Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.


# CWT INTERNATIONAL LIMITED 

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 521)

## FINAL RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The board (the "Board") of directors (the "Directors") of CWT International Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group") for the year ended 31 December 2020 with comparative figures for the year ended 31 December 2019. These final results have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

|  | NOTES | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations |  |  |  |
| Revenue | 5 | 44,673,571 | 40,747,512 |
| Cost of sales |  | $(43,192,505)$ | (39,211,369) |
| Gross profit |  | 1,481,066 | 1,536,143 |
| Other income | 7 | 196,331 | 202,541 |
| Other net gain |  | 2,366 | 33,363 |
| Selling and distribution costs |  | $(370,579)$ | $(399,205)$ |
| Administrative expenses |  | $(794,276)$ | $(851,308)$ |
| Finance costs | 8 | $(413,565)$ | $(763,922)$ |
| Share of profits less losses of associates, net of tax |  | 25,978 | 23,253 |
| Share of profits less losses of joint ventures, net of tax |  | 2,421 | 2,332 |
| Profit/(loss) before taxation |  | 129,742 | $(216,803)$ |
| Income tax expense | 9 | $(45,928)$ | $(26,332)$ |
| Profit/(loss) for the year from continuing operations |  | 83,814 | $(243,135)$ |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

|  | NOTE | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \${ }^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Discontinued operations |  |  |  |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operations | 4 | $(15,506)$ | $(308,167)$ |
| Profit/(loss) for the year |  | 68,308 | $(551,302)$ |
| Other comprehensive income: |  |  |  |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: |  |  |  |
| Defined benefit plan remeasurements |  | $(3,148)$ | $(9,506)$ |
| Tax on defined benefit plan remeasurement |  | 377 | 1,632 |
| Net change in fair value of financial assets measured at FVOCI |  | (88) | - |
|  |  | $(2,859)$ | $(7,874)$ |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss, net of nil tax: |  |  |  |
| Exchange differences arising from translation of financial statements of overseas subsidiaries |  | 94,148 | $(62,354)$ |
| Exchange differences reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of subsidiaries |  | 85,311 | 4,240 |
| Effective portion of changes in fair value of cash flow hedges |  | $(1,499)$ | (205) |
| Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures |  | $(9,735)$ | $(10,014)$ |
|  |  | 168,225 | $(68,333)$ |
| Other comprehensive income for the year |  | 165,366 | $(76,207)$ |
| Total comprehensive income for the year |  | 233,674 | $(627,509)$ |

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

|  | NOTE | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company: <br> - from continuing operations <br> - from discontinued operations |  | $\begin{gathered} 56,803 \\ (15,338) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (287,191) \\ & (310,366) \end{aligned}$ |
| Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company |  | 41,465 | $(597,557)$ |
| Profit/(loss) for the year attributable to non-controlling interests: <br> - from continuing operations <br> - from discontinued operations |  | $\begin{array}{r} 27,011 \\ (168) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 44,056 \\ 2,199 \end{array}$ |
| Profit for the year attributable to non-controlling interests |  | 26,843 | 46,255 |
| Profit/(loss) for the year |  | 68,308 | $\underline{(551,302)}$ |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests |  | $\begin{array}{r} 201,511 \\ 32,163 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (666,802) \\ 39,293 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | 233,674 | $(627,509)$ |
| EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE | 11 |  |  |
| Basic and diluted (HK cents) |  | 0.36 | (5.24) |

From continuing operations

Basic and diluted (HK cents)

0.50
(2.52)

From discontinuing operations
Basic and diluted (HK cents)
(0.14)
(2.72)

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | 2019 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| NOTE | $\boldsymbol{H K \$ \prime} \mathbf{0 0 0}$ | HK ',000 |

## Non-current assets

| Property, plant and equipment | $\mathbf{3 , 8 8 7 , 0 4 6}$ | $3,931,375$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Right-of-use assets | $\mathbf{3 , 1 7 0 , 5 3 8}$ | $3,310,925$ |
| Intangible assets | $\mathbf{2 1 2 , 9 1 2}$ | 292,652 |
| Interest in associates | $\mathbf{1 9 0 , 2 3 2}$ | 193,006 |
| Interest in joint ventures | $\mathbf{2 5 6 , 4 4 9}$ | 270,558 |
| Other financial assets | $\mathbf{2 0 6 , 5 8 6}$ | 170,723 |
| Prepayments, deposits and other receivables | $\mathbf{3 6 , 0 1 6}$ | 33,494 |
| Other non-current assets | $\mathbf{1 8 , 6 4 2}$ | 19,270 |
| Derivative financial instruments | $\mathbf{1 , 4 6 7}$ | 689 |
| Deferred tax assets | $\mathbf{3 5 , 4 5 8}$ | 25,084 |

$\mathbf{8 , 0 1 5 , 3 4 6} \quad 8,247,776$

## Current assets

Other financial asset
1,498,580
991,618

Inventories
Trade receivables
12
Prepayments, deposits and other receivables
Contract assets
Warrantable LME commodities
Derivative financial instruments
Tax recoverable
Pledged bank deposits
Cash and cash equivalents
3,094,489
3,647,804
6,764,870 73,791 98,655 429,527 15,100 29,817
1,247,995
$16,900,628$

Assets associated with a disposal group classified as held-for-sale
$14,474,626$
2,912,560
3,279,513
5,500,934
75,310
21,303
270,782
13,746
145,999
1,262,861
$\qquad$ - $1,298,175$

