		(81,415)	(66,068)
行政開支	Administrative expenses		(155,686)	(175,291)
經營溢利	Profit from operations		406,136	528,028
融資成本	Finance costs	6(a)	(233,545)	(186,273)
應佔聯營公司的(虧損)/溢利	Share of (losses)/profits of associates	15	(46,930)	105,050
應佔合營企業的溢利	Share of profits of joint ventures	16	1,105	6,070
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	6	126,766	452,875
所得税	Income tax	7	(76,521)	(200,347)
年內溢利	Profit for the year		50,245	252,528
以下人士應佔:	Attributable to:			
本公司權益股東	Equity shareholders of the Company		34,788	252,561
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		15,457	(33)
年內溢利	Profit for the year		50,245	252,528

第153至295頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。

The notes on pages 153 to 295 form part of these financial statements.

綜合損益及其他全面收益表

Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

		附註 Note	二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
年內溢利	Profit for the year		50,245	252,528
年內其他全面收益(除税及經重新 分類調整後):	Other comprehensive income for the year (after tax and reclassification adjustments):	10		
其後可能重新分類至損益的項目:	<i>Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
换算人民幣以外功能貨幣的實體 財務報表的匯兑差額	Exchange differences on translation of financial statements of the entities with functional currencies other than RMB		1,149	14,635
年內其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year		1,149	14,635
本公司權益股東應佔年內 全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to equity shareholders of the Company		51,394	267,163
以下人士應估: 本公司權益股東 非控股權益	Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests		35,937 15,457	267,196 (33)
年內全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income for the year		51,394	267,163
每股盈利	Earnings per share	11		
基本(每股人民幣元)	Basic (RMB per share)		0.019	0.140
攤薄(每股人民幣元)	Diluted (RMB per share)		0.019	0.140

第153至295頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 153 to 295 form part of these financial statements.

綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零二零年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

			二零二零年 十二月 三十一日	二零一九年 十二月 三十一日
			31 December	31 December
			2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets			
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	12	266,713	260,699
投資物業	Investment properties	13	6,628,565	6,258,897
於聯營公司之權益	Interests in associates	15	204,233	468,999
於合營企業之權益	Interests in joint ventures	16	413,064	419,231
其他金融資產	Other financial assets	17	289,529	221,667
受限制銀行存款	Restricted bank deposits	22	181,011	170,000
遞延税項資產	Deferred tax assets	30	143,629	154,324
			8,126,744	7,953,817
法乱次 文				
流動資產 ^{開發由往焦悔業}	Current assets	10	5 25 / //7	5 157 00/
開發中待售物業 已竣工待售物業	Properties under development for sale	18	5,254,447	5,157,894
	Completed properties for sale	19	1,903,760	1,145,750
合約資產 网目及其他應收款項	Contract assets	20	15,205	6,473
貿易及其他應收款項	Trade and other receivables	21	534,943	348,773
預付土地增值税及所得税 其他 4 副 2 多	Land appreciation tax and income tax prepaid		51,929	28,075
其他金融資產	Other financial assets	17	39,966	5,525
受限制銀行存款	Restricted bank deposits	22	383,182	604,359
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	23	849,120	979,208
			9,032,552	8,276,057
流動負債	Current liabilities			
貿易及其他應付款項	Trade and other payables	24	2,175,139	1,808,858
合約負債	Contract liabilities	25	1,881,711	971,179
預收租金	Rental received in advance		32,106	31,342
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	26	45,862	43,298
銀行貸款	Bank loans	27	1,831,855	2,393,017
即期税項	Current taxation		556,871	683,578
優先票據	Senior notes	28	1,221,429	185,149
			7,744,973	6,116,421

綜合財務狀況表 Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

於二零二零年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

			二零二零年	二零一九年
			十二月	十二月
			三十一日	三十一日
			31 December	31 December
		7711	2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
流動資產淨值	Net current assets		1,287,579	2,159,636
			0 /1 / 222	10 112 (52
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities		9,414,323	10,113,453
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities			
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	26	215,188	249,169
銀行貸款	Bank loans	27	979,651	1,348,776
遞延税項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	30	1,200,435	1,180,961
預收租金	Rental received in advance		15,647	2,549
優先票據	Senior notes	28	2,083,456	2,501,362
			4,494,377	5,282,817
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		4,919,946	4,830,636
			<i>y y</i> -	, - , -
資本及儲備	CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
股本	Share capital	31(c)	113,099	113,099
儲備	Reserves	31(d)	4,713,951	4,704,098
本公司權益股東應佔權益總額	Total equity attributable to equity			
	shareholders of the Company		4,827,050	4,817,197
非控股權益	Non-controlling interests		92,896	13,439
總權益	TOTAL EQUITY		4,919,946	4,830,636

董事會於二零二一年三月三十日批准及授權刊發。 Approved and authorised

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 30 March 2021.

王欽賢 Wong Yam Yin *董事* Directors 王錦輝 Wong Kam Fai *董事* Directors

第153至295頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 153 m

The notes on pages 153 to 295 form part of these financial statements.

綜合權益變動表 **Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity** 截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020

(以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

						4	、公司權益股東應佔	Å					
						Attributable to e	equity shareholders	of the Company					
			股本	股份溢價	特別儲備	外幣匯兑儲備	物業重估儲備	購股權儲備	盈餘儲備	保留盈利	總計	非控股權益	總計
							Property	Share				Non-	
			Share	Share	Special	Exchange	revaluation	options	Surplus	Retained		controlling	
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total	interests	Total
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(附註31(c))	(附註31(d)(i))	(附註31(d)(ii))	(附註31(d)(iii))		(附註29)	(附註31(d)(iv))				
			(note31(c))	(note31(d)(i))	(note31(d)(ii))	(note31(d)(iii))		(note29)	(note31(d)(iv))				
於二零一九年十二月	Balance at 31 December 2019 and												
三十一日及二零二零年	1 January 2020												
一月一日至結餘			113,099	476,143	145,986	14,985	16,631	1,322	163,728	3,885,303	4,817,197	13,439	4,830,636
一番一番を建立得利。													
二零二零年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2020:												
年内溢利	Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,788	34,788	15,457	50,245
年內其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for					/-					/ .		/ .
	the year		-	-	-	1,149	-	-	-	-	1,149	-	1,149
全面收益總額	Teelesseeheerinis					1,149				26700	25 027	15 (57	51.20/
土叫 以 重巡供	Total comprehensive income									34,788	35,937	15,457	51,394
盈餘儲備撥款	Surplus reserve appropriation	31(d)(iv)							20,691	(20,691)			
上年宣派之股息	Dividends declared in respect of)1(d)(iv)	_	_	_	_		_	20,071	(20,0)1)	_	_	_
エーモルとなめ	the previous year	31(b)	_	_	(26,313)	_	_	_	_	_	(26,313)	_	(26,313)
以股本結算股份支付交易	Equity settled share-based	51(0)			(20,010)						(20,013)		(20,013)
9986千叫开展因人自人羽	transactions	29		-	_			229	_		229	_	229
非控股股東注資	Capital injection from non-	-/						22)			22)		22)
1. Anno 1993 (Arristo Marine Marine	controlling shareholders		-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	64,000	64,000
	0												
於二零二零年十二月	Balance at 31 December 2020												
三十一日之結餘			113,099	476,143	119,673	16,134	16,631	1,551	184,419	3,899,400	4,827,050	92,896	4,919,946
went by			11,0,077	., 0,. 15			10,001	.,,,,1		0,000		/=,0/5	.,.,,,

綜合權益變動表 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

							公司權益股東應佔						
							equity shareholders o	f the Company					
			股本	股份溢價	特別儲備	外幣匯兑儲備	物業重估儲備	購股權儲備	盈餘儲備	保留盈利	鄉計	非控股權益	總計
							Property	Share				Non-	
			Share	Share	Special	Exchange	revaluation	options	Surplus	Retained		controlling	
			capital	premium	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	reserve	earnings	Total	interests	Total
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
			(附註31(c))	(附註31(d)(i))	(附註31(d)(ii))	(附註31(d)(iii))		(附註29)	(附註31(d)(iv))				
			(note31(c))	(note31(d)(i))	(note31(d)(ii))	(note31(d)(iii))		(note29)	(note31(d)(iv))				
二零一八年	Balance at 31 December 2018												
十二月三十一日之結餘			113,099	476,143	176,106	350	16,631	1,093	138,475	3,686,407	4,608,304	-	4,608,304
用國際財務報告準則 第16號之影響	Impact on initial application of									(20 (12)	(20 (12)		(20. (12)
第10號之影響	IFRS16		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(28,412)	(28,412)	-	(28,412)
二零一九年一月一日之 結餘	Balance at 1 January 2019		113,099	476,143	176,106	350	16,631	1,093	138,475	3,657,995	4,579,892	-	4,579,892
零一九年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2019:												
內溢利	Profit for the year		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	252,561	252,561	(33)	252,528
內其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income												
	for the year		-	-	-	14,635	-	-	-	-	14,635	-	14,635
面收益總額	Total comprehensive income					14,635				252,561	267,196	(33)	267,163
餘儲備撥款	Surplus reserve appropriation	31(d)(iv)	_	_	_	_	_	_	25,253	(25,253)	_	_	_
年宣派之股息	Dividends declared in respect) 1(u)(11)							23,235	(=);=)))			
	of the previous year	31(b)	_	_	(30,120)	_	_	_	_	_	(30,120)	_	(30,120)
眼本結算股份支付交易	Equity settled share-based transactions	29	_	_	(00,120)	-	_	229	_	_	229	_	229
控股股東注資	Capital injection from non-controlling	-)						/			/		
	shareholders		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,472	13,472
於二零一九年	Balance at 31 December 2019												
十二月三十一日之結餘			113,099	476,143	145,986	14,985	16,631	1,322	163,728	3,885,303	4,817,197	13,439	4,830,636

第153至295頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 153 to 295 form part of these financial statements.

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Cash Flows Statement

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

		附註 Note	二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
經營活動	Operating activities			
經營所得現金 已付税項	Cash generated from operations Tax paid	23(b)	624,680 (88,054)	302,724 (104,583)
經營活動所得現金淨額	Net cash generated from operating activities		536,626	198,141
投資活動	Investing activities			
銀行存款已收利息	Interest received from bank deposits		31,503	18,035
按公平值計入損益(「按公平值計入 損益」)的金融資產已收利息 按公平值計入其他全面收益 (「按公平值計入其他全面收益」)	Interest received from financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Interest received from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive		878	1,554
的金融資產已收利息 購買物業、廠房及設備 購買按公平值計入損益的金融資產	income ("FVTOCI") Purchases of property, plant and equipment Purchases of financial assets measured at		- (47,762)	523 (47,419)
投資物業增加 於聯營公司之投資	FVTPL Increase in investment properties Investment in associates		(179,145) (317,201) (35,664)	(238,472) (190,117) (18,000)
出售一間聯營公司 出售投資物業 出售按公平值計入損益之金融資產	Disposal of an associate Disposal of investment properties Disposal of financial assets measured at FVTPL		78,000 49,994 76,237	- 84,218 460,361
向聯營公司及合營企業提供墊款 從聯營公司及合營企業收到還款	Advance to associates and joint ventures Repayment received from associates and joint ventures		(91,918) 26,556	(42,459)
出售一間附屬公司	Disposal of a subsidiary			461,640
投資活動(所用)/所得現金淨額	Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(408,522)	502,364

綜合現金流量表 Consolidated Cash Flows Statement

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度 For the year ended 31 December 2020 (以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi)

		二零二零年 2020	二零一九年 2019
	附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
融資活動	Financing activities		
合營企業及聯營公司墊款	Advance from associates and joint ventures	53,584	165,045
向聯營公司及合營企業還款	Repayment to associates and joint ventures	(31,000)	(38,091)
發行優先票據所得款項	Proceeds from issue of senior notes	2,561,986	1,224,475
支付發行優先票據應佔開支	Payment of expense attributable to issue of		
	senior notes	(34,006)	(18,014)
新造銀行借款	New bank borrowings raised	468,748	2,902,580
償還銀行貸款	Repayments of bank loans	(1,274,181)	(1,722,920)
購回優先票據	Repurchase of senior notes	(1,790,411)	(1,018,394)
已付利息	Interest paid	(476,418)	(387,250)
支付予本公司權益股東之股息	Dividends paid to equity shareholders of the		
	Company	(26,313)	(30,120)
存入銀行貸款質押款	Placement of deposits pledged for bank loans	273,402	(380,000)
償還優先票據本金額	Repayment of principal of senior notes	-	(966,344)
非控股股東注資	Capital injection from non-controlling		
	shareholders	64,000	13,472
已付租賃租金的資本部分	Capital element of lease rentals paid	(22,008)	(24,118)
已付租賃租金的利息部分	Interest element of lease rentals paid	(16,530)	(18,547)
融資活動所用現金淨額 	Net cash used in financing activities	(249,147)	(298,226)
珀人刄珀人 焠俩妈河(试水) / 凼			
現金及現金等價物淨(減少)/增加	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash	(101.0.(2))	(02.270
	equivalents	(121,043)	402,279
於一月一日的現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	979,208	576,051
外匯匯率變動影響	Effect of foreign exchanges rates changes	(9,045)	878
於十二月三十一日的現金及			
現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December 23(a)	849,120	979,208

第153至295頁的附註構成本財務報表的一部分。 The notes on pages 153 to 295 form part of these financial statements.

152 金輪天地控股有限公司 GOLDEN WHEEL TIANDI HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

1 一般資料

金輪天地控股有限公司(「本公司」)於二零 一二年四月二十六日在開曼群島註冊成立 為獲豁免有限公司,其股份自二零一三年 一月十六日起於香港聯合交易所有限公司 (「香港聯交所」)上市。

本公司為一間投資控股公司。本公司及其 附屬公司(以下統稱「本集團」)主要從事 物業發展、物業租賃及酒店營運。

2 重大會計政策

(a) 合規聲明

本財務報表乃根據國際會計準則理事會 (「國際會計準則理事會」)頒佈的所有適用 的國際財務報告準則(「國際財務報告準 則」)(此統稱包含所有適用的個別國際財 務報告準則、國際會計準則(「國際會計準 則」)及詮釋)而編製。本財務報表亦符合 香港公司條例的披露規定及香港聯合交易 所有限公司證券上市規則的適用披露規定。 本集團採納的重大會計政策於下文披露。

國際會計準則理事會已頒佈若干新訂及經 修訂國際財務報告準則,均於本集團當前 會計期間首次生效或可供提早採納。附註 2(c)載有就本財務報表中反映的當前及過 往會計期間與本集團有關的首次應用該等 發展而導致的任何會計政策變動的資料。

GENERAL

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Golden Wheel Tiandi Holdings Company Limited (the "Company") was incorporated as an exempted Company with limited liability in the Cayman Islands on 26 April 2012 and its shares are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange") with effect from 16 January 2013.

The Company is an investment holding company. The Company and its subsidiaries (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Group") are principally engaged in the property development, property leasing and hotel operation.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards ("IASs") and Interpretations issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). These financial statements also comply with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. Significant accounting policies adopted by the Group are disclosed below.

The IASB has issued certain new and revised IFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group. Note 2(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(b) 財務報表編製基準

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止年度的 綜合財務報表包括本集團及本集團於聯營 公司及合營企業的權益。

除下文會計政策中所載列者外,編製財務 報表時乃以歷史成本法作為計量基準。

管理層須在編製符合國際財務報告準則的 財務報表時作出會對政策的應用,以及資 產、負債、收入及支出的報告數額構成影 響的判斷、估計及假設。這些估計及相關 假設是根據以往經驗及管理層因應當時情 況認為合理的多項其他因素作出的,其結 果構成了管理層在無法依循其他途徑即時 得知資產與負債的賬面值時所作出判斷的 基礎。實際結果可能有別於該等估計。

管理層會不斷審閱各項估計及相關假設。 如果會計估計的修訂只是影響某一期間, 其影響便會在該期間內確認;如果修訂對 當前及未來期間均有影響,則在作出修訂 的期間及未來期間確認。

有關管理層在應用國際財務報告準則時所 作出對本財務報表有重大影響的判斷,以 及主要的估計來源不確定因素的討論內容, 載列於附註3。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b)

2

Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 comprise the Group and the Group's interest in associates and joint ventures.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis except as set out in the accounting policies hereunder.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of IFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 3.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(c) 會計政策的變動

本集團已於當前會計期間對該等財務報表 應用以下由國際會計準則委員會頒佈的國 際財務報告準則的修訂本:

- 國際財務報告準則第3號修訂本, 業務的定義
- 國際財務報告準則第16號修訂本, 與Covid-19相關的租金減免

國際財務報告準則第3號修訂本,業務的 定義並無對本集團於本期間或過往期間的 業績及財務狀況的編製方式或於中期財務 報告的呈列方式產生重大影響。本集團並 無應用任何在當前會計期間尚未生效的新 訂準則或詮釋,惟國際財務報告準則第16 號修訂本,與Covid-19相關的租金減免除 外,此修訂本提供一項實際權宜之計,容 許承租人不評估因Covid-19疫情直接導致 的特定租金減免是否屬於租賃修訂,而是 將該等租金減免入賬猶如其為非租賃修訂。 採納經修訂國際財務報告準則所產生的影 響論述如下:

國際財務報告準則第16號修訂本,與 Covid-19相關的租金減免

該修訂本提供一項實際權宜之計,容許承 租人無須評估因Covid-19疫情直接導致的 特定租金減免(「與Covid-19相關的租金減 免」)是否屬於租賃修訂,而是將該等租金 減免入賬列作非租賃修訂。

本集團已選擇提早採納該等修訂並於中 期報告期間對授予本集團的所有合資格 與Covid-19相關的租金減免應用實際權宜 方法。因此,已收租金減免已就於觸發上 述付款的事件或條件發生之期間在損益 確認為負值的可變租賃付款入賬(見附註 13(c))。並未對於二零二零年一月一日的 權益期初結餘產生任何影響。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Changes in accounting policies

The Group has applied the following amendments to IFRSs issued by the IASB to these financial statements for the current accounting period:

- Amendments to IFRS 3, Definition of a Business
- Amendment to IFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

Amendments to IFRS 3, Definition of a Business does not a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in this interim financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period except for the amendment to IFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions, which provides a practical expedient that allows lessees not to assess whether particular rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic are lease modifications and, instead, account for those rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications. Impacts of the adoption of the amended IFRSs are discussed below:

Amendment to IFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

The amendment provides a practical expedient that allows a lessee to by-pass the need to evaluate whether certain qualifying rent concessions occurring as a direct consequence of the Covid-19 pandemic ("Covid-19-related rent concessions") are lease modifications and, instead, account for those rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications.

The Group has elected to early adopt the amendments and applies the practical expedient to all qualifying Covid-19-related rent concessions granted to the Group during the interim reporting period. Consequently, rent concessions received have been accounted for as negative variable lease payments recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurred (see note 13(c)). There is no impact on the opening balance of equity at 1 January 2020.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司指本集團控制的實體。當本集團 因參與某實體而對可變回報承擔風險或享 有權利,並且有能力運用對該實體的權力 影響該等回報,本集團即控制該實體。本 集團在評估是否擁有權力時,僅考慮(本 集團以及其他方所持有的)實質性權利。

於一間附屬公司之投資由開始控制當日起 至終止控制日期止綜合入賬至綜合財務報 表。集團內公司間之結餘、交易及現金流 量以及集團內公司間交易所產生之未變現 溢利,均於編製綜合財務報表時全數對銷。 倘無減值跡象,則集團內公司間交易所產 生之未變現虧損亦僅在此情況下以處理未 變現收益之同一方法對銷。

非控股權益是指並非由本公司直接或間接 應佔之附屬公司權益,及本集團並未與該 等權益持有人達成任何額外條款,從而令 本集團在總體上對該等權益產生合約責任, 使其符合財務負債之定義。就每次業務合 併而言,本集團可選擇按公平值或非控股 權益應佔附屬公司可識別資產淨值之比例 計量任何非控股權益。

非控股權益於綜合財務狀況表內列為權益, 與本公司權益股東應佔權益分開呈列。本 集團業績內之非控股權益於綜合損益及其 他全面收益表內分開呈列為非控股權益與 本公司權益股東之間年內損益總額及全面 收益總額之分配。根據附註2(q)或2(r),視 乎負債性質,來自非控股權益持有人之貸 款及其他有關該等持有人之合約責任於綜 合財務狀況表列為金融負債。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) S

2

Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of non-controlling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position in accordance with note 2(q)or 2(r) depending on the nature of the liability.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

本集團於附屬公司之權益變動如不會導致 喪失控制權,則入賬列作股本交易,據此 會對綜合權益內控股權益及非控股權益金 額作出調整,以反映相對權益變動,但不 會就商譽作出調整,亦不會確認任何收益 或虧損。

倘本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權,則入 賬列作出售於該附屬公司之全部權益,因 此而產生之收益或虧損會在損益中確認。 失去控制權當日於該前附屬公司保留之 任何權益會按公平值確認,而此金額會被 視為初步確認金融資產之公平值(見附註 2(g)),或(倘適用)初步確認於一間聯營公 司或合營企業之投資成本(見附註2(e))。

於本公司之財務狀況表內,於一間附屬 公司之投資乃按成本減減值虧損(見附註 2(k))列賬,除非投資分類為持作出售(或 計入分類為持作出售之出售組合)。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (Continued)

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2(g)) or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture (see note 2(e)).

In the Company's statement of financial position, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 2(k)), unless the investment is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale).

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司及合營企業

聯營公司是指本集團或本公司對其有重大 影響,但沒有控制或共同控制其管理層的 實體;重大影響包括參與其財務及經營決 策。

合營企業是一項安排,據此本集團或本公 司與其他方協定分享對此項安排的控制權, 並享有此項安排的資產淨值。

於聯營公司或合營企業的投資乃按權益法 記入綜合財務報表,但分類為持有出售(或 已計入分類為持有出售的出售組合)的投 資除外。根據權益法,有關投資以成本初 始入賬,並就本集團於收購日所佔被投資 公司可辨別資產淨值的公平值超過投資成 本的數額(如有)作出調整。投資成本包括 購買價格、直接歸因於收購投資的其他成 本,以及對構成本集團權益投資一部分的 聯營公司或合營企業的任何直接投資。此 後,就本集團所佔被投資公司資產淨值的 收購後變動以及與該等投資有關的任何減 值虧損作出調整(見附註2(k)(iii))。於收購 日超過成本的任何數額、本集團年內所佔 被投資公司的收購後税後業績及任何減值 虧損在綜合損益表中確認,而本集團所佔 被投資公司的收購後税後其他全面收益項 目則在綜合損益及其他全面收益表中確認。

當本集團應佔聯營公司或合營企業虧損超 過其於聯營公司或合營企業的權益時,本 集團所佔權益減少至零,並且不再確認額 外虧損,惟倘本集團有法定或推定義務, 或代被投資公司作出付款則除外。就此而 言,在將預期信用損失模型應用於其他此 類長期權益之後(如適用),本集團所佔權 益乃以權益法計算投資的賬面金額,以及 實質上構成本集團在聯營公司或合營企業 投資淨額一部分的長期權益為準(見附註 2(k)(i))。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity in which the Group or company has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decisions.

A joint venture is an arrangement whereby the Group or company and other parties contractually agree to share control of the arrangement and have rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

An investment in an associate or a joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method, unless it is classified as held for sale (or included in a disposal group that is classified as held for sale). Under the equity method, the investment is initially recorded at cost, adjusted for any excess of the Group's share of the acquisition-date fair values of the investee's identifiable net assets over the cost of the investment (if any). The cost of the investment includes purchase price, other costs directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment, and any direct investment into the associate or joint venture that forms part of the Group's equity investment. Thereafter, the investment is adjusted for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the investee's net assets and any impairment loss relating to the investment (see note 2(k)(iii)). Any acquisition-date excess over cost, the Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the investees and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the investees' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

When the Group's share of losses exceeds its interest in the associate or the joint venture, the Group's interest is reduced to nil and recognition of further losses is discontinued except to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the investee. For this purpose, the Group's interest is the carrying amount of the investment under the equity method, together with any other long-term interests that in substance form part of the Group's net investment in the associate or the joint venture (after applying the ECL model to such other long-term interests where applicable (see note 2(k)(i)).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(e) 聯營公司及合營企業(續)

本集團與其聯營公司及合營企業之間交易 所產生的未變現損益,均按本集團於被投 資公司的權益比率抵銷;但如有未變現虧 損證明已轉讓資產出現減值,則會即時在 損益中確認。

如果於聯營公司的投資變為於合營企業的 投資或於合營企業的投資變為於聯營公司 的投資,則毋須重新計量保留權益。反之, 有關投資繼續以權益法入賬。

在所有其他情況下,當本集團不再對聯營 公司有重大影響力或對合營企業實施共同 控制時,按出售有關被投資公司的全部權 益列賬,由此產生的收益或虧損在損益中 確認。在喪失重大影響力或共同控制權日 期所保留有關前被投資公司的權益,按公 平值確認,此筆金額在初始確認金融資產 時視作為公平值(見附註2(g))。

(f) 商譽

商譽指以下兩者之差額

- (i) 所轉讓代價之公平值、於收購對象
 的任何非控股權益金額及本集團過
 往於收購對象所持有股權之公平值
 的總和;減
- (ii) 於收購日期所計量被收購對象可識 別資產及負債之公平淨值。

當(ii)項之金額大於(i)項時,則其差額即 時於損益中確認為議價購買之收益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Associates and joint ventures (Continued)

Unrealised profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and its associates and joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee, except where unrealised losses provide evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred, in which case they are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

If an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or vice versa, the retained interest is not remeasured. Instead, the investment continues to be accounted for under the equity method.

In all other cases, when the Group ceases to have significant influence over an associate or joint control over a joint venture, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that investee, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former investee at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset (see note 2(g)).

(f) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of

- the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; over
- (ii) the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities measured as at the acquisition date.

When (ii) is greater than (i), then this excess is recognised immediately in profit or loss as a gain on a bargain purchase.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(f) 商譽(續)

商譽指以下兩者之差額(續)

商譽按成本減累計減值虧損列賬。業務合 併產生的商譽會分配至預期可透過合併的 協同效益獲利的各現金產生單位或一組現 金產生單位,並且每年接受減值測試(見 附註2(k))。

於年內出售的現金產生單位的任何應佔購 入商譽均包括在出售項目的損益內。

(g) 其他債務及權益證券投資

除於附屬公司、聯營公司及合營企業的投 資外,本集團有關債務證券及權益證券投 資的政策載列如下。

債務及權益證券投資於本集團承諾購買/ 出售該項投資之日確認/終止確認。該等 投資按公平值加直接歸屬交易成本初始列 示,惟按公平值計入損益計量的投資之交 易成本直接於損益確認。有關本集團如何 釐定金融工具公平值的説明,請參閱附註 32。該等投資按其分類後續處理方式如下。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill (Continued)

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(f)

Goodwill represents the excess of (Continued)

Goodwill is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising on a business combination is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash generating units, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination and is tested annually for impairment (see note 2(k)).

On disposal of a cash generating unit during the year, any attributable amount of purchased goodwill is included in the calculation of the profit or loss on disposal.

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities

The Group's policies for investments in debt and equity securities, other than investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, are set out below.

Investments in debt and equity securities are recognised/derecognised on the date the Group commits to purchase/sell the investment. The investments are initially stated at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, except for those investments measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) for which transaction costs are recognised directly in profit or loss. For an explanation of how the Group determines fair value of financial instruments, see note 32. These investments are subsequently accounted for as follows, depending on their classification.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (g) 其他債務及權益證券投資(續)
- (i) 權益投資以外的投資
 本集團持有的非權益投資分類為以下計量
 類別之一:
 - 如果本集團持有該項投資以收取合約現金流量(僅指支付本金及利息的付款),則按照攤銷成本計量,並採用實際利率法計算該項投資的利息收入(見附註2(v)(v))。
 - 如果該項投資的合約現金流量僅包
 含支付本金及利息的付款,且以收
 取合約現金流量及出售投資的商業
 模式為目標,則以按公平值計入其
 他全面收益(「按公平值計入其他全
 面收益」)(可轉回)計量。除預期信
 用損失、利息收入(以實際利率法計算)及匯兑損益於損益中確認外,公
 平值的變動於其他全面收益中確認。
 終止確認該等投資時,其他全面收
 益中的累計金額自權益轉入損益中
 列示。
 - 倘該等投資不符合按攤銷成本或按 公平值計入其他全面收益(可轉回) 計量的標準,則以按公平值計入損 益計量。該等投資(包括利息)的公 平值變動於損益中確認。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities (Continued)

(i) Investments other than equity investments

Non-equity investments held by the Group are classified into one of the following measurement categories:

- amortised cost, if the investment is held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal and interest. Interest income from the investment is calculated using the effective interest method (see note 2(v)(v)).
 - fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) recycling, if the contractual cash flows of the investment comprise solely payments of principal and interest and the investment is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both the collection of contractual cash flows and sale. Changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for the recognition in profit or loss of expected credit losses, interest income (calculated using the effective interest method) and foreign exchange gains and losses. When the investment is derecognised, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income is recycled from equity to profit or loss.
- fair value at profit or loss (FVPL) if the investment does not meet the criteria for being measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling).
 Changes in the fair value of the investment (including interest) are recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (g) 其他債務及權益證券投資(續)
- (ii) 權益投資
 - 除非該權益投資並非以買賣目的持有,且 在初始確認該等投資時,本集團做了一個 不可撤銷的選擇將該項投資指定為以按公 平值計入其他全面收益(不可轉回)計量, 以便隨後的公平值變動於其他全面收益中 確認,否則權益證券投資被分類為按公平 值計入損益。本集團對每個金融工具單獨 進行選擇分類,但該選擇分類僅在該項投 資符合發行人角度下的權益定義方能進行。 倘若進行上述選擇,其他全面收益中的累 計金額將保留於公平值儲備中(不可轉回), 直至出售該項投資。在出售該項投資時, 公平值儲備中(不可轉回)的累計金額將 轉入保留溢利,不會通過損益轉入。權益 證券投資的股息無論是否按按公平值計入 損益或按公平值計入其他全面收益進行分 類,均按照附註2(v)(iv)所載列的政策於損 益中確認為其他收入。

(h) 投資物業

投資物業為租賃權益(見附註2(j))下擁有 或持有之土地及/或樓宇,以賺取租金收 入及/或用於資本增值目的。投資物業包 括所持有但現時尚未確定未來用途之土地 及將興建或開發日後用作投資物業之物業。

投資物業按公平值列賬,除非有關投資物 業於報告期末仍在興建或開發中及其公平 值未能於當時可靠地計量。因公平值變動 或廢棄或出售投資物業而產生之任何收益 或虧損於損益中確認。投資物業的租金收 入按附註2(v)(iii)所述入賬。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Other investments in debt and equity securities (Continued)

Equity investments

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(ii)

An investment in equity securities is classified as FVPL unless the equity investment is not held for trading purposes and on initial recognition of the investment the Group makes an irrevocable election to designate the investment at FVOCI (non-recycling) such that subsequent changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income. Such elections are made on an instrument-by-instrument basis but may only be made if the investment meets the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective. Where such an election is made, the amount accumulated in other comprehensive income remains in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) until the investment is disposed of. At the time of disposal, the amount accumulated in the fair value reserve (non-recycling) is transferred to retained earnings. It is not recycled through profit or loss. Dividends from an investment in equity securities, irrespective of whether classified as at FVPL or FVOCI, are recognised in profit or loss as other income in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(v)(iv).

(h) Investment properties

Investment properties are land and/or buildings which are owned or held under a leasehold interest (see note 2(j)) to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation. These include land held for a currently undetermined future use and property that is being constructed or developed for future use as investment property.

Investment properties are stated at fair value, unless they are still in the course of construction or development at the end of the reporting period and their fair value cannot be reliably measured at that time. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in profit or loss. Rental income from investment properties is accounted for as described in note 2(v)(iii).

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重大會計政策(續) 2

(i) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備以成本扣除累計折舊及 減值虧損列賬(見附註2(k)):

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物業、廠房及設備的自建成本包括材料成 本、直接勞工成本、所在地盤的項目拆遷 及重建的初步估計(倘相關)成本,以及 製作費用的適當比例及借貸成本(見附註 2(x)) 。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項目所產生 的收益或虧損乃以項目的出售所得款項淨 額與賬面值之間的差額釐定,並在報廢或 出售日期於損益確認。任何相關重估盈餘 由重估儲備轉撥至保留溢利,且不會重新 分類至損益。

物業、廠房及設備項目的折舊乃按照其下 列估計可用年期以直線法撇銷其成本,再 減去其估計剩餘價值(如有):

(i) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 2(k)):

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 2(x)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal. Any related revaluation surplus is transferred from the revaluation reserve to retained profits and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their estimated residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

_	租賃土地及酒店 物業	20至50年	_	Leasehold land and hotel property	20–50 years
-	持作自用的土地 及樓宇	20至36年	-	Land and buildings held for own use	20–36 years
-	汽車	4至10年	_	Motor vehicles	4–10 years
-	電腦及辦公室 設備	3年	-	Computers and office equipment	3 years
_	租賃裝修	隨著租期或超過5 年(以較短者為準)	_	Leasehold improvements	over the lease period or 5 years, whichever is shorter

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2

(i)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(i) 物業、廠房及設備(續) 使用權資產按未屆滿租期折舊。

> 若物業、廠房及設備項目中的部分的可用 年期各有不同,項目成本或估值將合理地 分配予不同部分,而各部分將分開計提折 舊。本集團每年均會審閱資產的可用年期 及其剩餘價值(如有)。

(j) 租賃資產

訂立合約時,本集團評估合約是否為租賃 或包含租賃。倘合約轉達了一段時間以控 制對已識別資產的使用的權利以換取對價, 則合約為租賃或包含租賃。當客戶有權主 導該項已識別資產的使用,且從使用中獲 取絕大部分的經濟利益時,控制權被轉移。

(i) 作為承租人

倘合約包含租賃組成部分及非租賃組成部 分,本集團已選擇不分拆非租賃組成部分, 並對每個租賃組成部分及任何相關的非租 賃組成部分作為一項單一的租賃進行會計 處理。

於租賃開始日,本集團確認使用權資產及 租賃負債,但租賃期為12個月或以下的短 期租賃及低價值資產的租賃除外。當本集 團就一項低價值資產訂立租賃時,本集團 決定是否以逐項租賃為基礎將租賃資本化。 與未資本化的租賃相關的租賃付款在租賃 期內有系統地確認為費用。

若租賃被資本化,則租賃負債以租賃期內 應付租賃付款的現值進行初始確認,並使 用該項租賃的內含利率折現;或如果內含 利率無法輕易釐定,則使用相關的增量借 款利率。初始確認後,租賃負債以攤銷成 本計量,且利息費用則採用實際利率法計 算。不取決於指數或利率的可變租賃付款 並不包含於租賃負債的計量中,並因此於 其產生的會計期間計入損益。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are depreciated over the unexpired term of lease.