16,900,628
15,772,80

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

|  | NOTE | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |
| Contract liabilities |  | 254,124 | 120,133 |
| Trade and other payables | 13 | 9,179,149 | 6,984,443 |
| Loans and borrowings |  | 5,204,356 | 5,787,293 |
| Lease liabilities |  | 374,467 | 373,173 |
| Derivative financial instruments |  | 1,146,335 | 540,667 |
| Current tax payable |  | 41,220 | 68,803 |
| Provisions |  | 15,000 | 27,510 |
|  |  | 16,214,651 | 13,902,022 |
| Liabilities associated with a disposal group classified as held-for-sale |  | - | 896,035 |
|  |  | 16,214,651 | 14,798,057 |
| Net current assets |  | 685,977 | 974,744 |
| Total assets less current liabilities |  | 8,701,323 | 9,222,520 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

|  | NOTE | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ \$^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-current liabilities |  |  |  |
| Trade and other payables | 13 | 23,779 | 20,058 |
| Loans and borrowings |  | 896,263 | 1,134,889 |
| Lease liabilities |  | 2,932,448 | 3,056,826 |
| Derivative financial instruments |  | 3,468 | 46,167 |
| Defined benefit obligations |  | 62,341 | 54,094 |
| Deferred tax liabilities |  | 284,666 | 289,495 |
|  |  | 4,202,965 | 4,601,529 |
| Net assets |  | 4,498,358 | 4,620,991 |
| Capital and reserves |  |  |  |
| Share capital |  | 4,731,480 | 4,731,480 |
| Reserves |  | $(363,832)$ | $(564,598)$ |
| Equity attributable to owners of the Company |  | 4,367,648 | 4,166,882 |
| Non-controlling interests |  | 130,710 | 454,109 |
| Total equity |  | 4,498,358 | 4,620,991 |

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 

## 1．GENERAL

The Company is a public limited company incorporated in Hong Kong and its shares are listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited（the＂Stock Exchange＂）．Hong Kong HNA Holding Group Co．Limited（＂Hong Kong HNA＂），a company incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability，is the immediate parent of the Company．HNA Group Co．，Ltd＊．（海航集團有限公司）（＂HNA Group＂），a company registered in the People＇s Republic of China（the＂PRC＂），is an intermediate parent of the Company． Hainan Province Cihang Foundation，a foundation registered in the PRC，is the ultimate controlling party of the Company．

## 2．BASIS OF PREPARATION

The annual results set out in this announcement are extracted from the Group＇s statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020.

The statutory financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards（＂HKFRSs＂），which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards，Hong Kong Accounting Standards（＂HKASs＂）and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants（the＂HKICPA＂），accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance（Chapter 622 of the Laws of Hong Kong）（the＂Companies Ordinance＂）．The statutory financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities（the＂Listing Rules＂）on the Stock Exchange．

The financial information relating to the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 included in this preliminary announcement of annual results does not constitute the Company＇s statutory annual consolidated financial statements for those years but such information is derived from those financial statements．Further information related to these statutory financial statements required to be disclosed in accordance with section 436 of the Companies Ordinance is as follows：

The Company has delivered the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 to the Registrar of Companies as required by section 662（3）of，and Part 3 of Schedule 6 to，the Companies Ordinance．The statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 will be delivered to the Registrar of Companies in due course．The Company＇s auditor has reported on these financial statements．

The auditor＇s report on the 2019 financial statements was unqualified；included a reference to material uncertainty related to going concern to which the auditors drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report；and did not contain a statement under section $406(2), 407(2)$ or（3）of the Companies Ordinance．

The auditor＇s report on the 2020 financial statements was unqualified；did not include a reference to any matters to which the auditor drew attention by way of emphasis without qualifying its report；and did not contain a statement under section $406(2), 407(2)$ or（3）of the Companies Ordinance．

## 3. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The HKICPA has issued the following amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Amendments to HKFRS 3, Definition of a Business
- Amendments to HKAS 1 and HKAS 8, Definition of Material
- Amendments to HKFRS 9, HKAS 39 and HKFRS 7, Interest Rate Benchmark Reform

None of these developments have had a material effect on how the Group's results and financial position for the current or prior periods have been prepared or presented in the financial report. The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period other than the amendment to HKFRS 16, Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions, which allows a lessee to account for COVID-19-related rent concessions as if they were not lease modifications. The adoption of the amendment does not have any material impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 4. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Group completed the disposals of its property investment businesses in the United States (the "US Operation") and the United Kingdom (the "UK Operation", together with the US Operation, the "US and UK Operations") during the year ended 31 December 2019 and its sports and leisure-related facilities business (the "PRC Operation") in January 2020. The US and UK Operations together represented a reportable and operating segment, namely the "property investment business", and the PRC Operation represented a reportable and operating segment, namely "sports and leisure-related facilities business", prior to the disposals.

In addition, the Group ceased its energy and refined metals trading business under the commodity marketing segment (the "Energy and Refined Metals Trading Operation"), which represented a separate major line of the Group's business, during the year ended 31 December 2019. Except for executing and completing the contracts entered prior to the cessation, no substantive economic activities were undertaken under the Energy and Refined Metals Trading Operation during the year ended 31 December 2020.

All the operations disclosed above are classified as discontinued operations and their results for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$, 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$, 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit of US Operation | - | 59,683 |
| Loss on disposal of US Operation | - | $(258,237)$ |
| Loss of UK Operation | - | $(68,971)$ |
| Loss on disposal of UK Operation | - | $(5,684)$ |
| (Loss)/profit of PRC Operation | (479) | 6,317 |
| Profit on disposal of PRC Operation | 20,150 | - |
| Loss of Energy and Refined Metals Trading Operation | $(35,177)$ | $(41,275)$ |
| Loss for the year from discontinued operations | $(15,506)$ | $(308,167)$ |
| (Loss)/profit for the year from discontinued operations attributable to: |  |  |
| Owners of the Company | $(15,338)$ | $(310,366)$ |
| Non-controlling interests | (168) | 2,199 |
|  | $(15,506)$ | $(308,167)$ |

## 5. REVENUE

The Group is principally engaged in integrated logistics services and related engineering services. The Group is also engaged in the affiliated business of commodity marketing and financial services.

## Disaggregation of revenue

## Continuing operations

Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by major products and service lines and geographical location of customers is as follows:

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$, 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disaggregated by major products and service lines |  |  |
| Freight services | 2,939,199 | 2,673,031 |
| Logistics services | 1,614,502 | 1,812,828 |
| Commodity trading | 38,918,873 | 34,861,722 |
| Equipment and facility maintenance services | 487,114 | 473,125 |
| Design-and-build | 17,977 | 215,955 |
| Broking services | 563,871 | 448,985 |
| Others | 132,035 | 261,866 |
|  | 44,673,571 | 40,747,512 |
| Disaggregated by geographical location of customers |  |  |
| Mainland China | 24,686,428 | 24,435,251 |
| Singapore | 3,156,536 | 3,868,998 |
| Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC | 9,819,989 | 2,686,956 |
| Korea | 1,118,846 | 1,490,150 |
| Other Asia Pacific jurisdictions | 3,566,761 | 4,128,400 |
| Europe | 1,000,969 | 2,261,723 |
| North America | 1,018,028 | 969,307 |
| Africa continent | 302,900 | 904,854 |
| South America | 3,114 | 1,873 |
|  | 44,673,571 | 40,747,512 |

## 6. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"), being the most senior executive management of the Group, for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the types of goods or services delivered or provided.

In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has presented the following reportable segments.

## Logistics services

This reportable segment includes warehousing, transportation, freight forwarding and cargo consolidation, supply chain management services.

## Commodity marketing

This reportable segment includes physical trading and supply chain management of base metal non-ferrous concentrates with predominant focus on copper, lead, zinc and other minor metals. This segment formerly includes the Energy and Refined Metals Trading Operation which was discontinued in 2019 (see Note 4).

## Engineering services

This reportable segment includes management and maintenance of facilities, vehicles and equipment, supply and installation of engineering products, property management, and design-and-build for logistic properties.

## Financial services

This reportable segment includes structured trading of commodities, provision of financial brokerage services and assets management services.

The segment information reported below does not include any amounts for those discontinued operations, which is described in more details in Note 4.

## Segment results, assets and liabilities

For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's most senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment profit before taxation represents operating revenue less expenses. Segment assets represents assets directly managed by each segment, and primarily include inventories, receivables, property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets. Segment liabilities represent liabilities directly managed by each segment, and primarily include payables, loans and borrowings and lease liabilities.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to sales generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments. Segment profit includes the Group's share of profit arising from the activities of the Group's associates and joint ventures. Items not managed by or derived from the operations of reportable segments are classified as "unallocated" in the segment reconciliations.

The measure used for reportable segment profit is profit before taxation.
Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers by timing of revenue recognition as well as information regarding the Group＇s reportable segments as provided to the Group＇s CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 is set out below：


| $41,133,004$ | $37,098,184$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{3 , 5 4 0 , 5 6 7}$ | $3,649,328$ |

cil





|  |
| :---: |
|  |  | a

1

 팍
＇ $\mid 1$
$\square$ $\stackrel{n}{2}$

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
2020 & 2019 \\
H K \$ \$ 000 & H K \$ \prime 000
\end{array}
$$ $\begin{array}{cr}\text { Financial services } \\ 2020 & 2019\end{array}$ HK\＄＇OOO HK\＄＇000



$$
\left.\begin{aligned}
& o \\
& i n \\
& n \\
&
\end{aligned} \right\rvert\,
$$


社
6
$i n$
$i n$
๗r
$\stackrel{6}{6}$


Commodity marketing
筬
$n$

ñ
$\underset{\sim}{n}$
$\begin{array}{r}27,129,770 \\ 123,803 \\ \hline\end{array}$
nin
$\stackrel{n}{n}$
$\stackrel{n}{2}$
N্ল゙
ซ｜

| Logistics services |  |
| ---: | ---: |
| $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | 2019 |
| HK \＄＇000 | HK \＄＇000 |

$\begin{array}{rr}4,712,690 & 4,709,796 \\ (41,490) & (48,602)\end{array}$
$(41,490) \quad(48,602)$
4，671，200 4，661，194



$\begin{array}{ll}\mathbf{1 , 6 4 9 , 2 6 8} & 1,719,441 \\ \mathbf{3 , 0 2 1 , 9 3 2} & \underline{2,941,753} \\ \mathbf{4 , 6 7 1 , 2 0 0} & \underline{4,661,194}\end{array}$
on
ल．
ल．
in

2，939，199
$\mathbf{1 , 6 1 4 , 5 0 2}$
Revenue from external customers disaggregated by

## Reportable segment revenue

> Revenue from external customers timing of revenue recognition
Point in time
Over time
Revenue from external customers disaggregated by product lines／services

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Engineering services } \\
2020 \quad 2019
\end{gathered}
$$


11
＇ 1

Inter－segment revenue
Freight services
Logistics services
Equipment and fac
Design－and－build
Broking services Others