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost or valuation of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

(j) Leased assets

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Control is conveyed where the customer has both the right to direct the use of the identified asset and to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from that use.

(i) As a lessee

Where the contract contains lease component(s) and non-lease component(s), the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and accounts for each lease component and any associated non-lease components as a single lease component for all leases.

At the lease commencement date, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability, except for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets which, for the Group are primarily laptops and office furniture. When the Group enters into a lease in respect of a low-value asset, the Group decides whether to capitalise the lease on a lease-by-lease basis. The lease payments associated with those leases which are not capitalised are recognised as an expense on a systematic basis over the lease term.

Where the lease is capitalised, the lease liability is initially recognised at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, using a relevant incremental borrowing rate. After initial recognition, the lease liability is measured at amortised cost and interest expense is calculated using the effective interest method. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or rate are not included in the measurement of the lease liability and hence are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特别提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(j) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 作為承租人 (續)

- 租賃資本化時已確認的使用權資產按成本 進行初始計量,其中包括租賃負債的初始 金額加上任何於開始日或之前作出的租賃 付款,以及產生的任何初始直接費用。在 適用的情況下,使用權資產的成本亦包括 將拆卸、搬移相關資產或復原相關資產或 資產所在地點的費用估算折現至其現值, 減去已收到的租賃優惠。使用權資產隨後 按成本減去累計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見 附註2(i)及2(k)(iii)):
 - 符合附註2(h)按公平值入賬之投資
 物業定義之使用權資產。

當指數或利率變動引起未來租賃付款發生 變動;或本集團就餘值擔保下預計應付的 金額發生變化;或由於重新評估本集團是 否合理地行使購買、延期或終止選擇權而 產生變化時,承租人重新計量租賃負債。 當租賃負債以此方式重新計量時,對使用 權資產的賬面價值作出相應調整,或倘使 用權資產的賬面價值減至零,則計入損益。

當租賃範疇發生變化或租賃合約原先並無 規定的租賃代價發生變化(「租賃修改」), 且未作為單獨的租賃入賬時,則亦要對租 賃負債進行重新計量。在該情況下,租賃 負債根據經修訂的租賃付款和租賃期限, 使用經修訂的貼現率在修改生效日重新計 量。唯一的例外是因COVID-19疫情而直 接產生的任何租金減免,且符合國際財務 報告準則第16號租賃第46B段所載的條件。 在該等情況下,集團利用國際財務報告準 則第16號第46A段所載的實際權宜方法, 確認代價變動,猶如其並非租賃修改。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Leased assets (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

(i)

The right-of-use asset recognised when a lease is capitalised is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability plus any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, and any initial direct costs incurred. Where applicable, the cost of the right-of-use assets also includes an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, discounted to their present value, less any lease incentives received. The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see notes 2(i) and 2(k)(iii)), except for the following types of right-of-use asset:

 right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with note 2(h).

The lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, or there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, or there is a change arising from the reassessment of whether the Group will be reasonably certain to exercise a purchase, extension or termination option. When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The lease liability is also remeasured when there is a change in the scope of a lease or the consideration for a lease that is not originally provided for in the lease contract ("lease modification") that is not account for as a separate lease. In this case the lease liability is remeasured based on the revised lease payments and lease term using a revised discount rate at the effective date of the modification. The only exceptions are any rent concessions which arose as a direct consequence of COVID-19 pandemic and which satisfied the conditions set out in paragraph 46B of IFRS 16 Leases. In such cases, the group took advantage of the practical expedient set out in paragraph 46A of IFRS 16 and recognised the change in consideration as if it were not a lease modification. (除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2

(i)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

- (j) 租賃資產(續)
- (i) 作為承租人 (續)
 - 本集團於綜合財務狀況表中的「物業、廠 房及設備」項目列示不符合投資物業定義 的使用權資產,並單獨列示租賃負債。

於綜合財務狀況表內,長期租賃負債的即 期部分釐定為應於報告期後十二月內結算 的合約付款的現值。

(ii) 作為出租人

倘本集團作為出租人,其於租賃開始時釐 定各租賃為融資租賃或經營租賃。倘租賃 轉移相關資產所有權附帶之絕大部分風險 及回報至承租人,則租賃分類為融資租賃。 否則,租賃分類為經營租賃。

倘合約包含租賃及非租賃部分,本集團按 相關單獨售價基準將合約代價分配至各部 分。經營租賃所得租金收入根據附註2(v)(iii) 確認。

本集團為中介出租人,分租賃乃參考主租 賃產生的使用權資產,分類為融資租賃或 經營租賃。倘主租賃乃短期租賃而本集團 應用附註2(j)(i)所述豁免,則本集團分類 分租賃為經營租賃。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Leased assets (Continued)

As a lessee (Continued)

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and presents lease liabilities separately in the consolidated statement of financial position.

In the consolidated statement of financial position, the current portion of long-term lease liabilities is determined as the present value of contractual payments that are due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.

(ii) As a lessor

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of an underlying assets to the lessee. If this is not the case, the lease is classified as an operating lease.

When a contract contains lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each component on a relative stand-alone selling price basis. The rental income from operating leases is recognised in accordance with note 2(v)(iii).

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, the sub-leases are classified as a finance lease or as an operating lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease. If the head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described in note 2(j)(i), then the Group classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值
- (i) 源自金融工具、合約資產及應收租賃款項 的信貸虧損
 本集團就下列項目的預期信貸虧損確認虧 損撥備:
 - 按攤銷成本計量的金融資產(包括現金及現金等價物、貿易及其他應收款項(包括向聯營公司及合營企業提供的貸款,其持作收取合約現金流量(僅指支付本金付款)));
 - 國際財務報告準則第15號所界定的
 合約資產(見附註2(n));
 - 按公平值計量並計入其他全面收益 計量的債務證券(可劃轉);及
 - 應收租賃款項。

按公平值計量的其他金融資產(包括基金、 按公平值計量並計入損益的權益證券以及 結構性銀行按金)毋須進行預期信貸虧損 評估。

預期信貸虧損之計量

預期信貸虧損為信貸虧損之概率加權估計。 信貸虧損以所有預期現金虧絀金額(即根 據合約應付本集團之現金流量與本集團預 計收到之現金流量之間之差額)之現值計量。

當貼現之影響屬重大時,預期現金差額乃 按以下貼現率貼現:

- 固定利率金融資產、貿易及其他應 收款項及合約資產:於初始確認時 確定之實際利率或其近似利率;
- 浮動利率金融資產:當前實際利率;
 - 應收租賃款項:計量應收租賃款項 所用的貼現率。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets

(i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables

The Group recognises a loss allowance for expected credit losses (ECLs) on the following items:

- financial assets measured at amortised cost (including cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, including loans to associates and joint ventures, which are held for the collection of contractual cash flows which represent solely payments of principal);
 - contract assets as defined in IFRS 15 (see note 2(n));
 - debt securities measured at FVOCI (recycling); and
- lease receivables.

Other financial assets measured at fair value, including funds, equity securities measured at FVPL, and structured bank deposits, are not subject to the ECL assessment.

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all expected cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

The expected cash shortfalls are discounted using the following discount rates where the effect of discounting is material:

- fixed-rate financial assets, trade and other receivables and contract assets: effective interest rate determined at initial recognition or an approximation thereof;
 - variable-rate financial assets: current effective interest rate;
 - lease receivables: discount rate used in the measurement of the lease receivable.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2

(k)

(i)

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
- (i) 源自金融工具、合約資產及應收租賃款項
 的信貸虧損(續)

預期信貸虧損之計量(續) 估計預期信貸虧損時考慮之最長期限是本 集團承受信貸風險之最長合約期限。

在計量預期信貸虧損時,本集團會考慮可 用之合理且可支援之資料,而無須付出不 必要之成本或努力,包括關於過去事件, 當前狀況及未來經濟狀況預測之資料。

預期信貸虧損之計量根據以下任何一項為 基礎:

- 12個月之預期信貸虧損:此乃預期
 在報告日期後12個月內可能發生之
 違約事件所產生之虧損;及
- 整個存續期之預期信貸虧損:此乃 預期信貸虧損模式應用於項目預期 年期內所有可能發生之違約事件所 產生之虧損。

貿易及其他應收款項、應收租賃款項及合 約資產之虧損撥備一般按等同於整個存續 期預期信貸虧損的金額計量。於報告日期, 該等金融資產的預期信貸虧損乃根據本集 團歷史信貸虧損經驗使用撥備矩陣估計, 並經對債務人屬特別的因素以及對目前及 預測一般經濟狀況的評估予以調整。

對於所有其他金融工具,本集團確認相等 於12個月預期信貸虧損的虧損撥備,除非 金融工具的信貸風險自初始確認以來顯著 上升,在此情況下,虧損撥備按相等於整 個存續期預期信貸虧損的數額計量。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Measurement of ECLs (Continued)

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

In measuring ECLs, the Group takes into account reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort. This includes information about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

ECLs are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected lives of the items to which the ECL model applies.

Loss allowances for trade and other receivables, lease receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. ECLs on these financial assets are estimated using a provision matrix based on the Group's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors and an assessment of both the current and forecast general economic conditions at the reporting date.

For all other financial instruments, the Group recognises a loss allowance equal to 12-month ECLs unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial instrument since initial recognition, in which case the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

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2 重大會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
- (i) 源自金融工具、合約資產及應收租賃款項
 的信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險顯著上升

在評估一項金融工具的信用風險自初始確 認後是否顯著增加時,本集團將於報告日 評估的金融工具違約風險與初始確認日的 違約風險進行比較。在進行重估時,本集 團認為當(i)借款人不可能全額履行其對本 集團的信用義務而本集團未通過追索實現 擔保(如有);或(ii)該金融資產逾期90天, 確定為違約事件。本集團對合理及可支持 的定量及定性資料均進行斟酌,其中包括 無需付出不當成本或努力即可取得的經驗 及前瞻性資料。

具體而言,評估信貸風險自初始確認以來 是否顯著上升時會考慮以下資料:

- 未能於合約到期日支付本金或利息;
- 金融工具外部或內部信貸評級(如適用)的實際或預期顯著惡化;
- 債務人經營業績實際或預期顯著惡
 化;及
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境的目前或預期變動,對債務人向本集團 償還債項的能力造成重大不利影響。

視乎金融工具的性質,評估信貸風險顯著 上升按單獨基準或集合基準進行。當按集 合基準評估時,金融工具基於共用信貸風 險特徵分組,例如逾期狀態及信貸風險評 級。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- (k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)
- (i) Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of default occurring on the financial instrument assessed at the reporting date with that assessed at the date of initial recognition. In making this reassessment, the Group considers that a default event occurs when (i) the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or (ii) the financial asset is 90 days past due. The Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- failure to make payments of principal or interest on their contractually due dates;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in a financial instrument's external or internal credit rating (if available);
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- existing or forecast changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have a significant adverse effect on the debtor's ability to meet its obligation to the Group.

Depending on the nature of the financial instruments, the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk is performed on either an individual basis or a collective basis. When the assessment is performed on a collective basis, the financial instruments are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics, such as past due status and credit risk ratings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2

(i)

2 重大會計政策(續)

- (k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)
- (i) 源自金融工具、合約資產及應收租賃款項
 的信貸虧損(續)

信貸風險顯著上升(續)

預期信貸虧損於各報告日期重新計量,以 反映自初始確認以來金融工具的信貸風險 變動。預期信貸虧損金額的任何變動均於 損益中確認為減值收益或虧損。本集團確 認所有金融工具的減值收益或虧損,並透 過虧損撥備賬相應調整其賬面值,惟按公 平值計入其他全面收益(可劃轉)計量的 債務證券投資除外,其虧損撥備於其他全 面收益中確認並於公平值儲備(可劃轉) 中累計。

利息收入計量基準

根據附註 2(v)(v)確認的利息收入按金融資 產的總賬面值計算,除非該金融資產出現 信貸減值,則利息收入按金融資產的攤銷 成本(即總賬面值減虧損撥備)計算。

於各個報告日期,本集團評估金融資產是 否出現信貸減值。當發生對金融資產估計 未來現金流量有不利影響之一個或多個事 件時,金融資產出現信貸減值。

金融資產信貸減值之證據包括以下可觀察 事項:

- 債務人陷入重大財政困難;
- 違約,如拖欠或逾期事件;
- 借款人可能進行破產清算或其他財務重組;
- 技術、市場、經濟或法律環境發生
 重大變化,並對債務人產生不利影響;或
- 因發行人遭遇財務困難致使該證券 失去活躍市場。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (Continued)

Significant increases in credit risk (Continued)

ECLs are remeasured at each reporting date to reflect changes in the financial instrument's credit risk since initial recognition. Any change in the ECL amount is recognised as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss. The Group recognises an impairment gain or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt securities that are measured at FVOCI (recycling), for which the loss allowance is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the fair value reserve (recycling).

Basis of calculation of interest income

Interest income recognised in accordance with note 2(v)(v) is calculated based on the gross carrying amount of the financial asset unless the financial asset is credit-impaired, in which case interest income is calculated based on the amortised cost (i.e. the gross carrying amount less loss allowance) of the financial asset.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial asset is creditimpaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable events:

- significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor; or

the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties of the issuer.

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Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(i) 源自金融工具、合約資產及應收租賃款項的信貸虧損(續)

撤銷政策

若日後實際上不可收回款項,本集團則會 撤銷(部分或全部)金融資產、應收租賃款 項或合約資產的總賬面金額。該情況通常 出現在本集團確定債務人沒有資產或收入 來源以可產生足夠的現金流量來償還應撇 銷的金額。

之前撇銷之資產隨後之收回作為減值撥回 在作出收回的期間於損益內確認。

(ii) 已發出財務擔保的信貸虧損

財務擔保是指規定發行人(即擔保人)根 據債務工具的條款支付指定款項,以補償 受擔保人的受益人(「持有人」)因某一特定 債務人不能償付到期債務而產生的損失的 合約。

就財務擔保合約而言,本集團成為不可撤 銷承諾一方之日期視為用以評估金融工具 減值之初步確認日期。在評估自初步確認 財務擔保合約以來信貸風險有否顯著增加 時,本集團考慮指定債務人違反合約之風 險變化。

就財務擔保合約而言,本集團只需當債務 人發生遺約事件時,根據該工具所擔保之 條款支付款項。因此,預期信貸虧損等於 預期需要支付予合約持有人作為發生信貸 虧損之補償減去任何本集團預期從合約持 有人、債務人或其他人士所收取之金額的 現值。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

Credit losses from financial instruments, contract assets and lease receivables (*Continued*)

Write-off policy

(i)

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset, lease receivable or contract asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the writeoff.

Subsequent recoveries of an asset that was previously written off are recognised as a reversal of impairment in profit or loss in the period in which the recovery occurs.

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer (i.e. the guarantor) to make specified payments to reimburse the beneficiary of the guarantee (the "holder") for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of a financial guarantee contract, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

For a financial guarantee contract, the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed. Accordingly, the expected losses is the present value of the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amounts that the Group expects to receive from the holder, the debtor or any other party.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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2 重大會計政策(續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(ii) 已發出財務擔保的信貸虧損(續)

對於無法確定實際利率之金融擔保合約之 預期信貸虧損,本集團將應用一個可反映 目前市場對貨幣之時間價值之評估以及現 金流量之特定風險(有關風險僅於通過調 整所貼現現金短欠範圍內方予以考慮)的 貼現率。

為釐定預期信貸虧損,本集團會考慮特定 債務人的違約風險自發出擔保以來的變動, 並會計量12個月的預期信貸虧損,除非特 定債務人的違約風險自發出擔保以來出現 大幅增加,在該情況下,則會計量整個存 續期的預期信貸虧損。附註2(k)(i)內所述 的相同違約定義以及信貸風險是否顯著增 加的相同評估適用於此。

由於本集團僅須於特定債務人根據所擔保 工具的條款違約時作出付款,故預期信貸 虧損會按預期就賠償持有人引致的信貸虧 損而作出的付款,減本集團預期從擔保持 有人、特定債務人或任何其他人士收取的 任何款項估計。

(iii) 其他非流動資產的減值

本集團於每個報告期末需審閱內部及外來 資料來源,以辨識下列資產是否有可能減 值或(商譽除外)先前已確認的減值虧損 不再存在或可能已經減少的跡象:

- 物業、廠房及設備,包括使用權資產;
- _ 商譽;
- 於聯營公司及合營企業的權益;及
- 在本公司財務狀況表中列示的於附 屬公司的投資。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(ii) Credit losses from financial guarantees issued (Continued)

For ECL on financial guarantee contracts for which the effective interest rate cannot be determined, the Group will apply a discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks that are specific to the cash flows but only if, and to the extent that, the risks are taken into account by adjusting the discount rate instead of adjusting the cash shortfalls being discounted.

To determine ECLs, the Group considers changes in the risk of default of the specified debtor since the issuance of the guarantee. A 12-month ECL is measured unless the risk that the specified debtor will default has increased significantly since the guarantee is issued, in which case a lifetime ECL is measured. The same definition of default and the same assessment of significant increase in credit risk as described in note 2(k)(i) apply.

As the Group is required to make payments only in the event of a default by the specified debtor in accordance with the terms of the instrument that is guaranteed, an ECL is estimated based on the expected payments to reimburse the holder for a credit loss that it incurs less any amount that the Group expects to receive from the holder of the guarantee, the specified debtor or any other party.

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or, except in the case of goodwill, an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment, including right-of-use assets;
- goodwill;
- interests in associates and joint ventures; and
- investments in subsidiaries in the Company's statement of financial position.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

- (iii) 其他非流動資產的減值(續)
 - 如果出現任何這類跡象,便會估計資產的 可收回數額。此外,就商譽而言,不論是 否有任何減值跡象存在,本集團也會每年 估計其可收回數額。

_ 计算可收回数额

資產的可收回金額為其公平值減出售成本 及使用價值之間的較高者。在評估使用價 值時,預計未來現金流量將按除税前貼現 率貼現至現值,以反映市場目前對貨幣的 時間值和該資產的特定風險的評估。倘某 項資產所產生的現金流入並非大致上獨立 於其他資產的現金流入,則按獨立產生現 金流入的最小一組資產組合(即一個現金 產生單位)釐定可收回金額。

- 减值虧損的確認

若資產或其所屬現金產生單位的賬面值超 逾其可收回金額,則於損益中確認其減值 虧損。為現金產生單位而確認的減值虧損, 將首先用以撤減分配予該現金產生單位 (或一組單位)的任何商譽的賬面值,然後 按比例減少單位(或一組單位)內其他資 產的賬面值,但資產的賬面值不可減至低 於其扣除出售成本後的公平值(如可計量) 或使用價值(如可確定)。

- 减值虧損的撥回

有關商譽以外的資產,倘據以釐定可收回 金額的估計基準出現有利的變化,則減值 虧損將會撥回。商譽的減值虧損則不會被 撥回。

減值虧損的撥回不會超過假設該資產於過 往年度並無確認減值虧損而釐定的賬面值。 減值虧損的撥回將於確認撥回的年度內計 入損益內。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iii) Impairment of other non-current assets (Continued)

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. In addition, for goodwill, the recoverable amount is estimated annually whether or not there is any indication of impairment.

Calculation of recoverable amount

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

Recognition of impairment losses

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cash-generating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash-generating unit (or group of units) and then, to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

Reversals of impairment losses

In respect of assets other than goodwill, an impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed.

A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(k) 信貸虧損及資產減值(續)

(iv) 中期財務報告及減值

根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則,本集團須就財政年度的首六個月編製符合國際會計準則第34號「中期財務報告」規定的中期財務報告。本集團在中期期末採用了在財政年度終結時會採用的相同減值測試、確認及撥回準則(見附註2(k)(i)及(ii))。

於中期期間確認有關商譽的減值虧損在往 後期間不會撥回。縱然只於包括該中期期 間的財政年度末作出的減值評估確認無虧 損或較少虧損,於中期期間確認的減值虧 損仍不會撥回。

(1) 開發中待售物業

開發中待售物業指在日常業務過程中開發 作日後銷售的位於中華人民共和國(「中 國」)的租賃土地及樓宇,乃按成本及可變 現淨值的較低者入賬。成本包括土地使用 權成本、建築成本、資本化借貸成本及其 他直接開發開支。可變現淨值指在日常業 務過程中的估計售價減估計竣工成本及進 行銷售所需的估計成本。開發中待售物業 於開發完成時轉撥至已竣工待售物業。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(k) Credit losses and impairment of assets (Continued)

(iv) Interim financial reporting and impairment

Under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited, the Group is required to prepare an interim financial report in compliance with IAS 34, Interim financial reporting, in respect of the first six months of the financial year. At the end of the interim period, the Group applies the same impairment testing, recognition, and reversal criteria as it would at the end of the financial year (see notes 2(k)(i) and (ii)).

Impairment losses recognised in an interim period in respect of goodwill are not reversed in a subsequent period. This is the case even if no loss, or a smaller loss, would have been recognised had the impairment been assessed only at the end of the financial year to which the interim period relates.

(1)

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) Property under development for sale

Properties under development for sale, representing leasehold land and buildings located in the People's Republic of China (the "PRC") under development for future sale in the ordinary course of business, are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises the costs of land use rights, construction costs, borrowing costs capitalised and other direct development expenditure. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Properties under development for sale are transferred to completed properties for sale upon completion of development.

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(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(m) 已竣工待售物業

已竣工待售物業按成本及可變現淨值的較 低者入賬。成本包括土地使用權成本、建 築成本、資本化借貸成本及其他直接開發 開支。可變現淨值指在日常業務過程中的 估計售價減進行銷售所需的估計成本。

當已竣工待售物業轉撥至物業、廠房及設 備(以擁有人開始佔用為證)時,該物業的 賬面值為轉撥當日的確定成本。

當持有物業之意圖有變,改為賺取租金或 /及資本增值而非於日常業務過程中出售, 則已竣工待售物業轉撥至投資物業,其以 開始向另一方訂立經營租約為證。該物業 於轉讓日期之公平值與其過往賬面值之任 何差額於損益確認。

(n) 合約資產及合約負債

在本集團有權無條件獲取合約所載付款條 款代價前確認收益(見附註2(v))時確認合 約資產。合約資產按附註2(k)(i)所載政策 就預期信貸虧損而獲評估,並在代價權利 成為無條件後獲重新分類至應收款項(見 附註2(o))。

合約負債於客戶在本集團確認相關收益前 支付不可退還代價時確認(見附註2(v))。 倘本集團於本集團確認相關收益前擁有無 條件收取不可退還代價之權利,則確認合 約負債。在此等情況下,亦將確認相應的 應收賬款(見附註2(o))。

就與客戶的單份合約而言,呈列為合約資 產淨值或合約負債淨額。就多份合約而言, 不相關合約的合約資產及合約負債不會按 淨額基準呈列。

倘合約包含重大融資部分時,合約餘額 包括按實際利息法應計的利息(見附註 2(v))。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(m) Completed properties for sale

Completed properties for sale are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises the costs of land use rights, construction costs, borrowing costs capitalised and other direct development expenditure. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

When a completed property for sale is transferred to property, plant and equipment as evidenced by commencement of owner-occupation, the carrying amount of such property is the deemed costs at the date of transfer.

When a completed property for sale is transferred to investment property when there is a change of intention to hold the property to earn rentals or/and for capital appreciation rather than for sale in the ordinary course of business, which is evidenced by the inception of an operating lease to another party. Any difference between the fair value of the property at the date of transfer and its previous carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.

(n) Contract assets and contract liabilities

A contract asset is recognised when the Group recognises revenue (see note 2(v)) before being unconditionally entitled to the consideration under the payment terms set out in the contract. Contract assets are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(k) (i) and are reclassified to receivables when the right to the consideration has become unconditional (see note 2(o)).

A contract liability is recognised when the customer pays non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue (see note 2(v)). A contract liability would also be recognised if the Group has an unconditional right to receive non-refundable consideration before the Group recognises the related revenue. In such cases, a corresponding receivable would also be recognised (see note 2(o)).

For a single contract with the customer, either a net contract asset or a net contract liability is presented. For multiple contracts, contract assets and contract liabilities of unrelated contracts are not presented on a net basis.

When the contract includes a significant financing component, the contract balance includes interest accrued under the effective interest method (see note 2(v)).

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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2 重大會計政策 (續)

(o) 貿易及其他應收款項

應收款項於本集團有無條件權利收取代價 時予以確認。倘代價僅隨時間推移即會成 為到期應付,則收取代價的權利為無條件。 倘收入於本集團有無條件權利收取代價前 已確認,則數額按合約資產呈列(見附註 2(n))。

應收款項以實際利息法減信貸虧損撥備按 攤銷成本列賬(見附註2(k)(i))。

(p) 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括銀行及手頭現金、 存放於銀行及其他金融機構的活期存款, 以及流動性極高的短期投資,而這些投資 可即時轉換為已知數額的現金並無需承受 重大的價值變動風險,及在購入後三個月 內到期。為了編製綜合現金流量表,本集 團按要求償還並且構成本集團現金管理的 一部分的銀行透支亦列為現金及現金等價 物。現金及現金等價物根據附註2(k)(i)所 載之政策評估預期信貸虧損。

(q) 貿易及其他應付款項

貿易及其他應付款項初步按公平值確認。 除根據附註2(k)(ii)計量的金融擔保負債外, 貿易及其他應付款項其後則按攤銷成本列 賬,如貼現影響並不重大,則按成本列賬。

(r) 計息借款

計息借款最初按公平值減交易成本計量。 初步確認後則以實際利息法按攤銷成本列 賬。利息開支根據本集團借款成本的會計 政策確認(見附註2(x))。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(o) Trade and other receivables

A receivable is recognised when the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration. A right to receive consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of that consideration is due. If revenue has been recognised before the Group has an unconditional right to receive consideration, the amount is presented as a contract asset (see note 2(n)).

Receivables are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less allowance for credit losses (see note 2(k)(i)).

(p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement. Cash and cash equivalents are assessed for expected credit losses (ECL) in accordance with the policy set out in note 2(k)(i).

(q) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value. Except for financial guarantee liabilities measured in accordance with note 2(k)(ii), trade and other payables are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

(r) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are measured initially at fair value less transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense is recognised in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (see note 2(x)).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 2 重大會計政策 (續)
- (s) 僱員福利
- (i) 短期僱員福利及界定供款退休計劃的供款

薪酬、年度花紅、有薪年假、界定供款退 休計劃的供款及非貨幣利益的成本,將於 僱員提供相關服務的年度內計提。倘付款 或結算出現遞延並造成重大影響,則有關 數額將按現值列賬。

本集團根據強制性公積金計劃條例為香港 所有合資格僱員設立一項強制性公積金計 劃(「強積金計劃」)。計劃的資產與本集團 的資產分開持有,並存放於受託人控制的 基金。本集團按僱員薪金成本的5%向該 計劃供款,供款與僱員一致。

中國附屬公司的僱員為中國政府管理的國 家管理退休福利計劃(「中國計劃」)成員。 中國附屬公司須按僱員工資的特定比率向 該退休福利計劃供款,以撥付該項福利所 需的款項。本集團就該退休福利計劃的唯 一責任為根據該計劃作出所需供款。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Employee benefits

(i)

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans

Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

The Group operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("MPF Scheme") for all qualifying employees in Hong Kong under the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme Ordinance. The assets of the schemes are held separately from those of the Group, in funds under the control of trustees. The Group contributes 5% of relevant payroll costs to the scheme, which contributions is matched by employees.

The employees of the PRC subsidiaries are members of the state-managed retirement benefits scheme operated by the PRC government (the "PRC Scheme") The PRC subsidiaries are required to contribute specified rate of the employees' salaries to the retirement benefits scheme to fund the benefits. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefits scheme is to make the required contributions under the scheme.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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(ii)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(s) 僱員福利(續)

- (ii) 以股份為基礎的付款
 - 授予僱員的購股權按公平值確認為僱員成 本,而權益中的資本儲備亦會相應增加。 公平值乃於授予日以二項式點陣模型計量, 並會考慮到期權授予條款和條件。如果僱 員須符合歸屬條件才能無條件地享有期權 的權利,在考慮到期權歸屬的可能性後, 估計授予期權的公平值便會在整個歸屬期 內分攤。

本公司會在歸屬期內審閱預期歸屬的購股 權數目。已於以往年度確認的累計公平值 因此所作的任何調整會在審閱當年在損益 中扣除/計入並對資本儲備作出相應調整, 除非原來的僱員開支符合資格確認為資產, 則當別論。已確認為支出的數額會在歸屬 日作出調整,以反映所歸屬期權的實際數 目(同時對資本儲備作出相應的調整);但 只會在無法符合與本公司股份市價相關的 歸屬條件時才會放棄購股權。權益數額在 資本儲備中確認,直至期權獲行使(計入 於已發行股份的股本中確認的金額)或期 權到期(直接轉入保留溢利)時為止。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(s) Employee benefits (Continued)

Share-based payments

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a capital reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date using the binomial lattice model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the capital reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the capital reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is included in the amount recognised in share capital for the shares issued) or the option expires (when it is released directly to retained profits).

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(t) 所得税

年內所得税包括即期税項和遞延税項資產 及負債的變動。即期税項和遞延税項資產 及負債的變動於損益中確認,但倘與在其 他全面收益或直接在權益賬中確認的項目 有關,則有關的税項分別於其他全面收益 或直接於權益中確認。

即期税項是根據年內應課税收入,按報告 期末已實施或實質實施的税率計算的預期 應付税項,及就以往年度的應付税項作出 的任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債乃分別源自資產及負 債作財務報告的賬面值及其税項基礎值所 產生的可扣税和應課税的暫時性差異。遞 延税項資產亦會來自尚未使用的税務虧損 及尚未使用的税務抵免。

除若干有限例外情況外,所有遞延税項負 債及所有遞延税項資產均於日後可能有應 課税盈利用以抵銷可動用資產時確認。可 支持確認源自可扣税暫時性差異的遞延税 項資產的未來應課税利潤包括因撥回現有 應課税暫時性差異時所產生者,惟這些差 異必須與同一税務機關及同一税務實體有 關,並預期會在預期撥回可扣税暫時性差 異的同一期間或產生自遞延税項資產的税 務虧損可向後期或前期結轉的期間撥回。 在釐定現有應課税暫時性差異是否支援確 認未使用的税務虧損及抵免所產生的遞延 税項資產時,會採用上述同一標準,即倘 該等暫時性差異與同一税務機關及同一税 務實體有關,並預期會在可使用上述税務 虧損或抵免的期間內撥回,則考慮該等差 異。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.
(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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2 重大會計政策 (續)

(t) 所得税 (續)

有關確認遞延税項資產及負債的有限例外 情況,是指由不可作扣税用途的商譽所產 生的暫時性差異,對不會影響會計或應課 税盈利的資產或負債所作的初步確認(但 有關的資產或負債必需不屬於業務合併的 一部分),以及有關投資附屬公司所產生 的暫時差異,而就此而言(如屬應課税差 異),僅指本集團能控制撥回的時間的情 況,且該差異有可能不會於可見未來撥回, 或(如屬可扣減差異)除非有可能於未來 撥回。

倘投資物業之公平值按附註2(b)所載會計 政策計量,其遞延税項金額則按用於報告 日期之資產出售之賬面值之税率確認,除 非該物業可予折舊,並按目的是隨時間消 耗該物業所包含之絕大部分經濟利益,而 非通過出售消耗之商業模式持有。在所有 其他情況下,已確認遞延税項金額按預期 變現或清償資產及負債賬面值之方式,以 於報告期末已實施或實質上已實施之税率 計算。遞延税項資產及負債不予貼現。

遞延税項資產的賬面值於各報告期末進行 審閱,並在不大可能有充足應課税利潤可 允許動用相關税項利益時予以扣減。任何 此類扣減在可能有充足應課税利潤時予以 轉回。

分派股息產生的額外所得税於確認支付相 關股息的責任時確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from goodwill not deductible for tax purposes, the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination), and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

Where investment properties are carried at their fair value in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(h), the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured using the tax rates that would apply on sale of those assets at their carrying value at the reporting date unless the property is depreciable and is held within a business model whose objective is to consume substantially all of the economic benefits embodied in the property over time, rather than through sale. In all other cases, the amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(t) 所得税 (續)

即期税項餘額及遞延税項餘額以及當中變 動均相互分開呈列,並不予以抵銷。倘本 公司或本集團具有即期税項資產與即期税 項負債相互抵銷的法定強制執行權並符合 下列額外條件,即期税項資產可抵銷即期 税項負債,而遞延税項資產可抵銷遞延税 項負債:

- 就即期税項資產及負債而言,本公司或本集團擬按淨額基準結算或變現資產並同時結清負債;或
- 就遞延税項資產及負債而言,倘其
 涉及同一税務機關在以下兩者中徵
 收的所得税:
 - 同一税務實體;或
 - 不同税務實體,該實體於各未
 來期間內預計將清償或收回大
 額遞延税項負債或資產、擬變
 現即期税項資產及按淨額基準
 結算即期税項負債或變現並同
 時結清負債。

(u) 撥備及或然負債

本集團若因過往事件而有法定或推定責任, 並可能須流出經濟利益以履行有關責任, 而且能可靠估計有關金額,則會確認撥備。 倘貨幣時間價值屬重大,則撥備按預計用 於履行有關責任的開支現值列賬。

倘須流出經濟利益或無法可靠估計有關金 額,則有關責任披露為或有負債,除非流 出經濟利益的可能性極微。僅當出現或未 出現一項或多項未來事件時確認存在潛在 責任,該潛在責任亦披露為或有負債,除 非流出經濟利益的可能性極微。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(t) Income tax (Continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

(u) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. (除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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2 重大會計政策 (續)

(v) 收益及其他收入

當本集團於銷售貨品、提供服務或於本集 團日常業務過程中由其他人使用本集團租 賃資產產生收益時,本集團將收入分類為 收益。

當產品或服務的控制權轉移至客戶或承租 人有權使用資產時,按本集團預期將有權 收取的承諾代價金額確認收益,不包括代 表第三方收取的款項。收益不包括增值税 或其他銷售税,乃經扣除任何貿易折扣。

本集團收益及其他收入確認政策的進一步 詳情如下:

(i) 銷售物業

於日常業務過程中銷售已開發待售物業所 得收益於客戶獲得已竣工物業控制權時確 認,客戶有能力指示物業用途及獲得物業 餘下絕大多數利益時即為獲得控制權,而 本集團現有付款權利,亦有可能收回代價。 於確認收益日期前收取售出物業的按金及 分期款項計入綜合財務狀況表內合約負債 (見附註 2(n))。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Revenue and other income

Income is classified by the Group as revenue when it arises from the sale of goods, the provision of services or the use by others of the Group's assets under leases in the ordinary course of the Group's business.