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { に } \\
& \begin{array}{l}
1 \\
0
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
$$

|  | Logistics services |  | Commodity marketing |  | Engineering services |  | Financial services |  | Elimination |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$ ’ 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ \prime 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$: 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$ ’ 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK ', } 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ \prime 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$: 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ 000 \end{array}$ |
| Results |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest income | 6,257 | 7,185 | 19,413 | 65,017 | 1,171 | 1,058 | 37,216 | 77,253 | $(9,315)$ | $(6,489)$ | 54,742 | 144,024 |
| Interest expense | $(157,378)$ | $(208,580)$ | $(68,461)$ | $(118,015)$ | (101) | (92) | $(7,046)$ | $(16,070)$ | 10,368 | 10,524 | $(222,618)$ | $(332,233)$ |
| Depreciation and amortisation | $(601,054)$ | $(684,317)$ | $(52,354)$ | $(52,280)$ | (9,760) | $(9,203)$ | $(7,079)$ | $(7,340)$ | 12,255 | 12,369 | $(657,992)$ | $(740,771)$ |
| Share of profits of associates and joint ventures, net of taxation | 25,684 | 22,901 | - | - | 2,715 | 2,684 | - | - | - | - | 28,399 | 25,585 |
| Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 3,880 | 3,788 | (6) | (816) | 11 | 29 | (214) | - | - | - | 3,671 | 3,001 |
| (Loss)/gain on disposal of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures | $(7,141)$ | (920) | 4,545 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(2,596)$ | (920) |
| Impairment losses on prepayments | - | - | $(3,880)$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(3,880)$ | - |
| Gain on disposal of assets classified as held-for-sale | - | 1,902 | - | 6,587 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 8,489 |
| Inventory write off | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(37,987)$ | - | - | - | $(37,987)$ | - |
| Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment | - | $(1,356)$ | $(1,745)$ | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $(1,745)$ | $(1,356)$ |
| Impairment losses on trade and other receivables | $(12,531)$ | $(24,824)$ | (282) | $(6,230)$ | - | - | 4,370 | $(4,684)$ | - | - | $(8,443)$ | $(35,738)$ |
| Reportable segment profit/(loss) before taxation | 217,026 | $(12,234)$ | 66,738 | 91,600 | 58,532 | 34,800 | 38,798 | 76,765 | 321 | 9,639 | 381,415 | 200,570 |
| Reportable segment assets | 8,720,960 | 8,604,224 | 8,064,675 | 7,446,190 | 475,599 | 407,510 | 7,795,521 | 5,996,260 | $(806,049)$ | $(495,867)$ | 24,250,706 | 21,958,317 |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures | 439,498 | 457,843 | - | - | 7,183 | 5,721 | - | - | - | - | 446,681 | 463,564 |
| Capital expenditure | 111,437 | 154,575 | 6,420 | 11,546 | 939 | 2,021 | 82 | 556 | - | - | 118,878 | 168,698 |
| Reportable segment liabilities | $\underline{6,346,489}$ | $\underline{6,690,739}$ | $\xrightarrow{6,763,188}$ | 5,913,796 | 234,447 | 207,880 | $\underline{\text { 6,736,522 }}$ | $\xrightarrow{4,959,750}$ | $(775,980)$ | $(496,249)$ | $\underline{19,304,666}$ | $\underline{17,275,916}$ |

(b) Reconciliation of reportable segment profit or loss

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | 2019 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | HK ', 000 | $H K \$, 000$ |
| Total profit for reportable segments | $\mathbf{3 8 1 , 4 1 5}$ | 200,570 |
| Unallocated amounts: | $\mathbf{2 2 , 3 8 1}$ | 17,948 |
| Gain on fair value change of other financial assets | $\mathbf{( 2 )}$ | $(13)$ |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | $\mathbf{8 , 0 3 9}$ | 73,265 |
| Net foreign exchange gain | $\mathbf{( 9 , 3 0 4 )}$ | $(11,763)$ |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets | $\mathbf{( 1 3 7 , 3 7 1 )}$ | $(345,503)$ |
| Finance costs | $\mathbf{3 , 6 4 7}$ | 10,400 |
| Unallocated income and gains | $\mathbf{( 1 3 9 , 0 6 3 )}$ | $(161,707)$ |
| Unallocated expenses |  |  |
| Profit/(loss) before tax (continuing operations) | $\mathbf{1 2 9 , 7 4 2}$ | $(216,803)$ |

## (c) Segment assets and liabilities

The following is an analysis of the Group's assets and liabilities by reportable and operating segments:

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \${ }^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reportable segment assets |  |  |
| Continuing operations |  |  |
| Logistics services | 8,720,960 | 8,604,224 |
| Commodity marketing | 8,064,675 | 7,446,190 |
| Engineering services | 475,599 | 407,510 |
| Financial services | 7,795,521 | 5,996,260 |
| Elimination of inter-segment assets | $(806,049)$ | $(495,867)$ |
| Total reportable segment assets | 24,250,706 | 21,958,317 |
| Assets associated with a disposal group classified as held-for-sale | - | 1,298,175 |
|  | 24,250,706 | 23,256,492 |
| Unallocated assets: |  |  |
| Investments in associates and joint ventures | 446,681 | 463,564 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 4,044 | 21,984 |
| Other financial assets | 204,702 | 170,468 |
| Other unallocated assets | 9,841 | 108,069 |
| Consolidated total assets | 24,915,974 | 24,020,577 |

## Reportable segment liabilities

| Continuing operations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Logistics services | 6,346,489 | 6,690,739 |
| Commodity marketing | 6,763,188 | 5,913,796 |
| Engineering services | 234,447 | 207,880 |
| Financial services | 6,736,522 | 4,959,750 |
| Elimination of inter-segment liabilities | $(775,980)$ | $(496,249)$ |
| Total reportable segment liabilities | 19,304,666 | 17,275,916 |
| Liabilities associated with a disposal group classified as held-for-sale | - | 896,035 |
|  | 19,304,666 | 18,171,951 |
| Unallocated liabilities: |  |  |
| Perpetual notes | 356,905 | 358,492 |
| The Extended Borrowing | - | 768,334 |
| Other loans and borrowings | 716,000 | - |
| Tax liabilities | - | 2,080 |
| Other unallocated liabilities | 40,045 | 98,729 |
| Consolidated total liabilities | 20,417,616 | 19,399,586 |

## (d) Geographic information

The logistic services and commodity marketing segments are managed on a worldwide basis and the Group operates principally in Mainland China, Singapore, other parts of Asia Pacific Region, Europe, North America, Africa continent and South America. Engineering services are primarily in Singapore. Financial services operate mainly in Mainland China, Singapore and North America.