Revenue is recognised when control over a product or service is transferred to the customer, or the lessee has the right to use the asset, at the amount of promised consideration to which the Group is expected to be entitled, excluding those amounts collected on behalf of third parties. Revenue excludes value added tax or other sales taxes and is after deduction of any trade discounts.

Further details of the Group's revenue and other income recognition policies are as follows:

(i) Sale of properties

Revenue arising from the sale of properties developed for sale in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the customer obtain the control of the completed property, which is the point in time when the customer has the ability to direct the use of the property and obtain substantially all of the remaining benefits of the property, and the Group has present right to payment and the collection of the consideration is probable. Deposits and instalments received on properties sold prior to the date of revenue recognition are included in the consolidated statement of financial position under contract liabilities (see note 2(n)).

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(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(v) 收益及其他收入(續)

(i) 銷售物業(續)

於釐定交易價格時,倘協定之付款時間(不 論以暗示或明示方式)為客戶或本集團帶 來向客戶轉讓貨品或服務之重大融資利益, 則本集團就資金時間值之影響而調整已承 諾之代價金額。於該等情況下,合約即包 含重大融資部分。不論融資承諾是否明確 列於合約或隱含於訂約方協定之付款條款 中,合約中亦可能存在重大融資部分。就 付款與轉讓相關貨品或服務相隔期間不足 一年之合約而言,本集團應用可行權宜方 法,不就任何重大融資部分調整交易價格。

就本集團轉讓貨品或服務前已向客戶收取 之預付款項,本集團已就重大融資成份而 調整已承諾之代價金額,並應用本集團與 客戶之間於合約開始之獨立融資交易中反 映之折現率。於收取預付款項與轉讓相關 貨品及服務相隔期間之相關利息開支按 相同基準入賬列作其他借貸成本(見附註 2(x))。

(ii) 酒店服務收入
 酒店住宿及其他配套服務所得收益於提供
 相關服務時確認。

(iii) 經營租賃的租金收入

經營租賃項下應收租金收入乃於租期按等 額分期於損益確認,惟倘有更能代表使用 租賃資產帶來的收入模式的其他基準除外。 已授出的租賃獎勵乃於損益確認為應收淨 租賃付款總額的一部分。無需視乎指數或 利率的可變租賃付款於產生的會計期間確 認為收入。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Revenue and other income (Continued)

Sale of properties (Continued)

(i)

In determining the transaction price, the Group adjusts the promised amount of consideration for the effects of the time value of money if the timing of payments agreed (either explicitly or implicitly) provides the customer or the Group with a significant benefit of financing the transfer of goods or services to the customer. In those circumstances, the contract contains a significant financing component. A significant financing component may exist regardless of whether the promise of financing is explicitly stated in the contract or implied by the payment terms agreed by the parties to the contract. For contracts where the period between payment and transfer of the associated goods or services is less than one year, the Group applies the practical expedient of not adjusting the transaction price for any significant financing component.

For advance payments received from customers before the transfer of the associated goods or services in which the Group adjusts for the promised amount of consideration for a significant financing component, the Group applies a discount rate that would be reflected in a separate financing transaction between the Group and the customer at contract inception. The relevant interest expenses during the period between the advance payments were received and the transfer of the associated goods and services are accounted for on the same basis as other borrowing costs(see note 2(x)).

(ii) Hotel service income

Revenue from hotel accommodation and other ancillary service is recognised when relevant services are provided.

(iii) Rental income from operating leases

Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

- (v) 收益及其他收入(續)
- (iv) 股息
 - 非上市投資的股息收入在股東收取 付款的權利獲確立時確認。
 - 上市投資的股息收入於投資項目的 股價除息時確認。
- (v) 利息收入

利息收入乃利用實際利息法透過將金融工 具於預期年期的估計未來現金收入折現為 金融資產賬面淨值的利率按應計基準予以 確認。就按攤銷成本計量或按公平值計入 其他全面收入(可劃轉)且並無出現信貸減 值的金融資產而言,實際利率適用於資產 的總賬面值。就出現信貸減值的金融資產 而言,實際利率適用於資產的攤銷成本(即 扣除虧損撥備的總賬面值)(見附註2(k)(i))。

(vi) 政府補助

倘可合理確保能夠收取政府補助,而本集 團將遵守當中所附帶條件,則政府補助將 初步於綜合財務狀況表內確認。補償本集 團所產生開支的補貼會於產生開支的同一 期間,有系統地於損益內確認為收入。補 償本集團資產成本的補貼初步確認為遞延 收入,並隨後根據資產的可使用年期於損 益確認。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) Revenue and other income (Continued)

(iv) Dividends

2

- Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established.
- Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment goes ex-dividend.

(v) Interest income

Interest income is recognised as it accrues under the effective interest method using the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortised cost or FVOCI (recycling) that are not credit-impaired, the effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of the asset. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is applied to the amortised cost (i.e. gross carrying amount net of loss allowance) of the asset (see note 2(k)(i)).

(vi) Government grants

Government grants are recognised in the statement of financial position initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are recognised as deferred income and subsequently recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特别提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(w) 外幣換算

年內外幣交易按交易日期的外匯匯率換算。 以外幣計值的貨幣資產及負債按報告期末 的匯率換算。外匯收益及虧損於損益內確 認,惟因用作對沖海外業務投資淨額之外 幣借貸而產生者則於其他全面收益中確認。

按歷史成本計量並以外幣計值的非貨幣資 產及負債按交易日期的外匯匯率換算。交 易日期為本公司初始確認該非貨幣資產或 負債之日。按公平值列賬以外幣計值的非 貨幣資產及負債使用公平值計量當日的通 行外匯匯率换算。

海外業務經營業績按與交易日期的外匯匯 率相若的匯率換算為人民幣(「人民幣」)。 財務狀況表項目(包括合併海外業務產生 的商譽)按報告期末的收市匯率換算為人 民幣。產生的外匯差額於其他全面收益內 確認並於外匯儲備內的權益內單獨累計。

於出售海外業務時,於有關海外業務的匯 兑差額之累計金額於確認出售損益時自權 益重新分類為損益。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(w) Translation of foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the end of the reporting period. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss, except those arising from foreign currency borrowings used to hedge a net investment in a foreign operation which are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. The transaction date is the date on which the Company initially recognises such non-monetary assets or liabilities. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

The results of foreign operations are translated into Renminbi ("RMB") at the exchange rates approximating the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Statement of financial position items, including goodwill arising on consolidation of foreign operations are translated into RMB at the closing foreign exchange rates at the end of the reporting period. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the exchange reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(x) 借款成本

因收購、建造或生產資產(即須耗用一段 頗長時間方可作擬定用途或銷售之資產) 而直接應佔之借款成本均撥作該等資產之 部分成本。其他借款成本均在彼等產生期 間列作開支。

作為合資格資產成本的一部分的借款成本, 須在有關資產產生開支及借款成本時,及 使有關資產達至其擬定用途或可供出售所 需的活動進行期間開始資本化。為使合資 格資產達至其擬定用途或出售所需的絕大 部分活動中斷或完成後,借款成本會暫停 或停止資本化。

(y) 關聯方

- (a) 倘適用於下列情況,則該名人士或 該名人士的近親家屬成員與本集團 有關聯:
 - (i) 對本集團有控制權或共同控制 權;
 - (ii) 對本集團有重大影響力;或
 - (iii) 為本集團或本集團母公司主要管理人員之成員。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(x) Borrowing costs

2

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are interrupted or complete.

(y) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
 - (i) has control or joint control over the Group;
 - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
 - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 2 重大會計政策 (續)
- (y) 關聯方(續)
 - (b) 倘適用於下列情況,則該實體與本 集團有關聯:
 - (i) 該實體及本集團屬同一集團的 成員公司(即母公司、附屬公 司及同系附屬公司互相關聯)。
 - (ii) 一個實體為另一實體的聯營公司或合營公司(或為某一集團成員公司的聯營公司或合營企業,而該另一實體為成員公司)。
 - (iii) 兩個實體均為同一第三方的合營企業。
 - (iv) 一個實體為第三方實體的合營 企業,而另一實體為第三方實 體的聯營公司。
 - (v) 該實體為就本集團或與本集團 有關聯實體的僱員福利而設的 離職後僱員福利計劃。
 - (vi) 該實體受第(a)項所識別的人 士所控制或共同控制。
 - (vii) 第(a)(i)項所識別的人士對該實 體有重大影響力,或為該實體 (或該實體之母公司)的主要管 理人員成員。
 - (viii) 向本集團或本集團母公司提供 主要管理人員服務的實體或其 所屬集團旗下任何成員公司。

某一人士的親近家屬成員指預期可影響該 人士與實體進行買賣或於買賣時受該人士 影響的有關家屬成員。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(y) **Related parties** (Continued)

- (b) An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
 - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
 - (ii) One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
 - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
 - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
 - (v) The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
 - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
 - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
 - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the Group or to the Group's parent.

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity. (除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

2 重大會計政策 (續)

(z) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表中呈報的各分部項目 金額均源自定期向本集團大部分高級行政 管理層提供的財務資料,以對本集團各業 務部門及各地區之間進行資源分配及表現 評估。

個別重大經營分部並未就財務申報用途而 進行匯總,除非該等分部具有類似經濟特 性,且在產品及服務性質、生產流程性質、 客戶的類型或類別、分配產品或提供服務 所用的方式及監管環境的性質方面均類似。 個別屬不重大的經營分部如符合大部分標 準,則或會進行匯總。

3 會計判斷及估計

(a) 應用本集團會計政策時的重大會計 判斷

> 於應用本集團會計政策過程中,管理層已 作出以下綜合會計判斷:

(i) 附屬公司、合營企業及聯營公司之間的分 類

本集團與若干第三方合作,透過若干實體 從事房地產開發項目。本集團已根據相關 協議、組織章程細則以及本集團與其他各 方對該等實體的參與程度將該等實體劃分 為附屬公司、合營企業或聯營公司一事作 出判斷。本集團將持續評估有關情況,及 有關投資乃根據附註14、15及16所載的 會計政策入賬。

SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(z) Segment reporting

2

3

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES

(a) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies

In the process of applying the Group's accounting policies, management has made the consolidated accounting judgement:

(i) Classification between subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

The Group co-operated with certain third parties to engage in property development project through certain entities. The Group has made judgment on the classification of these entities to subsidiaries, joint ventures or associates in accordance with the respective agreements, articles of associations and the involvement of the Group and the other parties in these entities. The Group will continuously evaluate the situation and such investments are accounted for in accordance with accounting policies set out in notes 14, 15 and 16.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 3 會計判斷及估計(續)
- (a) 應用本集團會計政策時的重大會計 判斷(續)
- (ii) 投資物業與業主自用物業的分類

本集團確定某物業是否符合投資物業的資 格, 並制定了作出該判斷的標準。投資物 業是為賺取租金或資本增值或兩者兼而有 之而持有的物業。因此,本集團考慮物業 是否產生現金流,而現金流在很大程度上 獨立於本集團持有的其他資產。若干物業 包括一部分持作賺取租金或資本增值,及 另一部分持作生產或供應商品或服務或管 理目的。如果這些部分可以根據融資租賃 單獨出售或單獨出租,則本集團單獨核算 這些部分。如果這些部分不能單獨出售, 則僅當持有的不重要部分用於生產或供應 商品或服務或用於管理目的時,該物業才 屬於投資物業。判斷乃以個別物業為基準 作出,以確定配套服務是否如此重要,以 致於物業不符合投資物業的資格。

(iii) 投資物業與持作出售物業的分類

本集團開發持作出售物業及持作賺取租金 及/或資本增值的物業。管理層就釐定物 業是否指定為投資物業或持作出售物業作 出判斷。本集團考慮其持有相關物業處於 早期開發階段的物業的意向。在建設期間, 如果該等物業擬於竣工後出售,則有關在 建物業入賬列為流動資產項下的開發中物 業,而如果該等物業擬持作賺取租金及/ 或資本增值,則該等物業入賬列為在建投 資物業。

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

- (a) Critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies (Continued)
- *(ii)* Classification between investment properties and owner-occupied properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property and has developed criteria in making that judgement. Investment property is a property held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation or both. Therefore, the Group considers whether a property generates cash flows largely independently of the other assets held by the Group. Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. If these portions could be sold separately or leased out separately under finance lease, the Group accounts for the portions separately. If the portions could not be sold separately, the property is an investment property only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the production or supply of goods or services or for administrative purposes. Judgement is made on an individual property basis to determine whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as an investment property.

(iii) Classification between investment properties and properties held for sale

The Group develops properties held for sale and properties held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Judgement is made by management on determining whether a property is designated as an investment property or a property held for sale. The Group considers its intention for holding the properties at the early development stage of the related properties. During the course of construction, the related properties under construction are accounted for as properties under development included in current assets if the properties are intended for sale after their completion, whereas, the properties are accounted for as investment properties under construction if the properties are intended to be held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation. Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

3

(i)

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定性的來源

以下為於報告期末很有可能導致下個財政 年度資產及負債的賬面值須作重大調整的 重大風險且與未來有關的主要假設及估計 不確定性的其他主要來源。

(i) 投資物業公平值

於報告期末,投資物業乃根據獨立專業估 值師所作之估值按公平值列賬。於釐定公 平值時,估值師乃基於涉及若干估計之估 值方法。在依賴估值報告時,管理層已作 出判斷,並信納估值所用之假設已反映現 時市況。該等假設之變動將導致本集團投 資物業的公平值變動及對公平值收益及虧 損金額的相應調整於損益呈列。

(ii) 土地增值税(「土地增值税」)

土地增值税乃按介乎土地增值額30%至 60%的累進税率徵收,增值額為出售物業 所得款項減可抵扣開支(包括銷售支出、 借貸成本及所有房地產開發開支)。

本集團須支付中華人民共和國土地增值税。 若干主要城市之地方税務局已公佈實施詳 情,然而,本集團尚未與中國該等城市之 地方税務局落實其土地增值税的計算及付 款。因此,本集團須作出重大判斷以釐定 土地增值額及其相關税項。本集團根據管 理層按其對税務規則的理解作出的最佳估 計確認該等負債。倘該等事項之最終税務 結果有別於最初錄得之金額,則該等差額 將影響税務釐定期內之所得税撥備。

ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty

The followings are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key source of estimation uncertainties at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

Fair value of investment properties

At the end of the reporting period, investment properties are stated at fair value based on the valuation performed by the independent professional valuer. In determining the fair value, the valuer have based on a method of valuation which involves certain estimates. In relying on the valuation report, the management has exercised their judgement and is satisfied that the assumptions used in valuation have reflected the current market conditions. Changes to these assumptions would result in changes in the fair value of the investment properties of the Group and the corresponding adjustments to the amount of fair value gain and loss reported in profit or loss.

(ii) Land appreciation tax ("LAT")

The LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds of sales of properties less deductible expenditures including sales charges, borrowing costs and all property development expenditures.

The Group is subject to LAT in the PRC. The details of implementation have been announced by the local tax bureau in certain major cities, however, the Group has not finalised its LAT calculation and payments with the local tax bureau in those cities in the PRC. Accordingly, significant judgments are required in determining the amount of land appreciation and its related taxes. The Group has recognised these liabilities based on the management's best estimates according to the understanding of the tax rules. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax expenses in the period in which such determination will be made.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

3 會計判斷及估計(續)

(b) 估計不確定性的來源(續)

(iii) 開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業之可變現淨值

開發中待售物業及已竣工待售物業乃按成 本與可變現淨值兩者中的較低者列賬。開 發中待售物業的可變現淨值乃參照估計售 價減估計銷售開支及估計竣工成本(均根 據董事可獲得的最佳資料及當前市況作出 估計)釐定。

倘估計售價因物業市況的任何變動而出現 任何下跌,則開發中待售物業及已竣工待 售物業或會予以撤減。於該兩個年度,並 無撤減開發中待售物業或已竣工待售物業。

(iv) 金融工具之公平值計量

本集團之若干金融資產、未報價股本投資 按公平值計量,有關公平值根據非觀察所 得輸入數據使用估值技巧計量。於確立相 關估值技巧及其相關輸入數據需要作出判 斷及估計。與該等因素有關假設的變動可 能影響該等工具呈報之公平值。有關公平 值計量披露之進一步詳情載於附註32(e)。

(v) 財務擔保的預期信貸虧損 管理層對已發出財務擔保的預期信貸虧損 作出估計。倘實際結果有別於估計,則會 產生重大虧損。

3 ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT AND ESTIMATES (Continued)

(b) Sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

(iii) Net realizable value of properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale

Properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale are stated at the lower of the cost and net realizable value. The net realizable value of properties under development for sale is determined by reference to the estimated selling prices less estimated selling expenses and estimated cost of completion, which are estimated based on the Directors' best available information and the prevailing market conditions.

Where there is any decrease in the estimated selling price arising from any changes to the property market conditions, properties under development for sale and completed properties for sale may be written down. There is no write-down of properties under development for sale or completed properties for sale during both years.

(iv) Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Certain of the Group's financial assets and unquoted equity instruments are measured at fair values with fair values being determined based on unobserved inputs using valuation techniques. Judgement and estimation are required in establishing the relevant valuation techniques and the relevant inputs thereof. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could affect the reported fair values of these instruments. Further details of disclosure of the fair value measurement are set out in note 32(e).

(v) ECL on financial guarantee

The management estimates the expected credit losses for the financial guarantee issued. Should the actual outcome differ with the estimation, a material loss may arise.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

4 收益及分部報告

(a) 收益

本集團之主要業務為從事房地產開發、物 業租賃以及酒店營運。按照就資源分配及 表現評估向本集團最高行政管理層呈報資 料的相同方式,本集團已識別三個經營及 可報告分部。有關本集團主要業務活動的 進一步詳情於附註4(b)披露。

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING

(a) Revenue

4

(i)

The principal activities of the Group are property development, property leasing and hotel operation. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified three operating and reportable segments. Further details regarding the Group's principal activities are disclosed in note 4(b).

(i) 收益分類

按業務類別及客戶地理位置劃分的客戶合 約收益分拆如下:

Disaggregation of revenue

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by business lines and geographical location of customers is as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
房地產開發	Property development	1,144,467	1,328,197
物業租賃	Property leasing	207,594	209,592
酒店營運	Hotel operation	37,058	67,659
收益總額	Total revenue	1,389,119	1,605,448
	Disaggregated by geographical location		
按客戶地理位置分拆	of customers		
中國內地	Mainland China	1,387,245	1,586,404
香港	Hong Kong	1,874	19,044
		1,389,119	1,605,448

按收益確認時間進行的客戶合約收益的分類披露於附註4(b)(i)。

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition is disclosed in note 4(b)(i).

本集團並無單一客戶貢獻本集團兩個年度 10%或以上之收益。 No single customer of the Group contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for both years.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

4 收益及分部報告(續)

- (a) 收益(續)
- (ii) 分配至客戶合約餘下履約責任之交易價格

於二零二零年十二月三十一日分配至餘下 履約責任(未達成)之交易價格及預期確 認收益之時間如下:

本集團通過三個業務類別管理其業務。就

按照資源分配及表現評估向本集團最高行

政管理層呈報資料的相同方式,本集團已

呈列以下三個可報告分部。概無合併計算

經營分類以組成以下呈報分類。

4 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (Continued)

Revenue (Continued)

(a)

(ii) Transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligation for contracts with customers

The transaction price allocated to the remaining performance obligations (unsatisfied) as at 31 December 2020 and the expected timing of recognising revenue are as follows:

		物業銷售 Sales of
		properties
		人民幣千元
		RMB'000
一年內	Within one year	2,387,509
超過一年但未超過兩年	More than one year but not more than two years	561,505

2,949,014

(b) 分部報告

(b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by three business lines. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following three reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

房地產開發	- 開發及銷售房地	Property development	_	Development and sale of properties
	產	Property leasing	_	Property leasing (including lease of self-
物業租賃	- 物業租賃(包括			owned properties and sub-lease of rented
	出租自置物業			properties)
	及分租租賃物			
	業)			
酒店營運	- 酒店營運	Hotel operation	_	Hotel operation

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

4

(i)

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債
 就評估分部表現及在分部間資源分配而言,
 本集團高級行政管理人員按以下基準監察
 各項可報告分部應佔之業績:

收益乃參照該等分部所產生之銷售額及該 等分部所產生之開支或因該等分部之資產 折舊或攤銷而產生之其他開支分配予各可 報告分部。分部收益均源自外部客戶。報 告年度並無分部間銷售。

除税前分部溢利指各分部所賺取的溢利, 惟不包括投資物業公平值變動、其他收入、 開支、收益及虧損、未分配總部及公司開 支、融資開支、應佔聯營公司的業績及應 佔合營企業之業績。

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Revenue are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. Segment revenue all generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment sales during the reporting year.

Segment profit before tax represent the profit earned by each segment without changes in fair value of investment properties, other income, expenses, gains and losses, unallocated head office and corporate expenses, finance costs, share of results of associates and share of results of joint ventures.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特别提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

- (i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續)
 - 截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,按確認收益時間分拆之 客戶合約收益,以及就資源分配及期內分 部表現評估而提供予本集團最高行政管理 人員有關本集團可報告分部的資料列載如 下。由於並無就資源分配及表現評估目的 而定期向主要經營決策者提供分部資產及 負債,因此並無呈列相關資產及負債。

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by the timing of revenue recognition, as well as information regarding the Group's reportable segments as provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 is set out below. No segment assets and liabilities are presented as they were not regularly provided to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment.

		房地產開發		物業	租賃	酒店	營運	逾	밝
		Property de	Property development		Property leasing		Hotel operation		otal
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
按收益確認 時間分類	Disaggregated by timing of revenue recognition								
時間點 隨時間	Point in time Over time	1,144,467	1,328,197	- 207,594	- 209,592	- 37,058	- 67,659	1,144,467 244,652	1,328,197 277,251
可報告 分部收益	Reportable segment revenue	1,144,467	1,328,197	207,594	209,592	37,058	67,659	1,389,119	1,605,448
除税前可報告 分部溢利	Reportable segment profit before tax	(75,373)	236,605	119,682	101,026	(7,609)	11,086	36,700	348,717

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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4 收益及分部報告(續)

REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(ii) 可報告分部損益的對賬

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment profit or loss

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
可報告分部溢利	Reportable segment profit	36,700	348,717
投資物業公平值變動	Changes in fair value of investment properties	91,971	171,958
其他收入、開支、收益及虧損	Other income, expenses, gains and losses	318,124	66,069
未分配總部及公司開支	Unallocated head office and corporate expenses	(40,659)	(58,716)
融資成本	Finance costs	(233,545)	(186,273)
應佔聯營公司的(虧損)/溢利	Share of (losses)/profits of associates	(46,930)	105,050
應佔合營企業的溢利	Share of profits of joint ventures	1,105	6,070
除税前綜合溢利	Consolidated profit before taxation	126,766	452,875

(iii) 其他分部資料

計量分部損益時計入的物業及設備之折舊:

(iii) Other segment information

Depreciation of property and equipment included in the measurement of segment profit or loss:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
物業租賃	Property leasing	4,145	5,515
酒店營運	Hotel operation	28,133	23,628
未分配	Unallocated	4,402	1,901
總計	Total	36,680	31,044

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

4 收益及分部報告(續)

(b) 分部報告(續)

(iv) 地理資料

本集團來自外部客戶的收益基本源自其中 國內地業務,而本集團的非流動資產亦基 本位於中國內地。

本集團之非流動資產(其他金融資產、受限制銀行存款及遞延税項資產除外)按資 產地理位置劃分之分析載列如下:

4 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (Continued)

(b) Segment reporting (Continued)

(iv) Geographic information

The Group's revenue from external customers is derived substantially from its operations in the Mainland China, and non-current assets of the Group are also substantially located in the Mainland China.

The following is an analysis of the Group's non-current assets other than other financial assets, restricted bank deposits and deferred tax assets by geographical location of assets:

		特定非流	特定非流動資產		
		Specified non-	current assets		
		二零二零年	二零一九年		
		2020	2019		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
		RMB'000	RMB'000		
中國內地	Mainland China	7,512,575	7,407,826		
香港	Hong Kong	-			
		7,512,575	7,407,826		

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

5 其他收入、開支、收益及虧損

OTHER INCOME, EXPENSES, GAINS AND LOSSES

(a) 其他收入

(a) Other income

5

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行存款利息收入	Interest income from bank deposits	31,503	18,035
按公平值計入損益的金融資產	Interest income from financial assets		
利息收入	measured at FVTPL	-	1,554
按公平值計入其他全面收益的	Interest income from financial assets		
金融資產利息收入	measured at FVTOCI	878	523
按公平值計入損益的金融資產	Dividend income from financial assets		
股息收入	measured at FVTPL	6,267	5,968
按公平值計入損益的金融資產	Gain on disposal of financial assets at FVTPL		
出售收入		2,956	3,579
	Compensation income from early termination		
提早終止租約之補償收入	of leasing contract	7,776	5,134
政府補助(附註)	Government grants (Note)	869	1,242
其他	Others	2,699	3,504
		52,948	39,539

附註:該金額主要指收取本集團實體所在當地政 府為鼓勵於當地開展業務發展活動之無條 件補助金。 Note: The amount mainly represented the unconditional subsidies received from the local governments where the Group entities were located for encouragement of business development activities in the local areas.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

5 其他收入、開支、收益及虧損	(續) 5	OTHER INCOME, I (Continued)	EXPENSES, GAIN	S AND LOSSES
b) 其他收益及虧損	(b	o) Other gains and losses	S	
			二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	2019 人民幣千元
匯兑收益/(虧損)淨額 按公平值計入損益的金融資產公平		exchange gain/(losses) 1ges in fair value of financial asse	231,650 ts	(39,092)
值變動收益	measured a	at FVTPL	368	32,548
出售附屬公司收益 購回/贖回優先票據產生之收益/	*	osal of a subsidiary on repurchase/redemption of		- 63,918
(虧損)	senior note	25	36,970	(20,236)
			268,988	37,138

(c) 其他開支

(c) Other expenses

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
捐贈	Donation	(126)	(10,340)
其他	Others	(3,686)	(268)
		(3,812)	(10,608)
總計	Total	318,124	66,069

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

6 除税前溢利

PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

除税前溢利已扣除/(計入):

Profit before taxation is arrived at after charging/(crediting):

(a) 融資成本

(a) Finance costs

6

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行貸款利息(附註23(c))	Interest on bank loans (note 23(c))	100.010	165 107
		199,010	165,187
租賃負債利息(附註23(c))	Interest on lease liabilities (note 23(c))	16,530	18,547
優先票據利息(附註23(c))	Interest on senior notes (note 23(c))	487,480	320,069
減:資本化至開發中待售物業及	Less: Interest expense capitalised into properties		
開發中投資物業的利息開支*	under development for sale and investment		
	properties under development*	(469,475)	(317,530
總計	Total	233,545	186,273

* 借貸成本已按年利率11.02%(二零一九年: 7.8%)資本化。 The borrowing costs have been capitalised at a rate of 11.02% per annum (2019: 7.8%).

(b) 員工成本

(b) Staff costs

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
薪金、花紅及其他福利	Salaries, bonuses and other benefits	127,054	129,777
退休福利計劃供款	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	3,558	15,065
股本結算股份支付(附註29)	Equity-settled share-based payments (note 29)	229	229
	Less: amount capitalised to properties under		
減:資本化至開發中待售物業及	development for sale and investment		
開發中投資物業的金額	properties under development	(34,446)	(36,432)
		96,395	108,639

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

6 除税前溢利(續)

6 **PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION** (Continued)

(c) 其他項目

(c) Other items

		一一一一一一一	一重土车
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
折舊	Depreciation		
- 自有物業、廠房及設備	– Owned property, plant and equipment	31,239	25,548
-使用權資產	- Right-of-use assets	5,441	5,496
		36,680	31,044
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration	1,400	1,300
物業成本	Cost of properties	1,102,025	1,011,883

7 綜合損益表中的所得税

7 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

(a) 綜合損益表中的税項:

(a) Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents:

		二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
即期税項: -中國企業所得税(「企業所得税」) -土地增值税 -香港利得税	Current tax: – PRC corporate income tax ("CIT") – LAT – Hong Kong profits tax	64,970 (21,479) 2,861	86,250 98,120 –
		46,352	184,370
遞延税項(附註30) 一企業所得税 一土地増值税	Deferred tax (note 30) – CIT – LAT	13,268 16,901	40,507 (24,530)
		30,169	15,977
		76,521	200,347

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

7 綜合損益表中的所得税(續)

(a) 綜合損益表中的税項: (續)

(a)

7

由於兩個期間內於開曼群島及英屬處女群 島註冊成立之公司無須繳納任何税項,故 並無就該等公司確認任何税項撥備。

香港利得税撥備乃就截至二零二零年十二 月三十一日止年度應用估計年度實際税率 16.5% (二零一九年:16.5%)計算。

中國所得税撥備根據適用於位於中國的附 屬公司的各自企業所得税税率25% (二零 一九年:25%)計算。

土地增值税就地價增值按介乎30%至60% 的累進税率徵收,地價增值即物業銷售所 得款項減去可扣減支出(包括就收購土地 使用權所付款項、土地開發或新建樓宇及 配套設施的成本和費用,或舊樓宇及構築 物的估值、有關轉讓房地產的應繳税項以 及財政部規定的其他可扣減項目)。除上 述扣減外,房地產開發商亦可享有額外扣 減,等於收購土地使用權所付款項及土地 開發和新建樓宇或相關設施建設成本的 20%。

INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

Taxation in the consolidated statement of profit or loss represents: (Continued)

No provision for taxation has been recognised for companies incorporated in the Cayman Island and the British Virgin Islands as they are not subject to any tax during both periods.

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax is calculated by applying the estimated annual effective tax rate of 16.5% (2019: 16.5%) to the year ended 31 December 2020.

The provision for PRC income tax is calculated based on the respective corporate income tax rates of 25% (2019: 25%) applicable to the subsidiaries located in the PRC.

The LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from the sale of properties less deductible expenditures including payments made for acquisition of land use rights, costs and expenses for the development of the land or for construction of new buildings and supporting facilities, or the assessed value for old buildings and structures, tax payable relating to transfer of the real estate and other deductible items prescribed by the Ministry of Finance. Apart from the aforementioned deductions, property developers enjoy an additional deduction, which is equal to 20% of the payment made for acquisition of land use rights and the costs of land development and construction of new buildings or related facilities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

7 綜合損益表中的所得税(續)

INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS (Continued)

- (b) 按適用税率計算的税項開支與會計 溢利之間的對賬:
- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit at applicable tax rates:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	126,766	452,875
按25%的中國企業所得税税率計算	Tax using PRC CIT rate of 25%		
的税項		31,692	113,220
不可扣税開支的税務影響	Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	45,845	71,329
毋須課税收入的税務影響	Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(1,786)	(25,006)
應佔聯營公司業績的税務影響	Tax effect of share of results of associates	11,733	(26,263)
應佔合營企業業績的税務影響	Tax effect of share of results of joint ventures	(276)	(1,517)
土地增值税	LAT	(21,479)	98,120
土地增值税的税務影響	Tax effect of LAT	5,370	(24,530)
未確認税項虧損的税務影響	Tax effect of tax losses not recognised	13,154	3,239
確認過往未確認税項虧損的税務	Tax effect of previously unrecognised tax losses now		
影響	recognised	(5,052)	(10,719)
就中國附屬公司未分配溢利繳納的	Effect of withholding tax on undistributed profit		
預扣税的影響	from PRC subsidiaries	(2,680)	2,474
實際税項開支	Actual tax expense	76,521	200,347

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綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

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8 董事酬金

董事酬金根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及 公司(披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露 的董事酬金如下:

截至二零二零年十二月三十一日止 年度

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

For the year ended 31 December 2020

		董事袍金	薪金及 其他福利 Salaries and	花紅 (附註ii) Bonuses	退休福利 計劃供款 Contributions to retirement	總計
		Directors' fees	other benefits	(note ii)	benefit schemes	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
執行董事	Executive directors					
王欽賢先生	Mr. Wong Yam Yin	303	-	4,857	-	5,160
王錦輝先生(附註i)	Mr. Wong Kam Fai (note i)	121	3,733	1,162	15	5,031
王錦強先生	Mr. Wong Kam Keung Barry	121	2,533	1,162	15	3,831
Tjie Tjin Fung 先生	Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung	242	-	139	-	381
David Janata 先生	Mr. David Janata	202	-	105	-	307
非執行董事	Non-executive directors					
Kiky Gunawan 先生	Mr. Kiky Gunawan	202	-	105	-	307
Janata Suwita 先生	Mr. Janata Suwita	242	-	139	-	381
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors					
黄英來先生	Mr. Wong Ying Loi	121	_	-	-	121
李達生先生	Mr. Lie Tak Sen	121	-	-	-	121
李思強先生(附註iv)	Mr. Li Sze Keung (note iv)	121	-	-	-	121
黄楚基先生	Mr. Wong Cho Kei Bonnie	121	-	-	-	121
		1,917	6,266	7,669	30	15,882

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

董事酬金(續)		8 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENT'S (Continued)						
截至二零一九年 年度	学十二月三十一日止	For the year ended 31 December 2019						
		董事袍金	薪金及 其他福利	花紅 (附註ii)	退休福利 計劃供款 Contributions	總計		
			Salaries and	Bonuses	to retirement			
		Directors' fees	other benefits	(note ii)	benefit schemes	Total		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
執行董事	Executive directors							
王欽賢先生	Mr. Wong Yam Yin	317	_	7,345	_	7,662		
王錦輝先生(附註i)	Mr. Wong Kam Fai (note i)	127	3,748	1,757	32	5,664		
王錦強先生	Mr. Wong Kam Keung Barry	127	2,622	1,757	32	4,538		
Tjie Tjin Fung 先生	Mr. Tjie Tjin Fung	253	-	211	_	464		
David Janata 先生	Mr. David Janata	211	-	158	-	369		
非執行董事	Non-executive directors							
Kiky Gunawan 先生	Mr. Kiky Gunawan	211	_	158	_	369		
Janata Suwita 先生	Mr. Janata Suwita	253	-	211	-	464		
獨立非執行董事	Independent non-executive directors							
黄英來先生	Mr. Wong Ying Loi	127	_	_	_	127		
李達生先生	Mr. Lie Tak Sen	127	-	-	-	127		
李耀輝先生(附註iii)	Mr. Li Yiu Fai (note iii)	68	-	-	-	68		
李思強先生(附註iv)	Mr. Li Sze Keung (note iv)	59	-	-	-	59		
黄楚基先生	Mr. Wong Cho Kei Bonnie	127	-	-		127		
		2,007	6,370	11,597	64	20,038		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

8 董事酬金(續)

附註:

- (i) 王錦輝先生亦為本公司行政總裁,其於上 文披露的酬金包括其作為行政總裁提供服 務及作為執行董事的酬金。
- (ii) 表現相關花紅乃參考董事的個人表現釐定。
- (iii) 於二零一九年六月十四日,李耀輝先生已 辭任獨立非執行董事。
- (iv) 於二零一九年六月十四日,李思強先生已 獲委任為獨立非執行董事。

於年內,本集團概無向本公司任何董事支 付酬金作為加入本集團或加盟時之獎勵或 失去職位之補償。於年內概無董事放棄任 何酬金。

DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS (Continued)

Notes:

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- (i) Mr. Wong Kam Fai is also the Chief Executive of the Company and his emoluments disclosed above include those for his services as the Chief Executive and remuneration as the Executive Director.
- Performance related bonuses is determined by reference to the individual performance of the directors.
- (iii) Mr. Li Yiu Fai was resigned as independent non-executive director on 14 June 2019.
- (iv) Mr. Li Sze Keung was appointed as independent non-executive director on 14 June 2019.

During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any directors of the Company as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. None of the directors has waived any emoluments during the year.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

9 最高酬金人士

9 INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS

五位最高酬金人士內,三名(二零一九年: 三名)為董事,其酬金載於附註8。有關其 他兩名(二零一九年:兩名)人士的酬金總 額載列如下:

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments, 3 (2019: 3) are directors whose emoluments are disclosed in note 8. The aggregate of the emoluments in respect of the other 2 (2019: 2) individuals are as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
薪金及其他福利	Salaries and other benefits	3,012	3,044
花紅	Bonuses	2,476	1,874
以股本結算股份支付款項	Equity-settled share-based payments	39	39
退休福利計劃供款	Contributions to retirement benefit schemes	76	117
		5,603	5,074

並非本公司董事且酬金介乎下列範圍之最 高薪酬僱員數目如下: The number of the highest paid employees who are not the directors of the Company whose remuneration fell within the following bands is as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		員工數目	員工數目
		Number of	Number of
		individuals	individuals
零港元至1,000,000港元	HK\$Nil-HK\$1,000,000	-	_
1,000,001港元至1,500,000港元	HK\$1,000,001 - HK\$1,500,000	-	-
1,500,001港元至2,000,000港元	HK\$1,500,001 - HK\$2,000,000	-	1
2,500,001港元至3,000,000港元	HK\$2,500,001 - HK\$3,000,000	1	-
3,000,001港元至3,500,000港元	HK\$3,000,001 - HK\$3,500,000	-	-
3,500,001港元至4,000,000港元	HK\$3,500,001 - HK\$4,000,000	-	1
4,000,001港元至4,500,000港元	HK\$4,000,001 – HK\$4,500,000	1	-
		2	2

於年內,本集團概無向五名最高薪酬人士 中的任何一名支付酬金作為加入本集團或 加盟時之獎勵或失去職位之補償。 During the year, no emoluments were paid by the Group to any of the five highest paid individuals as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office.

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

10 其他全面收益

10 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

與其他全面收益各組成部分相關的 税務影響

Tax effects relating to each component of other comprehensive income

		除税前 Before tax 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零二零年 2020 税項開支 Tax expense 人民幣千元 RMB'000	除税後 Net of tax <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i>	除税前 Before tax 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 税項開支 Tax expense 人民幣千元 RMB'000	除税後 Net of tax 人民幣千元 RMB'000
換算功能貨幣並非 人民幣的實體的 时政权害的原始	Exchange differences on translation of financial						
財務報表的匯兑 差額	statements of entities with functional currencies other						
	than RMB	1,149	-	1,149	14,635	-	14,635
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	1,149	-	1,149	14,635	_	14,635

11 每股盈利

(a) 每股基本盈利

每股基本盈利乃根據本公司普通股股東應 佔溢利人民幣34,788,000元(二零一九年: 人民幣252,561,000元)及在年內已發行普 通股的加權平均數1,802,456,000股計算(二 零一九年:1,802,456,000股)計算。

11 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the profit attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of RMB34,788,000 (2019: RMB252,561,000) and the weighted average of 1,802,456,000 ordinary shares (2019: 1,802,456,000 shares) in issue during the year.

普通股加權平均數:

Weighted average number of ordinary shares:

	二零二零年	二零一九年
	2020	2019
	千股	千股
	shares '000	shares '000
於一月一日及十二月三十一日 Issued ordinary shares and weighted average		
已發行普通股及普通股的 number of ordinary shares at 1 January and		
加權平均數 31 December	1,802,456	1,802,456

(b) 每股攤薄盈利

由於兩個報告期間本公司尚未行使購股權 之行使價高於股份之平均市價,故於計算 每股攤薄盈利時並無假設行使本公司尚未 行使之購股權。因此,兩個期間之每股攤 薄盈利與每股基本盈利相同。

(b) Diluted earnings per share

The computation of diluted earnings per share does not assume the exercise of the Company's outstanding share options because the exercise price of those options was higher than the average market price for shares for both reporting periods. Accordingly, the diluted earnings per share was same as the basic earnings per share for both periods.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

12	物業、廠房	及設備	12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT						
			租賃土地及	持作自用的		電腦及	租賃物業		
			酒店物業	土地及樓宇	汽車	辦公設備	裝修	使用權資產	總計
			Leasehold land	Land and		Computers			
			and hotel	Buildings held	Motor	and office	Leasehold	Right-of-use	
			property	for own use	vehicles	equipment	improvements	assets	Total
			人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	成本	Cost							
	於二零一九年	At 1 January 2019							
	一月一日		480,601	88,028	9,096	13,218	48,088	42,722	681,753
	添置	Additions	15,402	7,903	498	4,574	19,042	17,902	65,321
	轉撥自開發中待售	Transfer from properties under							
	物業	development for sale	4,358	4,148	-	-	-	-	8,506
	匯兑差額	Exchange differences	4,479	-	39	23	7	-	4,548
	出售	Disposals	(405,320)	-	-	(1,327)	(607)	-	(407,254)
	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及 二零二零年	At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020							
	一月一日		99,520	100,079	9,633	16,488	66,530	60,624	352,874
	添置	Additions	3,910	-	593	2,534	44,425	-	51,462
	匯兑差額	Exchange differences	-	-	(107)	(48)	-	-	(155)
	出售	Disposals	-	(9,639)	(195)	(334)	-	-	(10,168)
	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	103,430	90,440	9,924	18,640	110,955	60,624	394,013
	I →/J → I H		105,450	90,440	9,924	10,040	110,9))	00,024	374,013

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

12	物業、廠房	1	2 PROP	ERTY, PL	ANT ANI	D EQUIPM	IENT (Cont	inued)	
			租賃土地及 酒店物業	持作自用的 土地及樓宇	汽車	電腦及 辦公設備	租賃物業 裝修	使用權資產	總計
			Leasehold land and hotel	Land and Buildings held	Motor	Computers and office	Leasehold	Right-of-use	
			property 人民幣千元	for own use 人民幣千元	vehicles <i>人民幣千元</i>	equipment 人民幣千元	improvements <i>人民幣千元</i>	assets 人民幣千元	Total <i>人民幣千元</i>
			RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
	累計折舊	Accumulated depreciation							
	於二零一九年 一月一日	At 1 January 2019	(9,449)	(27,345)	(6,565)	(8,330)	(22,880)		(74,569)
	年內支出	Charge for the year	(7,942)	(4,794)	(0,505)	(731)	(10,911)	(5,496)	(74,009)
	匪兑差額	Exchange differences	(106)	(1,7 / 1)	(1,170) (39)	(19)	(10,711) (2)	(),1/0/	(166)
	出售	Disposals	12,398	_	-	840	366	-	13,604
	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日及 二零二零年 一月一日	At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	(5,099)	(32,139)	(7,774)	(8,240)	(33,427)	(5,496)	(92,175)
	年內支出	Charge for the year	(7,815)	(4,402)	(1,035)	(3,110)	(14,877)	(5,441)	(36,680)
	匯兑差額	Exchange differences	-	-	107	38	_	-	145
	出售	Disposals	-	895	195	320	-	-	1,410
	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	(12,914)	(35,646)	(8,507)	(10,992)	(48,304)	(10,937)	(127,300)
	賬面淨值	Net book value							
	於二零二零年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	90,516	54,794	1,417	7,648	62,651	49,687	266,713
	於二零一九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2019	94,421	67,940	1,859	8,248	33,103	55,128	260,699

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,賬面值約 人民幣59,388,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 6,956,000元)的租賃土地及酒店物業以及 土地及樓宇已抵押予銀行,以為本集團獲 授的若干銀行融資作擔保。 As at 31 December 2020, leasehold land and hotel property and land and buildings with carrying amount of approximately RMB59,388,000 (2019: RMB6,956,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

13 投資物業

(a)

賬面值對賬

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

		已竣工 投資物業	開發中 投資物業 Investment	使用權資產	總計
		Completed investment properties 人民幣千元 RMB'000	properties under development 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Right-of-use assets 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零一八年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2018	5,062,769	645,300	-	5,708,069
首次應用國際財務報 告準則第16號的影響 (附註)	Impact on initial application of IFRS 16 (Note)	_	_	211,084	211,084
於二零一九年一月一日 添置 轉撥自已竣工待售物業	At 1 January 2019 Additions Transfer from completed properties	5,062,769	645,300 190,117	211,084 6,994	5,919,153 197,111
轉撥 出售 於損益確認之公平值變	for sale Transfer Disposals Net change in fair value recognised	54,893 914,447 (84,218)	(914,447) _	-	54,893 - (84,218)
動淨額 於二零一九年十二月	in profit or loss At 31 December 2019 and	65,797	133,430	(27,269)	171,958
三十一日及二零二零 年一月一日	1 January 2020	6,013,688	54,400	190,809	6,258,897
添置 轉撥自已竣工待售物業	Additions Transfer from completed properties for sale	19,406 19,900	297,795	2,901	320,102 19,900
出售 於損益確認之公平值變 動淨額	Disposals Net change in fair value recognised in profit or loss	(49,994) (38,432)	- 157,305	(12,311) (26,902)	(62,305)
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2020	5,964,568	509,500	154,497	6,628,565

附註:於二零二零年十二月三十一日,賬面值約 人民幣3,102,778,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣3,865,200,000元)的投資物業抵押予銀 行,以為本集團獲授的若干銀行融資作擔保。 Note: As at 31 December 2020, investment properties with carrying amount of approximately RMB3,102,778,000 (2019: RMB3,865,200,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

13 投資物業(續)

(b) 物業的公平值計量

- (i) 公平值等級
 - 下表呈列本集團於報告期末按持續基準所 計量的物業的公平值。該等金融工具已歸 入國際財務報告準則第13號「公平值計量」 所界定的三個公平值等級。本集團參照以 下估值方法所採用的輸入數據的可觀察程 度和重要性,從而釐定公平值計量數值所 應歸屬的等級:
 - 第一級估值:僅使用第一級輸入數 據(即相同資產或負債於計量日期在 活躍市場的未經調整報價)來計量公 平值
 - 第二級估值:第二級估值:使用第
 二級輸入數據(即未達第一級的可觀 察輸入數據)並捨棄重大不可觀察輸
 入值來計量公平值。不可觀察輸入
 值是指欠缺市場資料的輸入數據
 - 第三級估值:採用重大不可觀察輸入數據來計量公平值

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurement of properties

Fair value hierarchy

(i)

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's properties measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

13 投資物業(續)

(i)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) 物業的公平值計量(續)

公平值等級(續)

- (b) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)
- (i) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

		於 二零二零年			
		十二月		二零年十二月三十	一日的
		三十一日		公平值計量分類為	
		的公平值		alue measurements cember categorised	
		Fair value at		~ ~ ~	
		31 December 2020	第一級 Level 1	第二級 Level 2	第三級 Level 3
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
經常性公平值計量	Recurring fair value measurement				
中國內地:	Mainland China:				
- 商業物業	– Commercial properties	6,399,380	_	_	6,399,380
-停車場	– Car park	74,688	_	_	74,688
-使用權資產	– Right-of-use assets	154,497	-	-	154,497
總計	Total	6,628,565			6,628,565
		٨٨			
		於 二零一九年			
		十二月		於二零一九年十二月三十一日 的公平值計量分類為	
		三十一日			
		的公平值	Fair value measurements as at 31 December 2019 categorised into		
		Fair value at			
		31 December	第一級	第二級 Level 2	第三級
		2019 人 <i>民幣千元</i>	Level 1 人 <i>民 敞 千 元</i>		
		2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Level 1 人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000	Level 3 人民幣千元 RMB'000
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
經常性公平值計量	Recurring fair value measurement	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	measurement	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
中國內地:	measurement Mainland China:	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元 RMB'000
中國內地: 一商業物業	measurement Mainland China: – Commercial properties	人民幣千元 RMB'000 5,992,600	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元 RMB'000 5,992,600
中國內地:	measurement Mainland China:	人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(i)

- 13 投資物業(續)
- (b) 物業的公平值計量(續)
- (i) 公平值等級(續)
 - 於截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,第一級與第二級之間並 無轉撥,而第三級亦無轉入或轉出。本集 團政策為於公平值等級之間出現轉撥的報 告期末確認轉撥。

本集團的所有已竣工投資物業、開發中投 資物業及使用權資產均已於二零二零年 十二月三十一日進行重估。估值乃由華坊 諮詢評估有限公司(「華坊」)(一間香港的 獨立合資格估值師公司,在物業估值方面 擁有相關經驗)進行。於各中期及年度報 告日期進行估值時,本集團的財務總監已 與估值師討論估值假設及估值結果。

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

All of the Group's completed investment properties, investment properties under development and right-of-use assets were revalued as at 31 December 2020. The valuations were carried out by CHFT Advisory And Appraisal Ltd. ("CHFT"), a firm of independent qualified valuers in Hong Kong with relevant experience in the valuation of properties. The Group's chief financial officer has discussion with the surveyors on the valuation assumptions and valuation results when the valuation is performed at each interim and annual reporting date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

投資物業(續) 13

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued) 13

- 物業的公平值計量(續) (b)
- 有關第三級公平值計量的資料 (ii)
- Fair value measurement of properties (Continued) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements
- (ii)

		物業類型 Property category	公平值等級 Fair value hierarchy	估值技術 Valuation techniques	重大不可觀察輸入數據 Significant unobservable inputs	不可觀察輸入數據範圍 Range of unobservable inputs	不可觀察輸入數據與 公平值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	Completed investment properties 已竣工投資物業	Commercial properties 商業物業	Level 3 第三級	Direct comparison 直接比較法	Adjusted market price (RMB/square meter), and 經調整市價 (人民幣元/	7,970 to 109,200 (2019: 10,179 to 80,183) 7,970至109,200 (二零一九年:	The higher the adjusted market price, the higher the fair value. 經調整市價越高,公平值越高。
		1 1/1 1 1 1 1	· · · · · ·	110110 0000	平方米)及	10,179至80,183)	
					Level adjustment	0% to 65% (2019: 0% to 65%)	The lower the level adjustment, the higher the fair value.
					級別調整	0%至65%(二零一九年: 0%至65%)	級別調整越低,公平值越高。
			Level 3	Income method	Capitalisation rate, and	6% ± 65%) 4% to 6% (2019: 4% to 5.5%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value
			第三級	收入法	資本化率及	4%至6%(二零一九年: 4%至5.5%)	資本化比率越高,公平值越低。
					Daily unit rent (RMB/square meter) 單位日租 (人民幣元/ 平方米)	2 to 17 (2019: 1 to 17) 2至17 (二零一九年:1至17)	The higher the daily unit rent, the higher the fair value 單位日租越高,公平值越高。
		Car park	Level 3	Direct comparison	ーカル Adjusted market price (RMB/per car park)	158,730 to 316,667 (2019: 158,730 to 350,769)	The higher the adjusted market price, the higher the fair value
		停車場	第三級	直接比較法	經調整市價(人民幣元/ 停車位)	(二零一九年:158,730至 350,769)	經調整市價越高,公平值越高。
	Investment properties under development		Level 3	Residual approach	Adjusted market price (RMB/square meter)	11,045 to 22,582 (2019: 13,561 to 22,801)	The higher the adjusted market price, the higher the fair value
開	開發中投資物業		第三級	剩餘值法	經調整市價(人民幣元/ 平方米)	11,045至22,582(二零一九年: 13,561至22,801)	經調整市價越高,公平值越高。
					Budgeted cost (RMB/square meter) 預算成本(人民幣元/ 平方米)	4,973 to 7,736 (2019: 5,651 to 7,981) 4,973至7,736(二零一九年: 5,651至7,981)	The higher the budgeted cost, the lower the fair value 預算成本越高,公平值越低。
					Anticipated developer's profit margin 預期開發商利潤率	10% to 20% (2019: 10% to 20%) 10%至20%(二零一九年: 10%至20%)	The higher the anticipated developer's profit margin, the lower the fair value 預期開發商利潤率越高,公平值 越低。

(b)
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 投資物業(續) 13
- 物業的公平值計量(續) (b)
- 有關第三級公平值計量的資料(續) (ii)

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued) 13

Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

- Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued) (ii)

	物業類型 Property category	公平值等級 Fair value hierarchy	估值技術 Valuation techniques	重大不可觀察輸入數據 Significant unobservable inputs	不可觀察輸入數據範圍 Range of unobservable inputs	不可觀察輸入數據與 公平值的關係 Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Right-of-use assets	Sub-leased properties	Level 3	Income method	Capitalisation rate	6.5% to 6.75% (2019: 6.5% to 6.75%)	The higher the capitalisation rate, the lower the fair value
使用權資產	分租物業	第三級	收入法	資本化率	6.5%至6.75%(二零一九年: 6.5%至6.75%)	資本化比率越高,公平值越低。
				Daily unit rent (RMB/square meter)	1 to 16 (2019: 1 to 27)	The higher the daily unit rent, the higher the fair value
				單位日租(人民幣元/ 平方米)	1至16(二零一九年:1至27)	單位日租越高,公平值越高。

(b)

已竣工投資物業的公平值乃經參考可資比 較物業的市場交易或問詢憑證(視情況而 定),以資本化源自現有租約或市場租賃 的租金收入為基準,並適當考慮物業的復 歸收入潛力(如適用)而釐定。

The fair value of completed investment properties is determined by making reference to the market transactions or asking evidence, as the case may be, of comparable properties, and on the basis of capitalisation of the rental income derived from existing tenancies or market rental with due allowance for reversionary income potential of the properties, where appropriate.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 13 投資物業(續)
- (b) 物業的公平值計量(續)
- (ii) 有關第三級公平值計量的資料(續)開發中投資物業的公平值乃經參考類似物 業的當前或近期價格,根據建造預算、承 諾合約、意外事件撥備以及開發商利潤率 得出的竣工估計成本(該等數據反映有關 (其中包括)工程完工情況及建議開發項目 適銷性的風險以及可達致的預期收入或於

估值日期的資本增值)而釐定。

使用權資產的公平值乃通過使用風險調整 貼現率對與資產相關的預期現金流量序列 進行貼現而釐定。估值乃經參考各自資產 的資本化率及出租率。所使用的貼現率已 根據質量及位置進行調整。公平值計量與 資本化率及出租率呈正相關,與風險調整 貼現率呈負相關。

投資物業的公平值調整於綜合損益表的「投 資物業公平值變動」項目中確認。

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(b) Fair value measurement of properties (Continued)

(ii) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements (Continued)

The fair value of investment properties under development is determined by making reference to the current or recent prices of similar properties and estimated costs to completion based on construction budget, committed contracts, allowances for contingencies as well as developer's profit margin, which reflect the risks in relation to, inter alia, the completion of the construction and marketability of proposed development, and in achieving the anticipated income or capital appreciation on the date of valuation.

The fair value of right-of-use assets is determined by discounting a projected cash flow series associated with the assets using risk-adjusted discount rates. The valuation takes into account capitalisation rate and rental rate of the respective assets. The discount rates used have been adjusted for the quality and location. The fair value measurement is positively correlated to the capitalisation rate and the rental rate, and negatively correlated to the riskadjusted discount rates.

Fair value adjustment of investment properties is recognised in the line item "changes in fair value of investment properties" on the face of the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

13 投資物業(續)

(c) 使用權資產

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(c) Right-of-use assets

按相關資產類別劃分的使用權資產的賬面 淨值分析如下: The analysis of the net book value of right-of-use assets by class of underlying asset is as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
		31 December	31 December
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
租賃作自用的其他物業(以折舊成 本列賬)(附註) 剩餘租期介乎4至10年之間的租賃 投資物業的所有權權益(按公平	Other properties leased for own use, carried at depreciated cost (Note) Ownership interests in leasehold investment property, carried at fair value, with remaining	49,687	55,128
值列賬)	lease term of between 4 to 10 years	154,497	190,809
		204,184	245,937

附註:本集團已通過租賃協議獲得使用其他物業 經營酒店的權利。租賃通常初步為期8至 15年。租賃付款通常每1至3年增加一次, 以反映市場租金。 Note: The Group has obtained the right to use of other properties through tenancy agreements to operate hotels. The leases typically run for an initial period of 8 to 15 years. Lease payments are usually increased every 1 to 3 years to reflect market rentals.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

13 投資物業(續)

(c) 使用權資產(續)

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(c) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

在損益中確認的租賃有關的費用項目分析 如下:

The analysis of expense items in relation to leases recognised in profit or loss is as follows:

		二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
按租賃作自用的其他物業類別劃分 的使用權資產的折舊開支 按投資物業類別劃分的使用權資產 的公平值變動	Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets by class of other properties leased for own use Fair value change of right-of-use assets by class of investment property	5,441 26,902	5,496 27,269
租賃負債利息(附註6(a)) 已收COVID-19相關租金減免	Interest on lease liabilities (note 6(a)) COVID-19-related rent concessions received	16,530 5,545	18,547

年內,使用權資產增加人民幣2,901,000元。 該金額為根據新租賃協議應付的所有資本 化租賃付款。

有關租賃現金流出總額及租賃負債到期分 析的詳情分別載於附註23(d)及26。

誠如附註2(c)所披露者,本集團已採納香 港財務報告準則第16號租賃、COVID-19 相關租金減免(修訂本),並已將修訂本所 引入的可行權宜方法應用於本集團於期內 取得的所有合資格租金減免。進一步詳情 披露於下文(i)。 During the year, additions to right-of-use assets were RMB2,901,000. This amount is all the capitalised lease payments payable under new tenancy agreements.

Details of total cash outflow for leases and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are set out in notes 23(d) and 26, respectively.

As disclosed in note 2(c), the Group has adopted the Amendment to HKFRS 16, Leases, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions, and applies the practical expedient introduced by the Amendment to all eligible rent concessions received by the Group during the period. Further details are disclosed in (i) below.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

(i)

- 13 投資物業(續)
- (c) 使用權資產 (續)
- (i) 租賃作自用的其他物業
 - 本集團已透過租賃協議取得使用其他物業 經營酒店的權利。租賃的初始期限通常為 8至15年。租賃付款一般每1至3年便會增 加,以反映市場租金。

部分租賃可選擇於合約期限結束後重續額 外租期。在可行情況下,本集團力求採用 本集團可行使的續租選擇權,以提供運營 靈活性。本集團於租賃開始日期評估行使 續租選擇權之決定是否合理。倘本集團無 法合理確定行使續租選擇權,則續租期間 的未來租賃付款不計入租賃負債的計量。 該等未來租賃付款的潛在風險概述如下:

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(c) Right-of-use assets (Continued)

Other properties leased for own use

The Group has obtained the right to use other properties through tenancy agreements to operate hotels. The leases typically run for an initial period of 8 to 15 years. Lease payments are usually increased every 1 to 3 years to reflect market rentals.

Some leases include an option to renew the lease for an additional period after the end of the contract term. Where practicable, the Group seeks to include such extension options exercisable by the Group to provide operational flexibility. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. If the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise the extension options, the future lease payments during the extension periods are not included in the measurement of lease liabilities. The potential exposure to these future lease payments is summarised below:

> 並無計入租賃負債的 續和選擇權 個下 潛 五

已確認的租賃負債

			(已貼現)		素來租賃付款(未貼現)		
				Potential f	uture lease		
				payments under extensior			
			options not includ				
		Lease liabilit	Lease liabilities recognised		lease liabilities		
		(disco	(discounted)		ounted)		
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零二零年	二零一九年		
		2020	2019	2020	2019		
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元		
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000		
經營酒店	Operate hotels	56,300	59,066	75,858	82,308		

於二零二零年,在為抑制COVID-19疫情 傳播而採取嚴厲的社交距離及出遊限制措 施期間,本集團以固定付款享有折讓的形 式獲得租金減免。年內固定租賃付款金額 為人民幣5,545,000元(二零一九年:零)。

During 2020 the Group received rent concessions in the form of a discount on fixed payments during the period of severe social distancing and travel restriction measures introduced to contain the spread of COVID-19. The amount of fixed lease payments for the year is RMB 5,545,000 (2019: nil).

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

13 投資物業(續)

(d) 投資物業

本集團根據經營租賃出租投資物業。租賃 通常初步為期1至10年。租賃付款通常每 1至4年增加一次,以反映市場租金。

於報告日期,本集團於未來期間應收的不 可撤銷經營租賃項下的未折現租賃付款如 下:

13 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (Continued)

(d) Investment properties

The Group leases out investment property under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 10 years. Lease payments are usually increased every 1 to 4 years to reflect market rentals.

Undiscounted lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in place at the reporting date will be receivable by the Group in future periods as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
1年內	Within 1 year	190,860	168,769
1年後但5年內	After 1 year but within 5 years	280,543	219,729
5年後	After 5 years	41,039	43,237
		512,442	431,735

14 於附屬公司之投資

下表僅載列主要對本集團於二零二零年 十二月三十一日的業績、資產或負債造成 影響的附屬公司詳情。除非另有所指外, 所持股份類別為普通股。

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group as at 31 December 2020. The class of shares held is ordinary unless otherwise stated.

			擁有權權益佔比					
				Proportio	on of ownership	interest		
			已發行及繳足股本	本集團	本公司	附屬公司		
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	及債務證券詳情	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務	
			Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held		
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a		
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities	
金輪翡翠有限公司	英屬處女群島(「英屬 處女群島」)	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股	
Golden Wheel Jade Company Limited	British Virgin Islands	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding	
	("BVI")	company						

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

					種有權權益佔比		
				-	on of ownership		
			已發行及繳足股本	本集團	本公司	附屬公司	
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	及債務證券詳情	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務
			Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held	
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a	
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities
金輪明珠有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
Golden Wheel Pearl Company Limited	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
		company					
金輪鑽石有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	_	投資控股
Golden Wheel Diamond Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪寶石有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	_	投資控股
Golden Wheel Jewel Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪水晶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
Golden Wheel Crystal Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪琥珀有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
Golden Wheel Amber Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪碧壐有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
Golden Wheel Tourmaline Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪奧寶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
Golden Wheel Opal Company Limited	BVI	Limited liability company	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
金輪紅寶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	_	投資控股
Golden Wheel Ruby Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	_	Investment holding
Limited		company					0

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14	於附屬公司之投	資(續)	14	INVESTMENTS	S IN SUE	BSIDIAI	RIES (Con	ntinued)
					挣	褲有權權益佔比	Ł	
					Proportio	on of ownership	o interest	
	公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	已發行及繳足股本 及債務證券詳情	本集團 實際權益	本公司 所持有	附屬公司 所持有	主要業務
				Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held	
		Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a	
	Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities
	金輪綠寶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	_	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Emerald Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	_	Investment holding
	Limited		company					
	金輪藍寶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Sapphie Company Limited	BVI	Limited liability company	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
	金輪翠玉有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Jasper Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
	Limited		company					
	金輪翠寶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Treasure Company Limited	BVI	Limited liability company	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
	金輪鑽寶有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Trinity Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
	Limited		company					
	金輪琺瑯有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Enamel Company Limited	BVI	Limited liability company	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
	金輪琉璃有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Liuli Company Limited	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
			company					
	金輪明翠有限公司	英屬處女群島	有限責任公司	1美元	100%	100%	-	投資控股
	Golden Wheel Bright Jade Company	BVI	Limited liability	US\$1	100%	100%	-	Investment holding
	Limited		company					

於附屬公司之投資(續)

14

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14

INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued) 擁有權權益佔比 Proportion of ownership interest 已發行及繳足股本 附屬公司 本集團 本公司 公司名稱 註冊成立及營業地點 業務結構形式 及債務證券詳情 實際權益 所持有 所持有 主要業務 Held Held Particulars of issued Group's Place of incorporation Form of business and paid-up capital effective by the by a Name of company and business structure and debt securities interest Company subsidiary Principal activities 勝年有限公司 英屬處女群島 有限責任公司 100美元 投資控股 100% 100% US\$100 Winning Year Company Limited BVI Limited liability 100% 100% Investment holding company 投資控股 金輪珍寶有限公司 英屬處女群島 有限責任公司 1美元 100% 100% US\$1 Golden Wheel Jumbo Company BVI Limited liability 100% 100% Investment holding Limited company 金輪國際投資有限公司 香港 有限責任公司 100.000.000港元 投資控股 100% 100% Golden Wheel International HK\$100,000,000 100% Hong Kong Limited liability 100% Investment holding Investment Limited company 金輪國際興業有限公司 投資控股 香港 有限責任公司 48,000,000港元 100% 100% HK\$48,000,000 Golden Wheel International Hong Kong Limited liability 100% 100% Investment holding Corporation Limited company 金輪國際創建有限公司 香港 有限責任公司 投資控股 30,000,000港元 100% 100% Golden Wheel International Creation Hong Kong Limited liability HK\$30,000,000 100% 100% Investment holding Company Limited company 金輪國際創富有限公司 香港 有限責任公司 30,000,000港元 投資控股 100% 100% Golden Wheel International Capital HK\$30,000,000 Investment holding Hong Kong Limited liability 100% 100% Company Limited company 金輪國際創億有限公司 有限責任公司 香港 10,000,000港元 100% 投資控股 100% Golden Wheel International Billion Hong Kong Limited liability HK\$10,000,000 100% 100% Investment holding Limited company 金輪國際創發有限公司 香港 投資控股 有限責任公司 10,000,000港元 100% 100% Golden Wheel International Wealth HK\$10,000,000 100% Hong Kong Limited liability 100% Investment holding Limited company

224 金翰天地控股有限公司 GOLDEN WHEEL TIANDI HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

					重有權權益佔比		
					on of ownership		
从司友孫	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	已發行及繳足股本 及債務證券詳情	本集團 實際權益	本公司 所持有	附屬公司	十冊業效
公司名稱	社 而 成 <u>工</u> 及 宮 耒 地 勳	未份缸悟ル八	及頂筋超分矸頂 Particulars of issued		別行有 Held	所持有 Held	主要業務
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	Group's effective	by the		
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	by a subsidiary	Principal activities
Name of company	and Dusiness	structure	and debt securities	merest	Company	subsidiary	i incipai activities
	- T 311						Itt Ver Liv me
金輪國際創進有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Trend Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
金輪國際創績有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Success	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪國際創輝有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	_	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Glory	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	_	100%	Investment holding
Company Limited	0 - 0	company					0
金輪國際創意有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Idea Company Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability company	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
company Emitted		company					
金輪國際創新有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Innovation Company Limited		company					
金輪國際創豐有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Harvest	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪國際創佳有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	_	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Merit	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Limited		company					
金輪國際創揚有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	_	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Inherit	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Company Limited		company					

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

					〔有權權益佔比		
				-	n of ownership	interest	
			已發行及繳足股本	本集團	本公司	附屬公司	
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	及債務證券詳情	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務
			Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held	
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a	
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities
金輪國際創智有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	_	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Wisdom	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	_	100%	Investment holding
Company Limited	Tiong Kong	company	111,000,000	10070		10070	investment notening
金輪國際創優有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	10,000,000港元	100%	-	100%	投資控股
Golden Wheel International Excellent	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$10,000,000	100%	-	100%	Investment holding
Limited		company					
貳發有限公司	香港	有限責任公司	1港元	100%	_	100%	房地產開發
Success Seeker Limited	Hong Kong	Limited liability	HK\$1	100%	_	100%	Property development
		company					1 / 1
南京翡翠金輪置業有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	14,950,000美元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發及物業租賃
Nanjing Jade Golden Wheel Realty	the PRC	Sino-foreign joint venture	US\$14,950,000	100%	-	100%	Property development and
Company Limited *							property leasing
株洲金輪房地產開發有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	13,200,000美元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發及物業租賃
Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Real Estate	the PRC	Wholly-foreign invested	US\$13,200,000	100%	-	100%	Property development and
Development Co., Ltd.*		enterprise					property leasing
揚州金輪房地產開發有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	13,000,000美元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發
Yangzhou Golden Wheel Real Estate	the PRC	Sino-foreign joint venture	US\$13,000,000	100%	-	100%	Property development
Development Co., Ltd.*							
株洲金輪商業管理有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣500,000元	100%	_	100%	房地產業務管理
Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Business	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB500,000	100%	-	100%	Property operation
Management Co., Ltd.*		company					
南京金輪房地產開發有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	6,130,000美元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發及物業租賃
Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate	the PRC	Wholly-foreign invested	U\$\$6,130,000	100%	-	100%	Property development and
Development Co., Ltd.*		enterprise					property leasing