In presenting information on the basis of geographical segments, segment revenue is based on the geographical locations from which the Group derives its revenue. Segment non-current assets (other than loans and receivables, financial assets and deferred tax assets) are based on the geographical location of the assets.

|  | Specified non-current assets |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ | 2019 |
|  | $\mathbf{H K \$ \prime 0 0 0}$ | $H K \$, 000$ |
| Mainland China | $\mathbf{7 7 , 8 9 9}$ | 70,533 |
| Singapore | $\mathbf{5 , 6 9 4 , 6 7 6}$ | $6,011,530$ |
| Hong Kong Special Administrative Region of the PRC | $\mathbf{7 , 3 9 8}$ | 18,213 |
| Korea | $\mathbf{2 7 6}$ | 243 |
| Other Asia Pacific jurisdictions | $\mathbf{5 5 5 , 0 3 9}$ | 538,947 |
| Europe | $\mathbf{1 , 3 1 5 , 9 1 6}$ | $1,285,192$ |
| North America | $\mathbf{2 0 , 1 2 3}$ | 20,446 |
| Africa continent | $\mathbf{6 0 , 5 6 0}$ | 69,219 |
| South America | $\mathbf{5 , 3 9 9}$ | 4,152 |
|  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{7 , 7 3 7 , 2 8 6}$ | $8,018,475$ |

## 7. OTHER INCOME

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$, 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations |  |  |
| Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost | 54,742 | 143,840 |
| Dividend income from other financial assets | 163 | 305 |
| Government grants | 103,735 | - |
| Others | 37,691 | 58,396 |
|  | 196,331 | 202,541 |

## 8. FINANCE COSTS

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \${ }^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Continuing operations |  |  |
| Interests expense on: |  |  |
| - Bank borrowings and other facilities | 182,197 | 427,500 |
| - Medium term note | 5,998 | 36,371 |
| - Lease liabilities | 126,315 | 137,229 |
| - Others | 3,853 | 10,070 |
| Other finance costs | 48,565 | 90,327 |
|  | 366,928 | 701,497 |
| Bank charges | 46,637 | 62,425 |
|  | 413,565 | 763,922 |

9. INCOME TAX

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \${ }^{\prime} 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current tax |  |  |
| Provision for the year - Hong Kong Profits Tax | - | 42 |
| Provision for the year - Overseas income tax | 68,362 | 66,167 |
| Over-provision in respect of prior years | $(12,103)$ | $(26,876)$ |
|  | 56,259 | 39,333 |
| Deferred tax |  |  |
| Origination and reversal of temporary differences | $(20,423)$ | $(44,849)$ |
| Withholding tax | 9,366 | 4,943 |
| Total income tax expense/(credit) | 45,202 | (573) |
| Attributable to: |  |  |
| Profit from continuing operations | 45,928 | 26,332 |
| Loss from discontinued operations | (726) | $(26,905)$ |

The provision for Hong Kong Profits Tax for 2020 is calculated at $16.5 \%$ (2019: 16.5\%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year, except for one subsidiary of the Group which is a qualifying corporation under the two-tiered Profits Tax rate regime.

Taxation outside Hong Kong is calculated on the estimated assessable profits for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

## 10. DIVIDEND

No dividend was paid or proposed for ordinary shareholders of the Company during the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019, nor has any dividend been proposed after the end of reporting period.

## 11. EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts is based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares of $11,399,996,101(2019: 11,399,996,101)$ in issue during the year and the profits/ (loss) for the year attributable to owners of the Company as follows:

|  | $\begin{array}{r} 2020 \\ \text { HK\$'000 } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2019 \\ H K \$ ' 000 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Profit/(loss) attributable to owners of the Company |  |  |
| - from continuing operations | 56,803 | $(287,191)$ |
| - from discontinued operations | $(15,338)$ | $(310,366)$ |
|  | 41,465 | $(597,557)$ |

(b) Diluted earnings/(losses) per share

No adjustment has been made to the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts presented for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2019 in respect of a dilution as share options subsisting during the periods had an anti-dilutive effect on the basic earnings/(loss) per share amounts presented.

## 12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

As at the end of the reporting period, the ageing analysis of trade debtors and bills receivables based on the invoice date and net of loss allowance, is as follows:

|  |  | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| 0-90 days | 3,428,704 | 2,795,424 |
| 91-180 days | 158,485 | 391,558 |
| 181-365 days | 54,800 | 26,578 |
| 1-2 years | 5,815 | 63,156 |
| Over 2 years | - | 2,797 |
|  | 3,647,804 | 3,279,513 |

Trade debtors and bills receivables are expected to be recovered within one year.