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

					有權權益佔比		
			ㅋㅎ/~ㅋゅ니.	-	n of ownership		
ハコムが	沙田中プユ教術門副	兆 改 仕 排 武 上	已發行及繳足股本	本集團	本公司	附屬公司	小 平 米 水
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	及債務證券詳情	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務
			Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held	
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a	
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities
南京明珠金輪置業有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	2,000,000美元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發及酒店營運
Nanjing Pearl Golden Wheel Realty	the PRC	Wholly-foreign invested	US\$2,000,000	100%	-	100%	Property development and
Co., Ltd.*		enterprise					hotel operation
南京捷運房地產投資有限責任公	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣280,000,000元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發
司							
Nanjing Metro Real Estate Investment	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB280,000,000	100%	-	100%	Property development
Co., Ltd.*		company					
南京水晶金輪置業有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	人民幣45,000,000元	100%	_	100%	房地產開發
Nanjing Crystal Golden Wheel Realty	the PRC	Wholly-foreign invested	RMB45,000,000	100%	-	100%	Property development
Co., Ltd.*		enterprise					
南京金輪商業管理股份有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	人民幣32,000,000元	100%	-	100%	物業租賃
Nanjing Golden Wheel Business	the PRC	Sino-foreign joint venture	RMB32,000,000	100%	-	100%	Property leasing
Management Co., Ltd.*							
長沙金輪星豪酒店有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣5,000,000元	100%		100%	酒店營運
Changsha Golden Wheel Xinghao	て 🖾 the PRC	國內有限員社公司 Domestic limited liability	RMB5,000,000 JL	100%	-	100%	
Hotel Co., Ltd.*	lie PRC	company	KMD),000,000	100%	-	100%	Hotel operation
110ter 60., Etc.		company					
南京藍寶金輪置業有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	人民幣330,000,000元	100%	-	100%	房地產開發
Nanjing Sapphie Golden Wheel Real	the PRC	Sino-foreign joint venture	RMB330,000,000	100%	_	100%	Property development
Estate Co., Ltd.*							
南京珍寶金輪置業有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	人民幣500,000,000元	88%	-	88%	房地產開發
Nanjing Jumbo Golden Wheel Realty	the PRC	Sino-foreign joint venture	RMB500,000,000	88%	-	88%	Property development
Company Limited*							

Company Limited*

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

			擁有權權益佔比 Proportion of ownership interest				
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	已發行及繳足股本及債務證券詳情	本集團 實際權益	本公司 所持有	附屬公司 所持有	主要業務
Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Form of business structure	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital and debt securities	Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activities
南京紅寶金輪置業有限公司 Nanjing Ruby Golden Wheel Real Estate Co., Ltd.*	中國 the PRC	中外合資企業 Sino-foreign joint venture	人民幣452,000,000元 RMB452,000,000	100% 100%	-	100% 100%	房地產開發 Property development
無錫市益眾房地產開發有限公司 Wuxi Yizhong Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.*	中國 the PRC	外商獨資企業 Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	人民幣 230,000,000元 RMB230,000,000	100% 100%	-	100% 100%	房地產開發 Property development
南京碧璽商業管理有限公司 Nanjing Tourmaline Business Management Company Limited*	中國 the PRC	外商獨資企業 Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	人民幣5,000,000元 RMB5,000,000	100% 100%	-	100% 100%	房地產業務管理 Property operation
揚州蘇房投置業有限公司(附註1) Yangzhou Sufangtou Real Estate Co., Ltd.* (Note 1)	中國 the PRC	國內有限責任公司 Domestic limited liability company	人民幣20,000,000元 RMB20,000,000	32.64% 32.64%	-	32.64% 32.64%	房地產開發 Property development
揚州市經濟技術開發區金輪星悦	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣15,000,000元	100%	-	100%	酒店營運
酒店管理有限公司 Yangzhou Economic & Technological Development Zone Golden Wheel Sing Yuet Hotel Management	the PRC	Domestic limited liability company	RMB15,000,000	100%	-	100%	Hotel operation
Co., Ltd.* 長沙翡翠金輪置業有限公司 Changsha Jade Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited*	中國 the PRC	外商獨資企業 Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	5,000,000美元 USD5,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	房地產開發 Property development

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

					有權權益佔比		
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	已發行及繳足股本 及債務證券詳情	本集團 實際權益	n of ownership 本公司 所持有	附屬公司 所持有	主要業務
Name of company	Place of incorporation and business	Form of business structure	Particulars of issued and paid-up capital and debt securities	Group's effective interest	Held by the Company	Held by a subsidiary	Principal activities
無錫金輪房地產開發有限公司 Wuxi Golden Wheel Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.*	中國 the PRC	外商獨資企業 Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	6,000,000美元 USD6,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	房地產開發及物業租賃 Property development and property leasing
南京金輪創輝商業管理有限公司 Nanjing Chuanghui Golden Business management Co., Ltd.*	中國 the PRC	外商獨資企業 Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	2,000,000美元 USD2,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	投資控股 Investment Holding
金輪商業管理控股有限公司 Golden Wheel Commercial Management Holdings Limited	香港 Hong Kong	有限責任公司 Limited liability company	1港元 HK\$1	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	房地產業務管理 Property operation
株洲翡翠金輪置業有限公司 Zhuzhou Jade Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited*	中國 the PRC	外商獨資企業 Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	人民幣400,000,000元 RMB400,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	房地產開發 Property development
無錫金輪創輝商業管理有限公司 Wuxi Chuanghui Golden Business	中國 the PRC	國內有限責任公司 Domestic limited liability	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	物業租賃 Property leasing
Management Co., Ltd.* 南京金輪星致酒店有限公司 Nanjing Golden Wheel Xingzhi Hotel Co., Ltd.*	中國 the PRC	company 國內有限責任公司 Domestic limited liability company	人民幣5,000,000元 RMB5,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	酒店營運 Hotel operation
南京星豪裝飾工程有限公司 Nanjing Xinghao Decoration Engineering Co., Ltd.*	中國 the PRC	ompany 國內有限責任公司 Domestic limited liability company	人民幣1,000,000元 RMB1,000,000	100.00% 100.00%	-	100.00% 100.00%	物業裝修 Property decoration

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

					種權權益佔比		
			已發行及繳足股本	本集團	n of ownership 本公司	附屬公司	
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	及債務證券詳情	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務
			Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held	
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a	
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities
南京綠寶金輪置業有限公司	中國	中外合資企業	人民幣651,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	房地產開發
Nanjing Emerald Golden Wheel Real	the PRC	Sino-foreign joint venture	RMB651,000,000	100.00%	-	100.00%	Property development
Estate Co., Ltd.*							
南京金輪酒店管理有限公司	中國	外商獨資企業	2,000,000美元	100.00%	-	100.00%	投資控股
Nanjing Golden Wheel Hotel	the PRC	Wholly-foreign invested	USD2,000,000	100.00%	-	100.00%	Investment Holding
Management Co., Ltd.*		enterprise					
無錫翡翠金輪置業有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣20,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	房地產開發
Wuxi Jade Golden Wheel Realty	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB20,000,000	100.00%	-	100.00%	Property development
Company Limited*		company					
無錫地鐵商業發展有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣30,000,000元	60.00%	-	60.00%	物業租賃
Wuxi Metro Business Development Company Limited*	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB30,000,000	60.00%	-	60.00%	Property leasing
Company Emitted		company					
南京金輪興達商業管理有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣12,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	物業租賃
Nanjing Golden Wheel Xingda	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB12,000,000	100.00%	-	100.00%	Property leasing
Business Management Co., Ltd.*		company					
揚州經濟技術開發區瑞祥商業管	中國	外商獨資企業	16,000,000.00美元	100.00%	-	100.00%	投資控股
理有限公司							
Yangzhou Economic & Technological	the PRC	Wholly-foreign invested	USD16,000,000.00	100.00%	-	100.00%	Investment Holding
Development Zone Ruixiang		enterprise					
Business Management Co., Ltd.*							
南京金藝商業管理有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣6,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	物業租賃
Nanjing Jinyi Business Management	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB6,000,000	100.00%	-	100.00%	Property leasing
Co., Ltd.*		company					

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

14 於附屬公司之投資(續)

14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (Continued)

			擁有權權益佔比				
				Proportio	on of ownership	interest	
			已發行及繳足股本	本集團	本公司	附屬公司	
公司名稱	註冊成立及營業地點	業務結構形式	及債務證券詳情	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務
			Particulars of issued	Group's	Held	Held	
	Place of incorporation	Form of business	and paid-up capital	effective	by the	by a	
Name of company	and business	structure	and debt securities	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activities
南京金輪星豪酒店有限公司	中國	國內有限責任公司	人民幣2,000,000元	100.00%	-	100.00%	酒店管理
Nanjing Golden Wheel Xinghao	the PRC	Domestic limited liability	RMB2,000,000	100.00%	-	100.00%	Hotel operation
Hotel Co., Ltd.*		company					
* 上述公司的英文翻譯僅供參考。該等公司 * The English translation of the above companies are for reference only. Their official names are in Chinese.							

附註1:該實體根據投資協議入賬列為附屬公司, 該實體董事會可指導實體的相關活動。由 於本集團可委任該實體董事會中半數以上 的董事,因此本集團董事認為本集團能夠 對該實體行使控制權。 Note 1: The entity is accounted for as a subsidiary as in accordance with the investment agreement. The board of directors of the entity can direct the relevant activities of the entity. Since the Group is able to appoint more than half of the directors in the board of the entity, the directors of the Group consider that the Group is able to exercise control to the entity.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

15 於聯營公司的權益

15 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES

下表僅載列重大聯營公司的詳情,其均為 於二零二零年十二月三十一日並無市場報 價的非上市公司實體: The following list contains only the particulars of material associates, all of which are unlisted corporate entities whose quoted market price is not available as at 31 December 2020:

				扬	重有權權益佔比	5	
				Proportio	on of ownership	interest	
				本集團	本公司	附屬公司	
聯營公司名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立及營業地點	註冊資本	實際權益	所持有	所持有	主要業務
				Group's	Held	Held	
	Form of business	Place of incorporation		effective	by the	by a	
Name of associate	structure	and business	Registered capital (人民幣) (RMB)	interest	Company	subsidiary	Principal activity
南京名寓置業有限公司 (「南京名 寓」)	國內有限責任公司	中國	730百萬元	33%	-	33%	房地產開發(附註1)
Nanjing Mingyu Real Estate Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Mingyu")*	Domestic limited liability company	The PRC	730 million	33%	-	33%	Property development (Note 1)
南京鋭昱房地產開發有限公司 (「南京鋭昱」)	國內有限責任公司	中國	20百萬元	25%	-	25%	房地產開發(附註2)
Nanjing Ruiyu Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Ruiyu")*	Domestic limited liability company	The PRC	20 million	25%	-	25%	Property development (Note 2)
常州市沛淩房地產開發有限公司 (「常州沛淩」)	中外合資企業	中國	750百萬元	13.33%	-	13.33%	房地產開發(附註3)
Changzhou Peiling Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Changzhou Peiling")*	Sino-foreign joint venture	The PRC	750 million	13.33%	-	13.33%	Property development (Note 3)
江蘇房投城市發展股份有限公司 (「江蘇房投」)	國內有限責任公司	中國	1,000百萬元	18%	-	18%	投資控股(附註4)
Jiangsu Realty Investment Urban Development Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu Fangtou")*	Domestic limited liability company	The PRC	1,000 million	18%	-	18%	Investment holding (Note 4)

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

15 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

				扬	重有權權益佔比	1	
聯營公司名稱	業務架構形式	註冊成立及營業地點	註冊資本	Proportio 本集團 實際權益	on of ownership 本公司 所持有	interest 附屬公司 所持有	主要業務
97 F A 3 F II			нт In ¥ Л.	Group's	Held	Held	
Name of associate	Form of business structure	Place of incorporation and business	Registered capital (人民幣) (RMB)	effective interest	by the Company	by a subsidiary	Principal activity
連雲港蘇房投置業有限公司 (「連雲港蘇房投」)	國內有限責任公司	中國	50百萬元	10%	-	10%	房地產開發(附註5)
Lianyungang Sufangtou Realty Investment Co., Ltd. ("Lianyungang Sufangtou")*	Domestic limited liability company	The PRC	50 million	10%	-	10%	Property development (Note 5)
江蘇尚好置業有限公司 (「江蘇尚好」)	國內有限責任公司	中國	20百萬元	37%	-	37%	房地產開發(附註6)
Jiangsu Shanghao Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Jiangsu Shanghao")*	Domestic limited liability company	The PRC	20 million	37%	-	37%	Property development (Note 6)
揚州九和置業有限公司 (「揚州九和」)	國內有限責任公司	中國	20百萬元	49%	-	49%	房地產開發(附註7)
Yangzhou Jiuhe Real Estate Development Co., Ltd.	Domestic limited liability company	The PRC	20 million	49%	-	49%	Property development (Note 7)
("Yangzhou Jiuhe")*							

* 上述公司的英文名稱僅供參考。彼等的中 文名稱乃正式名稱。

The English translation of the above companies are for reference only. Their official names are in Chinese.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

- 附註1:於二零一七年一月,本集團與另外兩名 獨立第三方共同成立南京名寓,向其注 資人民幣240,900,000元並持有33%股權。 南京名寓為於中國成立的有限責任公司, 從事房地產開發業務。於二零一九年, 南京名寓於中國南京開始交付物業。於 二零二零年,南京名寓由本集團擁有。 於二零二零年十月二十九日,本集團於 中國註冊成立的全資附屬公司南京金輪 創輝商業管理有限公司與在中國成立的 一家第三方合夥企業訂立股份轉讓協議, 並出售了本集團於中國註冊成立的聯營 公司南京名寓的33%股權,代價為人民 幣279,300,000元。出售聯營公司權益產 生的虧損為人民幣62,170,000元。
- 附註2:於二零一七年十月,本集團與另外三名 獨立第三方共同成立南京銳昱,向其注 資人民幣5,000,000元並持有25%股權。 南京銳昱為於中國成立的有限責任公司, 從事房地產開發業務。於二零一九年, 南京銳昱於中國南京開始交付物業。
- 附註3:於二零一七年十二月,本集團與另外兩 名獨立第三方共同成立常州沛裬,向其 注資人民幣100,000,000元並持有13.33% 股權。本集團亦於常州沛凌董事會中委 任一名董事,因此,本集團董事認為本 集團對常州沛凌有重大影響力。常州沛 凌為於中國成立的有限責任公司,從事 房地產開發業務。於二零二零年,常州 沛淩已於常州完成其房地產發展項目, 並於二零二零年開始交付該項目。
- 附註4:於二零一九年九月,本集團與另外五名 獨立第三方成立江蘇房投,本集團向其 注資人民幣18,000,000元並持有18%股 權。本集團有權於江蘇房投的董事會中 委任一名董事,因此,本集團董事認為 本集團對江蘇房投有重大影響力。江蘇 房投為一間於中國成立的有限責任公司, 從事房地產投資。於二零一九年,江蘇 房投於中國揚州投資房地產開發項目。 於二零二零年,江蘇房投已投資中國南 京的一個房地產開發項目及中國連雲港 的2個房地產開發項目。

15 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

- Note 1: In January 2017, Nanjing Mingyu was established by the Group and other two independent third parties, among which the Group injected capital contribution of RMB240,900,000 and has a 33% equity interest. Nanjing Mingyu is a limited liability company established in PRC and engaged in property development. In 2019, Nanjing Mingyu has commenced delivery of properties in Nanjing, PRC. In 2020, Nanjing Mingyu has was by the Group. On 29 October 2020, Nanjing Golden Wheel Glory Commercial Management Co., Ltd., the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary incorporated in the PRC, entered into a share transfer agreement with a third party partnership established in the PRC, and disposed 33% equity interest of the Group's associate incorporated in the PRC, Nanjing Mingyu, at a consideration of RMB279,300,000. The losses on this disposal of interest in associates is RMB62,170,000.
- Note 2: In October 2017, Nanjing Ruiyu was established by the Group and other three independent third parties, among which the Group injected capital contribution of RMB5,000,000 and has a 25% equity interest. Nanjing Ruiyu is a limited liability company established in PRC and engaged in property development. In 2019, Nanjing Ruiyu commenced delivery of project in Nanjing, PRC.
- Note 3: In December 2017, Changzhou Peiling was established by the Group and other two independent third parties, among which the Group injected capital contribution of RMB100,000,000 and has a 13.33% equity interest. The Group is able to appoint a director in the board of directors of Changzhou Peiling and therefore the directors of the Group consider that the Group has significant influence over Changzhou Peiling. Changzhou Peiling is a limited liability company established in PRC and engaged in property development. In 2020, Changzhou Peiling has completed the construction of its property development project in Changzhou and commenced delivery of project in 2020.
- Note 4: In September 2019, Jiangsu Fangtou was established by the Group and other five independent third parties, among which the Group injected capital contribution of RMB18,000,000 and has a 18% equity interest. The Group is able to appoint a director in the board of directors of Jiangsu Fangtou and therefore the directors of the Group consider that the Group has significant influence over Jiangsu Fangtou. Jiangsu Fangtou is a limited liability company established in PRC and engaged in property investment. In 2019, Jiangsu Fangtou has invested a property development project in Yangzhou, PRC. In 2020, Jiangsu Fangtou has invested a property development project in Nanjing, PRC, and 2 properties development projects in Lianyungang, PRC.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

- 附註5:於二零二零年八月,本集團與其他四名 獨立第三方成立連雲港蘇房投,其中本 集團注資人民幣5,900,000元及擁有10% 股權。本集團能夠於連雲港蘇房投的董 事會委任一名董事,故本集團董事認為 本集團對連雲港蘇房投擁有重大影響。 連雲港蘇房投為於中國成立的有限責任 公司,從事於房地產開發業務。於二零 二零年,連雲港蘇房投投資了中國連雲 港的一個房地產開發項目。
- 附註6:於二零二零年四月,本集團與另一名其 他獨立第三方成立江蘇尚好。本集團注 資人民幣8,900,000元及擁有49%股權。 本集團的股權於二零二零年六月變動為 51%。此後,本集團的實體權益變動為 37%。江蘇尚好投資了中國連雲港的一個 房地產開發項目。
- 附註7: 揚州九和於二零二零年二月成立。本 集團於二零二零年九月以代價人民幣 31,064,000元收購其49%股權。揚州九和 為一家於中國成立的有限責任公司,從 事房地產開發業務。於二零二零年,揚 州九和投資了中國揚州的一個房地產開 發項目。

上述所有聯營公司使用權益法計入綜合財 務報表。

15 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

- Note 5: In August 2020, Lianyungang Sufangtou was established by the Group and other four independent third parties, among which the Group injected capital contribution of RMB5,900,000 and has a 10% equity interest. The Group is able to appoint a director in the board of directors of Lianyungang Sufangtou and therefore the directors of the Group consider that the Group has significant influence over Lianyungang Sufangtou. Lianyungang Sufangtou is a limited liability company established in PRC and engaged in property development. In 2020, Lianyungang Sufangtou has invested a property development project in Lianyungang, PRC.
- Note 6: Jiangsu Shanghao was established by the Group and the other third party in April 2020. The Group injected capital contribution of RMB8,900,000 and has a 49% equity interest. The Group's equity interests changed to 51% in June 2020. Afterwards, the Group changes the entity interests to 37%. Jiangsu Shanghao has invested a property development project in Lianyungang, PRC.
- Note 7: Yangzhou Jiuhe was established in February 2020. The Group acquired the 49% interest in September 2020 at a consideration of RMB31,064,000. Yangzhou Jiuhe is a limited liability company established in PRC and engaged in property development. In 2020, Yangzhou Jiuhe has invested a property development project in Yangzhou, PRC.

All of the above associates are accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

15 INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

已就會計政策的任何差異作出調整之重大 聯營公司的財務資料概要與綜合財務報表 內的賬面值的對賬披露如下: Summarised financial information of the material associates, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and reconciled to the carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

		常州	沛淩
		Changzho	ou Peiling
		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
聯營公司賬面總值	Gross amounts of the associate's		
流動資產	Current assets	1,196,605	2,398,201
非流動資產	Non-current assets	220	6,168
流動負債	Current liabilities	(278,109)	(1,691,614)
權益	Equity	(918,716)	(712,755)
收益	Revenue	1,729,004	_
持續經營溢利/(虧損)	Profit/(losses) from continuing operations	205,961	(7,867)
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	-	_
全面收益/(虧損)總額	Total comprehensive income/(loss)	205,961	(7,867)
與本集團於聯營公司 的權益對賬	Reconciled to the Group's interests in the associate		
聯營公司資產淨值的賬面總值	Gross amounts of net assets of the associate	918,716	712,755
本集團實際權益	Group's effective interest	13.33%	13.33%
本集團應佔聯營公司的資產淨值	Group's share of net assets of the associate	122,495	95,034
綜合財務報表之賬面值	Carrying amount in the consolidated		
	financial statements	122,495	95,034
	mancial statements	122,477	77,074

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

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INTERESTS IN ASSOCIATES (Continued)

15 於聯營公司的權益(續)

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
綜合財務報表內個別非重大聯營公	Aggregate carrying amount of individually		
司的賬面總值	immaterial associates in the consolidated		
	financial statements	81,738	121,922
本集團應佔該等聯營公司的總額	Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of those		
持續經營(虧損)/溢利	associates' (Loss)/profit from continuing operations	(12 215)	1,123
不可持續經營虧損	Loss from discontinued operations	(12,215) (62,170)	1,125
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	-	_
全面(虧損)/收益總額	Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(74,385)	1,123

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個別非重大聯營公司的匯總資料:

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益

以下乃本集團於二零二零年十二月三十一 日於合營企業的權益詳情,該等權益使用 權益法計入綜合財務報表內:

16 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

Details of the Group's interest in joint ventures 31 December 2020, which is accounted for using the equity method in the consolidated financial statements, are as follows:

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				擁	有權權益佔比		
合營企業名稱 Name of joint venture	業務結構形式 Form of business structure	註冊成立及營業地點 Place of incorporation and business	註冊資本 Registered capital	Proportio 本集團 實際權益 Group's effective interest	n of ownership 本公司 所持有 Held by the Company	nterest 附屬公司 所持有 Held by a subsidiary	主要業務 Principal activity
寶龍金輪珊瑚有限公司 (「寶龍金輪珊瑚」)(附註1) Powerlong Golden Where Coral	有限責任公司 Limited liability	英屬處女群島 (「英屬處女群島」) British Virgin Islands	50,000美元 US\$50 thousand	49% 49%	49% 49%	-	投資控股 Investment holding
Company Limited ("Powerlong Golden Wheel Coral")* (Note 1) 寶龍金輪國際創譽有限公司	company 有限責任公司	("BVI") 香港	10百萬港元	49%		49%	投資控股
(附註 1) Powerlong Golden Wheel International Famous Limited	Limited liability company	Hong Kong	HK\$10 million	49%	-	49%	Investment holding
("Powerlong Golden Wheel Famous")* (Note 1) 揚州金輪寶龍置業有限公司	外商獨資企業	中國	61百萬美元	400		60%	房地產開發
(附註1)		中國 the PRC		49%	-	49%	
Yangzhou Golden Wheel Powerlong Realty Co., Ltd. ("Yangzhou Golden Wheel Powerlong Realty")* (Note 1)	Wholly-foreign invested enterprise	the PKC	US\$61 million	49%	_	49%	Property development
揚州嘉世威建設發展有限公司 (「揚州嘉世威」)(附註2)	國內有限責任公司	中國	人民幣140百萬元	20%	-	20%	房地產開發
Yangzhou Jiashiwei Construction Development Limited ("Yangzhou Jiashiwei")* (Note 2)	Domestic limited liability company	the PRC	RMB140 million	20%	_	20%	Property development

* 上述公司的英文名稱僅供參考。彼等的中 文名稱乃正式名稱。

The English translation of the above companies are for reference only. Their official names are in Chinese.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益(續)

附註1:於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團持有寶龍金輪珊瑚的 49%股本投資,而寶龍金輪珊瑚持有寶 龍金輪創譽的全部權益,而寶龍金輪創 譽持有揚州金輪寶龍置業的全部股權(統 稱為「珊瑚集團」)。

> 根據合營企業協議,珊瑚集團由本集團 及另一訂約方共同控制,因為影響其參 與珊瑚集團業務回報之相關活動需要本 集團及共同持有控制權的另一訂約方之 一致同意。因此,珊瑚集團乃入賬列為 本集團之合營企業。

附註2:於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日,本集團持有揚州嘉世威20% 的股權。根據合營企業協議,揚州嘉世 威由本集團及其他訂約方共同控制,因 為影響其參與揚州嘉世威業務回報之相 關活動需要本集團及共同持有控制權的 其他訂約方之一致同意。因此,揚州嘉 世威乃入賬列為本集團之合營企業。

16 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Note 1: At 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group holds 49% of the equity investments of Powerlong Golden Wheel Coral, which holds 100% interests in Powerlong Golden Wheel Famous and which in turn holds 100% equity interests in Yangzhou Golden Wheel Powerlong Realty (collectively referred to as the "Coral Group").

> Under the joint venture agreement, the Coral Group is jointly controlled by the Group and the other party because the relevant activity affecting its returns from its involvement with the Coral Group requires the unanimous consent of the Group and other party sharing the control. Therefore the Coral Group is accounted for as a joint venture of the Group.

Note 2: At 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group holds 20% of the equity interests of Yangzhou Jiashiwei. Under the joint venture agreement, Yangzhou Jiashiwei is jointly controlled by the Group and other parties because the relevant activity affecting its returns from its involvement with the Yangzhou Jiashiwei requires the unanimous consent of the Group and other parties sharing the control. Therefore, Yangzhou Jiashiwei is accounted for as a joint venture of the Group.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益(續)

已就會計政策的任何差異作出調整之珊瑚 集團的財務資料概要與綜合財務報表內賬 面值之對賬披露如下:

16 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

Summarised financial information of Coral Group, adjusted for any differences in accounting policies, and a reconciliation to the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed below:

		二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
珊瑚集團總值	Gross amounts of Coral Group		
流動資產	Current assets	709,712	596,738
非流動資產	Non-current assets	683,908	721,940
流動負債	Current liabilities	(307,812)	(252,507)
非流動負債	Non-current liabilities	(293,220)	(278,220)
權益	Equity	(792,588)	(787,951)
上述資產及負債包括:	Included in the above assets and liabilities:		
現金及現金等價物	Cash and cash equivalents	5,483	14,514
流動金融負債(不包括貿易及其他	Current financial liabilities (excluding trade and		
應付款項以及撥備)	other payables and provisions)	(4,120)	(3,303)
非流動金融負債(不包括貿易及其	Non-current financial liabilities (excluding trade		
他應付款項以及撥備)	and other payables and provisions)	(205,000)	(220,000)
业关	D	01.0((20.000
收益	Revenue	91,966	39,202
持續經營業務溢利	Profit from continuing operations	4,637	16,082
年內溢利	Profit for the year	4,637	16,082
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income	4,637	16,082
上述溢利包括:	Included in the above profit:		
折舊及攤銷	Depreciation and amortisation	_	720
利息收入	Interest income	120	197
與本集團於珊瑚集團的權益對賬	Reconciled to the Group's interest in Coral Group		
珊瑚集團資產淨值總額	Gross amounts of Coral Group net assets	792,588	787,951
本集團實際權益	Group's effective interest	49%	49%
本集團應佔珊瑚集團的資產淨值	Group's share of Coral Group net assets	388,368	386,096
	* 1		
本集團權益賬面值	Carrying amount of the Group's interests	388,368	386,096

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

16 於合營企業的權益(續)

16 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES (Continued)

個別非重大合營企業的匯總資料:

Aggregate information of joint ventures that are not individually material:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
综合財務報表內個別非重大合營企	Aggregate carrying amount of individually		
業的賬面總值	immaterial joint venture in the consolidated		
	financial statements	24,696	33,135
本集團應佔該等合營企業以下	Aggregate amounts of the Group's share of the		
項目總額	joint venture's		
持續經營業務虧損	Loss from continuing operations	(1,167)	(1,810)
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income	-	_
全面收益總額	Total comprehensive income	(1,167)	(1,810)

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

17 其他金融資產

17 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
按公平值計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets measured at FVTPL		
一持作買賣	– Held-for-trading	39,966	5,525
一非上市股本證券(附註)	– Unlisted equity securities (Note)	192,440	203,144
一其他	– Others	93,255	10,760
按公平值計入其他全面收益的	Financial assets measured at FVTOCI		
金融資產		3,834	7,763
		329,495	227,192
減:流動資產項下一年內到期款項	Less: Amounts due within one year shown under		
	current assets	(39,966)	(5,525)
非流動資產款項	Amounts shown under non-current assets	289,529	221,667

附註:非上市股本證券指廈門國際銀行股份有限 公司(「廈門國際銀行」)的股權,該銀行為 一間於中國成立的持牌商業銀行,主要從 事銀行業務、零售銀行及融資業務。賬面 值於報告期末按公平值計量。於報告期末, 總賬面值人民幣192,440,000元(二零一九 年:人民幣203,144,000元)已抵押予銀行, 以為本集團獲授的若干銀行融資作擔保。

18 開發中待售物業

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團之 開發中待售物業位於中國。所有開發中待 售物業乃按成本與可變現淨值之較低者 列賬。於報告期末,本集團賬面值約人民 幣2,742,114,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 2,997,061,000元)之若干開發中待售物業 已抵押予銀行,以為本集團獲授之若干銀 行融資作擔保。 Note: The unlisted equity securities represent an equity interests in Xiamen International Bank Co., Ltd. ("XIB"), a licensed commercial bank established in the PRC and is principally engaged in the banking business, retail banking and funding business. The carrying amount is measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period. At the end of reporting period, total carrying amount of RMB 192,440,000 (2019: RMB203,144,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

18 PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT FOR SALE

At 31 December 2020, the Group's properties under development for sale are situated in the PRC. All of the properties under development for sales are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. At the end of reporting period, certain of the Group's properties under development for sale with a carrying amount of approximately RMB2,742,114,000 (2019: RMB2,997,061,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

19 已竣工待售物業

合約資產

20

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,本集團已 竣工待售物業位於中國及香港。所有已竣 工待售物業乃按成本與可變現淨值之較低 者列賬。於報告期末,本集團賬面值約人 民幣1,251,619,000元(二零一九年:人民 幣508,245,000元)之若干已竣工待售物業 已抵押予銀行,以為本集團獲授之若干銀 行融資作擔保。

19 COMPLETED PROPERTIES FOR SALE

At 31 December 2020, the Group's completed properties for sale are situated in the PRC and Hong Kong. All completed properties for sales are stated at the lower of cost and net realizable value. At the end of reporting period, certain of the Group's completed properties for sale with a carrying amount of approximately RMB1,251,619,000 (2019:RMB508,245,000) were pledged to banks to secure certain banking facilities granted to the Group.

20 CONTRACT ASSETS

			二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
2	獲得合約的增量成本	Incremental costs to obtain contracts	15,205	6,473

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日資本化之合約成本與支付予銷售僱員及 房地產代理(彼等的銷售活動促使客戶就 本集團於報告日期仍在建的物業訂立買 賣協議)的增量銷售佣金有關。合約成本 於相關物業銷售收益確認之期間在綜合 損益表確認為銷售及營銷開支的一部分。 於年內在損益確認之資本化成本金額為 人民幣15,205,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 6,473,000元)。年內概無有關資本化成本 期初結餘或資本化成本的減值。

Contract costs capitalised as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 relate to the incremental sales commissions paid to sales employees and property agents whose selling activities resulted in customers entering into sale and purchase agreements for the Group's properties which are still under construction at the reporting date. Contract costs are recognised as part of selling and marketing expenses in the consolidated statement of profit or loss in the period in which revenue from the related property sales is recognised. The amount of capitalised costs recognised in profit or loss during the year was RMB15,205,000 (2019: RMB6,473,000). There was no impairment in relation to the opening balance of capitalised costs or the costs capitalised during the year.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

21 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易應收款項主要包括銷售物業的若干代 價以及自置投資物業及分租物業的應收租 金。銷售物業之代價須根據相關買賣協議 條款收取。租金一般會預先收取。然而, 可能會酌情授予若干客戶較長的信貸期。

21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables mainly comprises certain consideration for sale of properties and rental receivable in respect of self-owned investment properties and subleased properties. Consideration in respect of sale of properties is receivable in accordance with the terms of related sale and purchase agreements. Rentals are usually received in advance. However, longer credit periods might grant to certain customers on a discretions basis.

			二零二零年	二零一九年
			2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易應收款項	Trade receivables		77,996	169,141
應收聯營公司及合營	Amount due from associates and joint			
企業款項	ventures	(i)	110,427	45,065
其他應收款項	Other debtors		253,914	94,852
減:信貸虧損準備	Less: Allowance for credit losses		(27,714)	(27,714)
按攤銷成本計量的金融資產	Financial assets measured at amortised cost		414,623	281,344
給予承包商的墊款	Advances to contractors	(i)	12,023	19,933
其他預付税項	Other taxes prepaid	(ii)	108,297	47,496
			534,943	348,773

附註	:	Notes	:
(i)	給予聯營公司、合營企業及承包商的墊款 為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。	(i)	The advances to associates, joint ventures and contractors are unsecured, interest- free and repayable on demand.
(ii)	其他預付税項包括銷售物業產生的中國應 收增值税。	(ii)	Included in other taxes prepaid are value added tax receivables in PRC arising from the sales of property.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

21 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

賬齡分析

截至報告期末,基於物業交付日/服務提 供日呈列的貿易應收款項(扣除信貸虧損 撥備)的賬齡分析如下:

21 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Ageing analysis

As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade receivables net of allowance for credit losses presented based on the date of delivery of properties/date of rendering of services, is as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
30天內	Within 30 days	69,510	166,297
31至60天	31 to 60 days	6,709	1,711
61至180天	61 to 180 days	1,777	1,133
		77,996	169,141

所有其他貿易及其他應收款項預期於一年 內收回或確認為開支。 All of the other trade and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

有關本集團信貸政策及貿易債權人及應收 款項所產生的信貸風險載於附註32(a)。 Further details on the Group's credit policy and credit risk arising from trade debtors and bills receivable are set out in note 32(a).

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

22 受限制銀行存款

22 RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS

			二零二零年	二零一九年
			2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
其他受限制存款	Other restricted deposits	(i)	257,138	197,510
就客戶獲授的擔保	Deposits pledged for guarantees grantee	l to		
抵押的存款	customers	(ii)	13,957	10,349
就銀行貸款抵押的存款	Deposits pledged for bank loans	(iii)	293,098	566,500
			564,193	774,359
分析如下:	Analysed as:			
流動	Current		383,182	604,359
非流動	Non-current		181,011	170,000
			564,193	774,359

附註:

- 該等款項指存置於中國若干銀行的人民幣 銀行存款及僅可用於本集團於中國的若干 房地產開發項目。受限制銀行存款將於物 業項目獲得竣工證後解除。
- (ii) 該等款項指抵押予銀行作為本集團客戶獲 銀行授予若干按揭貸款的抵押品的人民幣 銀行存款。受限制銀行存款在銀行收到客 戶向銀行提交相關物業的房屋所有權證 作為授出按揭貸款的抵押品後將會解除。 本公司董事認為,房屋所有權證將於未來 十二個月授出。
- (iii) 該等款項指抵押予銀行作為若干銀行借款 的抵押品的人民幣銀行存款。

Notes:

- (i) The amounts represent bank deposits in RMB placed with certain banks in the PRC and the usage of which are restricted to certain of the Group's property development projects in the PRC. The restricted bank deposits will be released when the property projects obtain the certification of the completion.
- (ii) The amounts represent bank deposits in RMB pledged to banks as security for certain mortgage loans granted by the banks to the Group's customers. The restricted bank deposits will be released upon receiving the building ownership certificate of the respective properties by the banks from the customers as a pledge for security to the mortgage loans granted. In the opinion of the directors of the Company, the building ownership certificates will be granted within the next twelve months.
- (iii) The amounts represent bank deposits in RMB pledged to banks as security for certain bank borrowings.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

22 受限制銀行存款(續)

22 **RESTRICTED BANK DEPOSITS** (Continued)

	受限制銀行存款的固定利率如下:	The restricted bank deposits carry fixed interest rates as follows:				
			二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000		
	年利率範圍	Range of interest rate per annum	0.3%-3.575%	0.3%-3.575%		
23	現金及其他現金流量資料	23 CASH AND OTHER C.	ASH FLOW INFO	ORMATION		
(a)	現金由以下組成:	(a) Cash comprise:				
			二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000		
	手頭現金 銀行現金	Cash on hand Cash at bank	1,605 847,515	1,068 978,140		
	總計	Total	849,120	979,208		

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

23 現金及其他現金流量資料(續) 23 CASH AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(Continued)

(b) 除税前溢利與經營所得現金之對賬:

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	附註 Note	二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000 126,766	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000 452,875
對以下各項作出調整:	Adjustments for:			
投資物業公平值變動	Changes in fair value of investment			
	properties	13(a)	(91,971)	(171,958)
按公平值計入損益的金融資	Changes in fair value of financial assets			
產公平值變動	measured at FVTPL	5(b)	(368)	(32,548)
按公平值計入其他全面收益	Impairment loss of financial assets			
的金融資產減值虧損	measured at FVTOCI		3,930	2,287
物業、廠房及設備折舊	Depreciation of property, plant and		26 (00	21.044
財務成本	equipment	6(c)	36,680	31,044
財務成平 按公平值計入損益的金融資	Finance costs Dividend income from financial assets	6(a)	233,545	186,273
按公十值訂入損益的並融員 產的股息收入	measured at FVTPL	5()	(()(7)	(5.0(0))
握的成忘收入 銀行存款利息收入		5(a)	(6,267)	(5,968)
金融資產利息收入	Interest income from banks deposits Interest income from financial assets	5(a)	(31,503)	(18,035)
金融員產利息收入 出售按公平值計入損益的金			(878)	(2,077)
山 告 按 公 十 值 前 八 損 益 的 並 融 資 產 收 益	Gain on disposal of financial assets measured at FVTPL	5(a)	(2.05())	(2,570)
出售附屬公司收益	Gain on disposal of a subsidiary	5(a) 5(b)	(2,956)	(3,579)
睛回優先票據的(收益)/	(Gain)/losses on repurchase of senior)(D)	-	(63,918)
虧損	notes	5(b)	(36,970)	20,236
應佔聯營公司的虧損/(溢利)	Share of losses/(profits) of associates	15	46,930	(105,050)
應佔合營企業的溢利	Share of profits of joint ventures	15	(1,105)	(105,050) (6,070)
以股本結算股份支付款	Equity-settled share-based payment	10	(1,10))	(0,070)
項開支	expenses		229	229
匯兑(收益)/虧損	Foreign exchange (gain)/losses		(231,650)	85,999
	2 orong in exchange (Sump, 1000eo		(251,090)	0,,,,,

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

23 現金及其他現金流量資料 (續) 23 CASH AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION

(Continued)

(b) 除税前溢利與經營所得現金之對賬:

(b) Reconciliation of profit before taxation to cash generated from operations:

			二零二零年	二零一九年
		744	2020	2019 1 日始了一
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
the very three 1. the of 1				
營運資本變動:	Changes in working capital:			
開發中待售物業增加	Increase in properties under development			
	for sale		(96,553)	(354,684)
已竣工待售物業增加	Increase in completed properties for sale		(758,010)	(531,435)
貿易及其他應收款項減少/	Decrease/(Increase) in trade and other			
(增加)	receivables		316,617	(63,773)
貿易及其他應付款項增加	Increase in trade and other payables		265,789	540,009
合約負債增加	Increase in contract liabilities		910,532	479,567
合約資產增加	Increase in contract assets		(8,732)	(4,680)
預收租金增加/(減少)	Increase/(decrease) in rental received in			
	advance		13,861	(13,519)
受限制銀行存款增加	Increase in restricted bank deposits		(63,236)	(118,501)
經營所得現金	Cash generated from operations		624,680	302,724

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

23 現金及其他現金流量資料(續)

(c) 融資活動之負債對賬

下表詳列本集團融資活動之負債變動,包 括現金及非現金變動。融資活動產生之負 債乃指其現金流量或未來現金流量於本集 團綜合現金流量表中分類為或將分類為融 資活動現金流量之負債。

23 CASH AND OTHER CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

(c) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are liabilities for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement as cash flows from financing activities.

		銀行貸款	應付利息	優先票據	應付聯營公司及 合營企業款項 Amount due to	租賃負債	總額
		Bank loans <i>人民幣千元 RMB 000</i> (附註 27) (note 27)	Interest payables 人民幣千元 RMB'000	Senior notes 人民幣千元 RMB 000 (附註 28) (note 28)	associates and joint ventures 人民幣千元 RMB 000 (附註 24) (note 24)	Lease liabilities 人民幣千元 RMB000 (附註26) (note26)	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
於二零一九年十二月三十一日及 二零二零年一月一日	At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020	3,741,793	100,426	2,686,511	438,859	292,467	7,260,056
融資現金流量變動:	Changes from financing cash flows:						
新銀行費款所得款項 償還公公員合營企業整款 向時付租金有益率部分 已已發售賃租金資本息部分 已是發行優先票據應佔開支款項	Proceeds from new bank loans Repayment of bank loans Advances from associates and joint ventures Repayments to associates and joint ventures Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Proceeds from issue of senior notes Payment of expense attributable to issue of	468,748 (1,274,181) _ _ _	-	2,561,986		(22,008) (16,530)	468,748 (1,274,181) 53,584 (31,000) (22,008) (16,530) 2,561,986
購回優先票據 已付利息	senior notes Repurchase of senior note Interest paid	- -	- (476,418)	(34,006) (1,790,411) –			(34,006) (1,790,411) (476,418)
融資現金流量變動總額	Total changes from financing cash flows	(805,433)	(476,418)	737,569	22,584	(38,538)	(560,236)
匯兑調整 其他變動:	Exchange adjustments Other changes:	(141,732)	-	(185,014)	.	-	(326,746)
因年內訂立新租貨導致租 賃負債增加 利息開支(附註6a)) 終止及修改租約 贖回優先票據收益(附註5(b)) 應付一間聯營公司款項減少 分期償還優先票據及銀行貸款	Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the year Interest expenses (note 6(a)) Termination and modification of lease Gain on redemption of senior notes (note 5(b)) Decrease of amounts due to an associate Amortization of senior notes and bank loan	199,010 - - (182,132)	- - - 571,585	487,480 (36,970) - (384,691)	- - - (201,300) -	2,902 16,530 (12,311) - -	2,902 703,020 (12,311) (36,970) (201,300) 4,762
其他變動總額 	Total other changes	16,878	571,585	65,819	(201,300)	7,121	460,103
於二零二零年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2020	2,811,506	195,593	3,304,885	260,143	261,050	6,833,177

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

23	現金及其他現金	金流量資料(續)		CASH AND	OTHER C	ASH FLOW	/ INFORM	MATION
(c)	融資活動之負債	對賬 (續)	(c) R	econciliation	of liabilities	arising from	financing a	ctivities
			(C	Continued)				
			銀行貸款	款 應付利息	優先票據	應付聯營公司及 合營企業款項 Amount due to associates and	租賃負債	總額
			Bank loar <i>人民幣千5.</i> <i>RMB'00</i> (附註 27 (note 27)	元 人民幣千元 10 RMB'000 7)	Senior notes 人 <i>民幣千元 RMB'000</i> (附註 28) (note 28)	joint ventures <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i> (附註 24) (note 24)	Lease liabilities 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註26) (note 26)	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
	於二零一八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2018	2,529,26	75,206	3,326,739	311,905	-	6,243,113
	初始採納國際財務報告準則 第16號的影響	Impact on initial application of IFRS 16			_	-	291,689	291,689
	於二零一九年一月一日	At 1 January 2019	2,529,26	63 75,206	3,326,739	311,905	291,689	6,534,802
	融資現金流量變動:	Changes from financing cash flows:						
	新銀石行賞行賞款所得款項 償還銀石可及合香企業塾款 向聯營公員及合香企業塾表 已付租賃租金資本部分 已付租賃租金利得款項 發行優先票據應佔開支款項	Proceeds from new bank loans Repayment of bank loans Advances from associates and joint ventures Repayments to associates and joint ventures Capital element of lease rentals paid Interest element of lease rentals paid Proceeds from issue of senior notes Payment of expense attributable to issue of senior	2,902,58 (1,722,92		- - - 1,224,475	- 165,045 (38,091) - -	(24,118) (18,547)	2,902,580 (1,722,920) 165,045 (38,091) (24,118) (18,547) 1,224,475
	時回優先票據 償還優先票據本金 已付利息	notes Repurchase of senior note Repayment of principal of senior notes Interest paid		 	(18,014) (1,018,394) (966,344) –	- - -	- - -	(18,014) (1,018,394) (966,344) (387,250)
	融資現金流量變動總額	Total changes from financing cash flows	1,179,66	(387,250)	(778,277)	126,954	(42,665)	98,422
	匯兑調整	Exchange adjustments	28,70)8	49,189			77,897
	其他變動:	Other changes:						
	因年內訂立新租賃導致租賃 負債增加 利息開支(附註6(a)) 贖回優先票據虧損(附註5(b)) 分期償還優先票據及銀行貸款	Increase in lease liabilities from entering into new leases during the year Interest expenses (note 6(a)) Loss on redemption of senior notes (note 5(b)) Amortization of senior notes and	165,18	 17 -	- 320,069 20,236	- -	24,896 18,547	24,896 503,803 20,236
	川 前 貝 逐 度 儿 示 豚 及 虾 门 貝 朳	Amortization of senior notes and bank loan	(161,02	412,470	(251,445)	-	-	-
	其他變動總額	Total other changes	4,16	62 412,470	88,860		43,443	548,935
	於二零一九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2019	3,741,79	100,426	2,686,511	438,859	292,467	7,260,056
(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

23	現金及其他現金流量資料(續)	23	CASH AND OTHER C. (Continued)	ASH FLOW IN	FORMATION
(d)	租賃現金流出總額	(d)	Total cash outflow for lease	:S	
				二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元
		Within operatin		RMB'000	RMB'000
	融資現金流量	Within financin	g cash flows	38,538	42,665
	該等金額與下列金額有關:		These amounts relate to the follow		42,007
				二零二零年 2020 人民幣千元	二零一九年 2019 人民幣千元

Lease rentals paid

RMB'000

38,538

RMB'000

42,665

已付租賃租金

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

24 貿易及其他應付款項

24 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

			二零二零年	二零一九年
			2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
貿易應付款項	Trade payables		1,260,938	886,378
其他應付款項	Other payables		654,058	483,621
應付聯營公司及合營企業款項	Amounts due to associates and joint			
	ventures	(i)	260,143	438,859
			2,175,139	1,808,858

附註:

Note:

(i)

(i) 應付聯營公司及合營企業款項為無抵押、免息及須按要求償還。

Amounts due to associates and joint ventures are unsecured, interest-free and repayment on demand.

於報告期末,基於發票日呈列的貿易應付 款項的賬齡分析如下: As of the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade payables presented based on the invoice date, is as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
180天內	Within 180 days	1,175,729	823,867
181至365天	181 to 365 days	114	22,714
1年以上	Over 1 year	85,095	39,797
貿易應付款項總額	Total trade payables	1,260,938	886,378

25 合約負債

25 CONTRACT LIABILITIES

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
預售物業收取的按金	Deposits and prepayments received from pre-sale		
及預付款項	of properties	1,881,711	971,179

於本集團與客戶訂立買賣協議時,本集團 收取部分合約價值作為客戶按金。該等按 金確認為合約負債,直至物業完工及依法 轉讓予客戶。代價的餘下部分通常在合法 轉讓完成時支付。然而,本集團或會根據 市況在標示銷售價上給予客戶折讓,但前 提是客戶同意在施工期間而非在合法轉讓 時提前支付餘款。有關墊款計劃產生的合 約負債於餘下物業建築期間按合約價格全 數確認。此外,合約負債將因本集團應計 的利息開支而增加,以反映於支付日期至 合法轉讓完成日期期間自客戶獲得的任何 融資利益影響。由於該等應計費用使合約 負債金額於建築期間增加,因此於已竣工 物業控制權轉讓至客戶時增加了已確認收 益金額。

The Group receives part of the contract value as a deposit from customers when they sign the sale and purchase agreements. These deposits are recognised as a contract liability until the properties are completed and legally assigned to the customers. The rest of the consideration is typically paid when legal assignment is completed. However, depending on market conditions, the Group may offer customers a discount compared to the listed sales price, provided that the customers agree to pay the balance of the consideration early while construction is still ongoing, rather than on legal assignment. Such advance payment schemes result in contract liabilities being recognised throughout the remaining property construction period for the full amount of the contract price. In addition, the contract liabilities will be increased by the amount of interest expense being accrued by the Group to reflect the effect of any financing benefit obtained from the customers during the period between the payment date and the completion date of legal assignment. As this accrual increases the amount of the contract liability during the period of construction, it therefore increases the amount of revenue recognised when control of the completed property is transferred to the customer.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

25 合約負債(續)

25 CONTRACT LIABILITIES (Continued)

年內,合約負債變動如下:

Movements in contract liabilities during the year are as follows:

	二零二零年	二零一九年
	2020	2019
	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
	RMB'000	RMB'000
Balance at 1 January	971,179	491,612
Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of		
recognising revenue during the year that		
was included in the contract liabilities at the		
beginning of the period	(1,144,467)	(491,612)
Increase in contract liabilities as a result of		
billing in advance of pre-sales activities	2,054,999	971,179
Balance at 31 December	1,881,711	971,179
	Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the period Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of pre-sales activities	2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000 Balance at 1 January 971,179 Decrease in contract liabilities as a result of recognising revenue during the year that was included in the contract liabilities at the beginning of the period Increase in contract liabilities as a result of billing in advance of pre-sales activities

從預售物業所收取的預售按金及預付款項 金額預期於一年內確認為收入。

The amount of forward sales deposits and prepayments received from pre-sale of property is expected to be recognised as income within one year.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

26 租賃負債

下表載列本集團於當前及過往報告期末及 過渡至國際財務報告準則第16號日期的 租賃負債餘下合約到期情況:

26 LEASE LIABILITIES

The following table shows the remaining contractual maturities of the Group's lease liabilities at the end of the current and previous reporting periods and at the date of transition to IFRS 16:

		於二零二零年十二月三十一日 於二零			二零二零年一月一日	
		At 31 Dece	ember 2020	At 1 Janua	January 2020	
		最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	最低租賃	
		付款現值	付款總額	付款現值	付項總額	
		Present value	Total	Present value	Total	
		of the minimum	minimum	of the minimum	minimum	
		lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	lease payments	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
一年內	Within 1 year	45,862	47,372	43,298	44,798	
一年後但兩年內	After 1 year but within 2 years	45,121	49,803	44,015	52,482	
兩年後但五年內	After 2 years but within 5 years	113,284	140,160	121,888	147,641	
五年後	After 5 years	56,783	86,816	83,266	129,064	
		215,188	276,779	249,169	329,187	
		261,050	324,151	292,467	373,985	
減:未來利息開支	Less: total future interest expenses					
總額			(63,101)		(81,518)	
				-	(0-;,-0)	
租賃負債現值	Present value of lease liabilities		261,050		292,467	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

27 銀行貸款

27 BANK LOANS

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,須償還銀 行貸款情況如下: At 31 December 2020, the bank loans were repayable as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
一年內或按要求償還	Within 1 year or on demand	1,831,855	2,393,017
一年後但兩年內	After 1 year but within 2 years	601,848	483,150
兩年後但五年內	After 2 years but within 5 years	377,803	865,626
		979,651	1,348,776
		2,811,506	3,741,793

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,銀行貸款 擔保情況如下:

At 31 December 2020, the bank loans were secured as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
抵押	Secured	2,718,866	3,658,836
無抵押	Unsecured	92,640	82,957
		2,811,506	3,741,793

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

27 銀行貸款(續)

27 BANK LOANS (Continued)

於各報告期末,本集團為獲取銀行融資向 銀行抵押以下資產:

At the end of respective reporting periods, the following assets were pledged to banks to secure banking facilities granted to the Group:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
物業、廠房及設備	Property, plant and equipment	59,388	6,956
投資物業	Investment properties	3,102,778	3,865,200
按公平值計入損益的金融資產	Financial assets measured at FVTPL	192,440	203,144
開發中待售物業	Properties under development for sale	2,742,114	2,997,061
已竣工待售物業	Completed properties for sale	1,251,619	508,245
受限制銀行存款	Restricted bank deposits	293,098	566,500
		7,641,437	8,147,106

本集團所有銀行貸款須達成有關本集團若 干資產負債表比率的契諾後方可作實。倘 本集團違反契諾,則須於要求時償還已動 用的貸款。本集團定期監察對該等契諾的 遵守情況。有關本集團管理流動資金風險 的進一步詳情載於附註32(b)。 All of the Group's banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to certain of the Group's balance sheet ratios. If the Group were to breach the covenants the drawn down facilities would become payable on demand. The Group regularly monitors its compliance with these covenants. Further details of the Group's management of liquidity risk are set out in note 32(b).

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

28 優先票據

28 SENIOR NOTES

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於一月一日	As at 1 January	2,686,511	3,326,739
年內發行所得款項淨額	Net proceeds from issuing during the year	2,527,980	1,206,461
年內利息	Interest for the year	487,480	320,069
年內已付/應付利息	Interest paid/payable for the year	(384,691)	(251,445)
年內匯兑(收益)/虧損	Exchange (gain)/loss for the year	(185,014)	49,189
購回優先票據	Senior notes repurchase	(1,827,381)	(998,158)
償還本金	Repayment of principal	-	(966,344)
於十二月三十一日	As at 31 December	3,304,885	2,686,511
減:列為流動負債	Less: shown as current liabilities	(1,221,429)	(185,149)
列為非流動負債	Shown as non-current liabilities	2,083,456	2,501,362

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

28 優先票據(續)

於二零一六年十一月三日,本公司按面值 發行本金總額100,000,000美元的優先票 據(「第四批優先票據」)。第四批優先票據 以美元計值,並於新加坡證券交易所有限 公司上市。第四批優先票據按票面年利率 8.25%計息,每半年於期後支付,除非提 早贖回或購回,否則將於二零一九年十一 月三日到期。發行第四批優先票據旨在為 現有債務再融資,及為新物業項目提供 資金及作一般公司用途。於二零一八年, 本集團購回金額為12,000,000美元之優先 票據。於二零一九年,本公司償還金額為 88,000,000美元之優先票據。

於二零一七年四月二十五日,本公司進一 步於新加坡證券交易所有限公司發行本金 總額200,000,000美元的第四批優先票據額 外優先票據(「第四批優先票據額外票據」)。 第四批優先票據額外票據按票面年利率 8.25%計息,每半年於期後支付,除非提 早贖回或購回,否則將於二零一九年十一 月三日到期。第四批優先票據額外票據的 發售價為本金額的101.237%。第四批優先 票據額外票據的其他條款與第四批優先票 據相同。第四批優先票據額外票據的詳情 載於本公司日期為二零一七年四月十一日 的公告內。於二零一九年,本公司購回及 償還金額為200,000,000美元之優先票據。

於二零一八年一月十一日,本公司按面值 發行本金總額200,000,000美元的優先票據 (「第五批優先票據」)。第五批優先票據以 美元計值,並於新加坡證券交易所有限公 司上市。第五批優先票據按票面年利率7% 計息,每半年於期後支付,除非提早贖回 或購回,否則將於二零二一年一月十八日 到期。發行第五批優先票據旨在為現有債 務再融資,及為新物業項目提供資金及作 一般公司用途。

28 SENIOR NOTES (Continued)

On 3 November 2016, the Company issued at par senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$100,000,000 (the "Fourth Senior Notes"). The Fourth Senior Notes are US\$ denominated and listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The Fourth Senior Notes carry interest at a nominal rate of 8.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and matured on 3 November 2019, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. The purpose of the Fourth Senior Notes is to refinance existing indebtedness, and to fund new property projects and for general corporate purposes. During 2018, the Company repurchased US\$12,000,000 of the senior notes. During 2019, the Company repaid US\$88,000,000 of the senior notes.

On 25 April 2017, the Company further issued additional senior notes of the Fourth Senior Notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$200,000,000 (the "Additional Notes of the Fourth Senior Notes") listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The Additional Notes of the Fourth Senior Notes carry interest at a nominal rate of 8.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and will mature on 3 November 2019, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. The offering price of the Additional Notes of the Fourth Senior Notes was 101.237% of the principal amount. The other terms of the Additional Notes of the Fourth Senior Notes are same to the Fourth Senior Notes. Details of the Additional Notes of the Fourth Senior Notes are set out in the Company's announcement dated 11 April 2017. During 2019, the Company repurchased and repaid US\$200,000,000 of the senior notes.

On 11 January 2018, the Company issued at par senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$200,000,000 (the "Fifth Senior Notes"). The Fifth Senior Notes are US\$ denominated and listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The Fifth Senior Notes carry interest at a nominal rate of 7% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and will mature on 18 January 2021, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. The purpose of the Fifth Senior Notes is to refinance existing indebtedness, and to fund new property projects and for general corporate purposes.

28 優先票據(續)

於二零一九年二月二十五日,本公司進一 步於新加坡證券交易所有限公司發行本金 總額160,000,000美元的第五批優先票據額 外優先票據(「第五批優先票據額外票據」)。 第五批優先票據額外票據的發售價為本金 額的89.024%。第五批優先票據額外票據 的其他條款與第五批優先票據相同。第五 批優先票據額外票據的詳情載於本公司日 期為二零一九年二月二十五日的公告內。

於二零一九年九月二十日,本集團進一步 於新加坡證券交易所有限公司發行本金總 額40,000,000美元的第五批優先票據額外 優先票據(「第五批優先票據第二批額外票 據」)。第五批優先票據第二批額外票據的 發售價為本金額的91.04433%。第五批優 先票據第二批額外票據的其他條款與第五 批優先票據相同。第五批優先票據額外票 據的詳情載於本公司日期為二零一九年九 月二十日的公告內。

於二零二零年一月六日,本公司按面值發 行本金總額200,000,000美元的優先票據 (「第六批優先票據」),於香港交易及結 算所有限公司及新加坡證券交易所有限 公司上市。第六批優先票據按票面年利率 12.95%計息,每半年於期後支付,除非提 前贖回或購回,否則將於二零二二年三月 十四日到期。第六批優先票據額外票據的 發售價為本金額的99.943%。發行第六批 優先票據旨在為現有債務再融資,及為新 物業項目提供資金及作一般公司用途。第 六批優先票據的詳情載於本公司日期為二 零二零年一月六日的公告內。

28 SENIOR NOTES (Continued)

On 25 February 2019, the Company further issued additional senior notes of the Fifth Senior Notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$160,000,000 (the "Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes") listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The offering price of the Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes was 89.024% of the principal amount. The other terms of the Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes are same to the Fifth Senior Notes. Details of the Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes are set out in the Company's announcement dated 25 February 2019.

On 20 September 2019, the Group further issued additional senior notes of the Fifth Senior Notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$40,000,000 (the "Second Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes") listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The offering price of the Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes was 91.04433% of the principal amount. The other terms of the Second Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes are same to the Fifth Senior Notes. Details of the Additional Notes of the Fifth Senior Notes are set out in the Company's announcement dated 20 September 2019.

On 6 January 2020, the Company issued at par senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$200,000,000 (the "Sixth Senior Notes") listed on the Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Singapore Exchange Limited. The Sixth Senior Notes carry interest at a nominal rate of 12.95% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and will mature on 14 March 2022, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. The offering price of the Additional Notes of the Sixth Senior Notes was 99.943 % of the principal amount. The purpose of the Sixth Senior Notes is to refinance existing indebtedness, and to fund new property projects and for general corporate purposes. Details of the Sixth Senior Notes are set out in the Company's announcement dated 6 January 2020.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

28 優先票據(續)

於二零二零年七月九日,本公司按面值發 行本金總額170,000,000美元的優先票據 (「第七批優先票據」),於新加坡證券交 易所有限公司上市。第七批優先票據按票 面年利率14.25%計息,每半年於期後支 付,除非提前贖回或購回,否則將於二零 二三年一月九日到期,除非提早贖回或購 回。第七批優先票據的發售價為本金額的 100%。發行第七批優先票據旨在為現有 **債務再融資**,及為新物業項目提供資金及 作一般公司用途。各票據持有人有權於二 零二二年一月十日(「沽售結算日」)選擇要 求本公司現金購回所有該持有人的票據或 本金的任何部份,購回價將為是次購回票 據本金額的100%,另加直至沽售結算日(不 包括該日)的應計及未付利息。第七批優 先票據的詳情載於本公司日期為二零二零 年六月三十日的公告內。

29 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易

本公司於二零一二年十二月十日採納購股 權計劃(「購股權計劃」),本公司有權按每 批購股權1.00港元的代價向本公司或其任 何附屬公司或聯營公司的任何執行、非執 行或獨立非執行董事或任何僱員(無論全 職或兼職)或董事全權酌情認為已為或將 為本集團作出貢獻的任何其他人士(統稱 「參與者」)授出購股權,以認購本公司股 份,主要目的是激勵參與者。購股權計劃 由二零一二年十二月十日起計十年內有效。

28 SENIOR NOTES (Continued)

On 9 July 2020, the Company issued at par senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$170,000,000 (the "Seventh Senior Notes") listed on the Singapore Exchange Limited. The Seventh Senior Notes carry interest at a nominal rate of 14.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and will mature on 9 January 2023, unless earlier redeemed or repurchased. The offering price of the Seventh Senior Notes was 100% of the principal amount. The purpose of the Seventh Senior Notes is to refinance existing indebtedness, and to fund new property projects and for general corporate purposes. Each holder of the notes has the right, at such holder's option, to require the Company to repurchase for cash all of such holder's Notes, or any portion of the principal amount on 10 January 2022 (the "Put Settlement Date") at the repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding the Put Settlement Date. Details of the Seventh Senior Notes are set out in the Company's announcement dated 30 June 2020.

29 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

The Company has a share option scheme (the "Share Option Scheme") which was adopted on 10 December 2012 whereby the Company has the right to grant options to any executive, non-executive or independent non-executive directors or any employees (whether full-time or part-time) of the Company, or any of its subsidiaries or associated companies or any other person whom the Directors consider, in their sole discretion, has contributed or will contribute to the Group ("Participants") to subscribe for shares in the Company for a consideration of HK\$1.00 for each lot of share options granted for the primary purpose of providing incentives to the Participants. The Share Option Scheme will remain effective for a period of ten years commencing from 10 December 2012.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

29 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (續)

在未經本公司股東事先批准的情況下,根 據購股權計劃可能授出的購股權涉及的股 份總數,不得超過本公司於任何時點已發 行普通股的10%。在未經本公司股東事先 批准的情況下,於任何一年內已經及可能 向任何個別人士授出的購股權項下已發行 及將予發行的股份數目,不得超過本公司 於任何時點已發行普通股的1%。授予主 要股東或獨立非執行董事超出本公司股本 的0.1%或價值超過5百萬港元的購股權則 必須獲得本公司股東事先批准。

行使價由董事釐定,並不低於下述最高者: (i)本公司普通股於授出日期在香港聯交所 每日報價表所報的收市價;(ii)緊接授出日 期前五個營業日,本公司普通股在香港聯 交所每日報價表所報的平均收市價;及(iii) 本公司普通股的面值。

根據購股權計劃授出之購股權之所有持有 人,僅可按以下方式行使其購股權:

29 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The total number of shares in respect of which options may be granted under the Share Option Scheme is not permitted to exceed 10% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. The number of shares issued and to be issued in respect of which options granted and may be granted to any individual in any one year is not permitted to exceed 1% of the ordinary shares of the Company in issue at any point in time, without prior approval from the Company's shareholders. Options granted to a substantial shareholder or an independent non-executive director in excess of 0.1% of the Company's share capital or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the Company's shareholders.

The exercise price is determined by the Directors, and will not be less than the higher of (i) the closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of grant; (ii) the average closing price of the ordinary shares of the Company as stated in the Hong Kong Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant; and (iii) the nominal value of the ordinary shares of the Company.

All holders of options granted under the Share Option Scheme may only exercise their options in the following manner:

可行使購股權之 最高百分比	歸屬期	Maximum percentage of options exercisable	Vesting period
25% 購股權	授出日期一週年	25% of the options	Upon the first anniversary of the date of grant
額外25%購股權	授出日期二週年	Additional 25% of the options	Upon the second anniversary of the date of grant
額外25%購股權	授出日期三週年	Additional 25% of the options	Upon the third anniversary of the date of grant
額外25%購股權	授出日期四週年	Additional 25% of the options	Upon the fourth anniversary of the date of grant

除於要約授出購股權時本公司董事另有決 定及向參與者發出之要約函另有規定外, 並無設定承授人在行使購股權前須達致之 任何表現目標(「表現目標」)或持有一項購 股權之任何最短期間。 Unless otherwise determined by the directors and specified in the offer letter to be given to a Participant at the time of the offer of the option, there is neither any performance target that needs to be achieved by the grantee before an option can be exercised (the "Performance Target") nor any minimum period for which an option must be held before the option can be exercised.

29 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (續)

> 於二零一四年七月二十三日,本公司向若 干主要管理人員及僱員授出8,700,000份附 帶由本公司董事釐定的若干表現目標之購 股權(「二零一四年購股權」)如下:

- 倘緊接二零一四年購股權批次成為 已歸屬(「已歸屬批次」)之期間前財 政年度之經審核淨溢利為人民幣200 百萬元或以上,已歸屬批次部分將 成為完全可行使。
- 倘緊接已歸屬批次之期間前財政年度之經審核淨溢利高於零但不足人民幣200百萬元,則已歸屬批次部分將不可行使,並自動遞延至下個年度歸屬期,直至經審核淨溢利達到規定的人民幣200百萬元。
- 倘緊接已歸屬批次之期間前財政年 度之經審核淨溢利為負(即錄得經審 核虧損淨額),則已歸屬批次部分將 立即註銷。

29 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

On 23 July 2014, the Company granted 8,700,000 share options (the "2014 Options") to certain key management personnel and employees with certain Performance Target determined by the directors as follows:

- If the audited net profit of the fiscal year immediately preceding to the period when the tranche of the 2014 Options become vested (the "Vested Tranche") is RMB200 million or more, the portion of the Vested Tranche will be completely exercisable.
 - If the audited net profit of the fiscal year immediately preceding to the period when the Vested Tranche is more than zero but less than RMB200 million, the portion of the Vested Tranche will be not exercisable, and will be automatically deferred to the next year of vesting period and so forth until the audited net profit meets the required RMB200 million.
- If the audited net profit of the fiscal year immediately preceding to the period when the Vested Tranche is negative (i.e. audited net loss), the portion of the Vested Tranche will be cancelled immediately.

8.700.000

8,700,000

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

29 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (續)

29 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

下表披露截至二零二零年十二月三十一日 及二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度根據 購股權計劃授出之二零一四年購股權之變 動: The following tables disclosed movements of the 2014 Options granted under the Share Option Schemes during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019:

承授人姓名	Name of grantee	授出日期 Date of grant	行使期 Exercisable period	行使價 Exercise price	Outstanding as at 1 January 2020 & 1 January 2019	年內授出 Grant during the year	年內行使 Exercised during the year	年內沒收 Forfeited during the year	年內失效 Lapsed during the year	Outstanding as at 31 December 2020 & 31 December 2019
主要管理人員	Key management	23.7.2014 二零一四年 七月二十三日	23.7.2015-22.7.2024 二零一五年七月 二十三日至二零二四年 七月二十二日	HK\$1.00 1.00港元	2,800,000	-	-	-	-	2,800,000
量具	Employees	23.7.2014 二零一四年 七月二十三日	23.7.2015-22.7.2024 二零一五年七月 二十三日至二零二四年 七月二十二日	HK\$1.00 1.00港元	5,900,000	-	-	-	-	5,900,000
於二零一九年	Exercisable at 31			-						

成二零一九年 Exercisable at 31 十二月三十一日 December 2019 可行使

於二零二零年 Exercisable at 31 十二月三十一日 December 2020 可行使

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日,根據購股權計劃已授出及尚未行使的 購股權所涉及之股份數目為8,700,000股, 佔本公司於該日已發行股份總數的0.48%。

於截至二零二零年十二月三十一日及二零 一九年十二月三十一日止年度,本公司概 無根據購股權計劃授出、行使或註銷購股 權,亦無購股權失效。 At 31 December 2020 and 2019, the number of shares in respect of which options under the Share Option Schemes had been granted and remained outstanding was RMB8,700,000, representing 0.48% of the total shares of the Company in issue at that date.

During the years ended 31 December 2020 and 31 December 2019, no share options were granted, exercised or cancelled by the Company, and no share option were lapsed, under the Share Option Schemes.