## 13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

|  | NOTES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | HK\$'000 | HK\$'000 |
| Trade and bills payables | (a) | 1,369,872 | 1,163,992 |
| Other payables, deposits received and accruals | (b) | 7,833,056 | 5,840,509 |
| Less: non-current portion |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,202,928 \\ (23,779) \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,004,501 \\ (20,058) \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  |  | 9,179,149 | 6,984,443 |

(a) Trade and bills payables

The following is an ageing analysis of the trade and bills payables based on the invoice date as at the end of the reporting period:

|  | 2020 | 2019 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | HK\$'000 | HK ' 000 |
| 0-90 days | 1,219,064 | 826,545 |
| 91-180 days | 57,241 | 229,751 |
| 181-365 days | 30,815 | 66,381 |
| 1-2 years | 52,840 | 23,851 |
| Over 2 years | 9,912 | 17,464 |
|  | 1,369,872 | 1,163,992 |

(b) Other payables, deposits received and accruals

As at 31 December 2020, included in the balance are amounts segregated for customers of HK\$6,000,547,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$4,353,542,000).

## FINAL DIVIDEND

The Board did not recommend the payment of any dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2020 (2019: Nil).

## MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

## OVERVIEW

In the year of 2020, global economy, trade and financial market were shipwrecked by the outbreak of the 2019 Novel Coronavirus ("Covid-19"). A geopolitical shift has created further tectonic changes for the business community. The Group weathered the storm while facing great difficulties and uncertainties in logistics, financial brokerage and commodity trading realms. With strong leadership from the management, the Group did great effort to stabilize customers and revenue, improve group and business line cost structure, and maintain commitment to debt servicing and deleveraging. Despite the above, the core logistics business delivered better performance as compared to the prior year ended 31 December 2019, which was underpinned by the Group's strong execution capability.

For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's revenue amounted to HK\$44,673,571,000 (2019: HK $\$ 40,747,512,000$ ); while the profit attributable to owners amounted to HK $\$ 41,465,000$ (2019: loss attributable to owners of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 597,557,000$ ). For the year ended 31 December 2020, the Group incurred a loss of HK\$15,506,000 from its discontinued operations (2019: HK $\$ 308,167,000$ ) and a profit of HK $\$ 83,814,000$ from the continuing operations (2019: loss of HK $\$ 243,135,000$ ). Notwithstanding various challenges faced by the Group for the year ended 31 December 2020, the performance of its continuing operations turned better, primarily as a result of (i) a significant decrease in finance cost of approximately $\mathrm{HK} \$ 350,000,000$; and (ii) the government subsidies of approximately HK $\$ 104,000,000$ received or receivable by the Group in relation to Covid-19. The Group recorded a profit attributable to owners of the Company in 2020, and earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") from continuing operations for the year ended 31 December 2020 was recorded as HK\$1,210,604,000 (2019: HK $\$ 1,299,653,000$ ), the amount of which is calculated by the profit for the year from continuing operations, before deducting the finance costs, income tax expenses, depreciation, and amortisation for the continuing operations.

The operations of the four business segments of the Group during the year are summarised as follows:

## Logistics Services

The year of 2020 marked an unprecedented year of health and economic challenges as the global pandemic affected lives and businesses around the world. Across regions, supply chains were massively disrupted. In Singapore, logistics firms faced stiff competition, with declining volume and escalating operating costs pointing to a slow recovery. Nevertheless, our logistics services business reported a total revenue of HK\$4,712,690,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$4,709,796,000) and a profit before tax of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 217,026,000$ (31 December 2019: loss of HK $\$ 12,234,000$ ), which included the Covid-19 government grant of HK $\$ 61,044,000$. These stellar results were mainly contributed by the warehousing and commodity logistic businesses.

For the warehouse \& integrated logistics business, our transportation segment and logistics businesses across various sectors were heavily affected. However, we were able to maintain our overall warehouse utilisation rate in Singapore at approximately $99 \%$ as the local warehouse industry experienced a higher demand in the last three quarters of 2020 due to stockpiling of essential items by the government. A supply shortfall caused by delay in new warehouses originally slated for completion in 2020 also added to the pent-up demand. The tight supply situation may be relieved with the arrival of vaccines and the completion of new warehouses in 2021. Until then, the market rate is expected to hold steady at 5\% higher than pre-Covid-19 levels.

In 2020, we also expanded our logistics footprint regionally. In the third quarter of 2020, we completed the construction of our third warehouse (220,000 sq. ft.) in Port Klang Free Zone ("PKFZ"), Malaysia. All our three warehouses ( 580,000 sq. ft. combined) in PKFZ are fully occupied. In addition, we are building our fourth warehouse (130,000 sq. ft.) in PKFZ, slated for completion by end of 2021. Upon its completion, we will have over 700,000 sq. ft. of total warehouse space in Malaysia to serve our customers.

For the freight logistics business, 2020 was a very challenging year for us as the pandemic permanently altered the dynamics of the sea freight industry. The lockdown in various countries adversely affected port operations which in turn disrupted the operations of shipping lines. This consequently led to a severe equipment imbalance situation. The shortage of empty containers drove freight to levels which were never seen before in the industries. During the fourth quarter peak season, more pressures were mounted onto freight rates and rate increase was applied on a weekly basis. This situation is expected to spill over to the first half of 2021.

Despite the difficult environment, we managed to perform satisfactorily, partly helped by the Covid-19 government grants and reliefs. In addition, Mainland China, our major market, is recovering well from the pandemic. In this unprecedented environment, we are aligning ourselves to better serve our customers while strategically managing costs and customers' expectations. By focusing on faster response time and higher efficiency, we are working hard to mitigate the pandemic impact. Additionally, with the disruption to air freight space, we are seeing greater interest in sea freight which will allow us to capitalise on new opportunities.

For the commodity logistics business, despite the disruptions caused by the global pandemic, our commodity logistics arm continued to focus its efforts on driving profit-generating businesses which led to further operating profit growth. In 2020, we recorded a higher operating profit from soft commodity logistics on the back of higher warehouse space utilisation and higher volume. Going forward, we will continue to focus on business development and resource management while delivering higher value-add commodity services and supply chain solutions for our customers.

## Commodity Marketing

Our Commodity Marketing ("CM") segment is a global supply chain management service provider which specialises in the commodity marketing of mainly non-ferrous concentrates and refined metals for smelters, processing industries and trading companies.

Amidst global trade tensions, escalated by an import ban of Australian copper concentrates in Mainland China during the third quarter of 2020 and the ongoing pandemic impacts, CM managed to maintain its competitiveness mainly in the concentrates market.

Overall annual volume for concentrates in 2020 decreased when compared to the same period in 2019 as a result of the pandemic effects and strategic choices made on the qualities, long-term prospects and geographical positioning. During the second half of the year, revenue improved owing to the price increase in base and precious metals. Warehousing cost challenges continue to exist and no change in the near future is expected with clients still facing some challenges due to the current high prices for commodities.

On the demand side, there was a rebound in the second half of 2020 coming mainly from Mainland China and also in other markets. This upward trend is anticipated to continue in early 2021 for both concentrates and metals. The supply side has also stabilised during the same period from the prior Covid-19 disruption to the supply chain. Momentum for such developments are however, subject to the prevalent Covid-19 uncertainties and overall economic circumstances.

Looking ahead, we will continue to prepare the ground to take advantage of market opportunities while cushioning ourselves against potential business disruptions. We expect 2021 to be a transition year to the new normal with a slow improvement in the trading conditions.

While CM still maintains its competitiveness in the concentrates market, traded volume decreased as a result of global trade tensions and the disruption from the Covid-19 pandemic. Consequently, the CM segment reported a $9 \%$ decrease in total revenue from continuing operation to $\mathrm{HK} \$ 24,880,230,000$ (2019: HK $\$ 27,253,573,000$ ), which has led to a $27 \%$ drop in operating profit before tax from continuing operation to HK\$66,738,000 (including the Covid-19 government grant of $\mathbf{H K} \$ 513,000)$.

## Financial Services

For financial markets, uncertainty and volatility underpinned by Covid-19 headlined most of 2020. Market volatility sustained throughout the second half of 2020, fuelled by uncertainty in the US elections, knee-jerk reactions to vaccine news and digital assets such as Bitcoins chasing new highs.

Amidst such market circumstances, we managed to grow total customer equity by $36 \%$ as compared to last year. We cleared more than a million contracts on the Chicago Mercantile Exchange in November 2020, with the positive momentum continuing into December 2020. However, interest revenue remains compromised under this tough environment. The global pandemic has spurred us to be more agile, adaptive and creative than before, compelling us to reconsider traditional ways of doing business.

Going into 2021, we have come to embrace the "new normal" by changing the way we interact with customers. We are participating in virtual conferences to engage the market and partnering with exchanges to line up a host of webinars in the coming months. We will continue to build new businesses, seize opportunities and leverage on fintech to upkeep our track record while staying relevant in the new working normal.

Our financial services business reported operating profit before tax (including the Covid-19 relief of HK $\$ 9,338,000$ ) of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 38,798,000$ which was $49 \%$ lower than the 2019 profit before tax of HK $\$ 76,765,000$. The decrease in operating profit before tax was due to an inventory write off of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 37,987,000$ due to loss of cargo and a decrease in interest income resulting from reduced federal interest rate. The decrease in operating profit before tax was however mitigated by the better performance of the derivative business attributed to market volatility.

## Engineering Services

Our engineering services business segment ("ES"), which focuses on engineering maintenance ("EM") and design and build ("DB") remained resilient to the Covid-19 pandemic, returning a revenue of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 519,807,000$ and profit before tax of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 58,532,000$ in 2020 including the Covid-19 government grant of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 31,831,000$.

EM deals in engineering maintenance and management works in the facility maintenance and vehicles maintenance markets. The target market is stable, though competitive. The business performed well in 2020. In first half of 2020, EM expanded into new growth areas in the training market by successfully securing a key contract to train drivers for the military. In October 2020, EM secured a major contract to maintain the facilities for the Ministry of Home Affairs. Although the aviation sector suffered some impact from the pandemic, it was mitigated by cost reductions as well as government subsidies.

DB, which provides design and construction solutions for logistics properties, recovered from its loss position to end the year nearly flat. However, market opportunities for new build of logistics facilities in Singapore continues to be weak due to uncertain demand for new-built. This is further affected by additional supply from newly completed warehouses by JTC Corporation and other developers which will start to come on stream in 2021.

In the near future, we will continue to provide fit-out works and consultancy and project management services to maintain overheads and serve our existing logistics client base. Prospective DB projects being pursued will take time to develop and crystallize amidst the prevailing uncertain market.

ES revenue decreased by $33 \%$ mainly due to the completion of built-to-suit equipment supply contracts, and lower billings from DB projects due to weaker demand. During the year, ES secured new contracts in EM which cushioned the drop in operating results from completed projects.

## LIQUIDITY, FINANCIAL RESOURCES AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES

As at 31 December 2020, the Group had cash and cash equivalents of HK\$1,247,995,000 (31 December 2019: HK $\$ 1,262,861,000$ ). Cash and bank balances are mostly held in Hong Kong dollar, United States dollar, Singapore dollar, Euro and Renminbi and deposited in leading banks with maturity dates falling within one year. On the other hand, the Group had loans and borrowings of HK\$6,100,619,000 (31 December 2019: HK\$6,922,182,000), of which an aggregated amount of HK $\$ 5,204,356,000$ (31 December 2019: HK $\$ 5,787,293,000$ ) was repayable within one year. Included in the amount repayable within one year are revolving trading facilities of $\mathrm{HK} \$ 3,820,926,000$ (31 December 2019: HK $\$ 3,980,553,000$ ) which are fully secured with certain working capital of the Group's commodity marketing business.