29 以權益結算以股份為基礎的交易 (續)

二零一四年購股權的公平值乃於授出日期 採用(其中包括)柏力克-舒爾斯期權定價 模式,根據購股權的有關歸屬期按照在授 出日期基於董事的最佳估計的變量與假設 釐定。於授出日期授出購股權的估計公平 值總值為2,032,000港元(相當於約人民幣 1,603,000元)。於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,本公司就本公司授出之 購股權確認開支總額人民幣229,000元(二 零一九年:人民幣229,000元)。

29 EQUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

The fair value of the 2014 Options was determined at the date of grant using, among others, the Black-Scholes-Merton Option Pricing Model based on the respective vesting period of the share options in accordance with the variables and assumptions based on the Directors' best estimate upon the grant date. The total estimated fair value of the share options granted on the grant date was HK\$2,032,000 (equivalent to approximately RMB1,603,000). During the year ended 31 December 2020, the Company recognised total expenses of RMB229,000 (2019: RMB229,000) in relation to share options granted by the Company.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

30 綜合財務狀況表內的所得税

30 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

- (a) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:
- (i) 透延税項資產及負債各組成部分變動
 年內於綜合財務狀況表內確認的遞延税項
 (資產)/負債組成部分及變動如下:

(a) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

Movement of each component of deferred tax assets and liabilities The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

以下各項產生的		土地增值税	投資物業	就中國 附屬公司 未分配溢利 繳納的		其他應收	加速	源自收購 一間附屬公司 的物業、 廠房及設備	按公平值 計入損益的 金融資產			
遞延税項:	Deferred tax arising from:	差額	公平值變動	預扣税	税項虧損	款項撥備	税項折舊	公平值調整 Fair value	公平值變動	合約成本	租賃	總計
								adjustment				
				Withholding				on property,				
			c1 '	tax on				plant and	Changes in			
			Changes in fair value of	undistributed profits		Allowance	Accelerated	equipment arising from	fair value of financial			
		LAT	investment	of PRC	Tax	for other	tax	acquisition of	assets at	Contract		
		differences	properties	subsidiaries	losses	receivables	depreciation	a subsidiary	FVTPL	costs	Leases	Total
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
於二零一九年一月一日	At 1 January 2019	107,447	(1,092,118)	(44,248)	6,209	6,929	(3,286)	(34,970)	(3,901)	(449)	9,471	(1,048,916)
於損益內確認	Recognised in profit or loss	9,834	(28,466)	(2,474)	12,273	-	-	-	(8,136)	(1,169)	2,161	(15,977)
出售一間附屬公司	Disposal of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	3,286	34,970	-	-	-	38,256
於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零	At 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020											
年一月一日		117,281	(1,120,584)	(46,722)	18,482	6,929	-	-	(12,037)	(1,618)	11,632	(1,026,637)
於損益內確認	Recognised in profit or loss	(16,901)	(18,268)	2,680	(1,358)	-	-	-	3,277	(2,183)	2,584	(30,169)
於二零二零年十二月 日	At 31 December 2020	100,380	(1,138,852)	(44,042)	17,124	6,929	-	-	(8,760)	(3,801)	14,216	(1,056,806)

(i)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

综合財務狀況表內的所得税 30 (續)

30 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

- 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:(續) (a)
- (ii) 綜合財務狀況表的對賬

Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised: (Continued)

Reconciliation to the consolidated statement of financial position (ii)

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
於綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延税項	Net deferred tax asset recognised in the		
資產淨額	consolidated statement of financial position	143,629	154,324
於綜合財務狀況表確認的遞延税項	Net deferred tax liability recognised in the		
負債淨額	consolidated statement of financial position	(1,200,435)	(1,180,961)
		(1,056,806)	(1,026,637)

未確認遞延税項資產 (b)

根據附註2(t)所載的會計政策,本集團並 未確認累計税項虧損人民幣13.154.000元 (二零一九年:人民幣12,957,000元)的遞 延税項資產,因為相關税務司法權區及實 體不太可能有未來應課税溢利以沖抵有關 虧損。根據現行税法,中國附屬公司產生 的税項虧損將自有關虧損產生年度起計5 年內屆滿。

未確認遞延税項負債 (c)

根據企業所得税法,由二零零八年一月一 日開始,就二零零八年起所賺取的溢利宣 派並派付予在中國成立的公司的外國投資 者的股息須繳納10%預扣所得税。在香港 註冊成立的投資者將適用5%的優惠税率 (倘適用)。除上述已就中國附屬公司的未 分配溢利計提撥備的中國預扣所得税外, 於二零二零年十二月三十一日,並無就自 二零零八年一月一日來自中國附屬公司約 人民幣1,531百萬元(二零一九年:人民幣 1,363百萬元)的餘下保留溢利計提任何遞 延税項撥備,原因是本集團已將該等款項 撥作不可供分派用途,並可控制撥回暫時 差額的時間,且暫時差額在可預見將來很 可能不會撥回。

(b)

(a)

Deferred tax assets not recognised

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 2(t), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of cumulative tax losses of RMB13,154,000 (2019: RMB12,957,000) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses incurred by the subsidiary in the PRC will expire within 5 years from the year when such losses were incurred under current tax legislation.

(c) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised

Under the CIT Law, starting from 1 January 2008, 10% withholding income tax is imposed on dividends declared in respect of profits earned in year 2008 onwards and distributed to foreign investors for companies established in the PRC. For investors incorporated in Hong Kong, a preferential rate of 5% will be applied where appropriate. Other than the PRC withholding income tax provided in respect of undistributed profits of PRC subsidiaries as above, no deferred taxation has been provided for the remaining retained profits of approximately RMB 1,531 million as at 31 December 2020 (2019: RMB 1,363 million), which was derived from the PRC subsidiaries since 1 January 2008 as the Group has set aside such sum for non-distributable purpose, and is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

31 資本、儲備及股息

(a) 權益部分變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分的期初及期終 結餘之間的對賬載於綜合權益變動表。年 初至年結日之間本公司個別權益組成部分 的變動詳情載列如下:

31 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS

(a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below:

本公司

Company

			股本	股份溢價	特別儲備	購股權儲備 Share options	累計虧損 Accumulated	總計
		附註 Note	Share Capital <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i> (附註31(c))	Share premium <i>人民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i> (附註31(d)(i))	Special reserve 人民幣千元 RMB'000 (附註31(d)(ii))	reserve 人 <i>民幣千元</i> <i>RMB'000</i> (附註 29)	losses 人民幣千元 RMB ¹ 000	Total 人民幣千元 RMB'000
			(note 31(c))	(note 31(d)(i))	(note 31(d)(ii))	(note 29)		
於二零一九年一月一日 之結餘	Balance at 1 January 2019		113,099	476,143	319,707	1,093	(517,526)	392,516
二零一九年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2019:							
年內全面收益總額 上年度已宣派之股息	Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends declared in respect of the		-	-	-	-	(172,537)	(172,537)
以權益結算以股份為基礎	previous year Equity settled share-based transactions	31(b)(ii)	-	-	(30,120)	-	-	(30,120)
的交易		29	-	-	-	229	-	229
於二零一九年十二月 三十一日及二零二零年 一月一日之結餘	Balance at 31 December 2019 and 1 January 2020		113,099	476,143	289,587	1,322	(690,063)	190,088
二零二零年權益變動:	Changes in equity for 2020:							
年內全面收益總額 上年度已宣派之股息	Total comprehensive income for the year Dividends declared in respect of the		-	-	-	-	313,056	313,056
以權益結算以股份為基礎	previous year Equity settled share-based transactions	31(b)(ii)	-	-	(26,313)	-	-	(26,313)
的交易	2 July sected state based transactions	29	-	-	-	229	-	229
於二零二零年十二月 三十一日之結餘	Balance at 31 December 2020		113,099	476,143	263,274	1,551	(377,007)	477,060

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

年內應付本公司權益股東的股息:

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

31 資本、儲備及股息(續)

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(b) 股息

(i)

(i) Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company in respect of the year:

	二零二零年	二零一九年
	2020	201
	人民幣千元	人民幣千次
	RMB'000	RMB'00
已宣派及派付的中期股息為零 (二零 Interim dividend declared and paid is nil 一九年:每股零) (2019: nil per share)	_	
報告期末後建議的末期股息為每股 Final dividend proposed after the end 零(二零一九年:每股人民幣0.014 of the reporting period is nil per share		
元) (2019: RMB 0.014 per share)	-	25,83
	-	25,83

Dividends

31

(b)

(ii)

於報告期末,報告期末後建議的末期股息 未獲確認為負債。

The final dividend proposed after the end of the reporting period has not been recognised as a liability at the end of the reporting period.

(ii) 年內批准及派付的上一財政年度應付本公司權益股東的股息

Dividends payable to equity shareholders of the Company attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

		二零二零年 2020	二零一九年 2019
		人民幣千元 RMB'000	人民幣千元 RMB'000
末期股息為每股人民幣0.014元 year, appr	nd in respect of the previous financial oved and paid during the year, 014 per share		
0.017元) (2019: RI	MB0.017 per share)	26,313	30,120

每股股利乃基於已發行的1,802,456,000股 普通股計算。

就截至二零一九年十二月三十一日止年度 的末期股息而言,二零一九年年度財務報 表中所披露的末期股息與年內批准及派 付的金額之間存在人民幣479,000元(二零 一八年:零)的差額,此乃主要由於在二 零一九年年度業績公告日期的固定匯率中 間價平均值與派付日期的實際匯率之間的 人民幣兑港元匯率差額所致。 The calculation of dividend per share is based on 1,802,456,000 ordinary shares in issue.

In respect of the final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2019, there is a difference of RMB479,000 (2018: nil) between the final dividend disclosed in the 2019 annual financial statements and amounts approved and paid during the year, which is mainly due to the RMB/HKD exchange rate difference between the fixed middle average exchange rate on the date of the 2019 annual result announcement and the actual exchange rate applied on the date of payment.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特别提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

31	資本、儲備及股息 (續)	31	CAPITAL, RI	ESERVES A	ND DIVIDE	NDS (Co.	ntinued)
(c)	股本	(c)	Share capital				
	法定:		Authorised:				
					二零二零	年及二零	一九年
					202	0 and 2019)
					股份數目	1	金額美元
					No. of share	s Ar	mount US\$
					(千股)	千元
					('000))	'000'
	每股面值0.01美元的普通股(二零	Ordinary shares	of US\$0.01 each				
	一九年:0.01美元)	(2019: US\$0.	01)		3,000,00	0	30,000
	已發行及繳足的普通股:		Ordinary shares iss	ued and fully p	aid:		
			二零二零年			零一九年	
			2020			2019	
		股份	數目 金額	人民幣等值	股份數目	金額	人民幣等值
		r	No. of Amount	RMB	No. of	Amount	RMB
		s	hares USD	equivalent	shares	USD	equivalent
		(=	千股) 千美元	千元	(千股)	千美元	千元
			('000) '000	'000	('000)	'000	'000

普通股持有人可收取不時宣派之股息,並 可於本公司大會上就每股股份投一票。所 有普通股對本公司之剩餘資產享有同等權 利。

At 31 December

(d) 儲備性質及用途

於十二月三十一日

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價指本公司的股份面值與發行本公 司股份所得款項或就購回股份支付的代價 之間的差額。根據開曼群島公司法,股份 溢價賬可供分派予本公司的股東,惟繁隨 建議分派股息日期後,本公司須能夠償還 一般業務過程中到期應付的債務。 The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

1,802,456

18,025

113,099

113,099

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves

18,025

Share premium

(i)

1,802,456

The share premium represents the difference between the par value of the shares of the Company and the proceeds received from the issuance of shares or the consideration paid for the repurchased shares of the Company. Under the Companies Law of the Cayman Islands, the share premium account is distributable to shareholders of the Company provided that immediately following the date on which the dividend is proposed to be distributed, the Company will be in a position to repay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

31 資本、儲備及股息(續)

CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

特別儲備

(ii)

(ii) Special reserve

31

(d)

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
視為分派(A)	Deemed distributions (A)	(25,296)	(25,296)
視為供款(B)(C)	Deemed contributions (B) (C)	78,629	78,629
重組(定義見下文)產生之款項(D)	Amount arising on Reorganisation		
	(as defined below) (D)	105,936	105,936
收購事項產生之款項(E)	Amount arising from acquisition (E)	395,332	395,332
股息(F)	Dividends (F)	(434,928)	(408,615)
		119,673	145,986

特別儲備包括因以下各項產生的款項:

- A 於二零一零年及二零一一年,視為 分派分別為人民幣12,113,000元及人 民幣13,183,000元,指應收南京金輪 房地產開發有限公司(「南京金輪房 地產」)款項的本金額與其初步確認 的公平值之間的差額,於特別儲備 支銷。公平值乃透過於整個墊款預 期年期內(即自作出墊款當日起至預 期償還日期)貼現估計未來現金流量 而釐定。
- B 於二零一二年六月十八日收購金輪 國際與業有限公司(「金輪國際與業」))
 及其附屬公司南京金輪房地產後,
 本集團豁免南京金輪房地產償還應
 收南京金輪房地產款項。截至二零
 一二年十二月三十一日止年度,按
 攤銷成本列賬的應收南京金輪房地
 產款項與南京金輪房地產於豁免日
 期應付本集團款項之本金額之間的
 差額人民幣11,597,000元入賬列為視
 作向特別儲備供款。

Special reserve comprises amounts arising as a result of the followings:

- A In 2010 and 2011, deemed distribution of RMB12,113,000 and RMB13,183,000 respectively representing the difference between the principal amount of the amount due from Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate") and its fair value at initial recognition were charged to the special reserve. The fair value is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows throughout the expected life of the advance (that is, from date of advance to expected repayment date).
- B Subsequent to the acquisition of Golden Wheel International Corporation Limited ("Golden Wheel International Corporation") and its subsidiary Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate on 18 June 2012, the Group waived Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate from repaying the amount due from Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate. The difference between the amount due from Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate carried at amortised cost and the principal amount of the amount due by Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate to the Group at date of waiver of RMB11,597,000 was credited as deemed contribution to the special reserve during the year ended 31 December 2012.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 31 資本、儲備及股息(續)
- (d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(ii) 特別儲備(續)

- C 於二零一二年,人民幣67,032,000元 之應付當時股東款項獲豁免償還並 入賬列為視作向特別儲備供款。
- D 作為籌備本公司股份於香港聯交所 上市而進行之重組(「重組」)的一 部分,金輪翡翠有限公司(「金輪翡 翠」)於二零一二年六月十八日收 購金輪國際投資有限公司(「金輪 國際投資」)之100%股權,方式為 向當時之股東發行1,000,000股本公 司普通股,而本公司於其後成為本 集團之控股公司。於截至二零一二 年十二月三十一日止年度,人民幣 105,936,000元已計入特別儲備,此 乃本公司股本面值約人民幣64,000 元及金輪國際投資股本面值約人民 幣106,000,000元之差額。
- 根據於二零一二年六月十八日之金 Е 輪國際興業及南京金輪房地產收 購事項,總額人民幣395,332,000元 (即:(i)本公司已發行股本面值與 金輪國際興業及南京金輪房地產綜 合資產淨值之公平值之差額(不包 括南京金輪房地產所持有之南京翡 翠金輪置業有限公司(「南京翡翠金 輪」) 7.50% 股權及揚州金輪房地產 開發有限公司(「揚州金輪房地產」) 3.75% 股權之公平值);及(ii)已付代 價與非控股股東收購之附屬公司非 控股權益應佔資產淨值之賬面值之 差額)已計入截至二零一二年十二月 三十一日止年度之特別儲備。
- F 該金額代表從特別儲備中宣派的股息。

- 31 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)
- (d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)
- (ii) Special reserve (Continued)

E

F

- C An amount of RMB67,032,000 due to the then shareholders was waived from repayment and was credited as deemed contribution to special reserve in 2012.
 - D As part of the reorganisation for preparing for the listing of the Company's shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange (the "Reorganisation"), Golden Wheel Jade Company Limited ("Golden Wheel Jade") acquired 100% equity interest in Golden Wheel International Investment Limited ("Golden Wheel International Investment") on 18 June 2012 through issuance of 1,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company to the then shareholders, and the Company became the holding company of the Group thereafter. The amount of RMB 105,936,000 credited to special reserve during the year ended 31 December 2012 represented the difference between the nominal value of share capital of the Company of approximately RMB 64,000 and the nominal value of the share capital of Golden Wheel International Investment of approximately RMB106,000,000.
 - Pursuant to the acquisition of Golden Wheel International Corporation and Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate on 18 June 2012, an aggregate amount of RMB 395,332,000 being (i) the difference between the nominal value of share capital issued by the Company and the fair value of the consolidated net assets of Golden Wheel International Corporation and Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate (excluding fair value of 7.50% equity interest in Nanjing Jade Golden Wheel Realty Co., Ltd. ("Nanjing Jade Golden Wheel") and 3.75% equity interest in Yangzhou Golden Wheel Real Estate Development Co., Ltd. ("Yangzhou Golden Wheel Real Estate") held by Nanjing Golden Wheel Real Estate); and (ii) the difference between the consideration paid and the carrying amount of net assets attributable to non-controlling interests in subsidiaries being acquired from the non-controlling shareholder, was credited to special reserve during the year ended 31 December 2012.

Amount represents the dividend declared against special reserve.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

31 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(d) 儲備性質及用途(續)

(iii) 歷兌儲備 匯兑儲備包括於兑換海外業務財務報表之 匯兑差額,以及因對沖該等海外業務淨投 資而產生之任何海外匯兑差額之實際部分。 該儲備須按附註2(w)所載的會計政策處理。

(iv) 盈餘儲備

根據中國相關法律及法規以及中國附屬公司的組織章程細則:

(i) 註冊為中外合資企業之中國附屬公司:

該等中國附屬公司可經其董事會酌 情將根據適用中國會計準則編製的 中國附屬公司法定財務報表內所呈 報的除税後溢利的一部分轉撥至盈 餘儲備。

(ii) 註冊為外商獨資企業或國內有限責任公司之中國附屬公司:

該等中國附屬公司須將其根據適用 中國會計準則編製的法定財務報表 內所呈報的除税後溢利最少10%轉 撥至盈餘儲備。

倘盈餘儲備結餘已達致相關中國附 屬公司註冊資本的50%,可終止向 盈餘儲備轉撥。

盈餘儲備可用於彌補虧損或轉換為股本。 經擁有人決議案批准後,中國附屬公司可 按其當時現有股本注資比例將其盈餘儲備 轉換為股本。然而,在將中國附屬公司的 盈餘儲備轉換為股本時,仍未獲轉換儲備 的結餘不得低於其註冊資本的25%。

31 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(d) Nature and purpose of reserves (Continued)

(iii) Exchange reserve

The exchange reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations as well as the effective portion of any foreign exchange differences arising from hedges of the net investment in these foreign operations. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 2(w).

(iv) Surplus reserve

In accordance with relevant laws and regulations in the PRC and the articles of association of the PRC subsidiaries:

(i) PRC subsidiaries registered as sino-foreign joint venture:

The PRC subsidiaries may, at the discretion of board of directors of the PRC subsidiaries, transfer a portion of their profit after taxation reported in their statutory financial statements prepared under the applicable PRC accounting standards to the surplus reserve.

PRC subsidiaries registered as wholly-foreign invested enterprise or domestic limited liability company:

The PRC subsidiaries are required to transfer at least 10% of their profit after taxation reported in their statutory financial statements prepared under the applicable PRC accounting standards to the surplus reserve.

The appropriation to surplus reserve may cease if the balance of the surplus reserve has reached 50% of the relevant PRC subsidiaries' registered capital.

The surplus reserve can be used to make up losses or for conversion into capital. The PRC subsidiaries may, upon the approval by a resolution of the owners, convert their surplus reserve into capital in proportion to their then existing capital contribution. However, when converting the PRC subsidiaries' surplus reserve into capital, the balance of such reserve remaining unconverted must not be less than 25% of their registered capital.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

31 資本、儲備及股息(續)

(e) 資本管理

本集團管理資本時的首要目標乃保證本集 團持續經營的能力,以令其能夠通過優化 債務及股本平衡而為股東爭取最高回報。 本集團的整體策略與過往年度保持不變。

董事定期積極檢討及管理其資本架構。作 為本檢討之一部分,董事考慮資本成本及 與各類別資本相關的風險。根據董事之推 薦建議,本集團將透過派付股息、發行新 股及回購股份以及發行新債務或贖回現有 債務,以平衡其整體資本架構。

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值

本集團於正常業務過程中會產生信貸、流 動資金、利率及貨幣風險。本集團亦面對 於其他實體的股權投資及其本身股價變動 而引起的股價風險。

本集團所面對的該等風險以及本集團所採 用以管理該等風險的金融風險管理政策及 慣例載述如下。

(a) 信貸風險

信貸風險指交易對手未能履行其合約義務 而使本集團產生金融虧損的風險。於二零 二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日,本 集團所面臨的最大信貸風險源自:

- (i) 於綜合財務狀況表內列賬的各項已確認金融資產的賬面值;及
- (ii) 有關本集團所發出財務擔保的或然 負債金額(披露於附註34)。

31 CAPITAL, RESERVES AND DIVIDENDS (Continued)

(e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can maximize the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from prior year.

The directors actively and regularly reviews and manages its capital structure on a regular basis. As part of this review, the directors consider the cost of capital and the risks associates with each class of capital. Based on recommendations of the Directors, the Group will balance its overall capital structure through the payment of dividends, new share issues and share buybacks as well as the issue of new debt or the redemption of existing debt.

32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group is also exposed to equity price risk arising from its equity investments in other entities and movements in its own equity share price.

The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss to the Group. As at 31 December 2020 and 2019, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is arising from:

- the carrying amount of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the consolidated statement of financial position; and
- the amounts of contingent liabilities in relation to financial guarantees issued by the Group as disclosed in note 34.

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

取得物業銷售業務客戶最低30%至50%(二 零一九年:30%至50%)的首期付款後,本 集團一般會就其客戶融資購買其物業的按 揭貸款向銀行提供擔保,擔保期為截至相 關客戶獲發物業所有權證止期間。倘客戶 於擔保期內拖欠其按揭付款,銀行可要求 本集團償還貸款的未償還金額及任何相關 應計利息。在此情況下,本集團可沒收客 戶的按金及轉售物業以收回本集團應向銀 行支付的任何金額。就此而言,董事認為, 本集團的信貸風險已大幅降低。

貿易應收款項

就貿易應收款項而言,本集團已應用國際 財務報告準則第9號的簡化方法按全期預 期信貸虧損計量虧損撥備。貿易應收款項 的預期信貸虧損乃基於債務人的過往違約 經驗、債務人經營所在行業的整體經濟狀 況以及於年末對當前和無需付出過多成本 或努力即可取得的前瞻性資料的評估,使 用適當分組的撥備矩陣進行集體評估。

(i) 客戶合約產生的貿易應收款項

本集團設有相關政策確保向擁有相當財力 及支付適當比例首期付款的買家銷售物業。 本集團亦設有其他監控程序,確保採取跟 進行動收回逾期債項。此外,本集團定期 檢討每單貿易應收款項的可收回金額,確 保為不能收回的款項作出足夠的減值撥備。 本集團並無集中的重大信貸風險,有關風 險分散於大量對手方及客戶。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

32

(a)

After obtaining a minimum of 30% to 50% (2019: 30% to 50%) down payment from its customers for property sale business, the Group would usually provide guarantees to banks in connection with its customers' mortgage loans to finance their purchase of the properties, for the period before property certificates are issued to the relevant customers. If a customer defaults on the payment of his mortgage during the term of guarantee, the bank may demand the Group to repay the outstanding amount of the loan and any accrued interest thereon. Under such circumstances, the Group is able to forfeit the customer's deposit and re-sell the property to recover any amounts payable by the Group to the bank. In this regard, the directors consider that the Group's credit risk is significantly reduced.

Trade receivables

For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in IFRS 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The ECL on trade receivables are assessed collectively using a provision matrix with appropriate groupings, based on the past default experience of the debtor, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forward-looking information that is available without undue cost or effort at the end of the year.

(i) Trade receivables arising from contracts with customers

The Group has policies in place to ensure that property sales are made to purchasers with an appropriate financial strength and appropriate percentage of down payments. It also has other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews regularly the recoverable amount of each individual trade receivables to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. The Group has no significant concentrations of credit risk, with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
- (a) 信貸風險(續)
- 貿易應收款項(續)
- (ii) 經營租賃產生的貿易應收款項

本集團並無就有關租賃收入的貿易應收款 項有集中的重大信貸風險,有關風險分散 於中國的大量客戶。為盡力減低信貸風險, 本集團管理層透過頻密檢討有關其客戶財 務狀況及信貸質素的信貸評估,持續監察 風險等級,以確保及時採取跟進措施及/ 或糾正措施以降低風險或收回逾期結餘。 經營租賃產生的貿易應收款項的信貸風險 有限,因為對手方簽訂租賃合約時向本集 團支付按金,而若對手方違約則可沒收按 金。

應收聯營公司及合營企業款項

就應收聯營公司及合營企業款項而言,管 理層根據歷史結算記錄及過往經驗定期就 應收聯營公司及合營企業款項的可收回性 進行集體評估及個別評估。董事認為,本 集團應收聯營公司及合營企業款項的尚未 償還結餘並無固有重大信貸風險。

銀行結餘及受限制銀行存款

本集團的銀行結餘及受限制銀行存款有 信貸風險集中情況。於二零二零年十二月 三十一日,銀行結餘及受限制銀行存款總 額中有約44%(二零一九年:34%)存放於 三間(二零一九年:三間)銀行,即於每間 銀行的存款結餘超過銀行結餘及受限制銀 行存款總額的10%。該等流動資金的信貸 風險有限,因為對手方為位於中國的國有 銀行或國際信貸評級機構評定為高信貸評 級的銀行。

32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables (Continued)

Trade receivables arising from operating leases

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk in respect of trade receivable in respect of the rental income, with exposure spread over a large number of customers in the PRC. In order to minimize the credit risk, the management of the Group continuously monitors the level of exposure by frequent review of the credit evaluation of the financial condition and credit quality of its customers to ensure that follow-up actions and/or corrective actions are taken promptly to lower the risk exposure or to recover overdue balances. The credit risk of trade receivables arising from operating leases is limited because counterparties make deposits into the Group when they sign the leasing contracts and the deposits can be forfeited if counterparties default.

Amount due from associates and joint ventures

For amount due from associates and joint ventures, management makes periodic collective assessments as well as individual assessment on the recoverability of amount due from associates and joint ventures based on historical settlement records and past experience. The directors believe that there is no material credit risk inherent in the Group's outstanding balance of amount due from associates and joint ventures.

Bank balances and restricted bank deposits

The Group has concentration of credit risk in respect of bank balances and restricted bank deposits. At 31 December 2020, approximately 44% (2019: 34%) of the total bank balances and restricted bank deposits were deposited at 3 (2019: 3) banks, representing deposits at each bank with a balance exceeding 10% of total bank balances and restricted bank deposits. The credit risk of these liquid funds is limited because the counterparties are state-owned banks located in the PRC or banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(a) 信貸風險(續)

按公平值計入其他全面收益計量的金融資 產

本集團按公平值計入其他全面收益計量 的金融資產主要包括上市債券。於二零二 零年,本集團所持為數人民幣3,834,000元 的債券已違約。於截至二零二零年十二月 三十一日止年度,已於損益確認按公平值 計入其他全面收益計量的金融資產預期信 貸虧損人民幣3,930,000元。

本集團管理層認為本集團貿易應收款項的 信貸風險不高及預期信貸虧損並不重大。

下表列示就按公平值計入其他全面收益計 量的金融資產確認之虧損撥備之對賬。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

32

Financial assets measured at FVTOCI

The Group's financial assets measured at FVTOCI mainly comprise listed bonds. In 2020, bonds amounting to RMB 3,834,000 held by the Group have been defaulted. During the year ended 31 December 2020, expected credit losses on financial assets measured at FVTOCI amounting to RMB3,930,000 was recognised in the profit or loss.

The management of the Group believe that the Group's credit risk in trade receivables is not high, and ECL is insignificant.

The following tables show reconciliation of loss allowances that has been recognised for financial assets measured at FVTOCI.

全期預期 信貸虧損(發生
信貸減值)
Lifetime ECL
(credit-
impaired)
人民幣千元
RMB'000

於二零一九年十二月三十一日 已確認減值虧損	As at 31 December 2019 Impairment losses recognised	(2,287)
於二零二零年十二月三十一日 已確認減值虧損	As at 31 December 2020 Impairment losses recognised	(3,930)

(b) 流動性風險

本集團管理層已建立適當的流動性風險管 理框架,以應對短期融資及流動性管理要 求。本集團藉持續監察預期及實際現金流 量管理流動性風險。

於報告期末,經考慮經營活動內部產生之 資金(包括銷售及預售物業產生之所得款 項及租金收入)以及未動用銀行融資,董 事信納本集團將有足夠財務資源支付其自 報告期間結束時起計未來十二個月之到期 應付財務責任。

(b) Liquidity risk

The management of the Group has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for short-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by continuously monitoring forecasted and actual cash flows.

As at the end of the reporting period, the directors are satisfied that the Group will have sufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations as they full due for the next twelve months from the end of the reporting period after taking into consideration internal generated funds from operating activities, including proceeds from sales and pre-sales of properties and rental income, and the unutilised banking facilities.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(b) 流動性風險(續)

下表顯示於報告期末本集團非衍生金融負 債根據協定還款條款的餘下合約到期情況。 該表乃按本集團可能須付款的最早日期的 金融負債之未貼現現金流量編製。具體而 言,附有按要求償還條款的銀行貸款計入 最早時段,而不論銀行選擇行使其權利的 可能性。其他非衍生金融負債的到期日乃 基於協定的償還日期。表中包括利息及本 金現金流量。倘利息流量來自浮息工具, 未貼現金額則根據各報告期末的利率計算。

32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

The following tables show the remaining contractual maturities at the end of the reporting period of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based the agreed repayment terms. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities are based on the agreed repayment dates. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are for floating rate instruments, the undiscounted amount is derived based on interest rate outstanding at the end of each reporting period.

		二零二零年						
			2020					
				合約未貼现	見現金流出			
			C	ontractual undisco	ounted cash outfl	ow		
		加權平均	按要求或	一年以上但		未貼現現金	於12月31日	
		實際利率	不足一年	不足五年	五年以上	流量總額	的賬面值	
		Weighted						
		average	On demand	Over one year		Total	Carrying	
		effective	or less than	but less than	Over	undiscounted	amount at	
		interest rate	one year	five years	five years	cash flows	31 December	
		%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
銀行貸款	Bank loans	7.21	1,962,415	1,007,220	-	2,969,635	2,811,506	
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	6.4	47,372	189,963	86,816	324,151	261,050	
貿易及其他應	Trade and other payables							
付款項		-	2,090,044	85,095	-	2,175,139	2,175,139	
優先票據	Senior notes	12.74	1,265,966	2,763,126	-	4,029,092	3,304,885	
財務擔保合約	Financial guarantee contracts	-	268,605	-	-	268,605	-	
			5,634,402	4,045,404	86,816	9,766,622	8,552,580	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR (續) VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) 流動性風險(續)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

				二零-	一九年		
				20	19		
				合約未貼玛	見現金流出		
			(Contractual undisco	ounted cash outflow	v	
		加權平均	按要求或	一年以上但		未貼現現金	於12月31日
		實際利率	不足一年	不足五年	五年以上	流量總額	的賬面值
		Weighted					
		average	On demand	Over one year		Total	Carrying
		effective	or less than	but less than	Over	undiscounted	amount at
		interest rate	one year	five years	five years	cash flows	31 December
		%	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		%	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
銀行貸款	Bank loans	5	2,684,144	1,545,635	_	4,229,779	3,741,793
租賃負債	Lease liabilities	6.4	44,798	200,123	129,064	373,985	292,467
貿易及其他應	Trade and other payables						
付款項		-	1,808,858	-	-	1,808,858	1,808,858
優先票據	Senior notes	9.57	191,668	2,888,147	-	3,079,815	2,686,511
財務擔保合約	Financial guarantee contracts	-	317,790	_	_	317,790	-
			5 0 / 7 0 F 0	(()) 0) 7	100.0(/	0.010.007	0.500 (0
			5,047,258	4,633,905	129,064	9,810,227	8,529,62

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特别提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(b) 流動性風險 (續)

附有按要求償還條款的銀行貸款計入上述 到期日分析中的「按要求或不足一年」時 段。經計及本集團的財務狀況,董事認為, 銀行不大可能行使其酌情權要求即時償還。

上表所披露財務擔保合約未貼現現金流量 總額乃擔保對手方提出索償情況下本集團 根據有關安排可能須結付全數擔保金額的 最高金額。根據報告期末的預期,本集團 認為其須根據安排付款之可能性極微。然 而,此估計視乎對手方根據擔保提出索償 的可能性而變動,而提出索償的可能性取 決於對手方所持獲擔保財務應收款項出現 信貸虧損的可能性。

倘浮動利率變化與於報告期末釐定的利率 估計有別,則上述所載非衍生金融負債的 浮動利率工具金額亦會變動。

(c) 利率風險

本集團面臨的現金流量利率風險主要與其 浮息銀行借款、結構性銀行存款及銀行結 餘有關。本集團亦面臨公平值利率風險, 該風險與定息受限制銀行存款、銀行借款 及優先票據以及債券有關。本集團現時並 無任何特定政策管理其利率風險,惟將於 日後密切監控利率風險。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (Continued)

32

Bank loans with a repayment on demand clause are included in the "on demand or less than one year" time band in the above maturity analysis. Taking into account the Group's financial position, the directors do not believe that it is probable that the banks will exercise their discretionary rights to demand immediate repayment.

The total undiscounted cash flows of financial guarantee contracts disclosed above was the maximum amount the Group could be required to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount was claimed by the counterparties to the guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group considers that it is more likely than not amount will be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for nonderivative financial liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risk relates primarily to the variable rate bank borrowings, structured bank deposits and bank balances of the Group. The Group is also exposed to fair value interest rate risk in relation to its fixed rate restricted bank deposits, bank borrowings and senior notes and bonds. The Group currently does not have a specific policy to manage its interest rate risk, but will closely monitor the interest rate risk exposure in the future.

32

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) 利率風險 (續) 下表載列本集團於報告期末的利率詳情。

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

The following table details the interest rate of the Group's borrowings at the end of the reporting period.