## MATERIAL DISPOSALS

The Group successfully completed a number of disposals in 2019 and 2020, and it currently has a mixed business portfolio comprising four business segments in total. The Directors believe that the disposals enhanced the cash flow and allowed the Group to commit the available resources to other uses including to reduce the debt level of the Company.

During the first half of 2020，the Group entered into the share transfer agreement with Hillview Holdings Limited in relation to the disposal of interest in certain operating golf courses in the PRC through the disposal of Hillview Golf Development Company Limited，at an agreed consideration， and such disposal was completed on 15 January 2020．Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 13 and 15 January 2020 and the circular of the Company dated 24 January 2020 for details．

## SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to 31 December 2020，certain indirect controlling shareholders of the Company， being HNA Group，HNA Holding Group Co．，Ltd．＊（海航實業集團有限公司）（＂HNA Holding＂） and HNA Logistics Group Co．，Ltd．＊（海航物流集團有限公司）（＂HNA Logistics＂），informed the Company that they received the ruling from the Higher People＇s Court of Hainan Province＊ （海南省高級人民法院）to restructure them。

As at the date of this announcement and based on the information set out in the relevant forms of disclosure of interests，HNA Group，through HNA Holding，HNA Logistics and other companies， is indirectly interested in an aggregate of $51.26 \%$ of the total issued shares of the Company．

As of the date of this announcement，based on the above information and as far as the Company is aware and since the Company has not yet received any notice on the change of controlling shareholders，the Company considers that the operations of the Group as a whole remain as usual in material respects．The Company will continue to pay attention to the progress of the above matters and fulfill its information disclosure obligations under the Listing Rules and the Securities and Futures Ordinance（Chapter 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong）in a timely manner．

Please refer to the announcements of the Company dated 31 January 2021， 10 February 2021 and 15 March 2021 for further details．

## BUSINESS PROSPECTS

As we entered into the year of 2021，the risk of global economic slowdown is still escalating by the global outbreak of Covid－19．We are thereby adopting a conservative approach towards the performance of global logistics，financial and commodity markets．The uncertainty and lethality of the global pandemic virus will continue to jeopardize the confidence in all industries worldwide， and the current economic climate remains challenging．With the increased threat of a recession， we will continue to closely monitor the global economic situation and do our best to minimize its impact on the Group and maintain stable operations during this downturn．

The Group is realigning business focus on its core competence, the logistics industry. The management of the Group is actively taking business development opportunities to generate fair return and capitalize on existing advantage in the logistics industry. Meanwhile, the Group intends to continue to optimize the capital structure of the Group and maintain stable operation.

Despite the aforesaid difficulties which we are facing, we believe the Group is on its way to a brighter future, with our best endeavors, efforts and caution.

## SCOPE OF WORK OF KPMG

The financial figures in respect of the Group's consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and the related notes thereto for the year ended 31 December 2020 as set out in this announcement have been compared by the Group's auditor, KPMG, Certified Public Accountants, to the amounts set out in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year and the amounts were found to be in agreement. The work performed by KPMG in this respect did not constitute an audit, review or other assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by the auditor.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED SECURITIES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries had purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities (whether on the Stock Exchange or otherwise) during the year ended 31 December 2020.

## COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Company has complied with the code provisions of the Corporate Governance Code (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules during the financial year ended 31 December 2020, except for the following deviation:

Pursuant to code provision A.2.1 of the CG Code, the role of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. Mr. Ding Lei was the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and the Co-Chairman of the Board during the period from 12 December 2019 to 17 June 2020, and Mr. Li Neng has been the Chief Executive Officer of the Company and the Co-Chairman of the Board since 26 June 2020. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both Co-Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in the same person has the benefit of ensuring consistent leadership within the Group and enables more effective and efficient overall strategic planning for the Group. In addition, Mr. Zhu Weijun, as the Co-Chairman of the Board during the period from 1 July 2019 to 1 October 2020, and Mr. Wu Hao, as the CoChairman of the Board since 1 October 2020, have shared the role and responsibilities as chairman of the Board with the other Co-Chairman over the relevant periods. The Board considers that this structure can continue to enable the Company to make and implement decisions promptly and effectively. The Board believes that the balance of power and authority is adequately ensured by the operation of the Board, which comprises experienced and high calibre individuals with a sufficient number of Independent Non-executive Directors.

## APPRECIATION

The Board would like to take this opportunity to extend its sincere gratitude to all shareholders of the Company, investors, customers, suppliers and business partners for their valuable and continuous support and trust to the Group. The Board would also extend its gratitude and appreciation to all of our management and staff for their tireless efforts, diligence and dedication throughout the year.

## By order of the Board <br> CWT INTERNATIONAL LIMITED <br> Li Neng <br> Executive Director

Hong Kong, 31 March 2021

As at the date of this announcement, the Board comprises Mr. Wu Hao (Executive Director and Co-Chairman), Mr. Li Neng (Executive Director, Co-Chairman and Chief Executive Officer), Mr. Zhao Quan (Executive Director), Mr. Chen Chao (Executive Director), Mr. Zhang Can (Executive Director), Mr. Leung Shun Sang, Tony (Independent Non-executive Director), Mr. Liem Chi Kit, Kevin (Independent Non-executive Director), Mr. Lam Kin Fung, Jeffrey (Independent Non-executive Director) and Ms. Chen Lihua (Independent Non-executive Director).

* for identification purpose only