二零二零年 二零一九年	
2020 2019	
實際利率	
Effective Effective	
interest rate interest rate	
% 人民幣千元 % 人	民幣千元
RMB'000	RMB'000
田之利女供教,一下的一下,一下,	
固定利率借款: Fixed rate borrowings:	
租賃負債 Lease liabilities 6.40% 261,050 6.40%	292,467
銀行貸款 Bank loans 4.85%—12% 331,238 12%	340,226
優先票據 Senior notes 7.88%-17.18% 3,304,885 7.88%-17.18%	2,686,511
3,897,173	3,319,204
可變利率借款: Variable rate borrowings:	
銀行貸款 Bank loans 1.45%-6.51% 2,480,268 2.99%-6.65%	3,401,567
2,480,268	3,401,567
借款總額 Total borrowings 6,377,441	6,720,771
固定利率借款佔借款 Fixed rate borrowings as	
總額的百分比 a percentage of total	
borrowings 61%	49%

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(c) 利率風險(續)

敏感度分析

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,假設所 有其他變量保持不變,估計利率每上升 /下降100個基點將導致本集團的除税 後溢利及保留溢利分別減少/增加約人 民幣18,602,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 26,375,000元)。

上述敏感度分析顯示假設利率於報告期末 發生變動,且於報告期末應用該變動於重 新計量本集團所持有使本集團面臨公平值 利率風險的金融工具,本集團的除税後溢 利(及保留溢利)及綜合權益的其他組成 部分將發生的即時變動。就本集團持有的 浮動利率非衍生工具所引致的現金流量利 率風險而言,對本集團除税後溢利(及保 留溢利)及綜合權益的其他組成部分的影 響乃作為該項利率變化的年度化利息開支 或收益影響而估計。該分析的基準與二零 一九年的基準相同一致。

(d) 貨幣分析

本集團主要因以外幣(即交易相關業務功 能貨幣以外之貨幣)計值的金融工具(其 導致產生現金及銀行結餘、銀行貸款及優 先票據)面臨貨幣風險。產生此風險的貨 幣主要為美元及港元。

本集團目前並無外幣對沖政策。然而,本 集團管理層監控外匯風險及將在必要時考 慮對沖重大外幣風險。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(c) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

32

At 31 December 2020, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would have decreased/increased the Group's profit after tax and retained profits by approximately RMB18,602,000 (2019: RMB26,375,000).

The sensitivity analysis above indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity that would arise assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the end of the reporting period and had been applied to re-measure those financial instruments held by the Group which expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk at the end of the reporting period. In respect of the exposure to cash flow interest rate risk arising from floating rate non-derivative instruments held by the Group at the end of the reporting period, the impact on the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) and other components of consolidated equity is estimated as an annualised impact on interest expense or income of such a change in interest rates. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2019.

(d) Currency risk

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through financial instruments which give rise to cash and bank balance, bank loans and senior notes that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which the transactions relate. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars (US\$) and Hong Kong dollars (HK\$).

The Group currently does not have a foreign exchange hedging policy. However, the management of the Group monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign exchange exposure should the need arises.

32

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(d) 貨幣分析(續)

下表詳列本集團於報告期末所面對的貨幣 風險,乃因以相關實體的功能貨幣以外的 貨幣計值的已確認資產或負債所致。為方 便呈報,風險金額採用於年度結算日的即 期匯率兑換為人民幣列示。換算海外業務 財務報表至本集團呈列貨幣所產生之差額 並不包括在內。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

The following table details the Group's exposure at the end of the reporting period to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposure are shown in RMB, translated using the spot rate at the year end date. Differences resulting from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations into the Group's presentation currency are excluded.

		Exposure to foreign currencies (expressed in RMB)			
		二零二零年		二零一九年	
		2020		2019	
		美元 港元		美元	港元
		US\$	HK\$	US\$	HK\$
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
現金及銀行結餘	Cash and bank	191,993	33,098	4,434	39,547
銀行貸款	Bank loans	(326,245)	(1,302,413)	(111,619)	(1,449,035)
優先票據	Senior notes	(3,304,885)	-	(2,686,511)	_
貿易及其他應收					
款項	Trade and other receivables	-	2,031	_	71
貿易及其他應付					
款項	Trade and other payables	(103,354)	(9,517)	(82,601)	(5,881)
因確認資產及負債	Net exposure arising from				
而產生的淨風險	recognised assets				
	and liabilities	(3,542,491)	(1,276,801)	(2,876,297)	(1,415,298)

面臨的外幣風險(以人民幣列值)

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)

(d) 貨幣分析 (續)

敏感度分析

下表顯示倘於報告期末本集團承擔重大風 險的外匯匯率於當日上升而假設所有其他 風險變量保持不變,則本集團的除税後溢 利(及保留溢利)產生的即時變化。

32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(d) Currency risk (Continued)

Sensitivity analysis

The following table indicates the instantaneous change in the Group's profit after tax (and retained profits) that would arise if foreign exchange rates to which the Group has significant exposure at the end of the reporting period had increased at that date, assuming all other risk variables remained constant.

二零	二零年	二零一九年		
20	020	2019		
	decrease		decrease	
Increase	in profit after	Increase	in profit after	
in foreign	tax and	in foreign	tax and	
exchange rates	retained profits	exchange rates	retained profits	
	除税後溢利		除税後溢利	
	及保留溢利		及保留溢利	
外匯匯率上升	下跌	外匯匯率上升	下跌	
	人民幣千元		人民幣千元	
	RMB'000		RMB'000	
5%	(177,125)	5%	(143,815)	
5%	(63,840)	5%	(70,765)	

港元 HK\$

美元

董事認為,由於年結日的風險並不能反映 年內風險,故敏感度分析不能代表固有外 匯風險。

US\$

In the opinion of the directors, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk as the year end exposure does not represent the exposure during the year.

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32

(i)

- 32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
- (e) 公平值計量
- (i) 以公平值計量之金融資產及負債 公平值等級 根據國際財務報告準則第13號公平值計 量所界定之三個公平值等級,於報告期末 按經常性基準計量之本集團金融工具之公 平值呈列於下表。公平值計量所歸類之等 級乃參照以下估算方法所用輸入數據之可 觀察程度及重要程度而釐定:
 - 第一級估值:僅用第一級輸入值,
 即於計量日期相同資產或負債於活
 躍市場之未經調整報價計量公平值
 - 第二級估值:使用第二級輸入值, 即未能符合第一級之可觀察輸入值, 以及不使用重大不可觀察輸入值計 量公平值。不可觀察輸入值指未有 相關市場數據之輸入值
 - 第三級估值:使用重大不可觀察輸入值計量公平值

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Fair value measurement

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the fair value of the Group's financial instruments measured at the end of the reporting period on a recurring basis, categorised into the three-level fair value hierarchy as defined in IFRS 13, Fair value measurement. The level into which a fair value measurement is classified is determined with reference to the observability and significance of the inputs used in the valuation technique as follows:

- Level 1 valuations: Fair value measured using only Level 1 inputs i.e. unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date
- Level 2 valuations: Fair value measured using Level 2 inputs i.e. observable inputs which fail to meet Level 1, and not using significant unobservable inputs. Unobservable inputs are inputs for which market data are not available
- Level 3 valuations: Fair value measured using significant unobservable inputs

		於二零二零年 十二月 三十一日 之公平值 Fair value at	之 Fair v	零二零年十二月三十一日 之公平值計量分類為 value measurements as at rember 2020 categorised into		
		31 December	er 第一級 第二級 第三		第三級	
		2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	
經常性公平值計量	Recurring fair value measurement					
金融資產:	Financial assets:					
上市股本證券	Listed equity securities	39,966	39,966	-	-	
上市債券	Listed bonds	3,834	3,834	-	-	
無報價股本投資	Unquoted equity investments	192,440	-	-	192,440	
保險及基金	Insurance and funds	93,255	-	-	93,255	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
- (e) 公平值計量(續)
- (i) 以公平值計量之金融資產及負債(續)
 公平值等級(續)
- 32 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)
- (e) Fair value measurement (Continued)
- (i) Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued) Fair value hierarchy (Continued)

於二零一九年	於一葉	《一九年十二月三十	· 日
十二月 三十一日		公平值計量分類為	
之公平值	Fair	value measurements as	s at
Fair value at	31 December 2019 categorised into		
31 December	第一級	第二級	第三級
2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000

經常性公平值計量 Recurring fair value measurement

金融資產:	Financial assets:				
上市股本證券	Listed equity securities	5,525	5,525	-	-
上市債券	Listed bonds	7,763	7,763	_	-
無報價股本投資	Unquoted equity investments	203,144	-	_	203,144

截至二零二零年及二零一九年十二月 三十一日止年度,第一級與第二級並無相 互轉撥,亦無轉入或轉出第三級。本集團 之政策是於出現轉撥之報告期末確認公平 值等級之間之轉撥。

用於第二級公平值計量之估值方法及輸入 數據

結構性銀行存款的第二級公平值乃按可反 映報告期末預期未來經濟利益的貼現率計 算之貼現現金流量釐定。 During the year ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2, or transfers into or out of Level 3. The Group's policy is to recognise transfers between levels of fair value hierarchy as at the end of the reporting period in which they occur.

Valuation techniques and inputs used in Level 2 fair value measurements

The fair value of structured bank deposits in Level 2 is determined by discounting cash flow at a discount rate that reflects the expected future economic benefits at the end of the reporting period.
(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

32

(i)

- 32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
- (e) 公平值計量(續)
- (i) 以公平值計量之金融資產及負債(續) 有關第三級公平值計量的資料

非上市股本投資之公平值乃使用可資比 較上市公司之價格/賬面值比例(就缺乏 市場流通能力之折讓作出調整)釐定。缺 乏市場流通能力之折讓對公平值計量構 成負面影響。於二零一九年十二月三十一 日,估計在所有其他變量維持不變之情況 下,缺乏市場流通能力之折讓每減少/增 加1%,本集團之權益將分別增加/減少 人民幣1,760,000元(二零一九年:人民幣 1,858,000元)。

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

- (e) Fair value measurement (Continued)
 - *Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (Continued) Information about Level 3 fair value measurements*

The fair value of unlisted equity investments is determined using the price/ book ratios of comparable listed companies adjusted for lack of marketability discount. The fair value measurement is negatively correlated to the discount for lack of marketability. As at 31 December 2019, it is estimated that with all other variables held constant, a decrease/increase in discount for lack of marketability by 1% would have increased/decreased the Group's equity by RMB1,760,000 (2019: RMB1,858,000).

第三級公平值計量結餘的期內變動如下:

The movement during the period in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
無報價股本投資:	Unquoted equity investments:		
於一月一日	At 1 January	203,144	173,002
期內於損益確認的未變現收益	Net unrealised gains or losses recognised		
或虧損淨額	in profit or loss during the period	(10,704)	30,142
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	192,440	203,144

本集團持作策略目的之無報價股本投資因 重新計量而產生的任何收益或虧損於損益 確認。

Any gains or losses arising from the remeasurement of the Group's unquoted equity investments held for strategic purposes are recognised in the profit or loss.

綜合財務報表附註

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

- 32 金融風險管理及金融工具公平值 (續)
- (e) 公平值計量(續)
- (ii) 並非按公平值列賬的金融資產及負債的公 平值

於二零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一 日,本集團按成本或攤銷成本列賬的金融 工具的賬面值與其公平值並無重大差異, 惟下列金融工具外,彼等的賬面值與公平 值披露如下:

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

(e) Fair value measurement (Continued)

32

(ii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities carried at other than fair value

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial instruments carried at cost or amortised cost were not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2020 and 2019 except for the following financial instruments, for which their carrying amounts and fair value are disclosed below:

		於二零二零年十	二月三十一日	於二零一九年十	二月三十一日
		At 31 Decer	nber 2020	At 31 December 2019	
		賬面值	公平值	賬面值	公平值
		Carrying		Carrying	
		amount	Fair value	amount	Fair value
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
優先票據(包括應付	Senior notes (including				
利息)	interest payable)	3,498,448	3,260,339	2,771,548	2,661,420

33 承擔

於二零二零年十二月三十一日尚未履行且 並未於財務報表內撥備的資本承擔如下:

33 COMMITMENTS

Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December 2020 not provided for in the financial statements were as follows:

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
已訂約	Contracted for	713,110	614,385

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

34 或然負債

34 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

		於二零二零年	於二零一九年
		十二月	十二月
		三十一日	三十一日
		At 31 December	At 31 December
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
本集團為其客戶向銀行提供的按揭	Mortgage loan guarantees provided by the Group		
貸款擔保	to banks in favour of its customers	268,605	317,790

該等擔保於銀行收到客戶向銀行提交相關 物業的物業所有權證作為批出按揭貸款的 抵押品後即會解除。董事認為,本集團該 等財務擔保合約初始確認的公平值並不重 大,且考慮到本集團物業買家的違約可能 性甚低,故概無於擔保合約訂立時及於二 零二零年及二零一九年十二月三十一日確 認價值。

These guarantees will be released upon receiving the property ownership certificate of the respective properties by the banks from the customers as a pledge for security to the mortgage loans granted. In the opinion of the directors, the fair values of these financial guarantee contracts of the Group at initial recognition are insignificant and the directors consider that the possibility of default by the purchasers of the Group's properties is remote. Accordingly, no value has been recognised at the inception of the guarantee contracts and as at 31 December 2020 and 2019.

綜合財務報表附註

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

35 主要關聯方披露

35 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) 主要管理人員薪酬 本集團主要管理人員的薪酬(包括分別於 附註8及附註9披露的已付本公司董事及 部分最高薪酬僱員的金額)。

(b) 應收關聯方款項

(a) Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group, including amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 8 and certain of the highest paid employees as disclosed in note 9.

(b) Amounts due from related parties

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
聯營公司	Associates	13,350	13,920
合營企業	Joint ventures	97,077	31,145
		110,427	45,065

(c) 應付關聯方款項

(c) Amounts due to related parties

		二零二零年	二零一九年
		2020	2019
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000
聯營公司	Associates	155,377	323,428
合營企業	Joint ventures	104,766	115,431
		260,143	438,859

36 公司層面財務狀況表

36 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

	附註 Note	二零二零年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2020 人民幣千元 RMB'000	二零一九年 十二月三十一日 31 December 2019 人民幣千元 RMB'000
非流動資產	Non-current assets		
於附屬公司之投資及應收附屬公司 款項 於合營企業之權益 其他金融資產 物業、廠房及設備	Investments in subsidiaries and amounts due from subsidiaries Interests in joint ventures Other financial assets Property, plant and equipment	4,054,940 406,855 52,909 12	3,742,091 378,066 18,523 16
		4,514,716	4,138,696
流動資產	Current assets		
貿易及其他應收款項 現金及現金等價物	Trade and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	2,957 48,054	9,448 41,779
		51,011	51,227
流動負債	Current liabilities		
貿易及其他應付款項 銀行貸款 優先票據	Trade and other payables Bank loans Senior notes	194,205 589,577 1,221,429	91,792 1,221,532 185,149
		2,005,211	1,498,473
流動負債淨額	Net current liabilities	1,954,200	1,447,246
總資產減流動負債	Total assets less current liabilities	2,560,516	2,691,450

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

36 公司層面財務狀況表(續)

36 COMPANY-LEVEL STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Continued)

			二零二零年	二零一九年
			十二月三十一日	十二月三十一日
			31 December	31 December
			2020	2019
		附註	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		Note	RMB'000	RMB'000
非流動負債	Non-current liability			
優先票據	Senior notes		2,083,456	2,501,362
			2,083,456	2,501,362
資產淨值	NET ASSETS		477,060	190,088
資本及儲備	CAPITAL AND RESERVES	31(a)		
股本	Share capital		113,099	113,099
儲備	Reserves		363,961	76,989
總權益	TOTAL EQUITY		477,060	190,088

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

37 報告期後的非調整事項

(a) 發行優先票據

於二零二一年一月十二日,本公司發行本 金總額85,000,000美元的額外第七批優先 票據(「二零二三年到期美元優先票據以美元計值, 並於新加坡證券交易所有限公司上市。二 零二三年到期美元優先票據按票面年利率 14.25%計息,每半年於期後支付,並將於 二零二三年一月九日到期,及優先票據持 有人可於二零二二年一月十日選擇要求本 公司購回優先票據。

38 直接及最終控制方

於二零二零年十二月三十一日,董事認為 本集團的直接母公司為金輪置業有限公司, 該公司於英屬處女群島註冊成立。最終控 制方為王欽賢先生及其家族(「王氏家族」)。

37 NON-ADJUSTING EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

(a) Issuing of senior notes

On 12 January 2021, the Company issued additional Seventh senior notes in an aggregate principal amount of US\$85,000,000 (the "2023 due US\$ senior notes"). The 2023 due US\$ senior notes are denominated in United States dollars and listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. The 2023 due US\$ senior notes carry interest at a coupon rate of 14.25% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears, and will mature on 9 January 2023, with an option to the holders of the senior notes to require the Company to repurchase the senior notes on 10 January 2022.

38 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2020, the directors consider the immediate parent of the Group to be Golden Wheel Realty Company Limited, which is incorporated in The British Virgin Islands. The ultimate controlling party is Mr. Wong Yam Yin and his family (the "Wong Family").

綜合財務報表附註 Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

(除特別提示外均以人民幣列示) (Expressed in Renminbi unless otherwise indicated)

39 已頒佈但尚未於截至二零二零年 十二月三十一日止年度生效的修 訂、新訂準則及詮釋的潛在影響

直至該等財務報表日期發佈日期,國際會 計準則理事會已頒佈若干於截至二零二零 年十二月三十一日止年度尚未生效且該等 財務報表尚未採納的修訂及新訂準則,如 國際財務報告準則第17號,保險合約。該 等發展動態包括可能與本集團有關的以下 各項。

39 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the IASB has issued a number of amendments and a new standard, IFRS 17, Insurance contracts, which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2020 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These developments include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

	於以下日期或之後 開始的會計期間生效
	所知时曾司为间主欢 Effective for accounting periods
	beginning on or after
國際財務報告準則第3號修訂本,參考概念框架	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IFRS 3, Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
國際會計準則第16號修訂本,物業、廠房及設備:作擬定用途前的所得款項 Amendments to IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use	二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022
國際會計準則第37號修訂本, 虧損性合約-履行合約的成本	二零二二年一月一日
Amendments to IAS 37, Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
國際財務報告準則二零一八年至二零二零年週期之年度改進 Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2018-2020 Cycle	二零二二年一月一日 1 January 2022

本集團正在評估該等發展動態預期對首次 應用期間產生的影響。目前,本集團得出 的結論是採納該等修訂及新訂準則不大可 能對綜合財務報表產生重大影響。

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these developments is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of them is unlikely to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

財務資料概要 Summary of Financial Information

		截至十二月三十一日止年度				
			For the y	year ended 31 D	ecember	
		二零二零年	二零一九年	二零一八年	二零一七年	二零一六年
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
		人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元	人民幣千元
		RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000	RMB'000
業績	RESULTS					
收入	Revenue	1,389,119	1,605,448	1,446,354	2,303,505	940,765
除税前溢利	Profit before taxation	126,766	452,875	793,991	859,402	451,721
税項	Taxation	(76,521)	(200,347)	(451,735)	(373,941)	(186,345)
年內溢利	Profit for the year	50,245	252,528	342,256	485,461	265,376
以下人士應佔:	Attributable to:					
本公司權益股東	Equity shareholders					
	of the Company	34,788	252,561	342,256	485,461	265,376
非控股權益	Non-controlling interest	15,457	(33)	-	-	_
每股盈利,人民幣	Earnings per share RMB					
基本	Basic	0.019	0.140	0.190	0.269	0.147
攤薄	Diluted	0.019	0.140	0.190	0.269	0.147
資產及負債	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES					
總資產	Total assets	17,159,296	16,229,874	13,914,515	10,905,331	10,038,573
總負債	Total liabilities	(12,239,350)	(11,399,238)	(9,306,211)	(6,568,197)	(6,109,155)
		4,919,946	4,830,636	4,608,304	4,337,134	3,929,418
本公司權益股東	Equity attributable to					
應佔權益	Equity shareholders					
	of the Company	4,827,050	4,817,197	4,608,304	4,337,134	3,929,418
非控股權益	Non-controlling interest	92,896	13,439	_	-	_

投資物業

已完工投資物業

INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

Completed Investment Properties

編號	物業名稱	地址	用途類型	概約建築面積 平方米 Approximate	租期
No.	Name of Property	Location	Use Type	GFA sq.m.	Lease term
1	金輪國際廣場 Golden Wheel International Plaza	中國江蘇省南京市鼓樓區漢中路8號 No. 8, Hanzhong Road, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	33,197	中期 medium
2	金輪華爾茲 Golden Wheel Waltz	中國江蘇省南京市鼓樓區沈舉人巷7號 No. 7, Shengjuren Lane, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	2,444	中期 medium
3	金輪大廈 Golden Wheel Building	中國江蘇省南京市鼓樓區漢中路 108號 No. 108, Hanzhong Road, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	1,454	中期 medium
4	金輪時代廣場 Golden Wheel Time Square	中國湖南省株洲市蘆淞區車站路1號 No. 1, Chezhan Road, Lusong District, Zhuzhou City, Hunan Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	32,903	中期 medium
5	南京翡翠名園 Nanjing Jade Garden	中國江蘇省南京市建鄴區所街33號 No. 33 Suo Street, Jianye District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	3,436	中期 medium
6	金輪翠庭園 Golden Wheel Green Garden	中國江蘇省南京市玄武區衛崗 28號 No. 28, Wei Gang, Xuanwu District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	1,021	中期 medium
7	金輪新都匯 Golden Wheel New Metro	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區雙龍大道118號 No. 118 Shuanglong Avenue, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	18,357	中期 medium
8	金輪星光名座	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區秣陵街道誠信 大道998號	商業	528	中期
	Golden Wheel Star Plaza	No. 998 Chengxin Avenue, Mo Ling Street, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province	Commercial e,		medium
		the PRC			

編號	物業名稱	地址	用途類型	概約建築面積 平方米	租期
No.	Name of Property	Location	Use Type	Approximate GFA sq.m.	Lease term
9	金輪星城	中國江蘇省揚州市揚州新開發區 揚子江中路228號	商業	3,995	中期
	Golden Wheel Star City	No. 228, Yangtze River Middle Road, Yangzhou New Development District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial		medium
10	金輪星立方	中國江蘇省南京市雨花台區玉盤東街2號	商業	2,731	中期
	Golden Wheel Star-cube	No. 2 Yupan East Road, Yuhuatai District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial		medium
11	株洲金輪翡翠名園	中國湖南省株洲市天元區栗雨路	商業	2,396	中期
	Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jade Garden	Liyu Road, Tianyuan District, Zhuzhou City, Hunan Province, the PRC	Commercial		medium
12	無錫金輪星光名座	中國江蘇省無錫市新吳區前衛路3號	商業	20,153	中期
	Wuxi Golden	No. 3, Qianwei Road, Xinwu District,	Commercial		medium
	Wheel Star Plaza	Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC			
13 ^{附註1}	揚州寶龍金輪廣場	中國江蘇省揚州市揚子江中路與 開發西路交叉口	商業	65,400	中期
Note1	Yangzhou Powerlong Golden Wheel Plaza	The intersection of Yangtze River Middle Road and Kaifa West Road, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial		medium
14	金輪津橋華府	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區	商業/住宅	3,350	中期
	California Unafe	龍眠大道修文路3號	Commercial/		medium
	Golden wineer Jinqiao Huaru	No. 3, Xiuwen Road, Longmian Road, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Residential		medium
15	長沙金輪星光名座	中國湖南省長沙市雨花區湘秀路131號	商業	18,233	中期
	Changsha Golden Wheel Star Plaza	No. 131, Xiangxiu Road, Yuhua District, Changsha City, Hunan Province, the PRC	Commercial		medium
16	金輪雙子星廣場	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區雙龍大道1101號	商業	44,380	中期
	Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza	No. 1101 Shuanglong Avenue, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	1 4214	-90 % %	medium
17	揚州蝶翠園	中國江蘇省揚州市邗江區維揚路31號	商業	626	中期
• •	Yangzhou Lakeside Emerald House	No. 31 Weiyang Road, Hanjiang District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial		medium

尚在開發中投資物業

Investment Properties under Development

117 H F	11 111 4 15		1	概約建築面積	den litt
編號	物業名稱	地址	用途類型	平方米	租期
		- ·		Approximate	Ţ
No.	Name of Property	Location	Use Type	GFA sq.m.	Lease term
1	南京金輪翠雍華庭	中國江蘇省南京市溧水區寧溧公路以西	商業	2,500	中期
	Nanjing Golden Wheel	West of Ning Li Road, Lishui District,	Commercial		medium
	Cuiyong Hua Ting	Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC			
2	無錫金輪星空間	中國江蘇省無錫市北塘區	商業	15,097	中期
		江海路與鳳賓路交叉口東南側			
	Wuxi Golden Wheel	Southeast to the intersection between Jianghai	Commercial		medium
	Starry Plaza	Road and Fengbin Road, Beitang District,			
		Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC			
3	南京金輪星際中心	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區江南路與	商業	46,647	中期
		宏運大道交叉路口東北側			
	Nanjing Golden Wheel	Northeast to the intersection between Jiangnan	Commercial		medium
	Galaxy Center	Road and Hongyun Avenue, Jiangning District,			
		Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC			

本集團持作待銷售或佔用物業

PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE OR OCCUPATION BY THE GROUP

編號	物業名稱	地址	用途類型	概約建築面積 平方米 Approximate
No.	Name of Property	Location	Use Type	GFA sq.m.
1	金輪國際廣場 Golden Wheel International Plaza	中國江蘇省南京市鼓樓區漢中路8號 No. 8, Hanzhong Road, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	辦公室 Office	2,535
2	金輪國際廣場 Golden Wheel International Plaza	中國江蘇省南京市鼓樓區漢中路8號 No. 8, Hanzhong Road, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	停車場 Carpark	2,022
3	金輪星城	中國江蘇省揚州市揚州新開發區 揚子江中路228號	商業/住宅/停車場	5,985
	Golden Wheel Star City	No. 228, Yangtze River Middle Road, Yangzhou New Development District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	
4	金輪時代廣場 Golden Wheel Times Square	中國湖南省株洲市蘆淞區車站路1號 No. 1, Chezhan Road, Lusong District, Zhuzhou City, Hunan Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	185
5	金輪星光名座	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區秣陵街道 誠信大道998號	商業/停車場	2,060
	Golden Wheel Star Plaza	No. 998 Chengxin Avenue, Mo Ling Street, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Carpark	
6	株洲金輪翡翠名園 Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jade Garden	中國湖南省株洲市天元區栗雨路 Liyu Road, Tianyuan District, Zhuzhou City, Hunan Province, the PRC	商業/住宅/停車場 Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	9,324
7	無錫金輪星光名座	中國江蘇省無錫市新吳區前衛路3號	商業/住宅	4,841
	Wuxi Golden Wheel Star Plaza	No. 3, Qianwei Road, Xinwu District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential	
8	金輪新都滙 Golden Wheel New Metro	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區雙龍大道118號 No. 118 Shuanglong Avenue, Jiangning District, Nanying City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	停車場 Carpark	243
9	金輪星立方 Golden Wheel Star-cube	中國江蘇省南京市雨花台區玉盤東街2號 No. 2 Yupan East Road, Yuhuatai District,	商業/停車場 Commercial/Carpark	403
		Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC		

編號	物業名稱	地址	用途類型	概約建築面積 平方米 Approximate
No.	Name of Property	Location	Use Type	GFA sq.m.
10	金輪津橋華府	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區 龍眠大道修文路3號	住宅/停車場	5,260
	Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu	No. 3 Xiuwen Road, Longmian Road, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Residential/Carpark	
11	長沙金輪星光名座 Changsha Golden Wheel Star Plaza	中國湖南省長沙市雨花區湘秀路131號 No. 131, Xiangxiu Road, Yuhua District, Changsha City, Hunan Province, the PRC	商業/住宅/停車場 Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	32,191
12	金輪雙子星廣場 Golden Wheel Binary Star Plaza	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區雙龍大道 1101 號 No. 1101 Shuanglong Avenue, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業 Commercial	481
13	揚州蝶翠園 Yangzhou Lakeside Emerald House	中國江蘇省揚州市邗江區維揚路31號 No. 31 Weiyang Road, Hanjiang District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業/停車場 Commercial/Carpark	12,086
14	無錫金輪湖曉蘭庭	中國江蘇省無錫市濱湖區 十里明珠堤與霞光路交叉口	商業/住宅	26,478
	Wuxi Golden Wheel Lakeside Orchid Garden	The intersection between ShiLi Mingzhudi and Xiaguang Road, Binhu District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential	
15	香港金輪天地	中國香港電氣道68及70號以及 琉璃街2C及2D號	商業	4,828
	Hong Kong Golden Wheel Plaza	Nos. 68 and 70 Electric Road and Nos. 2C and 2D Lau Li Street, Hongkong, China	Commercial	
16	株洲金輪津橋華府(一期)	中國湖南省株洲市天元區武廣片區 東方湘江大道北臨炎帝大道	商業/住宅	19,166
	Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu (Phase I)	North of Yan Di Main Road, East of Xiangjiang Main Road, Wu Guang Area, Tianyuan District, Zhuzhou City, Hunan Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential	
17 ^{附註2}	南京時光山湖	中國江蘇省南京市六合區 金牛湖街道青龍市場	商業/停車場	3,540
Note2	Nanjing Shiguang Shanhu	Qinglong Market, Jinniu Lake sub-district, Liuhe District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Carpark	
18	揚州寶龍金輪廣場	中國江蘇省揚州市揚子江中路與開發西路 交叉口	商業/停車場	44,404
	Yangzhou Powerlong Golden Wheel Plaza	The intersection of Yangtze River Middle Road and Kaifa West Road, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Carpark	
19 ^{附註3}	常州君望甲第	中國江蘇省常州市新北區 薛冶路以西瀛平路南側地塊	商業/住宅/停車場	42,800
Note3	Changzhou Junwang Jia Di	West of Xueye Road, South of Yingping Road, Xinbei District, Changzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	

開發中物業

PROPERTIES UNDER DEVELOPMENT

編號 No.	物業名稱 Name of Property	地址 Location	用途類型 Use Type	概約建築面積 平方米 Approximate GFA sq.m.
1	南京金輪峰華名座 Nanjing Golden Wheel Romantic Tower	中國江蘇省南京市鼓樓區小粉橋 Xiaofenqiao, Gulou District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業/停車場 Commercial/Carpark	38,244
2	株洲金輪津橋華府(二期)	中國湖南省株洲市天元區 武廣片區東方湘江大道北臨炎帝大道	商業/住宅	170,596
	Zhuzhou Golden Wheel Jinqiao Huafu (Phase II)	North of Yan Di Main Road, East of Xiangjiang Main Road, Wu Guang Area, Tianyuan District, Zhuzhou City, Hunan Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential	
3	南京金輪水映華庭	中國江蘇省南京市高淳區 芫太路以北新塘路以東	商業/住宅/停車場	76,217
	Nanjing Golden Wheel Shuiying Hua Ting	North of Wutai Road, East of Xintang Road, Gaochun District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	
4 ^{附註4}	揚州萬科未來之光	中國江蘇省揚州市邗江區 青年路與創新路之交會處	住宅	84,847
Note4	Yangzhou Vanke Future Light	The intersection between Qingnian Road and Chuangxin Road, Hanjiang District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Residential	
5	南京金輪翠雍華庭	中國江蘇省南京市溧水區寧溧公路以西	商業/住宅/停車場	115,282
	Nanjing Golden Wheel Cuiyong Hua Ting	West of Ning Li Road, Lishui District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	
6	無錫金輪星空間	中國江蘇省無錫市北塘區江海路與鳳賓路 交叉口東南側	商業	99,039
	Wuxi Golden Wheel Starry Plaza	Southeast to the intersection between Jianghai Road and Fengbin Road, Beitang District, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial	
7附註5 Note5	揚州金灣1號 Yangzhou No.1 Golden Bay	中國江蘇省揚州市廣陵區江陽東路 178號 No. 178, Jiangyang East Road, Guangling District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	商業/住宅/停車場 Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	29,220

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編號	物業名稱	地址	用途類型	概約建築面積 平方米 Approximate
No.	Name of Property	Location	Use Type	GFA sq.m.
8	南京金輪星際中心	中國江蘇省南京市江寧區江南路與 宏運大道交叉路口東北側	商業/停車場	195,353
	Nanjing Golden Wheel Galaxy Center	Northeast to the intersection between Jiangnan Road and Hongyun Avenue, Jiangning District, Nanjing City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Carpark	
9 ^{附註6}	金輪尚都時代天際	中國江蘇省連雲港市贛榆區華中路與 後宮路交滙處	商業/住宅/停車場	158,695
Note6	Golden Wheel Shangdu Age City Mansion	The intersection between Huazhong Road and Hougong Road, Ganyu District, Lianyungang City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	
10 ^{附註7}	尚都峰璟	中國江蘇省連雲港市海州區海連路與 郁州路交滙處	商業/住宅/停車場	56,092
Note7	Shangdu Fengjing	The Intersection between Hailian Road and Yuzhou Road, Haizhou District, Lianyungang City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	
11 ^{注釋8}	港龍君望	中國安徽省黃山市屯溪區屯光 鎮北海路北側	商業/住宅	70,170
Note8	Ganglong Majestic Mansion	North to Beihai Road, Tunguang Town, Tunxi District, Huangshan City, Anhui Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential	
12 ^{附註9}	雲悦星宸	中國江蘇省連雲港市海州區通灌南路 與建設中路交滙處	住宅	99,651
Note9	Galaxy Light	The intersection between Tongguan South Road and Jianshe Middle Road, Haizhou District,	Residential	
		Lianyungang City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC		
13 ^{附註10}	揚州開宸園	中國江蘇省揚州市邗江區施沙路與施橋 南路交滙處	商業/住宅/停車場	94,826
Note10	Yangzhou Kaichen Mansion	The intersection between Shisha Road and Shiqiao South Road, Hanjiang District, Yangzhou City, Jiangsu Province, the PRC	Commercial/Residential/ Carpark	

附註:		Notes:	
1.	該項目由本集團擁有49%權益之合營公司開發。	1.	The project is developed by a joint venture company in which the Group has a 49% interest.
2.	該項目由本集團擁有25%之聯營公司開發。	2.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 25% interest.
3.	該項目由本集團擁有13.33%之聯營公司開發。	3.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 13.33% interest.
4.	該項目由本集團擁有20%之合營公司開發。	4.	The project is developed by a joint venture company in which the Group has a 20% interest.
5.	該項目由本集團擁有32.64%之附屬公司開發。	5.	The project is developed by a subsidiary company in which the Group has a 32.64% interest.
6.	該項目由本集團擁有37%之聯營公司開發。	6.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 37% interest.
7.	該項目由本集團擁有10%之聯營公司開發。	7.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 10% interest.
8.	該項目由本集團擁有20%之聯營公司開發。	8.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 20% interest.
9.	該項目由本集團擁有12.58%之聯營公司開發。	9.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 12.58% interest.
10.	該項目由本集團擁有24.5%之聯營公司開發。	10.	The project is developed by an associate company in which the Group has a 24.5% interest.



金輪天地控股有限公司 GOLDEN WHEEL TIANDI HOLDINGS COMPANY LIMITED